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FAMILY INCOME IN THE UNITED STATES: 1952

(Data showing income received in 1952 by persons 14 years old and over appear in the report, "Income of Persons in the United States: 1952," Series P-60, No. 14)

The median (average) family income in the United States was estimated at \$3,900 in 1952 or \$200 higher than in 1951, according to figures released by Robert W. Burgess, Director, Bureau of the Census, Department of Commerce. This increase represented only a slight gain in purchasing power for the average family, however, since prices had also increased somewhat during this period, according to the Consumers' Price Index.

Over 13 million families in the United States received money incomes of \$5,000 or more in 1952, but 8 million had incomes under \$2,000. The remaining 20 million families were in the \$2,000 to \$5,000 range. The distribution by income of the Nation's 41 million families (groups of two or more related persons) is shown below.

Table A.--NUMBER OF FAMILIES, BY FAMILY INCOME, FOR THE UNITED STATES: 1952

(Figures derived from data in table 1 and rounded to the nearest 100,000)

Family income	Number of families
Total.....	41,000,000
Under \$1,000.....	3,500,000
\$1,000 to \$1,999.....	4,400,000
\$2,000 to \$2,999.....	5,800,000
\$3,000 to \$3,999.....	7,700,000
\$4,000 to \$4,999.....	6,300,000
\$5,000 to \$5,999.....	4,900,000
\$6,000 to \$6,999.....	3,100,000
\$7,000 to \$9,999.....	3,700,000
\$10,000 to \$14,999.....	1,100,000
\$15,000 and over.....	500,000

This gain in family income in 1952 largely reflects the continued high levels of defense spending and generally expanded employment opportunities. The increases, although typically small, were fairly widespread, affecting families headed by persons in many different lines of work. Between 1951 and 1952, families headed by farmers and salaried professional workers had the greatest relative gains (13 percent and 9 percent, respectively) in total money income, which includes receipts from both farm and nonfarm sources. In most other occupations, gains of about 5 percent were typical.

The 1952 income data presented in this report were obtained from the Bureau of the Census Current Population Survey of April 1953. Other data relating to the income received by the population are available from the Personal Income Series of the Department of Commerce, the Federal Reserve Board Survey of Consumer Finances, Federal income tax data, and Old-Age and Survivors Insurance records. These data are collected for different purposes and, therefore, differ in several important respects. A discussion of the comparability of these data may be found in the Bureau of the Census report, "Income of Persons in the United States: 1952," Series P-60, No. 14.

Information on income was collected in the Bureau of the Census Current Population Survey from the civilian noninstitutional population and members of the Armed Forces living off post or with their families on post in continental United States. Since the estimates are based on a sample, they are subject to sampling variability. Particular care should be exercised in

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the interpretation of medians and other figures based on relatively small numbers of cases, as well as small differences between figures, as explained in the section on reliability of the estimates. Moreover, as in all field surveys of income, the figures are subject to errors of response and nonreporting.

This report covers money income only, prior to deductions for taxes. Inasmuch as farm workers typically receive an important part of their income in the form of goods produced and consumed on the farm rather than in money, this factor should be taken into consideration in comparing the income of farm and nonfarm residents. In comparing money income data for 1952 with those for previous years, account should be taken of the fact that changes in money income were accompanied by changes in prices. Therefore, an increase or a decrease in money income does not necessarily represent a similar change in economic well-being.

The present report contains data for families and unrelated individuals only. Information relating to the income of persons 14 years old and over was presented in a report issued in December 1953, "Income of Persons in the United States: 1952," Series P-60, No. 14. For a complete list of other income publications of the Bureau of the Census, see U. S. Bureau of the Census, Current Population Reports, Series P-60, No. 11, "Income of Persons in the United States: 1951," p. 13.

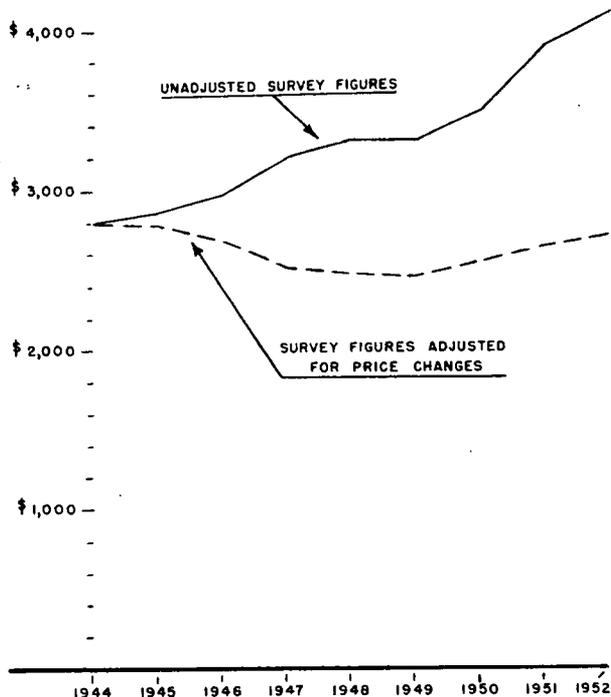
**UPWARD TREND IN FAMILY INCOME CONTINUES
IN 1952**

The average family's income continued upward in 1952, although the gain was not as great as in the previous year. The median income for all families was estimated at \$3,900 in 1952, about \$200 above the 1951 median (table 1). Between 1950 and 1951, a gain of about \$400 had been recorded, the largest since World War II.

The median income of nonfarm families, which has been rising steadily since the end of World War II, increased by about \$200 to \$4,100 during the past year. The median income of farm families increased by \$100 to \$2,200 during the year.

Despite the gains in money income during the postwar years, the data in figure 1 suggest that the purchasing power of the average nonfarm family did not increase during this period. The adjustment for price changes in this figure is a very rough one consisting merely of the division of the median income for each year by the Consumers' Price Index. Nevertheless, the data do indicate that all the gain in the income received by families since 1944 was absorbed in higher prices paid to meet the rising cost of living.

Figure 1.-- MEDIAN INCOME OF NONFARM FAMILIES,
FOR THE UNITED STATES: 1944 TO 1952



BIG INCREASES FOR OLDER FAMILIES

For the first time during recent years, the survey data indicate that families headed by persons in the older age groups had greater relative income gains than those headed by persons in the younger age groups. Families headed by persons under 25 had no gain in income between 1951 and 1952, and those headed by persons between 25 and 64 had only moderate gains of about 6 percent. The median income of families headed by persons in the oldest age group, however, rose by about \$300, or 16 percent, during this period. A full explanation for the relatively large gains received by families headed by older persons is not possible on the basis of present data, but there is evidence from the survey that there was a slight rise in the proportion of older men in higher paid occupations.

Table B.--MEDIAN FAMILY INCOME, BY AGE OF HEAD, FOR THE
UNITED STATES: 1951 AND 1952

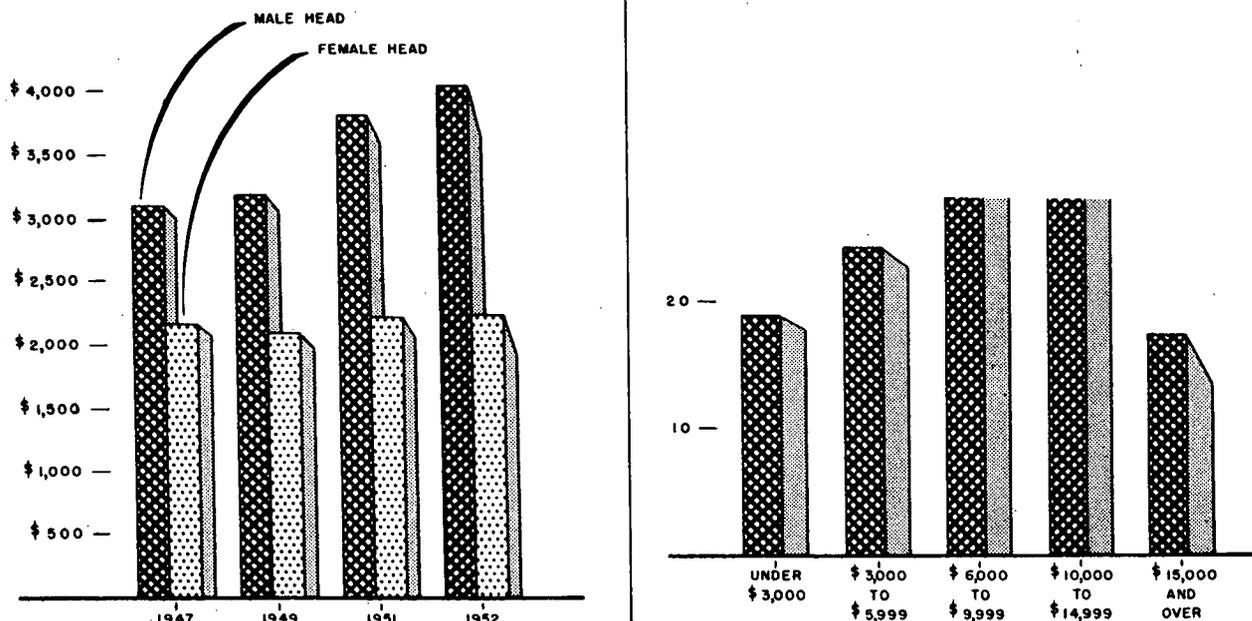
Age of head	1951	1952	Percent change
14 to 24 years.....	\$3,085	\$3,069	-1
25 to 34 years.....	3,831	4,030	+5
35 to 44 years.....	4,069	4,339	+7
45 to 54 years.....	4,066	4,355	+7
55 to 64 years.....	3,654	3,805	+4
65 and over.....	1,956	2,276	+16

**INCOME OF FAMILIES HEADED BY WOMEN
CONTINUES TO LAG**

In April 1952 approximately 36 million families were husband-and-wife families and about 5 million were "broken" families, 4 million of which were headed by women. Since most "broken" families have been affected by either death or divorce, it is not surprising to find that their incomes are lower, on the average, than those of normal families. The median income of families headed by men was about \$4,100 as compared with median of only \$2,200 for the families headed by women (table 2).

