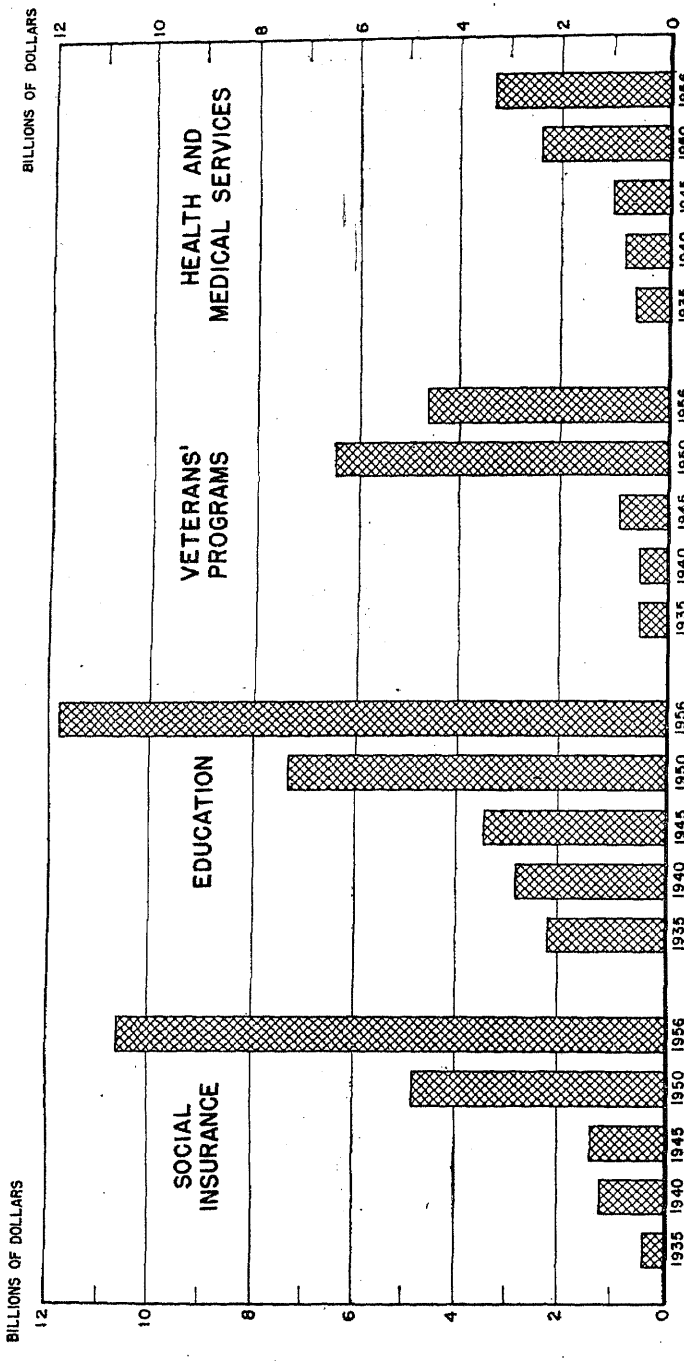
FIG. XVI.—SOCIAL WELFARE EXPENDITURES UNDER SELECTED CIVILIAN PUBLIC PROGRAMS: 1935 TO 1956

[See table 331]



Source: Chart prepared by Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census. Data from Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Social Security Administration.

Section *10*

Social Insurance and Welfare Services

This section presents data related to governmental programs for old-age, survivors, and disability insurance, public and railroad employee retirement, unemployment and temporary disability insurance, aid to the needy, and maternal, child, and other welfare services. Also included here are selected data concerning private pension plans and financial data relating to corporate pension funds, the American Red Cross, the Community Chest, and philanthropic trusts and foundations.

There are several principal sources for these data. The *Social Security Bulletin*, an official monthly publication of the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, presents current data on many of these programs and summarizes annual data for them in a statistical supplement published each year. A large volume of statistics flows from employers' wage reports submitted under the Social Security Act and used in the accounting operations of the Bureau of Old-Age and Survivors Insurance. Information on workers and beneficiaries and on establishments, employment, and payrolls covered by this Act is published in detail in the Social Security Administration's *Handbook of Old-Age and Survivors Insurance Statistics*. Establishment data showing employment and payrolls, by industry, for counties, are also available in the cooperative report of the Bureau of the Census and the Social Security Administration, *County Business Patterns*. Current data on employment security activities are published monthly in the Department of Labor's *Labor Market and Employment Security* and its supplements. Data on retirement and other benefits for railroad workers are published by the Railroad Retirement Board in its *Monthly Review* and *Annual Report*.

Social insurance under the Social Security Act.—Social insurance programs established by the Social Security Act provide protection against wage loss resulting from old age, prolonged disability, death, or unemployment. Beginning 1957, under old-age, survivors, and disability insurance, protection against wage loss due to old age, disability, or death is available to nearly all the gainfully employed (excluding chiefly self-employed doctors of medicine and most civilian employees of the Federal Government).

Old-age, survivors, and disability insurance provides monthly retirement benefits to fully insured workers at 65 or over (or, for women workers, at age 62 if they elect to receive a reduced benefit) and supplementary benefits to their wives, if they are aged or have a child of the earner in their care, to aged dependent husbands, and to dependent children under age 18, or older, if the child has a disability that began before 18. Monthly survivor benefits are payable to certain dependents of fully or currently insured workers. Monthly disability benefits are payable to fully and currently insured workers between the ages of 50 and 65 with a disability that meets the definition in the Act. A lump-sum death payment is made in the case of all insured deaths.

Covered workers and their employers each pay contributions of 2¼ percent on the worker's wages, not counting amounts above the first $4,200 in a year. The rate is scheduled to rise by steps until it reaches 4¼ percent each in 1975. Self-employed persons pay 1.5 times the employee rate. An amount equal to the contributions collected is appropriated for deposit in the old-age and survivors insurance trust fund, from

Note.—This section presents data for the most recent year or period available on March 18, 1958, when the material was organized and sent to the printer.

which benefits and administrative costs are paid. One-fourth of 1 percent of the contributions collected from employees and employers and ⅜ of 1 percent of the contributions from the self-employed are allocated to a separate disability trust fund, from which the costs of the disability benefits are paid.

Both unemployment insurance and the public employment (placement) service are administered through the Bureau of Employment Security of the Department of Labor and a State employment security agency in each State or Territory. Under agreements with the Secretary of Labor, the State agencies also administer unemployment compensation for eligible veterans and for Federal employees.

State unemployment insurance laws pay benefits to unemployed covered workers who meet the qualifying conditions specified in the State law. In most States, a waiting period of 1 week must be served before payments begin. Benefits are payable for a maximum number of weeks, ranging from 16 to 30 weeks among the States; maximum weekly benefits without dependents' allowances range from $25 to $45 under the several State laws. In 11 States maximum allowances for dependents ranging from $3 to $25 raise the range of maximum augmented benefits to $30 to $70.

Under the Federal Unemployment Tax Act, a 3-percent tax is levied on the payroll of employers of 4 or more workers in industries covered by the Act, although smaller employers are also covered by some State laws. Principal industries excluded from coverage, as of January 1958, are agriculture, State and local government, domestic service, nonprofit organizations, and railroads (see below). Employers subject to the Federal law are allowed a credit offset of 90 percent of the Federal tax, or 2.7 percent of taxable payrolls, for contributions paid to State agencies under State unemployment insurance laws. The Federal Government, therefore, collects only 0.3 percent, which is earmarked for employment security purposes. The Congress appropriates funds each year to cover administrative costs of the employment security system.

The standard rate of contributions payable by employers in all areas is 2.7 percent of the first $3,000 a year paid to an employee (except in Delaware, Nevada, Oregon, and Rhode Island, where the 2.7 percent applies to the first $3,600 and in Alaska to the first $4,000). All States except Alaska may adjust employer contribution rates according to individual employer experience with the risk of unemployment. Contributions collected by States are deposited to State accounts in the Federal Unemployment Trust Fund, from which States withdraw amounts needed for benefit payments.

Social insurance for railroad workers.—The social insurance programs administered by the Railroad Retirement Board under the Railroad Retirement Act and Railroad Unemployment Insurance Act cover employees of railroads or companies and organizations affiliated with railroad transportation, including the Railway Express Agency and the Pullman Company.

The Railroad Retirement Act provides retirement annuities for aged and disabled workers and for wives of retired employees, and benefits to survivors of deceased workers. The credits of employees who die or retire with less than 10 years of railroad service are transferred to old-age, survivors, and disability insurance under the Social Security Act. Funds for the retirement and survivor system come from a tax on earnings up to $350 a month under the Railroad Retirement Tax Act. The tax, divided equally between the employer and employee, is now at the maximum rate of 12½ percent.

The Railroad Unemployment Insurance Act provides benefits for unemployment and sickness, including maternity. The unemployment insurance program is financed entirely by contributions from covered employers, paid directly to the Board. The contribution rate for any year depends upon the balance in the unemployment insurance account and may vary from ½ to 3 percent of payrolls (exclusive of individual earnings in excess of $350 a month). Effective January 1, 1958, the contribution rate is 2½ percent.

Social insurance for Federal Government employees.—One contributory retirement system for Federal civilian employees and two noncontributory systems for special classes of employees are administered by the Civil Service Commission. In addition, there are separate retirement systems in operation for the uniformed services (supplementing old-age, survivors, and disability insurance under which they are covered on a contributory basis) and for special classes of Federal employees.

The Civil Service Retirement Act provides for age, optional, disability, and discontinued service annuities for employees in the executive, judicial, and legislative branches of the United States Government and in the municipal government of the District of Columbia if not subject to another retirement system or excluded by executive order. It also provides annuities for the widows and minor children of deceased employees, and under certain conditions to the survivors of deceased annuitants. The employee contribution rate, computed on base pay, was increased from 6 percent to 6½ percent in October 1956, at which time liberalized benefit provisions became effective. Beginning in July 1957, employing agencies pay into the Retirement Fund amounts equal to the contributions of their employees.

Workmen's compensation.—All States now have programs providing protection against work-connected injuries and deaths. In addition to the State laws, there are Federal workmen's compensation laws covering employees of the Federal Government, private employees in the District of Columbia, and longshoremen and harbor workers. Most of the State workmen's compensation laws exempt such employments as agriculture, domestic service, and casual labor; the majority exempt employers who have fewer than a specified number of employees. Occupational diseases, or at least specified diseases, are compensable under most laws.

In most States total payments to injured workers or to survivor families are limited as to time, amount, or both. All compensation acts require that medical aid be furnished to injured employees; in about one-fourth of the laws there are either duration or cost limitations—or both—on the amount of medical benefits provided.

Public assistance.—Public assistance is provided through five major programs, all administered by the States and localities. Payments to four groups of needy persons—the aged, the blind, the permanently and totally disabled, and children whose need arises from certain causes—are financed in part from Federal funds granted to States under the Social Security Act. The Federal aspects of these programs are the responsibility of the Bureau of Public Assistance of the Social Security Administration. Aid to other needy persons is furnished for the most part through general assistance, toward which the Federal Government makes no contribution.

To receive a Federal grant for assistance payments and administrative expenses under any of the four programs established by the Social Security Act a State must have a plan approved as meeting the requirements of the Federal act. Each State establishes the conditions under which needy people may receive assistance and determines how much they shall receive.

Health and welfare service.—Programs providing health and welfare services are aided through Federal grants to States for maternal and child-health services, services for crippled children, child-welfare services, vocational rehabilitation, and public health services (including water-pollution control, hospital survey and construction, and control of specific diseases). The Children's Bureau, a part of the Social Security Administration, administers the first three of these programs; the others are administered by the Office of Vocational Rehabilitation and the Public Health Service; all are units of the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare.

No. 331.—Social Welfare Expenditures Under Civilian Public Programs: 1935 to 1956

[In millions. Represents expenditures under public law and from trust accounts. Includes administrative expenditures and capital outlay for hospitals, public elementary and secondary schools, and publicly controlled higher education. Years ending June 30 for Federal Government, most States, and some localities; for other States and localities, years cover various 12-month periods ending within year. Data for education and for workmen's compensation relate to continental U. S. only; other programs include some payments and expenditures outside continental U. S. Corrected to October 1957]

Year and source of funds	Total	Social insurance [1]	Public aid	Health and medical services [2]	Other welfare services [3]	Veterans' programs [4]	Education	Public housing	Total as percent of— Gross national product	Total as percent of— Government expenditures for all purposes [1]
TOTAL										
1935	$6,811.1	$383.7	$2,997.6	$641.8	$113.3	$449.8	$2,224.9	-------	9.9	51.7
1940	9,101.3	1,214.9	3,597.0	799.2	171.0	535.0	2,780.0	$4.2	9.5	49.4
1945	7,992.3	1,363.5	1,029.7	995.9	285.2	914.2	3,392.6	11.0	3.7	7.4
1950	24,099.8	4,764.7	2,494.8	2,388.3	616.4	6,534.5	7,289.1	12.0	9.2	37.8
1955	32,155.5	9,862.3	3,001.6	3,074.2	885.4	4,369.3	10,874.1	88.6	8.6	31.4
1956	34,522.6	10,585.0	3,113.1	3,249.7	1,015.0	4,619.0	11,830.2	110.6	8.6	32.1
FEDERAL										
1935	2,966.0	98.7	2,373.7	16.8	2.1	449.8	24.9	-------	4.3	47.1
1940	3,235.9	350.1	2,244.2	51.2	9.7	535.0	41.5	4.2	3.4	35.5
1945	2,375.5	704.5	419.3	126.9	87.0	914.2	112.6	11.0	1.1	2.5
1950	9,585.2	1,911.3	1,101.8	256.6	166.7	6,063.4	73.4	12.0	3.6	23.2
1955	13,186.0	6,429.2	1,502.8	299.0	244.2	4,307.7	329.1	74.0	3.5	19.2
1956	14,606.1	7,528.7	1,553.8	349.2	318.5	4,529.8	235.2	90.9	3.6	20.5
STATE AND LOCAL										
1935	3,845.1	285.0	623.9	625.0	111.2	---------	2,200.0	-------	5.6	56.2
1940	5,865.4	864.8	1,352.8	748.0	161.3	---------	2,738.5	-------	6.1	63.5
1945	5,616.8	659.2	610.4	869.0	198.2	---------	3,280.0	-------	2.6	67.6
1950	14,514.6	2,853.4	1,393.0	2,131.7	449.7	471.1	7,215.7	-------	5.5	66.4
1955	18,969.5	3,433.1	1,498.8	2,775.2	641.2	61.6	10,545.0	14.6	5.1	58.5
1956	19,916.5	3,056.3	1,559.3	2,900.5	696.5	89.2	11,595.0	19.7	4.9	56.7

[1] Although social insurance expenditures include non-Federal workmen's compensation benefits payable under law by employers and private insurance carriers, such expenditures have been omitted in computing percentages relating to all government expenditures.

[2] Includes hospital construction and medical research; excludes health and medical services related to veterans' programs, public education, public aid, workmen's compensation, and vocational rehabilitation; also excludes medical expenditures of Military Establishment and Atomic Energy Commission and those provided subordinate to the performance of other functions, such as those of Civil Aeronautics Authority.

[3] Represents vocational rehabilitation, child welfare services, school lunch program, and institutional care.

[4] Excludes Federal bonus payments, appropriations to Government Life Insurance trust fund, and accounts of several small revolving funds.

Source: Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Social Security Administration; *Social Security Bulletin*, October 1957.

No. 332.—Social Welfare Expenditures Per Capita, Actual and 1956 Prices: 1935 to 1956

[Per capita figures relate to total civilian population of continental United States as of end of December. See headnote, table 331. Corrected to October 1957]

Year	Per capita: Total	Per capita: Social insurance	Per capita: Public aid	Per capita: Health and medical services	Per capita: Other welfare services	Per capita: Veterans' programs	Per capita: Education	Per capita: Public housing	In 1956 prices: Total (millions)	In 1956 prices: Per capita
1935	$53.71	$3.03	$23.64	$5.06	$0.89	$3.55	$17.54	--------	$13,487.3	$106.36
1940	69.33	9.26	27.40	6.09	1.30	4.08	21.18	$0.03	17,502.5	133.33
1945	62.86	10.73	8.10	7.83	2.24	7.19	26.68	.09	12,073.0	94.95
1950	160.75	31.78	16.64	15.93	4.11	43.59	48.62	.08	27,355.1	182.46
1955	200.10	61.37	18.68	19.13	5.51	27.19	67.67	.55	32,252.3	200.70
1956	210.79	64.63	19.01	19.84	6.20	28.20	72.23	.68	34,522.6	210.79

Source: Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Social Security Administration; *Social Security Bulletin*, October 1957.

No. 333.—Expenditures for Civilian Social Security and Related Public Programs, by Source of Funds and Program: 1955 and 1956

[**In millions of dollars.** Represents expenditures under public law and from trust accounts. Includes administrative expenditures unless otherwise indicated. Data for some programs include some payments and expenditures outside continental U. S. Years ending June 30 for Federal Government, most States, and some localities; for other States and localities, years cover various 12-month periods ending within year. Corrected to August 14, 1957]

PROGRAM	1955			1956		
	Total	Federal	State and local	Total	Federal	State and local
Total	20,492.7	12,082.9	8,409.9	21,778.3	13,476.3	8,301.8
Social insurance and related programs	12,574.5	9,141.5	3,433.1	13,411.0	10,354.6	3,056.3
Old-age and survivors insurance	4,436.3	4,436.3	----------	5,485.2	5,485.2	----------
Railroad retirement	575.6	575.6	----------	603.2	603.2	----------
Public employee retirement systems [1]	1,364.8	799.8	565.0	1,555.8	935.7	620.0
Employment security [2]	2,113.9	354.1	1,759.9	1,621.4	338.9	1,282.5
Railroad unemployment insurance	158.6	158.6	----------	59.7	59.7	----------
Railroad temporary disability insurance	54.2	54.2	----------	52.7	52.7	----------
State temporary disability insurance, total [3]	218.8	----------	218.8	232.0	----------	232.0
Veterans' programs [4]	2,712.3	2,712.3	----------	2,826.0	2,826.0	----------
Workmen's compensation, total	940.0	50.6	[5] 889.4	975.0	53.2	[5] 921.8
Public aid	2,939.6	1,440.8	1,498.8	3,022.1	1,462.8	1,559.3
Special types of public assistance, total	2,609.7	1,440.8	1,168.9	2,708.1	1,462.8	1,245.3
General assistance, total	329.9	----------	329.9	314.0	----------	314.0
Health and medical services [6]	3,835.3	1,060.1	2,775.2	4,006.9	1,106.4	2,900.5
Hospital and medical care [7]	2,367.1	796.1	1,571.0	2,435.8	807.8	1,628.0
Veterans	728.1	728.1	----------	730.0	730.0	----------
Other	1,639.0	68.0	1,571.0	1,705.8	77.8	1,628.0
Hospital construction [8]	415.9	117.9	298.0	350.5	98.5	252.0
Veterans	33.0	33.0	----------	27.2	27.2	----------
Other	382.9	84.9	298.0	323.3	71.3	252.0
Maternal and child health programs [9]	92.8	23.6	69.2	104.0	27.5	76.5
Other community and related health services [10]	959.5	122.5	837.0	1,116.5	172.5	944.0
Other welfare services	1,143.3	440.5	702.8	1,338.3	552.5	785.7
Vocational rehabilitation, total	41.1	26.0	15.1	52.1	33.1	19.0
Veterans' programs [11]	196.0	134.4	61.6	232.2	143.0	89.2
Institutional and other care [12]	470.4	41.4	429.0	524.3	50.3	474.0
School lunch program [13]	238.5	169.5	69.0	293.2	227.7	65.4
Child welfare	135.4	7.3	[14] 128.1	145.5	7.4	[14] 138.1
Surplus food for needy persons	61.9	61.9	----------	91.0	91.0	----------

[1] Excludes refunds of employee contributions to those leaving service. Includes retirement pay of military personnel. Data for administrative expenditures not available for all programs.

[2] State unemployment insurance and employment service programs, Federal unemployment compensation for veterans and Federal civilian employees.

[3] Cash benefits and hospitalization and medical benefits, including those under private plans, in the 4 States with programs, and administrative expenditures of State agencies. Data on administrative expenditures of private plans not available.

[4] Pensions, annuities, burial awards, readjustment allowances, and estimated administrative expenditures. Excludes expenditures from Government Life Insurance fund.

[5] Payments by private insurance carriers, State funds, and self-insurers of benefits payable under State law and estimated State administrative costs.

[6] Excludes all medical expenditures of Military Establishment and Atomic Energy Commission; health services in connection with primary and secondary public education; hospital and medical payments and services included under workmen's compensation, State temporary disability insurance, and vocational rehabilitation, and vendor payments for medical care included under public aid programs; international health activities; and expenditures for medical services and research subordinate to performance of other functions.

[7] Includes hospital and outpatient care in public institutions and expenditures for maintaining existing facilities. Excludes VA expenditures for domiciliary care included under veterans' welfare services and institutions for chronic care (other than mental and tuberculosis) included under institutional care.

[8] Federal are costs of hospital planning and surveys, new construction, and major repairs; State and local are new construction only. [9] Includes services for crippled children.

[10] Federal are those made by the U. S. Public Health Service for community health programs, medical research, and training in special public health fields and by the Food and Drug Administration. State and local represent estimated community health and sanitation operating expenditures of public agencies, including those for medical research and training but excluding those in connection with schools and public welfare, and those classified as hospital and medical care.

[11] Federal are for VA programs for vocational rehabilitation, automobiles and other conveyances for disablep veterans, housing for paraplegic veterans, domiciliary care, beneficiaries' travel, counseling, and loan guarantees. State and local represent State expenditures for bonus payments and veterans' services; local data not available.

[12] Federal are for education of the deaf, the U. S. Soldiers' Home, the U. S. Naval Home, and the value of Federally distributed surplus foods to nonprofit institutions. State and local represent estimated costs of care in welfare institutions, institutions for the handicapped and for long-term chronic care (other than mental and tuberculosis) and other public welfare expenditures.

[13] Federal includes cash apportionment, value of commodities purchased and distributed under the National School Lunch Act and of surplus commodities distributed under other agricultural programs and the special school milk program.

[14] Estimated by Children's Bureau. Includes payments for foster care and for professional and facilitating services; excludes capital expenditures, expenditures of public institutions and day-care centers and those made by courts and youth authorities, payments from parents and relatives, and direct appropriations by State legislatures to private agencies and institutions.

Source: Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Social Security Administration; *Social Security Bulletin*, 1956 Annual Supplement.

No. 334.—Selected Social Insurance Programs—Estimated Payrolls in Covered Employment in Relation to Wages and Salaries: 1937 to 1956

[In millions of dollars. Gross amount, before deduction of social insurance contributions. Corrected to August 12, 1957]

PROGRAM	1937	1940	1945	1950	1955	1956
AMOUNT						
Total earnings [1]	58,798	62,828	148,412	182,666	249,530	266,854
All wages and salaries [1]	46,107	49,818	117,563	146,526	210,339	227,237
Civilian	45,753	49,255	95,744	141,527	200,561	217,535
Payrolls covered by retirement programs [2]	37,943	41,620	85,455	128,834	193,951	211,223
Old-age and survivors insurance [3]	32,770	35,560	71,317	109,439	169,000	185,000
Railroad retirement [3]	2,265	2,280	4,530	5,327	5,801	6,203
Federal civil-service retirement	1,050	1,430	5,840	6,068	8,290	9,560
State and local government	1,858	2,350	3,768	8,000	12,540	13,720
Total net earnings in self-employment covered by old-age and survivors insurance [4]					25,000	32,000
Payrolls covered by unemployment insurance programs	(5)	34,632	70,941	108,162	164,240	180,998
State unemployment insurance [3]	(5)	32,352	66,411	102,835	148,144	163,959
Railroad unemployment insurance [3]	2,265	2,280	4,530	5,327	5,801	6,203
Payrolls covered by workmen's compensation programs [6]	(5)	35,500	73,000	110,000	161,500	174,800
PERCENT						
Civilian wages and salaries [1]	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Payrolls covered by retirement programs [2]	82.9	84.5	89.3	91.0	96.7	97.1
Old-age and survivors insurance [3]	71.6	72.2	74.5	77.3	84.3	85.0
Railroad retirement [3]	5.0	4.6	4.7	3.8	2.9	2.9
Federal civil-service retirement	2.3	2.9	6.1	4.3	4.1	4.4
State and local government	4.1	4.8	3.9	5.7	6.3	6.3
Payrolls covered by unemployment insurance programs	(5)	70.3	74.1	76.4	81.9	83.2
State unemployment insurance [3]	(5)	65.7	69.4	72.7	73.9	75.4
Railroad unemployment insurance [3]	5.0	4.6	4.7	3.8	2.9	2.9
Payrolls covered by workmen's compensation programs [6]	(5)	72.1	76.2	77.7	80.5	80.4

[1] Data from Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics. Total earnings include earnings of self-employed; civilian and military wages and salaries (disbursements) paid in cash and in kind in continental U. S., and pay of Federal civilian and military personnel in all areas.

[2] Beginning 1955, adjusted for duplication of payrolls covered by old-age and survivors insurance and State and local retirement systems.

[3] Taxable plus estimated nontaxable wages and salaries. Continental U. S. only, except that railroad payrolls include Alaska and Hawaii and, beginning 1955, State unemployment insurance payrolls include Federal personnel in all areas. [4] Preliminary. [5] Not available.

[6] Payrolls of employers insuring with private carriers, State funds, or self-insured, and Federal programs; excludes railroads.

Source: Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Social Security Administration; data appear periodically in *Social Security Bulletin*.

No. 335.—Federal Grants to State and Local Governments, by Purpose: 1935 to 1957

[In thousands of dollars, except per capita. On basis of checks issued for years ending June 30. Includes Territories, possessions, and other areas; see table 336]

YEAR	TOTAL		SOCIAL SECURITY AND RELATED PURPOSES					Education [5]	All other
	Amount	Per capita [1]	Total	Public assistance [2]	Employment security administration	Health services [3]	Other welfare services [4]		
1935	2,196,577	17.09	2,773		1,257		1,516	12,722	2,181,082
1940	965,235	7.24	359,101	271,131	61,539	21,873	4,558	25,137	581,001
1945	855,941	6.29	523,355	401,400	33,730	78,555	9,670	25,131	307,454
1949	1,807,668	12.14	1,226,617	920,814	140,314	66,646	98,843	36,951	544,100
1950	2,195,473	14.49	1,563,356	1,123,418	207,617	119,158	113,163	38,501	593,617
1951	2,242,921	14.56	1,631,092	1,185,764	173,838	168,938	102,553	49,123	562,706
1952	2,322,238	14.86	1,658,248	1,177,688	182,894	182,865	114,802	112,003	551,986
1953	2,753,083	17.34	1,810,555	1,329,933	197,779	168,822	114,020	215,205	727,323
1954	2,953,964	18.32	1,890,942	1,437,516	200,136	138,042	115,248	203,691	859,331
1955	3,092,312	18.84	1,874,499	1,426,599	188,898	117,581	141,421	239,444	978,369
1956	3,404,839	20.34	1,992,648	1,455,275	226,961	133,166	177,246	209,135	1,203,057
1957	3,932,824	23.09	2,242,455	1,556,422	319,511	163,068	203,454	204,869	1,485,500

[1] Based on estimates of total population, excluding Armed Forces overseas, as of July 1.

[2] Old-age assistance, aid to dependent children, aid to blind, and, beginning 1951, aid to permanently and totally disabled.

[3] Maternal and child health services, services for crippled children, and other public health programs.

[4] Vocational rehabilitation and State and Territorial homes for disabled soldiers and sailors; child welfare services and national school lunch program, beginning 1949.

[5] Colleges of agriculture and mechanic arts, vocational education, education of the blind, and State marine schools emergency Office of Education grants for 1940; maintenance and operation of schools in certain areas, beginning 1949; and school survey and construction in certain areas, beginning 1951.

Source: Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Social Security Administration; *Social Security Bulletin*, 1956 Annual Supplement.

No. 336.—Federal Grants to State and Local Governments, by Purpose, by States and Other Areas: 1957

[In thousands of dollars, except per capita. For year ending June 30. See headnote and footnotes, table 335]

State or other area	Total		Social security and related purposes					Education	All other
	Amount	Per capita[1]	Total	Public assistance	Employment security administration	Health services	Other welfare services		
Total	**3,932,824**	**$23.09**	**2,242,455**	**1,556,422**	**319,511**	**163,068**	**203,454**	**204,869**	**1,485,500**
Alabama	107,561	34.46	64,683	49,337	4,350	6,102	4,794	4,446	38,532
Arizona	33,853	31.17	16,315	10,689	2,944	1,381	1,301	2,314	15,224
Arkansas	57,748	32.79	31,448	22,590	2,837	2,639	3,383	2,343	23,957
California	383,304	28.45	224,549	170,134	32,579	7,756	14,080	33,842	124,913
Colorado	59,503	36.55	33,250	27,073	2,672	1,800	1,705	4,431	21,822
Connecticut	32,630	14.69	20,907	11,488	5,058	2,007	2,355	2,179	9,543
Delaware	9,510	22.75	3,544	1,781	851	380	532	408	5,558
District of Columbia	11,779	14.17	7,816	4,550	1,527	874	865	81	3,882
Florida	89,569	23.06	57,816	44,430	5,725	3,501	4,159	5,435	26,318
Georgia	101,077	27.25	65,135	48,909	4,714	5,673	5,839	6,126	29,817
Idaho	21,528	34.45	8,971	5,345	1,575	1,264	787	869	11,689
Illinois	150,608	15.88	89,303	58,629	15,565	4,492	10,617	4,533	56,772
Indiana	59,320	13.37	34,308	20,720	6,555	2,819	4,215	1,933	23,079
Iowa	62,138	22.56	32,639	23,351	2,885	2,548	3,855	1,320	28,175
Kansas	60,157	28.61	28,205	20,607	2,657	2,599	2,342	4,201	27,752
Kentucky	76,285	25.45	46,398	34,895	3,701	3,508	4,295	2,272	27,615
Louisiana	119,253	39.62	92,364	79,762	3,992	4,392	4,218	1,831	25,058
Maine	23,192	24.94	11,994	8,019	1,575	1,286	1,113	1,183	10,015
Maryland	51,569	18.25	22,970	12,021	5,493	2,757	2,699	9,679	18,920
Massachusetts	96,112	19.97	70,983	50,353	12,444	2,581	5,605	3,129	22,000
Michigan	132,857	17.53	74,638	43,362	16,153	6,409	8,714	7,021	51,199
Minnesota	76,398	23.43	41,627	28,427	4,427	3,857	4,915	1,600	33,171
Mississippi	67,038	31.12	36,551	25,273	2,812	4,152	4,314	1,784	28,703
Missouri	139,973	33.35	95,667	79,548	6,045	5,122	4,951	3,722	40,585
Montana	32,651	50.00	9,291	6,216	1,465	828	782	1,264	22,095
Nebraska	35,747	25.07	15,122	10,532	1,473	1,639	1,479	1,972	18,654
Nevada	16,756	65.45	3,458	1,592	1,011	660	196	944	12,354
New Hampshire	10,575	18.75	5,587	3,027	1,223	691	646	733	4,255
New Jersey	59,599	10.81	34,805	15,505	13,099	2,146	4,055	3,223	21,571
New Mexico	51,079	62.98	15,122	10,500	1,731	1,538	1,352	4,555	31,402
New York	289,295	18.28	186,575	118,364	44,185	7,703	16,323	6,618	96,102
North Carolina	97,876	22.21	57,449	37,404	5,752	7,298	6,995	3,065	37,362
North Dakota	23,171	36.09	8,639	5,369	1,000	1,210	1,060	578	13,954
Ohio	152,176	16.78	85,289	56,350	14,806	4,845	9,288	6,308	60,579
Oklahoma	105,795	47.12	61,628	51,291	3,482	3,646	3,209	7,394	36,773
Oregon	46,919	27.07	18,868	11,404	3,892	1,802	1,770	1,736	26,314
Pennsylvania	170,311	15.57	99,043	56,273	25,026	6,560	11,184	3,920	67,348
Rhode Island	21,577	25.50	11,481	6,790	2,422	1,255	1,015	1,476	8,619
South Carolina	49,230	21.14	30,732	20,244	3,297	3,548	3,642	3,155	15,343
South Dakota	26,626	38.42	9,539	6,521	765	1,162	1,090	1,823	15,265
Tennessee	82,160	24.02	48,448	33,816	4,784	4,275	5,573	3,298	30,414
Texas	257,331	28.77	134,158	103,753	12,892	9,039	8,474	12,357	110,815
Utah	24,628	29.85	10,681	6,438	2,166	1,066	1,011	1,975	11,972
Vermont	11,137	30.02	5,629	3,345	930	715	640	330	5,178
Virginia	70,019	18.90	25,844	13,530	3,399	4,073	4,843	14,291	29,884
Washington	73,812	27.59	47,602	36,509	6,067	1,693	3,333	6,637	19,572
West Virginia	48,545	24.72	32,080	23,770	2,540	2,972	2,799	942	15,522
Wisconsin	63,365	16.73	34,190	21,185	4,986	2,690	5,329	1,629	27,547
Wyoming	18,577	58.79	4,331	2,501	820	575	436	689	13,557
Alaska	9,124	41.29	4,487	1,838	1,055	1,383	211	3,479	1,158
Hawaii	14,992	25.67	6,965	3,643	978	1,560	784	2,890	5,137
Puerto Rico	41,923	18.49	17,495	7,272	940	5,106	4,176	598	23,830
Virgin Islands	841	35.06	511	148	48	221	95	20	310
Other areas	369	18.45	68	-------	-------	56	12	287	14
Advances and other undistributed	3,661	-------	5,361	-------	4,144	1,217	-------	-------	−1,701

[1] Based on estimates of total population, excluding Armed Forces overseas, as of July 1, 1956.

Source: Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Social Security Administration; *Social Security Bulletin.*

No. 337.—Social Insurance and Related Programs—Beneficiaries and Benefits, by Risk and Program: 1940 to 1956

[Partly estimated. Data for State and local government, Federal civil-service, and other Federal contributory retirement systems exclude refunds of employee contributions. Data for some programs include some beneficiaries and benefit payments outside continental U. S. Corrected to July 24, 1957]

Risk and program	Beneficiaries [1] (1,000)				Amount of benefits ($1,000,000)			
	1940	1950	1955	1956	1940	1950	1955	1956
Total					1,540.3	6,303.8	12,096.2	13,142.9
Old-age retirement					326.5	1,402.8	5,129.0	5,915.4
Old-age and survivors insurance [2]	77.2	1,918.1	5,443.2	6,190.9	17.2	651.4	3,747.7	4,361.2
Railroad retirement	102.0	174.8	329.2	347.3	83.3	176.9	335.9	379.8
Federal retirement					103.2	286.9	543.0	633.6
Civil-service	47.4	111.0	164.5	179.2	49.1	135.3	263.8	316.0
Other contributory [3]	0.6	2.0	2.3	2.6	.7	2.4	4.5	5.1
Noncontributory [4]	32.8	71.3	105.5	115.7	53.4	149.2	274.7	312.5
State and local government retirement [5]	113.0	213.0	315.0	345.0	103.0	230.0	427.0	470.0
Veterans' program [6 7]	29.2	53.5	59.6	55.9	19.8	57.6	75.5	70.9
Survivorship:								
Monthly benefits					161.5	901.8	2,065.2	2,241.1
Old-age and survivors insurance	35.7	1,093.9	2,096.6	2,282.3	6.4	276.9	1,107.5	1,244.1
Railroad retirement	3.0	136.3	196.5	211.5	1.4	43.9	121.8	133.2
Federal civil-service		18.3	70.2	80.2		8.4	39.4	49.8
State and local government retirement [5]	25.0	40.0	50.0	50.0	16.0	26.0	38.0	[8] 40.0
Veterans' program [6]	323.2	991.7	1,152.9	1,173.9	105.7	491.6	688.4	699.2
Workmen's compensation [9]	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	32.0	55.0	[8] 70.0	[8] 75.0
Lump-sum payments					36.8	86.7	195.7	197.0
Old-age and survivors insurance	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	11.8	32.7	112.9	109.3
Railroad retirement	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	2.5	12.7	16.1	14.5
Federal retirement	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	6.0	8.5	9.9	10.7
Civil-service	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	5.8	8.1	9.3	9.9
Other contributory	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	.2	.4	.6	.8
State and local government retirement [5]	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	12.5	20.0	40.0	[8] 45.0
Veterans' program [7 11]	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	4.0	12.7	16.8	17.5
Disability					480.9	2,444.5	3,175.0	3,277.2
Workmen's compensation	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	[12] 129.0	[12] 362.0	[8 12] 520.0	[8 12] 525.0
Veterans' program [6 13]	580.9	2,301.8	2,610.8	2,682.4	298.1	1,674.6	1,982.0	2,030.9
Railroad retirement	39.3	76.0	87.1	89.8	30.8	77.3	103.1	110.7
Federal civil-service	15.5	43.0	61.2	66.0	13.0	40.5	72.1	84.7
Federal noncontributory [4]		56.0	85.2	87.1		148.7	208.2	213.0
State and local government retirement [5]	14.3	32.0	50.0	50.0	10.0	24.0	45.0	[8] 50.0
State temporary disability insurance [14]		54.1	80.9	86.5		89.3	192.7	213.4
Railroad temporary disability insurance [15]		31.2	31.9	30.3		28.1	51.9	49.5
Unemployment					534.7	1,466.2	1,531.2	1,512.1
State unemployment insurance [16]	982.4	1,305.0	1,099.5	1,037.0	518.7	1,373.4	1,350.3	1,380.7
Railroad unemployment insurance [15]	41.5	76.8	63.1	47.6	16.0	59.8	93.3	70.4
Veterans' unemployment allowances [16]		32.1	72.4	50.7		33.0	87.7	60.9
Self-employment allowances to veterans		1.5	(17)	(17)		1.7	(17)	(17)

[1] Average monthly number, except as noted.
[2] Includes benefits paid to dependents of retired-worker beneficiaries.
[3] For 1940 and 1950, includes small but unknown number and amount of disability and survivor benefits. For 1955 and 1956, represents old-age retirement benefits only.
[4] Old-age retirement includes small number and amount of survivor benefits. For 1940, includes significant amount of disability payments.
[5] Benefits for fiscal year (usually ending June 30). For survivorship, number represents families.
[6] Under Veterans Administration.
[7] Data are for veterans of Spanish-American War, Boxer Rebellion, and Philippine Insurrection; for 1955 and 1956, includes all service pensions for this group. [8] Preliminary.
[9] Monthly survivor benefits include a small but unknown amount of lump-sum death payments.
[10] Not available. [11] Payments are for burial of deceased veterans. [12] Excludes payments for medical care.
[13] Includes pensions and compensation, and subsistence payments to disabled veterans undergoing training.
[14] Benefits payable in only 4 States—Rhode Island, California, New Jersey, and New York. Includes maternity data for Rhode Island. Excludes hospital benefits in California and hospital, surgical, and medical care benefits paid under approved plans in New York. Number represents average weekly number of beneficiaries; excludes private-plan beneficiaries in California and New Jersey.
[15] Beneficiaries are average number during 14-day registration period.
[16] Average weekly number. Beginning 1955, State unemployment insurance includes payments to unemployed Federal workers made by the States as agents of the Federal Government.
[17] Small number and amount of self-employment allowances included with unemployment allowances.

Source: Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Social Security Administration; *Social Security Bulletin.*

No. 338.—Selected Characteristics of the Civilian Population 65 Years Old and Over: 1954 to 1957

[In thousands, except median income. Based on Current Population Survey, and not entirely comparable with decennial census; see Technical Note, p. 201. For definitions of terms, see pp. 2, 3, 199, and 200]

Characteristic	1954	April 1955			March 1956			March 1957		
		Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Total, 65 years and over	**13,735**	**14,018**	**6,520**	**7,498**	**14,404**	**6,670**	**7,734**	**14,681**	**6,754**	**7,927**
Color and residence:										
Urban and rural nonfarm	11,958	12,011	5,400	6,611	12,316	5,500	6,816	12,833	5,735	7,098
Rural farm	1,777	2,007	1,120	887	2,088	1,170	918	1,848	1,019	829
Marital status:										
Single	1,132	1,139	515	624	1,070	468	602	1,132	496	636
Married	7,180	7,081	4,387	2,694	7,414	4,616	2,798	7,512	4,622	2,890
Spouse present	6,911	6,791	4,224	2,567	7,070	4,401	2,669	7,181	4,428	2,753
Spouse absent	269	290	163	127	344	215	129	331	194	137
Widowed	5,197	5,601	1,503	4,098	5,759	1,500	4,259	5,823	1,516	4,307
Divorced	226	197	115	82	161	86	75	214	120	94
Total, 65 years and over [1]	**13,339**	**13,634**	**6,345**	**7,289**	**14,010**	**6,488**	**7,522**	**14,293**	**6,576**	**7,717**
Labor force:										
Civilian labor force	3,189	3,305	2,491	814	3,387	2,580	807	3,349	2,459	890
Employed	3,047	3,203	2,402	801	3,289	2,499	791	3,223	2,361	862
In agriculture	688	714	650	64	802	718	85	655	587	68
In nonagricultural industries	2,359	2,489	1,752	737	2,487	1,781	706	2,568	1,774	794
Unemployed	142	102	88	13	97	82	16	127	98	29
Not in labor force	10,150	10,329	3,854	6,475	10,624	3,908	6,715	10,943	4,118	6,826
Income in previous year:										
Number of persons with income	9,890	10,390	5,859	4,531	10,973	6,083	4,890	11,717	6,209	5,508
Median income for persons with income	$864	$902	$1,268	$694	$931	$1,337	$700	$961	$1,421	$738

[1] Excludes inmates of institutions 65 years and over: In 1950, total, 385,000; males, 175,000; females, 210,000.

Source: Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census; *Current Population Reports*, Series P-20, P-50, P-60, and records.

No. 339.—Persons 65 Years Old and Over, Receiving Money Income From Specified Sources: 1950 to 1956

[As of December; partly estimated. Continental U. S., except for 1956]

Source of income	Number of persons (1,000,000)				Percent distribution			
	1950	1954	1955	1956	1950	1954	1955	1956
Total [1]	**12.5**	**13.9**	**14.3**	**14.8**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**
Employment	3.8	3.9	4.1	4.1	30.8	27.9	28.7	27.7
Earners	2.9	2.9	3.2	3.2	23.6	21.2	22.1	21.5
Wives of earners not themselves employed	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	7.2	6.7	6.6	6.2
Social insurance and related programs [2]	3.6	6.6	7.6	8.5	28.5	47.3	53.4	57.7
Old-age and survivors insurance	2.6	5.3	6.2	7.0	20.7	37.9	43.6	47.3
Railroad retirement insurance	0.3	0.5	0.5	0.5	2.3	3.3	3.5	3.5
Government employees' retirement programs	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.5	2.4	3.1	3.2	3.4
Veterans' compensation and pension programs	0.3	0.5	0.6	0.7	2.7	3.9	4.2	5.0
Wives of beneficiaries not in direct receipt of benefits	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	1.5	1.3	1.4	1.6
Public assistance [3]	2.8	2.6	2.5	2.6	22.5	18.4	17.9	17.4
No money income or income solely from other sources	3.1	2.2	1.7	1.5	25.2	16.1	11.8	10.1
Income from more than one of specified sources	0.9	1.3	1.7	1.9	7.0	9.7	12.0	12.9
Employment and social insurance or assistance	0.5	0.8	1.2	1.3	4.3	6.0	8.2	9.1
Social insurance and public assistance	0.3	0.5	0.5	0.6	2.7	3.7	3.8	3.9

[1] Total population 65 and over is less than sum of the first 4 major classifications by the number in the fifth; persons with more than 1 major source of income were counted under each appropriate classification and then classified separately. Persons with income from sources specified may also have income from other sources (for example, private pensions or interest, dividends, and other returns on investment).

[2] Persons with income from more than one program counted only once. In addition, about 100,000 aged were receiving benefits under unemployment insurance and an unknown number under workmen's compensation and temporary disability insurance; overlap with other programs cannot be estimated.

[3] Old-age assistance recipients and persons aged 65 and over receiving aid to the blind. Includes about 16,000 persons receiving vendor payments for medical care but no direct cash payment.

Source: Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Social Security Administration; data appear periodically in *Social Security Bulletin*.

No. 340.—Old-Age and Survivors Insurance—Accounts Established, and Workers and Earnings Under Covered Employment: 1937 to 1957

[Beginning 1952, estimates of employment and earnings are preliminary; they include self-employment on an annual but not quarterly basis after 1950. Corrected to January 22, 1958]

Year or quarter	Social security accounts established [1]	Covered employment				
		Workers during period [2]	All earnings [3]		Taxable earnings [4]	
			Total	Average per worker	Total	Average per worker
	1,000	*1,000*	*$1,000,000*	*Dollars*	*$1,000,000*	*Dollars*
1937	[5] 37,139	32,904	32,770	996	29,615	900
1940	5,227	35,393	35,668	1,008	32,974	932
1945	3,321	46,302	71,560	1,543	62,945	1,357
1950	2,891	48,283	109,804	2,274	87,498	1,812
1951	4,927	58,100	148,000	2,550	121,000	2,080
1952	4,363	59,600	161,000	2,700	128,800	2,160
1953	3,464	61,000	173,000	2,840	136,000	2,230
1954	2,743	59,700	172,000	2,880	134,000	2,240
1955	4,323	66,000	196,000	2,970	158,000	2,390
1956	4,376	68,000	218,000	3,210	174,000	2,560
January–March [6]	1,341	48,500	44,000	910	42,700	880
April–June [6]	1,113	50,500	45,000	890	42,000	840
July–September [6]	1,058	52,000	46,000	880	36,600	720
October–December [6]	864	51,000	49,000	960	28,600	620
1957:						
January–March [6]	829	53,000	49,000	920	48,000	910

[1] *Excludes 2.8 million accounts under railroad retirement.*
[2] Represents reported workers with taxable earnings. See *footnote 4.*
[3] *Includes earnings in excess of annual taxable limit.* See *footnote 4.*
[4] The annual limit on taxable wages was $3,000 prior to 1951, $3,600 during 1951–54, and $4,200 beginning 1955.
[5] *Includes 17,202,000 accounts established in 1936.* [6] Covered employment excludes agricultural labor.

Source: Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Social Security Administration, Bureau of Old-Age and Survivors Insurance. Data appear periodically in *Social Security Bulletin.*

No. 341.—Old-Age and Survivors Insurance—Civilian Labor Force, by Employment and Coverage Status: 1950 to 1956

[**In millions of persons 14 years old and over.** As of December]

Employment and coverage status	1950	1953	1954	1955	1956
Civilian labor force	62.5	62.6	63.5	66.6	67.0
Unemployed	2.2	1.8	2.8	2.4	2.5
Employed	60.3	60.8	60.7	64.2	64.6
Covered by old-age and survivors insurance [1]	36.5	45.9	45.2	51.7	52.8
Covered under 1939 act	36.5	37.5	36.3	38.7	39.5
Additional coverage under 1950, 1954, and 1956 amendments	--------	8.4	8.9	12.9	13.3
Jointly covered by railroad retirement and old-age and survivors insurance [2]	--------	1.4	1.2	1.3	1.2
Not covered by old-age and survivors insurance	23.8	13.5	14.2	11.2	10.6
Federal, State, and local governments	5.9	4.9	5.5	5.4	4.9
Agriculture	5.3	4.3	4.3	1.3	1.3
Wage and salary workers	1.3	0.9	0.8	0.1	0.2
Self-employed	3.9	3.5	3.5	1.2	1.1
Domestic service	2.1	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.9
Unpaid family workers	1.3	1.0	1.2	1.4	1.4
Agricultural	0.9	0.7	0.6	0.9	0.8
Nonagricultural	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.6
Other [3]	9.2	2.4	2.5	2.3	2.1

[1] Beginning 1953, excludes employees of State and local governments and nonprofit organizations who were not actually covered although eligible for coverage; beginning 1955, also excludes ministers not actually covered although eligible for coverage.
[2] Under the 1951 amendments to the Railroad Retirement Act, earnings in railroad service are credited toward benefits under both railroad and old-age and survivors insurance programs.
[3] *Beginning 1953, includes noncovered workers in the following partially covered industries:* Nonagricultural self-employment; educational institutions and agencies; medical and health services; religious, charitable, and membership organizations; and forestry and fishing. In 1950, also includes noncovered workers in railroad and railway express companies and in banks and trust companies.

Source: Department of Health, Education and Welfare, Social Security Administration; *Social Security Bulletin,* 1956 Annual Supplement.

No. 342.—Private Pension and Deferred Profit-Sharing Plans—Estimated Coverage, Contributions, Reserves, Beneficiaries, and Benefit Payments: 1940 to 1956

[Includes pay-as-you-go plans, nonprofit organization plans, and deferred profit-sharing plans. Excludes railroad plans other than those supplementing Federal Railroad Retirement Act. Under "insured plans," insurance carriers are the mediums through which benefits are provided; sponsors of the plans pay premiums to these carriers. Under "self-insured plans," sponsors perform functions of insurance carriers]

ITEM	1940	1945	1950	1951	1952	1953	1954	1955	1956
Coverage [1] [2] 1,000	3,800	5,900	9,000	10,000	10,900	12,100	13,100	14,200	15,200
Insured plans ..... do	------	------	2,600	2,900	3,200	3,500	3,700	3,900	4,100
Self-insured plans ..... do	------	------	6,400	7,100	7,600	8,600	9,400	10,300	11,100
Contributions:									
Employer ..... mil. dol	180	830	1,750	2,260	2,510	2,880	2,880	3,150	3,450
Insured plans ..... do	------	------	720	820	910	1,000	1,030	1,100	1,110
Self-insured plans ..... do	------	------	1,030	1,440	1,600	1,880	1,850	2,050	2,340
Employee ..... do	110	140	310	360	400	450	480	520	580
Insured plans ..... do	------	------	200	220	240	260	270	280	290
Self-insured plans ..... do	------	------	110	140	160	190	210	240	290
Reserves [1] ..... bil. dol	2.4	5.4	11.2	13.7	16.5	19.3	22.7	26.2	29.9
Insured plans ..... do	------	------	5.4	6.4	7.5	8.6	9.8	11.1	12.3
Self-insured plans ..... do	------	------	5.8	7.3	9.0	10.7	12.9	15.1	17.6
Number of monthly beneficiaries [1] 1,000	150	300	440	530	630	730	850	1,000	1,160
Insured plans ..... do	------	------	150	170	190	220	260	290	330
Self-insured plans ..... do	------	------	290	360	440	510	590	710	830
Amount of annual benefit payments [3] ..... mil. dol	130	210	360	440	510	600	670	810	950
Insured plans ..... do	------	------	90	110	130	150	170	200	230
Self-insured plans [3] ..... do	------	------	270	330	380	450	500	610	720

[1] As of end of year.
[2] Excludes annuitants.
[3] Includes some refunds to employees, as well as lump-sum payments under deferred profit-sharing plans.

Source: Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Social Security Administration; *Social Security Bulletin*, March 1958.

No. 343.—Old-Age and Survivors Insurance—Amount of Benefit Payments: 1940 to 1957

[**In thousands of dollars.** Payments under 1939 and later amendments, except as noted. Corrected to February 3, 1958]

TYPE	1940	1945	1950	1953	1954	1955	1956	1957
Total payments	[1] 35,354	[1] 273,885	961,094	3,006,298	3,670,163	4,968,155	5,714,608	7,404,024
Monthly benefits, total [2]	23,521	247,758	928,354	2,918,847	3,577,934	4,855,282	5,605,304	7,265,239
Old-age	14,761	125,788	556,896	1,884,179	2,339,622	3,252,878	3,792,764	4,888,434
Wife's or husband's	1,947	20,639	88,060	275,134	337,568	466,047	535,586	756,459
Child's	3,905	53,770	141,940	384,867	451,034	561,034	614,058	693,703
Widow's or widower's	420	20,122	88,820	248,121	303,610	396,461	469,174	652,565
Mother's	2,410	26,527	49,161	114,495	132,734	163,138	176,779	198,222
Parent's	78	912	3,477	12,051	13,366	15,724	16,943	19,180
Disability	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	56,676
Lump-sum	[1] 11,833	[1] 26,127	32,740	87,451	92,229	112,873	109,304	138,785

[1] Includes lump-sum payments under 1935 act in the amount of $3,247,000 for 1940 and $19,000 for 1945, payable with respect to workers who died before January 1940.
[2] Distribution by type (other than disability) estimated.

Source: Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Social Security Administration, Bureau of Old-Age and Survivors Insurance. Data appear annually in *Social Security Bulletin*.

No. 344.—Old-Age and Survivors Insurance—Number and Amount of Monthly Benefits, by Type: 1940 to 1957

[Corrected to February 5, 1958]

Item and year	Total	Old-age	Wife's or husband's	Child's [1]	Widow's or widower's	Mother's	Parent's	Disability [2]
Benefits in current-payment status, end of year								
Number:								
1940	222,488	112,331	29,749	54,648	4,437	20,499	824	-------
1945	1,288,107	518,234	159,168	390,134	93,781	120,581	6,209	-------
1950	3,477,243	1,770,984	508,350	699,703	314,189	169,438	14,579	-------
1952	5,025,549	2,643,932	737,859	938,751	454,563	228,984	21,460	-------
1954	6,886,480	3,775,134	1,015,892	1,160,770	638,091	271,536	25,057	-------
1955	7,960,616	4,473,971	1,191,963	1,276,240	701,360	291,916	25,166	-------
1956	9,128,121	5,112,430	1,433,507	1,340,995	913,069	301,240	26,880	-------
1957	11,128,897	6,197,532	1,827,048	1,502,077	1,095,137	328,309	28,944	149,850
Total monthly amount (1,000):								
1940	$4,070	$2,539	$361	$668	$90	$402	$11	-------
1945	23,801	12,538	2,040	4,858	1,893	2,391	81	-------
1950	126,857	77,678	11,995	19,366	11,481	5,801	535	-------
1952	205,179	130,217	19,178	28,141	18,482	8,273	887	-------
1954	339,342	223,272	32,271	40,996	29,526	12,089	1,189	-------
1955	411,613	276,942	39,416	46,444	34,152	13,403	1,257	-------
1956	482,593	322,537	48,326	50,324	45,780	14,262	1,365	-------
1957	605,455	400,250	62,802	57,952	55,944	16,102	1,501	$10,904
Average monthly benefit:								
1940	-------	$22.60	$12.13	$12.22	$20.28	$19.61	$13.09	-------
1945	-------	24.19	12.82	12.45	20.19	19.83	13.05	-------
1950	-------	43.86	23.60	27.68	36.54	34.24	36.70	-------
1952	-------	49.25	25.99	29.98	40.66	36.13	41.33	-------
1954	-------	59.14	31.77	35.32	46.27	44.52	47.44	-------
1955	-------	61.90	33.07	36.39	48.69	45.91	49.93	-------
1956	-------	63.09	33.71	37.53	50.14	47.35	50.78	-------
1957	-------	64.58	34.37	38.58	51.08	49.05	51.87	$72.76
Benefits awarded during year [3]								
Number:								
1940	254,984	132,335	34,555	59,382	4,600	23,260	852	-------
1945	462,463	185,174	63,068	127,514	29,844	55,108	1,755	-------
1950 (1939 amendments)	384,334	183,223	66,685	67,730	40,681	24,595	1,420	-------
1950 (1950 amendments)	578,294	383,908	96,083	54,911	26,054	16,506	832	-------
1952 (1950 amendments)	472,977	203,107	73,751	103,168	53,204	37,342	2,405	-------
1952 (1952 amendments)	580,326	328,099	103,955	80,177	39,098	27,533	1,463	-------
1954 (1952 amendments)	804,249	437,870	135,911	120,952	67,168	40,298	2,050	-------
1954 (1954 amendments)	597,484	312,041	100,853	91,844	60,858	30,477	1,411	-------
1955	1,657,773	909,883	288,915	238,795	140,624	76,018	3,538	-------
1956	1,855,296	934,033	384,562	211,783	253,524	67,475	3,919	-------
1957	2,832,409	1,425,049	578,018	313,164	244,587	88,184	4,583	178,824
Total monthly amount (1,000):								
1940	$4,710	$3,005	$420	$725	$94	$456	$11	-------
1945	8,805	4,650	822	1,614	602	1,094	23	-------
1950 (1939 amendments)	8,749	5,318	1,002	970	881	557	21	-------
1950 (1950 amendments)	17,485	12,761	1,894	1,253	961	585	31	-------
1952 (1950 amendments)	15,315	8,054	1,591	2,486	1,866	1,232	86	-------
1952 (1952 amendments)	27,435	19,065	3,101	2,450	1,593	1,162	64	-------
1954 (1952 amendments)	37,481	24,952	3,970	3,860	2,795	1,810	94	-------
1954 (1954 amendments)	31,870	20,707	3,465	3,302	2,786	1,534	75	-------
1955	93,906	63,452	10,321	8,919	6,984	4,035	194	-------
1956	102,105	62,913	13,274	8,324	13,615	3,759	220	-------
1957	161,305	96,316	19,791	12,184	13,185	5,010	267	$14,552
Average monthly benefit:								
1940	-------	$22.71	$12.15	$12.20	$20.36	$19.60	$13.09	-------
1945	-------	25.11	13.03	12.66	20.17	19.85	13.11	-------
1950 (1939 amendments)	-------	29.02	15.03	14.32	21.66	22.65	14.79	-------
1950 (1950 amendments)	-------	33.24	19.71	22.82	36.88	35.44	37.26	-------
1952 (1950 amendments)	-------	39.65	21.57	24.10	35.07	33.00	35.89	-------
1952 (1952 amendments)	-------	58.11	29.83	30.55	40.75	42.20	43.58	-------
1954 (1952 amendments)	-------	56.98	29.21	31.91	41.61	44.92	46.06	-------
1954 (1954 amendments)	-------	66.36	34.36	35.95	45.78	50.33	53.20	-------
1955	-------	69.74	35.72	37.35	49.67	53.08	54.73	-------
1956	-------	67.36	34.52	39.31	53.70	55.71	56.16	-------
1957	-------	67.59	34.24	38.91	53.91	56.82	58.17	$81.38

[1] Beginning 1957, includes benefits payable to disabled persons 18 years old or over whose disability began before age 18 and who are dependent children of a deceased or retired worker.
[2] Beginning July 1957, payable to disabled workers 50–64 years old; data on amount of benefits awarded are shown before reduction for a benefit based on disability payable under another program.
[3] Represents new entitlements.

Source: Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Social Security Administration, Bureau of Old-Age and Survivors Insurance. Data appear periodically in *Social Security Bulletin*.

No. 345.—Old-Age and Survivors Insurance—Individual Beneficiaries and Benefits, by States and Other Areas: 1957

[In thousands. By beneficiary's State of residence. Partly estimated]

State or other area	Monthly benefits in current-payment status, June 30, 1957		Amount of benefit payments in fiscal year 1957					Number of lump-sum death payments in fiscal year 1957 [3]
	Number	Amount	Total	Monthly benefits [1]			Lump-sum death payments [2]	
				Old-age	Supplementary	Survivor		
Total	10,342.1	$554,637	$6,514,580	$4,340,270	$679,289	$1,372,130	$122,891	640.9
Alabama	152.9	6,583	76,600	44,605	7,713	22,703	1,579	8.9
Arizona	49.2	2,544	29,688	18,572	2,833	7,659	624	3.2
Arkansas	102.0	4,390	49,296	32,236	5,521	10,755	784	4.7
California	808.7	45,001	533,981	370,550	50,764	103,104	9,563	50.0
Colorado	85.9	4,510	52,795	35,708	5,612	10,651	824	4.3
Connecticut	166.9	10,125	121,544	83,488	12,613	23,061	2,382	11.5
Delaware	23.5	1,292	15,338	10,169	1,529	3,305	335	1.7
District of Columbia	37.2	1,967	23,597	16,342	1,781	4,932	542	3.0
Florida	295.0	15,884	183,065	128,329	20,590	31,422	2,724	14.9
Georgia	160.1	6,912	80,381	46,819	7,224	24,361	1,977	11.2
Idaho	37.0	1,839	20,907	14,157	2,313	4,106	331	1.8
Illinois	609.2	34,939	414,387	279,276	42,379	83,688	9,044	45.1
Indiana	300.2	16,196	188,509	125,780	21,208	37,985	3,536	18.3
Iowa	177.7	9,170	102,713	72,067	12,167	16,910	1,569	8.4
Kansas	130.6	6,624	73,865	50,730	8,765	13,117	1,253	6.4
Kentucky	179.4	8,200	93,306	58,520	10,117	23,035	1,634	9.0
Louisiana	119.5	5,491	64,539	37,673	5,974	19,368	1,524	8.0
Maine	79.4	4,035	48,839	33,872	4,865	9,169	933	5.1
Maryland	140.8	7,486	89,208	56,961	8,422	21,766	2,059	10.7
Massachusetts	397.6	23,054	278,953	193,683	27,910	52,523	4,837	24.4
Michigan	441.1	25,735	301,814	195,784	33,585	66,634	5,811	29.4
Minnesota	199.9	10,684	121,467	84,198	13,612	21,704	1,953	10.3
Mississippi	90.2	3,612	40,025	24,724	4,056	10,454	791	5.0
Missouri	283.1	14,980	171,428	118,477	18,491	31,538	2,922	15.6
Montana	39.0	2,039	23,052	15,713	2,329	4,600	410	2.2
Nebraska	87.1	4,428	48,508	34,372	5,815	7,621	700	4.0
Nevada	10.3	570	6,750	4,664	463	1,459	164	0.9
New Hampshire	48.5	2,609	31,522	22,248	3,044	5,624	606	3.2
New Jersey	389.4	23,181	274,414	183,510	28,771	56,547	5,586	27.8
New Mexico	28.8	1,264	14,616	8,362	1,380	4,514	360	1.9
New York	1,116.0	64,350	768,691	530,450	76,255	146,443	15,543	78.8
North Carolina	185.0	8,124	92,204	54,293	8,900	27,049	1,962	11.4
North Dakota	28.2	1,318	13,622	9,449	1,593	2,410	170	0.9
Ohio	583.5	33,240	394,827	258,728	44,086	84,503	7,510	38.3
Oklahoma	119.8	5,762	66,004	42,822	7,259	14,846	1,077	6.0
Oregon	126.2	6,928	81,948	58,476	8,328	13,950	1,194	6.2
Pennsylvania	789.4	44,664	537,455	349,549	58,713	119,054	10,139	51.1
Rhode Island	67.3	3,840	46,326	32,207	4,568	8,675	876	4.3
South Carolina	91.7	3,877	44,848	24,849	3,926	14,946	1,127	6.8
South Dakota	37.1	1,814	19,304	13,551	2,308	3,210	235	1.2
Tennessee	169.8	7,467	84,730	52,081	8,580	22,333	1,736	9.9
Texas	380.5	18,059	205,927	125,935	21,268	54,351	4,373	23.5
Utah	39.2	2,058	23,786	14,670	2,761	5,940	415	2.1
Vermont	29.0	1,476	17,555	12,058	1,861	3,329	307	1.7
Virginia	178.7	8,367	97,793	60,002	9,538	26,210	2,043	11.7
Washington	183.4	10,185	120,904	84,942	12,423	21,589	1,950	9.7
West Virginia	134.0	6,541	77,760	46,386	8,706	21,448	1,220	6.6
Wisconsin	259.5	14,264	165,353	112,366	19,129	31,115	2,743	14.5
Wyoming	15.2	804	9,272	6,301	911	1,889	171	0.9
Alaska	4.9	238	2,854	1,915	128	764	47	0.2
Hawaii	22.1	1,074	12,561	8,349	1,006	3,060	146	0.8
Puerto Rico	48.3	1,449	15,913	10,716	1,563	3,434	200	1.4
Virgin Islands	0.6	19	226	163	18	36	9	(4)
Foreign	62.7	3,374	39,610	28,423	3,615	7,231	341	2.0

[1] Distribution by State and type of benefit estimated. Supplementary benefits are paid to wives 62 years old or over, wives under age 62 with child beneficiaries in their care, dependent aged husbands, and children of old-age beneficiaries. Survivor benefits are paid to following survivors of deceased insured workers: aged widows, dependent aged widowers, children, widowed mothers or divorced wives with child beneficiaries in their care, or dependent aged parents.

