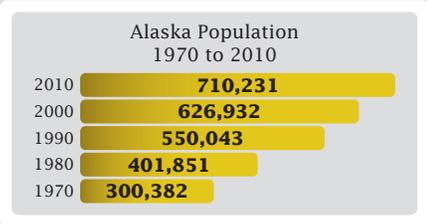
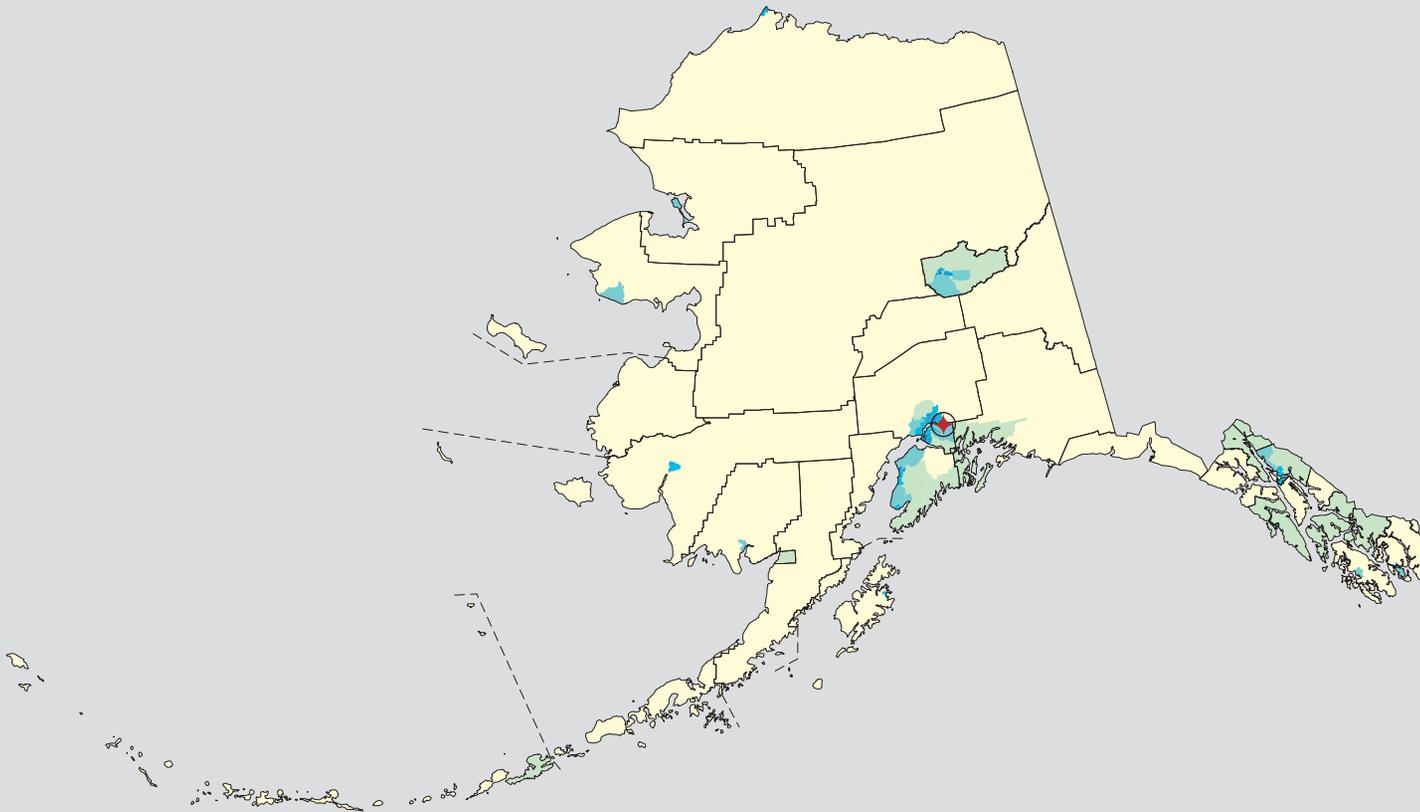
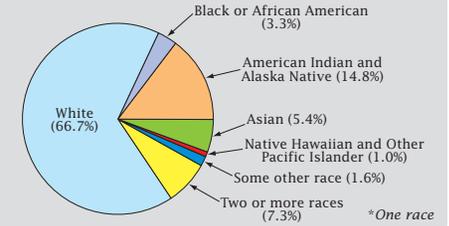


