

CURRENT POPULATION REPORTS

Special Studies

Series P-23, No. 112

Child Support and Alimony: 1978

U.S. Department of Commerce
BUREAU OF THE CENSUS



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Issued September 1981

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ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

This report was prepared by **Ruth Sanders** of the Decennial Income Statistics Staff with assistance from **Arno Winard**, Chief, Poverty Statistics Staff. Assistance in preparation of the data file was provided by **Kenneth Riccini** and **James Brenon** of the Demographic Surveys Division, and **George Patterson** and **John Coder** of the Population Division. The detailed tables were programmed by **Thomas Blatt** of the Demographic Surveys Division. Assistance in preparation of the tables was provided by **Mary Henson** and **Robert Cleveland** of the Population Division. Helpful insights incorporated into the text were received from **Paul Glick**, Senior Demographer. Statistical assistance was provided by **Kathryn Grossman** and **Rose Mary Schade**, and typing assistance was provided by **Sandra Riley**. Initial statistical review was conducted by **David Judkins** of the Statistical Methods Division, and the final review was conducted by **Deborah Lorah**. Overall direction was provided by **Gordon Green, Jr.** Assistant Chief, (Socio-economic Statistics Programs), Population Division. In addition, several helpful comments were received from colleagues at the Social Security Administration and the Department of Health and Human Services.

Library of Congress Cataloging in Publication Data

Main entry under title:

Child support and alimony: 1978.

(Current population reports. Series P-23,
Special studies; no. 112)

1. Child support—United States—Statistics.
2. Alimony—United States—Statistics.
 - I. United States. Bureau of the Census.
 - II. Series.

HA203.A218 no. 112 [HV699] 312'.0973s 81-17068
[362.8'282] AACR2

For sale by the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402. Postage stamps not acceptable; currency submitted at sender's risk. Remittances from foreign countries must be by international money order or by a draft on a U.S. bank. Current Population Reports are sold in two subscription packages: Series P-20, P-23, P-27, and P-60 are available for \$70 per year (\$17.50 additional for foreign mailing); Series P-25, P-26, and P-28 are available for \$90 per year (\$22.50 additional for foreign mailing). The single-copy price of this report is \$4.

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SYMBOLS USED IN TABLES

- Represents zero or rounds to zero.
 - B Base is less than 75,000.
 - X Not applicable.
-

Child Support and Alimony: 1978

(Advance data on child support, alimony, and property settlements were issued in September 1980 in Current Population Reports, Series P-23, No. 106)

HIGHLIGHTS

- Of the 7.1 million women who had children present under 21 years of age from an absent father, only about three-fifths were awarded or had an agreement to receive child support payments.
- The proportion of women who were awarded child support payments was higher for Whites (71 percent) than for Blacks (29 percent) or those of Spanish origin (44 percent).
- Women with 4 or more years of college were more likely to receive child support payments (86 percent) than women with 4 years of high school (73 percent).
- The average amount of child support received was \$1,800 and represented 20 percent of the total income of the mothers involved.
- Of the women who were supposed to receive child support in 1978, 49 percent received the full amount that they were due.
- Of the 14.3 million ever-divorced or separated women, only about 14 percent were awarded or had an agreement to receive alimony or maintenance payments.
- The average amount of alimony received was \$2,850, or 26 percent of the total income of the women who received alimony.
- As of spring 1979, less than one-half of the 12 million women who had been divorced received some form of property settlement. The average property settlement was about \$4,650.

INTRODUCTION

Interest in and concern about the adequacy of child support, alimony, and property settlements have increased in recent years. These payments take on added significance with the rapid rise of separation and divorce rates and the doubling in the number of households maintained by women with no husband present during the 1970's. While the number of all one-parent families rose by about 80 percent between 1970 and 1979, the number of two-parent families declined by 4 percent.

In this context, it is pertinent that only limited survey data existed until recently about the economic consequences of divorce and separation and the number of children and

adults who were involved. The need for this type of survey data was emphasized at the Conference on Issues in Federal Statistical Needs Relating to Women, held in the spring of 1978. As a result of the growing demand for these types of data, the Department of Health and Human Services (formerly Health, Education, and Welfare) and the Department of Commerce jointly funded a special supplement to the April 1979 Current Population Survey (CPS) to collect detailed data on the receipt of child support and alimony payments and the economic conditions surrounding divorce. An advance report providing early findings from this survey was released in September 1980.¹ For further discussion of the survey design and processing, see the section, "Brief Description of the CPS Survey."

RECIPIENCY OF CHILD SUPPORT, ALIMONY, AND PROPERTY SETTLEMENTS

This report presents information on the 7.1 million women at the survey date with one or more children under 21 years of age who were members of the household but whose father was not. Only about 3.4 million of these women (about one-half) were awarded and were supposed to receive child support payments in 1978. (See table A.) In addition, about 11 percent had been awarded but were not supposed to receive payments in 1978 because of a variety of reasons, such as death of a previous spouse or presence of children past the age of eligibility for payments. The remaining 41 percent were never awarded payments. Thus, 4 in every 10 mothers were dependent for support of their children on sources other than the father of the children. Among mothers below the poverty level, the proportion not awarded child support was even larger, 62 percent.

Many of the women who were awarded child support payments did not receive the full amount that they were due. In 1978, only about one-half of the 3.4 million women due child support payments received the full amount, about 23 percent of the women received less than they were due, and 28 percent received no payment at all. The mean amount of child support for women who received payments in 1978 was \$1,800, about 20 percent of their mean total money income.

In general, women who received child support tended to be better off financially than women who did not receive

¹U.S. Bureau of the Census, Current Population Reports, P-23, No. 106, *Child Support and Alimony: 1978 (Advance Report)*, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C., 1980.

Table A. All Women and Women Below the Poverty Level in 1978, by Reciprocity of Child Support and Alimony Payments

(Numbers in thousands. Women as of spring 1979. Child support payments for women with own children under 21 years of age present from an absent father; alimony payments for ever-divorced or currently separated women)

Reciprocity status of women	Child support payments		Alimony payments	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
ALL WOMEN				
Total.....	7,094	100.0	14,334	100.0
Awarded.....	4,196	59.1	2,052	14.3
Supposed to receive payments in 1978.....	3,424	48.3	760	5.3
Not supposed to receive payments in 1978.....	772	10.9	1,292	9.0
Not awarded.....	2,898	40.9	12,282	85.7
Supposed to receive payments in 1978.....	3,424	100.0	760	100.0
Actually received payments.....	2,455	71.6	528	69.5
Received full amount.....	1,675	48.9	312	41.1
Received partial amount.....	779	22.7	216	28.4
Did not receive payments.....	969	28.4	232	30.5
WOMEN BELOW THE POVERTY LEVEL IN 1978				
Total.....	1,973	100.0	2,747	100.0
Awarded.....	752	38.1	325	11.8
Supposed to receive payments in 1978.....	596	30.2	124	4.5
Not supposed to receive payments in 1978.....	156	7.9	201	7.3
Not awarded.....	1,221	61.9	2,422	88.2
Supposed to receive payments in 1978.....	596	100.0	124	100.0
Actually received payments.....	351	58.9	71	57.3
Received full amount.....	247	41.4	41	33.1
Received partial amount.....	104	17.5	30	24.2
Did not receive payments.....	245	41.1	53	42.7

payments. On the average, the total money income of women who were due payments but did not receive them was below the mean income of women who received payments, and by an amount greater than the mean child support payment (figure 1). The mean income for women not awarded payments was lower than the average income of those who were due payments, whether or not the payments were actually received.

Very few of the women eligible for alimony or maintenance payments were awarded them, and those who received payments were likely to have a higher income than those who did not. Of the 14.3 million ever-divorced or separated women in spring 1979, about 2 million (14 percent) were awarded or had an agreement to receive alimony or maintenance payments; the remaining 86 percent were never awarded payments. (See table A.) About 760,000 or slightly over one-third of the women awarded payments were supposed to receive them in 1978. However, only about 41 percent of these women received the full amount of payment that they were due, 28 percent received partial payment, and a similar proportion (31 percent) received no payment at all. The mean amount of alimony or maintenance for women receiving payments in 1978 was \$2,850, about 26 percent of

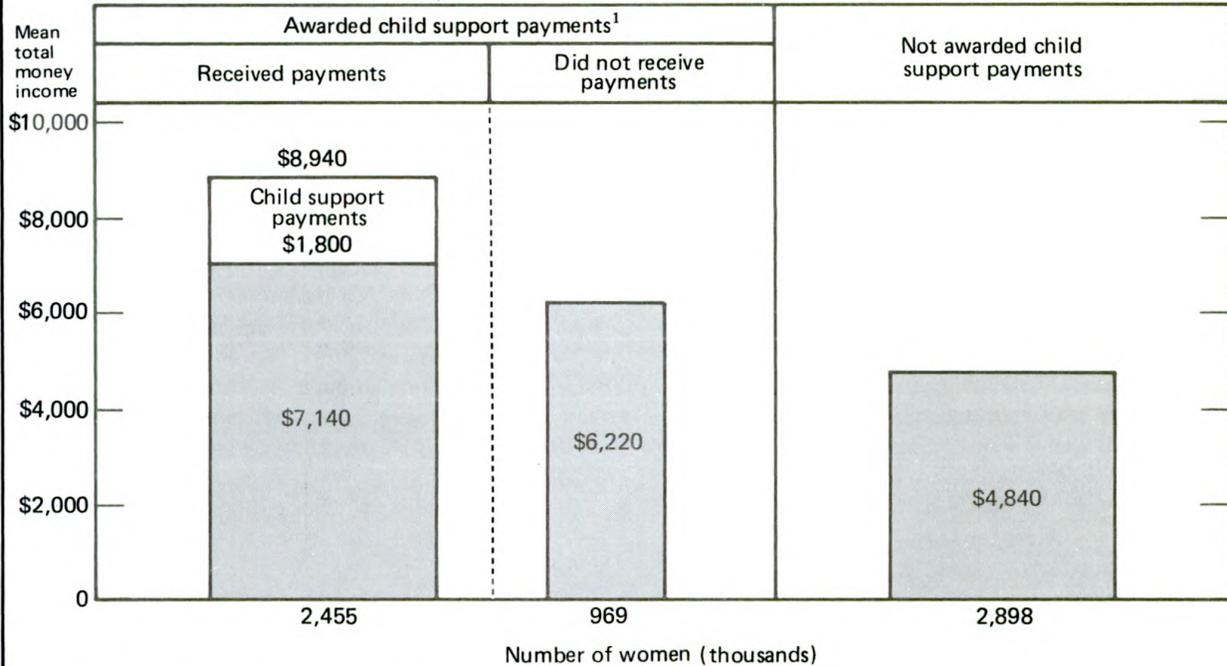
their mean total money income. As can be seen in figure 2, the mean total money income for women receiving payments (\$11,060) was higher than that for women due payments but not receiving them (\$7,270).

The survey also collected a limited amount of information from ever-divorced women on the type and value of property settlements received following divorce. Property settlements were defined as a house or other real estate, a one-time cash settlement, or other property (for example, cars or furniture). Based on these findings, less than one-half of the 12 million women who had ever been divorced as of spring 1979 received some form of property settlement. The median value of property settlements reported by women who received a settlement and were divorced between 1975 and 1979 was \$4,650. The amounts reported in the survey represent the *share* of the house or other property received by women.

CHARACTERISTICS OF WOMEN AWARDED CHILD SUPPORT

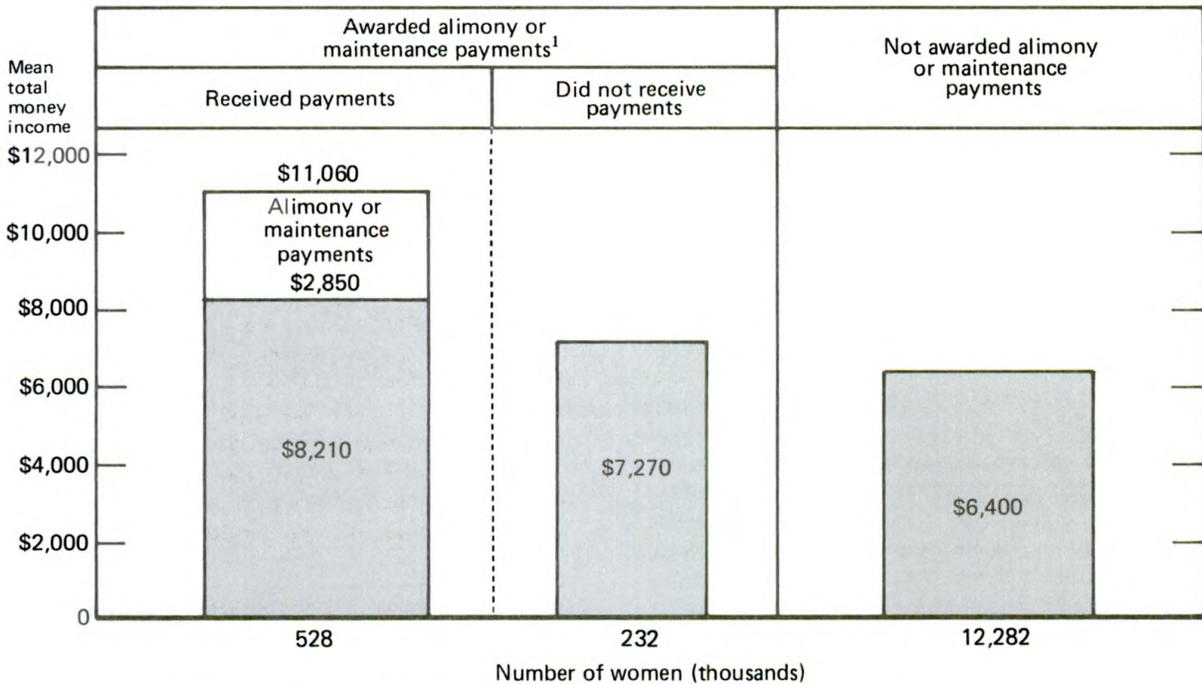
The awarding of child support payments varied widely by race, education, and place of residence. In general, women

FIGURE 1.
Mean Income of Women With Children Under 21 Years of Age Present From an Absent Father: 1978



¹ Excludes women who were awarded payments but were not supposed to receive them in 1978.

FIGURE 2.
Mean Income of Ever-Divorced and Currently Separated Women: 1978



¹ Excludes women who were awarded payments but were not supposed to receive them in 1978.

with characteristics most often found in the upper socioeconomic groups were more likely to be awarded payments. Of the 7.1 million women with children from an absent father, White women (71 percent), women with 4 or more years of college (71 percent), and women living outside of central cities within metropolitan areas (69 percent) were more likely than average to be awarded child support payments. White-collar workers and women with unearned income other than government transfer payments were also more likely to be awarded payments (70 percent and 81 percent, respectively). (See table B.) Of those awarded child support, the percent actually receiving payments was higher than average for women who had completed 4 or more years of college (86 percent), who were white-collar workers (79 percent), and who had unearned income, excluding government transfer payments (86 percent).

For women who actually received child support payments in 1978, the amount of payment tended to be higher for the groups that were also likely to be awarded and to receive payment. Among those with higher than average payment amounts were women with 4 or more years of college (\$2,570) and women over the age of 40 (\$2,240). Those with lower than average payment amounts included never-married women (\$980) and women who had not completed high school (\$1,500).

The proportion of women awarded payments and the mean amounts received showed some variation by marital status. Only 11 percent of single (never-married) women were awarded payments, compared with 71 percent for all other women. However, once payments were awarded, single women were just as likely to receive them as other women. Once paternity is established, it may be likely that child support payments are ordered by the court, which might explain the high rate of receipt for never-married women. Of the 2.5 million women who actually received child support payments in 1978, approximately one-half were divorced, 32 percent were married, 14 percent were separated, and only 4 percent were single. These never-married women received, on the average, the lowest amount of child support payments.

Black mothers and mothers of Spanish origin living apart from the father of their children were much less likely than their White counterparts to be awarded child support. Approximately 71 percent of White mothers were awarded child support payments, compared with 29 percent of Black and 44 percent of Spanish-origin mothers. In addition, those awarded support received smaller payments, on the average, than did White mothers.

Mothers who were not high school graduates were less likely than average to be awarded child support, and their support payments were also lower (table B). There are several potential explanations for the relationship between educational attainment and both reciprocity rates and average child support payments. In general, there is a positive correlation between the educational attainment of husbands and wives, and since more highly educated husbands are more likely to have higher incomes, they are also more likely to be in a better economic position to provide child support payments.

Also, it is possible that more highly educated women use the legal system to obtain and assure receipt of support payments. However, the survey design did not allow these hypotheses to be directly tested.

Another factor one would expect to be related to child support is the number of children the mother has with her in the absence of their father. Surprisingly, the number of children did not affect the receipt of child support. However, the mean support payment was higher for mothers of two children than for mothers of one child but was less than twice as high. The mean amount rose further with the presence of three children but showed no significant further increase for the presence of four or more children.

For reporting mothers, about 25 percent stated that the absent father was responsible for the support of other children, whereas 62 percent answered that the father was not. However, this responsibility did not significantly affect the amount of payment fathers made to the mothers of their children. These findings are limited to women who had ever married and should be interpreted with caution since about 13 percent of the women were unable to answer the question.

As might be expected, the age of the woman was related to the awarding of child support payments. About 67 percent of women over 30 were awarded payments, compared with 46 percent of younger women. For those women who were awarded payments, age did not seem to be a significant factor in the receipt of payment but was positively associated with the amount received. Women under 30 years of age received \$1,290, on the average, while those between 30 and 39 years and 40 years and over received \$1,880 and \$2,240, respectively. Absent fathers in their thirties or older probably have advanced farther in their careers and have higher incomes than those who were still below the age of 30.

Generally, the awarding and receipt of child support payments did not vary greatly by type of residence or tenure. However, of the women who lived within metropolitan areas, those who resided inside central cities were less likely to be awarded payments than women whose residence was outside the central city. This finding may be correlated with the relatively high concentration of Black families in central cities, since a smaller proportion of Black women were awarded child support than other women. Also, child support payments were higher, on the average, for women who owned their homes (\$1,970) than for those who were renters (\$1,550).

Women living in the West or North Central Regions of the country were more likely to be awarded or have an agreement to receive child support payments than those living in the Northeast or South. However, the reciprocity of child support did not vary significantly by region, and differences in the amount of child support could not be determined because of sampling variability.

A higher percentage of women with earnings in 1978 than women without earnings were awarded or had agreements to receive child support payments (65 percent versus 47 percent). Child support reciprocity varied only slightly by earner status; however, most women receiving child support payments also received earnings (79 percent).

Table B. Selected Characteristics of Women, by Child Support Reciprocity and Amount Received

(Women with own children under 21 years of age from an absent father as of spring 1979)

Characteristics	Total (thou- sands)	Percent awarded child support payments	Supposed to receive child support in 1978			
			Total (thou- sands)	Actually received child support in 1978		
				Percent	Mean child support	Mean total money income
All women.....	7,094	59.1	3,424	71.7	\$1,799	\$8,944
Current marital status:						
Married ¹	2,006	77.1	1,145	68.3	1,602	7,187
Divorced.....	2,390	79.8	1,693	73.3	1,951	10,582
Separated.....	1,257	45.1	463	72.6	1,906	8,177
Widowed ²	67	(B)	16	(B)	(B)	(B)
Never married.....	1,374	10.6	107	81.3	976	4,522
Race and Spanish origin:						
White.....	5,085	70.7	2,973	72.9	1,861	9,183
Black.....	1,895	28.8	413	63.0	1,294	7,271
Spanish origin ³	521	43.8	191	65.4	1,318	6,922
Educational attainment:						
Less than 12 years.....	2,365	46.3	870	61.4	1,503	6,611
High school: 4 years.....	3,157	63.7	1,650	72.9	1,664	7,937
College: 1 to 3 years.....	1,117	68.6	629	76.6	2,089	10,395
4 years or more.....	455	71.0	274	85.8	2,574	16,439
Number of own children:						
One child.....	3,627	55.2	1,560	70.3	1,288	8,507
Two children.....	2,100	65.4	1,185	74.3	1,995	9,168
Three children.....	830	61.8	426	69.7	2,528	9,710
Four children or more.....	537	57.2	253	71.5	2,752	9,252
Responsibility of ex-husband to support other children:⁴						
Yes.....	(X)	(X)	824	69.3	1,779	8,857
No.....	(X)	(X)	2,061	75.6	1,870	9,097
Do not know.....	(X)	(X)	431	55.2	1,688	9,778
Age:						
18 to 29 years.....	2,585	46.0	1,024	69.3	1,285	6,927
30 to 39 years.....	2,655	67.4	1,506	73.4	1,877	9,135
40 years and over.....	1,854	65.6	894	71.6	2,236	10,853
Residence:						
Inside metropolitan areas.....	5,068	57.2	2,368	71.6	1,857	9,622
In central cities.....	2,637	46.5	974	69.4	1,778	8,727
Outside central cities.....	2,431	68.8	1,395	73.0	1,909	10,215
Outside metropolitan areas.....	2,026	64.0	1,055	72.0	1,671	7,434
Tenure:						
Owner occupied.....	3,629	66.2	1,906	76.2	1,972	9,707
Renter occupied.....	3,321	51.9	1,453	65.9	1,551	7,825
Occupier paid no cash rent.....	144	48.6	65	(B)	(B)	(B)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table B. Selected Characteristics of Women, by Child Support Reciprocity and Amount Received—Continued

(Women with own children under 21 years of age from an absent father as of spring 1979)

Characteristics	Total (thou- sands)	Percent awarded child support payments	Supposed to receive child support in 1978			
			Total (thou- sands)	Actually received child support in 1978		
				Percent	Mean child support	Mean total money income
Region:						
Northeast.....	1,350	53.4	596	76.3	\$2,073	\$9,571
North Central.....	1,802	65.8	969	69.3	1,812	8,512
South.....	2,537	52.7	1,071	71.4	1,602	7,709
West.....	1,405	67.8	788	71.3	1,831	10,634
Occupation of longest job:						
All workers.....	4,909	64.6	2,656	73.1	1,825	10,094
White-collar workers.....	2,743	69.7	1,627	78.5	1,957	11,258
Blue-collar workers.....	964	58.4	459	66.2	1,269	8,743
Service workers.....	1,177	58.1	566	63.4	1,821	7,086
Farm workers.....	26	(B)	3	(B)	(B)	(B)
Type of income in 1978:						
With earnings.....	4,884	64.6	2,648	73.3	1,824	10,099
With other income ⁵	3,477	75.0	2,327	83.4	1,824	10,099
With government transfer payments ..	1,213	54.3	557	65.5	1,572	7,677
With other unearned income.....	2,339	82.0	1,717	86.7	1,961	10,894
Without other income.....	1,407	38.9	321	(X)	(X)	(X)
Without earnings ⁵	2,210	47.1	775	66.3	1,705	4,586
With government transfer payments ...	1,362	38.5	413	65.1	1,522	4,862
With other unearned income.....	471	76.0	310	84.8	2,031	5,519

X Not applicable.

B Base less than 75,000.

¹Remarried women whose previous marriage ended in divorce.²Widowed women whose previous marriage ended in divorce.³Persons of Spanish origin may be of any race.⁴Excludes never-married women.⁵Detail does not add to total because some women may have more than one or none of the specified type.

The occupation of the mother showed some correlation with the award and receipt of child support. Women who were white-collar workers were more likely to be awarded payments (70 percent) than were either blue-collar or service workers (58 percent for each). White-collar workers were also more likely to actually receive payments (79 percent) than women in other occupations (about 65 percent). Payment amounts received by white-collar (\$1,960) and service workers (\$1,820), while not significantly different from each other, were higher on the average than the amount received by blue-collar workers (\$1,270). These differences may be a reflection of the higher educational attainment of women in white-collar and service-related jobs than in blue-collar jobs.

Once child support payments were awarded, the method of payment (whether directly from the father or through a public agency) did not have much effect on payment reciprocity rates. However, the payment amount varied according

to the method of receipt: the average payment received directly from the father was \$2,070, while payments received through a court or public agency averaged about \$1,480 (table 6).

Another matter of some social concern is the frequency with which payments are received. About one-half of the women who were due child support payments received them regularly, while the majority of women receiving payments irregularly or not at all reporting that the reason was the refusal of the father to pay.

POVERTY STATUS IN 1978 OF WOMEN AWARDED CHILD SUPPORT

Of the 7.1 million women with children from an absent father, about 2 million (28 percent) had incomes below the

poverty level. Of these women, only 30 percent had agreements to receive child support and were due payments in 1978. Another 8 percent had agreements but were not due payments in 1978, and the remaining 62 percent were never awarded payments.

The poverty rate for women with children from an absent father varied considerably according to award status. Overall, the poverty rate for women awarded child support payments was 18 percent, compared with 42 percent for those not awarded payments (table C). The rate also varied according to other characteristics of the women, regardless of whether or not they were awarded payments. For example, poverty rates varied negatively with the number of years of school completed and positively with the number of own children

from an absent father. This is not surprising since women with higher educational attainment tend to have more job opportunities, and women with more children have higher poverty thresholds.

Of the 600,000 women below the poverty level who were due payments in 1978, only three-fifths received child support payments. The mean child support received was \$1,220, about one-third of their average total income (\$3,540) as compared with one-fifth of the total money income for all women.

Never-married women below the poverty level were less likely than other women to be awarded child support payments, as was the case for all never-married women. Among

Table C. Number of Women Below the Poverty Level and Poverty Rate in 1978, by Child Support Award Status and Selected Characteristics

(Numbers in thousands. Women with own children present under 21 years of age from an absent father as of spring 1979)

Characteristics	Total		Payments agreed to or awarded						Not awarded	
	Number	Poverty rate	Total		Supposed to receive payments in 1978				Number	Poverty rate
			Number	Poverty rate	Received payments		Did not receive payments			
					Number	Poverty rate	Number	Poverty rate		
Total	1,973	27.8	752	17.9	351	14.3	245	25.3	1,221	42.1
Current marital status:										
Married ¹	113	5.6	62	4.0	22	2.8	18	5.0	51	11.1
Divorced.....	553	23.1	388	20.4	174	14.1	141	31.3	165	34.1
Separated.....	624	49.6	237	41.8	120	35.8	70	55.4	386	56.0
Widowed ²	18	(B)	10	(B)	2	(B)	4	(B)	8	(B)
Never married.....	666	48.4	55	38.0	32	36.3	11	(B)	611	49.7
Race and Spanish origin:										
White.....	1,007	19.8	535	14.9	246	11.4	176	21.9	471	31.7
Black.....	944	49.8	211	38.6	105	40.4	66	43.0	734	54.4
Spanish origin ³	213	40.9	60	26.4	29	23.0	20	(B)	153	52.2
Educational attainment:										
Elementary: 0 to 8 years.....	385	51.8	113	36.8	43	30.0	38	40.7	271	62.5
High school: 1 to 3 years.....	714	44.1	229	29.1	95	24.1	93	38.1	485	58.1
4 years.....	656	20.8	315	15.7	168	13.9	95	21.2	341	29.8
College: 1 to 3 years.....	194	17.4	83	10.9	42	8.6	20	13.5	111	31.5
4 years or more.....	23	5.1	11	3.3	4	1.9	-	(B)	13	9.5
Number of own children:										
One child.....	800	22.1	281	14.0	114	10.4	94	20.4	519	31.9
Two children.....	591	28.1	244	17.7	122	13.9	72	23.6	347	47.8
Three children.....	299	36.0	125	24.4	65	21.7	45	35.1	174	54.8
Four children or more.....	283	52.8	102	33.4	50	27.7	33	(B)	181	78.8

- Represents zero.

B Base less than 75,000.

¹Remarried women whose previous marriage ended in divorce.

²Widowed women whose previous marriage ended in divorce.

³Persons of Spanish origin may be of any race.

poor women, neither reciency nor the amount of child support payments differed significantly by race or Spanish origin.

THE DEFICIT IN CHILD SUPPORT PAYMENTS

It is interesting to compare the amount of child support received by women who were due payments with the amount that they would have received if full payments were made. As mentioned earlier, the average child support payment for the 2.5 million women who actually received payments was \$1,800 in 1978 and their average total money income was \$8,940. However, for the 3.4 million women who were supposed to receive payments in 1978 (including the 970,000 women who did not receive payments), the overall mean amount of child support was \$1,290. Table D shows the mean amounts that would have been received if the full amount of payments due had been paid. For example, the mean child support income for all women who were supposed to receive payments would have been \$2,000, and they would have had a total money income of \$8,900.

The magnitude of the child support payments that were due but were not received may be illustrated more clearly as follows: the aggregate amount of child support payments due was \$6.9 billion, but about \$2.4 billion of these payments were not made. However, the amount of child support that was awarded to women below the poverty level had little impact on their poverty status, because even if these women had received all the payments they were supposed to receive, their poverty rate (17 percent) would not have been reduced significantly (table 4).

The type of arrangement that women had to receive child support also influenced the size of the deficit between pay-

ments due and received. About two-thirds of the women who were supposed to receive child support payments in 1978 had court-ordered agreements. However, court orders did not seem to be effective in ensuring full payment since only about two-fifths of the women with court-ordered payments received the full amount due; about the same proportion received no payment at all (figure 3). The mean amount received under a court-ordered agreement was \$1,090 in 1978. If the full amount of payments due had been received, the mean amount would have been \$1,940.

Women who were supposed to receive child support payments under a voluntary written agreement generally fared better than women who were awarded payments by the courts. About two-thirds of the women in the former category actually received the full amount of payment due (only 12 percent received no payment at all). Their mean child support payment was \$1,690, about 50 percent higher than for women with a court-ordered agreement. If women with a voluntary written agreement had received the full payments due, the average amount would have been \$410 higher (\$2,100). It should also be noted that women with a voluntary written agreement generally had higher total money incomes than women with a court-ordered agreement (table D).

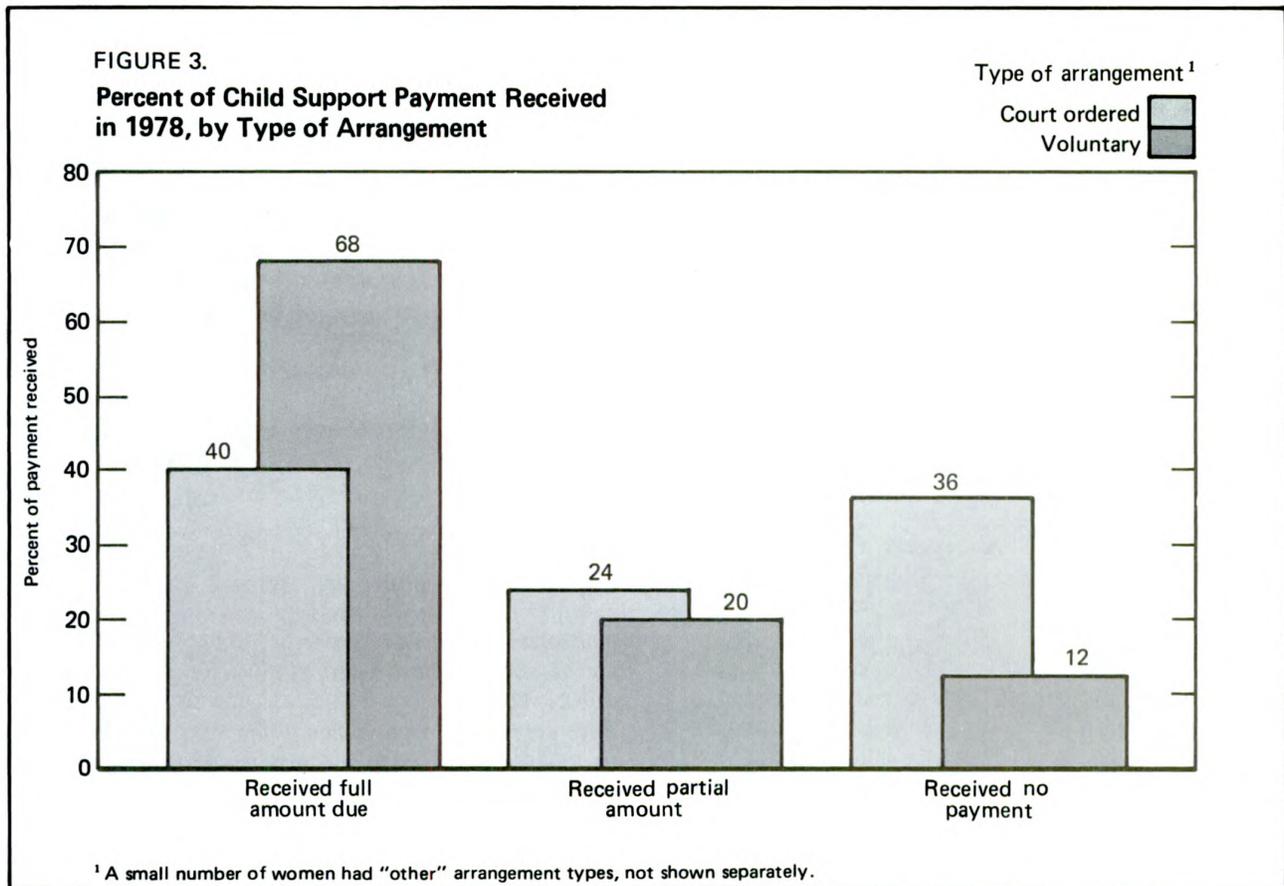
Not only was there variation in the receipt of child support for all women due payments by the type of agreement (court-ordered or voluntary written agreement), but there was also variation by the method of payment. A greater proportion of women who received payment directly from their child's father got the full amount that they were due (55 percent) than those who received payment through a public agency (42 percent). The mean payment was \$1,550 when received directly from the father, compared with \$1,010 when received through a public agency.

