CURRENT POPULATION REPORTS

Population Estimates

Series P-25, No. 378
November 6, 1967

PROVISIONAL ESTIMATES OF THE POPULATION OF THE LARGEST METROPOLITAN AREAS: JULY 1, 1966

(Standard metropolitan statistical areas are as currently defined by the Bureau of the Budget. Estimates shown here are consistent with those published in Current Population Reports, Series P-25, Nos. 371 and 374)

This report presents provisional estimates of the population on July 1, 1966, for the 72 largest standard metropolitan statistical areas (SMSA's) and their 240 component counties. Included are all metropolitan areas with a 1960 population of 350,000 or more. This is the second of two reports showing provisional population estimates for large metropolitan areas for July 1, 1966. It includes estimates for 32 areas published earlier in Report No. 374 with heretofore unpublished estimates for an additional 40 areas. Also shown are estimates for the New York-Northeastern New Jersey and the Chicago-Northwestern Indiana Standard Consolidated Areas.

These estimates relate to the total resident population in each area; that is the civilian resident population plus members of the Armed Forces stationed in the area. With a few exceptions, figures shown here for 1965 are the same as those published in Reports Nos. 371 and 374 of this series. Revised 1966 estimates for these metropolitan areas will be published later in Series P-25 when additional required data on population change become available.

METHODOLOGY

Three methods are now usually employed by the Bureau of the Census in developing current SMSA estimates by counties. They are (1) the Bureau's Component Method II, which employs vital statistics to measure natural increase and school enrollment (or school census) data as a basis for measuring net migration; (2) a composite method, in which separate estimates are prepared for different segments of the population using different types of current data for each group; and (3) a housing unit method, in which estimated changes in the number of occupied housing units are used as the basis for estimating changes in population.

Data are not yet available from which to prepare estimates for 1966 by the Composite method. Consequently, for this provisional report, estimates were limited to Component Method II and the Housing Unit method. These estimates were then averaged, and the numerical differences between the average of these two methods in 1966 and the comparable average of the two methods in 1965 provided an estimate of change since 1965. This estimated change was added to the 1965 figure based on the average of all three methods.

The methodology used in developing current estimates by these three methods is discussed in Current Population Reports, Series P-25, No. 371. A detailed step-by-step outline of Component Method II is presented in Series P-25, No. 339.

Special estimates for selected areas.—For a number of areas, additional data are available for use in the preparation of population estimates. Report No. 371 documents in detail the various special source materials used in developing 1965 estimates for these areas (see pages 7 and 8 of

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U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE, Alexander B. Trowbridge, Secretary
William H. Shaw, Asst. Secy., Economic Affairs
BUREAU OF THE CENSUS A. Ross Eckler, Director

that report). Such sources as special censuses conducted by the Bureau of the Census since 1960, censuses conducted by State governments, and those conducted by county agencies have been drawn upon.

For the current report, these special data provided a 1965 benchmark from which the regular procedures described above for measuring population changes for the 1965-66 period could be applied in developing 1966 estimates. Where the special data source was recent (April 1, 1966, or later), or available on a continuing basis, however, it was used directly to develop a current estimate. Estimates for counties in Kansas, Macomb County, Mich., and areas with recent special censuses are of this type and represent somewhat firmer estimates than those for most areas.

LIMITATIONS

A detailed discussion of the limitations of the various methods used in the preparation of metropolitan county estimates and of the relationship of estimates prepared by each method to the published average of methods is contained in Report No. 371. The estimates contained herein are considered somewhat less accurate on the average than estimates based on the average of the three estimating techniques.

When provisional 1965 SMSA county estimates for 45 of the largest metropolitan areas, prepared in the manner of the estimates contained in this report, were compared with revised estimates for these same areas based on the average of three methods, the average percent deviation (disregarding sign) was 0.3 percent for SMSA's. The comparable deviation for counties was 0.7 percent.

DEFINITIONS

Except in New England, a standard metropolitan statistical area is a county or group of contiguous counties which contains at least one city of 50,000 inhabitants or more, or "twin cities" with a combined population of at least 50,000. In addition to the county, or counties, containing such a city or cities, contiguous counties are included in an SMSA if, according to certain criteria, they are essentially metropolitan in character and are socially and economically integrated with the central city. A detailed explanation of the criteria used in establishing SMSA's is given in Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas, Executive Office of the President, Bureau of the Budget, 1967. Current SMSA definitions and the changes in definitions made since the 1960 Census are indicated in that report.

In New England, SMSA's consist of towns and cities, rather than counties. In preparing the series of estimates presented in this report, no attempt was made to compile data for areas below the county level, because of the considerably increased workload which this would have necessitated and the great difficulty of assembling basic data for these small areas. Consequently, for the four New England metropolitan areas presented here, the SMSA has been replaced by the metropolitan State economic area, which is defined in terms of whole counties.[1] Data presented for Boston, Springfield-Chicopee-Holyoke, Providence-Pawtucket-Warwick, and Hartford cover Massachusetts State Economic Areas C and A, Rhode Island Area A, and Connecticut Area C, respectively.

The cities listed in the title of each SMSA are the central cities of the SMSA. For purposes of this report, each county containing a central city is designated as a "central" county.

