

1950 CENSUS OF HOUSING

SPECIAL TABULATIONS FOR LOCAL HOUSING AUTHORITIES

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This report is based on a transcription and tabulation of data from the 1950 Census of Population and Housing. The statistics relate to dwelling units considered substandard by the Public Housing Administration, in accordance with the contract for these statistics between the Bureau of the Census and the Paris Municipal Housing Commission.

A dwelling unit is considered substandard by the Public Housing Administration if it is either dilapidated or does not have the following plumbing facilities: flush toilet and bath inside the structure for the unit's exclusive use, and hot running water. The Public Housing Administration considers the absence of hot running water to be evidence generally of poor quality of the dwelling unit, but there may be some localities in which the absence of hot running water is not deemed to be a sufficient indication by itself of poor quality. In such localities, a revised count of substandard units may be obtained from table 1 by subtracting from the total the units which lack hot water only. If it is desired to eliminate the units lacking hot water only from the total count of substandard units, the distributions shown in the tables will not be materially affected.

The criteria used to define substandard units in these tabulations are not identical with the housing characteristics included in the published reports from the 1940 Census. Therefore, any comparison of data in this report with the 1940 results must be made with extreme care. A direct comparison cannot be made with the 1940 results because information on hot running water was not collected at that time. Further, the 1940 data on condition were collected showing dwelling units "needing major repairs," whereas

In 1950 data on condition were collected showing units as "dilapidated." Because the definitions of these two terms differ significantly, the 1940 count of dwelling units needing major repairs and the 1950 count of dilapidated dwelling units are comparable only in a general way.

The data are presented in the series of attached tables. In table 1 the structural and occupancy characteristics are shown for all substandard dwelling units. Table 2 shows the rent paid for renter-occupied substandard units; table 3 shows the condition and plumbing facilities of these same units. Table 4 shows the characteristics of all families (both primary and secondary) living in the substandard units. Table 4a classifies the primary families by family income. Table 5 classifies primary families with no subfamily or secondary family present, by rent as a percent of family income.

In the contract rent tabulation, dwelling units occupied rent-free are tabulated in the "\$9 or less" category. In the gross rent tabulations, however, such units are tabulated as "not reporting," except when utilities were reported.

DEFINITIONS

The definitions used in this special tabulation are generally the same as those used in the 1950 Census of Population and Housing. Some of the more important definitions are given below.

Dwelling unit.--In general, a dwelling unit is a group of rooms or a single room, occupied, or intended for occupancy, as separate living quarters by a family or other group of persons living together or by a person living alone.

Primary family.--A primary family consists of two or more persons including the head of the household and all (one or more) persons in the household who are related to the head by blood, marriage, or adoption. It may include a subfamily consisting of a married couple with or without children, or one parent with one or more children under 18 years of age, living in the household and related to but not including the head of the household or his wife. The subfamily is considered a part of the primary family for all tabulation purposes.

Secondary family.--A secondary family consists of two or more persons, such as a lodger or servant and his relatives, living in a household and related to each other but not related to the household head. The secondary family is considered a separate family for tabulation purposes.

Minor.--A minor is an unmarried person under 21 years of age other than the head of a family or his wife.

Dilapidation.--A dwelling unit is considered to be dilapidated when it has serious deficiencies, is rundown or neglected, or is of inadequate original construction, so that it does not provide adequate shelter or protection against the elements or it endangers the safety of the occupants.

Plumbing facilities.--The following are the three plumbing facilities tabulated:

1. Flush toilet inside the structure for the unit's exclusive use;
2. Installed bathtub or shower inside the structure for the unit's exclusive use; and
3. Hot and cold running water inside the structure.

Exclusive use.--Equipment is for "exclusive use" if it is used only by the occupants of one dwelling unit.

Shared.--Equipment is "shared" when occupants of two or more units use the same equipment.

Family income.--Family income is the sum of the income received during 1949, by all members of the family. The following items were asked separately for the head of the family and for all other members of the family combined:

1. The amount of money wages or salary received in 1949;
2. The amount of net money income received from self-employment in 1949; and

3. The amount of other money income received in 1949, such as interest, dividends, veterans' allowances, pensions, or rents.

Gross rent.--Monthly gross rent is contract rent plus the reported average monthly cost of water, electricity, gas, and other fuel paid for by the renter. If furniture is included in the contract rent, the reported estimated rent of the dwelling unit without furniture is used for the computation instead of the contract rent.

