CURRENT POPULATION REPORTS

Population Estimates and Projections

U.S. Department of Commerce
BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

Series P-25, No. 693
Issued April 1977

1973 (Revised) and 1975 Population Estimates and 1972 (Revised) and 1974 Per Capita Income Estimates for Counties, Incorporated Places, and Selected Minor Civil Divisions In Vermont

This report is one of a series containing current estimates of the population and per capita money income for selected areas in each State. The population estimates relate to July 1, 1973 and July 1, 1975, and the estimates of per capita income cover calendar years 1972 and 1974. Current estimates of population below the county level and per capita money income for all general purpose governments were prompted by the enactment of the State and Local Fiscal Assistance Act of 1972. The figures are now used by a wide variety of Federal, State, and local governmental agencies for program planning and administrative purposes.

Areas included in this series of reports are all counties (or county equivalents such as census divisions in Alaska, parishes in Louisiana, and independent cities in Maryland, Missouri, Nevada, and Virginia) and incorporated places in the State, plus active minor civil divisions (MCD's), commonly towns in New England, New York, and Wisconsin, or townships in other parts of the United States.[1] These State reports appear in **Current Population Reports**, Series P-25, in alphabetical sequence as report number 649 (Alabama) through number 698 (Wyoming). A list indicating the report number for each State is appended. No separate report is to be issued for the District of Columbia. However, the estimates for the District of Columbia, together with a summary table for all States, will be presented in a report detailing the methods used to estimate income and population, and will contain further evaluation of the estimates. This report will appear in **Current Population Reports**, Series P-25, No. 699.

The detailed table for each State shows July 1, 1975 and revised July 1, 1973 estimates of the population of each area, together with April 1, 1970 census population and numerical and percentage change between 1970 and 1975. The 1970 population and related per capita income figures reflect annexations since 1970 and include corrections to the 1970 census counts. In addition, the table presents per capita income estimates for calendar years 1974 and 1972 (revised), plus calendar year 1969 per capita money income derived from data collected in the 1970 census.

The estimates are presented in the table in county order, with all incorporated places in the county listed in alphabetical order, followed by any functioning minor civil divisions also listed in alphabetical order. Minor civil divisions are always identified in the listing by the term "township," "town," or other MCD category. When incorporated places fall in more than one county, each county piece is marked "part," and totals for these places are presented at the end of the table.

[1] In certain midwestern States (Illinois, Kansas, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, and the Dakotas) some counties have active minor civil divisions while others do not.

For sale by the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402, and U.S. Department of Commerce district offices. Postage stamps not acceptable; currency submitted at sender's risk. Remittances from foreign countries must be by international money order or by draft on a U.S. bank. Additional charge for foreign mailing, $14.00. All population series reports sold as a single consolidated subscription $56.00 per year. Price for this report 35 cents.

POPULATION ESTIMATES METHODOLOGY

To estimate the population of each subcounty area, a component procedure (the Administrative Records method) was used, with each of the components of population change (births, deaths, net migration, and special populations) estimated separately. The estimates were derived in two stages, moving from 1970 as a base year to develop estimates for 1973, and in turn, moving from 1973 as the base year to derive estimates for 1975.

Migration. Individual Federal income tax returns were used to measure migration by matching individual returns for successive periods. The places of residence on tax returns filed in the base year and in the estimate year were noted for matched returns to determine in-migrants, out-migrants, and nonmigrants for each area. A net migration rate was derived, based on the difference between the in-migration and out-migration of taxpayers and dependents, and was applied to a base population to yield an estimate of net migration for all persons in the area.

Natural increase. Reported resident birth and death statistics were used, wherever available, to estimate natural increase. These data were collected from State health departments and supplemented, where necessary, by data prepared and published by the U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, National Center for Health Statistics. For subcounty areas where reported birth and death statistics were not available from either source, estimates were developed by applying national fertility and mortality rates to the 1970 census counts for the cohort of the female population 18 to 34 years old and to the total population 65 years old and over, respectively, in these areas. These estimates were subsequently controlled to agree with birth and death statistics for larger areas where reported data were available.

Adjustment for special populations. In addition to the above components of population change, estimates of special populations were also taken into account. Special populations include immigrants from abroad, members of the Armed Forces living in barracks, residents of institutions (prisons and long-term health care facilities), and college students enrolled in full-time programs. These populations were treated separately because changes in these types of population groups are not reflected in the components of population change developed by standard measures, and the information is generally available for use as an independent series.

In generating estimates for counties by this procedure, the method was modified slightly to make the county estimates specific to the resident population under 65 years of age. The resident population 65 years old and over in counties was estimated separately by adding the change in Medicare enrollees between April 1, 1970 and July 1 of the estimate year to the April 1, 1970 population 65 years old and over in the county as enumerated in the 1970 census. These estimates of the population 65 years old and over were then added to estimates of the population under 65 years old to yield estimates of the total resident population in each county.

Annexations and new incorporations. The 1970 census counts shown in this report reflect all population "corrections" made to the figures after the initial tabulations. In addition, adjustments for large annexations through December 31, 1975, are reflected in the estimates.[2] For new incorporations occurring after 1970, the 1970 population within the boundaries of the new areas are shown in the detailed table. This geographic updating is accomplished largely as a result of an annual boundary and annexation survey conducted by the Bureau of the Census.

Other adjustments. For areas where special censuses were conducted after July 1, 1972, such special censuses were taken into account in developing the estimates.[3] In several States, the subcounty estimates developed by the Administrative Records method were averaged with estimates for corresponding geographic areas which were prepared by

---

[2] In general, an annexation was included if the 1970 census count for the annexing area was 5,000 or more and the 1970 census count for the annexed area or areas exceeded 5 percent of the 1970 count for the annexing area. Adjustments were also made for a limited number of "unusual" annexations where the annexations for an area did not meet the minimum requirements but were accepted by the Office of Revenue Sharing for inclusion in the population base.

[3] Only special censuses conducted by the Bureau of the Census or by the California, Florida, Oregon, or Washington State agencies participating in the Federal-State Cooperative Program for Local Population Estimates were used for this purpose. In addition, in a relatively small number of cases where special censuses were conducted by localities, where the procedures and definitions were essentially the same as those used by the Bureau of the Census, the results of these special censuses were also taken into account in preparing the estimates.

State agencies participating in the Federal-State Cooperative Program for Local Population Estimates (FSCP). These States include California, Florida, Oregon, Washington, and Wisconsin.

The estimates for the subareas in each county were adjusted to independent county estimates. For 1973, the county estimates are revisions to those prepared by the Bureau of the Census alone or by the Bureau of the Census in conjunction with participating State agencies as a part of the Federal-State Cooperative Program. These estimates are revisions of those published in **Current Population Reports**, Series P-25, No. 620. For 1975, an intermediate set of county estimates was prepared, since all of the data necessary to develop final estimates under the FSCP program were not available. Specifically, only data for two of the methods relied upon in the FSCP estimates (i.e., Component Method II and the Administrative Records method) were available. The 1975 estimates result from adding the average 1974-1975 population change indicated by the two methods to the 1974 county population figures contained in **Current Population Reports**, Series P-25 and P-26.

The county estimates, in turn, were adjusted to be consistent with independent State estimates published by the Bureau of the Census in **Current Population Reports**, Series P-25, Nos. 640 and 642, in which the Administrative Records-based estimates were averaged with the estimates prepared using Component Method II and the Regression method.[4]

PER CAPITA INCOME ESTIMATES METHODOLOGY

The 1974 and revised 1972 per capita income (PCI) figure is the estimated average amount per person of total money income received during calendar years 1974 and 1972 for all persons residing in a given political jurisdiction in April 1975 and April 1973, respectively. The 1974 and revised 1972 PCI estimates are based on the 1970 census and have been updated using rates of change developed from various administrative record sets and compilations, mainly from the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) and the Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA).