ROUNDING OF ESTIMATES

Estimates presented in the tables contained in this report have been rounded to the nearest thousand without being adjusted to group totals, which are independently rounded. Percentages are based on unrounded numbers.

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[1] U.S. Bureau of the Census, 1960 Census of Population, Selected Area Reports, State Economic Areas, Final Report PC(3)-1A, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C., 1963.

METROPOLITAN AREAS WITH POPULATION OF 350,000 OR MORE

Table 1.--PROVISIONAL ESTIMATES OF THE POPULATION OF THE LARGEST STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS, BY CONSTITUENT COUNTIES: JULY 1, 1966

(Includes the 72 SMSA's with 1960 population of 350,000 or more as currently defined by the Bureau of the Budget. Asterisk (*) indicates central county)

Standard metropolitan statistical area and county	Population			Change, 1960 to 1966	
	July 1, 1966 (provisional)	July 1, 1965	April 1, 1960 (census)	Number	Percent
AKRON, OHIO	652,000	650,000	605,367	+47,000	+7.8
Summit*	546,000	545,000	513,569	+33,000	+6.4
Portage	106,000	105,000	91,798	+14,000	+15.6
ALBANY-SCHENECTADY-TROY, N.Y.	701,000	697,000	657,503	+44,000	+6.6
Albany*	286,000	284,000	272,926	+13,000	+4.8
Rensselaer*	153,000	154,000	142,585	+10,000	+7.3
Schenectady*	160,000	160,000	152,896	+7,000	+4.6
Saratoga	102,000	100,000	89,096	+13,000	+14.4
ALLENTOWN-BETHLEHEM-EASTON, PA.-N.J.	516,000	515,000	492,168	+24,000	+4.8
Lehigh, Pa.*	237,000	236,000	227,536	+10,000	+4.3
Northampton, Pa.*	207,000	208,000	201,412	+6,000	+3.0
Warren, N.J.	71,000	71,000	63,220	+8,000	+12.7
ANAHEIM-SANTA ANA-GARDEN GROVE, CALIF.	1,164,000	1,107,000	703,925	+461,000	+65.4
Orange*	1,164,000	1,107,000	703,925	+461,000	+65.4
ATLANTA, GA.	1,258,000	1,216,000	1,017,188	+241,000	+23.7
De Kalb*	340,000	323,000	256,782	+83,000	+32.4
Fulton*	623,000	619,000	556,326	+66,000	+11.9
Clayton	75,000	68,000	46,365	+28,000	+61.4
Cobb	165,000	153,000	114,174	+51,000	+44.3
Gwinnett	56,000	54,000	43,541	+13,000	+29.2
BALTIMORE, MD.	1,980,000	1,948,000	1,803,745	+176,000	+9.8
Baltimore city*	934,000	939,000	939,024	-5,000	-0.5
Anne Arundel	261,000	248,000	206,634	+54,000	+26.3
Baltimore	568,000	557,000	492,428	+76,000	+15.4
Carroll	64,000	62,000	52,785	+11,000	+20.8
Harford	103,000	94,000	76,722	+26,000	+34.2
Howard	50,000	48,000	36,152	+14,000	+38.3
BIRMINGHAM, ALA.	734,000	735,000	721,207	+13,000	+1.8
Jefferson*	644,000	644,000	634,864	+9,000	+1.4
Shelby	34,000	34,000	32,132	+2,000	+6.6
Walker	57,000	57,000	54,211	+2,000	+4.2
BOSTON, LAWRENCE-HAVERHILL, LOWELL, MASS.[1]	3,201,000	3,205,000	3,109,158	+92,000	+3.0
Suffolk*	710,000	721,000	791,329	-82,000	-10.3
Essex	610,000	610,000	568,831	+42,000	+7.3
Middlesex	1,307,000	1,308,000	1,238,742	+69,000	+5.5
Norfolk	574,000	566,000	510,256	+64,000	+12.5
BUFFALO, N.Y.	1,323,000	1,321,000	1,306,957	+16,000	+1.2
Erie*	1,088,000	1,084,000	1,064,688	+23,000	+2.2
Niagara	235,000	236,000	242,269	-7,000	-2.9
CHICAGO, ILL.	6,732,000	6,689,000	6,220,913	+511,000	+8.2
Cook*	5,415,000	5,410,000	5,129,725	+285,000	+5.6
Du Page	405,000	388,000	313,459	+92,000	+29.4
Kane	244,000	239,000	208,246	+35,000	+17.0
Lake	342,000	333,000	293,656	+48,000	+16.5
McHenry	98,000	97,000	84,210	+14,000	+16.9
Will	227,000	222,000	191,617	+35,000	+18.4

[1]Data shown for Massachusetts State Economic Area C. For SMSA's, 1960 population was: Boston, 2,595,481; Lawrence-Haverhill, 199,136; Lowell, 164,243.