SOURCE AND RELIABILITY OF THE DATA

The data in tables 1 through 4 are based on complete counts, including all dwelling units and families with the specified characteristics. For nonwhite families tables 4a and 5 also represent complete counts, but for white families the distributions involving income in these tables were prepared from data collected on a sample basis. As part of the 1950 Census, family income data were obtained from about one-fifth of all families. For these tabulations, however, a subsequent field enumeration was made of families who were not in the original sample but were living in substandard dwelling units. These additional interviews resulted in income data for all nonwhite families and an increase in the income sample for white families above the 20 percent level.

Although the figures shown in tables 1 through 4 are based on the same data as the forthcoming 1950 Census tabulations of these items, they may differ from those to be published as part of the census. The present tables were obtained by tabulating directly the data as transcribed in the field offices of the Census Bureau and the figures, therefore, do not include all of the refinements that result from a careful examination of the schedules.

In addition, the data are subject to other biases due to errors of response or nonreporting which cannot be corrected in editing. Factors affecting the accuracy of enumeration include the respondent's knowledge of the facts and the ability of the enumerator to obtain accurate information on such items as income, rent, dilapidation and plumbing facilities. The regular 1950 tabulations are also subject to these biases.

Reliability of Estimates in Tables 4a and 5

Because of sampling variability, percentage distributions shown in table 4a for total families and for white families, and all figures in table 5 for total families and for white families, may

differ from those that would have been obtained from a complete count. (The absolute figures in table 4a and all data for nonwhite families in tables 4a and 5 represent complete counts and are not subject to sampling variations.) The reliability estimates which follow give approximate measures of the sampling errors to be expected in these sample data.

Reliability of the percentages in tables 4a and 5.--The allowance to be made for sampling variation in a percentage depends, in general, both on the value of the percentage and the size of the base on which it is determined. If two

percentages are of the same magnitude, the one based on a large number of cases in the sample is, in general, less variable than the one based on a small number of sample cases.

Estimates of reliability are shown in the following table for percentages with bases of white primary families of the specified types. The chances are about 19 out of 20 that the differences due to sampling variability between the percentages obtained from the sample and the percentages which would have been obtained from a complete census would be less than the sampling errors shown below.

| Percentage shown in table | Sampling variability if the base is-- | | | | | |
|---------------------------|--|------------------|--------|--|------------------|------------------|
| | All white primary families in substandard dwelling units | | | All white, primary families with no subfamily or secondary family present, in substandard renter units | | |
| | Total | Owner | Renter | Total | No minors | With minors |
| 0.5 | 0.6 | (¹) | 0.7 | 0.8 | (¹) | (¹) |
| 1.0 | 0.8 | | 1.0 | 1.1 | | |
| 2.0 | 1.2 | | 1.4 | 1.5 | | |
| 3.0 | 1.4 | | 1.7 | 1.8 | | |
| 4.0 | 1.7 | | 2.0 | 2.1 | | |
| 5.0 | 1.8 | | 2.2 | 2.3 | | |
| 10.0 | 2.5 | | 3.1 | 3.2 | | |
| 15.0 | 3.0 | | 3.6 | 3.8 | | |
| 20.0 | 3.4 | | 4.1 | 4.3 | | |
| 25.0 | 3.6 | | 4.4 | 4.6 | | |
| 30.0 | 3.9 | | 4.7 | 4.9 | | |
| 40.0 | 4.1 | | 5.0 | 5.2 | | |
| 50.0 | 4.2 | | 5.1 | 5.3 | | |

¹ Omitted because percentage distribution is not shown.

To illustrate, for a figure of 10 percent based on white primary families living in substandard renter dwelling units, the sampling variability is 3.1 percent; the chances are about 19 out of 20 that the percentage obtained by a complete census would have been between 6.9 percent and 13.1 percent.

The sampling variability of a specified percentage of total primary families with designated characteristics will vary according to the proportion of white families and nonwhite families making up this percentage. For example, consider the sampling variability of a figure of 10 percent based on total primary families. The maximum sampling error to be expected of such a figure would occur when the entire 10 percent includes only white primary families and the chances are about 19 out of 20 that this sampling error would not exceed 1.8 percent. If the entire 10 percent includes only nonwhite primary families no sampling error would be present. For other specific characteristics composed of 10 percent of total primary families the sampling variability may assume any value up to the maximum.