The PCI estimates are based on a money income concept. Total money income is defined by the Bureau of the Census for statistical purposes as the sum of:

- Wage and salary income
- Net nonfarm self-employment income
- Net farm self-employment income
- Social Security and railroad retirement income
- Public assistance income
- All other income such as interest, dividends, veteran's payments, pensions, unemployment insurance, alimony, etc.

The total represents the amount of income received before deductions for personal income taxes, Social Security, bond purchases, union dues, Medicare deductions, etc.

Procedures for State and county PCI estimates. As noted above, the 1974 and revised 1972 State and county PCI estimates were based on the 1970 census.[5] The updates for these areas were developed by carrying forward the aggregate amount (i.e., the sum of all individual incomes in the State or county) independently for each type of income identified in the census to reflect differential changes in these income sources between 1969 and the estimate date. Data from the 1969, 1972, and 1974 Federal tax returns provided by the Internal Revenue Service were used to estimate the change in wage and salary income at the State and county level. All other types of income for these governmental units were updated using rates of change based on estimates of aggregate money income provided by the Bureau of Economic Analysis.

At the county level, several modifications of these procedures were used to better control the estimates of income change. For example, the IRS data for sub-State jurisdictions were subject to nonreporting of address information on the tax return and to misassignment of geographic location for reported addresses. To minimize the impact on the estimates from such potential sources of error, per capita wage and salary income for counties was updated intact as a per capita figure using the percentage change in wage and salary income per exemption reported on IRS returns. In addition, because of differences in the definition of income, data collection techniques, and estimation procedures, 1969 in-

[4] For further discussion of the methodologies used in preparing State estimates, see **Current Population Reports**, Series P-25, No. 640.

[5] Income data from the 1970 census reflect income received in calendar year 1969.

come estimates from the census and BEA were not strictly comparable. These differences were especially evident at the county level for nonfarm and farm self-employment income. BEA estimates for these types of income tend to have considerably more year-to-year variation than estimates derived from surveys and censuses. To minimize the effects of these differences, constraints were put on the rate of change in income from these sources in developing the 1972 and 1974 PCI updates.

As a final step to insure a uniform series of estimates at the State and county levels, the updated county per capita figures were converted to a total aggregate income and were adjusted to agree with the State aggregate level before a final per capita income was calculated.

Procedures for subcounty per capita income estimates. The 1974 and revised 1972 per capita income estimates for subcounty governmental units were developed using a methodology similar to that used to derive county-level figures. However, there are differences in the number of separate categories of income types used in the estimation procedure, and in the sources used to update the income components.

As in the case of the population estimates, a two-step procedure was relied upon to update the income figures from their 1969 level to refer to 1974. The 1972 estimates were prepared using the rate of change from 1969 to 1972. The 1974 estimates are based on the 1972 estimates, and were updated by an estimate of change from 1972 to 1974. Also, as in the case of the population figures, the subcounty income data were uniformly adjusted to reflect major annexation and boundary changes which occurred since 1970.

1969 base estimates. The 1970 census PCI figures for small areas are subject to sizable sampling variability, causing them to lack sufficient statistical reliability for use in the estimation process. For this report, the 1969 PCI shown for areas with a 1970 census sample population estimate of less than 1,000 is a weighted average of the original 1970 census sample value and a regression estimate. Research has indicated that this procedure results in a considerable improvement in accuracy compared to the procedure relied upon in earlier estimates, which was to use the county PCI amount for various small governmental units. The resulting 1969 estimate for each of these areas is a base estimate for preparing 1972 and 1974 estimates and does not represent a change in the 1970 census value for these areas.

For subcounty updating, 1969 total money income was divided into two components: (1) "taxable income" which is approximately comparable to that portion of income included in IRS adjusted gross income, and (2) "transfer income" which for the most part is not included in adjusted gross income. These 1969 subcounty estimates were adjusted to 1970 census totals for higher level government units. This was done using a two-way adjustment procedure controlling both to county totals and to several size class totals for the State.[6]

1972 (revised) and 1974 PCI updates. The taxable income portion of the 1969 money income was updated using the percent change in adjusted gross income (AGI) per exemption as computed from IRS tax return data. However, if the number of IRS tax returns for any area was very small, or if the ratio of exemptions to the population or the change in this ratio from 1969 to 1972 and 1972 to 1974 was not within an acceptable range, the IRS data for the subcounty area were not used in the update process. In such cases the percent change in AGI per exemption for the county was used. Similarly, if the IRS data for a particular subcounty area passed the above conditions, but the percent change in AGI per exemption was excessively large or small compared to that for the county, the change was constrained to a proportion of the county change.

The percentage change in per capita transfer income at the subcounty level was assumed to be the same as that implied by the BEA estimates at the county level.

The 1974 and 1972 estimates of taxable income and transfer income were adjusted separately using a two-way procedure similar to that used for the base estimates and were then combined to estimate total money income. The 1974 and 1972 PCI estimates were formed by dividing the total money income aggregates by the July 1975 and 1973 population estimates, respectively.

REVISION OF 1973 POPULATION AND 1972 PER CAPITA INCOME ESTIMATES

The July 1, 1973 population and calendar year 1972 per capita income estimates presented in this report supersede those estimates published earlier in

[6] Additional review and evaluation detail concerning the 1969 estimated income for places under 1,000 population is contained in **Current Population Reports**, Series P-25, No. 699.

Current Population Reports, Series P-25, Nos. 546 through 595. The July 1, 1973 population estimates shown in this report differ from those published previously for several reasons: (1) The procedure for correcting missing address information on the original tax forms was changed to more accurately reflect the population distribution of the various areas; (2) more accurate and up-to-date information on several components of population change (births, deaths, and special population groups) are now available; (3) the net migration component has been changed from a civilian population base to refer instead to the non-group quarters population (i.e., resident population excluding members of the Armed Forces living in barracks, inmates of long-term hospitals and prisons, and full-time students enrolled in college); and (4) additional special censuses are available for use that were conducted since the time of the last estimates.

Similarly for per capita income: (1) The 1969 income levels for small areas have been estimated rather than relying upon reported 1970 census figures, and (2) a revised procedure was used in controlling the 1972 estimates for internal agreement.

LIMITATIONS OF THE ESTIMATES

Population estimates. Tests of the accuracy of the methods used to develop State and county population estimates appearing in **Current Population Reports,** Series P-25 and P-26 have been documented elsewhere. The results of evaluations against the 1970 census at the State level are reported in Series P-25, No. 520, while similar 1970 tests for counties are presented in Series P-26, No. 21. In summary, the State estimates averaging Component Method II and the Regression method yielded average differences of approximately 1.9 percent when compared to the 1970 census. Subsequent modifications of the two procedures that have been incorporated in preparing estimates for the 1970's would have reduced the average difference in 1970 to 1.2 percent. For counties, the 1970 evaluations indicated an average difference of approximately 4.5 percent for the combination of procedures used. It should be noted that all of the evaluations against the results of the 1970 census concern estimates extending over the entire 10-year period of 1960 to 1970.

Since 1970, however, the Administrative Records method has been introduced with partial weight in the estimates for States and counties, and except for the few States in which local estimates are utilized, carries the full weight for estimates below the county level. The data series upon which the estimates procedure is based has been available as a comprehensive series for the entire United States only since 1967. Nonetheless, several studies have been undertaken evaluating the Administrative Records estimates from the State to the local level. At the Statewide level, little direct testing can be performed due to the lack of special censuses covering entire States. Some sense of the general reasonableness of the Administrative Records estimates may be obtained, however, by reviewing the degree of correspondence between the results of the method against those of the "standard" methods tested in 1970 and already in use to produce State estimates during the 1970's. It must be recognized that the differences between the two sets of estimates may not be interpreted as errors in either set of figures, but may only be used as a partial guide indicating the degree of consistency between the newer Administrative Records system and the established methods.

