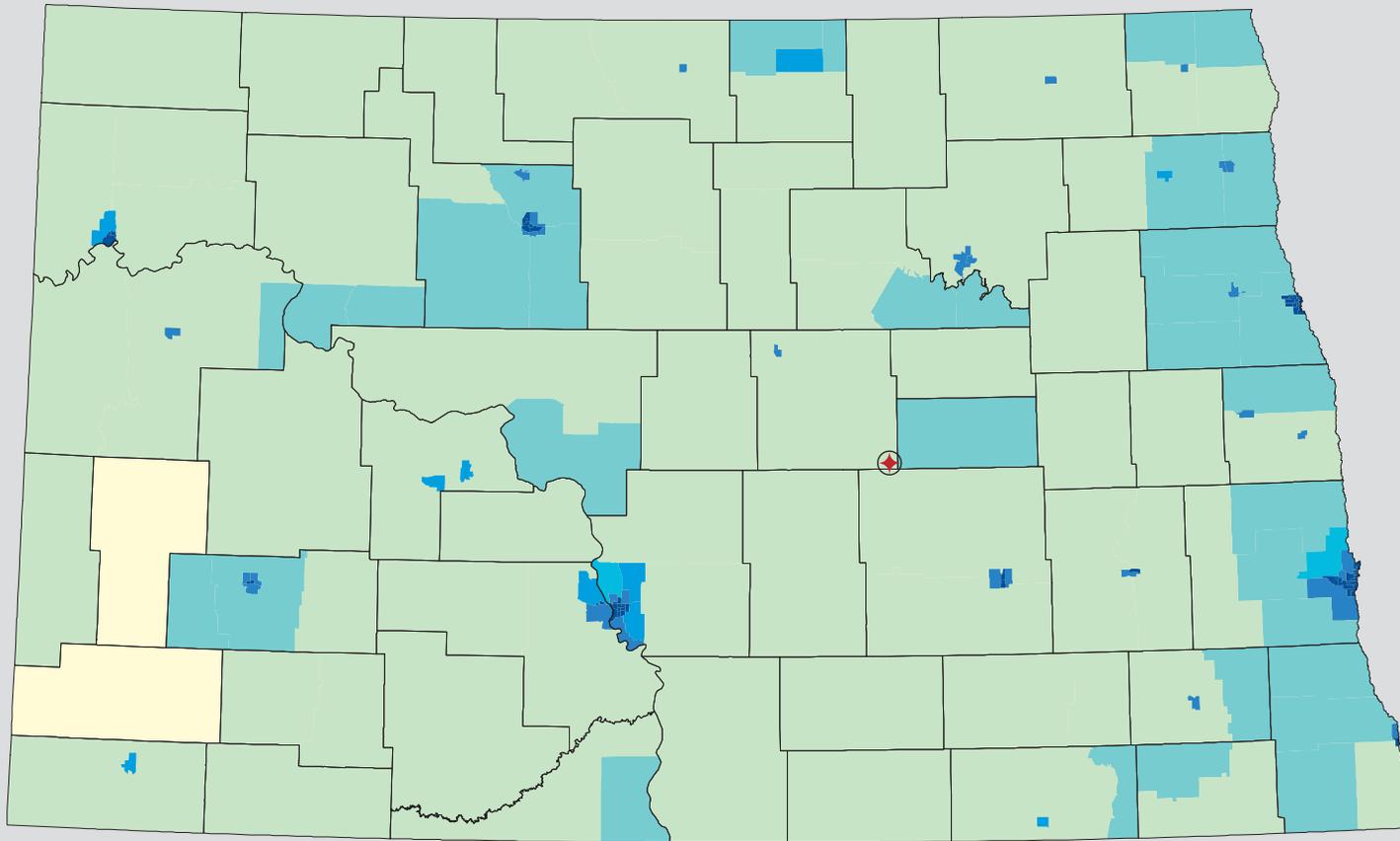


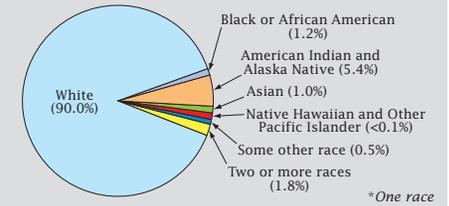
2010 Census: North Dakota Profile

Population Density by Census Tract



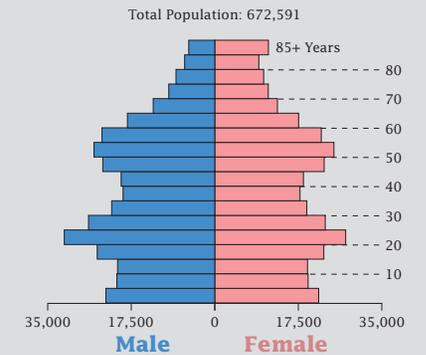
North Dakota Population 1970 to 2010	
2010	672,591
2000	642,200
1990	638,800
1980	652,717
1970	617,761

