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Consumer Income

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HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1969 AND SELECTED SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC CHARACTERISTICS OF HOUSEHOLDS

The median income of households in the United States was $8,389 in 1969. This figure is 8.3 percent above the 1968 median.

An estimated 10.2 million households or 16.2 percent of the 62.9 million households in the Nation received money incomes under $3,000 in 1969. The number of households in this income range declined approximately 600,000 from the previous year. Households with incomes between $3,000 and $5,000 numbered 7.5 million, or 11.9 percent, in 1969; 12.4 percent, or 7.8 million, had incomes between $5,000 and $7,000; and 19.7 percent had incomes between $7,000 and $10,000. The number of households having incomes above $10,000 was 25.0 million, an increase of 3.7 million households over 1968.

Table A. NUMBER AND PERCENT OF HOUSEHOLDS BY 1969 HOUSEHOLD INCOME

(Households as of March 1970)

Household income	Households	
	Number	Percent
Total	62,874,000	100.0
Under $1,000	2,016,000	3.2
$1,000 to $1,999	4,289,000	6.8
$2,000 to $2,999	3,895,000	6.2
$3,000 to $3,999	3,886,000	6.2
$4,000 to $4,999	3,603,000	5.7
$5,000 to $5,999	3,795,000	6.0
$6,000 to $6,999	4,011,000	6.4
$7,000 to $7,999	4,298,000	6.8
$8,000 to $9,999	8,106,000	12.9
$10,000 to $14,999	14,524,000	23.1
$15,000 and over	10,450,000	16.6

Data in this report were derived from the Current Population Survey conducted by the Bureau of the Census and are subject to sampling variability which may be relatively large for the smaller figures and for small differences between figures. For a further discussion of the sampling variability, see the section on "Source and reliability of the estimates" below. The difference between household and family incomes is discussed in Series P-60, No. 62.

RELATED REPORTS

An advance summary report including data on income and other characteristics obtained from the March 1970 CPS was published on July 13, 1970, as Series P-20, No. 204. An advance report showing 1969 income data cross-classified by selected characteristics of families, persons, and households was issued on July 16, 1970, as Series P-60, No. 70.

This report was prepared by John F. Coder and Emmett F. Spiers of the Consumer Income Statistics Branch, Population Division.

For sale by the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402, 20 cents.
Current Population Reports issued in Series P-20, P-23, P-25, P-26, P-27, P-28 (summaries only), P-60, and P-65 are sold as a single consolidated subscription at $8.50 per year, $2.50 additional for foreign mailing.

DEFINITIONS AND EXPLANATIONS

Population coverage.--The population covered in this report includes the civilian population of the United States plus approximately 1,161,000 members of the Armed Forces in the United States living off post or with their families on post, but excludes all other members of the Armed Forces. This report excludes inmates of institutions and persons residing in group quarters.

Farm-nonfarm residence.--The farm population refers to rural residents living on farms. The method of determining farm-nonfarm residence in the present survey and in the Current Population Surveys since March 1960 is the same as that used in the 1960 census but differs from that used in earlier surveys and censuses. Since March 1960 in the Current Population Surveys, farm residence has been determined by the responses to two questions. Owners are asked "Does this place have 10 or more acres?" and renters are asked "Does the place you rent have 10 or more acres?" If the response is "Yes," the respondent is asked "During the past 12 months, did sales of crops, livestock, and other farm products from this place amount to $50 or more?" If the acreage response is "No," the inquiry relates to sales of $250 or more. Rural persons in institutions, motels, and tourist camps, and those living on rented places where no land is used for farming, are not classified as farm population.

The nonfarm population, as the term is used here, comprises persons living in urban areas and rural persons not on farms.

Household.--A household consists of all the persons who occupy a house, an apartment, or other group of rooms, or a room, which constitutes a housing unit. A group of rooms or a single room is regarded as a housing unit when it is occupied as separate living quarters; that is, when the occupants do not live and eat with any other persons in the structure, and when there is either (1) direct access from the outside or through a common hall, or (2) a kitchen or cooking equipment for the exclusive use of the occupants. The count of households excludes persons living in group quarters, such as rooming houses, military barracks, and institutions.

Group quarters.--Group quarters are living arrangements for institutional inmates regardless of the number of inmates, or for other groups containing five or more persons unrelated to the person in charge.

Head of household.--One person in each household was designated as the "head." The number of heads, therefore, is equal to the number of households. The head of a household is usually the person regarded as the head by members of the household. Women are not classified as heads if their husbands are resident members of the household at the time of the survey. Married couples related to the head of a household are included in the head's household and are not classified as separate households.

Size of household.--The term "size of household" refers to the number of persons occupying a housing unit.

Number of related children under 18 years of age.--This number refers to all children in the household under 18 years old related to the head of the household by blood, marriage, or adoption.

Marital status.--The marital status classification identifies four major categories: Single, married, widowed, and divorced. These terms refer to the marital status at the time of the enumeration.

The category "married" is further divided into "married, wife present," "separated," and "other married, wife absent" for male heads and "married, husband absent" by reason for absence of husband for female heads. A male head was classified "married, wife present" if his wife was reported as a member of the household, even though she may have been temporarily absent on business or on vacation, visiting, in a hospital, etc., at the time of the enumeration. Persons reported as separated included those with legal separations, those living apart with intentions of obtaining a divorce, and other persons permanently, or temporarily separated because of marital discord. The groups "other married, wife absent" and "other married, husband absent" include married persons living apart because either the wife or the husband was employed, and living at a considerable distance from home, was residing in an institution, had moved to another area, or had a different place of residence for any other reason except separation as defined above.

Husband in Armed Forces.--When a woman was reported as married but her husband was not enumerated as a member of the same household, an additional question was asked to determine whether her husband was in the Armed Forces. Women who were reported as separated were not asked the additional question.

Family.--The term "family," as used in this report, refers to a group of two or more persons related by blood, marriage, or adoption and residing together; all such persons are considered as members of the same family. Thus, if the son

the head of the household and the son's wife are in the household, they are treated as part of the head's family. On the other hand, a lodger and his wife not related to the head of the household or an unrelated servant and his wife are considered as secondary families (in households) and not as part of the household head's family. Beginning in 1968, secondary families in group quarters (only 37,000 in 1967) are no longer shown; instead the members are classified as secondary individuals in group quarters.

Income.--For each person in the sample 14 years old and over, questions were asked on the amount of money income received in 1969 from each of the following sources: (1) Money wages or salary; (2) net income from nonfarm self-employment; (3) net income from farm self-employment; (4) Social Security; (5) dividends, interest (on savings or bonds), income from estates or trusts or net rental income; (6) public assistance or welfare payments; (7) unemployment compensation, government employee pensions, or veterans' payments; (8) private pensions, annuities, alimony, regular contributions from persons not living in this household, net royalties, and other periodic income.

The amounts received represent income before deductions for personal taxes, Social Security, bonds, etc. If any amount was $10,000 or more, it was recorded as a specific amount whenever possible. When the respondent did not know the specific amount but reported it within specified limits, the midpoint of the amount was coded (i.e., "$10,000 to $15,000" was coded as "$12,500"). If an indefinite amount was reported such as "over $10,000," the information was coded as "$15,100." It should be noted that although the income statistics refer to receipts during 1969 the characteristics of the person, such as age, labor force status, etc., and the composition of households refer to March 1970. The income of the household does not include amounts received by persons who were members of the family during all or part of the calendar year 1969 if these persons no longer resided with the family at the time of enumeration. On the other hand, household income includes amounts reported by related persons who did not reside in the household during 1969 but who were members of the family at the time of enumeration.

Data on consumer income collected by the Bureau of the Census cover money income (exclusive of certain money receipts such as capital gains) prior to deductions for taxes. The fact that many farm households receive part of their income in the form of rent-free housing and goods produced and consumed on the farm, rather than in money, should be taken into consideration in comparing the income of farm and nonfarm residents. It should be noted that nonmoney incomes are also received by some nonfarm residents. They often take the form of business expense accounts, use of business transportation and facilities, full or partial compensation by business for medical and educational expenses, etc. In analyzing size distributions of income, it should be recognized that capital gains tend to be concentrated more among higher income units than among lower ones.

Money wages or salary.--This is defined as the total money earnings received for work performed as an employee during the calendar year 1969. It includes wages, salary, Armed Forces pay, commissions, tips, piece-rate payments, and cash bonuses earned, before deduction were made for taxes, bonds, pensions, union dues, etc.

Net income from nonfarm self-employment.--This is defined as net money income (gross receipts minus expenses) from his own business, professional enterprise, or partnership. Gross receipts include the value of all goods sold and services rendered. Expenses include costs of goods purchased, rent, heat, light, power, depreciation charges, wages and salaries paid, business taxes (not personal income taxes), etc. In general, inventory changes were considered in determining net income; replies based on income tax returns or other official records do reflect inventory changes; however, when values of inventory changes were not reported, net income figures exclusive of inventory changes were accepted. The value of salable merchandise consumed by the proprietors of retail stores is not included as part of net income.

Net income from farm self-employment.--This is defined as net money income (gross receipts minus operating expenses) from the operation of a farm by a person on his own account, as an owner, renter, or sharecropper. Gross receipts include the value of all products sold, government crop loans, money received from the rental of farm equipment to others, and incidental receipts from the sale of wood, sand, gravel, etc. Operating expenses include cost of feed, fertilizer, seed, and other farming supplies, cash wages paid to farmhands, depreciation charges, cash rent, interest on farm mortgages, farm building repairs, farm taxes (not State and Federal income taxes), etc. The value of fuel, food, or other farm products used for household living is not included as part of net income. Inventory changes were considered in determining net income only when they were accounted for in replies based on income tax returns or other official records which reflect inventory changes; otherwise inventory changes were not taken into account.

Social Security.--This is defined as Social Security pensions and survivors' benefits, and permanent disability insurance payments made by the Social Security Administration prior to deductions for medical insurance and railroad retirement insurance checks from the U.S. Government.

Dividends, interest (on savings or bonds), income from estates or trusts, or net rental income.--This category includes dividends from stockholdings or membership in associations, interest on savings or bonds, periodic receipts from estates or trust funds, net income from rental of a house, store, or other property to others, and receipts from boarders or lodgers.

Public assistance or welfare payments.--This category includes public assistance payments such as old-age assistance, aid to families with dependent children, and aid to the blind or totally disabled.

Unemployment compensation, government employee pensions, or veterans' payments.--This category includes: (1) Unemployment compensation received from government unemployment insurance agencies or private companies during periods of unemployment and any strike benefits received from union funds; (2) government employee pensions received from retirement pensions paid by Federal, State, county, or other governmental agencies to former employees (including members of the Armed Forces) or their survivors; (3) money paid periodically by the Veterans' Administration to disabled members of the Armed Forces or to survivors of deceased veterans, subsistence allowances paid to veterans for education and on the job training, as well as so-called "refunds" paid to ex-servicemen as GI insurance premiums; also includes (4) workmen's compensation received periodically from public or private insurance companies for injuries incurred at work. The cost of this insurance must have been paid by the employer and not by the person.

Private pensions, annuities, alimony, regular contributions from persons not living in the household, net royalties, and other periodic income.--The following types of income are included in this group: (1) Private pensions or retirement benefits paid to a retired person or his survivors by a former employer or by a union, either directly or through an insurance company; (2) periodic receipts from annuities or insurance; (3) alimony and child support; (4) contributions received periodically from persons not living in the household; (5) net royalties; and (6) other periodic income such as military family allotments, net gambling winnings, and other kinds of periodic income other than earnings.

Receipts not counted as income.--Receipts from the following sources were not included as income: (1) Money received from the sale of property, such as stocks, bonds, a house, or a car (unless the person was engaged in the business of selling such property, in which case the net proceeds would be counted as income from self-employment); (2) withdrawals of bank deposits; (3) money borrowed; (4) tax refunds; (5) gifts; and (6) lump-sum inheritances or insurance payments.

Total money income.--This is defined as the algebraic sum of money wages and salaries, net income from self-employment, and income other than earnings. The total income of a household is the algebraic sum of the amounts received by all income recipients in the household.

The income tables for households include in the lowest income group (under $1,000) those that were classified as having no income in 1969 and those reporting a loss in net income from farm and nonfarm self-employment or in rental income. Many of these were living on income "in kind," savings, or gifts; or were newly constituted households, unrelated individuals who had recently left families, or households in which the sole breadwinner had recently died or had left the household. However, many of the households who reported no income probably had some money income which was not recorded in the survey.

Number of earners.--This number includes all persons in the household with $1 or more in wages and salaries, or $1 or more or a loss in net income from farm or nonfarm self-employment.

Median income.--The median income is the amount which divides the distribution into two equal groups, one having incomes above the median, and the other having incomes below the median.

Mean income.--The mean income is the amount obtained by dividing the total income of a group by the number of households or persons (as appropriate) in that group.

Age.--The age classification is based on the age of the person at his last birthday.

Race.--The population is divided into three groups on the basis of race: white, Negro, and "other races." The last category includes Indians, Japanese, Chinese, and any other race except white and Negro. "Other races" are usually shown in combination with the Negro population.

