APPENDIX.

In the following appendix are arranged, under the names of the several States, such facts as regard the deficiencies of the schedules as seemed necessary to enable the reader to form correct conclusions from the text, and to make such corrections as were not within the sphere of the office. Only what was found upon the face of the schedules has, of course, been aggregated in the work.

Wherever any typographical error, or error in the calculations, has been discovered—in all perhaps a dozen or twenty—in any of the detailed statistics of the volume, they have very generally been corrected in the aggregate tables in the introductory part, and it has been left to the printer, or even in the filling out of type in the press-room, supposing every other chance of error removed. It is due, however, to the printers, or even in the filling out of type in the press-room, supposing every other chance of error removed. It is due, however, to the printers, or even in the filling out of type in the press-room, that the copies are so corrected in the largest part of the edition.

After the most careful proof-reading by two sets of persons, there is room still for error in the final revision of the printing offices, or even in the filling out of type in the press-room, supposing every other chance of error removed. It is due, however, to the printers, or even in the filling out of type in the press-room, that the copies are so corrected in the largest part of the edition.

To avoid repetition in the notes on the individual States, it is thought proper to insert here, by way of anticipation, a few remarks on some of the tables, which are applicable to the States generally.

Table II.—In the New England, Middle, and Western States, counties are divided into several civil divisions—generally cities, towns, and townships—and the assistant marshals have, in most instances, made defects in the returns of the population for each of these. The table of "Subdivisions" shows, as far as practicable, those details of the population. In some of these States, many towns and villages are returned by the officials as unincorporated, and belonging to certain townships. In order to show the population and proper locality of these, they have been placed on a short line under their respective townships. It will be observed that the population given is only the portion not included in its town or townships. The aggregate table of "Subdivisions" for the United States, however, gives opposite to each Civil Division its entire population, and includes all portions of it that may be stated independently. The returns for the Southern States, except Arkansas, do not show any complete system of subdivision of counties; accordingly, the table has been confined in these cases to a more statement of the population of such cities and towns as are ascertained upon the schedules. Even this table will show many omissions, consequent upon the vague and indefinite mode adopted by many of the officers in their returns.

Table VII.—In several of the States there seems to be no general Public School System, some particular counties or localities supporting public or free schools by taxes levied within their own limits. The different modes in the several States involve so much confusion in the returns, that no accurate distribution of them, as to public or private, has been found practicable. The plan adopted has been to arrange those schools showing taxation as sources of income (with some exceptions as to academies) in the table of public schools. Deficiencies of income will be frequently observed in the table of academies and other schools. In some cases this is owing to the income of all schools being returned in one amount, and consequently the revenue of private schools, which are generally the smallest number, are left blank. Another cause of these deficiencies is, that institutions of this character derive their chief support from tuition fees; and as there was no such definite line on the schedules, that of "Other sources" being intended to include it, it has no doubt been frequently overlooked by the officers. Probably, also, there has been sometimes unwillingness or inability to give returns of this kind.

Table X.—In the construction of these tables it was deemed advisable to follow as closely as possible the returns of the assistant marshals, notwithstanding some difficulties which seemed to require a greater condensation of the headings. The principal one arises from the fact that frequently two or more occupations are united under one general business, in which case the assistant marshals generally returns the individual as belonging to that particular employment which is the most common or important, and consequently the incidental pursuit is not shown in the table. An enumeration of some of these headings which might have been condensed, will at once show the mode of rewriting them consistent, viz: "Cabinet and chair makers," and "Undertakers," "Carpenters," "Joiners," and "Builders," "Clock and Watch makers," and "Jewellers," "Copper and Tin smiths," "Dairymen," and "Milliners," "Drivers," "Carriers," and "Travestees," "Machinists," and "Engine manufacturers," "Plough makers," and "Agricultural implement makers," "Life-tory-keepers," "Bar-keepers," "Luth., Silingly, and Straw makers," "&c., &c. Another apparent discrepancy results from the fact that frequently one individual has two distinct pursuits, or a regular and incidental occupancy. This case includes almost all holders of small offices, whose regular pursuit is given by the assistant marshals, but whose official occupation is lost. This will account for the small number of "Bank officers," "Insurance Company officers," "Clay, county, and town officers," &c., &c. A third difficulty is, that the officers have frequently returned the employers and operatives of large manufacturing establishments as "Laborers," and consequently the "Factory hands" are not sufficiently represented in the tables. To supply this deficiency, there is attached to each of the tables a brief statement of the number of male hands employed in several of the leading industries, as shown by the Industrial Schedules.

The Agricultural sheets of the United States, as condensed in the tables, whilst they do not undertake to give all of the agricultural productions, may be said to give a very fair idea of the results for the country in 1860. They have not been compared with other sources of information, of which there are a great many, public and private. The figures will not stand a very close examination; but if they are exactly as the assistant marshals rendered them, with the exception of Hemp, there were many difficulties in regard to this item. The assistant marshals, in a great many instances, made returns of tons when it was evident they meant pounds; and offprints of the figures in the column of hemp when they ought to have been placed in one of the adjoining ones. Letters were addressed to the officers in such cases, as well as to individuals who it was supposed could give information on the subject. The tables at stand were corrected in accordance with the replies received. In the States of Indiana and Illinois the returns were so confused, and all information from other sources so vague and indefinite, that it was deemed advisable to strike the items of Hemp from the Agricultural tables of those States.

By "Unimproved land" is only meant land connected with the improved, and in some sense necessary to its enjoyment, whether enclosed or not. There is, however, one exception to this, in Franklin county, Florida, where the schedules show 472,000 acres of improved land, the property of two individuals, and now improved.

Table XIV.—There are a great many deficiencies of accommodation and income in the returns of the churches, church property, &c., &c.