Table D. Mean Child Support and Total Money Income of Women Due Child Support Payments in 1978, by Type of Arrangement and Method of Payment

(Women with own children present under 21 years of age from an absent father as of spring 1979)

Characteristics	Number (thousands)	Actual amount of payments received		If full amount of payments had been received	
		Mean child support income	Mean total money income	Mean child support income	Mean total money income
All payments ¹	3,424	\$1,290	\$8,172	\$2,003	\$8,898
Type of arrangement:					
Court ordered.....	2,277	1,088	7,652	1,941	8,520
Voluntary.....	1,032	1,685	9,478	2,099	9,897
Method of payment:					
Directly from father.....	1,771	1,547	9,273	2,233	9,977
Through a court or public agency	1,586	1,014	7,012	1,771	7,775

¹Includes a small number of women whose arrangement type was "other" or whose method of payment was by "some other method," not shown separately.



CHARACTERISTICS OF WOMEN AWARDED ALIMONY

The proportion of ever-divorced or currently separated women who were awarded or had an agreement to receive alimony or maintenance payments showed little variation by demographic or economic characteristics. The most pronounced difference in the likelihood of alimony payments being awarded was between White women (16 percent) and Black women (7 percent). Approximately 13 percent of Spanish women were awarded payments. (See table E.)

The percent of women due payments who actually received them varied according to the date of the divorce or separation. Women who were divorced since 1975 had a higher recipiency rate (84 percent) than women who were divorced prior to 1975 (54 percent).

The average amount of alimony received was \$2,850, or about 26 percent of the total income of those who received alimony. Among the women with relatively high payment amounts were women over 40 years of age (\$3,580) and women with some college education (\$4,070). Women under 30 years of age received lower amounts (\$1,230).

Ever-divorced and currently separated women who worked full time received substantially lower alimony payments than those who worked part time. This may be indirectly related to the fact that wives who work part time contribute a smaller proportion of the family income, on the average,

than those who work full time, and presumably, this pattern carries over to the situation after divorce. It may be that women who received lower payment amounts had no choice but to hold full-time jobs to support themselves and their children.

About 12 percent of the 2.7 million ever-divorced or separated women below the poverty level were awarded (or had an agreement to receive) alimony or maintenance payments, about the same as for all women.

CHARACTERISTICS OF WOMEN RECEIVING PROPERTY SETTLEMENTS

The receipt of property settlements also varied for women by selected demographic and socioeconomic characteristics. Women were more likely than average to receive a property settlement if they had 4 or more years of college (58 percent) and at least one child present (54 percent). (See table F.) Those less likely than average to receive a property settlement were Black women (27 percent), women of Spanish origin (29 percent), women who had not attended high school (27 percent), and women divorced before 1960 (30 percent).

A higher proportion of currently divorced women (50 percent) reported that they received a property settlement than did remarried women (42 percent). Women who had

Table E. Selected Characteristics of Ever-Divorced and Currently Separated Women, by Alimony Reciprocity and Amount Received

(Women as of spring 1979)

Characteristics	Total (thou- sands)	Percent awarded alimony payments	Supposed to receive alimony in 1978			
			Total (thou- sands)	Actually received alimony in 1978		
				Percent	Mean alimony	Mean total money income
Total.....	14,334	14.3	760	69.5	\$2,851	\$11,061
Marital status:						
Married ¹	5,758	14.5	146	50.7	(B)	(B)
Widowed ²	955	12.5	7	(B)	(B)	(B)
Divorced.....	5,311	16.2	473	71.7	3,162	12,685
Separated.....	2,309	10.4	134	82.1	2,327	8,959
Race and Spanish origin:						
White.....	11,936	15.7	686	70.8	3,041	11,532
Black.....	2,208	7.5	72	(B)	(B)	(B)
Spanish origin ³	780	12.6	43	(B)	(B)	(B)
Age:						
18 to 29 years.....	2,832	8.6	128	75.8	1,225	9,079
30 to 39 years.....	3,851	14.4	243	63.8	2,583	11,016
40 years and over.....	7,651	16.4	389	71.0	3,575	11,785
Educational attainment:						
Less than 12 years.....	5,128	12.4	188	63.3	1,772	7,419
High school: 4 years.....	5,920	14.2	301	68.1	2,274	10,030
College: 1 to 3 years.....	2,101	16.7	168	71.4	4,472	12,131
4 years or more.....	1,185	18.8	104	79.8	3,489	17,290
Presence of own children:						
No children present.....	8,614	15.0	347	69.7	3,224	8,825
One or more children present.....	5,720	13.3	413	69.2	2,536	12,951
Year of divorce or separation:						
1975 and later.....	4,813	13.4	396	83.6	2,938	10,862
1970 to 1974.....	3,282	14.4	200	65.0	2,742	12,755
1960 to 1969.....	3,064	15.1	120	39.2	(B)	(B)
Before 1960.....	3,175	14.8	43	(B)	(B)	(B)
Work experience in 1978:						
Worked.....	9,258	13.6	533	71.3	2,716	12,513
Full time.....	7,324	13.1	420	72.4	2,319	12,916
Part time.....	1,934	15.7	113	67.3	4,307	10,892
Did not work.....	5,076	15.6	227	65.2	3,200	7,325

B Base less than 75,000.

¹Remarried women whose previous marriage ended in divorce.

²Widowed women whose previous marriage ended in divorce.

³Persons of Spanish origin may be of any race.

Table F. Selected Characteristics of Ever-Divorced Women, by Receipt of Property Settlements

(Numbers in thousands. Women as of spring 1979)

Characteristics	Total	No settlement reached	Property settlement reached	Percent receiving a property settlement
Total.....	12,025	6,675	5,350	44.5
Marital status:				
Divorced.....	5,311	2,636	2,675	50.4
Married ¹	5,758	3,311	2,447	42.5
Widowed ²	955	728	227	23.8
Race and Spanish origin:				
White.....	10,568	5,635	4,933	46.7
Black.....	1,307	951	355	27.2
Spanish origin ³	548	388	160	29.2
Age:				
18 to 29 years.....	2,067	1,165	902	43.6
30 to 39 years.....	3,273	1,587	1,686	51.5
40 years and over.....	6,684	3,922	2,762	41.3
Educational attainment:				
Elementary: 0 to 8 years.....	1,780	1,305	475	26.7
High school: 1 to 3 years.....	2,219	1,401	818	36.9
4 years.....	5,114	2,596	2,518	49.2
College: 1 to 3 years.....	1,849	930	919	49.7
4 years or more.....	1,062	443	619	58.3
Year of divorce:				
1975 and later.....	3,529	1,606	1,924	54.5
1970 to 1974.....	2,871	1,526	1,345	46.8
1960 to 1969.....	2,755	1,546	1,208	43.9
Before 1960.....	2,870	1,997	873	30.4
Number of own children:				
No children.....	7,562	4,598	2,964	39.2
Did not receive alimony.....	7,373	4,562	2,812	38.1
Received alimony.....	189	37	152	80.4
One child or more.....	4,462	2,077	2,386	53.5
Did not receive alimony or child support.....	2,402	1,470	932	38.8
Received alimony only.....	29	11	18	(B)
Received child support only.....	1,831	556	1,274	69.6
Received alimony and child support.....	200	40	161	80.5
Value of settlement:⁴				
Median.....	(X)	(X)	\$4,648	(X)
Standard error.....	(X)	(X)	180	(X)

B Base less than 75,000.

X Not applicable.

¹Remarried women whose previous marriage ended in divorce.²Widowed women whose previous marriage ended in divorce.³Persons of Spanish origin may be of any race.⁴Restricted to women divorced between 1975 and 1979.

not completed high school were much less likely to receive a property settlement than those who were high school graduates (32 percent, compared with 51 percent). The proportion receiving settlements appeared to be associated with the year of divorce: the more recent the year, the more likely the woman reported having received a property settlement. The likelihood of receiving a settlement did not vary greatly by age.

The receipt of a property settlement varied with the presence of children from an absent father as well as with the receipt of child support or alimony. A larger proportion of the women with one or more children present than those without children received a property settlement. Moreover, the award of a property settlement was positively associated with the receipt of some form of support payment. For women without children, 38 percent of those who did not receive alimony had a property settlement, compared with about 80 percent for those receiving alimony. Approximately 39 percent of women with children had a property settlement if they received no form of support payment. For those with children who received either child support or alimony, about 70 percent also got some form of property settlement.

OTHER DATA ON CHILD SUPPORT AND ALIMONY

Survey data previously available on the receipt of child support and alimony payments were obtained as a byproduct from the Survey of Income and Education (SIE) conducted by the Bureau of the Census in the spring of 1976. Because of the design of the SIE questionnaire, neither the number of women who were actually supposed to receive payments nor the amount of the payment due could be determined. The mean amounts of child support payments actually received could be tabulated only for those women who received no other outside support payments.

In contrast, information was obtained in the April 1979 CPS supplement on both the amounts actually received as well as the amounts due for child support and alimony. Questions concerning the method of payment and the frequency of payments received were also asked. Reasons for the irregularity of payments were obtained for cases in which the full payment was not received. Information on type and value of property settlements of ever-divorced women was also obtained.

It should be noted that in the SIE, child support payments from all sources were included in the questionnaire. In the CPS, only those payments from the most recent divorce or separation were covered. This enabled the collection of detailed information about the most recent divorce or separation, although it undoubtedly missed some payments for the small number of women who received support from multiple sources. Because of the differences in survey design and scope, the data from the SIE and CPS are not strictly comparable. For these and other reasons, the average amount of money received for child support was somewhat lower in

the 1979 study than in the 1976 study (\$1,800 versus \$2,430). Likewise, the average amount of alimony payment was lower in the 1979 study than in 1976 study (\$2,850 versus \$4,120). The information on child support and alimony collected from the SIE is presented in Current Population Reports, Series P-23, No. 84, *Divorce, Child Custody, and Child Support*.

The reader should also be aware of the existence of administrative and survey data available from the Social Security Administration concerning women who may have received child support payments as part of their income from Aid to Families with Dependent Children (AFDC). With the enactment of the Child Support Enforcement Amendments of 1973 to the Social Security Act, provision was made for AFDC child support payments contributed by the father to be paid directly to the welfare agency and not to the parent with whom the child lives. Thus, it is theoretically possible that if a woman received AFDC income in which the child support payment were included, and if she had no knowledge of the inclusion, the CPS data may show her as receiving no child support payment. For further discussion of Child Support Enforcement with relation to AFDC families, see "Aid to Families with Dependent Children - 1975 Recipients Characteristics Study," published by the Office of Research and Statistics, Social Security Administration.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE CPS SURVEY

The data on child support and alimony were collected in a special supplement to the April 1979 Current Population Survey (CPS). All women 18 years of age and older were within the universe for the supplemental questions. Marital status, divorce history, and the presence of own children under 21 years old determined whether or not a woman was eligible to be asked a series of questions on child support, alimony, and property settlements.

A data file was created containing all of the supplemental data from the April 1979 CPS and the income information from the supplement to the March 1979 CPS. This enabled the data gathered in each survey to be jointly tabulated. The file was created by matching the persons on the March 1979 CPS Supplement file with the persons on the April 1979 CPS Basic file, using only those segments from each (approximately three-fourths of the sample) that were interviewed in both months. The match rate for the relevant unweighted universe for April supplement data was approximately 95 percent. March was chosen as the base month from which demographic characteristics were taken. Each time a match occurred for which there were April supplement data, this information was added to each person's record. The unmatched April records were discarded. If a supplement had unfilled items, an attempt was made to produce a response using a consistency edit of reported information. If this was not possible, the items were imputed from fully reported cases.

Table 1. Women With Child Support Payments Agreed to or Awarded, by Selected Characteristics of All Women and Women Below the Poverty Level in 1978

(NUMBERS IN THOUSANDS. WOMEN WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 21 YEARS OF AGE PRESENT FROM AN ABSENT FATHER AS OF SPRING 1979. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE TEXT)

SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	TOTAL		CHILD SUPPORT PAYMENTS--										
	ESTI-MATE	STAND-ARD ERROR	AGREED TO OR AWARDED								NOT AWARDED		
			TOTAL ¹		SUPPOSED TO RECEIVE PAYMENTS IN 1978						ESTI-MATE	STAND-ARD ERROR	
			ESTI-MATE	STAND-ARD ERROR	TOTAL		RECEIVED PAYMENTS		DID NOT RECEIVE PAYMENTS				
ESTI-MATE	STAND-ARD ERROR	ESTI-MATE			STAND-ARD ERROR	ESTI-MATE	STAND-ARD ERROR	ESTI-MATE	STAND-ARD ERROR	ESTI-MATE	STAND-ARD ERROR		
ALL WOMEN													
TOTAL	7 094	147	4 196	125	3 424	115	2 455	100	969	66	2 898	108	
CURRENT MARITAL STATUS OF WOMAN													
MARRIED ²	2 006	92	1 547	82	1 145	71	782	59	363	41	459	46	
SEPARATED	1 257	74	567	51	463	46	336	39	127	24	690	56	
DIVORCED	2 390	99	1 907	90	1 693	85	1 241	74	452	45	483	47	
WIDOWED ³	67	(8)	30	(8)	16	(8)	8	(8)	8	(8)	37	(8)	
NEVER-MARRIED	1 374	77	145	26	107	22	87	20	20	(8)	1 230	73	
RACE AND SPANISH ORIGIN OF WOMAN													
WHITE	5 085	134	3 596	118	2 973	109	2 168	95	805	60	1 489	80	
BLACK	1 895	108	546	60	413	52	260	41	154	32	1 348	92	
SPANISH ORIGIN ⁴	521	72	228	48	191	44	125	35	66	(8)	292	54	
METROPOLITAN-NONMETROPOLITAN RESIDENCE													
INSIDE METROPOLITAN AREAS	5 068	133	2 900	108	2 368	99	1 695	85	673	55	2 168	95	
INSIDE CENTRAL CITIES	2 637	104	1 227	73	974	66	676	55	298	37	1 410	78	
OUTSIDE CENTRAL CITIES	2 431	100	1 673	85	1 395	78	1 019	67	375	41	758	58	
OUTSIDE METROPOLITAN AREAS	2 026	92	1 296	75	1 055	68	760	58	296	37	731	57	
REGION													
NORTHEAST	1 350	78	721	58	596	53	455	46	140	26	629	54	
NORTH CENTRAL	1 802	89	1 186	74	969	67	672	56	296	38	616	54	
SOUTH	2 537	106	1 336	80	1 071	72	765	61	306	39	1 201	76	
WEST	1 405	75	953	63	788	57	562	49	226	31	452	44	
AGE OF WOMAN													
18 TO 24 YEARS	1 281	75	413	43	337	39	205	31	132	25	868	62	
25 TO 29 YEARS	1 304	75	776	59	687	56	505	48	182	29	528	49	
30 TO 34 YEARS	1 426	79	933	64	785	59	581	51	204	31	492	47	
35 TO 39 YEARS	1 229	73	857	62	721	57	525	49	196	30	372	41	
40 TO 44 YEARS	857	62	600	52	474	47	354	40	121	24	257	34	
45 YEARS AND OVER	997	67	617	53	420	44	286	36	134	25	381	42	
NUMBER OF OWN CHILDREN													
1 CHILD	3 627	118	2 002	92	1 560	82	1 097	70	463	46	1 625	84	
2 CHILDREN	2 100	94	1 374	77	1 185	72	880	63	305	37	726	57	
3 CHILDREN	830	61	513	48	426	44	297	37	129	24	318	38	
4 CHILDREN OR MORE	537	49	307	38	253	34	181	29	72	(8)	230	33	
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT OF WOMAN													
ELEMENTARY: 0 TO 8 YEARS	743	58	309	38	234	33	142	26	92	21	434	45	
HIGH SCHOOL: 1 TO 3 YEARS	1 622	83	786	59	636	54	393	42	244	34	836	61	
4 YEARS	3 157	112	2 012	92	1 650	84	1 203	73	447	45	1 145	71	
COLLEGE: 1 TO 3 YEARS	1 117	70	766	59	629	53	482	47	147	26	352	40	
4 YEARS OR MORE	455	46	323	39	274	36	235	33	39	(8)	131	25	
YEAR OF DIVORCE OR SEPARATION OF WOMAN													
TOTAL	5 720	139	4 051	123	3 316	114	2 367	99	949	65	1 669	85	
1975 AND LATER	2 566	102	1 879	89	1 684	85	1 335	76	349	40	687	56	
1970 TO 1974	1 684	85	1 238	74	1 028	68	676	55	352	40	446	45	
1965 TO 1969	922	64	626	53	456	46	281	36	175	28	296	37	
1960 TO 1964	319	38	199	30	106	22	58	(8)	48	(8)	119	24	
BEFORE 1960	230	33	109	23	44	(8)	18	(8)	25	(8)	121	24	
RESPONSIBILITY OF EX-HUSBAND TO SUPPORT OTHER CHILDREN⁵													
YES	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	824	61	571	51	253	34	(x)	(x)	
NO	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	2 061	93	1 558	82	503	48	(x)	(x)	
DO NOT KNOW	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	431	44	238	33	193	30	(x)	(x)	
WORK EXPERIENCE IN 1978 OF WOMAN													
WORKED	4 909	132	3 171	112	2 656	104	1 942	91	714	57	1 738	86	
WORKED AT FULL-TIME JOBS	3 805	120	2 488	101	2 123	94	1 568	82	555	50	1 317	76	
40 WEEKS OR MORE	2 795	106	1 904	90	1 617	83	1 203	73	414	44	891	63	
50 TO 52 WEEKS	2 397	99	1 643	84	1 396	78	1 042	68	353	40	754	58	
39 WEEKS OR LESS	1 010	67	585	51	506	48	365	41	141	26	426	44	
WORKED AT PART-TIME JOBS	1 104	70	683	56	533	49	374	41	159	27	421	44	
40 WEEKS OR MORE	472	46	298	37	232	33	157	27	75	19	174	28	
50 TO 52 WEEKS	348	40	223	32	173	28	116	23	57	(8)	124	24	
39 WEEKS OR LESS	632	53	385	42	301	37	217	32	84	20	247	34	
DID NOT WORK	2 185	95	1 024	67	767	59	513	48	255	34	1 160	71	

SEE FOOTNOTES AT END OF TABLE.

Table 1. Women With Child Support Payments Agreed to or Awarded, by Selected Characteristics of All Women and Women Below the Poverty Level in 1978—Continued

(NUMBERS IN THOUSANDS. WOMEN WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 21 YEARS OF AGE PRESENT FROM AN ABSENT FATHER AS OF SPRING 1979. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE TEXT)

SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	TOTAL		CHILD SUPPORT PAYMENTS--									
	ESTI-MATE	STAND-ARD ERROR	AGREED TO OR AWARDED								NOT AWARDED	
			TOTAL ¹		SUPPOSED TO RECEIVE PAYMENTS IN 1978						ESTI-MATE	STAND-ARD ERROR
			ESTI-MATE	STAND-ARD ERROR	TOTAL		RECEIVED PAYMENTS		DID NOT RECEIVE PAYMENTS			
ESTI-MATE	STAND-ARD ERROR	ESTI-MATE			STAND-ARD ERROR	ESTI-MATE	STAND-ARD ERROR	ESTI-MATE	STAND-ARD ERROR	ESTI-MATE	STAND-ARD ERROR	
ALL WOMEN--CON.												
OCCUPATION GROUP OF LONGEST JOB OF WOMAN												
TOTAL	4 909	132	3 171	112	2 656	104	1 942	91	714	57	1 738	86
WHITE-COLLAR WORKERS	2 743	105	1 913	90	1 627	84	1 278	75	349	40	830	61
BLUE-COLLAR WORKERS	964	65	563	51	459	46	304	37	155	27	401	43
SERVICE WORKERS	1 177	72	684	56	566	51	359	41	207	31	492	47
FARM WORKERS	26	(B)	12	(B)	3	(B)	1	(B)	2	(B)	14	(B)
INCOME IN 1978 OF WOMAN												
WITHOUT INCOME	480	47	212	31	87	20	(x)	(x)	87	20	269	35
WITH INCOME	6 614	145	3 984	122	3 337	114	2 455	100	882	63	2 630	103
\$1 TO \$999 OR LOSS	474	46	223	32	159	27	90	20	70	(B)	251	34
\$1,000 TO \$1,999	549	50	261	35	206	31	144	26	62	(B)	288	36
\$2,000 TO \$2,999	1 375	77	654	54	530	49	357	40	173	28	721	57
\$3,000 TO \$3,999	1 087	69	568	51	475	47	341	40	135	25	519	49
\$4,000 TO \$5,999	839	61	533	49	438	45	313	38	125	24	306	37
\$6,000 TO \$7,999	706	56	519	49	452	45	340	40	111	23	187	29
\$8,000 TO \$9,999	491	47	379	42	332	39	254	34	79	19	112	23
\$10,000 TO \$11,999	530	49	405	43	345	40	275	36	71	(B)	125	24
\$12,000 TO \$14,999	493	47	388	42	346	40	297	37	50	(B)	105	22
\$15,000 AND OVER	69	(B)	53	(B)	53	(B)	46	(B)	7	(B)	15	(B)
MEDIAN INCOME, DOLLARS	3 836	(x)	5 073	(x)	5 361	(x)	5 894	(x)	4 029	(x)	3 105	(x)
STANDARD ERROR, DOLLARS	59	(x)	188	(x)	209	(x)	245	(x)	283	(x)	78	(x)
MEAN INCOME, DOLLARS	6 980	(x)	8 065	(x)	8 384	(x)	8 944	(x)	6 825	(x)	5 336	(x)
STANDARD ERROR, DOLLARS	116	(x)	162	(x)	184	(x)	227	(x)	274	(x)	144	(x)
TYPE OF INCOME IN 1978 OF WOMAN												
WITH EARNINGS	4 884	132	3 155	112	2 648	104	1 941	91	708	56	1 729	86
WITH OTHER INCOME ²	3 477	116	2 607	103	2 327	98	1 941	91	387	42	870	62
WITH GOVERNMENT TRANSFER PAYMENTS ³	1 213	73	659	55	557	50	365	41	191	30	554	50
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	780	59	392	42	348	40	208	31	140	26	388	42
AID TO FAMILIES WITH DEP. CHILDREN	726	57	356	40	315	38	182	29	134	25	369	41
OTHER GOVERNMENT TRANSFER PAYMENTS	515	48	302	37	239	33	172	28	67	(B)	212	31
WITH OTHER UNEARNED INCOME	2 339	98	1 917	90	1 717	86	1 488	80	229	33	422	44
WITH ALIMONY	226	32	208	31	198	30	195	30	4	(B)	18	(B)
WITHOUT OTHER INCOME	1 407	78	548	50	321	38	(x)	(x)	321	38	859	62
WITHOUT EARNINGS ⁴	2 210	96	1 041	68	775	59	514	48	261	35	1 169	72
WITH GOVERNMENT TRANSFER PAYMENTS ³	1 362	77	524	49	413	43	269	35	144	26	838	61
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	1 145	71	403	43	328	39	201	30	127	24	740	58
AID TO FAMILIES WITH DEP. CHILDREN	1 071	69	384	42	314	38	189	30	125	24	687	56
OTHER GOVERNMENT TRANSFER PAYMENTS	310	38	160	27	113	23	80	19	33	(B)	150	26
WITH OTHER UNEARNED INCOME	471	46	358	40	310	38	263	35	47	(B)	113	23
WITH ALIMONY	60	(B)	52	(B)	50	(B)	45	(B)	4	(B)	8	(B)
TENURE												
OWNER OCCUPIED	3 629	118	2 402	99	1 906	90	1 452	79	453	45	1 227	73
RENTER OCCUPIED	3 321	114	1 724	86	1 453	79	958	65	495	47	1 597	83
OCCUPIER PAID NO CASH RENT	144	26	70	(B)	65	(B)	45	(B)	21	(B)	74	(B)
WOMEN WITH INCOMES BELOW THE POVERTY LEVEL IN 1978												
TOTAL	1 973	144	752	89	596	79	351	61	245	51	1 221	113
CURRENT MARITAL STATUS OF WOMAN												
MARRIED ²	113	35	62	(B)	40	(B)	22	(B)	18	(B)	51	(B)
SEPARATED	624	81	237	50	191	45	120	36	70	(B)	386	64
DIVORCED	553	76	388	64	316	58	174	43	141	39	165	42
WIDOWED ³	18	(B)	10	(B)	6	(B)	2	(B)	4	(B)	8	(B)
NEVER-MARRIED	666	84	55	(B)	43	(B)	32	(B)	11	(B)	611	80
RACE AND SPANISH ORIGIN OF WOMAN												
WHITE	1 007	103	535	75	422	67	246	51	176	43	471	71
BLACK	944	97	211	47	171	42	105	33	66	(B)	734	86
SPANISH ORIGIN ⁴	213	74	60	(B)	49	(B)	29	(B)	20	(B)	153	63
METROPOLITAN-NONMETROPOLITAN RESIDENCE												
INSIDE METROPOLITAN AREAS	1 424	122	495	72	384	64	226	49	158	41	929	99
INSIDE CENTRAL CITIES	1 005	103	301	56	248	51	153	40	95	32	703	86
OUTSIDE CENTRAL CITIES	419	67	194	45	136	38	73	(B)	63	(B)	226	49
OUTSIDE METROPOLITAN AREAS	549	76	257	52	211	47	125	36	87	30	292	56

SEE FOOTNOTES AT END OF TABLE.

Table 1. Women With Child Support Payments Agreed to or Awarded, by Selected Characteristics of All Women and Women Below the Poverty Level in 1978—Continued

(NUMBERS IN THOUSANDS. WOMEN WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 21 YEARS OF AGE PRESENT FROM AN ABSENT FATHER AS OF SPRING 1979. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE TEXT)

SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	TOTAL		CHILD SUPPORT PAYMENTS--									
	ESTI-MATE	STAND-ARD ERROR	AGREED TO OR AWARDED								NOT AWARDED	
			TOTAL ¹		SUPPOSED TO RECEIVE PAYMENTS IN 1978				DID NOT RECEIVE PAYMENTS		ESTI-MATE	STAND-ARD ERROR
			ESTI-MATE	STAND-ARD ERROR	TOTAL		RECEIVED PAYMENTS		DID NOT RECEIVE PAYMENTS			
ESTI-MATE	STAND-ARD ERROR	ESTI-MATE	STAND-ARD ERROR	ESTI-MATE	STAND-ARD ERROR	ESTI-MATE	STAND-ARD ERROR	ESTI-MATE	STAND-ARD ERROR	ESTI-MATE	STAND-ARD ERROR	
WOMEN WITH INCOMES BELOW THE POVERTY LEVEL IN 1978--CON.												
REGION												
NORTHEAST.	470	71	190	45	145	40	107	34	38	(B)	280	55
NORTH CENTRAL.	459	71	205	47	179	44	83	30	96	32	255	53
SOUTH.	809	96	251	54	189	47	115	36	74	(B)	558	80
WEST.	235	48	106	32	83	29	46	(B)	37	(B)	129	36
AGE OF WOMAN												
18 TO 24 YEARS.	547	76	136	38	109	34	56	(B)	53	(B)	411	66
25 TO 29 YEARS.	389	64	149	40	126	37	72	(B)	55	(B)	240	50
30 TO 34 YEARS.	372	63	161	41	129	37	73	(B)	56	(B)	211	47
35 TO 39 YEARS.	283	55	135	38	110	34	71	(B)	39	(B)	147	39
40 TO 44 YEARS.	185	44	84	30	66	(B)	39	(B)	27	(B)	100	33
45 YEARS AND OVER.	198	46	87	30	55	(B)	40	(B)	15	(B)	111	34
NUMBER OF OWN CHILDREN												
1 CHILD.	800	92	281	55	208	47	114	35	94	32	519	74
2 CHILDREN.	591	79	244	51	195	45	122	36	72	(B)	347	61
3 CHILDREN.	299	56	125	36	110	34	65	(B)	45	(B)	174	43
4 CHILDREN OR MORE.	283	55	102	33	83	30	50	(B)	33	(B)	181	44
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT OF WOMAN												
ELEMENTARY: 0 TO 8 YEARS.	385	64	113	35	80	29	43	(B)	38	(B)	271	54
HIGH SCHOOL: 1 TO 3 YEARS.	714	87	229	49	188	45	95	32	93	(B)	485	72
4 YEARS.	656	83	315	58	262	53	168	42	95	32	341	60
COLLEGE: 1 TO 3 YEARS.	194	45	83	30	62	(B)	42	(B)	20	(B)	111	34
4 YEARS OR MORE.	23	(B)	11	(B)	4	(B)	4	(B)	-	(B)	13	(B)
YEAR OF DIVORCE OR SEPARATION OF WOMAN												
TOTAL.	1 308	117	697	86	553	76	319	58	234	50	610	80
1975 AND LATER.	663	84	395	65	320	58	224	49	96	32	268	53
1970 TO 1974.	367	62	188	45	165	42	68	(B)	97	32	180	44
1965 TO 1969.	156	41	58	(B)	39	(B)	19	(B)	20	(B)	98	32
1960 TO 1964.	66	(B)	41	(B)	28	(B)	7	(B)	21	(B)	25	(B)
BEFORE 1960.	56	(B)	16	(B)	2	(B)	2	(B)	-	(B)	40	(B)
RESPONSIBILITY OF EX-HUSBAND TO SUPPORT OTHER CHILDREN²												
YES.	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	107	34	51	(B)	55	(B)	(x)	(x)
NO.	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	359	62	229	49	130	37	(x)	(x)
DO NOT KNOW.	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	87	30	38	(B)	49	(B)	(x)	(x)
WORK EXPERIENCE IN 1978 OF WOMAN												
WORKED.	841	94	374	63	315	58	179	44	136	38	467	70
WORKED AT FULL-TIME JOBS.	517	74	218	48	184	44	110	34	75	28	298	56
40 WEEKS OR MORE.	180	44	63	(B)	49	(B)	25	(B)	24	(B)	117	35
50 TO 52 WEEKS.	127	37	45	(B)	36	(B)	20	(B)	16	(B)	82	29
39 WEEKS OR LESS.	337	60	155	40	136	38	85	30	51	(B)	182	44
WORKED AT PART-TIME JOBS.	324	59	156	41	131	37	70	(B)	61	(B)	168	42
40 WEEKS OR MORE.	104	33	42	(B)	40	(B)	22	(B)	18	(B)	62	(B)
50 TO 52 WEEKS.	75	28	29	(B)	27	(B)	15	(B)	12	(B)	45	(B)
39 WEEKS OR LESS.	220	48	114	35	91	31	48	(B)	43	(B)	106	34
DID NOT WORK.	1 132	109	378	63	280	54	171	43	109	34	754	89
OCCUPATION GROUP OF LONGEST JOB OF WOMAN												
TOTAL.	841	94	374	63	315	58	179	44	136	38	467	70
WHITE-COLLAR WORKERS.	275	54	129	37	105	33	66	(B)	40	(B)	146	39
BLUE-COLLAR WORKERS.	201	46	87	30	71	(B)	42	(B)	29	(B)	114	35
SERVICE WORKERS.	355	61	158	41	139	38	72	(B)	66	(B)	197	46
FARM WORKERS.	9	(B)	-	(B)	-	(B)	-	(B)	-	(B)	9	(B)
INCOME IN 1978 OF WOMAN												
WITHOUT INCOME.	153	40	44	(B)	21	(B)	(x)	(x)	21	(B)	109	34
WITH INCOME.	1 820	138	708	86	575	78	351	61	224	49	1 112	108
\$1 TO \$999 OR LOSS.	169	42	52	(B)	41	(B)	21	(B)	20	(B)	116	35
\$1,000 TO \$1,999.	299	56	101	33	82	30	47	(B)	35	(B)	199	46
\$2,000 TO \$2,999.	778	91	289	55	231	49	142	39	90	31	488	72
\$3,000 TO \$3,999.	472	71	212	47	181	44	117	35	64	(B)	259	52
\$4,000 TO \$5,999.	88	31	46	(B)	37	(B)	22	(B)	15	(B)	42	(B)
\$6,000 AND OVER.	15	(B)	7	(B)	2	(B)	2	(B)	-	(B)	8	(B)
MEDIAN INCOME. DOLLARS	2 569	(x)	2 695	(x)	2 709	(x)	2 761	(x)	2 626	(x)	2 494	(x)
STANDARD ERROR. DOLLARS	89	(x)	150	(x)	169	(x)	215	(x)	272	(x)	111	(x)
MEAN INCOME. DOLLARS	3 171	(x)	3 422	(x)	3 437	(x)	3 536	(x)	3 282	(x)	3 011	(x)
STANDARD ERROR. DOLLARS	131	(x)	209	(x)	225	(x)	288	(x)	359	(x)	166	(x)

SEE FOOTNOTES AT END OF TABLE.

