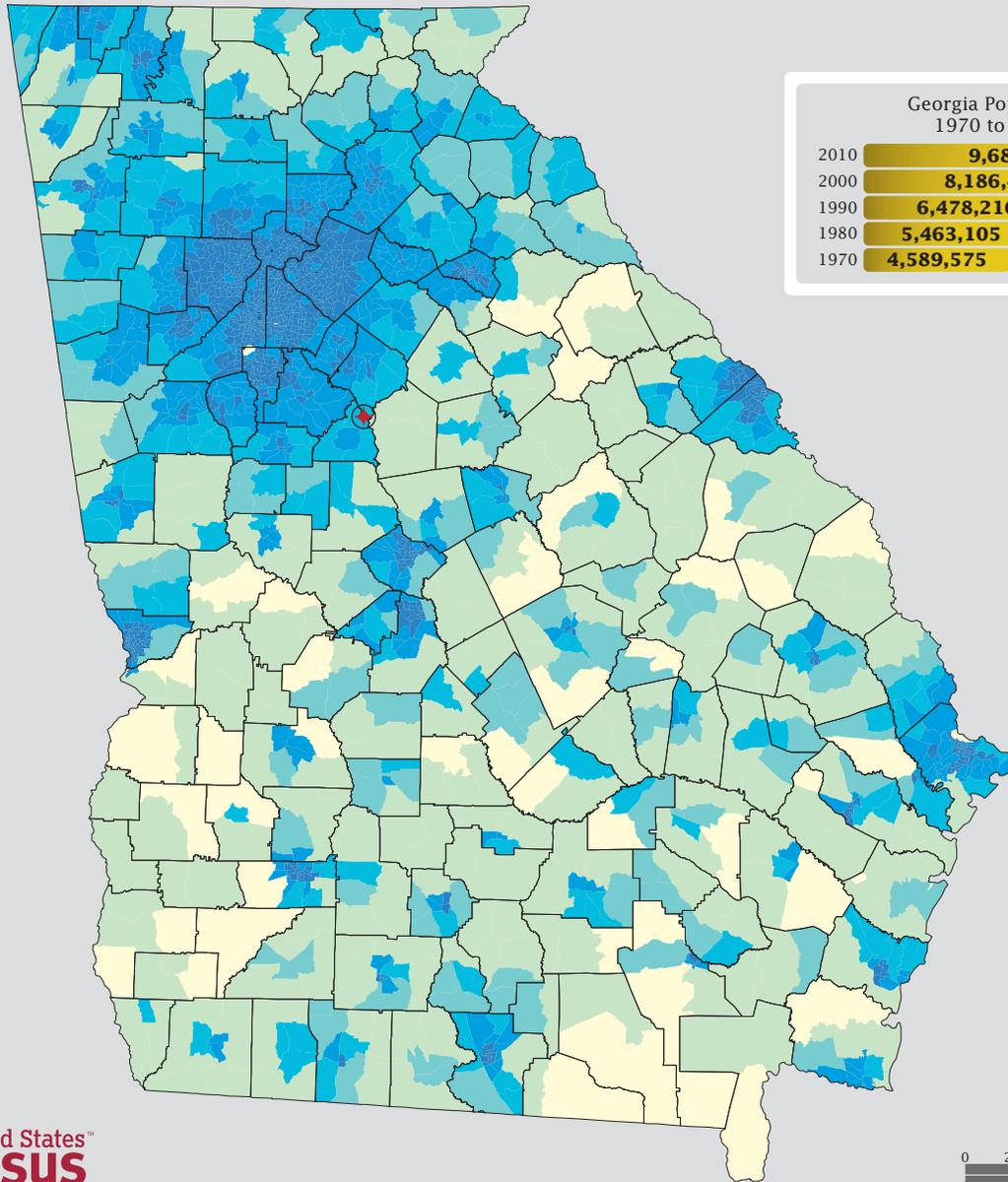


2010 Census: Georgia Profile

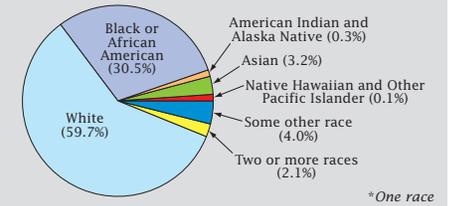
Population Density by Census Tract



Georgia Population 1970 to 2010

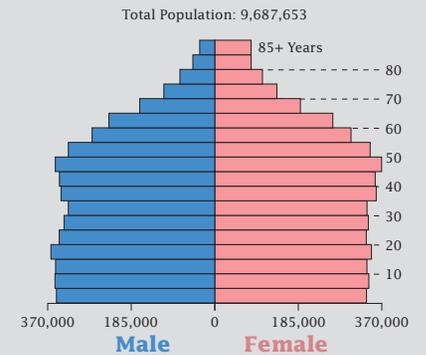
2010	9,687,653
2000	8,186,453
1990	6,478,216
1980	5,463,105
1970	4,589,575