The relatively low incomes of the families headed by women can be explained in large measure by the fact that the chief bread-winner in these families tends to be a person who did not expect to assume the responsibility of providing for a family and may not have been well prepared for this task when faced with it. About 56 percent of these families were headed by widows, and an additional 35 percent were headed by women who were divorced or living apart from their husbands. Families headed by women tend to be much more dependent upon pensions, social security, alimony, Armed Forces allotments, or other types of relatively fixed incomes than do other families. Perhaps this fact provides a partial explanation for the relative stability in the

Figure 2.-- MEDIAN INCOME OF FAMILIES, BY SEX OF HEAD,
FOR THE UNITED STATES: 1947 TO 1952



the densely settled urban fringe, including both incorporated and unincorporated areas, around cities of 50,000 or more; and (d) unincorporated places of 2,500 inhabitants or more outside of any urban fringe. The remaining population is classified as rural.

According to the definition used prior to March 1950, the urban population comprised all persons living in incorporated places of 2,500 inhabitants or more and in areas (usually minor civil divisions) classified as urban under special rules relating to population size and density.

Farm and nonfarm residence.--The rural population is subdivided into the rural-farm population, which comprises all rural residents living on farms, and the rural-nonfarm population, which comprises the remaining rural population. The method of determining farm and nonfarm residence in the April 1953 survey is the same as that used in the 1950 Census and in the April 1952, April 1951, and March 1950 Current Population Surveys, but differs from that used in earlier surveys and censuses. Persons on "farms" who were paying cash rent for their house and yard only were classified as nonfarm; furthermore, persons in institutions, summer camps, "motels," and tourist camps were classified as nonfarm.

Income.--For each person in the sample 14 years of age and over, questions were asked on the following items: (1) The amount of money wages or salary received in 1952; (2) the amount of net money income received from nonfarm self-employment in 1952; (3) the amount of net money income received from farm self-employment in 1952; and (4) the amount of other income received in 1952, such as interest, dividends, veterans' allowances, pensions, or rents. The amounts received represent income before deductions for personal taxes, social security, bonds, etc. If any amount was \$10,000 or more, it was recorded as a specific amount wherever possible. Where the specific amount was not known, the information was recorded as "\$10,000 to \$14,999," "\$15,000 to \$24,999," or as "\$25,000 or more" depending upon the respondent's best estimate. It should be noted that although income refers to receipts during 1952, the characteristics of the person, such as age, labor force status etc., refer to April 1953.

Urban and rural residence.--The definition of urban and rural areas used in the April 1953 survey was the same as that used in the surveys of April 1951, April 1952, and in the 1950 Census. This definition differs slightly from that used in the March 1950 Current Population Survey, but it is markedly different from that used in earlier surveys and censuses. According to the new definition, the urban population comprises all persons living in (a) places of 2,500 inhabitants or more incorporated as cities, boroughs, and villages; (b) incorporated towns of 2,500 inhabitants or more except in New England, New York, and Wisconsin, where "towns" are simply minor civil divisions of counties; (c)

Money wages or salary.--This is defined as the total money earnings received for work performed as an employee during the calendar year 1952. It includes wages, salary, Armed Forces pay, commissions, tips, piece-rate payments, and

cash bonuses earned, before deductions were made for taxes, bonds, pensions, union dues, etc.

Net income from nonfarm self-employment.--

This is defined as net money income (gross receipts minus expenses) from a business or professional enterprise in which a person was engaged on his own account. Gross receipts include the value of all goods sold and services rendered. Expenses include costs of goods purchased, rent, heat, light, power, depreciation charges, wages and salaries paid, business taxes (not personal income taxes), etc. In general, inventory changes were not considered in determining net income; however, replies based on income tax returns or other official records do reflect inventory changes. The value of salable merchandise consumed by the proprietors of retail stores is not included as part of net income.

Net income from farm self-employment.--

This is defined as net money income (gross receipts minus operating expenses) from the operation of a farm by a person on his own account, as an owner, renter, or sharecropper. Gross receipts include the value of all products sold, government crop loans, money received from the rental of farm equipment to others, and incidental receipts from the sale of wood, sand, gravel, etc. Operating expenses include costs of feed, fertilizer, seed and other farming supplies, cash wages paid to farmhands, depreciation charges, cash rent, interest on farm mortgages, farm building repairs, farm taxes (not poll taxes or personal income taxes), etc. The value of fuel, food, or other farm products used for family living is not included as part of net income. In general, inventory changes were not considered in determining net income; however, replies based on income tax returns, or other official records may reflect inventory changes.

Income other than earnings.--This income includes net income from rents, royalties, or receipts from roomers or boarders; interest, dividends, and periodic income from estates and trust funds; pensions; veterans' payments, Armed Forces allotments for dependents, and other governmental payments or assistance; and other income such as contributions for support from persons who are not members of the household, alimony, and periodic receipts from insurance policies or annuities.

Receipts from the following sources were not included as income: Money received from the sale of property, such as stocks, bonds, a house, or a car (unless the person was engaged in the business of selling such property in which case the net proceeds would be counted as income from

self-employment); withdrawals of bank deposits; money borrowed; tax refunds; gifts; and lump-sum inheritances or insurance payments.

Total money income.--This is defined as the algebraic sum of money wages and salaries, net income from self-employment, and income other than earnings. The total income of a family is the algebraic sum of the amounts received by all income recipients in the family.

Color.--Families are classified as white or nonwhite in accordance with the color of the head.

Size of family.--The term "size of family" refers to the entire group of persons who are living together and who are related to each other by blood, marriage, or adoption.

Head of family.--One person in each family was designated as the head. The head of a family is usually the person regarded as the head by members of the family. Women are not classified as heads if their husbands are resident members of the family at the time of the survey. Married couples related to the head of a family are included in the head's family and are not classified as separate families.

Age.--The age classification is based on the age of the person at his last birthday.

Number of children under 18 years of age.--This number includes all persons in the family under 18 years old related to the head of the family by blood, marriage, or adoption.

Number of earners.--This number includes all persons in the family with \$1 or more in wages and salaries, or \$1 or more or a loss in net income from farm or nonfarm self-employment.

Employed.--Employed persons comprise those who, during the survey week, were either (a) "at work"--those who did any civilian work for pay or profit, or worked without pay for 15 hours or more on a family farm or business; or (b) "with a job but not at work"--those who did not work and were not looking for work but had a civilian job or business from which they were temporarily absent because of vacation, illness, industrial dispute, bad weather, or layoff with definite instructions to return to work within 30 days of layoff. Also included are persons who had new jobs to which they were scheduled to report within 30 days.

Unemployed.--Unemployed persons include those who did not work at all during the survey

week, and who were looking for work. Also included as unemployed are persons who would have been looking for work except that (a) they were temporarily ill, (b) they expected to return to a job from which they had been laid off for an indefinite period, or (c) they believed no work was available in their line of work or in the community.

Labor force.--Persons are classified as in the labor force if they were employed as civilians, unemployed, or in the armed forces during the survey week.

Not in labor force.--All civilians 14 years of age and over who are not classified as employed or unemployed are defined as "not in the labor force." These persons are further classified as "keeping house," "in school," "unable to work" because of disability, and "other," the latter group including for the most part retired persons, those too old to work, seasonal workers for whom the survey week fell in an "off" season, and the voluntarily idle. Persons doing only incidental unpaid family work (less than 15 hours) are also classified as not in the labor force.

Occupation, industry, and class of worker.--The data on occupation, industry, and class of worker for employed persons refer to the job held during the survey week. Persons employed at two or more jobs were reported in the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours during the week. Persons who were unemployed during the survey week are classified according to their last civilian job. The occupation and industry groupings used here are largely the same as the major groups in the classification systems used in the 1950 Census of Population. The specific occupation and industry titles included in each major group may be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census.

The class-of-worker classification comprises "Wage and salary workers," "Self-employed workers," and "Unpaid family workers." Wage and salary workers are persons who worked as employees for wages or salaries. They include not only factory operatives, laborers, clerks, etc., who worked for wages, but also other persons working for tips or for room or board, salesmen, and other employees working for commissions, and salaried business managers, corporation executives, and government officials. Self-employed workers are persons working in their own business, profession, or trade, or operating a farm, for profit or fees. Unpaid family workers are persons working without pay on a farm or in a business operated by a member of the household to whom they are related by blood or marriage.