Table A presents such a comparison for State estimates referring to July 1, 1975. A rather close agreement may be observed in the estimates for all States at only a 1.0 percent difference. Only two States exceeded a 3-percent difference, with both being smaller States (under one million population) and both having unique circumstances that affect population patterns (Alaska and the District of Columbia). The variation of the Administrative Records method from the average of the other methods does increase noticeably for smaller States in a regular pattern, but still reaches an average of only 1.5 percent for the smallest size category.

The findings indicate no directional bias in the Administrative Records method either for all States or by size. It should also be noted that the Administrative Records estimate falls in the middle of the three estimates for 18 States, in contrast with approximately 17 cases to be expected by chance.

A similar comparison may be made at the county level (table B). Although the differences between the Co-op estimates and the Administrative Records results are larger at the county level than for States, the variations are well within the range that would be expected for areas of this population size, and the county pattern matches closely the findings for States. The overall differences for all counties is 3.3 percent, and ranges from 1.8 percent for the larger counties to 11.7 for the 26 small counties under 1,000 population.

Table A. Percent Difference Between Administrative Records Estimates and the Average of Component Method II and Regression Estimates for States: 1975

(Base is the average of Method II and Regression estimates)

Item	All States	Population size in 1970		
		4 million and over	1.5 to 4 million	Less than 1.5 million
Average percent difference (disregarding sign)	1.0	0.5	0.9	1.5
Number of States	51	16	18	17
With differences of:				
Less than 1 percent	32	14	12	6
1 to 2 percent	13	2	4	7
2 percent and over	6	-	2	4
Where Administrative Records was:				
Higher	24	7	9	8
Lower	27	9	9	9

- Represents zero.

Table B. Percent Difference Between Administrative Records Estimates and the Provisional Co-op Estimates for Counties: 1975

(Base is the provisional Co-op estimates for counties)

Item	All counties	Counties with 1,000 or more 1970 population					Counties with less than 1,000 1970 population
		Total	50,000 or more	25,000 to 50,000	10,000 to 25,000	1,000 to 10,000	
Average percent difference (disregarding sign)	3.3	3.2	1.8	2.7	3.2	4.4	11.7
Number of counties or equivalents	3,143	3,117	679	567	1,017	854	26
With differences of:							
Less than 1 percent	736	733	215	159	228	131	3
1 to 3 percent	1,153	1,145	311	213	373	248	8
3 to 5 percent	647	645	109	123	212	201	2
5 to 10 percent	471	467	42	58	167	200	4
10 percent and over	136	127	2	14	37	74	9

Comparison of these results for States and counties in 1975 with a similar analysis based on 1973 estimates is helpful as an indication of consistency over time. Some deterioration in the match of results from a selection of estimating techniques should be anticipated as the length of the estimating period increases and as the methods respond in varying degrees to the dynamics of population shifts. At the State level, such divergence is found. The overall variation increased from 0.6 percent difference in 1973 to 1.0 percent in 1975, with the most dramatic jumps occurring in the small States. On examination of the independent estimates from each method, however, this may be attributed as much to an increased variability in the Method II and Regression method results as to a tendency for the Administrative Records estimates to wander.

At the county level, the findings over time are more mixed. The level of difference for all counties indicates little change since the 1973 estimates (3.1 percent difference in 1973 and 3.3 percent in 1975). There are noticeable reductions in the differences for the largest and smallest population size categories (from 2.3 percent in 1973 to 1.8 percent in 1975 for counties of 50,000 or more, and from 18.1 percent to 11.7 percent for counties under 1,000 population), but modest increases may be observed in the variations for the remaining categories. In general, there appears to be some decrease of correspondence in the State level figures that should be monitored in coming years, but little change has occurred in the county variations, with even some convergence of estimates for the larger and smaller counties.

Three tests of the Administrative Records population estimates against census counts have been undertaken. First, a limited evaluation involving 24 large areas (16 counties and 8 cities) was conducted on estimates for the 1968-1970 period.[7] Although the test shows the estimates to be quite accurate (1.8 percent difference), the areas may not be assumed to be representative of the 39,000 units of government covered by the Administrative Records estimating system, and the time segment evaluated refers only to a 2-year period.

A more representative group of special censuses in 86 areas selected particularly for evaluation purposes was conducted in 1973. The areas were randomly chosen nationwide to be typical of areas with populations below 20,000 persons.

Table C summarizes the average percent difference between the estimates from the Administrative Records method and counts from the 86 special censuses. Overall, the estimates differed from the special census counts by 5.9 percent, with the largest differences occurring in the smallest areas. Areas of between 1,000 and 20,000 population differed by 4.6 percent, while the average difference for the 27 areas below 1,000 population was 8.6 percent. There was a slight positive directional bias,

[7]Meyer Zitter and David L. Word, U.S. Bureau of the Census, "Use of Administrative Records for Small Area Population Estimates," unpublished paper prepared for presentation at the annual meeting of the Population Association of America, New Orleans, Louisiana, April 27, 1973.

Table C. Percent Difference Between Administrative Records Estimates (Unrevised) and 86 Special Censuses: 1973

(Base is special census)

Area	Average percent difference[1]	Number of areas with differences of:			
		Under 3 percent	3 to 5 percent	5 to 10 percent	10 percent and over
All areas (86)[2]	5.9	32	18	20	16
1,000 to 20,000 (59)	4.6	26	13	14	6
Under 1,000 population (27)	8.6	6	5	6	10

[1]Disregarding sign.
[2]All areas have population under 20,000 persons.

with about 60 percent of the estimates exceeding the census counts. Again the impact of population size on the expected level of accuracy may be noted. Even though all of the areas in this study are relatively small—less than 20,000 population—the larger ones demonstrate much lower variation from census figures than the smaller ones.

The third evaluation involving census comparisons is currently underway, and is based upon the approximately 2,000 special censuses that have been conducted since 1970 at the request of localities throughout the United States. Such areas constitute a fairly stringent test for any method in that they are generally very small areas, often are experiencing rapid population growth, and frequently are found to have had a vigorous program of annexation since the last census. This evaluation study has not been completed for use here but will be included in detail as a part of the comprehensive methodology description in **Current Population Reports,** Series P-25, No. 699.

As a final caution, it must be noted that for convenience in presentation, the estimates contained in table I are shown in unrounded form. It is not intended, however, that the figures be considered accurate to the last digit. The nature of estimates prompts the rounding of figures in related Bureau reports and must be kept in mind during the application of the estimates contained here.

Per capita income estimates. Similar types of analyses and evaluation are not available for the updated estimates of PCI. Income data and PCI for 1972 are available for the 86 areas in which special censuses were conducted for testing purposes. As noted, however, the areas in which the censuses were taken are relatively small. The PCI estimates are based upon data from the 1970 census, which are subject to sampling variability due to the size of the areas. Consequently, PCI did not change enough in the 1970-72 period in most instances to move outside of the relatively large range of sampling variability associated with the 1970 census results on income for small areas. Thus, it is not possible to obtain a reliable reading or even rough approximations on the accuracy of the change in PCI using the 86 areas as standards. The estimates were made available to persons working with economic statistics in each State for review prior to publication. Comments from this "local" review helped identify problem areas and input data errors.

RELATED REPORTS

The population and per capita income estimates shown in this series of reports supersede those found in **Current Population Reports,** Series P-25, Nos. 546 through 595 for 1973. The population estimates contained here for States are consistent with Series P-25, No. 533 (1973) and No. 642 (1975). The county estimates for 1975 are superior to the provisional 1975 figures published earlier in Series P-25 and P-26 due to the addition of a second method, but will not be reported elsewhere in **Current Population Reports.** The county population estimates will be replaced by subsequent final 1975 figures to be developed through the Federal-State Cooperative Program for Local Population Estimates.