[2] Distribution by State based on 10-percent sample.

[3] Distribution by State based on 10-percent sample; exceeds number of deceased workers with respect to whose earnings records lump-sum death payments were paid. [4] Less than 50.

Source: Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Social Security Administration, Bureau of Old-Age and Survivors Insurance. Data appear periodically in *Social Security Bulletin.*

No. 346.—Old-Age and Suvivors Insurance and Disability Insurance Trust Funds: 1937 to 1957

[In millions of dollars]

Period	Receipts: Net contribution income and transfers [1]	Receipts: Interest received [2]	Expenditures: Benefit payments	Expenditures: Administrative expenses [3]	Assets: Net total of U. S. Government securities acquired [4]	Assets: Cash balance at end of period	Assets: Total assets at end of period
OLD-AGE AND SURVIVORS INSURANCE TRUST FUND							
Cumulative, January 1937–December 1957	51,559	4,758	32,743	1,182	21,566	827	22,393
1940	607	43	35	26	581	14	2,031
1941	789	56	88	26	720	26	2,762
1942	1,012	72	131	28	919	33	3,688
1943	1,239	88	166	29	1,123	42	4,820
1944	1,316	107	209	29	1,188	38	6,005
1945	1,285	134	274	30	1,088	66	7,121
1946	1,295	152	378	40	1,024	71	8,150
1947	1,558	164	466	46	1,190	92	9,360
1948	1,688	281	556	51	1,287	166	10,722
1949	1,670	146	667	54	1,172	88	11,816
1950	2,671	257	961	61	1,603	391	13,721
1951	3,367	417	1,885	81	1,687	522	15,540
1952	3,819	365	2,194	88	1,943	481	17,442
1953	3,945	414	3,006	88	1,331	416	18,707
1954	5,163	468	3,670	92	1,571	713	20,576
1955	5,713	461	4,968	119	1,239	561	21,663
1956	6,172	531	5,715	132	729	689	22,519
1957	6,825	557	7,347	162	−265	827	22,393
DISABILITY INSURANCE TRUST FUND [5]							
1956–57 [6]	337	1	----------	1	325	12	337
1957	702	7	57	3	612	37	649

[1] For July 1940 to December 1950 equals taxes collected; beginning January 1951, equals amounts appropriated (estimated tax collections) and, from May 1951, deposits by States under voluntary coverage agreements. For 1947–51 includes amounts appropriated to meet costs of benefits payable to certain veterans' survivors. Beginning 1952, includes deductions for refund of estimated amount of employee-tax overpayment.

[2] Includes interest transferred from the railroad retirement account under the financial interchange provision of the Railroad Retirement Act, as amended.

[3] Represents net expenditures for administration. Beginning November 1951, adjusted for reimbursements to trust fund of small amounts for sales of services. Beginning October 1953, includes amounts for expenses of plans and preparations for construction authorized by Public Law 170, 83d Congress, 1st session.

[4] Includes accrued interest and repayments on account of accrued interest on bonds at time of purchase.

[5] Established under the Social Security Act, as amended in 1956. [6] Fiscal-year data.

Source: Treasury Department; *Monthly Statement of Receipts and Expenditures of the U. S. Government* and records.

No. 347.—Corporate Pension Funds—Assets, Receipts, and Expenditures: 1951 to 1956

[In millions of dollars. Covers all corporate pension plans except those administered by insurance companies and labor unions. Excludes plans of religious, educational, and other nonprofit organizations]

Assets, receipts, and expenditures	1951	1952	1953	1954	1955	1956
Assets (book value, end of year)	6,876	8,505	10,222	12,153	14,230	16,639
Cash and deposits	291	271	313	296	343	332
U. S. Government securities	2,170	2,218	2,297	2,284	2,536	2,293
Corporate bonds	3,125	4,167	5,181	6,359	7,225	8,704
Preferred stock	272	335	397	454	510	570
Common stock	812	1,228	1,649	2,286	2,958	3,774
Own company	246	301	342	382	434	505
Other companies	566	927	1,307	1,904	2,524	3,269
Mortgages	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	146	230
Other assets	206	286	384	473	511	736
Receipts	1,575	1,792	2,170	2,248	2,583	2,945
Employer contribution	1,257	1,392	1,681	1,648	1,803	2,053
Employee contribution	129	153	176	191	222	267
Income from interest and dividends	189	247	313	409	463	558
Net profit or loss on sale of assets	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	84	49
Other income	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	12	19
Expenditures	225	270	322	365	461	557
Benefits paid out	220	263	314	357	447	544
Expenses	5	7	8	8	14	13
Net receipts	1,350	1,522	1,848	1,883	2,122	2,389

[1] Not available separately, included among other items shown.

Source: Securities and Exchange Commission; *Corporate Pension Funds, 1956.*

No. 348.—Summary of Selected Operations of State Employment Security Agencies: 1943 to 1957

[Includes Alaska and Hawaii for all items; prior to 1955, Puerto Rico and Virgin Islands for employment service only, thereafter for all items. For Federal grants for administration, see table 335. Corrected to February 5, 1958]

Year and quarter	Unemployment insurance: Covered employment and wages: Average employment [1]	Wages [2]: Total	Wages [2]: Taxable [3]	Contributions: Amount collected [4]	Contributions: Rate payable	Interest credited to trust fund	Weekly average insured unemployment under State programs
	1,000	*Millions*	*Millions*	*1,000*		*1,000*	*1,000*
1943	30,828	$66,117	$59,049	$1,325,421	[5] 2.09	$81,849	147
1944	30,044	69,139	60,637	1,317,050	[5] 1.92	102,007	105
1945	28,407	66,642	58,545	1,161,884	[5] 1.71	126,505	589
1946	30,234	73,402	63,690	911,835	[5] 1.43	129,667	1,295
1947	32,278	86,595	72,981	1,095,520	1.41	138,953	1,009
1948	33,088	96,095	78,536	999,635	1.24	154,924	1,002
1949	31,695	93,863	76,268	986,905	1.31	156,472	1,976
1950	32,887	103,130	81,545	1,191,438	1.50	145,687	1,503
1951	34,858	118,717	90,252	1,492,509	1.58	158,265	969
1952	35,577	127,814	94,676	1,367,676	1.45	177,351	1,024
1953	36,667	139,151	99,630	1,347,630	1.30	201,277	995
1954	35,372	137,069	96,539	1,136,154	1.12	198,602	1,865
1955	36,590	148,638	101,575	1,208,785	1.18	184,974	1,254
1956	38,983	164,508	109,879	1,463,263	1.32	199,597	1,212
1957	(6)	(6)	(6)	1,544,338	(6)	220,398	1,451
1st quarter	38,903	41,846	39,845	247,812	1.25	52,805	1,676
2d quarter	(6)	(6)	(6)	504,385	(6)	53,200	1,351
3d quarter	(6)	(6)	(6)	468,216	(6)	57,045	1,187
4th quarter	(6)	(6)	(6)	323,925	(6)	57,347	1,595

Year and quarter	Unemployment insurance—Continued: Beneficiaries [7] [8]	Benefit payments [8]: Amount [9]	Benefit payments [8]: Weekly average for total unemployment	Funds available for State benefits at end of period [10]	Employment service: New applications	Counseling interviews	Placements: Total	Placements: Nonagricultural
	1,000	*1,000*		*Millions*	*1,000*	*1,000*	*1,000*	*1,000*
1943	664	$79,643	$13.84	$4,716	7,417	(6)	12,253	9,393
1944	533	62,385	15.90	6,072	2,176	(6)	12,219	11,446
1945	2,861	445,866	18.77	6,914	5,757	(6)	10,811	9,808
1946	4,461	1,094,850	18.50	6,860	10,404	1,400	7,140	5,519
1947	3,984	776,165	17.83	7,303	6,867	1,398	6,328	5,280
1948	4,008	793,265	19.03	7,603	6,754	1,206	11,910	5,386
1949	7,364	1,737,279	20.48	7,010	8,524	952	13,508	4,443
1950	5,212	1,373,426	20.76	6,972	7,752	1,297	13,409	5,625
1951	4,127	840,411	21.09	7,782	7,330	1,321	15,328	6,552
1952	4,384	998,237	22.79	8,328	7,273	1,296	15,555	6,501
1953	4,228	962,221	23.58	8,913	7,865	1,273	15,582	6,295
1954	6,590	2,026,866	24.93	8,219	9,054	1,244	14,070	5,158
1955	4,591	1,379,219	25.08	8,264	7,983	1,453	14,958	6,052
1956	4,730	1,409,312	27.06	8,574	8,338	1,457	15,157	6,085
1957	5,647	1,766,445	28.21	8,662	9,181	1,538	14,293	5,724
1st quarter	1,726	508,028	27.77	8,375	2,337	429	1,632	1,245
2d quarter	1,199	421,438	27.55	8,515	2,281	414	3,842	1,542
3d quarter	1,167	364,152	28.00	8,753	2,122	325	5,207	1,630
4th quarter	1,554	472,827	29.51	8,662	2,441	369	3,613	1,307

[1] Until January 1945, represents covered employment on last payroll ending in month; thereafter, employment on payroll ending nearest fifteenth of month. Annual figures represent averages of 12 monthly figures.
[2] Total wages in covered employment for all pay periods ending within period.
[3] Wages subject to contributions under State unemployment insurance laws.
[4] Contributions, penalties, and interest from employers, and contributions from employees. Adjusted for refunds of contributions and for dishonored contribution checks.
[5] Includes effect of war-risk contributions. [6] Not available. [7] Represents first payments.
[8] Effective Jan. 1, 1955, includes program for Federal employees; prior years are for State programs only.
[9] Annual figures are adjusted, but quarterly figures are not adjusted, for voided benefit checks. For 1947–50, includes small amounts paid to seamen under the Reconversion Unemployment Benefits for Seamen program. Program expired June 30, 1950.
[10] Sum of balances in State clearing account and benefit-payment account, and in State unemployment trust fund account in U. S. Treasury. State unemployment trust fund accounts include interest credited.

Source: Department of Labor, Bureau of Employment Security.

No. 349.—Unemployment Insurance—Average Employment, Total and Taxable Wages Covered, by States and Territories: 1955 and 1956

[Corrected to February 5, 1958]

State or Territory	Minimum coverage provisions for size of firm [1]	Average employment [2] (1,000)		Wages ($1,000,000)				Average contribution rate payable (percent)	
				Total [3]		Taxable [4]			
		1955	1956	1955	1956	1955	1956	1955	1956
Total		**36,590**	**38,983**	**148,638**	**164,508**	**101,575**	**109,879**	**1.18**	**1.32**
Alabama	8 in 20 weeks	448	512	1,479	1,733	1,114	1,311	0.97	1.12
Arizona	3 in 20 weeks	159	177	638	749	456	515	1.27	1.33
Arkansas	1 in 10 days	239	248	660	713	535	571	1.15	1.15
California	1 at any time [5]	3,256	3,480	14,419	16,204	9,762	10,627	1.51	1.50
Colorado	8 in 20 weeks	247	285	993	1,181	695	811	0.34	0.57
Connecticut	4 in 13 weeks	700	743	2,964	3,312	2,002	2,161	1.19	1.18
Delaware	1 in 20 weeks	119	129	521	606	364	415	0.63	0.74
Dist. of Col	1 at any time	218	222	835	893	569	596	0.52	0.69
Florida	8 in 20 weeks [6]	577	712	1,954	2,496	1,487	1,878	0.54	0.74
Georgia	8 in 20 weeks	631	712	2,001	2,325	1,525	1,754	1.17	1.29
Idaho	1 at any time [7]	99	105	355	397	267	289	1.75	1.36
Illinois	6 in 20 weeks	2,498	2,670	11,280	12,539	7,244	7,834	0.72	1.10
Indiana	8 in 20 weeks	1,016	1,102	4,414	4,863	3,011	3,211	0.96	1.09
Iowa	8 in 15 weeks	374	410	1,403	1,579	1,002	1,106	0.42	0.60
Kansas	8 in 20 weeks [8]	313	346	1,237	1,370	875	951	1.09	1.15
Kentucky	8 in 20 weeks [9]	426	446	1,520	1,655	1,113	1,185	1.76	1.91
Louisiana	4 in 20 weeks	516	548	1,805	2,046	1,301	1,435	1.13	1.26
Maine	8 in 20 weeks	176	195	588	674	464	519	1.55	1.61
Maryland	1 at any time	651	680	2,359	2,617	1,696	1,823	0.85	1.00
Massachusetts	1 in 13 weeks	1,463	1,506	5,381	5,838	3,831	4,027	1.80	1.71
Michigan	8 in 20 weeks	1,845	1,882	9,169	9,516	5,629	5,751	0.91	1.28
Minnesota	1 in 20 weeks [10]	601	622	2,366	2,564	1,619	1,705	0.90	0.95
Mississippi	8 in 20 weeks	209	239	580	685	470	551	1.15	1.14
Missouri	8 in 20 weeks	863	937	3,407	3,795	2,338	2,549	0.82	1.00
Montana	1 in 20 weeks [11]	111	116	411	456	304	326	1.21	1.26
Nebraska	8 in 20 weeks [12]	188	206	677	753	493	539	0.65	0.75
Nevada	1 at any time [13]	66	65	288	290	232	225	1.88	1.94
New Hampshire	4 in 20 weeks	139	141	459	489	360	373	1.90	1.64
New Jersey	4 in 20 weeks	1,452	1,511	6,290	6,856	4,192	4,421	1.54	1.64
New Mexico	2 in 13 weeks [14]	125	134	454	515	333	368	1.17	1.19
New York	4 in 15 days	4,538	4,772	20,011	21,961	12,945	13,835	1.49	1.49
North Carolina	8 in 20 weeks	750	826	2,248	2,564	1,811	2,031	1.13	1.32
North Dakota	8 in 20 weeks	51	59	180	210	133	154	1.43	1.50
Ohio	3 at any time	2,474	2,544	10,927	11,764	7,121	7,427	0.67	0.74
Oklahoma	8 in 20 weeks	327	363	1,261	1,431	885	983	0.85	0.98
Oregon	4 in 6 weeks [15]	330	357	1,390	1,552	978	1,194	1.23	1.42
Pennsylvania	1 at any time	3,053	3,127	11,771	12,737	8,154	8,510	1.63	2.24
Rhode Island	4 in 20 weeks	227	241	797	874	594	697	2.69	2.72
South Carolina	8 in 20 weeks	361	388	1,065	1,174	866	940	1.14	1.15
South Dakota	8 in 20 weeks [16]	56	65	192	226	143	166	0.62	0.91
Tennessee	8 in 20 weeks	563	623	1,890	2,148	1,417	1,651	1.52	1.71
Texas	8 in 20 weeks	1,475	1,684	5,621	6,594	3,922	4,537	0.48	0.65
Utah	1 at any time [17]	153	162	556	622	403	436	1.14	1.12
Vermont	8 in 20 weeks	63	71	214	253	165	191	1.14	1.28
Virginia	8 in 20 weeks	576	641	1,911	2,206	1,448	1,638	0.51	0.63
Washington	1 at any time	568	581	2,386	2,539	1,661	1,715	1.99	2.24
West Virginia	8 in 20 weeks	324	361	1,319	1,536	912	1,019	1.03	1.23
Wisconsin	6 in 18 weeks [18]	789	837	3,285	3,627	2,260	2,355	1.01	1.07
Wyoming	1 at any time [19]	58	59	213	229	157	165	0.95	1.07
Alaska	1 at any time	29	30	174	216	128	150	2.70	2.70
Hawaii	1 at any time	103	107	320	343	250	262	0.93	1.04

[1] Employer becomes subject to State unemployment insurance law when he has employed specified minimum number of workers on at least 1 day in each of specified number of weeks within current or preceding calendar year; coverage provisions shown in effect for 1955.

[2] Average of 12 monthly figures, each of which is total number of workers in covered employment in pay periods ending nearest 15th of month. [3] Total wages in covered employment for all pay periods ending in year.

[4] Wages subject to unemployment insurance tax; see text, p. 262.

[5] And wages of $100 in any calendar quarter.

[6] Or 8 in 8 weeks and payroll in excess of $12,000 in any quarter.

[7] And wages of $75 in a calendar quarter. [8] Or 25 in 1 week.

[9] Or 4 in 3 quarters of preceding year with wages of at least $50 to each of at least 4 workers during each of 3 calendar quarters. [10] But 8 in 20 weeks for employers located outside the corporate limits of a city, village, or borough of 10,000 or more population. [11] Or wages of $500 in a calendar year.

[12] Or wages of $10,000 in any calendar quarter. [13] And wages of $225 in any calendar quarter.

[14] Or 1 at any time and wages of $450 in a calendar quarter. [15] And wages of $500 in same calendar quarter.

[16] Or $24,000 in a year. [17] And wages of $140 in any calendar quarter.

[18] Or wages of $6,000 in preceding calendar year. Includes employers with wages of $10,000 in a calendar quarter toward which not more than $1,000 per employee need be counted.

[19] And wages of $500 in a calendar year.

Source: Department of Labor, Bureau of Employment Security.

No. 350.—Unemployment Insurance—State, Veterans, and Federal Employee Programs, by States and Other Areas: 1957

[In thousands, except average weekly benefit payments. Corrected to February 5, 1958]

State or other area	Weekly average insured unemployment [1]	State unemployment insurance					Unemployment compensation for veterans		Unemployment compensation for federal employees [8]	
		Initial claims [2]	Beneficiaries [3] [4]	Weeks compensated [4]	Amount benefits paid [5]	Average weekly benefit payments [6]	Beneficiaries [7]	Amount benefits paid	Beneficiaries [3]	Amount benefits paid
Total	**1,571**	**14,014**	**5,647**	**65,261**	**$1,733,874**	**$28.17**	**1,085**	[9] **$53,086**	**87**	[10] **$32,571**
Alabama	24	175	78	886	17,742	20.78	36	1,803	2	441
Arizona	6	60	21	200	4,729	26.20	8	304	1	426
Arkansas	15	122	47	506	9,567	19.75	19	946	1	227
California	127	1,289	500	5,441	151,903	29.84	69	2,902	9	3,575
Colorado	5	53	21	220	6,088	29.61	9	380	1	313
Connecticut	24	259	93	1,087	32,250	30.80	10	287	(11)	251
Delaware	3	29	18	187	5,470	30.55	2	80	(11)	44
Dist. of Col	6	38	18	232	4,611	25.41	8	353	3	1,418
Florida	19	179	72	654	13,860	22.10	22	817	2	358
Georgia	29	214	102	1,163	24,691	22.43	23	1,454	2	740
Idaho	5	38	21	216	5,948	28.80	6	270	1	229
Illinois	69	646	258	2,954	80,307	29.06	41	1,314	3	1,011
Indiana	35	335	155	1,519	39,027	27.04	28	1,371	2	676
Iowa	9	78	38	387	9,412	25.71	11	603	(11)	62
Kansas	9	80	42	418	10,782	27.19	10	405	1	217
Kentucky	35	187	93	1,356	30,994	23.95	33	1,872	2	731
Louisiana	14	123	42	551	11,624	22.38	15	712	1	218
Maine	11	91	43	480	9,784	20.59	10	352	1	122
Maryland	18	198	105	914	24,486	28.78	17	453	2	783
Massachusetts	62	649	245	2,802	75,132	30.24	34	730	2	528
Michigan	96	873	343	3,873	132,317	34.55	45	3,674	1	497
Minnesota	24	147	78	1,014	24,638	25.38	29	1,382	1	523
Mississippi	16	120	51	618	11,808	20.41	18	894	1	455
Missouri	31	329	125	1,187	24,753	22.58	34	1,265	1	341
Montana	6	47	26	303	7,665	26.17	5	251	1	286
Nebraska	6	40	22	257	6,219	25.68	6	371	1	224
Nevada	3	30	14	148	4,870	34.83	1	45	(11)	144
New Hampshire	6	63	23	250	5,265	22.64	4	125	(11)	67
New Jersey	81	670	303	4,049	123,410	32.12	19	998	2	1,388
New Mexico	4	35	14	150	3,430	25.09	7	281	1	257
New York	191	2,251	731	8,680	246,947	30.64	65	1,991	7	3,178
North Carolina	41	421	178	1,886	33,390	18.35	34	2,046	2	469
North Dakota	3	15	9	112	2,893	27.13	6	295	(11)	69
Ohio	67	628	255	2,789	85,365	31.79	36	1,844	2	695
Oklahoma	13	105	43	513	11,790	24.70	16	743	1	456
Oregon	24	223	86	1,033	31,712	31.78	18	947	1	544
Pennsylvania	160	1,465	529	7,263	195,392	28.51	55	2,429	4	2,509
Rhode Island	17	192	68	769	19,647	27.55	7	449	1	254
South Carolina	16	136	55	628	12,908	21.37	18	1,014	1	222
South Dakota	2	13	7	76	1,619	23.44	7	348	(11)	100
Tennessee	42	226	116	1,738	35,286	21.33	40	2,640	3	1,340
Texas	33	285	135	1,442	31,189	23.00	48	2,554	4	1,446
Utah	5	40	17	191	5,009	28.90	6	214	1	354
Vermont	3	25	10	124	2,829	23.77	2	76	(11)	25
Virginia	14	132	69	587	12,038	21.72	27	983	2	521
Washington	34	296	127	1,433	40,077	29.73	25	1,175	5	1,843
West Virginia	15	116	60	557	11,925	22.52	30	1,187	(11)	68
Wisconsin	24	191	106	980	29,300	30.91	17	974	1	393
Wyoming	2	13	8	81	2,219	29.22	2	64	(11)	125
Alaska	4	19	12	215	6,785	35.61	1	68	2	845
Hawaii	3	21	12	134	2,774	25.41	7	247	1	349
Puerto Rico	4	5	1	9	(12)	(12)	37	4,060	1	213
Virgin Islands	(11)	--------	(11)	(11)	(12)	(12)	(11)	44	(11)	2

[1] Comprises insured unemployment under: (a) State programs; (b) veterans' program exclusive of veterans filing at same time under State programs; (c) Federal employee program; and (d) railroad unemployment insurance program, not distributed by State.

[2] Excludes transitional initial claims; Puerto Rico and Virgin Islands take claims as agents for some States.

[3] Represents number of first payments during year; Wisconsin figure represents first payments on "per employer" basis.

[4] Includes data for beneficiaries receiving benefits from from UCFE programs; not segregable by States.

[5] Adjusted for voided benefit checks and transfers under interstate combined wage plan.

[6] For total unemployment.

[7] Cumulative Oct. 15, 1952, through Dec. 31, 1957. Includes 2,000 veterans supplementing railroad unemployment program not distributed by State.

[8] Comprises data for beneficiaries receiving all or part of their benefits from Federal employee programs.

[9] For 2,327,000 compensated weeks; also includes payments to veterans supplementing railroad unemployment program, not distributed by State—1 beneficiary, 6 compensated weeks, and $9 (gross) paid in benefits.

[10] For 1,186,000 compensated weeks. [11] Less than 500. [12] Not applicable.

Source: Department of Labor, Bureau of Employment Security.

No. 351.—Unemployment Insurance—Contributions Collected and Benefits Paid Under State Laws, by States and Territories: 1956 and 1957

[In thousands of dollars, except ratios. Corrected to February 5, 1958]

State or territory	Month and year benefits first payable	Funds available for benefits as of Dec. 31, 1955 [1]	Contributions collected [2]		Benefits paid [3]		Ratio of benefits to contributions (percent)		Funds available for benefits [1]	
			1956	1957	1956	1957	1956	1957	Dec. 31, 1956	Dec. 31, 1957
Total		8,263,850	1,463,263	1,544,338	1,380,726	1,733,874	94.4	112.3	8,573,570	8,662,101
Alabama	Jan. 1938	76,448	17,576	19,214	12,494	17,742	71.1	92.3	83,820	88,368
Arizona	do	49,567	7,072	7,737	3,745	4,729	53.0	61.1	54,099	58,718
Arkansas	Jan. 1939	44,934	6,643	6,797	6,795	9,567	102.3	140.8	46,012	44,727
California	Jan. 1938	880,078	158,208	155,247	98,753	151,903	62.4	97.8	964,449	998,922
Colorado	Jan. 1939	70,742	4,908	6,308	3,351	6,088	68.3	96.5	74,230	76,993
Connecticut	Jan. 1938	232,797	26,209	27,151	19,532	32,250	74.5	118.8	245,840	248,478
Delaware	Jan. 1939	16,491	3,108	2,713	2,951	5,470	94.9	201.6	17,169	15,088
Dist. of Col	Jan. 1938	55,211	4,903	4,508	3,800	4,611	94.9	102.3	56,939	58,698
Florida	Jan. 1939	83,783	13,757	15,402	11,528	13,860	83.8	89.6	88,491	93,621
Georgia	do	140,013	22,318	22,307	16,846	24,691	75.5	110.7	149,407	151,888
Idaho	Sept. 1938	36,717	4,097	4,004	4,087	5,948	99.8	148.6	37,676	36,570
Illinois	July 1939	443,603	84,784	83,048	61,398	80,307	72.4	96.7	480,265	500,574
Indiana	Apr. 1938	208,258	34,926	33,977	36,377	39,027	104.2	114.9	212,784	212,176
Iowa	July 1938	108,928	7,054	8,580	7,727	9,412	109.5	109.7	111,189	113,948
Kansas	Jan. 1939	79,183	11,188	10,959	9,434	10,782	84.3	98.4	83,143	86,088
Kentucky	do	122,640	23,112	24,964	24,329	30,994	105.3	124.2	124,393	121,045
Louisiana	Jan. 1938	127,441	17,962	21,750	10,787	11,624	60.1	53.4	138,145	152,871
Maine	do	42,902	8,348	8,464	6,625	9,784	79.4	115.6	45,826	45,537
Maryland	do	110,304	18,125	19,035	13,601	24,486	75.0	128.6	117,973	116,642
Massachusetts	do	282,918	70,303	65,297	44,668	75,132	63.5	115.1	316,958	317,790
Michigan	July 1938	366,917	73,403	115,914	150,077	132,317	204.5	114.2	300,023	295,025
Minnesota	Jan. 1938	118,225	17,821	16,227	20,260	24,638	113.7	151.8	119,103	113,488
Mississippi	Apr. 1938	36,860	6,174	9,086	7,979	11,808	129.2	130.0	36,077	34,602
Missouri	Jan. 1939	208,297	25,223	26,345	21,757	24,753	86.3	94.0	217,618	226,562
Montana	July 1939	44,678	4,085	4,042	3,748	7,665	91.8	189.6	46,184	43,816
Nebraska	Jan. 1939	39,800	4,125	5,169	5,526	6,219	134.0	120.3	39,480	39,766
Nevada	do	19,019	4,409	4,628	4,604	4,870	104.4	105.2	19,335	19,720
New Hampshire	Jan. 1938	21,831	6,553	6,151	5,746	5,265	87.7	85.6	23,281	24,999
New Jersey	Jan. 1939	463,831	83,980	89,151	100,329	123,410	119.5	138.4	459,766	439,803
New Mexico	Dec. 1938	35,407	4,357	4,731	2,649	3,430	60.8	72.5	38,100	40,643
New York	Jan. 1938	1,273,160	211,405	254,626	212,736	246,947	100.6	97.0	1,305,825	1,355,730
North Carolina	do	173,306	26,005	30,519	25,063	33,390	96.0	109.4	179,134	182,207
North Dakota	Jan. 1939	10,076	2,338	2,662	2,576	2,893	110.2	108.7	10,107	10,223
Ohio	do	619,274	54,788	55,651	61,327	85,365	111.9	153.4	629,758	618,636
Oklahoma	Dec. 1938	51,550	9,542	9,939	8,912	11,790	93.4	118.6	53,714	53,868
Oregon	Jan. 1938	56,697	16,368	16,975	19,986	31,712	122.1	186.8	54,663	41,894
Pennsylvania	do	347,073	186,125	143,779	160,176	195,392	86.1	135.9	383,862	346,771
Rhode Island	do	26,202	18,034	18,603	13,898	19,647	77.1	105.6	31,199	31,390
South Carolina	July 1938	71,127	10,995	11,890	10,607	12,908	96.5	108.6	73,530	75,013
South Dakota	Jan. 1939	13,186	1,506	1,723	1,438	1,619	95.5	94.0	13,615	14,179
Tennessee	Jan. 1938	94,225	27,013	28,925	28,908	35,286	107.0	122.0	95,004	91,572
Texas	do	283,687	24,478	31,922	22,292	31,189	91.1	97.7	293,835	301,247
Utah	do	36,359	4,926	5,884	3,857	5,009	78.3	85.1	38,424	40,420
Vermont	do	15,479	2,412	2,591	1,713	2,829	71.0	109.2	16,612	16,928
Virginia	do	87,232	10,215	10,215	8,678	12,038	85.0	117.8	91,332	92,894
Washington	Jan. 1939	191,887	36,042	39,775	34,727	40,077	96.4	100.8	198,350	204,348
West Virginia	Jan. 1938	58,624	12,635	12,648	8,486	11,925	67.2	94.3	64,533	67,625
Wisconsin	July 1936	245,123	25,243	27,425	24,051	29,300	95.3	106.8	252,981	259,172
Wyoming	Jan. 1939	15,791	1,738	1,861	1,825	2,219	105.0	119.2	16,125	16,276
Alaska	do	3,825	4,799	4,908	4,972	6,785	103.6	138.2	698	1,550
Hawaii	do	22,145	2,733	2,852	2,996	2,774	109.6	97.3	22,496	23,077

[1] Sum of balances in State clearing account and benefit-payment account, and in State unemployment trust fund account in U. S. Treasury. State unemployment trust fund accounts include interest credited.
[2] Contributions, penalties, and interest from employers and contributions from employees. Adjusted for refunds of contributions and for dishonored contribution checks.
[3] Adjusted for voided benefit checks.

Source: Department of Labor, Bureau of Employment Security.

No. 352.—Unemployment Insurance—Average Employment and Total Wages Covered, by Major Industry Group: 1954 to 1956

[Includes Alaska and Hawaii. "N.e.c." means not elsewhere classified. Corrected to February 5, 1958]

Industry group [1]	Average employment [2] (1,000)			Total wages [3] ($1,000,000)		
	1954	1955	1956	1954	1955	1956
Total, all industries	35,372	36,590	38,983	137,069	148,638	164,508
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing	79	83	94	256	269	313
Farms	12	13	14	38	42	48
Agriculture and similar service establishments	51	54	62	147	161	190
Forestry	2	2	3	6	6	9
Fishing	14	14	15	65	59	67
Mining	749	752	798	3,326	3,583	4,042
Metal mining	101	104	111	469	522	591
Anthracite mining	40	31	30	142	120	125
Bituminous and other soft-coal mining	222	214	229	910	986	1,141
Crude-petroleum and natural-gas production	284	296	314	1,378	1,491	1,653
Nonmetallic mining and quarrying	102	105	114	428	465	533
Contract construction	2,275	2,391	2,631	10,298	11,038	12,684
Building construction—general contractors	795	830	881	3,440	3,628	4,006
General contractors, other than building	487	501	574	2,293	2,414	2,954
Construction—special-trade contractors	993	1,061	1,175	4,565	4,997	5,725
Manufacturing	15,846	16,395	16,827	65,529	71,670	77,325
Ordnance and accessories	160	133	123	736	648	657
Food and kindred products	1,514	1,513	1,542	5,794	6,057	6,478
Tobacco manufactures	102	100	96	287	295	308
Textile-mill products	1,073	1,082	1,061	3,215	3,417	3,481
Apparel and other finished products of fabrics	1,170	1,209	1,220	3,242	3,432	3,655
Lumber and wood products (except furniture)	644	681	698	2,053	2,295	2,416
Furniture and fixtures	340	364	378	1,237	1,393	1,489
Paper and allied products	532	550	567	2,283	2,489	2,703
Printing, publishing, and allied industries	769	788	828	3,563	3,789	4,124
Chemicals and allied products	786	801	835	3,738	3,999	4,428
Products of petroleum and coal	246	246	245	1,317	1,375	1,460
Rubber products	253	272	273	1,091	1,293	1,316
Leather and leather products	366	379	375	1,084	1,170	1,224
Stone, clay, and glass products	511	541	560	2,104	2,363	2,568
Primary metal industries	1,183	1,290	1,321	5,475	6,653	7,197
Fabricated metal products (except ordnance, machinery, and transportation equipment)	1,043	1,107	1,121	4,646	5,142	5,455
Machinery (except electrical)	1,545	1,577	1,713	7,311	7,814	9,026
Electrical machinery, equipment, and supplies	1,090	1,132	1,204	4,635	5,066	5,688
Transportation equipment	1,744	1,835	1,836	8,643	9,698	10,021
Professional, scientific, and controlling instruments; photographic and optical goods; watches and clocks	312	314	333	1,395	1,476	1,659
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries	464	479	496	1,682	1,806	1,973
Transportation, communication, and other public utilities [4]	2,700	2,765	2,917	11,221	12,081	13,210
Local railways and bus lines	125	116	109	510	486	479
Trucking and warehousing for hire	662	707	767	2,772	3,142	3,512
Other transportation, except water transportation	311	314	338	1,183	1,263	1,409
Water transportation	126	130	134	716	758	806
Services allied to transportation, n. e. c.	163	170	181	587	648	726
Communication: Telephone, telegraph, and related services	732	744	792	2,820	3,029	3,323
Utilities: Electric and gas	560	563	574	2,562	2,680	2,873
Local utilities and local public services, n. e. c.	21	21	22	72	75	82
Wholesale and retail trade	8,822	9,108	10,058	29,885	32,044	36,234
Full-service and limited-function wholesalers	1,384	1,430	1,559	5,951	6,398	7,328
Wholesale distributors, other than full-service and limited-function wholesalers	1,098	1,124	1,216	5,360	5,733	6,512
Wholesale and retail trade combined, n. e. c.	338	356	385	1,378	1,506	1,680
Retail general merchandise	1,338	1,365	1,419	3,279	3,456	3,721
Retail food and liquor stores	1,126	1,175	1,304	3,519	3,786	4,234
Retail automotive	687	722	761	2,842	3,169	3,327
Retail apparel and accessories	497	503	546	1,370	1,419	1,575
Retail trade, not elsewhere classified	1,069	1,095	1,283	3,446	3,665	4,368
Eating and drinking places	1,100	1,140	1,310	2,248	2,373	2,747
Retail filling stations	183	198	274	492	539	742
Finance, insurance, and real estate	1,785	1,873	2,047	6,914	7,563	8,531
Banks and trust companies	472	492	537	1,795	1,932	2,183
Security dealers and investment banking	63	73	79	403	497	511
Finance agencies, not elsewhere classified	153	169	197	604	688	828
Insurance carriers	594	611	642	2,377	2,548	2,810
Insurance agents, brokers, and services	119	123	141	491	521	621
Real estate	336	356	394	1,031	1,147	1,315
Real estate, insurance, loans, law offices: Any combination	40	41	47	155	169	198
Holding companies (except real estate)	8	8	8	59	61	65

See footnotes at end of table.

No. 352.—Unemployment Insurance—Average Employment and Total Wages Covered, by Major Industry Group: 1954 to 1956—Continued

Industry group [1]	Average employment [2] (1,000)			Total wages [3] ($1,000,000)		
	1954	1955	1956	1954	1955	1956
Service	3,062	3,184	3,571	9,478	10,268	12,027
Hotels, rooming houses, camps, and other lodging places	435	439	464	921	958	1,031
Personal services	664	672	742	1,653	1,724	1,964
Business services, not elsewhere classified	531	572	654	2,263	2,508	2,976
Employment agencies and commercial and trade schools	33	35	41	109	119	140
Automobile repair services and garages	147	155	185	483	521	635
Miscellaneous repair services and hand trades	104	111	132	417	465	568
Motion pictures	215	214	215	687	735	756
Amusement and recreation and related services, n. e. c.	245	253	268	615	664	730
Medical and other health services	235	254	315	599	663	842
Law offices and related services	61	64	75	232	252	304
Educational institutions and agencies	22	24	29	58	64	78
Other professional and social-service agencies and institutions	148	164	210	785	904	1,239
Nonprofit membership organizations	205	208	228	616	647	732
Private households	13	13	13	31	32	33
Regular governmental establishments	3	3	--------	9	11	--------
Establishments not elsewhere classified [5]	53	39	40	161	121	141

[1] Industry titles from 1942 edition of *Social Security Board Industrial Classification Code* for nonmanufacturing industries and 1945 edition of *Standard Industrial Classification Manual* for manufacturing industries.
[2] Average of 12 monthly figures, each of which is total of numbers of workers in covered employment in pay periods ending nearest fifteenth of month.
[3] Total wages in covered employment for all pay periods ending in year.
[4] Excludes railroad and allied groups subject, as of July 1, 1939, to Railroad Unemployment Insurance Act.
[5] Includes data for firms whose activities are not classifiable in any of above industries and data for firms not classified due to lack of sufficient information regarding nature of business.

Source: Department of Labor, Bureau of Employment Security.

No. 353.—Public Employment Offices—Nonagricultural Placements, by Sex, Veteran Status, Industry, and Occupation: 1956 and 1957

[Includes Alaska, Hawaii, Puerto Rico, and Virgin Islands. Corrected to February 5, 1958]

Industry division and occupation group	Total		Male		Veteran	
	1956	1957	1956	1957	1956	1957
Total	6,084,674	5,723,865	3,515,625	3,220,158	1,528,580	1,369,851
INDUSTRY DIVISION						
Forestry and fishing	8,399	9,761	7,579	7,895	2,079	1,897
Mining	37,851	29,246	34,607	26,032	15,595	11,430
Construction	501,019	432,326	489,310	421,599	200,756	174,260
Manufacturing	1,612,500	1,432,007	935,804	800,544	410,931	336,623
Transportation, communication, and other public utilities	304,563	274,953	280,025	251,528	151,864	138,202
Wholesale and retail trade	1,340,325	1,269,932	848,192	790,111	365,207	336,032
Finance, insurance, and real estate	110,991	114,393	49,126	50,884	20,618	21,244
Service	1,983,751	1,990,097	740,243	751,789	284,254	285,516
Domestic	1,233,031	1,217,434	314,061	318,837	113,106	113,776
Government	181,692	168,635	127,532	117,613	76,276	63,852
Establishments not elsewhere classified	3,583	2,515	3,207	2,163	1,020	795
OCCUPATION GROUP						
Professional and managerial	116,871	131,725	63,646	65,559	37,344	36,630
Clerical and sales	847,627	817,237	281,882	272,276	144,696	133,342
Service	1,876,127	1,843,499	610,709	597,530	206,692	204,427
Skilled	331,044	303,380	295,773	272,850	136,438	124,176
Semiskilled	829,479	773,824	471,569	429,509	221,832	193,212
Unskilled and other	2,083,526	1,854,200	1,792,046	1,582,434	781,578	678,064

Source: Department of Labor, Bureau of Employment Security.

No. 354.—Public Employment Offices—Selected Activities, by States and Other Areas: 1957

[Corrected to February 5, 1958]

STATE OR OTHER AREA	New applications	Counseling interviews	PLACEMENTS				
			Total	Nonagricultural			
				Total	Male	Veteran	Handicapped
Total	9,181,138	1,537,678	14,292,828	5,723,865	3,220,158	1,369,851	287,300
Alabama	142,682	15,280	163,207	96,059	47,647	18,163	2,941
Arizona	94,193	13,263	658,130	57,463	35,526	17,338	3,534
Arkansas	129,523	20,085	356,410	67,467	38,016	14,992	3,852
California	1,063,122	128,615	1,251,508	421,705	243,253	126,796	16,029
Colorado	96,473	18,855	239,035	84,226	66,643	35,302	4,287
Connecticut	170,703	26,100	100,196	88,264	47,848	17,720	6,607
Delaware	16,822	3,580	16,899	6,717	3,069	991	156
District of Columbia	60,045	21,780	36,099	36,090	19,873	8,231	2,185
Florida	180,805	22,712	388,656	221,108	124,668	50,304	10,943
Georgia	192,742	25,615	235,724	106,454	55,170	16,946	2,971
Idaho	51,314	8,887	218,332	40,198	27,664	13,409	1,785
Illinois	422,198	74,813	324,415	217,359	148,175	75,159	9,898
Indiana	220,371	25,491	185,198	75,056	41,232	18,990	5,102
Iowa	104,521	22,867	113,374	79,118	53,936	27,498	5,971
Kansas	91,917	11,968	122,221	93,827	65,591	29,781	3,720
Kentucky	136,707	24,285	180,558	54,044	30,235	10,928	3,130
Louisiana	123,949	16,438	211,766	101,089	62,655	23,295	2,414
Maine	35,550	7,659	72,469	25,293	14,225	4,959	934
Maryland	126,476	26,071	137,040	67,761	34,917	14,426	1,599
Massachusetts	226,438	49,475	235,152	178,600	102,687	42,927	5,820
Michigan	435,175	56,499	317,470	137,250	87,969	43,056	9,966
Minnesota	158,113	13,965	170,952	104,414	71,734	38,224	5,433
Mississippi	115,784	14,600	1,605,362	82,869	44,999	15,009	2,158
Missouri	217,892	33,356	270,763	86,824	50,196	19,938	4,574
Montana	50,117	6,216	60,812	29,057	21,452	11,309	1,606
Nebraska	60,001	13,984	102,416	56,797	45,181	21,454	3,497
Nevada	27,729	3,090	31,949	22,925	11,487	5,821	418
New Hampshire	27,416	7,083	19,658	17,714	10,397	4,276	1,174
New Jersey	259,067	32,049	219,173	125,085	49,260	16,534	3,664
New Mexico	50,601	7,850	68,727	42,645	28,092	11,374	1,339
New York	935,226	172,524	969,761	835,491	299,456	115,676	35,544
North Carolina	213,447	30,516	564,126	144,589	72,531	26,375	5,923
North Dakota	28,848	4,275	45,867	24,759	16,524	6,488	547
Ohio	540,136	114,074	433,264	271,020	181,992	85,341	20,105
Oklahoma	101,467	21,407	220,995	139,259	105,922	48,758	11,981
Oregon	103,964	17,842	403,258	51,902	34,500	17,241	3,183
Pennsylvania	536,728	119,011	471,631	263,064	134,518	59,362	25,722
Rhode Island	57,093	9,026	18,173	17,950	7,323	3,115	1,815
South Carolina	88,938	13,262	214,792	77,179	40,344	12,371	2,213
South Dakota	24,147	3,566	29,639	19,558	15,009	7,480	779
Tennessee	126,616	27,700	800,006	102,925	55,068	28,484	8,469
Texas	561,637	93,610	1,055,869	529,009	319,697	107,485	25,119
Utah	48,030	12,146	67,476	35,620	20,498	10,477	683
Vermont	18,742	2,160	19,395	13,318	8,867	4,260	907
Virginia	124,449	47,123	193,358	74,293	38,056	12,280	2,719
Washington	158,706	29,497	311,701	87,258	59,843	24,022	4,497
West Virginia	79,035	12,772	63,471	26,680	13,141	6,295	2,369
Wisconsin	178,601	28,396	185,824	101,494	57,839	23,005	4,455
Wyoming	18,318	4,481	33,138	17,385	13,261	6,612	662
Alaska	17,075	1,601	6,971	6,903	3,273	1,497	162
Hawaii	23,412	3,699	14,166	12,223	8,821	3,792	708
Puerto Rico	106,227	15,929	53,179	45,444	29,457	4,088	966
Virgin Islands	1,850	530	3,097	3,064	1,421	197	65

Source: Department of Labor, Bureau of Employment Security.

No. 355.—Railroad Employees and Railroad Retirement and Survivor Benefits, by Class: 1940 to 1957

ITEM	1940	1945	1950	1953	1954	1955	1956	1957
Number of employees.....1,000..	1,708	3,016	2,053	1,968	1,682	1,672	1,628	(1)
NUMBER OF BENEFITS								
Monthly benefits awarded, total	23,817	24,213	62,474	77,944	92,183	96,872	81,442	85,983
Retirement annuities and pensions [2]	22,180	23,242	35,815	55,389	55,349	59,321	55,178	59,461
Survivor benefits	1,637	971	26,659	22,555	36,834	37,551	26,264	26,522
Monthly benefits terminated, total	13,343	14,770	34,316	49,791	50,386	53,306	55,627	57,461
Retirement annuities and pensions [2]	12,212	13,915	21,293	34,665	34,657	36,273	38,407	40,037
Survivor benefits	1,131	855	13,023	15,126	15,729	17,033	17,220	17,424
Monthly benefits in current-payment status at end of year, total	149,241	177,289	396,797	546,480	589,243	636,228	662,302	691,364
Retirement annuities and pensions [2]	145,978	172,875	255,065	381,357	403,186	426,673	443,283	462,738
Survivor benefits	3,263	4,414	141,732	165,123	186,057	209,555	219,019	228,626
Lump-sum death benefits awarded, total	13,378	20,381	34,938	30,450	26,111	25,174	21,402	22,372
AMOUNT OF BENEFITS ($1,000)								
Total [2]	118,111	147,050	310,845	475,840	538,431	576,904	638,164	698,764
Retirement annuities and pensions [2]	114,166	137,140	254,240	374,112	428,900	438,970	490,445	538,501
Survivor benefits:								
Monthly	1,448	1,772	43,884	83,319	93,201	121,847	133,171	143,826
Lump-sum	2,497	8,138	12,722	18,409	16,330	16,088	14,548	16,437

[1] Not available.
[2] Beginning 1952 includes annuities to spouses of retired employees.

Source: Railroad Retirement Board. Data published on a fiscal-year basis in *Annual Report* and currently in *The Monthly Review*.

No. 356.—Railroad Unemployment and Sickness Benefits—Summary of Operations: 1940 to 1957

[For years ending June 30]

YEAR	Applications received [1]	Claims received	BENEFIT PAYMENTS		Amount of benefits [2] ($1,000)	Number of beneficiaries	Accounts exhausted
			Number	Average amount			
UNEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS							
1940	210,823	1,441,213	(3)	(3)	14,810	161,000	29,298
1945	8,959	34,874	27,547	26.47	728	6,000	626
1950	562,294	3,730,733	3,475,121	32.72	113,769	506,000	83,131
1951	233,403	1,027,727	911,677	27.53	24,780	181,000	16,733
1952	219,527	905,331	823,374	28.06	22,741	162,000	10,700
1953	264,241	1,305,250	1,202,338	45.26	53,849	224,000	15,354
1954	315,890	2,118,103	1,980,737	48.68	95,541	265,000	34,340
1955	370,697	2,784,679	2,594,019	59.06	152,668	320,000	76,531
1956	177,380	1,122,973	1,021,611	54.98	55,456	149,000	21,859
1957	279,219	1,552,942	1,434,468	58.23	83,154	221,000	28,049
SICKNESS BENEFITS (including maternity benefits)							
1950	197,023	896,024	851,780	[4] 40.36	29,487	160,000	22,107
1951	185,671	825,905	782,883	[4] 40.08	27,003	143,000	21,806
1952	191,620	800,562	757,850	[4] 40.48	25,898	143,000	19,847
1953	206,610	918,075	878,074	[4] 58.01	43,526	158,000	24,306
1954	202,645	942,271	901,516	[4] 59.39	44,904	154,000	26,233
1955	204,869	961,461	912,306	[4] 67.38	52,388	151,000	27,365
1956	200,093	930,374	889,323	[4] 68.05	50,040	150,000	26,346
1957	194,179	915,264	874,807	[4] 69.91	50,028	145,000	25,332

[1] Application submitted for unemployment when worker applies for unemployment benefits for first time with respect to benefit year, for sickness at the beginning of each spell of sickness. Beginning with 1950, data include some applications submitted in June with respect to following year.
[2] Adjusted for settlement of underpayments and recovery of overpayments.
[3] Not reported on comparable basis. [4] Excludes maternity benefits.

Source: Railroad Retirement Board; *Annual Report*. Data published currently in *The Monthly Review*.

No. 357.—Railroad Retirement—Survivor, Unemployment, and Sickness Benefits, by State of Residence of Beneficiary: 1956 and 1957

[In thousands of dollars]

STATE	TOTAL		RETIREMENT		SURVIVOR		UNEMPLOYMENT		SICKNESS (INCL. MATERNITY)	
	1956	1957 (prel.)	1956	1957 (prel.)	1956	1957 (prel.)	1956	1957	1956	1957
Total	758,144	843,592	490,445	538,501	147,719	160,263	70,443	93,535	49,538	51,292
Alabama	10,970	11,497	6,553	7,195	2,026	2,198	1,608	1,217	783	886
Arizona	5,157	6,273	3,255	3,574	706	766	900	1,628	297	306
Arkansas	8,415	9,383	5,329	5,851	1,372	1,488	1,143	1,405	573	639
California	49,543	56,055	33,897	37,218	8,951	9,711	3,294	5,772	3,401	3,354
Colorado	9,256	9,982	5,941	6,523	1,682	1,824	1,125	1,014	509	621
Connecticut	4,552	5,015	3,037	3,335	1,117	1,212	112	152	285	317
Delaware	2,629	2,778	1,629	1,788	488	530	303	308	210	152
Dist. of Columbia	1,941	2,175	957	1,051	583	632	196	211	205	281
Florida	24,026	26,651	18,859	20,707	3,106	3,370	1,188	1,646	873	928
Georgia	12,454	14,442	7,311	8,027	2,726	2,958	1,478	2,407	939	1,050
Idaho	3,163	3,444	1,720	1,889	578	627	586	651	279	277
Illinois	55,470	63,449	34,480	37,858	11,630	12,618	4,437	8,015	4,923	4,958
Indiana	25,747	28,248	16,999	18,664	5,119	5,553	2,163	2,506	1,467	1,525
Iowa	16,648	18,131	11,100	12,188	3,435	3,727	1,334	1,566	779	649
Kansas	16,254	18,073	10,425	11,447	3,023	3,280	1,763	2,190	1,042	1,157
Kentucky	17,158	19,067	11,444	12,565	3,328	3,611	1,418	1,931	968	960
Louisiana	8,145	9,150	4,937	5,421	1,750	1,899	902	1,166	556	664
Maine	3,895	4,518	2,632	2,890	799	867	280	498	184	263
Maryland	12,341	13,329	7,766	8,526	2,787	3,023	1,039	861	750	918
Massachusetts	12,541	13,801	7,741	8,499	3,089	3,351	796	1,081	916	870
Michigan	19,011	21,267	12,676	13,918	3,565	3,868	1,676	2,282	1,094	1,199
Minnesota	23,006	25,308	13,901	15,263	4,407	4,782	3,552	3,916	1,146	1,348
Mississippi	6,390	7,298	3,962	4,350	1,429	1,550	653	965	346	433
Missouri	26,423	29,680	17,075	18,749	4,654	5,050	2,864	3,833	1,829	2,049
Montana	5,594	6,304	3,567	3,916	948	1,029	667	936	411	423
Nebraska	9,795	10,265	5,908	6,487	1,605	1,741	1,668	1,311	615	726
Nevada	1,639	1,792	1,026	1,126	256	277	230	269	127	120
New Hampshire	2,505	2,900	1,719	1,887	467	506	177	385	143	121
New Jersey	20,959	23,430	14,579	16,008	4,700	5,099	480	1,105	1,200	1,218
New Mexico	4,681	5,130	1,980	2,174	654	710	1,830	2,017	217	229
New York	55,619	61,377	35,645	39,138	11,505	12,482	3,963	5,244	4,506	4,513
North Carolina	8,297	9,661	4,885	5,363	1,813	1,967	941	1,585	658	745
North Dakota	2,940	3,246	1,531	1,681	421	457	752	927	235	181
Ohio	49,087	54,743	33,277	36,537	9,477	10,281	3,457	4,946	2,877	2,978
Oklahoma	6,485	6,933	3,756	4,124	1,194	1,295	1,079	1,067	457	446
Oregon	8,500	9,606	5,756	6,320	1,351	1,466	741	1,208	652	612
Pennsylvania	81,064	88,023	52,673	57,834	15,750	17,088	8,003	8,262	4,638	4,840
Rhode Island	1,322	1,438	797	875	323	351	105	152	96	60
South Carolina	4,523	5,381	2,452	2,693	1,048	1,137	691	1,183	332	369
South Dakota	2,107	2,388	1,237	1,358	445	483	312	450	113	97
Tennessee	15,875	17,553	10,144	11,138	3,102	3,365	1,689	2,014	941	1,035
Texas	28,928	33,531	18,192	19,975	5,710	6,195	2,689	4,987	2,337	2,375
Utah	4,178	4,580	2,532	2,780	815	884	586	661	245	256
Vermont	1,981	2,205	1,299	1,426	442	480	121	178	119	121
Virginia	18,119	19,976	11,607	12,744	4,319	4,686	767	1,155	1,425	1,391
Washington	11,949	13,544	7,914	8,690	2,207	2,395	1,063	1,736	765	723
West Virginia	12,913	13,910	8,547	9,385	2,366	2,567	1,105	1,195	895	763
Wisconsin	15,600	17,342	10,270	11,276	2,878	3,123	1,636	2,119	816	825
Wyoming	2,854	3,039	1,658	1,821	473	514	506	544	216	160
Outside cont. U. S.	5,494	6,284	3,869	4,248	1,099	1,192	376	681	150	163

Source: Railroad Retirement Board. Data published on fiscal-year basis in *Annual Report*.

No. 358.—Civil Service Retirement—Annuities and Lump-Sum Payments: 1940 to 1957

[Dollar amounts in thousands. As of June 30 or for years ending June 30. See text, p. 263]

Year	Annuities [1]					Lump-sum payments					
	Number certified	Number terminated	Number in force		Annual value	Separated employees [3]		Deceased employees [4]		Deceased annuitants [5]	
			Total [2]	Disability		Number	Amount	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
1940	7,267	3,625	62,027	15,294	$59,879	15,183	$2,857	2,812	$3,723	2,145	$1,483
1943	9,679	4,886	73,972	19,602	71,450	111,363	7,178	6,312	4,987	2,658	2,003
1944	10,041	5,659	78,354	21,158	75,653	390,284	21,536	9,061	5,155	2,915	2,263
1945	12,380	5,511	85,225	23,389	82,346	900,858	62,377	16,374	7,441	3,062	2,476
1946	16,034	5,113	96,146	26,827	91,887	1,450,434	185,086	17,924	8,546	2,990	2,563
1947	22,158	6,888	111,416	31,502	103,321	943,026	178,853	17,304	10,372	3,971	3,710
1948	21,879	7,448	125,897	35,353	134,244	432,000	112,846	10,968	9,361	3,563	3,539
1949	31,371	8,935	148,336	39,076	154,252	228,554	61,407	6,338	3,926	4,872	4,685
1950	33,303	9,451	172,206	42,869	181,878	239,151	88,194	4,859	3,712	6,827	4,194
1951	35,654	10,771	197,148	45,601	205,641	166,962	64,914	4,387	3,998	7,584	3,946
1952	30,990	11,935	216,232	47,964	227,448	146,714	71,038	4,308	4,347	7,575	3,582
1953	37,938	12,963	241,294	51,775	289,482	135,821	81,424	4,207	5,209	8,170	3,771
1954	41,478	13,554	269,278	56,408	324,059	123,383	88,995	3,754	5,406	7,659	3,371
1955	42,364	14,803	296,927	61,043	358,295	100,868	73,310	3,738	5,709	8,035	3,551
1956	46,867	16,740	327,111	66,093	441,002	164,341	84,200	4,401	6,023	8,210	3,581
1957	60,848	18,709	369,313	73,074	519,654	183,583	99,288	4,454	6,656	8,404	3,712

[1] Through June 30, 1940, data relate entirely to employees retired voluntarily or involuntarily under various age and length-of-service requirements and to employees with at least 5 years of service who became totally disabled for the position occupied prior to eligibility for retirement. Beginning Jan. 1, 1940, certain employees may elect a joint and survivor annuity, and beginning Feb. 29, 1948, widows and minor children of deceased employees and annuitants are eligible for survivor annuities under certain conditions; number of survivor annuities in force as of June 30 increased from 26 in 1941 to 92,905 in 1957. Beginning Jan. 24, 1942, employees with at least 5 years service who separate voluntarily or involuntarily prior to eligibility for retirement may obtain deferred annuity at age 62. Prior to 1952, excludes annuities purchased by voluntary contributions.

[2] Due to adjustments, number in force at end of fiscal year does not in all cases equal number certified less number terminated in that year, plus number in force at end of preceding fiscal year.

[3] Refunds of amounts to employees' credit in fund paid to employees not eligible for an annuity or who, if eligible, elected to take a refund.

[4] Refunds of amounts to employees' credit paid to designated or other beneficiaries of employees who died in service or after separation.

[5] Refunds of balance of amount to annuitants' credit at time of death paid to designated or other beneficiaries of annuitants. Includes refunds to disability annuitants, whose entitlement to an annuity was terminated, and unexpended balances paid upon termination of survivor annuities.

Source: Civil Service Commission; annual retirement report.

No. 359.—Civil Service Retirement—Employee Annuitants and Survivor Annuitants on the Roll, by Rates of Annuity: 1957

[As of June 30]

Rates of annuity [1]	Employee annuitants	Survivor annuitants	Rates of annuity [1]	Employee annuitants	Survivor annuitants
Annuitants, total	276,408	92,905	$1,560 to $1,679	9,183	1,070
			$1,680 to $1,799	9,804	763
Under $120	189	4,523	$1,800 to $1,919	12,037	521
$120 to $239	4,221	13,954	$1,920 to $2,039	23,794	323
$240 to $359	11,498	12,530	$2,040 to $2,159	12,315	267
$360 to $479	14,413	11,866			
$480 to $599	13,055	8,911	$2,160 to $2,279	9,450	181
$600 to $719	13,043	13,795	$2,280 to $2,399	13,566	206
			$2,400 to $2,999	29,061	338
$720 to $839	12,051	6,837	$3,000 to $3,599	14,066	109
$840 to $959	10,806	4,196	$3,600 to $4,199	6,333	38
$960 to $1,079	11,873	3,206			
$1,080 to $1,199	11,040	3,022	$4,200 to $4,799	2,024	9
$1,200 to $1,319	10,289	2,596	$4,800 to $5,399	1,120	2
$1,320 to $1,439	10,381	2,174	$5,400 to $5,999	627	----------
$1,440 to $1,559	9,292	1,418	$6,000 and over	877	----------

[1] Includes increases under sec. 8 as amended by acts of Feb. 28, 1948 (Public Law 426, 80th Cong.), July 6, 1950 (Public Law 601, 81st Cong.), July 16, 1952 (Public Law 555, 82d Cong.), and Aug. 11, 1955 (Public Law 369 84th Cong.); includes annuities purchased by voluntary contributions.

Source: Civil Service Commission; annual retirement report.