Table 1. Women With Child Support Payments Agreed to or Awarded, by Selected Characteristics of All Women and Women Below the Poverty Level in 1978—Continued

(NUMBERS IN THOUSANDS. WOMEN WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 21 YEARS OF AGE PRESENT FROM AN ABSENT FATHER AS OF SPRING 1979. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE TEXT)

SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	TOTAL		CHILD SUPPORT PAYMENTS--									
	ESTI-MATE	STAND-ARD ERROR	AGREED TO OR AWARDED								NOT AWARDED	
			TOTAL ¹		SUPPOSED TO RECEIVE PAYMENTS IN 1978						ESTI-MATE	STAND-ARD ERROR
			ESTI-MATE	STAND-ARD ERROR	TOTAL		RECEIVED PAYMENTS		DID NOT RECEIVE PAYMENTS			
ESTI-MATE	STAND-ARD ERROR	ESTI-MATE			STAND-ARD ERROR	ESTI-MATE	STAND-ARD ERROR	ESTI-MATE	STAND-ARD ERROR	ESTI-MATE	STAND-ARD ERROR	
WOMEN WITH INCOMES BELOW THE POVERTY LEVEL IN 1978--CON.												
TYPE OF INCOME IN 1978 OF WOMAN												
WITH EARNINGS	837	94	372	63	313	58	179	44	133	38	465	70
WITH OTHER INCOME ²	559	77	307	57	270	53	179	44	90	31	252	52
WITH GOVERNMENT TRANSFER PAYMENTS ³	409	66	184	44	156	41	80	29	76	28	225	49
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	361	62	167	42	141	39	67	(B)	74	(B)	194	45
AID TO FAMILIES WITH DEP. CHILDREN	342	60	153	40	127	37	59	(B)	68	(B)	189	45
OTHER GOVERNMENT TRANSFER PAYMENTS	77	29	27	(B)	21	(B)	13	(B)	8	(B)	51	(B)
WITH OTHER UNEARNED INCOME	196	46	149	40	138	38	119	36	18	(B)	47	(B)
WITH ALIMONY	25	(B)	21	(B)	21	(B)	21	(B)	-	(B)	4	(B)
WITHOUT OTHER INCOME	278	54	65	(B)	43	(B)	(x)	(x)	43	(B)	213	47
WITHOUT EARNINGS ⁴	1 136	109	380	63	283	55	171	43	111	34	756	89
WITH GOVERNMENT TRANSFER PAYMENTS ³	919	98	287	55	214	48	125	36	88	31	632	82
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	865	95	266	53	201	46	115	35	86	30	599	79
AID TO FAMILIES WITH DEP. CHILDREN	811	92	258	52	198	46	112	34	86	30	553	76
OTHER GOVERNMENT TRANSFER PAYMENTS	116	35	44	(B)	26	(B)	15	(B)	11	(B)	71	(B)
WITH OTHER UNEARNED INCOME	138	38	102	33	92	31	80	29	12	(B)	36	(B)
WITH ALIMONY	13	(B)	11	(B)	8	(B)	8	(B)	-	(B)	2	(B)
TENURE												
OWNER OCCUPIED	508	73	207	47	151	40	109	34	42	(B)	301	56
RENTER OCCUPIED	1 415	122	530	75	432	68	234	50	198	46	885	97
OCCUPIER PAID NO CASH RENT	50	(B)	15	(B)	13	(B)	8	(B)	5	(B)	35	(B)

¹INCLUDES A SMALL NUMBER OF WOMEN WHO WERE NOT SUPPOSED TO RECEIVE PAYMENTS IN 1978.
²REMARIED WOMEN WHOSE PREVIOUS MARRIAGE ENDED IN DIVORCE.
³WIDOWED WOMEN WHOSE PREVIOUS MARRIAGE ENDED IN DIVORCE.
⁴PERSONS OF SPANISH ORIGIN MAY BE OF ANY RACE.
⁵EXCLUDES NEVER-MARRIED WOMEN.
⁶DETAIL DOES NOT ADD TO TOTAL BECAUSE SOME WOMEN HAVE MORE THAN ONE OR NONE OF THE TYPES OF INCOME SPECIFIED.

Table 2. Women Receiving Child Support Payments in 1978, by Selected Characteristics

(WOMEN WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 21 YEARS OF AGE PRESENT FROM AN ABSENT FATHER AS OF SPRING 1979. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE TEXT)

SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	PAYMENTS AGREED TO OR AWARDED ¹								PAYMENTS NOT AWARDED		
	RECEIVED PAYMENTS					DID NOT RECEIVE PAYMENTS			NUMBER (THOUS.)	MEAN TOTAL MONEY INCOME	
	NUMBER (THOUS.)	MEAN TOTAL MONEY INCOME		MEAN INCOME FROM CHILD SUPPORT		NUMBER (THOUS.)	MEAN TOTAL MONEY INCOME			VALUE (DOL.)	STANDARD ERROR (DOL.)
		VALUE (DOL.)	STANDARD ERROR (DOL.)	VALUE (DOL.)	STANDARD ERROR (DOL.)		VALUE (DOL.)	STANDARD ERROR (DOL.)			
TOTAL	2 455	8 944	227	1 799	58	969	6 216	268	2 898	4 841	138
CURRENT MARITAL STATUS OF WOMEN											
MARRIED ²	782	7 187	400	1 602	95	363	4 587	390	459	4 372	432
SEPARATED	336	8 177	528	1 906	182	127	5 425	522	690	4 815	229
DIVORCED	1 241	10 582	323	1 951	83	452	7 837	423	483	7 500	433
WIDOWED ³	8	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	8	(B)	(B)	37	(B)	(B)
NEVER-MARRIED	87	4 522	473	976	147	20	(B)	(B)	1 230	3 915	157
RACE AND SPANISH ORIGIN OF WOMAN											
WHITE	2 168	9 183	247	1 861	63	805	6 140	299	1 489	5 154	211
BLACK	260	7 271	601	1 294	141	154	6 872	659	1 348	4 444	174
SPANISH ORIGIN ⁴	125	6 922	1 149	1 318	257	66	(B)	(B)	292	4 555	608
METROPOLITAN-NONMETROPOLITAN RESIDENCE											
INSIDE METROPOLITAN AREAS	1 695	9 622	286	1 857	68	673	6 881	339	2 168	5 087	162
INSIDE CENTRAL CITIES	676	8 727	441	1 778	109	298	6 247	486	1 410	4 921	178
OUTSIDE CENTRAL CITIES	1 019	10 215	372	1 909	87	375	7 385	467	758	5 398	325
OUTSIDE METROPOLITAN AREAS	760	7 434	348	1 671	110	296	4 700	385	731	4 111	256
REGION											
NORTHEAST	455	9 571	560	2 073	131	140	7 338	998	629	5 570	332
NORTH CENTRAL	672	8 512	346	1 812	127	296	5 629	446	616	4 820	277
SOUTH	765	7 709	375	1 602	101	306	5 992	446	1 201	4 268	222
WEST	562	10 634	576	1 831	111	226	6 591	503	452	5 380	319
AGE OF WOMAN											
18 TO 24 YEARS	205	5 495	450	1 050	103	132	4 712	507	868	3 105	143
25 TO 29 YEARS	505	7 508	489	1 381	85	182	5 165	444	528	4 843	258
30 TO 34 YEARS	581	8 666	371	1 784	108	204	5 640	610	492	5 896	372
35 TO 39 YEARS	525	9 654	515	1 979	148	196	6 686	681	372	5 649	463
40 TO 44 YEARS	354	10 771	550	2 375	153	121	7 969	805	257	6 316	643
45 YEARS AND OVER	286	10 954	920	2 064	227	134	7 739	770	381	5 648	416
NUMBER OF OWN CHILDREN											
1 CHILD	1 097	8 507	305	1 288	62	463	7 047	439	1 625	5 077	200
2 CHILDREN	880	9 168	384	1 995	93	305	5 720	427	726	4 584	269
3 CHILDREN	297	9 710	875	2 528	233	129	5 230	601	318	4 605	333
4 CHILDREN OR MORE	181	9 252	709	2 752	280	72	(B)	(B)	230	4 311	298
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT OF WOMAN											
ELEMENTARY: 0 TO 8 YEARS	142	5 555	485	1 700	237	92	3 571	522	434	3 311	211
HIGH SCHOOL: 1 TO 3 YEARS	393	6 992	622	1 431	114	244	4 861	378	836	3 593	179
4 YEARS	1 203	7 937	243	1 664	79	447	6 149	365	1 145	5 252	207
COLLEGE: 1 TO 3 YEARS	482	10 395	495	2 089	155	147	8 777	834	352	6 078	454
4 YEARS OR MORE	235	16 439	1 026	2 574	186	39	(B)	(B)	131	10 949	1 264
YEAR OF DIVORCE OR SEPARATION OF WOMAN											
TOTAL	2 367	9 108	233	1 830	60	949	6 237	272	1 669	5 524	206
1975 AND LATER	1 335	8 784	265	1 888	91	349	6 401	409	687	5 613	316
1970 TO 1974	676	9 791	520	1 828	86	352	5 763	413	446	5 268	378
1965 TO 1969	281	8 710	690	1 454	106	175	6 914	832	296	6 132	544
1960 TO 1964	58	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	48	(B)	(B)	119	4 706	771
BEFORE 1960	18	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	25	(B)	(B)	121	5 282	713
RESPONSIBILITY OF EX-HUSBAND TO SUPPORT OTHER CHILDREN⁵											
YES	571	8 857	445	1 779	107	253	5 784	530	(X)	(X)	(X)
NO	1 558	9 097	278	1 870	79	503	6 584	375	(X)	(X)	(X)
DO NOT KNOW	238	9 778	962	1 688	134	193	5 930	586	(X)	(X)	(X)
WORK EXPERIENCE IN 1978 OF WOMAN											
WORKED	1 942	10 094	234	1 825	65	714	7 686	313	1 738	6 529	194
WORKED AT FULL-TIME JOBS	1 568	10 793	250	1 810	71	555	8 521	343	1 317	7 467	220
40 WEEKS OR MORE	1 203	12 324	278	1 894	85	414	10 143	363	891	8 990	264
50 TO 52 WEEKS	1 042	12 640	301	1 893	93	353	10 533	403	754	9 448	295
39 WEEKS OR LESS	365	5 753	294	1 532	118	141	3 741	370	426	4 280	265
WORKED AT PART-TIME JOBS	374	7 163	548	1 889	163	159	4 778	605	421	3 594	309
40 WEEKS OR MORE	157	8 324	940	1 852	196	75	6 709	1 115	174	5 732	618
50 TO 52 WEEKS	116	9 064	1 217	1 918	242	57	(B)	(B)	124	6 170	841
39 WEEKS OR LESS	217	6 325	642	1 915	242	84	3 051	358	247	2 088	177
DID NOT WORK	513	4 590	533	1 702	126	255	2 095	218	1 160	2 313	109

SEE FOOTNOTES AT END OF TABLE.

Table 2. Women Receiving Child Support Payments in 1978, by Selected Characteristics—Continued

(WOMEN WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 21 YEARS OF AGE PRESENT FROM AN ABSENT FATHER AS OF SPRING 1979. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE TEXT)

SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	PAYMENTS AGREED TO OR AWARDED ¹								PAYMENTS NOT AWARDED		
	RECEIVED PAYMENTS					DID NOT RECEIVE PAYMENTS			NUMBER (THOUS.)	MEAN TOTAL MONEY INCOME	
	NUMBER (THOUS.)	MEAN TOTAL MONEY INCOME		MEAN INCOME FROM CHILD SUPPORT		NUMBER (THOUS.)	MEAN TOTAL MONEY INCOME			VALUE (DOL.)	STANDARD ERROR (DOL.)
		VALUE (DOL.)	STANDARD ERROR (DOL.)	VALUE (DOL.)	STANDARD ERROR (DOL.)		VALUE (DOL.)	STANDARD ERROR (DOL.)			
OCCUPATION GROUP OF LONGEST JOB OF WOMAN											
TOTAL	1 942	10 094	234	1 825	65	714	7 686	313	1 738	6 529	194
WHITE-COLLAR WORKERS	1 278	11 258	303	1 957	85	349	9 170	508	830	7 973	324
BLUE-COLLAR WORKERS	304	8 743	436	1 269	128	155	7 275	543	401	5 938	326
SERVICE WORKERS	359	7 086	429	1 821	141	207	5 579	391	492	4 712	240
FARM WORKERS	1	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	2	(B)	(B)	14	(B)	(B)
TYPE OF INCOME IN 1978 OF WOMAN											
WITH EARNINGS	1 941	10 099	234	1 824	65	708	7 749	313	1 729	6 563	194
WITH OTHER INCOME ²	1 941	10 099	234	1 824	65	387	8 706	463	870	7 299	298
WITH GOVERNMENT TRANSFER PAYMENTS ³	365	7 677	347	1 572	162	191	6 388	422	554	5 760	262
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	208	6 716	442	1 530	233	140	5 541	394	388	4 956	234
AID TO FAMILIES WITH DEP. CHILDREN	182	6 755	493	1 596	263	134	5 681	402	369	4 930	237
OTHER GOVERNMENT TRANSFER PAYMENTS	172	8 779	476	1 590	203	67	(B)	(B)	212	7 133	510
WITH OTHER UNEARNED INCOME	1 488	10 894	279	1 961	75	229	10 727	658	422	9 626	489
WITH ALIMONY	195	13 813	855	2 980	306	4	(B)	(B)	18	(B)	(B)
WITHOUT OTHER INCOME	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	321	6 596	381	859	5 817	241
WITHOUT EARNINGS ⁴	514	4 586	531	1 705	126	261	2 057	215	1 169	2 296	108
WITH GOVERNMENT TRANSFER PAYMENTS ⁵	269	4 862	275	1 522	163	144	3 552	242	838	3 058	102
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	201	4 644	245	1 374	156	127	3 728	256	740	3 053	97
AID TO FAMILIES WITH DEP. CHILDREN	189	4 719	250	1 362	162	125	3 749	260	687	3 049	101
OTHER GOVERNMENT TRANSFER PAYMENTS	80	5 378	687	1 807	382	33	(B)	(B)	150	3 707	383
WITH OTHER UNEARNED INCOME	263	5 519	1 003	2 031	205	47	(B)	(B)	113	3 098	670
WITH ALIMONY	45	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	4	(B)	(B)	8	(B)	(B)
TENURE											
OWNER OCCUPIED	1 452	9 707	318	1 972	83	453	6 720	397	1 227	5 164	251
RENTER OCCUPIED	958	7 825	314	1 551	76	495	5 828	373	1 597	4 649	156
OCCUPIER PAID NO CASH RENT	45	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	21	(B)	(B)	74	(B)	(B)

¹EXCLUDES A SMALL NUMBER OF WOMEN WHO WERE AWARDED PAYMENTS BUT WERE NOT SUPPOSED TO RECEIVE THEM IN 1978.
²REARRIED WOMEN WHOSE PREVIOUS MARRIAGE ENDED IN DIVORCE.
³WIDOWED WOMEN WHOSE PREVIOUS MARRIAGE ENDED IN DIVORCE.
⁴PERSONS OF SPANISH ORIGIN MAY BE OF ANY RACE.
⁵EXCLUDES NEVER-MARRIED WOMEN.
⁶DETAIL DOES NOT ADD TO TOTAL BECAUSE SOME WOMEN HAVE MORE THAN ONE OR NONE OF THE TYPES OF INCOME SPECIFIED.

Table 3. Percent of Child Support Payments Received in 1978, by Selected Characteristics of All Women and Women Below the Poverty Level in 1978

(WOMEN WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 21 YEARS OF AGE PRESENT FROM AN ABSENT FATHER AS OF SPRING 1979. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE TEXT)

SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	NUMBER DUE PAYMENTS IN 1978 (THOUS.)	PERCENT OF PAYMENTS RECEIVED (THOUS.)						PAYMENTS ACTUALLY RECEIVED				IF FULL AMOUNT OF PAYMENTS WERE RECEIVED			
		0.0	0.1 TO 24.9	25.0 TO 49.9	50.0 TO 74.9	75.0 TO 99.9	100.0 AND OVER	MEAN INC FROM CHILD SUPPORT		MEAN TOTAL INCOME		MEAN INC FROM CHILD SUPPORT		MEAN TOTAL INCOME	
								VALUE (DOL.)	STAND-ARD ERROR (DOL.)	VALUE (DOL.)	STAND-ARD ERROR (DOL.)	VALUE (DOL.)	STAND-ARD ERROR (DOL.)	VALUE (DOL.)	STAND-ARD ERROR (DOL.)
ALL WOMEN	3 424	969	210	147	268	154	1 675	1 290	47	6 413	196	2 003	56	8 898	186
TOTAL	115	66	31	26	35	27	85	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)
STANDARD ERROR															
CURRENT MARITAL STATUS OF WOMAN															
MARRIED ¹	1 145	363	76	55	95	57	498	1 094	74	4 908	315	1 970	122	7 240	324
SEPARATED	463	127	24	19	38	10	246	1 385	147	5 941	468	2 053	145	8 097	427
DIVORCED	1 693	452	97	74	130	80	861	1 431	69	7 759	298	2 073	65	10 511	264
WIDOWED ²	16	8	2	-	-	-	6	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
NEVER-MARRIED	107	20	11	-	5	7	65	795	133	3 685	470	940	123	4 840	499
RACE AND SPANISH ORIGIN OF WOMAN															
WHITE	2 973	805	174	128	236	139	1 492	1 357	52	6 697	215	2 036	61	9 051	203
BLACK	413	154	35	17	33	8	166	813	103	4 569	478	1 780	155	8 104	493
SPANISH ORIGIN ³	191	66	16	7	17	4	80	862	205	4 527	973	1 664	303	7 164	894
METROPOLITAN-NONMETROPOLITAN RESIDENCE															
INSIDE METROPOLITAN AREAS	2 368	673	152	82	164	98	1 198	1 329	56	6 886	249	2 062	70	9 591	234
INSIDE CENTRAL CITIES	974	298	57	26	69	34	489	1 234	86	6 056	368	1 941	81	8 676	345
OUTSIDE CENTRAL CITIES	1 395	375	95	56	95	65	709	1 395	73	7 466	333	2 146	105	10 229	314
OUTSIDE METROPOLITAN AREAS	1 055	296	57	65	104	56	477	1 203	87	5 352	299	1 872	90	7 343	279
REGION															
NORTHEAST	596	140	23	23	41	33	336	1 584	116	7 313	505	2 339	201	9 845	531
NORTH CENTRAL	969	296	56	28	106	53	429	1 257	98	5 908	315	2 003	98	8 386	281
SOUTH	1 071	306	85	63	70	43	504	1 144	81	5 505	320	1 858	93	7 934	306
WEST	788	226	46	34	52	25	407	1 307	91	7 588	487	1 948	83	10 121	441
AGE OF WOMAN															
18 TO 24 YEARS	337	132	22	24	19	9	130	638	77	3 341	358	1 275	93	5 845	345
25 TO 29 YEARS	687	182	46	43	71	29	315	1 015	72	5 516	411	1 716	83	7 592	383
30 TO 34 YEARS	785	204	61	34	80	49	357	1 320	91	6 411	349	2 051	100	8 616	329
35 TO 39 YEARS	721	196	53	25	45	27	375	1 441	120	7 030	453	2 330	184	9 743	445
40 TO 44 YEARS	474	121	18	11	22	29	274	1 771	136	8 032	533	2 383	126	10 672	470
45 YEARS AND OVER	420	134	9	11	31	11	224	1 406	172	7 460	741	1 980	155	10 557	686
NUMBER OF OWN CHILDREN															
1 CHILD	1 560	463	110	83	105	70	728	906	49	5 983	265	1 562	84	8 737	262
2 CHILDREN	1 185	305	68	50	102	59	601	1 482	80	6 807	340	2 215	81	9 018	316
3 CHILDREN	426	129	21	6	40	21	209	1 765	185	6 778	700	2 524	173	9 171	649
4 CHILDREN OR MORE	253	72	11	8	21	4	136	1 965	235	6 605	656	2 859	226	8 869	558
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT OF WOMAN															
ELEMENTARY: 0 TO 8 YEARS	234	92	8	4	22	6	101	1 030	167	3 365	407	1 649	154	5 392	375
HIGH SCHOOL: 1 TO 3 YEARS	636	244	45	38	47	16	246	883	83	4 315	439	1 652	81	6 948	417
4 YEARS	1 650	447	112	63	126	75	828	1 213	64	5 788	224	1 914	65	8 176	203
COLLEGE: 1 TO 3 YEARS	629	147	35	26	54	37	329	1 599	131	7 960	470	2 335	204	10 758	459
4 YEARS OR MORE	274	39	10	16	18	19	171	2 207	182	14 096	1 038	2 900	226	16 499	958
YEAR OF DIVORCE OR SEPARATION OF WOMAN															
TOTAL	3 316	949	199	147	264	147	1 611	1 306	48	6 501	201	2 038	57	9 029	190
1975 AND LATER	1 684	349	118	87	149	96	884	1 496	78	6 963	251	2 135	82	8 947	232
1970 TO 1974	1 028	352	64	39	78	37	458	1 202	71	6 437	412	2 114	118	9 329	391
1965 TO 1969	456	175	8	20	30	13	210	896	84	5 367	529	1 540	76	8 665	538
1960 TO 1964	106	48	7	-	6	2	44	1 071	233	5 786	1 442	1 763	218	8 849	1 301
BEFORE 1960	44	25	2	2	-	-	14	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
RESPONSIBILITY OF EX-HUSBAND TO SUPPORT OTHER CHILDREN⁴															
YES	824	253	47	45	79	43	356	1 232	87	6 134	382	2 020	148	8 706	379
NO	2 061	503	134	92	140	94	1 097	1 414	66	6 878	251	2 105	68	9 188	233
DO NOT KNOW	431	193	17	10	45	10	157	933	98	5 405	648	1 753	89	8 888	603
TYPE OF ARRANGEMENT															
COURT-ORDERED PAYMENTS	2 277	820	137	120	188	106	906	1 088	51	5 446	220	1 941	67	8 520	211
VOLUNTARY WRITTEN AGREEMENT OR OTH. METHOD	1 146	149	72	27	80	48	769	1 690	95	8 334	374	2 128	102	9 649	361
METHOD OF PAYMENTS															
DIRECTLY FROM CHILD'S FATHER	1 771	449	88	58	128	81	966	1 547	77	7 556	299	2 233	96	9 977	282
THROUGH A COURT OR PUBLIC AGENCY	1 586	503	119	87	138	68	671	1 014	52	5 156	247	1 771	55	7 775	235
BY SOME OTHER METHOD	66	18	2	2	2	4	38	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)

SEE FOOTNOTES AT END OF TABLE.

Table 3. Percent of Child Support Payments Received in 1978, by Selected Characteristics of All Women and Women Below the Poverty Level in 1978—Continued

(WOMEN WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 21 YEARS OF AGE PRESENT FROM AN ABSENT FATHER AS OF SPRING 1979. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE TEXT)

SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	NUMBER DUE PAYMENTS IN 1978 (THOUS.)	PERCENT OF PAYMENTS RECEIVED (THOUS.)						PAYMENTS ACTUALLY RECEIVED				IF FULL AMOUNT OF PAYMENTS WERE RECEIVED			
		0.0	0.1 TO 24.9	25.0 TO 49.9	50.0 TO 74.9	75.0 TO 99.9	100.0 AND OVER	MEAN INC FROM CHILD SUPPORT		MEAN TOTAL MONEY INCOME		MEAN INC FROM CHILD SUPPORT		MEAN TOTAL MONEY INCOME	
								VALUE (DOL.)	STAND-ARD ERROR (DOL.)	VALUE (DOL.)	STAND-ARD ERROR (DOL.)	VALUE (DOL.)	STAND-ARD ERROR (DOL.)	VALUE (DOL.)	STAND-ARD ERROR (DOL.)
ALL WOMEN--CON.															
RECEIPT OF PAYMENTS															
REGULARLY	1 829	(x)	-	-	-	154	1 675	2 160	71	9 493	270	2 168	72	9 524	271
OCCASIONALLY	416	(x)	-	147	268	-	-	956	57	7 592	515	1 925	106	8 562	538
SELDOM	210	(x)	210	-	-	-	-	324	57	6 842	581	2 821	549	9 339	837
NEVER	969	969	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	1 550	57	7 766	278
MAIN REASON FOR IRREGULAR PAYMENTS															
CHILD'S FATHER REFUSED TO PAY	896	544	132	94	127	-	-	278	31	2 777	256	1 788	84	8 309	315
UNABLE TO LOCATE CHILD'S FATHER	197	182	7	9	-	-	-	27	14	365	193	1 713	110	7 232	587
ALL OTHER REASONS	282	183	30	27	42	-	-	268	50	2 777	419	1 639	137	7 765	417
DO NOT KNOW	219	61	42	17	99	-	-	615	80	5 695	874	2 243	484	9 039	984
WORK EXPERIENCE IN 1978 OF WOMAN															
WORKED	2 656	714	160	115	215	130	1 323	1 334	54	7 380	219	2 005	54	10 133	193
WORKED AT FULL-TIME JOBS	2 123	555	137	96	169	110	1 056	1 337	59	7 972	246	1 980	60	10 851	209
40 WEEKS OR MORE	1 617	414	107	71	131	75	819	1 409	71	9 167	296	2 081	73	12 448	230
50 TO 52 WEEKS	1 394	353	93	56	120	60	714	1 413	78	9 439	324	2 086	80	12 790	250
39 WEEKS OR LESS	506	141	30	25	39	35	237	1 106	98	4 154	279	1 657	95	5 748	246
WORKED AT PART-TIME JOBS	533	159	23	18	46	20	267	1 325	129	5 025	446	2 106	129	7 276	430
40 WEEKS OR MORE	232	75	9	10	13	5	120	1 252	160	5 628	754	2 046	150	8 693	740
50 TO 52 WEEKS	173	57	9	8	10	5	84	1 286	195	6 075	964	2 051	156	9 482	946
39 WEEKS OR LESS	301	84	14	8	33	15	147	1 381	192	4 561	530	2 153	196	6 185	483
DID NOT WORK	767	255	50	33	53	24	352	1 137	96	3 066	377	1 997	164	4 623	402
OCCUPATION GROUP OF LONGEST JOB OF WOMAN															
TOTAL	2 656	714	160	115	215	130	1 323	1 334	54	7 380	219	2 005	54	10 133	193
WHITE-COLLAR WORKERS	1 627	349	102	74	129	81	892	1 536	74	8 841	300	2 129	75	11 410	265
BLUE-COLLAR WORKERS	459	155	32	26	38	26	183	841	96	5 792	421	1 682	110	9 093	354
SERVICE WORKERS	566	207	27	14	48	23	247	1 155	107	4 493	355	1 920	102	7 340	308
FARM WORKERS	3	2	-	-	-	-	1	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
TYPE OF INCOME IN 1978 OF WOMAN															
WITH EARNINGS	2 648	708	158	115	215	127	1 325	1 337	54	7 400	220	2 006	55	10 156	193
WITH OTHER INCOME ³	2 327	387	158	115	215	127	1 325	1 521	59	8 420	231	2 077	60	10 441	211
WITH GOVERNMENT TRANSFER PAYMENTS ³	557	191	55	18	41	39	214	1 032	118	5 039	334	1 920	127	8 134	289
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	348	140	28	12	25	16	127	914	153	4 011	385	1 803	168	7 151	342
AID TO FAMILIES WITH DEP. CHILDREN	315	134	20	11	25	16	110	920	167	3 891	412	1 815	182	7 217	367
OTHER GOVERNMENT TRANSFER PAYMENTS	239	67	31	6	18	22	94	1 146	163	6 328	530	2 105	174	9 532	424
WITH OTHER UNEARNED INCOME	1 717	229	101	79	137	119	1 051	1 699	70	9 438	280	2 190	71	11 383	259
WITH ALIMONY	198	4	4	4	15	11	161	2 926	304	13 564	865	2 981	286	13 898	835
WITHOUT OTHER INCOME	321	321	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	1 488	94	8 084	390
WITHOUT EARNINGS ³	775	261	51	33	53	27	350	1 131	95	3 042	373	1 995	162	4 601	398
WITH GOVERNMENT TRANSFER PAYMENTS ³	413	144	28	12	26	5	197	992	120	3 167	255	1 682	114	5 097	211
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	328	127	26	8	18	5	144	840	112	2 841	248	1 613	109	5 061	203
AID TO FAMILIES WITH DEP. CHILDREN	314	125	23	8	16	5	137	819	114	2 840	256	1 611	113	5 125	207
OTHER GOVERNMENT TRANSFER PAYMENTS	113	33	2	5	12	-	61	1 278	297	3 803	608	1 759	273	5 391	516
WITH OTHER UNEARNED INCOME	310	47	20	20	22	18	183	1 724	186	4 685	870	2 633	369	5 988	943
WITH ALIMONY	50	4	3	-	6	2	34	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
TENURE															
OWNER OCCUPIED	1 906	453	89	90	143	107	1 024	1 503	70	7 397	285	2 168	89	9 677	269
RENTER OCCUPIED	1 453	495	117	52	123	45	621	1 023	59	5 160	258	1 798	61	7 929	248
OCCUPIER PAID NO CASH RENT	65	21	3	6	2	2	31	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
WOMEN WITH INCOMES BELOW THE POVERTY LEVEL IN 1978															
TOTAL	596	245	38	20	37	9	247	718	132	2 083	288	1 487	154	4 088	289
STANDARD ERROR	79	51	20	14	20	10	51	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)
CURRENT MARITAL STATUS OF WOMAN															
MARRIED ¹	40	18	2	4	-	-	16	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
SEPARATED	191	70	8	8	11	2	92	749	225	2 297	525	1 441	278	4 277	571
DIVORCED	316	141	21	8	22	7	117	757	195	2 084	402	1 640	218	4 326	363
WIDOWED ²	6	4	-	-	-	-	2	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
NEVER MARRIED	43	11	7	-	5	-	21	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
RACE AND SPANISH ORIGIN OF WOMAN															
WHITE	422	176	24	14	24	7	177	754	162	2 102	343	1 528	188	4 032	348
BLACK	171	66	14	5	13	2	70	641	224	2 068	530	1 387	265	4 203	516
SPANISH ORIGIN ³	49	20	2	-	5	-	22	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)

SEE FOOTNOTES AT END OF TABLE.

Table 3. Percent of Child Support Payments Received in 1978, by Selected Characteristics of All Women and Women Below the Poverty Level in 1978—Continued

(WOMEN WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 21 YEARS OF AGE PRESENT FROM AN ABSENT FATHER AS OF SPRING 1979. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE TEXT)

SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	NUMBER DUE PAYMENTS IN 1978 (THOUS.)	PERCENT OF PAYMENTS RECEIVED (THOUS.)						PAYMENTS ACTUALLY RECEIVED				IF FULL AMOUNT OF PAYMENTS WERE RECEIVED			
		0.0	0.1 TO 24.9	25.0 TO 49.9	50.0 TO 74.9	75.0 TO 99.9	100.0 AND OVER	MEAN INC FROM CHILD SUPPORT		MEAN TOTAL INCOME		MEAN INC FROM CHILD SUPPORT		MEAN TOTAL INCOME	
								VALUE (DOL.)	STAND-ARD ERROR (DOL.)	VALUE (DOL.)	STAND-ARD ERROR (DOL.)	VALUE (DOL.)	STAND-ARD ERROR (DOL.)	VALUE (DOL.)	STAND-ARD ERROR (DOL.)
WOMEN WITH INCOMES BELOW THE POVERTY LEVEL IN 1978--CON.															
METROPOLITAN-NONMETROPOLITAN RESIDENCE															
INSIDE METROPOLITAN AREAS	384	158	20	8	27	2	169	703	155	2 137	360	1 448	169	4 258	341
INSIDE CENTRAL CITIES	248	95	14	6	16	2	116	757	202	2 243	444	1 457	219	4 341	428
OUTSIDE CENTRAL CITIES	136	63	7	2	11	-	53	604	237	1 945	611	1 432	264	4 105	562
OUTSIDE METROPOLITAN AREAS	211	87	18	12	10	7	78	746	242	1 985	477	1 559	305	3 779	519
REGION															
NORTHEAST	145	38	7	-	9	4	87	1 103	314	2 868	608	1 688	332	4 408	551
NORTH CENTRAL	179	96	8	6	7	-	62	506	218	1 498	484	1 410	316	4 048	528
SOUTH	189	74	20	8	15	4	69	758	253	2 121	532	1 537	271	3 928	566
WEST	83	37	3	6	6	1	29	415	178	1 888	707	1 192	270	3 978	723
AGE OF WOMAN															
18 TO 24 YEARS	109	53	8	7	8	-	34	256	128	1 201	437	975	425	3 056	595
25 TO 29 YEARS	126	55	2	6	7	2	54	575	250	1 742	562	1 207	242	3 782	549
30 TO 34 YEARS	129	56	9	2	9	2	51	955	363	2 216	627	1 833	321	4 365	565
35 TO 39 YEARS	110	39	9	3	7	-	52	957	315	2 857	800	1 831	359	4 910	751
40 TO 44 YEARS	66	27	6	-	2	4	27	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
45 YEARS AND OVER	55	15	3	2	5	1	29	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
NUMBER OF OWN CHILDREN															
1 CHILD	208	94	11	12	14	-	78	419	135	1 553	392	1 086	200	3 339	445
2 CHILDREN	195	72	11	5	12	6	88	930	281	2 267	516	1 665	319	4 166	445
3 CHILDREN	110	45	12	2	2	2	46	698	260	2 458	751	1 646	325	4 845	754
4 CHILDREN OR MORE	83	33	4	2	8	-	35	1 002	422	2 484	835	1 870	376	4 782	785
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT OF WOMAN															
ELEMENTARY: 0 TO 8 YEARS	80	38	3	-	2	1	36	721	358	2 262	903	1 263	338	3 961	813
HIGH SCHOOL: 1 TO 3 YEARS	188	93	10	10	11	4	60	490	178	1 580	455	1 338	247	4 034	497
4 YEARS	262	95	19	7	19	4	118	820	213	2 164	429	1 612	253	4 106	452
COLLEGE: 1 TO 3 YEARS	62	20	6	3	2	-	30	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
4 YEARS OR MORE	4	-	-	-	3	-	2	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
YEAR OF DIVORCE OR SEPARATION OF WOMAN															
TOTAL	553	234	31	20	33	9	227	744	141	2 095	305	1 557	161	4 191	303
1975 AND LATER	320	96	19	14	23	7	160	827	186	2 427	383	1 419	226	3 872	372
1970 TO 1974	165	97	10	5	9	2	42	549	216	1 628	552	1 800	257	4 821	563
1965 TO 1969	39	20	-	-	-	-	19	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
1960 TO 1964	28	21	2	-	-	-	5	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
BEFORE 1960	2	-	-	2	-	-	-	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
RESPONSIBILITY OF EX-HUSBAND TO SUPPORT OTHER CHILDREN*															
YES	107	55	6	4	2	3	37	643	297	1 589	601	1 308	252	3 532	625
NO	359	130	22	14	23	4	167	812	182	2 372	387	1 657	223	4 442	382
DO NOT KNOW	87	49	3	2	8	2	23	589	305	1 577	740	1 449	311	3 967	733
TYPE OF ARRANGEMENT															
COURT-ORDERED PAYMENTS	406	207	17	18	28	7	128	697	171	1 781	354	1 624	199	4 286	359
VOLUNTARY WRITTEN AGREEMENT OR OTH. METHOD	190	38	21	2	9	2	119	765	193	2 727	456	1 195	213	3 665	464
METHOD OF PAYMENTS															
DIRECTLY FROM CHILD'S FATHER	246	93	20	4	19	5	105	852	233	2 349	463	1 613	219	4 153	432
THROUGH A COURT OR PUBLIC AGENCY	339	145	18	15	19	4	137	637	157	1 908	370	1 418	214	4 087	394
BY SOME OTHER METHOD	11	7	-	-	-	-	5	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
RECEIPT OF PAYMENTS															
REGULARLY	256	(x)	-	-	-	9	247	1 476	213	3 629	326	1 479	213	3 636	326
OCCASIONALLY	57	(x)	-	20	37	-	-	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
SELDOM	38	(x)	38	-	-	-	-	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
NEVER	245	245	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	1 462	267	4 465	516
MAIN REASON FOR IRREGULAR PAYMENTS															
CHILD'S FATHER REFUSED TO PAY	177	121	28	13	15	-	-	139	74	1 126	484	1 581	340	4 708	648
UNABLE TO LOCATE CHILD'S FATHER	55	54	2	-	-	-	-	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
ALL OTHER REASONS	62	55	-	2	6	-	-	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
DO NOT KNOW	45	15	8	5	17	-	-	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)

SEE FOOTNOTES AT END OF TABLE.