All the churches shown on the schedules have, however, been placed in the table, and the omissions not evident there have been pointed out in the notes which follow. Under the head of "Free" are included these churches which are open to the use of all or several religious denominations.
### NOTES ON MAINE

#### Table II—Population by Subdivision of Counties
- In this State, besides the general subdivision of counties into cities, towns, and townships, etc., the returns made by the assistant marshals indicate a more minute division under several general names, such as “Plantations,” “Grums,” etc. Some townships, also, with a limited population, are returned without any distinctive appellation beyond a description by numbers, letters, and ranges. Thus, in Aroostook county, “Deerfield Academy Grum” is returned with a population of 12; “Township No. 12, range 5,” population 11.” “Lector B, range 1,” population 22. These divisions are often classified upon the returns, and are in no inconsiderable extent, in fact is been questioned, as to throw all of the several designations, together, under the name of “towns” a term which is formed to have been used in the early compilation of the work, and which seems sufficiently comprehensive and descriptive. Under it is included all the population of the counties not given under the specific heading.

#### Table VII.—Colleges, Academies, Schools, etc.—Aroostook county
- 3 public schools, having 3 teachers and 131 pupils, are returned without income. 
  - Cumberland: 2 public schools, 2 teachers, 60 pupils; no income.
  - Hancock: 1 private school, 1 teacher, 50 pupils; no income.
  - Lincoln: 1 public school, 2 teachers, 50 pupils; no income.
  - Washington: 1 public school, 2 teachers, 60 pupils; no income.

#### Table XV.—Churches, Church Property, etc.—Aroostook county
- 1 Baptist and 1 Congregational church returned with no accommodation, nor value of property. 
  - Cumberland: 1 Baptist church, accommodation for 1,000; 1 Baptist, value $400; no accommodation.

#### Table XIV.— Churches, Church Property, etc.—Aroostook county
- 1 Baptist church, accommodation for 200; 1 Baptist, value $300; no accommodation.

### NOTES ON NEW HAMPSHIRE

#### Table IV.—Births, Marriages, etc.
- The following note in reference to the “Births” should have been appended to this table: “The figures include those only who were residing on this day, and are not approximate.”

#### Table VII.—Colleges, Academies, Schools, etc.—Belknap county
- 1 public school, 1 teacher, 50 pupils; no income. 
  - Carroll: 2 private schools, 120 pupils, $1,040 income.
  - Gilford: 1 public school, 1 teacher, 50 pupils; no income.

#### Table X.—Professions, Occupations, and Trades
- Total, 11,993, should read 11,993.

### NOTES ON MASSACHUSETTS

#### Table VII.—Colleges, Academies, Schools, etc.—Berkshire county
- 3 public schools, 75 teachers, 450 pupils; no income. 
  - Pittsfield: 1 public school, 1 teacher, 50 pupils; no income.
  - Stockbridge: 1 private school, 1 teacher, 50 pupils; no income.

### NOTES ON RHODE ISLAND

#### Table VII.—Colleges, Academies, Schools, etc.—Bristol county
- 6 private schools, 8 teachers, 200 pupils, no income. 

#### Table X.—Professions, Occupations, and Trades
- Total, 470, should read 470.
# NOTES ON THE STATES.

## Table XI.—Agriculture, Farm Implements, Stock, etc.—Washington county. "14,290" "milch cows," should read 4,390. Total, "26,830." "Milk cows," should read 18,833.

**Table XIV.** Churches, Church Property, etc.—Kent. 3 Baptist, accommodation for 372; no value. Newport, 3 Baptist; no accommodation or value. Providence, 2 Baptist, accommodation for 574; no value; 3 Mission Sects, accommodation for 659; no value, (united.)

## NOTES ON CONNECTICUT.

Population should read 27,316; dwellings, 4,725; families, 5,324. New Haven county.

**Table XVI.** Churches, Church Property, etc.—Fairfield county. 4 Episcopal, accommodation for 680; no value. Hartfield, 4 Baptist; no accommodation or value; 1 Baptist; neither accommodation or value. New London. 2 Methodist, accommodation for 276; no value; 1 Methodist; neither accommodation nor value. Windham. 1 Universalist, accommodation for 330; no value.

## NOTES ON NEW YORK.

**Table VII.** Colleges, Academies, Schools, etc.—Albany county. 20 private schools, 20 teachers; 895 pupils are returned, with no income. Brown. 4 private schools, 4 teachers; 55 pupils, no income. Cattaraugus. 13 private schools, 13 teachers, 202 pupils; no income. Cayuga. 8 public schools, 8 teachers, $855 income; no pupils. Chemung. 3 private schools, 4 teachers, 99 pupils; no income. Chenango. 35 private schools, 15 teachers, 575 pupils; no income. Columbia. 10 public schools, 440 pupils, $685 income; no teachers. Delaware. 35 public schools, 655 pupils, $1,713 income; no teachers. Essex. 12 private schools, 16 teachers, 597 pupils; no income. Erie. 12 private schools, 16 teachers, 597 pupils; no income. Geneva. 7 private schools, 7 teachers, 608 pupils; no income. Herkimer. 23 public schools, 1,697 pupils, $3,081 income; no teachers; 3 private schools, 3 teachers, 185 pupils; no income. Jefferson. 75 teachers in public schools, 3,877 pupils, $8,245 income; no number of schools; 1 private school, 4 teachers, 299 pupils; no income. Livingston. 2 private schools, 2 teachers, 116 pupils; no income. Livingston. 1 academy, no teachers, no pupils, nor income. 3 private schools, 3 teachers, 7 pupils; no income. Monticello. 13 private schools, 16 teachers, 472 pupils; no income. Montgomery. 4 teachers in public schools, 440 pupils, $561 income; no teachers. New York city. 1 college, no teachers, 100 pupils; no income; 11 public schools, 600 pupils, 5,621 income; no teachers; 1 academy, 16 private schools, 697 pupils, 2,074 income; no teachers. Otsego. 3 private schools, 3 teachers, 35 pupils; no income. Orange. 2 private schools, 4 teachers, 156 pupils; no income. Otsego. 1 private school, no teachers, 93 pupils; no income. Schoharie. 13 private schools, 13 teachers, 255 pupils; no income. St. Lawrence. 4 private schools, 4 teachers, 15 pupils; no income. Steuben. 3 private schools, 3 teachers, 70 pupils; no income. Queens. 4 private schools, 22 teachers, 448 pupils; no income. Schoharie. 7 private schools, 9 teachers, 303 pupils; no income. Schenectady. 2 private schools, 3 teachers, 55 pupils; no income. Schenectady. 3 private schools, 3 teachers, 55 pupils; no income. Schenectady. 13 private schools, 15 teachers, 205 pupils; no income. Steuben. 1 academy, 2 teachers, 100 pupils; no income. Suffolk. 1 academy, 2 teachers, 52 pupils; no income. 25 private schools, 26 teachers, 433 pupils; no income. Ulster. 329 pupils in public schools, $2,448 income; no number of schools nor teachers. Washington. 1 academy, 150 pupils, $1,415 income; no teachers; 3 private schools, 3 teachers, 150 pupils; no income. Warren. 8 private schools, 8 teachers, 530 pupils; no income. 