Medians.--The median income is the amount which divides the distribution into two equal groups, one having incomes above the median, and the other having incomes below the median. The medians for total money income are based on all families and individuals. The medians for wage or salary income, income from nonfarm self-employment, income from farm self-employment, and income other than earnings are based on the distributions of families and individuals having these types of income.

Percentages.--Percentages are shown as calculated; therefore, they do not always add up to exactly 100.0 percent. The totals, however, are always shown as 100.0 percent.

Base figures.--An estimate of the size of the base (number of families or individuals) of each percent distribution is shown in most of the tables in this report. The base figures are rounded to the nearest thousand without being adjusted to group totals, which are independently rounded.

SOURCE AND RELIABILITY OF THE ESTIMATES

The population from which the sample was selected for the study of 1952 income was the population of the United States on the date of interview, i.e., in April 1953. Persons in the following categories, however, were not included:

1. Members of the Armed Forces living in barracks, etc., on military reservations. (Members of the Armed Forces living off post or with their families on military reservations were included.)
2. Inmates of penal and mental institutions and homes for the aged, infirm, and needy.

The composition of families was taken as found at the time of interview. Thus, a family would not include a person who had been a member of the family in 1952 but who was not a member at the time of interview. On the other hand, it would include a person who had not been a member throughout 1952 but who was a member at the time of interview.

Data on income were collected from approximately 18,000 households in this survey in 68 sample areas located in 42 States and the District of Columbia. These households are a representative subsample of the full Current Population Survey sample. Of the 18,000 households, approximately 4 percent were "noninterview," i.e., households for which no information was recorded because no interview could be obtained during the week in which the enumeration was conducted. For these households, duplicates

of other schedules in the sample were substituted. The duplicate schedules selected were for households of similar characteristics residing in the same area. In addition, approximately 8 percent of the households lacked income information for some person listed in the household. Substitutions were not made for these persons. Punch cards which were prepared from these schedules were included in the tabulations which provided the base numbers for families and individuals shown in the published tables. The distributions by income levels for each group, however, are based only on those cases which reported complete income information.

The estimating procedure used in the survey involved, as a final step, the inflation of the weighted sample results to agree with independent estimates of the civilian noninstitutional population of the United States by age, veteran status, and sex. These independent estimates were based on statistics from the 1950 Census of Population; statistics of births, deaths, and net immigration; and statistics on the strength of the Armed Forces and separation records. Independent estimates of the noninstitutional population of the United States for years earlier than 1952 were based upon statistics from the 1940 Census of Population.

Reliability of the estimates.--Since the estimates of income distributions are based on a sample survey, they are subject to sampling variability. The reliability of an estimated percentage depends upon both the size of the

percentage and the size of the total on which it is based. Table C presents the approximate standard errors of estimated percentages that may be computed by using data from the report for both numerator and denominator.

The standard error is a measure of sampling variability. The chances are about 2 out of 3 that the difference due to sampling variability between an estimate and the figure that would have been obtained from a complete count of the population is less than the standard error. The amount by which the standard error must be multiplied to obtain other odds deemed more appropriate can be found in most statistical textbooks. For example, the chances are about 19 out of 20 that the difference is less than twice the standard error and 99 out of 100 that it is less than 2½ times the standard error. For the statements in the text of this report, the criterion of twice the standard error (odds of 19 in 20 or better) has generally been used in determining that differences between sample estimates are not likely to have occurred by chance. In a few cases (noted by the language "there is some evidence that") the criterion used was odds of over 9 in 10 but less than 19 in 20.

Table C presents standard errors for odds of 2 in 3 rather than 19 in 20 as shown in earlier reports in the P-60 series.

Estimated percentages based on urban and rural residence and nonwhite distributions are subject to somewhat greater sampling variability than that shown in table C.

Table C.--STANDARD ERROR OF ESTIMATED PERCENTAGE
(Range of 2 chances out of 3)

Estimated percentage	Base of percentage							
	500,000	1,000,000	2,000,000	3,000,000	5,000,000	10,000,000	20,000,000	40,000,000
2 or 98.....	1.2	1.0	0.7	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.2
5 or 95.....	2.1	1.5	1.1	0.9	0.7	0.5	0.3	0.2
10 or 90.....	2.9	2.1	1.5	1.1	0.9	0.7	0.5	0.3
25 or 75.....	4.2	3.0	2.1	1.7	1.3	0.9	0.7	0.5
50.....	4.9	3.5	2.4	2.0	1.6	1.1	0.8	0.5

The reliability of an estimated median depends upon both the form and the size of the distribution on which it is based. The estimated range in 2 chances out of 3 within which the true median is expected to fall is shown in table D (see p. 8) for selected medians.

The sampling variability of a difference between two estimates depends upon the sampling variability of each of the estimates and the correlation between them.

For statements on the sampling variability of estimates for earlier years see U. S. Bureau

of the Census, Current Population Reports, Series P-60, Nos. 1 to 14.

In addition to sampling variation, the figures are subject to errors of response and non-reporting, but the possible effect of such errors is not included in the above measures of reliability. In most cases the schedule entries for income are based on memory rather than on records, and in the majority of instances on the memory or knowledge of some one person, usually the wife of the family head. The memory factor

in data derived from field surveys of income probably produces underestimates, because the tendency is to forget minor or irregular sources

of income. Other errors of reporting are due to misrepresentation or to misunderstanding as to the scope of the income concept.

Table D.--SAMPLING VARIABILITY OF SELECTED MEDIANS
(Range of 2 chances out of 3)

Table and distribution	Estimated median	Range of median	Table and distribution	Estimated median	Range of median
TABLE 1			TABLE 5		
Families, total.....	\$3,890	\$3,865-\$3,920	Families having 2 earners.....	\$4,723	\$4,660-\$4,780
Unrelated individuals, total.....	1,409	1,360- 1,495	Families having 3 or more earners.....	5,348	5,695- 6,010
TABLE 2			TABLE 7		
Families with male head, total...	\$4,050	\$4,025-\$4,080	Families with head 45 to 54 years of age.....	\$4,355	\$4,280-\$4,450
Families with female head.....	2,235	2,130- 2,340	Families with head 65 years of age and over.....	2,276	2,170- 2,365
TABLE 3			TABLE 8		
Families of 6 persons.....	\$4,075	\$3,945-\$4,215	Families with head a professional worker, total.....	\$5,768	\$5,640-\$5,900
Families of 7 or more persons....	3,495	3,345- 3,635	Families with head a farmer.....	2,222	2,100- 2,335

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Table 1.--URBAN AND RURAL RESIDENCE: DISTRIBUTION OF FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS BY TOTAL MONEY INCOME, FOR THE UNITED STATES, URBAN AND RURAL: 1952

Total money income	Families and unrelated individuals				Families				Unrelated individuals			
	Total	Urban	Rural nonfarm	Rural farm	Total	Urban	Rural nonfarm	Rural farm	Total	Urban	Rural nonfarm	Rural farm
Number.....thousands..	50,794	34,456	10,216	6,122	41,020	26,786	8,782	5,452	9,774	7,670	1,434	670
Percent.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Under \$500.....	7.2	5.6	7.4	15.8	4.1	2.4	3.9	12.8	20.0	16.7	27.8	41.4
\$500 to \$999.....	7.5	6.4	7.7	13.3	4.4	2.8	4.7	11.8	20.2	18.6	25.4	26.0
\$1,000 to \$1,499.....	6.6	6.0	5.9	11.0	5.3	4.1	5.4	11.1	12.0	12.6	9.2	10.6
\$1,500 to \$1,999.....	6.2	5.6	6.4	9.6	5.5	4.4	5.8	10.2	9.4	9.8	9.4	4.8
\$2,000 to \$2,499.....	7.2	6.9	7.4	8.8	6.7	5.8	7.5	9.1	9.6	10.4	6.8	5.7
\$2,500 to \$2,999.....	7.3	7.3	7.0	8.0	7.4	7.1	7.6	8.7	6.7	7.6	3.9	2.2
\$3,000 to \$3,499.....	9.2	9.3	10.1	7.2	9.7	9.7	11.0	7.9	6.9	7.8	4.7	1.8
\$3,500 to \$3,999.....	8.2	8.6	8.5	5.0	8.8	9.3	9.4	5.3	5.5	6.1	3.6	2.2
\$4,000 to \$4,499.....	7.1	7.4	7.5	4.9	8.2	8.7	8.2	5.4	2.6	2.7	3.2	...
\$4,500 to \$4,999.....	6.3	6.5	7.2	3.2	7.2	7.8	7.9	3.5	2.2	2.2	2.8	0.9
\$5,000 to \$5,999.....	10.1	11.2	9.4	4.7	11.9	13.7	10.8	5.2	2.4	2.8	1.1	0.9
\$6,000 to \$6,999.....	6.2	6.8	6.5	2.7	7.5	8.5	7.5	2.9	1.0	1.0	1.1	0.4
\$7,000 to \$9,999.....	7.5	8.6	6.4	3.4	9.1	10.8	7.3	3.6	1.0	1.0	0.9	1.3
\$10,000 to \$14,999.....	2.3	2.7	1.8	1.1	2.8	3.4	2.1	1.0	0.4	0.3	...	1.8
\$15,000 to \$24,999.....	0.7	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.0	0.7	1.0	...	...	...	...
\$25,000 and over.....	0.4	0.5	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	...	...
Median income.....	\$3,435	\$3,678	\$3,408	\$2,011	\$3,890	\$4,249	\$3,720	\$2,226	\$1,409	\$1,605	\$937	\$665