No. 360.—Workmen's Compensation Payments, by States: 1940 to 1956

[**In thousands of dollars.** Estimated by Social Security Administration. Payments represent cash and medical benefits and include insurance losses paid by private insurance carriers (compiled from the *Spectator* (*Insurance by States, of . . . Casualty Lines*)), net disbursements of State funds (from *Spectator* and State reports; estimated for some States), and self-insurance payments (estimated from available State data). Calendar-year data, except fiscal-year data for Federal employees and for a few States with State funds. Includes benefit payments under Longshoremen's and Harbor Workers' Compensation Act and Defense Bases Compensation Act for States in which such payments are made]

STATE	1940	1945	1950	1951	1952	1953	1954	1955	1956
Total	**255,922**	**408,738**	**617,283**	**710,339**	**788,046**	**846,088**	**878,187**	**915,435**	**1,003,077**
Alabama	1,061	2,648	2,137	3,264	3,568	3,891	3,909	4,268	4,862
Arizona	1,527	3,865	5,473	5,094	5,890	6,406	6,462	7,030	7,972
Arkansas	23	2,379	3,590	4,308	4,551	4,485	4,757	5,156	5,603
California	19,950	40,268	57,137	66,377	73,431	78,872	82,357	89,359	98,031
Colorado	2,492	2,285	3,418	4,112	4,982	5,576	6,218	6,514	7,199
Connecticut	3,500	7,202	9,500	11,182	12,941	13,770	14,519	15,938	16,812
Delaware	316	438	744	888	1,078	1,159	1,117	1,209	1,445
Dist. of Col	1,441	1,193	2,360	2,635	2,642	2,568	2,603	2,550	2,873
Florida	1,880	4,193	7,418	9,340	11,269	13,880	15,782	18,011	20,810
Georgia	1,492	2,921	4,757	5,560	6,290	6,872	7,190	7,617	9,333
Idaho	1,216	1,193	2,218	2,508	2,701	3,082	3,140	3,598	3,669
Illinois	14,466	23,457	31,540	35,090	38,120	42,288	45,665	45,688	53,326
Indiana	3,779	6,625	8,920	11,270	12,646	13,803	14,024	13,064	16,538
Iowa	1,870	2,666	4,985	5,510	6,099	6,535	6,419	6,707	7,759
Kansas	1,587	2,977	4,260	4,917	6,240	6,742	7,403	8,176	9,442
Kentucky	3,087	4,000	6,987	7,884	8,645	9,443	9,257	9,314	10,236
Louisiana	3,369	6,952	11,400	13,070	14,942	16,889	18,664	19,573	22,264
Maine	991	2,224	1,600	2,040	2,280	2,221	2,125	2,387	2,427
Maryland	2,711	5,853	6,895	8,348	9,065	9,829	11,524	12,087	13,995
Massachusetts	7,415	11,771	23,676	27,123	30,239	34,581	33,150	33,361	36,517
Michigan	9,071	14,623	23,123	23,919	24,898	27,918	28,230	31,049	34,819
Minnesota	3,754	5,853	9,662	11,200	12,427	12,910	13,969	14,949	16,508
Mississippi	11	34	2,272	3,254	3,589	3,913	4,032	4,718	5,520
Missouri	4,035	8,365	10,649	12,306	14,709	15,788	16,782	16,613	17,945
Montana	2,093	2,003	2,544	3,215	3,124	3,282	3,853	4,238	4,878
Nebraska	967	1,334	2,360	2,758	3,090	3,159	3,303	3,540	3,777
Nevada	828	1,046	1,659	2,046	2,434	3,000	3,274	3,616	4,125
New Hampshire	704	1,002	1,670	1,855	2,077	2,146	2,246	2,386	2,635
New Jersey	12,419	21,961	29,138	35,979	38,573	40,988	41,986	44,179	45,463
New Mexico	566	652	2,330	2,640	3,578	4,510	4,707	4,812	5,513
New York	51,211	75,092	119,188	134,590	144,040	147,145	147,953	143,909	149,692
North Carolina	1,962	3,542	6,354	7,266	8,160	8,807	9,076	10,026	11,041
North Dakota	600	743	1,100	1,256	1,231	1,433	1,528	1,895	1,914
Ohio	16,895	25,603	40,441	44,478	53,299	57,970	63,365	69,314	76,562
Oklahoma	3,394	5,456	8,082	9,890	10,680	11,340	12,024	13,248	15,439
Oregon	4,277	5,666	8,983	11,248	12,982	13,523	14,779	15,721	18,605
Pennsylvania	22,774	24,552	30,831	34,026	36,206	37,652	37,316	37,839	42,928
Rhode Island	1,153	5,449	3,800	4,520	5,417	5,617	5,840	5,926	5,964
South Carolina	1,072	2,606	4,123	4,128	4,583	4,877	5,103	5,239	5,571
South Dakota	268	355	950	963	950	1,051	1,134	1,120	1,129
Tennessee	1,527	4,027	5,349	6,331	6,692	7,974	8,911	9,529	11,186
Texas	8,124	18,218	33,380	38,979	44,465	47,329	47,271	50,027	54,136
Utah	1,109	1,312	1,859	2,097	2,297	2,352	2,448	2,461	3,039
Vermont	386	522	900	1,115	1,153	1,288	1,236	1,200	1,465
Virginia	2,085	3,361	5,559	6,155	6,815	7,380	7,703	8,169	9,222
Washington	5,576	9,688	14,593	17,008	18,737	19,483	20,294	19,351	19,416
West Virginia	5,756	7,735	9,632	10,096	10,909	11,625	12,305	12,372	13,068
Wisconsin	5,662	9,162	13,356	15,049	15,990	16,225	16,219	16,697	18,377
Wyoming	422	503	1,011	1,025	1,088	1,155	1,323	1,361	1,415
Federal employees	13,048	13,163	23,370	30,427	36,234	41,356	43,692	48,324	50,631

Source: Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Social Security Administration. Preliminary estimates appear periodically in *Social Security Bulletin*.

No. 361.—Workmen's Compensation Payments, by Type of Benefit and of Insurance: 1940 to 1956

[In millions of dollars]

Year	Total payments	Type of benefit: Medical and hospitalization payments	Compensation payments: Total	Compensation payments: Disability	Compensation payments: Survivor	Type of insurance: Insurance losses paid by private carriers [1]: Amount	Insurance losses paid by private carriers [1]: Percent of total	State fund disbursements [2]: Amount	State fund disbursements [2]: Percent of total	Self-insurance payments [3]: Amount	Self-insurance payments [3]: Percent of total
1940	256	95	161	129	32	135	52.6	73	28.3	49	19.1
1941	291	100	191	157	34	160	54.9	77	26.5	54	18.6
1942	329	108	221	185	36	190	57.9	81	24.7	57	17.4
1943	353	112	241	203	38	213	60.4	81	22.8	59	16.8
1944	386	120	268	228	40	237	61.4	86	22.3	63	16.3
1945	409	125	284	242	42	253	61.8	91	22.3	65	15.9
1946	434	140	294	250	44	270	62.1	96	22.1	69	15.8
1947	486	160	326	280	46	302	62.1	110	22.7	74	15.2
1948	534	175	359	309	50	335	62.6	121	22.7	79	14.7
1949	568	185	383	331	52	353	62.2	132	23.2	83	14.6
1950	617	200	417	362	55	381	61.8	149	24.1	87	14.1
1951	710	233	477	417	60	444	62.6	170	23.9	96	13.5
1952	787	260	527	462	65	491	62.3	192	24.5	104	13.2
1953	846	290	556	486	70	524	61.9	211	24.9	111	13.2
1954	878	310	568	498	70	541	61.5	223	25.4	115	13.1
1955	915	325	590	520	70	563	61.4	238	26.0	114	12.5
1956	1,003	350	653	578	75	619	61.7	259	25.8	125	12.5

[1] Net cash and medical benefits paid during calendar year by private insurance carriers under standard workmen's compensation policies. Data primarily from *Spectator* (*Insurance by States, of . . . Casualty Lines*).

[2] Net cash and medical benefits paid by competitive and exclusive State funds, and Federal system for Government employees. Compiled from State reports (published and unpublished) and from *Spectator* or other insurance publications; data for fiscal years for some funds.

[3] Cash and medical benefits paid by self-insurers, plus value of medical benefits paid by employers carrying workmen's compensation policies that exclude standard medical coverage. Estimated from available State data.

Source: Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Social Security Administration. Data appear periodically in *Social Security Bulletin*.

No. 362.—Public Assistance—Recipients and Payments, by Program: 1936 to 1957

[Through 1940 covers only continental U. S.; thereafter includes Alaska and Hawaii, and beginning October 1950, Puerto Rico and Virgin Islands. Beginning 1950, except for general assistance, includes vendor payments for medical care and cases receiving only such payments]

Program	1936	1940	1945	1950	1955	1956	1957
Number of recipients [1] (1,000)							
Old-age assistance	1,106	2,066	2,056	2,789	2,553	2,514	2,487
Aid to dependent children:							
Families	162	370	274	652	603	616	667
Recipients [2]				2,234	2,193	2,271	2,498
Children	404	891	701	1,662	1,661	1,732	1,913
Aid to the blind	45	73	71	98	105	107	108
Aid to the permanently and totally disabled				69	244	269	291
General assistance (cases)	1,510	1,239	257	413	314	305	344
Average monthly payment [1]							
Old-age assistance	$18.79	$20.26	$30.88	$43.95	$53.93	$57.99	$60.68
Aid to dependent children:							
Per family	29.82	32.38	52.05	72.42	88.61	95.05	100.72
Per recipient [2]				21.13	24.35	25.79	26.90
Aid to the blind	26.11	25.38	33.52	46.56	58.08	63.15	66.25
Aid to the permanently and totally disabled				45.41	56.18	58.82	60.02
General assistance (per case)	24.13	24.28	32.72	46.65	55.03	56.14	59.74
Total payments for year ($1,000)							
Total [3]	656,712	1,034,984	989,686	2,395,395	2,756,865	2,861,146	3,098,615
Old-age assistance	155,241	474,952	726,550	1,469,869	1,608,137	1,676,734	1,772,827
Aid to dependent children	49,654	133,243	149,667	553,697	639,065	663,323	754,701
Aid to the blind	12,813	21,826	26,557	52,866	71,127	76,976	83,547
Aid to the permanently and totally disabled				8,129	156,456	176,684	200,780
General assistance	439,004	404,963	86,912	295,383	214,265	197,704	213,317

[1] As of December.

[2] Includes children and 1 parent or other adult in families in which adult was considered in determining amount of assistance.

[3] Beginning 1950, total includes vendor payments for medical care from general assistance funds.

Source: Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Social Security Administration, Bureau of Public Assistance. Data appear periodically in *Social Security Bulletin*.

No. 363.—Public Assistance—Federal Grants to States for Public Assistance, 1952 to 1957, and by States and Other Areas, 1957

[In thousands of dollars. For years ending June 30. Based on checks issued in specified year, excluding any amounts paid during the year for a prior or subsequent year]

Year and state or other area	Total	Old-age assistance	Aid to dependent children	Aid to the blind	Aid to the permanently and totally disabled
1952	1,177,688	799,845	303,280	29,397	45,165
1953	1,338,989	903,241	343,321	33,017	59,410
1954	1,386,931	931,711	347,236	35,561	72,423
1955	1,423,907	920,791	385,233	36,467	81,416
1956	1,446,116	922,539	395,291	37,618	90,669
1957					
Total	**1,586,361**	**993,284**	**443,210**	**41,361**	**108,506**
Alabama	47,865	35,905	7,695	538	3,727
Arizona	10,536	6,025	4,149	362	----------
Arkansas	24,121	17,331	4,122	725	1,943
California	172,331	121,562	44,396	6,374	----------
Colorado	29,331	21,790	5,057	154	2,329
Connecticut	12,506	7,090	4,164	150	1,103
Delaware	1,921	636	989	109	188
District of Columbia	4,550	1,268	2,048	116	1,118
Florida	44,430	27,851	13,327	1,094	2,159
Georgia	52,704	35,594	10,543	1,395	5,173
Idaho	5,256	3,363	1,394	82	418
Illinois	68,942	38,137	23,595	1,597	5,613
Indiana	20,337	12,228	7,284	824	----------
Iowa	23,083	16,626	5,762	695	----------
Kansas	20,312	14,291	3,907	286	1,828
Kentucky	34,207	19,785	12,653	1,120	650
Louisiana	78,395	56,096	15,690	1,037	5,571
Maine	8,601	4,762	3,235	227	377
Maryland	11,865	3,854	5,642	194	2,174
Massachusetts	54,057	37,966	10,205	898	4,988
Michigan	46,753	28,772	15,956	784	1,241
Minnesota	28,294	20,769	6,284	542	700
Mississippi	27,117	21,127	3,438	1,478	1,073
Missouri	78,511	55,398	14,698	2,073	6,342
Montana	6,135	3,547	1,700	196	692
Nebraska	10,423	7,156	2,296	401	569
Nevada	1,712	1,166	489	57	----------
New Hampshire	3,235	2,237	724	111	163
New Jersey	16,745	8,623	5,594	470	2,058
New Mexico	10,187	4,035	5,242	172	739
New York	117,517	43,028	52,154	2,253	20,082
North Carolina	36,833	16,439	13,341	1,989	5,065
North Dakota	5,202	3,317	1,382	53	450
Ohio	61,193	40,452	14,876	1,754	4,111
Oklahoma	55,398	40,467	11,008	891	3,033
Oregon	12,205	7,588	2,922	147	1,548
Pennsylvania	55,803	20,856	25,605	3,445	5,897
Rhode Island	6,667	3,173	2,668	67	758
South Carolina	20,016	12,469	4,399	645	2,503
South Dakota	6,377	3,860	2,074	83	361
Tennessee	33,230	18,925	12,018	1,089	1,199
Texas	102,183	83,984	15,564	2,635	----------
Utah	6,917	3,803	2,216	104	795
Vermont	3,595	2,490	800	55	250
Virginia	13,526	4,945	6,174	462	1,946
Washington	35,801	25,330	7,570	376	2,524
West Virginia	23,217	6,763	13,306	391	2,757
Wisconsin	22,886	15,585	6,256	480	565
Wyoming	2,471	1,694	510	30	237
Alaska	1,796	678	1,080	37	----------
Hawaii	3,560	568	2,432	41	520
Puerto Rico	5,312	1,784	2,505	71	953
Virgin Islands	192	97	74	5	16

Source: Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Social Security Administration, Bureau of Public Assistance; annual report, 1957.

No. 364.—Public Assistance—Recipients of Assistance, by States and Other Areas: 1957

[As of December. Except for general assistance, includes cases receiving vendor payments for medical care]

State or other area	Old-age assistance	Aid to dependent children: Families	Aid to dependent children: Recipients: Total number[1]	Aid to dependent children: Recipients: Children	Aid to the blind	Aid to the permanently and totally disabled	General assistance (cases)
Total	[2] 2,487,483	667,280	2,498,196	1,913,260	[3] 108,434	291,247	[4] 344,000
Alabama	104,560	21,747	85,811	66,486	1,661	12,645	104
Arizona	14,223	5,531	21,382	16,399	824	----------	2,304
Arkansas	56,342	7,978	30,411	23,817	2,048	6,902	[5] 334
California	266,593	55,645	198,926	154,112	[3] 13,603	345	35,476
Colorado	[2] 52,367	6,303	24,385	18,950	325	5,312	1,930
Connecticut	15,246	5,693	18,448	13,736	312	2,059	4,093
Delaware	1,604	1,518	5,701	4,364	271	303	1,624
District of Columbia	3,111	2,844	12,271	9,583	240	2,485	853
Florida	69,442	23,501	85,036	65,591	2,516	6,148	[6] 5,200
Georgia	98,553	14,854	55,343	42,483	3,456	14,266	2,592
Idaho	8,179	1,806	6,619	4,878	178	926	(7)
Illinois	83,750	26,110	106,395	81,721	3,286	13,032	33,188
Indiana	31,568	9,569	34,561	25,855	1,821	----------	[3] 16,120
Iowa	37,893	7,416	27,002	20,139	1,460	----------	4,178
Kansas	31,667	5,136	18,913	14,714	622	4,259	1,964
Kentucky	58,436	19,635	71,407	53,897	3,275	6,407	[6] 3,300
Louisiana	124,763	23,155	92,578	71,316	2,425	14,895	9,691
Maine	12,133	4,818	16,733	12,347	474	1,136	2,879
Maryland	9,695	6,789	27,993	21,893	465	5,066	2,172
Massachusetts	85,843	12,921	43,475	32,572	1,990	9,357	9,453
Michigan	67,933	21,760	77,995	57,497	1,777	3,219	26,217
Minnesota	49,194	8,399	28,686	22,151	1,141	1,768	7,004
Mississippi	81,235	14,821	55,644	43,909	5,206	5,709	970
Missouri	124,885	22,446	83,408	62,951	[3] 5,139	14,798	6,799
Montana	8,093	2,103	7,567	5,861	404	1,452	1,447
Nebraska	16,787	2,854	10,591	8,003	971	1,376	1,277
Nevada	2,554	740	2,481	1,896	129	----------	[6] 330
New Hampshire	5,424	923	3,508	2,644	243	329	1,210
New Jersey	19,328	7,992	26,875	20,406	906	4,873	[8] 8,802
New Mexico	10,136	6,641	24,689	18,786	390	1,924	[6] 473
New York	90,672	60,241	229,587	171,448	4,227	38,383	29,180
North Carolina	51,246	22,240	87,341	67,312	4,891	15,253	3,157
North Dakota	7,694	1,642	6,110	4,714	112	1,015	496
Ohio	92,850	19,365	75,510	57,888	3,711	9,035	33,100
Oklahoma	94,050	16,314	55,735	42,468	1,914	7,824	7,306
Oregon	18,031	4,396	16,167	12,260	296	4,014	4,370
Pennsylvania	49,615	33,035	129,705	98,980	[3] 17,693	13,832	23,670
Rhode Island	7,357	4,102	14,640	10,909	128	1,956	3,493
South Carolina	36,369	8,778	34,507	27,043	1,757	7,670	1,618
South Dakota	9,965	2,936	10,044	7,608	180	946	1,120
Tennessee	57,624	18,929	69,368	52,133	2,933	4,594	2,373
Texas	223,505	23,979	98,700	75,012	6,456	730	[6] 10,200
Utah	8,847	2,891	10,178	7,565	219	1,820	1,859
Vermont	6,303	1,044	3,641	2,742	138	626	[6] 1,200
Virginia	15,931	8,746	34,878	27,299	1,250	5,411	1,868
Washington	55,728	10,205	35,645	26,541	774	5,604	14,707
West Virginia	21,864	17,997	68,620	53,338	1,104	7,680	2,323
Wisconsin	38,719	7,650	27,571	20,655	1,037	1,239	8,270
Wyoming	3,721	637	2,290	1,739	67	505	468
Alaska	1,559	1,265	4,310	3,163	83	----------	193
Hawaii	1,505	2,726	10,596	8,468	83	1,147	1,289
Puerto Rico	42,094	46,264	167,205	134,219	1,801	20,865	1,745
Virgin Islands	637	250	954	799	22	107	128

[1] Includes children and 1 parent or other adult in families in which adult was considered in determining amount of assistance.
[2] Includes 4,153 recipients under 65 in Colorado.
[3] Includes 334 recipients of payments made without Federal participation in California, 635 in Missouri, and 10,421 in Pennsylvania.
[4] Partly estimated; total not as large as sum of State figures because of adjustment. See footnote 8.
[5] Excludes some cases for program not administered by State agency. [6] Estimated.
[7] Not available.
[8] Includes unknown number of cases receiving medical care, hospitalization, or burial only.

Source: Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Social Security Administration, Bureau of Public Assistance. Data appear periodically in *Social Security Bulletin*.

No. 365.—Public Assistance—Payments to Recipients, by Type of Assistance, by States and Other Areas: 1957

[Includes vendor payments for medical care]

State or other area	Total amount of public assistance (1,000)	Average monthly payments, December: Old age assistance	Aid to dependent children: Per family	Aid to dependent children: Per recipient	Aid to the blind	Aid to the permanently and totally disabled	General assistance (per case)
Total	[1] $3,098,615	$60.68	$100.72	$26.90	$66.25	$60.02	$59.74
Alabama	68,796	38.23	32.79	8.31	35.50	32.55	13.36
Arizona	17,691	55.38	99.72	25.79	64.42	-------	43.50
Arkansas	36,148	45.72	59.60	15.63	51.34	35.86	13.44
California	370,721	83.16	157.79	44.14	104.96	70.30	53.06
Colorado	65,217	81.74	121.93	31.52	72.98	59.69	44.73
Connecticut	32,590	106.20	144.27	44.52	103.19	122.37	66.15
Delaware	3,909	49.31	87.22	23.22	72.36	63.50	60.69
Dist. of Columbia	8,329	56.41	123.39	28.60	64.23	67.52	67.80
Florida	65,006	54.19	59.00	16.30	58.44	57.93	(2)
Georgia	75,541	43.06	82.75	22.21	48.04	46.67	22.72
Idaho	9,311	60.55	140.27	38.27	66.01	64.27	(2)
Illinois	156,375	67.82	148.28	36.39	72.35	81.90	77.24
Indiana	39,952	56.94	102.48	28.37	66.42	-------	33.24
Iowa	45,099	67.36	117.16	32.18	82.30	-------	37.29
Kansas	40,673	73.04	122.62	33.30	77.94	76.68	59.08
Kentucky	48,339	38.63	71.46	19.65	39.84	38.03	(2)
Louisiana	131,159	63.06	83.57	20.90	73.33	49.74	44.43
Maine	15,211	55.79	93.65	26.97	60.77	62.68	42.80
Maryland	19,541	51.75	101.72	24.67	57.14	58.77	58.61
Massachusetts	136,678	95.83	153.22	45.54	111.36	112.31	67.30
Michigan	112,060	66.23	134.55	37.54	74.55	82.42	88.86
Minnesota	66,005	79.10	140.39	41.10	92.86	60.55	63.87
Mississippi	36,138	28.43	28.34	7.55	38.67	29.43	13.96
Missouri	122,216	54.53	87.87	23.65	60.00	56.42	49.04
Montana	11,130	61.99	117.21	32.58	69.68	68.66	32.79
Nebraska	16,853	62.18	100.42	27.06	77.92	65.63	41.22
Nevada	3,020	67.72	90.11	26.88	96.52	-------	(2)
New Hampshire	7,080	68.57	144.55	38.03	72.37	88.30	54.19
New Jersey	45,001	80.43	141.37	42.04	78.03	91.65	90.88
New Mexico	15,506	53.83	97.58	26.25	56.14	56.12	37.27
New York	275,053	92.08	155.65	40.84	96.84	94.31	86.93
North Carolina	50,078	36.44	70.17	17.87	45.71	41.74	21.19
North Dakota	11,520	76.33	136.07	36.57	66.95	86.70	50.65
Ohio	122,498	64.54	96.37	24.71	63.16	59.20	59.31
Oklahoma	106,590	72.79	99.31	29.07	87.21	79.58	14.45
Oregon	30,841	77.77	140.15	38.11	81.54	86.44	66.51
Pennsylvania	114,512	52.00	117.41	29.89	63.17	60.10	66.45
Rhode Island	16,406	70.61	122.53	34.33	71.62	78.01	72.48
South Carolina	26,679	37.52	55.35	14.08	41.79	34.73	22.24
South Dakota	9,931	49.18	88.63	25.91	49.46	50.36	35.87
Tennessee	43,889	38.03	68.36	18.65	42.92	41.24	19.61
Texas	147,963	47.15	70.94	17.24	51.14	47.10	(2)
Utah	14,006	65.45	131.47	37.34	71.83	71.26	70.46
Vermont	6,183	50.64	91.08	26.12	53.88	53.46	(2)
Virginia	18,427	35.66	72.93	18.29	41.58	41.70	35.49
Washington	94,458	84.46	148.43	42.49	96.57	98.29	70.85
West Virginia	33,007	34.05	86.58	22.71	37.54	36.15	32.64
Wisconsin	57,472	71.09	156.63	43.46	79.69	106.13	79.02
Wyoming	4,593	69.93	128.67	35.79	73.00	69.78	56.37
Alaska	2,868	63.43	98.24	28.83	69.54	-------	68.83
Hawaii	6,865	51.56	115.70	29.77	63.29	63.88	63.38
Puerto Rico	13,548	8.09	13.50	3.74	8.06	8.77	6.80
Virgin Islands	315	18.51	34.59	9.06	(3)	20.18	19.38

[1] Includes vendor payments for medical care from general assistance funds and from special medical funds; data for such expenditures partly estimated for some States.
[2] Not computed. [3] Not computed; base too small.

Source: Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Social Security Administration, Bureau of Public Assistance. Data appear periodically in *Social Security Bulletin*.

No. 366.—Children Receiving Child Welfare Casework Service From Public Welfare Agencies, by Type of Living Arrangements, by States and Other Areas: 1957

[As of September 30]

State or other area	Total	In homes of parents or relatives		In foster family homes		In institutions and elsewhere [1]	
		Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Total	[2] 333,674	129,458	39	145,249	44	58,420	17
Alabama	10,066	6,931	69	2,170	21	965	10
Arizona	3,087	1,018	33	1,874	61	195	6
Arkansas	2,596	1,387	53	1,062	41	147	6
California	18,802	2,981	16	14,656	78	1,165	6
Colorado	2,837	1,475	52	1,155	41	207	7
Connecticut	[2] 6,409	1,142	18	4,111	65	1,066	17
Delaware	1,272	535	42	632	50	105	8
District of Columbia	[2] 4,148	1,629	40	1,221	30	1,228	30
Florida	3,419	1,019	30	2,025	59	375	11
Georgia	4,325	1,392	32	2,413	56	520	12
Idaho	312	226	73	63	20	23	7
Illinois	[2] 4,906	890	19	3,447	71	491	10
Indiana	12,113	5,560	46	4,874	40	1,679	14
Iowa	[2] 2,832	2,153	76	413	15	257	9
Kansas	[2] 2,077	670	32	696	34	706	34
Kentucky	9,011	6,566	73	1,363	15	1,082	12
Louisiana	5,456	1,253	23	3,710	68	493	9
Maine	[2] 3,291	1,389	43	1,681	51	201	6
Maryland	7,345	2,127	29	4,433	60	785	11
Massachusetts	[2] 6,324	1,147	18	4,562	72	602	10
Michigan	2,400	1,164	48	1,078	45	158	7
Minnesota	[2] 12,611	8,817	70	2,962	24	767	6
Mississippi	7,119	6,215	87	569	8	335	5
Missouri	4,870	2,696	55	1,952	40	222	5
Montana	859	422	49	375	44	62	7
Nebraska	1,720	797	46	354	21	569	33
Nevada	287	116	41	147	51	24	8
New Hampshire	2,253	990	44	940	42	323	14
New Jersey	7,918	1,967	25	4,866	63	985	12
New Mexico	1,525	624	41	814	53	87	6
New York	39,206	4,333	11	21,195	54	13,678	35
North Carolina	15,382	8,344	54	4,154	27	2,884	19
North Dakota [3]	901	711	----	84	----	106	----
Ohio	21,174	8,230	39	8,847	42	4,097	19
Oklahoma	2,691	1,137	42	599	22	955	36
Oregon	4,883	2,539	52	2,095	43	249	5
Pennsylvania [3]	31,500	5,000	16	14,000	44	12,500	40
Rhode Island	1,599	587	37	767	48	245	15
South Carolina	4,160	2,535	61	805	19	820	20
South Dakota	[2] 905	395	44	395	44	114	12
Tennessee	3,616	1,561	43	1,731	48	324	9
Texas	1,929	1,016	53	650	34	263	13
Utah	1,177	550	47	585	50	42	3
Vermont	1,640	696	43	756	46	188	11
Virginia	11,215	4,053	36	6,186	55	976	9
Washington	6,316	2,315	37	3,253	51	748	12
West Virginia	7,743	4,911	63	2,209	29	623	8
Wisconsin	10,068	5,113	51	4,253	42	702	7
Wyoming	460	300	65	118	26	42	9
Alaska	742	266	36	252	34	224	30
Hawaii	1,520	657	43	683	45	180	12
Puerto Rico	[2] 12,303	8,726	72	793	7	2,588	21
Virgin Islands	354	185	52	121	34	48	14

[1] Includes 10,307 children living elsewhere. Children reported in institutions represent only those children served by workers attached to State or local public welfare agencies and not all children receiving institutional care.
[2] Includes a number of children for whom whereabouts is unknown. For total, this is less than 1 percent.
[3] Incomplete report. Excluded from total percent distribution.
[4] Estimated by Pennsylvania State Department of Welfare.

Source: Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Social Security Administration, Children's Bureau.

No. 367.—Maternal and Child-Health Services: 1956

[Includes data for Alaska, Hawaii, Puerto Rico, and Virgin Islands]

ITEM	States and areas reporting	Total receiving service (1,000)
SERVICE		
Maternity services:		
Maternity medical clinic service	35	225
Maternity nursing service	52	430
Dental treatment	13	10
Hospital in-patient care	11	35
Child-health services:		
Well child conference service:		
All ages	51	1,284
Infants under 1 year	50	517
General pediatric clinic service	14	153
Special clinics	14	195
Nursing service	49	2,963
Topical fluoride applications	30	166
Dental treatment	33	354
Hospital in-patient care:		
For prematurity	12	7
Excluding prematurity	10	8
SERVICE—Continued		
School health examinations and screening:		
Examined by physicians	41	2,202
Referred for further diagnosis or treatment	20	466
Completed referrals	16	167
Screening by other personnel:		
Visual screening	40	3,580
Audiometer testing	36	2,491
Dental screening	39	2,427
Other	20	896
IMMUNIZATION [1]		
Smallpox	53	1,611
Diphtheria	53	2,355
Pertussis	53	1,811
Tetanus	52	2,240
Poliomyelitis	48	13,201
Typhoid	23	1,043
Other	8	46

[1] Children only.

Source: Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Social Security Administration, Children's Bureau.

No. 368.—Maternal and Child Health and Welfare Services—Grants to States and Other Areas: 1957

[**In thousands of dollars.** For year ending June 30. Based on checks issued less refunds]

STATE OR OTHER AREA	Maternal and child health services	Services for crippled children	Child welfare services
Total	**15,497.5**	**14,835.0**	**7,919.5**
Alabama	493.5	520.4	242.1
Arizona	163.5	-------	81.2
Arkansas	279.8	307.2	174.3
California	845.0	694.0	228.8
Colorado	277.2	167.0	90.9
Connecticut	214.3	217.0	79.2
Delaware	108.5	92.8	47.6
Dist. of Columbia	259.6	151.0	33.4
Florida	374.3	367.4	161.8
Georgia	444.0	546.4	255.0
Idaho	146.5	105.3	34.1
Illinois	412.0	453.5	236.4
Indiana	290.8	193.0	111.9
Iowa	202.3	316.5	170.0
Kansas	166.6	172.4	128.4
Kentucky	340.7	520.1	253.7
Louisiana	362.3	371.1	199.0
Maine	123.8	115.6	78.0
Maryland	371.5	300.6	118.4
Massachusetts	468.4	231.7	91.0
Michigan	478.3	459.7	263.3
Minnesota	312.6	308.1	192.5
Mississippi	398.3	326.6	226.5
Missouri	313.6	220.8	194.5
Montana	111.1	167.0	72.2
Nebraska	110.3	121.1	58.8
Nevada	144.1	91.8	28.9
New Hampshire	92.5	97.3	56.0
New Jersey	196.6	222.4	97.0
New Mexico	174.7	162.8	83.7
New York	672.5	527.1	257.2
North Carolina	616.7	577.3	367.2
North Dakota	110.2	106.1	64.8
Ohio	509.9	486.9	287.0
Oklahoma	221.7	324.7	149.8
Oregon	143.0	156.3	81.0
Pennsylvania	630.6	620.0	367.1
Rhode Island	127.5	108.4	45.5
South Carolina	341.6	381.4	217.4
South Dakota	89.9	79.1	81.6
Tennessee	492.3	480.5	247.1
Texas	608.3	652.3	389.1
Utah	159.3	180.1	56.3
Vermont	100.3	97.3	58.5
Virginia	431.3	407.6	249.1
Washington	263.4	164.8	129.2
West Virginia	220.7	210.9	189.2
Wisconsin	208.0	318.3	199.0
Wyoming	83.7	86.9	33.1
Alaska	131.4	177.9	43.9
Hawaii	197.6	153.7	51.6
Puerto Rico	374.1	430.1	231.5
Virgin Islands	86.8	86.7	34.7

Source: Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Social Security Administration, Children's Bureau.

No. 369.—Orphans, by Type, 1920 to 1957, and by Age, 1955 and 1957

[In thousands. Orphans refer to children under age 18 who have been orphaned at any time; full orphan refers to loss of both parents, paternal orphan to loss of father, maternal orphan to loss of mother. Age on last birthday]

Date and item	All orphans	Paternal orphans only	Maternal orphans only	Full orphans
1920:				
Number	6,400	3,350	2,300	750
Percent of child population	16.3	8.5	5.9	1.9
1930:				
Number	5,050	2,700	1,900	450
Percent of child population	11.7	6.3	4.4	1.1
1940:				
Number	3,840	2,180	1,370	290
Percent of child population	9.5	5.4	3.4	0.7
October 1, 1949:				
Number	2,930	1,890	960	80
Percent of child population	6.1	3.9	2.0	0.2
July 1, 1955:				
Number	2,700	1,830	820	60
Percent of child population	4.8	3.2	1.5	0.1
January 1, 1957:				
Number	2,715	1,880	780	55
Percent of child population	4.6	3.2	1.3	0.1
Distribution by age:				
0 to 4 years	205	155	50	(1)
5 to 9 years	570	405	160	5
10 to 14 years	1,060	735	305	20
15 to 17 years	880	585	265	30

[1] Less than 2,500.

Source: Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Social Security Administration; *Social Security Bulletin*, March 1955, February 1956, and August 1957.

No. 370.—Boy Scouts and Girl Scouts—Membership and Units: 1940 to 1957

[In thousands. *Boy Scout data as of December 31*; Girl Scout data as of September 30]

Item	1940	1945	1950	1954	1955	1956	1957
BOY SCOUTS OF AMERICA							
Total membership	1,449	1,977	2,795	3,774	4,166	4,526	4,751
Boys	1,106	1,534	2,072	2,779	3,056	3,313	3,461
Cub scouts (8 to 10 years old)	195	474	828	1,236	1,475	1,695	1,806
Boy scouts (11 to 13 years old)	911	1,060	827	1,118	1,141	1,153	1,171
Explorers (14 years and over)			416	425	440	465	484
Adults	343	444	724	995	1,110	1,213	1,291
Total units (packs, troops, and explorer units)	48	61	79	97	104	112	118
GIRL SCOUTS OF THE U. S. A.							
Total membership	632	1,174	1,646	2,327	2,643	2,860	3,115
Girls	509	937	1,268	1,784	2,025	2,190	2,388
Brownies (7 to 9 years old)	79	269	556	837	1,022	1,168	1,259
Intermediates (10 to 13 years old)	386	609	654	874	922	936	1,033
Seniors (14 to 17 years old)	44	59	58	72	81	87	96
Adults	123	237	378	543	618	670	727
Total units (troops)	27	48	76	110	125	136	149

Source: Boy Scouts of America, National Council, New Brunswick, N. J., annual report; and Girl Scouts of the United States of America, New York, N. Y., annual report.

No. 371.—Adoptions—Summary, for Reporting States and Other Areas: 1955

[For calendar year, except as noted. Covers States whose reports include complete data for 90 percent or more of the children for whom adoption petitions were filed]

State or other area	Number of petitions filed	Relation of petitioner to children [1]		Type of placement [2]		Age at time of placement [3]			Birth status	
		Related	Not related	Agency	Independent	Under 1 month	1 month to under 1 year	1 year to under 6 years	Out of wedlock	In wedlock
United States and other areas	[4] 93,000									
Total, reporting areas	**36,935**	**16,783**	**17,940**	**9,903**	**10,336**	**7,460**	**7,094**	**4,185**	**16,762**	**16,205**
Arkansas	568	253	315	153	184	75	110	104	246	320
Connecticut [5]	1,170	535	632	415	296	190	318	144	720	429
Delaware	185	86	99	92	22	2	61	30	116	69
District of Columbia	504	222	271	178	154	83	144	77	385	113
Florida [6]	2,470	1,064	1,406	314	1,092	763	131	136	885	864
Georgia	1,419	629	768	216	736	372	247	238	735	663
Indiana	2,972	1,484	1,447	907	947	510	643	457	1,358	1,558
Iowa	1,767	940	820	423	508	354	298	149	806	952
Kentucky	903	376	493	266	368	131	277	138	462	360
Louisiana [5]	1,017	390	624	325	299					
Maine	881	477	404	188		32	89	59	445	436
Minnesota [5]	1,616	709	859	792	175	226	526	139	925	675
Missouri [7]	1,666	773	859	540	487	216	458	225	826	819
Nevada	191	96	87	16	113	38	27	33	59	111
New Hampshire	312	120	185	145	81	37	106	61	204	78
New Mexico	673	331	327	86	309	174	86	84	302	347
North Carolina [5]	1,378	598	778	532	246	105	454	159	816	460
North Dakota [5]	252	129	121	104	41	16	73	31	118	133
Oregon	1,649	882	765	244	647	415	184	178	696	934
Rhode Island [5]	351	225	126	98	38	24	50	35	197	153
South Dakota	347	155	188	95	117	59	69	41	173	163
Tennessee [7]	1,040	372	666	401	407	168	345	216	583	451
Texas [8]	6,399	2,616	1,895	1,183	1,006	2,257	580	610	1,790	2,898
Utah	528	253	275	167	145	91	56	104	236	282
Vermont	285	119	165	129	52	21	84	54	165	117
Virginia	1,794	747	1,011	514	666	400	460	238	1,125	662
Washington [7]	2,158	994	1,159	579	509	353	520	152	1,023	1,099
Wisconsin [7]	1,617	729	888	734	266	153	564	191	945	668
Hawaii	611	390	184	59	259	153	67	47	299	303
Puerto Rico	190	68	122	8	161	42	66	53	103	85
Virgin Islands	22	21	1		5		1	2	19	3

[1] Excludes children for whom data were not reported.
[2] About 40 percent of the children required no placement since they resided in the homes of stepparents or the relatives who adopted them. See also footnote 1.
[3] In addition, 1,802 children aged 6–20 were adopted in 1955. See also footnotes 1 and 2.
[4] Estimated.
[5] For year ending June 30.
[6] Based on children placed by licensed agencies for whom a petition was filed during 1955, and on children placed independently for whom investigation of the petition was completed in 1955.
[7] Based on adoptions completed rather than petitions filed.
[8] For year ending August 31.

Source: Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Social Security Administration, Children's Bureau; *Adoptions in the United States and its Territories*, 1955.

No. 372.—Services for Crippled Children: 1948 to 1956

[In thousands. Represents number reported only. Services provided or purchased by official State crippled children's agencies under Social Security Act. Beginning 1950, excludes Arizona, which did not participate in this program. Includes Alaska, Hawaii, Puerto Rico, and Virgin Islands. Subject to revision]

Type of service	1948	1949	1950	1953	1954	1955	1956
Total number of children who received physician's services	155	181	214	252	271	278	296
Clinic service:							
Number of children	131	151	172	203	221	221	232
Number of visits	284	320	364	432	468	472	482
Average number of visits per child	2.2	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1
Hospital in-patient care:							
Number of children	32	38	43	45	44	48	52
Number of days' care	1,335	1,454	1,425	1,278	1,244	1,246	1,373
Average number of days per child	41.5	37.8	32.8	28.7	28.3	26.0	26.5
Convalescent-home care:							
Number of children	5	6	6	4	4	4	4
Number of days' care	484	556	529	452	411	362	340
Average number of days per child	97.1	98.9	96.9	103.6	99.1	96.5	89.2
Other physician's services:							
Number of children	12	18	25	43	48	53	60
Number of visits (office and home)	39	58	91	106	109	124	142
Average number of visits per child	3.1	3.3	3.7	2.5	2.2	2.3	2.4

Source: Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Social Security Administration, Children's Bureau.

No. 373.—Vocational Rehabilitation of Disabled Persons—Number Rehabilitated, by Type of Disability and Occupation: 1945 to 1957

[For years ending June 30. Includes Alaska, Hawaii, and Puerto Rico]

Type	1945	1950	1953	1954	1955	1956	1957 [1]
Total	41,925	59,597	61,308	55,825	57,981	65,640	70,940
Disability:							
Amputated or missing members	6,380	7,582	7,230	6,186	6,469	7,118	7,693
Impairment of extremities	11,612	13,720	12,769	11,922	12,128	13,682	14,787
Impairment of other parts of body [2]	2,908	4,501	5,061	4,520	4,755	5,498	5,942
Visual:							
Blind	1,497	3,210	3,685	3,295	3,473	3,765	4,069
Other visual	3,448	3,880	3,770	3,238	3,150	3,630	3,923
Aural:							
Deaf	1,023	1,267	1,068	851	927	1,278	1,381
Hard of hearing	2,097	4,024	3,293	2,588	2,828	2,945	3,183
Speech defect	252	675	793	835	751	988	1,068
Tuberculosis, pulmonary	2,651	4,913	6,241	6,229	6,563	7,045	7,614
Cardiac	1,784	2,308	2,649	2,372	2,562	3,040	3,285
Other diseases	5,708	9,657	10,635	9,998	10,381	11,701	12,645
Mental or nervous system disorders	2,429	3,845	4,114	3,790	3,993	4,950	5,350
Not reported	136	15	----------	1	1	----------	----------
Job or occupation:							
Professional	1,598	3,117	3,021	2,969	3,135	3,279	3,544
Semiprofessional	1,270	1,193	1,346	1,304	1,349	1,584	1,712
Managerial and official	625	1,691	1,571	1,494	1,501	1,740	1,880
Clerical and kindred	6,699	7,852	9,740	8,555	8,535	9,773	10,562
Sales and kindred	1,497	3,361	2,708	2,376	2,861	3,010	3,253
Service occupations	5,015	9,142	9,669	8,832	9,510	11,117	12,015
Agriculture, fishing, etc	1,789	5,731	5,198	5,208	5,448	5,614	6,067
Skilled	9,128	9,305	8,197	7,402	7,260	8,094	8,748
Semiskilled	8,049	7,962	9,201	7,890	7,994	9,781	10,571
Unskilled	5,948	4,095	4,206	3,547	3,438	4,413	4,769
Family workers and housewives	156	6,131	6,441	6,244	6,938	7,227	7,810
Not reported	151	17	10	4	12	8	9

[1] Subject to revision.
[2] Includes spine, neck, head, facial disfigurement, dwarf.

Source: Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Office of Vocational Rehabilitation.

No. 374.—Vocational Rehabilitation of Disabled Persons—Number and Grants to States and Other Areas: 1957

[For year ending June 30. Excludes training grants totaling $2,938,076 and special project grants totaling $1,999,046]

State or other area	Number rehabilitated	Number in process of rehabilitation on June 30	Grants ($1,000)					
			Total	Type of agency		Type of grant		
				State boards of vocational education	State agencies for the blind	Support grants	Extension and improvement grants	Expansion grants [1]
Total	70,940	144,588	37,052	32,397	4,655	34,848	1,207	997
Alabama	2,070	4,934	1,318	1,318	----------	1,271	27	20
Arizona	439	765	288	261	27	273	9	6
Arkansas	1,501	2,015	888	888	----------	866	16	6
California	1,567	5,554	2,267	2,267	----------	2,072	116	79
Colorado	696	1,207	312	238	74	284	11	17
Connecticut	1,016	2,425	396	352	44	363	20	13
Delaware	502	698	192	154	38	183	5	4
District of Columbia	340	851	249	249	----------	242	----------	7
Florida	2,114	4,094	1,166	837	329	1,113	31	22
Georgia	5,326	5,578	1,940	1,940	----------	1,884	32	24
Idaho	173	418	88	77	11	85	----------	3
Illinois	4,207	7,407	1,608	1,608	----------	1,517	36	55
Indiana	1,181	2,699	511	455	56	469	27	15
Iowa	1,077	2,408	592	567	25	553	24	15
Kansas	625	1,468	383	286	97	355	18	10
Kentucky	871	1,812	398	398	----------	358	27	13
Louisiana	1,712	4,521	1,030	913	117	1,018	----------	12
Maine	247	843	239	194	45	227	8	4
Maryland	1,218	2,833	406	406	----------	389	----------	17
Massachusetts	1,027	2,424	699	609	90	621	45	33
Michigan	3,355	5,676	1,355	1,244	111	1,236	64	55
Minnesota	1,045	3,431	846	667	179	806	22	18
Mississippi	1,184	2,088	573	352	221	563	----------	10
Missouri	1,420	2,338	775	571	204	727	19	29
Montana	421	760	180	150	30	174	6	----------
Nebraska	672	1,441	262	193	69	237	12	13
Nevada	54	118	36	36	----------	31	5	----------
New Hampshire	118	408	98	74	24	89	5	4
New Jersey	877	2,045	870	725	145	828	16	26
New Mexico	303	341	185	152	33	161	3	21
New York	4,703	7,773	2,495	2,071	424	2,274	143	78
North Carolina	3,298	7,185	1,495	960	535	1,432	38	25
North Dakota	274	633	227	227	----------	224	3	----------
Ohio	1,378	2,693	780	547	233	691	35	54
Oklahoma	1,396	4,828	730	730	----------	708	17	5
Oregon	693	1,764	446	396	50	422	14	10
Pennsylvania	6,024	11,956	3,166	2,575	591	2,980	99	87
Rhode Island	464	918	241	206	35	229	7	5
South Carolina	1,623	3,163	654	609	45	633	12	9
South Dakota	188	662	155	121	34	146	6	3
Tennessee	2,199	3,112	913	708	205	870	21	22
Texas	2,440	6,665	1,159	911	248	1,033	70	56
Utah	347	800	211	211	----------	201	6	4
Vermont	190	457	166	138	28	161	5	----------
Virginia	2,351	4,342	1,069	1,007	62	1,010	32	27
Washington	1,044	2,231	608	516	92	575	18	15
West Virginia	2,171	5,430	795	795	----------	768	17	10
Wisconsin	1,434	3,276	825	752	73	770	33	22
Wyoming	201	261	94	94	----------	94	----------	----------
Alaska	81	178	108	108	----------	102	5	1
Hawaii	215	415	186	155	31	179	5	2
Puerto Rico	868	2,243	372	372	----------	344	17	11
Virgin Islands	----------	3	7	7	----------	7	----------	----------

[1] Includes grants to nonprofit agencies for projects developed in cooperation with State boards of vocational education or State agencies for the blind.

Source: Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Office of Vocational Rehabilitation.

No. 375.—American National Red Cross—Summary of Membership, Income, and Expenditures: 1945 to 1957

[In thousands. For years ending June 30. The national organization's financial plan provides for a general fund balance to meet national emergencies or other extraordinary circumstances. Excess of income is transferred to, an excess of expenditures is financed from, this fund]

ITEM	1945	1950	1951	1952	1953	1954	1955	1956	1957
Membership, total	56,550	37,374	37,970	40,452	41,582	44,453	45,000	45,000	[1] 45,000
Adult	36,645	18,090	18,635	20,829	20,894	23,196	23,000	23,000	[1] 23,000
Junior	19,905	19,284	19,335	19,623	20,688	21,257	22,000	22,000	[1] 22,000
Income, total [2]	$165,629	$31,266	$32,788	$43,225	$42,053	$47,623	$40,514	$54,213	$48,214
Contributions, total	163,503	28,959	30,500	41,697	40,626	44,874	38,771	52,237	45,665
From fund campaigns	162,177	28,662	30,162	34,068	39,978	43,389	37,876	35,107	40,532
For disaster relief operations	116	32	51	7,371	338	1,070	608	16,664	4,830
For Junior Red Cross program	819	247	223	203	245	293	242	238	255
Other contributions	391	18	63	55	65	122	45	228	48
Other income	2,126	2,307	2,288	1,528	1,427	2,749	1,743	1,976	2,549
Expenditures, total [3]	130,671	39,561	45,917	56,948	40,373	42,821	40,995	67,842	51,364
Services to Armed Forces and veterans	112,345	12,428	16,613	18,267	16,128	18,170	16,792	16,937	17,535
Disaster preparedness and relief	3,463	5,589	3,765	19,039	5,440	1,930	5,888	31,076	15,884
Blood program	29	5,847	9,847	6,437	6,589	9,917	6,161	5,405	4,456
Health and safety services	2,610	1,774	1,962	1,798	1,388	1,290	1,277	1,270	1,354
Junior Red Cross	988	1,124	925	780	507	713	541	601	765
Volunteer services	374	2,356	3,077	3,515	3,735	4,636	4,677	4,271	4,820
Services and assistance to chapters	2,097								
Public information and fund raising	2,253	1,137	1,108	1,100	964	1,067	1,064	1,261	1,210
International relations	4,034	375	401	363	221	184	179	186	179
General executive offices	2,478	1,948	1,793	1,451	1,270	1,447	1,424	1,636	1,793
Acquisition and construction of land and buildings	--------	--------	2,418	81	631	-------	110	2,247	290
Operating facilities	--------	6,983	4,008	4,137	3,500	3,467	2,882	2,952	3,078
Excess of income (+) or excess of expenditures (−)	+34,958	−8,295	−13,129	−13,723	+1,680	+4,802	−481	−13,629	−3,150

[1] Estimated. [2] Excludes income of chapters.
[3] Data for chapter budgets not included; additional expenditures by chapters estimated at approximately $49,910,000 for year ending June 30, 1957. Beginning 1950, activities common to all services, such as stenographic section, files, etc., previously prorated to the various services, included with "Operating facilities"; and applicable proportion of cost of telecommunications, duplicating service, insurance, and retirement charged directly to program services.

Source: The American National Red Cross; annual report.

No. 376.—Funds Raised by Community Chest and United Fund Campaigns: 1925 to 1957

[Includes all campaigns for which data are on file with United Community Funds and Councils of America, Incorporated, and campaigns of Canada. Reports of campaign results are based on the total raised in the federated campaign. In cases where an agency such as the Red Cross was included in the joint campaign for only part of its goal, only the amount raised for the agency through the joint campaign is reported]

YEAR	Number of campaigns	RAISED FOR SPECIFIED YEAR		YEAR	Number of campaigns	RAISED FOR SPECIFIED YEAR	
		Amount	Percent of goal			Amount	Percent of goal
1925	240	$58,003,965	94.0	1948	1,010	$177,082,356	95.3
1930	353	75,972,555	95.5	1949	1,152	188,061,328	91.9
1935	406	69,781,478	87.2	1950	1,318	192,933,988	93.1
1940	561	86,297,068	95.3	1951	1,498	212,987,292	94.9
1941	598	90,379,099	98.0	1952	1,500	240,920,220	93.8
1942	632	104,575,890	99.6	1953	1,560	266,124,734	96.1
1943	649	162,334,486	107.0	1954	1,690	287,539,960	96.7
1944	703	210,415,187	100.9	1955	1,858	302,023,059	95.9
1945	772	221,272,950	101.9	1956	1,939	339,706,067	98.4
1946	798	197,048,839	89.8	1957	1,961	378,382,274	98.1
1947	841	168,521,984	96.6				

Source: United Community Funds and Councils of America, Inc., New York, N. Y.; annual directory.

No. 377.—Number of Community Chest and United Fund Campaigns, and Amount Raised, by States: 1950 to 1957

[Funds in thousands of dollars. See also table 376]

STATE	NUMBER OF CAMPAIGNS					FUNDS RAISED FOR—				
	1950	1954	1955	1956	1957	1950	1954	1955	1956	1957
Total	**1,259**	**1,619**	**1,785**	**1,866**	**1,884**	**181,801**	**272,338**	**284,492**	**320,827**	**353,979**
Alabama	16	19	20	22	22	1,714	2,792	3,411	4,008	4,685
Arizona	5	5	4	6	6	490	795	914	1,248	1,655
Arkansas	11	10	11	10	11	829	1,051	1,068	1,177	1,232
California	119	124	119	121	108	16,322	25,727	26,543	29,077	30,946
Colorado	7	8	7	6	5	1,882	2,721	2,813	2,971	3,195
Connecticut	20	30	32	33	33	4,599	6,453	6,463	7,804	8,181
Delaware	1	2	2	2	2	870	1,155	1,204	1,375	1,509
Dist. of Columbia	1	1	1	1	1	3,574	3,852	3,809	4,046	6,601
Florida	17	21	19	20	22	2,093	3,678	4,065	4,705	6,044
Georgia	23	21	22	25	25	2,239	3,655	3,808	4,417	4,881
Idaho	9	5	5	4	5	246	154	156	219	224
Illinois	79	112	122	123	123	11,579	15,050	15,407	16,412	17,493
Indiana	39	43	43	45	47	4,213	6,585	6,600	7,549	9,061
Iowa	38	75	121	128	129	2,472	3,955	4,496	4,653	4,928
Kansas	22	27	32	36	37	1,197	2,197	2,387	2,576	2,353
Kentucky	19	20	20	21	21	1,861	2,337	2,612	2,881	2,811
Louisiana	7	8	10	11	12	2,010	4,260	4,908	5,110	5,322
Maine	6	8	8	9	10	557	781	815	959	1,286
Maryland	8	8	9	8	9	2,258	2,806	3,941	4,245	4,557
Massachusetts	38	46	48	50	49	9,606	12,307	12,507	13,113	13,706
Michigan	116	103	116	119	103	14,000	21,522	22,097	25,423	26,322
Minnesota	33	41	92	91	85	4,422	5,567	5,854	6,127	6,419
Mississippi	10	13	12	12	12	488	1,004	1,003	996	1,051
Missouri	17	24	25	27	30	7,005	10,328	10,573	13,325	14,124
Montana	6	7	7	7	7	304	375	365	385	384
Nebraska	10	11	13	14	15	1,229	1,888	1,953	2,388	2,551
Nevada	3	3	3	3	3	185	206	220	242	312
New Hampshire	8	9	8	7	8	363	473	485	499	538
New Jersey	39	45	55	55	57	5,950	8,711	8,930	9,380	9,744
New Mexico	5	7	8	8	9	192	371	431	508	659
New York	82	103	109	109	116	11,275	16,586	17,821	20,135	21,793
North Carolina	27	51	53	57	61	1,735	4,754	4,823	5,174	6,227
North Dakota	6	10	11	12	12	205	325	331	341	393
Ohio	81	110	106	110	111	16,190	25,311	25,650	29,774	32,474
Oklahoma	18	25	26	32	41	1,605	3,112	3,167	3,528	3,805
Oregon	10	44	37	29	29	1,846	3,757	4,055	4,508	4,547
Pennsylvania	95	105	122	120	117	20,164	26,027	26,189	31,077	38,570
Rhode Island	4	5	6	6	6	1,457	1,749	1,935	2,487	2,609
South Carolina	12	18	19	22	23	842	1,478	1,745	2,095	2,510
South Dakota	6	6	6	7	8	218	334	357	388	476
Tennessee	13	16	16	19	21	2,380	3,558	4,398	4,649	5,339
Texas	44	97	106	145	161	7,069	14,512	15,411	17,743	19,056
Utah	2	2	2	2	2	373	461	622	931	940
Vermont	5	4	4	5	5	200	222	237	282	312
Virginia	32	35	35	34	35	2,899	3,570	3,525	4,174	4,557
Washington	30	28	28	28	26	3,121	5,844	6,185	6,707	7,531
West Virginia	14	13	13	12	14	994	1,305	1,257	1,540	1,883
Wisconsin	43	86	87	88	85	4,381	6,518	6,766	7,262	7,962
Wyoming	3	5	5	5	5	97	161	176	214	221

Source: United Community Funds and Councils of America, Inc., New York; annual directory.

No. 378.—Foundations—Decade Established and Latest Resource Class

[Excludes those which have ceased functioning. A foundation is a non-profit legal entity having a principal fund of its own, or receiving charitable contributions of a living founder or founders, which is governed by its own trustees or directors, and which has been established to serve the welfare of mankind. Excludes endowed religious and educational institutions, those which solicit or appeal for endowment or operating funds, and those which conduct a clinical or other local program or benefit solely a single institution or group. Data are admittedly incomplete in coverage with respect to foundations which meet the above specifications. It is estimated that approximately 7,300 are in existence which would qualify for inclusion under these standards]

Resource class	Total	Decade established							
		Prior to 1900	1900 to 1909	1910 to 1919	1920 to 1929	1930 to 1939	1940 to 1949	1950 and later	Unknown
Total foundations reporting	4,164	10	16	75	169	330	2,502	814	248
Assets under $1,000,000 or grants under $50,000	3,311	4	6	30	79	196	2,118	653	225
Assets of $1,000,000 to $9,999,999 or grants of $50,000 and over	640	5	2	30	68	110	342	68	15
Assets of $10,000,000 and over	78	1	7	12	12	20	19	6	1
Unknown	135	-------	1	3	10	4	23	87	7
Foundations reporting a company donor[1]	763	-------	-------	5	6	29	495	189	39
Assets under $1,000,000 or grants under $50,000	591	-------	-------	1	4	17	395	137	37
Assets of $1,000,000 to $9,999,999 or grants of $50,000 and over	138	-------	-------	1	2	9	94	30	2
Assets of $10,000,000 and over	10	-------	-------	3	-------	1	5	1	-------
Unknown	24	-------	-------	-------	-------	2	1	21	-------

[1] Comprises foundations receiving gifts from corporations, exclusively or otherwise.

No. 379.—Foundations—Expenditures and Grants, by States and for Hawaii

[**Amounts in thousands of dollars.** For latest year reported. See headnote, table 378]

State or other area	Expenditures[1]		Grants	
	Foundations reporting	Amount	Foundations reporting	Amount
Total	3,795	371,367	3,764	308,649
N. E.	290	12,965	283	11,021
Maine	3	129	3	73
N. H	7	159	6	134
Vt	5	75	4	31
Mass	156	7,974	154	6,710
R. I	35	623	34	598
Conn	84	4,005	82	3,475
M. A.	1,463	220,973	1,452	192,806
N. Y	1,178	193,185	1,170	171,221
N. Y. City	1,082	188,072	1,077	167,103
N. J	100	2,123	99	2,191
Pa	185	25,665	183	19,394
E. N. C.	814	65,814	806	48,699
Ohio	140	23,968	136	8,028
Ind	30	2,878	31	2,182
Ill	342	15,053	341	15,805
Mich	222	21,641	212	20,315
Wis	80	2,274	86	2,369
W. N. C.	203	8,743	209	6,444
Minn	75	4,474	77	3,202
Iowa	32	599	30	608
Mo	75	2,885	82	2,237
N. Dak	2	10	2	9
S. Dak	1	12	1	5
Nebr	12	593	12	227
Kans	6	170	5	156
S. A.	496	33,358	481	25,630
Del	23	1,320	21	948
Md	140	2,258	142	2,313
D. C	43	16,706	42	11,490
S. A.—Con.				
Va	40	1,176	41	1,041
W. Va	3	32	3	27
N. C	72	5,342	67	4,685
S. C	40	846	37	682
Ga	80	4,755	79	3,984
Fla	55	923	49	450
E. S. C.	102	2,672	99	3,084
Ky	28	530	26	340
Tenn	41	709	41	1,935
Ala	19	1,147	19	549
Miss	14	286	13	260
W. S. C.	176	15,143	170	10,081
Ark	19	933	19	901
La	26	1,117	26	999
Okla	15	304	15	258
Tex	116	12,789	110	7,923
Mt.	80	4,743	86	4,033
Mont	-------	-------	-------	-------
Idaho	6	81	6	64
Wyo	-------	-------	1	32
Colo	54	2,496	56	1,881
N. Mex	4	9	5	10
Ariz	8	118	9	88
Utah	6	55	7	63
Nev	2	1,984	2	1,895
Pac.	168	6,779	175	6,692
Wash	22	269	21	189
Oreg	13	277	14	243
Calif	133	6,233	140	6,260
Hawaii	3	175	3	160

[1] Comprises administrative expenses and grants. In those instances where foundations reported grants made and did not report expenditures, the figures were included only in the totals for grants. As a result, total grants for certain States are greater than total expenditures.

Source of tables 378 and 379: Wilmer Shields Rich, *American Foundations and Their Fields (Seventh Edition)* (Copyright 1955 by American Foundations Information Service.)

Section *11*

Income, Expenditures, and Wealth

This section presents statistics relating to two different aspects of income and expenditures: Those which in aggregate reflect the entire complex of the Nation's economic activities and the interaction of its major components (the national income and product system and the flow-of-funds system); and those showing the distribution of families and individuals by income size-classes or type of expenditure. It also includes statistics on national wealth.

The primary source for national income and product information is the Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics' monthly *Survey of Current Business*. Each July issue of the *Survey* is identified as the *National Income Number* and contains the most recent and detailed statistics on this subject.

A further development of the general body of national income data appears in *Income Distribution in the United States, 1944–50*, a supplement to the *Survey*, which presents personal income data classified by income size-groups. More recent data are presented in the *Survey of Current Business* for March 1955 and June 1956.

The primary source for flow-of-funds data is the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System; the *Federal Reserve Bulletin* from time to time presents summarized versions of these data. Detailed historical data appear in *Flow of Funds in the United States, 1939–53*.

A primary source for data on distribution of income by size-class is the Bureau of the Census, *Current Population Reports—Consumer Income*, Series P–60. A brief discussion of the Current Population Survey which is the basis for the data in the above report appears in the Technical Note on page 201 and also on page 2. Another primary source for information in this field is the national Survey of Consumer Finances conducted annually since 1946 for the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System by the Survey Research Center of the University of Michigan. This survey consists of a sample of approximately 2,700 family units or 3,000 spending units located in 66 sampling areas. Survey findings are published in the *Federal Reserve Bulletin* and include information regarding debts, instalment credit, purchases, liquid assets, and other financial matters, in addition to income of families.

A national survey of urban family income, expenditures, and savings was made by the Bureau of Labor Statistics for 1950. Preliminary results were published in BLS Bulletin 1097 (Revised), *Family Income, Expenditures, and Savings in 1950*. Final data for this survey appear in *Study of Consumer Expenditures, Income, and Savings* (18 volumes), issued by the Wharton School of Finance and Commerce of the University of Pennsylvania. (See table 396 for selected data from this study.) Family expenditures data for selected cities from 1946 to 1949 have been published in BLS Bulletin No. 1065, *Family Income, Expenditures, and Savings in 10 Cities*.

National income and product.—A synoptic view of the economy is provided by the summary of the Nation's income, expenditure, and saving shown in the form of a balancing set of accounts for the major economic categories—consumers, business, and government. (See table 380.) These statistics assembled by the Council of

Note.—This section presents data for the most recent year or period available on March 31, 1958, when the material was organized and sent to the printer.

Economic Advisers are based on the "national income and product" accounts of the Department of Commerce. An explanation of the items included in this summation may be found in the 1957 *Historical and Descriptive Supplement to Economic Indicators*, 85th Congress, 1st Session.