## NOTES ON NEW JERSEY.

**Table IX.** Villages in the State who have Read Dav. or West.—Toms River county. "112" female whites, should read 118.

**Table X.** Occupations, and Trades.—Bel-lancasters and mechanics, 7,027; should read, Bel-lancasters 23. Total, "86,680.

**Table XIV.** Churches, Church Property, etc.—Columbia county. 1 Baptist, accommodation for 86; 1 Christian, accommodation for 201; 1 Presbyterian, accommodation for 180; 1 Primitive, accommodation for 100; 1 Dutch Reformed, accommodation for 60; 1 Methodist, accommodation for 261; 1 Presbyterian, accommodation for 200; no value. Essex. 1 Congregational, $306 value; no accommodation. Honolulu. 1 Methodist, accommodation for 30; 2 Episcopal, accommodation for 20; 2 Methodist, accommodation for 50; no value. Morristown. 1 Baptist, accommodation for 200; 1 Presbyterian, accommodation for 200; 1 Episcopal, accommodation for 400; 2 Methodist, accommodation for 250; 1 Congregational, accommodation for 200; 1 Methodist, accommodation for 250; 1 Union, accommodation for 150; no value. Orange. 1 Congregational, accommodation for 150; no value. "Other Occupations." 1 Presbyterian, accommodation for 200; 1 Congregational, accommodation for 200; 1 Union, accommodation for 150; no value. Orange. 1 Congregational, accommodation for 150; no value. 

## NOTES ON PENNSYLVANIA.

**Table II.** Population of Counties.—Clarion county. "Erie" is incorrect; should read 695. Huntingdon. "Alex-

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*The data points and notes are extracted from a historical document titled "NOTES ON THE STATES." The table and notes include data on agriculture, population, schools, churches, and various occupations across different states. The data is presented in a structured format, detailing the number of teachers, students, and income from schools, churches, and other establishments.*
TABLE VII.—Colleges, Academies, Schools, etc.—Allegany county. 9 private schools 2 teachers, 75 pupils; no income: 2 theological seminaries, 4 teachers, 85 pupils, $10,900 income, are placed with "Academies," etc. Beren. 1 private school, 2 teachers, $400 income; no pupils: 1 private school, 25 pupils; no teachers nor income. Berks. 5 public schools, 5 teachers, 125 pupils; no income; 1 academy, 2 teachers, 60 pupils; no income. Blair. 20 public schools, 1,435 pupils, $1,971 income, with 17 teachers. Becks. 1 private school, 1 teacher, 20 pupils; no income. Butler. 10 public schools, 260 pupils, $165 income, with 2 teachers; no numbers of schools; no number of pupils; 1 academy, 3 teachers, 60 pupils; no income. Butler, 2 private schools, 3 teachers, 70 pupils; no income. Defiance. 3 private schools, 3 teachers, 70 pupils; no income. Elem. 12 public schools, 415 pupils, $1,958 income, with 17 teachers. Erie. 12 private schools, 355 pupils, $834 income, with 9 teachers. Fayette. 30 public schools, 1,919 pupils, $4,104 income, with 31 teachers. Franklin. 257 pupils in public schools, $415 income; no number of schools; no number of teachers nor pupils. Lebanon. 1 academy, 1 teacher, 35 pupils; no income. Lawrence. 22 public schools, 395 pupils; no number of schools; 2 private schools, 3 teachers, 65 pupils; no income. Lehigh. 2 private schools, 6 teachers, 65 pupils; no income. Luzerne. 22 public schools, 395 pupils; no number of schools; 2 private schools, 9 teachers, 295 pupils; no income. McKean. 46 public schools, 8,400 income, with 50 pupils, and no teachers. Montgomery. 7 public schools, 7 teachers, $1,163 income; no pupils: 6 teachers in public schools, 420 pupils, $1,719 income; no number of schools; 82 public schools, 58 teachers, 1,905 pupils; no income: 12 private schools, 14 teachers, 425 pupils; no income. Philadelphia. 1 noosephetic college, 10 teachers, 56 pupils. Public schools. Income—"$351,150" taxation, "$207,241" public funds, "$6,522" other sources, ":84,070 aggregate, should read "315,900 taxation, "335,472 public funds, ":340,478 aggregate: 28 public schools, 56 teachers, 1,405 pupils. No income. Somerset. 17 public schools, 17 teachers, 60 pupils; no income: 1 private school, 45 pupils; no teachers nor income. Susquehanna. 2 private schools, 3 teachers, 75 pupils; no income. Sullivan. 2 public schools, 2 teachers, 31 pupils; no income. Tioga. 10 public schools, 10 teachers, $367 income; no pupils: 1 public school, 2 teachers, 80 pupils; no income: 1 academy, 5 private schools, 6 teachers, 169 pupils; no income. Union. 61 teachers in public schools, 2,176 pupils, $3,372 income; no number of schools. Washington. 1 college, (Jefferson) ; no teachers, pupils, nor income, (omitted) 179 school pupils, $92 income; 2 academies; 8 teachers, 95 pupils; 1 public school, 1 teacher, 20 pupils; no income. Wayne. 6 public schools, 6 teachers, $141 income; 2 private schools, 2 teachers, 45 pupils; 16 public schools, 4,158 pupils, $4,326 income, with 43 teachers: 2 private schools, 10 teachers, 63 pupils; no income. York. 20 public schools, 20 teachers, 680 pupils; no income: 7 public schools, 150 pupils; no teachers nor income: 8 private schools, 10 teachers, 295 pupils; no income. —Tamaqua. — "36,125."