Table 3. Percent of Child Support Payments Received in 1978, by Selected Characteristics of All Women and Women Below the Poverty Level in 1978—Continued

(WOMEN WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 21 YEARS OF AGE PRESENT FROM AN ABSENT FATHER AS OF SPRING 1979. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE TEXT)

SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	NUMBER DUE PAYMENTS IN 1978 (THOUS.)	PERCENT OF PAYMENTS RECEIVED (THOUS.)						PAYMENTS ACTUALLY RECEIVED				IF FULL AMOUNT OF PAYMENTS WERE RECEIVED			
		0.0	0.1 TO 24.9	25.0 TO 49.9	50.0 TO 74.9	75.0 TO 99.9	100.0 AND OVER	MEAN INC FROM CHILD SUPPORT (DOL.)	STAND-ARD ERROR (DOL.)	MEAN TOTAL MONEY INCOME (DOL.)	STAND-ARD ERROR (DOL.)	MEAN INC FROM CHILD SUPPORT (DOL.)	STAND-ARD ERROR (DOL.)	MEAN TOTAL MONEY INCOME (DOL.)	STAND-ARD ERROR (DOL.)
								VALUE	STAND-ARD ERROR	VALUE	STAND-ARD ERROR	VALUE	STAND-ARD ERROR	VALUE	STAND-ARD ERROR
WOMEN WITH INCOMES BELOW THE POVERTY LEVEL IN 1978--CON.															
WORK EXPERIENCE IN 1978 OF WOMAN															
WORKED	315	136	22	12	25	6	114	636	175	2 027	390	1 509	235	4 277	404
WORKED AT FULL-TIME JOBS	184	75	17	11	10	5	66	567	211	2 086	494	1 391	261	4 233	550
40 WEEKS OR MORE	49	24	13	1	-	-	11	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
50 TO 52 WEEKS	36	16	11	1	-	-	9	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
39 WEEKS OR LESS	136	51	4	10	10	5	55	657	272	2 058	521	1 216	285	3 559	491
WORKED AT PART-TIME JOBS	131	61	5	1	15	1	47	734	297	1 944	630	1 676	426	4 338	586
40 WEEKS OR MORE	40	18	-	-	6	-	15	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
50 TO 52 WEEKS	27	12	-	-	4	-	11	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
39 WEEKS OR LESS	91	43	5	1	9	1	32	714	355	1 702	632	1 722	571	4 064	668
DID NOT WORK	280	109	16	8	12	3	134	810	198	2 146	425	1 463	193	3 876	408
OCCUPATION GROUP OF LONGEST JOB OF WOMAN															
TOTAL	315	136	22	12	25	6	114	636	175	2 027	390	1 509	235	4 277	404
WHITE-COLLAR WORKERS	105	40	6	1	14	-	45	793	340	2 319	733	1 485	400	4 036	686
BLUE-COLLAR WORKERS	71	29	8	7	2	4	20	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
SERVICE WORKERS	139	66	8	4	9	2	48	611	277	1 762	535	1 569	380	4 397	539
FARM WORKERS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
TYPE OF INCOME IN 1978 OF WOMAN															
WITH EARNINGS	313	133	22	12	25	6	114	641	176	2 042	392	1 513	236	4 291	405
WITH OTHER INCOME ³	270	90	22	12	25	6	114	744	197	2 369	419	1 503	253	4 303	412
WITH GOVERNMENT TRANSFER PAYMENTS ³	156	76	12	8	9	3	48	475	202	1 984	581	1 344	268	4 652	540
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	141	74	12	7	7	3	38	397	187	1 759	579	1 326	283	4 630	579
AID TO FAMILIES WITH DEP. CHILDREN	127	68	6	6	2	38	414	206	1 633	563	1 240	262	4 467	543	
OTHER GOVERNMENT TRANSFER PAYMENTS	21	8	-	1	2	-	10	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
WITH OTHER UNEARNED INCOME	138	18	10	6	16	6	82	1 186	319	3 197	536	1 864	417	4 246	594
WITH ALIMONY	21	-	2	-	2	2	15	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
WITHOUT OTHER INCOME	43	43	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
WITHOUT EARNINGS ⁵	283	111	16	8	12	3	134	804	197	2 128	423	1 459	191	3 863	406
WITH GOVERNMENT TRANSFER PAYMENTS ³	214	88	16	6	6	3	95	665	198	2 295	517	1 395	211	4 410	429
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	201	86	16	1	6	3	89	634	202	2 305	543	1 368	224	4 494	445
AID TO FAMILIES WITH DEP. CHILDREN	198	86	13	1	6	3	88	642	205	2 332	549	1 382	224	4 551	439
OTHER GOVERNMENT TRANSFER PAYMENTS	26	11	-	5	-	-	11	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
WITH OTHER UNEARNED INCOME	92	12	7	6	7	1	59	1 437	394	3 042	653	1 906	367	4 086	688
WITH ALIMONY	8	-	-	-	-	-	8	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
TENURE															
OWNER OCCUPIED	151	42	10	4	13	1	81	1 142	330	2 447	587	1 803	380	3 703	604
RENTER OCCUPIED	432	198	28	16	22	7	161	560	130	1 958	333	1 372	161	4 229	330
OCCUPIER PAID NO CASH RENT	13	5	-	-	2	-	6	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)

¹REARRIED WOMEN WHOSE PREVIOUS MARRIAGE ENDED IN DIVORCE.

²WIDOWED WOMEN WHOSE PREVIOUS MARRIAGE ENDED IN DIVORCE.

³PERSONS OF SPANISH ORIGIN MAY BE OF ANY RACE.

⁴EXCLUDES NEVER-MARRIED WOMEN.

⁵DETAIL DOES NOT ADD TO TOTAL BECAUSE SOME WOMEN HAVE MORE THAN ONE OR NONE OF THE TYPES OF INCOME SPECIFIED.

Table 4. Women Receiving Child Support in 1978, by Type of Arrangement and Method of Payment

(NUMBERS IN THOUSANDS. WOMEN WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 21 YEARS OF AGE PRESENT FROM AN ABSENT FATHER AS OF SPRING 1979. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE TEXT)

SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	TOTAL DUE PAYMENTS		AMOUNT OF PAYMENTS DUE							
	NUMBER	STANDARD ERROR	\$1 TO \$499	\$500 TO \$999	\$1,000 TO \$1,499	\$1,500 TO \$1,999	\$2,000 TO \$2,999	\$3,000 TO \$4,999	\$5,000 TO \$6,999	\$7,000 AND OVER
ALL PAYMENTS¹										
PERCENT OF PAYMENTS RECEIVED IN 1978:										
TOTAL	3 424	115	236	641	743	529	640	494	76	64
0.0	969	66	93	241	210	157	179	73	5	10
0.1 TO 24.9	210	31	6	37	42	38	36	32	7	12
25.0 TO 49.9	147	26	10	27	35	32	21	17	3	3
50.0 TO 74.9	268	35	21	32	65	50	44	49	7	-
75.0 TO 99.9	154	27	9	22	39	8	41	27	4	4
100.0 AND OVER	1 675	85	97	281	352	245	318	297	50	36
MEAN INCOME FROM CHILD SUPPORT .DOLLARS.	1 290	(x)	163	451	719	959	1 460	2 676	4 404	(B)
STANDARD ERRORDOLLARS.	47	(x)	17	44	33	54	68	108	384	(B)
MEAN TOTAL MONEY INCOMEDOLLARS.	8 172	(x)	4 996	6 611	7 320	7 815	8 096	11 040	18 222	(B)
STANDARD ERRORDOLLARS.	183	(x)	509	399	278	366	366	5	3 030	(B)
NUMBER BELOW POVERTY LEVEL	596	(x)	108	134	115	76	94	61	5	3
STANDARD ERROR	79	(x)	34	38	35	28	32	(B)	(B)	(B)
IF FULL AMOUNT OF PAYMENTS WERE RECEIVED IN 1978:										
MEAN INCOME FROM CHILD SUPPORT .DOLLARS.	2 003	(x)	313	751	1 201	1 714	2 385	3 634	5 591	(B)
STANDARD ERRORDOLLARS.	56	(x)	13	9	7	10	15	35	95	(B)
MEAN TOTAL MONEY INCOMEDOLLARS.	8 898	(x)	5 147	6 960	7 813	8 574	9 023	11 997	19 416	(B)
STANDARD ERRORDOLLARS.	186	(x)	509	396	275	357	359	491	2 979	(B)
NUMBER BELOW POVERTY LEVEL	480	(x)	102	115	106	57	66	34	-	-
STANDARD ERROR	71	(x)	33	35	33	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
TYPE OF ARRANGEMENT										
COURT-ORDERED PAYMENTS										
PERCENT OF PAYMENTS RECEIVED IN 1978:										
TOTAL	2 277	97	154	428	497	389	425	301	48	35
0.0	820	61	70	196	177	139	162	61	5	10
0.1 TO 24.9	137	25	6	29	24	20	30	16	7	5
25.0 TO 49.9	120	24	7	26	32	23	19	10	-	3
50.0 TO 74.9	188	29	15	24	48	40	32	24	7	-
75.0 TO 99.9	106	22	7	18	25	7	34	15	-	1
100.0 AND OVER	906	64	49	136	191	160	149	175	28	16
MEAN INCOME FROM CHILD SUPPORT .DOLLARS.	1 088	(x)	147	385	621	879	1 166	2 581	(B)	(B)
STANDARD ERRORDOLLARS.	51	(x)	21	62	41	63	85	148	(B)	(B)
MEAN TOTAL MONEY INCOMEDOLLARS.	7 652	(x)	5 333	6 072	7 035	7 720	7 590	10 196	(B)	(B)
STANDARD ERRORDOLLARS.	207	(x)	712	392	347	423	393	639	(B)	(B)
NUMBER BELOW POVERTY LEVEL	406	(x)	69	80	72	48	80	48	5	3
STANDARD ERROR	65	(x)	(B)	29	(B)	(B)	29	(B)	(B)	(B)
IF FULL AMOUNT OF PAYMENTS WERE RECEIVED IN 1978:										
MEAN INCOME FROM CHILD SUPPORT .DOLLARS.	1 941	(x)	325	739	1 204	1 715	2 404	3 625	(B)	(B)
STANDARD ERRORDOLLARS.	67	(x)	15	11	9	12	19	45	(B)	(B)
MEAN TOTAL MONEY INCOMEDOLLARS.	8 520	(x)	5 512	6 496	7 625	8 561	8 828	11 241	(B)	(B)
STANDARD ERRORDOLLARS.	211	(x)	711	389	344	413	382	627	(B)	(B)
NUMBER BELOW POVERTY LEVEL	308	(x)	65	63	65	34	54	28	-	-
STANDARD ERROR	57	(x)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
VOLUNTARY WRITTEN AGREEMENT										
PERCENT OF PAYMENTS RECEIVED IN 1978:										
TOTAL	1 032	68	68	187	225	127	198	183	26	18
0.0	124	24	24	43	23	15	14	5	-	-
0.1 TO 24.9	63	(B)	-	3	19	16	6	15	-	5
25.0 TO 49.9	27	(B)	2	1	2	9	3	7	3	-
50.0 TO 74.9	69	(B)	1	5	17	10	10	25	-	-
75.0 TO 99.9	45	(B)	1	4	12	1	7	12	4	3
100.0 AND OVER	704	56	40	131	151	76	158	119	19	10
MEAN INCOME FROM CHILD SUPPORT .DOLLARS.	1 685	(x)	(B)	591	948	1 187	2 056	2 931	(B)	(B)
STANDARD ERRORDOLLARS.	95	(x)	(B)	43	52	98	82	140	(B)	(B)
MEAN TOTAL MONEY INCOMEDOLLARS.	9 478	(x)	(B)	8 287	8 154	8 186	9 373	12 543	(B)	(B)
STANDARD ERRORDOLLARS.	383	(x)	(B)	996	486	779	796	809	(B)	(B)
NUMBER BELOW POVERTY LEVEL	150	(x)	34	39	33	21	13	10	-	-
STANDARD ERROR	40	(x)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
IF FULL AMOUNT OF PAYMENTS WERE RECEIVED IN 1978:										
MEAN INCOME FROM CHILD SUPPORT .DOLLARS.	2 099	(x)	(B)	769	1 202	1 710	2 348	3 640	(B)	(B)
STANDARD ERRORDOLLARS.	104	(x)	(B)	16	14	22	27	57	(B)	(B)
MEAN TOTAL MONEY INCOMEDOLLARS.	9 897	(x)	(B)	8 473	8 424	8 712	9 665	13 252	(B)	(B)
STANDARD ERRORDOLLARS.	390	(x)	(B)	993	479	762	796	793	(B)	(B)
NUMBER BELOW POVERTY LEVEL	132	(x)	32	38	32	17	10	3	-	-
STANDARD ERROR	37	(x)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)

SEE FOOTNOTE AT END OF TABLE.

Table 4. Women Receiving Child Support in 1978, by Type of Arrangement and Method of Payment—Continued

(NUMBERS IN THOUSANDS. WOMEN WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 21 YEARS OF AGE PRESENT FROM AN ABSENT FATHER AS OF SPRING 1979. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE TEXT)

SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	TOTAL DUE PAYMENTS		AMOUNT OF PAYMENTS DUE							
	NUMBER	STANDARD ERROR	\$1 TO \$499	\$500 TO \$999	\$1,000 TO \$1,499	\$1,500 TO \$1,999	\$2,000 TO \$2,999	\$3,000 TO \$4,999	\$5,000 TO \$6,999	\$7,000 AND OVER
METHOD OF PAYMENT										
PAYMENTS RECEIVED DIRECTLY FROM CHILD'S FATHER										
PERCENT OF PAYMENTS RECEIVED IN 1978:										
TOTAL	1 771	87	92	315	358	259	334	323	45	45
0.0	449	45	34	108	90	86	91	37	-	3
0.1 TO 24.9	88	20	2	10	18	13	13	17	1	9
25.0 TO 49.9	58	(B)	1	14	10	13	6	10	3	2
50.0 TO 74.9	128	24	10	19	32	18	15	30	4	-
75.0 TO 99.9	81	19	3	2	28	2	26	14	2	4
100.0 AND OVER	966	66	42	162	180	122	184	215	35	27
MEAN INCOME FROM CHILD SUPPORT .DOLLARS.	1 547	(x)	170	515	783	928	1 560	2 835	(B)	(B)
STANDARD ERRORDOLLARS.	77	(x)	26	79	49	78	94	124	(B)	(B)
MEAN TOTAL MONEY INCOMEDOLLARS.	9 273	(x)	6 396	7 172	8 107	8 108	8 996	12 221	(B)	(B)
STANDARD ERRORDOLLARS.	276	(x)	936	662	412	549	565	675	(B)	(B)
NUMBER BELOW POVERTY LEVEL	246	(x)	29	52	44	47	40	34	-	-
STANDARD ERROR	51	(x)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
IF FULL AMOUNT OF PAYMENTS WERE RECEIVED IN 1978:										
MEAN INCOME FROM CHILD SUPPORT .DOLLARS.	2 233	(x)	301	755	1 197	1 728	2 371	3 638	(B)	(B)
STANDARD ERRORDOLLARS.	96	(x)	19	12	11	15	41	41	(B)	(B)
MEAN TOTAL MONEY INCOMEDOLLARS.	9 977	(x)	6 529	7 488	8 540	8 909	9 810	13 028	(B)	(B)
STANDARD ERRORDOLLARS.	282	(x)	933	656	406	529	547	668	(B)	(B)
NUMBER BELOW POVERTY LEVEL	200	(x)	27	48	42	38	24	22	-	-
STANDARD ERROR	46	(x)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
PAYMENTS RECEIVED THROUGH COURT OR PUBLIC AGENCY										
PERCENT OF PAYMENTS RECEIVED IN 1978:										
TOTAL	1 586	83	134	311	376	258	291	165	31	19
0.0	503	48	55	129	118	69	87	32	5	7
0.1 TO 24.9	119	24	4	24	24	19	23	15	7	3
25.0 TO 49.9	87	20	9	13	25	16	16	7	-	1
50.0 TO 74.9	138	25	11	11	33	32	29	19	3	-
75.0 TO 99.9	68	(B)	7	16	10	6	15	13	2	-
100.0 AND OVER	671	55	49	117	166	116	120	80	15	9
MEAN INCOME FROM CHILD SUPPORT .DOLLARS.	1 014	(x)	155	391	656	981	1 302	2 422	(B)	(B)
STANDARD ERRORDOLLARS.	52	(x)	23	40	45	76	99	201	(B)	(B)
MEAN TOTAL MONEY INCOMEDOLLARS.	7 012	(x)	4 092	6 016	6 598	7 577	7 095	8 873	(B)	(B)
STANDARD ERRORDOLLARS.	234	(x)	577	459	374	501	443	567	(B)	(B)
NUMBER BELOW POVERTY LEVEL	339	(x)	72	80	71	29	54	25	5	3
STANDARD ERROR	60	(x)	(B)	29	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
IF FULL AMOUNT OF PAYMENTS WERE RECEIVED IN 1978:										
MEAN INCOME FROM CHILD SUPPORT .DOLLARS.	1 771	(x)	324	747	1 206	1 702	2 403	3 646	(B)	(B)
STANDARD ERRORDOLLARS.	95	(x)	18	13	10	15	23	65	(B)	(B)
MEAN TOTAL MONEY INCOMEDOLLARS.	7 775	(x)	4 262	6 393	7 151	8 305	8 196	10 097	(B)	(B)
STANDARD ERRORDOLLARS.	235	(x)	581	458	370	497	447	576	(B)	(B)
NUMBER BELOW POVERTY LEVEL	268	(x)	68	66	64	19	42	10	-	-
STANDARD ERROR	53	(x)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)

¹INCLUDES A SMALL NUMBER OF WOMEN WHOSE ARRANGEMENT TYPE WAS 'OTHER' OR WHOSE METHOD OF PAYMENT WAS BY 'SOME OTHER METHOD,' NOT SHOWN SEPARATELY.

Table 5. Amount of Child Support Payments Received in 1978, by Total Money Income in 1978

(NUMBERS IN THOUSANDS. WOMEN WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 21 YEARS OF AGE PRESENT FROM AN ABSENT FATHER AS OF SPRING 1979. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE TEXT)

SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	TOTAL DUE PAYMENTS IN 1978	DID NOT RECEIVE PAYMENTS DUE IN 1978	RECEIVED PAYMENTS IN 1978														
			TOTAL	AMOUNT OF PAYMENT RECEIVED IN 1978										MEDIAN INCOME		MEAN INCOME	
				\$1 TO \$499	\$500 TO \$999	\$1,000 TO \$1,499	\$1,500 TO \$1,999	\$2,000 TO \$2,999	\$3,000 TO \$4,999	\$5,000 TO \$6,999	\$7,000 AND OVER	VALUE (DOL.)	STANDARD ERROR (DOL.)	VALUE (DOL.)	STANDARD ERROR (DOL.)		
TOTAL FAMILY INCOME IN 1978																	
TOTAL	3 411	963	2 448	398	468	464	293	398	333	53	42	1 386	40	1 802	56		
STANDARD ERROR	79	42	67	27	29	29	23	27	25	(B)	(B)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)		
UNDER \$2,000	87	46	42	19	7	13	2	-	-	-	-	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)		
\$2,000 TO \$3,999	213	86	126	47	31	24	6	14	4	-	-	760	139	929	109		
\$4,000 TO \$5,999	301	99	202	44	40	42	17	45	15	-	-	1 199	129	1 417	110		
\$6,000 TO \$7,999	290	96	194	45	26	37	22	29	35	-	-	1 354	141	1 589	129		
\$8,000 TO \$9,999	297	76	221	32	72	41	26	30	20	1	-	1 080	125	1 344	102		
\$10,000 TO \$11,999	294	73	221	42	37	47	17	41	33	3	2	1 342	121	1 673	138		
\$12,000 TO \$14,999	396	106	290	39	39	41	52	59	53	6	1	1 753	125	1 904	115		
\$15,000 TO \$24,999	866	231	635	73	114	130	81	94	99	16	27	1 503	96	2 100	125		
\$25,000 AND OVER	667	150	517	57	103	89	70	86	74	26	12	1 568	118	2 160	167		
MEDIAN INCOME. DOLLARS																	
TOTAL	13 697	12 162	14 257	10 567	13 677	14 056	15 578	14 064	15 695	(B)	(B)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)		
STANDARD ERROR	335	657	388	749	1 266	1 200	1 326	766	1 240	(B)	(B)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)		
MEAN INCOME. DOLLARS																	
TOTAL	16 476	14 219	17 363	14 165	16 988	16 704	17 791	18 173	18 268	(B)	(B)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)		
STANDARD ERROR	326	496	406	941	869	844	956	1 300	880	(B)	(B)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)		
PER CAPITA FAMILY INCOME. DOLLARS																	
TOTAL	4 340	3 540	4 681	3 763	4 584	4 760	4 845	4 840	4 686	(B)	(B)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)		
STANDARD ERROR	129	194	164	350	361	372	449	468	404	(B)	(B)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)		
CHILD SUPPORT AS A PERCENT OF FAMILY INCOME																	
LESS THAN 10 PERCENT	2 225	963	1 263	362	370	265	132	100	29	6	-	864	36	998	34		
10 TO 19 PERCENT	584	(X)	584	20	58	128	111	143	108	17	-	1 890	83	2 089	74		
20 TO 29 PERCENT	277	(X)	277	13	31	37	25	75	77	12	8	2 443	168	2 614	161		
30 TO 39 PERCENT	140	(X)	140	-	8	16	17	27	57	12	3	3 051	322	3 051	208		
40 TO 49 PERCENT	58	(X)	58	-	2	4	-	21	15	4	11	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)		
50 TO 74 PERCENT	102	(X)	102	-	-	13	6	28	35	1	20	3 260	408	4 708	727		
75 TO 99 PERCENT	15	(X)	15	-	-	-	-	5	8	1	-	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)		
100 PERCENT.	10	(X)	10	3	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)		

NOTE: THE NUMBER OF FAMILIES IS LESS THAN THE NUMBER OF WOMEN SINCE A FAMILY MAY HAVE MORE THAN ONE WOMAN DUE CHILD SUPPORT PAYMENTS IN 1978.

Table 6. Amount of Child Support Payments Received in 1978, by Selected Characteristics of All Women

(NUMBERS IN THOUSANDS. WOMEN WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 21 YEARS OF AGE PRESENT FROM AN ABSENT FATHER AS OF SPRING 1979. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE TEXT)

SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	TOTAL DUE PAYMENTS IN 1978	DID NOT RECEIVE PAYMENTS DUE IN 1978	RECEIVED PAYMENTS IN 1978												MEDIAN INCOME		MEAN INCOME	
			TOTAL	AMOUNT OF PAYMENT RECEIVED IN 1978										VALUE (DOL.)	STANDARD ERROR (DOL.)	VALUE (DOL.)	STANDARD ERROR (DOL.)	
				\$499	\$500	\$1,000	\$1,500	\$2,000	\$3,000	\$5,000	\$7,000 AND OVER							
TOTAL	3 424	969	2 455	399	471	462	294	401	332	53	42	1 387	43	1 799	58			
STANDARD ERROR	115	66	100	43	46	46	37	43	39	(8)	(8)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)			
CURRENT MARITAL STATUS OF WOMAN																		
MARRIED ¹	1 145	363	782	112	192	155	105	116	80	20	1	1 279	72	1 602	95			
SEPARATED	463	127	336	71	75	33	54	42	44	-	18	1 330	211	1 906	182			
DIVORCED	1 693	452	1 241	183	179	258	129	232	205	32	23	1 502	82	1 951	83			
WIDOWED ²	16	8	8	-	2	-	2	3	1	-	-	(8)	(8)	(8)	(8)			
NEVER-MARRIED	107	20	87	33	22	16	5	9	3	-	-	753	170	976	147			
RACE AND SPANISH ORIGIN OF WOMAN																		
WHITE	2 973	805	2 168	327	405	409	260	366	310	51	41	1 431	45	1 861	63			
BLACK	413	154	260	70	58	48	29	33	21	-	1	1 019	133	1 294	141			
SPANISH ORIGIN ³	191	66	125	33	25	21	20	16	8	2	-	1 106	326	1 318	257			
METROPOLITAN-NONMETROPOLITAN RESIDENCE																		
INSIDE METROPOLITAN AREAS	2 368	673	1 695	265	301	316	215	288	241	35	32	1 444	52	1 857	68			
INSIDE CENTRAL CITIES	974	298	676	112	124	130	93	109	82	12	14	1 391	79	1 778	109			
OUTSIDE CENTRAL CITIES	1 395	375	1 019	153	178	186	123	179	159	23	19	1 481	81	1 909	87			
OUTSIDE METROPOLITAN AREAS	1 055	296	760	134	169	146	79	113	91	18	9	1 262	75	1 671	110			
REGION																		
NORTHEAST	596	140	455	49	84	70	52	96	81	9	14	1 734	164	2 073	131			
NORTH CENTRAL	969	296	672	106	130	148	63	115	82	19	10	1 340	71	1 812	127			
SOUTH	1 071	306	765	158	151	151	89	112	84	11	9	1 244	76	1 602	101			
WEST	788	226	562	87	106	92	90	79	86	13	9	1 476	99	1 831	111			
AGE OF WOMAN																		
18 TO 24 YEARS	337	132	205	73	42	38	17	23	11	-	-	848	136	1 050	103			
25 TO 29 YEARS	687	182	505	103	128	114	47	64	34	10	4	1 094	78	1 381	85			
30 TO 34 YEARS	785	204	581	94	90	116	77	104	83	12	5	1 462	94	1 784	108			
35 TO 39 YEARS	721	196	525	71	100	81	67	95	86	15	9	1 580	130	1 979	148			
40 TO 44 YEARS	474	121	354	27	45	45	57	78	83	8	11	2 036	166	2 375	153			
45 YEARS AND OVER	420	134	286	31	66	68	29	36	35	7	13	1 333	98	2 064	227			
NUMBER OF OWN CHILDREN																		
1 CHILD	1 560	463	1 097	238	263	272	153	104	49	12	7	1 088	48	1 288	62			
2 CHILDREN	1 185	305	880	110	155	124	97	205	160	12	17	1 762	121	1 995	93			
3 CHILDREN	424	129	297	27	35	40	30	66	74	15	9	2 292	207	2 528	233			
4 CHILDREN OR MORE	253	72	181	24	18	25	15	27	48	13	9	2 285	385	2 752	280			
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT OF WOMAN																		
ELEMENTARY: 0 TO 8 YEARS	234	92	142	25	16	43	16	25	11	1	4	1 353	110	1 700	237			
HIGH SCHOOL: 1 TO 3 YEARS	636	244	393	91	90	70	43	60	21	10	7	1 104	111	1 431	114			
4 YEARS	1 650	447	1 203	209	245	229	160	189	144	17	10	1 322	60	1 664	79			
COLLEGE: 1 TO 3 YEARS	629	147	482	52	96	89	54	79	87	10	15	1 544	138	2 089	155			
4 YEARS OR MORE	274	39	235	22	24	31	20	48	70	14	5	2 417	252	2 574	186			
YEAR OF DIVORCE OR SEPARATION OF WOMAN																		
TOTAL	3 316	949	2 367	367	449	446	290	392	330	53	42	1 413	43	1 830	60			
1975 AND LATER	1 684	349	1 335	235	237	256	157	199	185	30	36	1 382	57	1 888	91			
1970 TO 1974	1 028	352	676	75	118	132	86	149	93	19	4	1 577	112	1 828	86			
1965 TO 1969	456	175	281	42	80	54	37	37	27	4	-	1 166	124	1 454	106			
1960 TO 1964	106	48	58	14	10	2	7	7	18	-	-	(8)	(8)	(8)	(8)			
BEFORE 1960	44	25	18	-	4	2	3	-	7	-	2	(8)	(8)	(8)	(8)			
RESPONSIBILITY OF EX-HUSBAND TO SUPPORT OTHER CHILDREN ⁴																		
YES	824	253	571	90	107	133	52	88	74	19	8	1 333	71	1 779	107			
NO	2 061	503	1 558	241	292	272	207	265	224	24	34	1 453	59	1 870	79			
DO NOT KNOW	431	193	238	35	50	41	31	40	31	10	-	1 404	157	1 688	134			
TYPE OF ARRANGEMENT																		
COURT-ORDERED PAYMENTS	2 277	820	1 457	272	279	273	187	200	198	29	19	1 327	55	1 701	67			
VOLUNTARY WRITTEN AGREEMENT OR OTH. METH	1 146	149	998	128	192	189	107	201	134	24	22	1 473	81	1 943	103			
METHOD OF PAYMENTS																		
DIRECTLY FROM CHILD'S FATHER	1 771	449	1 322	168	239	224	156	230	237	36	33	1 597	93	2 072	92			
THROUGH A COURT OR PUBLIC AGENCY	1 586	503	1 084	221	223	232	131	158	93	17	9	1 210	56	1 484	64			
BY SOME OTHER METHOD	66	18	49	10	9	6	8	14	2	-	-	(8)	(8)	(8)	(8)			

SEE FOOTNOTES AT END OF TABLE.