Reliability of absolute figures in table 5.--The approximate sampling variability of the absolute figures in table 5 is shown below. The chances are 19 out of 20 that differences between the numbers shown in table 5 and the numbers that would have been obtained from a complete census would be less than the sampling errors which follow.

| Classification | Sampling variability of absolute figures in table 5 for total families and white families |
|------------------|---|
| Total..... | 8 |
| No minors..... | 13 |
| With minors..... | 13 |

Reliability of differences.--The estimates of sampling variability shown in the above tables are not directly applicable to differences obtained by subtracting one figure from another. The sampling variability in an observed difference between two figures depends on the sampling variability of each of the figures and the correlation between them.

Table 3.--CONDITION AND PLUMBING FACILITIES OF RENTER-OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY GROSS RENT,
FOR PARIS, KENTUCKY: 1950

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

| Condition and plumbing facilities | Total | Monthly gross rent | | | | | | | Not reported |
|---|-------|--------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| | | \$19 or less | \$20 to \$24 | \$25 to \$29 | \$30 to \$34 | \$35 to \$39 | \$40 to \$49 | \$50 or more | |
| Total number renter-occupied substandard dwelling units..... | 465 | 168 | 57 | 48 | 46 | 32 | 67 | 28 | 34 |
| Percent of total..... | 100.0 | 35.1 | 12.8 | 9.2 | 9.9 | 6.9 | 14.4 | 4.9 | 7.8 |
| Not dilapidated: | | | | | | | | | |
| With private bath and private flush toilet, no hot running water..... | 2.8 | - | 0.4 | - | 1.1 | 0.2 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.2 |
| With private flush toilet, no private bath.... | 18.3 | 2.6 | 1.8 | 2.4 | 1.5 | 1.1 | 2.4 | 0.9 | 1.3 |
| With running water, no private flush toilet... | 40.9 | 6.9 | 4.3 | 3.4 | 5.2 | 4.9 | 10.3 | 3.2 | 2.6 |
| No running water inside structure..... | 12.7 | 6.9 | 2.4 | 0.6 | 1.1 | - | 0.4 | - | 1.3 |
| Dilapidated: | | | | | | | | | |
| With private bath and private flush toilet, hot and cold running water..... | 1.3 | 0.9 | - | - | - | - | 0.2 | - | 0.2 |
| With private bath and private flush toilet, no hot running water..... | 0.4 | 0.2 | - | - | - | - | - | 0.2 | - |
| With private flush toilet, no private bath.... | 2.2 | 0.2 | 0.6 | 0.4 | 0.2 | 0.4 | 0.2 | - | - |
| With running water, no private flush toilet... | 5.2 | 1.7 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 0.9 | - | 0.4 | - | - |
| No running water inside structure..... | 20.4 | 15.3 | 2.2 | 1.1 | - | 0.2 | - | - | 1.7 |
| Not reporting condition or plumbing facilities.. | 0.9 | 0.4 | - | 0.2 | - | - | - | 0.2 | - |

Table 3a.--CONDITION AND PLUMBING FACILITIES OF RENTER-OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY GROSS RENT,
FOR WHITE HOUSEHOLDS, FOR PARIS, KENTUCKY: 1950

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

| Condition and plumbing facilities | Total | Monthly gross rent | | | | | | | Not reported |
|---|-------|--------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| | | \$19 or less | \$20 to \$24 | \$25 to \$29 | \$30 to \$34 | \$35 to \$39 | \$40 to \$49 | \$50 or more | |
| Total number renter-occupied substandard dwelling units..... | 308 | 56 | 37 | 28 | 45 | 31 | 67 | 22 | 22 |
| Percent of total..... | 100.0 | 18.2 | 12.0 | 9.1 | 14.6 | 10.1 | 21.8 | 7.1 | 7.1 |
| Not dilapidated: | | | | | | | | | |
| With private bath and private flush toilet, no hot running water..... | 3.9 | - | 0.6 | - | 1.6 | - | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.3 |
| With private flush toilet, no private bath.... | 16.9 | 2.6 | 1.9 | 1.6 | 2.3 | 1.6 | 3.6 | 1.3 | 1.9 |
| With running water, no private flush toilet... | 57.8 | 8.1 | 6.2 | 4.5 | 7.8 | 7.5 | 15.6 | 4.9 | 3.2 |
| No running water inside structure..... | 4.2 | 1.0 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 1.3 | - | 0.6 | - | 0.6 |
| Dilapidated: | | | | | | | | | |
| With private bath and private flush toilet, hot and cold running water..... | 1.6 | 1.0 | - | - | - | - | 0.3 | - | 0.3 |
| With private bath and private flush toilet, no hot running water..... | 0.3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 0.3 | - |
| With private flush toilet, no private bath.... | 2.9 | 0.3 | 1.0 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.6 | 0.3 | - | - |
| With running water, no private flush toilet... | 6.5 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.3 | 1.3 | - | 0.6 | - | - |
| No running water inside structure..... | 5.5 | 3.6 | 0.3 | 0.6 | - | 0.3 | - | - | 0.6 |
| Not reporting condition or plumbing facilities.. | 0.3 | - | - | 0.3 | - | - | - | - | - |