This item appeared so large that a second examination was made. This proved the correctness of the figures, and showed that, in addition to those employed in the rural districts followed this occupation; evidently manufacturing cloths, etc., for domestic use.

TABLE XIV.—Churches, Church Property, etc.—Allegany county. 1 Jewish, accommodation for 250; no value, (omitted) 1 Methodist, accommodation for 50; no value, (omitted) 1 Presbyterian, accommodation for 150; no value, (omitted) 1 Roman Catholic, accommodation for 250; no value, (omitted) 1 total, "0,000" value; no accommodation. Baptist. 1 Free, 

1850. value; no accommodation. Baptist. 1 Baptist, accommodation for 75; no value. Baptist. 1 Methodist, accommodation for 420, 1 Teacher, accommodation for 150; no value: 1 Lutheran, $3,000 income: no accommodation. Lehigh, 1 German Reformed, no accommodation nor value. Bethlehem. 1 Baptist, "500 value; no accommodation; erroneously omitted. Morristown, 1 Congregational, 1 Methodist, 1 Presbyterian, no accommodation nor value. Montrose, 1 Congregational, 1 Methodist, 1 stale church, 1 school, 8 teachers, 102 pupils; no income. Niles. 2 Free," accommodation for 600: no value. Philadelphia. 1 Baptist, accommodation for 275; 1 Methodist, accommodation for 150; 1 Presbyterian, accommodation for 1,000; no value. Philadelphia. department, accommodation for 200; no value; (omitted from the table,) Schuylkill. 1 Episcopal, $300 value; no accommodation: 1 Lutheran; no accommodation nor value: 1 Universalist, accommodation for 300; no value; (erroneously placed with "Methodist") 1 Congregational, accommodation for 200; no value. "Free," accommodation for 150; no value; (erroneously placed with "Union") Westmoreland. 1 Moravian, accommodation for 100; no value. York. 3 Moravians, accommodation for 450; 4 Methodists, accommodation for 750; no value: 2 Moravians, accommodation for 300; no value; (omitted from the table.)

NOTES ON DELAWARE.

TABLE III.—Natives of the White and Free Colored Population.—Born in the State: "8,400 should read 8,405; "8,484 should read 8,405; "8,434 should read 8,405; 8,405 should read 8,405; and 8,405 should read 8,405."

TABLE VII.—Colleges, Academies, Schools, etc.—Kent county. 1 private school, 1 teacher, 20 pupils; no income. New Castle. 2 academies, 6 private schools, 14 teachers, 158 pupils; no income.

TABLE VII.—Colleges, Academies, Schools, etc.—Anne Arundel county. 1 academy and 2 private schools, 3 teachers, 72 pupils; no income: 1 female institute, 17 teachers, 103 pupils, $300 income; is included in "Public schools." Baltimore. 1 college, 4 teachers, 190 pupils, $1,000 income: 1 theological seminary, 3 teachers, 16 pupils; no income: are included in "Academies," etc. 2 public schools, 6 teachers, 411 pupils; no income: Total, public schools, "103," should read 91; Total, private schools, "114," should read 111. Carroll. 13 teachers in private schools, 333 pupils, $1,450 income, no teacher. Cecil. 2 academies, 2 teachers, 1,122 pupils, $800 "Public funds," are omitted; 1 academy, 2 teachers, 40 pupils, $20 "Public funds." $335 "Other sources" income is included in "Public schools." Dorchester. 2 academies, 45 pupils, $1,370 income; 5 private schools, 5 teachers, 75 pupils; no income. Frederick. 1 Roman Catholic theological seminary, 3 teachers, 26 pupils, $5,000 income is included in "Academies," Harford. 3 academies, 3 teachers, 67 pupils; no income. Prince George. 2 academies, 3 teachers, 80 pupils; no income. St. Mary's, 1 private school, 3 teacher, 15 pupils; no income. Washington. 1 public school, 1 teacher, 40 pupils; no income. Many of the schools in this State, other than colleges and academies, are returned as "Common schools," and have their income from "Other sources," nothing being received from the state. The income is used not only to support the schools under the State system, but to distinguish them from those of a higher grade; consequently they have been included in "Academies and other schools."

TABLE XIV.—Churches, Church Property, etc.—Anne Arundel county. 1 Methodist, accommodation for 400; 1 Roman Catholic, accommodation for 50; no value. Dorchester. 1 Methodist, accommodation for 50; no value. Somerset. 1 Baptist, accommodation for 140; 1 Methodist, accommodation for 100; no value. Washington. 1 Episcopal, accommodation for 100; no value.

NOTES ON MARYLAND.

By act of Congress of 9th July, 1846, the retrocession of Alexandria county to Virginia was authorized, and was accepted by that State, by act of Assembly 13th March, 1847.

TABLE V.—Population of Towns and Villages. In computing the "Progress of population" from 1840 to 1850 the total population of the District of Columbia was taken as 26,500. By deducting 9,500, the population of that portion of the District ceded, the increase upon the total population for the last decade period would be 55.17 per cent.

TABLE VII.—Classification of Ages, etc.—Charlottesville, Virginia. The schedules indicate that the assistant marshals have returned many infants that were under 1 year as of the 1st of July. This remark applies also to the "Birthing" in Table IV. "Birthing, Marriages, Deaths, etc." Putnam county. "5,333" should read 5,333.
NOTES ON THE STATES.