Years of school completed.--Data on years of school completed in this report were derived from the combination of answers to questions concerning

the highest grade of school attended by the person and whether or not that grade was finished. The questions of educational attainment apply only to progress in "regular" schools. Such schools include graded public, private, and parochial elementary and high schools (both junior and senior high), colleges, universities, and professional schools, whether day schools or night schools. Thus, regular schooling is that which may advance a person toward an elementary school certificate or a high school diploma, or a college, university, or professional school degree. Schooling in other than regular schools was counted only if the credits obtained were regarded as transferable to a school in the regular school system.

The median years of school completed is defined as the value which divides the distribution into two equal groups, one having completed more schooling and one having completed less schooling than the median. These medians are expressed in terms of a continuous series of numbers representing years of school completed. For example, a median of 9.0 represents the completion of the first year of high school and a median of 13.0 means completion of the first year of college.

Labor force and employment status.--The definitions of labor force and employment status in this report relate to the population 14 years old and over.

Employed.--Employed persons comprise (1) all civilians who, during the specified week, did any work at all as paid employees or in their own business or profession, or on their own farm, or who worked 15 hours or more as unpaid workers on a farm or in a business operated by a member of the family, and (2) all those who were not working but who had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent because of illness, bad weather, vacation, or labor-management dispute, or because they were taking time off for personal reasons, whether or not they were paid by their employers for time off, and whether or not they were seeking other jobs. Excluded from the employed group are persons whose only activity consisted of work around the house (such as own home housework, painting or repairing own home, etc.) or volunteer work for religious, charitable, and similar organizations.

Unemployed.--Unemployed persons are those civilians who, during the survey week, had no employment but were available for work and (1) had engaged in any specific jobseeking activity within the past 4 weeks, such as registering at a public or private employment office, meeting with prospective employers, checking with friends or relatives, placing or answering advertisements, writing letters of application, or being on a union or professional register; (2) were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off; or (3) were waiting to report to a new wage or salary job within 30 days.

Labor force.--Persons are classified as in the labor force if they were employed as civilians, unemployed, or in the Armed Forces during the survey week. The "civilian labor force" is comprised of all civilians classified as employed or unemployed.

Not in the labor force.--All civilians who are not classified as employed or unemployed are defined as "not in the labor force." This group who are neither employed nor seeking work includes persons engaged only in own home housework, attending school, or unable to work because of long-term physical or mental illness; persons who are retired or too old to work, seasonal workers for whom the survey week fell in an off season, and the voluntarily idle. Persons doing only unpaid family work (less than 15 hours) are also classified as not in the labor force.

Occupation.--The data on occupation of employed persons refer to the civilian job held during the survey week. Persons employed at two or more jobs were reported in the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours during the week.

The occupation groupings used here are mainly the major groups used in the 1960 Census of Population. The composition of these groups is shown in Volume I, Characteristics of the Population, Part 1, United States Summary, chapter D. The categories used are either detailed classifications or combinations thereof.

Rounding.--Percentages are rounded to the nearest tenth of a percent; therefore, the percentages in a distribution do not always add to exactly 100.0 percent. The totals, however, are always shown as 100.0.

Base figures.--An estimate of the size of the base (number of households) of each percent distribution by income in 1969 is shown in most of the tables in this report. The base figures shown in this report were prepared by inflating weighted sample results to agree with independent estimates of the population based on statistics updated from the 1960 census.

COMPARABILITY OF CURRENT POPULATION SURVEY INCOME DATA WITH OTHER DATA

Office of Business Economics personal income series.--The income data presented in this report are not directly comparable with estimates of aggregate personal income prepared by the Office of Business Economics of the Department of Commerce (OBE), nor with the distributions of families

and unrelated individuals by family personal income brackets published by that Office. The lack of correspondence stems from the following differences in definition and coverage:

1. Income definition.--The personal income series includes, among other items, the following types of nonmoney income which are not included in the census definition: Wages received in kind, the value of food and fuel produced and consumed on farms, the net rental value of owner-occupied homes, the property income received by mutual life insurance companies, and the value of the services of banks and other financial intermediaries rendered to persons without the assessment of specific charges. These items of income in kind account for about 4 percent of total personal income. The Census Bureau definition of income, on the other hand, includes such items as regular contributions for support received from persons who do not reside in the same living quarters, income received from roomers and boarders residing in households, and employee contributions for social insurance, which are not included in the personal income series. These items, however, represent a smaller income total than the nonmoney items included in personal income.

2. Source of data.--The personal income series is estimated largely on the basis of data derived from business and governmental sources. These sources include the industrial and population censuses, employers' wage reports under the Social Security programs, and records of disbursements to individuals by governmental agencies. The OBE's distributions of families and unrelated individuals by family personal income brackets, which are based on consolidated data from Federal individual income tax returns supplemented by information from field surveys of family income, have been adjusted to agree statistically with the totals in the personal income series. The income data presented in the census reports on the other hand, are based directly on field surveys of households. As discussed in the section on "Source and reliability of the estimates," income data obtained in household interviews are subject to various types of reporting errors which tend to produce an understatement of income. It is estimated that the income surveys conducted by the Bureau of the Census during the past few years have obtained about 87 percent of the comparable total money income aggregates and about 96 percent of the comparable money wage or salary aggregates included in the personal income series prepared by the OBE.

3. Population coverage.--The Bureau of the Census excluded from its sample inmates of institutions and military personnel overseas or living on post in the United States. Moreover, persons residing in group quarters at the time the survey was taken are excluded from this report. The income of these groups is included in the aggregate personal income series released by the OBE but is excluded from the OBE's family income distributions. In addition, the income of persons who died or emigrated prior to the date of interview was not reported in the census inquiry.

4. Average income.--The average income figures (e.g., for geographical regions) represent income per capita, i.e., they were derived by dividing total income by the total population including men, women, and children. Most of the census averages, in contrast, are for families (or for unrelated individuals or income recipients 14 years old and over).

Department of Agriculture farm income series.--The farm income data shown in this report are not directly comparable with estimates of the aggregate amount of income received by the farm population and estimates of the aggregate farm income of farm operators which are prepared by the Economic Research Service of the Department of Agriculture. Data from the two sources differ in several respects for the reasons cited below:

1. The census data show distributions of persons by farm self-employment income levels and distributions of persons by total money income levels, but do not show estimates of the amount of aggregate income. Agriculture estimates provide information on the amount of aggregate income received by the population but do not provide distributions by income level.

2. The agriculture estimates are based on data derived from farm, business, and governmental sources. As indicated previously, the data presented in this report are based on a field survey of households.

3. The definitions of income are different. The census definition includes, among others, the following items which are not included in the agriculture series: Contributions for support received from persons not residing in the same living quarters and government and business transfers of income.

4. The census data on the total money income of the farm population differ from the agriculture estimates of "net income of the farm population" for reasons other than those cited previously, as follows:

a. The census data do not include under the farm classification the incomes of those nonfarm residents who reported the receipt of some

farm income while the agriculture series includes the total net farm income of all farm operators.

b. Income in kind--the imputed value of farm products grown and consumed directly in farm households, and the imputed rental value of owner-occupied farm dwellings--is included in the agriculture series but excluded from the census definition of income.

5. The census data on the civilian noninstitutional population's net income from the operation of a farm differ from the agriculture estimates of farm operators' "net cash income from farming" for reasons other than those cited above, as follows:

a. The census estimates are based on the answers to a single direct question on how much net income was derived from operation of a farm during the preceding calendar year. The agriculture series on "net cash income from farming" is derived by summing estimated cash receipts for a large number of crop and livestock items, and subtracting estimates of the various kinds of cash production expenses incurred.

b. The agriculture series includes the net income of farm operators from the rental of farms to other farmers but the census definition classified these receipts as income other than earnings, not income from farm self-employment.

c. The agriculture definition of farm expenses used in deriving "net cash income from farming" includes actual expenditures on the repair, construction, or purchase of buildings, machinery, and other capital equipment added on the place while the census definition includes only the money spent on repairs. On the other hand, depreciation charges are treated as farm expenses under the census definition but not in the agriculture series on "net cash income from farming."

Surveys of Consumer Finances.--The Survey of Consumer Finances which has been conducted annually by the Survey Research Center of the University of Michigan provides, among other data, information on the size distribution of income. These surveys are based on nationwide samples that cover all persons in private households. Several important differences between the Survey of Consumer Finances and the present report may be noted:

1. The income-receiving unit in the Survey of Consumer Finances estimates is the spending unit or the family, whereas the data in the present report relate to households.

2. The Survey of Consumer Finances estimates are based on a sample which is different from and smaller (approximately 2,000 spending units in 66 areas) than the census sample. Differences between the results are subject to sampling variability arising from each survey. This factor alone could account for moderate discrepancies between the two sets of data.

3. There are some differences in the estimating procedure. The Bureau of the Census inflated its weighted sample results to agree with independent estimates of the civilian population of the United States by age, race, and sex, whereas the Survey of Consumer Finances weighted sample results were inflated to agree with independent estimates of occupied dwelling units.

4. Only eight income questions are asked for each person in the Bureau of the Census sample whereas numerous detailed questions on income and other financial items are asked of the head of the spending unit and all other members in the spending unit in each household in the Survey of Consumer Finances sample.

Federal income tax data.--For several reasons, the income data shown in this report are not directly comparable with those which may be obtained from statistical summaries of income tax returns. Income, as defined for tax purposes, differs somewhat from the concept used by the Bureau of the Census. For example, certain types of receipts such as veterans' payments, Social Security benefits, and relief payments, which constitute the main income source for some families, are excluded from income tax coverage. Moreover, the coverage of income tax statistics is less inclusive because persons receiving less than $600 (less than $1,200, if 65 years old and over) are not required to file returns. Furthermore, some income tax returns are filed as separate returns and others as joint returns; and, consequently, the income reporting unit is not consistently either a family or a person.

Old-Age, Survivors', Disability and Health Insurance earnings record data.--Census data shown in this report and the distributions made upon the basis of Old-Age, Survivors', Disability and Health Insurance earnings record data differ for the reasons listed below:

1. The earnings of the following groups are not covered by the earnings record data: many Federal, State, and local government employees, some employees of nonprofit organizations, workers covered by the Railroad Retirement Act, and persons who are not covered by the program because of insufficient earnings,

including some farm and nonfarm self-employed persons, some farm workers and domestic servants.

2. Employees' earnings in excess of $7,800 per employer are not covered by the earnings record data.

3. Income other than earnings is not covered by the earnings record data.

4. The earnings record data are based upon employers' Social Security tax reports and the Federal income tax returns of self-employed persons, whereas the data presented in this report are obtained by household interviews.

SOURCE AND RELIABILITY OF THE ESTIMATES

Source of data.--The estimates are based on data obtained in the Current Population Survey of the Bureau of the Census. The sample is spread over 449 areas comprising 863 counties and independent cities with coverage in each of the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Approximately 50,000 occupied households are designated for interview each month. Of this number 2,250 occupied units, on the average, are visited but interviews are not obtained because the occupants are not found at home after repeated calls or are unavailable for some other reason. In addition to the 50,000, there are also about 8,500 sample units in an average month which are visited but are found to be vacant or otherwise not to be interviewed.

The estimating procedure used in this survey involved the inflation of the weighted sample results to independent estimates of the civilian noninstitutional population of the United States by age, race, and sex. These independent estimates were based on statistics from the 1960 Census of Population; statistics of births, deaths, immigration, and emigration; and statistics on the strength of the Armed Forces.

Reliability of the estimates.--Since the estimates are based on a sample, they may differ somewhat from the figure that would have been obtained if a complete census had been taken using the same schedules, instructions, and enumerators. As in any survey work, the results are subject to errors of response and of reporting as well as being subject to sampling variability.

In most cases the schedule entries for income are based on memory rather than on records, and in the majority of cases on the memory or knowledge of one person, usually the wife of the family head. The memory factor in data derived from field surveys of income probably produces underestimates because the tendency is to forget minor or irregular sources of income. Other errors of reporting are due to misrepresention or to misunderstanding as to the scope of the income concept.

The standard error is primarily a measure of sampling variability, that is, of the variations that occur by chance because a sample rather than the entire population is surveyed. As calculated for this report, the standard error also partially measures the effect of response and enumeration errors, but it does not measure, as such, any systematic biases in the data. The chances are about 68 out of 100 that an estimate from the sample would differ from a complete census figure by less than the standard error. The chances are about 95 out of 100 that the difference would be less than twice the standard error.

The figures presented in table B are approximations to the standard errors of various estimates shown in this report. In order to derive standard errors that would be applicable to a wide variety of items and could be prepared at a moderate cost, a number of approximations were required. As a result, the table of standard errors provides an indication of the order of magnitude of the standard errors rather than the precise standard error for any specific item.