Table 2.--TYPE OF FAMILY: DISTRIBUTION OF FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS BY TOTAL MONEY INCOME, FOR THE UNITED STATES, URBAN AND RURAL: 1952

Total money income	Families							Unrelated individuals		
	Total	Male head					Female head	Total	Male	Female
		Total	Married, wife present			Other marital status				
		Total	Wife in labor force	Wife not in labor force						
UNITED STATES										
Number.....thousands..	41,020	37,178	35,782	9,154	26,628	1,396	3,842	9,774	4,316	5,458
Percent.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Under \$500.....	4.1	3.1	3.1	2.2	3.4	4.6	13.4	20.0	11.8	26.3
\$500 to \$999.....	4.4	3.7	3.6	2.2	4.0	8.4	11.3	20.2	16.1	23.3
\$1,000 to \$1,499.....	5.3	4.7	4.7	3.2	5.2	6.2	10.5	12.0	13.2	11.0
\$1,500 to \$1,999.....	5.5	5.0	5.0	4.3	5.2	4.6	10.8	9.4	8.8	9.8
\$2,000 to \$2,499.....	6.7	6.5	6.5	5.5	6.8	6.4	8.5	9.6	9.9	9.3
\$2,500 to \$2,999.....	7.4	7.5	7.4	4.6	8.3	10.6	7.0	6.7	7.7	6.0
\$3,000 to \$3,499.....	9.7	9.8	9.9	6.3	11.1	7.7	9.2	6.9	9.1	5.2
\$3,500 to \$3,999.....	8.8	8.8	8.9	7.0	9.6	5.8	8.4	5.5	7.5	3.9
\$4,000 to \$4,499.....	8.2	8.6	8.6	8.2	8.8	8.0	3.7	2.6	3.2	2.2
\$4,500 to \$4,999.....	7.2	7.7	7.7	8.0	7.6	7.3	2.9	2.2	4.4	0.6
\$5,000 to \$5,999.....	11.9	12.8	12.9	16.0	11.9	7.7	3.6	2.4	4.0	1.2
\$6,000 to \$6,999.....	7.5	7.9	7.9	12.7	6.3	6.4	4.2	1.0	1.4	0.6
\$7,000 to \$9,999.....	9.1	9.5	9.5	14.5	7.7	10.8	4.7	1.0	1.9	0.3
\$10,000 to \$14,999.....	2.8	3.0	3.0	4.2	2.5	4.0	1.0	0.4	0.5	0.3
\$15,000 to \$24,999.....	0.9	1.0	1.0	0.6	1.1	1.1	0.4	...	0.1	...
\$25,000 and over.....	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.3	0.5	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2
Median income.....	\$3,890	\$4,050	\$4,061	\$4,900	\$3,812	\$3,615	\$2,235	\$1,409	\$2,002	\$1,019
URBAN										
Number.....thousands..	26,786	23,912	23,082	6,446	16,636	830	2,874	7,670	3,238	4,432
Median income.....	\$4,249	\$4,439	\$4,444	\$5,187	\$4,197	\$4,280	\$2,507	\$1,605	\$2,277	\$1,185
RURAL NONFARM										
Number.....thousands..	8,782	8,152	7,866	1,806	6,060	286	630	1,434	652	782
Median income.....	\$3,720	\$3,837	\$3,847	\$4,758	\$3,627	(¹)	\$1,757	\$937	\$1,625	\$722
RURAL FARM										
Number.....thousands..	5,452	5,114	4,834	902	3,932	280	338	670	426	244
Median income.....	\$2,226	\$2,293	\$2,313	\$2,292	\$2,316	(¹)	\$1,342	\$665	\$734	(¹)

¹ Median not shown where there were fewer than 100 cases in the sample reporting on income.

Table 3.--SIZE OF FAMILY: DISTRIBUTION OF FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS BY TOTAL MONEY INCOME, FOR THE UNITED STATES, URBAN AND RURAL: 1952

Total money income	Total	Unrelated individuals	Families							Median size of family
			Total	Families of specified number of related persons						
				2	3	4	5	6	7 or more	
UNITED STATES										
Number.....thousands..	50,794	9,774	41,020	13,760	9,932	6,328	4,670	2,336	1,994	3.16
Percent.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	...
Under \$500.....	7.2	20.0	4.1	6.4	3.3	2.7	2.5	3.8	2.9	2.48
\$500 to \$999.....	7.5	20.2	4.4	8.2	2.9	2.0	1.9	2.8	4.8	2.33
\$1,000 to \$1,499.....	6.6	12.0	5.3	8.3	3.7	3.0	4.0	3.9	6.6	2.46
\$1,500 to \$1,999.....	6.2	9.4	5.5	7.3	5.2	3.5	4.1	5.5	6.3	2.78
\$2,000 to \$2,499.....	7.2	9.6	6.7	7.8	6.0	5.1	7.6	5.7	8.0	3.03
\$2,500 to \$2,999.....	7.3	6.7	7.4	8.1	7.3	6.6	6.7	7.4	9.1	3.10
\$3,000 to \$3,499.....	9.2	6.9	9.7	9.1	10.4	10.0	8.7	9.5	12.5	3.25
\$3,500 to \$3,999.....	8.2	5.5	8.8	7.8	9.0	9.6	9.5	10.1	8.0	3.34
\$4,000 to \$4,499.....	7.1	2.6	8.2	6.7	8.3	10.2	9.0	8.2	6.9	3.44
\$4,500 to \$4,999.....	6.3	2.2	7.2	5.8	7.6	8.9	7.2	7.1	8.4	3.43
\$5,000 to \$5,999.....	10.1	2.4	11.9	9.4	13.0	15.1	13.0	11.2	8.0	3.41
\$6,000 to \$6,999.....	6.2	1.0	7.5	5.9	8.5	8.5	8.6	8.2	5.8	3.38
\$7,000 to \$9,999.....	7.5	1.0	9.1	6.5	10.7	9.9	11.9	9.3	7.7	3.42
\$10,000 to \$14,999.....	2.3	0.4	2.8	1.6	2.8	3.2	3.7	5.5	3.8	3.78
\$15,000 to \$24,999.....	0.7	...	0.9	0.7	0.7	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.2	3.73
\$25,000 and over.....	0.4	0.2	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.1	3.13
Median income.....	\$3,435	\$1,409	\$3,890	\$3,217	\$4,131	\$4,373	\$4,274	\$4,075	\$3,495	...
URBAN										
Number.....thousands..	34,456	7,670	26,786	9,488	6,692	5,476	2,894	1,310	926	3.08
Median income.....	\$3,678	\$1,605	\$4,249	\$3,566	\$4,475	\$4,663	\$4,622	\$4,625	\$4,393	...
RURAL NONFARM										
Number.....thousands..	10,216	1,434	8,782	2,732	2,142	1,792	1,046	568	502	3.27
Median income.....	\$3,408	\$937	\$3,720	\$2,877	\$3,939	\$4,207	\$4,039	\$4,013	\$3,455	...
RURAL FARM										
Number.....thousands..	6,122	670	5,452	1,540	1,098	1,060	730	458	566	3.58
Median income.....	\$2,011	\$665	\$2,226	\$1,386	\$2,066	\$2,871	\$2,920	\$2,368	\$2,430	...

Table 4.--NUMBER OF CHILDREN: DISTRIBUTION OF FAMILIES BY TOTAL MONEY INCOME, FOR THE UNITED STATES, URBAN AND RURAL: 1952