Table 6. Amount of Child Support Payments Received in 1978, by Selected Characteristics of All Women—Continued

(NUMBERS IN THOUSANDS. WOMEN WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 21 YEARS OF AGE PRESENT FROM AN ABSENT FATHER AS OF SPRING 1979. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE TEXT)

SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	TOTAL DUE PAYMENTS IN 1978	DID NOT RECEIVE PAYMENTS DUE IN 1978	RECEIVED PAYMENTS IN 1978												MEDIAN INCOME				MEAN INCOME			
			TOTAL	AMOUNT OF PAYMENT RECEIVED IN 1978										VALUE (DOL.)	STANDARD ERROR (DOL.)	VALUE (DOL.)	STANDARD ERROR (DOL.)					
				\$1 TO \$499	\$500 TO \$999	\$1,000 TO \$1,499	\$1,500 TO \$1,999	\$2,000 TO \$2,999	\$3,000 TO \$4,999	\$5,000 TO \$6,999	\$7,000 AND OVER											
RECEIPT OF PAYMENTS																						
REGULARLY	1 829	(x)	1 829	106	302	384	255	369	318	53	42	1 739	66	2 160	71							
OCCASIONALLY	416	(x)	416	116	146	75	34	33	11	-	-	1 815	55	984	57							
SELDOM	210	(x)	210	178	22	3	5	-	3	-	-	296	32	324	57							
NEVER	969	969	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)							
MAIN REASON FOR IRREGULAR PAYMENTS																						
CHILD'S FATHER REFUSED TO PAY	896	544	353	181	89	36	19	16	11	-	-	487	55	708	64							
UNABLE TO LOCATE CHILD'S FATHER	197	182	15	11	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	(8)	(8)	(8)	(8)							
ALL OTHER REASONS	282	183	99	47	25	12	10	5	-	-	-	545	131	762	102							
DID NOT KNOWN	219	61	158	53	52	28	10	12	3	-	-	747	96	851	95							
WORK EXPERIENCE IN 1978 OF WOMAN																						
WORKED	2 656	714	1 942	295	377	359	243	312	281	46	28	1 415	49	1 825	65							
WORKED AT FULL-TIME JOBS	2 123	555	1 568	247	288	306	198	243	226	39	21	1 408	51	1 810	71							
40 WEEKS OR MORE	1 617	414	1 203	164	225	232	150	193	188	32	19	1 457	64	1 894	85							
50 TO 52 WEEKS	1 396	353	1 042	132	207	196	135	173	155	28	17	1 465	72	1 893	93							
39 WEEKS OR LESS	506	141	365	84	62	73	49	50	38	7	3	1 250	103	1 532	118							
WORKED AT PART-TIME JOBS	533	159	374	48	89	54	44	69	55	7	7	1 459	153	1 889	163							
40 WEEKS OR MORE	232	75	157	19	32	27	22	27	25	2	3	1 500	205	1 852	196							
50 TO 52 WEEKS	173	57	116	18	19	18	15	22	19	2	3	1 596	262	1 918	242							
39 WEEKS OR LESS	301	84	217	29	58	26	23	43	30	5	3	1 416	233	1 915	242							
DID NOT WORK	767	255	513	104	94	103	52	89	51	6	14	1 286	87	1 702	126							
OCCUPATION GROUP OF LONGEST JOB OF WOMAN																						
TOTAL	2 656	714	1 942	295	377	359	243	312	281	46	28	1 415	49	1 825	65							
WHITE-COLLAR WORKERS	1 627	349	1 278	180	232	211	172	203	221	39	19	1 545	79	1 957	85							
BLUE-COLLAR WORKERS	459	155	304	58	73	87	30	44	10	2	1	1 118	80	1 269	128							
SERVICE WORKERS	566	207	359	57	72	61	41	65	51	4	8	1 417	133	1 821	141							
FARM WORKERS	3	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	(8)	(8)	(8)	(8)							
INCOME IN 1978 OF WOMAN																						
WITHOUT INCOME	87	87	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)							
WITH INCOME	3 337	882	2 455	399	471	462	294	401	332	53	42	1 387	43	1 799	58							
\$1 TO \$999 OR LOSS	159	70	90	48	40	-	-	2	-	-	-	1 469	83	488	70							
\$1,000 TO \$1,999	206	62	144	34	32	57	21	-	-	-	-	1 051	96	935	62							
\$2,000 TO \$2,999	530	173	357	95	71	63	39	64	26	-	-	1 098	118	1 276	79							
\$3,000 TO \$3,999	475	135	341	59	75	72	31	72	31	1	-	1 256	101	1 483	92							
\$4,000 TO \$5,999	438	125	313	55	63	55	37	46	50	7	-	1 354	128	1 672	118							
\$6,000 TO \$7,999	452	111	340	44	81	61	48	67	38	-	-	1 369	120	1 545	90							
\$8,000 TO \$9,999	332	79	254	28	36	58	35	41	46	8	2	1 577	159	1 931	140							
\$10,000 TO \$11,999	345	71	275	21	32	56	50	49	48	11	8	1 788	131	2 270	193							
\$12,000 TO \$14,999	346	50	297	13	37	39	30	51	81	20	25	2 574	267	3 108	254							
\$15,000 AND OVER	53	7	46	2	6	2	2	9	12	6	6	(8)	(8)	(8)	(8)							
MEDIAN INCOME DOLLARS	5 361	4 029	5 894	3 381	4 595	5 425	6 793	6 502	8 928	(8)	(8)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)							
STANDARD ERROR DOLLARS	209	283	245	270	546	618	561	472	629	(8)	(8)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)							
MEAN INCOME DOLLARS	8 384	6 825	8 944	5 851	7 563	7 897	8 985	9 684	12 118	(8)	(8)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)							
STANDARD ERROR DOLLARS	184	274	227	399	487	358	477	593	615	(8)	(8)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)							
TYPE OF INCOME IN 1978 OF WOMAN																						
WITH EARNINGS	2 648	708	1 941	294	377	362	242	312	279	46	28	1 413	48	1 824	65							
WITH OTHER INCOME ¹	2 327	387	1 941	294	377	362	242	312	279	46	28	1 413	48	1 824	65							
WITH GOVERNMENT TRANSFER PAYMENTS ²	557	191	365	81	84	66	40	52	28	6	8	1 130	115	1 572	162							
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	348	140	208	54	42	38	23	29	17	3	3	1 111	149	1 530	233							
AID TO FAMILIES WITH DEP. CHILD	315	134	182	43	37	37	20	22	17	3	3	1 147	143	1 596	263							
OTHER GOVERNMENT TRANSFER PAYMENTS	239	67	172	33	42	33	20	25	11	3	5	1 171	158	1 590	203							
WITH OTHER UNEARNED INCOME	1 717	229	1 488	181	277	286	185	238	252	42	27	1 499	68	1 961	75							
WITH ALIMONY	198	4	195	17	27	24	12	39	49	11	15	2 442	284	2 980	306							
WITHOUT OTHER INCOME	321	321	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)							
WITHOUT EARNINGS ³	775	261	514	106	94	100	52	89	53	6	14	1 290	90	1 705	126							
WITH GOVERNMENT TRANSFER PAYMENTS ²	413	144	269	70	48	50	32	44	17	-	9	1 169	131	1 522	163							
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	328	127	201	57	34	39	26	26	14	-	-	1 118	146	1 374	156							
AID TO FAMILIES WITH DEP. CHILDREN	314	125	189	52	34	39	26	22	12	-	5	1 109	143	1 362	162							
OTHER GOVERNMENT TRANSFER PAYMENTS	113	33	80	14	19	13	8	18	3	-	4	1 243	271	1 807	382							
WITH OTHER UNEARNED INCOME	310	47	263	33	51	47	28	52	38	6	9	1 511	185	2 031	205							
WITH ALIMONY	50	4	45	-	-	9	5	17	4	3	9	(8)	(8)	(8)	(8)							
TENURE																						
OWNER OCCUPIED	1 906	453	1 452	185	276	264	174	257	230	34	31	1 501	72	1 972	83							
RENTER OCCUPIED	1 453	495	958	210	186	182	113	140	97	19	11	1 229	67	1 551	76							
OCCUPIER PAID NO CASH RENT	65	21	45	5	9	15	7	4	5	-	-	(8)	(8)	(8)	(8)							

¹ REMARRIED WOMEN WHOSE PREVIOUS MARRIAGE ENDED IN DIVORCE.² WIDOWED WOMEN WHOSE PREVIOUS MARRIAGE ENDED IN DIVORCE.³ PERSONS OF SPANISH ORIGIN MAY BE OF ANY RACE.⁴ EXCLUDES NEVER-MARRIED WOMEN.⁵ DETAIL DOES NOT ADD TO TOTAL BECAUSE SOME WOMEN HAVE MORE THAN ONE OR NONE OF THE TYPES OF INCOMES SPECIFIED.

Table 7. Women With Alimony or Maintenance Payments Agreed to or Awarded, by Selected Characteristics of All Women and Women Below the Poverty Level in 1978

(EVER-DIVORCED OR CURRENTLY SEPARATED WOMEN AS OF SPRING 1979. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE TEXT)

SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	ALIMONY OR MAINTENANCE PAYMENTS--													
	AGREED TO OR AWARDED											NOT AWARDED		
	SUPPOSED TO RECEIVE PAYMENTS IN 1978													
	RECEIVED PAYMENTS											DID NOT RECEIVE PAYMENTS		
	TOTAL	TOTAL ¹	TOTAL	NUMBER	MEAN TOTAL MONEY INCOME		MEAN INCOME FROM ALIMONY OR MAIN.			MEAN TOTAL MONEY INCOME			MEAN TOTAL MONEY INCOME	
(THOUS.)	(THOUS.)	(THOUS.)	(THOUS.)	VALUE	STAND-ARD ERROR	VALUE	STAND-ARD ERROR	(THOUS.)	VALUE	STAND-ARD ERROR	(THOUS.)	VALUE	STAND-ARD ERROR	
				(DOL.)	(DOL.)	(DOL.)	(DOL.)		(DOL.)	(DOL.)		(DOL.)	(DOL.)	
ALL WOMEN														
TOTAL	14 334	2 052	760	528	11 061	625	2 851	251	232	7 273	682	12 282	6 401	86
STANDARD ERROR	142	93	58	49	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	33	(X)	(X)	152	(X)	(X)
CURRENT MARITAL STATUS OF WOMAN														
MARRIED ²	5 758	835	146	74	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	71	(B)	(B)	4 924	4 954	134
WIDOWED ³	955	119	7	5	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	2	(B)	(B)	836	5 772	305
DIVORCED	5 311	859	473	339	12 685	839	3 162	335	135	8 612	937	4 452	8 426	148
SEPARATED	2 309	240	134	110	8 959	1 100	2 327	466	24	(B)	(B)	2 070	5 740	162
RACE AND SPANISH ORIGIN OF WOMAN														
WHITE	11 936	1 870	686	486	11 532	663	3 041	267	200	7 315	751	10 066	6 521	98
BLACK	2 208	165	72	41	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	31	(B)	(B)	2 043	5 869	189
SPANISH ORIGIN ⁴	780	98	43	25	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	19	(B)	(B)	682	4 896	446
AGE OF WOMAN														
18 TO 29 YEARS	2 832	243	128	97	9 079	2 001	1 225	291	31	(B)	(B)	2 589	5 888	152
30 TO 39 YEARS	3 851	553	243	155	11 016	960	2 583	361	88	7 524	1 302	3 298	7 295	173
40 YEARS AND OVER	7 651	1 256	389	276	11 785	791	3 575	406	113	7 101	921	6 395	6 147	124
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT OF WOMAN														
LESS THAN 12 YEARS	5 128	638	188	119	7 419	1 737	1 772	355	68	(B)	(B)	4 489	4 039	86
HIGH SCHOOL: 4 YEARS	5 920	839	301	205	10 030	680	2 274	291	96	6 030	852	5 081	6 639	122
COLLEGE: 1 TO 3 YEARS	2 101	351	168	120	12 131	989	4 472	709	48	(B)	(B)	1 750	8 331	246
4 YEARS OR MORE	1 185	223	104	83	17 290	1 670	3 489	711	20	(B)	(B)	962	12 655	495
PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN														
NO CHILDREN PRESENT	8 614	1 294	347	242	8 825	746	3 224	441	105	6 227	871	7 320	6 123	113
1 OR MORE CHILDREN PRESENT	5 720	758	413	286	12 951	929	2 536	271	127	8 138	1 000	4 961	6 810	132
YEAR OF DIVORCE OR SEPARATION														
1975 AND LATER	4 813	646	396	331	10 862	703	2 938	338	66	(B)	(B)	4 167	7 067	135
1970 TO 1974	3 282	472	200	130	12 755	1 645	2 742	454	70	(B)	(B)	2 809	6 786	189
1960 TO 1969	3 064	463	120	47	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	73	(B)	(B)	2 601	6 389	193
BEFORE 1960	3 175	470	43	19	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	24	(B)	(B)	2 705	4 984	184
WORK EXPERIENCE IN 1978 OF WOMAN														
WORKED	9 258	1 259	533	380	12 513	621	2 716	269	153	9 337	896	7 999	8 449	106
WORKED AT FULL-TIME JOBS	7 324	956	420	304	12 916	683	2 319	277	115	10 579	1 016	6 368	9 441	117
50 TO 52 WEEKS	5 031	647	277	197	15 582	773	2 783	383	80	12 237	1 210	4 384	11 084	135
WORKED AT PART-TIME JOBS	1 934	303	113	76	10 892	1 438	4 307	687	37	(B)	(B)	1 632	4 580	179
DID NOT WORK	5 076	794	227	148	7 325	1 451	3 200	566	80	3 314	499	4 282	2 573	93
WOMEN WITH INCOMES BELOW THE POVERTY LEVEL IN 1978														
TOTAL	2 747	325	124	71	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	53	(B)	(B)	2 422	2 543	116
STANDARD ERROR	169	59	36	(B)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(B)	(X)	(X)	159	(X)	(X)
CURRENT MARITAL STATUS OF WOMAN														
MARRIED ²	366	61	6	-	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	6	(B)	(B)	305	962	254
WIDOWED ³	244	14	3	1	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	2	(B)	(B)	230	2 430	234
DIVORCED	1 114	166	66	40	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	26	(B)	(B)	948	2 757	178
SEPARATED	1 024	84	49	30	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	19	(B)	(B)	939	2 869	190
RACE AND SPANISH ORIGIN OF WOMAN														
WHITE	1 860	270	96	54	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	43	(B)	(B)	1 590	2 342	141
BLACK	856	53	27	18	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	9	(B)	(B)	803	2 961	199
SPANISH ORIGIN ⁴	236	26	7	-	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	7	(B)	(B)	209	2 770	613
AGE OF WOMAN														
18 TO 29 YEARS	657	46	25	18	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	7	(B)	(B)	610	2 436	209
30 TO 39 YEARS	725	83	41	23	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	18	(B)	(B)	641	3 095	267
40 YEARS AND OVER	1 366	196	59	31	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	28	(B)	(B)	1 170	2 297	149
PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN														
NO CHILDREN PRESENT	1 440	204	52	33	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	18	(B)	(B)	1 236	1 994	123
1 OR MORE CHILDREN PRESENT	1 308	122	72	38	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	34	(B)	(B)	1 186	3 115	184

¹INCLUDES A SMALL NUMBER OF WOMEN WHO WERE NOT SUPPOSED TO RECEIVE PAYMENTS IN 1978. ²REARRIED WOMEN WHOSE PREVIOUS MARRIAGE ENDED IN DIVORCE. ³WIDOWED WOMEN WHOSE PREVIOUS MARRIAGE ENDED IN DIVORCE. ⁴PERSONS OF SPANISH ORIGIN MAY BE OF ANY RACE.

Table 8. Alimony or Maintenance Payments Agreed to or Awarded, by Selected Characteristics of Women

(NUMBERS IN THOUSANDS. EVER-DIVORCED OR CURRENTLY SEPARATED WOMEN AS OF SPRING 1979. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE TEXT)

SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	TOTAL		ALIMONY OR MAINTENANCE PAYMENTS--											
	ESTI-MATE	STAND-ARD ERROR	AGREED TO OR AWARDED										NOT AWARDED	
			TOTAL ¹		SUPPOSED TO RECEIVE PAYMENTS IN 1978								ESTI-MATE	STAND-ARD ERROR
			ESTI-MATE	STAND-ARD ERROR	TOTAL		RECEIVED PAYMENTS		DID NOT RECEIVE PAYMENTS					
ESTI-MATE	STAND-ARD ERROR	ESTI-MATE			STAND-ARD ERROR	ESTI-MATE	STAND-ARD ERROR	ESTI-MATE	STAND-ARD ERROR	ESTI-MATE	STAND-ARD ERROR			
TOTAL	14 334	142	2 052	93	760	58	528	49	232	33	12 282	152		
CURRENT MARITAL STATUS OF WOMAN														
MARRIED ²	5 758	139	835	61	146	26	74	(B)	71	(B)	4 924	132		
WIDOWED ³	955	65	119	24	7	(B)	5	(B)	2	(B)	836	61		
DIVORCED	5 311	136	859	62	473	46	339	39	135	25	4 452	128		
SEPARATED	2 309	98	240	33	134	25	110	23	24	(B)	2 070	93		
RACE AND SPANISH ORIGIN OF WOMAN														
WHITE	11 936	153	1 870	89	686	56	486	47	200	30	10 066	155		
BLACK	2 208	116	165	33	72	(B)	41	(B)	31	(B)	2 043	112		
SPANISH ORIGIN ⁴	780	88	98	31	43	(B)	25	(B)	19	(B)	682	82		
METROPOLITAN-NONMETROPOLITAN RESIDENCE														
INSIDE METROPOLITAN AREAS	10 110	155	1 494	80	590	52	413	43	177	29	8 616	153		
INSIDE CENTRAL CITIES	4 781	131	657	54	255	34	178	29	78	19	4 123	124		
OUTSIDE CENTRAL CITIES	5 329	136	836	61	335	39	236	33	99	21	4 493	128		
OUTSIDE METROPOLITAN AREAS	4 224	125	559	50	170	28	115	23	55	(B)	3 665	119		
REGION														
NORTHEAST	2 509	103	398	43	190	30	142	26	48	(B)	2 111	95		
NORTH CENTRAL	3 645	121	553	51	170	29	112	23	58	(B)	3 093	113		
SOUTH	4 915	138	578	53	189	31	135	26	54	(B)	4 337	132		
WEST	3 264	109	524	47	211	30	139	25	72	(B)	2 740	102		
AGE OF WOMAN														
18 TO 29 YEARS	2 832	107	243	33	128	24	97	21	31	(B)	2 589	103		
30 TO 39 YEARS	3 851	121	553	50	243	33	155	27	88	20	3 298	114		
40 TO 49 YEARS	2 846	107	480	47	206	31	152	27	54	(B)	2 366	99		
50 YEARS AND OVER	4 805	131	776	59	183	29	124	24	59	(B)	4 029	123		
NUMBER OF OWN CHILDREN														
NO CHILDREN	8 614	153	1 294	75	347	40	242	33	105	22	7 320	148		
1 CHILD OR MORE	5 720	139	758	58	413	43	286	36	127	24	4 961	133		
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT OF WOMAN														
ELEMENTARY: 0 TO 8 YEARS	2 285	97	273	35	59	(B)	35	(B)	24	(B)	1 992	92		
HIGH SCHOOL: 1 TO 3 YEARS	2 863	107	365	41	129	24	85	20	44	(B)	2 498	101		
COLLEGE: 4 YEARS	5 920	140	839	61	301	37	205	31	96	21	5 081	134		
1 TO 3 YEARS	2 101	94	351	40	168	28	120	24	48	(B)	1 750	86		
4 YEARS OR MORE	1 185	72	223	32	104	22	83	20	20	(B)	962	65		
YEAR OF DIVORCE OR SEPARATION OF WOMAN														
1975 AND LATER	4 813	131	646	54	396	43	331	39	66	(B)	4 167	125		
1970 TO 1974	3 282	113	472	46	200	30	130	25	70	(B)	2 809	106		
1960 TO 1969	3 064	110	463	46	120	24	47	(B)	73	(B)	2 601	103		
BEFORE 1960	3 175	112	470	46	43	(B)	19	(B)	24	(B)	2 705	105		
WORK EXPERIENCE IN 1978 OF WOMAN														
WORKED	9 258	154	1 259	74	533	49	380	42	153	27	7 999	151		
WORKED AT FULL-TIME JOBS	7 324	148	956	65	420	44	304	37	115	23	6 368	143		
50 TO 52 WEEKS	5 031	133	647	54	277	36	197	30	80	19	4 384	127		
WORKED AT PART-TIME JOBS	1 934	90	303	37	113	23	76	19	37	(B)	1 632	84		
DID NOT WORK	5 076	134	794	60	227	32	148	26	80	19	4 282	126		
OCCUPATION GROUP OF LONGEST JOB OF WOMAN														
TOTAL	9 258	154	1 259	74	533	49	380	42	153	27	7 999	151		
WHITE-COLLAR WORKERS	5 374	136	777	59	360	41	283	36	77	19	4 597	129		
BLUE-COLLAR WORKERS	1 661	84	174	28	63	(B)	37	(B)	26	(B)	1 487	80		
SERVICE WORKERS	2 157	95	296	37	108	22	60	(B)	48	(B)	1 860	89		
FARM WORKERS	67	(B)	12	(B)	1	(B)	-	(B)	1	(B)	55	(B)		

¹ INCLUDES A SMALL NUMBER OF WOMEN WHO WERE NOT SUPPOSED TO RECEIVE PAYMENTS IN 1978.² REMARRIED WOMEN WHOSE PREVIOUS MARRIAGE ENDED IN DIVORCE.³ WIDOWED WOMEN WHOSE PREVIOUS MARRIAGE ENDED IN DIVORCE.⁴ PERSONS OF SPANISH ORIGIN MAY BE OF ANY RACE.

Table 9. Receipt of Alimony or Maintenance Payments in 1978, by Selected Characteristics of All Women

(EVER-DIVORCED OR CURRENTLY SEPARATED WOMEN AS OF SPRING 1979. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE TEXT)

SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	PAYMENTS AGREED TO OR AWARDED ¹								PAYMENTS NOT AWARDED		
	RECEIVED PAYMENTS					DID NOT RECEIVE PAYMENTS			NUMBER (THOUS.)	MEAN TOTAL MONEY INCOME	
	NUMBER (THOUS.)	MEAN TOTAL MONEY INCOME (DOL.)	STANDARD ERROR (DOL.)	MEAN INCOME FROM ALIMONY OR MAIN. (DOL.)	STANDARD ERROR (DOL.)	NUMBER (THOUS.)	MEAN TOTAL MONEY INCOME (DOL.)	STANDARD ERROR (DOL.)		NUMBER (THOUS.)	VALUE (DOL.)
TOTAL	528	11 061	625	2 851	251	232	7 273	682	12 282	6 401	86
CURRENT MARITAL STATUS OF WOMAN											
MARRIED ²	74	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	71	(B)	(B)	4 924	4 954	134
WIDOWED ³	5	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	2	(B)	(B)	836	5 772	305
DIVORCED	339	12 685	839	3 162	335	135	8 612	937	4 452	8 426	148
SEPARATED	110	8 959	1 100	2 327	466	24	(B)	(B)	2 070	5 740	162
RACE AND SPANISH ORIGIN OF WOMAN											
WHITE	486	11 532	663	3 041	267	200	7 315	751	10 066	6 521	98
BLACK	41	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	31	(B)	(B)	2 043	5 869	189
SPANISH ORIGIN ⁴	25	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	19	(B)	(B)	682	4 896	446
METROPOLITAN-NONMETROPOLITAN RESIDENCE											
INSIDE METROPOLITAN AREAS	413	11 615	755	3 140	303	177	7 689	836	8 616	6 986	108
INSIDE CENTRAL CITIES	178	11 602	1 364	3 284	522	78	7 411	1 368	4 123	6 781	155
OUTSIDE CENTRAL CITIES	236	11 625	836	3 032	356	99	7 908	1 034	4 493	7 173	152
OUTSIDE METROPOLITAN AREAS	115	9 064	868	1 810	329	55	(B)	(B)	3 665	5 026	128
REGION											
NORTHEAST	142	11 610	1 004	2 665	351	48	(B)	(B)	2 111	6 928	221
NORTH CENTRAL	112	11 384	1 280	3 021	626	58	(B)	(B)	3 093	6 291	158
SOUTH	135	9 190	999	3 101	643	54	(B)	(B)	4 337	5 770	149
WEST	139	12 062	1 565	2 662	403	72	(B)	(B)	2 740	7 115	188
AGE OF WOMAN											
18 TO 29 YEARS	97	9 079	2 001	1 225	291	31	(B)	(B)	2 589	5 888	152
30 TO 39 YEARS	155	11 016	960	2 583	361	88	7 524	1 302	3 298	7 295	173
40 TO 49 YEARS	152	13 075	1 068	3 229	525	54	(B)	(B)	2 366	7 407	219
50 YEARS AND OVER	124	10 207	1 137	3 998	628	59	(B)	(B)	4 029	5 407	146
NUMBER OF OWN CHILDREN											
NO CHILDREN	242	8 825	746	3 224	441	105	6 227	871	7 320	6 123	113
1 CHILD OR MORE	286	12 951	929	2 536	271	127	8 138	1 000	4 961	6 810	132
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT OF WOMAN											
ELEMENTARY: 0 TO 8 YEARS	35	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	24	(B)	(B)	1 992	3 459	104
HIGH SCHOOL: 1 TO 3 YEARS	85	7 997	2 351	1 782	471	44	(B)	(B)	2 498	4 501	129
4 YEARS	205	10 030	680	2 274	291	96	6 030	852	5 081	6 639	122
COLLEGE: 1 TO 3 YEARS	120	12 131	989	4 472	709	48	(B)	(B)	1 750	8 331	246
4 YEARS OR MORE	83	17 290	1 670	3 489	711	20	(B)	(B)	962	12 655	495
YEAR OF DIVORCE OR SEPARATION OF WOMAN											
1975 AND LATER	331	10 862	703	2 938	338	66	(B)	(B)	4 167	7 067	135
1970 TO 1974	130	12 755	1 645	2 742	454	70	(B)	(B)	2 809	6 786	189
1960 TO 1969	47	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	73	(B)	(B)	2 601	6 389	193
BEFORE 1960	19	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	24	(B)	(B)	2 705	4 984	184
WORK EXPERIENCE IN 1978 OF WOMAN											
WORKED	380	12 513	621	2 716	269	153	9 337	896	7 999	8 449	106
WORKED AT FULL-TIME JOBS	304	12 916	683	2 319	277	115	10 579	1 016	6 368	9 441	117
50 TO 52 WEEKS	197	15 582	773	2 783	383	80	12 237	1 210	4 384	11 084	135
WORKED AT PART-TIME JOBS	76	10 892	1 438	4 307	687	37	(B)	(B)	1 632	4 580	179
DID NOT WORK	148	7 325	1 451	3 200	566	80	3 314	499	4 282	2 573	93
OCCUPATION GROUP OF LONGEST JOB OF WOMAN											
TOTAL	380	12 513	621	2 716	269	153	9 337	896	7 999	8 449	106
WHITE-COLLAR WORKERS	283	14 046	740	3 045	336	77	12 128	1 391	4 597	9 995	152
BLUE-COLLAR WORKERS	37	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	26	(B)	(B)	1 487	7 533	194
SERVICE WORKERS	60	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	48	(B)	(B)	1 860	5 554	145
FARM WORKERS	-	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	1	(B)	(B)	55	(B)	(B)

SEE FOOTNOTES AT END OF TABLE.

Table 9. Receipt of Alimony or Maintenance Payments in 1978, by Selected Characteristics of All Women—Continued

(EVER-DIVORCED OR CURRENTLY SEPARATED WOMEN AS OF SPRING 1979. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE TEXT.)

SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	PAYMENTS AGREED TO OR AWARDED ¹								PAYMENTS NOT AWARDED		
	RECEIVED PAYMENTS					DID NOT RECEIVE PAYMENTS			NUMBER (THOUS.)	MEAN TOTAL MONEY INCOME	
	NUMBER (THOUS.)	MEAN TOTAL MONEY INCOME		MEAN INCOME FROM ALIMONY OR MAIN.		NUMBER (THOUS.)	MEAN TOTAL MONEY INCOME			VALUE (DOL.)	STANDARD ERROR (DOL.)
		VALUE (DOL.)	STANDARD ERROR (DOL.)	VALUE (DOL.)	STANDARD ERROR (DOL.)		VALUE (DOL.)	STANDARD ERROR (DOL.)			
TYPE OF INCOME IN 1978 OF WOMAN											
WITH EARNINGS	380	12 513	621	2 716	269	155	9 185	893	7 945	8 519	106
WITH OTHER INCOME ²	380	12 513	621	2 716	269	105	10 304	1 151	5 083	9 378	140
WITH GOVERNMENT TRANSFER PAYMENTS ³	42	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	41	(B)	(B)	1 625	6 683	174
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	23	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	24	(B)	(B)	650	5 640	212
AID TO FAMILIES WITH DEP. CHILDREN	21	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	20	(B)	(B)	574	5 689	228
OTHER GOVERNMENT TRANSFER PAYMENTS	18	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	20	(B)	(B)	1 053	7 251	233
WITH OTHER UNEARNED INCOME	314	13 300	702	3 022	310	73	(B)	(B)	3 840	10 446	168
WITH ALIMONY	380	12 513	621	2 716	269	-	(B)	(B)	-	(B)	(B)
WITHOUT OTHER INCOME	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	50	(B)	(B)	2 862	6 993	147
WITHOUT EARNINGS ⁴	148	7 325	1 451	3 200	566	77	3 414	507	4 337	2 520	92
WITH GOVERNMENT TRANSFER PAYMENTS ³	62	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	57	(B)	(B)	2 633	3 634	97
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	22	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	35	(B)	(B)	935	3 493	101
AID TO FAMILIES WITH DEP. CHILDREN	17	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	33	(B)	(B)	792	3 715	112
OTHER GOVERNMENT TRANSFER PAYMENTS	40	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	33	(B)	(B)	1 832	3 750	132
WITH OTHER UNEARNED INCOME	92	9 096	2 159	3 588	531	22	(B)	(B)	1 387	3 952	250
WITH ALIMONY	148	7 325	1 451	3 200	566	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)

¹ EXCLUDES A SMALL NUMBER OF WOMEN WHO WERE AWARDED PAYMENTS BUT WERE NOT SUPPOSED TO RECEIVE THEM IN 1978.
² REMARRIED WOMEN WHOSE PREVIOUS MARRIAGE ENDED IN DIVORCE.
³ WIDOWED WOMEN WHOSE PREVIOUS MARRIAGE ENDED IN DIVORCE.
⁴ PERSONS OF SPANISH ORIGIN MAY BE OF ANY RACE.
⁵ DETAIL DOES NOT ADD TO TOTAL BECAUSE SOME WOMEN HAVE MORE THAN ONE OR NONE OF THE TYPES OF INCOMES SPECIFIED.

Table 10. Percent of Alimony or Maintenance Payments Received in 1978, by Selected Characteristics of All Women

(EVER-DIVORCED OR CURRENTLY SEPARATED WOMEN AS OF SPRING 1979. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE TEXT)

SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	NUMBER DUE PAYMENTS IN 1978 (THOUS.)	PERCENT OF PAYMENTS RECEIVED (THOUS.)						PAYMENTS ACTUALLY RECEIVED				IF FULL AMOUNT OF PAYMENTS WERE RECEIVED				
		0.0	0.1 TO 24.9	25.0 TO 49.9	50.0 TO 74.9	75.0 TO 99.9	100.0 AND OVER	MEAN INC FROM ALI. OR MAIN.		MEAN TOTAL MONEY INCOME		MEAN INC FROM ALI. OR MAIN.		MEAN TOTAL MONEY INCOME		
								VALUE (DOL.)	STAND-ARD ERROR (DOL.)	VALUE (DOL.)	STAND-ARD ERROR (DOL.)	VALUE (DOL.)	STAND-ARD ERROR (DOL.)	VALUE (DOL.)	STAND-ARD ERROR (DOL.)	
TOTAL	760	232	37	15	40	124	312	1 981	190	7 684	524	2 583	196	10 511	494	
STANDARD ERROR	58	33	(B)	(B)	(B)	24	38	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	
CURRENT MARITAL STATUS OF WOMAN																
MARRIED ¹	146	71	15	2	3	23	31	1 155	323	3 570	713	2 026	356	7 343	802	
WIDOWED ²	7	2	-	-	2	-	4	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	
DIVORCED	473	135	13	13	15	77	221	2 262	262	9 077	731	2 841	270	12 106	678	
SEPARATED	134	24	9	-	21	24	56	1 904	401	7 332	1 017	2 286	402	8 503	922	
RACE AND SPANISH ORIGIN OF WOMAN																
WHITE	686	200	25	15	28	117	300	2 152	207	8 162	566	2 740	214	10 892	534	
BLACK	72	31	11	-	11	7	11	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	
SPANISH ORIGIN ³	43	19	5	-	1	5	14	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	
METROPOLITAN-NONMETROPOLITAN RESIDENCE																
INSIDE METROPOLITAN AREAS	590	177	26	15	25	102	244	2 199	232	8 135	633	2 748	234	10 993	602	
INSIDE CENTRAL CITIES	255	78	14	2	17	42	102	2 284	393	8 068	1 086	2 786	382	10 828	1 048	
OUTSIDE CENTRAL CITIES	335	99	11	13	8	60	143	2 135	278	8 186	747	2 719	292	11 118	497	
OUTSIDE METROPOLITAN AREAS	170	55	11	-	14	22	67	1 222	245	6 117	781	2 009	315	8 838	679	
REGION																
NORTHEAST	190	48	2	5	13	28	94	1 989	295	8 668	954	2 618	319	11 910	931	
NORTH CENTRAL	170	58	9	6	12	30	54	1 988	449	7 493	1 076	2 914	475	10 556	992	
SOUTH	189	54	17	-	11	32	75	2 215	489	6 563	871	2 679	486	8 845	820	
WEST	211	72	8	5	3	35	89	1 757	297	7 959	1 195	2 198	303	10 713	1 110	
AGE OF WOMAN																
18 TO 29 YEARS	128	31	5	2	23	13	54	930	233	6 890	1 613	1 350	241	9 046	1 526	
30 TO 39 YEARS	243	88	15	2	7	35	95	1 648	263	7 027	816	2 371	281	10 476	814	
40 TO 49 YEARS	206	54	9	-	3	45	95	2 381	418	9 642	1 012	2 956	433	12 034	896	
50 YEARS AND OVER	183	59	7	11	7	31	67	2 707	478	6 911	951	3 306	481	9 871	906	
NUMBER OF OWN CHILDREN																
NO CHILDREN	347	105	20	13	19	66	124	2 248	332	6 153	624	2 942	340	8 741	599	
1 CHILD OR MORE	413	127	17	3	20	59	187	1 756	208	8 969	795	2 281	216	11 996	737	
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT OF WOMAN																
ELEMENTARY: 0 TO 8 YEARS	59	24	8	-	4	2	20	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	
HIGH SCHOOL: 1 TO 3 YEARS	129	44	5	-	18	14	47	1 175	332	5 271	1 638	1 539	318	7 292	1 568	
4 YEARS	301	96	14	11	6	46	128	1 552	221	6 844	630	2 326	254	9 533	560	
COLLEGE: 1 TO 3 YEARS	168	48	5	5	7	33	70	3 199	564	8 678	975	3 687	555	12 005	887	
4 YEARS OR MORE	104	20	4	-	3	29	47	2 802	611	13 886	1 716	3 440	640	17 658	1 508	
YEAR OF DIVORCE OR SEPARATION OF WOMAN																
1975 AND LATER	396	66	10	4	22	63	231	2 449	295	9 057	669	2 960	307	10 745	630	
1970 TO 1974	200	70	20	7	11	36	57	1 786	330	8 307	1 269	2 377	326	11 500	1 144	
1960 TO 1969	120	73	4	5	2	14	22	971	283	3 492	894	1 824	322	9 382	1 219	
BEFORE 1960	43	24	2	-	4	11	2	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	
TYPE OF AGREEMENT																
COURT-ORDERED PAYMENTS	495	193	32	11	33	60	166	1 286	162	6 328	640	2 010	186	9 706	626	
VOLUNTARY WRITTEN AGREEMENT OR OTH. METHOD	265	39	5	4	6	65	145	3 281	424	10 222	855	3 656	421	12 018	780	
RECEIPT OF PAYMENTS																
REGULARLY	436	(x)	-	-	-	124	312	3 316	290	11 891	696	3 423	299	12 006	698	
OCCASIONALLY	55	(x)	-	15	40	-	-	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	
SELDOM	37	(x)	37	-	-	-	-	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	
NEVER	232	232	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	1 202	178	8 475	695	
MAIN REASON FOR IRREGULAR PAYMENTS																
HUSBAND REFUSED TO PAY	193	135	29	11	17	-	-	139	43	2 095	572	1 292	156	8 651	821	
UNABLE TO LOCATE HUSBAND	25	25	-	-	-	-	-	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	
ALL OTHER REASONS	52	36	2	5	10	-	-	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	
DO NOT KNOW	54	36	6	-	12	-	-	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	
WORK EXPERIENCE IN 1978 OF WOMAN																
WORKED	533	153	23	9	24	97	228	1 938	209	8 930	589	2 530	219	12 202	528	
WORKED AT FULL-TIME JOBS	420	115	17	9	21	84	175	1 682	216	9 366	667	2 261	234	12 861	591	
50 TO 52 WEEKS	277	80	12	3	15	58	109	1 977	297	11 068	868	2 536	305	15 173	686	
WORKED AT PART-TIME JOBS	113	37	7	-	3	13	53	2 891	551	7 311	1 230	3 532	537	9 754	1 102	
DID NOT WORK	227	80	14	7	15	28	84	2 080	402	4 762	1 012	2 706	404	6 547	974	

SEE FOOTNOTES AT END OF TABLE.