DETAILED TABLE SYMBOLS

In the detailed table entries, a dash "—" represents zero, and the symbol "Z" indicates that the figure is less than 0.05 percent. The symbol "B" means that the base for the derived figure is less than 75,000. Three dots ". . ." mean not applicable, and "NA" means not available.

Table 1. JULY 1, 1973 (REVISED) AND JULY 1, 1975 POPULATION AND CALENDAR YEAR 1972 (REVISED) AND 1974 PER CAPITA INCOME ESTIMATES FOR THE STATE, COUNTIES, AND SUBCOUNTY AREAS

(1970 population and related per capita income figures reflect annexations since 1970 and corrections to 1970 census counts. For subcounty areas with a 1970 census sample population of less than 1,000, the 1969 per capita income is an estimate and not the 1970 census figure. For details and meaning of symbols, see text)

AREA	POPULATION					ESTIMATED PER CAPITA MONEY INCOME (DOLLARS)			
	JULY 1, 1975	JULY 1, 1973 (REVISED)	APRIL 1, 1970 (CENSUS)	CHANGE, 1970 TO 1975 NUMBER	CHANGE, 1970 TO 1975 PERCENT	1974	1972 (REVISED)	1969	PERCENT CHANGE, 1969 TO 1974
STATE OF VERMONT.....	472 073	464 360	444 732	27 341	6.1	3 907	3 337	2 760	41.6
ADDISON COUNTY.....	26 014	25 509	24 266	1 748	7.2	3 754	3 285	2 593	44.8
BRISTOL.....	1 865	1 866	1 737	128	7.4	3 708	3 165	2 579	43.8
VERGENNES.....	2 098	2 156	2 242	-144	-6.4	4 354	3 770	3 123	39.4
ADDISON TOWN.....	792	765	717	75	10.5	3 012	2 881	2 089	44.2
BRIDPORT TOWN.....	916	908	809	107	13.2	4 274	3 713	2 699	58.4
BRISTOL TOWN.....	2 962	2 946	2 744	218	7.9	3 525	3 009	2 434	44.8
CORNWALL TOWN.....	979	974	900	79	8.8	4 520	4 031	2 929	54.3
FERRISBURG TOWN.....	2 190	2 017	1 875	315	16.8	3 199	2 966	2 365	35.3
GOSHEN TOWN.....	151	143	120	31	25.8	4 172	3 403	2 683	55.5
GRANVILLE TOWN.....	259	253	255	4	1.6	5 860	4 980	3 931	49.1
HANCOCK TOWN.....	274	298	283	-9	-3.2	3 601	3 138	2 400	50.0
LEICESTER TOWN.....	645	626	583	62	10.6	3 199	2 962	2 333	37.1
LINCOLN TOWN.....	629	631	599	30	5.0	3 038	2 863	2 061	47.4
MIDDLEBURY TOWN.....	6 731	6 673	6 532	199	3.0	3 983	3 424	2 736	45.6
MONKTON TOWN.....	844	817	765	79	10.3	3 580	2 896	2 291	56.3
NEW HAVEN TOWN.....	1 285	1 213	1 039	246	23.7	3 517	3 122	2 519	39.6
ORWELL TOWN.....	873	880	851	22	2.6	2 895	2 612	1 915	51.2
PANTON TOWN.....	512	490	416	96	23.1	2 891	2 673	2 115	36.7
RIPTON TOWN.....	260	243	187	73	39.0	3 530	3 389	2 446	44.3
SALISBURY TOWN.....	703	727	649	54	8.3	3 574	3 052	2 252	58.7
SHOREHAM TOWN.....	880	813	790	90	11.4	4 041	3 333	2 502	61.5
STARKSBORO TOWN.....	782	727	668	114	17.1	4 368	3 994	3 176	37.5
WALTHAM TOWN.....	292	280	265	27	10.2	3 394	2 982	2 351	44.4
WEYBRIDGE TOWN.....	611	589	618	-7	-1.1	3 482	3 030	2 465	41.3
WHITING TOWN.....	344	341	359	-15	-4.2	3 928	3 184	2 739	43.4
BENNINGTON COUNTY.....	30 826	29 867	29 282	1 544	5.3	4 024	3 439	2 844	41.5
NORTH BENNINGTON.....	1 067	1 026	984	83	8.4	5 212	3 943	3 317	57.1
OLD BENNINGTON.....	268	267	268	-	-	8 826	7 188	5 941	48.6
MANCHESTER.....	455	443	435	20	4.6	5 871	4 744	4 327	35.7
READSBORO.....	430	437	469	-39	-8.3	4 008	3 258	2 772	44.6
ARLINGTON TOWN.....	1 947	1 934	1 934	13	0.7	3 158	2 906	2 203	43.3
BENNINGTON TOWN.....	15 889	15 266	14 586	1 303	8.9	4 047	3 457	2 846	42.2
DORSET TOWN.....	1 347	1 316	1 293	54	4.2	3 842	3 427	2 907	32.2
LANDGROVE TOWN.....	130	107	104	26	25.0	3 745	3 199	2 655	41.1
MANCHESTER TOWN.....	2 856	2 811	2 919	-63	-2.2	4 860	4 199	3 516	38.2
PERU TOWN.....	248	246	243	5	2.1	3 844	3 585	3 006	27.9
POWNAL TOWN.....	2 759	2 598	2 441	318	13.0	4 169	3 404	2 826	47.5
READSBORO TOWN.....	576	588	638	-62	-9.7	3 819	3 206	2 660	43.6
RUPERT TOWN.....	602	603	582	20	3.4	3 892	3 410	2 613	48.9
SANDGATE TOWN.....	131	130	127	4	3.1	2 871	2 452	2 035	41.1
SEARSBURG TOWN.....	88	85	84	4	4.8	3 417	2 918	2 422	41.1
SHAFTSBURY TOWN.....	2 303	2 286	2 411	-108	-4.5	3 772	3 124	2 773	36.0
STAMFORD TOWN.....	767	735	752	15	2.0	4 313	3 603	2 980	44.7
SUNDERLAND TOWN.....	567	586	601	-34	-5.7	3 477	2 819	2 346	48.2
WINHALL TOWN.....	347	306	281	66	23.5	4 274	3 991	3 071	39.2
WOODFORD TOWN.....	270	268	286	-16	-5.6	3 405	2 908	2 414	41.1
CALEDONIA COUNTY.....	24 658	23 895	22 789	1 869	8.2	3 510	2 999	2 441	43.8
WEST BURKE.....	439	396	358	81	22.6	3 393	2 982	2 279	48.9
HARDWICK.....	1 620	1 597	1 503	117	7.8	3 459	2 942	2 309	49.8
LYNDONVILLE.....	1 579	1 497	1 415	164	11.6	4 084	3 352	2 701	51.2
BARNET TOWN.....	1 367	1 372	1 342	25	1.9	3 776	3 273	2 535	49.0
BURKE TOWN.....	1 190	1 091	1 053	137	13.0	3 722	3 113	2 343	58.9
DANVILLE TOWN.....	1 564	1 512	1 405	159	11.3	3 264	2 732	2 274	43.5
GROTON TOWN.....	734	692	666	68	10.2	3 046	2 604	2 143	42.1
HARDWICK TOWN.....	2 630	2 652	2 466	164	6.7	2 981	2 493	2 014	48.0
KIRBY TOWN.....	216	208	224	-8	-3.6	5 243	4 486	3 668	42.9
LYNDON TOWN.....	4 466	4 073	3 705	761	20.5	3 344	2 826	2 283	46.5
NEWARK TOWN.....	202	155	144	58	40.3	1 798	1 426	1 166	54.2
PEACHAM TOWN.....	513	459	446	67	15.0	4 779	4 037	3 027	57.9
RYEGATE TOWN.....	973	935	830	143	17.2	2 896	2 388	2 084	39.0
ST JOHNSBURY TOWN.....	8 178	8 280	8 409	-231	-2.7	3 832	3 295	2 729	40.4
SHEFFIELD TOWN.....	395	376	307	88	28.7	2 730	2 540	1 904	43.4
STANNARD TOWN.....	95	101	88	7	8.0	1 755	1 502	1 228	42.9
SUTTON TOWN.....	560	535	438	122	27.9	3 552	3 305	2 478	43.3
WALDEN TOWN.....	492	469	442	50	11.3	3 441	2 944	2 407	43.0
WATERFORD TOWN.....	807	731	586	221	37.7	3 728	3 048	2 285	63.2
WHEELOCK TOWN.....	275	254	238	37	15.5	2 855	2 652	2 168	31.7