Total money income	Total	Families having specified number of children under 18 years of age						
		None	1	2	3	4	5	6 or more
UNITED STATES								
Number.....thousands..	41,020	17,594	8,974	7,414	3,952	1,656	744	686
Percent.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Under \$500.....	4.1	4.6	3.9	3.6	3.5	4.1	5.7	3.4
\$500 to \$999.....	4.4	6.4	3.5	2.1	2.5	2.9	4.9	7.6
\$1,000 to \$1,499.....	5.3	7.2	3.4	3.0	4.6	5.1	5.7	11.4
\$1,500 to \$1,999.....	5.5	6.6	4.6	3.9	4.4	7.3	7.9	8.0
\$2,000 to \$2,499.....	6.7	6.9	6.4	4.9	9.1	5.4	9.4	9.5
\$2,500 to \$2,999.....	7.4	7.3	7.4	6.6	8.3	8.6	10.2	9.1
\$3,000 to \$3,499.....	9.7	8.5	10.0	10.3	11.2	10.7	15.1	12.5
\$3,500 to \$3,999.....	8.8	7.6	9.0	9.8	10.2	11.3	9.4	9.5
\$4,000 to \$4,499.....	8.2	6.8	8.4	10.7	8.6	10.7	6.0	6.4
\$4,500 to \$4,999.....	7.2	5.8	8.2	9.0	7.3	8.8	7.2	6.1
\$5,000 to \$5,999.....	11.9	10.3	13.5	14.3	12.2	11.8	7.2	6.8
\$6,000 to \$6,999.....	7.5	7.2	8.3	8.4	6.5	5.8	6.8	4.2
\$7,000 to \$9,999.....	9.1	9.7	9.9	9.2	8.0	4.7	3.4	4.9
\$10,000 to \$14,999.....	2.8	3.5	2.4	2.5	2.5	2.0	1.1	0.4
\$15,000 to \$24,999.....	0.9	1.0	0.7	1.1	0.9	0.7	...	0.4
\$25,000 and over.....	0.4	0.6	0.3	0.5	0.4	0.2	...	...
Median income.....	\$3,890	\$3,665	\$4,109	\$4,268	\$3,817	\$3,765	\$3,206	\$3,045
URBAN								
Number.....thousands..	26,786	12,120	6,016	4,800	2,386	866	352	246
Median income.....	\$4,249	\$4,106	\$4,363	\$4,493	\$4,079	\$4,178	\$3,783	(¹)
RURAL NONFARM								
Number.....thousands..	8,782	3,368	2,004	1,636	958	420	190	206
Median income.....	\$3,720	\$3,247	\$4,051	\$4,165	\$3,801	\$3,680	(¹)	(¹)
RURAL FARM								
Number.....thousands..	5,452	2,106	954	978	608	370	202	234
Median income.....	\$2,226	\$1,722	\$2,273	\$2,892	\$2,590	\$2,500	(¹)	(¹)

¹ Median not shown where there were fewer than 100 cases in the sample reporting on income.

Table 5.--NUMBER OF EARNERS: DISTRIBUTION OF FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS BY TOTAL MONEY INCOME, FOR THE UNITED STATES, URBAN AND RURAL: 1952

Total money income	Families					Unrelated individuals		
	Total	Families having specified number of earners				Total	Earners	Nonearners
		None	1	2	3 or more			
UNITED STATES								
Number.....thousands..	41,020	2,589	21,500	13,369	3,562	9,774	6,426	3,348
Percent.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Under \$500.....	4.1	25.7	4.0	0.8	1.1	20.0	8.9	41.9
\$500 to \$999.....	4.4	21.0	3.8	3.0	1.6	20.2	12.3	35.6
\$1,000 to \$1,499.....	5.3	20.6	5.4	2.8	2.8	12.0	12.9	10.1
\$1,500 to \$1,999.....	5.5	13.3	5.8	4.3	2.7	9.4	11.4	5.3
\$2,000 to \$2,499.....	6.7	6.4	8.1	5.1	3.7	9.6	13.0	2.8
\$2,500 to \$2,999.....	7.4	3.3	9.5	5.8	3.8	6.7	9.5	1.2
\$3,000 to \$3,499.....	9.7	3.7	12.4	7.4	6.7	6.9	9.9	1.1
\$3,500 to \$3,999.....	5.8	1.5	10.7	8.3	4.4	5.5	8.1	0.4
\$4,000 to \$4,499.....	8.2	1.2	9.0	8.7	6.0	2.6	3.7	0.6
\$4,500 to \$4,999.....	7.2	0.4	7.3	8.6	6.8	2.2	3.3	0.1
\$5,000 to \$5,999.....	11.9	1.0	10.7	15.8	12.2	2.4	3.5	0.3
\$6,000 to \$6,999.....	7.5	0.7	5.0	11.7	12.1	1.0	1.4	0.2
\$7,000 to \$9,999.....	9.1	0.6	4.9	13.9	22.5	1.0	1.4	0.2
\$10,000 to \$14,999.....	2.8	0.1	1.7	2.8	11.7	0.4	0.5	0.1
\$15,000 to \$24,999.....	0.9	0.3	1.0	0.7	1.5	...	...	...
\$25,000 and over.....	0.4	0.2	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.3
Median income.....	\$3,890	\$1,079	\$3,538	\$4,723	\$5,848	\$1,409	\$2,171	\$614
URBAN								
Number.....thousands..	26,786	1,632	13,641	9,220	2,293	7,670	5,185	2,485
Median income.....	\$4,249	\$1,168	\$3,630	\$5,033	\$6,550	\$1,605	\$2,307	\$648
RURAL NONFARM								
Number.....thousands..	8,782	639	4,755	2,733	655	1,434	830	604
Median income.....	\$3,720	\$1,077	\$3,402	\$4,601	\$5,518	\$937	\$1,818	\$551
RURAL FARM								
Number.....thousands..	5,452	318	3,104	1,416	614	670	411	299
Median income.....	\$2,226	\$767	\$2,100	\$2,632	\$3,234	\$665	\$817	(¹)

¹ Median not shown where there were fewer than 100 cases in the sample reporting on income.

Table 6.--COLOR: DISTRIBUTION OF FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS BY TOTAL MONEY INCOME, FOR THE UNITED STATES, URBAN AND RURAL: 1952

Total money income	Families and unrelated individuals			Families			Unrelated individuals		
	Total	White	Nonwhite	Total	White	Nonwhite	Total	White	Nonwhite
UNITED STATES									
Percent.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Under \$500.....	7.2	6.6	11.3	4.1	3.8	6.3	20.0	18.9	26.4
\$500 to \$999.....	7.5	6.7	13.4	4.4	3.7	10.7	20.2	19.9	21.7
\$1,000 to \$1,499.....	6.6	5.6	13.9	5.3	4.4	12.3	12.0	10.8	18.7
\$1,500 to \$1,999.....	6.2	5.5	11.7	5.5	4.7	12.0	9.4	9.1	10.7
\$2,000 to \$2,499.....	7.2	6.6	11.8	6.7	5.9	12.9	9.6	9.7	8.5
\$2,500 to \$2,999.....	7.3	6.8	10.9	7.4	6.8	12.5	6.7	6.8	6.2
\$3,000 to \$3,499.....	9.2	9.1	9.6	9.7	9.5	11.7	6.9	7.6	3.0
\$3,500 to \$3,999.....	8.2	8.6	5.0	8.8	9.1	6.4	5.5	6.3	0.6
\$4,000 to \$4,499.....	7.1	7.7	2.7	8.2	8.7	3.3	2.6	2.9	0.8
\$4,500 to \$4,999.....	6.3	6.8	1.9	7.2	7.8	2.4	2.2	2.6	0.4
\$5,000 to \$5,999.....	10.1	10.9	4.0	11.9	12.8	4.5	2.4	2.4	2.6
\$6,000 to \$6,999.....	6.2	6.8	1.9	7.5	8.1	2.6	1.0	1.1	...
\$7,000 to \$9,999.....	7.5	8.3	1.5	9.1	9.9	1.8	1.0	1.1	0.4
\$10,000 to \$14,999.....	2.3	2.6	0.3	2.8	3.1	0.5	0.4	0.4	...
\$15,000 to \$24,999.....	0.7	0.8	0.1	0.9	1.0	0.1	...	...	...
\$25,000 and over.....	0.4	0.4	...	0.4	0.5	0.1	0.2	0.2	...
Median income.....	\$3,435	\$3,668	\$1,987	\$3,890	\$4,114	\$2,338	\$1,409	\$1,519	\$1,051
URBAN									
Median income.....	\$3,678	\$3,935	\$2,229	\$4,249	\$4,484	\$2,631	\$1,605	\$1,762	\$1,168
RURAL NONFARM									
Median income.....	\$3,408	\$3,512	\$1,798	\$3,720	\$3,842	\$2,075	\$937	\$959	(¹)
RURAL FARM									
Median income.....	\$2,011	\$2,265	\$1,063	\$2,226	\$2,473	\$1,170	\$665	\$745	(¹)

¹ Median not shown where there were fewer than 100 cases in the sample reporting on income.

Table 7.--AGE OF HEAD: DISTRIBUTION OF FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS BY TOTAL MONEY INCOME, FOR THE UNITED STATES, URBAN AND RURAL: 1952