Table 10. Percent of Alimony or Maintenance Payments Received in 1978, by Selected Characteristics of All Women—Continued

(EVER-DIVORCED OR CURRENTLY SEPARATED WOMEN AS OF SPRING 1979. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE TEXT)

SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	NUMBER DUE PAYMENTS IN 1978 (THOUS.)	PERCENT OF PAYMENTS RECEIVED (THOUS.)						PAYMENTS ACTUALLY RECEIVED				IF FULL AMOUNT OF PAYMENTS WERE RECEIVED			
		0.0	0.1 TO 24.9	25.0 TO 49.9	50.0 TO 74.9	75.0 TO 99.9	100.0 AND OVER	MEAN INC FROM ALI. OR MAIN.		MEAN TOTAL MONEY INCOME		MEAN INC FROM ALI. OR MAIN.		MEAN TOTAL MONEY INCOME	
								VALUE (DOL.)	STAND-ARD ERROR (DOL.)	VALUE (DOL.)	STAND-ARD ERROR (DOL.)	VALUE (DOL.)	STAND-ARD ERROR (DOL.)	VALUE (DOL.)	STAND-ARD ERROR (DOL.)
OCCUPATION GROUP OF LONGEST JOB OF WOMAN															
TOTAL	533	153	23	9	24	97	228	1 938	209	8 930	589	2 530	219	12 202	528
WHITE-COLLAR WORKERS	360	77	12	9	14	74	175	2 393	284	11 038	755	2 859	288	14 111	675
BLUE-COLLAR WORKERS	63	26	2	-	2	12	21	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
SERVICE WORKERS	108	48	9	-	8	11	32	1 035	301	4 343	844	2 088	437	7 936	749
FARM WORKERS	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
TYPE OF INCOME IN 1978 OF WOMAN															
WITH EARNINGS	535	155	23	9	24	97	228	1 929	209	8 886	588	2 527	218	12 152	528
WITH OTHER INCOME ¹	486	105	23	9	24	97	228	2 127	225	9 798	612	2 607	236	12 520	564
WITH GOVERNMENT TRANSFER PAYMENTS ²	82	41	-	2	5	3	31	965	303	4 010	943	1 409	299	8 028	804
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE	47	24	-	2	3	2	16	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
AID TO FAMILIES WITH DEP. CHILDREN	41	20	-	-	3	2	16	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
OTHER GOVERNMENT TRANSFER PAYMENTS	38	20	-	-	2	1	15	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
WITH OTHER UNEARNED INCOME	387	73	13	9	14	77	201	2 449	269	10 777	707	2 941	283	13 612	655
WITH ALIMONY	380	(x)	23	9	24	97	228	2 716	269	12 513	621	3 018	280	12 823	639
WITHOUT OTHER INCOME	50	50	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(B)	(B)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)
WITHOUT EARNINGS ⁴	225	77	14	7	15	28	84	2 105	406	4 818	1 023	2 716	409	6 598	984
WITH GOVERNMENT TRANSFER PAYMENTS ⁴	120	57	2	5	10	11	34	1 183	345	3 237	621	1 922	373	6 157	517
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	57	35	-	-	10	-	12	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
AID TO FAMILIES WITH DEP. CHILDREN	51	33	-	-	7	-	10	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
OTHER GOVERNMENT TRANSFER PAYMENTS	73	33	2	5	-	11	22	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
WITH OTHER UNEARNED INCOME	114	22	3	5	3	21	61	2 906	479	7 368	1 828	3 530	486	8 971	1 761
WITH ALIMONY	148	(x)	14	7	15	28	84	3 200	566	7 325	1 451	3 632	582	7 757	1 445
TENURE															
OWNER OCCUPIED	453	110	27	11	10	94	200	2 463	283	9 012	652	2 986	287	11 307	602
RENTER OCCUPIED	300	122	10	4	27	30	107	1 256	203	5 622	856	1 974	229	9 302	848
OCCUPIER PAID NO CASH RENT	7	-	-	-	3	-	5	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)

¹REARRIED WOMEN WHOSE PREVIOUS MARRIAGE ENDED IN DIVORCE.

²WIDOWED WOMEN WHOSE PREVIOUS MARRIAGE ENDED IN DIVORCE.

³PERSONS OF SPANISH ORIGIN MAY BE OF ANY RACE.

⁴DETAIL DOES NOT ADD TO TOTAL BECAUSE SOME WOMEN HAVE MORE THAN ONE OR NONE OF THE TYPES OF INCOMES SPECIFIED.

Table 11. Amount of Alimony or Maintenance Payments Received in 1978, by Selected Characteristics of All Women

(NUMBERS IN THOUSANDS. EVER-DIVORCED OR CURRENTLY SEPARATED WOMEN AS OF SPRING 1979. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE TEXT)

SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	TOTAL DUE PAYMENTS IN 1978	DID NOT RECEIVE PAYMENTS DUE IN 1978	RECEIVED PAYMENTS IN 1978														
			TOTAL	AMOUNT OF PAYMENT RECEIVED IN 1978										MEDIAN INCOME		MEAN INCOME	
				\$1 TO \$499	\$500 TO \$999	\$1,000 TO \$1,499	\$1,500 TO \$1,999	\$2,000 TO \$2,999	\$3,000 TO \$4,999	\$5,000 TO \$6,999	\$7,000 AND OVER	VALUE (DOL.)	STANDARD ERROR (DOL.)	VALUE (DOL.)	STANDARD ERROR (DOL.)		
TOTAL	760	232	528	126	77	55	45	64	47	46	68	1 563	190	2 851	251		
STANDARD ERROR	58	33	49	24	19	(8)	(8)	(8)	(8)	(8)	(8)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)		
CURRENT MARITAL STATUS OF WOMAN																	
MARRIED ¹	146	71	74	33	7	8	4	3	6	2	12	(8)	(8)	(8)	(8)		
WIDOWED ²	7	2	5	-	-	-	2	3	-	-	-	(8)	(8)	(8)	(8)		
DIVORCED	473	135	339	58	42	44	29	54	36	32	44	1 942	259	3 162	335		
SEPARATED	134	24	110	36	28	3	9	4	5	12	12	835	147	2 327	466		
RACE AND SPANISH ORIGIN OF WOMAN																	
WHITE	686	200	486	99	70	55	45	57	46	46	68	1 712	194	3 041	267		
BLACK	72	31	41	27	7	-	-	7	-	-	-	(8)	(8)	(8)	(8)		
SPANISH ORIGIN ³	43	19	25	10	-	-	2	5	-	-	7	(8)	(8)	(8)	(8)		
METROPOLITAN-NONMETROPOLITAN RESIDENCE																	
INSIDE METROPOLITAN AREAS	590	177	413	91	54	43	36	48	41	39	61	1 759	224	3 140	303		
INSIDE CENTRAL CITIES	255	78	178	53	15	17	15	19	17	12	31	1 627	345	3 284	522		
OUTSIDE CENTRAL CITIES	335	99	236	38	38	26	21	29	24	28	31	1 852	318	3 032	356		
OUTSIDE METROPOLITAN AREAS	170	55	115	35	23	12	9	16	6	7	7	978	257	1 810	329		
REGION																	
NORTHEAST	190	48	142	26	16	21	11	22	18	15	13	1 833	414	2 665	351		
NORTH CENTRAL	170	58	112	23	19	15	8	14	5	6	21	1 439	377	3 021	626		
SOUTH	189	54	135	46	18	6	9	15	6	16	19	1 298	531	3 101	643		
WEST	211	72	139	31	24	12	17	13	18	10	15	1 580	301	2 662	403		
AGE OF WOMAN																	
18 TO 29 YEARS	128	31	97	40	23	9	10	11	-	-	5	689	171	1 225	291		
30 TO 39 YEARS	243	88	155	35	18	22	12	23	13	14	17	1 592	335	2 583	361		
40 TO 49 YEARS	206	54	152	25	26	18	9	15	23	13	22	1 852	529	3 229	525		
50 YEARS OR OVER	183	59	124	25	11	6	14	15	11	19	24	2 439	577	3 998	628		
NUMBER OF OWN CHILDREN																	
NO CHILDREN	347	105	242	57	30	23	21	31	21	23	35	1 744	304	3 224	441		
1 CHILD OR MORE	413	127	286	69	47	32	24	32	26	23	33	1 431	233	2 536	271		
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT OF WOMAN																	
ELEMENTARY: 0 TO 8 YEARS	59	24	35	11	-	5	7	7	1	4	-	(8)	(8)	(8)	(8)		
HIGH SCHOOL: 1 TO 3 YEARS	129	44	85	40	14	4	5	9	3	3	7	589	205	1 782	471		
4 YEARS	301	96	205	44	46	23	18	26	16	14	19	1 296	256	2 274	291		
COLLEGE: 1 TO 3 YEARS	168	48	120	26	12	8	3	9	16	11	35	3 186	1 028	4 472	709		
4 YEARS OR MORE	104	20	83	6	5	15	13	13	11	14	7	2 211	478	3 489	711		
YEAR OF DIVORCE OR SEPARATION OF WOMAN																	
1975 AND LATER	396	66	331	71	58	35	21	42	28	33	43	1 527	283	2 938	338		
1970 TO 1974	200	70	130	34	13	15	20	12	11	8	18	1 574	254	2 742	454		
1960 TO 1969	120	73	47	13	6	5	5	4	7	5	4	(8)	(8)	(8)	(8)		
BEFORE 1960	43	24	19	8	-	-	-	6	1	-	4	(8)	(8)	(8)	(8)		
TYPE OF AGREEMENT																	
COURT-ORDERED PAYMENTS	495	193	302	96	45	35	27	29	26	16	28	1 137	190	2 110	238		
VOLUNTARY WRITTEN AGREEMENT OR OTH. METH	265	39	226	30	32	20	18	35	21	30	40	2 376	338	3 843	472		
RECEIPT OF PAYMENTS																	
REGULARLY	436	(x)	436	63	65	55	38	57	44	46	68	1 955	246	3 316	290		
OCCASIONALLY	55	(x)	55	29	12	-	7	5	3	-	-	(8)	(8)	(8)	(8)		
SELDOM	37	(x)	37	34	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	(8)	(8)	(8)	(8)		
NEVER	232	232	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)		
MAIN REASON FOR IRREGULAR PAYMENTS																	
HUSBAND REFUSED TO PAY	193	135	57	41	9	-	4	2	-	-	-	(8)	(8)	(8)	(8)		
UNABLE TO LOCATE HUSBAND	25	25	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(8)	(8)	(8)	(8)		
ALL OTHER REASONS	52	36	16	11	-	-	2	-	3	-	-	(8)	(8)	(8)	(8)		
DO NOT KNOW	54	36	19	11	3	-	-	5	-	-	-	(8)	(8)	(8)	(8)		
WORK EXPERIENCE IN 1978 OF WOMAN																	
WORKED	533	153	380	84	62	45	27	49	37	32	44	1 488	224	2 716	269		
WORKED AT FULL-TIME JOBS	420	115	304	70	57	42	24	39	25	23	23	1 293	164	2 319	277		
50 TO 52 WEEKS	277	80	197	40	22	27	17	32	21	18	20	1 772	316	2 783	383		
WORKED AT PART-TIME JOBS	113	37	76	14	5	3	3	10	11	9	21	3 700	1 118	4 307	687		
DID NOT WORK	227	80	148	42	15	10	18	15	10	14	24	1 689	303	3 200	566		

SEE FOOTNOTES AT END OF TABLE.

Table 11. Amount of Alimony or Maintenance Payments Received in 1978, by Selected Characteristics of All Women—Continued

(NUMBERS IN THOUSANDS. EVER-DIVORCED OR CURRENTLY SEPARATED WOMEN AS OF SPRING 1979. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE TEXT)

SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	TOTAL DUE PAYMENTS IN 1978	DID NOT RECEIVE PAYMENTS DUE IN 1978	RECEIVED PAYMENTS IN 1978														
			TOTAL	AMOUNT OF PAYMENT RECEIVED IN 1978										MEDIAN INCOME		MEAN INCOME	
				\$1 TO \$499	\$500 TO \$999	\$1,000 TO \$1,499	\$1,500 TO \$1,999	\$2,000 TO \$2,999	\$3,000 TO \$4,999	\$5,000 TO \$6,999	\$7,000 AND OVER	VALUE (DOL.)	STANDARD ERROR (DOL.)	VALUE (DOL.)	STANDARD ERROR (DOL.)		
OCCUPATION GROUP OF LONGEST JOB OF WOMAN																	
TOTAL	533	153	380	84	62	45	27	49	37	32	44	1 488	224	2 716	269		
WHITE-COLLAR WORKERS	360	77	283	53	38	37	27	35	30	23	40	1 745	251	3 045	336		
BLUE-COLLAR WORKERS	63	26	37	10	10	3	-	7	5	2	-	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)		
SERVICE WORKERS	108	48	60	21	13	5	1	7	1	7	4	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)		
FARM WORKERS	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)		
INCOME IN 1978 OF WOMAN																	
WITHOUT INCOME	18	18	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)		
WITH INCOME	742	214	528	126	77	55	45	64	47	46	68	1 563	190	2 851	251		
\$1 TO \$999 OR LOSS	36	12	24	17	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)		
\$1,000 TO \$1,999	28	9	19	10	4	1	4	-	-	-	-	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)		
\$2,000 TO \$2,999	108	42	66	25	17	5	9	8	3	-	-	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)		
\$3,000 TO \$3,999	108	40	68	26	13	12	7	4	4	2	-	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)		
\$4,000 TO \$5,999	82	36	46	13	5	3	3	7	3	6	6	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)		
\$6,000 TO \$7,999	89	26	63	16	13	5	2	11	5	5	6	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)		
\$8,000 TO \$9,999	48	6	42	9	4	2	3	9	5	-	9	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)		
\$10,000 TO \$11,999	83	18	65	2	7	16	5	3	8	6	19	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)		
\$12,000 TO \$14,999	127	21	107	9	4	9	7	17	16	25	19	3 865	965	4 103	439		
\$15,000 AND OVER	34	5	28	-	3	2	5	5	2	2	9	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)		
MEDIAN INCOME DOLLARS	6 212	4 277	7 297	3 425	3 869	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)		
STANDARD ERROR DOLLARS	497	543	583	346	1 337	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)		
MEAN INCOME DOLLARS	10 141	7 875	11 061	5 913	7 683	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)		
STANDARD ERROR DOLLARS	495	699	625	652	1 183	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)		
TYPE OF INCOME IN 1978 OF WOMAN																	
WITH EARNINGS	535	155	380	84	62	45	27	49	37	32	44	1 488	224	2 716	269		
WITH OTHER INCOME ¹	486	105	380	84	62	45	27	49	37	32	44	1 488	224	2 716	269		
WITH GOVERNMENT TRANSFER PAYMENTS ²	82	41	42	15	7	1	2	9	-	6	2	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)		
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE	47	24	23	10	2	-	2	6	-	2	-	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)		
AID TO FAMILIES WITH DEP. CHILD.	41	20	21	10	2	-	-	6	-	2	-	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)		
OTHER GOVERNMENT TRANSFER PAYMENTS	38	20	18	5	5	1	-	3	-	3	2	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)		
WITH OTHER UNEARNED INCOME	387	73	314	54	49	41	27	37	34	30	42	1 748	258	3 022	310		
WITH ALIMONY	380	(X)	380	84	62	45	27	49	37	32	44	1 488	224	2 716	269		
WITHOUT OTHER INCOME	50	50	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)		
WITHOUT EARNINGS ³	225	77	148	42	15	10	18	15	10	14	24	1 689	303	3 200	566		
WITH GOVERNMENT TRANSFER PAYMENTS ⁴	120	57	62	23	3	2	11	9	3	7	4	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)		
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	57	35	22	14	3	-	3	2	-	-	-	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)		
AID TO FAMILIES WITH DEP. CHILDREN	51	33	17	12	1	-	3	2	-	-	-	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)		
OTHER GOVERNMENT TRANSFER PAYMENTS	73	35	40	9	-	2	9	7	3	7	4	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)		
WITH OTHER UNEARNED INCOME	114	22	92	16	6	9	9	11	10	14	17	2 569	832	3 588	531		
WITH ALIMONY	148	(X)	148	42	15	10	18	15	10	14	24	1 689	303	3 200	566		
TENURE																	
OWNER OCCUPIED	453	110	342	63	59	30	33	36	34	33	54	1 789	226	3 256	348		
RENTER OCCUPIED	300	122	178	63	18	23	12	23	13	13	14	1 175	239	2 113	302		
OCCUPIER PAID NO CASH RENT	7	-	7	-	-	-	-	5	-	-	-	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)		

¹ REMARRIED WOMEN WHOSE PREVIOUS MARRIAGE ENDED IN DIVORCE.
² WIDOWED WOMEN WHOSE PREVIOUS MARRIAGE ENDED IN DIVORCE.
³ PERSONS OF SPANISH ORIGIN MAY BE OF ANY RACE.
⁴ DETAIL DOES NOT ADD TO TOTAL BECAUSE SOME WOMEN HAVE MORE THAN ONE OR NONE OF THE TYPES OF INCOMES SPECIFIED.

Table 12. Ever-Divorced Women Receiving Property Settlements Following Divorce, by Selected Characteristics

(EVER-DIVORCED WOMEN AS OF SPRING 1979. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE TEXT)

SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	TOTAL	NO SETTLEMENT REACHED	PROPERTY SETTLEMENT REACHED							
			TOTAL	HOUSE ONLY ¹	CASH ONLY ²	OTHER PROPERTY ONLY ³	HOUSE AND CASH	HOUSE AND OTHER PROPERTY	CASH AND OTHER PROPERTY	HOUSE, CASH, AND OTHER PROPERTY
TOTAL	12 025	6 675	5 350	616	417	2 060	32	1 417	545	263
STANDARD ERROR	153	145	136	53	44	93	(8)	78	50	35
CURRENT MARITAL STATUS OF WOMAN										
DIVORCED	5 311	2 636	2 675	323	193	962	7	771	267	151
MARRIED ⁴	5 758	3 311	2 447	239	206	1 016	23	587	270	106
WIDOWED ⁵	955	728	227	54	18	81	2	59	8	5
RACE AND SPANISH ORIGIN OF WOMAN										
WHITE	10 568	5 635	4 933	570	383	1 940	31	1 287	475	247
BLACK	1 307	951	355	41	30	91	-	118	61	15
SPANISH ORIGIN ⁶	548	388	160	34	12	68	-	33	10	3
METROPOLITAN-NONMETROPOLITAN RESIDENCE										
INSIDE METROPOLITAN AREAS	8 335	4 524	3 811	464	304	1 417	21	1 006	398	201
INSIDE CENTRAL CITIES	3 639	2 169	1 470	173	118	563	8	380	154	73
OUTSIDE CENTRAL CITIES	4 696	2 355	2 342	291	185	855	14	626	244	128
OUTSIDE METROPOLITAN AREAS	3 690	2 151	1 538	152	113	643	10	411	147	62
AGE OF WOMAN										
18 TO 24 YEARS	668	419	248	-	13	194	-	25	13	3
25 TO 29 YEARS	1 400	746	654	13	42	400	2	108	75	14
30 TO 34 YEARS	1 726	802	925	60	63	444	6	208	98	47
35 TO 39 YEARS	1 547	786	761	93	68	265	7	224	77	27
40 TO 44 YEARS	1 286	624	662	107	40	192	-	220	81	22
45 TO 49 YEARS	1 109	609	500	75	38	150	2	153	65	17
50 YEARS AND OVER	4 289	2 689	1 600	268	152	417	14	478	136	134
NUMBER OF OWN CHILDREN										
NO CHILDREN	7 562	4 598	2 964	343	300	1 086	23	728	316	169
DID NOT RECEIVE ALIMONY	7 373	4 562	2 812	327	289	1 035	23	679	305	153
RECEIVED ALIMONY	189	37	152	15	12	50	-	49	10	16
1 CHILD OR MORE	4 462	2 077	2 386	273	117	974	9	689	229	94
DID NOT RECEIVE ALIMONY OR CHILD SUP	2 402	1 470	932	126	44	417	9	237	80	20
RECEIVED ALIMONY ONLY	29	11	18	3	2	2	-	6	-	4
RECEIVED CHILD SUPPORT ONLY	1 831	556	1 274	145	67	501	-	379	138	44
RECEIVED ALIMONY AND CHILD SUPPORT	200	40	161	-	3	55	-	67	11	26
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT OF WOMAN										
ELEMENTARY: 0 TO 8 YEARS	1 780	1 305	475	100	41	162	5	115	36	16
HIGH SCHOOL: 1 TO 3 YEARS	2 219	1 401	818	78	76	346	-	235	63	21
4 YEARS	5 114	2 596	2 518	255	175	1 015	7	696	253	116
COLLEGE: 1 TO 3 YEARS	1 849	930	919	114	60	363	8	195	119	60
4 YEARS OR MORE	1 062	443	619	69	65	174	11	177	73	50
YEAR OF DIVORCE OR SEPARATION OF WOMAN										
1975 AND LATER	3 529	1 606	1 924	131	137	829	11	520	210	86
1970 TO 1974	2 871	1 526	1 345	139	99	550	11	326	165	56
1965 TO 1969	1 748	938	810	161	72	277	4	208	65	23
1960 TO 1964	1 007	608	399	112	30	131	1	63	51	12
BEFORE 1960	2 870	1 997	873	73	81	273	4	301	55	87
WORK EXPERIENCE IN 1978 OF WOMAN										
WORKED	7 834	3 945	3 889	421	295	1 521	20	1 036	407	190
WORKED AT FULL-TIME JOBS	6 193	3 047	3 146	346	229	1 261	18	825	317	150
40 WEEKS OR MORE	4 931	2 356	2 574	288	191	988	18	698	259	133
50 TO 52 WEEKS	4 317	2 070	2 246	245	159	860	10	617	229	126
39 WEEKS OR LESS	1 263	691	572	58	38	273	-	128	58	16
WORKED AT PART-TIME JOBS	1 641	898	743	75	66	259	2	210	89	40
40 WEEKS OR MORE	820	440	380	55	49	112	2	104	40	19
50 TO 52 WEEKS	610	327	283	42	31	82	2	80	30	16
39 WEEKS OR LESS	820	458	362	20	17	148	-	106	50	21
DID NOT WORK	153	145	136	53	44	93	12	78	50	35
FAMILY INCOME IN 1978										
UNDER \$5,000	2 062	1 362	700	98	69	242	6	187	69	30
\$5,000 TO \$9,999	2 523	1 443	1 080	137	83	412	4	284	116	43
\$10,000 TO \$14,999	2 183	1 168	1 015	107	67	432	3	292	74	39
\$15,000 TO \$24,999	3 024	1 639	1 385	145	95	558	10	352	144	82
\$25,000 AND OVER	2 233	1 063	1 170	129	102	416	9	302	141	70
MEDIAN INCOME DOLLARS	13 269	12 278	14 409	13 381	14 189	14 350	(8)	14 067	15 918	17 476
STANDARD ERROR DOLLARS	199	277	286	917	1 283	417	(8)	510	1 278	1 574
MEAN INCOME DOLLARS	15 932	14 742	17 417	16 813	17 943	17 186	(8)	17 438	17 853	18 673
STANDARD ERROR DOLLARS	186	234	295	939	1 119	447	(8)	600	930	1 147

SEE FOOTNOTES AT END OF TABLE.

Table 12. Ever-Divorced Women Receiving Property Settlements Following Divorce, by Selected Characteristics—Continued

(EVER-DIVORCED WOMEN AS OF SPRING 1979. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE TEXT)

SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	TOTAL	NO SETTLEMENT REACHED	PROPERTY SETTLEMENT REACHED							
			TOTAL	HOUSE ONLY ¹	CASH ONLY ²	OTHER PROPERTY ONLY ³	HOUSE AND CASH	HOUSE AND OTHER PROPERTY	CASH AND OTHER PROPERTY	HOUSE, CASH, AND OTHER PROPERTY
VALUE OF SETTLEMENT ⁷										
TOTAL	(X)	(X)	1 924	131	137	829	11	520	210	86
VALUE REPORTED	(X)	(X)	1 672	103	115	706	9	475	190	74
UNDER \$5,000	(X)	(X)	899	31	72	593	6	107	75	15
\$5,000 TO \$9,999	(X)	(X)	263	11	17	81	-	91	52	12
\$10,000 TO \$19,999	(X)	(X)	244	23	19	20	2	119	45	14
\$20,000 TO \$29,999	(X)	(X)	94	17	2	5	1	60	5	3
\$30,000 TO \$49,999	(X)	(X)	108	12	2	5	-	77	5	8
\$50,000 AND OVER	(X)	(X)	63	9	2	2	-	20	7	23
MEDIAN VALUE DOLLARS. .	(X)	(X)	4 648	14 335	3 983	2 979	(B)	13 285	6 864	(B)
STANDARD ERROR DOLLARS. .	(X)	(X)	180	3 484	588	178	(B)	1 446	1 045	(B)
DID NOT KNOW VALUE	(X)	(X)	252	28	22	123	2	45	20	12

¹THE HOUSE OR OTHER REAL ESTATE.²A ONE-TIME CASH SETTLEMENT.³OTHER PROPERTY (CARS, FURNISHINGS, ETC.)⁴REMARIED WOMEN WHOSE PREVIOUS MARRIAGE ENDED IN DIVORCE.⁵WIDOWED WOMEN WHOSE PREVIOUS MARRIAGE ENDED IN DIVORCE.⁶PERSONS OF SPANISH ORIGIN MAY BE OF ANY RACE.⁷RESTRICTED TO WOMEN WHO WERE DIVORCED IN 1975 AND LATER.

Table 13. Women Receiving Child Support and/or Alimony or Maintenance Payments in 1978, by Presence of Children and Selected Characteristics

(WOMEN AS OF SPRING 1979. CHILD SUPPORT PAYMENTS FOR WOMEN WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 21 YEARS OF AGE FROM AN ABSENT FATHER. ALIMONY PAYMENTS FOR EVER-DIVORCED OR CURRENTLY SEPARATED WOMEN. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE TEXT)

SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	WOMEN WITH CHILDREN									
	TOTAL					CHILD SUPPORT ONLY				
	NUMBER (THOUS.)	MEAN INCOME FROM CHILD SUPPORT OR ALIMONY VALUE (DOLLARS)	STANDARD ERROR (DOLLARS)	MEAN TOTAL MONEY INCOME VALUE (DOLLARS)	STANDARD ERROR (DOLLARS)	NUMBER (THOUS.)	MEAN INCOME FROM CHILD SUPPORT VALUE (DOLLARS)	STANDARD ERROR (DOLLARS)	MEAN TOTAL MONEY INCOME VALUE (DOLLARS)	STANDARD ERROR (DOLLARS)
TOTAL	2 501	2 056	78	8 953	225	2 215	1 648	53	8 436	218
CURRENT MARITAL STATUS OF WOMAN										
MARRIED ²	790	1 624	101	7 156	398	769	1 588	95	7 177	406
RECEIVED PROPERTY SETTLEMENT	562	1 796	121	7 692	510	552	1 727	109	7 677	518
VALUE REPORTED	488	1 748	121	7 486	532	481	1 735	121	7 497	538
MEDIAN VALUE ³ DOLLARS	4 372	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	4 381	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
DIVORCED	1 262	2 354	118	10 639	322	1 054	1 766	78	9 983	302
RECEIVED PROPERTY SETTLEMENT	884	2 527	148	11 357	366	715	1 871	93	10 907	388
VALUE REPORTED	760	2 420	147	11 427	408	619	1 814	84	10 974	431
MEDIAN VALUE ³ DOLLARS	7 207	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	6 310	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
WIDOWED ⁴	8	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	8	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
RECEIVED PROPERTY SETTLEMENT	7	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	7	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
VALUE REPORTED	7	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	7	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
MEDIAN VALUE ³ DOLLARS	(B)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(B)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
SEPARATED	354	2 225	258	8 080	506	297	1 573	127	7 391	482
NEVER-MARRIED	87	976	147	4 522	473	87	976	147	4 522	473
RACE AND SPANISH ORIGIN OF WOMAN										
WHITE	2 204	2 155	86	9 198	245	1 938	1 692	58	8 618	237
BLACK	270	1 280	141	7 256	581	250	1 305	145	7 299	615
SPANISH ORIGIN ⁵	125	1 550	446	6 922	1 149	119	1 222	234	6 562	1 115
AGE OF WOMAN										
18 TO 24 YEARS	211	1 067	103	5 520	439	200	1 039	105	5 305	434
25 TO 29 YEARS	511	1 521	109	7 496	484	463	1 349	87	6 942	343
30 TO 34 YEARS	588	1 879	115	8 754	378	547	1 759	113	8 608	379
35 TO 39 YEARS	529	2 392	209	9 577	514	461	1 758	147	9 059	529
40 TO 44 YEARS	360	2 721	215	10 645	547	299	2 178	131	9 847	504
45 YEARS AND OVER	303	2 613	330	11 079	877	245	1 612	146	10 547	1 035
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT OF WOMAN										
ELEMENTARY: 0 TO 8 YEARS	146	1 857	335	5 391	486	131	1 408	138	5 242	426
HIGH SCHOOL: 1 TO 3 YEARS	403	1 571	158	6 945	607	368	1 324	101	6 442	399
COLLEGE: 4 YEARS	1 221	1 830	96	7 932	241	1 097	1 550	73	7 584	245
1 TO 3 YEARS	489	2 591	234	10 415	488	422	1 882	143	9 906	517
4 YEARS OR MORE	242	3 044	235	16 623	1 004	197	2 464	193	15 895	1 146
YEAR OF DIVORCE OR SEPARATION OF WOMAN										
1975 AND LATER	1 364	2 221	124	8 787	264	1 158	1 655	81	8 218	258
1970 TO 1974	688	2 006	111	9 766	514	622	1 755	88	9 188	471
1960 TO 1969	341	1 670	132	9 085	684	329	1 524	107	8 790	689
BEFORE 1960	20	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	18	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
WORK EXPERIENCE IN 1978 OF WOMAN										
WORKED	1 973	2 069	84	10 119	232	1 748	1 696	62	9 680	236
WORKED AT FULL-TIME JOBS	1 597	2 027	88	10 815	249	1 413	1 697	70	10 424	255
40 WEEKS OR MORE	1 225	2 148	105	12 357	277	1 083	1 789	85	11 879	285
50 TO 52 WEEKS	1 062	2 168	116	12 688	300	936	1 782	93	12 181	309
39 WEEKS OR LESS	372	1 630	143	5 737	291	330	1 395	101	5 646	298
WORKED AT PART-TIME JOBS	376	2 247	235	7 168	545	335	1 695	136	6 537	521
40 WEEKS OR MORE	159	2 175	271	8 318	927	139	1 602	152	7 583	917
50 TO 52 WEEKS	118	2 222	312	9 043	1 195	103	1 603	175	8 163	1 195
39 WEEKS OR LESS	217	2 299	355	6 325	642	195	1 762	206	5 789	592
DID NOT WORK	528	2 007	193	4 591	520	467	1 468	95	3 785	379

SEE FOOTNOTES AT END OF TABLE.