Table 1. JULY 1, 1973 (REVISED) AND JULY 1, 1975 POPULATION AND CALENDAR YEAR 1972 (REVISED) AND 1974 PER CAPITA INCOME ESTIMATES FOR THE STATE, COUNTIES, AND SUBCOUNTY AREAS—Continued

(1970 population and related per capita income figures reflect annexations since 1970 and corrections to 1970 census counts. For subcounty areas with a 1970 census sample population of less than 1,000, the 1969 per capita income is an estimate and not the 1970 census figure. For details and meaning of symbols, see text)

AREA	POPULATION					ESTIMATED PER CAPITA MONEY INCOME (DOLLARS)			
	JULY 1, 1975	JULY 1, 1973 (REVISED)	APRIL 1, 1970 (CENSUS)	CHANGE, 1970 TO 1975 NUMBER	CHANGE, 1970 TO 1975 PERCENT	1974	1972 (REVISED)	1969	PERCENT CHANGE, 1969 TO 1974
CHITTENDEN COUNTY	105 559	104 239	99 131	6 428	6.5	4 275	3 629	3 073	39.1
BURLINGTON	37 133	38 243	38 633	-1 500	-3.9	4 100	3 478	2 979	37.6
ESSEX JUNCTION	7 273	7 076	6 511	762	11.7	4 739	3 945	3 299	43.6
MILTON	1 340	1 262	1 164	176	15.1	4 028	3 283	2 767	45.6
RICHMOND	1 084	1 024	935	149	15.9	3 614	3 009	2 633	37.3
SOUTH BURLINGTON	11 090	10 803	10 032	1 058	10.5	5 257	4 497	3 842	36.8
WINOOSKI	6 954	7 095	7 309	-355	-4.9	3 535	2 934	2 504	41.2
BOLTON TOWN	534	462	427	107	25.1	4 123	3 249	3 023	36.4
CHARLOTTE TOWN	2 014	1 897	1 802	212	11.8	5 450	4 530	3 736	45.9
COLCHESTER TOWN	10 090	9 702	8 776	1 314	15.0	4 083	3 510	2 994	36.4
ESSEX TOWN	12 338	11 968	10 951	1 387	12.7	4 473	3 812	3 211	39.3
HINESBURG TOWN	2 295	2 127	1 775	520	29.3	4 205	3 531	2 833	48.4
HUNTINGTON TOWN	815	802	748	67	9.0	2 801	2 368	2 019	38.7
JERICHO TOWN	3 292	2 951	2 343	949	40.5	3 568	3 177	2 623	36.0
MILTON TOWN	5 391	5 066	4 495	896	19.9	3 692	3 139	2 621	40.9
RICHMOND TOWN	2 567	2 495	2 249	318	14.1	3 462	2 877	2 526	37.1
ST GEORGE TOWN	607	521	477	130	27.3	4 527	3 845	3 294	37.4
SHELBURNE TOWN	4 258	4 050	3 728	530	14.2	5 797	4 959	4 021	44.2
UNDERHILL TOWN	1 620	1 495	1 198	422	35.2	4 201	3 637	2 881	45.8
WESTFORD TOWN	1 190	1 151	991	199	20.1	2 951	2 531	2 029	45.4
WILLISTON TOWN	3 360	3 400	3 187	173	5.4	4 859	4 070	3 459	40.5
ESSEX COUNTY	6 194	5 659	5 416	778	14.4	3 335	2 862	2 278	46.4
BLOOMFIELD TOWN	180	191	196	-16	-8.2	2 846	2 266	1 811	57.2
BRIGHTON TOWN	1 470	1 329	1 365	105	7.7	3 223	2 886	2 255	42.9
BRUNSWICK TOWN	39	46	45	-6	-13.3	4 211	3 618	2 865	47.0
CANAAN TOWN	1 009	971	949	60	6.3	3 765	3 133	2 339	61.0
CONCORD TOWN	1 102	964	896	206	23.0	3 436	2 780	2 366	45.2
EAST HAVEN TOWN	295	281	197	98	49.7	3 056	2 433	2 131	43.4
GRANBY TOWN	60	50	52	8	15.4	2 989	2 568	2 033	47.0
GUILDHALL TOWN	141	138	169	-28	-16.6	3 244	2 942	2 577	25.9
LEMINGTON TOWN	125	117	120	5	4.2	3 815	3 278	2 596	47.0
LUNENBURG TOWN	1 354	1 193	1 061	293	27.6	3 170	2 809	2 200	44.1
MAIDSTONE TOWN	111	98	94	17	18.1	3 374	2 899	2 295	47.0
NORTON TOWN	230	213	207	23	11.1	3 148	2 868	2 271	38.6
VICTORY TOWN	46	43	42	4	9.5	3 090	2 655	2 102	47.0
FRANKLIN COUNTY	32 867	32 666	31 282	1 585	5.1	3 704	3 221	2 657	39.4
ENOSBURG FALLS	1 235	1 233	1 266	-31	-2.4	4 502	3 842	3 099	45.3
RICHFORD	1 451	1 547	1 527	-76	-5.0	3 465	3 055	2 539	36.5
ST ALBANS	7 413	7 792	8 082	-669	-8.3	4 192	3 639	2 993	40.1
SWANTON	2 832	2 708	2 630	202	7.7	4 169	3 668	2 736	52.4
BAKERSFIELD TOWN	665	664	635	30	4.7	2 993	2 457	1 968	52.1
BERKSHIRE TOWN	1 003	1 029	931	72	7.7	3 235	2 613	2 212	46.2
ENOSBURG TOWN	2 072	1 990	1 918	154	8.0	3 763	3 238	2 685	40.1
FAIRFAX TOWN	1 655	1 527	1 366	289	21.2	3 984	3 438	2 795	42.5
FAIRFIELD TOWN	1 455	1 378	1 285	170	13.2	2 998	2 553	2 117	41.6
FLETCHER TOWN	468	457	456	12	2.6	2 583	2 277	2 056	25.6
FRANKLIN TOWN	981	921	821	160	19.5	2 713	2 454	2 202	23.2
GEORGIA TOWN	1 997	1 888	1 711	286	16.7	3 544	3 151	2 519	40.7
HIGHGATE TOWN	2 190	2 163	1 936	254	13.1	3 057	2 682	2 308	32.5
MONTGOMERY TOWN	804	760	652	152	23.3	3 091	2 553	2 117	46.0
RICHFORD TOWN	2 056	2 173	2 116	-60	-2.8	4 631	4 108	3 297	40.5
ST ALBANS TOWN	3 385	3 377	3 270	115	3.5	3 691	3 215	2 674	38.0
SHELDON TOWN	1 751	1 606	1 481	270	18.2	3 146	2 686	2 338	34.6
SWANTON TOWN	4 973	4 941	4 622	351	7.6	3 814	3 277	2 564	48.8
GRAND ISLE COUNTY	4 036	3 886	3 574	462	12.9	3 776	3 199	2 694	40.2
ALBURG	507	518	520	-13	-2.5	3 216	2 491	2 262	42.2
ALBURG TOWN	1 364	1 345	1 271	93	7.3	3 658	3 162	2 666	37.2
GRAND ISLE TOWN	1 084	980	809	275	34.0	3 989	3 319	2 821	41.4
ISLE LA MOTTE TOWN	280	294	262	18	6.9	2 987	2 600	2 127	40.4
NORTH HERO TOWN	343	337	364	-21	-5.8	3 128	2 617	2 216	41.2
SOUTH HERO TOWN	965	930	868	97	11.2	4 164	3 530	2 986	39.5
LAMOILLE COUNTY	15 280	15 070	13 309	1 971	14.8	3 876	3 383	2 820	37.4
CAMBRIDGE	258	255	235	23	9.8	3 325	2 809	2 403	38.4
JEFFERSONVILLE	449	449	382	67	17.5	3 564	2 979	2 501	42.5
HYDE PARK	466	460	418	48	11.5	4 113	3 570	2 979	38.1
JOHNSON	1 992	1 888	1 296	696	53.7	3 725	3 208	2 699	38.0
MORRISVILLE	2 025	2 154	2 116	-91	-4.3	4 118	3 264	2 650	55.4
STOWE	517	500	435	82	18.9	4 958	4 778	3 752	32.1
BELVIDERE TOWN	234	228	189	45	23.8	3 063	2 455	2 019	51.7
CAMBRIDGE TOWN	1 672	1 668	1 528	144	9.4	3 997	3 340	2 890	38.3