Total money income	Families										Unrelated individuals				
	Total	Age of head (years)					65 and over	Total	Age (years)						
		14 to 24	25 to 34	35 to 44	45 to 54	55 to 64			14 to 24	25 to 34	35 to 44	45 to 54	55 to 64	65 and over	
UNITED STATES	41,020	2,016	9,232	9,634	8,442	6,340	5,356	9,774	948	1,070	1,206	1,620	2,072	2,858	
Percent.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Under \$500.....	4.1	5.2	2.1	3.3	3.0	5.3	9.0	20.0	32.2	9.7	10.8	17.4	17.8	26.7	
\$500 to \$999.....	4.4	4.2	1.9	2.4	3.7	4.6	13.8	20.2	10.1	7.7	7.2	10.8	18.5	38.5	
\$1,000 to \$1,499.....	5.3	7.8	3.0	3.0	4.0	6.5	13.3	12.0	13.1	9.1	14.1	9.9	12.1	28.8	
\$1,500 to \$1,999.....	5.5	8.9	4.0	3.9	4.9	6.5	9.5	9.4	11.7	11.4	11.0	10.1	9.8	6.7	
\$2,000 to \$2,499.....	6.7	10.6	6.8	5.5	5.3	7.3	8.2	9.6	14.8	10.6	11.0	10.6	6.8	4.8	
\$2,500 to \$2,999.....	7.4	11.2	8.1	7.4	6.3	7.1	7.0	6.7	6.0	7.7	10.3	9.7	8.8	3.4	
\$3,000 to \$3,499.....	9.7	15.1	11.7	9.3	9.0	8.0	7.9	6.9	4.4	11.1	12.0	9.4	8.8	1.5	
\$3,500 to \$3,999.....	8.8	9.6	11.8	8.9	8.1	7.6	5.3	5.5	5.7	9.1	9.1	7.8	5.7	1.3	
\$4,000 to \$4,499.....	8.2	8.7	9.6	9.4	7.8	7.6	4.2	2.6	1.3	6.0	4.3	2.8	2.6	1.1	
\$4,500 to \$4,999.....	7.2	4.7	8.9	8.5	7.2	4.4	4.4	2.2	0.7	6.0	4.3	2.4	2.4	0.4	
\$5,000 to \$5,999.....	11.9	8.9	14.5	14.3	12.9	9.5	5.1	4.4	2.4	3.4	5.0	3.3	2.7	1.0	
\$6,000 to \$6,999.....	7.5	2.6	8.0	9.4	9.3	6.5	3.6	1.0	...	1.4	1.4	2.1	0.7	0.5	
\$7,000 to \$7,999.....	9.1	2.4	8.2	10.5	12.0	9.9	5.3	1.0	...	0.6	1.7	2.8	0.4	0.6	
\$10,000 to \$14,999.....	2.8	0.1	1.0	3.0	4.1	5.1	2.2	0.4	...	...	0.7	0.3	0.8	0.2
\$15,000 to \$24,999.....	0.9	...	0.3	1.0	1.4	1.4	0.9	0.2	...	...	...	0.2	0.8	0.2
\$25,000 and over.....	0.4	...	0.1	0.3	0.8	1.0	0.5	0.2	...	...	...	...	0.1	0.5
Median income.....	\$3,890	\$3,069	\$4,030	\$4,339	\$4,355	\$3,605	\$2,276	\$1,409	\$1,295	\$2,362	\$2,426	\$2,063	\$1,500	\$803	
URBAN	26,786	1,396	6,126	6,228	5,512	4,174	3,350	7,670	744	912	1,034	1,314	1,580	2,096	
Median income.....	\$4,249	\$3,178	\$4,230	\$4,562	\$4,850	\$4,383	\$2,867	\$1,605	\$1,407	\$2,420	\$2,518	\$2,284	\$1,717	\$657	
RURAL NONFARM	8,782	420	2,252	2,150	1,704	1,190	1,066	1,434	120	102	128	196	348	540	
Median income.....	\$3,720	\$3,130	\$3,976	\$4,240	\$3,981	\$3,182	\$1,744	\$937	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	\$1,411	\$682	
RURAL FARM	5,452	200	854	1,256	1,226	976	940	670	84	56	44	110	144	232	
Median income.....	\$2,226	(1)	\$2,500	\$2,686	\$2,493	\$2,214	\$1,164	\$665	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	

1 Median not shown where there were fewer than 100 cases in the sample reporting on income.

Table 8.--OCCUPATION OF HEAD: DISTRIBUTION OF FAMILIES BY TOTAL MONEY INCOME IN 1952, FOR THE UNITED STATES

Total money income	Heads employed as civilians in April 1953											In Armed Forces or not employed in April 1953					
	Total employed civilians	Professional, technical, and kindred workers		Farmers and farm managers	Managers, officials, and proprietors, except farm		Clerical and kindred workers	Sales workers	Crafts-men, foremen, and kindred workers	Operatives and kindred workers	Private house-hold workers		Service workers, except private house-hold	Farm laborers and fore-men	Laborers, except farm and mine		
		Total	Self-employed		Sala-ried	Total										Self-employed	Sala-ried
Number.....thousands..	41,020	2,890	596	2,294	3,215	4,756	2,654	2,102	1,699	7,060	7,010	212	2,044	568	2,326	7,022	
Percent.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Under \$500.....	4.1	0.5	...	0.6	16.5	2.9	4.7	0.8	1.9	0.7	0.7	(1)	2.4	3.9	1.8	9.8	
\$500 to \$999.....	4.4	0.6	0.6	0.6	10.1	1.3	1.7	0.7	0.3	0.8	1.2	(1)	2.5	17.9	5.9	12.2	
\$1,000 to \$1,499.....	5.3	0.7	1.1	0.6	11.1	2.3	4.1	0.3	1.5	1.5	2.0	(1)	5.5	15.5	6.9	14.0	
\$1,500 to \$1,999.....	5.5	0.7	...	0.9	8.5	2.1	3.4	0.6	2.3	2.7	3.6	(1)	9.0	23.7	7.6	11.2	
\$2,000 to \$2,499.....	6.7	0.7	3.9	2.4	8.7	3.2	4.9	1.3	3.1	4.7	7.5	(1)	9.8	16.4	13.7	8.3	
\$2,500 to \$2,999.....	7.4	0.7	2.8	3.4	8.2	4.4	6.9	1.7	7.9	6.6	8.8	(1)	13.1	5.8	12.6	7.0	
\$3,000 to \$3,499.....	9.7	10.3	6.4	7.0	8.7	7.3	9.4	4.9	10.5	10.9	13.8	(1)	9.6	5.8	13.3	7.3	
\$3,500 to \$3,999.....	8.8	6.3	3.3	7.0	4.4	7.0	8.1	5.8	8.3	11.1	12.7	(1)	9.8	1.0	7.9	6.0	
\$4,000 to \$4,499.....	8.2	7.7	2.8	8.9	5.8	7.2	7.0	7.3	11.6	11.7	10.3	(1)	7.1	1.9	7.2	4.5	
\$4,500 to \$4,999.....	7.2	8.0	9.3	6.6	9.9	9.3	7.9	10.9	10.1	9.3	8.8	(1)	5.8	2.4	5.0	3.5	
\$5,000 to \$5,999.....	11.9	13.0	9.9	16.6	5.6	14.0	10.5	18.1	14.6	17.9	12.8	(1)	11.2	0.5	9.3	6.6	
\$6,000 to \$6,999.....	7.5	8.3	13.6	8.8	2.7	10.3	9.1	11.7	9.7	8.4	8.4	(1)	7.4	1.4	3.5	3.6	
\$7,000 to \$7,999.....	9.1	10.2	20.3	24.9	4.0	15.9	10.4	23.2	10.3	11.9	7.7	(1)	4.8	1.9	4.4	3.8	
\$8,000 to \$8,999.....	2.8	3.1	7.4	13.3	6.1	7.4	6.7	8.2	2.5	2.2	1.6	(1)	1.9	0.3	0.8	1.4	
\$9,000 to \$9,999.....	0.9	1.0	3.4	11.6	1.2	3.3	3.5	3.1	0.4	0.9	0.2	(1)	0.1	0.5	0.5	0.5	
\$10,000 to \$14,999.....	0.4	0.5	1.8	0.6	0.4	1.7	2.4	2.4	0.4	0.6	...	(1)	...	...	...	0.1
\$15,000 to \$24,999.....	(1)
\$25,000 and over.....	(1)
Median income.....	\$3,890	\$4,170	\$5,768	\$5,527	\$2,222	\$5,219	\$4,487	\$5,867	\$4,417	\$4,803	\$3,990	(1)	\$3,399	\$1,770	\$3,052	\$2,172	