State Race* Breakdown

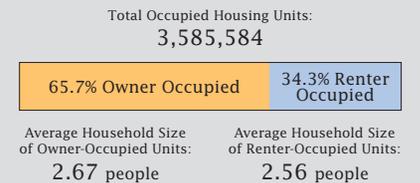


Hispanic or Latino (of any race) makes up **8.8%** of the state population.

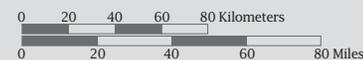
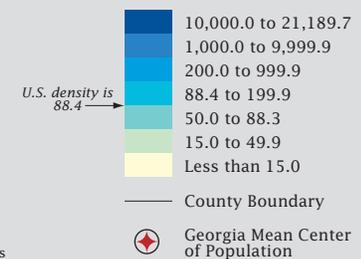
Population by Sex and Age



Housing Tenure



People per Square Mile by Census Tract



Georgia

BASIC INFORMATION

2010 Census Population: 9,687,653 (9th)
 Land Area: 57,513.5 square miles (21st)
 Density: 168.4 persons per square mile (18th)
 Capital: Atlanta
 Became a State: January 2, 1788 (4th)

Bordering States: Alabama, Florida, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee
 Abbreviation: GA
 ANSI/FIPS Code: 13

HISTORY

The area of Georgia was part of the original territory of the United States. It was chartered as a colony in 1732. Georgia ratified the U.S. Constitution on January 2, 1788; it was the fourth of the original 13 states to join the Union. At that time, Georgia included territory that extended westward to the Mississippi River and now makes up most of Alabama and Mississippi. The territory west of the present state boundary was added to Mississippi Territory when Georgia ceded to the United States its claims to the territory in 1802. As part of this cession, Georgia obtained part of the South Carolina cession of 1787 from the federal government along its northern boundary. These changes left Georgia with generally the same boundary as the present state.

Census data for Georgia are available beginning with the 1790 census. No population was reported in 1790 for the portion of Georgia now within Alabama and Mississippi. The 1800 population shown for Georgia includes population in the territory that is now part of Alabama and Mississippi. For an explanation of the revision to the 1810 population of Georgia, see Richard L. Forstall, *Population of States and Counties of the United States: 1790-1990*, Washington, DC: U.S. Government Printing Office, 1996, page 40.

AMERICAN INDIAN AREAS

Georgia has one state recognized American Indian reservation.

METROPOLITAN AND MICROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS AND RELATED STATISTICAL AREAS

Georgia has 15 metropolitan statistical areas, 24 micropolitan statistical areas, and 5 combined statistical areas.

COUNTIES

There are 159 counties in Georgia. Six counties are not considered to be functioning because each has consolidated its services with an incorporated place.

COUNTY SUBDIVISIONS

There are 586 county subdivisions in Georgia. They are all census county divisions (CCDs), which are delineated for statistical purposes, have no legal function, and are not governmental units.

PLACES

Georgia has 624 places; 535 incorporated places and 89 census designated places (CDPs). The incorporated places consist of 425 cities, 105 towns, 3 unified governments, and 2 balances of county representing the portion of the consolidated cities that are outside of other incorporated places.

Geographic Entities	2010 Census	Census 2000
American Indian / Alaska Native / Native Hawaiian Area	1	1
Block Groups	5,533	4,788
Census Blocks	291,086	214,576
Census Tracts	1,969	1,618
Congressional Districts (108th-112th)	13	13
Consolidated Cities	2	3
Counties and Equivalents	159	159
County Subdivisions	586	577
Elementary School Districts	1	N/A
Places	624	596
Secondary School Districts	2	N/A
State Legislative Districts (Lower)	180	180
State Legislative Districts (Upper)	56	56
Unified School Districts	182	183
Voting Districts	2,962	2,733

Features	2010 Census
Address Range-Feature Names	1,384,937
Address Ranges	1,214,196
Area Landmarks	4,990
Areal Water	101,538
Edges	2,178,379
Feature Names	1,895,803
Linear Water	193,453
Point Landmarks	27,057
Primary and Secondary Roads	14,452
Roads	522,405
Topological Faces	655,832
Topological Faces-Area Hydrography	161,123
Topological Faces-Area Landmark	9,133