The reliability of an estimated percentage, computed by using sample data for both numerator and denominator, depends upon both the size of the percentage and the size of the total upon which

Table B. STANDARD ERRORS OF ESTIMATED PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLDS

Estimated percentage	Base of estimated percentage (thousands)							
	250	500	1,000	2,500	5,000	10,000	25,000	50,000
2 or 98	1.3	0.9	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1
5 or 95	2.0	1.4	1.0	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1
10 or 90	2.7	1.9	1.3	0.8	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2
25 or 75	3.9	2.8	2.0	1.3	0.8	0.6	0.4	0.3
50	4.5	3.2	2.3	1.4	1.0	0.7	0.4	0.4

the percentage is based. Estimated percentages are relatively more reliable than the corresponding absolute estimates of the numerator of the percentage, particularly if the percent is large (50 percent or greater).

Table B shows the standard errors of the estimated percentage of households in a given category.

Illustration of use of the table of standard errors of percentages: Table 1 shows that an estimated 11.7 percent of households containing one person had an income of under $1,000 in 1969. Since the base of this percentage is 10,692,000 one-person households, interpolation in table B shows that the standard error of the estimated 11.7 percent is approximately 0.4 percent. The chances are 68 out of 100 that the estimate would have shown a figure differing from a complete census by less than 0.4 percent. The chances are 95 out of 100 that the estimate would be within 0.8 percent, (twice the standard error) of a census figure, i.e., this 95 percent confidence interval would be between 10.9 and 12.5 percent.

The tables in this report present estimates of median income and mean income as well as the corresponding distributions. The sampling variability of an estimated median depends upon the distribution as well as on the size of the base.

Confidence limits of a median based on sample data may be estimated as follows: (1) From table B using the appropriate base, determine the standard error of a 50-percent characteristic, (2) add to and subtract from 50 percent the standard error determined in step (1), (3) the confidence interval for the median corresponding to the two points established in step (2) are then read off the distribution of the characteristic. A two-standard-error confidence limit may be determined by finding the values corresponding to 50 percent plus and minus twice the standard error shown in table B.

Illustration of the computation of the standard error of a median: The median income of one-person households is $2,950 in 1969 (table 1). There were an estimated 10,692,000 households of this type.

1. From table B, the standard error of 50 percent of these households expressed as a percentage is about 0.7 percent.

2. As we are usually interested in the confidence interval for the median at the two-standard-error level, we add and subtract twice the standard error obtained in step (1). This yields percentage limits of 48.6 and 51.4.

3. Since 44.9 percent of these households had incomes below $2,500 and 5.8 percent had incomes between $2,500 and $2,999, the dollar value of the lower limit may be found by linear interpolation to be

$$\frac{48.6 - 44.9}{5.8} \times \$500 + \$2{,}499 = \$2{,}818$$

The dollar value of the upper limit is found to be

$$\frac{51.4 - 50.7}{5.3} \times \$500 + \$2{,}999 = \$3{,}065$$

Then a 95-percent confidence interval for the median income of one-person households is ($2,818, $3,065).

Approximating the standard error of a mean: To get a rough estimate of the standard error of a mean, the following formula can be used:

$$\sigma_{\bar{x}}^2 = R\left[\frac{\sum_{i=1}^{c} p_i x_i^2}{n} - \frac{\bar{x}^2}{n}\right]$$

where n is the weighted total number of cases in all c income classes.

p_i is the percentage of total cases in the ith income class.

x_i is the midpoint of the ith class.

$\bar{x}$ is the mean income of the distribution $\sum_{i=1}^{c} p_i x_i$

R is a constant which depends on the sample size, the sample design, and the estimation procedure. For calculations in this report, R = 1,800 may be used. To obtain an estimated standard error for a mean income, find $\sigma_{\bar{x}}^2$ and take the square root.

Table C contains 68 percent and 95 percent confidence intervals for various medians of differing magnitudes and bases. A 68 percent confidence interval is defined such that if many samples are taken and a one-standard error confidence interval is formed for each sample median, about 68 out of 100 of these intervals will contain the median which would be found if a full census were taken. For a two-standard error confidence interval, about 95 out of 100 of the intervals formed would contain the census median.

Table C. SAMPLING VARIABILITY OF SELECTED MEDIANS

Table and characteristics of households	Median	Base (thousands)	Confidence interval	
			68 percent	95 percent
TABLE 1				
All members related	$8,375	61,086	$8,340 - $8,450	$8,270 - $8,510
All members unrelated	7,807	1,011	7,460 - 8,190	7,120 - 8,640
Some members unrelated	9,917	778	9,530 - 10,380	9,140 - 10,970
TABLE 2				
Sex of head:				
Total	8,389	62,874	8,340 - 8,460	8,280 - 8,520
Male head	9,638	49,587	9,600 - 9,710	9,540 - 9,770
Female head	3,552	13,288	3,490 - 3,590	3,440 - 3,660
Residence:				
Nonfarm	8,499	60,150	8,450 - 8,570	8,390 - 8,630
Farm	5,936	2,724	5,780 - 6,100	5,630 - 6,270
Age of head:				
14 to 24 years	6,360	4,305	6,260 - 6,480	6,150 - 6,580
65 years and over	3,329	12,252	3,270 - 3,390	3,250 - 3,440
TABLE 4				
Multiple person households with all persons related to head:				
Husband-wife	10,010	43,938	9,970 - 10,090	9,920 - 10,140
Other male head	8,470	1,135	8,160 - 8,810	7,870 - 9,170
Female head	4,877	5,321	4,780 - 4,980	4,680 - 5,090
No other adults present	8,939	36,661	8,850 - 9,060	8,750 - 9,170
Some present	11,287	13,732	11,210 - 11,420	11,000 - 11,530
Male and female	13,652	2,088	13,370 - 13,940	13,070 - 14,240

MODIFICATIONS IN THE MARCH 1970 CURRENT POPULATION SURVEY

The Bureau introduced modifications in the collection of income data for the March 1970 CPS supplement. These were: (1) An advance letter informing households about the collection of income data was mailed to all households except those in the first and fifth months. A special letter mentioning the need for both CPS and Census data was sent to these latter households; (2) information on work experience and income was collected simultaneously for the full sample (in previous years, work experience information was collected separately from income data); (3) the interview period was extended 1 week for three-fourths of the sample (using followup calls and separate questionnaires). In addition, modified procedures which were incorporated in the March 1969 CPS supplement were also implemented in the March 1970 CPS. Overall, data indicate that the use of these procedures has resulted in some improvement in the collection of income data. The family income nonresponse rate has not only dropped by 5 percentage points but also it appears that the proportion of aggregate income amounts collected in the March 1970 CPS relative to benchmark totals have increased slightly in the March 1970 CPS supplement as compared with the proportion collected in prior years. Detailed results will be published at a later date.

Table 1.-SIZE OF HOUSEHOLD AND RELATIONSHIP--HOUSEHOLDS BY TOTAL MONEY INCOME IN 1969, FOR THE UNITED STATES

(Excludes inmates of institutions; includes 1,161,000 members of the Armed Forces in the United States living off post or with their families on post but excludes all other members of the Armed Forces. Households as of March 1970)

SUBJECT	ALL HOUSEHOLDS (THOUSANDS)	TOTAL HOUSEHOLD INCOME																			MEDIAN INCOME (DOLLARS)	MEAN INCOME (DOLLARS)
		TOTAL	UNDER $1,000	$1,000 TO $1,499	$1,500 TO $1,999	$2,000 TO $2,499	$2,500 TO $2,999	$3,000 TO $3,499	$3,500 TO $3,999	$4,000 TO $4,999	$5,000 TO $5,999	$6,000 TO $6,999	$7,000 TO $7,999	$8,000 TO $8,999	$9,000 TO $9,999	$10,000 TO $11,999	$12,000 TO $14,999	$15,000 TO $24,999	$25,000 TO $49,999	$50,000 AND OVER		
TOTAL	62 874	100.0	3.2	3.4	3.4	3.4	2.8	3.1	3.1	5.7	6.0	6.4	6.8	6.7	6.2	11.3	11.8	13.4	2.8	0.4	8 389	9 544
ALL MEMBERS RELATED	61 086	100.0	3.3	3.5	3.4	3.4	2.8	3.0	3.1	5.7	6.0	6.4	6.8	6.7	6.2	11.3	11.8	13.3	2.8	0.4	8 375	9 507
ALL MEMBERS UNRELATED	1 011	100.0	1.8	2.8	2.0	4.5	3.3	4.4	3.4	8.1	7.4	6.9	6.7	5.2	4.5	7.8	11.1	15.0	4.8	0.1	7 807	9 917
SOME MEMBERS UNRELATED	778	100.0	1.4	0.5	1.4	1.8	1.5	3.2	1.4	3.7	7.1	6.6	6.0	9.0	7.0	11.0	15.8	16.9	4.1	1.5	9 917	12 027
ONE-PERSON HOUSEHOLDS	10 692	100.0	11.7	13.9	11.1	8.2	5.8	5.3	5.3	7.4	6.5	6.3	4.7	3.4	2.1	3.3	2.5	2.0	0.5	0.1	2 950	4 334
TWO-PERSON HOUSEHOLDS	18 129	100.0	2.2	2.4	3.4	4.4	3.9	4.0	4.3	7.4	7.3	6.8	7.1	6.8	6.0	10.4	10.3	10.5	2.4	0.4	7 533	8 856
RELATED	17 274	100.0	2.2	2.3	3.5	4.4	3.9	4.0	4.3	7.4	7.3	6.8	7.2	6.9	6.1	10.5	10.2	10.4	2.3	0.4	7 541	8 832
UNRELATED	855	100.0	1.9	3.3	2.4	5.2	3.4	4.2	3.6	8.9	7.1	7.6	6.3	5.0	4.5	7.7	12.0	13.1	3.5	0.2	7 362	9 330
THREE-PERSON HOUSEHOLDS	10 903	100.0	1.4	0.9	1.3	2.1	2.0	2.3	2.1	5.2	5.7	6.8	8.3	7.4	7.3	14.2	14.0	15.8	2.9	0.3	9 620	10 615
ALL RELATED	10 521	100.0	1.4	0.9	1.3	2.1	1.9	2.2	2.1	5.2	5.6	6.8	8.4	7.4	7.4	14.3	14.1	15.8	2.9	0.3	9 639	10 599
ALL UNRELATED	127	100.0	1.2	-	-	0.9	3.5	6.9	2.3	4.5	9.0	3.4	8.4	8.0	5.2	8.6	5.5	23.1	9.4	-	9 356	12 076
SOME UNRELATED	255	100.0	1.1	1.0	2.6	3.0	3.9	4.3	1.7	4.2	7.4	9.2	5.3	7.8	5.7	11.7	14.6	12.7	2.1	1.6	8 791	10 547
FOUR-PERSON HOUSEHOLDS	9 935	100.0	1.0	0.6	0.7	1.2	0.9	1.7	1.5	3.7	4.8	5.9	6.4	8.2	8.2	15.0	16.4	19.6	3.9	0.4	10 703	11 844
ALL RELATED	9 750	100.0	1.0	0.6	0.7	1.2	0.9	1.6	1.5	3.6	4.8	5.9	6.4	8.2	8.3	15.0	16.4	19.7	3.9	0.4	10 712	11 847
ALL UNRELATED	27	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
SOME UNRELATED	158	100.0	2.5	-	0.8	2.7	1.0	3.7	2.6	5.5	5.2	5.0	5.4	11.6	8.0	11.9	14.7	13.5	5.8	-	9 486	10 808
FIVE-PERSON HOUSEHOLDS	6 532	100.0	0.8	0.6	0.8	0.8	0.8	1.3	1.5	3.4	4.7	5.7	7.4	8.2	7.3	14.4	16.5	21.0	4.2	0.6	10 939	12 261
ALL RELATED	6 359	100.0	0.8	0.6	0.8	0.8	0.9	1.3	1.5	3.4	4.6	5.7	7.4	8.2	7.3	14.6	16.5	20.9	4.2	0.6	10 925	12 209
ALL UNRELATED	1	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
SOME UNRELATED	171	100.0	0.8	0.8	1.5	-	-	2.6	1.5	2.4	6.1	6.7	7.5	8.0	5.5	6.4	15.5	25.8	6.5	2.2	12 004	14 014
SIX-PERSON HOUSEHOLDS	3 505	100.0	1.1	0.6	0.8	0.8	1.0	1.7	1.8	4.3	5.1	5.4	7.2	7.0	7.9	13.3	16.3	20.8	4.2	0.9	10 841	12 252
ALL RELATED	3 419	100.0	1.1	0.7	0.8	0.7	1.0	1.7	1.8	4.3	5.0	5.4	7.2	6.9	7.9	13.3	16.3	20.8	4.3	0.8	10 835	12 196
ALL UNRELATED	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
SOME UNRELATED	86	100.0	1.5	-	-	2.4	-	1.4	-	3.9	6.7	3.1	6.6	9.1	8.3	13.4	16.7	20.9	3.1	2.9	11 064	14 455
SEVEN-OR-MORE-PERSON HOUSEHOLDS	3 178	100.0	0.8	0.9	0.7	1.1	1.5	2.3	2.6	5.3	6.2	6.7	7.1	7.0	6.4	13.3	15.6	17.0	5.0	0.6	10 214	11 570
ALL RELATED	3 071	100.0	0.8	0.9	0.8	1.2	1.5	2.3	2.6	5.4	6.0	6.8	7.2	6.9	6.3	13.2	15.4	17.1	5.0	0.6	10 204	11 548
ALL UNRELATED	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
SOME UNRELATED	107	100.0	1.0	-	-	-	-	2.4	-	2.0	11.2	5.1	5.6	9.7	9.7	13.7	19.8	14.8	3.6	1.4	10 486	12 208

- REPRESENTS ZERO. B BASE LESS THAN 75,000. X NOT APPLICABLE.