TABLE XIII.—DENOMINATIONS IN NORTH CAROLINA. No return has been made by the assistant marshals.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CITY</th>
<th>METHODIST</th>
<th>PRESBYTERIAN</th>
<th>BAPTIST</th>
<th>FREE COLOR</th>
<th>TOTAL</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Beaufort</td>
<td>1,230</td>
<td>1,080</td>
<td>1,350</td>
<td>3,660</td>
<td>3,660</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>St. Helena</td>
<td>1,150</td>
<td>920</td>
<td>1,120</td>
<td>3,290</td>
<td>3,290</td>
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<tr>
<td>St. John's</td>
<td>1,060</td>
<td>850</td>
<td>1,070</td>
<td>3,000</td>
<td>3,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prince William</td>
<td>1,280</td>
<td>1,090</td>
<td>1,300</td>
<td>3,670</td>
<td>3,670</td>
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<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>3,660</td>
<td>3,290</td>
<td>3,670</td>
<td>10,620</td>
<td>10,620</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NOTES ON SOUTH CAROLINA.

The following subdivisions of Beaufort, Charleston, Colleton, and Georgetown districts have been returned by the assistant marshals. They were not placed in the State tables, for want of any general system of subdivision in the State. They are, however, of sufficient interest to be included in a note.

CITIES AND PARISHES.

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<tbody>
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<td>Charleston</td>
<td>1,240</td>
<td>1,220</td>
<td>2,460</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>St. Philip's and St. Michael's</td>
<td>1,230</td>
<td>1,080</td>
<td>2,310</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Christ Church</td>
<td>1,200</td>
<td>1,050</td>
<td>2,250</td>
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<tr>
<td>St. Andrew's</td>
<td>1,180</td>
<td>940</td>
<td>2,120</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>St. John's parish, Saint Cuthbert's</td>
<td>1,090</td>
<td>840</td>
<td>1,930</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>St. John's parish, Saint Thomas</td>
<td>1,060</td>
<td>820</td>
<td>1,880</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>St. Stephen's</td>
<td>1,050</td>
<td>800</td>
<td>1,850</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>St. Thomas's and St. Edmund's</td>
<td>970</td>
<td>720</td>
<td>1,690</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Charleston city, St. Philip's and St. Michael's parishes</td>
<td>1,230</td>
<td>1,080</td>
<td>2,310</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Christ Church parish</td>
<td>1,200</td>
<td>1,050</td>
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<td>St. Andrew's parish</td>
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<td>St. John's parish, Saint Cuthbert's</td>
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<td>840</td>
<td>1,930</td>
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<td>St. John's parish, Saint Thomas</td>
<td>1,060</td>
<td>820</td>
<td>1,880</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>St. Stephen's</td>
<td>1,050</td>
<td>800</td>
<td>1,850</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>St. Thomas's and St. Edmund's parishes</td>
<td>970</td>
<td>720</td>
<td>1,690</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>12,614</td>
<td>11,066</td>
<td>23,680</td>
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</table>

COLLINGTON DISTRICT.

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<th>AGGREGATE</th>
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<tr>
<td>St. Bartholomew's parish</td>
<td>2,800</td>
<td>2,650</td>
<td>5,450</td>
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<tr>
<td>St. George's parish</td>
<td>2,200</td>
<td>2,090</td>
<td>4,290</td>
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<tr>
<td>St. John's parish</td>
<td>1,410</td>
<td>1,270</td>
<td>2,680</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prince George's parish</td>
<td>1,280</td>
<td>1,160</td>
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<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>3,781</td>
<td>3,550</td>
<td>7,331</td>
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</table>

GEOGRAY DISTRICT.

<table>
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<th>WHITE</th>
<th>BLACK</th>
<th>AGGREGATE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Georgetown</td>
<td>282</td>
<td>292</td>
<td>574</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lower Augusta, St. Mary's parish</td>
<td>183</td>
<td>190</td>
<td>373</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prince George's parish, Winyaw</td>
<td>733</td>
<td>614</td>
<td>1,347</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>1,158</td>
<td>1,190</td>
<td>2,348</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
TABLE II.—Population of Cities and Towns.—The Recorder of the town of Canada states, by letter, that its population in September, 1853, was 2,029.

TABLE III.—Nativity of the White and Free Colored Population.—Born in the State: "3,006" should read 3,004; "4,621" should read 4,623; total, "4,131" should read 4,133; "4,827" should read 4,829.

TABLE IV.—Adults in the State who cannot Read or Write.—Claycounty: "193" should read 1,289.

TABLE XV.—Agriculture, Farm and Livestock, Etc.—Orangeburg, 4,100 pounds of Indigo are returned, but not included in the table.

TABLE XIV.—Churches, Church Property, Etc.—Charleston. 3 Episcopal; accommodation for 30: 1 Methodist; accommodation for 159; 1 Presbyterian; accommodation for 150: no value.

NOTES ON GEORGIA.

TABLE III.—Nativity.—Born in the State: "1,391" should read 1,433; "1,369" should read 1,356; total, "1,373" should read 1,375; "1,558" should read 1,560.

TABLE IV.—Births, Marriages, Deaths, Dwellings, and Families.—DeKalb county. Dwellings should read 1,287; families should read 1,257.

TABLE VII.—Colored, Academia, Schools, etc.—Macon county. The assistant marshal makes no definite return of schools, but remarks that there are from 2 to 3 public schools for every nine miles square.

TABLE XV.—Agriculture, Farm, Livestock, Etc.—Daisy county. 15 Baptist, 577 Methodist; accommodation should read 2,450; no value: 11 Methodist, 1,300 accommodation should read 3,300; no value. Gilmer. 2 Baptist, accommodation for 490; no value. Glynn. 1 Free, accommodation for 150: no value. Greene. 1 Baptist, accommodation for 1,500; no value. Tattnall. 8 Methodist, accommodation for 1,250; no value. Thomas. 1 Methodist, accommodation for 150; 1 Presbyterian, accommodation for 200; no value. Union. 14 "Union" should read 14 Methodist; 420 members; no value.

NOTES ON FLORIDA.

TABLE IV.—Births, Marriages, Deaths, Dwellings, and Families.—Holmes county. "267" dwellings should read 185; "267" families should read 187. Holmes. "267" dwellings should read 297; "187" families should read 297.