Table 1.--PROVISIONAL ESTIMATES OF THE POPULATION OF THE LARGEST STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS, BY CONSTITUENT COUNTIES: JULY 1, 1966--Continued

(Includes the 72 SMSA's with 1960 population of 350,000 or more as currently defined by the Bureau of the Budget. Asterisk (*) indicates central county)

Standard metropolitan statistical area and county	Population			Change, 1960 to 1966	
	July 1, 1966 (provisional)	July 1, 1965	April 1, 1960 (census)	Number	Percent
CINCINNATI, OHIO-KY.-IND.	1,353,000	1,348,000	1,268,479	+85,000	+6.7
Hamilton, Ohio*	917,000	915,000	864,121	+53,000	+6.2
Clermont, Ohio	91,000	91,000	80,530	+10,000	+12.8
Warren, Ohio	79,000	78,000	65,711	+13,000	+20.1
Boone, Ky	26,000	25,000	21,940	+4,000	+19.2
Campbell, Ky	87,000	88,000	86,803	+1,000	+0.7
Kenton, Ky	123,000	122,000	120,700	+3,000	+2.3
Dearborn, Ind	29,000	29,000	28,674	(Z)	+1.2
CLEVELAND, OHIO	2,004,000	2,000,000	1,909,483	+95,000	+5.0
Cuyahoga*	1,694,000	1,695,000	1,647,895	+46,000	+2.8
Geauga	59,000	57,000	47,573	+11,000	+23.3
Lake	179,000	176,000	148,700	+30,000	+20.2
Medina	73,000	72,000	65,315	+7,000	+11.2
COLUMBUS, OHIO	851,000	847,000	754,885	+96,000	+12.7
Franklin*	772,000	769,000	682,923	+89,000	+13.1
Delaware	38,000	38,000	36,107	+2,000	+6.6
Pickaway	40,000	40,000	35,855	+4,000	+10.6
DALLAS, TEXAS	1,352,000	1,325,000	1,119,410	+233,000	+20.8
Dallas*	1,157,000	1,133,000	951,527	+206,000	+21.6
Collin	52,000	50,000	41,247	+10,000	+24.9
Denton	62,000	61,000	47,432	+15,000	+31.4
Ellis	45,000	44,000	43,395	+1,000	+3.1
Kaufman	30,000	31,000	29,931	+1,000	+1.9
Rockwall	6,000	6,000	5,878	(Z)	+1.2
DAYTON, OHIO	803,000	791,000	727,121	+76,000	+10.5
Montgomery*	575,000	568,000	527,080	+48,000	+9.1
Greene	113,000	110,000	94,642	+18,000	+19.4
Miami	81,000	80,000	72,901	+8,000	+10.7
Preble	35,000	34,000	32,498	+2,000	+7.5
DENVER, COLORADO	1,083,000	1,073,000	929,383	+153,000	+16.5
Denver*	491,000	495,000	493,887	-3,000	-0.7
Adams	156,000	153,000	120,296	+35,000	+29.5
Arapahoe	129,000	131,000	113,426	+16,000	+13.9
Boulder	104,000	99,000	74,254	+30,000	+40.5
Jefferson	203,000	196,000	127,520	+75,000	+59.0
DETROIT, MICH.	4,060,000	3,987,000	3,762,360	+298,000	+7.9
Wayne*	2,702,000	2,691,000	2,666,297	+36,000	+1.3
Macomb	553,000	522,000	405,804	+147,000	+36.2
Oakland	805,000	774,000	690,259	+115,000	+16.7
FLINT, MICH.	469,000	459,000	416,239	+52,000	+12.6
Genesee*	421,000	412,000	374,313	+46,000	+12.4
Lapeer	48,000	47,000	41,926	+6,000	+14.5
FORT WORTH, TEXAS	638,000	627,000	573,215	+65,000	+11.3
Tarrant*	598,000	587,000	538,495	+59,000	+11.0
Johnson	40,000	40,000	34,720	+5,000	+15.3
FRESNO, CALIF.	409,000	403,000	365,945	+43,000	+11.7
Fresno*	409,000	403,000	365,945	+43,000	+11.7
GARY-HAMMOND-EAST CHICAGO, IND.	599,000	596,000	573,548	+26,000	+4.5
Lake*	524,000	524,000	513,269	+11,000	+2.2
Porter	75,000	72,000	60,279	+15,000	+24.3

Z Less than 500.

Table 1.--PROVISIONAL ESTIMATES OF THE POPULATION OF THE LARGEST STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS, BY CONSTITUENT COUNTIES: JULY 1, 1966--Continued

(Includes the 72 SMSA's with 1960 population of 350,000 or more as currently defined by the Bureau of the Budget. Asterisk (*) indicates central county)