Gross national product.—Gross national product (called GNP) represents the total national output of goods and services at market prices. It measures this output in terms of the expenditures by which these goods are acquired. These expenditures comprise the purchases of goods and services by consumers and government, gross private domestic investment, and net foreign investment. The goods and services included in GNP are, for the most part, those actually bought for final use (excluding illegal transactions) in the markets. There are a number of inclusions, however, which represent imputed values, the most important of which is the rental value of owner-occupied dwellings. GNP, the total national output, also measures the product attributable to the factors of production—labor and property—supplied by residents of continental United States. GNP differs from "national income," described below, mainly in that GNP includes allowances for depreciation and similar capital consumption and for indirect taxes (such as sales and excise taxes).

National income.—National income is the aggregate of earnings by labor and property from the current production of goods and services by the Nation's economy. It is the sum represented by compensation of employees, proprietors' income, rental income, net interest, and corporate profits. Thus, it measures the total factor costs of the goods and services produced by the economy. Earnings are inclusive of taxes on those earnings.

Personal income.—Personal income is the current income received by individuals, by unincorporated businesses, and by nonprofit institutions (including pension, trust, and welfare funds) from all sources. It includes transfers (payments not resulting from current production) from government and business such as social-security benefits, military pensions, etc., but excludes transfers among persons. Although most of the income is in monetary form, there are important nonmonetary inclusions—chiefly, estimated net rental value to owner-occupants of their homes and the value of food consumed on farms.

Disposable personal income is equal to personal income less taxes on individuals (including income, property, and other taxes not deductible as business expense), and other general Government revenues (e. g., fines, penalties, etc.) received from individuals as individuals.

Flow-of-funds accounts.—Another synoptic view of the economy is provided by a summary of the flow-of-funds accounts. This system of national accounts presents a record designed to picture the flow of funds through the major sectors of the national economy. The system records all transactions that involve at least two separate economic units (e. g., persons, firms) and that are effected through the use of credit or money. The transactions covered include transactions in financial instruments, existing assets, and transfers of various kinds, as well as transactions involving currently produced goods and services. The purpose of the system is to provide an aid in analyzing the flows of funds through the economy and in relating financial developments in the economy to the flows of income and expenditures.

Distribution of income by size-class.—These statistics are based on data collected in various field surveys of income conducted since 1936. In each of these field surveys trained enumerators interview representative samples of the population with respect to income received during the previous year. The income here referred to is consumer money income for the calendar year and is before deduction of income taxes or social security taxes. Nonmoney items of income are not covered. None of the aggregate income concepts (gross national product, national income, or personal income) is exactly comparable with consumer money income. The nearest approximation is "personal income."

A size distribution of family "personal income" (less amounts received by institutional residents or retained by private trust, pension, health, and welfare funds) is prepared by the Office of Business Economics based on data from consolidated Federal individual income tax returns and the sample data from the surveys mentioned above. These are described in *Income Distribution in the United States, 1944–1950* mentioned above. Detailed statistics, including information on Federal individual income tax liabilities, are available in the March 1955 and June 1956 issues of the *Survey of Current Business.*

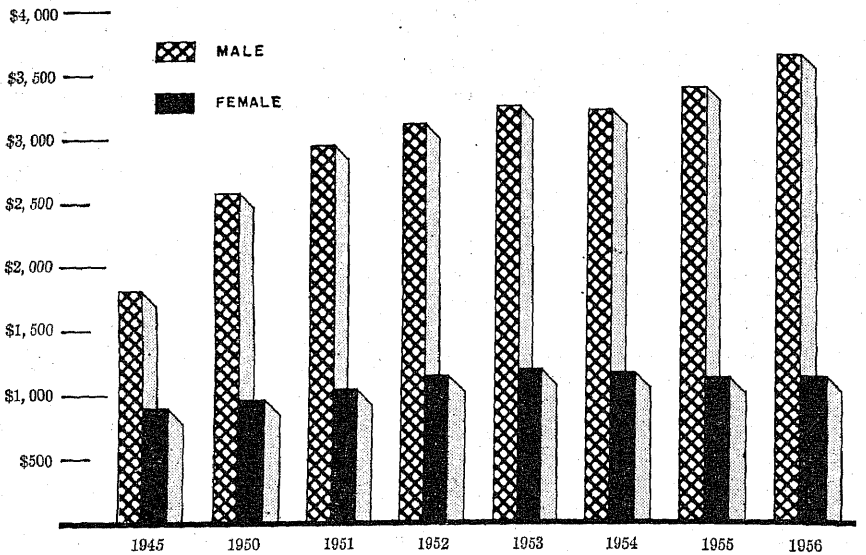
National wealth.—National wealth data are not currently compiled by any Federal government agency. The Bureau of the Census prepared estimates of national wealth for selected years from 1850 to 1922. Figures for various dates covering the period 1880 to 1922, based on the Census Bureau reports, are shown in *Historical Statistics of the United States, 1789–1945.* For the same period, 1880–1922, estimates for certain components of wealth (land, real-estate improvements, and equipment), also largely based on Census Bureau figures, appear in *National Product Since 1869,* by Simon Kuznets, issued by the National Bureau of Economic Research in 1946. More recent data on wealth for the period 1922 to 1938 were compiled by the National Industrial Conference Board and published in *Enterprise and Social Progress,* and in the *Economic Record.* Both the Kuznets estimates and the NICB estimates also appear in *Historical Statistics.* The Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System publishes partial balance sheets, covering financial assets and liabilities, for the various sectors of the economy as part of the flow-of-funds accounts.

The wealth data shown here (tables 412 and 413) represent the most recent attempt to derive a consistent and comprehensive series in this field. They were compiled by Dr. Raymond W. Goldsmith. As is the case in all national wealth estimates, the figures are intended chiefly to indicate the order of magnitudes involved and to permit rough comparisons among types of wealth and of the growth of wealth over long periods. Careful examination of the methods and sources of the estimates, as they are described in the source, *A Study of Saving in the United States,* is therefore advisable before use is made of the figures.

Historical statistics.—Tabular headnotes (as "See also *Historical Statistics, 1789–1945,* series A 101–116") provide cross-references, where applicable, to *Historical Statistics of the United States, 1789–1945,* and its *Continuation to 1952.* See preface.

FIG. XVII.—MEDIAN TOTAL MONEY INCOME OF MEN AND WOMEN: 1945 TO 1956

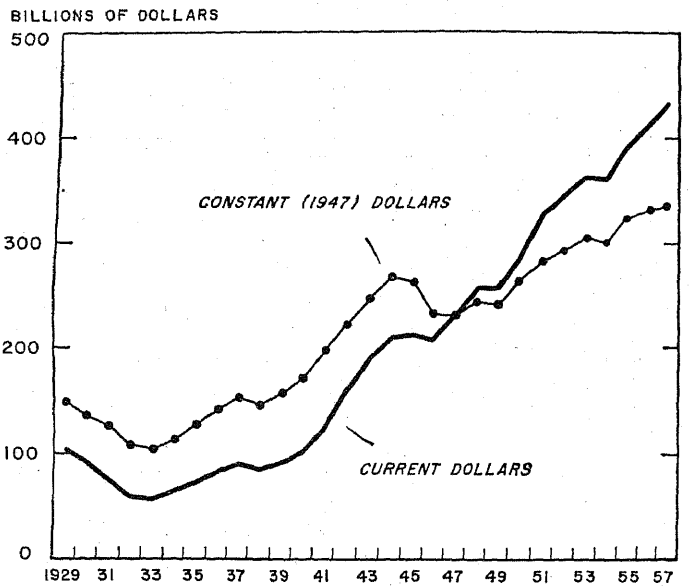
[See table 408]



Source: Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census.

FIG. XVIII.—GROSS NATIONAL PRODUCT IN CURRENT AND CONSTANT DOLLARS: 1929 TO 1957

[See tables 381 and 382]



Source: Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.

No. 380.—The Nation's Income, Expenditure, and Saving: 1955 to 1957

[**In billions of dollars.** Based on national income and product data of Department of Commerce. See text, p. 299]

Economic group	1955			1956			1957 (prel.)		
	Receipts	Expenditures	Excess of receipts (+) or expenditures (−)	Receipts	Expenditures	Excess of receipts (+) or expenditures (−)	Receipts	Expenditures	Excess of receipts (+) or expenditures (−)
Gross national product	391.7	391.7		414.7	414.7		433.9	433.9	
Consumers:									
Disposable personal income	270.2			287.2			300.0		
Personal consumption expenditures		254.4			267.2			280.4	
Personal net saving (+)			15.8			20.0			19.6
Business:									
Gross retained earnings	39.8			40.9			44.0		
Gross private domestic investment		60.6			65.9			63.6	
Excess of investment (−)			−20.8			−25.0			−19.6
International:									
Net foreign investment		−.4			1.4			3.3	
Excess of receipts (+) or investment (−)			.4			−1.4			−3.3
Government (Federal, State, and local): [1]									
Tax and nontax receipts or accruals	101.1			109.0			115.7		
Less: Transfers, interest, and subsidies (net) [2]	21.5			24.0			27.5		
Equals: Net receipts	79.6			85.0			88.2		
Total government expenditures		98.6			104.2			114.1	
Less: Transfers, interest, and subsidies (net) [2]		21.5			24.0			27.5	
Equals: Purchases of goods and services		77.1			80.2			86.6	
Surplus (+) or deficit (−) on income and product account			2.6			4.8			1.7
Statistical discrepancy	2.1		2.1	1.6		1.6	1.7		1.7

[1] Data are on "income and product" account basis rather than cash or conventional budget basis.
[2] Data are subtracted because they are excluded from gross national product.

Source: Executive Office of the President, Council of Economic Advisers; published in *Economic Report of the President*, January 1958.

No. 381.—Gross National Product or Expenditure in Constant (1947) Dollars: 1929 to 1957

[**In billions of 1947 dollars.** Constant dollar figures obtained by dividing current-dollar estimates shown in table 382 in as fine a product classification as possible, by appropriate price indexes based on 1947 as 100, in order to eliminate from the current dollar estimates all price change as compared with 1947. For definition of gross national product, see text, p. 300]

Item	1929	1933	1940	1945	1950	1953	1954	1955	1956	1957 (prel.)
Gross national product	149.3	103.7	171.6	263.1	264.7	305.3	301.3	322.8	332.0	335.2
Personal consumption expenditures	107.3	86.6	122.5	145.2	182.8	197.4	200.9	215.4	222.5	226.1
Durable goods	13.0	6.7	13.5	8.9	27.2	26.7	26.9	32.2	30.5	30.5
Nondurable goods	58.1	49.2	71.6	90.6	97.2	105.4	106.3	111.9	117.0	119.0
Services	36.2	30.8	37.4	45.6	58.4	65.3	67.6	71.3	75.0	76.7
Gross private domestic investment	26.8	2.1	22.8	13.0	45.3	38.5	37.9	46.6	47.6	44.4
New construction	16.1	3.5	10.6	5.0	20.0	19.8	21.4	24.7	24.1	23.2
Producers' durable equipment	8.5	2.9	8.4	9.7	18.3	19.0	17.6	18.1	20.1	20.7
Change in business inventories	2.1	−4.2	3.9	−1.6	7.0	−.3	−1.0	3.8	3.4	.6
Net foreign investment	1.6	.1	2.2	−2.9	−1.1	−.3	1.2	1.3	3.0	4.0
Government purchases of goods and services	13.6	14.9	24.1	107.8	37.7	69.6	61.2	59.4	58.9	60.7
Federal	2.3	4.3	11.0	97.9	20.5	51.1	41.0	37.8	36.3	37.3
State and local	11.2	10.6	13.0	9.9	17.3	18.5	20.2	21.6	22.5	23.4
Gross government product [1]	7.0	8.1	13.0	45.1	18.1	24.6	24.0	23.8	24.0	24.3
Other gross product [2]	142.3	95.6	158.6	218.0	246.6	280.7	277.3	299.0	308.0	310.9

[1] Compensation of general government employees.
[2] Gross national product less compensation of general government employees; i. e., gross product accruing from domestic business, households, and institutions, and from the rest of the world.

Source: Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics; *Survey of Current Business*, July 1957 and February 1958.

No. 382.—Gross National Product or Expenditure in Current Dollars: 1929 to 1957

[**In millions of dollars.** For definition of gross national product, see text, p. 300. See also *Historical Statistics 1789–1945*, series A 101–116]

ITEM	1929	1930	1933	1935	1940	1945	1946	1947	1948
Gross national product	104,436	91,105	55,964	72,502	100,618	213,558	209,246	232,228	257,325
Personal consumption expenditures	78,952	70,968	46,392	56,289	71,881	121,699	146,617	164,973	177,609
Durable goods	9,212	7,155	3,469	5,111	7,771	8,105	15,892	20,593	22,214
Nondurable goods	37,677	34,010	22,251	29,319	37,215	73,222	84,501	93,077	98,741
Services	32,063	29,803	20,672	21,859	26,895	40,372	46,224	51,303	56,654
Gross private domestic investment	16,231	10,265	1,391	6,277	13,155	10,430	27,125	29,705	41,176
New construction	8,707	6,183	1,431	2,299	5,452	3,833	10,291	14,029	17,904
Producers' durable equipment	5,850	4,465	1,589	3,066	5,531	7,654	10,733	16,667	19,110
Change in business inventories	1,674	−383	−1,629	912	2,172	−1,057	6,101	−991	4,162
Net foreign investment	771	690	150	−54	1,509	−1,438	4,586	8,942	1,956
Government purchases of goods and services	8,482	9,182	8,031	9,990	14,073	82,867	30,918	28,608	36,584
Federal	1,311	1,410	2,018	2,931	6,170	74,796	20,934	15,776	21,019
National security	1,344	1,432	2,022	2,935	2,223	75,923	21,188	13,349	15,984
Other					3,956	1,031	2,469	3,751	5,570
Less: Government sales	33	22	4	4	9	2,158	2,723	1,324	535
State and local	7,171	7,772	6,013	7,059	7,903	8,071	9,984	12,832	15,565

ITEM	1949	1950	1951	1952	1953	1954	1955	1956	1957 (prel.)
Gross national product	257,301	285,067	328,232	345,445	363,218	361,167	391,692	414,686	434,400
Personal consumption expenditures	180,598	194,026	208,342	218,328	230,542	236,557	254,421	267,160	280,460
Durable goods	23,573	28,608	27,148	26,641	29,811	29,354	35,649	33,948	35,100
Nondurable goods	96,879	100,386	111,054	116,110	119,055	120,571	125,968	133,337	139,900
Services	60,146	65,032	70,140	75,577	81,676	86,632	92,804	99,875	105,400
Gross private domestic investment	32,549	51,219	56,864	49,808	50,325	48,381	60,605	65,923	64,400
New construction	17,453	22,733	23,332	23,723	25,778	27,806	32,672	33,276	33,200
Producers' durable equipment	17,833	21,135	23,177	23,116	24,293	22,490	23,701	28,093	30,400
Change in business inventories	−2,737	7,351	10,355	2,969	254	−1,915	4,232	4,554	800
Net foreign investment	534	−2,201	227	−164	−2,017	−412	−420	1,376	3,200
Government purchases of goods and services	43,620	42,023	62,799	77,473	84,368	76,641	77,086	80,227	86,400
Federal	25,445	22,138	40,995	54,260	59,481	48,928	46,785	47,199	50,400
National security	19,288	18,511	37,260	48,823	51,475	43,065	41,269	42,405	45,700
Other	6,570	3,882	4,154	5,792	8,423	6,242	5,934	5,192	5,200
Less: Government sales	413	255	419	355	417	379	418	398	400
State and local	18,175	19,885	21,804	23,213	24,887	27,713	30,301	33,028	36,000

Source: Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics; *Survey of Current Business*, July 1957 and February 1958.

No. 383.—Per Capita Income and Product for Selected Items in Current and Constant (1947) Dollars: 1929 to 1957

[For population figures used to derive these data, see table 389]

ITEM	1929	1933	1940	1945	1950	1954	1955	1956	1957 (prel.)
CURRENT DOLLARS									
Gross national product	857	445	762	1,526	1,879	2,224	2,370	2,466	2,537
National income	721	320	618	1,295	1,582	1,841	1,961	2,043	2,091
Personal income	764	376	596	1,224	1,497	1,770	1,851	1,944	2,006
Disposable personal income	682	364	576	1,075	1,359	1,567	1,635	1,708	1,756
Personal consumption expenditures	648	369	544	870	1,279	1,456	1,539	1,589	1,638
CONSTANT (1947) DOLLARS									
Gross national product	1,225	825	1,299	1,880	1,745	1,855	1,953	1,974	1,958
Disposable personal income [1]	927	679	981	1,283	1,280	1,331	1,384	1,422	1,416
Personal consumption expenditures	880	689	927	1,038	1,205	1,237	1,303	1,323	1,320

[1] Figures obtained by dividing current-dollar disposable personal income by the implicit price deflator for personal consumption expenditures.

Source: Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics; *Survey of Current Business*, July 1957 and February 1958.

No. 384.—Relation of Gross National Product, National Income, and Personal Income: 1929 to 1957

[In millions of dollars. For definitions of gross national product, national income, and personal income, see text, p. 300]

ITEM	1929	1933	1940	1945	1950	1954	1955	1956	1957 (prel.)
Gross national product	104,436	55,964	100,618	213,558	285,067	361,167	391,682	414,686	434,400
Less:									
Capital consumption allowances	8,617	7,161	8,148	12,549	20,516	28,923	31,611	34,266	37,100
Depreciation charges	7,698	6,661	7,316	11,246	18,042	25,591	28,110	30,588	33,300
Accidental damage to fixed capital	413	275	246	381	616	917	1,055	746	3,800
Capital outlays charged to current expense	506	225	586	922	1,858	2,415	2,446	2,932	
Equals: Net national product	95,819	48,803	92,470	201,009	264,551	332,244	360,081	380,420	397,300
Plus: Subsidies minus current surplus of Government enterprises	−147	18	420	760	204	−232	233	1,102	1,300
Less:									
Indirect business tax and nontax liability	7,003	7,055	10,021	15,522	23,741	30,133	32,862	35,000	36,900
Business transfer payments	587	659	431	532	843	1,262	1,303	1,303	1,300
Statistical discrepancy	268	948	804	4,467	215	1,662	2,081	1,599	(1)
Equals: National income	87,814	40,159	81,634	181,248	239,956	298,955	324,068	343,620	358,000
Less:									
Undistributed corporate profits	2,446	−2,426	2,443	3,597	12,934	6,149	9,905	9,175	(1)
Corporate profits tax liability	1,369	521	2,834	10,689	17,829	17,429	21,520	21,959	(1)
Corporate inventory valuation adjustment	472	−2,143	−200	−564	−4,864	−318	−1,749	−2,559	(1)
Contributions for social insurance	243	285	2,282	6,138	6,870	9,695	11,013	12,352	14,400
Excess of wage accruals over disbursements	0	0	0	14	0	0	0	0	0
Plus:									
Net interest paid by Government	933	1,170	1,291	3,683	4,716	5,194	5,209	5,739	6,000
Government transfer payments	909	1,457	2,683	5,633	14,304	14,961	16,051	17,150	19,900
Business transfer payments	587	659	431	532	843	1,262	1,303	1,303	1,300
Equals: Personal income	85,763	47,208	78,680	171,222	227,050	287,417	305,942	326,885	343,400

[1] Not available.

No. 385.—Personal Income and Disposition of Income: 1929 to 1957

[In millions of dollars. For definition of personal income, see text, p. 300. See also *Historical Statistics, 1789–1945*, series A 134–144]

ITEM	1929	1933	1940	1945	1950	1954	1955	1956	1957 (prel.)
Personal income	85,763	47,208	78,680	171,222	227,050	287,417	305,942	326,885	343,400
Wage and salary disbursements	50,423	28,997	49,818	117,563	146,526	195,513	210,339	227,237	238,800
Other labor income [1]	561	409	687	1,799	3,823	6,214	6,917	7,519	8,000
Proprietors' and rental income [2]	20,184	7,570	15,895	36,469	44,613	49,145	49,395	49,939	51,200
Dividends	5,813	2,056	4,043	4,691	9,207	9,874	11,048	11,874	12,100
Personal interest income	7,428	6,212	5,781	6,868	10,628	15,021	16,086	17,599	18,800
Transfer payments [3]	1,496	2,116	3,114	6,165	15,147	16,223	17,354	18,453	21,200
Less: Personal contributions for social insurance [4]	142	152	658	2,333	2,894	4,573	5,197	5,736	6,800
Less:									
Personal tax and nontax payments	2,643	1,464	2,604	20,867	20,920	32,954	35,753	39,683	42,800
Federal	1,263	474	1,364	19,379	18,179	29,155	31,521	35,110	37,800
State and local	1,380	990	1,240	1,488	2,741	3,799	4,232	4,573	5,000
Equals: Disposable personal income	83,120	45,744	76,076	150,355	206,130	254,463	270,189	287,202	300,600
Less: Personal consumption expenditures	78,952	46,392	71,881	121,699	194,026	236,557	254,421	267,160	280,400
Equals: Personal saving	4,168	−648	4,195	28,656	12,104	17,906	15,768	20,042	20,200

[1] Comprises compensation for injuries, employer contributions under private pension and related plans, and other payments.

[2] Comprises business and professional income, farm income, and rental income of persons; also the noncorporate inventory valuation adjustment.

[3] Comprises government social insurance benefits, direct relief, mustering-out pay, veterans' readjustment allowances and other payments, as well as consumer bad debts and other business transfers.

[4] Through 1950 represents employee contributions only; thereafter, also includes personal contributions of self-employed persons.

Source of tables 384 and 385: Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics; *Survey of Current Business*, July 1957 and February 1958.

No. 386.—National Income by Distributive Shares: 1929 to 1957

[*In millions of dollars.* For definition of national income, see text, p. 300. See also *Historical Statistics, 1789–1945*, series A 117-133]

ITEM	1929	1930	1933	1935	1940	1945	1946	1947	1948
National income	87,814	75,729	40,159	57,057	81,634	181,248	179,577	197,168	221,641
Compensation of employees	51,085	46,844	29,539	37,340	52,129	123,181	117,697	128,757	140,927
Wages and salaries	50,423	46,187	28,997	36,690	49,818	117,577	111,836	122,858	135,172
Private	45,485	41,033	23,855	30,189	41,395	82,664	91,241	105,512	116,424
Military	308	311	267	303	563	21,819	7,818	4,067	3,970
Government civilian [1]	4,630	4,843	4,875	6,198	7,860	13,094	12,777	13,279	14,778
Supplements to wages and salaries	662	657	542	650	2,311	5,604	5,861	5,899	5,755
Employer contributions for social insurance	101	106	133	171	1,624	3,805	3,970	3,565	3,042
Other labor income	561	551	409	479	687	1,799	1,891	2,334	2,713
Income of unincorporated enterprises and inventory valuation adjustment	14,759	11,540	5,599	10,387	13,010	30,835	35,265	34,433	38,389
Business and professional	8,791	7,410	3,166	5,351	8,442	19,011	21,321	19,948	21,649
Income of unincorporated enterprises	8,649	6,655	3,691	5,401	8,487	19,117	23,026	21,419	22,061
Inventory valuation adjustment	142	755	−525	−50	−45	−106	−1,705	−1,471	−412
Farm [2]	5,968	4,130	2,433	5,036	4,568	11,824	13,944	14,485	16,740
Rental income of persons	5,425	4,778	1,971	1,661	2,885	5,634	6,208	6,510	7,198
Corporate profits and inventory valuation adjustment	10,100	6,582	−1,992	2,918	9,120	18,413	17,288	23,626	30,619
Corporate profits before tax	9,628	3,322	151	3,145	9,320	18,977	22,551	29,525	32,769
Corporate profits tax liability	1,369	842	521	951	2,834	10,689	9,111	11,283	12,510
Corporate profits after tax	8,259	2,480	−370	2,194	6,486	8,288	13,440	18,242	20,259
Dividends	5,813	5,490	2,056	2,863	4,043	4,691	5,784	6,521	7,248
Undistributed profits	2,446	−3,010	−2,426	−669	2,443	3,597	7,656	11,721	13,011
Inventory valuation adjustment	472	3,260	−2,143	−227	−200	−564	−5,263	−5,899	−2,150
Net interest	6,445	5,985	5,042	4,751	4,490	3,185	3,119	3,842	4,508

ITEM	1949	1950	1951	1952	1953	1954	1955	1956	1957 (prel.)
National income	216,193	239,956	277,041	290,177	302,129	298,955	324,068	343,620	358,000
Compensation of employees	140,858	154,325	180,420	195,095	208,069	206,849	223,072	241,372	254,400
Wages and salaries	134,334	146,526	170,881	184,918	197,287	195,513	210,339	227,237	238,800
Private	113,873	124,297	142,050	151,987	163,466	161,183	174,446	189,383	199,000
Military	4,248	4,999	8,684	10,472	10,337	9,951	9,778	9,702	9,700
Government civilian [1]	16,213	17,230	20,147	22,459	23,484	24,379	26,115	28,152	30,100
Supplements to wages and salaries	6,524	7,799	9,539	10,177	10,782	11,336	12,733	14,135	15,600
Employer contributions for social insurance	3,503	3,976	4,753	4,861	4,788	5,122	5,816	6,616	7,700
Other labor income	3,021	3,823	4,786	5,316	5,994	6,214	6,917	7,519	8,000
Income of unincorporated enterprises and inventory valuation adjustment	34,149	36,140	40,809	40,852	39,171	38,560	39,191	39,617	40,800
Business and professional	21,431	22,855	24,791	25,732	25,908	25,876	27,339	28,017	28,700
Income of unincorporated enterprises	20,963	23,989	25,135	25,519	26,098	25,930	27,597	28,577	(3)
Inventory valuation adjustment	468	−1,134	−344	213	−190	−54	−258	−560	(3)
Farm [2]	12,718	13,285	16,018	15,120	13,263	12,684	11,852	11,600	12,100
Rental income of persons	7,874	8,473	9,129	9,906	10,152	10,585	10,204	10,322	10,400
Corporate profits and inventory valuation adjustment	28,141	35,106	39,913	36,903	36,042	33,134	40,724	40,449	39,700
Corporate profits before tax	26,198	39,970	41,173	35,936	37,039	33,452	42,473	43,008	41,200
Corporate profits tax liability	10,411	17,829	22,476	19,788	20,304	17,429	21,520	21,959	21,000
Corporate profits after tax	15,787	22,141	18,697	16,148	16,735	16,023	20,953	21,049	20,200
Dividends	7,458	9,207	9,090	9,000	9,310	9,874	11,048	11,874	12,100
Undistributed profits	8,329	12,934	9,607	7,148	7,425	6,149	9,905	9,175	8,100
Inventory valuation adjustment	1,943	−4,864	−1,260	967	−997	−318	−1,749	−2,559	−1,500
Net interest	5,171	5,912	6,770	7,421	8,695	9,827	10,877	11,860	12,800

[1] Comprises pay of employees of government enterprises and of permanent U. S. residents employed in U. S. by foreign governments and international organizations.
[2] Inventory valuation adjustment data for farms are not available separately.
[3] Not available.

Source: Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics; *Survey of Current Business*, July 1957 and February 1958.

No. 387.—National Income by Industrial Origin: 1929 to 1957

[**In millions of dollars.** National income (for definition, see text, p. 300) originating in each industry is the sum of factor costs incurred by the industry in production. Hence, it is net value added to production by industry, measured at factor costs]

INDUSTRIAL DIVISION	1929	1933	1940	1945	1950	1954	1955	1956	1957 (prel.)
All industries, total	**87,814**	**40,159**	**81,634**	**181,248**	**239,956**	**298,955**	**324,068**	**343,620**	**358,000**
Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries	8,278	3,713	6,247	14,889	17,232	16,892	16,166	16,084	16,800
Farms	8,083	3,590	6,073	14,526	16,673	16,138	15,377	15,209	(1)
Mining	2,048	647	1,868	2,717	4,998	4,868	5,447	6,050	6,200
Metal	466	38	440	334	693	733	994	1,123	(1)
Anthracite	284	130	138	219	277	159	139	166	(1)
Bituminous and other soft coal	649	257	621	1,195	1,701	1,143	1,266	1,480	(1)
Crude petroleum and natural gas	447	181	518	741	1,816	2,164	2,327	2,491	(1)
Nonmetallic mining and quarrying	202	41	151	228	511	669	721	790	(1)
Contract construction	3,808	755	2,569	4,280	11,461	15,459	16,564	17,704	18,200
Manufacturing	21,888	7,562	22,336	52,008	74,235	89,978	102,374	108,075	110,200
Food and kindred products	2,135	1,331	2,462	5,010	6,753	7,856	8,546	8,751	(1)
Tobacco manufactures	256	142	260	236	512	680	684	726	(1)
Textile-mill products	1,796	699	1,509	3,015	4,551	3,773	4,350	4,458	(1)
Apparel and other finished fabric products	1,262	542	1,138	2,914	3,424	3,775	4,026	4,363	(1)
Lumber and furniture products [2]	1,528	305	1,154	2,133	4,187	4,100	4,831	4,933	(1)
Paper and allied products	562	290	665	1,341	2,685	3,345	3,717	3,996	(1)
Printing, publishing, and allied industries	1,589	793	1,254	2,234	3,620	4,511	4,845	5,253	(1)
Chemicals and allied products [2]	1,129	621	1,488	3,221	5,103	6,303	7,506	7,878	(1)
Products of petroleum and coal [2]	917	76	639	1,244	2,889	3,396	3,629	3,854	(1)
Rubber products	355	102	321	928	1,045	1,389	1,651	1,829	(1)
Leather and leather products	602	271	461	925	1,132	1,322	1,386	1,436	(1)
Stone, clay, and glass products	799	208	760	1,146	2,631	3,137	3,748	3,984	(1)
Metals, metal products, and miscellaneous [2]	4,323	1,031	4,502	10,679	15,370	18,392	21,697	23,454	(1)
Machinery, except electrical [2]	1,890	424	2,179	5,084	7,247	9,585	10,351	12,143	(1)
Electrical machinery [2]	1,045	276	1,134	3,051	4,404	6,253	6,622	7,446	(1)
Transportation equipment, except automobiles	315	69	810	7,730	2,051	5,773	5,821	6,551	(1)
Automobiles and automobile equipment	1,385	382	1,600	1,117	6,631	6,388	8,964	7,020	(1)
Wholesale and retail trade	13,358	5,485	14,337	27,997	43,449	51,059	54,834	57,874	60,800
Wholesale trade	4,222	1,781	4,463	8,242	13,694	16,613	18,075	19,467	(1)
Retail trade and auto. services	9,136	3,704	9,874	19,755	29,755	34,446	36,759	38,407	(1)
Finance, insurance, and real estate [3]	12,693	5,745	8,208	12,830	20,671	28,105	29,333	30,932	32,400
Banking	1,957	495	981	1,829	2,893	4,411	4,806	5,255	(1)
Insurance carriers	888	571	893	1,077	2,250	3,250	3,433	3,405	(1)
Insurance agents and combination offices	421	289	405	568	1,057	1,412	1,498	1,638	(1)
Real estate	8,572	4,130	5,598	8,769	13,315	17,360	17,787	18,735	(1)
Transportation [3]	6,636	3,036	5,040	10,536	13,266	14,493	15,652	16,713	17,200
Railroads	4,597	1,866	2,944	6,009	7,109	6,553	6,912	7,254	(1)
Local and highway passenger transportation	825	450	526	1,306	1,336	1,382	1,376	1,422	(1)
Highway freight, etc	560	416	815	1,390	2,780	3,881	4,397	4,801	(1)
Water transportation	266	153	336	989	746	853	930	993	(1)
Communications and public utilities [3]	2,864	2,000	3,056	4,244	7,172	10,730	11,542	12,499	13,300
Telephone, telegraph, etc	1,125	691	1,025	1,751	2,958	4,368	4,803	5,258	(1)
Utilities: electric and gas	1,631	1,237	1,872	2,218	3,779	5,665	5,973	6,381	(1)
Services [3]	10,338	5,567	8,854	14,614	22,757	29,747	32,500	35,550	38,000
Hotels and other lodging places	599	271	530	1,085	1,309	1,528	1,613	1,715	(1)
Personal services	1,279	695	1,150	2,121	2,861	3,330	3,486	3,729	(1)
Private households	3,253	1,199	2,056	2,635	4,539	6,079	7,084	7,856	(1)
Medical and other health services	1,536	948	1,463	2,459	4,496	6,149	6,604	7,114	(1)
Legal services	689	561	719	930	1,317	1,550	1,628	1,704	(1)
Government and government enterprises	5,093	5,326	8,762	36,764	23,449	35,794	37,693	40,078	42,600
Federal—general government	879	1,164	3,489	29,786	10,649	17,621	18,177	18,798	(1)
Federal—government enterprises	581	485	746	1,248	1,897	2,352	2,521	2,672	(1)
State and local—general government	3,456	3,531	4,289	5,370	10,124	14,620	15,717	17,270	(1)
State and local—govt. enterprises	177	146	238	360	779	1,201	1,278	1,338	(1)
Rest of the world	810	323	357	369	1,266	1,830	1,963	2,061	2,400

[1] Not available.
[2] Data for 1929–1945 not comparable with those shown for later years.
[3] Includes items not shown separately.

Source: Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics; *Survey of Current Business*, July 1957 and February 1958, and *National Income Supplement*, 1954.

No. 388.—Personal Consumption Expenditures, by Type of Product: 1929 to 1957

[**In millions of dollars.** Represents market value of purchases of goods and services by individuals and nonprofit institutions, and value of food, clothing, housing, and financial services received by them as income in kind. Includes rental value of owner-occupied houses, but not purchases of dwellings (which are classified as capital goods)]

TYPE OF PRODUCT	1929	1933	1940	1945	1950	1954	1955	1956	1957 (prel.)
Total	**78,952**	**46,392**	**71,881**	**121,699**	**194,026**	**236,557**	**254,421**	**267,160**	**280,400**
Durable commodities	9,212	3,469	7,771	8,105	28,608	29,354	35,649	33,948	35,160
Nondurable commodities	37,677	22,251	37,215	73,222	100,386	120,571	125,968	133,337	139,900
Services	32,063	20,672	26,895	40,372	65,032	86,632	92,804	99,875	105,400
Food[1] and tobacco	21,230	12,757	22,223	44,573	63,250	78,343	81,361	86,367	(2)
Clothing, accessories, and jewelry	11,193	5,438	8,857	19,706	22,705	24,504	25,648	27,017	(2)
Personal care	1,116	660	1,036	1,982	2,355	2,893	3,182	3,581	(2)
Housing	11,446	7,880	9,327	12,407	21,356	29,539	31,120	32,841	(2)
Household operation	10,735	6,466	10,479	15,530	27,414	30,854	33,912	36,113	(2)
Medical care and death expenses	3,544	2,370	3,533	5,756	9,257	11,765	12,501	13,405	(2)
Personal business	5,086	2,912	3,646	4,431	8,181	11,559	12,766	13,968	(2)
Transportation	7,612	3,987	7,143	6,845	23,225	26,797	32,194	30,314	(2)
Recreation	4,331	2,202	3,761	6,139	10,768	12,189	13,020	13,844	(2)
Private education and research	664	481	641	974	1,959	2,708	3,059	3,565	(2)
Religious and welfare activities	1,196	872	1,012	1,735	2,463	3,231	3,370	3,746	(2)
Foreign travel and remittances, net	799	367	223	1,621	1,093	2,175	2,288	2,399	(2)
Percent	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**
Durable commodities	11.7	7.5	10.8	6.7	14.7	12.4	14.0	12.7	12.5
Nondurable commodities	47.7	48.0	51.8	60.2	51.7	51.0	49.5	49.9	49.9
Services	40.6	44.6	37.4	33.2	33.5	36.6	36.5	37.4	37.6
Food[1] and tobacco	26.9	27.5	30.9	36.6	32.6	33.1	32.0	32.3	(2)
Clothing, accessories, and jewelry	14.2	11.7	12.3	16.2	11.7	10.4	10.1	10.1	(2)
Personal care	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.6	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.3	(2)
Housing	14.5	17.0	13.0	10.2	11.0	12.5	12.2	12.3	(2)
Household operation	13.6	13.9	14.6	12.8	14.1	13.0	13.3	13.5	(2)
Medical care and death expenses	4.5	5.1	4.9	4.7	4.8	5.0	4.9	5.0	(2)
Personal business	6.4	6.3	5.1	3.6	4.2	4.9	5.0	5.2	(2)
Transportation	9.6	8.6	9.9	5.6	12.0	11.3	12.7	11.3	(2)
Recreation	5.5	4.7	5.2	5.0	5.5	5.2	5.1	5.2	(2)
Private education and research	0.8	1.0	0.9	0.8	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	(2)
Religious and welfare activities	1.5	1.9	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.4	1.3	1.4	(2)
Foreign travel and remittances, net	1.0	0.8	0.3	1.3	0.6	0.9	0.9	0.9	(2)

[1] Includes alcoholic beverages. [2] Not available.

Source: Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics; Survey of Current Business, July 1957 and February 1958, and *National Income Supplement*, 1954.

No. 389.—Disposable Personal Income and Personal Consumption Expenditures in Current and 1957 Prices, and Personal Net Saving in Current Prices: 1929 to 1957

ITEM	1929	1933	1940	1945	1950	1954	1955	1956	1957 (prel.)
Disposable personal income:									
Current prices ... bil. dol.	83.1	45.7	76.1	150.4	206.1	254.5	270.2	287.2	300.0
1957 prices[1] ... do.	136.0	99.2	152.5	234.6	240.5	265.9	283.2	296.7	300.0
Per capita:									
Current prices ... dol.	682	364	576	1,075	1,359	1,567	1,635	1,708	1,752
1957 prices[1] ... do.	1,116	790	1,154	1,677	1,586	1,637	1,714	1,764	1,752
Personal consumption expenditures:									
Current prices ... bil. dol.	79.0	46.4	71.9	121.7	194.0	236.6	254.4	267.2	280.4
1957 prices[1] ... do.	129.2	100.6	144.0	189.9	226.4	247.2	266.7	276.0	280.4
Per capita:									
Current prices ... dol.	648	369	544	870	1,279	1,456	1,539	1,589	1,638
1957 prices ... do.	1,061	800	1,090	1,357	1,492	1,521	1,613	1,642	1,638
Personal net saving:									
Current prices ... bil. dol.	4.2	−.6	4.2	28.7	12.1	17.9	15.8	20.0	19.6
Percent of disposable personal income	5.0	−1.4	5.5	19.1	5.9	7.0	5.8	7.0	6.5
Population[2] ... 1,000	121,875	125,690	132,122	139,928	151,683	162,417	165,270	168,174	171,229

[1] Dollar estimates in current prices divided by consumer price index on a 1957 base.
[2] Continental U. S. including Armed Forces overseas, as of July 1.

Source: Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics and Bureau of the Census; Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics; and Executive Office of the President, Council of Economic Advisers; published in *Economic Report of the President*, January 1958.

No. 390.—Saving by Individuals in the United States: 1951 to 1957

[In billions of dollars. Includes unincorporated business saving; excludes corporate and Government saving. For data prior to 1951, see 1955 *Statistical Abstract*, table 534]

TYPE	1951	1952	1953	1954	1955	1956	1957
Total gross saving	51.2	53.0	54.6	54.4	62.5	65.6	68.9
Net financial saving	10.9	13.0	10.7	9.0	7.5	13.3	16.3
Currency and deposits	6.0	7.1	4.9	5.4	4.4	4.7	6.0
Currency	.8	1.1	.6	−.4	.4	(1)	(1)
Demand deposits	3.1	1.5	−.2	1.1	.5	.4	−.6
Time and savings deposits [2]	2.1	4.5	4.6	4.7	3.5	4.3	6.7
Savings and loan association shares	2.1	3.1	3.6	4.4	4.8	4.8	4.8
Securities:	.4	3.3	3.4	.2	6.3	5.1	6.1
U. S. Savings bonds	−.5	.1	.2	.6	.3	−.1	−1.9
Other U. S. Government	−1.1	.3	.1	−1.6	1.3	1.4	1.9
State and local government	.4	1.0	1.8	.6	1.6	1.4	1.8
Corporate and other	1.6	2.0	1.3	.6	3.1	2.3	4.4
Private insurance and pension reserves	5.4	6.5	6.8	7.3	7.6	8.0	7.9
Insurance reserves	3.1	3.8	3.9	4.2	4.2	4.4	3.8
Insured pension reserves	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.2	1.4
Noninsured pension funds	1.4	1.6	1.7	1.9	2.1	2.4	2.7
Government insurance and pension reserves [3]	4.2	4.4	3.2	2.6	3.1	3.5	2.3
Increase in individuals' debts	7.3	11.5	11.4	11.0	18.7	12.9	10.8
Mortgage debt [4]	6.6	6.5	7.3	9.2	12.0	10.5	8.3
Consumer indebtedness [5]	1.0	4.4	3.6	1.0	6.1	3.1	2.6
Securities loans [6]	−.3	.6	.4	.9	.6	−.8	(1)
Nonfarm homes [7]	11.6	12.0	12.6	14.2	17.3	16.2	15.2
Construction and equipment of nonprofit institutions	1.5	1.4	1.5	1.9	2.0	2.1	2.4
Consumer durable goods	27.1	26.6	29.8	29.4	35.7	34.0	35.0

[1] Less than $50,000,000.
[2] Includes shares and deposits in credit unions and Postal Savings System.
[3] Includes Social Security funds, State and local retirement systems, etc.
[4] Mortgage debt to institutions on 1- to 4-family nonfarm dwellings.
[5] Consumer debt owed to corporations, largely attributable to purchases of automobiles and other durable consumer goods, although including some debt arising from purchases of consumption goods. Policy loans on Government and private life insurance have been deducted from those items of saving.
[6] Change in bank loans made for the purpose of purchasing or carrying securities.
[7] Construction of 1- to 4-family nonfarm dwellings less net acquisitions of properties by nonindividuals.

Source: Securities and Exchange Commission; data are published quarterly in *Volume and Composition of Individuals' Saving*, and in the *Statistical Bulletin*.

No. 391.—Components of Personal Saving: 1946 to 1957

[In billions of dollars. The SEC and OBE personal savings tables (390 and 391) differ in (*a*) the definition of savings, (*b*) statistical methodologies of measuring savings, and (*c*) the treatment of uninsured pension funds. For example, conceptually, SEC gross savings includes, and OBE personal savings excludes, consumer durable goods and Government insurance funds]

ITEM	ANNUAL AVERAGES		1956	1957
	1946–1949	1950–1955		
Personal saving	8.6	17.0	20.0	20.2
Gross investment in physical assets	14.8	26.6	29.2	30.2
Housing (nonfarm)	6.0	11.8	14.1	13.1
Other	8.8	14.8	15.1	17.1
Depreciation	7.8	11.8	14.1	15.1
Housing (nonfarm)	2.1	3.0	3.9	4.0
Other	5.7	8.8	10.2	11.1
Net investment	7.0	14.8	15.1	15.1
Housing (nonfarm)	3.9	8.8	10.2	9.1
Other	3.1	6.0	4.9	6.0
Increase in financial assets	9.8	16.9	23.1	24.7
Currency and checking accounts	.0	2.0	.4	−.6
Savings accounts	3.6	6.3	9.1	11.5
U. S. savings bonds	1.6	.3	−.2	−2.2
Private insurance	3.6	4.8	5.6	5.2
Marketable securities	1.0	3.5	8.2	10.8
Net investment and increase in financial assets	16.8	31.7	38.2	39.8
Increase in debt	9.6	14.7	20.8	17.0
Mortgage	4.2	8.0	10.4	8.2
Consumer	2.4	2.9	3.1	2.6
Other	3.0	3.8	7.3	6.2
Errors and omissions	−1.3	−.1	−2.6	2.5

Source: Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics; *Survey of Current Business*, December 1957.

No. 392.—Flow of Funds—Summary: 1956

[Annual flows, in billions of dollars. For explanation of general concepts, see text, p. 300]

Item	Total [1]		Consumer		Business						Government				Financial institutions						Rest of the world	
					Corporate		Noncorporate		Farm		Federal		State and local		Banking		Insurance		Other			
	Sources	Uses	Sources	Uses	Sources	Uses	Sources	Uses	Sources	Uses	Sources	Uses	Sources	Uses	Sources	Uses	Sources	Uses	Sources	Uses	Sources	Uses
Total	1,550.8	1,550.8	375.9	375.9	651.5	651.5	249.3	249.3	33.5	33.5	84.9	84.9	52.9	52.9	15.2	15.2	39.5	39.5	22.4	22.4	25.8	25.8
Nonfinancial	1,503.6	1,503.7	362.1	356.9	636.5	649.9	246.4	248.8	32.8	33.5	90.6	83.5	49.5	52.0	9.0	7.9	39.1	30.8	15.3	16.8	22.2	23.5
Payroll	225.4	225.4	225.4	3.3		135.5		35.3		2.3		20.3		17.4		2.4		3.3		5.6		(2)
Receipts from and payments on investment	122.4	122.4	71.1	20.4	11.4	24.9	20.6	46.8	1.0	14.2	1.3	6.2	1.0	1.4	8.0	2.8	4.8	.7	2.5	2.3	.6	2.7
Insurance and grants	103.3	103.7	31.4	27.5	1.7	13.8	1.4	4.7	.7	.4	10.1	19.4	14.7	14.4	(2)	.3	34.2	21.3	6.4	1.5	2.6	.3
Taxes and tax refunds	102.7	102.4	3.2	45.8	.4	42.0		7.7		1.1	72.5	3.6	26.6			1.1		1.0		.1		(2)
Capital acquisitions	34.5	144.0	30.8	80.7	.2	36.1	2.9	7.0	.4	2.7	(2)	2.8	.1	11.2		.3		.4		2.8		
Net change in inventories		4.5				5.4		−.3		−.5												
New fixed capital		104.1		[3]46.9		30.7		7.3		3.2		2.8		10.0		.3		.1		2.8		
Other capital acquisitions	34.5	35.3	30.8	33.8	.2	.1	2.9		.4		(3)	(2)	.1	1.2				.2				
Other purchases and sales	915.3	805.8		179.2	622.7	397.7	221.6	147.3	30.7	12.7	6.8	31.1	7.1	7.5	1.0	1.0	.1	4.2	6.3	4.5	19.0	20.5
Financial [4]	46.6	49.1	13.3	18.8	14.9	3.5	2.9	.1	.6	(2)	−5.7	1.4	3.4	1.9	6.1	6.8	.3	8.2	7.1	6.9	3.6	1.6
Currency and demand deposits	1.8	1.2		−.2		.7		.1				.3		.2	1.8			(2)		.3	.4	.2
Time and savings deposits	3.8	3.8		3.7				.1				(2)		(2)	3.8							−.1
Federal obligations	−6.0	−6.4		2.3		−4.6		−.6			−6.0			.7		−3.8		−1.5		.9		.2
State and local obligations	3.4	3.4		1.7		.1						(2)	3.4	.4		.2		.9		(2)		
Corporate securities	8.9	8.9		3.8	7.2			−.3						.5	.3	−.3		4.7	1.0	.2	.4	.3
Mortgages	14.8	14.8	9.7	1.8	1.2	−.1	3.1		.7			.8		.1		4.0		3.7	.1	4.5		
Consumer credit	3.2	3.2	3.2			1.0		.3								1.4				.5		
Other trade credit	1.9	7.0			3.2	6.5	−1.6	.4			.2	(2)						.1	.2			
Bank loans n. e. c.	4.9	4.8	(2)		3.3		1.4		−.3							4.8			(2)		.6	
Gold and Treasury currency	(3)	.1									(2)	(2)				.4						−.3
Savings shares	5.6	5.6		5.5								(2)							5.6	.1		
Other	3.8	2.3	.3	.2	(2)		.1	(2)	.3	(2)	.1	.2			.3	(2)	.3	.2	.3	.5	2.1	1.2
Valuation adjustment and discrepancy	.5	−2.1	.5	.1		−1.9		.4				(2)		−1.0		.4		.5		−1.3		.7
Memoranda:																						
Gross national product identifiable in total nonfinancial uses		400.1		250.9		40.0		8.1		4.7		46.8		32.0		2.0		.1		14.2		1.4
Bank credit in total financial transactions	6.6	6.3	4.2		3.3		2.1		−.3		−3.8		.2		(2)	6.3			.1		.6	

[1] Differences in total sources and uses of funds for transaction categories result from valuation, timing, and classification differences and from statistical discrepancies.
[2] Less than $50 million. [3] Consists of purchases of new durable goods ($33.1 billion) and new houses ($13.8 billion).
[4] Financial sources of funds represent net changes in liabilities; financial uses, net changes in financial assets.

Source: Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System. For description of sectors and types of transactions, see *Federal Reserve Bulletin*, April 1957, and *Flow of Funds in the United States, 1939–53*.

No. 393.—Personal Income, by States and for Hawaii: 1929 to 1956

[State personal income is a measure of current income received from all sources during the calendar year by the residents of each State. Excludes amounts disbursed by the Federal Government to its civilian and military personnel outside continental United States. See text, p. 300]

STATE	AMOUNT (millions of dollars)						PER CAPITA (dollars)					
	1929	1940	1950	1954	1955	1956	1929	1940	1950	1954	1955	1956
Continental United States	85,661	78,522	225,473	284,823	303,268	324,281	703	595	1,491	1,767	1,846	1,940
New England	7,125	6,398	15,180	18,829	20,006	21,385	876	757	1,628	1,953	2,080	2,202
Maine	479	444	1,087	1,308	1,439	1,517	601	523	1,188	1,452	1,588	1,667
New Hampshire	322	285	699	894	955	1,015	690	579	1,314	1,620	1,727	1,812
Vermont	225	184	448	544	571	607	627	507	1,185	1,455	1,543	1,641
Massachusetts	3,862	3,385	7,799	9,400	9,950	10,614	913	784	1,662	1,947	2,085	2,206
Rhode Island	596	534	1,287	1,512	1,583	1,666	871	743	1,644	1,874	1,938	2,012
Connecticut	1,641	1,566	3,860	5,171	5,508	5,966	1,029	917	1,908	2,375	2,504	2,673
Middle Atlantic	25,350	21,563	53,230	65,242	68,937	74,006	979	783	1,758	2,045	2,138	2,273
New York	14,105	11,713	28,054	34,104	36,112	38,784	1,159	870	1,883	2,155	2,254	2,395
New Jersey	3,714	3,433	8,699	11,575	12,242	13,202	931	822	1,792	2,218	2,299	2,443
Pennsylvania	7,531	6,417	16,477	19,563	20,583	22,020	775	648	1,566	1,802	1,889	2,008
East North Central	20,235	17,818	50,744	64,814	69,520	73,874	803	667	1,661	1,968	2,069	2,159
Ohio	5,178	4,606	12,891	17,202	18,376	19,594	781	665	1,614	1,945	2,054	2,154
Indiana	1,973	1,898	6,006	7,602	8,147	8,586	612	553	1,521	1,793	1,882	1,946
Illinois	7,280	5,964	15,984	19,713	20,865	22,472	957	754	1,827	2,154	2,243	2,383
Michigan	3,803	3,610	10,803	14,136	15,617	16,206	793	679	1,684	1,998	2,132	2,156
Wisconsin	2,001	1,740	5,060	6,161	6,515	7,016	682	554	1,467	1,697	1,760	1,864
West North Central	7,584	6,515	19,854	24,031	24,344	25,583	572	483	1,408	1,645	1,640	1,699
Minnesota	1,539	1,467	4,184	5,142	5,344	5,657	598	526	1,397	1,642	1,675	1,745
Iowa	1,419	1,272	3,799	4,478	4,219	4,445	577	501	1,447	1,680	1,580	1,651
Missouri	2,275	1,982	5,705	7,044	7,502	7,904	628	524	1,443	1,708	1,786	1,858
North Dakota	253	224	781	777	866	897	375	350	1,260	1,222	1,347	1,365
South Dakota	288	230	793	911	855	926	417	359	1,213	1,354	1,252	1,330
Nebraska	811	578	1,949	2,255	2,161	2,246	590	439	1,468	1,659	1,550	1,588
Kansas	999	762	2,643	3,424	3,397	3,508	535	426	1,374	1,693	1,649	1,668
South Atlantic	7,247	8,227	25,564	32,675	35,395	38,212	462	459	1,203	1,431	1,510	1,594
Delaware	240	270	689	906	1,005	1,149	1,017	1,004	2,153	2,455	2,577	2,858
Maryland	1,260	1,309	3,755	5,057	5,421	5,911	777	712	1,588	1,941	1,976	2,102
Dist. of Col	615	807	1,774	1,889	2,000	2,053	1,273	1,170	2,198	2,225	2,334	2,371
Virginia	1,054	1,267	4,024	5,232	5,536	6,012	435	466	1,222	1,494	1,547	1,647
West Virginia	794	777	2,203	2,411	2,546	2,815	462	407	1,095	1,211	1,283	1,420
North Carolina	1,046	1,171	4,108	5,009	5,446	5,770	334	328	1,009	1,185	1,254	1,305
South Carolina	470	584	1,869	2,405	2,579	2,665	270	307	881	1,061	1,117	1,133
Georgia	1,015	1,060	3,510	4,417	4,899	5,196	350	340	1,016	1,217	1,338	1,400
Florida	753	982	3,632	5,349	5,963	6,641	521	513	1,288	1,578	1,666	1,762
East South Central	3,428	3,184	10,371	12,740	13,800	14,462	348	294	901	1,102	1,183	1,232
Kentucky	1,020	914	2,834	3,613	3,755	3,995	391	320	958	1,207	1,247	1,324
Tennessee	982	995	3,288	4,048	4,317	4,566	377	339	995	1,203	1,264	1,317
Alabama	856	801	2,659	3,254	3,686	3,854	324	282	867	1,059	1,185	1,229
Mississippi	570	474	1,590	1,825	2,042	2,047	235	218	729	856	957	964
West South Central	5,259	5,005	17,365	22,051	23,365	24,847	436	383	1,192	1,437	1,489	1,555
Arkansas	564	501	1,539	1,778	1,930	1,974	305	256	805	984	1,071	1,088
Louisiana	866	861	2,937	3,751	3,944	4,338	415	363	1,089	1,299	1,344	1,444
Oklahoma	1,077	867	2,514	3,156	3,312	3,491	454	373	1,133	1,444	1,499	1,561
Texas	2,752	2,776	10,375	13,366	14,179	15,044	478	432	1,340	1,580	1,621	1,686
Mountain	2,118	2,144	7,101	9,231	9,919	10,741	580	516	1,389	1,625	1,672	1,753
Montana	312	318	957	1,064	1,141	1,188	595	570	1,606	1,719	1,814	1,862
Idaho	225	242	757	880	897	992	503	464	1,279	1,472	1,466	1,587
Wyoming	151	152	474	533	562	602	677	608	1,629	1,789	1,801	1,875
Colorado	642	617	1,930	2,536	2,756	3,003	637	546	1,446	1,700	1,782	1,863
New Mexico	171	199	798	1,073	1,129	1,218	407	375	1,163	1,395	1,424	1,494
Arizona	254	248	979	1,497	1,623	1,816	591	497	1,297	1,610	1,612	1,718
Utah	284	269	892	1,140	1,235	1,326	559	487	1,283	1,496	1,550	1,633
Nevada	79	99	314	508	576	596	878	876	1,938	2,396	2,451	2,413
Pacific	7,315	7,668	26,064	35,210	37,982	41,171	911	784	1,793	2,111	2,201	2,311
Washington	1,166	1,152	3,986	4,995	5,161	5,392	750	662	1,671	1,977	1,980	2,022
Oregon	647	677	2,451	2,881	3,073	3,278	683	623	1,602	1,748	1,824	1,908
California	5,502	5,839	19,627	27,334	29,748	32,501	995	840	1,848	2,185	2,295	2,419
Hawaii	------	246	689	886	946	1,016	------	577	1,403	1,704	1,720	1,773

Source: Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics; *Personal Income by States*, a supplement to the *Survey of Current Business*, and *Survey of Current Business*, August 1957.

No. 394.—Personal Income—Major

[In millions of dollars.

	STATE	Personal income, total	WAGE AND SALARY DISBURSEMENTS									
			Total	Farms	Mining	Contract construction	Manufacturing	Wholesale and retail trade	Finance, insurance, and real estate	Transportation	Communications and public utilities	Services
1	**Continental United States**	324,281	224,635	2,761	4,088	13,326	77,629	39,937	9,648	13,344	6,782	21,417
2	**New England**	21,385	15,032	121	28	808	6,413	2,493	714	541	451	1,440
3	Maine	1,517	994	22	2	53	389	163	31	51	31	74
4	New Hampshire	1,015	685	7	1	38	298	99	24	24	23	62
5	Vermont	607	394	20	5	17	147	60	13	23	12	42
6	Massachusetts	10,614	7,481	36	13	372	2,971	1,350	377	282	239	778
7	Rhode Island	1,666	1,198	3	1	54	486	188	49	36	36	101
8	Connecticut	5,966	4,280	32	6	275	2,120	633	220	125	110	383
9	**Middle Atlantic**	74,006	52,846	241	529	2,739	19,874	9,730	2,878	3,087	1,714	5,635
10	New York	38,784	27,354	110	66	1,350	8,719	5,694	1,913	1,488	955	3,437
11	New Jersey	13,202	9,652	49	26	574	4,252	1,529	403	552	288	908
12	Pennsylvania	22,020	15,840	82	437	815	6,903	2,507	562	1,047	471	1,290
13	**East North Central**	73,874	53,278	313	438	3,149	24,691	8,753	1,831	2,877	1,426	4,179
14	Ohio	19,594	14,365	62	110	826	6,970	2,266	439	825	345	1,036
15	Indiana	8,586	6,152	48	54	372	3,000	969	191	359	155	375
16	Illinois	22,472	16,134	80	160	1,015	6,442	2,980	724	1,054	467	1,501
17	Michigan	16,206	11,894	57	94	656	6,066	1,767	318	425	328	910
18	Wisconsin	7,016	4,733	66	20	281	2,213	770	158	215	130	357
19	**West North Central**	25,583	15,653	290	265	1,022	4,321	3,246	703	1,330	535	1,454
20	Minnesota	5,657	3,584	55	98	255	1,004	748	165	306	106	344
21	Iowa	4,445	2,417	63	14	146	751	506	106	156	90	213
22	Missouri	7,904	5,208	52	38	318	1,681	1,096	247	442	182	483
23	North Dakota	897	433	31	9	37	21	116	17	48	18	49
24	South Dakota	926	471	22	11	36	47	110	20	24	17	57
25	Nebraska	2,246	1,318	35	10	82	242	289	78	136	43	129
26	Kansas	3,508	2,223	33	85	149	575	381	70	218	80	178
27	**South Atlantic**	38,212	26,421	397	574	1,620	6,912	4,434	1,064	1,549	715	2,574
28	Delaware	1,149	762	9	(3)	88	342	93	26	39	14	62
29	Maryland	5,911	4,393	33	11	310	1,231	692	173	259	125	420
30	Dist. of Col.	2,053	1,413	------	------	46	44	219	54	53	40	202
31	Virginia	6,012	4,444	57	71	251	930	690	168	298	106	362
32	West Virginia	2,815	2,001	11	420	90	599	268	47	155	82	129
33	North Carolina	5,770	3,792	89	14	173	1,449	625	130	194	84	335
34	South Carolina	2,665	1,857	38	5	85	720	262	70	60	40	145
35	Georgia	5,196	3,597	71	19	168	1,080	662	164	216	103	332
36	Florida	6,641	4,162	89	34	409	517	923	232	275	121	587
37	**East South Central**	14,462	9,519	173	287	502	3,015	1,600	354	585	261	900
38	Kentucky	3,995	2,685	36	170	147	772	425	78	192	75	230
39	Tennessee	4,566	3,090	37	34	161	1,079	567	125	193	70	308
40	Alabama	3,854	2,649	42	66	143	857	399	108	139	74	243
41	Mississippi	2,047	1,195	58	17	51	307	209	43	61	42	119
42	**West South Central**	24,847	16,450	398	1,230	1,028	3,376	3,110	663	1,183	572	1,597
43	Arkansas	1,974	1,153	73	28	50	276	207	37	92	44	105
44	Louisiana	4,338	2,947	44	241	215	609	536	110	235	105	311
45	Oklahoma	3,491	2,246	36	267	128	391	409	83	134	87	202
46	Texas	15,044	10,104	245	694	635	2,100	1,958	433	722	336	979
47	**Mountain**	10,741	7,165	248	504	570	1,027	1,337	246	548	261	708
48	Montana	1,188	715	29	67	54	101	140	21	83	26	62
49	Idaho	992	604	38	24	48	119	119	18	49	22	55
50	Wyoming	602	406	20	48	32	33	58	11	55	12	33
51	Colorado	3,003	1,967	37	78	146	318	415	82	144	73	102
52	New Mexico	1,218	874	34	85	66	95	132	25	49	38	83
53	Arizona	1,816	1,226	68	95	109	173	220	44	59	48	115
54	Utah	1,326	942	13	81	74	159	180	35	77	30	65
55	Nevada	596	431	9	26	41	29	73	10	32	12	103
56	**Pacific**	41,171	28,274	580	231	1,885	8,001	5,236	1,193	1,645	846	2,930
57	Washington	5,392	3,714	68	13	236	1,038	695	142	253	90	302
58	Oregon	3,278	2,140	54	6	120	684	437	77	162	76	190
59	California	32,501	22,420	458	212	1,529	6,279	4,104	974	1,230	680	2,438
60	Hawaii	1,016	767	69	1	38	66	107	18	33	18	63

[1] Comprises agricultural and similar service establishments, forestry, fisheries, and rest of world.
[2] Comprises employer contributions to private pension, health, and welfare funds; compensation for injuries; pay of military reservists; directors' fees; and several other minor items.