Table 2.--AGE, EDUCATION, RESIDENCE, SEX, AND RACE OF HEAD--HOUSEHOLDS BY TOTAL MONEY INCOME IN 1969, FOR THE UNITED STATES

(Households as of March 1970)

SUBJECT	ALL HOUSEHOLDS (THOUSANDS)	TOTAL HOUSEHOLD INCOME: TOTAL	UNDER $1,000	$1,000 TO $1,499	$1,500 TO $1,999	$2,000 TO $2,499	$2,500 TO $2,999	$3,000 TO $3,499	$3,500 TO $3,999	$4,000 TO $4,999	$5,000 TO $5,999	$6,000 TO $6,999	$7,000 TO $7,999	$8,000 TO $8,999	$9,000 TO $9,999	$10,000 TO $11,999	$12,000 TO $14,999	$15,000 TO $24,999	$25,000 TO $49,999	$50,000 AND OVER	MEDIAN INCOME (DOLLARS)	MEAN INCOME (DOLLARS)
AGE OF HEAD																						
TOTAL	62 874	100.0	3.2	3.4	3.4	3.4	2.8	3.1	3.1	5.7	6.0	6.4	6.8	6.7	6.2	11.3	11.8	13.4	2.8	0.4	8 389	9 544
14 TO 24 YEARS	4 305	100.0	3.7	2.3	2.4	4.6	3.6	4.5	5.0	9.1	11.1	10.1	10.4	8.4	6.8	8.6	6.3	2.9	(Z)	(Z)	6 360	6 686
25 TO 34 YEARS	11 654	100.0	1.3	0.9	1.0	1.5	1.2	1.9	2.1	4.7	6.1	7.8	8.9	9.8	8.8	16.3	14.6	11.9	1.2	0.2	9 326	9 864
35 TO 44 YEARS	11 687	100.0	1.4	0.9	0.9	1.1	1.0	1.6	1.6	3.6	4.9	5.7	6.8	7.6	7.3	15.3	17.0	19.3	3.6	0.5	10 732	11 727
45 TO 54 YEARS	12 237	100.0	1.9	1.1	1.4	1.5	1.2	1.9	2.2	4.4	4.7	5.4	6.2	6.2	5.8	12.7	15.6	21.7	5.3	0.6	10 937	12 182
55 TO 64 YEARS	10 741	100.0	3.7	3.1	3.0	2.7	2.9	3.4	3.0	6.5	6.3	6.8	7.0	6.2	6.2	9.5	10.9	14.4	4.0	0.5	8 267	9 924
65 YEARS AND OVER	12 252	100.0	7.4	11.4	10.6	9.4	7.2	6.0	5.9	8.2	6.4	4.9	4.2	3.3	2.7	3.8	3.3	3.7	1.2	0.2	3 329	5 196
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT OF HEAD																						
TOTAL	62 874	100.0	3.2	3.4	3.4	3.4	2.8	3.1	3.1	5.7	6.0	6.4	6.8	6.7	6.2	11.3	11.8	13.4	2.8	0.4	8 389	9 544
ELEMENTARY: 0 TO 7 YEARS	9 203	100.0	7.7	9.2	8.6	6.9	5.8	5.8	4.9	8.3	7.5	6.1	5.3	4.8	4.1	5.5	4.9	3.8	0.6	(Z)	4 108	5 494
8 YEARS	8 274	100.0	4.5	6.0	5.4	5.3	4.8	4.3	4.7	8.3	7.3	6.7	6.9	6.3	5.7	8.7	7.8	6.5	0.7	(Z)	5 928	6 951
HIGH SCHOOL: 1 TO 3 YEARS	10 505	100.0	3.1	3.1	3.5	3.9	3.1	3.2	3.3	6.7	7.1	7.4	8.1	7.0	6.3	11.4	11.3	10.3	1.1	0.1	7 687	8 454
4 YEARS	19 522	100.0	2.0	1.7	1.7	1.9	1.7	2.2	2.6	4.8	5.9	7.0	8.0	8.3	7.4	14.2	14.2	14.0	2.1	0.1	9 275	10 003
COLLEGE: 1 TO 3 YEARS	7 146	100.0	1.7	1.6	1.6	2.2	1.4	2.2	2.2	4.5	4.9	6.3	6.7	6.8	7.0	12.7	14.7	18.8	4.2	0.5	10 145	11 314
4 OR MORE	8 225	100.0	1.1	0.6	1.0	1.3	0.9	1.3	1.4	2.3	3.1	3.6	4.2	4.9	5.0	12.1	16.1	29.0	10.4	1.8	13 362	15 452
TOTAL, HEAD 25 YEARS OLD AND OVER	58 570	100.0	3.2	3.5	3.5	3.3	2.7	3.0	3.0	5.5	5.7	6.1	6.6	6.6	6.1	11.5	12.2	14.2	3.0	0.4	8 614	9 755
ELEMENTARY: 0 TO 7 YEARS	9 086	100.0	7.7	9.3	8.7	6.9	5.7	5.9	4.9	8.2	7.4	6.0	5.3	4.8	4.1	5.5	5.0	3.9	0.6	(Z)	4 097	5 501
8 YEARS	8 123	100.0	4.5	6.0	5.4	5.3	4.8	4.3	4.6	8.3	7.2	6.5	6.8	6.4	5.7	8.8	7.9	6.6	0.7	(Z)	5 936	6 979
HIGH SCHOOL: 1 TO 3 YEARS	9 737	100.0	2.9	3.1	3.5	3.6	3.0	3.0	3.3	6.4	6.6	7.2	8.1	7.0	6.5	11.7	11.8	11.0	1.1	0.1	7 919	8 667
4 YEARS	17 605	100.0	1.9	1.7	1.7	1.9	1.5	2.1	2.3	4.4	5.4	6.7	7.6	8.2	7.4	14.6	15.0	15.3	2.3	0.2	9 640	10 329
COLLEGE: 1 TO 3 YEARS	6 249	100.0	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.8	1.3	1.7	1.7	3.8	4.0	5.9	6.4	6.4	7.0	13.5	15.9	21.0	4.7	0.6	10 836	11 960
4 OR MORE	7 770	100.0	1.0	0.5	0.9	1.0	0.7	1.1	1.2	2.0	2.7	3.2	4.0	4.9	4.9	12.2	16.5	30.2	11.0	1.9	13 756	15 916
RESIDENCE																						
TOTAL	62 874	100.0	3.2	3.4	3.4	3.4	2.8	3.1	3.1	5.7	6.0	6.4	6.8	6.7	6.2	11.3	11.8	13.4	2.8	0.4	8 389	9 544
NONFARM	60 150	100.0	3.1	3.4	3.3	3.3	2.8	3.0	3.0	5.6	5.9	6.3	6.9	6.7	6.2	11.4	12.0	13.7	2.9	0.4	8 499	9 649
FARM	2 724	100.0	6.0	4.0	4.7	5.0	4.1	5.3	4.5	8.4	8.6	7.3	6.1	6.3	4.5	8.5	8.0	7.0	1.6	0.1	5 936	7 244
SEX OF HEAD																						
TOTAL	62 874	100.0	3.2	3.4	3.4	3.4	2.8	3.1	3.1	5.7	6.0	6.4	6.8	6.7	6.2	11.3	11.8	13.4	2.8	0.4	8 389	9 544
MALE	49 587	100.0	1.4	1.5	1.8	2.1	2.0	2.3	2.5	5.0	5.7	6.3	7.3	7.5	7.0	13.2	14.1	16.2	3.5	0.5	9 638	10 795
FEMALE	13 288	100.0	9.9	10.7	9.1	8.2	5.7	5.9	5.3	8.6	7.4	6.7	5.0	3.7	3.0	4.0	3.4	2.9	0.5	0.1	3 552	4 878
RACE OF HEAD																						
TOTAL	62 874	100.0	3.2	3.4	3.4	3.4	2.8	3.1	3.1	5.7	6.0	6.4	6.8	6.7	6.2	11.3	11.8	13.4	2.8	0.4	8 389	9 544
WHITE	56 248	100.0	2.8	3.1	3.1	3.2	2.6	2.8	3.0	5.4	5.7	6.2	6.8	6.9	6.3	11.8	12.5	14.3	3.1	0.4	8 756	9 898
NEGRO AND OTHER RACES	6 626	100.0	6.3	6.4	5.7	5.1	4.2	5.6	4.3	8.7	8.5	7.6	7.0	5.5	5.0	7.0	6.4	6.1	0.8	0.1	5 456	6 539
NEGRO	6 053	100.0	6.3	6.6	5.9	5.4	4.3	5.7	4.3	9.0	8.5	7.7	7.1	5.3	5.1	6.8	5.9	5.5	0.5	0.1	5 291	6 300

Z LESS THAN 0.05 PERCENT.

Table 3.--OCCUPATION AND EMPLOYMENT STATUS OF HEAD--HOUSEHOLDS BY TOTAL MONEY INCOME IN 1969, FOR THE UNITED STATES

(Households as of March 1970)

SUBJECT	ALL HOUSEHOLDS (THOUSANDS)	TOTAL HOUSEHOLD INCOME: TOTAL	UNDER $1,000	$1,000 TO $1,499	$1,500 TO $1,999	$2,000 TO $2,499	$2,500 TO $2,999	$3,000 TO $3,499	$3,500 TO $3,999	$4,000 TO $4,999	$5,000 TO $5,999	$6,000 TO $6,999	$7,000 TO $7,999	$8,000 TO $8,999	$9,000 TO $9,999	$10,000 TO $11,999	$12,000 TO $14,999	$15,000 TO $24,999	$25,000 TO $49,999	$50,000 AND OVER	MEDIAN INCOME (DOLLARS)	MEAN INCOME (DOLLARS)
EMPLOYMENT STATUS OF HEAD																						
TOTAL	62 874	100.0	3.2	3.4	3.4	3.4	2.8	3.1	3.1	5.7	6.0	6.4	6.8	6.7	6.2	11.3	11.8	13.4	2.8	0.4	8 389	9 544
IN LABOR FORCE	48 493	100.0	1.3	1.0	1.1	1.5	1.5	2.2	2.3	5.0	6.0	6.8	7.7	7.8	7.2	13.7	14.5	16.5	3.5	0.4	9 797	10 990
CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE	47 447	100.0	1.4	1.0	1.1	1.5	1.5	2.2	2.3	4.9	5.9	6.7	7.6	7.7	7.3	13.7	14.6	16.7	3.5	0.5	9 859	11 047
EMPLOYED	46 052	100.0	1.3	1.0	1.0	1.4	1.4	2.1	2.2	4.8	5.8	6.7	7.6	7.7	7.3	13.9	14.7	16.9	3.6	0.5	9 945	11 145
UNEMPLOYED	1 395	100.0	3.7	2.4	3.9	3.8	3.8	3.6	4.4	7.8	8.8	8.8	7.5	7.1	6.0	8.7	9.8	9.1	0.6	0.1	6 872	7 815
ARMED FORCES	1 047	100.0	0.1	0.4	0.8	0.9	1.8	3.9	2.7	8.5	11.5	11.9	12.0	11.1	6.2	11.3	9.7	6.6	0.7	-	7 627	8 393
NOT IN LABOR FORCE	14 381	100.0	9.5	11.6	11.1	9.8	7.3	5.9	5.9	8.3	6.1	4.8	3.9	3.1	2.6	3.2	2.9	3.0	0.8	0.1	3 055	4 671
14 TO 64 YEARS OLD	4 825	100.0	11.2	8.0	8.7	7.9	6.8	6.4	5.7	8.9	7.1	5.8	4.6	3.7	2.9	3.8	3.7	3.7	0.9	0.1	3 585	5 116
65 YEARS AND OVER	9 556	100.0	8.6	13.4	12.3	10.8	7.5	5.7	6.0	8.0	5.6	4.3	3.5	2.8	2.4	2.9	2.5	2.7	0.7	0.1	2 818	4 446
OCCUPATION OF EMPLOYED HEAD																						
TOTAL	46 052	100.0	1.3	1.0	1.0	1.4	1.4	2.1	2.2	4.8	5.8	6.7	7.6	7.7	7.3	13.9	14.7	16.9	3.6	0.5	9 945	11 145
PROFESSIONAL, TECHNICAL, AND KINDRED WORKERS	6 952	100.0	0.6	0.3	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7	1.1	1.7	3.1	3.8	4.5	5.8	6.2	14.6	17.5	28.8	8.2	1.1	12 962	14 702
FARMERS AND FARM MANAGERS	1 547	100.0	7.4	4.3	4.1	5.5	4.7	5.6	4.1	9.9	9.1	6.8	5.3	6.1	3.6	7.5	6.9	6.9	2.3	0.2	5 493	7 072
MANAGERS, OFFICIALS, AND PROPRIETORS, EXC. FARM	7 010	100.0	1.1	0.4	0.6	0.8	0.5	0.9	0.8	2.4	3.3	3.9	5.6	6.0	5.1	12.8	17.0	27.9	9.2	1.5	12 981	14 952
CLERICAL AND KINDRED WKRS	4 574	100.0	0.8	0.7	0.7	1.6	1.1	1.9	2.8	7.1	8.0	9.6	10.3	9.2	7.6	12.0	13.4	11.6	1.4	(Z)	8 581	9 459
SALES WORKERS	2 572	100.0	1.4	0.6	0.9	0.7	1.1	2.7	2.6	4.2	3.9	6.4	6.0	7.9	7.1	12.6	15.3	19.6	6.1	1.0	10 730	12 421
CRAFTSMEN, FOREMEN, AND KINDRED WORKERS	8 679	100.0	0.5	0.1	0.3	0.5	0.8	1.1	1.0	2.9	4.4	6.1	8.2	8.9	9.2	18.5	19.0	17.1	1.3	-	10 650	11 110
OPERATIVES AND KINDRED WORKERS	8 511	100.0	0.7	0.7	0.7	1.0	1.3	2.4	2.5	6.2	7.9	8.5	10.3	9.8	9.1	15.6	13.3	9.6	0.5	-	8 808	9 259
SERVICE WORKERS	3 750	100.0	4.0	4.6	3.7	4.2	4.3	6.0	5.2	9.0	8.5	7.9	6.5	5.9	5.7	9.0	7.7	7.3	0.5	-	6 059	7 063
FARM LABORERS AND FOREMEN	430	100.0	3.7	5.4	6.0	8.8	6.7	8.8	11.9	10.2	9.7	8.6	5.6	1.8	2.4	4.7	2.7	3.1	-	-	3 945	5 087
LABORERS, EXC. FARM AND MINE	2 027	100.0	1.1	1.4	1.1	2.1	1.9	3.4	3.9	8.6	10.0	11.8	11.4	9.8	9.2	9.7	8.0	5.8	0.7	-	7 400	7 977