1 Percent and median not shown where there were fewer than 100 cases in the sample reporting on income.

Table 9.--INDUSTRY OF HEAD: DISTRIBUTION OF FAMILIES BY TOTAL MONEY INCOME IN 1952, FOR THE UNITED STATES

Total money income	Heads employed as civilians in April 1953											In Armed Forces or not employed in April 1953				
	Total employed civilians	Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries	Mining	Construction	Manufacturing	Transportation, communication, and other public utilities	Wholesale trade	Retail trade	Finance, insurance, and real estate	Business and repair services	Personal services		Entertainment and recreation services	Professional and related services	Public administration	
																Total
Number.....thousands..	41,020	33,998	3,965	829	2,946	10,337	3,042	1,639	4,327	1,003	759	1,127	1,939	1,847	7,022	
Percent.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Under \$500.....	4.1	2.9	14.0	...	1.4	0.8	1.1	1.2	3.3	1.2	2.7	3.3	1.2	0.6	9.8	
\$500 to \$999.....	4.4	2.8	11.1	0.6	2.3	1.1	1.5	0.5	1.8	1.5	1.2	11.0	1.2	0.9	12.2	
\$1,000 to \$1,499.....	5.3	3.5	10.8	1.0	3.1	1.8	1.5	2.9	2.9	3.0	3.5	10.0	2.6	0.9	14.0	
\$1,500 to \$1,999.....	5.5	4.3	10.7	1.9	5.9	2.8	2.1	4.0	4.0	6.3	2.7	6.6	4.0	2.1	11.2	
\$2,000 to \$2,499.....	6.7	6.3	9.8	8.0	8.2	5.4	3.8	7.4	3.6	3.6	9.8	8.4	6.8	2.5	7.0	
\$2,500 to \$2,999.....	7.4	7.5	7.7	7.4	8.9	6.2	7.6	10.0	4.5	4.5	11.4	8.4	6.9	7.4	7.3	
\$3,000 to \$3,499.....	9.7	10.3	8.2	19.3	10.5	10.3	10.9	10.5	7.6	7.6	14.5	11.0	8.6	9.3	6.0	
\$3,500 to \$3,999.....	8.8	9.4	4.1	17.0	10.0	9.9	11.7	8.9	9.7	5.7	9.8	11.5	7.4	11.4	6.0	
\$4,000 to \$4,499.....	8.2	8.9	5.3	10.9	8.5	10.0	12.0	8.4	8.3	7.6	7.1	6.1	8.3	11.5	4.5	
\$4,500 to \$4,999.....	7.2	8.0	3.0	6.8	6.1	9.9	9.6	8.8	7.6	9.1	3.9	6.4	8.6	9.6	3.8	
\$5,000 to \$5,999.....	11.9	13.0	4.9	9.6	11.4	15.9	17.1	17.2	12.9	11.8	8.6	5.3	10.3	16.9	6.6	
\$6,000 to \$6,999.....	7.5	8.3	2.4	7.7	8.3	10.0	9.9	8.8	7.5	9.4	5.5	6.1	9.4	10.3	3.6	
\$7,000 to \$7,999.....	9.1	10.2	4.0	6.1	11.9	9.4	8.6	14.4	8.0	17.8	3.8	3.1	13.6	12.8	3.8	
\$8,000 to \$8,999.....	2.8	3.1	1.5	1.9	2.6	2.9	2.1	3.3	4.6	6.6	6.7	2.0	5.2	2.8	1.4	
\$9,000 to \$14,999.....	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.7	0.7	0.5	1.8	1.1	2.4	0.5	0.5	2.9	0.8	0.5	
\$15,000 to \$24,999.....	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.6	0.3	0.3	0.1	0.9	0.6	1.8	0.4	...	2.5	...	0.1	
\$25,000 and over.....
Median income.....	\$3,890	\$4,170	\$2,125	\$3,844	\$3,986	\$4,589	\$4,411	\$4,790	\$4,036	\$4,992	\$3,710	\$3,099	\$4,652	\$4,668	\$2,172	

1 Percent and median not shown where there were fewer than 100 cases in the sample reporting on income.

Table 10.--SOURCE OF INCOME: DISTRIBUTION OF FAMILIES BY TOTAL MONEY INCOME, FOR THE UNITED STATES, URBAN AND RURAL: 1952

Total money income	Earnings only										Earnings and income other than earnings						
	Total	Wages or salary only			Self-employment income only			Wages or salary, and self-employment income				Total	Self-employment income and other income			Wages or salary and other income	Other income; no earnings
		Wages or salary only	Total ²	Nonfarm self-employment income only	Farm self-employment income only	Total ³	Wages or salary and nonfarm self-employment income only	Wages or salary and farm self-employment income only	Total	Nonfarm self-employment income and other income	Farm self-employment income and other income		Total ²	Nonfarm self-employment income and other income	Farm self-employment income and other income		
UNITED STATES	100.0	71.2	57.1	7.4	3.9	3.3	6.7	3.5	3.1	22.5	17.1	3.0	1.6	1.2	2.5	5.1	
All families.....	100.0	71.2	57.1	7.4	3.9	3.3	6.7	3.5	3.1	22.5	17.1	3.0	1.6	1.2	2.5	5.1	
Under \$500.....	100.0	50.9	15.7	26.3	6.2	19.5	8.9	1.4	6.8	9.1	3.1	4.6	1.2	3.4	1.4	9.9	
\$500 to \$999.....	100.0	47.5	27.8	9.0	1.4	7.1	10.7	2.7	8.0	22.7	14.7	5.7	1.3	4.1	2.4	29.8	
\$1,000 to \$1,499.....	100.0	49.4	30.3	11.0	4.4	5.8	8.1	1.6	5.8	25.7	18.7	5.2	1.9	3.2	1.9	24.9	
\$1,500 to \$1,999.....	100.0	60.7	45.8	7.0	3.2	3.7	7.9	2.0	5.5	24.2	17.8	4.2	1.7	2.5	2.2	15.1	
\$2,000 to \$2,499.....	100.0	74.4	57.7	9.6	4.8	4.7	7.2	3.2	4.0	19.6	15.5	2.6	1.3	1.5	1.3	16.0	
\$2,500 to \$2,999.....	100.0	77.6	63.8	6.7	3.2	3.2	7.1	2.9	3.8	19.5	15.2	2.6	1.2	1.2	1.7	24.8	
\$3,000 to \$3,499.....	100.0	80.2	67.4	6.9	3.8	2.7	5.9	3.7	2.2	17.5	13.0	1.9	1.1	0.9	2.6	2.5	
\$3,500 to \$3,999.....	100.0	79.4	68.7	5.2	3.3	1.8	5.5	3.3	2.0	19.6	16.1	1.4	1.2	0.1	2.1	1.0	
\$4,000 to \$4,499.....	100.0	76.2	63.3	4.0	3.2	2.2	5.5	3.1	2.1	22.9	18.8	1.6	0.9	0.5	2.5	0.9	
\$4,500 to \$4,999.....	100.0	77.0	66.5	4.5	3.1	0.8	6.6	4.6	1.5	22.6	19.3	1.7	1.2	0.4	1.5	0.4	
\$5,000 to \$5,999.....	100.0	77.9	67.8	4.6	3.6	1.0	5.5	4.4	2.0	21.6	17.3	1.6	1.1	0.5	2.7	0.5	
\$6,000 to \$6,999.....	100.0	72.8	62.8	3.9	3.0	0.9	6.1	4.4	1.8	26.6	20.7	2.8	2.0	0.7	3.2	0.6	
\$7,000 to \$7,999.....	100.0	71.4	59.6	5.2	3.5	1.5	6.6	6.6	1.1	28.2	21.3	3.1	2.9	3.1	3.1	0.4	
\$8,000 to \$8,999.....	100.0	62.9	44.2	9.8	3.3	1.3	8.8	6.8	1.1	36.9	23.7	5.6	4.3	1.3	7.6	0.3	
\$9,000 to \$9,999.....	100.0	51.9	18.6	26.8	19.7	6.6	6.6	5.5	1.1	45.4	24.0	12.0	9.8	2.2	9.3	2.7	
Median income.....	\$3,890	\$3,992	\$4,123	\$3,078	\$4,000	\$2,033	\$3,587	\$4,547	\$2,525	\$4,266	\$4,303	\$3,389	\$4,633	\$1,975	\$4,609	\$1,309	
URBAN	100.0	71.7	63.5	4.3	4.1	0.1	3.9	3.7	0.2	22.4	18.9	1.7	1.7	...	1.8	4.8	
All families.....	100.0	71.7	63.5	4.3	4.1	0.1	3.9	3.7	0.2	22.4	18.9	1.7	1.7	...	1.8	4.8	
Median income.....	\$4,249	\$4,349	\$4,308	\$4,625	\$4,647	(*)	\$4,816	\$4,824	(*)	\$4,607	\$4,480	\$5,227	\$5,273	...	\$6,043	\$1,361	
RURAL NONFARM	100.0	69.7	58.0	5.5	4.4	0.9	6.2	4.3	1.6	23.0	17.7	2.7	2.2	0.5	2.5	5.8	
All families.....	100.0	69.7	58.0	5.5	4.4	0.9	6.2	4.3	1.6	23.0	17.7	2.7	2.2	0.5	2.5	5.8	
Median income.....	\$3,720	\$3,841	\$3,919	\$2,722	\$3,161	(*)	\$3,855	\$3,912	(*)	\$4,088	\$4,120	\$3,500	(*)	(*)	(*)	\$1,378	
RURAL FARM	100.0	71.0	24.4	25.2	1.8	22.6	21.4	1.0	19.2	22.5	6.9	9.4	0.5	8.4	6.2	5.2	
All families.....	100.0	71.0	24.4	25.2	1.8	22.6	21.4	1.0	19.2	22.5	6.9	9.4	0.5	8.4	6.2	5.2	
Median income.....	\$2,226	\$2,330	\$2,544	\$2,323	(*)	\$2,027	\$2,350	(*)	\$2,307	\$2,533	\$2,200	\$1,961	(*)	\$1,855	\$3,446	\$915	

1 Includes a relatively small number of families reporting no money income, not shown separately.
 2 Includes a relatively small number of families reporting both farm and nonfarm self-employment income, not shown separately.
 3 Includes a relatively small number of families reporting income from wages or salary, nonfarm self-employment, and farm self-employment, not shown separately.
 4 Median not shown where there were fewer than 100 cases in the sample reporting on income.