Table 1. JULY 1, 1973 (REVISED) AND JULY 1, 1975 POPULATION AND CALENDAR YEAR 1972 (REVISED) AND 1974 PER CAPITA INCOME ESTIMATES FOR THE STATE, COUNTIES, AND SUBCOUNTY AREAS—Continued

(1970 population and related per capita income figures reflect annexations since 1970 and corrections to 1970 census counts. For subcounty areas with a 1970 census sample population of less than 1,000, the 1969 per capita income is an estimate and not the 1970 census figure. For details and meaning of symbols, see text)

AREA	POPULATION					ESTIMATED PER CAPITA MONEY INCOME (DOLLARS)			
	JULY 1, 1975	JULY 1, 1973 (REVISED)	APRIL 1, 1970 (CENSUS)	CHANGE, 1970 TO 1975 NUMBER	CHANGE, 1970 TO 1975 PERCENT	1974	1972 (REVISED)	1969	PERCENT CHANGE, 1969 TO 1974
EDEN TOWN	597	589	513	84	16.4	3 419	3 209	3 008	13.7
ELMORE TOWN	302	325	292	10	3.4	4 029	3 521	2 936	37.2
HYDE PARK TOWN	1 559	1 529	1 347	212	15.7	3 921	3 368	2 885	35.9
JOHNSON TOWN	2 748	2 600	1 927	821	42.6	3 578	3 076	2 573	39.1
MORRISTOWN TOWN	4 145	4 272	4 052	93	2.3	3 514	2 923	2 398	46.5
STOWE TOWN	2 684	2 619	2 388	296	12.4	5 306	5 092	4 013	32.2
WATERVILLE TOWN	421	425	397	24	6.0	2 557	2 049	1 693	51.0
WOLCOTT TOWN	917	818	676	241	35.7	2 985	2 401	2 250	32.7
ORANGE COUNTY	19 682	19 133	17 676	2 006	11.3	3 489	3 069	2 442	42.9
BRADFORD	732	749	709	23	3.2	3 934	3 375	2 572	53.0
NEWBURY	362	364	344	18	5.2	3 381	3 096	2 425	39.4
WELLS RIVER	444	436	419	25	6.0	2 958	2 947	2 304	28.4
RANDOLPH	2 132	2 128	2 115	17	0.8	3 929	3 515	2 827	39.0
BRADFORD TOWN	1 675	1 688	1 627	48	3.0	4 199	3 665	2 929	43.4
BRAINTREE TOWN	941	867	751	190	25.3	3 312	2 686	2 394	38.3
BROOKFIELD TOWN	689	670	606	83	13.7	3 353	2 734	2 204	52.1
CHELSEA TOWN	1 085	1 061	983	102	10.4	3 412	2 983	2 326	46.7
CORINTH TOWN	789	694	683	106	15.5	2 494	2 205	1 785	39.7
FAIRLEE TOWN	663	633	604	59	9.8	3 772	3 133	2 428	55.4
NEWBURY TOWN	1 715	1 582	1 440	275	19.1	3 192	3 029	2 306	38.4
ORANGE TOWN	735	643	540	195	36.1	3 689	3 370	2 500	47.6
RANDOLPH TOWN	3 884	3 936	3 882	2	0.1	3 641	3 226	2 604	39.8
STRAFFORD TOWN	653	609	536	117	21.8	3 392	3 152	2 799	21.2
THETFORD TOWN	1 705	1 623	1 422	283	19.9	4 290	3 783	2 941	45.9
TOPSHAM TOWN	775	803	686	89	13.0	2 964	2 620	2 072	43.1
TUNBRIDGE TOWN	890	861	791	99	12.5	2 819	2 371	2 005	40.6
VERSHIRE TOWN	327	314	299	28	9.4	3 569	2 896	2 263	57.7
WASHINGTON TOWN	813	774	667	146	21.9	3 049	2 655	1 973	54.5
WEST FAIRLEE TOWN	370	366	337	33	9.8	2 855	2 467	2 150	32.8
WILLIAMSTOWN TOWN	1 974	2 009	1 822	152	8.3	3 368	2 966	2 250	49.7
ORLEANS COUNTY	21 583	21 028	20 153	1 430	7.1	3 276	2 883	2 308	41.9
ALBANY	181	180	175	6	3.4	3 076	2 568	2 161	42.3
BARTON	1 036	1 033	1 051	-15	-1.4	3 074	2 696	2 165	42.0
ORLEANS	1 075	1 121	1 138	-63	-5.5	3 431	3 021	2 389	43.6
DERBY CENTER	534	526	547	-13	-2.4	3 178	2 744	2 142	48.4
DERBY LINE	858	892	834	24	2.9	3 295	2 792	2 447	34.7
NEWPORT	4 620	4 653	4 664	-44	-0.9	3 723	3 286	2 640	41.0
NORTH TROY	892	867	774	118	15.2	2 639	2 254	1 721	53.3
ALBANY TOWN	502	509	528	-26	-4.9	3 549	2 901	2 361	50.3
BARTON TOWN	2 913	2 873	2 874	39	1.4	3 125	2 801	2 223	40.6
BROWNINGTON TOWN	546	557	522	24	4.6	1 999	1 897	1 382	44.6
CHARLESTON TOWN	928	775	654	274	41.9	2 304	2 103	1 794	28.4
COVENTRY TOWN	536	492	492	44	8.9	4 790	3 980	3 011	59.1
CRAFTSBURY TOWN	710	681	632	78	12.3	3 156	2 679	2 341	34.8
DERBY TOWN	3 593	3 504	3 252	341	10.5	3 323	2 899	2 380	39.6
GLOVER TOWN	702	684	649	53	8.2	2 224	1 945	1 538	44.6
GREENSBORO TOWN	669	636	593	76	12.8	3 972	3 475	2 534	56.7
HOLLAND TOWN	431	365	383	48	12.5	4 601	4 440	3 524	30.6
IRASBURG TOWN	865	871	775	90	11.6	2 938	2 858	2 383	23.3
JAY TOWN	192	168	182	10	5.5	3 271	2 723	2 055	59.2
LOWELL TOWN	571	574	515	56	10.9	1 916	1 774	1 466	30.7
MORGAN TOWN	387	380	286	101	35.3	2 228	2 067	1 583	40.7
NEWPORT TOWN	1 312	1 202	1 125	187	16.6	3 551	3 064	2 225	59.6
TROY TOWN	1 515	1 506	1 457	58	4.0	3 021	2 547	1 966	53.7
WESTFIELD TOWN	371	371	375	-4	-1.1	3 664	3 005	2 385	53.6
WESTMORE TOWN	221	229	195	26	13.3	3 234	2 705	2 147	50.6
RUTLAND COUNTY	54 839	54 466	52 637	2 202	4.2	3 681	3 100	2 580	42.7
PITTSFORD	760	719	682	78	11.4	4 807	4 056	3 286	46.3
POULTNEY	1 712	1 823	1 914	-202	-10.6	3 212	2 716	2 244	43.1
RUTLAND	19 019	19 198	19 293	-274	-1.4	4 000	3 383	2 813	42.2
BENSON TOWN	656	643	583	73	12.5	2 576	2 156	1 865	38.1
BRANDON TOWN	3 721	3 683	3 697	24	0.6	2 946	2 498	2 104	40.0
CASTLETON TOWN	3 186	3 054	2 837	349	12.3	3 163	2 646	2 092	51.2
CHITTENDEN TOWN	762	682	646	116	18.0	3 514	2 819	2 344	49.9
CLARENDON TOWN	1 931	1 826	1 537	394	25.6	3 843	3 209	2 646	45.2
DANBY TOWN	955	911	910	45	4.9	2 650	2 146	1 730	53.2
FAIR HAVEN TOWN	2 849	2 901	2 777	72	2.6	3 057	2 610	2 202	38.8
HUBBARDTON TOWN	228	242	228	-	-	3 237	2 978	2 490	30.0
IRA TOWN	341	313	284	57	20.1	3 430	3 155	2 639	30.0
MENDON TOWN	782	773	743	39	5.2	4 582	3 781	3 198	43.3
MIDDLETOWN SPRINGS TOWN	600	584	426	174	40.8	3 165	2 693	2 181	45.1
MOUNT HOLLY TOWN	905	828	687	218	31.7	3 712	3 183	2 651	40.0
MOUNT TABOR TOWN	212	223	184	28	15.2	4 557	3 857	3 226	41.3