-REPRESENTS ZERO. Z LESS THAN 0.05 PERCENT.

Table 4.--TYPE OF HOUSEHOLD, PRESENCE OF RELATED CHILDREN, AND INCOME OF HEAD--MULTIPLE-PERSON HOUSEHOLDS WITH ALL PERSONS RELATED TO HEAD BY TOTAL MONEY INCOME IN 1969, FOR THE UNITED STATES

(Households as of March 1970)

SUBJECT	ALL HOUSEHOLDS (THOUSANDS)	TOTAL HOUSEHOLD INCOME: TOTAL	UNDER $1,000	$1,000 TO $1,499	$1,500 TO $1,999	$2,000 TO $2,499	$2,500 TO $2,999	$3,000 TO $3,499	$3,500 TO $3,999	$4,000 TO $4,999	$5,000 TO $5,999	$6,000 TO $6,999	$7,000 TO $7,999	$8,000 TO $8,999	$9,000 TO $9,999	$10,000 TO $11,999	$12,000 TO $14,999	$15,000 TO $24,999	$25,000 TO $49,999	$50,000 AND OVER	MEDIAN INCOME (DOLLARS)	MEAN INCOME (DOLLARS)
TYPE OF HOUSEHOLD																						
TOTAL	50 394	100.0	1.5	1.3	1.8	2.4	2.2	2.6	2.7	5.4	5.9	6.4	7.3	7.4	7.1	13.1	13.7	15.7	3.3	0.4	9 467	10 604
HUSBAND-WIFE	43 938	100.0	0.9	0.8	1.3	1.8	1.7	2.1	2.3	4.8	5.5	6.1	7.4	7.7	7.4	14.0	14.9	17.1	3.6	0.5	10 010	11 184
OTHER MALE HEAD	1 135	100.0	2.8	1.9	3.2	2.4	3.0	3.1	2.5	6.3	5.9	7.6	8.2	6.4	5.4	11.7	11.5	14.8	3.0	0.2	8 470	9 827
FEMALE HEAD	5 321	100.0	5.9	4.8	5.8	7.1	5.7	6.3	5.7	9.9	8.9	8.4	6.2	4.9	4.7	5.8	4.9	4.4	0.5	(Z)	4 877	5 982
PRESENCE OF RELATED CHILDREN, BY AGE																						
TOTAL	50 394	100.0	1.5	1.3	1.8	2.4	2.2	2.6	2.7	5.4	5.9	6.4	7.3	7.4	7.1	13.1	13.7	15.7	3.3	0.4	9 467	10 604
SOME UNDER 6	14 435	100.0	1.5	1.1	1.1	1.9	1.5	2.3	2.2	5.3	6.9	7.6	9.2	9.4	8.5	14.9	13.4	11.3	1.7	0.2	9 007	9 745
SOME UNDER 3	8 565	100.0	1.8	1.2	1.2	2.1	1.6	2.5	2.5	5.8	7.8	8.1	10.1	9.6	8.6	14.7	11.8	9.2	1.4	0.1	8 558	9 187
ALL 3 TO 5	5 870	100.0	1.1	0.9	1.1	1.6	1.3	1.9	1.7	4.6	5.5	7.0	7.9	9.0	8.4	15.3	15.7	14.5	2.0	0.4	9 758	10 560
ALL 6 TO 17	14 885	100.0	1.3	0.9	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.7	1.7	3.9	4.2	5.4	6.1	6.7	7.0	14.0	16.8	21.3	4.4	0.6	11 021	12 158
NONE UNDER 18	21 074	100.0	1.5	1.7	2.7	3.5	3.3	3.4	3.7	6.4	6.4	6.2	6.8	6.6	6.1	11.1	11.8	14.9	3.6	0.4	8 677	10 096
HEAD 14 TO 44 YEARS	4 121	100.0	0.9	0.5	1.0	1.3	1.2	2.0	2.6	4.6	7.2	6.7	7.9	8.5	7.8	15.2	15.6	15.2	2.0	0.1	9 753	10 420
HEAD 45 YEARS AND OVER	16 953	100.0	1.7	2.0	3.1	4.0	3.8	3.8	3.9	6.8	6.2	6.1	6.6	6.1	5.7	10.1	10.9	14.8	4.0	0.5	8 336	10 017
PRESENCE OF ADULT FAMILY MEMBERS OTHER THAN HEAD AND WIFE[1]																						
TOTAL	50 394	100.0	1.5	1.3	1.8	2.4	2.2	2.6	2.7	5.4	5.9	6.4	7.3	7.4	7.1	13.1	13.7	15.7	3.3	0.4	9 467	10 604
NO OTHER ADULTS PRESENT	36 661	100.0	1.6	1.4	1.9	2.6	2.4	2.7	2.9	5.8	6.4	6.8	7.8	8.1	7.4	13.7	13.2	12.6	2.3	0.4	8 939	9 873
SOME PRESENT	13 732	100.0	1.0	1.1	1.5	1.7	1.7	2.2	1.9	4.1	4.6	5.3	5.8	5.6	6.0	11.4	15.2	24.2	5.9	0.5	11 287	12 558
MALE ONLY	5 526	100.0	1.1	0.9	1.5	1.5	1.8	1.8	1.8	3.7	4.4	4.9	6.1	5.7	5.8	12.2	15.7	25.2	5.6	0.4	11 488	12 605
FEMALE ONLY	6 118	100.0	1.2	1.4	1.9	2.2	2.0	2.7	2.3	4.9	5.0	5.8	6.4	6.1	6.3	11.2	14.4	20.7	5.1	0.5	10 321	11 677
MALE AND FEMALE	2 088	100.0	0.3	0.4	0.7	0.7	0.7	1.5	1.2	2.8	3.8	5.0	3.5	4.4	5.9	10.0	16.5	32.1	9.5	0.9	13 652	15 012
INCOME OF HEAD																						
TOTAL	50 394	100.0	1.5	1.3	1.8	2.4	2.2	2.6	2.7	5.4	5.9	6.4	7.3	7.4	7.1	13.1	13.7	15.7	3.3	0.4	9 467	10 604
NONE	397	100.0	38.7	6.4	4.1	3.3	3.9	3.5	3.9	7.9	5.9	5.1	2.6	2.1	1.3	5.4	3.1	2.7	-	-	2 112	3 610
$1 TO $999 OR LOSS	1 655	100.0	35.1	9.7	9.7	5.0	3.9	4.7	4.5	6.6	5.6	3.7	3.0	2.4	2.4	1.9	1.0	1.0	0.1	-	1 771	2 872
$1,000 TO $1,999	3 167	100.0	0.1	14.5	23.1	12.0	8.6	5.7	4.6	6.5	4.9	4.5	3.6	3.2	2.5	2.0	2.2	1.8	0.2	-	2 516	3 965
$2,000 TO $2,999	3 436	100.0	-	-	-	21.0	22.0	11.3	7.6	9.6	7.7	5.6	4.2	2.5	2.3	3.0	2.1	0.9	0.3	-	3 313	4 522
$3,000 TO $3,999	3 478	100.0	-	-	(Z)	-	-	18.1	24.3	16.4	11.2	8.4	7.0	4.2	3.4	3.8	1.8	1.2	0.1	-	4 456	5 463
$4,000 TO $4,999	3 390	100.0	-	-	(Z)	-	-	-	(Z)	42.8	14.8	9.4	8.8	8.1	4.7	5.8	3.1	2.2	0.2	-	5 479	6 591
$5,000 TO $5,999	3 846	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	(Z)	(Z)	40.2	12.7	9.2	8.4	8.8	11.2	6.1	3.2	0.1	-	6 768	7 843
$6,000 TO $6,999	4 225	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(Z)	-	40.2	13.1	8.7	8.6	14.5	10.0	4.7	0.3	-	7 748	8 911
$7,000 TO $9,999	12 394	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(Z)	(Z)	15.4	19.2	19.2	16.9	17.7	11.0	0.5	(Z)	9 798	10 867
$10,000 TO $14,999	9 648	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(Z)	-	(Z)	(Z)	30.0	38.8	29.6	1.6	(Z)	13 542	14 187
$15,000 AND OVER	4 759	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(Z)	66.5	29.0	4.4	22 510	25 087

- REPRESENTS ZERO. Z LESS THAN 0.05 PERCENT.

[1]ADULTS ARE DEFINED AS PERSONS 18 YEARS OLD AND OVER.

Table 5.--SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS--HOUSEHOLDS BY SIZE AND PERSONS IN HOUSEHOLDS BY AGE, FOR THE UNITED STATES: MARCH 1970

(Numbers in thousands)