SOURCES, BY STATES AND FOR HAWAII: 1956

See headnote, table 393]

WAGE AND SALARY DISBURSEMENTS—Con.					PROPRIETORS' INCOME								
Federal Government		State and local governments	Other[1]	Other labor income[2]	Farm	Nonfarm	Property income	Transfer payments	Less: Personal contributions for social insurance	Farm income	Government income disbursements	Private nonfarm income	
Civilian	Military												
10,270	7,492	17,469	472	7,519	11,600	28,017	39,795	18,425	5,706	14,341	53,559	256,381	1
506	424	1,041	52	466	196	1,501	3,173	1,370	354	316	3,351	17,718	2
46	56	70	6	26	68	146	197	111	25	90	285	1,142	3
33	23	50	1	20	19	84	153	71	17	27	177	811	4
14	7	32	1	13	21	56	89	44	10	41	99	467	5
288	184	562	29	236	36	691	1,604	745	179	72	1,779	8,763	6
64	105	73	3	36	7	107	229	124	35	10	364	1,292	7
62	48	255	12	137	45	417	901	274	88	76	647	5,243	8
1,690	664	3,992	76	1,859	604	5,767	10,171	4,089	1,330	843	10,491	62,672	9
844	318	2,420	41	864	256	3,115	5,840	2,076	721	365	5,656	32,763	10
261	182	613	15	357	111	1,091	1,548	665	222	159	1,737	11,306	11
585	164	959	20	638	237	1,561	2,783	1,348	387	319	3,098	18,603	12
1,324	613	3,622	63	2,077	2,219	5,827	8,077	3,587	1,189	2,530	9,264	62,080	13
450	145	870	20	574	386	1,459	2,208	946	343	447	2,412	16,735	14
153	57	410	8	260	366	701	811	432	135	414	1,069	7,103	15
434	268	990	19	533	746	1,782	2,627	1,013	364	825	2,767	18,880	16
194	101	971	8	543	292	1,263	1,635	819	239	348	2,107	13,751	17
93	43	381	6	167	430	622	796	377	109	496	909	5,611	18
625	431	1,402	30	471	2,419	2,674	3,263	1,532	427	2,707	4,158	18,718	19
106	42	344	9	107	542	524	661	340	99	597	839	4,221	20
80	27	259	7	73	651	502	611	262	70	713	682	3,060	21
198	129	335	7	162	457	752	966	486	127	509	1,164	6,231	22
25	7	56	(3)	13	223	97	95	50	15	254	151	492	23
37	26	64	1	12	163	115	123	58	15	184	202	540	24
78	53	141	3	34	218	261	324	130	38	253	436	1,557	25
100	147	203	3	70	164	423	482	207	62	197	684	2,627	26
2,544	2,036	1,918	78	735	1,840	3,288	4,391	2,248	708	2,234	8,592	27,386	27
16	29	42	1	31	31	68	230	41	14	40	130	979	28
555	292	278	13	117	78	449	716	283	125	111	1,376	4,424	29
603	80	65	5	21	-------	148	350	183	62	-------	914	1,139	30
655	548	298	11	104	246	457	608	288	135	302	1,757	3,953	31
42	17	140	1	135	64	203	262	199	48	75	407	2,333	32
122	269	300	7	96	613	518	531	308	87	702	984	4,084	33
100	186	142	3	48	175	218	248	161	41	213	584	1,868	34
236	268	262	16	91	292	502	488	316	90	362	1,064	3,770	35
215	347	391	21	92	341	725	958	469	106	429	1,376	4,836	36
615	440	770	15	330	1,107	1,367	1,366	1,036	263	1,281	2,854	10,327	37
120	149	186	4	102	348	334	406	289	70	385	746	2,864	38
183	92	238	3	100	271	432	448	305	80	308	807	3,451	39
240	116	218	3	91	216	367	329	280	77	258	849	2,747	40
72	83	128	5	37	272	234	183	162	36	330	452	1,265	41
879	1,044	1,329	39	592	1,121	2,634	2,938	1,522	410	1,516	4,732	18,599	42
66	78	93	5	39	272	172	203	168	33	344	408	1,222	43
105	138	286	10	115	178	405	453	312	71	222	834	3,282	44
182	123	197	6	80	115	406	426	278	60	151	783	2,557	45
526	705	753	18	358	556	1,651	1,856	764	246	799	2,707	11,538	46
569	444	692	7	200	664	1,070	1,214	639	209	910	2,325	7,506	47
36	22	73	(3)	23	161	118	125	69	22	190	208	790	48
32	18	60	1	17	136	103	91	61	20	174	171	647	49
25	37	42	-------	15	35	55	75	30	13	54	136	412	50
156	148	176	1	50	77	331	426	206	53	113	679	2,211	51
90	87	87	2	23	48	118	111	68	23	81	326	811	52
81	85	127	2	31	143	166	183	101	34	212	385	1,219	53
121	19	88	1	30	52	121	135	78	33	65	301	960	54
28	28	39	(3)	11	12	58	68	26	11	21	119	456	55
1,516	1,393	2,705	111	787	1,429	3,891	5,202	2,402	813	2,004	7,792	31,375	56
268	236	359	14	100	193	490	624	374	103	260	1,227	3,905	57
90	27	210	6	62	162	405	365	205	60	216	534	2,528	58
1,158	1,130	2,136	91	625	1,074	2,996	4,213	1,823	650	1,528	6,031	24,942	59
114	165	73	2	27	10	81	105	45	19	85	397	534	60

[3] Less than $500,000.

Source: Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics; *Survey of Current Business*, August 1957.

No. 395.—Personal Income—Changes in Total and Per Capita Personal Income, by States and for Hawaii: 1929 to 1956

[See base data and headnote, table 393]

STATE	TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME							PER CAPITA PERSONAL INCOME						
	Percent of continental United States					Percent increase		Percent of continental United States					Percent increase	
	1929	1940	1950	1955	1956	1929 to 1956	1950 to 1956	1929	1940	1950	1955	1956	1929 to 1956	1950 to 1956
Continental United States	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	279	44	100	100	100	100	100	176	30
New England	8.32	8.15	6.73	6.60	6.59	200	41	125	127	109	113	114	151	35
Maine	0.56	0.57	0.48	0.47	0.47	217	40	85	88	80	86	86	177	40
New Hampshire	0.38	0.36	0.31	0.31	0.31	215	45	98	97	88	94	93	163	34
Vermont	0.26	0.23	0.20	0.19	0.19	170	35	80	85	79	84	85	162	38
Massachusetts	4.51	4.32	3.45	3.28	3.27	175	36	130	132	111	113	114	142	33
Rhode Island	0.69	0.68	0.57	0.52	0.51	180	29	124	125	110	105	104	131	22
Connecticut	1.92	1.99	1.72	1.82	1.84	264	55	146	154	128	136	138	160	40
Middle Atlantic	29.60	27.46	23.61	22.73	22.82	192	39	139	132	118	116	117	132	29
New York	16.47	14.92	12.43	11.91	11.96	175	38	165	146	126	122	123	107	27
New Jersey	4.33	4.37	3.86	4.04	4.07	255	52	132	138	120	125	126	162	36
Pennsylvania	8.79	8.17	7.30	6.79	6.79	192	34	110	109	105	102	104	159	28
East North Central	23.62	22.69	22.51	22.92	22.78	265	46	114	112	111	112	111	169	30
Ohio	6.04	5.86	5.72	6.06	6.04	278	52	111	112	108	111	111	176	33
Indiana	2.30	2.42	2.66	2.69	2.65	335	43	87	93	102	102	100	218	28
Illinois	8.50	7.59	7.10	6.88	6.93	209	41	136	127	123	122	123	149	30
Michigan	4.44	4.60	4.79	5.15	5.00	326	50	113	114	113	115	111	172	28
Wisconsin	2.33	2.22	2.24	2.15	2.16	251	39	97	93	98	95	96	173	27
West North Central	8.85	8.30	8.80	8.03	7.89	237	29	81	81	94	89	88	197	21
Minnesota	1.80	1.87	1.86	1.76	1.74	268	35	85	88	94	91	90	192	25
Iowa	1.66	1.62	1.68	1.39	1.37	213	17	82	84	97	86	85	186	14
Missouri	2.66	2.52	2.53	2.47	2.44	247	39	89	88	97	97	96	196	29
North Dakota	0.30	0.29	0.35	0.29	0.28	255	15	53	59	85	73	70	264	8
South Dakota	0.34	0.29	0.35	0.28	0.29	222	17	59	60	81	68	69	219	10
Nebraska	0.95	0.74	0.86	0.71	0.69	177	15	84	74	98	84	82	169	8
Kansas	1.16	0.97	1.17	1.12	1.08	251	33	76	72	92	89	86	212	21
South Atlantic	8.46	10.48	11.34	11.67	11.78	427	49	66	77	81	82	82	245	33
Delaware	0.28	0.34	0.31	0.33	0.35	379	67	145	169	144	140	147	181	33
Maryland	1.47	1.67	1.67	1.79	1.82	369	57	111	120	107	107	108	171	32
Dist. of Columbia	0.72	1.03	0.79	0.66	0.63	234	16	181	197	147	126	122	86	8
Virginia	1.23	1.62	1.78	1.83	1.85	470	49	62	78	82	84	85	279	35
West Virginia	0.93	0.99	0.98	0.84	0.87	255	28	66	68	73	70	73	207	30
North Carolina	1.22	1.49	1.82	1.80	1.78	452	40	48	55	68	68	67	291	29
South Carolina	0.55	0.74	0.83	0.85	0.82	467	43	38	52	59	61	58	320	29
Georgia	1.18	1.35	1.56	1.62	1.60	412	48	50	57	68	72	72	300	33
Florida	0.88	1.25	1.61	1.97	2.05	782	83	74	86	86	90	91	238	37
East South Central	4.00	4.05	4.60	4.55	4.46	322	39	50	49	60	64	64	254	37
Kentucky	1.19	1.16	1.26	1.24	1.23	292	41	56	54	64	68	68	239	33
Tennessee	1.15	1.27	1.46	1.42	1.41	365	39	54	57	67	68	68	249	32
Alabama	1.00	1.02	1.18	1.22	1.19	350	45	46	47	58	64	63	279	42
Mississippi	0.67	0.60	0.71	0.67	0.63	259	29	41	37	49	52	50	238	32
West South Central	6.14	6.37	7.70	7.70	7.66	372	43	62	64	80	81	80	257	30
Arkansas	0.66	0.64	0.68	0.64	0.61	250	28	43	43	54	58	56	257	35
Louisiana	1.01	1.10	1.30	1.30	1.34	401	48	59	61	73	73	74	248	33
Oklahoma	1.26	1.10	1.11	1.09	1.08	224	39	65	63	76	81	80	244	38
Texas	3.21	3.54	4.61	4.68	4.64	447	45	68	73	90	88	87	253	25
Mountain	2.47	2.73	3.15	3.27	3.31	407	51	83	87	93	91	90	202	26
Montana	0.36	0.40	0.42	0.38	0.37	281	24	85	96	108	98	96	213	16
Idaho	0.26	0.31	0.34	0.30	0.31	341	31	72	78	86	79	82	216	24
Wyoming	0.18	0.19	0.21	0.19	0.19	299	27	96	102	109	98	97	177	15
Colorado	0.75	0.79	0.86	0.91	0.93	368	56	91	92	97	97	96	192	29
New Mexico	0.20	0.25	0.35	0.37	0.38	612	53	58	63	78	77	77	267	28
Arizona	0.30	0.32	0.43	0.54	0.56	615	85	84	84	87	87	89	191	32
Utah	0.33	0.34	0.40	0.41	0.41	367	49	80	82	86	84	84	192	27
Nevada	0.09	0.13	0.14	0.19	0.18	654	90	125	147	130	133	124	175	25
Pacific	8.54	9.77	11.56	12.52	12.70	463	58	130	132	120	119	119	154	29
Washington	1.36	1.47	1.77	1.70	1.66	362	35	107	111	112	107	104	170	21
Oregon	0.75	0.86	1.09	1.01	1.01	407	34	97	105	107	99	98	179	19
California	6.42	7.43	8.70	9.81	10.02	491	66	142	141	124	124	125	143	31
Hawaii	------	0.31	0.31	0.31	0.31	------	47	------	97	94	93	91	------	26

Source: Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics; *Survey of Current Business*, August 1957.

No. 396.—Percent Distribution of Current Consumption Expenditures of All Urban Families: 1950

[Based on a sample of 12,500 civilian families (including 1-person units in 91 cities) existing as family groups during entire year. A family is defined as a group of persons dependent on a common or pooled income for the major items of expense and usually living in the same household]

Type of expenditure	All income classes	Annual net money income class								
		Under $1,000	$1,000 to $2,000	$2,000 to $3,000	$3,000 to $4,000	$4,000 to $5,000	$5,000 to $6,000	$6,000 to $7,500	$7,500 to $10,000	$10,000 and over
Average expenditure for current consumption	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Food and beverages	31.4	34.6	36.4	34.7	32.8	31.0	30.2	29.0	28.9	24.5
Tobacco	1.8	1.2	2.0	2.1	2.0	1.9	1.7	1.6	1.4	1.0
Housing [1]	11.5	18.8	15.7	12.8	11.5	10.9	10.3	10.3	9.9	10.7
Fuel, light, refrigeration	4.1	7.5	6.1	4.8	4.3	4.0	3.7	3.5	3.4	2.8
Household operation	4.7	4.9	4.6	4.2	4.1	4.2	4.5	4.6	5.4	9.0
Furnishings and equipment	6.9	4.3	4.9	6.4	6.6	7.4	7.2	7.2	6.4	8.4
Clothing and clothing services	11.5	6.3	9.3	10.3	10.8	11.4	12.3	12.8	13.6	14.1
Transportation	13.4	7.2	7.9	10.9	13.3	14.4	15.4	15.6	15.5	12.8
Medical care	5.2	7.1	5.4	5.3	5.5	5.1	4.8	5.0	5.2	4.1
Personal care	2.2	2.0	2.4	2.4	2.3	2.2	2.2	2.1	2.1	1.9
Recreation, reading, education	5.9	3.4	3.7	4.7	5.7	6.3	6.3	6.9	6.9	7.8
Miscellaneous	1.4	2.7	1.6	1.4	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.4	1.3	2.9

[1] Comprises contract rents for tenant-occupied dwellings and for lodging away from home, and current maintenance costs for home owners (interest on mortgages, taxes, insurance, and expenses for repairs and replacements).

Source: University of Pennsylvania, Wharton School of Finance and Commerce; *Study of Consumer Expenditures, Income, and Savings*, Vols. II and XVIII. Based on Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, *Survey of Consumer Expenditures in 1950*.

No. 397.—Family Personal Income Received by Each Fifth and Top 5 Percent of All Consumer Units: 1935 to 1954

All consumer units ranked by size of income	Percent of income							Average income (current dollars)						
	1935–1936	1941	1944	1947	1950	1953	1954	1935–1936	1941	1944	1947	1950	1953	1954
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	1,631	2,209	3,614	4,126	4,444	5,375	5,344
Lowest fifth	4.1	4.1	4.9	5.0	4.8	4.9	4.9	337	450	882	1,023	1,056	1,319	1,313
Second fifth	9.2	9.5	10.9	11.0	10.9	11.4	11.4	749	1,044	1,979	2,275	2,418	3,070	3,056
Third fifth	14.1	15.3	16.2	16.0	16.1	16.6	16.6	1,146	1,694	2,920	3,308	3,579	4,469	4,443
Fourth fifth	20.9	22.3	22.2	22.0	22.1	22.4	22.4	1,708	2,463	4,014	4,542	4,911	6,011	5,975
Highest fifth	51.7	48.8	45.8	46.0	46.1	44.7	44.7	4,216	5,396	8,272	9,483	10,254	12,006	11,932
Top 5 percent	26.5	24.0	20.7	20.9	21.4	20.5	20.5	8,654	10,617	14,963	17,226	19,066	22,035	21,902

All consumer units ranked by size of income	Average income (1950 dollars) [1]						Percent increase in average income (1950 dollars)		
	1935–1936	1941	1944	1950	1953	1954	1935–1936 to 1954	1935–1936 to 1941	1941 to 1954
Total	2,937	3,663	4,651	4,444	4,893	4,826	64	25	32
Lowest fifth	607	746	1,135	1,056	1,201	1,186	95	23	59
Second fifth	1,349	1,731	2,547	2,418	2,794	2,760	105	28	59
Third fifth	2,063	2,809	3,758	3,579	4,068	4,012	94	36	43
Fourth fifth	3,075	4,085	5,165	4,911	5,472	5,396	75	33	32
Highest fifth	7,591	8,949	10,645	10,254	10,928	10,776	42	18	20
Top 5 percent	15,582	17,607	19,255	19,066	20,057	19,780	27	13	12

[1] Price indexes used for deflators are those employed in deflating the personal consumption expenditure series in the national income accounts.

Source: 1935–36 and 1941, Harvard University; *Review of Economics and Statistics*, February 1954. Later years, Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics; *Survey of Current Business*, March 1955 and June 1956.

No. 398.—Average Family Personal Income Before and After Federal Individual Income Tax Liability: 1929 to 1957

Item	1929	1947	1950	1953	1954	1955	1956	1957
Number of families and unattached individuals ... millions	36.1	44.7	48.9	50.5	51.2	52.2	52.8	53.5
Average (mean) personal income per family or individual:								
Before tax:								
In current dollars	$2,340	$4,130	$4,440	$5,390	$5,360	$5,600	$5,910	$6,130
In 1957 dollars [1]	3,940	5,120	5,180	5,720	5,640	5,870	6,110	6,130
After tax:								
In current dollars	2,320	3,720	4,070	4,810	4,840	5,050	5,310	5,480
In 1957 dollars [1]	3,910	4,610	4,750	5,100	5,100	5,290	5,480	5,480

[1] See footnote 1, table 397.

Source: Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics; *Survey of Current Business*, April 1958.

No. 399.—Distribution of Families and Unattached Individuals and of Family Personal Income, by Family Personal Income Level: 1944 to 1956

[**Numbers in thousands; income in millions of dollars.** For distinction between personal income and money income, see text, pp. 300 and 301]

Family personal income [1] (before income taxes)	Number of families and unattached individuals					Aggregate family personal income [1]				
	1944	1950	1954	1955	1956	1944	1950	1954	1955	1956
Total	**40,880**	**48,890**	**51,150**	**52,170**	**52,800**	**147,721**	**217,262**	**273,956**	**291,905**	**312,255**
Under $1,000	4,352	3,861	3,071	2,918	2,688	2,390	1,943	1,571	1,480	1,380
$1,000 to $1,999	8,108	7,464	5,889	5,327	4,954	12,338	11,333	8,951	8,081	7,502
$2,000 to $2,999	8,762	8,091	6,509	6,272	5,871	21,938	20,273	16,345	15,771	14,742
$3,000 to $3,999	7,723	8,586	7,291	7,275	6,784	26,960	29,983	25,615	25,591	23,841
$4,000 to $4,999	4,535	7,054	7,118	7,117	6,941	20,261	31,533	32,055	32,087	31,198
$5,000 to $5,999	2,515	4,694	6,032	6,363	6,540	13,739	25,603	33,033	34,871	35,838
$6,000 to $7,499	2,259	3,836	6,284	6,940	7,416	14,942	25,578	41,947	46,442	49,668
$7,500 to $9,999	1,385	2,758	4,734	5,186	6,042	11,802	23,364	40,333	44,272	51,540
$10,000 to $14,999	707	1,536	2,601	3,017	3,545	8,483	18,310	31,856	36,173	42,483
$15,000 to $19,999	246	414	745	852	2,019	4,215	7,083	12,749	14,606	54,063
$20,000 to $24,999	108	218	313	350		2,395	4,826	6,931	7,885	
$25,000 to $49,999	140	294	397	433		4,651	9,743	13,294	14,528	
$50,000 and over	40	84	106	114		3,607	7,690	9,276	10,118	
Percent	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**
Under $1,000	10.7	7.9	6.0	5.6	5.1	1.6	0.9	0.6	0.5	0.4
$1,000 to $1,999	19.8	15.3	11.5	10.2	9.4	8.4	5.2	3.3	2.8	2.4
$2,000 to $2,999	21.4	16.6	12.7	12.0	11.1	14.9	9.3	6.0	5.4	4.7
$3,000 to $3,999	18.9	17.6	14.3	14.0	12.9	18.3	13.8	9.4	8.8	7.7
$4,000 to $4,999	11.1	14.4	13.9	13.7	13.2	13.7	14.5	11.7	11.0	10.0
$5,000 to $5,999	6.2	9.6	11.8	12.2	12.4	9.3	11.8	12.1	11.9	11.5
$6,000 to $7,499	5.5	7.9	12.3	13.3	14.0	10.1	11.8	15.3	15.9	15.9
$7,500 to $9,999	3.4	5.6	9.2	9.9	11.4	8.0	10.8	14.7	15.1	16.5
$10,000 to $14,999	1.7	3.1	5.2	5.8	6.7	5.7	8.4	11.6	12.4	13.6
$15,000 to $19,999	0.6	0.8	1.5	1.6	3.8	2.9	3.3	4.6	5.0	17.3
$20,000 to $24,999	0.3	0.4	0.6	0.7		1.6	2.2	2.5	2.7	
$25,000 to $49,999	0.3	0.6	0.8	0.8		3.1	4.5	4.8	5.0	
$50,000 and over	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2		2.4	3.5	3.4	3.5	

[1] Covers income of families and unattached individuals.

Source: Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics; *Survey of Current Business*, April 1958.

No. 400.—Share of Money Income Received by Each Tenth of All Spending Units, and Lowest Income Within Tenth: 1947 to 1956

[See text, p. 299. Data for each year based on interviews in January-March of following year. "*Spending unit*" defined as all persons living in the same dwelling and belonging to the same family who pool their incomes to meet their major expenses; a spending unit may consist of only 1 person]

Spending units ranked from lowest to highest income [1]	Percent of total money income					Lowest income within tenth (dollars)				
	1947	1950	1954	1955	1956	1947	1950	1954	1955	1956
Lowest tenth	1	1	1	1	1	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Second tenth	3	3	3	3	3	750	830	1,000	900	1,050
Third tenth	4	5	5	4	5	1,200	1,430	1,760	1,650	1,900
Fourth tenth	6	6	6	6	6	1,700	1,990	2,500	2,470	2,740
Fifth tenth	7	8	8	8	8	2,100	2,510	3,120	3,240	3,520
Sixth tenth	9	9	9	9	9	2,530	3,000	3,700	3,960	4,270
Seventh tenth	10	11	11	11	10	3,000	3,550	4,350	4,640	5,000
Eighth tenth	12	13	13	13	12	3,500	4,080	5,060	5,380	5,850
Ninth tenth	15	15	15	16	15	4,200	4,950	6,000	6,500	7,000
Highest tenth	33	29	29	29	31	5,700	6,210	7,720	8,440	9,050

[1] Ranking based on size of money income before tax.
[2] Not available.

Source: Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System. Based on data from various Surveys of Consumer Finances, conducted for Board of Governors of Federal Reserve System by Survey Research Center of University of Michigan. Data appear periodically in *Federal Reserve Bulletin*.

No. 401.—Percent Distribution of Spending Units, 1945 to 1956, and Share of Liquid Assets, 1946 to 1957, by Income Groups

[Liquid asset holdings as of January 1, 1952, and at time of interviews in January, February, and early March of other years. Money income groupings for calendar year preceding time of interview. For definition of spending unit, see headnote, table 400. See text, p. 299]

Money income before taxes	Spending units						Share of total liquid assets [1]					
	1945	1951	1953	1954	1955	1956	1946	1952	1954	1955	1956	1957
All income groups	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Under $1,000	20	13	10	10	11	9	7	7	4	4	5	4
$1,000 to $1,999	27	15	13	13	12	12	14	8	6	7	7	6
$2,000 to $2,999	23	18	14	14	13	12	17	10	7	9	7	8
$3,000 to $3,999	15	18	16	17	14	12	16	14	10	12	9	8
$4,000 to $4,999	7	15	16	14	14	14	10	11	11	11	9	8
$5,000 to $7,499	5	14	20	21	22	24	13	18	22	20	25	19
$7,500 and over	3	7	11	11	14	17	23	32	40	37	38	47

[1] Liquid assets comprise U. S. Government savings bonds, checking accounts, savings accounts in banks, postal savings, and shares in savings and loan associations and credit unions; currency is excluded. Data prior to 1957 also include marketable U. S. Government bonds, which were held by about 1 percent of all spending units early in 1957.

Source: Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System. Based on data from various Surveys of Consumer Finances conducted for Board of Governors of Federal Reserve System by Survey Research Center of University of Michigan. Data appear periodically in *Federal Reserve Bulletin*.

No. 402.—Mean and Median Incomes Within Occupational Groups: 1947 to 1956

[**In dollars.** See text, p. 299. For definition of spending unit, see headnote, table 400. Mean income is the average obtained by dividing aggregate money income before taxes by number of spending units. Median income is that of middle spending unit when units are ranked by size of money income before taxes. Figures beginning 1953 are high relative to prior years owing largely to a change in 1954 questionnaire that improved the reporting of income]

Occupation of head of spending unit	1947	1950	1951	1952	1953	1954	1955	1956
MEAN INCOME								
All spending units	3,290	3,520	3,820	4,070	4,570	4,420	4,650	5,140
Professional and semiprofessional	5,750	5,630	6,020	6,670	6,790	7,380	8,140	7,770
Managerial and self-employed	6,730	5,790	7,100	6,970	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Managerial	(1)	6,580	8,960	6,890	8,920	7,480	8,280	8,790
Self-employed [2]	(1)	5,330	5,820	7,010	8,830	8,360	8,180	10,750
Clerical and sales	3,220	3,910	3,920	4,180	4,480	4,420	4,980	5,190
Skilled and semiskilled	3,120	3,530	3,970	4,200	4,550	4,500	4,830	[3] 5,030
Unskilled and service	1,900	2,350	2,320	2,620	2,760	2,990	2,840	3,250
Farm operator [2]	2,080	2,480	2,660	2,540	3,170	3,020	2,860	3,350
Other [4]	2,010	2,020	2,330	2,410	2,560	(1)	(1)	(1)
MEDIAN INCOME								
All spending units	2,530	3,000	3,200	3,430	3,780	3,700	3,960	4,250
Professional and semiprofessional	4,000	4,500	4,500	5,310	5,540	6,020	6,250	6,250
Managerial and self-employed	4,500	4,500	4,780	5,000	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Managerial	(1)	4,950	5,350	5,500	6,610	5,860	6,760	7,000
Self-employed	(1)	4,100	4,180	4,730	5,000	5,710	6,000	7,500
Clerical and sales	2,900	3,200	3,410	3,850	4,100	3,980	4,290	4,600
Skilled and semiskilled	3,000	3,600	3,800	4,000	4,400	4,390	4,660	[3] 4,940
Unskilled and service	1,750	2,100	2,100	2,470	2,530	2,810	2,520	3,000
Farm operator	1,500	1,900	1,880	2,190	2,060	2,080	2,190	2,320
Other [4]	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)

[1] Not available.
[2] Beginning 1953, not exactly comparable; changes in 1954 questionnaire resulted in overestimates of farm and nonfarm business incomes relative to earlier years. The effect is thought to have been much greater on the mean than on the median.
[3] Median income of skilled workers was $5,350 and that of semiskilled workers was $4,400. Mean incomes were $5,640 and $4,480, respectively.
[4] Comprises spending units headed by housewives, protective service workers, unemployed persons, and students.

Source: Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System. Based on data from various Surveys of Consumer Finances, conducted for Board of Governors of Federal Reserve System by Survey Research Center of University of Michigan. Data appear periodically in *Federal Reserve Bulletin*.

No. 403.—Money Income of Families and Unrelated Individuals—Percent Distribution by Income Level, and Farm and Nonfarm Median Income: 1944 to 1956

[Based on samples of population residing in households only. Includes small number of families and unrelated individuals with no money income. Excludes small number of families and individuals residing in quasi-households (hotels, large rooming houses, etc.). "Family" refers to a group of 2 or more related persons residing in same household. "Unrelated individual" is used to refer to a person living alone or with persons not related to him. See Technical Note, p. 201. For explanation of urban and rural areas, see p. 2]

Item and year	Income level (percent distribution)								Median income [1]		
	Under $1,000	$1,000 to $1,999	$2,000 to $2,999	$3,000 to $3,999	$4,000 to $4,999	$5,000 to $5,999	$6,000 to $9,999	$10,000 and over	Total	Urban and rural nonfarm	Rural farm
Families and individuals:											
1944	23.2	22.1	20.7	16.1	7.9	4.1	4.2	1.6	$2,209	$2,410	$1,157
1945	19.5	21.1	23.9	15.3	8.4	5.3	5.3	1.3	2,379	2,595	1,291
1946	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	2,659	(2)
1947	16.8	17.7	20.9	17.6	10.2	6.7	7.7	2.5	2,727	2,900	1,781
1948	16.2	15.8	19.8	18.8	11.4	7.1	8.5	2.5	2,909	3,101	1,861
1949	18.5	15.8	20.0	17.9	10.4	6.8	8.3	2.3	2,783	2,989	1,462
1950	17.8	14.2	17.5	18.8	11.9	7.7	9.3	2.8	3,025	3,188	1,790
1951	15.2	12.4	15.5	18.5	13.8	9.3	12.3	3.1	3,368	3,546	1,953
1952	14.5	12.6	14.3	17.4	13.6	10.2	14.0	3.5	3,467	3,611	2,011
1953	14.3	11.2	12.5	15.2	14.0	11.3	16.7	4.6	3,789	3,981	1,926
1954	14.9	12.2	12.2	14.7	13.8	10.4	16.7	4.9	3,730	3,949	1,803
1955	13.4	11.9	11.3	14.1	13.8	11.1	19.1	5.3	3,948	4,195	1,937
1956	12.3	10.9	10.7	12.3	13.7	12.0	21.5	6.7	4,257	4,468	2,149
Families:											
1944	17.0	20.6	22.3	18.9	9.3	5.0	5.1	1.8	2,533	2,794	1,272
1945	13.5	20.5	25.5	17.3	9.7	6.1	6.1	1.4	2,621	2,857	1,410
1946	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	2,981	(2)
1947	10.7	16.6	22.0	19.7	11.7	7.7	8.9	2.7	3,033	3,207	1,958
1948	10.6	14.5	20.5	20.7	13.0	8.1	9.8	2.8	3,190	3,391	2,034
1949	12.1	14.8	20.6	20.0	12.1	7.8	9.8	2.6	3,107	3,324	1,587
1950	11.5	13.2	17.9	20.6	13.6	9.0	11.0	3.2	3,319	3,497	1,970
1951	9.2	11.4	15.4	19.7	15.6	10.8	14.4	3.6	3,714	3,913	2,131
1952	8.5	10.8	14.2	18.6	15.4	11.9	16.6	4.2	3,889	4,111	2,226
1953	8.6	9.9	11.7	15.8	15.9	13.2	19.8	5.4	4,233	4,462	2,131
1954	8.8	11.0	11.9	15.5	15.6	11.9	19.6	5.8	4,167	4,406	1,968
1955	7.7	9.9	11.0	14.6	15.4	12.7	22.4	6.2	4,420	4,705	2,117
1956	6.5	8.9	10.2	12.5	14.8	13.7	25.4	7.9	4,787	5,061	2,375
Unrelated individuals:											
1944	50.8	28.6	13.7	4.1	1.6	0.4	0.5	0.4	979	1,057	461
1945	53.9	25.2	14.4	4.0	1.0	0.3	0.8	0.3	899	976	401
1946	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	1,105	(2)
1947	50.7	23.9	14.8	6.0	1.9	0.9	0.8	1.0	983	1,077	582
1948	48.9	23.0	15.5	7.9	2.6	0.8	0.8	0.4	1,042	1,148	533
1949	50.7	20.5	16.8	7.3	2.3	1.4	0.7	0.4	984	1,042	500
1950	50.3	19.5	15.6	9.2	3.1	1.0	0.9	0.4	992	1,079	532
1951	46.7	18.0	16.0	11.9	4.1	1.8	1.3	0.3	1,180	1,285	733
1952	41.8	21.4	15.2	12.0	5.0	2.1	2.0	0.5	1,332	1,410	665
1953	42.3	17.8	17.1	12.5	5.4	2.2	1.7	1.1	1,397	1,489	589
1954	45.4	18.6	14.3	10.9	5.0	3.0	2.0	0.7	1,225	1,312	583
1955	42.0	21.8	13.0	11.4	5.6	2.7	3.0	0.8	1,310	1,371	635
1956	39.6	20.8	12.9	11.1	8.0	3.9	2.9	0.8	1,448	1,522	723

[1] For definition of median, see headnote, table 24, p. 27.
[2] Comparable figures not available.

Source: Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census; *Current Population Reports*, Series P-60, No. 27.

No. 404.—Money Income of Families and Unrelated Individuals—Percent Distribution by Income Level, Urban and Rural: 1956

[Based on sample. Includes small number of families and unrelated individuals with no money income, and families and individuals in quasi-households (hotels, large rooming houses, etc.) as well as households. "Family" refers to a group of 2 or more related persons residing in same household. "Unrelated individual" refers to a person living alone or with persons not related to him. See Technical Note, p. 201. For explanation of urban and rural areas, see p. 2]

Income level	Families and individuals				Families				Unrelated individuals			
	Total	Urban	Rural nonfarm	Rural farm	Total	Urban	Rural nonfarm	Rural farm	Total	Urban	Rural nonfarm	Rural farm
Number	53,103	34,951	12,693	5,459	43,445	27,496	11,041	4,908	9,658	7,455	1,652	551
Percent	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**
Under $1,000	12.7	10.5	12.6	26.3	6.5	3.7	6.5	22.3	40.2	35.6	53.4	60.9
$1,000 to $1,999	11.1	9.7	10.3	21.5	8.9	6.7	9.1	20.8	20.9	20.9	18.5	28.2
$2,000 to $2,999	10.7	9.9	10.6	15.7	10.2	8.7	10.7	16.9	12.8	14.1	9.5	5.3
$3,000 to $3,999	12.3	12.0	13.1	11.9	12.5	11.8	14.0	12.9	11.2	12.7	7.5	3.1
$4,000 to $4,999	13.5	14.4	13.3	8.6	14.9	15.9	14.5	9.4	7.7	8.9	4.5	1.3
$5,000 to $5,999	11.9	12.3	13.7	5.6	13.7	14.5	15.3	6.2	3.7	4.1	2.8	0.8
$6,000 to $6,999	8.3	8.7	8.9	4.0	9.8	10.6	10.1	4.4	1.6	1.8	1.1	0.3
$7,000 to $9,999	13.0	14.8	12.1	4.3	15.6	18.5	13.6	4.8	1.3	1.3	1.6	-------
$10,000 to $14,999	4.9	5.7	4.1	1.8	5.9	7.2	4.6	2.0	0.4	0.4	0.8	0.3
$15,000 to $24,999	1.2	1.4	1.1	0.3	1.5	1.8	1.2	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.2	-------
$25,000 and over	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.1	0.5	0.6	0.4	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.1	-------
Median income [1]	$4,237	$4,549	$4,256	$2,140	$4,783	$5,221	$4,619	$2,371	$1,426	$1,643	$939	$808

[1] For definition of median, see headnote, table 24, p. 27.

Source: Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census; *Current Population Reports*, Series P-60, No. 27.

No. 405.—Money Income of Families and Unrelated Individuals—Percent Distribution by Income Level, by Color; and Median Income by Color, Urban and Rural: 1956

[Based on sample. See Technical Note, p. 201. See also headnote, table 404]

Income level	Families and individuals			Families			Unrelated individuals		
	Total	White	Nonwhite	Total	White	Nonwhite	Total	White	Nonwhite
UNITED STATES									
Percent	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**
Under $1,000	12.7	11.2	25.7	6.5	5.4	18.2	40.2	38.9	48.5
$1,000 to $1,999	11.1	10.2	18.9	8.9	7.9	19.2	20.9	21.3	18.0
$2,000 to $2,999	10.7	9.8	18.7	10.2	9.3	19.0	12.8	11.9	17.8
$3,000 to $3,999	12.3	12.1	13.4	12.5	12.3	14.9	11.2	11.5	9.2
$4,000 to $4,999	13.5	14.0	9.7	14.9	15.2	11.4	7.7	8.2	4.0
$5,000 to $5,999	11.9	12.5	6.0	13.7	14.4	7.5	3.7	4.0	1.6
$6,000 to $6,999	8.3	8.8	3.1	9.8	10.3	4.1	1.6	1.8	0.1
$7,000 to $9,999	13.0	14.0	3.7	15.6	16.7	4.7	1.3	1.4	0.7
$10,000 to $14,999	4.9	5.4	0.7	5.9	6.4	0.9	0.4	0.5	------
$15,000 to $24,999	1.2	1.4	0.1	1.5	1.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	------
$25,000 and over	0.5	0.5	--------	0.5	0.6	--------	0.2	0.2	------
MEDIAN INCOME [1]									
Total	$4,237	$4,479	$2,289	$4,783	$4,993	$2,628	$1,426	$1,466	$1,087
Urban	4,549	4,762	2,735	5,221	5,413	3,250	1,643	1,670	1,462
Rural nonfarm	4,256	4,514	1,869	4,619	4,871	2,268	939	989	723
Rural farm	2,140	2,407	1,034	2,371	2,648	1,104	808	847	(2)

[1] For definition of median, see headnote, table 24, p. 27.
[2] Fewer than 100 cases in sample reporting on income.

Source: Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census; *Current Population Reports*, Series P-60, No. 27.

No. 406.—Money Income of Persons—Percent Distribution of Recipients by Income Level and Sex, By Regions: 1956

[Persons 14 years old and over. Based on sample. See Technical Note, p. 201. For composition of regions, see fig. I, p. XII]

INCOME LEVEL	UNITED STATES		NORTHEAST		NORTH CENTRAL		SOUTH		WEST	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
Percent of those with income	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Loss	0.7	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.8	0.2	1.0	0.3	0.7	0.3
$1 to $999	16.5	46.6	11.1	40.6	14.5	44.9	24.5	54.8	13.0	42.6
$1,000 to $1,999	11.7	19.3	9.3	19.6	10.6	18.7	15.1	19.1	11.1	21.2
$2,000 to $2,999	12.1	15.7	12.0	19.4	10.9	16.5	14.5	12.4	9.7	14.7
$3,000 to $3,999	14.8	11.0	17.2	12.7	14.3	12.1	14.2	8.2	13.0	11.3
$4,000 to $4,999	15.9	4.3	18.5	4.5	17.1	4.9	12.3	3.1	17.0	5.9
$5,000 to $5,999	11.9	1.5	14.6	1.9	13.0	1.4	8.1	1.0	12.8	2.3
$6,000 to $6,999	6.2	0.5	6.5	0.4	7.3	0.6	3.7	0.5	8.6	0.7
$7,000 to $9,999	6.5	0.4	6.6	0.3	7.2	0.4	4.2	0.5	9.5	0.8
$10,000 to $14,999	2.4	0.2	2.7	0.4	2.5	0.3	1.8	0.1	2.7	0.2
$15,000 to $24,999	0.8	--------	0.8	--------	1.0	--------	0.4	--------	1.3	0.1
$25,000 and over	0.4	--------	0.4	--------	0.6	0.1	0.2	--------	0.5	--------
Median income for persons with income [1]	$3,608	$1,146	$4,004	$1,450	$3,923	$1,250	$2,602	$872	$4,142	$1,265
Median income for year-round full-time workers [2]	$4,462	$2,828	$4,646	$2,851	$4,691	$2,969	$3,710	$2,493	$5,209	$3,299

[1] For definition of median, see headnote, table 24, p. 27.
[2] Those who worked 35 hours or more for 50 weeks or more during previous year.

Source: Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census; *Current Population Reports*, Series P-60, No. 27.

No. 407.—Median Money Income of Persons, by Sex, Urban (by Size of Place) and Rural: 1954 to 1956

[Persons 14 years old and over. Based on sample. See Technical Note, p. 201. For definition of median, see headnote, table 24, p. 27]

RESIDENCE AND SIZE OF PLACE	1954			1955			1956		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
United States	$2,301	$3,199	$1,161	$2,323	$3,354	$1,116	$2,432	$3,608	$1,146
Urban, total	2,608	3,569	1,386	2,654	3,742	1,347	2,786	4,010	1,402
Urbanized areas	2,781	3,711	1,509	2,875	3,903	1,475	3,019	4,148	1,582
Areas of 1,000,000 or more	2,937	3,796	1,665	3,082	4,040	1,686	3,230	4,317	1,766
Areas of 250,000 to 999,999	2,710	3,755	1,360	2,639	3,678	1,420	2,761	3,829	1,412
Areas of less than 250,000	2,433	3,476	1,271	2,525	3,811	1,108	2,642	4,014	1,391
Places not in urbanized areas	2,185	3,181	1,090	2,151	3,289	1,066	2,293	3,580	1,047
Places of 25,000 or more	2,341	3,279	1,301	2,452	3,696	1,363	2,552	3,782	1,290
Places of less than 25,000	2,134	3,141	1,020	2,048	3,182	973	2,175	3,529	980
Rural nonfarm	2,149	3,066	868	2,316	3,399	867	2,371	3,592	871
Rural farm	1,044	1,342	499	989	1,324	470	1,029	1,461	468

Source: Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census; *Current Population Reports*, Series P-60, Nos. 19, 23, and 27.

No. 408.—Money Income of Persons—Percent Distribution of Recipients by Income Level, by Sex, Farm and Nonfarm: 1945 to 1956

[Persons 14 years old and over. Based on sample. See Technical Note, p. 201]

ITEM	MALE						FEMALE					
	1945	1950	1953	1954	1955	1956	1945	1950	1953	1954	1955	1956
UNITED STATES												
Total persons	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Percent with income	89.5	90.1	91.3	90.2	92.1	91.9	45.1	43.2	46.4	46.4	49.3	51.9
Percent without income	10.5	9.9	8.7	9.8	7.9	8.1	54.9	56.8	53.6	53.6	50.7	48.1
Percent of those with income	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Loss	0.6	0.7	1.1	1.0	0.9	0.7	0.1	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3
$1 to $999	28.1	20.0	17.0	17.4	17.3	16.5	54.6	51.5	45.8	46.1	47.0	46.6
$1,000 to $1,999	26.0	16.4	12.4	13.8	12.8	11.7	33.2	23.6	21.4	21.4	20.6	19.3
$2,000 to $2,999	23.9	21.6	15.0	14.1	13.2	12.1	9.7	18.1	18.1	16.8	15.8	15.7
$3,000 to $3,999	13.2	20.9	19.3	18.4	16.5	14.8	1.4	4.5	9.9	10.7	10.7	11.0
$4,000 to $4,999	3.8	9.6	14.8	14.6	15.8	15.9	0.4	1.2	2.3	2.6	3.4	4.3
$5,000 to $5,999	2.4	4.6	9.5	9.2	10.3	11.9	0.1	0.3	1.0	1.0	1.2	1.5
$6,000 to $9,999	1.3	4.0	8.5	8.8	10.5	12.7	0.1	0.3	0.5	0.9	0.8	0.9
$10,000 and over	0.8	2.0	2.3	2.7	2.9	3.6	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.2	0.3	0.2
Median income for persons with income [1]	$1,811	$2,570	$3,223	$3,199	$3,354	$3,608	$901	$953	$1,168	$1,161	$1,116	$1,146
URBAN AND RURAL NONFARM												
Total persons	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Percent with income	90.5	90.8	91.9	90.9	92.4	92.4	48.8	45.2	48.3	48.3	50.8	53.3
Percent without income	9.5	9.2	8.1	9.1	7.6	7.6	51.2	54.8	51.7	51.7	49.2	46.7
Median income for persons with income [1]	$2,042	$2,784	$3,421	$3,469	$3,646	$3,899	$962	$1,043	$1,250	$1,252	$1,220	$1,257
RURAL FARM												
Total persons	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Percent with income	85.3	86.7	87.3	85.8	90.0	88.8	27.6	31.0	32.9	32.7	38.1	40.8
Percent without income	14.7	13.3	12.7	14.2	10.0	11.2	72.4	69.0	67.1	67.3	61.9	59.2
Median income for persons with income [1]	$904	$1,328	$1,394	$1,342	$1,324	$1,461	$431	$417	$482	$499	$470	$468

[1] For definition of median, see headnote, table 24, p. 27.

Source: Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census; *Current Population Reports*, Series P-60, No. 27.

No. 409.—Percent Distribution of Aggregate Wage or Salary Income (Before Taxes) Received by Each Fifth of Wage or Salary Recipients: 1939 to 1954

[Based on sample. See Technical Note, p. 201, and see source for explanation of method of estimating aggregate income. Wage or salary income includes all money received in compensation for work or services performed as employees including commissions, tips, piece-rate payments, bonuses, Armed Forces pay, etc., as well as receipts commonly referred to as wages or salaries. Excludes value of income in kind, such as living quarters, meals, clothing, etc.]

WAGE OR SALARY RECIPIENTS	1939	1945	1947	1948	1949	1950	1951	1952	1953	1954
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Lowest fifth	3.4	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.6	2.3	3.0	2.7	2.6	2.5
Second fifth	8.4	10.1	10.3	10.2	10.1	9.7	10.6	10.2	9.7	9.1
Middle fifth	15.0	17.4	17.8	18.6	18.7	18.3	18.9	18.5	18.1	18.0
Fourth fifth	23.9	25.7	24.7	25.5	26.2	25.7	25.9	25.7	25.4	25.5
Highest fifth	49.3	43.9	44.3	42.8	42.4	44.0	41.6	42.9	44.0	44.7

Source: Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census; *Current Population Reports*, Series P-60, No. 19.

No. 410.—Money Income of Persons—Recipients and Median Income, by Major Occupation Group and Sex: 1956

[Employment and occupation status of recipients as of March 1957. Persons 14 years old and over. Based on sample. See Technical Note, p. 201]

Major occupation group	Male				Female			
	Recipients		Median income		Recipients		Median income	
	Total	With income	For recipients with income [1]	For year-round, full-time workers [2]	Total	With income	For recipients with income [1]	For year-round, full-time workers [2]
Total	**56,591**	**52,016**	**$3,608**	**$4,462**	**61,304**	**31,823**	**$1,146**	**$2,828**
Employed as civilians	43,273	42,518	4,093	4,487	20,592	18,258	2,081	2,855
Professional, technical, and kindred workers	4,141	4,084	5,772	6,126	2,436	2,229	3,133	3,694
Self-employed [3]	632	620	9,496	10,490	135	119	(4)	(4)
Salaried	3,509	3,464	5,661	5,968	2,301	2,110	3,178	3,730
Farmers and farm managers	3,064	3,026	1,510	1,680	139	125	(4)	(4)
Managers, officials, and proprietors, excluding farm	5,598	5,557	5,535	5,816	1,080	893	2,489	2,835
Self-employed [3]	2,935	2,905	4,859	5,187	633	468	1,829	1,839
Salaried	2,663	2,652	6,094	6,313	447	425	3,154	3,793
Clerical and kindred workers	2,988	2,957	4,263	4,473	6,161	5,754	2,758	3,189
Sales workers	2,479	2,449	4,363	5,194	1,507	1,249	1,311	2,165
Craftsmen, foremen, and kindred workers	8,413	8,383	4,697	5,004	215	198	(4)	(4)
Operatives and kindred workers	8,953	8,846	3,972	4,303	3,438	3,225	2,236	2,660
Private household workers	49	45	(4)	(4)	2,174	1,909	598	925
Service workers, except private household	2,708	2,644	3,123	3,579	2,700	2,391	1,316	2,017
Farm laborers and foremen	1,403	1,130	978	1,521	625	181	(4)	(4)
Laborers, except farm and mine	3,477	3,397	2,844	3,451	117	104	(4)	(4)
Unemployed	1,950	1,790	1,946	3,232	932	743	1,089	(4)
In Armed Forces or not in labor force	11,368	7,708	978	(4)	39,780	12,822	582	2,296

[1] Based on number of persons with income. For definition of median, see headnote, table 24, p. 27.
[2] For definition, see footnote 2, table 406.
[3] Includes a very small number of unpaid family workers.
[4] Fewer than 100 cases in sample reporting with income.

Source: Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census; *Current Population Reports*, Series P-60, No. 27.

No. 411.—Income of Nonsalaried Physicians, Lawyers, and Dentists: 1929 to 1954

[Data are based on mail questionnaire surveys of the 3 professions, usually in cooperation with the professional associations. At intervals, large-scale surveys have been conducted to establish benchmark data, most recently in 1949 (dentists), 1950 (physicians), and 1955 (lawyers). For later years, smaller, interim surveys are conducted to obtain indexes for extending the benchmark data forward]

Year	Physicians		Dentists		Lawyers	
	Average gross income [1]	Average net income [2]	Average gross income [1]	Average net income [2]	Average gross income [1]	Average net income [2]
1929	$8,567	$5,224	$7,112	$4,267	$7,997	$5,534
1930	8,173	4,870	6,814	4,020	7,594	5,194
1935	6,295	3,695	4,438	2,485	6,424	4,272
1940	7,632	4,441	6,592	3,314	6,747	4,507
1945	17,350	10,975	12,115	6,922	10,398	6,861
1948	18,921	11,327	12,703	7,039	12,459	8,003
1949	19,710	11,744	12,881	7,146	12,756	7,971
1950	20,713	12,324	13,202	7,436	13,264	8,349
1951	22,298	13,432	14,085	7,820	14,185	8,855
1952	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	14,700	9,021
1953	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	15,444	9,392
1954	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	16,719	10,258

[1] Gross business receipts from independent professional practice only.
[2] For nonsalaried group only; income from independent professional practice after deduction of business expenses but before payment of income taxes.
[3] Not available.

Source: Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics; *Survey of Current Business*, August 1949, January 1950, July 1951, July 1952, and December 1956.

No. 412.—National Wealth, by Type of Asset, in Current Dollars: 1900 to 1955

[In billions of dollars. Data should be regarded as approximative only. Consult source for methods and sources used to derive these estimates. See text, p. 301]

Year	National wealth, total	Reproducible tangible assets: Total	Structures[1]: Total	Structures[1]: Nonfarm: Residential	Structures[1]: Nonfarm: Nonresidential	Structures[1]: Mining (underground)	Structures[1]: Farm	Structures[1]: Institutional	Structures[1]: Government	Equipment[1]: Producer durables	Equipment[1]: Consumer durables
1900	87.7	59.1	35.0	15.7	12.5	0.4	3.3	1.1	2.0	6.5	6.0
1905	117.1	76.5	45.6	19.2	16.8	0.6	4.2	1.5	3.3	9.0	8.3
1910	152.0	99.6	57.7	23.8	20.9	0.8	5.3	1.9	5.0	12.6	11.3
1915	191.8	126.9	72.3	29.1	25.4	1.2	6.7	2.3	7.7	17.1	15.3
1920	374.4	264.6	149.1	60.4	48.9	3.5	15.3	4.5	16.4	37.3	36.1
1925	384.2	272.9	161.4	72.6	48.7	3.9	12.5	4.7	19.0	33.8	35.8
1930	410.1	293.4	182.4	85.1	53.1	3.9	11.1	5.5	23.8	36.7	38.0
1935	344.9	256.1	163.7	70.2	47.7	3.8	8.9	4.8	28.5	29.3	25.9
1940	424.2	331.2	200.2	92.5	51.0	5.1	9.6	5.5	36.5	37.0	36.5
1945[4]	570.6	441.5	265.1	124.6	59.8	7.8	15.7	6.4	50.7	50.3	51.0
1945[4]	560.5	445.4	275.0	140.5	56.0	7.8	16.3	7.0	47.4	48.3	46.2
1950	1,024.0	835.3	490.5	245.0	102.7	15.9	27.0	13.9	85.9	112.4	109.2
1955	1,338.3	1,109.0	668.2	320.8	139.6	23.7	33.2	20.4	130.7	159.8	143.7

Year	Reproducible tangible assets—Con.: Inventories[2]: Private: Livestock	Inventories[2]: Private: Crop	Inventories[2]: Private: Nonfarm	Inventories[2]: Public	Monetary gold and silver	Land[3]: Private: Farm	Land[3]: Private: Forests	Land[3]: Private: Other	Land[3]: Public	Net foreign assets
1900	3.1	1.4	5.4	0.0	1.6	14.5	1.5	10.9	4.0	−2.3
1905	3.7	1.8	6.0	0.0	2.1	22.2	1.6	13.6	5.2	−2.0
1910	5.3	2.4	8.0	0.0	2.4	29.5	1.9	16.3	6.8	−2.1
1915	6.4	2.9	10.0	0.0	3.0	34.8	2.4	19.4	8.6	−0.3
1920	6.4	4.2	28.1	0.2	3.2	50.0	4.0	36.9	12.5	6.3
1925	5.4	3.4	28.1	0.1	4.9	37.1	3.2	47.4	13.9	9.7
1930	4.9	2.2	24.1	0.1	5.1	31.9	2.7	54.2	15.2	12.6
1935	5.2	2.0	18.4	0.3	11.3	23.9	2.6	40.0	16.1	6.1
1940	5.4	2.3	24.4	1.4	24.1	23.9	3.0	47.3	18.0	0.8
1945[5]	9.7	5.6	34.1	2.7	22.9	44.5	3.6	56.0	24.0	1.1
1945[5]	9.7	6.0	33.6	2.7	23.9	43.5	3.8	45.9	24.2	−2.3
1950	17.1	7.3	69.3	2.8	26.8	58.2	8.7	75.5	33.0	13.4
1955	10.7	6.7	86.8	7.1	26.1	68.8	10.2	97.6	37.3	15.4

[1] Estimates obtained by multiplying the *constant dollar* figures shown in table 413 by the appropriate price index for current year. See also footnote 1 in that table.
[2] Estimates are based on book values.
[3] Estimates for farm land are based on Census or similar data. For other private land, estimates are derived by application of rough ratios of land to structure values for different types of real estate.
[4] 1945 estimates differ from one another not only because of changes in base period (1929 vs. 1947–49) of deflator used but also because of minor changes in sources of data and methods of estimation used.
[5] 1945 estimates differ from one another because of minor changes in sources of data and methods of estimation used.

Source: For 1900 to 1945, R. W. Goldsmith, *A Study of Saving in the United States*, Princeton University Press, 1956, Vol. III, Table W-1; for 1945 (revised) to 1955, National Bureau of Economic Research, preliminary estimates by Raymond W. Goldsmith.

No. 413.—National Reproducible Tangible Assets and Net Foreign Assets, in Constant Dollars: 1900 to 1955

[In billions of dollars. Data should be regarded as approximative only. Consult source for methods and sources used to derive these estimates. See text, p. 301]

Year	Reproducible tangible assets							
	Total	Structures [1]						
		Total	Nonfarm		Mining (underground)	Farm	Institutional	Government
			Residential	Nonresidential				
1929 prices								
1900	122.6	73.0	33.1	24.9	0.8	6.8	2.3	5.1
1905	146.2	87.5	37.3	31.0	1.1	7.9	2.9	7.2
1910	175.8	106.1	45.0	37.2	1.5	8.9	3.5	10.0
1915	202.6	123.8	52.7	41.6	2.0	10.2	4.0	13.3
1920	230.2	133.6	56.5	43.7	3.1	12.1	4.2	14.0
1925	273.3	163.0	75.1	48.8	3.8	12.2	4.8	18.3
1930	322.7	197.2	90.7	58.2	4.3	12.3	5.8	25.8
1935	297.1	189.5	85.1	52.9	4.1	10.8	5.4	31.2
1940	329.6	193.6	87.6	49.2	4.7	10.4	5.0	36.7
1945 [3]	331.5	185.3	84.0	44.5	5.2	10.1	4.4	37.2
1947–49 prices								
1945 [3]	616.1	402.0	194.7	81.6	11.3	22.2	11.6	80.7
1950	753.3	442.3	216.0	89.5	14.2	25.0	12.6	85.1
1955	906.0	520.5	253.0	103.4	18.7	27.6	15.5	102.4

Year	Reproducible tangible assets—continued							Net foreign assets
	Equipment [1]		Inventories [2]				Monetary gold and silver	
			Private			Public		
	Producer durables	Consumer durables	Livestock	Crop	Nonfarm			
1929 prices								
1900	13.5	16.6	6.4	2.6	9.2	0.0	1.3	−4.7
1905	18.2	19.9	6.7	3.0	9.3	0.0	1.7	−3.8
1910	23.1	23.7	6.6	3.2	11.2	0.0	1.9	−3.5
1915	26.5	25.8	7.2	3.6	13.1	0.0	2.5	−0.5
1920	32.4	28.2	7.2	4.1	21.5	0.2	3.1	5.1
1925	34.7	35.4	6.5	3.3	25.9	0.1	4.5	9.4
1930	39.6	43.9	6.6	2.8	28.2	0.1	4.5	13.1
1935	32.2	37.6	6.4	3.0	21.6	0.4	6.4	7.5
1940	36.2	47.0	6.7	3.4	27.2	2.0	13.4	0.9
1945 [3]	42.6	46.9	7.2	3.9	30.8	2.1	12.7	0.8
1947–49 prices								
1945 [3]	61.5	57.5	14.9	7.9	46.9	3.7	21.7	−2.7
1950	99.3	100.8	14.0	7.9	62.0	2.5	24.5	12.0
1955	123.5	133.9	15.0	8.4	72.7	8.4	23.6	12.5

[1] Estimates derived by "perpetual inventory" method which is intended to reflect reproduction cost of different types of assets. Estimates are obtained by: (1) Reducing each year's gross capital expenditures in current prices to 1929 (or 1947–49) price level by means of appropriate construction cost or wholesale price indices; (2) *depreciating gross capital expenditures* in accordance with an assumed length of life for different types of assets, thus obtaining net capital expenditures for each year in 1929 (or 1947–49) prices; (3) cumulating net capital expenditures for as many years backwards as corresponds to the assumed length of life of the type of asset involved.

[2] Estimates reflect book values reduced by means of wholesale price indices.

[3] 1945 estimates differ from one another not only because of changes in base period (1929 vs. 1947–49) of deflator used but also because of minor changes in sources of data and methods of estimation used.

Source: For 1900 to 1945 (1929 prices), R. W. Goldsmith, *A Study of Saving in the United States*, Princeton University Press, 1956, Vol. III, Table W-1; for 1945 (1947–49 prices) to 1955, National Bureau of Economic Research, preliminary estimates by Raymond W. Goldsmith.

Section 12

Prices

This section presents indexes of wholesale, retail, and consumer prices. Average prices are also shown for selected commodities. The primary sources of these data are the publications of the Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, which include: *Monthly Labor Review*; *Handbook of Labor Statistics*; *Consumer Price Index* (monthly); *Retail Food Prices by Cities* (monthly); *Retail Prices and Indexes of Fuels and Electricity* (monthly); *Wholesale (Primary Market) Price Index* (monthly); and *Wholesale Prices* (annually). The Agricultural Marketing Service prepares indexes of prices received and prices paid by farmers (see text, p. 610).

The Bureau of Labor Statistics prepares weekly and monthly indexes of wholesale prices, a daily index based on spot market prices of 22 commodities; and indexes of consumer prices for urban wage-earner and clerical-worker families for the United States, based on 46 cities, and individually for 20 large cities, as well as component indexes for food and other groups.

Wholesale price index.—This index, dating from 1890, is the oldest continuous statistical series published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics. It is designed to measure average changes in prices of commodities sold in primary markets in the United States.

The index has undergone 4 major revisions. The latest revised index (see *Monthly Labor Review*, February 1952), based on 1947–49=100, is the official index for January 1952 and all subsequent months. The index beginning with data for 1947 is based on nearly 2,000 commodity price series instead of the 900 included in the earlier index. Prices used in constructing the index are collected directly from sellers, if possible, and apply as nearly as practicable to the first large-volume commercial transaction for each commodity—i. e., the manufacturer's or other producer's selling price, the importer's selling price, the selling price on an organized exchange or at a central market. Respondents are asked to report prices f. o. b. point of production if possible.

For the 1947–54 period, the weights used in the index represent the total net selling value including the value of sales for export, f. o. b. production point, less interplant transfers, but plus the value of imports for consumption, for the producing and processing sector of the economy in continental United States for the year 1947 (adjusted for price change to the average of 1947–49). Beginning in January 1955, the weights used are based on data for the average of the years 1952 and 1953.

The all-commodities wholesale price index series on a base 1947–49=100 has been extended back to 1890. Monthly indexes on the same base are available for most of the major groups of commodities from January 1926. They are available on a 1926=100 base by groups from January 1890 and by subgroups beginning with 1913. The index 1926=100 is the official index for December 1951 and all earlier dates.

Consumer price index.—This index measures the average change in prices of goods and services purchased by city wage-earner and clerical-worker families. The weights used in calculating the index are based on studies of actual expenditures by families of wage earners and clerical workers. The quantities and qualities of the items in the "market basket" remain the same between consecutive pricing periods, so that the index measures the effect of *price change only* on the cost of living of these families.

Note.—This section presents data for the most recent year or period available on March 31, 1958, when the material was organized and sent to the printer. In a few instances, more recent data were added later.

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The index does not measure changes in the total amount families spend for living; city indexes do not measure relative differences in prices or living costs between cities.

A study conducted during 1917–19 provided the weights used from 1913 to 1935. Since then, there have been three major revisions of this index, which involved bringing the "market basket" of goods and services up to date and improving the sample and methodology. From 1935 to January 1950, time-to-time changes in retail prices were weighted by 1934–36 average expenditures except for certain temporary wartime adjustments. Weights used from January 1950 to December 1952 represented estimated 1949–50 spending patterns. Beginning January 1953, the weights represent average purchases of urban wage-earner and clerical-worker families in fiscal year 1952, derived from a study of family expenditures in 1950 and estimated changes in income and prices between 1950 and fiscal 1952.

The list of items currently priced for the index includes approximately 300 goods and services. For some items, a number of different qualities are priced. The items priced are described by detailed specifications to insure that, as far as possible, the same quality is priced each time, and that differences in reported prices are measures of price change only. Sales taxes are reflected wherever applicable.

Beginning January 1953, prices are obtained in a sample of 46 cities. Foods, fuels, and a few other items are priced monthly in all cities. Prices of most other goods and services are obtained on a regular rotating cycle—monthly in the 5 largest cities and every 3 months in other cities. Rents are surveyed bimonthly in the 5 largest cities and every 3 months in other cities. Estimates are made for unpriced cities each month. Prior to January 1953, indexes were based on food prices in 56 cities monthly, and prices of other commodities in 34 cities quarterly or monthly.

Price changes for the 46 cities are combined for the United States with weights based on 1950 population of cities represented by each sample city. City indexes are compiled for the 20 largest of the 46 cities.