TABLE VIII.—Colored, Academias, Schools, etc.—Alachua county. 1 public school, 1 teacher, 30 pupils; no income. Calhoun. 3 public schools, 3 teachers, 44 pupils; no income. Duval. 3 public schools, 3 teachers, 64 pupils; no income.

NOTES ON ALABAMA.

TABLE VII.—Classification of Ages, Etc.—Russell county. The schedules for this county indicate that the assistant marshal has returned most of the infants that were under 1 year as of "1 year of age." This remark applies also to the "Births" in Table IV.

TABLE VIII.—Classification of Ages, Etc.—Russell county. The schedules for this county indicate that the assistant marshal has returned most of the infants that were under 1 year as of "1 year of age." This remark applies also to the "Births" in Table IV.

TABLE XV.—Classification of Ages, Etc.—Russell county. The schedules for this county indicate that the assistant marshal has returned most of the infants that were under 1 year as of "1 year of age." This remark applies also to the "Births" in Table IV.

NOTES ON MISSISSIPPI.

TABLE VII.—Colored, Academies, Schools, etc.—Carroll county. 8 academies, 14 teachers, 345 pupils; no income. Rankin, 14 public schools, 15 teachers, 326 pupils; no income. Lauderdale. 4 public schools, 4 teachers; no income.

TABLE XIV.—Churches, Church Property, etc.—Choctaw county. 3 Baptist, accommodation for 725; 5 Methodist, accommodation for 1,825; no value. Chauncey. 1 Baptist, accommodation for 100; 1 Methodist, accommodation for 100; no value. Coahoma, 1 Presbyterian, accommodation for 100; no value. Oxford. 1 Baptist, accommodation for 550; no value. Pickwick. 1 Baptist, accommodation for 1,300; no value. Scott. 3 Baptist, accommodation for 975; 5 Methodist, accommodation for 550; no value. Sumner. 4 Methodist, accommodation for 1,500; no value.

NOTES ON LOUISIANA.

TABLE XV.—Classification of Ages, Etc.—Plaquemines parish. The schedules indicate that the assistant marshal has returned all infants that were "under 1" year as of "1 year of age." (except two slaves.) This remark applies, also, to the "Births," in Table IV.

TABLE XV.—Classification of Ages, Etc.—Plaquemines parish. The schedules indicate that the assistant marshal has returned all infants that were "under 1" year as of "1 year of age." (except two slaves.) This remark applies, also, to the "Births," in Table IV.

TABLE XV.—Classification of Ages, Etc.—Plaquemines parish. The schedules indicate that the assistant marshal has returned all infants that were "under 1" year as of "1 year of age." (except two slaves.) This remark applies, also, to the "Births," in Table IV.

NOTES ON TEXAS.

TABLE III.—Nativity of the White and Free Colored Population.—Born in the State: "3,293" should read 3,293; "2,835" should read 2,835; "93" should read 93; "72" should read 71; total, "8,871" should read 8,869; "610" should read 610; "212" should read 211; "165" should read 166.

TABLE VII.—Colored, Academies, Schools, etc.—Gillespie county. 2 public schools, 4 teachers, 63 pupils; no income.

TABLE XIV.—Agriculture, Livestock, and Industries, Etc.—Lavaca county. The returns of agriculture for this county were not received with the other schedules. Since this table was printed, the copy on file in the State Department of Texas has been furnished the office, and the several items have been included in the United States tables of agriculture, viz: Acres of improved land, 4,529; acres of unmixed potato, 5,314; cash value of farm products, $161,363; value of farming implements, $17,520; hogs, 1,913; cattle, 2,844; sheep, 4,013; swine, 4,145; value of live stock, $14,927; wheat; 92 bushels; oats, 300 bushels; flour, $2.50; live, 543 pounds; meat and beans, 43 bushels; Irish potatoes, 1,007 bushels; sweet potatoes, 9,521 bushels; butter, 26,529 pounds; cheese, 690 pounds; hay, 71 tons; tobacco, 280 gallons; beaver and honey, 113 pounds; value of home-made manufactures, $11,660.

Final: 2,500 bushels of flour; 543 pounds of live; 43 bushels of beans; 1,007 bushels of sweet potatoes; 9,521 bushels of butter; 26,529 pounds of cheese; 690 pounds of hay; 71 tons of tobacco; 280 gallons of beaver and honey; 113 pounds of home-made manufactures; $11,660.
NOTES ON THE STATES.

TABLE XIV.—Churches, Church Property, etc.—Cameron county. 1 Presbyterian, 229 accommodations; no value, (omitted.) Cherokee. 1 Presbyterian, 450 accommodations; no value. Fayette. 1 Baptist, 1 Presbyterian: no accommodations nor价值. Dunson. 2 Baptist, 500 accommodations; no value, (omitted.) Franklinton. 2 Methodist, 600 accommodations; no value, (omitted.) Grafton. 1 Presbyterian, no accommodations nor value, (omitted.) Jasper. 1 Methodist, 100 accommodations; no value. Matagorda. 1 Baptist, 350 accommodations; blank value should read 9,000. Milam. 3 Methodist, 189 accommodations; no value; (omitted.) Rankin. 2 Presbyterian, no accommodations nor value. Upshur. 4 Baptist, 315 accommodations; no value. Van Zandt. 6 Methodist, 450 accommodations; 1 Presbyterian, 150 accommodations; no value. Washington. 2 Baptist, 400 accommodations; no value.

NOTES ON TENNESSEE.

TABLE XV.—Colleges, Academies, Schools, etc.—Carroll county. 2 public schools, 2 teachers; no number of pupils nor income. DeKalb. 15 private schools, $1,000 income; no teachers nor pupils: 1 academy, 1 teacher, 30 pupils; no income. Franklin. 1 academy, 1 teacher; no pupils nor income. Giles. 20 public schools, $1,040 income; no teachers nor pupils. Green, 0 public schools, 6 teachers; 125 pupils; no income. Houston. 1 private school, 3 teachers, 80 pupils; no income. Henry. 3 private schools, 5 teachers, 130 pupils; no income. Jefferson. 4 private schools, 5 teachers, 160 pupils; no income, (omitted.) Marshall. 1 private school, 2 teachers; no pupils nor income. Stewart. 1 public school, 1 teacher, 8 pupils; no income. Samson. 3 private schools, 3 teachers, 75 pupils; no income. White. 1 private school, 1 teacher, 30 pupils; no income. Williams. 1 private school, 1 teacher, 100 pupils; no income. The assistant marshal remarks, that there are other schools in this district, but are not returned for want of definite information concerning them.

