2010 Census: New York Profile

Population Density by Census Tract

People per Square Mile by Census Tract
- U.S. density is 88.4
- 10,000.0 to 208,130.8
- 5,000.0 to 9,999.9
- 1,000.0 to 4,999.9
- 200.0 to 999.9
- 88.4 to 199.9
- 40.0 to 88.3
- Less than 40.0

State Race* Breakdown
- White (65.7%)
- Black or African American (15.9%)
- Asian (7.3%)
- American Indian and Alaska Native (0.6%)
- Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander (<0.1%)
- Two or more races (3.0%)
- Some other race (7.4%)

Hispanic or Latino (of any race) makes up 17.6% of the state population.

Population by Sex and Age
Total Population: 19,378,102

Housing Tenure
Total Occupied Housing Units:
7,317,755

53.3% Owner Occupied
46.7% Renter Occupied

Average Household Size of Owner-Occupied Units: 2.71 people
Average Household Size of Renter-Occupied Units: 2.41 people

New York Population 1970 to 2010
- 1970: 18,236,967
- 1980: 17,558,072
- 1990: 17,990,455
- 2000: 18,976,457
- 2010: 19,378,102

Hispanic or Latino (of any race) makes up 17.6% of the state population.

New York Mean Center of Population
New York

BASIC INFORMATION

2010 Census Population: 19,378,102 (3rd)
Land Area: 47,126.4 square miles (30th)
Density: 411.2 persons per square mile (7th)
Capital: Albany
Became a State: July 26, 1788 (11th)

Bordering States: Connecticut, Massachusetts, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont
International Border: Canada
Abbreviation: NY
ANSI/FIPS Code: 36

HISTORY

The area of New York was part of the original territory of the United States. When originally chartered in 1664, it included a much larger area. A portion was sold to create New Jersey in 1664, and title claims were ceded in 1682 to Delaware and Pennsylvania. In 1780, New York ceded area to the United States that became part of the Northwest Territory in 1787. New York ratified the U.S. Constitution on July 26, 1788; it was the 11th of the original 13 states to join the Union. In 1791, New York consented to the statehood separation of Vermont; in 1792, it sold area along Lake Erie (the Erie Triangle) to Pennsylvania, to assume generally the same boundary as the present state.

Census data for New York are available beginning with the 1790 census. The 1790 census data do not include population included in present-day Pennsylvania or Vermont. These areas were enumerated as parts of those states, although the Erie Triangle and all of the state of Vermont legally were part of New York at the time of the census.

AMERICAN INDIAN AREAS

New York has eight federally recognized American Indian reservations. There is one tribal designated statistical area (TDSA). There are also two state recognized reservations.

METROPOLITAN AND MICROPOLITIAN STATISTICAL AREAS AND RELATED STATISTICAL AREAS

New York has 12 metropolitan statistical areas, 15 micropolitan statistical areas, 2 metropolitan divisions, and 6 combined statistical areas.

COUNTIES

There are 62 counties in New York. The five counties that comprise New York city (Bronx, Kings, New York, Queens, and Richmond) are governmentally consolidated with the city. The remaining 57 counties are functioning governmental units, each governed by a board of supervisors, county legislature, board of representatives, a legislative board, or a board of legislators.

COUNTY SUBDIVISIONS

There are 1,023 county subdivisions in New York known as minor civil divisions (MCDs). There are 932 towns with functioning, but not necessarily active governmental units.

PLACES

New York has 1,189 places; 617 incorporated places and 572 census designated places. The incorporated places consist of 62 cities and 555 villages. Cities are independent of any town or American Indian reservation. Villages are dependent within county subdivision.