Retail food price index.—Retail food price indexes are computed as a subgroup of the consumer price index. Weights used at various times are consistent with those for the index as a whole. In March 1943, the weights for the food index were revised to take account of changes in food purchases due to wartime shortages and rationing. In January 1946, these wartime weight adjustments were eliminated and certain other revisions made in the calculating procedures. In January 1950 and again in January 1953 the weights were revised as described above for the total consumer price index.

The indexes were computed from prices of 54 foods for the period from January 1935 to March 1943, 61 foods for the period March 1943 to June 1947, 50 foods from June 1947 to January 1950, 60 foods from January 1950 to December 1952, and 90 foods beginning January 1953.

Comparability with other indexes.—The National Industrial Conference Board prepares a monthly Consumer Price Index based on 1953=100 (see table 423) for the United States and for selected cities. This index is not fully comparable with that of the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

In comparing the movement of the indexes of consumer prices and of the prices paid by farmers for commodities bought for family living (table 811), it should be noted that the consumer price index includes rents and other services and the farm index does not, and that the list of commodities included in the two indexes and their geographic coverage differ because farm family buying differs considerably from that of city families, and farm and city workers are located in different parts of the country.

Historical statistics.—Tabular headnotes (as "See also *Historical Statistics, 1789–1945*, series L 50–51") provide cross-references, where applicable, to *Historical Statistics of the United States, 1789–1945*, and its *Continuation to 1952*. See preface.

FIG. XIX.—WHOLESALE PRICE INDEXES: 1926 TO 1957

[1947-49=100. Prices in primary markets. See tables 414 and 416]

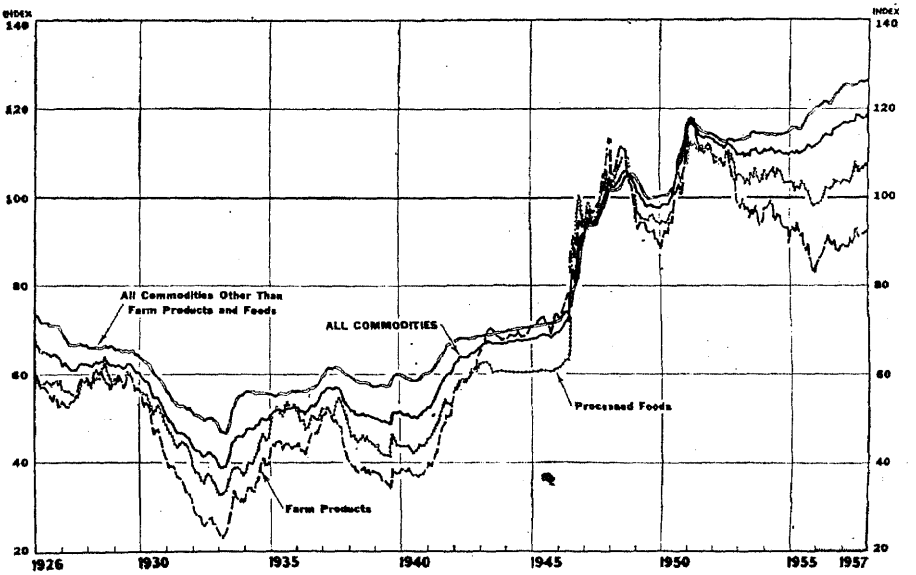
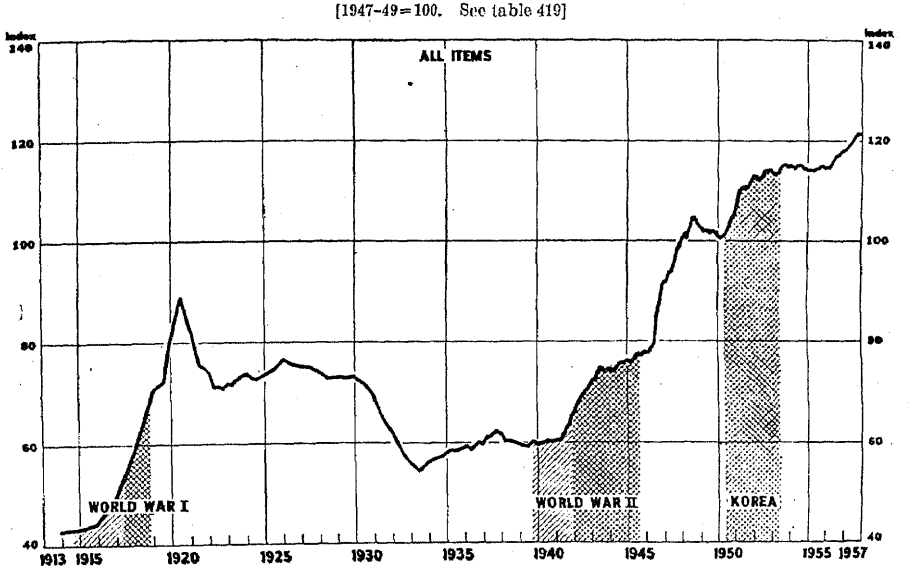


FIG. XX.—CONSUMER PRICE INDEX: 1913 TO 1957

[1947-49=100. See table 419]



Source of figs. XIX and XX: Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

No. 414.—Wholesale Price Indexes for All Commodities, and for All Commodities Other Than Farm Products and Foods: 1926 to 1958

[1947-49=100. This index is the official price index, beginning with January 1952. See text, p. 325]

Year	All commodities	All, other than farm products and foods	Year and month	All commodities	All, other than farm products and foods	Year and month	All commodities	All, other than farm products and foods
1926	65.0	71.5	1946	78.7	78.3	1956—Con.		
1927	62.0	67.2	1947	96.4	95.3	November	115.9	124.2
1928	62.9	66.4	1948	104.4	103.4	December	116.3	124.7
1929	61.9	65.5	1949	99.2	101.3			
1930	56.1	60.9	1950	103.1	105.0	1957	117.6	125.6
						January	116.9	125.2
1931	47.4	53.6	1951	114.8	115.9	February	117.0	125.5
1932	42.1	50.2	1952	111.6	113.2	March	116.9	125.4
1933	42.8	50.9	1953	110.1	114.0	April	117.2	125.4
1934	48.7	56.0	1954	110.3	114.5	May	117.1	125.2
1935	52.0	55.7	1955	110.7	117.0	June	117.4	125.2
						July	118.2	125.7
1936	52.5	56.9	1956	114.3	122.2	August	118.4	126.0
1937	56.1	61.0	January	111.9	120.4	September	118.0	126.0
1938	51.1	58.4	February	112.4	120.6	October	117.8	125.8
1939	50.1	58.1	March	112.8	121.0	November	118.1	125.9
1940	51.1	59.4	April	113.6	121.6	December	118.5	126.1
			May	114.4	121.7			
1941	56.8	63.7	June	114.2	121.5	1958:		
1942	64.2	68.3	July	114.0	121.4	January	118.9	126.1
1943	67.0	69.3	August	114.7	122.5	February	119.0	125.7
1944	67.6	70.4	September	115.5	123.1	March	119.7	125.7
1945	68.8	71.3	October	115.6	123.6			

Source: Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics; monthly and annual reports, *Wholesale Prices;* and *Monthly Labor Review.*

No. 415.—Indexes of Spot Primary Market Prices of 22 Commodities: 1939 to 1958

[1947-49=100, Figures in column heads represent number of commodities. Index is computed daily; represents unweighted geometric average of daily price quotations of 22 commodities, traded on organized exchanges. The index is much more sensitive to changes in market conditions than is monthly or weekly wholesale price index]

Date	All commodities (22)	Foodstuffs (9)	Raw industrials (13)	Livestock and products (5)	Metals (5)	Textiles and fibers (4)	Fats and oils (4)
1939—Aug. 15	33.6	26.9	39.2	31.9	43.1	31.2	28.6
1941—Dec. 6	53.0	46.1	58.3	53.0	54.6	56.3	55.6
1945—Aug. 17	61.7	57.5	64.6	62.6	55.8	62.6	62.4
1950—June 20	88.4	85.1	90.7	71.4	98.8	96.3	59.4
1951—June 19	123.3	102.3	140.0	107.8	129.4	140.4	92.8
1952—June 17	96.9	93.5	99.3	71.3	113.2	95.4	65.0
1953—June 16	86.4	85.9	86.6	59.3	98.4	90.0	54.6
1954—June 15	91.6	97.7	87.4	72.2	96.8	87.7	69.5
1955—June 14	90.4	87.8	92.1	65.0	107.0	83.7	66.6
1956—June 12	89.0	81.8	94.2	63.7	116.9	79.3	66.9
1957—Mar. 12	88.8	81.2	94.3	67.2	110.5	83.2	69.5
June 18	89.4	83.7	93.3	70.0	104.0	84.3	67.5
1958—Mar. 18	85.5	89.3	82.8	74.7	84.7	76.7	69.2

Source: Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics; annual report, *Wholesale Prices*; also published daily and weekly in mimeographed reports.

No. 416.—Wholesale Price Indexes, by Commodities: 1947 to 1958

[1947-49=100. See headnote, table 414]

COMMODITY GROUP	1947	1950	1954	1955	1956	1957 Average	1957 March	1958, March
All commodities	96.4	103.1	110.3	110.7	114.3	117.6	116.9	119.7
All commodities other than farm products and foods	95.3	105.0	114.5	117.0	122.2	125.6	125.4	125.7
Special groups:								
All foods	98.1	98.5	103.6	101.0	100.8	104.0	101.0	112.4
Special metals and metal prod	91.3	109.7	125.9	132.9	143.3	146.9	146.5	146.9
Building materials	94.0	109.5	120.2	125.5	130.6	130.6	130.5	129.4
Farm products	**100.0**	**97.5**	**95.6**	**89.6**	**88.4**	**90.9**	**88.8**	**100.5**
Fresh and dried fruits and vegetables	98.4	91.4	99.2	104.1	104.2	103.6	94.1	143.1
Grains	110.9	89.7	91.5	87.0	87.0	84.1	87.5	82.2
Livestock and live poultry	97.6	99.0	85.5	75.8	71.3	80.2	76.6	95.8
Plant and animal fibers	97.4	116.2	106.2	102.4	102.8	104.0	104.0	101.7
Fluid milk	98.1	88.7	91.1	91.5	94.5	96.0	95.6	95.7
Eggs	96.0	84.9	79.9	85.7	81.9	77.2	63.8	93.6
Hay, hayseeds, and oilseeds	107.0	89.8	93.1	84.9	82.6	82.0	85.1	79.4
Other farm products	96.1	127.8	171.2	142.5	146.9	144.6	146.0	143.4
Processed foods	**98.2**	**99.8**	**105.3**	**101.7**	**101.7**	**105.6**	**103.7**	**110.7**
Cereal and bakery products	100.6	99.0	113.9	116.2	115.2	116.9	116.7	117.8
Meats, poultry, and fish	94.4	101.5	91.9	84.8	81.6	91.9	84.6	105.9
Dairy products and ice cream	96.1	94.8	106.1	106.1	108.6	111.7	111.3	113.4
Canned, frozen, fruits and vegetables	100.4	99.8	104.5	105.5	107.9	103.9	105.9	106.8
Sugar and confectionery	100.8	97.6	112.4	110.5	109.8	113.4	112.3	114.4
Packaged beverage materials	89.5	148.3	212.0	180.1	192.7	183.1	190.9	168.4
Animal fats and oils	119.9	71.6	93.0	67.7	69.8	75.6	78.8	73.7
Crude vegetable oils	122.1	75.6	68.7	62.2	68.5	65.7	67.6	63.6
Refined vegetable oils	119.8	75.1	75.4	71.2	73.4	70.1	78.2	70.0
Vegetable oil end products	109.8	82.4	85.0	81.4	85.3	86.1	89.2	85.8
Other processed foods	93.8	118.1	103.2	99.6	96.8	95.5	95.1	96.4
Textile products and apparel	**100.1**	**99.2**	**95.2**	**95.3**	**95.3**	**95.4**	**95.4**	**94.0**
Cotton products	103.1	99.5	89.2	91.5	93.0	90.7	91.1	89.0
Wool products	90.6	112.9	109.1	104.7	103.7	109.5	109.0	102.8
Man-made fiber textile products	96.6	95.3	85.7	86.6	81.4	82.0	81.7	81.0
Silk products	117.2	99.7	129.8	123.8	121.9	122.1	123.0	116.1
Apparel	101.2	96.3	98.5	98.5	99.6	99.6	99.6	99.3
Other textile products	103.6	110.5	79.8	74.5	72.8	76.4	76.1	73.8
Hides, skins, leather, and leather products	**101.0**	**104.6**	**94.2**	**93.8**	**99.3**	**99.4**	**98.4**	**99.5**
Hides and skins	109.1	103.0	55.2	56.6	59.2	55.2	51.0	51.2
Leather	105.8	107.0	85.2	84.6	91.2	90.2	88.6	91.0
Footwear	96.1	106.5	111.8	112.3	119.3	121.1	120.7	122.1
Other leather products	99.9	98.2	97.0	95.9	98.6	98.0	97.8	97.5
Fuel, power, and lighting materials	**90.9**	**103.0**	**108.1**	**107.9**	**111.2**	**117.2**	**119.2**	**112.4**
Coal	88.0	106.2	106.3	104.8	114.5	124.4	123.6	126.2
Coke	84.2	116.1	132.5	135.2	149.7	161.7	161.9	161.9
Gas	96.1	98.2	108.8	111.6	115.1	116.1	118.4	(1)
Electricity	98.0	100.1	101.8	97.0	94.2	95.5	94.9	(1)
Petroleum and products	88.2	103.7	110.8	112.7	118.2	127.0	130.7	117.0
Chemicals and allied products	**101.4**	**96.3**	**107.0**	**106.6**	**107.2**	**109.5**	**108.8**	**110.7**
Industrial chemicals	98.8	101.1	117.6	118.1	121.4	123.5	122.9	123.7
Prepared paint	99.1	96.8	112.8	114.5	120.0	126.3	124.1	128.4
Paint materials			96.3	96.8	99.6	100.5	100.1	104.4
Drugs and pharmaceuticals	105.3	92.5	93.9	92.8	92.1	93.3	93.2	94.0
Fats and oils, inedible	127.6	68.7	57.8	56.6	56.2	61.4	57.9	64.2
Mixed fertilizer	94.0	101.3	109.7	108.7	108.7	110.0	108.5	111.6
Fertilizer materials	95.0	101.7	113.0	112.6	108.4	106.8	106.8	110.3
Other chemicals and allied prod	100.7	94.6	107.5	106.0	103.2	105.7	105.2	106.8
Rubber and rubber products	**99.0**	**120.5**	**126.9**	**143.8**	**145.8**	**145.2**	**144.3**	**144.6**
Crude rubber	103.0	157.3	123.1	156.8	146.7	141.3	142.0	131.3
Tires and tubes	99.4	113.6	130.6	144.9	152.2	150.9	149.0	152.1
Other rubber products	96.3	109.9	124.1	134.4	138.0	140.9	140.0	143.3
Lumber and wood products	**93.7**	**113.9**	**118.0**	**123.6**	**125.4**	**119.0**	**120.1**	**115.5**
Lumber	94.5	114.5	117.3	124.4	127.2	119.7	121.2	115.9
Millwork	87.3	114.6	130.6	128.7	129.1	128.3	128.7	127.6
Plywood	95.9	106.5	103.1	105.4	101.7	96.4	96.2	92.9

See footnotes at end of table.

No. 416.—Wholesale Price Indexes, by Commodities: 1947 to 1958—Con.

[1947-49=100]

COMMODITY GROUP	1947	1950	1954	1955	1956	1957		1958, March
						Average	March	
Pulp, paper, and allied products	98.6	100.9	116.3	119.3	127.2	129.6	128.7	130.5
Woodpulp	95.6	95.6	109.6	112.9	117.7	118.8	118.0	121.2
Wastepaper	148.3	119.5	80.4	110.7	112.3	77.2	75.4	75.3
Paper	93.4	106.5	126.6	129.8	137.3	141.9	140.1	143.0
Paperboard	99.2	105.0	124.5	127.1	134.8	136.3	136.2	136.2
Converted paper and paperboard prod	100.5	97.7	112.0	113.9	123.1	126.1	125.6	127.2
Building paper and board	93.0	107.6	127.7	130.9	136.9	141.5	141.1	142.5
Metals and metal products	91.3	110.3	128.0	136.6	148.4	151.2	151.0	149.8
Iron and steel	89.7	113.1	132.9	140.6	154.7	166.2	163.8	167.3
Nonferrous metals	95.6	104.1	124.2	142.7	156.1	137.4	143.2	127.0
Metal containers	90.6	109.2	130.6	132.9	141.6	151.2	148.0	155.7
Hardware	92.9	114.2	139.3	146.4	155.9	164.9	162.2	168.9
Plumbing equipment	94.7	108.2	118.4	125.4	133.9	130.2	132.0	124.8
Heating equipment	95.3	105.1	114.3	115.0	119.0	122.1	121.6	121.0
Fabricated structural metal prod	96.8	104.2	117.1	122.5	132.6	133.8	133.4	134.5
Fabricated nonstructural metal prod	84.3	115.6	125.9	128.2	135.1	144.7	142.8	146.7
Machinery and motive products	92.5	108.6	124.6	128.4	137.8	146.1	144.8	149.2
Agricultural machinery and equip	90.3	110.7	122.2	123.2	127.6	133.5	132.2	138.3
Construction machinery and equip	90.0	111.5	131.6	137.1	148.6	160.0	156.7	165.4
Metalworking machinery and equip	93.6	112.0	133.2	142.5	156.4	167.0	164.9	170.7
General purpose machinery and equip	92.6	110.3	128.2	134.0	147.5	157.6	155.9	159.4
Miscellaneous machinery	93.8	107.4	125.5	129.2	137.0	145.2	143.3	148.9
Electrical machinery and equip	96.1	106.4	126.2	128.2	138.4	149.0	147.5	151.3
Motor vehicles	91.3	107.2	119.3	122.9	129.8	135.4	134.6	139.1
Furniture and other household durables	95.6	105.3	115.4	115.9	119.1	122.2	121.9	123.5
Household furniture	95.6	105.2	113.3	114.0	119.0	122.5	122.2	122.8
Commercial furniture	94.6	109.7	126.7	132.0	141.8	150.4	146.9	154.2
Floor coverings	95.7	115.0	123.2	126.4	131.1	133.4	134.3	129.8
Household appliances	97.1	101.9	109.6	106.8	105.5	105.5	106.8	105.3
Radio receivers and phonographs	-------	-------	95.6	92.6	90.3	-------	-------	-------
Television receivers	-------	-------	71.2	69.1	69.7	-------	-------	-------
Television, radio receivers, and phonographs	96.3	96.8	(1)	93.0	93.1	94.4	93.1	94.7
Other household durable goods	93.4	108.7	130.1	133.5	140.9	148.3	147.0	155.0
Nonmetallic minerals, structural	93.9	106.9	120.9	124.2	129.6	134.6	133.2	135.3
Flat glass	95.0	107.4	124.4	128.0	133.4	135.7	135.7	135.7
Concrete ingredients	93.0	106.8	121.0	124.8	130.6	136.0	135.1	138.7
Concrete products	95.1	105.5	117.5	118.6	123.0	126.4	125.7	128.0
Structural clay products	93.3	112.6	133.1	140.1	148.0	154.0	150.8	155.5
Gypsum products	94.5	104.6	122.1	122.1	127.1	127.1	127.1	133.1
Prepared asphalt roofing	94.1	101.3	104.0	106.1	111.7	122.3	118.2	105.6
Other nonmetallic minerals	93.7	106.8	120.1	121.2	123.4	128.0	127.5	131.1
Tobacco manufactures and bottled beverages	97.2	103.5	120.6	121.6	122.3	126.1	124.1	128.0
Cigarettes	94.8	108.4	124.0	124.0	124.0	129.4	124.0	134.8
Cigars	99.4	100.9	103.6	103.9	104.2	105.0	105.1	106.0
Other tobacco manufactures	96.0	105.3	121.0	121.8	122.8	136.0	126.0	139.7
Alcoholic beverages	97.4	101.9	114.4	114.6	115.8	119.5	119.0	120.3
Nonalcoholic beverages	99.6	101.0	142.3	148.1	148.3	149.2	149.0	149.3
Miscellaneous products	100.8	96.6	102.5	92.0	91.0	89.6	92.0	94.3
Toys, sporting goods, small arms, and ammunition	97.1	106.9	113.2	113.5	116.1	117.7	117.5	119.1
Manufactured animal feeds	103.4	91.4	96.0	75.7	72.0	67.3	72.0	74.6
Notions and accessories	103.2	92.0	95.0	92.1	95.3	97.3	96.7	97.5
Jewelry, watches, photo. equip	99.9	97.4	102.7	103.7	104.9	107.5	107.6	107.4
Other miscellaneous products	94.1	108.6	121.0	121.6	124.1	128.4	126.5	131.9

[1] Not available.

Source: Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics; monthly and annual reports, *Wholesale Prices;* and *Monthly Labor Review.*

No. 417.—Wholesale Price Indexes, by Stage of Production: 1947 to 1957

[1947–49=100. These indexes are a regrouping of the regular Wholesale Price Index Series to show price movements at various levels of production and in the various sectors of the economy. The new series comprise three major categories: (a) raw or crude materials; (b) intermediate materials for further processing, components, and supplies; (c) finished goods. Each of these three is further divided in accordance with end-use and durability]

STAGE OF PRODUCTION	1947	1950	1951	1952	1953	1954	1955	1956	1957
All commodities	96.4	103.1	114.8	111.6	110.1	110.3	110.7	114.3	117.6
Crude materials for further processing	98.6	101.8	116.9	107.4	99.2	98.3	94.5	95.0	97.2
Foodstuffs and feedstuffs	100.7	97.0	112.3	105.7	94.6	94.7	85.7	84.0	87.7
Nonfood materials, except fuel	96.0	111.0	128.1	110.9	106.2	104.2	110.1	114.2	112.5
For manufacturing	96.1	111.2	128.6	110.8	105.8	103.6	109.6	113.6	111.5
For construction	93.0	106.8	113.0	113.0	117.4	121.0	124.9	130.6	136.0
Fuel	89.4	104.6	106.5	107.2	111.0	106.0	105.8	113.3	119.7
For manufacturing	89.3	104.5	106.2	106.9	110.5	105.5	105.4	113.0	119.4
For nonmanufacturing industries	89.5	104.7	106.9	107.8	111.8	106.7	106.5	113.7	120.1
Intermediate materials, supplies, and components	96.2	104.3	116.9	113.5	114.1	114.8	117.0	122.1	125.1
Materials and components for manufacturing	96.4	104.5	118.4	113.4	115.2	115.4	118.2	123.7	126.9
Materials for—									
Food manufacturing	102.8	94.9	105.7	101.5	101.8	100.9	97.7	98.0	99.9
Nondurable manufacturing	99.2	100.5	116.5	104.8	104.0	102.3	102.7	104.3	105.7
Durable manufacturing	91.2	111.9	124.3	124.6	130.1	133.1	139.7	148.5	153.2
Components for manufacturing	94.4	107.6	122.2	122.5	124.7	125.3	130.9	142.9	148.3
Materials and components for construction	93.3	108.9	119.1	118.3	120.2	120.9	125.6	132.0	132.9
Processed fuels and lubricants	94.8	99.7	104.2	102.8	103.6	103.5	103.5	106.7	113.0
For manufacturing	95.8	98.9	103.5	102.3	102.5	102.5	102.2	105.3	111.2
For nonmanufacturing industries	93.1	101.1	105.4	103.7	105.5	105.3	105.7	109.1	116.0
Containers, nonreturnable	97.0	104.4	122.7	116.0	116.2	118.2	119.8	128.5	134.3
Supplies	99.0	100.8	113.5	113.5	107.8	110.2	108.5	111.3	112.5
For manufacturing	96.6	108.3	120.7	117.6	118.3	120.0	127.3	132.9	137.6
For nonmanufacturing industries	100.1	97.5	110.4	111.8	103.2	105.9	100.0	101.6	101.1
Manufactured animal feeds	104.1	90.0	100.2	108.7	88.9	96.3	76.7	72.9	67.6
Other supplies	97.9	101.7	116.0	113.4	111.1	111.2	113.4	118.2	120.7
Finished goods [1]	95.9	102.4	112.1	111.5	110.4	110.7	110.9	114.0	118.1
Consumer goods	96.8	100.9	110.3	109.0	107.1	107.1	106.4	108.0	111.1
Foods	97.0	99.2	111.3	110.4	104.6	103.8	101.1	101.0	104.5
Crude foods	96.9	89.9	103.2	109.9	102.6	92.3	96.4	96.2	95.0
Processed foods	97.0	100.9	112.8	110.5	105.0	106.0	102.2	102.1	106.4
Other nondurable goods	97.4	100.8	108.5	105.9	106.9	107.2	107.8	109.9	112.4
Durable goods	94.8	105.0	112.1	113.0	113.8	114.7	115.9	119.7	123.3
Producer goods	92.8	108.7	119.3	121.3	123.1	124.7	128.5	138.1	146.7
For manufacturing	92.8	109.0	120.3	122.7	124.7	126.4	130.9	142.2	151.2
For nonmanufacturing industries	92.8	105.4	118.5	120.2	121.9	123.4	126.6	134.9	142.9

[1] Goods to users, including raw foods and fuels.

Source: Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics; release, *Economic Sector Indexes, January 1947–July 1955*, and monthly releases, *Wholesale Prices and Price Indexes*.

No. 418.—Purchasing Power of the Dollar: 1935 to 1957

[1947–49=100. Obtained by computing reciprocals of price indexes compiled by Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics; these reciprocals are expressed as percentages with average of base period 1947–49=100]

YEAR	MONTHLY AVERAGE AS MEASURED BY—			YEAR	MONTHLY AVERAGE AS MEASURED BY—		
	Wholesale prices	Consumer prices	Retail food prices		Wholesale prices	Consumer prices	Retail food prices
1935	192.3	170.4	201.2	1949	100.8	98.2	100.0
1940	195.7	166.9	209.2	1950	97.0	97.3	98.8
1941	176.1	159.0	191.6	1951	87.1	90.1	88.8
1942	155.8	143.5	163.1	1952	89.6	88.1	87.3
1943	149.3	135.1	146.4	1953	90.8	87.4	88.7
1944	147.9	133.0	148.4	1954	90.7	87.1	88.8
1945	145.3	130.0	145.1	1955	90.3	87.3	90.2
1946	127.1	119.9	126.6	1956	87.5	86.1	89.5
1947	103.7	104.7	104.3	1957	85.0	83.2	86.7
1948	95.8	97.3	96.1				

Source: Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics; monthly data published in *Survey of Current Business*.

No. 419.—Consumer Price Index—All Items and Commodity Groups: 1913 to 1958

[1947-49=100. The Consumer Price Index from 1913 to December 1952 is rebased according to new groupings from adjusted series indexes on 1935-39=100 formerly published. For detailed explanation, see text, p. 325. These indexes include a correction of new unit bias in the rent index from 1940 to December 1949 and adjusted population and commodity weights beginning with indexes for January 1950. These adjustments make a continuous comparable series]

YEAR	All items	Food [1]	Rent	Apparel	YEAR	All items	Food [1]	Rent	Apparel	YEAR	All items	Food [1]	Rent	Apparel
1913	42.3	39.6	76.6	36.2	1924	73.1	60.8	125.9	65.3	1935	58.7	49.7	78.2	50.6
1914	42.9	40.5	76.6	36.5	1925	75.0	65.8	126.4	64.0	1936	59.3	50.1	80.1	51.0
1915	43.4	40.0	77.2	37.3	1926	75.6	68.0	125.2	63.0	1937	61.4	52.1	83.8	53.7
1916	46.6	45.0	78.1	40.9	1927	74.2	65.5	123.2	61.8	1938	60.3	48.4	86.5	53.4
1917	54.8	57.9	77.4	49.2	1928	73.3	64.8	120.3	60.9	1939	59.4	47.1	86.6	52.5
1918	64.3	66.5	78.8	66.6	1929	73.3	65.6	117.4	60.3	1940	59.9	47.8	86.9	53.2
										1941	62.9	52.2	88.4	55.6
1919	74.0	74.2	85.3	88.2	1930	71.4	62.4	114.2	58.9	1942	69.7	61.3	90.4	64.9
1920	85.7	83.6	100.2	105.1	1931	65.0	51.4	108.2	53.6	1943	74.0	68.3	90.3	67.8
1921	76.4	63.5	115.1	80.9	1932	58.4	42.8	97.1	47.5	1944	75.2	67.4	90.6	72.6
1922	71.6	59.4	118.5	65.7	1933	55.3	41.6	83.6	45.9	1945	76.9	68.9	90.9	76.3
1923	72.9	61.4	121.6	65.8	1934	57.2	46.4	78.4	50.2	1946	83.4	79.0	91.4	83.7

YEAR AND MONTH	All items	Food [1]	HOUSING						Apparel	Transportation	Medical care	Personal care	Reading and recreation	Other goods and services [3]
			Total [2]	Rent	Gas and electricity	Solid fuels and fuel oil	House furnishings	Household operation						
1947	95.5	95.9	95.0	94.4	97.6	88.8	97.2	97.2	97.1	90.6	94.9	97.6	95.5	96.1
1948	102.8	104.1	101.7	100.7	100.0	104.4	103.2	102.6	103.5	100.9	100.9	101.3	100.4	100.5
1949	101.8	100.0	103.3	105.0	102.5	106.8	99.6	100.1	99.4	108.5	104.1	101.1	104.1	103.4
1950	102.8	101.2	106.1	108.8	102.7	110.5	100.3	101.2	98.1	111.3	106.0	101.1	103.4	105.2
1951	111.0	112.6	112.4	113.1	103.1	116.4	111.2	109.0	106.9	118.4	111.1	110.5	106.5	109.7
1952	113.5	114.6	114.6	117.9	104.5	118.7	108.5	111.8	105.8	126.2	117.2	111.8	107.0	115.4
1953	114.4	112.8	117.7	124.1	106.6	123.9	107.9	115.3	104.8	129.7	121.3	112.8	108.0	118.2
March	113.6	111.7	116.8	121.7	106.5	124.4	108.0	114.0	104.7	129.3	119.5	112.4	107.7	117.5
June	114.5	113.7	117.4	123.3	106.4	121.8	108.0	115.4	104.6	129.4	121.1	112.6	107.8	118.2
Sept	115.2	113.8	118.4	126.0	106.9	124.6	108.1	116.0	105.3	130.7	122.6	112.9	107.8	118.5
Dec	114.9	112.3	118.9	127.6	107.2	125.3	108.1	117.0	105.3	128.9	123.6	113.6	108.9	120.3
1954	114.8	112.6	119.1	128.5	107.9	123.5	106.1	117.4	104.3	128.0	125.2	113.4	107.0	120.1
March	114.8	112.1	119.0	128.0	107.6	125.8	107.2	117.5	104.3	129.0	124.4	114.1	108.2	120.1
June	115.1	113.8	118.9	128.3	107.6	120.9	105.8	117.2	104.2	128.9	125.1	112.7	106.4	120.1
Sept	114.7	112.4	119.5	128.8	107.9	122.4	106.0	117.4	104.3	126.4	125.7	113.5	106.5	120.1
Dec	114.3	110.4	119.7	129.4	109.1	125.5	105.4	117.7	104.3	127.3	126.3	113.6	106.6	119.9
1955	114.5	110.9	120.0	130.3	110.7	125.2	104.1	119.1	103.7	126.4	128.0	115.3	106.6	120.2
March	114.3	110.8	119.6	130.0	110.3	126.2	104.6	117.9	103.2	127.3	127.0	113.5	106.6	119.8
June	114.4	111.3	119.7	130.4	110.7	122.7	103.8	119.2	103.2	125.8	127.6	114.7	106.2	119.9
Sept	114.9	111.6	120.4	130.5	111.2	125.2	103.6	119.8	104.6	125.3	128.2	116.6	106.7	120.6
Dec	114.7	109.5	120.8	131.1	111.5	128.0	103.4	120.7	104.7	127.3	130.2	117.9	106.8	120.6
1956	116.2	111.7	121.7	132.7	111.8	130.7	103.0	122.9	105.5	128.7	132.6	120.0	108.1	122.0
March	114.7	109.0	120.7	131.6	111.7	130.6	103.1	121.6	104.8	126.7	131.4	119.2	107.7	121.2
June	116.2	113.2	121.4	132.5	111.7	128.4	102.8	122.6	104.8	126.8	132.0	119.9	107.6	121.8
Sept	117.1	113.1	122.5	133.4	112.2	130.5	103.3	123.7	106.5	128.6	134.0	120.5	108.4	122.7
Dec	118.0	112.9	123.5	134.2	112.0	136.1	104.1	124.8	107.0	133.1	134.7	121.8	109.3	123.3
1957	120.2	115.4	125.6	135.2	113.0	137.4	104.6	127.5	106.9	136.0	138.0	124.4	112.2	125.5
March	118.9	113.2	124.9	134.4	112.4	139.2	104.9	126.2	106.8	135.1	136.4	122.9	110.5	124.2
June	120.2	116.2	125.5	135.0	112.3	135.3	104.6	127.6	106.6	135.3	137.9	124.2	111.8	124.6
Sept	121.1	117.0	126.3	135.7	113.7	136.8	104.8	128.3	107.3	135.9	139.0	125.1	113.3	126.7
Dec	121.6	116.1	127.0	136.7	114.3	138.3	104.9	129.6	107.6	138.9	140.8	127.0	114.6	126.8
1958:														
March	123.3	120.8	127.5	137.1	115.9	136.7	103.9	130.7	106.8	138.7	142.3	128.3	117.0	127.2

[1] Includes "food away from home" (restaurant meals and other food bought and eaten away from home) beginning January 1953.
[2] Includes "other shelter" (home purchase and other home owner costs).
[3] Comprises tobacco, alcoholic beverages, and miscellaneous services such as legal services, banking fees, burial services.

Source: Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics; *Monthly Labor Review*.

No. 420.—Consumer Price Index—All Items, 1920 to 1957, and Commodity Groups, 1957, by Cities

[1947-49=100. As of December except where noted. For detailed explanation, see text, p. 325, and headnote, table 419]

City	All items 1920	1929	1939	1950	1953	1954	1955	1956	1957
United States (46 cities) [1]	**82.7**	**73.4**	**59.6**	**106.9**	**114.9**	**114.3**	**114.7**	**118.0**	**121.6**
Atlanta	89.4	73.5	58.2	[2] 106.5	117.1	115.7	117.1	119.5	122.4
Baltimore	75.2	68.8	57.5	106.5	114.5	114.8	115.8	119.5	122.1
Boston	87.0	77.0	60.8	106.3	[3] 113.8	[3] 113.5	[3] 114.5	[3] 119.3	[3] 122.0
Chicago	80.8	75.9	58.6	107.7	116.4	117.0	118.5	121.0	125.6
Cincinnati	78.0	72.6	58.3	105.9	114.6	113.3	114.2	117.5	120.8
Cleveland	81.1	69.3	59.2	[2] 105.4	[2] 115.5	[2] 115.3	[2] 116.2	[2] 120.0	[2] 123.3
Detroit	89.4	73.9	59.1	107.4	116.4	116.2	116.7	120.2	123.3
Houston	85.4	71.3	59.8	109.9	[2] 117.3	[2] 116.7	[2] 116.7	[2] 119.7	[2] 122.4
Kansas City, Mo.	90.4	73.2	61.7	[3] 105.0	[3] 115.7	[3] 115.7	[3] 116.2	[3] 118.9	[3] 121.8
Los Angeles	86.1	74.4	60.1	106.8	115.8	115.3	116.3	119.4	122.9
Minneapolis	81.8	70.8	61.1	107.3	[3] 116.6	[3] 116.9	[3] 116.4	[3] 117.4	[3] 122.2
New York	81.0	74.3	60.5	106.0	113.0	112.2	112.0	115.5	118.7
Philadelphia	82.4	74.2	59.3	107.0	115.0	115.6	114.8	118.6	122.1
Pittsburgh	81.5	73.5	58.1	106.0	[3] 114.7	[3] 114.3	[3] 113.8	[3] 118.2	[3] 121.1
Portland, Oreg.	80.6	68.0	58.3	[3] 106.4	[3] 116.1	[3] 115.2	[3] 116.2	[3] 119.5	[3] 121.9
St. Louis	80.8	74.1	59.4	107.1	116.9	115.4	116.1	119.1	122.5
San Francisco	76.7	69.1	58.6	106.2	116.9	115.7	115.9	121.6	124.8
Scranton	82.1	76.4	58.6	[2] 104.2	[2] 113.4	[2] 112.3	[2] 110.9	[2] 114.9	[2] 117.8
Seattle	80.5	70.0	59.0	[2] 107.1	[2] 116.4	[2] 115.7	[2] 117.4	[2] 120.2	[2] 123.9
Washington, D. C.	79.2	69.7	60.2	[2] 105.7	[2] 114.3	[2] 113.5	[2] 113.7	[2] 115.9	[2] 119.4

City	1957 Food [4]	Housing: Total [5]	Housing: Rent	Housing: Gas and electricity	Housing: Solid fuels and fuel oil	Housing: House furnishings	Housing: Household operation	Apparel	Transportation	Medical care	Personal care	Reading and recreation	Other goods and services [6]
United States (46 cities) [1]	**116.1**	**127.0**	**136.7**	**114.3**	**138.3**	**104.9**	**129.6**	**107.6**	**138.9**	**140.8**	**127.0**	**114.6**	**126.8**
Atlanta	113.6	130.0	136.7	119.6	130.7	110.3	136.1	113.8	139.0	133.2	129.1	116.7	132.1
Baltimore	117.4	122.2	132.7	101.4	134.6	101.0	127.0	107.0	150.7	145.0	121.1	126.3	131.7
Boston [3]	116.6	129.9	138.7	111.5	138.6	104.7	125.7	105.9	145.7	149.0	127.6	110.2	124.8
Chicago	113.9	136.4	[2] 162.0	114.6	139.9	103.3	133.2	110.6	150.7	147.0	128.2	127.0	121.5
Cincinnati	117.6	124.4	141.3	123.2	145.9	98.4	133.6	105.7	133.6	148.8	129.5	107.1	123.7
Cleveland [2]	113.7	129.4	159.2	115.4	136.3	103.8	116.9	109.0	138.3	150.8	127.6	120 9	127.2
Detroit	117.4	129.0	149.0	112.4	129.7	109.4	119.2	104.0	136.5	151.1	132.0	110.7	135.7
Houston [2]	112.6	130.3	139.1	116.2	------	100.5	140.4	111.3	139.0	129.2	133.4	113.4	128.1
Kansas City, Mo. [3]	112.2	124.4	140.1	122.8	120.1	101.9	130.8	105.7	138.8	152.4	126.5	125.2	126.4
Los Angeles	119.5	133.4	[2] 144.7	130.6	------	104.1	122.6	108.7	131.5	131.9	131.4	104.4	123.7
Minneapolis [3]	115.5	127.5	150.2	124.8	131.3	99.8	128.4	108.2	118.6	170.1	134.8	121.0	131.6
New York	115.8	123.0	125.2	111.0	145.4	104.9	128.2	107.0	139.6	129.7	119.2	118.2	126.1
Philadelphia	118.8	122.6	[2] 124.7	103.4	142.5	111.2	130.8	106.7	144.3	142.8	132.3	118.9	128.6
Pittsburgh [3]	117.5	124.1	128.2	129.5	131.1	108.1	135.2	107.3	145.5	146.8	123.7	105.8	126.8
Portland, Oreg. [3]	116.9	126.6	136.1	102.0	149.0	106.6	127.5	111.9	129.2	139.5	130.1	120.4	126.9
St. Louis	117.5	125.6	144.6	103.8	153.7	105.0	132.1	105.8	146.1	156.2	128.2	96.5	126.8
San Francisco	119.5	127.4	141.5	139.3	------	107.2	120.6	108.2	152.4	141.0	122.2	115.9	123.7
Scranton [2]	112.2	122.0	128.0	117.7	146.1	103.8	115.9	109.5	141.8	125.5	127.2	135.1	119.3
Seattle [2]	116.4	128.9	143.3	86.6	144.4	103.3	137.3	108.7	141.2	143.6	131.0	118.0	136.0
Washington, D. C. [2]	116.8	120.5	126.1	122.7	142.7	100.8	127.1	103.6	141.6	133.1	122.4	112.2	136.5

[1] 34 cities prior to January 1953. Indexes for food based on prices in 51 cities through 1942, 56 cities 1943 through 1952, and 46 cities beginning January 1953. Separate city indexes not compiled for 26 medium- and small-sized cities included in the national average.
[2] As of November. [3] As of October.
[4] Includes "food away from home" (restaurant meals and other food bought and eaten away from home).
[5] Includes "other shelter" (home purchase and other home owner costs).
[6] Comprises tobacco, alcoholic beverages, and miscellaneous services such as legal services, banking fees, burial services.

Source: Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics; *Monthly Labor Review* and records.

No. 421.—Consumer Price Index—Residential Rents in Specified Large Cities, Grouped by Date of Rent Decontrol: 1947 to 1957

[1947-49=100. Annual average]

City	Date of decontrol [1]	1947	1950	1951	1952	1953	1954	1955	1956	1957
Houston	October 1949	91.4	126.4	131.1	134.2	137.4	138.7	138.1	138.5	138.7
Los Angeles	December 1950	92.3	114.0	125.4	130.6	135.6	138.7	139.5	141.8	143.7
Portland, Oreg	do	94.7	108.2	117.6	124.1	127.4	129.1	130.4	132.2	135.4
Atlanta	October 1952	90.6	113.6	117.2	121.4	128.5	131.0	133.5	135.1	136.2
Detroit	do	94.6	106.3	109.5	116.1	129.7	138.2	141.1	144.8	147.6
Seattle	do	93.2	109.2	115.1	123.1	131.3	135.2	137.4	139.0	141.9
Scranton	May 1953	95.9	107.0	112.0	116.6	119.8	122.9	123.9	125.4	127.3
Cincinnati	do	95.1	104.8	108.7	112.3	124.7	129.1	132.2	135.8	139.8
Chicago	July 1953	92.4	109.2	113.3	117.9	130.2	142.7	150.7	156.0	160.3
Cleveland	do	95.4	107.3	112.1	118.3	129.4	140.6	144.2	150.6	157.0
Kansas City, Mo	do	92.9	112.3	115.9	120.2	127.6	135.0	138.3	139.2	139.9
Minneapolis	do	92.8	109.7	114.8	119.1	125.0	138.9	141.6	145.7	149.3
Pittsburgh	do	95.4	105.3	108.5	113.2	118.4	123.2	124.5	125.8	127.7
St. Louis	do	94.3	106.9	110.5	115.1	122.8	133.5	136.5	139.5	142.5
San Francisco	do	95.8	104.6	113.0	118.3	125.3	129.3	132.3	135.3	139.5
Washington	do	96.3	107.5	112.3	117.7	120.1	123.0	123.5	124.4	125.6
Boston	December 1955	95.3	107.2	111.1	115.6	118.0	121.6	124.8	132.2	137.0
Baltimore	March 1956	94.6	109.4	113.0	118.0	121.2	124.2	125.9	128.2	131.5
Philadelphia	December 1956	94.7	105.2	107.2	111.4	113.0	115.2	116.5	118.2	123.0
New York	(2)	96.8	104.2	105.9	109.0	113.5	116.6	118.0	120.5	123.4

[1] Date wartime controls on rents were removed.
[2] Still under control.

Source: Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

No. 422.—Average Costs of Specified Medical Services: 1956

[As of most recent month available in last quarter. Based on data collected primarily for calculation in Consumer Price Index; see text, p. 325]

City	Hospital costs per day			General practitioner		Obstetrical case [1]	Appendectomy [1]	Tonsillectomy [1]	Tooth filling [2]	Eye glasses [3]
	Men's pay ward	Semi-private room	Private room	Office visit	House visit					
Atlanta	10.75	12.00	14.62	3.83	6.33	147.50	158.33	65.00	4.17	[4] 25.12
Baltimore	12.88	13.50	16.12	2.92	4.67	147.50	129.17	52.50	4.08	21.33
Boston	18.25	20.88	23.88	3.00	4.00	125.17	166.67	65.83	4.40	20.83
Chicago	15.80	17.60	19.80	3.50	5.83	112.50	158.33	75.00	4.50	20.58
Cincinnati	10.50	14.38	17.00	3.00	5.00	92.17	145.83	60.00	3.50	[4] 19.93
Cleveland	[5] 21.31	[5] 24.40	[5] 29.40	4.00	5.83	126.33	137.50	65.83	4.83	[4] 28.54
Detroit	15.56	17.56	21.56	4.00	6.00	109.50	158.33	70.83	4.83	[4] 22.96
Houston	9.12	11.50	14.25	3.25	6.67	133.00	170.83	67.86	4.83	20.88
Kansas City	9.62	12.38	14.88	3.00	5.83	112.33	138.50	57.50	4.25	[4] 29.58
Los Angeles	19.70	21.80	24.80	4.67	7.50	166.67	187.50	99.17	6.75	28.58
Minneapolis	17.15	18.50	21.15	3.00	5.17	107.50	160.71	49.17	4.00	22.92
New York	15.80	18.40	23.40	3.83	4.67	162.17	187.50	87.50	5.17	15.10
Philadelphia	12.70	14.75	16.62	3.00	4.17	144.17	150.00	52.00	5.50	17.58
Pittsburgh	11.20	13.70	16.60	3.57	5.83	130.00	133.33	57.50	5.00	22.92
Portland, Oreg	16.69	18.81	20.62	3.83	7.25	132.50	145.83	72.50	5.00	28.33
San Francisco	20.50	23.00	26.38	5.00	7.42	155.71	201.67	80.00	7.14	26.50
Scranton	8.92	10.67	12.67	3.00	4.83	78.50	166.67	52.50	4.00	20.67
Seattle	18.50	20.38	22.00	4.00	5.58	149.08	173.33	70.00	5.83	[4] 29.69
St. Louis	10.38	12.50	15.70	3.29	5.14	112.50	166.67	72.50	4.50	[4] 18.62
Washington, D. C	14.62	16.25	18.62	3.83	5.33	141.00	132.14	69.17	5.17	21.24

[1] Excluding anesthetic and hospital care. [2] Amalgam, one surface. [3] With examination.
[4] Includes retail sales taxes on materials.
[5] Includes electroencephalogram, basal metabolism examination, transfusion service, and other specified tests.

Source: Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

No. 423.—The Conference Board's Consumer Price Index, 1920 to 1957, and for Specified Cities, 1939 to 1957

[1953=100. Represents annual averages of monthly figures for cities of 50,000 inhabitants or more]

Year	All items	Food	Housing	Apparel	Transportation and sundries	Year	All items	Food	Housing	Apparel	Transportation	Sundries
1920	77.8	76.6	78.4	139.9	60.0	1939	55.0	43.1	72.4	66.3	55.6	
1921	66.8	58.1	82.4	89.1	60.9	1940	55.4	43.7	72.6	66.6	56.1	
1922	63.6	54.4	80.0	83.4	58.7	1941	58.3	48.1	74.4	69.3	57.6	
1923	65.4	56.2	82.7	91.2	57.9	1942	64.5	56.5	77.5	81.5	61.3	
1924	66.1	55.7	85.4	93.8	58.3	1943	68.2	62.9	77.8	83.6	63.9	
1925	67.8	60.2	84.3	93.5	58.7	1944	69.1	61.9	78.3	86.7	67.3	
1926	68.3	62.2	82.7	93.5	58.6	1945	70.2	63.1	78.6	88.5	68.7	
1927	66.9	60.1	80.6	91.6	58.6	1946	74.9	71.3	79.6	92.3	71.5	
1928	65.9	59.4	78.2	92.3	58.3	1947	84.7	88.0	82.5	100.1	76.9	
1929	65.6	60.1	77.0	90.1	57.6	1948	90.1	94.4	86.9	103.4	82.3	
1930	63.4	57.1	75.2	83.9	57.4	1949	88.8	89.8	88.0	97.5	85.6	
1931	57.0	47.1	70.0	72.5	57.1	1950	90.0	90.5	89.8	96.0	87.6	
1932	50.9	39.2	62.8	60.7	56.4	1951	97.0	100.7	94.8	102.8	91.4	
1933	49.0	38.1	58.1	61.7	54.3	1952	99.5	103.7	96.7	100.4	95.2	
1934	51.8	42.3	60.4	70.7	53.8	1953	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
1935	53.6	45.4	63.4	68.4	54.0	1954	100.2	99.5	100.9	99.2	100.1	101.0
1936	54.8	45.8	67.7	67.3	54.4	1955	100.3	98.3	101.5	99.0	101.1	102.0
1937	57.2	47.6	73.0	70.2	55.1	1956	101.9	99.0	102.9	100.0	105.0	104.2
1938	55.7	42.2	73.0	67.8	55.7	1957	104.6	102.1	105.5	101.4	108.0	107.1

City (all items)	1939	1945	1950	1952	1953	1954	1955	1956	1957
Akron	54.3	70.2	89.7	98.5	100.0	100.3	100.3	102.6	105.3
Atlanta	55.8	70.8	88.7	97.9	100.0	99.4	98.9	100.9	103.1
Baltimore	55.0	71.6	90.6	100.6	100.0	100.2	100.0	101.7	104.5
Birmingham	55.5	71.8	89.6	99.2	100.0	100.1	100.1	100.9	103.0
Boston	56.3	70.4	91.3	100.9	100.0	99.4	99.6	101.6	104.8
Bridgeport	55.5	70.6	90.4	100.2	100.0	100.3	100.1	102.2	104.3
Chattanooga	56.4	72.9	89.7	99.0	100.0	99.3	98.8	100.2	102.6
Chicago	53.5	67.6	90.3	99.3	100.0	101.5	102.7	104.5	107.0
Cincinnati	53.5	67.8	89.5	98.7	100.0	100.3	100.7	102.7	105.2
Cleveland	53.3	68.4	87.8	98.3	100.0	100.4	100.5	102.7	105.4
Dallas	53.8	68.9	90.4	98.8	100.0	99.7	99.6	100.8	103.1
Denver	56.8	71.0	91.0	99.4	100.0	100.5	100.9	101.9	104.2
Des Moines	56.5	70.3	90.7	99.7	100.0	100.1	100.0	102.2	104.9
Detroit	52.8	69.6	88.5	98.5	100.0	100.3	100.8	103.1	105.9
Duluth-Superior	54.0	67.9	89.4	99.7	100.0	100.8	100.8	102.4	105.0
Erie	51.3	68.3	89.7	99.3	100.0	100.4	100.5	102.7	105.6
Evansville	(1)	71.6	87.8	96.1	100.0	100.3	98.4	99.5	101.2
Grand Rapids	52.0	68.7	86.6	99.3	100.0	100.6	100.9	103.2	106.6
Houston	56.8	71.1	91.5	99.7	100.0	99.9	100.4	101.7	104.8
Huntington-Ashland	(1)	74.7	90.9	99.2	100.0	100.6	100.8	102.6	105.1
Indianapolis	53.4	69.7	90.3	98.1	100.0	100.0	100.1	101.3	104.1
Kansas City, Mo	57.9	72.8	89.6	99.3	100.0	100.2	100.4	101.7	104.2
Lansing	(1)	71.0	87.5	98.6	100.0	100.5	100.6	102.6	105.3
Los Angeles	56.3	72.4	88.5	100.8	100.0	99.7	99.4	101.0	104.6
Milwaukee	50.6	64.4	87.9	99.4	100.0	99.4	99.1	100.8	103.1
Minneapolis-St. Paul	54.5	68.5	90.1	99.5	100.0	100.6	101.0	102.7	105.6
Newark-Northeastern N. J.	56.3	70.4	89.6	100.4	100.0	99.4	99.4	100.8	103.5
New Orleans	53.1	69.1	87.2	96.8	100.0	102.1	101.4	102.3	104.5
New York	57.2	72.2	91.3	99.9	100.0	100.5	100.5	102.1	104.8
Philadelphia	55.3	70.5	88.3	98.9	100.0	99.9	99.5	101.0	103.7
Pittsburgh	54.0	68.1	87.7	99.8	100.0	100.2	100.0	101.8	104.3
Portland, Oreg	54.9	70.3	90.5	99.8	100.0	99.6	99.1	100.9	104.1
Richmond	55.7	72.2	92.0	100.6	100.0	100.1	100.2	101.2	103.2
Roanoke	(1)	70.8	90.5	100.0	100.0	99.2	98.8	99.8	101.7
Rochester	54.0	69.9	90.9	100.5	100.0	100.2	100.6	101.9	104.4
St. Louis	54.7	69.6	88.0	100.2	100.0	99.8	99.8	101.1	103.3
San Francisco-Oakland	53.7	69.2	88.7	99.4	100.0	101.1	101.5	102.8	105.3
Seattle	55.8	71.7	90.0	99.5	100.0	99.9	100.2	102.1	104.8
Syracuse	(1)	72.5	91.2	100.0	100.0	100.1	99.9	101.0	103.5
Wilmington	56.6	70.9	88.8	98.5	100.0	99.9	99.8	101.5	104.6

[1] Not available.

Source: National Industrial Conference Board, Inc., New York, N. Y.

No. 424.—Average Retail Prices of Selected Foods: 1913 to 1958

[Mid-month prices in cents per pound except for milk (cents per quart), eggs and oranges (cents per dozen), and tomatoes (cents per No. 2 can through September 1954, No. 303 can thereafter). Data are averages of prices reported by retail dealers in cities included in the Retail Food Index. (See headnote, table 426.) Number of cities also varies slightly according to availability of prices for each item. Sales taxes not included after 1945. Prices for individual cities combined with use of population weights]

Year and month	Wheat flour	Corn meal	Bread, white	Round steak	Chuck roast	Pork chops	Bacon, sliced	Ham, whole	Lamb, leg	Chickens, fryers, ready-to-cook	Butter	Cheese
1913	3.3	3.0	5.6	22.3	16.0	21.0	27.0	-------	18.9	(1)	38.3	22.1
1920	8.1	6.5	11.5	39.5	26.2	42.3	52.3	-------	39.3	(1)	70.1	41.6
1925	6.1	5.4	9.3	36.2	22.8	37.0	47.1	-------	38.6	(1)	55.2	37.5
1929	5.1	5.3	8.8	46.0	31.4	37.5	43.9	-------	40.2	(1)	55.5	39.5
1930	4.6	5.3	8.6	42.6	28.6	36.2	42.5	-------	35.1	(1)	46.4	36.6
1933	3.9	3.5	7.1	25.7	16.0	19.8	22.6	-------	21.8	(1)	27.8	23.9
1935	5.1	4.6	8.3	36.0	24.0	36.1	41.3	29.7	27.9	(1)	36.0	27.0
1940	4.3	4.2	8.0	36.4	23.5	27.9	27.3	24.3	27.9	(1)	36.0	25.9
1945	6.4	6.4	8.8	40.6	28.1	37.1	41.1	34.7	40.0	(1)	50.7	35.6
1950	9.8	9.0	14.3	93.6	61.6	75.4	63.7	62.0	74.4	59.5	72.9	51.8
1951	10.4	9.6	15.7	109.3	74.1	79.4	67.2	66.5	83.1	61.8	81.9	59.1
1952	10.5	10.4	16.0	111.2	73.5	80.3	64.9	65.2	81.7	60.7	85.5	60.7
1953	10.5	12.6	16.4	91.5	52.9	82.7	78.5	69.7	72.2	59.7	79.0	59.8
1954	10.7	12.6	17.2	90.7	51.4	86.3	81.7	70.0	71.1	53.8	72.4	57.6
1955	10.8	12.6	17.7	90.3	50.1	79.3	65.9	60.5	68.1	57.4	70.9	57.7
1956	10.6	12.6	17.9	88.2	48.4	78.2	57.3	(1)	68.7	(1)	72.1	57.2
1957	10.9	12.7	18.8	93.6	52.5	86.6	73.8	63.1	71.3	46.9	74.3	57.6
March	10.9	12.7	18.7	87.1	48.7	81.4	67.7	61.7	67.2	48.0	74.1	57.5
June	10.9	12.8	18.8	94.0	52.2	92.7	74.9	63.6	73.9	48.5	73.8	57.6
September	11.0	12.8	18.9	98.0	55.1	90.8	85.4	64.3	72.7	47.2	74.6	57.8
December	10.9	12.8	19.0	96.9	56.3	85.2	70.4	64.3	72.3	44.4	74.9	57.8
1958, March	11.1	12.8	19.1	103.1	64.1	89.5	77.1	68.4	77.5	49.9	74.9	58.3

Year and month	Milk, fresh (delivered)	Eggs	Bananas	Oranges	Cabbage	Onions	Potatoes	Canned tomatoes	Prunes, dried	Coffee [2]	Lard	Sugar
1913	8.9	34.5	-------	-------	-------	-------	1.7	-------	-------	29.8	15.8	5.5
1920	16.7	68.1	12.6	63.2	6.4	7.1	6.3	14.8	28.1	47.0	29.5	19.4
1925	13.9	55.4	10.8	57.1	5.2	7.0	3.6	13.2	17.1	50.4	23.0	7.0
1929	14.4	52.7	9.7	44.7	5.3	6.7	3.2	12.8	15.3	47.9	18.1	6.4
1930	14.1	44.5	9.1	57.1	5.6	5.0	3.6	12.1	16.1	39.5	16.8	6.1
1933	10.4	28.8	6.9	27.3	4.0	3.5	2.3	9.1	9.5	26.4	8.9	5.3
1935	11.7	37.6	6.4	32.0	3.9	5.1	1.9	10.2	11.1	25.7	19.5	5.7
1940	12.8	33.1	6.4	29.1	3.4	4.5	2.4	8.5	9.7	21.2	9.4	5.2
1945	15.6	58.1	10.4	48.5	6.1	6.9	4.9	12.2	17.5	30.5	18.8	6.7
1950	20.6	60.4	16.3	49.3	5.9	6.8	4.6	14.7	24.6	79.4	19.1	9.7
1951	23.1	73.7	16.3	48.7	8.6	7.9	5.1	18.8	27.4	86.8	24.6	10.1
1952	24.2	67.3	16.4	50.6	9.4	11.3	7.6	17.6	(3)	86.8	18.4	10.3
1953	23.4	69.8	16.8	49.0	7.2	8.6	5.4	17.6	29.1	89.2	20.2	10.6
1954	23.0	58.5	16.8	55.4	6.9	7.3	5.3	(3)	30.8	110.8	26.2	10.5
1955	23.1	60.6	17.0	52.8	8.3	8.1	5.6	15.1	33.7	93.0	20.8	10.4
1956	24.2	60.2	16.8	58.3	7.9	9.5	6.8	15.2	35.7	103.4	19.8	10.6
1957	25.0	57.3	17.3	57.9	8.7	9.5	5.7	15.0	33.9	101.7	22.7	11.0
March	24.6	50.5	16.3	54.6	9.6	8.4	5.5	14.9	34.4	106.3	22.9	11.0
June	24.4	47.9	18.1	55.6	8.7	13.0	5.9	14.9	34.4	102.4	22.3	11.0
September	25.3	64.9	17.8	63.9	8.4	8.2	5.6	15.1	33.3	99.3	23.0	11.1
December	25.8	66.6	15.9	57.2	8.3	8.4	5.8	15.4	32.9	95.0	22.5	11.1
1958, March	25.6	63.2	16.9	68.0	12.0	11.0	7.3	16.6	33.0	93.4	22.4	11.1

[1] Not available. [2] Beginning 1956, vacuum pack only; not comparable with earlier data.
[3] Insufficient reports for annual average.

Source: Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics; *Handbook of Labor Statistics*, Serial No. R1172, and *Monthly Labor Review*.