TABLE XVI.—Churches, Church Property, etc.—Cooke county. 3 Methodist, accommodation for 500; no value. Franklin. 1 Roman Catholic, accommodation for 100; no value, (omitted.) Granger. 1 Baptist, accommodation for 50; no value. Henderson. 1 Methodist, accommodation for 100; no value. Johnson. 2 Baptist, 4 Christian; no accommodation nor value; (omitted.) 3 Methodist should read 3, of which 2 have no accommodation, but $110 value, and 3 are without accommodation or value. Lewis. 2 Baptist, accommodation for 300; no value. Natchez. 1 Baptist, accommodation for 1,500; should read 2,500; 7 Methodist, accommodation for 1,600; 10 churches, denomination, accommodation, or value, or returned. Van Buren. 1 Baptist, accommodation for 500; no value. White. 1 Christian, accommodation for 35; 1 Presbyterian, accommodation for 20; no value. Williamson. 1 Methodist, accommodation for 350; no value.

NOTES ON KENTUCKY.

TABLE XII.—Classification of Ages, etc.—Morgan county. Males, white, between 20 and 30, should read C15. Nicholas. Females, white, between 15 and 20, should read 440.

TABLE III.—Ratios of the White and Free Coloured Population.—Born in the State: 3,739; should read 3,726; 3,539; should read 3,539; total, 4,261; should read 4,261; 5,138; should read 5,145.

TABLE XIV.—Colleges, Academies, Schools, etc.—Lincoln county. 11 public schools, 11 teachers and 318 pupils, are returned without income. Casey. 2 public schools, 3 teachers, 76 pupils; no income. Fayette. 24 public schools, 24 teachers, 493 pupils; no income; 3 private schools, 6 teachers, 95 pupils; no income. Fleming. 7 public schools, 7 teachers, 125 pupils; no income. Gallatin. 1 public school, 1 teacher, 40 pupils; no income. Harrison. $500 income by taxation for public schools, 4 teachers; no pupils nor pupils. Jefferson. 1 medical college, 7 teachers, $10,000 income; no pupils; (omitted.) 33 public schools, 41 teachers, 1,343 pupils; no income: 13 private schools, 18 teachers, 356 pupils; no income. Logan. 33 public schools, 33 teachers, 375 pupils; no income. McCreesh. 1 public school, 1 teacher, 15 pupils; no income; 2 private schools, 7 teachers, 77 pupils; no income. Mercer. 2 private schools, 2 teachers, 80 pupils; no income. Montgomery. 1 private school, 1 teacher, 30 pupils; no income. Nashville. 1 public school, 1 teacher, 30 pupils; no income; 1 private school, 2 teachers, 70 pupils; no income. Pulaski. 4 Baptist, accommodation for 500; no value.

TABLE XV.—Churches, Church Property, etc.—Boyle county. 2 Baptist; no accommodation nor value. Fulton. 1 Baptist, accommodation for 100; 1 Methodist, accommodation for 600; no value. Hickman. 3 Baptist, 3 Presbyterian; no accommodation nor value. Jefferson. 1 Episcopal; no accommodation nor value. Kentucky. 1 Baptist, accommodation for 300; no value. Pulaski. 1 Baptist, accommodation for 1,800; no value. Accommodation of 3 Methodists should read 1,200. Wayne. 9 Baptist, 314 members; 7 Methodist, 341 members; 1 Cumberland Presbyterian, 27 members; no value.

NOTES ON MISSOURI.

TABLE IX.—Population of Counties.—The exact population of the following towns could not be ascertained from the returns, but an approximation is as follows, viz.: Cape Girardeau, Cape Girardeau county, 1,261 free population. Carrolton, Carroll county, 290 free population. Cape Girardeau, Cape Girardeau county, 3,550 free population. Trenton, Grundy county, 300 free population.

TABLE XVII.—Colleges, Academies, Schools, etc.—Barren county. 2 Baptist; no accommodation nor value. Brown. 1 Baptist, 1 Presbyterian; no accommodation nor value. Cochran. 1 Swedish-borign, value $5,000; no accommodation, (placed with Missour State.) Dunbar. 2 Christian, accommodation for 100; no value. Jackson. 1 Baptist, accommodation for 100; 1 Presbyterian, accommodation for 100; 1 Methodist, accommodation for 100; no value. Pulaski. 1 Baptist, accommodation for 100; no value. White. 1 Methodist, accommodation for 75; 1 Presbyterian, accommodation for 600; no value.

NOTES ON ILLINOIS.

TABLE V.—Colleges, Academies, Schools, etc.—Cook county. 1 academy, 2 teachers, 150 pupils; no income: 3 private schools, 8 teachers, 150 pupils; no income: 10 academies, 4 teachers, 50 pupils, no income. LaSalle. 1 academy, 1 teacher, 15 pupils; no income.

TABLE XIV.—Churches, Church Property, etc.—Buchanan county. 1 Baptist, accommodation for 150; no value. Cape Girardeau. 1 Presbyterian, accommodation for 300; no value. Total number of churches should read 898.

NOTES ON INDIANA.

TABLE II.—Population by Sections of Counties.—The exact population of the following towns could not be ascertained from the returns, but an approximation is as follows, viz.: Greenfield Court House, Hancock county, 240 population. Kellans, Howard county, 375 population. New Harmony, Posey county, 700 population. Point Pleasant, Clinton county, 257 population. Rochester, Fulton county, 253 population. Rome, Perry county, 340 population. Washington, Daviess county, 675 population.