Standard metropolitan statistical area and county	Population			Change, 1960 to 1966	
	July 1, 1966 (provisional)	July 1, 1965	April 1, 1960 (census)	Number	Percent
GRAND RAPIDS, MICH.	505,000	500,000	461,906	+43,000	+9.3
Kent*	392,000	390,000	363,187	+29,000	+7.9
Ottawa	113,000	110,000	98,719	+14,000	+14.7
GREENSBORO-WINSTON-SALEM-HIGH POINT, N.C.	571,000	567,000	520,249	+51,000	+9.8
Forsyth*	208,000	207,000	189,428	+19,000	+9.9
Guilford*	270,000	267,000	246,520	+24,000	+9.7
Randolph	68,000	68,000	61,497	+7,000	+11.2
Yadkin	24,000	25,000	22,804	+2,000	+6.8
HARRISBURG, PA.	392,000	392,000	371,653	+20,000	+5.4
Dauphin*	226,000	226,000	220,255	+5,000	+2.4
Cumberland	139,000	139,000	124,816	+15,000	+11.7
Perry	27,000	27,000	26,582	(Z)	+0.1
HARTFORD, NEW BRITAIN, CONN.[1]	777,000	769,000	689,555	+88,000	+12.7
Hartford*	777,000	769,000	689,555	+88,000	+12.7
HONOLULU, HAWAII	585,000	573,000	500,409	+84,000	+16.8
Honolulu*	585,000	573,000	500,409	+84,000	+16.8
HOUSTON, TEXAS	1,740,000	1,696,000	1,418,323	+321,000	+22.7
Harris*	1,533,000	1,494,000	1,243,158	+290,000	+23.3
Brazoria	92,000	89,000	76,204	+16,000	+20.7
Fort Bend	49,000	48,000	40,527	+8,000	+20.7
Liberty	32,000	32,000	31,595	(Z)	(Z)
Montgomery	34,000	32,000	26,839	+7,000	+26.1
INDIANAPOLIS, IND.	1,027,000	1,013,000	944,475	+82,000	+8.7
Marion*	747,000	739,000	697,567	+50,000	+7.1
Boone	29,000	29,000	27,543	+2,000	+6.0
Hamilton	46,000	44,000	40,132	+6,000	+13.8
Hancock	31,000	30,000	26,665	+4,000	+16.8
Hendricks	48,000	47,000	40,896	+7,000	+16.7
Johnson	50,000	49,000	43,704	+6,000	+14.5
Morgan	39,000	39,000	33,875	+5,000	+15.2
Shelby	37,000	36,000	34,093	+3,000	+8.3
JACKSONVILLE, FLA.	500,000	499,000	455,411	+45,000	+9.8
Duval*	500,000	499,000	455,411	+45,000	+9.8
JERSEY CITY, N.J.	616,000	619,000	610,734	+5,000	+0.9
Hudson*	616,000	619,000	610,734	+5,000	+0.9
KANSAS CITY, MO.-KANS.	1,209,000	1,183,000	1,092,545	+117,000	+10.7
Clay, Mo.*	105,000	100,000	87,474	+18,000	+20.5
Jackson, Mo.*	647,000	640,000	622,732	+24,000	+3.9
Cass, Mo.	41,000	39,000	29,702	+11,000	+36.7
Platte, Mo.	28,000	28,000	23,350	+5,000	+21.5
Johnson, Kans.	197,000	189,000	143,792	+53,000	+37.1
Wyandotte, Kans.	191,000	187,000	185,495	+5,000	+2.8
KNOXVILLE, TENN.	388,000	390,000	368,080	+20,000	+5.3
Knox*	267,000	268,000	250,523	+16,000	+6.5
Anderson	62,000	63,000	60,032	+2,000	+2.9
Blount	59,000	59,000	57,525	+2,000	+3.0
LOS ANGELES-LONG BEACH, CALIF.	6,789,000	6,765,000	6,038,771	+751,000	+12.4
Los Angeles*	6,789,000	6,765,000	6,038,771	+751,000	+12.4

Z Less than 500.
[1]Data shown for Connecticut State Economic Area C. For SMSA's, 1960 population was: Hartford 549,249; New Britain 129,397.

Table 1.--PROVISIONAL ESTIMATES OF THE POPULATION OF THE LARGEST STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS, BY CONSTITUENT COUNTIES: JULY 1, 1966--Continued

(Includes the 72 SMSA's with 1960 population of 350,000 or more as currently defined by the Bureau of the Budget. Asterisk (*) indicates central county)