State Race* Breakdown

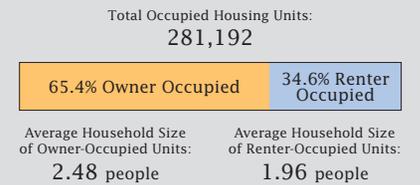


Hispanic or Latino (of any race) makes up **2.0%** of the state population.

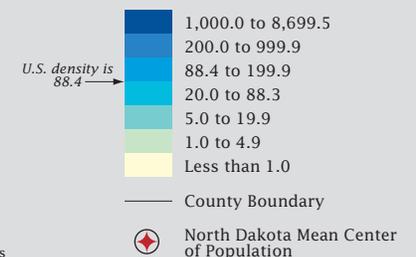
Population by Sex and Age



Housing Tenure



People per Square Mile by Census Tract



North Dakota

BASIC INFORMATION

2010 Census Population:	672,591 (48 th)	Bordering States:	Minnesota, Montana, South Dakota
Land Area:	69,000.8 square miles (17 th)	International Border:	Canada
Density:	9.7 persons per square mile (47 th)	Abbreviation:	ND
Capital:	Bismarck	ANSI/FIPS Code:	38
Became a State:	November 2, 1889 (39 th)		

HISTORY

The United States acquired most of the area of North Dakota from France in 1803 as part of the Louisiana Purchase. It obtained the area in the north and northeast part of the present-day state by a convention, signed with Great Britain in 1818 that extended the northern boundary along the 49th parallel. Dakota Territory was organized on March 2, 1861, from unorganized area formerly within Minnesota Territory and part of Nebraska Territory. Dakota Territory included all of the present-day states of North Dakota and South Dakota, most of Montana, the northern half of Wyoming, and a small part of Nebraska. The territory was reduced in 1863 with the organization of Idaho Territory, enlarged in 1864 with the addition of most of the remainder of present-day Wyoming, and again reduced with the organization of Wyoming Territory in 1868. In 1882, the state of Nebraska acquired an area north of the Keya Paha River and Niobrara River. North Dakota was admitted to the Union simultaneously with South Dakota on November 2, 1889, as the 39th and 40th states, with generally the same boundaries as the present states.

Census data for the combined area in present-day North Dakota and South Dakota are available in the 1860 census (and listed in national tables with South Dakota). Although the state had not yet been legally established, the 1870 and 1880 populations generally are for the area of the present state.

AMERICAN INDIAN AREAS

North Dakota has five federally recognized American Indian area reservations, two with off-reservation trust land.

METROPOLITAN AND MICROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS AND RELATED STATISTICAL AREAS

North Dakota has three metropolitan statistical areas, five micropolitan statistical areas, and one combined statistical area.

COUNTIES

There are 53 counties in North Dakota. All counties are functioning governmental units, each governed by a board of county commissioners.

COUNTY SUBDIVISIONS

North Dakota has 1,765 county subdivisions which are minor civil divisions (MCDs). There are 1,317 townships which are functioning, but not necessarily active, governmental entities.

PLACES

North Dakota has 401 places; 357 incorporated places and 44 census designated places (CDPs). The incorporated places are all cities. All incorporated places are independent of county subdivisions.

Geographic Entities	2010 Census	Census 2000
American Indian / Alaska Native / Native Hawaiian Areas	5	5
American Indian Tribal Subdivisions	15	15
Block Groups	572	630
Census Blocks	133,769	84,351
Census Tracts	205	227
Congressional Districts (108th - 112th)	1	1
Counties and Equivalents	53	53
County Subdivisions	1,765	1,790
Elementary School District	29	45
Places	401	373
State Legislative Districts (Lower)	47	49
State Legislative Districts (Upper)	47	49
Unified School Districts	155	185
Voting Districts	519	N/A

Features	2010 Census
Address Range-Feature Names	419,325
Address Ranges	347,338
Area Landmarks	1,765
Area Water	44,517
Edges	959,056
Feature Names	874,062
Linear Water	68,222
Point Landmarks	1,600
Primary and Secondary Roads	2,603
Roads	270,871
Topological Faces	312,561
Topological Faces - Area Hydrography	60,678
Topological Faces - Area Landmark	3,744