Table 11.--TOTAL INCOME: DISTRIBUTION OF FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS IN HOUSEHOLDS BY TOTAL MONEY INCOME, FOR THE UNITED STATES, FARM AND NONFARM: 1944 TO 1952

Total money income	Families and unrelated individuals								
	1952	1951	1950	1949	1948	1947	1946	1945	1944
UNITED STATES									
Percent.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Under \$500.....	7.0	7.6	9.4	9.4	7.9	8.4	(¹)	10.0	11.9
\$500 to \$999.....	7.5	7.4	8.4	9.1	8.3	8.4	(¹)	9.5	11.3
\$1,000 to \$1,499.....	6.5	5.9	6.9	7.9	8.0	8.7	(¹)	9.1	11.5
\$1,500 to \$1,999.....	6.1	6.5	7.3	7.9	7.8	9.0	(¹)	12.0	10.6
\$2,000 to \$2,499.....	7.1	7.9	9.0	10.2	10.2	11.0	(¹)	12.4	11.2
\$2,500 to \$2,999.....	7.2	7.6	8.5	9.8	9.6	9.9	(¹)	11.5	9.5
\$3,000 to \$3,499.....	9.2	9.5	10.7	10.1	10.7	10.1	(¹)	9.3	9.4
\$3,500 to \$3,999.....	8.2	9.0	8.1	7.8	8.1	7.5	(¹)	6.0	6.7
\$4,000 to \$4,499.....	7.2	8.1	6.9	5.9	6.7	6.0	(¹)	5.0	4.2
\$4,500 to \$4,999.....	6.4	5.7	5.0	4.5	4.7	4.2	(¹)	3.4	3.7
\$5,000 to \$5,999.....	10.2	9.3	7.7	6.8	7.1	6.7	(¹)	5.3	4.1
\$6,000 to \$9,999.....	14.0	12.3	9.3	8.3	8.5	7.7	(¹)	5.3	4.2
\$10,000 and over.....	3.5	3.1	2.8	2.3	2.5	2.5	(¹)	1.3	1.6
Median income.....	\$3,467	\$3,368	\$3,025	\$2,783	\$2,909	\$2,727	(¹)	\$2,379	\$2,209
URBAN AND RURAL NONFARM									
Median income.....	\$3,611	\$3,546	\$3,188	\$2,989	\$3,101	\$2,900	\$2,659	\$2,595	\$2,410
RURAL FARM									
Median income.....	\$2,011	\$1,953	\$1,790	\$1,462	\$1,861	\$1,781	(¹)	\$1,291	\$1,157
Total money income	Families								
	1952	1951	1950	1949	1948	1947	1946	1945	1944
UNITED STATES									
Percent.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Under \$500.....	4.1	4.4	5.8	5.9	4.8	4.3	(¹)	5.8	7.5
\$500 to \$999.....	4.4	4.8	5.7	6.2	5.8	6.4	(¹)	7.7	9.5
\$1,000 to \$1,499.....	5.3	5.3	6.2	7.2	7.1	7.8	(¹)	8.4	10.2
\$1,500 to \$1,999.....	5.5	6.1	7.0	7.6	7.4	8.8	(¹)	12.1	10.4
\$2,000 to \$2,499.....	6.7	7.6	9.0	10.2	10.4	11.3	(¹)	13.0	11.7
\$2,500 to \$2,999.....	7.5	7.8	8.9	10.4	10.1	10.7	(¹)	12.5	10.6
\$3,000 to \$3,499.....	9.8	9.9	11.6	11.2	11.6	11.4	(¹)	10.3	11.0
\$3,500 to \$3,999.....	8.8	9.8	9.0	8.8	9.1	8.3	(¹)	7.0	7.9
\$4,000 to \$4,499.....	8.2	9.2	7.9	6.8	7.6	6.9	(¹)	5.8	5.0
\$4,500 to \$4,999.....	7.2	6.4	5.7	5.3	5.4	4.8	(¹)	3.9	4.3
\$5,000 to \$5,999.....	11.9	10.8	9.0	7.8	8.1	7.7	(¹)	6.1	5.0
\$6,000 to \$9,999.....	16.6	14.4	11.0	9.8	9.8	8.9	(¹)	6.1	5.1
\$10,000 and over.....	4.2	3.6	3.2	2.6	2.8	2.7	(¹)	1.4	1.8
Median income.....	\$3,889	\$3,714	\$3,319	\$3,107	\$3,190	\$3,033	(¹)	\$2,621	\$2,533
URBAN AND RURAL NONFARM									
Median income.....	\$4,111	\$3,913	\$3,497	\$3,324	\$3,391	\$3,207	\$2,981	\$2,857	\$2,794
RURAL FARM									
Median income.....	\$2,226	\$2,131	\$1,970	\$1,587	\$2,034	\$1,958	(¹)	\$1,410	\$1,272
Total money income	Unrelated individuals								
	1952	1951	1950	1949	1948	1947	1946	1945	1944
UNITED STATES									
Percent.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Under \$500.....	20.2	25.5	28.1	27.1	26.0	31.0	(¹)	34.2	31.6
\$500 to \$999.....	21.6	21.2	22.2	23.6	22.9	19.7	(¹)	19.7	19.2
\$1,000 to \$1,499.....	12.3	9.0	10.5	11.0	13.0	13.4	(¹)	13.6	17.3
\$1,500 to \$1,999.....	9.1	9.0	9.0	9.5	10.0	10.5	(¹)	11.6	11.3
\$2,000 to \$2,499.....	9.3	9.4	9.3	9.9	9.4	9.3	(¹)	8.9	9.1
\$2,500 to \$2,999.....	5.9	6.6	6.3	6.9	6.1	5.5	(¹)	5.5	4.6
\$3,000 to \$3,499.....	6.6	7.3	5.7	4.5	5.5	3.3	(¹)	3.4	2.6
\$3,500 to \$3,999.....	5.4	4.6	3.5	2.8	2.4	2.7	(¹)	0.6	1.5
\$4,000 to \$4,499.....	2.6	2.6	2.0	1.9	1.5	1.1	(¹)	0.3	0.9
\$4,500 to \$4,999.....	2.4	1.5	1.1	0.4	1.1	0.8	(¹)	0.7	0.7
\$5,000 to \$5,999.....	2.1	1.8	1.0	1.4	0.8	0.9	(¹)	0.3	0.4
\$6,000 to \$9,999.....	2.0	1.3	0.9	0.7	0.8	0.8	(¹)	0.8	0.5
\$10,000 and over.....	0.5	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	1.0	(¹)	0.3	0.4
Median income.....	\$1,332	\$1,180	\$992	\$984	\$1,042	\$983	(¹)	\$899	\$979
URBAN AND RURAL NONFARM									
Median income.....	\$1,410	\$1,285	\$1,079	\$1,042	\$1,148	\$1,077	\$1,105	\$976	\$1,057
RURAL FARM									
Median income.....	\$665	\$733	\$532	\$500	\$533	\$582	(¹)	\$401	\$461

¹ Comparable figures not available.

OFFICIAL BUSINESS

Table 12.--TYPE OF INCOME: DISTRIBUTION OF FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS BY WAGE OR SALARY INCOME, NONFARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME, AND INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS, FOR THE UNITED STATES: 1952

Income	Wage or salary income			Nonfarm self-employment income			Farm self-employment income			Income other than earnings		
	Families and unrelated individuals	Families	Un-related individuals	Families and unrelated individuals	Families	Un-related individuals	Families and unrelated individuals	Families	Un-related individuals	Families and unrelated individuals	Families	Un-related individuals
Number.....thousands..	50,794	41,020	9,774	50,794	41,020	9,774	50,794	41,020	9,774	50,794	41,020	9,774
Number with specified type of income.....thousands..	39,794	33,844	5,950	4,844	4,442	402	3,923	3,764	159	14,616	11,120	3,496
Percent of those with specified type of income..	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Under \$500.....	6.3	5.4	11.5	18.2	17.6	24.7	32.5	31.5	(¹)	36.1	37.1	32.9
\$500 to \$999.....	4.9	3.8	11.1	6.9	6.2	14.4	14.1	14.0	(¹)	31.2	27.6	42.1
\$1,000 to \$1,499.....	11.5	9.3	23.6	12.7	11.9	21.9	15.8	16.1	(¹)	22.2	24.0	16.5
\$1,500 to \$1,999.....												
\$2,000 to \$2,499.....	16.1	15.0	22.5	14.1	14.0	15.1	13.9	14.3	(¹)	5.1	5.2	4.9
\$2,500 to \$2,999.....												
\$3,000 to \$3,499.....	19.7	19.9	18.8	13.4	13.9	7.5	9.3	9.4	(¹)	2.3	2.5	1.8
\$3,500 to \$3,999.....												
\$4,000 to \$4,499.....	14.3	15.6	6.6	9.0	9.3	6.2	5.4	5.6	(¹)	3.0	3.4	1.8
\$4,500 to \$4,999.....												
\$5,000 to \$5,999.....	13.9	16.0	2.3	11.5	12.1	4.1	3.9	4.1	(¹)	3.0	3.4	1.8
\$6,000 to \$6,999.....												
\$7,000 to \$9,999.....	2.4	2.7	0.4	3.4	3.6	2.1	2.2	2.1	(¹)	3.0	3.4	1.8
\$10,000 to \$14,999.....												
\$15,000 and over.....				4.0	4.3	0.7						
Median income of specified type for those with such income....	\$3,569	\$3,833	\$2,169	\$2,864	\$3,020	\$1,500	\$1,217	\$1,280	(¹)	\$723	\$732	\$702

¹ Percent and median not shown where there were fewer than 100 cases in the sample reporting with specified type of income.