Standard metropolitan statistical area and county	Population			Change, 1960 to 1966	
	July 1, 1966 (provisional)	July 1, 1965	April 1, 1960 (census)	Number	Percent
LOUISVILLE, KY.-IND.	775,000	772,000	725,139	+50,000	+6.8
Jefferson, Ky.*	654,000	651,000	610,947	+43,000	+7.0
Clark, Ind.	68,000	67,000	62,795	+5,000	+7.7
Floyd, Ind.	54,000	53,000	51,397	+2,000	+4.5
MEMPHIS, TENN.-ARK.	752,000	740,000	674,583	+78,000	+11.5
Shelby, Tenn.*	701,000	688,000	627,019	+74,000	+11.8
Crittenden, Ark.	51,000	52,000	47,564	+4,000	+8.3
MIAMI, FLA.	1,081,000	1,061,000	935,047	+146,000	+15.6
Dade*	1,081,000	1,061,000	935,047	+146,000	+15.6
MILWAUKEE, WIS.	1,331,000	1,326,000	1,278,850	+52,000	+4.1
Milwaukee*	1,038,000	1,042,000	1,036,041	+2,000	+0.2
Ozaukee	45,000	43,000	38,441	+6,000	+15.8
Washington	53,000	52,000	46,119	+7,000	+15.7
Waukesha	194,000	188,000	158,249	+36,000	+22.9
MINNEAPOLIS-ST. PAUL, MINN.	1,629,000	1,610,000	1,482,030	+147,000	+9.9
Hennepin*	890,000	885,000	842,854	+47,000	+5.6
Ramsey*	433,000	432,000	422,525	+10,000	+2.5
Anoka	129,000	123,000	85,916	+43,000	+49.7
Dakota	110,000	104,000	78,303	+32,000	+40.8
Washington	67,000	65,000	52,432	+15,000	+27.7
MOBILE, ALA.	385,000	391,000	363,389	+22,000	+6.1
Mobile*	332,000	337,000	314,301	+17,000	+5.6
Baldwin	54,000	53,000	49,088	+5,000	+9.2
NASHVILLE, TENN.	523,000	512,000	463,628	+59,000	+12.8
Davidson*	442,000	435,000	399,743	+42,000	+10.6
Sumner	48,000	45,000	36,217	+11,000	+31.6
Wilson	33,000	32,000	27,668	+5,000	+19.4
NEW ORLEANS, LA.	1,044,000	1,027,000	907,123	+137,000	+15.0
Orleans*	650,000	654,000	627,525	+23,000	+3.6
Jefferson	291,000	276,000	208,769	+82,000	+39.4
St. Bernard	45,000	43,000	32,186	+13,000	+40.2
St. Tammany	57,000	54,000	38,643	+19,000	+48.7
NEW YORK, N.Y.	11,410,000	11,366,000	10,694,632	+716,000	+6.7
New York City*	7,969,000	8,011,000	7,781,984	+187,000	+2.4
Bronx*	1,539,000	1,538,000	1,424,815	+114,000	+8.0
Kings (Brooklyn Borough)*	2,679,000	2,704,000	2,627,319	+52,000	+2.0
New York (Manhattan Borough)*	1,536,000	1,561,000	1,698,281	-163,000	-9.6
Queens*	1,947,000	1,948,000	1,809,578	+138,000	+7.6
Richmond*	268,000	260,000	221,991	+46,000	+20.8
Nassau	1,416,000	1,402,000	1,300,171	+116,000	+8.9
Rockland	194,000	184,000	136,802	+58,000	+42.1
Suffolk	960,000	912,000	666,784	+293,000	+44.0
Westchester	871,000	857,000	808,891	+62,000	+7.6
NEWARK, N.J.	1,862,000	1,851,000	1,689,420	+173,000	+10.2
Essex*	974,000	978,000	923,545	+51,000	+5.5
Morris	342,000	327,000	261,620	+81,000	+30.9
Union	546,000	545,000	504,255	+41,000	+8.2
NORFOLK-PORTSMOUTH, VA.	637,000	637,000	578,507	+58,000	+10.0
Norfolk city*	303,000	307,000	304,869	-2,000	-0.7
Portsmouth city*	108,000	112,000	114,773	-6,000	-5.5
Chesapeake city	90,000	88,000	73,647	+16,000	+21.6
Virginia Beach city	136,000	130,000	85,218	+51,000	+59.5

Table 1.-PROVISIONAL ESTIMATES OF THE POPULATION OF THE LARGEST STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS, BY CONSTITUENT COUNTIES: JULY 1, 1966 --Continued

(Includes the 72 SMSA's with 1960 population of 350,000 or more as currently defined by the Bureau of the Budget. Asterisk (*) indicates central county)

Standard metropolitan statistical area and county	Population			Change, 1960 to 1966	
	July 1, 1966 (provisional)	July 1, 1965	April 1, 1960 (census)	Number	Percent
OKLAHOMA CITY, OKLA	588,000	585,000	511,833	+76,000	+14.9
Oklahoma*	488,000	487,000	439,506	+48,000	+11.0
Canadian	31,000	30,000	24,727	+6,000	+24.9
Cleveland	70,000	68,000	47,600	+22,000	+46.1
OMAHA, NEBR.-IOWA	520,000	516,000	457,873	+62,000	+13.6
Douglas, Nebr.*	381,000	378,000	343,490	+38,000	+11.0
Sarpy, Nebr	54,000	52,000	31,281	+23,000	+72.8
Pottawattamie, Iowa	85,000	86,000	83,102	+2,000	+1.9
PATERSON-CLIFTON-PASSAIC, N.J	1,318,000	1,307,000	1,186,873	+131,000	+11.0
Passaic*	450,000	446,000	406,618	+44,000	+10.7
Bergen	868,000	861,000	780,255	+87,000	+11.2
PHILADELPHIA, PA.-N.J	4,690,000	4,664,000	4,342,897	+347,000	+8.0
Philadelphia, Pa.*	2,036,000	2,052,000	2,002,512	+33,000	+1.7
Bucks, Pa	352,000	343,000	308,567	+43,000	+14.0
Chester, Pa	250,000	244,000	210,608	+40,000	+18.9
Delaware, Pa	585,000	587,000	553,154	+32,000	+5.8
Montgomery, Pa	589,000	581,000	516,682	+73,000	+14.1
Burlington, N.J	284,000	270,000	224,499	+60,000	+26.7
Camden, N.J	439,000	436,000	392,035	+47,000	+11.9
Gloucester, N.J	154,000	151,000	134,840	+19,000	+14.1
PHOENIX, ARIZ	838,000	818,000	663,510	+175,000	+26.3
Maricopa*	838,000	818,000	663,510	+175,000	+26.3
PITTSBURGH, PA	2,376,000	2,388,000	2,405,435	-29,000	-1.2
Allegheny*	1,595,000	1,606,000	1,628,587	-34,000	-2.1
Beaver	201,000	201,000	206,948	-6,000	-3.0
Washington	214,000	214,000	217,271	-3,000	-1.3
Westmoreland	366,000	367,000	352,629	+14,000	+3.9
PORTLAND, OREG.-WASH	908,000	898,000	821,897	+86,000	+10.5
Multnomah, Oreg.*	534,000	536,000	522,813	+11,000	+2.1
Clackamas, Oreg	143,000	138,000	113,038	+30,000	+26.3
Washington, Oreg	124,000	120,000	92,237	+32,000	+34.3
Clark, Wash	108,000	104,000	93,809	+14,000	+14.7
PROVIDENCE-PAWTUCKET-WARWICK, R.I.[1]	736,000	739,000	718,543	+17,000	+2.4
Kent*	130,000	128,000	112,619	+17,000	+15.4
Providence*	564,000	569,000	568,778	-5,000	-0.8
Bristol	42,000	42,000	37,146	+5,000	+12.6
RICHMOND, VA	493,000	484,000	436,044	+57,000	+13.1
Richmond city*	220,000	223,000	219,958	(Z)	+0.1
Chesterfield	102,000	96,000	71,197	+31,000	+43.9
Hanover	35,000	33,000	27,550	+7,000	+25.3
Henrico	136,000	132,000	117,339	+19,000	+16.1
ROCHESTER, N.Y	820,000	804,000	732,588	+88,000	+11.9
Monroe*	658,000	644,000	586,387	+72,000	+12.3
Livingston	49,000	49,000	44,053	+5,000	+12.0
Orleans	38,000	38,000	34,159	+4,000	+12.4
Wayne	74,000	73,000	67,989	+6,000	+8.9
SACRAMENTO, CALIF	749,000	737,000	625,503	+124,000	+19.8
Sacramento*	592,000	584,000	502,778	+90,000	+17.8
Placer	78,000	75,000	56,998	+21,000	+36.0
Yolo	79,000	77,000	65,727	+13,000	+20.4