SUBJECT	SIZE OF HOUSEHOLD (PERSONS)								PERSONS IN HOUSEHOLDS BY AGE			PERSONS PER HOUSE-HOLD
	ALL HOUSEHOLDS	ONE	TWO	THREE	FOUR	FIVE	SIX	SEVEN OR MORE	ALL AGES	UNDER 18	18 AND OVER	
SEX OF HEAD												
TOTAL	62 874	10 692	18 129	10 903	9 935	6 532	3 505	3 178	199 384	70 190	129 194	3.17
MALE	49 588	3 458	15 308	9 461	9 142	6 065	3 245	2 910	172 459	62 176	110 283	3.48
FEMALE	13 286	7 234	2 821	1 442	793	467	261	269	26 925	8 014	18 911	2.03
AGE OF HEAD												
TOTAL	62 874	10 692	18 129	10 903	9 935	6 532	3 505	3 178	199 384	70 190	129 194	3.17
14 TO 24 YEARS	4 305	549	1 682	1 309	558	136	52	17	11 270	3 412	7 857	2.62
25 TO 34 YEARS	11 654	884	1 836	2 351	3 191	1 976	841	574	43 642	21 380	22 262	3.74
35 TO 44 YEARS	11 687	701	1 167	1 556	2 661	2 457	1 590	1 556	52 630	27 654	24 975	4.50
45 TO 54 YEARS	12 237	1 311	2 941	2 650	2 373	1 439	760	763	42 777	13 360	29 417	3.50
55 TO 64 YEARS	10 741	2 288	4 886	1 916	851	412	193	195	26 327	3 321	23 006	2.45
65 YEARS AND OVER	12 252	4 959	5 616	1 122	301	112	69	74	22 740	1 063	21 677	1.86
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT OF HEAD												
TOTAL	62 874	10 692	18 129	10 903	9 935	6 532	3 505	3 178	199 384	70 190	129 194	3.17
ELEMENTARY: LESS THAN 8 YEARS	9 203	2 271	3 069	1 304	844	572	474	669	27 481	8 442	19 039	2.99
8 YEARS	8 274	1 878	2 988	1 258	862	568	354	367	23 149	6 330	16 819	2.80
HIGH SCHOOL: 1 TO 3 YEARS	10 505	1 597	2 915	1 911	1 621	1 195	642	624	34 672	13 197	21 475	3.30
4 YEARS	19 522	2 612	4 970	3 755	3 767	2 372	1 150	895	64 712	24 453	40 258	3.31
COLLEGE: 1 TO 3 YEARS	7 146	1 095	2 037	1 378	1 257	750	367	262	22 339	7 704	14 636	3.13
4 OR MORE	8 225	1 238	2 150	1 296	1 584	1 075	519	363	27 031	10 064	16 967	3.29
PRESENCE OF RELATED CHILDREN, BY AGE												
TOTAL	62 874	10 692	18 129	10 903	9 935	6 532	3 505	3 178	199 384	70 190	129 194	3.17
SOME UNDER 6	14 633	(x)	207	3 513	4 030	2 961	1 813	2 109	70 107	39 181	30 926	4.79
SOME UNDER 3	8 677	(x)	109	2 480	2 417	1 628	914	1 128	40 561	22 333	18 229	4.67
ALL 3 TO 5	5 956	(x)	97	1 033	1 613	1 334	898	981	29 545	16 848	12 697	4.96
ALL 6 TO 17	15 103	(x)	585	3 468	4 944	3 389	1 658	1 060	66 154	30 794	35 361	4.38
NONE UNDER 18	33 138	10 692	17 338	3 922	960	182	35	9	63 123	215	62 908	1.90
HEAD 14 TO 44 YEARS	6 926	2 134	4 209	462	98	20	2	-	12 587	121	12 466	1.82
HEAD 45 YEARS AND OVER	26 212	8 557	13 129	3 460	862	162	32	9	50 536	95	50 442	1.93
PRESENCE OF ADULT FAMILY MEMBERS OTHER THAN HEAD AND WIFE[1]												
TOTAL	62 874	10 692	18 129	10 903	9 935	6 532	3 505	3 178	199 384	70 190	129 194	3.17
NO OTHER ADULTS PRESENT	47 489	10 692	15 041	6 636	6 904	4 331	2 227	1 658	135 675	53 897	81 778	2.86
SOME PRESENT	15 386	(x)	3 088	4 267	3 031	2 202	1 279	1 521	63 709	16 293	47 416	4.14
MALE ONLY	6 229	(x)	1 345	1 966	1 220	804	418	477	24 779	5 976	18 804	3.98
FEMALE ONLY	6 902	(x)	1 742	1 985	1 243	877	504	550	26 402	7 301	19 101	3.83
MALE AND FEMALE	2 255	(x)	(x)	316	568	521	357	494	12 528	3 016	9 512	5.56
PRESENCE OF PERSONS NOT RELATED TO HEAD												
TOTAL	62 874	10 692	18 129	10 903	9 935	6 532	3 505	3 178	199 384	70 190	129 194	3.17
NO NONRELATIVES	61 086	10 692	17 274	10 521	9 750	6 359	3 419	3 071	193 305	68 900	124 404	3.16
ONE OR MORE NONRELATIVES	1 789	(x)	855	382	185	173	86	107	6 080	1 290	4 790	3.40
RACE OF HEAD												
TOTAL	62 874	10 692	18 129	10 903	9 935	6 532	3 505	3 178	199 384	70 190	129 194	3.17
WHITE	56 248	9 445	16 596	9 817	9 071	5 880	3 003	2 436	174 989	59 472	115 517	3.11
NEGRO AND OTHER RACES	6 626	1 247	1 533	1 086	864	652	502	742	24 395	10 718	13 677	3.68
NEGRO	6 053	1 132	1 428	977	783	584	461	687	22 287	9 831	12 456	3.68
EMPLOYMENT STATUS OF HEAD												
TOTAL	62 874	10 692	18 129	10 903	9 935	6 532	3 505	3 178	199 384	70 190	129 194	3.17
IN LABOR FORCE	48 493	5 341	12 445	9 307	9 189	6 126	3 257	2 828	168 007	64 029	103 978	3.46
CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE	47 447	5 315	12 163	9 072	8 966	5 966	3 181	2 783	164 225	62 383	101 841	3.46
EMPLOYED	46 052	5 114	11 777	8 793	8 781	5 807	3 091	2 689	159 535	60 509	99 026	3.46
UNEMPLOYED	1 395	201	386	279	185	159	90	95	4 689	1 874	2 815	3.36
ARMED FORCES	1 047	26	282	235	223	160	76	44	3 782	1 646	2 137	3.61
NOT IN LABOR FORCE	14 381	5 351	5 684	1 595	746	407	248	351	31 377	6 161	25 216	2.18
14 TO 64 YEARS OLD	4 825	1 140	1 529	798	535	329	200	294	14 197	5 417	8 781	2.94
65 YEARS AND OVER	9 556	4 211	4 155	797	211	77	48	56	17 180	744	16 435	1.80
OCCUPATION OF EMPLOYED HEAD												
TOTAL	46 052	5 114	11 777	8 793	8 781	5 807	3 091	2 689	159 535	60 509	99 026	3.46
PROFESSIONAL, TECHNICAL, AND KINDRED WORKERS	6 952	943	1 675	1 225	1 447	913	459	289	23 330	8 917	14 413	3.36
FARMERS AND FARM MANAGERS	1 547	86	566	270	237	148	107	132	5 466	1 832	3 634	3.53
MANAGERS, OFFICIALS, AND PROPRIETORS, EXC. FARM	7 010	460	1 723	1 379	1 532	1 042	475	399	25 250	9 314	15 936	3.60
CLERICAL AND KINDRED WKRS	4 574	1 048	1 297	864	691	355	178	141	12 968	4 254	8 715	2.84
SALES WORKERS	2 572	305	768	502	447	303	154	93	8 286	2 825	5 461	3.22
CRAFTSMEN, FOREMEN, AND KINDRED WORKERS	8 679	346	2 102	1 776	1 862	1 308	683	602	32 715	12 958	19 757	3.77
OPERATIVES AND KINDRED WORKERS	8 511	754	1 950	1 783	1 711	1 126	607	579	30 935	12 458	18 476	3.63
SERVICE WORKERS	3 750	925	1 065	548	460	332	215	206	11 310	4 087	7 223	3.02
FARM LABORERS AND FOREMEN	430	68	98	73	57	45	39	49	1 634	691	943	3.80
LABORERS, EXC. FARM AND MINE	2 027	178	534	372	336	234	175	198	7 641	3 172	4 468	3.77

SEE FOOTNOTES AT END OF TABLE.

Table 5.--SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS--HOUSEHOLDS BY SIZE AND PERSONS IN HOUSEHOLDS BY AGE, FOR THE UNITED STATES: MARCH 1970--Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

SUBJECT	SIZE OF HOUSEHOLD (PERSONS)								PERSONS IN HOUSEHOLDS BY AGE			PERSONS PER HOUSE-HOLD
	ALL HOUSEHOLDS	ONE	TWO	THREE	FOUR	FIVE	SIX	SEVEN OR MORE	ALL AGES	UNDER 18	18 AND OVER	
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION												
SEX OF HEAD												
TOTAL	100.0	17.0	28.8	17.3	15.8	10.4	5.6	5.1	100.0	35.2	64.8	3.17
MALE	100.0	7.0	30.9	19.1	18.4	12.2	6.5	5.9	100.0	36.1	63.9	3.48
FEMALE	100.0	54.4	21.2	10.9	6.0	3.5	2.0	2.0	100.0	29.8	70.2	2.03
AGE OF HEAD												
TOTAL	100.0	17.0	28.8	17.3	15.8	10.4	5.6	5.1	100.0	35.2	64.8	3.17
14 TO 24 YEARS	100.0	12.8	39.1	30.4	13.0	3.2	1.2	0.4	100.0	30.3	69.7	2.62
25 TO 34 YEARS	100.0	7.6	15.8	20.2	27.4	17.0	7.2	4.9	100.0	49.0	51.0	3.74
35 TO 44 YEARS	100.0	6.0	10.0	13.3	22.8	21.0	13.6	13.3	100.0	52.5	47.5	4.50
45 TO 54 YEARS	100.0	10.7	24.0	21.7	19.4	11.8	6.2	6.2	100.0	31.2	68.8	3.50
55 TO 64 YEARS	100.0	21.3	45.5	17.8	7.9	3.8	1.8	1.8	100.0	12.6	87.4	2.45
65 YEARS AND OVER	100.0	40.5	45.8	9.2	2.5	0.9	0.6	0.6	100.0	4.7	95.3	1.86
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT OF HEAD												
TOTAL	100.0	17.0	28.8	17.3	15.8	10.4	5.6	5.1	100.0	35.2	64.8	3.17
ELEMENTARY: LESS THAN 8 YEARS	100.0	24.7	33.3	14.2	9.2	6.2	5.1	7.3	100.0	30.7	69.3	2.99
8 YEARS	100.0	22.7	36.1	15.2	10.4	6.9	4.3	4.4	100.0	27.3	72.7	2.80
HIGH SCHOOL: 1 TO 3 YEARS	100.0	15.2	27.7	18.2	15.4	11.4	6.1	5.9	100.0	38.1	61.9	3.30
4 YEARS	100.0	13.4	25.5	19.2	19.3	12.2	5.9	4.6	100.0	37.8	62.2	3.31
COLLEGE: 1 TO 3 YEARS	100.0	15.3	28.5	19.3	17.6	10.5	5.1	3.7	100.0	34.5	65.5	3.13
4 OR MORE	100.0	15.1	26.1	15.8	19.3	13.1	6.3	4.4	100.0	37.2	62.8	3.29
PRESENCE OF RELATED CHILDREN, BY AGE												
TOTAL	100.0	17.0	28.8	17.3	15.8	10.4	5.6	5.1	100.0	35.2	64.8	3.17
SOME UNDER 6	100.0	(X)	1.4	24.0	27.5	20.2	12.4	14.4	100.0	55.9	44.1	4.79
SOME UNDER 3	100.0	(X)	1.3	28.6	27.9	18.8	10.5	13.0	100.0	55.1	44.9	4.67
ALL 3 TO 5	100.0	(X)	1.6	17.3	27.1	22.4	15.1	16.5	100.0	57.0	43.0	4.96
ALL 6 TO 17	100.0	(X)	3.9	23.0	32.7	22.4	11.0	7.0	100.0	46.5	53.5	4.38
NONE UNDER 18	100.0	32.3	52.3	11.8	2.9	0.5	0.1	(Z)	100.0	0.3	99.7	1.90
HEAD 14 TO 44 YEARS	100.0	30.8	60.8	6.7	1.4	0.3	(Z)	-	100.0	1.0	99.0	1.82
HEAD 45 YEARS AND OVER	100.0	32.6	50.1	13.2	3.3	0.6	0.1	(Z)	100.0	0.2	99.8	1.93
PRESENCE OF ADULT FAMILY MEMBERS OTHER THAN HEAD AND WIFE[1]												
TOTAL	100.0	17.0	28.8	17.3	15.8	10.4	5.6	5.1	100.0	35.2	64.8	3.17
NO OTHER ADULTS PRESENT	100.0	22.5	31.7	14.0	14.5	9.1	4.7	3.5	100.0	39.7	60.3	2.86
SOME PRESENT	100.0	(X)	20.1	27.7	19.7	14.3	8.3	9.9	100.0	25.6	74.4	4.14
MALE ONLY	100.0	(X)	21.6	31.6	19.6	12.9	6.7	7.7	100.0	24.1	75.9	3.98
FEMALE ONLY	100.0	(X)	25.2	28.8	18.0	12.7	7.3	8.0	100.0	27.7	72.3	3.83
MALE AND FEMALE	100.0	(X)	-	14.0	25.2	23.1	15.8	21.9	100.0	24.1	75.9	5.56
PRESENCE OF PERSONS NOT RELATED TO HEAD												
TOTAL	100.0	17.0	28.8	17.3	15.8	10.4	5.6	5.1	100.0	35.2	64.8	3.17
NO NONRELATIVES	100.0	17.5	28.3	17.2	16.0	10.4	5.6	5.0	100.0	35.6	64.4	3.16
ONE OR MORE NONRELATIVES	100.0	(X)	47.8	21.4	10.4	9.7	4.8	6.0	100.0	21.2	78.8	3.40
RACE OF HEAD												
TOTAL	100.0	17.0	28.8	17.3	15.8	10.4	5.6	5.1	100.0	35.2	64.8	3.17
WHITE	100.0	16.8	29.5	17.5	16.1	10.5	5.3	4.3	100.0	34.0	66.0	3.11
NEGRO AND OTHER RACES	100.0	18.8	23.1	16.4	13.0	9.8	7.6	11.2	100.0	43.9	56.1	3.68
NEGRO	100.0	18.7	23.6	16.1	12.9	9.7	7.6	11.4	100.0	44.1	55.9	3.68
EMPLOYMENT STATUS OF HEAD												
TOTAL	100.0	17.0	28.8	17.3	15.8	10.4	5.6	5.1	100.0	35.2	64.8	3.17
IN LABOR FORCE	100.0	11.0	25.7	19.2	18.9	12.6	6.7	5.8	100.0	38.1	61.9	3.46
CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE	100.0	11.2	25.6	19.1	18.9	12.6	6.7	5.9	100.0	38.0	62.0	3.46
EMPLOYED	100.0	11.1	25.6	19.1	19.1	12.6	6.7	5.8	100.0	37.9	62.1	3.46
UNEMPLOYED	100.0	14.4	27.7	20.0	13.3	11.4	6.4	6.8	100.0	40.0	60.0	3.36
ARMED FORCES	100.0	2.5	27.0	22.5	21.3	15.3	7.3	4.2	100.0	43.5	56.5	3.61
NOT IN LABOR FORCE	100.0	37.2	39.5	11.1	5.2	2.8	1.7	2.4	100.0	19.6	80.4	2.18
14 TO 64 YEARS OLD	100.0	23.6	31.7	16.5	11.1	6.8	4.1	6.1	100.0	38.2	61.8	2.94
65 YEARS AND OVER	100.0	44.1	43.5	8.3	2.2	0.8	0.5	0.6	100.0	4.3	95.7	1.80
OCCUPATION OF EMPLOYED HEAD												
TOTAL	100.0	11.1	25.6	19.1	19.1	12.6	6.7	5.8	100.0	37.9	62.1	3.46
PROFESSIONAL, TECHNICAL, AND KINDRED WORKERS	100.0	13.6	24.1	17.6	20.8	13.1	6.6	4.2	100.0	38.2	61.8	3.36
FARMERS AND FARM MANAGERS	100.0	5.6	36.6	17.4	15.3	9.6	6.9	8.5	100.0	33.5	66.5	3.53
MANAGERS, OFFICIALS, AND PROPRIETORS, EXC. FARM	100.0	6.6	24.6	19.7	21.9	14.9	6.8	5.7	100.0	36.9	63.1	3.60
CLERICAL AND KINDRED WKRS	100.0	22.9	28.3	18.9	15.1	7.8	3.9	3.1	100.0	32.8	67.2	2.84
SALES WORKERS	100.0	11.9	29.9	19.5	17.4	11.8	6.0	3.6	100.0	34.1	65.9	3.22
CRAFTSMEN, FOREMEN, AND KINDRED WORKERS	100.0	4.0	24.2	20.5	21.5	15.1	7.9	6.9	100.0	39.6	60.4	3.77
OPERATIVES AND KINDRED WORKERS	100.0	8.9	22.9	21.0	20.1	13.2	7.1	6.8	100.0	40.3	59.7	3.63
SERVICE WORKERS	100.0	24.7	28.4	14.6	12.3	8.9	5.7	5.5	100.0	36.1	63.9	3.02
FARM LABORERS AND FOREMEN	100.0	15.9	22.8	17.0	13.3	10.4	9.1	11.5	100.0	42.3	57.7	3.80
LABORERS, EXC. FARM AND MINE	100.0	8.8	26.3	18.4	16.6	11.6	8.6	9.8	100.0	41.5	58.5	3.77