Table 13. Women Receiving Child Support and/or Alimony or Maintenance Payments in 1978, by Presence of Children and Selected Characteristics—Continued

WOMEN AS OF SPRING 1979. CHILD SUPPORT PAYMENTS FOR WOMEN WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 21 YEARS OF AGE FROM AN ABSENT FATHER. ALIMONY PAYMENTS FOR EVER-DIVORCED OR CURRENTLY SEPARATED WOMEN. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE TEXT)

SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	WOMEN WITH CHILDREN--CONTINUED					WOMEN WITHOUT CHILDREN				
	CHILD SUPPORT AND/OR ALIMONY OR MAINTENANCE PAYMENTS					ALIMONY OR MAINTENANCE PAYMENTS ONLY				
	NUMBER (THOUS.)	MEAN INCOME FROM CHILD SUPPORT, ALIMONY OR MAIN.		MEAN TOTAL MONEY INCOME		NUMBER (THOUS.)	MEAN INCOME FROM ALIMONY OR MAINTENANCE		MEAN TOTAL MONEY INCOME	
		VALUE (DOLLARS)	STANDARD ERROR (DOLLARS)	VALUE (DOLLARS)	STANDARD ERROR (DOLLARS)		VALUE (DOLLARS)	STANDARD ERROR (DOLLARS)	VALUE (DOLLARS)	STANDARD ERROR (DOLLARS)
TOTAL	240	5 708	484	13 638	1 042	242	3 224	441	8 825	746
CURRENT MARITAL STATUS OF WOMAN										
MARRIED ²	13	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	53	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
RECEIVED PROPERTY SETTLEMENT VALUE REPORTED	10	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	40	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
MEDIAN VALUE ³ . . . DOLLARS . .	7	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	35	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
DIVORCED	188	5 503	499	13 942	1 233	130	4 005	697	10 651	1 127
RECEIVED PROPERTY SETTLEMENT VALUE REPORTED	150	5 439	590	13 021	993	110	4 082	792	10 608	1 222
MEDIAN VALUE ³ . . . DOLLARS . .	124	5 186	618	13 124	1 150	78	4 375	1 068	11 884	1 522
WIDOWED ⁴	-	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	5	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
RECEIVED PROPERTY SETTLEMENT VALUE REPORTED	-	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	2	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
MEDIAN VALUE ³ . . . DOLLARS . .	(B)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(B)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)
SEPARATED	40	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	53	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
NEVER-MARRIED	-	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	-	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
RACE AND SPANISH ORIGIN OF WOMAN										
WHITE	230	5 879	496	13 949	1 070	220	3 458	476	9 240	796
BLACK	10	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	20	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
SPANISH ORIGIN ⁵	6	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	19	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
AGE OF WOMAN										
18 TO 24 YEARS	5	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	15	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
25 TO 29 YEARS	41	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	25	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
30 TO 34 YEARS	34	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	23	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
35 TO 39 YEARS	64	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	22	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
40 TO 44 YEARS	55	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	36	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
45 YEARS AND OVER	41	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	121	4 459	757	9 964	1 141
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT OF WOMAN										
ELEMENTARY: 0 TO 8 YEARS . . .	11	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	19	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
HIGH SCHOOL: 1 TO 3 YEARS . . .	24	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	51	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
4 YEARS	106	4 913	629	11 583	902	82	2 875	541	8 529	1 084
COLLEGE: 1 TO 3 YEARS	60	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	53	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
4 YEARS OR MORE	38	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	37	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
YEAR OF DIVORCE OR SEPARATION OF WOMAN										
1975 AND LATER	176	5 780	625	12 505	962	125	3 686	706	8 999	1 081
1970 TO 1974	54	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	64	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
1960 TO 1969	10	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	35	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
BEFORE 1960	-	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	17	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
WORK EXPERIENCE IN 1978 OF WOMAN										
WORKED	195	5 356	487	13 813	855	154	3 197	514	11 040	956
WORKED AT FULL-TIME JOBS . . .	155	5 032	472	14 153	885	120	2 544	563	11 549	1 138
40 WEEKS OR MORE	120	5 353	530	16 357	865	86	2 804	716	13 059	1 239
50 TO 52 WEEKS	107	5 474	573	16 658	949	70	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
39 WEEKS OR LESS	36	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	34	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
WORKED AT PART-TIME JOBS . . .	39	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	34	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
40 WEEKS OR MORE	17	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	12	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
50 TO 52 WEEKS	13	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	10	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
39 WEEKS OR LESS	22	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	22	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
DID NOT WORK	45	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	87	3 274	814	4 906	844

¹ INCLUDES WOMEN WITH CHILDREN FROM AN ABSENT FATHER WHO RECEIVED ALIMONY BUT NO CHILD SUPPORT, NOT SHOWN SEPARATELY.

² REMARRIED WOMEN WHOSE PREVIOUS MARRIAGE ENDED IN DIVORCE.

³ RESTRICTED TO WOMEN WHO WERE DIVORCED IN 1975 AND LATER.

⁴ WIDOWED WOMEN WHOSE PREVIOUS MARRIAGE ENDED IN DIVORCE.

⁵ PERSONS OF SPANISH ORIGIN MAY BE OF ANY RACE.

Appendix A.

Definitions, Explanations, and Comparability of Data

Child support. Data on award of child support payments were collected from women 18 years or older with children under 21 years of age present from a father not living in the household as of spring 1979. Information on reciprocity and amount of payments was obtained from women who reported that they were awarded or had agreements to receive child support payments in 1978. Payment amounts were limited to only those from the last divorce or separation.

Alimony. Data on the award of alimony or maintenance payments were collected from women 18 years or older who were ever-divorced or currently separated as of spring 1979. Information on reciprocity status and payment amounts was obtained from those women who reported that they were awarded or had agreements to receive alimony payments in 1978. The data are limited to payments received from the most recent divorce or separation.

Property settlements. Data on property settlements were collected from women 18 years or older who were ever-divorced as of spring 1979. Property settlements typically consist of a house or other real estate, a one-time cash settlement, or other property (i.e., a car or furniture). The value of settlements is presented only for those women who were divorced between 1975 and 1979 and represents the *share* of the property received.

Age. The age classification is based on the age of the person at his or her last birthday.

Race. The population is divided into three groups on the basis of race: White, Black, and "other races." The last category includes Indians, Japanese, Chinese, and any other race except White and Black. "Other races" are sometimes shown in combination with the Black population.

Persons of Spanish origin. Persons of Spanish origin were determined on the basis of a question that asked for self-identification of the person's origin or descent. Respondents were asked to select their origin (or the origin of some other household member) from a "flash card" listing ethnic origins. Persons of Spanish origin, in particular, were those who indicated that their origin was Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Central or South American, or some other Spanish origin. It should be noted that persons of Spanish origin can be of any race.

Household. A household consists of all the persons who occupy a housing unit. A house, an apartment or other group

of rooms, or a single room is regarded as a housing unit when it is occupied or intended for occupancy as separate living quarters; that is, when the occupants do not live and eat with any other persons in the structure and there is either (1) direct access from the outside or through a common hall or (2) a kitchen or cooking equipment for the exclusive use of the occupants.

A household includes the related family members and all the unrelated persons, if any, such as lodgers, foster children, wards, or employees who share the housing unit. A person living alone in a housing unit or a group of unrelated persons sharing a housing unit as partners is also counted as a household. The count of households excludes group quarters.

Family. The term "family" refers to a group of two or more persons related by blood, marriage, or adoption and residing together; all such persons are considered as members of the same family. Thus, if the son of the householder and the son's wife are in the household, they are treated as part of the householder's family. On the other hand, a lodger and his wife not related to the householder or an unrelated servant and his wife are considered as additional families, and not a part of the householder's family.

Marital status. The marital status classification refers to the status at the time of enumeration. Persons classified as "married" consist of those who have been married only once and those who remarried after having been widowed or divorced. Persons classified as separated are either legally separated or otherwise absent from their spouse because of marital discord.

Persons in common-law marriages are classified as married, and persons who are single or whose only marriage was annulled are classified as never married.

Own children. "Own" children in a family are sons and daughters, including stepchildren and adopted children, of the householder. Similarly, "own" children in a subfamily are sons and daughters of the person(s) maintaining the subfamily. For each type of family unit identified, the count of own children under 18 years old is limited to single (never married) children.

Tenure. A housing unit is "owner occupied" if the owner or co-owner lives in the unit, even if it is mortgaged or not fully paid for. A cooperative or condominium unit is "owner occupied" only if the owner or co-owner lives in it. All other occupied units are classified as "renter occupied," including units rented for cash rent and those occupied without

payment of cash rent. For renter-occupied units, information was also obtained as to whether the unit was publicly owned or subsidized by the Federal, State, or local government.

Metropolitan-nonmetropolitan residence. The population residing in standard metropolitan statistical areas (SMSA's) as defined in the 1970 census constitutes the metropolitan population. Except in New England, an SMSA is a county or group of contiguous counties which contain at least one city of 50,000 inhabitants or more, or "twin cities" with a combined population of at least 50,000. In addition to the county or counties containing such a city or cities, contiguous counties are included in an SMSA if, according to certain criteria, they are essentially metropolitan in character and are socially and economically integrated with the central city. In New England, SMSA's consist of towns and cities, rather than counties.

Central cities. Each SMSA must include at least one central city, and the complete title of an SMSA identifies the central city or cities. If only one central city is designated, then it must have 50,000 inhabitants or more. The area title may include, in addition to the largest city, up to two city names on the basis and in the order of the following criteria: (1) The additional city has at least 250,000 inhabitants or (2) the additional city has a population of one-third or more of that of the largest city and a minimum population of 25,000. An exception occurs where two cities have contiguous boundaries and constitute, for economic and social purposes, a single community of at least 50,000, the smaller of which must have a population of at least 15,000.

Geographic regions. The four major regions of the United States for which data are presented in this report represent groups of States as follows:

Northeast: Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, Vermont, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania.

North Central: Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Ohio, Wisconsin, Iowa, Kansas, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, South Dakota.

South: Delaware, District of Columbia, Florida, Georgia, Maryland, North Carolina, South Carolina, Virginia, West Virginia, Alabama, Kentucky, Mississippi, Tennessee, Arkansas, Louisiana, Oklahoma, Texas.

West: Arizona, Colorado, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Utah, Wyoming, Alaska, California, Hawaii, Oregon, Washington.

Years of school completed. Data on years of school completed were derived from the combination of answers to questions concerning the highest grade of school attended by the person and whether or not that grade was finished. The questions on educational attainment apply only to progress in "regular" schools. Such schools include graded public, private, and parochial elementary and high schools (both

junior and senior high), colleges, universities, and professional schools, whether day schools or night schools. Thus, regular schooling is that which may advance a person toward an elementary school certificate or a high school diploma, or a college, university, or professional school degree. Schooling in other than regular schools was counted only if the credits obtained were regarded as transferable to a school in the regular school system.

Occupation. The data on occupation refer to the job held longest during the year. The major occupation groups are combined into four divisions, as follows:

White-collar workers. Professional, technical, and kindred workers; managers and administrators, except farm; sales workers; and clerical and kindred workers.

Blue-collar workers. Craft and kindred workers; operatives, except transport; transport equipment operatives; and laborers, except farm.

Farm workers. Farmers and farm managers, and farm laborers and supervisors.

Service workers. Service workers, excluding private households; and private household workers.

The sequence in which these four divisions appear is not intended to imply that any division has a higher social or skill level than another.

Work experience. A person with work experience is one who, during the preceding calendar year, did any civilian work for pay or profit or worked without pay on a family-operated farm or business at any time during the year on a part-time or full-time basis.

Weeks worked in the income year. Persons are classified according to the number of different weeks, during the preceding calendar year, in which they did any civilian work for pay or profit (including paid vacations and sick leave) or worked without pay on a family-operated farm or business.

Part-time or full-time jobs. A person is classified as having worked at part-time jobs during the preceding calendar year if he worked at civilian jobs which provided less than 35 hours of work per week in a majority of the weeks in which he worked during the year. He is classified as having worked at full-time jobs if he worked 35 hours or more per week during a majority of the weeks in which he worked.

Year-round, full-time worker. A year-round, full-time worker is one who worked primarily at full-time civilian jobs for 50 weeks or more during the preceding calendar year.

Nonworker. A nonworker is one who did not do any civilian work in the calendar year preceding the survey.

Income. For each person in the sample 14 years old and over, questions were asked on the amount of money income

received in the preceding calendar year from each of the following sources: (1) Money wages or salary; (2) net income from nonfarm self-employment; (3) net income from farm self-employment; (4) Social Security or railroad retirement; (5) Supplemental Security income; (6) public assistance or welfare payments; (7) interest (on savings or bonds); (8) dividends, income from estates or trusts, or net rental income; (9) veterans' payments or unemployment and worker's compensation; (10) private pensions or government employee pensions; (11) alimony or child support, regular contributions from persons not living in the household, and other periodic income.

When an indefinite amount was reported by the respondent, a specific value was assigned during processing wherever possible. If the indefinite amount was reported in terms of a range, the mid-point of the range was assigned (e.g., \$10,000 to \$15,000 was coded as \$12,500). Open-ended amounts were converted to designated specific amounts; e.g., over \$10,000 may be coded as \$15,000.

It should be noted that although the income statistics refer to receipts during the preceding year the characteristics of the person, such as age and labor force status, and the composition of families refer to the time of the survey. The income of the family does not include amounts received by persons who were members of the family during all or part of the income year if these persons no longer resided with the family at the time of enumeration. On the other hand, family income includes amounts reported by related persons who did not reside with the family during the income year but who were members of the family at the time of enumeration.

Data on consumer income collected in the CPS by the Bureau of the Census cover money income received (exclusive of certain money receipts such as capital gains) before payments for personal income taxes, Social Security, union dues, Medicare deductions, etc. Therefore, money income does not reflect the fact that many families receive part of their income in the form of nonmoney transfers such as food stamps, health benefits, and subsidized housing; that many farm families receive nonmoney income in the form of rent-free housing and goods produced and consumed on the farm; or that nonmoney incomes are also received by some nonfarm residents which often take the form of the use of business transportation and facilities, full or partial payments by business for retirement programs, medical and educational expenses. These elements should be considered when comparing income levels. Moreover, readers should be aware that for many different reasons there is a tendency in household surveys for respondents to underreport their income. From an analysis of independently derived income estimates, it has been determined that income earned from wages or salaries is much better reported than other sources of income, and is nearly equal to independent estimates of aggregate income.

The various sources for which income is reported are defined as follows:

Money wages or salary is total money earnings received for work performed as an employee during the income year. It includes wages, salary, Armed Forces pay, commissions,

tips, piece-rate payments, and cash bonuses earned before deductions were made for taxes, bonds, pensions, union dues, etc.

Net income from nonfarm self-employment is net money income (gross receipts minus expenses) from one's own business, professional enterprise, or partnership. Gross receipts include the value of all goods sold and services rendered. Expenses include costs of goods purchased, rent, heat, light, power, depreciation charges, wages and salaries paid, business taxes (not personal income taxes), etc. In general, inventory changes were considered in determining net income; replies based on income tax returns or other official records do reflect inventory changes. However, when values of inventory changes were not reported, net income figures exclusive of inventory changes were accepted. The value of salable merchandise consumed by the proprietors of retail stores is not included as part of net income.

Net income from farm self-employment is net money income (gross receipts minus operating expenses) from the operation of a farm by a person on his own account, as an owner, renter, or sharecropper. Gross receipts include the value of all products sold, government crop loans, money received from the rental of farm equipment to others, and incidental receipts from the sale of wood, sand, gravel, etc. Operating expenses include cost of feed, fertilizer, seed, and other farming supplies, cash wages paid to farmhands, depreciation charges, cash rent, interest on farm mortgages, farm building repairs, farm taxes (not State and Federal income taxes), etc. The value of fuel, food, or other farm products used for family living is not included as part of net income. In general, inventory changes were considered in determining net income only when they were accounted for in replies based on income tax returns or other official records which reflect inventory changes, otherwise, inventory changes were not taken into account.

Social Security includes Social Security pensions and survivors' benefits, and permanent disability insurance payments made by the Social Security Administration prior to deductions for medical insurance and railroad retirement insurance checks from the U.S. Government. Medicare reimbursements are not included.

Supplemental Security income includes payments made by Federal, State, and local welfare agencies to low income persons who are (1) aged (65 years old or over), (2) blind, or (3) disabled.

Public assistance or welfare payments include public assistance payments such as aid to families with dependent children and general assistance. Separate payments received for hospital or other medical care (vendor payments) are excluded from this item.

Dividends, interest (on savings or bonds), income from estates or trusts, net rental income or royalties include dividends from stockholdings or membership in associations; interest on savings or bonds; periodic receipts from estates or trust funds; net income from rental of a house, store, or

other property to others; receipts from boarders or lodgers; and net royalties.

Unemployment compensation, veterans' payments, or worker's compensation include (1) Unemployment compensation received from government unemployment insurance agencies or private companies during periods of unemployment and any strike benefits received from union funds; (2) money paid periodically by the Veterans Administration to disabled members of the Armed Forces or to survivors of deceased veterans, subsistence allowances paid to veterans for education and on-the-job training, as well as so-called "refunds" paid to ex-servicemen as GI insurance premiums; and (3) worker's compensation received periodically from public or private insurance companies for injuries incurred at work. The cost of this insurance must have been paid by the employer and not by the person.

Private and government employee pensions include (1) Private pensions or retirement benefits paid to a retired person or his survivors by a former employer or by a union, either directly or through an insurance company; (2) government employee pensions received from retirement pensions paid by Federal, State, county, or other governmental agencies to former employees (including members of the Armed Forces) or their survivors.

Annuities, alimony, regular contributions from persons not living in the household, and other periodic income include the following types of income: (1) Periodic receipts from annuities or insurance; (2) alimony and child support; (3) contributions received periodically from persons not living in the household; (4) other periodic income such as military family allotments, net gambling winnings, and other kinds of periodic income other than earnings.

Government transfer payments include Social Security or railroad retirement, public assistance or welfare payments, Supplemental Security income, retirement and annuities, veterans' payment, and unemployment and worker's compensations.

Receipts not counted as income. Receipts from the following sources were not included as income: (1) Money received from the sale of property, such as stocks, bonds, a house, or a car (unless the person was engaged in the business of selling such property, in which case the net proceeds would be counted as income from self-employment); (2) withdrawals of bank deposits; (3) money borrowed; (4) tax refunds; (5) gifts; and (6) lump-sum inheritances or insurance payments.

All sources of income may be combined into two major types:

Total money earnings. The algebraic sum of money wages or salary and net income from farm and nonfarm self-employment.

Income other than earnings. The algebraic sum of all sources of money income except wages and salaries and income from self-employment.

Total money income. The algebraic sum of money wages and salaries, net income from self-employment, and income other than earnings represents total money income. The total income of a family is the algebraic sum of the amounts received by all income recipients in the family.

The income tables for families include in the lowest income group those who were classified as having no income in the income year and those reporting a loss in net income from farm and nonfarm self-employment or in rental income. Many of these were living on income "in kind," savings, or gifts, or were newly constituted families, or families in which the sole breadwinner had recently died or had left the household. However, many of the families who reported no income probably had some money income which was not recorded in the survey.

Median income. The median income is the amount which divides the distribution into two equal groups, one having incomes above the median, and the other having incomes below the median. The medians for families are based on all families. The medians for persons are based on the distributions of persons with income. The medians for wage or salary income, income from nonfarm self-employment, income from farm self-employment, and income other than earnings are based on the distributions of persons or families having these types of income.

Mean income. The mean income is the amount obtained by dividing the total income of a group by the number of units in that group (families or persons). The means for families are based on all families. The means for persons are based on the number of persons with income. The mean for a particular type of income is based on the number of persons or families with that particular type of income.

Poverty (low-income) classification. Families and unrelated individuals are classified as being above or below the poverty level using the poverty index adopted by a Federal Inter-agency Committee in 1969. This index is based on the Department of Agriculture's 1961 Economy Food Plan and reflects the different consumption requirements of families based on their size and composition, sex and age of the family head, and farm-nonfarm residence. It was determined from the Department of Agriculture's 1955 Survey of Food Consumption that families of three or more persons spend approximately one-third of their income on food; the poverty level for these families was, therefore, set at three times the cost of the economy food plan. For smaller families and persons living alone, the cost of the economy food plan was multiplied by factors that were slightly higher in order to compensate for the relatively larger fixed expenses of these smaller households. The poverty thresholds are updated every year to reflect changes in the Consumer Price Index (CPI). The poverty threshold for a nonfarm family of four was \$6,662 in 1978, about 7.6 percent higher than the comparable 1977 cutoff of \$6,191. For further details, see Current Population Reports, Series P-60, No. 124.

Weighted average thresholds at the poverty level. The poverty cutoffs used by the Bureau of the Census to determine the poverty status of families and unrelated individuals consist of a set of 124 thresholds arranged in a four-dimensional matrix consisting of family size (from one person, i.e., unrelated individuals, to seven-or-more-person families) cross-classified by presence and number of family members under 18 years old (from no children present to six or more children present), sex of head, and farm-nonfarm residence.

Unrelated individuals and two-person families are further differentiated by age of head (under 65 years and 65 years and over). The total family income of each family in the sample is tested against the appropriate dollar threshold to determine the poverty status of that family. If the family's total income is less than its corresponding cutoff, the family is classified as below the poverty level. The average thresholds shown in table A-1 were weighted by the presence and number of children. For example, for a given size of family, sex of head, and residence category, the weighted average threshold for that group is obtained by multiplying the threshold for each presence and number of children category within the given family size by the number of families in that category. These products are then aggregated across the entire range of presence and number of children categories, and the total aggregate is divided by the total number of families in the group to yield the weighted average threshold at the poverty level for that size family.

Because family composition varies by farm-nonfarm residence, the weighted average thresholds at the poverty

level for farm families, as shown in table A-1, will not be exactly 85 percent of the nonfarm levels. Moreover, since family composition does not remain constant from year to year, the weighted average thresholds for 1978 will not reflect identically the change in the CPI between 1978 and earlier years.

Since the basic thresholds used to determine the poverty status of families and unrelated individuals are applied to all families and unrelated individuals, the weighted poverty thresholds are derived using all families and unrelated individuals rather than just those families and unrelated individuals classified as below the poverty level. To obtain the weighted poverty thresholds for families and unrelated individuals below 125 percent of the poverty level, the weighted thresholds shown in table A-1 may be multiplied directly by 1.25.

Rounding. Percentages are rounded to the nearest tenth of a percent; therefore, the percentages in a distribution do not always add to exactly 100.0 percent. The totals, however, are always shown as 100.0. Moreover, individual figures are rounded to the nearest thousand without being adjusted to group totals, which are independently rounded; percentages are based on the unrounded numbers.

Symbols. A dash (—) represents or rounds to zero. The symbol "B" means that the base for the derived figure is less than 75,000. An "X" means not applicable.

Table A-1. Weighted Average Thresholds at the Poverty Level in 1978, by Size of Family, Sex of Householder, and Farm-Nonfarm Residence

Size of family unit	Total	Nonfarm			Farm		
		Total	Male householder ¹	Female householder ¹	Total	Male householder ¹	Female householder ¹
One person (unrelated individual).....	\$3,302	\$3,311	\$3,460	\$3,196	\$2,795	\$2,898	\$2,690
14 to 64 years.....	3,386	3,392	3,516	3,253	2,913	2,987	2,764
65 years and over.....	3,116	3,127	3,159	3,118	2,661	2,685	2,650
Two persons.....	4,225	4,249	4,258	4,206	3,578	3,582	3,497
Householder 14 to 65 years.....	4,363	4,383	4,407	4,286	3,731	3,737	3,614
Householder 65 years and over.....	3,917	3,944	3,948	3,923	3,352	3,354	3,313
Three persons.....	5,178	5,201	5,231	5,065	4,413	4,430	4,216
Four persons.....	6,628	6,662	6,665	6,632	5,681	5,683	5,622
Five persons.....	7,833	7,880	7,888	7,806	6,714	6,714	6,700
Six persons.....	8,825	8,891	8,895	8,852	7,541	7,543	7,462
Seven persons or more.....	10,926	11,002	11,038	10,765	9,373	9,386	8,813

¹For one person (unrelated individual), sex of the individual.

Appendix B.

Source and Reliability of the Estimates

SOURCE OF DATA

The estimates in this report are based on data collected in March and April of 1979 from the Current Population Survey (CPS) conducted by the Bureau of the Census and from supplementary questions to the CPS. The monthly CPS deals mainly with labor force data for the civilian non-institutional population. Questions relating to labor force participation are asked about each member 14 years old and over in every sample household. The present CPS sample was initially selected from the 1970 census files and is updated continuously to reflect new construction where possible. The sample was spread over 614 areas with coverage in each of the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

In the March sample, approximately 56,000 occupied households were eligible for interview. Interviews were not obtained at about 3,000 of these occupied units because the occupants were not found at home after repeated calls or were unavailable for some other reason. In addition to the 56,000 occupied units, about 10,000 sample addresses were visited but found to be vacant or otherwise ineligible for interview.

About 40,000 of the households interviewed in March were interviewed again in April. Women 18 years of age and older were asked supplemental questions regarding child support and alimony payments. These responses were successfully matched to the March responses for 37,033 of the 40,981 eligible women who were interviewed in March.¹ Child support and alimony information was imputed for the other 3,948 eligible women. Table B-1 gives sample sizes and imputation rates by marital status.

The estimation procedure used in this survey involves the inflation of weighted sample results to independent estimates of the civilian noninstitutional population of the United States by age, race, and sex. These independent estimates are based on statistics from decennial censuses; statistics on births, deaths, immigration, and emigration; and statistics on the strength of the Armed Forces.

RELIABILITY OF THE ESTIMATES

Since the estimates in this report are based on a sample, they may differ somewhat from the figures that would have been obtained if a complete census had been taken using the same questionnaires, instructions and enumerators. There are

two types of errors possible in an estimate based on a sample survey: sampling and nonsampling. The standard errors provided for this report primarily indicate the magnitude of the sampling error. They also partially measure the effect of some nonsampling errors in response and enumeration, but do not measure any systematic biases in the data. The full extent of the nonsampling error is unknown. Consequently, particular care should be exercised in the interpretation of figures based on a relatively small number of cases or on small differences between estimates.

Nonsampling variability. Nonsampling errors in surveys can be attributed to many sources, e.g., inability to obtain information about all cases in the sample, definitional difficulties, differences in the interpretation of questions, inability or unwillingness of respondents to provide correct information, inability to recall information, errors made in collection such as in recording or coding the data, errors made in processing the data, errors made in imputing values for missed data, and failure to represent all sample households and persons within sample households (undercoverage).

In this regard, special note should be made of the high imputation rates that were required to obtain child support and alimony information for women who are currently divorced or separated or who have never been married (table B-1). This imputation can cause biases to the extent that women who did not respond have different characteristics than those who did respond.

Undercoverage in the CPS results from missed housing units and missed persons within sample households. Overall undercoverage, as compared to the level of the 1970 decennial census, is about 5 percent. It is known that CPS undercoverage varies with age, sex, and race. Generally, undercoverage is larger for males than for females and larger for Blacks and other races than for Whites. Ratio estimation to independent age-sex-race population controls, as described previously, partially corrects for the bias due to survey undercoverage. However, biases exist in the estimates to the extent that missed persons in missed households or missed persons in interviewed households have different characteristics than interviewed persons in the same age-sex-race group. Further, the independent population controls used have not been adjusted for undercoverage in the 1970 census, which was estimated at 2.5 percent of the population, with similar undercoverage differentials by age, sex, and race as in CPS.

A coverage improvement sample was included in computing the estimates beginning in 1978 in order to provide coverage of mobile homes and new construction housing units which previously had no chance for selection in the

¹ The main reasons why responses were not obtained for all eligible women interviewed in March are families who have relocated and April nonresponse.

CPS sample. This sample is composed of approximately 450 sample household units which represent 237,000 occupied mobile homes and 600,000 new construction housing units. These new construction units are composed of those units where building permits were issued prior to January 1970 and construction was not completed by the time of the 1970 census (i.e., April 1970). The extent of other sources of housing undercoverage is unknown but believed to be small. The inclusion of this coverage improvement sample in the CPS does not have a significant effect on the estimates.

In most cases the questionnaire entries for income are based on the memory or knowledge of one person. The memory factor in data derived from field surveys of income probably produces underestimates because the tendency is to forget minor or irregular sources of income. Other errors of reporting are due to misrepresentation or to misunderstanding as to the scope of the income concept.

Sampling variability. The standard errors given in the detailed tables and in tables B-2 and B-3 are primarily measures of sampling variability, that is, of the variation that occurred by chance because a sample rather than the entire population was surveyed. The sample estimate and its standard error enable one to construct confidence intervals, ranges that would include the average result of all possible samples with a known probability. For example, if all possible samples were selected, each of these being surveyed under essentially the same general conditions and using the same sample design, and if an estimate and its standard error were calculated from each sample, then

1. Approximately 68 percent of the intervals from one standard error below the estimate to one standard error above the estimate would include the average result of all possible samples.
2. Approximately 90 percent of the intervals from 1.6 standard errors below the estimate to 1.6 standard errors above the estimate would include the average result of all possible samples.
3. Approximately 95 percent of the intervals from two standard errors below the estimate to two standard errors above the estimate would include the average result of all possible samples.

The average estimate derived from all possible samples is or is not contained in any particular computed interval. However, for a particular sample, one can say with a specified

confidence that the average estimate derived from all possible samples is included in the confidence interval.

Standard errors may also be used to perform hypothesis testing, a procedure for distinguishing between population parameters using sample estimates. The most common types of hypotheses appearing in this report are (1) the population parameters are identical or (2) they are different. An example of this would be comparing the mean annual income of men versus the mean annual income of women. Tests may be performed at various levels of significance, where a level of significance is the probability of concluding that the parameters are different when, in fact, they are identical.

All statements of comparison in the text have passed a hypothesis test at the 0.10 level of significance or better, and most have passed a hypothesis test at the 0.05 level of significance or better. This means that, for most differences cited in the text, the estimated difference between parameters is greater than twice the standard error of the difference. For the other differences mentioned, the estimated difference between parameters is between 1.6 and 2.0 times the standard error of the difference. When this is the case, the statement of comparison will be qualified in some way; e.g., by use of the phrase "some evidence."

Note when using small estimates. Summary measures (such as means, medians, and percent distributions) are shown in the report only when the base is 75,000 or greater. Because of the large standard errors involved, there is little chance that summary measures would reveal useful information when computed on a smaller base. Estimated numbers are shown, however, even though the relative standard errors of these numbers are larger than those for the corresponding percentages. These smaller estimates are provided primarily to permit such combinations of the categories as serve each user's needs.

Standard error tables and their use. In order to derive standard errors that would be applicable to a large number of estimates and could be prepared at a moderate cost, a number of approximations were required. Therefore, instead of providing an individual standard error for each estimate, generalized sets of standard errors are provided for various types of characteristics. As a result, the sets of standard errors provided give an indication of the order of magnitude of the standard error of an estimate rather than the precise standard error.

The figures presented in tables B-2 and B-3 are approximations to standard errors of various estimates for women

Table B-1. Sample Size and Imputation Rates

Marital status	Sample size	Imputed cases	Rate
Total.....	40,981	3,948	9.6
Married or widowed.....	30,473	2,420	7.9
Divorced.....	2,686	488	18.2
Separated.....	1,119	233	20.8
Never married.....	6,703	807	12.0

in the United States. Estimated standard errors for specific characteristics cannot be obtained from tables B-2 and B-3 without the use of the factors in table B-4. These factors must be applied to the generalized standard errors in order to adjust for the combined effect of sample design and estimating procedure on the value of the characteristic.

Standard errors for intermediate values not shown in the generalized tables of standard errors may be approximated by linear interpolation. Standard errors of estimated means and medians are provided in the detailed tables.

Two parameters (denoted "a" and "b") are used to calculate standard errors for each type of characteristic; they are also presented in table B-4. These parameters were used to calculate the standard errors in tables B-2 and B-3 and to calculate the factors in table B-4. They also may be used to directly calculate the standard errors for estimated numbers and percentages. Methods for direct computation are given in the following sections.

Standard errors of estimated numbers. The approximate standard error, σ_x , of an estimated number shown in this report can be obtained in two ways. It may be obtained by use of the formula

$$\sigma_x = f\sigma \tag{1}$$

where f is the appropriate factor from table B-4 and σ is the standard error on the estimate obtained by interpolation from table B-2. Alternatively, standard errors may be approximated by using formula (2), from which the standard errors were calculated in table B-2. Use of this formula will provide more accurate results than the use of formula (1).

$$\sigma_x = \sqrt{ax^2 + bx} \tag{2}$$

Here x is the size of the estimate and a and b are the parameters in table B-4 associated with the particular type of characteristic.

Standard errors of estimated percentages. The reliability of an estimated percentage, computed using sample data for

both numerator and denominator, depends upon both the size of the percentage and the size of the total upon which this percentage is based. Estimated percentages are relatively more reliable than the corresponding estimates of the numerators of the percentages, particularly if the percentages are 50 percent or more. When the numerator and denominator of the percentage are in different categories, use the factor or parameters from table B-4 indicated by the numerator. The approximate standard error, $\sigma_{(x,p)}$, of an estimated percentage can be obtained by use of the formula

$$\sigma_{(x,p)} = f\sigma \tag{3}$$

In this formula, f is the appropriate factor from table B-4; σ is the standard error on the estimate from table B-3. Alternatively, standard errors may be approximated by using formula (4), from which the standard errors in table B-3 were calculated; direct computation will give more accurate results than use of the standard error tables and the factors.

$$\sigma_{(x,p)} = \sqrt{\frac{b}{x} \cdot p (100 - p)} \tag{4}$$

Here x is the size of the subclass of women which is the base of the percentage, p is the percentage ($0 < p < 100$), and b is the parameter in table B-4 associated with the particular type of characteristic in the numerator of the percentage.