Table 3b.--CONDITION AND PLUMBING FACILITIES OF RENTER-OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY GROSS RENT, FOR NONWHITE HOUSEHOLDS, FOR PARIS, KENTUCKY: 1950

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

| Condition and plumbing facilities | Total | Monthly gross rent | | | | | | | Not reported |
|---|-------|--------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| | | \$19 or less | \$20 to \$24 | \$25 to \$29 | \$30 to \$34 | \$35 to \$39 | \$40 to \$49 | \$50 or more | |
| Total number renter-occupied substandard dwelling units..... | 157 | 107 | 20 | 15 | 1 | 1 | - | 1 | 12 |
| Percent of total..... | 100.0 | 68.2 | 12.7 | 9.6 | 0.6 | 0.6 | - | 0.6 | 7.6 |
| Not dilapidated: | | | | | | | | | |
| With private bath and private flush toilet, no hot running water..... | 0.6 | - | - | - | - | 0.6 | - | - | - |
| With private flush toilet, no private bath.... | 6.4 | 2.5 | - | 3.8 | - | - | - | - | - |
| With running water, no private flush toilet... | 7.6 | 4.5 | 0.6 | 1.3 | - | - | - | - | 1.3 |
| No running water inside structure..... | 29.3 | 18.5 | 6.4 | 1.3 | 0.6 | - | - | - | 2.5 |
| Dilapidated: | | | | | | | | | |
| With private bath and private flush toilet, hot and cold running water..... | 0.6 | 0.6 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| With private bath and private flush toilet, no hot running water..... | 0.6 | 0.6 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| With private flush toilet, no private bath.... | 0.6 | - | - | 0.6 | - | - | - | - | - |
| With running water, no private flush toilet... | 2.5 | 1.9 | - | 0.6 | - | - | - | - | - |
| No running water inside structure..... | 49.7 | 38.2 | 5.7 | 1.9 | - | - | - | - | 3.8 |
| Not reporting condition or plumbing facilities.. | 1.9 | 1.3 | - | - | - | - | - | 0.6 | - |

Table 4.--CHARACTERISTICS OF FAMILIES IN SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY TENURE AND COLOR, FOR PARIS, KENTUCKY: 1950