- REPRESENTS ZERO. X NOT APPLICABLE. Z LESS THAN 0.05 PERCENT.

[1] ADULTS ARE DEFINED AS PERSONS 18 YEARS OLD AND OVER.

Table 6.--MARITAL STATUS AND SEX OF HEAD--HOUSEHOLDS BY SIZE AND TOTAL MONEY INCOME IN 1969, BY PRESENCE OF RELATED CHILDREN, FOR THE UNITED STATES: MARCH 1970

(Numbers in thousands)

TOTAL MONEY INCOME AND SIZE OF HOUSEHOLD	ALL HOUSEHOLDS	MALE HEAD							FEMALE HEAD						
		TOTAL	MARRIED, WIFE PRESENT	MARRIED, WIFE ABSENT		WIDOWED	DIVORCED	SINGLE	TOTAL	MARRIED, HUSBAND ABSENT			WIDOWED	DIVORCED	SINGLE
				SEPARATED	OTHER					SEPARATED	IN ARMED FORCES	OTHER			
ALL HOUSEHOLDS															
SIZE OF HOUSEHOLD															
TOTAL	62 874	49 588	44 408	490	242	1 386	929	2 134	13 286	1 277	189	346	7 228	2 056	2 191
ONE PERSON	10 692	3 458	(x)	344	131	917	684	1 381	7 234	322	47	93	4 651	780	1 341
TWO PERSON	18 129	15 308	14 244	67	49	258	147	542	2 821	245	45	73	1 456	469	534
THREE PERSON	10 903	9 461	9 109	36	19	102	58	138	1 442	248	45	63	562	347	176
FOUR PERSON	9 935	9 142	8 973	20	21	58	18	52	793	167	29	39	244	247	67
FIVE PERSON	6 532	6 065	5 997	8	11	20	16	13	467	128	15	24	161	114	26
SIX PERSON	3 505	3 245	3 218	6	3	10	4	3	261	74	5	27	82	50	22
SEVEN-OR-MORE-PERSON	3 178	2 910	2 867	8	9	21	1	4	269	93	3	27	72	49	26
PERSONS BY AGE															
TOTAL PERSONS IN HOUSEHOLDS	199 384	172 459	164 027	833	535	2 371	1 349	3 344	26 925	4 135	518	1 075	12 422	5 051	3 723
UNDER 18 YEARS	70 190	62 176	61 226	163	141	357	179	110	8 014	2 277	299	567	2 044	2 191	636
18 YEARS AND OVER	129 194	110 283	102 801	670	393	2 014	1 171	3 234	18 911	1 858	219	509	10 377	2 860	3 087
TOTAL HOUSEHOLD INCOME															
TOTAL	62 874	49 588	44 408	490	242	1 386	929	2 134	13 286	1 277	189	346	7 228	2 056	2 191
UNDER $2,000	6 306	2 358	1 339	89	21	425	132	352	3 948	356	81	105	2 699	342	365
$2,000 TO $3,999	7 781	4 448	3 517	91	46	317	114	363	3 333	414	48	76	1 810	457	528
$4,000 TO $5,999	7 398	5 271	4 573	82	39	163	119	295	2 127	236	32	56	998	453	352
$6,000 TO $7,999	8 309	6 759	6 001	73	33	156	178	319	1 550	167	13	49	638	340	342
$8,000 TO $9,999	8 106	7 218	6 709	50	17	96	124	223	888	49	5	22	403	192	217
$10,000 TO $14,999	14 524	13 541	12 807	66	51	130	157	329	983	37	9	24	447	200	266
$15,000 TO $24,999	8 433	8 051	7 629	30	27	81	80	202	382	15	1	11	193	64	97
$25,000 TO $49,999	1 784	1 715	1 612	9	8	17	23	47	69	1	-	3	35	8	22
$50,000 AND OVER	233	226	220	-	-	1	1	4	7	-	-	-	6	-	1
MEDIAN INCOME..DOLLARS	8 405	9 651	10 025	5 579	6 929	3 692	7 115	6 355	3 618	3 361	2 589	3 787	3 011	5 012	5 151
MEAN INCOME..DOLLARS	9 544	10 795	11 212	6 735	8 569	5 677	8 158	7 767	4 877	4 014	3 312	4 925	4 401	5 734	6 276
HOUSEHOLDS WITH RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18															
SIZE OF HOUSEHOLD															
TOTAL	29 736	26 438	26 011	64	55	165	97	47	3 298	808	136	199	950	957	250
ONE PERSON	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)
TWO PERSON	791	93	(x)	9	7	32	31	13	698	128	39	33	201	227	70
THREE PERSON	6 981	6 040	5 924	20	10	44	30	12	941	227	43	53	262	290	65
FOUR PERSON	8 975	8 283	8 191	12	17	38	15	10	692	161	29	36	191	230	44
FIVE PERSON	6 350	5 906	5 849	8	9	20	15	5	444	125	15	22	147	112	23
SIX PERSON	3 470	3 215	3 188	6	3	10	4	3	256	74	5	27	78	49	22
SEVEN-OR-MORE-PERSON	3 169	2 901	2 859	8	9	21	1	4	268	93	3	27	71	49	26
PERSONS BY AGE															
TOTAL PERSONS IN HOUSEHOLDS	136 261	123 196	121 468	268	258	697	320	185	13 065	3 453	456	856	3 828	3 488	984
UNDER 18 YEARS	69 975	61 994	61 084	154	141	350	171	93	7 981	2 267	299	563	2 035	2 186	632
18 YEARS AND OVER	66 286	61 202	60 384	113	117	347	149	92	5 084	1 187	157	293	1 793	1 302	352
TOTAL HOUSEHOLD INCOME															
TOTAL	29 736	26 438	26 011	64	55	165	97	47	3 298	808	136	199	950	957	250
UNDER $2,000	1 066	406	371	7	-	9	7	12	660	207	59	55	148	122	68
$2,000 TO $3,999	2 059	1 122	1 085	10	6	12	1	9	937	278	33	58	215	244	109
$4,000 TO $5,999	3 019	2 310	2 261	12	5	22	5	5	709	160	25	35	214	236	39
$6,000 TO $7,999	4 199	3 763	3 693	9	4	37	10	9	437	102	7	28	127	160	13
$8,000 TO $9,999	4 687	4 442	4 385	7	7	17	24	3	245	26	4	4	99	101	11
$10,000 TO $14,999	8 790	8 563	8 454	14	23	33	33	5	227	28	8	10	104	72	5
$15,000 TO $24,999	4 871	4 800	4 741	6	9	29	13	3	71	5	-	6	36	21	3
$25,000 TO $49,999	908	897	887	-	1	4	3	1	11	1	-	3	7	-	-
$50,000 AND OVER	138	136	135	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1
MEDIAN INCOME..DOLLARS	9 931	10 687	10 716	6 851	11 278	8 205	10 072	5 160	4 148	3 416	2 532	3 499	5 048	4 953	3 036
MEAN INCOME..DOLLARS	10 985	11 730	11 763	7 815	11 264	10 343	10 471	6 649	5 018	4 023	3 217	4 621	6 050	5 503	3 754
HOUSEHOLDS WITH NO RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18															
SIZE OF HOUSEHOLD															
TOTAL	33 138	23 150	18 397	426	187	1 221	832	2 087	9 988	469	54	147	6 278	1 099	1 941
ONE PERSON	10 692	3 458	(x)	344	131	917	684	1 381	7 234	322	47	93	4 651	780	1 341
TWO PERSON	17 338	15 215	14 244	58	42	226	116	529	2 123	116	6	39	1 255	242	464
THREE PERSON	3 922	3 421	3 184	16	9	58	28	127	501	21	1	10	301	57	111
FOUR PERSON	960	859	782	8	4	20	3	41	101	6	-	3	53	16	23
FIVE PERSON	182	159	148	-	1	-	1	8	23	3	-	1	14	3	3
SIX PERSON	35	30	30	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	-	-	4	1	-
SEVEN-OR-MORE-PERSON	9	8	8	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	-
PERSONS BY AGE															
TOTAL PERSONS IN HOUSEHOLDS	63 123	49 263	42 559	565	277	1 674	1 030	3 158	13 860	682	62	220	8 594	1 563	2 739
UNDER 18 YEARS	215	182	141	9	-	7	8	16	33	11	-	4	9	5	4
18 YEARS AND OVER	62 908	49 081	42 417	556	277	1 667	1 022	3 142	13 827	672	62	216	8 584	1 558	2 735

SEE FOOTNOTES AT END OF TABLE.

Table 6.--MARITAL STATUS AND SEX OF HEAD--HOUSEHOLDS BY SIZE AND TOTAL MONEY INCOME IN 1969, BY PRESENCE OF RELATED CHILDREN, FOR THE UNITED STATES: MARCH 1970--Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