Z Less than 500.

[1]Data shown for Rhode Island State Economic Area A. For Providence-Pawtucket-Warwick SMSA, 1960 population was 821,101.

Table 1.--PROVISIONAL ESTIMATES OF THE POPULATION OF THE LARGEST STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS, BY CONSTITUENT COUNTIES: JULY 1, 1966--Continued

(Includes the 72 SMSA's with 1960 population of 350,000 or more as currently defined by the Bureau of the Budget. Asterisk (*) indicates central county)

Standard metropolitan statistical area and county	Population			Change, 1960 to 1966	
	July 1, 1966 (provisional)	July 1, 1965	April 1, 1960 (census)	Number	Percent
ST. LOUIS, MO.-ILL.	2,284,000	2,249,000	2,104,669	+179,000	+8.5
St. Louis city, Mo.*	698,000	702,000	750,026	-52,000	-6.9
Franklin, Mo.	51,000	51,000	44,566	+7,000	+14.9
Jefferson, Mo.	85,000	83,000	66,377	+19,000	+28.8
St. Charles, Mo.	74,000	72,000	52,970	+21,000	+40.4
St. Louis, Mo.	862,000	831,000	703,532	+158,000	+22.5
Madison, Ill.	244,000	242,000	224,689	+19,000	+8.5
St. Clair, Ill.	269,000	269,000	262,509	+7,000	+2.6
SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH	526,000	523,000	447,795	+78,000	+17.5
Salt Lake*	439,000	440,000	383,035	+56,000	+14.6
Davis	87,000	83,000	64,760	+22,000	+34.1
SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS	832,000	807,000	716,168	+115,000	+16.1
Bexar*	798,000	774,000	687,151	+111,000	+16.1
Guadalupe	34,000	33,000	29,017	+5,000	+16.7
SAN BERNARDINO-RIVERSIDE-ONTARIO, CALIF.	1,040,000	1,016,000	809,782	+231,000	+28.5
Riverside*	414,000	402,000	306,191	+108,000	+35.4
San Bernardino*	626,000	613,000	503,591	+122,000	+24.3
SAN DIEGO, CALIF.	1,168,000	1,137,000	1,033,011	+135,000	+13.0
San Diego*	1,168,000	1,137,000	1,033,011	+135,000	+13.0
SAN FRANCISCO-OAKLAND, CALIF.	2,958,000	2,919,000	2,648,762	+309,000	+11.7
Alameda*	1,030,000	1,016,000	908,209	+122,000	+13.4
San Francisco*	714,000	721,000	740,316	-27,000	-3.6
Contra Costa	514,000	497,000	409,030	+105,000	+25.7
Marin	187,000	181,000	146,820	+40,000	+27.3
San Mateo	513,000	503,000	444,387	+69,000	+15.5
SAN JOSE, CALIF.	928,000	885,000	642,315	+286,000	+44.5
Santa Clara*	928,000	885,000	642,315	+286,000	+44.5
SEATTLE-EVERETT, WASH.	1,214,000	1,179,000	1,107,213	+107,000	+9.7
King*	1,009,000	980,000	935,014	+74,000	+7.9
Snohomish*	206,000	199,000	172,199	+33,000	+19.4
SPRINGFIELD-CHICOPEE-HOLYOKE, MASS.[1]	547,000	550,000	532,582	+15,000	+2.7
Hampden*	436,000	439,000	429,353	+7,000	+1.6
Hampshire	111,000	111,000	103,229	+8,000	+7.5
SYRACUSE, N.Y.	613,000	606,000	563,781	+49,000	+8.7
Onondaga*	461,000	456,000	423,028	+38,000	+9.0
Madison	58,000	57,000	54,635	+3,000	+5.3
Oswego	95,000	93,000	86,118	+8,000	+9.8
TAMPA-ST. PETERSBURG, FLA.	883,000	873,000	772,453	+111,000	+14.3
Hillsborough*	451,000	448,000	397,788	+53,000	+13.3
Pinellas*	433,000	426,000	374,665	+58,000	+15.5
TOLEDO, OHIO-MICH.	664,000	657,000	630,647	+33,000	+5.3
Lucas, Ohio*	477,000	473,000	456,931	+20,000	+4.4
Wood, Ohio	77,000	76,000	72,596	+4,000	+5.6
Monroe, Mich.	110,000	108,000	101,120	+9,000	+9.0