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

| Characteristic | Total | | | White | | | Nonwhite | | |
|---|-------|-------|--------|-------|-------|--------|----------|-------|--------|
| | Total | Owner | Renter | Total | Owner | Renter | Total | Owner | Renter |
| Total number of families..... | 638 | 279 | 359 | 372 | 114 | 258 | 266 | 165 | 101 |
| Percent of total..... | 100.0 | 43.7 | 56.3 | 58.3 | 17.9 | 40.4 | 41.7 | 25.9 | 15.8 |
| TYPE OF FAMILY | | | | | | | | | |
| Total..... | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Primary family..... | 99.5 | 99.3 | 99.7 | 99.2 | 98.2 | 99.6 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Secondary family..... | 0.5 | 0.7 | 0.3 | 0.8 | 1.8 | 0.4 | - | - | - |
| NUMBER OF PERSONS IN FAMILY | | | | | | | | | |
| Total..... | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| 2 persons..... | 40.1 | 41.2 | 39.3 | 35.5 | 33.3 | 36.4 | 46.6 | 46.7 | 46.5 |
| 3 persons..... | 25.4 | 22.2 | 27.9 | 26.9 | 21.1 | 29.5 | 23.3 | 23.0 | 23.8 |
| 4 persons..... | 12.1 | 8.6 | 14.8 | 15.3 | 14.0 | 15.9 | 7.5 | 4.8 | 11.9 |
| 5 persons..... | 9.2 | 11.1 | 7.8 | 10.2 | 14.9 | 8.1 | 7.9 | 8.5 | 6.9 |
| 6 persons..... | 4.5 | 5.4 | 3.9 | 4.6 | 4.4 | 4.7 | 4.5 | 6.1 | 2.0 |
| 7 persons..... | 4.1 | 5.4 | 3.1 | 3.2 | 5.3 | 2.3 | 5.3 | 5.5 | 5.0 |
| 8 persons or more..... | 4.5 | 6.1 | 3.3 | 4.3 | 7.0 | 3.1 | 4.9 | 5.5 | 4.0 |
| NUMBER OF PERSONS PER ROOM IN DWELLING UNIT | | | | | | | | | |
| Total..... | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| 0.50 or less..... | 18.2 | 29.7 | 9.2 | 10.8 | 21.1 | 6.2 | 28.6 | 35.8 | 16.8 |
| 0.51 to 0.75..... | 20.8 | 24.7 | 17.8 | 19.6 | 28.1 | 15.9 | 22.6 | 22.4 | 22.8 |
| 0.76 to 1.00..... | 26.8 | 18.6 | 33.1 | 29.0 | 16.7 | 34.5 | 23.7 | 20.0 | 29.7 |
| 1.01 to 1.50..... | 17.9 | 18.6 | 21.2 | 22.0 | 20.2 | 22.9 | 12.0 | 9.1 | 16.8 |
| 1.51 to 2.00..... | 9.6 | 9.3 | 9.7 | 11.3 | 12.3 | 10.9 | 7.1 | 7.3 | 6.9 |
| 2.01 or more..... | 6.0 | 3.6 | 7.8 | 6.7 | 1.8 | 8.9 | 4.9 | 4.8 | 5.0 |
| Not reported..... | 0.8 | 0.4 | 1.1 | 0.5 | - | 0.8 | 1.1 | 0.6 | 2.0 |
| NUMBER OF MINORS IN FAMILY | | | | | | | | | |
| Total..... | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| No minors..... | 43.1 | 49.5 | 38.2 | 37.4 | 41.2 | 35.7 | 51.1 | 55.2 | 44.6 |
| 1 minor..... | 25.5 | 19.4 | 30.4 | 29.0 | 21.1 | 32.6 | 20.7 | 18.2 | 24.8 |
| 2 minors..... | 12.9 | 10.0 | 15.0 | 14.8 | 13.2 | 15.5 | 10.2 | 7.9 | 13.9 |
| 3 minors..... | 8.3 | 8.6 | 8.1 | 9.7 | 10.5 | 9.3 | 6.4 | 7.3 | 5.0 |
| 4 minors..... | 4.5 | 5.0 | 4.2 | 5.4 | 7.0 | 4.7 | 3.4 | 3.6 | 3.0 |
| 5 minors..... | 2.5 | 3.6 | 1.7 | 1.6 | 3.5 | 0.8 | 3.8 | 3.6 | 4.0 |
| 6 minors or more..... | 3.1 | 3.9 | 2.5 | 2.2 | 3.5 | 1.6 | 4.5 | 4.2 | 5.0 |

Table 4a.--INCOME IN 1949 OF PRIMARY FAMILIES IN SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY NUMBER OF MINORS, TENURE, AND COLOR,
FOR PARIS, KENTUCKY: 1950