No. 425.—Indexes of Retail Prices of Food, by Subgroups: 1947 to 1958

[1947–49=100. See text, p. 326. See earlier issues of *Statistical Abstract* for indexes based on 1935–39=100 and for more detailed groups from 1935 to 1952]

GROUP	Avg.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
Total food: [1]													
1947	95.9	91.0	90.2	93.8	93.1	92.9	94.3	95.6	97.3	100.7	99.8	100.3	102.4
1950	101.2	97.0	96.5	97.3	97.7	98.9	100.5	103.1	103.9	104.0	104.3	104.4	107.1
1953	112.8	113.1	111.5	111.7	111.5	112.1	113.7	113.8	114.1	113.8	113.6	112.0	112.3
1954	112.6	113.1	112.6	112.1	112.4	113.3	113.8	114.6	113.9	112.4	111.8	111.1	110.4
1955	110.9	110.6	110.8	110.8	111.2	111.1	111.3	112.1	111.2	111.6	110.8	109.8	109.5
1956	111.7	109.2	108.8	109.0	109.6	111.0	113.2	114.8	113.1	113.1	113.1	112.9	112.9
1957	115.4	112.8	113.6	113.2	113.8	114.6	116.2	117.4	117.9	117.0	116.4	116.0	116.1
1958	------	118.2	118.7	120.8	121.6	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------
Total food at home:													
1953	112.5	112.9	111.1	111.3	111.1	111.7	113.7	113.8	114.1	113.5	113.3	111.4	111.7
1954	111.9	112.6	112.0	111.4	111.8	112.8	113.3	114.2	113.3	111.6	110.9	110.1	109.2
1955	109.7	109.4	109.6	109.7	110.1	110.0	110.3	111.1	110.0	110.4	109.4	108.2	107.9
1956	110.2	107.5	107.1	107.3	107.9	109.5	112.1	113.8	111.8	111.7	111.7	111.3	111.2
1957	113.8	111.1	112.0	111.4	112.1	113.0	114.7	116.1	116.6	115.5	114.7	114.1	114.3
1958	------	116.7	117.2	119.6	120.5	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------
Cereals and bakery products:													
1947	94.0	86.8	87.2	89.6	92.8	93.3	93.5	93.8	94.2	95.5	97.0	101.6	103.1
1950	104.5	102.2	102.3	102.3	102.4	102.7	102.7	103.8	106.2	107.0	107.2	107.4	107.5
1953	119.1	117.7	117.6	117.7	118.0	118.4	118.9	119.1	119.5	120.3	120.4	120.6	120.9
1954	121.9	121.2	121.3	121.2	121.1	121.3	121.3	121.6	122.3	122.6	122.7	123.1	123.3
1955	123.9	123.4	123.8	123.9	123.9	123.8	124.0	124.2	124.1	124.0	123.9	123.9	123.9
1956	125.6	123.9	124.3	124.4	124.5	124.7	125.2	125.8	126.3	126.6	126.8	127.0	127.4
1957	130.5	128.0	129.1	129.8	130.1	130.4	130.6	130.8	131.0	131.2	131.4	131.6	131.8
1958	------	132.5	132.6	132.7	132.7	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------
Meats, poultry, and fish:													
1947	93.5	85.7	84.7	89.4	87.2	87.8	93.4	94.8	98.3	103.6	101.4	97.7	97.8
1950	104.9	94.4	95.6	98.7	99.5	103.4	106.1	110.1	112.2	112.4	109.0	107.7	109.1
1953	109.9	110.9	107.7	107.4	106.8	109.2	111.3	112.0	114.1	113.5	111.1	107.0	107.8
1954	108.0	110.2	109.7	109.5	110.5	111.0	111.1	109.7	107.6	106.7	103.9	103.5	102.2
1955	101.6	102.4	102.5	102.3	103.0	102.1	103.8	103.7	102.9	103.5	100.9	97.1	94.6
1956	97.1	93.3	93.6	92.8	94.0	95.5	98.0	99.3	99.9	101.3	100.8	98.8	98.0
1957	105.2	99.0	101.4	100.6	102.0	103.7	106.9	109.5	111.9	110.3	106.3	104.6	106.0
1958	------	110.2	112.0	114.4	115.9	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------
Dairy products:													
1947	96.7	98.7	95.1	97.4	92.9	89.0	89.0	92.8	95.4	101.3	98.7	103.0	106.4
1950	95.9	95.6	95.3	94.7	93.3	92.6	92.3	93.8	95.7	97.0	99.6	100.1	100.7
1953	109.6	111.6	110.7	110.3	109.0	107.8	107.5	108.3	109.1	109.6	110.1	110.5	110.3
1954	106.1	109.7	109.0	108.0	104.6	103.5	102.9	104.3	105.1	105.8	106.7	106.6	106.8
1955	105.9	106.4	106.1	105.4	104.6	104.0	104.1	104.7	105.7	106.5	107.5	107.8	107.7
1956	108.7	107.3	107.3	106.9	106.4	107.5	107.7	108.7	109.2	109.8	110.7	111.1	111.3
1957	111.8	111.2	111.1	110.7	110.5	110.0	110.0	110.5	111.5	113.1	114.2	114.5	114.6
1958	------	114.6	114.5	114.1	112.5	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------
Fruits and vegetables:													
1947	97.6	92.0	93.9	97.7	98.1	101.4	100.4	98.9	97.8	97.1	96.3	97.7	100.5
1950	97.6	100.3	97.6	95.5	97.4	99.0	102.5	103.6	94.7	91.1	92.9	95.8	99.9
1953	113.5	116.7	115.9	115.5	115.0	115.2	121.7	118.2	112.7	106.6	107.7	107.4	109.2
1954	111.9	110.8	108.0	107.8	110.0	114.6	117.1	120.1	114.7	110.5	111.1	109.6	108.4
1955	113.5	110.6	110.7	112.0	117.5	120.2	119.5	121.9	111.3	110.2	108.5	109.0	110.7
1956	119.0	112.6	113.3	114.8	116.7	121.5	131.4	135.2	120.7	114.8	113.9	115.8	117.4
1957	118.6	116.9	116.5	116.1	118.7	122.5	126.8	126.9	121.3	114.8	114.5	114.6	113.9
1958	------	121.9	124.4	130.7	136.6	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------
Other foods bought to be prepared at home: [2]													
1947	100.1	95.7	94.2	97.6	99.3	96.5	95.1	98.0	99.4	104.3	105.7	105.6	109.5
1950	101.2	95.1	93.5	95.5	95.1	93.5	94.1	97.7	105.3	107.7	110.4	109.2	117.0
1953	112.2	109.7	107.3	109.1	110.4	110.3	110.9	112.3	114.4	116.7	117.4	114.8	113.5
1954	114.8	113.5	114.0	112.3	113.6	114.5	115.2	117.3	119.6	116.0	115.7	113.7	112.0
1955	111.5	111.3	112.1	111.9	109.4	108.4	107.7	109.2	112.6	114.1	113.9	113.1	113.7
1956	112.8	112.8	109.6	110.7	110.8	110.9	111.1	112.8	113.9	115.4	115.8	115.2	114.2
1957	112.9	112.7	113.0	111.6	111.0	109.9	109.5	111.7	113.8	115.0	116.2	115.6	114.9
1958	------	113.1	111.3	113.8	112.4	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------

[1] Comprises "food at home" through 1952; beginning January 1953, includes "food away from home."
[2] Comprises eggs, beverages (nonalcoholic), fats and oils, sugar and sweets, and miscellaneous foods.

Source: Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics; *Monthly Labor Review*.

No. 426.—Indexes of Retail Prices of Food, by Cities: 1929 to 1957

[1947-49=100. Annual averages. See text, p. 326. Based on 46 cities beginning January 1953, 56 cities March 1943-December 1952, and 51 cities prior to March 1943. City indexes not compiled for 26 medium- and small-sized cities included in the national average. See also earlier issues of *Statistical Abstract* for indexes based on 1935-39=100 for 1929 to 1952]

CITY	1929	1939	1945	1950	1953	1954	1955	1956	1957
United States	**65.6**	**47.1**	**68.9**	**101.2**	**112.8**	**112.6**	**110.9**	**111.7**	**115.4**
Atlanta	70.2	46.7	69.3	99.7	113.2	112.9	110.2	110.2	113.3
Baltimore	58.4	45.5	69.3	101.3	113.2	114.1	111.7	112.9	116.8
Boston	71.2	49.5	69.4	101.6	110.5	110.1	109.5	111.0	115.0
Chicago	64.4	45.9	66.7	101.3	111.3	110.8	109.1	109.3	112.9
Cincinnati	66.7	45.4	67.7	101.4	115.0	114.4	112.0	113.2	117.3
Cleveland	62.6	46.0	68.4	101.0	110.2	110.9	108.9	109.9	113.4
Detroit	68.0	47.6	68.9	103.4	115.4	115.4	113.2	114.2	117.3
Houston	61.7	46.4	65.8	101.7	112.3	112.0	109.9	108.8	113.1
Kansas City, Mo	67.9	49.3	69.5	99.9	110.5	108.9	106.8	108.1	111.5
Los Angeles	66.2	46.8	70.8	100.0	113.1	112.7	111.8	113.5	117.9
Minneapolis [1]	64.6	50.3	68.3	100.9	112.7	112.3	111.6	112.6	114.2
New York [2]	66.0	47.8	69.3	101.3	111.4	111.4	110.8	111.5	115.0
Philadelphia	66.0	47.8	69.5	102.0	114.7	115.0	113.0	113.8	118.5
Pittsburgh	65.8	45.4	67.3	101.1	113.6	113.5	111.2	113.0	116.8
Portland, Oreg	59.5	45.7	69.5	102.9	113.0	112.5	110.6	113.8	117.0
St. Louis	61.2	45.7	67.6	102.1	114.4	115.3	112.3	112.8	116.3
San Francisco	59.9	45.0	69.5	100.9	113.6	113.9	112.9	114.1	117.8
Scranton	69.6	46.9	69.0	100.3	112.3	111.5	108.3	109.1	112.7
Seattle	62.2	46.6	69.3	101.6	112.1	112.1	112.1	113.2	117.1
Washington, D. C	67.0	47.3	69.7	100.9	111.4	111.8	111.2	112.6	116.9

[1] Minneapolis-St.Paul, beginning January 1953.
[2] New York, N. Y.-Newark, N. J., January 1953 through June 1953; New York, N. Y.-Northeastern N. J., beginning July 1953.

Source: Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics; *Monthly Labor Review* and records.

No. 427.—Indexes of Retail Prices of Fuels and Electricity for Large Cities Combined: 1935 to 1957

[1947-49=100. Annual averages]

ITEM	1935	1940	1945	1950	1953	1954	1955	1956	1957
Gas and electricity	109.0	103.9	100.7	102.7	106.6	107.9	110.7	111.8	113.0
Solid fuels and fuel oil	56.0	58.0	73.0	110.5	123.9	123.5	125.2	130.7	137.4
Gas (composite)	-------	-------	-------	-------	109.1	111.2	115.6	117.5	119.5
Gas for space heating	121.4	104.3	99.0	101.6	111.5	114.6	120.6	121.5	122.8
Gas other than space heating	101.2	101.2	97.1	104.0	107.5	109.1	112.6	115.1	117.4
Electricity (composite)	117.4	106.7	104.4	101.2	104.3	104.7	106.1	106.5	106.9
100 KWH	116.6	105.1	102.4	99.4	101.2	102.2	103.4	103.8	104.3
Bituminous coal	54.4	57.1	70.4	112.1	119.2	119.1	120.4	124.8	129.8
Pennsylvania anthracite	58.0	59.0	75.0	112.5	134.0	129.0	126.7	133.3	144.8
Petroleum fuel oil #2	53.4	58.6	71.7	105.1	119.6	120.4	124.4	130.5	137.2

Source: Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics; *Retail Prices and Indexes of Fuels and Electricity.*

No. 428.—Coal—Average Retail Prices and Indexes for Large Cities Combined: 1941 to 1958

[Prices not directly comparable because of different methods of calculation and change in number of cities or dealers reporting prices over the period covered. Indexes are comparable. For indexes based on Oct. 1922-Sept. 1925=100, see *Historical Statistics, 1789-1945*, series L 50-51]

Year and month	Average price per ton of 2,000 pounds			Index (1947-49=100)			
	Bituminous [1]	Pennsylvania anthracite [2]		Bituminous	Pennsylvania anthracite		
		Stove	Buckwheat No. 1		All sizes	Stove	Buckwheat No. 1
1941	9.10	11.92	8.43	60.6	62.3	62.5	58.3
1946	10.95	15.96	11.15	74.1	83.2	83.7	76.8
1947	12.99	17.23	11.95	87.6	90.3	90.8	83.3
1948	15.40	19.24	13.13	104.3	101.4	101.7	100.4
1949	15.83	20.34	13.67	108.1	108.3	107.5	116.3
1950	16.48	21.38	14.17	112.1	112.5	113.0	120.5
1951	16.87	23.70	14.81	114.6	123.4	125.2	130.0
1952	16.27	(3)	15.43	116.8	125.3	127.0	135.5
1953	14.95	26.36	17.05	119.2	134.0	134.6	153.4
1954	14.94	25.26	16.74	119.1	129.0	129.0	150.6
1955	15.10	25.08	16.03	120.4	126.7	128.1	144.2
1956	15.65	26.76	16.87	124.8	133.3	136.6	151.8
1957	16.28	28.62	19.22	129.8	144.8	146.2	173.1
March	16.32	29.43	19.26	130.1	147.9	150.3	173.3
June	15.96	27.58	18.39	127.3	138.6	140.8	165.5
September	16.38	28.40	19.51	130.6	144.9	145.0	175.5
December	16.61	28.90	19.90	132.5	149.6	148.2	180.0
1958, March (prel.)	16.66	29.14	20.01	132.8	150.2	149.4	181.0

[1] Beginning 1952, weighted average price; unweighted for prior years.
[2] Weighted average price. [3] Not available.

Source: Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics; *Retail Prices and Indexes of Fuels and Electricity.*

No. 429.—Average Typical Residential Bills for Electricity in Cities of 50,000 Inhabitants or More Combined: 1940 to 1957

[As of January 1. 25, 100, and 250 kilowatt-hour consumptions were chosen to represent the typical usage, respectively, of residential consumers who use electricity for lighting and the operation of small appliances only; for lighting, small appliances, and refrigeration; and for lighting, small appliances, refrigeration, and cooking]

Year	Average bill in dollars for—			Average bill in cents per kilowatt-hour for—			Index of average bill (Jan. 1, 1935=100) for—		
	25 kw.-hrs.	100 kw.-hrs.	250 kw.-hrs.	25 kw.-hrs.	100 kw.-hrs.	250 kw.-hrs.	25 kw.-hrs.	100 kw.-hrs.	250 kw.-hrs.
1940	1.36	3.88	7.05	5.4	3.9	2.8	85.0	86.8	79.2
1945	1.32	3.76	6.89	5.3	3.8	2.8	82.5	84.1	77.4
1946	1.28	3.73	6.86	5.1	3.7	2.7	80.0	83.4	77.1
1947	1.23	3.64	6.78	4.9	3.6	2.7	76.9	81.4	76.2
1948	1.24	3.64	6.79	5.0	3.6	2.7	77.5	81.4	76.3
1949	1.25	3.68	6.87	5.0	3.7	2.7	78.1	82.3	77.2
1950	1.24	3.64	6.81	5.0	3.6	2.7	77.5	81.4	76.5
1951	1.24	3.62	6.77	5.0	3.6	2.7	77.5	81.0	76.1
1952	1.24	3.63	6.79	5.0	3.6	2.7	77.5	81.2	76.3
1953	1.28	3.69	6.93	5.1	3.7	2.8	80.0	82.6	77.9
1954	1.29	3.70	6.96	5.2	3.7	2.8	80.6	82.8	78.2
1955	1.30	3.75	7.03	5.2	3.7	2.8	81.3	83.9	79.0
1956	1.32	3.77	7.07	5.3	3.8	2.8	82.5	84.3	79.4
1957	1.32	3.78	7.11	5.3	3.8	2.8	82.5	84.6	79.9

Source: Federal Power Commission; annual report, *Typical Electric Bills, Including Residential, Commercial and Industrial Service: Cities of 50,000 Population and More.*

No. 430.—Lowest and Highest Net Monthly Residential Electric Bills for 250 Kilowatt-Hours Use, by States: 1957

[Based on rates as of January 1 for communities of 2,500 inhabitants or more]

STATE	Served by privately owned utilities		Served by publicly owned utilities		Communities of 50,000 inhabitants or more		Communities of 10,000 to 50,000 inhabitants		Communities of 2,500 to 10,000 inhabitants	
	Utilities	Communities	Utilities	Communities	Lowest bills	Highest bills	Lowest bills	Highest bills	Lowest bills	Highest bills
New England:										
Maine	7	47	4	4	[1] $8.32	[1] $8.32	$8.27	$8.32	[2] $7.00	$10.42
New Hampshire	6	20	1	1	[1] 8.86	[1] 8.86	7.56	9.10	[2] 8.00	9.15
Vermont	3	15	1	1	(3)	(3)	[2] 8.10	9.50	7.00	9.88
Massachusetts	25	112	22	23	[2] 7.20	9.75	[2] 6.80	10.27	[2] 7.01	10.77
Rhode Island	3	21	------	------	8.51	8.85	8.38	8.85	8.51	8.85
Connecticut	7	58	6	9	7.13	9.15	[2] 6.21	9.15	[2] 6.60	9.15
Middle Atlantic:										
New York	14	257	24	25	5.03	8.49	[2] 4.79	9.15	[2] 4.93	[2] 9.63
New Jersey	5	227	6	7	7.22	8.40	7.22	[2] 10.25	7.22	9.70
Pennsylvania	16	391	24	24	6.48	8.40	6.80	9.54	[2] 6.30	[2] 11.75
East North Central:										
Ohio	9	184	45	47	[2] 5.40	7.50	[2] 5.40	[2] 8.05	[2] 5.40	[2] 9.35
Indiana	5	89	34	34	[2] 5.40	7.80	[2] 5.60	7.80	[2] 6.05	[2] 10.15
Illinois	11	263	31	31	[2] 5.70	7.73	6.56	[2] 9.80	6.56	[2] 10.69
Michigan	11	129	29	30	[2] 5.80	7.74	[2] 5.78	7.80	[2] 5.75	[2] 8.80
Wisconsin	9	80	33	34	4.85	7.40	[2] 4.85	8.45	[2] 4.70	8.45
West North Central:										
Minnesota	7	49	46	46	7.28	8.13	[2] 5.18	8.88	[2] 5.38	[2] 10.00
Iowa	9	68	27	27	6.38	9.25	[2] 5.40	9.80	6.38	[2] 10.75
Missouri	11	79	38	38	[2] 6.00	8.05	[2] 6.41	[2] 9.99	[2] 5.94	[2] 9.75
North Dakota	3	11	2	2	(3)	(3)	7.25	9.00	[2] 6.00	9.05
South Dakota	6	19	7	7	[1] [2] 7.75	[1] 8.38	7.95	8.92	7.25	[2] 10.50
Nebraska	------	------	30	41	[2] 5.19	[2] 6.47	[2] 4.59	[2] 7.10	[2] 5.19	[2] 8.60
Kansas	7	40	32	32	[2] 4.95	5.85	5.19	[2] 9.65	5.19	[2] 10.90
South Atlantic:										
Delaware	1	4	6	6	[1] 8.00	[1] 8.00	(3)	(3)	8.05	[2] 10.80
Maryland	6	38	2	2	[1] 7.87	[1] 7.87	6.38	10.51	6.38	10.51
District of Columbia	1	1	------	------	[1] 6.38	[1] 6.38	------	------	------	------
Virginia	6	73	13	14	6.38	7.70	[2] 5.00	[2] 8.35	[2] 7.15	10.29
West Virginia	7	56	2	2	7.15	7.15	7.15	7.65	7.15	8.00
North Carolina	4	66	36	37	6.36	6.75	4.50	[2] 8.20	[2] 6.35	[2] 9.20
South Carolina	5	64	18	19	6.36	7.28	[2] 6.25	7.28	[2] 4.99	7.28
Georgia	6	65	39	39	6.13	7.65	[2] 5.60	[2] 8.03	[2] 5.00	7.90
Florida	5	86	25	25	6.75	9.66	7.13	[2] 10.75	7.06	[2] 10.76
East South Central:										
Kentucky	5	54	17	17	5.60	7.28	[2] 3.50	[2] 7.75	[2] 4.13	[2] 9.30
Tennessee	3	5	59	60	[2] 5.00	[2] 5.00	[2] 3.50	7.10	[2] 3.50	7.10
Alabama	4	61	31	31	5.60	5.60	[2] 3.50	[2] 7.55	[2] 3.50	[2] 7.68
Mississippi	2	33	20	20	[1] 7.59	[1] 7.59	[2] 3.50	7.69	[2] 3.50	9.26
West South Central:										
Arkansas	5	50	14	14	7.55	7.88	[2] 6.70	8.70	[2] 6.70	8.98
Louisiana	5	62	23	24	6.33	7.91	[2] 6.75	[2] 9.75	[2] 6.75	[2] 11.00
Oklahoma	4	58	29	29	7.55	7.69	7.55	[2] 11.00	[2] 6.00	[2] 11.53
Texas	12	233	51	55	5.58	8.20	[2] 5.20	8.86	[2] 4.25	[2] 11.00
Mountain:										
Montana	3	26	2	2	(3)	(3)	6.83	6.83	6.00	[2] 7.75
Idaho	6	30	4	4	(3)	(3)	5.01	6.95	5.01	8.04
Wyoming	8	17	3	3	(3)	(3)	6.20	7.33	[2] 6.10	11.19
Colorado	5	24	14	17	6.54	8.07	[2] 5.85	7.80	[2] 5.45	[2] 10.25
New Mexico	5	21	8	8	[1] 7.40	[1] 7.40	6.75	[2] 10.40	[2] 7.13	10.40
Arizona	5	30	3	3	[1] 7.37	[1] 7.37	[2] 6.31	6.89	6.70	11.39
Utah	3	19	14	14	6.68	6.68	[2] 5.71	[2] 6.25	[2] 5.49	8.74
Nevada	5	9	1	1	(3)	(3)	5.20	7.51	[2] 4.30	11.35
Pacific:										
Washington	3	36	22	31	[2] 3.20	4.66	[2] 4.00	5.72	[2] 3.25	5.82
Oregon	5	47	9	11	[1] 5.25	[1] 5.25	[2] 3.15	6.90	[2] 3.75	6.95
California	9	287	23	33	[2] 4.63	7.13	[2] 4.80	10.77	[2] 4.63	11.04

[1] Only 1 community in this population group.
[2] Publicly owned utility.
[3] No community in this population group.

Source: Federal Power Commission; annual report, *Typical Residential Electric Bills; Cities of 2,500 Population and More.*

No. 431.—Electricity Prices—Net Monthly Bills for Specified Quantities, by Cities: 1955 to 1957

[**In dollars.** Based on rates as of December 15 and includes all applicable taxes]

City	40 kw.-hrs.			100 kw.-hrs.			200 kw.-hrs.		
	1955	1956	1957	1955	1956	1957	1955	1956	1957
Atlanta	1.86	1.86	1.86	3.73	3.72	3.73	5.81	5.79	5.81
Baltimore	2.06	2.07	2.08	4.04	4.06	4.10	6.83	6.87	6.93
Boston	2.19	2.23	2.25	4.74	4.82	4.89	7.93	8.09	8.21
Chicago	1.80	1.82	1.82	3.75	3.78	3.80	5.90	5.95	5.97
Cincinnati	1.67	1.68	1.68	3.37	3.43	3.43	5.69	5.78	5.80
Cleveland	1.61	1.61	1.67	3.34	3.34	3.44	5.58	5.58	5.70
Detroit	2.02	2.02	2.02	3.85	3.85	3.85	6.59	6.59	6.59
Houston	1.31	1.31	1.31	2.83	2.83	2.82	4.83	4.83	4.81
Kansas City, Mo.	2.19	2.19	2.19	4.23	4.23	4.23	6.94	6.94	6.94
Los Angeles	1.42	1.49	1.53	2.77	2.85	2.94	4.27	4.65	4.83
Minneapolis	1.93	1.93	1.93	3.86	3.86	3.86	6.75	6.75	6.75
New York	2.26	2.27	2.28	4.70	4.73	4.74	7.55	7.61	7.63
Philadelphia	2.28	2.28	2.28	3.78	3.78	3.78	5.58	5.58	5.58
Pittsburgh	2.20	2.20	2.20	3.95	3.95	3.95	5.95	5.95	5.95
Portland, Oreg.	1.40	1.40	1.40	3.05	3.05	3.05	4.85	4.85	4.85
St. Louis	1.72	1.72	1.72	3.22	3.22	3.22	5.72	5.72	5.72
San Francisco	2.02	2.02	2.10	3.64	3.64	3.81	5.84	5.84	6.14
Scranton	2.35	2.35	2.35	4.50	4.50	4.50	7.14	7.14	7.14
Seattle	1.20	1.20	1.20	2.52	2.52	2.52	3.92	3.92	3.92
Washington, D. C.	1.76	1.76	1.76	3.11	3.11	3.11	5.38	5.38	5.38

Source: Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics; *Retail Prices and Indexes of Fuels and Electricity.*

No. 432.—Gas Prices—Net Monthly Bills for Specified Quantities, by Cities: 1955 to 1957

[**In dollars.** Based on rates as of December 15 and includes all applicable taxes. One therm=100,000 British thermal units]

City and kind of gas	10 therms			25 therms			100 therms (for heating)		
	1955	1956	1957	1955	1956	1957	1955	1956	1957
Atlanta ... natural	1.62	1.62	1.62	2.72	2.72	2.72	6.56	6.56	6.56
Baltimore ... do	2.49	2.49	2.53	4.22	4.22	4.32	------	------	------
Boston ... mixed	3.70	3.91	3.95	6.85	7.07	7.16	------	------	------
Chicago ... do	1.82	1.93	[1] 1.94	3.42	3.61	[1] 3.66	------	------	------
Cincinnati ... natural	1.12	1.09	1.15	2.20	2.14	2.29	6.89	6.63	7.23
Cleveland ... do	.90	1.00	1.00	1.73	1.90	1.92	5.71	6.24	6.30
Detroit ... do	1.74	1.68	1.70	3.15	3.02	3.06	8.17	7.70	7.82
Houston ... do	1.29	1.40	1.77	2.14	2.26	2.65	5.56	5.62	5.71
Kansas City, Mo. ... do	1.05	1.05	1.04	1.89	1.84	1.82	5.55	5.22	5.08
Los Angeles ... do	1.70	1.70	2.42	2.64	2.64	3.37	5.88	5.88	5.99
Minneapolis ... do	2.21	2.21	2.21	3.51	3.51	3.51	8.95	8.95	8.95
New York [2] ... do	------	2.94	2.94	------	6.15	6.15	------	------	------
Company No. 1.1 ... manufactured	2.92	------	------	6.04	------	------	------	------	------
Company No. 4 ... natural	2.83	------	------	6.02	------	------	------	------	------
Company No. 5 ... do	3.07	------	------	6.50	------	------	------	------	------
Company No. 6 ... do	3.11	------	------	6.43	------	------	------	------	------
Company No. 12 ... do	3.18	------	------	6.78	------	------	------	------	------
Philadelphia ... mixed	1.91	1.97	1.97	4.45	4.58	4.58	------	------	------
Pittsburgh ... natural	1.54	1.59	1.62	2.35	2.42	2.49	5.82	5.94	6.14
Portland, Oreg. ... do	[3] 3.05	2.99	2.99	[3] 5.88	5.29	5.29	[3] 15.94	11.68	11.68
St. Louis ... do	1.72	1.72	1.72	3.79	3.79	3.79	7.56	7.56	7.56
San Francisco ... do	1.25	1.25	1.25	2.01	2.01	2.01	4.92	4.92	4.92
Scranton ... manufactured	3.19	3.28	[1] 3.06	6.19	6.38	[1] 5.87	------	------	------
Seattle ... natural	[3] 5.10	4.27	4.27	[3] 7.31	6.14	6.14	------	------	------
Washington, D. C. ... do	1.89	1.89	1.86	4.19	4.19	4.11	12.47	12.47	12.14

[1] Natural beginning, May 1957.
[2] Beginning 1956, average for the city.
[3] Manufactured.

Source: Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics; *Retail Prices and Indexes of Fuels and Electricity.*

No. 433.—Annual Average Unit Values of Important Articles Imported and Exported: 1930 to 1956

[Values of goods imported represent values *in foreign markets* whence exported to United States. Values of goods exported represent value at time and place of exportation. "Ton" signifies long ton of 2,240 pounds except where otherwise specified. Averages obtained by dividing total value of imports (for consumption) and exports of specified article by total quantity. Where, as in some commodities, considerable price variations may exist between different grades, methods of packing, etc., and proportions of grades, etc., may vary from year to year, such averages may show actual price movements only roughly]

ARTICLE	1930	1940	1945	1950	1954	1955	1956
IMPORTS							
Cheese ... cents per pound	26.7	23.0	25.1	42.7	50.5	51.3	51.0
Hides and skins:							
Cattle ... do	13.0	8.8	13.1	21.7	14.1	11.9	15.4
Goat ... do	40.7	23.1	40.2	62.7	55.4	56.6	56.1
Wheat ... dollars per bushel	.98	.68	1.34	1.90	1.93	1.69	1.54
Bananas ... cents per bunch	55.46	55.57	69.32	108.36	136.15	140.97	147.12
Cocoa (beans and shells) ... cents per pound	8.4	4.4	7.4	25.0	48.6	36.7	25.8
Coffee ... do	13.1	6.2	12.7	44.8	65.7	52.2	51.2
Tea ... do	26.6	22.9	34.9	47.1	54.3	61.9	50.6
Cane sugar ... do	1.85	1.94	3.07	5.17	5.46	5.29	5.27
Whiskey ... dollars per proof gallon	(1)	3.98	4.00	5.72	5.62	5.66	5.68
Wines ... dollars per gallon	2.62	2.24	3.02	3.52	3.50	3.53	3.66
Rubber, crude ... cents per pound	12.9	17.4	31.4	25.5	19.6	30.9	30.7
Shellac ... do	27.3	11.9	29.6	35.6	36.7	45.4	40.3
Copra ... do	3.7	1.3	3.0	8.8	7.8	6.79	6.27
Cotton, unmanufactured ... do	19.7	8.1	11.2	21.7	23.2	22.1	17.0
Jute and jute butts ... dollars per ton	107.76	126.65	167.82	281.26	220.10	248.48	197.21
Jute burlaps ... cents per pound	9.1	9.0	14.2	21.6	17.0	16.6	15.5
Flax ... dollars per ton	429.26	504.55	315.20	462.74	552.09	450.02	446.93
Sisal ... do	138.50	84.25	151.17	251.00	190.79	161.53	159.14
Manila ... do	138.08	94.99	225.18	485.17	360.73	313.76	351.16
Silk, raw ... dollars per pound	3.57	2.79	10.41	2.68	4.49	4.30	4.12
Pulpwood ... dollars per cord	10.76	8.49	13.47	17.22	19.74	19.21	19.63
Wood pulp [2] ... dollars per ton	49.63	49.15	66.00	100.70	122.64	125.27	127.47
Newsprint paper ... cents per pound	2.9	2.3	2.8	4.6	6.0	6.0	6.2
Petroleum, crude ... cents per gallon	2.5	1.8	2.5	5.1	5.3	5.3	5.6
Manganese ore ... cents per pound	1.08	1.31	2.00	1.56	3.64	3.29	3.42
Copper, pigs, ingots, bars [3] ... do	13.2	10.0	10.8	18.2	29.3	35.8	40.9
Nickel, pigs, ingots, bars ... do	25.05	25.00	27.30	42.22	63.68	68.09	71.50
Tin, bars, blocks, pigs ... do	33.31	45.89	48.43	82.42	90.6	90.6	97.3
Sodium nitrate [4] ... dollars per ton	37.71	18.74	21.84	36.23	36.65	35.70	32.67
EXPORTS							
Lard ... cents per pound	11.4	6.3	16.1	13.3	18.0	13.5	13.0
Milk, condensed and evaporated ... do	11.5	7.4	13.1	14.3	14.9	15.3	16.8
Cheese ... do	25.7	22.2	31.9	15.5	42.1	33.1	36.4
Eggs ... cents per dozen	27.2	23.3	46.4	43.2	35.9	40.5	43.0
Corn ... dollars per bushel	.94	.67	1.42	1.58	1.70	1.56	1.56
Rice ... cents per pound	3.8	2.9	6.8	7.7	8.5	7.0	7.3
Wheat ... dollars per bushel	1.00	.78	1.87	1.96	1.81	1.75	1.70
Wheat flour ... dollars per bbl	5.31	3.70	7.15	8.29	8.91	8.52	8.29
Sugar ... cents per pound	2.4	3.1	[5] 6.1	5.0	8.0	7.5	4.1
Tobacco leaf ... do	25.8	20.1	50.7	53.1	67.3	66.3	65.8
Cotton, unmanufactured [6] ... do	14.4	10.9	21.9	35.6	37.6	37.7	31.6
Coal:							
Anthracite ... dollars per short ton	9.61	7.95	9.87	16.06	18.13	15.36	14.02
Bituminous ... do	3.73	3.69	5.29	8.11	8.14	8.51	9.61
Petroleum, crude ... cents per gallon	3.2	3.1	3.9	7.0	8.0	8.1	7.6
Motor fuel, gasoline, and naphtha [7] ... do	9.4	7.7	13.5	12.5	16.5	16.2	16.1
Kerosene ... do	9.0	6.1	4.6	9.8	9.6	9.7	10.2
Lubricating oils ... do	21.9	21.8	30.3	30.4	32.5	32.8	34.8
Iron and steel scrap ... dollars per ton	15.51	16.87	17.38	28.25	33.8	38.39	51.62
Copper, refined ... cents per pound	13.4	11.5	10.7	20.1	29.8	37.8	42.6
Motortrucks, buses, and chassis (new) dollars per unit	663	831	2,448	(8)	[9] 1,812	[9] 1,940	[9] 2,247
Passenger cars (new) ... do	692	645	1,200	1,489	[9] 1,736	[9] 1,798	[9] 1,905

[1] No legal importation. [2] Beginning 1935, tons of 2,000 pounds, air-dry weight. [3] Unrefined copper.
[4] Beginning 1945, short tons. [5] Refined sugar only. [6] Excludes linters.
[7] Includes natural gasoline and beginning 1945, mineral spirits; beginning 1954, also includes jet fuels.
[8] Not available.
[9] Nonmilitary.

Source: Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census.

Section *13*

Elections

This section relates to popular participation in, and results of, Presidential, Congressional, and gubernatorial elections. Also presented are several tables concerning Congressional legislation.

Official statistics on Federal elections are collected by the Clerk of the House of Representatives and published biennially in *Statistics of the Presidential and Congressional Election* and *Statistics of the Congressional Election.* Another publication which contains Federal and State election statistics is *America Votes*, issued biennially by the Governmental Affairs Institute. Data on Federal elections also appear in the United States Congress, *Congressional Directory*, and in the official State documents (Registers, Manuals, Reports of the Secretary of State, etc.) of the separate States. Data on campaign expenditures for Federal offices and expenditures by lobbying organizations affecting national legislation are compiled by Congressional Quarterly News Features and published in its *Congressional Quarterly Almanac.*

Almost all Federal, State, and local governmental units in the United States conduct elections at various intervals—annual, biennial, quadrennial, or longer—for different types of offices and other purposes. No regular and complete system exists for reporting either the number of elections held or the numbers of votes cast for candidates, except for Federal offices, and, in most States, for State offices.

The conduct of elections in the United States for Federal, State, and local offices and on State and local issues is regulated by State laws or, in some cities and a few counties, by local charters. An important exception is that the United States Constitution prescribes the basis of representation in Congress and the manner of electing the President of the United States and grants to Congress the right to regulate the times, places, and manner of electing Federal officers.

The election of the President of the United States is provided for in the Constitution, article II, section 1, through the establishment of an electoral college in each State, for each Presidential election. The method of casting the electoral vote was modified in 1804 by the adoption of the 12th Amendment to the Constitution. The number of electors, and therefore of electoral votes, is "equal to the whole number of Senators and Representatives to which the State may be entitled in Congress." The electors are elected by popular vote in all States.

The number of members in the House of Representatives is fixed by the Congress at the time of each apportionment; since 1912 it has remained constant at 435. The 14th Amendment to the Constitution provides that "Representatives shall be apportioned among the several States according to their respective numbers * * *." The Constitution also requires that each State have at least one Representative. Members are elected for 2-year terms, all terms covering the same period.

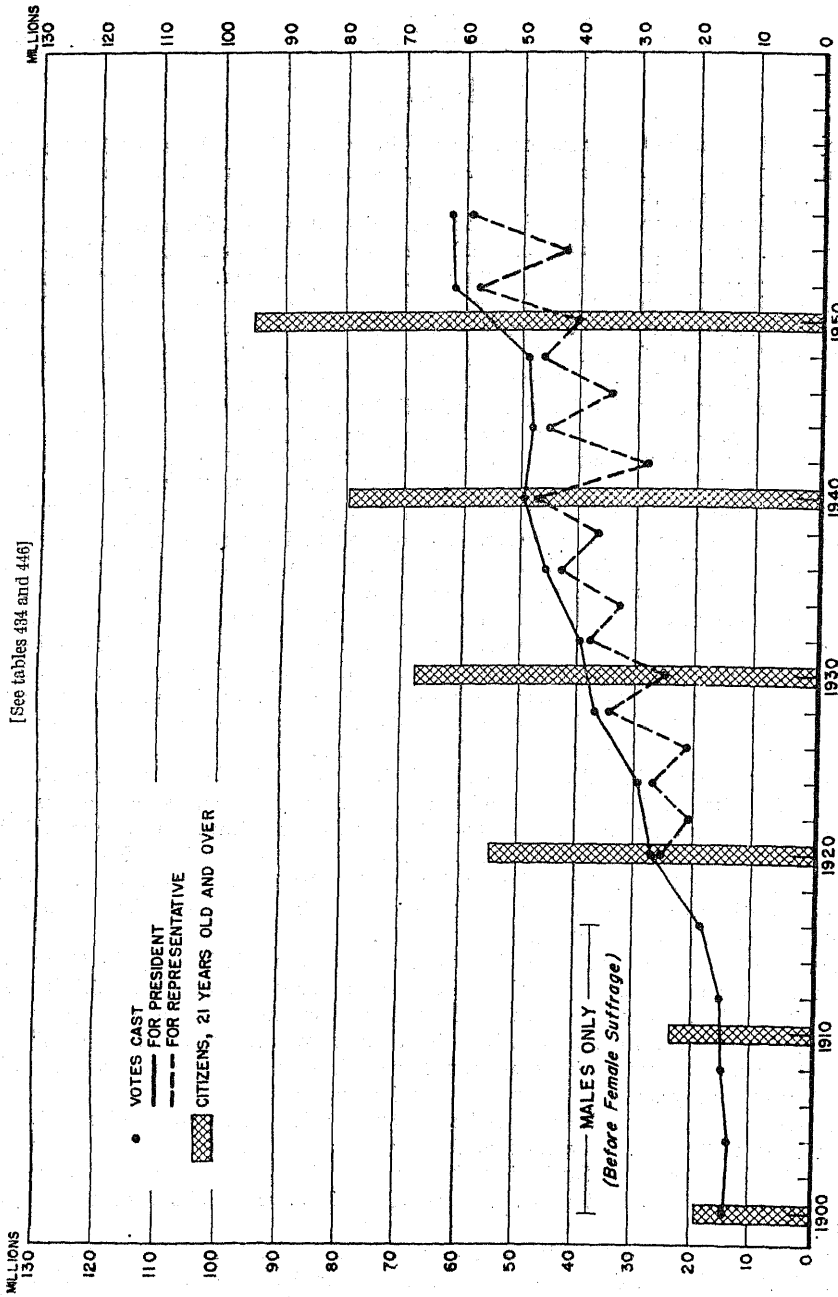
The Senate is composed of 96 members, 2 from each State, who are elected to serve for a term of 6 years. One-third of the Senate is elected every 2 years. Senators were originally chosen by the State legislatures. Subsequently, the 17th Amendment to the Constitution, adopted in 1913, prescribed that Senators be elected by popular vote.

Historical statistics.—Tabular headnotes (as "See also *Historical Statistics, 1789–1945*, series P 27–31") provide cross-references, where applicable, to *Historical Statistics of the United States, 1789–1945*, and its *Continuation to 1952*. See preface.

Note.—This section presents data for the most recent year or period available on March 31, 1958, when the material was organized and sent to the printer. In some instances more recent data were added later.

FIG. XXI.—PARTICIPATION IN NATIONAL ELECTIONS: 1900 TO 1956

[See tables 434 and 446]



Source: Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census. For source of election data, see headnote.

No. 434.—Electoral and Popular Vote Cast for President, 1888 to 1956, and Vote Cast for Representatives, 1920 to 1956, by Political Parties

[See also *Historical Statistics, 1789-1945*, P 27-31]

Year	Presidential vote cast: Total popular vote [1]	Republican Party: Popular vote	Republican Party: Electoral vote	Republican Party: Candidate	Democratic Party: Popular vote	Democratic Party: Electoral vote	Democratic Party: Candidate	Percent of popular vote: Rep.	Percent of popular vote: Dem.
	1,000	*1,000*			*1,000*				
1888	11,381	5,444	233	Harrison	5,540	168	Cleveland	47.8	48.7
1892	12,044	5,191	145	do	5,554	277	do	43.1	46.1
1896	13,813	7,036	271	McKinley	[2] 6,468	176	Bryan	50.9	[2] 46.8
1900	13,965	7,220	292	do	6,358	155	do	51.7	45.5
1904	13,524	7,629	336	T. Roosevelt	5,084	140	Parker	56.4	37.6
1908	14,887	7,679	321	Taft	6,409	162	Bryan	51.6	43.1
1912	15,031	3,484	8	do	6,286	435	Wilson	23.2	41.8
1916	18,528	8,534	254	Hughes	9,128	277	do	46.1	49.3
1920	26,813	16,147	404	Harding	9,141	127	Cox	60.2	34.1
1924	[3] 29,091	15,725	382	Coolidge	8,387	136	Davis	54.1	28.8
1928	36,812	21,391	444	Hoover	15,016	87	Smith	58.1	40.8
1932	39,751	15,762	59	do	22,822	472	F. D. Roosevelt	39.7	57.4
1936	45,647	16,680	8	Landon	27,477	523	do	36.5	60.2
1940	49,820	[4] 22,304	82	Willkie	[5] 26,827	449	do	44.8	53.8
1944	47,976	22,006	99	Dewey	[6] 24,777	432	do	45.9	51.6
1948	48,834	21,969	189	do	[7] 24,106	303	Truman	45.0	49.4
1952	61,552	33,779	442	Eisenhower	[8] 27,315	89	Stevenson	54.9	44.4
1956	62,027	35,581	457	do	25,739	73	do	57.4	41.5

Year	Presidential vote cast—Con.: Socialist and Soc.-Labor	Misc. independent [9]	Prohibition	Communist	Year	Vote cast for representatives [13]: Total [14]	Republican	Democratic	Percent of total: Rep.	Percent of total: Dem.
	1,000	*1,000*	*1,000*	*1,000*		*1,000*	*1,000*	*1,000*		
1888	-------	147	250	-------	1920	[15] 25,080	14,758	8,919	58.8	35.6
1892	-------	1,027	271	-------	1922	20,409	10,548	9,131	51.7	44.7
1896	[10] 36	132	142	-------	1924	26,884	14,932	10,854	55.5	40.4
1900	128	50	209	-------	1926	20,613	11,643	8,284	56.5	40.2
1904	436	115	259	-------	1928	34,154	19,163	14,361	56.1	42.0
1908	435	112	253	-------	1930	24,777	13,032	11,044	52.6	44.6
1912	926	4,126	209	-------	1932	37,657	15,575	20,540	41.4	54.5
1916	600	46	221	-------	1934	32,530	13,558	17,385	41.7	53.4
1920	927	410	188	-------	1936	42,886	17,003	23,944	39.6	55.8
1924	[10] 36	[11] 4,848	58	[12] 36	1938	36,236	17,047	17,612	47.0	48.6
1928	289	46	20	[12] 49	1940	46,951	21,393	24,092	45.6	51.3
1932	918	65	82	103	1942	[16] 28,074	14,203	12,934	[16] 50.6	[16] 46.1
1936	197	1,177	37	80	1944	45,103	21,303	22,808	47.2	50.6
1940	110	[4] [5] 472	58	49	1946	34,398	18,400	15,221	53.5	44.3
1944	106	[6] 1,012	75	-------	1948	46,142	20,920	23,820	45.3	51.6
1948	168	[7] 2,488	103	-------	1950	40,430	19,750	19,785	48.9	48.9
1952	50	[8] 335	73	-------	1952	57,571	28,399	28,336	49.3	49.2
1956	42	623	42	-------	1954	42,580	20,034	22,175	47.0	52.1
					1956	58,886	28,697	29,832	48.7	50.7

[1] Totals for years prior to 1928 exclude votes cast for names not appearing on electoral tickets for parties specified. Totals for 1928-44 exclude void and blank ballots. [2] Democrat-Populist.

[3] Includes scattering votes; 445 in Iowa; 633 in New Jersey; and 131 in Pennsylvania.

[4] Included with Miscellaneous are 798 Union votes cast in endorsement of Republican candidate.

[5] Included with Miscellaneous are 417,418 American Labor votes cast in endorsement of Democratic candidate.

[6] Included with Miscellaneous are 496,405 American Labor and 329,235 Liberal votes cast in endorsement of Democratic candidate.

[7] Included with Miscellaneous are 1,169,021 votes for Thurmond (States' Rights Democrats) and 1,156,103 votes cast for Wallace (Progressives, etc.); included with Democratic are 222,562 Liberal votes cast for Democratic nominees.

[8] Included with Democratic are 416,711 Liberal Party votes cast for democratic candidate.

[9] For 1888, Union Labor Party; 1892, 1900, and 1904, Populist; 1896, National Democrat; 1908, Populist and Independent; 1912, Progressive; 1916 to 1952, miscellaneous. [10] Socialist-Labor only.

[11] Includes 4,822,856 votes cast for La Follette and Wheeler, official candidates of both Socialist and Independent Progressive parties. [12] Workers Party. [13] See also tables 440 and 441.

[14] Includes minor party votes; and for certain years scattering, void, and blank votes.

[15] Excludes votes for Georgia; statistics not furnished by State authorities.

[16] Although the Republican Party received 50.6 percent of the total vote cast, the Democratic Party won a greater number of individual contests for Representatives (221 as against 210 for the Republicans) and thereby retained control of the House of Representatives.

Source: 1888-1912, reports of State officials on file in Department of State. 1916, *The Presidential Vote 1896-1932*, E. E. Robinson. U. S. Congress, Clerk of the House; 1920, 1924, 1948, 1952, and 1956, *Statistics of the Presidential and Congressional Election*, and 1922, 1926, 1946, 1950, and 1954, *Statistics of the Congressional Election*. 1928-44, Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of the Census; Elections, 1944: No. 5, *Vote Cast in Presidential and Congressional Elections, 1928-44*.

No. 435.—Popular Vote Cast for Presidential Electors, and Percent of Vote for Majority Party, by States: 1932 to 1948

[**In thousands.** D=Democratic, R=Republican. Majority party vote refers to the party vote representing either a majority or a plurality for the victorious party. See also table 434; for current figures, see table 436]

STATE	1932		1936		1940		1944		1948	
	Vote	Percent for majority party	Vote	Percent for majority party	Vote	Percent for majority party	Vote	Percent for majority party	Vote	Percent for majority party
Total	39,751	D—57.4	45,647	D—60.2	49,820	D—[1] 53.8	47,976	D—[1] 51.6	48,834	D—49.4
Alabama	245	D—84.8	276	D—86.4	294	D—85.2	245	D—81.3	215	(2)
Arizona	118	D—67.0	124	D—69.9	150	D—63.5	138	D—58.8	177	D—53.8
Arkansas	221	D—86.0	179	D—81.8	202	D—78.6	213	D—70.0	242	D—61.7
California	2,267	D—58.4	2,639	D—67.0	3,269	D—57.5	3,521	D—56.5	4,022	D—47.6
Colorado	458	D—54.8	489	D—60.4	549	R—50.9	505	R—53.2	515	D—51.9
Connecticut	594	R—48.5	691	D—55.3	782	D—53.4	832	D—52.3	884	R—49.5
Delaware	113	R—50.6	128	D—54.6	136	D—54.7	125	D—54.4	139	R—50.0
Florida	276	D—74.7	327	D—76.1	485	D—74.0	483	D—70.3	578	D—48.8
Georgia	256	D—91.6	293	D—87.1	313	D—84.8	328	D—81.7	419	D—60.8
Idaho	187	D—58.7	200	D—63.0	235	D—54.4	208	D—51.6	215	D—50.0
Illinois	3,408	D—55.2	3,957	D—57.7	4,218	D—51.0	4,036	D—51.5	3,984	D—50.1
Indiana	1,577	D—54.7	1,651	D—56.6	1,783	R—50.5	1,672	R—52.4	1,656	R—49.6
Iowa	1,037	D—57.7	1,143	D—54.4	1,215	R—52.0	1,053	R—52.0	1,038	D—50.3
Kansas	792	D—53.6	865	D—53.7	860	R—56.9	734	R—60.2	789	R—53.6
Kentucky	983	D—59.0	926	D—58.5	970	D—57.4	868	D—54.5	823	D—56.7
Louisiana	269	D—92.8	330	D—88.8	372	D—85.9	349	D—80.6	416	(2)
Maine	298	R—55.8	304	R—55.5	321	R—51.1	296	R—52.4	265	R—56.7
Maryland	511	D—61.5	625	D—62.3	660	D—58.3	608	D—51.9	597	R—49.4
Massachusetts	1,580	D—50.6	1,840	D—51.2	2,027	D—53.1	1,961	D—52.8	2,155	D—53.4
Michigan	1,665	D—52.4	1,805	D—56.3	2,086	R—49.9	2,205	D—50.2	2,110	R—49.2
Minnesota	1,003	D—59.9	1,130	D—61.8	1,251	D—51.5	1,126	D—52.4	1,212	D—57.2
Mississippi	146	D—96.0	162	D—97.1	176	D—95.7	180	D—88.0	192	(2)
Missouri	1,610	D—63.7	1,829	D—60.8	1,834	D—52.3	1,572	D—51.4	1,579	D—58.1
Montana	216	D—58.8	231	D—69.3	248	D—58.8	207	D—54.3	224	D—53.1
Nebraska	570	D—63.0	608	D—57.1	616	R—57.2	563	R—58.6	489	R—54.2
Nevada	41	D—69.4	44	D—72.8	53	D—60.2	54	D—54.6	62	D—50.4
New Hampshire	206	R—50.4	218	D—49.7	235	D—53.2	230	D—52.1	231	R—52.4
New Jersey	1,630	D—49.5	1,820	D—59.5	1,975	D—51.5	1,964	D—50.3	1,950	R—50.3
New Mexico	152	D—62.7	169	D—62.7	183	D—56.7	152	D—53.5	186	D—56.8
New York	4,689	D—54.1	5,596	D—53.9	6,302	R—48.0	6,317	R—47.3	6,275	R—45.3
North Carolina	712	D—69.9	839	D—73.4	823	D—74.0	791	D—66.7	791	D—58.0
North Dakota	256	D—69.6	274	D—59.6	281	R—55.1	220	R—53.8	221	R—52.2
Ohio	2,610	D—49.9	3,012	D—58.0	3,320	D—52.2	3,153	R—50.2	2,936	D—49.5
Oklahoma	705	D—73.3	750	D—66.8	826	D—57.4	723	D—55.6	722	D—62.7
Oregon	369	D—58.0	414	D—64.4	481	D—53.7	480	D—51.8	524	R—49.8
Pennsylvania	2,859	R—50.8	4,138	D—56.9	4,079	D—53.2	3,795	D—51.1	3,735	R—50.9
Rhode Island	266	D—55.1	311	D—53.1	321	D—56.7	299	D—58.6	326	D—57.8
South Carolina	104	D—98.0	115	D—98.6	100	D—95.6	103	D—87.6	143	(2)
South Dakota	288	D—63.6	296	D—54.0	308	R—57.4	232	R—58.3	250	R—51.8
Tennessee	391	D—66.5	476	D—68.8	523	D—67.3	511	D—60.4	550	D—49.1
Texas	863	D—88.1	843	D—87.1	1,041	D—80.7	1,150	D—71.4	1,147	D—65.4
Utah	207	D—56.5	217	D—69.3	248	D—62.3	248	D—60.4	276	D—54.0
Vermont	137	R—57.7	144	R—56.4	143	R—54.8	125	R—57.1	123	R—61.5
Virginia	298	D—68.5	335	D—70.2	347	D—68.1	388	D—62.4	419	D—47.9
Washington	615	D—57.5	692	D—66.4	794	D—58.2	856	D—56.8	905	D—52.6
West Virginia	744	D—54.5	830	D—60.5	868	D—57.1	716	D—54.9	749	D—57.3
Wisconsin	1,115	D—63.5	1,259	D—63.8	1,406	D—50.1	1,339	R—50.4	1,277	D—50.7
Wyoming	97	D—56.1	103	D—60.6	112	D—52.8	101	R—51.2	101	D—51.6

[1] Percentages based on figures which exclude votes of minor parties for candidates of major parties.
[2] Vote represented a victory for Thurmond (States' Rights Democrat) as follows: Ala., 79.8 percent; La., 49.1 percent; Miss., 87.2 percent; and S. C., 72.0 percent.

Source: 1932–44, Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Elections, 1944: No. 5, *Vote Cast in Presidential and Congressional Elections, 1928–44*; 1948, U. S. Congress, Clerk of the House; *Statistics of the Presidential and Congressional Election.*

No. 436.—Popular Vote Cast for Presidential Electors, by Political Parties, by States: 1952 and 1956

[In thousands]

STATE	1952						1956					
	Total	Democratic	Republican	Other parties	Percent of total		Total	Democratic	Republican	Other parties	Percent of total	
					Democratic	Republican					Democratic	Republican
Total	**61,552**	**27,315**	**33,779**	**458**	**44.4**	**54.9**	**62,027**	**25,739**	**35,581**	**707**	**41.5**	**57.4**
Alabama	426	275	149	2	64.6	35.0	497	281	196	20	56.5	39.4
Arizona	261	109	152	-------	41.7	58.3	290	113	177	(1)	38.9	61.0
Arkansas	405	226	177	1	55.9	43.8	407	213	186	7	52.5	45.8
California	5,142	2,198	2,897	47	42.7	56.3	5,466	2,420	3,028	19	44.3	55.4
Colorado	630	246	380	5	39.0	60.3	663	264	394	5	39.8	59.5
Connecticut	1,097	482	611	4	43.9	55.7	1,117	405	712	(1)	36.3	63.7
Delaware	174	83	90	1	47.9	51.8	178	79	98	1	44.6	55.1
Florida	989	445	544	(1)	45.0	55.0	1,124	480	644	-------	42.7	57.3
Georgia	656	457	199	(1)	69.7	30.3	669	444	223	2	66.4	33.3
Idaho	276	95	181	(1)	34.4	65.4	273	106	167	(1)	38.8	61.2
Illinois	4,481	2,014	2,457	10	44.9	54.8	4,407	1,776	2,623	8	40.3	59.5
Indiana	1,955	802	1,136	18	41.0	58.1	1,975	784	1,183	8	39.7	59.9
Iowa	1,269	452	809	8	35.6	63.8	1,235	502	729	4	40.7	59.1
Kansas	896	273	616	7	30.5	68.8	866	296	567	3	34.2	65.4
Kentucky	993	496	495	2	49.9	49.8	1,054	476	572	5	45.2	54.3
Louisiana	652	345	307	-------	52.9	47.1	618	244	329	45	39.5	53.3
Maine	352	119	232	1	33.8	66.0	352	102	249	-------	29.1	70.9
Maryland	902	395	499	7	43.8	55.4	932	373	560	-------	40.0	60.0
Massachusetts	2,383	1,084	1,292	8	45.5	54.2	2,349	948	1,393	7	40.4	59.3
Michigan	2,799	1,231	1,552	16	44.0	55.4	3,080	1,360	1,714	7	44.1	55.6
Minnesota	1,379	608	763	8	44.1	55.3	1,340	618	719	3	46.1	53.7
Mississippi	286	173	[2] 113	-------	60.5	39.5	248	144	56	47	58.2	22.7
Missouri	1,892	930	959	3	49.1	50.7	1,833	918	914	-------	50.1	49.9
Montana	265	106	157	1	40.1	59.4	271	116	155	-------	42.9	57.1
Nebraska	610	188	422	-------	30.8	69.2	577	199	378	-------	34.5	65.5
Nevada	82	32	51	-------	38.6	61.4	97	41	56	-------	42.0	58.0
New Hampshire	273	107	166	-------	39.1	60.9	267	90	177	(1)	33.8	66.1
New Jersey	2,420	1,016	1,375	29	42.0	56.8	2,484	850	1,607	27	34.2	64.7
New Mexico	239	106	132	1	44.3	55.4	254	106	147	1	41.8	57.8
New York	7,128	[3] 3,105	3,953	71	43.6	55.5	7,093	2,458	4,340	295	34.7	61.2
North Carolina	1,211	653	558	-------	53.9	46.1	1,166	591	575	-------	50.7	49.3
North Dakota	270	77	192	2	28.4	71.0	254	97	157	(1)	38.1	61.7
Ohio	3,701	1,600	2,100	-------	43.2	56.8	3,702	1,440	2,263	-------	38.9	61.1
Oklahoma	949	431	518	-------	45.4	54.6	859	386	474	-------	44.9	55.1
Oregon	695	271	421	4	38.9	60.5	736	329	406	-------	44.8	55.2
Pennsylvania	4,581	2,146	2,416	19	46.9	52.7	4,577	1,982	2,585	9	43.3	56.5
Rhode Island	414	203	211	(1)	49.0	50.9	388	162	226	-------	41.7	58.3
South Carolina	341	173	10	[4] 158	50.7	2.9	301	136	76	[4] 89	45.4	25.2
South Dakota	294	90	204	-------	30.7	69.3	294	122	172	-------	41.6	58.4
Tennessee	893	444	446	3	49.7	50.0	939	457	462	21	48.6	49.2
Texas	2,076	969	1,103	4	46.7	53.1	1,955	860	1,081	15	44.0	55.3
Utah	330	135	194	-------	41.1	58.9	334	118	216	-------	35.4	64.6
Vermont	154	43	110	(1)	28.2	71.5	153	43	110	(1)	27.8	72.2
Virginia	620	269	349	2	43.4	56.3	698	268	386	44	38.4	55.4
Washington	1,103	493	599	11	44.7	54.3	1,151	523	620	7	45.4	53.9
West Virginia	874	454	420	-------	51.9	48.1	831	382	449	-------	45.9	54.1
Wisconsin	1,607	622	980	5	38.7	61.0	1,551	587	955	9	37.8	61.6
Wyoming	129	48	81	(1)	37.1	62.7	124	50	75	-------	39.9	60.1

[1] Less than 500.
[2] Independent votes (pledged to Republican candidate).
[3] Includes 416,711 Liberal Party votes cast for Democratic candidate.
[4] By petition.

Source: U. S. Congress, Clerk of the House; *Statistics of the Presidential and Congressional Election.*

No. 437.—Electoral Vote Cast for President, by Major Political Parties, by States: 1920 to 1956

[D=Democratic, R=Republican. See also *Historical Statistics, 1789–1945*, series P 27–31]

STATE	1920	1924 [1]	1928	1932	1936	1940	1944	1948 [2]	1952	1956 [3]
Republican	404	382	444	59	8	82	99	189	442	457
Democratic	127	136	87	472	523	449	432	303	89	73
Ala	D—12	D—12	D—12	D—11	D—11	D—11	D—11	(2)	D—11	[3] D—10
Ariz	R—3	R—3	R—3	D—3	D—3	D—3	D—4	D—4	R—4	R—4
Ark	D—9	D—9	D—9	D—9	D—9	D—9	D—9	D—9	D—8	D—8
Calif	R—13	R—13	R—13	D—22	D—22	D—22	D—25	D—25	R—32	R—32
Colo	R—6	R—6	R—6	D—6	D—6	R—6	R—6	D—6	R—6	R—6
Conn	R—7	R—7	R—7	R—8	D—8	D—8	D—8	R—8	R—8	R—8
Del	R—3	R—3	R—3	R—3	D—3	D—3	D—3	R—3	R—3	R—3
Fla	D—6	D—6	R—6	D—7	D—7	D—7	D—8	D—8	R—10	R—10
Ga	D—14	D—14	D—14	D—12	D—12	D—12	D—12	D—12	D—12	D—12
Idaho	R—4	R—4	R—4	D—4	D—4	D—4	D—4	D—4	R—4	R—4
Ill	R—29	R—29	R—29	D—29	D—29	D—29	D—28	D—28	R—27	R—27
Ind	R—15	R—15	R—15	D—14	D—14	R—14	R—13	R—13	R—13	R—13
Iowa	R—13	R—13	R—13	D—11	D—11	R—11	R—10	D—10	R—10	R—10
Kans	R—10	R—10	R—10	D—9	D—9	R—9	R—8	R—8	R—8	R—8
Ky	D—13	R—13	R—13	D—11	D—11	D—11	D—11	D—11	D—10	R—10
La	D—10	D—10	D—10	D—10	D—10	D—10	D—10	(2)	D—10	R—10
Maine	R—6	R—6	R—6	R—5	R—5	R—5	R—5	R—5	R—5	R—5
Md	R—8	R—8	R—8	D—8	D—8	D—8	D—8	R—8	R—9	R—9
Mass	R—18	R—18	D—18	D—17	D—17	D—17	D—16	D—16	R—16	R—16
Mich	R—15	R—15	R—15	D—19	D—19	R—19	D—19	R—19	R—20	R—20
Minn	R—12	R—12	R—12	D—11	D—11	D—11	D—11	D—11	R—11	R—11
Miss	D—10	D—10	D—10	D—9	D—9	D—9	D—9	(2)	D—8	D—8
Mo	R—18	R—18	R—18	D—15	D—15	D—15	D—15	D—15	R—13	D—13
Mont	R—4	R—4	R—4	D—4	D—4	D—4	D—4	D—4	R—4	R—4
Nebr	R—8	R—8	R—8	D—7	D—7	R—7	R—6	R—6	R—6	R—6
Nev	R—3	R—3	R—3	D—3	D—3	D—3	D—3	D—3	R—3	R—3
N. H	R—4	R—4	R—4	R—4	D—4	D—4	D—4	R—4	R—4	R—4
N. J	R—14	R—14	R—14	D—16	D—16	D—16	D—16	R—16	R—16	R—16
N. Mex	R—3	R—3	R—3	D—3	D—3	D—3	D—4	D—4	R—4	R—4
N. Y	R—45	R—45	R—45	D—47	D—47	D—47	D—47	R—47	R—45	R—45
N. C	D—12	D—12	R—12	D—13	D—13	D—13	D—14	D—14	D—14	D—14
N. Dak	R—5	R—5	R—5	D—4	D—4	R—4	R—4	R—4	R—4	R—4
Ohio	R—24	R—24	R—24	D—26	D—26	D—26	R—25	D—25	R—25	R—25
Okla	R—10	D—10	R—10	D—11	D—11	D—11	D—10	D—10	R—8	R—8
Oreg	R—5	R—5	R—5	D—5	D—5	D—5	D—6	R—6	R—6	R—6
Pa	R—38	R—38	R—38	R—36	D—36	D—36	D—35	R—35	R—32	R—32
R. I	R—5	R—5	D—5	D—4	D—4	D—4	D—4	D—4	R—4	R—4
S. C	D—9	D—9	D—9	D—8	D—8	D—8	D—8	(2)	D—8	D—8
S. Dak	R—5	R—5	R—5	D—4	D—4	R—4	R—4	R—4	R—4	R—4
Tenn	R—12	D—12	R—12	D—11	D—11	D—11	D—12	D—11	R—11	R—11
Tex	D—20	D—20	R—20	D—23	D—23	D—23	D—23	D—23	R—24	R—24
Utah	R—4	R—4	R—4	D—4	D—4	D—4	D—4	D—4	R—4	R—4
Vt	R—4	R—4	R—4	R—3	R—3	R—3	R—3	R—3	R—3	R—3
Va	D—12	D—12	R—12	D—11	D—11	D—11	D—11	D—11	R—12	R—12
Wash	R—7	R—7	R—7	D—8	D—8	D—8	D—8	D—8	R—9	R—9
W. Va	R—8	R—8	R—8	D—8	D—8	D—8	D—8	D—8	D—8	R—8
Wis	R—13	(1)	R—13	D—12	D—12	D—12	R—12	D—12	R—12	R—12
Wyo	R—3	R—3	R—3	D—3	D—3	D—3	R—3	D—3	R—3	R—3

[1] Excludes 13 electoral votes of Wisconsin cast for Independent Progressive candidates.
[2] Excludes 39 electoral votes cast for States' Rights Democrat candidates as follows: Alabama 11; Louisiana 10; Mississippi 9; South Carolina 8; and Tennessee 1.
[3] Excludes 1 electoral vote cast for Independent candidate.