[1]Data shown for Massachusetts State Economic Area A. For Springfield-Chicopee-Holyoke SMSA, 1960 population was 493,999.

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Table 1.--PROVISIONAL ESTIMATES OF THE POPULATION OF THE LARGEST STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS, BY CONSTITUENT COUNTIES: JULY 1, 1966--Continued

(Includes the 72 SMSA's with 1960 population of 350,000 or more as currently defined by the Bureau of the Budget. Asterisk (*) indicates central county)

Standard metropolitan statistical area and county	Population			Change, 1960 to 1966	
	July 1, 1966 (provisional)	July 1, 1965	April 1, 1960 (census)	Number	Percent
TULSA, OKLAHOMA	441,000	433,000	418,974	+22,000	+5.4
Tulsa*	368,000	360,000	346,038	+22,000	+6.3
Creek	44,000	43,000	40,495	+3,000	+8.0
Osage	30,000	30,000	32,441	-3,000	-8.2
WASHINGTON, D.C.-MD.-VA	2,615,000	2,522,000	[2]2,064,090	+551,000	+26.7
District of Columbia*	806,000	802,000	763,956	+42,000	+5.5
Montgomery, Md	446,000	424,000	340,928	+105,000	+30.7
Prince Georges, Md	558,000	521,000	357,395	+201,000	+56.1
Alexandria city, Va	107,000	107,000	91,023	+16,000	+17.7
Arlington, Va	180,000	179,000	163,401	+17,000	+10.1
Fairfax, Va.[1]	400,000	375,000	[2]272,674	+127,000	+46.6
Loudoun, Va	34,000	32,000	24,549	+10,000	+39.1
Prince William, Va	85,000	78,000	50,164	+35,000	+68.8
WICHITA, KANS	391,000	389,000	381,626	+10,000	+2.6
Sedgwick*	352,000	350,000	343,231	+9,000	+2.6
Butler	39,000	39,000	38,395	+1,000	+1.8
WILMINGTON, DEL.-N.J.-MD	466,000	462,000	414,565	+51,000	+12.4
New Castle, Del.[3] *	351,000	348,000	307,446	+44,000	+14.2
Salem, N.J	62,000	62,000	58,711	+3,000	+5.8
Cecil, Md	52,000	52,000	48,408	+4,000	+8.3
YOUNGSTOWN-WARREN, OHIO	525,000	523,000	509,006	+16,000	+3.1
Mahoning*	301,000	301,000	300,480	(Z)	+0.1
Trumbull*	224,000	222,000	208,526	+15,000	+7.4

Z Less than 500.
[1]Includes Falls Church and Fairfax cities.
[2]Adjusted to exclude 12,520 erroneously reported in Fairfax County.
[3]A special census of New Castle County was completed as of September 20, 1967. A preliminary count which became available at the time the report was being published indicated a population of 364,394.

Table 2.--PROVISIONAL ESTIMATES OF THE POPULATION OF STANDARD CONSOLIDATED AREAS, BY CONSTITUENT PARTS: JULY 1, 1966

(Areas as defined January 1, 1967, by the Bureau of the Budget)

Standard consolidated area	Population			Change, 1960 to 1966	
	July 1, 1966 (provisional)	July 1, 1965	April 1, 1960 (census)	Number	Percent
CHICAGO-NORTHWESTERN INDIANA	7,331,000	7,284,000	6,794,461	+536,000	+7.9
Chicago, Ill., SMSA	6,732,000	6,689,000	6,220,913	+511,000	+8.2
Gary-Hammond-East Chicago, Ind., SMSA	599,000	596,000	573,548	+26,000	+4.5
NEW YORK-NORTHEASTERN NEW JERSEY	15,902,000	15,821,000	14,759,428	+1,143,000	+7.7
New York, N.Y., SMSA	11,410,000	11,366,000	10,694,632	+716,000	+6.7
Jersey City, N.J., SMSA	616,000	619,000	610,734	+5,000	+0.9
Newark, N.J., SMSA	1,862,000	1,851,000	1,689,420	+173,000	+10.2
Paterson-Clifton-Passaic, N.J., SMSA	1,318,000	1,307,000	1,186,873	+131,000	+11.0
Middlesex County, N.J	512,000	501,000	433,856	+78,000	+18.0
Somerset County, N.J	183,000	178,000	143,913	+39,000	+27.4