Table 1. JULY 1, 1973 (REVISED) AND JULY 1, 1975 POPULATION AND CALENDAR YEAR 1972 (REVISED) AND 1974 PER CAPITA INCOME ESTIMATES FOR THE STATE, COUNTIES, AND SUBCOUNTY AREAS—Continued

(1970 population and related per capita income figures reflect annexations since 1970 and corrections to 1970 census counts. For subcounty areas with a 1970 census sample population of less than 1,000, the 1969 per capita income is an estimate and not the 1970 census figure. For details and meaning of symbols, see text)

AREA	POPULATION					ESTIMATED PER CAPITA MONEY INCOME (DOLLARS)			
	JULY 1, 1975	JULY 1, 1973 (REVISED)	APRIL 1, 1970 (CENSUS)	CHANGE, 1970 TO 1975 NUMBER	CHANGE, 1970 TO 1975 PERCENT	1974	1972 (REVISED)	1969	PERCENT CHANGE, 1969 TO 1974
PAWLET TOWN	1 138	1 147	1 184	-46	-3.9	4 191	3 321	2 721	54.0
PITTSFIELD TOWN	305	291	249	56	22.5	2 845	2 619	2 123	34.0
PITTSFORD TOWN	2 481	2 473	2 306	175	7.6	4 572	3 873	3 164	44.5
POULTNEY TOWN	3 041	3 204	3 217	-176	-5.5	3 069	2 582	2 155	42.4
PROCTOR TOWN	2 069	2 120	2 095	-26	-1.2	3 707	2 983	2 620	41.5
RUTLAND TOWN	2 490	2 426	2 248	242	10.8	4 264	3 471	2 855	49.4
SHERBURNE TOWN	730	705	558	172	30.8	3 913	3 330	2 819	38.8
SHREWSBURY TOWN	742	680	570	172	30.2	3 177	2 795	2 288	38.9
SUDBURY TOWN	269	273	253	16	6.3	3 092	2 622	2 152	43.7
TINMOUTH TOWN	339	287	268	71	26.5	2 511	2 125	1 777	41.3
WALLINGFORD TOWN	1 740	1 658	1 676	64	3.8	3 714	3 063	2 568	44.6
WELLS TOWN	633	583	560	73	13.0	3 419	2 905	2 607	31.1
WEST HAVEN TOWN	184	208	240	-56	-23.3	2 809	2 201	1 962	43.2
WEST RUTLAND TOWN	2 531	2 546	2 381	150	6.3	3 698	3 237	2 698	37.1
WASHINGTON COUNTY	48 983	48 550	47 659	1 324	2.8	3 840	3 317	2 690	42.8
PLAINFIELD	536	511	491	45	9.2	2 352	2 109	1 886	24.7
BARRE	9 805	10 063	10 209	-404	-4.0	4 046	3 404	2 792	44.9
CABOT	268	270	253	15	5.9	3 235	2 877	2 313	39.9
MARSHFIELD	357	346	322	35	10.9	3 592	3 270	2 591	38.6
MONTPELIER	8 217	8 281	8 609	-392	-4.6	4 409	3 783	3 150	40.0
NORTHFIELD	2 217	2 182	2 139	78	3.6	3 813	3 112	2 700	41.2
WATERBURY	2 323	2 524	2 840	-517	-18.2	3 161	2 753	2 201	43.6
BARRE TOWN	6 776	6 821	6 509	267	4.1	3 963	3 396	2 689	47.4
BERLIN TOWN	2 311	2 226	2 050	261	12.7	4 401	3 777	2 933	50.1
CABOT TOWN	684	692	663	21	3.2	3 268	2 888	2 353	38.9
CALAIS TOWN	990	836	749	241	32.2	3 573	3 127	2 340	52.7
DUXBURY TOWN	642	642	621	21	3.4	3 306	2 956	2 450	34.9
EAST MONTPELIER TOWN	1 819	1 712	1 597	222	13.9	4 500	3 999	3 139	43.4
FAYSTON TOWN	440	403	292	148	50.7	3 521	3 330	2 699	30.5
MARSHFIELD TOWN	1 127	1 095	1 033	94	9.1	3 559	3 211	2 574	38.3
MIDDLESEX TOWN	1 071	924	857	214	25.0	3 491	3 235	2 427	43.8
MORETOWN TOWN	1 132	1 049	904	228	25.2	3 088	2 869	2 148	43.8
NORTHFIELD TOWN	4 891	4 844	4 870	21	0.4	3 394	2 862	2 423	40.1
PLAINFIELD TOWN	1 490	1 454	1 399	91	6.5	2 542	2 210	1 802	41.1
ROXBURY TOWN	364	355	354	10	2.8	3 840	3 075	2 676	43.5
WAITSFIELD TOWN	1 075	978	837	238	28.4	3 930	3 706	2 789	40.9
WARREN TOWN	881	766	588	293	49.8	3 291	3 109	2 682	22.7
WATERBURY TOWN	4 188	4 348	4 614	-426	-9.2	3 294	2 846	2 276	44.7
WOODBURY TOWN	391	416	399	-8	-2.0	2 277	2 153	1 764	29.1
WORCESTER	687	646	505	182	36.0	3 908	3 446	2 680	45.8
WINDHAM COUNTY	34 857	34 745	33 476	1 381	4.1	4 030	3 412	2 838	42.0
NEWFANE	171	183	183	-12	-6.6	3 765	3 355	2 805	34.2
BELLOWS FALLS	3 214	3 371	3 505	-291	-8.3	3 873	3 187	2 666	45.3
SAXTONS RIVER	546	617	581	-35	-6.0	4 967	4 085	3 136	58.4
TOWNSHEND	156	159	159	-3	-1.9	3 430	3 071	2 440	40.6
NORTH WESTMINSTER	362	363	348	14	4.0	4 427	3 746	2 929	51.1
WESTMINSTER	476	477	446	30	6.7	4 130	3 494	2 732	51.2
JACKSONVILLE	298	281	251	47	18.7	4 183	3 843	2 923	43.1
ATHENS TOWN	190	170	159	31	19.5	3 212	2 726	2 287	40.4
BRATTLEBORO TOWN	11 977	12 139	12 239	-262	-2.1	4 222	3 580	3 007	40.4
BROOKLINE TOWN	201	196	180	21	11.7	3 265	2 770	2 324	40.5
DOVER TOWN	655	598	555	100	18.0	5 033	4 046	3 395	48.2
DUMMERSTON TOWN	1 498	1 344	1 295	203	15.7	3 728	3 460	2 693	38.4
GRAFTON TOWN	536	509	465	71	15.3	4 056	3 181	2 894	40.2
GUILFORD TOWN	1 318	1 223	1 108	210	19.0	3 993	3 332	2 794	42.9
HALIFAX TOWN	332	325	295	37	12.5	5 539	4 557	3 643	52.0
JAMAICA TOWN	670	653	590	80	13.6	3 672	3 339	2 600	41.2
LONDONDERRY TOWN	1 269	1 226	1 037	232	22.4	3 839	3 476	2 854	34.5
MARLBORO TOWN	687	722	592	95	16.0	4 104	3 483	2 922	40.5
NEWFANE TOWN	916	927	900	16	1.8	3 715	3 242	2 725	36.3
PUTNEY TOWN	1 758	1 846	1 727	31	1.8	3 228	2 615	2 199	46.8
ROCKINGHAM TOWN	5 313	5 483	5 501	-188	-3.4	4 007	3 290	2 760	45.2
STRATTON TOWN	141	129	104	37	35.6	3 135	2 891	2 631	19.2
TOWNSHEND TOWN	657	675	668	-11	-1.6	4 302	3 654	2 930	46.8
VERNON TOWN	1 259	1 196	1 024	235	22.9	5 166	4 118	3 402	51.9
WARDSBORO TOWN	450	411	391	59	15.1	4 353	4 023	3 291	32.3
WESTMINSTER TOWN	2 004	1 946	1 875	129	6.9	3 708	3 113	2 470	50.1
WHITINGHAM TOWN	1 089	1 088	1 011	78	7.7	3 829	3 446	2 699	41.9
WILMINGTON TOWN	1 770	1 764	1 586	184	11.6	3 406	2 988	2 567	32.7
WINDHAM TOWN	168	176	174	-6	-3.4	3 571	2 844	2 588	38.0
WINDSOR COUNTY	46 693	45 647	44 082	2 611	5.9	4 250	3 520	2 939	44.6
PROCTORSVILLE	489	494	512	-23	-4.5	3 926	3 006	2 576	52.4
LUDLOW	1 439	1 481	1 508	-69	-4.6	4 118	3 565	2 924	40.8