Source: 1920, *Journal of the Senate*, Washington, D. C.; 1924–56, U. S. Congress, Clerk of the House, *Statistics of the Presidential and Congressional Election.*

No. 438.—Vote Cast for United States Senators, by Major Political Parties, by States: 1952 to 1956

[In thousands. Years in which no regular elections occur indicated by leaders. Elections to fill vacancies for unexpired terms excluded]

STATE	1952				1954				1956			
	Total [1]	Democratic	Republican	Percent for majority party	Total [1]	Democratic	Republican	Percent for majority party	Total [1]	Democratic	Republican	Percent for majority party
Total	**44,802**	**20,029**	**23,242**	**51.9**	**20,549**	**11,402**	**8,839**	**55.5**	**43,855**	**22,200**	**21,249**	**50.6**
Alabama	-------	-------	-------	-------	314	259	55	82.5	330	330	-------	100.0
Arizona	257	125	132	51.3	-------	-------	-------	-------	278	171	107	61.4
Arkansas	-------	-------	-------	-------	291	291	-------	100.0	400	332	68	83.0
California	4,542	-------	3,982	87.7	-------	-------	-------	-------	5,361	2,446	2,893	54.0
Colorado	-------	-------	-------	-------	484	236	249	51.3	637	320	317	50.2
Connecticut	1,093	485	574	52.5	-------	-------	-------	-------	1,114	479	611	54.8
Delaware	171	78	93	54.5	145	83	62	56.9	-------	-------	-------	-------
Florida	618	617	-------	99.8	-------	-------	-------	-------	655	655	-------	100.0
Georgia	-------	-------	-------	-------	334	334	-------	100.0	541	541	-------	100.0
Idaho	-------	-------	-------	-------	226	84	142	62.8	265	149	103	56.2
Illinois	-------	-------	-------	-------	3,368	1,804	1,564	53.6	4,265	1,950	2,307	54.1
Indiana	1,946	911	1,021	52.4	-------	-------	-------	-------	1,964	872	1,084	55.2
Iowa	-------	-------	-------	-------	847	403	442	52.2	1,179	543	635	53.9
Kansas	-------	-------	-------	-------	618	259	348	56.3	825	334	478	57.9
Kentucky	-------	-------	-------	-------	797	434	363	54.5	1,007	500	507	50.3
Louisiana	-------	-------	-------	-------	207	207	-------	100.0	336	336	-------	100.0
Maine	237	83	139	58.7	247	102	145	58.6	-------	-------	-------	-------
Maryland	856	406	450	52.5	-------	-------	-------	-------	893	420	473	53.0
Massachusetts	2,360	1,212	1,141	51.3	1,893	928	957	50.5	-------	-------	-------	-------
Michigan	2,821	1,383	1,428	50.6	2,145	1,089	1,049	50.8	-------	-------	-------	-------
Minnesota	1,387	590	786	56.6	1,139	642	480	56.4	-------	-------	-------	-------
Mississippi	234	234	-------	100.0	106	101	5	95.6	-------	-------	-------	-------
Missouri	1,868	1,009	858	54.0	-------	-------	-------	-------	1,801	1,016	785	56.4
Montana	262	133	127	50.7	227	115	113	50.4	-------	-------	-------	-------
Nebraska	592	165	409	69.1	419	163	256	61.1	-------	-------	-------	-------
Nevada	81	39	42	51.7	-------	-------	-------	-------	96	51	46	52.6
New Hampshire	-------	-------	-------	-------	195	77	117	60.2	252	91	161	64.1
New Jersey	2,318	1,011	1,287	55.5	1,771	858	862	48.71	-------	-------	-------	-------
New Mexico	240	123	117	51.1	194	111	831	57.3	-------	-------	-------	-------
New York	6,980	2,522	3,854	55.2	-------	-------	-------	-------	6,991	2,965	3,724	53.3
North Carolina	-------	-------	-------	-------	620	408	211	65.9	1,099	731	367	66.6
North Dakota	238	55	158	66.3	-------	-------	-------	-------	244	88	155	63.6
Ohio	3,442	1,563	1,879	54.6	-------	-------	-------	-------	3,525	1,865	1,661	52.9
Oklahoma	-------	-------	-------	-------	600	335	262	55.8	831	460	371	55.3
Oregon	-------	-------	-------	-------	569	286	283	50.2	732	397	335	54.2
Pennsylvania	4,519	2,169	2,331	51.6	-------	-------	-------	-------	4,530	2,269	2,251	50.1
Rhode Island	411	225	186	54.8	326	193	132	59.4	-------	-------	-------	-------
South Carolina	-------	-------	-------	-------	227	84	-------	36.8	280	230	50	82.2
South Dakota	-------	-------	-------	-------	236	101	135	57.3	291	143	148	50.8
Tennessee	735	545	153	74.2	356	249	107	70.0	-------	-------	-------	-------
Texas	1,895	1,895	-------	100.0	636	538	95	84.6	-------	-------	-------	-------
Utah	327	150	177	54.3	-------	-------	-------	-------	330	152	178	54.0
Vermont	154	43	111	72.3	-------	-------	-------	-------	155	52	103	66.4
Virginia	544	399	-------	73.4	307	245	-------	79.9	-------	-------	-------	-------
Washington	1,059	595	461	56.2	-------	-------	-------	-------	1,122	686	437	61.1
West Virginia	877	470	407	53.6	593	325	268	54.8	-------	-------	-------	-------
Wisconsin	1,605	731	870	54.2	-------	-------	-------	-------	1,523	628	892	58.6
Wyoming	130	63	67	51.6	112	58	54	51.5	-------	-------	-------	-------

[1] Includes "Other parties," not shown separately.

Source: U. S. Congress, Clerk of the House; *Statistics of the Presidential and Congressional Election of Nov. 4, 1952, Statistics of the Congressional Election of Nov. 2, 1954,* and *Statistics of the Presidential and Congressional Election of Nov. 6, 1956.*

No. 409.—Apportionment of Membership in House of Representatives, by States, From Adoption of Constitution to 1950

[Population figures used for apportionment purposes are those determined for States by each decennial census. Until 1940, population for apportionment purposes excluded Indians not taxed and until 1870, excluded two-fifths of slaves. Until 1850, apportionment ratios were chosen arbitrarily; 1850 to 1900, ratios were apportionment population of U. S. divided by predetermined number of Representatives; from 1910 on, apportionment ratios shown were computed by dividing fixed number (435) of Representatives into apportionment population but were not used in the original calculations, which were based on priority lists. No reapportionment based on 1920 Population Census. For discussion of apportionment methods, see S. Doc. No. 304, 76th Cong., 3d sess., *A Survey of Methods of Apportionment in Congress*, by Edward V. Huntington. See also *Historical Statistics, 1789–1945*, series P 57–61, which shows apportionment totals under Apportionment Act, *excluding* Representatives assigned after apportionment (footnote 6 below)]

STATE	Constitution	1790	1800	1810	1820	1830	1840	1850	1860	1870	1880	1890	1900	1910	1930	1940	1950
Apportionment ratios...1,000..	[1] 30	33	33	35	40	48	71	93	127	131	152	174	194	[2] 211	[2] 281	[2] 301	[2] 345
NUMBER OF REPRESENTATIVES																	
Total	65	106	142	186	213	242	232	[3] 237	[4] 243	[5] 293	332	357	391	435	435	435	435
Alabama	----	----	----	[6] 1	3	5	7	7	6	8	8	9	9	10	9	9	9
Arizona	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	[7] 1	1	2	2
Arkansas	----	----	----	----	----	[6] 1	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	7	7	7	6
California	----	----	----	----	----	----	[6] 2	2	3	4	6	7	8	11	20	23	30
Colorado	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	[6] 1	1	2	3	4	4	4	4
Connecticut	5	7	7	7	6	6	4	4	4	4	4	4	5	5	6	6	6
Delaware	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Florida	----	----	----	----	----	----	[6] 1	1	1	2	2	2	3	4	5	6	8
Georgia	3	2	4	6	7	9	8	8	7	9	10	11	11	12	10	10	10
Idaho	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	[6] 1	1	1	2	2	2	2
Illinois	----	----	----	[6] 1	1	3	7	9	14	19	20	22	25	27	27	26	25
Indiana	----	----	----	[6] 1	3	7	10	11	11	13	13	13	13	13	12	11	11
Iowa	----	----	----	----	----	----	[6] 2	2	6	9	11	11	11	11	9	8	8
Kansas	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	1	3	7	8	8	8	7	6	6
Kentucky	----	2	6	10	12	13	10	10	9	10	11	11	11	11	9	9	8
Louisiana	----	----	----	[6] 1	3	3	4	4	5	6	6	6	7	8	8	8	8
Maine	----	----	----	[8] 7	7	8	7	6	5	5	4	4	4	4	3	3	3
Maryland	6	8	9	9	9	8	6	6	5	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	7
Massachusetts	8	14	17	13	13	12	10	11	10	11	12	13	14	16	15	14	14
Michigan	----	----	----	----	----	[6] 1	3	4	6	9	11	12	12	13	17	17	18
Minnesota	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	[6] 2	2	3	5	7	9	10	9	9	9
Mississippi	----	----	----	[6] 1	1	2	4	5	5	6	7	7	8	8	7	7	6
Missouri	----	----	----	----	1	2	5	7	9	13	14	15	16	16	13	13	11
Montana	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	[6] 1	1	1	2	2	2	2
Nebraska	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	[6] 1	1	3	6	6	6	5	4	4
Nevada	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	[6] 1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
N. Hampshire	3	4	5	6	6	5	4	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
New Jersey	4	5	6	6	6	6	5	5	5	7	7	8	10	12	14	14	14
New Mexico	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	[7] 1	1	2	2
New York	6	10	17	27	34	40	34	33	31	33	34	34	37	43	45	45	43
N. Carolina	5	10	12	13	13	13	9	8	7	8	9	9	10	10	11	12	12
N. Dakota	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	[6] 1	1	2	3	2	2	2
Ohio	----	----	[6] 1	6	14	19	21	21	19	20	21	21	21	22	24	23	23
Oklahoma	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	[6] 5	8	9	8	6
Oregon	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	[6] 1	1	1	1	2	2	3	3	4	4
Pennsylvania	8	13	18	23	26	28	24	25	24	27	28	30	32	36	34	33	30
Rhode Island	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	2	2	2
S. Carolina	5	6	8	9	9	9	7	6	4	5	7	7	7	7	6	6	6
S. Dakota	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	[6] 2	2	2	3	2	2	2
Tennessee	----	[6] 1	3	6	9	13	11	10	8	10	10	10	10	10	9	10	9
Texas	----	----	----	----	----	----	[6] 2	2	4	6	11	13	16	18	21	21	22
Utah	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	[6] 1	1	2	2	2	2
Vermont	----	2	4	6	5	5	4	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	1	1	1
Virginia	10	19	22	23	22	21	15	13	11	9	10	10	10	10	9	9	10
Washington	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	[6] 1	2	3	5	6	6	7
West Virginia	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	3	4	4	5	6	6	6	6
Wisconsin	----	----	----	----	----	----	[6] 2	3	6	8	9	10	11	11	10	10	10
Wyoming	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	[6] 1	1	1	1	1	1	1

[1] Number of Representatives not to exceed 1 for each 30,000 inhabitants. [2] See headnote.
[3] Membership increased from 233 to 234 by act of July 30, 1852 (10 Stat. L. 25). See footnote 6.
[4] Membership increased from 233 to 241 by act of Mar. 4, 1862 (12 Stat. L. 353). See footnote 6.
[5] Membership originally fixed at 283 but increased to 292 by act of May 30, 1872 (17 Stat. L. 192). One Member assigned to Colorado after apportionment. [6] Assigned after apportionment.
[7] Included in apportionment act in anticipation of Statehood.
[8] Included in the 20 Members originally assigned to Massachusetts but credited to Maine after its admission as a State, Mar. 15, 1820 (3 Stat. L. 555).

Source: Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census; records.

No. 440.—Vote Cast for United States Representatives, and Percent of Vote for Majority Party, by States: 1942 to 1952

[In thousands. D=Democratic, R=Republican. Majority party vote refers to the party vote representing either a majority or a plurality for the victorious party. For explanation and current figures, see table 441]

STATE	1942		1944		1946		1948		1950		1952	
	Vote	Percent for majority party	Vote	Percent for majority party	Vote	Percent for majority party	Vote	Percent for majority party	Vote	Percent for majority party	Vote	Percent for majority party
Total	[1] 28,074	**R—[1] 50.6**	45,103	**D—50.6**	34,398	**R—53.5**	46,142	**D—51.6**	40,430	[2] 48.9	57,571	**R—49.3**
Ala	69	D—99.4	222	D—90.2	179	D—92.1	197	D—93.1	152	D—99.4	343	D—94.6
Ariz.[3]	80	D—70.7	128	D—69.1	113	D—66.4	159	D—60.8	178	D—65.0	248	D—51.5
Ark	98	D—100.0	217	D—92.4	151	D—94.7	229	D—100.0	296	D—100.0	362	D—85.3
Calif.[4]	1,902	D—47.7	3,007	D—50.5	2,335	R—51.5	3,561	R—55.4	3,359	R—52.2	4,564	R—52.2
Colo	342	R—58.2	494	R—57.0	332	R—55.6	497	D—54.8	443	R—51.0	607	R—55.3
Conn	560	R—50.5	825	D—51.0	674	R—55.5	921	D—49.6	861	D—50.6	1,093	R—53.7
Del	85	R—53.6	126	D—50.3	113	R—56.4	141	R—50.6	129	R—56.7	170	R—51.9
Fla	107	D—88.2	416	D—84.8	187	D—80.9	353	D—84.2	253	D—90.4	739	D—74.1
Ga	62	D—94.3	274	D—98.9	162	D—87.9	365	D—100.0	253	D—100.0	547	D—100.0
Idaho	139	R—51.2	206	D—51.5	179	R—56.5	212	D—50.0	200	R—54.4	265	R—59.4
Ill	2,863	R—54.1	3,875	R—50.1	3,447	R—56.5	3,849	D—52.0	3,510	R—53.9	4,353	R—54.0
Ind	1,287	R—55.5	1,651	R—52.9	1,333	R—54.4	1,633	D—51.2	1,587	R—53.6	1,936	R—56.5
Iowa	665	R—61.7	973	R—56.8	593	R—61.5	940	R—55.0	820	R—61.0	1,143	R—66.7
Kansas	494	R—60.6	664	R—63.0	555	R—59.2	704	R—57.5	607	R—59.0	824	R—59.4
Ky	343	D—56.4	844	D—54.5	583	R—53.4	741	D—56.2	489	D—63.0	951	D—52.1
La	85	D—100.0	283	D—100.0	106	D—94.7	322	D—95.9	227	D—100.0	416	D—91.3
Maine	161	R—69.6	184	R—70.7	174	R—63.4	214	R—66.3	238	R—57.6	234	R—66.9
Md	337	D—56.3	544	D—55.9	445	D—52.3	534	D—54.5	573	R—49.9	841	R—51.8
Mass	1,327	R—53.8	1,890	R—53.0	1,617	R—53.4	2,155	D—45.3	1,947	R—47.8	2,289	R—52.9
Mich	1,171	R—53.8	2,163	R—52.1	1,605	R—60.8	2,065	R—49.6	1,805	R—53.0	2,772	R—52.4
Minn	761	R—59.4	1,109	R—58.8	875	R—58.8	1,182	R—50.2	1,018	R—52.9	1,388	R—54.0
Miss	52	D—100.0	153	D—96.6	50	D—100.0	153	D—99.8	88	D—94.2	241	D—97.5
Mo	925	R—51.5	1,520	D—52.5	1,085	R—52.2	1,565	D—58.8	1,250	D—55.8	1,861	D—52.2
Mont	170	D—55.0	197	D—59.9	190	D—50.5	215	D—57.3	211	D—51.4	256	R—56.4
Nebr	357	R—63.9	515	R—65.3	372	R—66.9	460	R—58.3	436	R—62.3	566	R—68.2
Nev	39	D—53.6	52	D—63.1	49	R—58.8	59	D—50.6	60	D—52.8	81	R—50.5
N. H	156	R—55.1	216	R—52.6	161	R—62.0	220	R—56.4	185	R—60.7	258	R—63.1
N. J	1,203	R—53.9	1,859	R—53.1	1,382	R—59.0	1,852	R—50.6	1,571	R—54.7	2,316	R—56.9
N. Mex.[3]	106	D—58.8	152	D—56.1	127	D—52.3	185	D—58.6	173	D—56.4	234	D—52.0
N. Y	3,875	R—46.6	6,025	R—46.9	4,705	R—53.6	5,998	R—44.3	5,052	R—47.2	6,910	R—52.4
N. C	315	D—72.7	755	D—69.5	452	D—61.3	764	D—70.8	522	D—70.0	1,122	D—68.0
N. Dak.[3]	182	R—47.1	198	R—51.1	144	R—71.5	191	R—69.4	181	R—65.6	231	R—78.4
Ohio	1,735	R—55.4	2,954	R—52.8	2,217	R—56.9	2,809	D—52.3	2,767	R—52.4	3,382	R—54.3
Okla	352	D—57.5	685	D—58.6	492	D—58.5	685	D—67.2	608	D—60.0	933	D—58.5
Oreg	276	R—58.2	442	R—61.5	335	R—64.8	491	R—60.3	499	R—57.7	666	R—61.3
Pa	2,509	R—53.9	3,713	D—50.7	3,112	R—57.7	3,657	R—51.0	3,512	R—52.2	4,518	R—52.3
R. I	237	D—58.2	293	D—59.8	272	D—54.6	319	D—60.8	293	D—61.9	407	D—54.1
S. C	23	D—100.0	101	D—96.5	26	D—98.9	141	D—95.1	50	D—100.0	284	D—98.0
S. Dak	178	R—62.7	226	R—65.1	158	R—63.2	241	R—56.4	248	R—60.7	287	R—68.6
Tenn	156	D—65.4	399	D—65.4	193	D—65.4	449	D—63.1	263	D—63.0	700	D—68.5
Tex	278	D—98.8	1,058	D—94.1	347	D—95.1	1,052	D—93.6	360	D—90.5	1,719	D—98.7
Utah	150	D—53.1	248	D—60.4	197	R—51.4	274	D—58.1	264	D—52.5	327	R—55.6
Vt	58	R—70.2	123	R—62.4	73	R—64.3	123	R—60.9	89	R—73.4	153	R—71.8
Va	90	D—85.6	343	D—69.8	254	D—66.1	383	D—66.6	212	D—73.4	447	D—66.7
Wash	428	D—52.6	803	D—53.0	645	R—58.3	818	D—49.2	724	R—52.3	1,016	R—56.5
W. Va	460	R—50.3	719	D—54.2	537	D—50.1	759	D—58.3	663	D—56.6	875	D—53.9
Wis	749	R—46.8	1,163	R—53.7	984	R—62.5	1,211	R—55.8	1,110	R—57.6	1,568	R—61.1
Wyo	75	R—50.7	96	R—55.7	79	R—56.0	97	R—51.5	93	R—54.5	127	R—60.1

[1] See footnote 16, table 434.
[2] Percentage was 48.9 for each major party.
[3] For 1942-1946, no Representatives were elected from districts, but more than one was elected from the State-at-large.
[4] In California, a person may become a candidate of one or more parties for the same office. Inasmuch as votes cast by voters of various parties for the same candidate are not segregable, the vote is counted for the party of which the candidate is a member.

Source: 1942–44, Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census; Elections, 1944: No. 5, *Vote Cast in Presidential and Congressional Elections, 1928–44.* U. S. Congress, Clerk of the House; 1946 and 1950, *Statistics of the Congressional Election*, and 1948 and 1952, *Statistics of the Presidential and Congressional Election.*

No. 441.—Vote Cast for United States Representatives, by Political Parties, by States: 1954 and 1956

[**In thousands.** In each State, totals represent the sum of votes cast in each Congressional District, except as follows: In Delaware, Nevada, Vermont, and Wyoming, only 1 Representative is elected from the State at large. In New Mexico and North Dakota, 2 Representatives are elected from the State at large. In Connecticut, Texas, and Washington, Representatives are elected by district, except 1 who is elected at large; these at-large votes are not reflected in this tabulation. In numerous States, one or other of the major parties had no candidate in some districts. In those cases where votes of a party, as such, are cast in endorsement of a candidate of another party, the votes are counted as for the endorsing party. See also notes below]

STATE	1954					1956				
	Total [1]	Democratic	Republican	Percent of total		Total [1]	Democratic	Republican	Percent of total	
				Democratic	Republican				Democratic	Republican
Total	42,580	[2] 22,175	[2] 20,034	52.1	47.0	58,886	29,832	28,697	50.7	48.7
Alabama	280	269	11	96.0	4.0	383	331	52	86.5	13.5
Arizona	223	121	102	54.3	45.7	281	147	134	52.4	47.6
Arkansas	280	280	--------	100.0	-------	270	235	34	87.3	12.7
California [3]	3,873	1,991	1,877	51.4	48.4	5,178	2,711	2,467	52.4	47.6
Colorado	480	240	240	49.9	50.0	629	332	297	52.8	47.2
Connecticut	936	458	473	48.9	50.5	1,114	437	674	39.3	60.5
Delaware	144	79	65	54.9	45.1	176	85	92	48.0	52.0
Florida	326	255	71	78.2	21.8	942	590	352	62.6	37.4
Georgia	350	315	30	90.0	8.5	593	522	59	88.1	10.0
Idaho	226	103	123	45.5	54.5	260	121	140	46.4	53.6
Illinois	3,258	1,636	1,621	50.2	49.8	4,240	1,967	2,273	46.4	53.6
Indiana	1,587	748	833	47.1	52.5	1,961	864	1,092	44.1	55.7
Iowa	817	339	478	41.5	58.5	1,170	534	637	45.6	54.4
Kansas	615	268	347	43.5	56.5	827	387	439	46.8	53.0
Kentucky	668	432	236	64.6	35.3	965	503	462	52.2	47.8
Louisiana	216	208	8	96.2	3.8	388	330	57	85.2	14.8
Maine	241	109	133	45.0	55.0	292	142	150	48.6	51.4
Maryland	639	342	295	53.5	46.2	866	444	421	51.3	48.7
Massachusetts	1,783	947	835	53.1	46.8	2,242	1,093	1,148	48.7	51.2
Michigan	2,133	1,101	1,028	51.6	48.2	2,995	1,491	1,500	49.8	50.1
Minnesota	1,131	600	531	53.0	47.0	1,389	712	676	51.3	48.7
Mississippi	99	99	--------	100.0	-------	206	206	--------	100.0	-------
Missouri	1,185	666	519	56.2	43.8	1,693	1,011	682	59.7	40.3
Montana	225	117	107	52.1	47.9	263	146	117	55.6	44.4
Nebraska	407	156	250	38.4	61.6	546	220	324	40.3	59.2
Nevada	78	35	42	45.5	54.5	94	51	43	54.2	45.8
New Hampshire	192	87	105	45.3	54.7	253	98	155	38.7	61.3
New Jersey	1,787	862	904	48.3	50.6	2,388	973	1,392	40.7	58.3
New Mexico [4]	189	112	77	59.1	40.9	485	258	227	53.2	46.8
New York	[5] 5,000	[2] 2,227	[2] 2,505	44.5	50.1	[6] 6,887	2,842	3,745	41.3	54.4
North Carolina	604	390	214	64.6	35.4	1,025	716	309	69.9	30.1
North Dakota [4]	189	64	125	33.9	66.1	449	169	280	37.7	62.3
Ohio	2,499	1,113	1,341	44.6	53.7	3,381	1,445	1,937	42.7	57.3
Oklahoma	546	354	191	64.9	35.1	813	485	327	59.7	40.2
Oregon	564	257	307	45.5	54.5	719	380	338	52.9	47.1
Pennsylvania	3,696	1,872	1,824	50.6	49.4	4,519	2,132	2,387	47.2	52.8
Rhode Island	323	193	130	59.8	40.2	377	203	173	54.0	46.0
South Carolina	213	211	3	98.7	1.3	262	250	12	95.3	4.7
South Dakota	232	95	137	40.9	59.1	288	146	143	50.5	49.5
Tennessee	345	233	112	67.4	32.6	681	401	279	58.9	40.9
Texas	623	542	81	87.0	12.9	1,707	1,465	239	85.8	14.0
Utah	263	117	146	44.3	55.7	329	136	194	41.1	58.9
Vermont	114	44	70	38.6	61.4	155	51	104	32.9	67.1
Virginia	342	204	128	59.7	37.5	697	416	280	59.7	40.1
Washington	816	354	462	43.4	56.6	1,062	478	584	45.0	55.0
West Virginia	591	340	252	57.5	42.5	806	428	378	53.1	46.9
Wisconsin	1,141	542	599	47.5	52.5	1,522	697	825	45.8	54.2
Wyoming	109	48	61	43.8	56.2	120	50	70	41.8	58.2

[1] Includes vote cast for minor parties, not shown separately.
[2] For New York, included in Republican are 17,954 votes cast for Republican-endorsed Democrat in 18th District.
[3] A person may be candidate of one or more parties for same office, so that party votes for candidates are not segregable. Party vote shown is computed by assigning to a party total votes for candidates who are members of that party.
[4] Voters entitled to vote for 2 candidates; total ascertained by adding the highest vote received by a single candidate in each political party.
[5] Includes 171,344 votes cast by minor parties for Liberal-endorsed Democratics.
[6] Includes 230,434 votes cast by minor parties for Democratic-endorsed candidates and 762 for Republican-endorsed.

Source: U. S. Congress, Clerk of the House; *Statistics of the Congressional Election of Nov. 2, 1954*, and *Statistics of the Presidential and Congressional Election of Nov. 6, 1956*.

No. 442.—Composition of Congress by Political Party Affiliations, by States: 1953 to 1957

[Figures are for the beginning of the first session of each Congress. Dem.=Democratic; Rep.=Republican]

State	Representatives						Senators					
	83d Congress[1] (1953)		84th Congress (1955)		85th Congress[2] (1957)		83d Congress (1953)		84th Congress[3] (1955)		85th Congress (1957)	
	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.
United States	**211**	**221**	**232**	**203**	**233**	**200**	**47**	**48**	**48**	**47**	**49**	**47**
Alabama	9	------	9	------	9	------	2	------	2	------	2	------
Arizona	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Arkansas	6	------	6	------	6	------	2	------	2	------	2	------
California	11	19	11	19	13	17	------	2	------	2	------	2
Colorado	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	------	2	1	1
Connecticut	1	5	1	5	------	6	------	2	------	2	------	2
Delaware	------	1	1	------	------	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Florida	8	------	7	1	7	1	2	------	2	------	2	------
Georgia	9	------	10	------	10	------	2	------	2	------	2	------
Idaho	1	1	1	1	1	1	------	2	------	2	1	1
Illinois	8	16	12	13	11	14	1	1	1	1	1	1
Indiana	1	10	2	9	2	9	------	2	------	2	------	2
Iowa	------	8	------	8	1	7	1	1	------	2	------	2
Kansas	1	5	------	6	1	5	------	2	------	2	------	2
Kentucky	6	2	6	2	6	2	1	1	2	------	------	2
Louisiana	8	------	8	------	8	------	2	------	2	------	2	------
Maine	------	3	------	3	1	2	------	2	------	2	------	2
Maryland	3	4	4	3	4	3	------	2	------	2	------	2
Massachusetts	6	8	7	7	7	7	1	1	1	1	1	1
Michigan	5	13	7	11	6	12	------	2	1	1	1	1
Minnesota	4	5	5	4	5	4	1	1	1	1	1	1
Mississippi	6	------	6	------	6	------	2	------	2	------	2	------
Missouri	7	4	9	2	10	1	2	------	2	------	2	------
Montana	1	1	1	1	2	------	2	------	2	------	2	------
Nebraska	------	4	------	4	------	4	------	2	------	2	------	2
Nevada	------	1	------	1	1	------	1	1	1	1	1	1
New Hampshire	------	2	------	2	------	2	------	2	------	2	------	2
New Jersey	5	9	6	8	4	9	------	2	------	2	------	2
New Mexico	2	------	2	------	1	------	2	------	2	------	2	------
New York	16	27	17	26	17	26	1	1	1	1	------	2
North Carolina	11	1	11	1	11	1	2	------	2	------	2	------
North Dakota	------	2	------	2	------	2	------	2	------	2	------	2
Ohio	6	16	6	17	6	17	------	2	------	2	1	1
Oklahoma	5	1	5	1	5	1	2	------	2	------	2	------
Oregon	------	4	1	3	3	1	------	1	1	------	2	------
Pennsylvania	11	19	14	16	13	17	------	2	------	2	1	1
Rhode Island	2	------	2	------	2	------	2	------	2	------	2	------
South Carolina	6	------	6	------	6	------	2	------	2	------	2	------
South Dakota	------	2	------	2	1	1	------	2	------	2	------	2
Tennessee	7	2	7	2	7	2	2	------	2	------	2	------
Texas	22	------	21	1	21	1	2	------	2	------	2	------
Utah	------	2	------	2	------	2	------	2	------	2	------	2
Vermont	------	1	------	1	------	1	------	2	------	2	------	2
Virginia	7	3	8	2	8	2	2	------	2	------	2	------
Washington	1	6	1	6	1	6	2	------	2	------	2	------
West Virginia	5	1	6	------	4	2	2	------	2	------	1	1
Wisconsin	1	9	3	7	3	7	------	2	------	2	------	2
Wyoming	------	1	------	1	------	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

[1] Data exclude 1 vacancy for Georgia, 1 vacancy for Illinois, and 1 Independent for Ohio.
[2] Data exclude 1 vacancy for New Jersey and 1 for New Mexico.
[3] Data exclude 1 Independent for Oregon.

Source: U. S. Congress, Joint Committee on Printing; *Congressional Directory*.

No. 443.—Composition of Congress, by Political Party Affiliations: 1915 to 1958

[D=Democratic, R=Republican. Figures are for the beginning of the first session of each Congress. See also *Historical Statistics, 1789-1945*, series P 50-56]

Year	President	Congress	House			Senate		
			Major party	Principal minority party	Other (except vacancies)	Major party	Principal minority party	Other (except vacancies)
1915-1917	D (Wilson)	64th	D—230	R—196	9	D—56	R—40	
1917-1919	D (Wilson)	65th	D—216	R—210	6	D—53	R—42	
1919-1921	D (Wilson)	66th	R—240	D—190	3	R—49	D—47	
1921-1923	R (Harding)	67th	R—301	D—131	1	R—59	D—37	
1923-1925	R (Coolidge)	68th	R—225	D—205	3	R—51	D—43	2
1925-1927	R (Coolidge)	69th	R—247	D—183	4	R—56	D—39	1
1927-1929	R (Coolidge)	70th	R—237	D—195	3	R—49	D—46	1
1929-1931	R (Hoover)	71st	R—267	D—167	1	R—56	D—39	1
1931-1933	R (Hoover)	72d	D—220	R—214	1	R—48	D—47	1
1933-1934	D (F. Roosevelt)	73d	D—310	R—117	5	D—60	R—35	1
1935-1936	D (F. Roosevelt)	74th	D—319	R—103	10	D—69	R—25	2
1937-1938	D (F. Roosevelt)	75th	D—331	R— 89	13	D—76	R—16	4
1939-1941	D (F. Roosevelt)	76th	D—261	R—164	4	D—69	R—23	4
1941-1942	D (F. Roosevelt)	77th	D—268	R—162	5	D—66	R—28	2
1943-1944	D (F. Roosevelt)	78th	D—218	R—208	4	D—58	R—37	1
1945-1946	D (F. Roosevelt) D (Truman)	79th	D—242	R—190	2	D—56	R—38	1
1947-1948	D (Truman)	80th	R—245	D—188	1	R—51	D—45	
1949-1950	D (Truman)	81st	D—263	R—171	1	D—54	R—42	
1951-1952	D (Truman)	82d	D—234	R—199	1	D—49	R—47	
1953-1954	R (Eisenhower)	83d	R—221	D—211	1	R—48	D—47	1
1955-1956	R (Eisenhower)	84th	D—232	R—203		D—48	R—47	1
1957-1958	R (Eisenhower)	85th	D—233	R—200		D—49	R—47	

Source: U. S. Congress, Joint Committee on Printing; *Congressional Directory*.

No. 444.—Congressional Bills, Acts, and Resolutions: 1941 to 1957

[Excludes simple and concurrent resolutions. See also *Historical Statistics, 1789-1945*, series P 40-44 and P 47]

Item	77th Cong.	78th Cong.	79th Cong.	80th Cong.	81st Cong.	82d Cong.	83d Cong.	84th Cong.	85th Cong.
Period of session	1941-42	1943-44	1945-46	1947-48	1949-50	1951-52	1953-54	1955-56	1957
Measures introduced	11,334	8,334	10,330	10,797	14,988	12,730	14,952	17,687	13,113
Bills	10,793	7,845	9,748	10,108	14,219	12,062	14,181	16,782	12,520
Joint resolutions	541	489	582	689	769	668	771	905	593
Measures enacted	1,485	1,157	1,625	1,363	2,024	1,617	1,783	1,921	657
Public	850	568	733	906	921	594	781	1,028	316
Private	635	589	892	457	1,103	1,023	1,002	893	341

Source: U. S. Congress, *Calendar of the U. S. House of Representatives and History of Legislation*, tabulations of Library of Congress Legislative Reference Service; and *Congressional Record*.

No. 445.—Congressional Bills Vetoed: 1913 to 1957

[See also *Historical Statistics, 1789-1945*, series P 32-37]

Period	President	Vetoed bills			Vetoes sustained	Bills passed over veto
		Total	Regular	Pocket		
1913-1921	Wilson	44	33	11	38	6
1921-1923	Harding	6	5	1	6	0
1923-1929	Coolidge	50	20	30	46	4
1929-1933	Hoover	37	21	16	34	3
1933-1945	F. Roosevelt	631	371	260	622	9
1945-1953	Truman	250	180	70	238	12
1953-1957	Eisenhower	97	36	61	97	0

Source: U. S. Congress, Senate Library, *Veto Messages . . .* 1889-1948; U. S. Congress, *Calendar of the U. S. House of Representatives and History of Legislation*.

No. 446.—Citizens and Population of Voting Age: 1900 to 1956

[**In thousands.** For *total* population 21 years old and over, for 1950, see table 35. For U. S. totals, see also *Historical Statistics, 1789–1945*, series B 244 and B 258]

STATE	MALE CITIZENS 21 YEARS OLD AND OVER		CITIZENS 21 YEARS OLD AND OVER				CIVILIAN POPULATION 21 YEARS OLD AND OVER [1]	
	1900	1910	1920	1930	1940	1950	1952	1956
United States	[2] 18,974	[3] 23,257	[3] 54,419	67,289	79,863	[4] 94,974	98,133	102,743
New England	1,373	1,542	3,637	4,252	5,016	5,969	6,143	6,219
Maine	192	202	421	439	494	552	551	545
New Hampshire	110	111	235	257	296	338	349	355
Vermont	97	101	199	203	214	230	231	223
Massachusetts	647	755	1,861	2,198	2,575	3,038	3,104	3,118
Rhode Island	101	120	290	358	425	514	514	520
Connecticut	226	255	631	797	1,012	1,297	1,394	1,458
Middle Atlantic	3,861	4,517	10,984	14,180	16,952	19,843	20,854	21,424
New York	1,829	2,110	5,129	6,784	8,328	9,796	10,476	10,832
New Jersey	467	592	1,527	2,179	2,593	3,217	3,421	3,546
Pennsylvania	1,565	1,814	4,328	5,217	6,031	6,830	6,957	7,046
East North Central	4,139	4,835	11,610	14,487	16,797	19,662	20,374	21,435
Ohio	1,143	1,318	3,228	3,882	4,404	5,181	5,349	5,704
Indiana	691	776	1,703	1,945	2,199	2,532	2,631	2,729
Illinois	1,259	1,454	3,463	4,429	5,120	5,802	5,955	6,082
Michigan	611	734	1,879	2,576	3,132	3,963	4,227	4,593
Wisconsin	434	555	1,337	1,655	1,942	2,184	2,212	2,328
West North Central	2,647	3,123	6,840	7,761	8,502	9,002	9,053	9,302
Minnesota	412	521	1,233	1,461	1,731	1,873	1,909	1,977
Iowa	595	607	1,367	1,472	1,609	1,676	1,680	1,666
Missouri	823	917	1,969	2,221	2,464	2,620	2,627	2,717
North Dakota	71	139	290	341	358	359	362	379
South Dakota	94	151	313	374	378	397	392	407
Nebraska	264	315	685	785	817	846	842	876
Kansas	388	473	983	1,106	1,145	1,231	1,240	1,280
South Atlantic	2,454	2,978	7,049	8,283	10,286	[4] 12,871	[1] 13,025	[1] 13,902
Delaware	51	57	126	142	172	207	223	249
Maryland	308	344	818	959	1,154	1,500	1,540	1,700
District of Columbia	81	98	293	331	475	570	559	564
Virginia	443	515	1,193	1,293	1,568	2,013	1,973	2,043
West Virginia	241	311	711	874	1,046	1,161	1,156	1,147
North Carolina	417	503	1,203	1,539	1,925	2,305	2,301	2,447
South Carolina	282	333	777	818	990	1,148	1,159	1,222
Georgia	498	616	1,415	1,494	1,769	[4] 2,176	[1] 2,152	[1] 2,202
Florida	133	202	514	833	1,188	1,791	1,964	2,327
East South Central	1,778	2,075	4,494	5,201	6,085	6,660	6,555	[1] 6,765
Kentucky	538	596	1,278	1,416	1,631	1,738	1,683	[1] 1,858
Tennessee	484	548	1,208	1,414	1,703	1,973	1,976	2,042
Alabama	411	507	1,136	1,343	1,555	1,744	1,720	1,742
Mississippi	347	424	872	1,028	1,195	1,205	1,176	1,123
West South Central	1,417	2,143	4,973	6,367	7,537	8,651	8,902	9,155
Arkansas	310	391	862	965	1,099	1,110	1,057	1,019
Louisiana	313	398	897	1,119	1,365	1,577	1,619	1,659
Oklahoma	106	421	980	1,277	1,362	1,376	1,317	1,342
Texas	688	934	2,234	3,006	3,710	4,587	4,909	5,135
Mountain	487	737	1,657	1,953	2,394	2,982	3,100	3,442
Montana	85	118	284	299	343	364	367	375
Idaho	47	95	218	237	305	344	335	353
Wyoming	33	50	103	124	150	175	169	180
Colorado	164	234	519	586	688	827	844	953
New Mexico	51	81	160	203	275	367	380	409
Arizona	35	46	126	202	263	421	483	583
Utah	58	84	206	248	298	380	405	439
Nevada	14	30	41	53	70	104	117	150
Pacific	723	1,254	3,102	4,806	6,297	9,334	10,127	11,099
Washington	166	347	741	917	1,124	1,508	1,525	1,611
Oregon	124	212	448	580	717	980	1,031	1,075
California	433	694	1,913	3,309	4,456	6,846	7,571	8,412

[1] As of November 1. Figures for Georgia for 1952, and for Georgia and Kentucky for 1956, relate to civilians 18 years old and over.
[2] Includes 95,745 males in Indian Territory.
[3] 1910 and 1920 State figures include foreign-born Negroes (not naturalized) excluded from U. S. totals, but exclude native born of all other nonwhite races included in U. S. totals.
[4] Figures for Georgia, where minimum voting age is 18, includes all persons (172,441), citizens and noncitizens, 18 to 20 years of age.

Source: Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census. 12th Census Reports, *Population*, Vol. I, Pt. 1; 13th Census Reports, *Abstract of the Census;* 14th Census Reports, *Population*, Vol. III; 15th Census Reports, *Population*, Vol. II; 16th Census Reports, *Population*, Vol. II, Pt. 1; *U. S. Census of Population; 1950*, Vol. II, Pt. 1, and *Current Population Reports*, Series P–25, No. 143.

No. 447.—Civilian Population of Voting Age, and Vote Cast for Presidential Electors and United States Representatives: 1920 to 1956

[In thousands. Population as of November 1; includes aliens]

Year	Estimated civilian population of voting age [1]	Vote cast for presidential electors: Number	Vote cast for presidential electors: Percent of civilians of voting age	Vote cast for United States representatives: Number	Vote cast for United States representatives: Percent of civilians of voting age
1920	61,495	26,813	43.6	25,080	40.8
1922	63,598			20,409	32.1
1924	66,195	29,091	43.9	26,884	40.6
1926	68,550			20,613	30.1
1928	70,993	36,812	51.9	34,154	48.1
1930	73,521			24,777	33.7
1932	75,671	39,751	52.5	37,657	49.8
1934	77,898			32,530	41.8
1936	80,055	45,647	57.0	42,886	53.6
1938	82,225			36,236	44.1
1940	84,319	49,820	59.1	46,951	55.7
1942	82,851			28,074	33.9
1944	[2] 90,599	[2] 47,976	[2] 53.0	45,103	49.8
1946	92,018			34,398	37.4
1948	94,877	48,834	51.5	46,142	48.6
1950	97,023			40,430	41.7
1952	98,133	61,552	62.7	57,571	58.7
1954	100,223			42,580	42.5
1956	102,743	62,027	60.4	58,886	57.3

[1] Population 21 years old and over plus population 18 to 20 years in Georgia for 1944 to 1956, and in Kentucky for 1956.
[2] Total population including Armed Forces overseas. Civilian population was 81,024,000; vote cast by civilians, 45,285,000; and percent of voting age, 55.9.

Source: Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census; *Current Population Reports*, Series P-25, Nos. 100, 143 and records.

No. 448.—Vote Cast for Governor, in General and Primary Elections, by States

[In thousands. In many States, 1 or both Gubernatorial nominations are uncontested, and the vote cast is largely honorary. Also, in many Southern States, there are no Republican primaries, for that party nominates by convention while the Democrats do so by primary vote]

State	Year	General election	Primary election [1]
Alabama	1954	333	594
Arizona	1956	289	161
Arkansas	1956	399	311
California	1954	[2] 4,030	3,043
Colorado	1956	645	184
Connecticut	1954	237	(3)
Delaware	1956	177	(3)
Florida	1956	1,015	840
Georgia	1954	332	646
Idaho	1954	229	129
Illinois	1956	4,315	1,621
Indiana	1956	1,954	(3)
Iowa	1956	1,204	299
Kansas	1956	865	449
Kentucky	1955	778	603
Louisiana	1956	172	822
Maine	1956	305	111
Maryland	1954	700	407
Massachusetts	1956	2,340	776
Michigan	1956	3,050	505
Minnesota	1956	1,422	602
Mississippi	1955	[2] 41	44
Missouri	1956	1,808	644
Montana	1956	270	173
Nebraska	1956	568	166
Nevada	1954	78	[5] 37
New Hampshire	1956	259	100
New Jersey	1953	1,811	705
New Mexico	1956	252	116
New York	1954	[2] 5,162	(3)
North Carolina	1956	1,136	467
North Dakota	1956	252	160
Ohio	1956	3,542	1,075
Oklahoma	1954	609	578
Oregon	1956	731	483
Pennsylvania	1954	3,720	1,537
Rhode Island	1956	384	(6)
South Carolina	1954	214	302
South Dakota	1956	292	(7)
Tennessee	1954	[2] 323	707
Texas	1956	[2] 1,828	1,577
Utah	1956	333	196
Vermont	1956	[2] 154	46
Virginia	1953	[2] 414	228
Washington	1956	1,129	747
West Virginia	1956	818	544
Wisconsin	1956	1,558	666
Wyoming	1954	111	78

[1] Comprises initial primary elections—excludes run-off primaries.
[2] Source: Governmental Affairs Institute, Washington, D. C.
[3] Candidates for Governor nominated at party conventions.
[4] Candidates nominated at party conventions unless optional primary is used.
[5] Democratic primary only; no contest in Republican primary.
[6] No primary election for Governor.
[7] No primary contest for Governor.

Source: The Council of State Governments, Chicago, Ill.; *The Book of the States*, 1958-59.

No. 449.—Vote Cast for Governor, by States, 1950 to 1956, and Candidates Elected, 1956

[In thousands. D=Democratic, R=Republican. Majority party vote refers to the party vote representing either a majority or a plurality for the victorious party]

STATE	1950		1952		1954		1956		
	Total vote	Percent for majority party	Total vote	Percent for majority party	Total vote	Percent for majority party	Total vote	Percent for majority party	Candidate elected
Ala	171	D-91.1			333	D-73.4			James E. Folsom.
Ariz	195	R-50.8	260	R-60.2	244	D-52.5	289	D-59.5	Ernest W. McFarland.
Ark	317	D-84.1	392	D-87.4	335	D-62.1	399	D-80.6	Orval E. Faubus.
Calif	3,796	R-64.8			4,030	R-56.8			Goodwin J. Knight.
Colo	451	R-52.4	613	R-57.1	490	D-53.6	645	D-51.3	S. L. R. McNichols.
Conn	879	R-49.7			937	D-49.5			Abraham A. Ribicoff.
Del			171	R-52.1			177	R-52.0	J. Caleb Boggs.
Fla			835	D-74.8	[1] 358	[1] D-80.4	1,015	D-73.7	LeRoy Collins.
Ga	234	D-98.4			332	D-100.0			Marvin Griffin.
Idaho	205	R-52.6			229	R-54.2			Robert E. Smylie.
Ill			4,416	R-52.5			4,315	R-50.3	William G. Stratton.
Ind			1,932	R-55.7			1,954	R-55.6	Harold W. Handley.
Iowa	857	R-59.1	1,230	R-51.9	849	R-51.4	1,204	D-51.2	Herschel C. Loveless.
Kansas	619	R-53.8	872	R-56.3	623	R-53.0	865	D-55.5	George Docking.
Ky.[2]	634	D-54.6			778	D-58.0			Albert B. Chandler.
La			124	D-96.0			172	D-100.0	Earl K. Long.
Maine	241	R-60.5	248	R-51.7	249	D-54.5	305	D-59.2	Edmund S. Muskie.
Md	646	R-57.3			700	R-54.5			Theodore McKeldin.
Mass	1,910	D-56.3	2,356	R-49.9	1,904	R-51.8	2,340	D-52.8	Foster Furcolo.
Mich	1,879	D-49.8	2,866	D-50.0	2,187	R-55.6	3,050	D-54.7	G. Mennen Williams.
Minn	1,047	R-60.7	1,419	R-55.3	1,151	D-52.7	1,422	D-51.4	Orville L. Freeman.
Miss.[2]	43	D-100.0			41	D-100.0			James P. Coleman.
Mo			1,871	D-52.5			1,808	D-52.1	James T. Blair, Jr.
Mont			264	R-51.0			270	R-51.4	J. Hugo Aronson.
Nebr	450	R-54.9	596	R-61.4	415	R-60.3	568	R-54.3	Victor E. Anderson.
Nev	62	R-57.6			78	R-53.1			Charles H. Russell.
N. H	191	R-56.9	266	R-63.1	195	R-55.1	259	R-54.7	Lane Dwinell.
N. J.[3]	1,719	R-51.5			1,811	D-53.2	2,018	D-54.6	Robert B. Meyner.
N. Mex	180	R-53.7	240	R-53.8	194	D-57.0	252	R-52.2	Edwin L. Mechem.
N. Y	5,309	R-53.1			5,162	D-49.6			Averell Harriman.
N. C			1,180	D-67.5			1,136	D-67.0	Luther H. Hodges.
N. Dak	184	R-66.3	254	R-78.7	194	R-64.2	252	R-58.5	John E. Davis.
Ohio	2,893	D-52.6	3,605	D-55.9	2,598	D-54.1	3,542	R-56.0	C. William O'Neill.
Okla	644	D-51.1			609	D-58.7			Raymond Gary.
Oreg	506	R-66.1			567	R-56.9	[1] 731	[1] D-50.5	Robert D. Holmes.
Pa	3,540	R-50.7			3,720	D-53.7			George M. Leader.
R. I	297	D-59.3	410	D-52.6	329	D-57.7	384	D-50.1	Dennis J. Roberts.
S. C	51	D-100.0			214	D-100.0			George B. Timmerman, Jr.
S. Dak	253	R-60.9	290	R-70.2	236	R-56.7	292	R-54.4	Joe J. Foss.
Tenn.[4]	236	D-78.1	807	D-79.4	323	D-87.2			Frank G. Clement.
Texas	395	D-89.9	1,881	D-98.1	637	D-89.4	1,828	D-78.4	Price Daniel.
Utah			328	R-55.1			333	R-38.2	George D. Clyde.
Vt	87	R-74.5	151	R-51.9	114	R-52.3	154	R-57.5	Joseph B. Johnson.
Va.[3]	262	D-70.4			414	D-54.8	518	D-63.2	J. Lindsay Almond.
Wash			1,078	R-52.6			1,129	D-54.6	Albert D. Rosellini.
W. Va			883	D-51.5			818	R-53.9	Cecil H. Underwood.
Wis	1,138	R-53.2	1,615	R-62.4	1,159	R-51.5	1,558	R-51.9	Vernon W. Thomson.
Wyo	97	R-56.1			111	R-50.5			Milward L. Simpson.

[1] Election held to fill vacancy.
[2] Voting years, 1951 and 1955.
[3] Voting years, 1949, 1953, and 1957.
[4] Term of office increased from 2 to 4 years effective with 1954 election.

Source: Governmental Affairs Institute, Washington, D. C.; *America Votes*, and records.

No. 450.—Composition of State Legislatures, by Political Party Affiliations: 1954 and 1956

[Dates shown refer to year legislators were elected. Dem.=Democratic; Rep.=Republican. In general, Lower House refers to body consisting of State Representatives; Upper House, of State Senators. In some States, legislature membership was increased in 1956]

State	Lower House				Upper House			
	1954 [1]		1956 [2]		1954 [3]		1956	
	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.
Alabama	106				35			
Arizona	60	20	57	23	26	2	26	2
Arkansas [4]	97	2	97	2	35		35	
California [4]	33	47	38	42	18	22	20	20
Colorado [4]	29	36	38	27	15	20	21	14
Connecticut	92	184	30	249	20	16	5	31
Delaware [4]	27	8	19	16	12	5	13	4
Florida [4]	89	6	89	6	37	1	37	1
Georgia	202	3	202	3	53	1	53	1
Idaho	23	36	27	32	20	24	25	19
Illinois [4]	74	79	83	94	19	32	20	38
Indiana [4]	37	63	24	76	14	36	17	33
Iowa [4]	19	89	36	72	6	44	10	40
Kansas	36	89	42	83	[5] 5	[5] 35	8	32
Kentucky [6]	77	23	75	25	30	8	29	9
Louisiana			101				39	
Maine	34	117	50	101	6	27	8	25
Maryland	98	25			21	8		
Massachusetts	127	113	132	108	19	21	18	22
Michigan	51	58	49	61	11	23	11	23
Minnesota [7]								
Mississippi			[8] 140				[8] 49	
Missouri [4]	97	60	93	64	19	15	21	13
Montana [4]	49	45	59	35	23	33	31	25
Nebraska [9]								
Nevada [4]	30	17	31	16	4	13	5	12
New Hampshire	135	264	118	276	6	18	6	18
New Jersey [6]			42	18			8	13
New Mexico	52	3	43	23	[5] 23	[5] 9	24	8
New York	60	90	54	96	23	35	21	37
North Carolina	110	10	107	13	49	1	47	3
North Dakota [4]	2	111	19	94	3	46	7	42
Ohio	47	89	42	97	12	21	12	22
Oklahoma [4]	102	19	101	20	39	5	40	4
Oregon [4]	25	35	36	24	6	24	15	15
Pennsylvania [4]	113	97	84	126	23	27	23	27
Rhode Island	67	33	63	37	22	22	19	25
South Carolina [4]	124		124		46		46	
South Dakota	18	57	27	48	6	29	17	18
Tennessee	80	19	78	21	28	5	27	6
Texas [4]	150		150		31		31	
Utah [4]	27	33	24	39	7	16	10	15
Vermont	24	220	33	211	7	22	8	22
Virginia [8]			94	6			37	3
Washington [4]	50	49	56	43	22	24	31	15
West Virginia [4]	76	24	58	42	23	9	21	11
Wisconsin [4]	37	63	33	67	8	25	10	23
Wyoming [4]	24	32	26	30	8	19	11	16

[1] Data exclude 1 Independent each for Arkansas and Michigan, 2 Independents for Vermont, and 3 Independents for Connecticut.

[2] Data exclude 1 Independent each for Arkansas and Utah, 2 Independents for Vermont, and 3 Independents for New Hampshire (and 3 towns which sent no member).

[3] Data exclude 1 Independent for Vermont.

[4] Upper House members serve 4-year terms, some elected every 2 years (1952, 1954, and 1956).

[5] Elected in 1952.

[6] Lower House members serve 2-year terms, elected in 1955 and 1957. Upper House members serve 4-year terms, some elected every 2 years (1953, 1955, and 1957).

[7] 131 Representatives (2-year terms, elected in 1954 and 1956) and 67 Senators (4-year terms, elected in 1954) serving on nonpartisan basis.

[8] Lower House elected in 1957; Upper House in 1955.

[9] Single chamber (unicameral body) of 43 members serving on nonpartisan basis (2-year terms, elected in 1954 and 1956).

Source: Governmental Affairs Institute, Washington, D. C., *America Votes*, and records.

No. 451.—Campaign Expenditures for Congressional and Presidential Elections: 1950 to 1956

[Figures are based on reports filed with the Secretary of the Senate and the Clerk of the House. Excludes reports filed with State authorities. Also excludes primary campaigns expenditures which need not be reported under Federal law]

Party or group	Congressional				Presidential	
	1950	1952	1954 [1]	1956	1952	1956
Total	**$10,901,463**	**$5,584,688**	**$13,654,237**	**$6,169,617**	**$17,479,687**	**$27,016,108**
Major parties	8,890,215	5,216,518	11,050,003	6,144,629	14,758,321	25,518,548
Republican	4,698,955	4,074,890	7,251,590	3,287,651	9,740,106	17,397,736
Democratic	4,191,260	1,141,628	3,798,413	2,856,978	5,018,215	8,120,812
Labor groups	1,618,623	352,117	2,057,613	(2)	1,718,243	[2] 941,271
Miscellaneous groups	392,625	16,053	546,621	(2)	1,003,123	[2] 581,277

[1] For complete detailed information on campaign spending, see *Congressional Quarterly Almanac*, 1957.
[2] Included with Presidential; not available separately.

Source: Congressional Quarterly News Features, Washington, D. C. (Material copyrighted; written permission required for reproduction rights.)

No. 452.—Election Campaign Receipts and Direct Expenditures, by Type of Committee: 1956

[This information has been compiled from reports filed with the Senate Subcommittee on Privileges and Elections and with the Clerk of the House of Representatives. Comprises receipts and direct expenditures during the entire year of all national and statewide campaign committees of which the subcommittee had knowledge. Receipts include funds received by transfer from other organizations; expenditures exclude funds transferred to other groups. See source for procedures followed and limitations of the data]

Receipts and expenditures	Total	Republican committees	Democratic committees	Labor committees	Miscellaneous
Total receipts	**$48,577,049**	**$32,430,587**	**$12,891,141**	**$2,578,181**	**$677,140**
National	16,534,529	9,155,472	4,790,696	1,912,990	675,371
Jan. 1 to Dec. 31, congressional	3,121,302	2,870,987	250,315		
Jan. 1 to Aug. 31, other national	5,479,943	3,162,932	976,202	957,225	383,584
Sept. 1 to Nov. 30, other national	7,933,284	3,121,553	3,564,179	955,765	291,787
State	19,341,791	14,905,881	4,046,830	388,553	527
Local	9,320,846	6,449,056	2,593,910	276,638	1,242
Senatorial [1]	2,359,799	1,033,484	1,326,315		
Special cases	1,020,084	886,694	133,390		
Total expenditures	**33,185,725**	**20,685,387**	**10,977,790**	**941,271**	**581,277**
National	12,892,598	7,666,331	4,105,661	540,735	579,871
Jan. 1 to Dec. 31, congressional	2,312,426	2,271,135	41,291		
Jan. 1 to Aug. 31, other national	3,279,800	2,013,219	813,385	133,385	319,811
Sept. 1 to Nov. 30, other national	7,300,372	3,381,977	3,250,985	407,350	260,060
State	10,281,366	6,983,727	3,135,292	161,556	791
Local	6,509,564	3,854,779	2,415,190	238,980	615
Senatorial [1]	2,286,769	1,014,753	1,272,016		
Special cases	[2] 1,215,428	[2] 1,165,797	49,631		

Note.—A minority view filed by Senator Carl T. Curtis (Republican, Nebraska) stated: "Had a full tabulation been made * * * the total expenditures for both parties probably would have been nearly equal."

[1] Represents committees supporting senatorial candidates; excludes information reported by candidates themselves.
[2] May include some transfers of funds.

Source: U. S. Congress, Senate Subcommittee on Privileges and Elections; *1956 General Election Campaigns*, 85th Congress, 1st session (Committee print).

No. 453.—Receipts and Disbursements of Election Campaign Committees, by Purpose and Source: 1956

[See headnote, table 452. Data herein present in detail some of the information summarized in table 452. Excludes "Special cases" shown in table 452 and covers only the period September 1 to November 30]

Receipts and disbursements	Total	Republican committees			Democratic committees		Labor committees	Miscellaneous
		Regular [1]	Finance	Volunteer	Regular [1]	Volunteer		
Receipts, total	**$38,955,720**	**$11,772,485**	**$9,891,424**	**$3,846,065**	**$9,370,157**	**$2,161,077**	**$1,620,956**	**$293,556**
Individuals	22,570,955	4,944,481	7,762,689	2,325,364	5,140,277	1,287,035	833,647	277,462
Sale of tickets to dinners, etc	2,257,566	455,644	438,113	207,089	778,339	343,514	34,867	--------
Other organizations	12,318,613	5,816,644	1,361,081	1,016,863	2,994,460	471,522	648,658	9,385
Other sources	1,804,531	555,746	329,541	296,749	453,047	59,006	103,783	6,709
Unaccounted for [2]	4,005	−30	--------	--------	4,034	--------	1	--------
Disbursements, total	**41,139,082**	**13,112,667**	**10,104,182**	**3,658,024**	**9,739,316**	**2,032,907**	**2,162,337**	**329,649**
To other organizations or candidates	14,761,011	2,800,374	8,071,711	767,552	1,294,337	404,403	1,354,451	68,183
Direct expenditures, total	26,378,071	10,312,293	2,032,471	2,890,472	8,444,979	1,628,504	807,886	261,466
Radio-TV [3]	[3] 6,924,824	2,668,716	430,347	784,579	2,491,696	360,511	[3] 139,928	49,047
Radio	1,480,551	568,006	185,212	124,012	452,116	107,863	41,606	1,736
Television	5,435,372	2,100,710	245,135	660,567	2,039,580	252,648	89,421	47,311
Newspapers, periodical advertising	2,147,209	954,612	124,059	295,273	611,887	83,036	48,074	30,268
Printing, purchase, distribution of literature	4,400,214	1,431,556	360,716	394,927	1,526,913	373,163	246,486	66,453
Outdoor billboards	613,820	299,912	70,618	23,375	185,809	9,698	24,382	26
Other	12,228,838	4,895,922	1,046,731	1,392,318	3,627,093	802,086	349,016	115,672
Unaccounted for [2]	63,166	61,575	--------	--------	1,581	10	--------	--------

[1] Senatorial campaign committees included under regular in this table.
[2] Difference resulting from failure of some committees to report detailed receipts in full and from errors in reports and computations.
[3] Includes amounts not available separately.

Source: U. S. Congress, Senate Subcommittee on Privileges and Elections; *1956 General Election Campaigns*. 85th Congress, 1st session (Committee print).

No. 454.—Expenditures by Organizations Attempting to Influence National Legislation (Lobbies): 1950 to 1956

[Represents tabulation of reports made under Federal Regulation of Lobbying Act. Excludes personal reports of individuals representing organizations for which no separate report was filed. Classification of an organization is based on what appears to be the basic nature of the group's membership, determined largely by the organization name, rather than on legislative interest]

Type of organization	1950		1953		1954		1955		1956	
	Number of groups [1]	Expenditures [2]	Number of groups [1]	Expenditures [2]	Number of groups [1]	Expenditures [2]	Number of groups [3]	Expenditures [2]	Number of groups [3]	Expenditures [2]
		$1,000		*$1,000*		*$1,000*		*$1,000*		*$1,000*
Total	312	10,303	197	4,446	225	4,286	274	4,365	264	3,957
Business	141	3,410	102	2,660	132	2,290	157	2,287	150	2,032
Citizens	45	1,800	26	345	38	616	48	583	43	396
Employee	30	518	23	453	21	656	34	813	30	748
Farm	13	1,212	8	211	14	412	11	339	16	345
Foreign policy	13	745	6	155	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)
Professional	21	1,597	13	239	15	195	17	208	18	293
Reclamation	11	389	8	167	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)
Tax	31	443	8	99	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)
Veterans, military	7	188	3	117	5	118	7	137	7	143

[1] Excludes those reporting no expenditure.
[2] Reported as spent "in connection with legislative interests." Some groups report expenditures for all purposes; others report an allocation of spending for legislative purposes.
[3] Includes those reporting no expenditure.
[4] Reclassified into other groups in table.

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