TABLE IX.—Colleges, Academies, Schools, etc.—DeWitt county. 1 Baptist, 1 Presbyterian: no accommodation nor value. Clark. 1 Swedish-borign, value $5,000; no accommodation, (placed with Missour State.) De Witt. 2 Christian, accommodation for 100; no value. Jackson. 1 Baptist, accommodation for 100; 1 Presbyterian, accommodation for 100; 1 Methodist, accommodation for 100; no value. Pulaski. 1 Baptist, accommodation for 140; no value. Scott. 1 Methodist, accommodation for 100; no value. White. 1 Methodist, accommodation for 75; 1 Presbyterian, accommodation for 600; no value.
for 500; no value. 

\[\text{Miami. 1 Presbyterian; $1,000 value; no accommodation nor value.} \]
\[\text{Morgan. 2 Christian, accommodation for 100; 3 Methodist, accommodation for 400; no value.} \]
\[\text{Ripley. 1 Baptist, accommodation for 250; 1 Presbyterian; no accommodation nor value.} \]

\[\text{Wood. 3 Baptist, 3 Methodist, 2 Mormon, 4 Presbyterian; no accommodation nor value.} \]
\[\text{Wills. 2 Baptist, 1 Methodist; no accommodation nor value, (omitted.)} \]

**NOTES ON OHIO.**

**Table VII.**—Colleges, Academies, Schools, etc.—Pottawattamie county. 10 public schools, 10 teachers, 800 pupils; no income. 

Green, 5 private schools, 5 teachers, 155 pupils; no income. 

Harrison, 11 public schools, 54 teachers, 2,327 pupils; no income. 

Munroe, 40 public schools, 1,000 pupils; $3,924 income, with 34 teachers. 

Montgomery, 38 teachers of public schools, $4,008 income; returned with 4,008 pupils, no number of schools. 

Montgomery, 112 public schools, 385 pupils, $3,000 income, 182 teachers. 

Procter, 34 public schools, 50 teachers, $6,000 income; 60 pupils. 

**Table XIV.**—Churches, Church Property, etc.—Hermit county. 1 Methodist, accommodation for 100; 1 Presbyterian, accommodation for 50; no value. 

Hamilton, 1 Presbyterian, accommodation for 200; no value. 

Knox, 2 Presbyterian, accommodation for 600; no value. 

Williams, 2 Methodist, accommodation for 400; 1 Baptist, accommodation for 75; no value, (omitted.) 

**NOTES ON MICHIGAN.**

**Table I.**—Classification of Ages, etc.—Ingham county.—Total free colored should read 12 males, 13 females; total free colored in the State should read 1,431 males, 1,192 females. 

**Table II.**—Population by Subdivisions of Counties.—The exact population of the following towns could not be ascertained from the returns; but an approximation is as follows: Lapeer, 1,000; Eaton county, 1,800; Lapeer, 1,000; Lenawee county, 2,200; Jackson, 1,000; Macomb county, 3,000. 

**Table XIII.**—Nationalities of the Population.—Born in the State: Free colored should read 452 males, 338 females; total free colored should read 1,431 males, 1,192 females. 

**Table XV.**—Colleges, Academies, Schools, etc.—Clinton county. 5 public schools, 5 teachers, no income. 

Davis, 9 public schools, 9 teachers, 384 pupils; no income: 1 public school, 1 teacher; no pupils nor income: 1 private school, 1 teacher, 35 pupils; no income. 

**Table XVI.**—Churches, Church Property, etc.—St. Clair county. 1 Baptist, accommodation for 250; 2 Methodist, accommodation for 275; 1 Roman Catholic, accommodation for 100; no value. 

Shawnees, 1 Christian no accommodation nor value. 

**NOTES ON WISCONSIN.**

**Table VII.**—Colleges, Academies, Schools, etc.—Brown county. 1 public school, 1 teacher, 30 pupils; no income. 

Waukesha, 1 private school, 1 teacher, 30 pupils; no income. 

Lafayette, 4 public schools, 4 teachers; no pupils nor income. 

Waukesha, 1 school, 2 teachers, 10 pupils; no income. 

**Table XVII.**—Churches, Church Property, etc.—Calumet county. 1 Christian, accommodation for 25; 1 Presbyterian, accommodation for 40; no value. 

Jefferson, 5 Methodist, accommodation for 350; no value. 

**Table XVIII.**—Washington county. 1 Baptist, accommodation for 30; 1 Methodist, accommodation for 40; 1 Presbyterian, accommodation for 35; no value. 

Milwaukee, 1 Baptist, accommodation for 25; 1 Congregational, accommodation for 40; 1 Jewish, accommodation for 40; 1 Methodist, accommodation for 25; 2 Minor Sects, accommodation for 200; no value. 

**NOTES ON IOWA.**

**Table VII.**—Colleges, Academies, Schools, etc.—Keokuk county. 2 private schools, 2 teachers, 60 pupils; no income. 

Los Angeles, 4 public schools, 6 teachers, 30 pupils; no income. 

**Table XV.**—Churches, Church Property, etc.—Des Moines county. 1 Presbyterian, no accommodation nor value. 

Junction, 1 Methodist, no accommodation nor value. 

Linn, 3 Baptist, accommodation for 210; 15 Methodist, accommodation for 1,100; no value: 1 Mormon, accommodation for 60; no value. (Placed with "Union.)" 

Washington, 3 Baptist, 33 members; 1 Christian, 35 members; 3 German Reformed, 175 members; 1 Lutherans, 50 members; 5 Methodist, 80 members; 1 Minor Sects, 100 members; no value, (omitted.) 

**NOTES ON CALIFORNIA.**

**Table VII.**—Colleges, Academies, Schools, etc.—Napa county. 1 common school, 1 teacher, 40 pupils; no income. 

**NOTES ON THE TERRITORY OF UTAH.**

**Table VII.**—Colleges, Academies, Schools, etc.—Salt Lake. The income of $11,900 annexed to public schools is the aggregate revenue for the college, public schools, and academies. The marshal returned it as entered in the table.