Illustration of the use of standard error tables. Table A of the text shows that there were 3,424,000 women, with own children under 21 years of age present from an absent father, who were supposed to receive child support payments in 1978. Table B-4 indicates that the appropriate "a" and "b" parameters to use in calculating a standard error for this estimate are a = -0.000023 and b = 4667. Using formula (2), the approximate standard error is

$$\sqrt{(-0.000023) (3,424,000)^2 + 4667 (3,424,000)} \doteq 125,000$$

This standard error can also be obtained from formula (1) using table B-2 and the "f" factor from table B-4. Using

Table B-2. Standard Errors of Estimated Numbers of Women: 1978

(Numbers in thousands)

Size of estimate	Standard error ¹	Size of estimate	Standard error ¹
10.....	5	6,000.....	121
75.....	14	7,000.....	130
250.....	25	8,000.....	139
500.....	35	9,000.....	147
1,000.....	50	10,000.....	155
2,000.....	71	11,000.....	162
3,000.....	86	12,000.....	169
4,000.....	99	13,000.....	175
5,000.....	111	15,000.....	187

¹These values must be multiplied by the appropriate factor in table B-4 to obtain the correct standard error.

Table B-3. General Standard Errors of Estimated Percentages of Women: 1978

Base of estimated percentage (thousands)	Estimated percentage ¹				
	2 or 98	5 or 95	10 or 90	25 or 75	50
75.....	2.6	4.0	5.5	7.9	9.2
200.....	1.6	2.4	3.4	4.9	5.6
300.....	1.3	2.0	2.7	4.0	4.6
400.....	1.1	1.7	2.4	3.4	4.0
500.....	1.0	1.5	2.1	3.1	3.5
600.....	0.9	1.4	1.9	2.8	3.2
800.....	0.8	1.2	1.7	2.4	2.8
1,000.....	0.7	1.1	1.5	2.2	2.5
1,200.....	0.6	1.0	1.4	2.0	2.3
1,500.....	0.6	0.9	1.2	1.8	2.0
2,000.....	0.5	0.8	1.1	1.5	1.8
3,000.....	0.4	0.6	0.9	1.3	1.4
4,000.....	0.4	0.5	0.8	1.1	1.3
5,000.....	0.3	0.5	0.7	1.0	1.1
10,000.....	0.2	0.3	0.5	0.7	0.8
15,000.....	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.6	0.6

¹These values must be multiplied by the appropriate factor in table B-4 to obtain the correct standard error.

Table B-4. "a" and "b" Parameters and "f" Factors for Calculating Approximate Standard Errors of Estimated Numbers and Percentages of Women: 1978

Type of characteristic ¹	Parameter		f factor
	a	b	
INCOME (except poverty)			
Total or White.....	-0.000012	2,513	1.00
Black.....	-0.000103	2,873	1.07
Spanish origin.....	-0.000045	6,741	1.64
NONINCOME (except poverty)			
Total or White.....	-0.000023	4,667	1.36
Black.....	-0.000280	6,693	1.63
Spanish origin.....	-0.000057	9,959	1.99
BELOW THE POVERTY LEVEL			
Total or White.....	-0.000080	10,595	2.05
Black.....	-0.000677	10,595	2.05
Spanish origin.....	-0.000276	25,904	3.21

¹For metropolitan and nonmetropolitan areas, multiply the "a" and "b" parameters by 2. To obtain the appropriate "f" factor, multiply by 1.4.

formula (1), the approximate standard error is $(1.36)(92,000) \div 125,000$. The 68-percent confidence interval as shown by the data is from 3,299,000 to 3,549,000. Therefore, a conclusion that the average estimate derived from all possible samples lies within a range computed in this way would be correct for roughly 68 percent of all possible samples. Similarly, we could conclude that the average estimate derived from all possible samples lies within the

interval 3,174,000 to 3,674,000 (using twice the standard error) with 95 percent confidence.

Table A also shows that 71.6 percent of these 3,424,000 women actually received child support payments in 1978. Table B-3 indicates the general standard error on this percentage to be 1.2 percentage points. Using formula (3) with the appropriate "f" factor from table B-4, an approximate standard error is $(1.36)(1.2) = 1.6$ percentage points. An

approximate standard error can also be obtained from formula (4). In this case, the approximate standard error is

$$\sqrt{\frac{4667}{3,424,000}} (71.6) (28.4) \doteq 1.7 \text{ percentage points}$$

Using the second approximation, the 68-percent confidence interval as shown by these data is from 69.9 to 73.3 percent, and the 95-percent confidence interval is from 68.2 to 75.0 percent.

Standard error of a difference. For a difference between two sample estimates, the standard error is approximately equal to the square root of the sum of the squared standard errors of the estimates; the estimates can be of numbers, percents, ratios, etc. This will represent the actual standard error quite accurately for the difference between two estimates of the same characteristic in two different areas, or for the difference between separate and uncorrelated characteristics in the same area. If, however, there is a high positive (negative) correlation between the estimates of the two characteristics, the formula will overestimate (underestimate) the true standard error.

Illustration of the computation of the standard error of a difference. Table 2 of the report shows that the mean annual amount of child support for those women who actually received at least some child support in 1978 was \$1,951 for currently divorced women and \$976 for never married women. It also shows that the standard errors on these estimates are \$83 and \$147, respectively. Thus the approximate standard error on the difference is

$$\sqrt{(\$83)^2 + (\$147)^2} \doteq \$169$$

This means that the 68-percent confidence interval on the difference of \$975 as shown by these data is from \$806 to \$1,144. Therefore, a conclusion that the average estimate derived from all possible samples lies within a range computed in this way would be correct for roughly 68 percent of all possible samples. The corresponding 95-percent confidence interval is from \$637 to \$1,313. Since this interval does not contain zero, we can conclude with 95 percent confidence that currently divorced women received higher child support payments in 1978 than women who had never been married.

STANDARD ERRORS OF ESTIMATED MEANS AND MEDIANS

Estimated standard errors are provided for the means and medians of the published income distributions and do not need to be calculated by the user. However, because of the approximations used in developing the formula used to estimate the standard errors of the mean, the standard error reported for this statistic will generally be an underestimate. Since some users may wish to combine two or more income

distributions and compute means and medians for the combined distribution, the following sections are provided to enable the user to calculate standard errors for these statistics.

Estimating the standard error of the mean. The standard error of a mean can be approximated by formula (5). Because of the approximations used in developing formula (5), an estimate of the standard error of the mean obtained from that formula will generally underestimate the true standard error. The formula used to estimate the standard error of a mean is

$$s_{\bar{x}} = \sqrt{\frac{b}{y} s^2} \quad (5)$$

where y is the size of the base and b is a parameter which depends on the sample size, the sample design, the estimation procedure, and the type of characteristic. The b values are given in table B-4. The variance, s^2 , is given by formula (6):

$$s^2 = \sum_{i=1}^c p_i \bar{x}_i^2 - \bar{x}^2 \quad (6)$$

where \bar{x} is the mean of the distribution;

c is the number of groups; i indicates a specific group, thus taking on values 1 through c ;

p_i is the estimated proportion of women whose values, for the characteristic (x -values) being considered, fall in group i .

$\bar{x}_i = (Z_{i-1} + Z_i) / 2$ where Z_{i-1} and Z_i are the lower and upper interval boundaries, respectively, for group i .

\bar{x}_i is assumed to be the most representative value for the characteristic for women in group i . Group c is open-ended, i.e., no upper interval boundary exists. For this group an approximate average value is

$$\bar{x}_c = \frac{3}{2} Z_{c-1}.$$

When two or more distributions are combined, the mean of the combined distribution is

$$\bar{x} = \frac{1}{y} \sum_j \bar{x}_j y_j$$

where \bar{x}_j is the mean of the j^{th} distribution, y_j is the base of the j^{th} distribution, and $y = \sum_j y_j$. This mean must be computed by the user.

Standard error of a median. The sampling variability of an estimated median depends upon the form of the distribution as well as the size of its base. An approximate method for

measuring the reliability of an estimated median is to determine a confidence interval about it. (See the section on sampling variability for a general discussion of confidence intervals.) The following procedure may be used to estimate the 68-percent confidence limits of a median based on sample data.

1. Determine, using the standard error tables and factors or formula (4), the standard error of the estimate of 50 percent from the distribution;
2. Add to and subtract from 50 percent the standard error determined in step (1);
3. Using the distribution of the characteristic and linear interpolation, calculate the values from the distribution corresponding to the two points established in step (2). These values will be the limits for the confidence interval.

The formula used to implement step (3) is

$$x_{pN} = \frac{N_1 - pN}{N_1 - N_2} (A_2 - A_1) + A_1 \quad (7)$$

where N = total number of women in the distribution.
 x_{pN} = estimated income for which the number pN , ($0 < p < 1$), of women in the distribution have larger incomes. For the purposes of calculating the confidence interval, p takes on the two values in step (2). Note that the median can be approximated by using $p = .50$ in the formula.

A_1 and A_2 = the estimated incomes which are the lower and upper bounds, respectively, on the interval in which x_{pN} falls.

N_1 and N_2 = the estimated number of women with incomes greater than A_1 and A_2 , respectively.

A 95-percent confidence interval may be determined by finding the values corresponding to 50 percent plus and minus twice the standard error determined in step (1).

Illustration of the computation of a confidence interval for a median. Table 1 of the report shows that the median income in 1978 for women that were not awarded child support payments but had at least some income is estimated to be \$3,105. Table 1 also shows that the base of the distribution from which this median was determined is 2,630,000.

1. Using formula (4), the standard error of 50 percent on a base of 2,630,000 is about 1.5 percentage points.
2. To obtain a 95-percent confidence interval on the estimated median, add to and subtract from 50 percent twice the standard error found in step (1). This yields percent limits of 47.0 and 53.0.
3. From table 1, the income of 2,091,000 (79.5 percent) of these women was at least \$2,000, the income of 1,370,000 (52.1 percent) of these women was at least \$3,000, and the income of 851,000 (32.4 percent) was at least \$4,000. Thus, the lower limit of the 95-percent confidence interval falls in the income interval \$2,000 to \$2,999, and the upper limit and the median fall in the income interval \$3,000 to \$3,999. Using formula (7), the lower limit on the estimate is approximately

$$\frac{2,091,000 - (0.530) (2,630,000)}{2,091,000 - 1,370,000} (\$3,000 - \$2,000) + \$2,000 \doteq \$2,967$$

Similarly, the upper limit is approximately

$$\frac{1,370,000 - (0.470) (2,630,000)}{1,370,000 - 851,000} (\$4,000 - \$3,000) + \$3,000 \doteq \$3,258$$

Thus, the 95-percent confidence interval on the estimated median is from \$2,967 to \$3,258.

Appendix C. Facsimile—Form CPS-1 Basic Questionnaire

INTERVIEWER CHECK ITEM Only CPS-1 for household <input type="checkbox"/> First CPS-1 of continuation h'hold <input type="checkbox"/> Second CPS-1 of continuation h'hold <input type="checkbox"/> Third, fourth, and fifth CPS-1 <input type="checkbox"/>	FORM CPS-1  U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE Bureau of the Census CURRENT POPULATION SURVEY Form Approved - O.M.B. No. 41-R1202-14 Foatic 28.1:1	CONTROL NUMBER _____ _____ _____ PSU SEGMENT SERIAL
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LINE NO. OF H' HOLD RESP. _____ NON H' HOLD RESPONDENT <input type="checkbox"/> <i>(Specify and Send Intercomm)</i>
INTERVIEW ANY ENTRY OTHER THAN NEVER WORKED IN ITEMS 23A-E IN THIS CPS-1 { Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> NONINTERVIEW TYPE A <input type="checkbox"/> TYPE B <input type="checkbox"/> TYPE C <input type="checkbox"/> (SEND INTER COMM)

TELEPHONE HOLD <i>(Mark this box for office "telephone hold" cases only)</i> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 60px; height: 20px; margin: 10px auto;"></div>
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CURRENT
 FACSIMILE
 POPULATION
 SURVEY

Basic Questionnaire

FIRST CHILD			
0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	18B. RELATIONSHIP TO REFERENCE PERSON (Convert Rotation 5 to Ref. Person)	18C. AGE	18E. SEX Male..... 0 Female..... 0
	Own child	0 7 0	
	Brother/Sister	1 8 0	
	Other relative of Reference Person	2 9 0	1. White..... 0
	Non-rel. of Reference Person - WITH OWN rels. in household	3 10 0	2. Black..... 0
	Non-rel. of Reference Person - NO OWN rels. in household	4 11 0	3. Amer. Indian, Aleut, Eskimo
	5 12 0	4. Asian or Pacific Islander	
	6 13 0	5. Other..... 0	

FIFTH CHILD			
0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	18B. RELATIONSHIP TO REFERENCE PERSON (Convert Rotation 5 to Ref. Person)	18C. AGE	18E. SEX Male..... 0 Female..... 0
	Own child	0 7 0	
	Brother/Sister	1 8 0	
	Other relative of Reference Person	2 9 0	1. White..... 0
	Non-rel. of Reference Person - WITH OWN rels. in household	3 10 0	2. Black..... 0
	Non-rel. of Reference Person - NO OWN rels. in household	4 11 0	3. Amer. Indian, Aleut, Eskimo
	5 12 0	4. Asian or Pacific Islander	
	6 13 0	5. Other..... 0	

SECOND CHILD			
0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	18B. RELATIONSHIP TO REFERENCE PERSON (Convert Rotation 5 to Ref. Person)	18C. AGE	18E. SEX Male..... 0 Female..... 0
	Own child	0 7 0	
	Brother/Sister	1 8 0	
	Other relative of Reference Person	2 9 0	1. White..... 0
	Non-rel. of Reference Person - WITH OWN rels. in household	3 10 0	2. Black..... 0
	Non-rel. of Reference Person - NO OWN rels. in household	4 11 0	3. Amer. Indian, Aleut, Eskimo
	5 12 0	4. Asian or Pacific Islander	
	6 13 0	5. Other..... 0	

SIXTH CHILD			
0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	18B. RELATIONSHIP TO REFERENCE PERSON (Convert Rotation 5 to Ref. Person)	18C. AGE	18E. SEX Male..... 0 Female..... 0
	Own child	0 7 0	
	Brother/Sister	1 8 0	
	Other relative of Reference Person	2 9 0	1. White..... 0
	Non-rel. of Reference Person - WITH OWN rels. in household	3 10 0	2. Black..... 0
	Non-rel. of Reference Person - NO OWN rels. in household	4 11 0	3. Amer. Indian, Aleut, Eskimo
	5 12 0	4. Asian or Pacific Islander	
	6 13 0	5. Other..... 0	

THIRD CHILD			
0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	18B. RELATIONSHIP TO REFERENCE PERSON (Convert Rotation 5 to Ref. Person)	18C. AGE	18E. SEX Male..... 0 Female..... 0
	Own child	0 7 0	
	Brother/Sister	1 8 0	
	Other relative of Reference Person	2 9 0	1. White..... 0
	Non-rel. of Reference Person - WITH OWN rels. in household	3 10 0	2. Black..... 0
	Non-rel. of Reference Person - NO OWN rels. in household	4 11 0	3. Amer. Indian, Aleut, Eskimo
	5 12 0	4. Asian or Pacific Islander	
	6 13 0	5. Other..... 0	

SEVENTH CHILD			
0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	18B. RELATIONSHIP TO REFERENCE PERSON (Convert Rotation 5 to Ref. Person)	18C. AGE	18E. SEX Male..... 0 Female..... 0
	Own child	0 7 0	
	Brother/Sister	1 8 0	
	Other relative of Reference Person	2 9 0	1. White..... 0
	Non-rel. of Reference Person - WITH OWN rels. in household	3 10 0	2. Black..... 0
	Non-rel. of Reference Person - NO OWN rels. in household	4 11 0	3. Amer. Indian, Aleut, Eskimo
	5 12 0	4. Asian or Pacific Islander	
	6 13 0	5. Other..... 0	

FOURTH CHILD			
0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	18B. RELATIONSHIP TO REFERENCE PERSON (Convert Rotation 5 to Ref. Person)	18C. AGE	18E. SEX Male..... 0 Female..... 0
	Own child	0 7 0	
	Brother/Sister	1 8 0	
	Other relative of Reference Person	2 9 0	1. White..... 0
	Non-rel. of Reference Person - WITH OWN rels. in household	3 10 0	2. Black..... 0
	Non-rel. of Reference Person - NO OWN rels. in household	4 11 0	3. Amer. Indian, Aleut, Eskimo
	5 12 0	4. Asian or Pacific Islander	
	6 13 0	5. Other..... 0	

EIGHTH CHILD			
0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	18B. RELATIONSHIP TO REFERENCE PERSON (Convert Rotation 5 to Ref. Person)	18C. AGE	18E. SEX Male..... 0 Female..... 0
	Own child	0 7 0	
	Brother/Sister	1 8 0	
	Other relative of Reference Person	2 9 0	1. White..... 0
	Non-rel. of Reference Person - WITH OWN rels. in household	3 10 0	2. Black..... 0
	Non-rel. of Reference Person - NO OWN rels. in household	4 11 0	3. Amer. Indian, Aleut, Eskimo
	5 12 0	4. Asian or Pacific Islander	
	6 13 0	5. Other..... 0	

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FACSIMILE

Basic Questionnaire

18. LINE NUMBER

19. What was ... doing most of LAST WEEK -

Working Keeping house Going to school or something else?

Working (Skip to 20A) ... WK

With a job but not at work ... J

Looking for work ... LK

Keeping house ... H

Going to school ... S

Unable to work (Skip to 24) ... U

Retired ... R

Other (Specify) ... OT

20. Did ... do any work at all LAST WEEK, not counting work around the house? (Note: If farm or business operator in hh., ask about unpaid work)

Yes No (Go to 21)

20A. How many hours did ... work LAST WEEK at all jobs?

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 (Skip to item 23)

1-34 (Go to 20C)

35-48 (Go to 20D)

20B. INTERVIEWER CHECK ITEM

49+ (Skip to item 23)

1-34 (Go to 20C)

20C. Does ... USUALLY work 35 hours or more a week at this job?

Yes No (Skip to 23)

What is the reason ... worked less than 35 hours LAST WEEK?

What is the reason ... USUALLY works less than 35 hours a week?

(Mark the appropriate reason)

Slack work

Material shortage

Plant or machine repair

New job started during week

Job terminated during week

Could find only part-time work

Holiday (Legal or religious)

Labor dispute

Bad weather

Own illness

On vacation

Too busy with housework, school, personal bus., etc.

Did not want full-time work

Full-time work week under 35 hours

Other reason (Specify)

(Skip to 23 and enter job worked at last week)

20D. Did ... lose any time or take any time off LAST WEEK for any reason such as illness, holiday or slack work?

Yes No (Skip to 23)

How many hours did ... take off?

(Correct 20A if last time not already deducted; if 20A reduced below 35, correct 20B and fill 20C; otherwise, skip to 23.)

20E. Did ... work any overtime or at more than one job LAST WEEK?

Yes No (Skip to 23)

How many extra hours did ... work?

(Correct 20A and 20B as necessary if extra hours not already included and skip to 23.)

21. (If 19 in 19, skip to 21A.) Did ... have a job or business from which he was temporarily absent or on layoff LAST WEEK?

Yes No (Go to 22)

21A. Why was ... absent from work LAST WEEK?

Own illness

On vacation

Bad weather

Labor dispute

New job to begin within 30 days (Skip to 22B and 22C2)

Temporary layoff (Under 30 days) (Skip to 22C3)

Indefinite layoff (30 days or more or no def. recall date) (Skip to 22C3)

Other (Specify) ...

21B. Is ... getting wages or salary for any of the time off LAST WEEK?

Yes No (Skip to 23 and enter job worked last week)

21C. Does ... usually work 35 hours or more a week at this job?

Yes No (Skip to 23)

22. (If LK in 19, skip to 22A.) Has ... been looking for work during the past 4 weeks?

Yes No (Go to 24)

22A. What has ... been doing in the last 4 weeks to find work? (Mark all methods used; do not read list.)

Checked with - pub. employ. agency

pvt. employ. agency

employer directly

friends or relatives

Placed or answered ads

Nothing (Skip to 24)

Other (Specify in notes, e.g., CETA, union or prof. register, etc.)

22B. Why did ... start looking for work? Was it because ... lost or quit a job at that time (pause) or was there some other reason?

Lost job

Quit job

Left school

Wanted temporary work

Other (Specify in notes)

22C. 1) How many weeks has ... been looking for work?

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 (Skip to item 23)

2) How many weeks has ... spent looking for work?

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 (Skip to item 23)

3) How many weeks ago was ... laid off?

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 (Skip to item 23)

22D. Has ... been looking for full-time or part-time work?

Full Part

22E. Is there any reason why ... could not take a job LAST WEEK?

Yes No (Skip to 23)

Already has a job

Temporary illness

Going to school

Other (Specify in notes)

22F. When did ... last work at a full-time job or business lasting 2 consecutive weeks or more?

Within last 12 months (Specify)

(Month)

One to five years ago

More than 5 years ago

Never worked at all

Never worked at all

(SKIP to 23. If layoff entered in 21A, enter job, either full or part time, from which laid off. Else enter last full time civilian job lasting 2 weeks or more, or "never worked.")

23. DESCRIPTION OF JOB OR BUSINESS

23A. For whom did ... work? (Name of company, business, organization or other employer.)

23B. What kind of business or industry is this? (For example: TV and radio mfg., retail shoe store, State Labor Dept., farm.)

23C. What kind of work was ... doing? (For example: electrical engineer, stock clerk, typist, farmer.)

23D. What were ...'s most important activities or duties? (For example: types, keeps account books, files, sells cars, operates printing press, finishes concrete.)

23E. Was this person

An employee of PRIVATE Co., bus., or individual for wages, salary or comm. ... P

A FEDERAL government employee ... F (Go to 23F)

A STATE government employee ... S

A LOCAL government employee ... L

Self-empl. in OWN bus., prof. practice, or farm

Is the business incorporated? { Yes ... I No (or farm) ... SE } (End questions)

Working WITHOUT PAY in fam. bus. or farm ... WP

NEVER WORKED ... NEV

23F. INTERVIEWER CHECK ITEM

Entry (or NA) in item 20A (Go to 25 at top of Page)

Entry (or NA) in item 21B

All other cases (End questions)

24. INTERVIEWER CHECK ITEM (Rotation number)

First digit of SEGMENT number is:

0 1 3 4 5 7 or 8 (End questions)

2 or 6 (Go to 24A)

24A. When did ... last work for pay at a regular job or business, either full- or part-time?

Within past 12 months

1 up to 2 years ago

2 up to 3 years ago (Go to 24B)

3 up to 4 years ago

4 up to 5 years ago

5 or more years ago (Skip to 24C)

Never worked

24B. Why did ... leave that job?

Personal, family (Incl. pregnancy) or school

Health

Retirement or old age

Seasonal job completed

Slack work or business conditions

Temporary nonseasonal job completed

Unsatisfactory work arrangements (Hours, pay, etc.)

Other

24C. Does ... want a regular job now, either full- or part-time?

Yes (Go to 24D)

Maybe - it depends (Specify in notes)

No (Skip to 24E)

Don't know

24D. What are the reasons ... is not looking for work? (Mark each reason mentioned)

Believes no work available in line of work or area

Couldn't find any work

Lacks nec. schooling, training, skills or experience

Employers think too young or too old

Other pers. handicap in finding job

Can't arrange child care

Family responsibilities

In school or other training

Ill health, physical disability

Other (Specify in notes)

Don't know

24E. Does ... intend to look for work of any kind in the next 12 months?

Yes

It depends (Specify in notes)

No

Don't know

(If entry in 24B, describe job in 23; otherwise, end questions.)

25. INTERVIEWER CHECK ITEM (Rotation number)

First digit of SEGMENT number is:

0 1 3 4 5 7 or 8 (End questions)

2 or 6 (Go to 25A)

25A. How many hours per week does ... USUALLY work at this job?

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9

25B. Is ... paid by the hour on this job?

Yes (Go to 25C)

No (Skip to 25D)

25C. How much does ... earn per hour?

Dollars Cents

\$

25D. What are the reasons ... is not looking for work? (Mark each reason mentioned)

Believes no work available in line of work or area

Couldn't find any work

Lacks nec. schooling, training, skills or experience

Employers think too young or too old

Other pers. handicap in finding job

Can't arrange child care

Family responsibilities

In school or other training

Ill health, physical disability

Other (Specify in notes)

Don't know

25E. How much does ... USUALLY earn per week at this job BEFORE deductions? Include any overtime pay, commissions, or tips usually received.

\$

(End questions)

Supplement

18A. LINE NUMBER	18B. RELATIONSHIP TO REFERENCE PERSON (Convert Rotation 5 to Ref. Person)	18C. AGE	18D. MARITAL STATUS	18E. SEX AND VETERAN STATUS	18F. HIGHEST GRADE ATTENDED	18G. GRADE COMPLETED	18H. RACE	18I. ORIGIN
0 0	Reference Person WITH other relatives in household	0 0	Married - civilian spouse present	Male (Also Mark Vet. Status)	E H C	Yes	1. White	0 0
1 1	Reference Person with NO other relatives in household	1 1	Married - Armed Forces spouse present	Vietnam Era	1 1 1	0	2. Black	1 1
2 2	Husband	2 2	Married - spouse absent (Exclude separated)	Korean War	2 2 2	0	3. Amer. Indian, Aleut, Eskimo	3 3
3 3	Wife	3 3	Widowed	World War II	3 3 3	0	4. Asian or Pacific Isl.	3 3
4 4	Own child	4 4	Divorced	World War I	4 4 4	0	5. Other	4 4
5 5	Parent	5 5	Separated	Other Service	5 5 5	0		5 5
6 6	Brother/Sister	6 6	Never married	Nonveteran	6 6 6	0		6 6
7 7	Other rel. of Ref. Person	7 7			7 7 7	0		7 7
8 8	Non-rel. of Ref. Person WITH OWN relatives in household	8 8		Female	8 8 8	0		8 8
9 9	Non-rel. of Ref. Person with NO OWN relatives in household	9 9			9 9 9	0		9 9

26. INTERVIEWER CHECK ITEM A. This unit is in: <input type="radio"/> Rotation 1 or 5 (End supplement) <input type="radio"/> Rotations 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, or 8 (Fill 26B) B. This person is: <input type="radio"/> FEMALE 18 years or older AND currently: <input type="radio"/> Married... (Skip to 29) <input type="radio"/> Widowed... (Skip to 30) <input type="radio"/> Divorced... (Skip to 30) <input type="radio"/> Separated... (Skip to 28) <input type="radio"/> Never married... (Ask 27) <input type="radio"/> All others... (Go to next person)	37. INTERVIEWER CHECK ITEM (See c.c. Items 14 and 18) Any (other) H.H. member 20 years old or under? <input type="radio"/> Yes - (Fill 38) <input type="radio"/> No - (Skip to 49)	44. During calendar year 1978, were you or your child(ren) SUPPOSED to receive any child support payments (Last divorce/separation)? <input type="radio"/> Yes - (Ask 45) <input type="radio"/> No - (Skip to 49)	50. Concerning your (last) divorce/separation, were alimony or maintenance payments agreed to or awarded? <input type="radio"/> Yes (Ask below): Was it a: <input type="radio"/> Voluntary written agreement?... (Ask 51) <input type="radio"/> Court ordered?... (Ask 51) <input type="radio"/> Other... (Ask 51) <input type="radio"/> No (Skip to 56)	57. As part of the settlement, did you receive - (Read categories and mark all that apply) - <input type="radio"/> The house or other real estate? <input type="radio"/> A one time cash settlement? <input type="radio"/> Other property (cars, furn.)? <input type="radio"/> Something other than what I have listed. <input type="radio"/> Or was there no settlement reached - (Skip to 59)
27. Has... ever had any children? <input type="radio"/> Yes - (Skip to 36) <input type="radio"/> No - (Go to next person)	38. INTERVIEWER CHECK ITEM This person is currently: <input type="radio"/> Never married - (Ask 39) <input type="radio"/> All other - (Skip to 40)	45. Did you receive these child support payments (Read categories)? <input type="radio"/> Regularly - (Skip to 47) <input type="radio"/> Occasionally <input type="radio"/> Seldom or <input type="radio"/> Never...? (Ask 46)	51. During 1978 were you SUPPOSED to receive alimony or maintenance payments? <input type="radio"/> Yes - (Ask 52) <input type="radio"/> No - (Skip to 56)	58. Which category on this card best represents the TOTAL NET VALUE of all property you received at the time of the settlement, that is, the amount you would have received if you had sold the property and paid off any mortgages or other debts? <input type="radio"/> A <input type="radio"/> B <input type="radio"/> C <input type="radio"/> D <input type="radio"/> E <input type="radio"/> F <input type="radio"/> G <input type="radio"/> H <input type="radio"/> Don't know
28. Is... separation - <input type="radio"/> Formal (Legal) or informal? (Skip to 30)	39. Are any of your children living here now? <input type="radio"/> Yes - (Ask 41) <input type="radio"/> No - (Go to next person)	46. What was the main reason you did not receive these payments regularly, was it because - (Read categories) - <input type="radio"/> Father deceased <input type="radio"/> Father institutionalized? (hospital, jail, etc.) <input type="radio"/> Father refused to pay? <input type="radio"/> Unable to locate father? <input type="radio"/> Some other reason? (Specify in notes) <input type="radio"/> Don't know	52. Did you receive these alimony or maintenance payments (Read categories) - <input type="radio"/> Regularly - (Skip to 54) <input type="radio"/> Occasionally <input type="radio"/> Seldom or <input type="radio"/> Never...? (Ask 53)	59. INTERVIEWER CHECK ITEM Entry in item 44 is: <input type="radio"/> "Yes" entry - (Ask 60) <input type="radio"/> "No" or blank - (Go to next person)
29. Has... been married more than once? <input type="radio"/> Yes - (Ask 30) <input type="radio"/> No - (Go to next person)	40. How many of the children living here now were fathered or adopted by your (most recently) divorced/separated husband? <input type="radio"/> None (Skip to 49) <input type="radio"/> One <input type="radio"/> Two <input type="radio"/> Three <input type="radio"/> Four <input type="radio"/> Five or more (Ask 41)	47. Together, how much in child support payments were you SUPPOSED to receive during 1978? \$.00	53. What was the main reason you did not receive all of these payments regularly, was it because your (previous) (Read categories) - <input type="radio"/> Husband deceased? <input type="radio"/> Husband institutionalized? (hospital, jail, etc.) <input type="radio"/> Husband refused to pay? <input type="radio"/> Unable to locate husband? <input type="radio"/> Some other reason? (Specify in notes) <input type="radio"/> Don't know	60. The following questions pertain to your (most recently) divorced/separated husband. Does he have any other children he is legally responsible to support? <input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Don't know (Ask 61)
30. How many times has... been married? 1 2 3 +	41. What are the names of these children? (Enter line number of first four)	48. How much in child support payments did you ACTUALLY receive during 1978? \$.00	54. Altogether how much in alimony or maintenance payments were you SUPPOSED to receive during 1978? \$.00	61. To the best of your knowledge, which category on this card best represents his total income for 1978? <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/> 6 <input type="radio"/> Don't know
31. What was the date of... (most recent) marriage? (Month) J F M A M J J A S O N D (Year 19 -) 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 <input type="radio"/> 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 <input type="radio"/> 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	42. Were child support payments agreed to or awarded (Last divorce or separation)? <input type="radio"/> Yes (Ask below): Was it a: <input type="radio"/> Voluntary written agreement?... (Ask 43) <input type="radio"/> Court ordered?... (Ask 43) <input type="radio"/> Other... (Ask 43) <input type="radio"/> No - (Skip to 49)	49. INTERVIEWER CHECK ITEM This person is currently: <input type="radio"/> Never married - (Go to next person) <input type="radio"/> All others - (Ask 50)	55. How much in alimony or maintenance payments did you ACTUALLY receive during 1978? \$.00	62. INTERVIEWER CHECK ITEM This person is currently: <input type="radio"/> Separated - (Skip to 59) <input type="radio"/> All others - (Ask 57)
32. INTERVIEWER CHECK ITEM This person is currently: <input type="radio"/> Married or widowed - (Ask 33) <input type="radio"/> Divorced or separated - (Skip to 34)	43. Were these payments to be received (Read categories) <input type="radio"/> Directly from child's father? <input type="radio"/> Through a court or public agency? <input type="radio"/> By some other method? (Specify in notes)	56. INTERVIEWER CHECK ITEM This person is currently: <input type="radio"/> Separated - (Skip to 59) <input type="radio"/> All others - (Ask 57)	63. INTERVIEWER REMINDER NOTICE <input type="radio"/> CALLBACK REQUIRED <input type="radio"/> CALLBACK COMPLETED	NOTES:
33. Has... ever been divorced? <input type="radio"/> Yes - (Ask 34) <input type="radio"/> No - (Go to next person)	35. Has... ever had or adopted any children? <input type="radio"/> Yes - (Ask 36) <input type="radio"/> No - (Skip to 49 - Ask questions of woman herself!)	36. How many has... ever had (or adopted)? 1 2 3 4 5 6 + (Fill 37)		

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