TOTAL MONEY INCOME AND SIZE OF HOUSEHOLD	ALL HOUSEHOLDS	MALE HEAD							FEMALE HEAD						
		TOTAL	MARRIED, WIFE PRESENT	MARRIED, WIFE ABSENT		WIDOWED	DIVORCED	SINGLE	TOTAL	MARRIED, HUSBAND ABSENT			WIDOWED	DIVORCED	SINGLE
				SEPARATED	OTHER					SEPARATED	IN ARMED FORCES	OTHER			
HOUSEHOLDS WITH NO RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18--CON.															
TOTAL HOUSEHOLD INCOME															
TOTAL	33 138	23 150	18 397	426	187	1 221	832	2 087	9 988	469	54	147	6 278	1 099	1 941
UNDER $2,000	5 240	1 952	968	82	21	416	125	340	3 288	149	21	49	2 551	220	297
$2,000 TO $3,999	5 722	3 326	2 432	82	40	305	113	355	2 396	136	15	18	1 595	213	419
$4,000 TO $5,999	4 379	2 961	2 312	70	33	141	114	290	1 418	76	7	21	784	217	313
$6,000 TO $7,999	4 109	2 997	2 307	64	29	119	168	309	1 113	65	6	22	512	180	329
$8,000 TO $9,999	3 419	2 776	2 325	43	9	79	99	221	643	23	1	18	304	90	207
$10,000 TO $14,999	5 734	4 978	4 354	51	28	97	124	324	756	10	1	14	342	128	261
$15,000 TO $24,999	3 562	3 251	2 889	25	18	53	68	200	311	10	1	6	157	42	94
$25,000 TO $49,999	877	818	725	9	7	12	20	45	58	-	-	-	28	8	22
$50,000 AND OVER	96	90	85	-	-	-	1	4	6	-	-	-	6	-	-
MEDIAN INCOME..DOLLARS..	6 598	8 244	9 014	5 403	5 926	3 279	6 763	6 380	3 424	3 250	2 707	4 617	2 737	5 076	5 631
MEAN INCOME..DOLLARS..	8 251	9 727	10 433	6 574	7 776	5 047	7 890	7 792	4 831	4 000	3 552	5 336	4 151	5 934	6 600
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION															
ALL HOUSEHOLDS															
SIZE OF HOUSEHOLD															
TOTAL	100.0	78.9	70.6	0.8	0.4	2.2	1.5	3.4	21.1	2.0	0.3	0.5	11.5	3.3	3.5
ONE PERSON	100.0	32.3	(X)	3.2	1.2	8.6	6.4	12.9	67.7	3.0	0.4	0.9	43.5	7.3	12.5
TWO PERSON	100.0	84.4	78.6	0.4	0.3	1.4	0.8	3.0	15.6	1.3	0.2	0.4	8.0	2.6	2.9
THREE PERSON	100.0	86.8	83.5	0.3	0.2	0.9	0.5	1.3	13.2	2.3	0.4	0.6	5.2	3.2	1.6
FOUR PERSON	100.0	92.0	90.3	0.2	0.2	0.6	0.2	0.5	8.0	1.7	0.3	0.4	2.5	2.5	0.7
FIVE PERSON	100.0	92.8	91.8	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.2	7.2	2.0	0.2	0.4	2.5	1.7	0.4
SIX PERSON	100.0	92.6	91.8	0.2	0.1	0.3	0.1	0.1	7.4	2.1	0.2	0.8	2.3	1.4	0.6
SEVEN-OR-MORE-PERSON	100.0	91.5	90.2	0.2	0.3	0.7	(Z)	0.1	8.5	2.9	0.1	0.8	2.3	1.5	0.8
PERSONS BY AGE															
TOTAL PERSONS IN HOUSEHOLDS	100.0	86.5	82.3	0.4	0.3	1.2	0.7	1.7	13.5	2.1	0.3	0.5	6.2	2.5	1.9
UNDER 18 YEARS	100.0	88.6	87.2	0.2	0.2	0.5	0.3	0.2	11.4	3.2	0.4	0.8	2.9	3.1	0.9
18 YEARS AND OVER	100.0	85.4	79.6	0.5	0.3	1.6	0.9	2.5	14.6	1.4	0.2	0.4	8.0	2.2	2.4
TOTAL HOUSEHOLD INCOME															
TOTAL	100.0	78.9	70.6	0.8	0.4	2.2	1.5	3.4	21.1	2.0	0.3	0.5	11.5	3.3	3
UNDER $2,000	100.0	37.4	21.2	1.4	0.3	6.7	2.1	5.6	62.6	5.6	1.3	1.7	42.8	5.4	5.
$2,000 TO $3,999	100.0	57.2	45.2	1.2	0.6	4.1	1.5	4.7	42.8	5.3	0.6	1.0	23.3	5.9	6.8
$4,000 TO $5,999	100.0	71.2	61.8	1.1	0.5	2.2	1.6	4.0	28.8	3.2	0.4	0.8	13.5	6.1	4.8
$6,000 TO $7,999	100.0	81.4	72.2	0.9	0.4	1.9	2.1	3.8	18.6	2.0	0.2	0.6	7.7	4.1	4.1
$8,000 TO $9,999	100.0	89.0	82.8	0.6	0.2	1.2	1.5	2.8	11.0	0.6	0.1	0.3	5.0	2.4	2.7
$10,000 TO $14,999	100.0	93.2	88.2	0.5	0.4	0.9	1.1	2.3	6.8	0.3	0.1	0.2	3.1	1.4	1.8
$15,000 TO $24,999	100.0	95.5	90.5	0.4	0.3	1.0	1.0	2.4	4.5	0.2	(Z)	0.1	2.3	0.8	1.2
$25,000 TO $49,999	100.0	96.1	90.3	0.5	0.5	0.9	1.3	2.6	3.9	0.1	-	0.1	1.9	0.5	1.3
$50,000 AND OVER	100.0	97.0	94.3	-	-	0.6	0.5	1.6	3.0	-	-	-	2.4	-	0.6
MEDIAN INCOME..DOLLARS..	8 405	9 651	10 025	5 579	6 929	3 692	7 115	6 355	3 618	3 361	2 589	3 787	3 011	5 012	5 151
MEAN INCOME..DOLLARS..	9 544	10 795	11 212	6 735	8 569	5 677	8 158	7 767	4 877	4 014	3 312	4 925	4 401	5 734	6 276
HOUSEHOLDS WITH RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18															
SIZE OF HOUSEHOLD															
TOTAL	100.0	88.9	87.5	0.2	0.2	0.6	0.3	0.2	11.1	2.7	0.5	0.7	3.2	3.2	0.8
ONE PERSON	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
TWO PERSON	100.0	11.7	(X)	1.1	0.9	4.1	4.0	1.6	88.3	16.2	5.0	4.2	25.4	28.6	8.9
THREE PERSON	100.0	86.5	84.9	0.3	0.1	0.6	0.4	0.2	13.5	3.2	0.6	0.8	3.8	4.2	0.9
FOUR PERSON	100.0	92.3	91.3	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.2	0.1	7.7	1.8	0.3	0.4	2.1	2.6	0.5
FIVE PERSON	100.0	93.0	92.1	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.2	0.1	7.0	2.0	0.2	0.4	2.3	1.8	0.4
SIX PERSON	100.0	92.6	91.9	0.2	0.1	0.3	0.1	0.1	7.4	2.1	0.2	0.8	2.3	1.4	0.6
SEVEN-OR-MORE-PERSON	100.0	91.6	90.2	0.2	0.3	0.7	(Z)	0.1	8.4	2.9	0.1	0.8	2.2	1.5	0.8
PERSONS BY AGE															
TOTAL PERSONS IN HOUSEHOLDS	100.0	90.4	89.1	0.2	0.2	0.5	0.2	0.1	9.6	2.5	0.3	0.6	2.8	2.6	0.7
UNDER 18 YEARS	100.0	88.6	87.3	0.2	0.2	0.5	0.2	0.1	11.4	3.2	0.4	0.8	2.9	3.1	0.9
18 YEARS AND OVER	100.0	92.3	91.1	0.2	0.2	0.5	0.2	0.1	7.7	1.8	0.2	0.4	2.7	2.0	0.5
TOTAL HOUSEHOLD INCOME															
TOTAL	100.0	88.9	87.5	0.2	0.2	0.6	0.3	0.2	11.1	2.7	0.5	0.7	3.2	3.2	0.8
UNDER $2,000	100.0	38.1	34.8	0.6	-	0.9	0.6	1.1	61.9	19.4	5.6	5.2	13.9	11.4	6.4
$2,000 TO $3,999	100.0	54.5	52.7	0.5	0.3	0.6	0.1	0.4	45.5	13.5	1.6	2.8	10.4	11.8	5.3
$4,000 TO $5,999	100.0	76.5	74.9	0.4	0.2	0.7	0.2	0.2	23.5	5.3	0.8	1.1	7.1	7.8	1.3
$6,000 TO $7,999	100.0	89.6	87.9	0.2	0.1	0.9	0.2	0.2	10.4	2.4	0.2	0.7	3.0	3.8	0.3
$8,000 TO $9,999	100.0	94.8	93.6	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.5	0.1	5.2	0.6	0.1	0.1	2.1	2.2	0.2
$10,000 TO $14,999	100.0	97.4	96.2	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.1	2.6	0.3	0.1	0.1	1.2	0.8	0.1
$15,000 TO $24,999	100.0	98.5	97.3	0.1	0.2	0.6	0.3	0.1	1.5	0.1	-	0.1	0.7	0.4	0.1
$25,000 TO $49,999	100.0	98.8	97.7	-	0.2	0.5	0.3	0.2	1.2	0.2	-	0.3	0.8	-	-
$50,000 AND OVER	100.0	99.0	98.0	-	-	1.0	-	-	1.0	-	-	-	-	-	1.0
MEDIAN INCOME..DOLLARS..	9 931	10 687	10 716	(B)	(B)	8 205	10 072	(B)	4 148	3 416	2 532	3 499	5 048	4 953	3 036
MEAN INCOME..DOLLARS..	10 985	11 730	11 763	(B)	(B)	10 343	10 471	(B)	5 018	4 023	3 217	4 621	6 050	5 503	3 754

SEE FOOTNOTES AT END OF TABLE.

Table 6.-MARITAL STATUS AND SEX OF HEAD-HOUSEHOLDS BY SIZE AND TOTAL MONEY INCOME IN 1969, BY PRESENCE OF RELATED CHILDREN, FOR THE UNITED STATES: MARCH 1970-Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

TOTAL MONEY INCOME AND SIZE OF HOUSEHOLD	ALL HOUSE-HOLDS	MALE HEAD							FEMALE HEAD						
		TOTAL	MARRIED, WIFE PRESENT	MARRIED, WIFE ABSENT		WIDOWED	DI-VORCED	SINGLE	TOTAL	MARRIED, HUSBAND ABSENT			WIDOWED	DI-VORCED	SINGLE
				SEPA-RATED	OTHER					SEPA-RATED	IN ARMED FORCES	OTHER			
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION--CON.															
HOUSEHOLDS WITH NO RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18															
SIZE OF HOUSEHOLD															
TOTAL	100.0	69.9	55.5	1.3	0.6	3.7	2.5	6.3	30.1	1.4	0.2	0.4	18.9	3.3	5.9
ONE PERSON	100.0	32.3	(X)	3.2	1.2	8.6	6.4	12.9	67.7	3.0	0.4	0.9	43.5	7.3	12.5
TWO PERSON	100.0	87.8	82.2	0.3	0.2	1.3	0.7	3.1	12.2	0.7	(Z)	0.2	7.2	1.4	2.7
THREE PERSON	100.0	87.2	81.2	0.4	0.2	1.5	0.7	3.2	12.8	0.5	(Z)	0.3	7.7	1.4	2.8
FOUR PERSON	100.0	89.5	81.5	0.8	0.5	2.1	0.3	4.3	10.5	0.6	-	0.3	5.5	1.7	2.4
FIVE PERSON	100.0	87.1	81.1	-	0.8	-	0.8	4.5	12.9	1.6	-	0.8	7.6	1.5	1.5
SIX PERSON	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
SEVEN-OR-MORE-PERSON	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
PERSONS BY AGE															
TOTAL PERSONS IN HOUSEHOLDS	100.0	78.0	67.4	0.9	0.4	2.7	1.6	5.0	22.0	1.1	0.1	0.3	13.6	2.5	4.3
UNDER 18 YEARS	100.0	84.7	65.7	4.2	-	3.4	3.7	7.7	15.3	5.0	-	1.9	4.3	2.3	1.9
18 YEARS AND OVER	100.0	78.0	67.4	0.9	0.4	2.7	1.6	5.0	22.0	1.1	0.1	0.3	13.6	2.5	4.3
TOTAL HOUSEHOLD INCOME															
TOTAL	100.0	69.9	55.5	1.3	0.6	3.7	2.5	6.3	30.1	1.4	0.2	0.4	18.9	3.3	5.9
UNDER $2,000	100.0	37.3	18.5	1.6	0.4	7.9	2.4	6.5	62.7	2.8	0.4	0.9	48.7	4.2	5.7
$2,000 TO $3,999	100.0	58.1	42.5	1.4	0.7	5.3	2.0	6.2	41.9	2.4	0.3	0.3	27.9	3.7	7.3
$4,000 TO $5,999	100.0	67.6	52.8	1.6	0.8	3.2	2.6	6.6	32.4	1.7	0.2	0.5	17.9	5.0	7.1
$6,000 TO $7,999	100.0	72.9	56.1	1.6	0.7	2.9	4.1	7.5	27.1	1.6	0.1	0.5	12.4	4.4	8.0
$8,000 TO $9,999	100.0	81.2	68.0	1.3	0.3	2.3	2.9	6.5	18.8	0.7	(Z)	0.5	8.9	2.6	6.0
$10,000 TO $14,999	100.0	86.8	75.9	0.9	0.5	1.7	2.2	5.6	13.2	0.2	(Z)	0.2	6.0	2.2	4.6
$15,000 TO $24,999	100.0	91.3	81.1	0.7	0.5	1.5	1.9	5.6	8.7	0.3	(Z)	0.2	4.4	1.2	2.7
$25,000 TO $49,999	100.0	93.4	82.7	1.0	0.8	1.4	2.3	5.2	6.6	-	-	-	3.1	1.0	2.5
$50,000 AND OVER	100.0	94.2	89.0	-	-	-	1.3	3.9	5.8	-	-	-	5.8	-	-
MEDIAN INCOME, DOLLARS	6 598	8 244	9 014	5 403	5 926	3 279	6 763	6 380	3 424	3 250	(B)	4 617	2 737	5 076	5 631
MEAN INCOME, DOLLARS	8 251	9 727	10 433	6 574	7 776	5 047	7 890	7 792	4 831	4 000	(B)	5 336	4 151	5 934	6 600

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