# 2010 Census: Alaska Profile

## Population Density by Census Tract

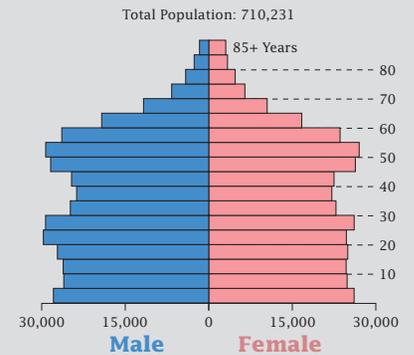


## State Race\* Breakdown

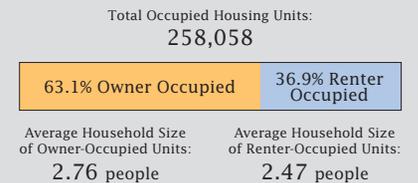


Hispanic or Latino (of any race) makes up **5.5%** of the state population.

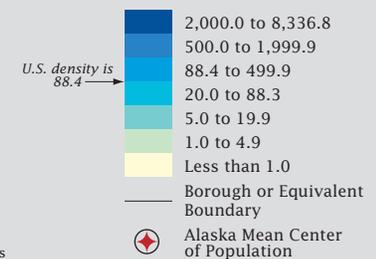
## Population by Sex and Age



## Housing Tenure



## People per Square Mile by Census Tract



# Alaska

## BASIC INFORMATION

2010 Census Population:	710,231 (47 <sup>th</sup> )	Became a State:	January 3, 1959 (49 <sup>th</sup> )
Land Area:	570,641.0 square miles (1 <sup>st</sup> )	International Border:	Canada; Russia
Density:	1.2 persons per square mile (50 <sup>th</sup> )	Abbreviation:	AK
Capital:	Juneau	ANSI/FIPS Code:	02

## HISTORY

The United States acquired the area of Alaska by purchase from Russia in 1867, with generally the same boundary as the present state. The formal boundary between the southeastern portion of Alaska and Canada was settled by treaty in 1903. Alaska Territory was organized on August 24, 1912. Alaska was not enumerated in the 1870 census even though the area was part of the United States. Census data for Alaska are available beginning with the 1880 census.

Data for the legally established state of Alaska are available beginning with the 1960 census.

## AMERICAN INDIAN AREAS

Alaska has one federally recognized American Indian reservation.

## ALASKA NATIVE REGIONAL CORPORATIONS/ALASKA NATIVE AREAS

There are 12 Alaska Native Regional Corporations (ANRCs) whose boundaries cover the state outside of the area of the Annette Islands Reserve. ANRCs were created pursuant to the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act (ANCSA). Within the corporation boundaries are 220 Alaska Native village statistical areas (ANVSAs).

## METROPOLITAN AND MICROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS AND RELATED STATISTICAL AREAS

Alaska has two metropolitan statistical areas and three micropolitan statistical areas.

## COUNTIES

There are 29 county equivalents in Alaska.

Most of the land area in Alaska has not been divided into political subdivisions. Boroughs, cities and boroughs, and municipalities are legal entities. Census areas are statistical entities. In Alaska, there are twelve boroughs, four city and boroughs, and two municipalities (borough equivalent). There are four consolidated governments – Anchorage, Juneau, Sitka, and Wrangell – and one municipality – Skagway – that are classified as municipal governments.

Alaska has 11 statistical entities called “census areas.” Census areas are statistical areas established in cooperation with state government for reporting data in the portion of the state outside any borough. These areas are sometimes referred to as the “unorganized borough” and are administered by the state.

## COUNTY SUBDIVISIONS

There are 37 county subdivisions known as census subareas in Alaska. Census subareas were first established for the 1980 decennial census.

## PLACES

Alaska has 355 places; 148 incorporated places and 207 census designated places (CDPs). The incorporated places consist of 144 cities, 3 city and boroughs, and 1 municipality. There is no minimum population for incorporation in Alaska.

Geographic Entities	2010 Census	Census 2000
American Indian / Alaska Native / Native Hawaiian Areas	221	208
Alaska Native Regional Corporations	12	12
Block Groups	534	533
Census Blocks	45,292	21,874
Census Tracts	167	158
Congressional Districts (108th - 112th)	1	1
Counties and Equivalents	29	27
County Subdivisions	37	36
Places	355	349
State Legislative Districts (Lower)	40	40
State Legislative Districts (Upper)	20	20
Unified School Districts	53	53
Voting Districts	456	467

Features	2010 Census
Address Range-Feature Names	99,351
Address Ranges	88,870
Area Landmarks	2,349
Area Water	7,207
Edges	558,384
Feature Names	385,975
Linear Water	167,532
Point Landmarks	7,457
Primary and Secondary Roads	398
Roads	60,828
Topological Faces	156,467
Topological Faces-Area Hydrography	31,825
Topological Faces-Area Landmark	48,459