Table 3.--POPULATION OF THE LARGEST STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS, BY RANK: 1966 AND 1960

Standard metropolitan statistical areas	Population		Rank	
	July 1, 1966 (prov.)	April 1, 1960 (census)	1966	1960
New York, N.Y.	11,410,000	10,694,633	1	1
Los Angeles-Long Beach, Calif.	6,789,000	6,038,771	2	3
Chicago, Ill.	6,732,000	6,220,913	3	2
Philadelphia, Pa.-N.J.	4,690,000	4,342,897	4	4
Detroit, Mich.	4,060,000	3,762,360	5	5
Boston, Lawrence-Haverhill, Lowell, Mass.[1]	3,201,000	3,109,158	6	6
San Francisco-Oakland, Calif.	2,958,000	2,648,762	7	7
Washington, D.C.-Md.-Va.	2,615,000	2,064,090	8	10
Pittsburgh, Pa.	2,376,000	2,405,435	9	8
St. Louis, Mo.-Ill.	2,284,000	2,104,669	10	9
Cleveland, Ohio	2,004,000	1,909,483	11	11
Baltimore, Md.	1,980,000	1,803,745	12	12
Newark, N.J.	1,862,000	1,689,420	13	13
Houston, Tex.	1,740,000	1,418,323	14	15
Minneapolis-St. Paul, Minn.	1,629,000	1,482,030	15	14
Cincinnati, Ohio-Ky.-Ind.	1,353,000	1,268,479	16	18
Dallas, Tex.	1,352,000	1,119,410	17	20
Milwaukee, Wis.	1,331,000	1,278,850	18	17
Buffalo, N.Y.	1,323,000	1,306,957	19	16
Paterson-Clifton-Passaic, N.J.	1,318,000	1,186,873	20	19
Atlanta, Ga.	1,258,000	1,017,188	21	24
Seattle-Everett, Wash.	1,214,000	1,107,213	22	21
Kansas City, Mo.-Kans.	1,209,000	1,092,545	23	22
San Diego, Calif.	1,168,000	1,033,011	24	23
Anaheim-Santa Ana-Garden Grove, Calif.	1,164,000	703,925	25	39
Denver, Colo.	1,083,000	929,383	26	27
Miami, Fla.	1,081,000	935,047	27	26
New Orleans, La.	1,044,000	907,123	28	28
San Bernardino-Riverside-Ontario, Calif.	1,040,000	809,782	29	30
Indianapolis, Ind.	1,027,000	944,475	30	25
San Jose, Calif.	928,000	642,315	31	44
Portland, Oreg.-Wash.	908,000	821,897	32	29
Tampa-St. Petersburg, Fla.	883,000	772,453	33	31
Columbus, Ohio	851,000	754,885	34	32
Phoenix, Ariz.	838,000	663,510	35	42
San Antonio, Tex.	832,000	716,168	36	38
Rochester, N.Y.	820,000	732,588	37	33
Dayton, Ohio	803,000	727,121	38	34
Hartford, New Britain, Conn.[1]	777,000	689,555	39	40
Louisville, Ky.-Ind.	775,000	725,139	40	35
Memphis, Tenn.-Ark.	752,000	674,583	41	41
Sacramento, Calif.	749,000	625,503	42	46
Providence-Pawtucket-Warwick, R.I.[1]	736,000	718,543	43	37
Birmingham, Ala.	734,000	721,207	44	36
Albany-Schenectady-Troy, N.Y.	701,000	657,503	45	43
Toledo, Ohio-Mich.	664,000	630,647	46	45
Akron, Ohio	652,000	605,367	47	48
Fort Worth, Tex.	638,000	573,215	48	51
Norfolk-Portsmouth, Va.	637,000	578,507	49	49
Jersey City, N.J.	616,000	610,734	50	47
Syracuse, N.Y.	613,000	563,781	51	52
Gary-Hammond-E. Chicago, Ind.	599,000	573,548	52	50
Oklahoma City, Okla.	588,000	511,833	53	55
Honolulu, Hawaii	585,000	500,409	54	57
Greensboro-Winston-Salem-High Point, N.C.	571,000	520,249	55	54
Springfield-Chicopee-Holyoke, Mass.[1]	547,000	532,582	56	53
Salt Lake City, Utah	526,000	447,795	57	63
Youngstown-Warren, Ohio	525,000	509,006	58	56
Nashville, Tenn.	523,000	463,628	59	59
Omaha, Nebr.-Iowa	520,000	457,783	60	61
Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton, Pa.-N.J.	516,000	492,168	61	58
Grand Rapids, Mich.	505,000	461,906	62	60
Jacksonville, Fla.	500,000	455,411	63	62
Richmond, Va.	493,000	436,044	64	64
Flint, Mich.	469,000	416,239	65	66
Wilmington, Del.-N.J.-Md.	466,000	414,565	66	67
Tulsa, Okla.	441,000	418,974	67	65
Fresno, Calif.	409,000	365,945	68	71
Harrisburg, Pa.	392,000	371,653	69	69
Wichita, Kans.	391,000	381,626	70	68
Knoxville, Tenn.	388,000	368,080	71	70
Mobile, Ala.	385,000	363,389	72	72

[1]Metropolitan State economic area.