Table 1. JULY 1, 1973 (REVISED) AND JULY 1, 1975 POPULATION AND CALENDAR YEAR 1972 (REVISED) AND 1974 PER CAPITA INCOME ESTIMATES FOR THE STATE, COUNTIES, AND SUBCOUNTY AREAS—Continued

(1970 population and related per capita income figures reflect annexations since 1970 and corrections to 1970 census counts. For subcounty areas with a 1970 census sample population of less than 1,000, the 1969 per capita income is an estimate and not the 1970 census figure. For details and meaning of symbols, see text)

AREA	POPULATION					ESTIMATED PER CAPITA MONEY INCOME (DOLLARS)			
	JULY 1, 1975	JULY 1, 1973 (REVISED)	APRIL 1, 1970 (CENSUS)	CHANGE, 1970 TO 1975 NUMBER	CHANGE, 1970 TO 1975 PERCENT	1974	1972 (REVISED)	1969	PERCENT CHANGE, 1969 TO 1974
PERKINSVILLE	205	198	188	17	9.0	3 542	3 002	2 408	47.1
WOODSTOCK	1 268	1 258	1 154	114	9.9	4 844	4 439	3 385	43.1
ANDOVER TOWN	264	246	239	25	10.5	5 305	4 252	3 503	51.4
BALTIMORE TOWN	179	175	170	9	5.3	3 750	3 114	2 602	44.1
BARNARD TOWN	645	594	569	76	13.4	3 530	2 759	2 477	42.5
BETHEL TOWN	1 541	1 425	1 347	194	14.4	3 500	3 126	2 505	39.7
BRIDGEWATER TOWN	773	764	783	-10	-1.3	3 608	3 271	2 857	26.3
CAVENDISH TOWN	1 258	1 241	1 264	-6	-0.5	3 535	2 786	2 355	50.1
CHESTER TOWN	2 536	2 486	2 371	165	7.0	4 139	3 299	2 824	46.6
HARTFORD TOWN	6 972	6 847	6 477	495	7.6	4 505	3 682	2 940	53.2
HARTLAND TOWN	2 126	2 050	1 806	320	17.7	3 958	3 169	2 584	53.2
LUDLOW TOWN	2 411	2 465	2 463	-52	-2.1	4 228	3 559	2 888	46.4
NORWICH TOWN	2 037	2 000	1 966	71	3.6	4 870	4 023	3 363	44.8
PLYMOUTH TOWN	293	288	283	10	3.5	3 581	2 974	2 484	44.2
POMFRET TOWN	714	640	620	94	15.2	3 734	3 345	2 887	29.3
READING TOWN	605	556	564	41	7.3	3 985	3 290	2 872	38.8
ROCHESTER TOWN	906	914	884	22	2.5	3 519	3 171	2 443	44.0
ROYALTON TOWN	1 658	1 614	1 399	259	18.5	3 578	2 948	2 397	49.3
SHARON TOWN	650	562	541	109	20.1	4 378	3 657	2 836	54.4
SPRINGFIELD TOWN	9 969	9 913	10 063	-94	-0.9	4 642	3 700	3 205	44.8
STOCKBRIDGE TOWN	488	472	389	99	25.4	3 032	2 737	2 418	25.4
WEATHERSFIELD TOWN	2 532	2 442	2 040	492	24.1	3 399	2 840	2 527	34.5
WESTON TOWN	522	489	507	15	3.0	3 735	2 970	2 630	42.0
WEST WINDSOR TOWN	601	594	571	30	5.3	4 337	3 629	3 055	42.0
WINDSOR TOWN	4 230	4 134	4 158	72	1.7	4 324	3 644	3 028	42.8
WOODSTOCK TOWN	2 785	2 734	2 608	177	6.8	4 917	4 445	3 433	43.2

1975 Population and Per Capita Income Estimates, and Revised 1973 Estimates for Counties, Incorporated Places, and Selected Minor Civil Divisions

(Reports may not be published in numerical order)

No. 649 Alabama
No. 650 Alaska
No. 651 Arizona
No. 652 Arkansas
No. 653 California
No. 654 Colorado
No. 655 Connecticut
No. 656 Delaware
No. 657 Florida
No. 658 Georgia
No. 659 Hawaii
No. 660 Idaho
No. 661 Illinois
No. 662 Indiana
No. 663 Iowa
No. 664 Kansas
No. 665 Kentucky
No. 666 Louisiana
No. 667 Maine
No. 668 Maryland
No. 669 Massachusetts
No. 670 Michigan
No. 671 Minnesota
No. 672 Mississippi
No. 673 Missouri
No. 674 Montana
No. 675 Nebraska
No. 676 Nevada
No. 677 New Hampshire
No. 678 New Jersey
No. 679 New Mexico
No. 680 New York
No. 681 North Carolina
No. 682 North Dakota
No. 683 Ohio
No. 684 Oklahoma
No. 685 Oregon
No. 686 Pennsylvania
No. 687 Rhode Island
No. 688 South Carolina
No. 689 South Dakota
No. 690 Tennessee
No. 691 Texas
No. 692 Utah
No. 693 Vermont
No. 694 Virginia
No. 695 Washington
No. 696 West Virginia
No. 697 Wisconsin
No. 698 Wyoming
No. 699 U.S. Summary and Detailed Methodology