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

| Family income by number of minors | Total | | | White | | | Nonwhite | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------|-------|--------|-------|-------|--------|----------|-------|--------|
| | Total | Owner | Renter | Total | Owner | Renter | Total | Owner | Renter |
| Total number of primary families..... | 635 | 277 | 358 | 369 | 112 | 257 | 266 | 165 | 101 |
| Percent of total..... | 100.0 | 43.6 | 56.4 | 58.1 | 17.6 | 40.5 | 41.9 | 26.0 | 15.9 |
| Total..... | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | (1) | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| \$999 or less..... | 26.3 | 35.7 | 19.1 | 15.2 | | 14.9 | 41.7 | 49.1 | 29.7 |
| \$1,000 to \$1,249..... | 8.9 | 11.5 | 6.8 | 7.1 | | 5.2 | 11.3 | 11.5 | 10.9 |
| \$1,250 to \$1,499..... | 6.4 | 4.9 | 7.6 | 7.2 | | 7.8 | 5.3 | 4.2 | 6.9 |
| \$1,500 to \$1,749..... | 9.2 | 6.9 | 11.0 | 8.5 | | 9.1 | 10.2 | 6.7 | 15.8 |
| \$1,750 to \$1,999..... | 6.9 | 5.9 | 7.7 | 5.4 | | 6.5 | 9.0 | 7.9 | 10.9 |
| \$2,000 to \$2,249..... | 7.8 | 7.5 | 8.1 | 9.4 | | 9.7 | 5.6 | 6.7 | 4.0 |
| \$2,250 to \$2,499..... | 3.2 | 2.5 | 3.8 | 4.5 | | 4.5 | 1.5 | 1.2 | 2.0 |
| \$2,500 to \$2,749..... | 4.5 | 3.9 | 4.9 | 5.8 | | 4.5 | 2.6 | 0.6 | 5.9 |
| \$2,750 to \$2,999..... | 2.2 | 1.8 | 2.5 | 2.7 | | 1.9 | 1.5 | - | 4.0 |
| \$3,000 to \$3,999..... | 7.3 | 6.3 | 8.0 | 10.3 | | 10.4 | 3.0 | 3.6 | 2.0 |
| \$4,000 to \$4,999..... | 1.7 | 0.9 | 2.3 | 2.7 | | 3.2 | 0.4 | 0.6 | - |
| \$5,000 or more..... | 0.8 | - | 1.4 | 1.4 | | 1.9 | - | - | - |
| Not reported..... | 14.8 | 12.3 | 16.7 | 19.7 | | 20.1 | 7.9 | 7.9 | 7.9 |
| No minors..... | 42.8 | 49.8 | 37.3 | 36.7 | | 34.4 | 51.1 | 55.2 | 44.6 |
| \$999 or less..... | 13.9 | 20.1 | 9.1 | 7.2 | | 6.5 | 23.3 | 27.9 | 15.8 |
| \$1,000 to \$1,249..... | 3.5 | 5.8 | 1.8 | 3.1 | | 1.3 | 4.1 | 4.8 | 3.0 |
| \$1,250 to \$1,499..... | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.1 | 1.8 | | 2.6 | 2.6 | 3.6 | 1.0 |
| \$1,500 to \$1,749..... | 3.9 | 3.7 | 4.1 | 2.7 | | 2.6 | 5.6 | 4.2 | 7.9 |
| \$1,750 to \$1,999..... | 2.7 | 3.3 | 2.1 | 1.3 | | 0.6 | 4.5 | 3.6 | 5.9 |
| \$2,000 to \$2,249..... | 3.5 | 2.8 | 4.0 | 4.1 | | 5.2 | 2.6 | 3.6 | 1.0 |
| \$2,250 to \$2,499..... | 0.9 | 1.5 | 0.5 | 1.3 | | 0.6 | 0.4 | 0.6 | - |
| \$2,500 to \$2,749..... | 1.8 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 2.2 | | 1.3 | 1.1 | - | 3.0 |
| \$2,750 to \$2,999..... | 1.0 | 0.6 | 1.3 | 0.9 | | 0.6 | 1.1 | - | 3.0 |
| \$3,000 to \$3,999..... | 1.8 | 2.3 | 1.4 | 2.2 | | 1.9 | 1.1 | 1.8 | - |
| \$4,000 to \$4,999..... | 0.5 | - | 0.9 | 0.9 | | 1.3 | - | - | - |
| \$5,000 or more..... | 0.5 | - | 0.9 | 0.9 | | 1.3 | - | - | - |
| Not reported..... | 6.6 | 5.8 | 7.2 | 8.1 | | 8.4 | 4.5 | 4.8 | 4.0 |
| One minor..... | 25.4 | 20.8 | 28.9 | 28.7 | | 30.5 | 20.7 | 18.2 | 24.8 |
| \$999 or less..... | 5.7 | 7.3 | 4.5 | 3.6 | | 3.9 | 8.6 | 10.3 | 5.9 |
| \$1,000 to \$1,249..... | 2.0 | 2.6 | 1.6 | 1.3 | | 0.6 | 3.0 | 2.4 | 4.0 |
| \$1,250 to \$1,499..... | 2.3 | 1.2 | 3.2 | 3.1 | | 3.2 | 1.1 | - | 3.0 |
| \$1,500 to \$1,749..... | 2.2 | 0.9 | 3.2 | 2.7 | | 3.2 | 1.5 | 0.6 | 3.0 |
| \$1,750 to \$1,999..... | 2.1 | 0.7 | 3.2 | 2.3 | | 3.2 | 1.9 | 1.2 | 3.0 |
| \$2,000 to \$2,249..... | 1.6 | 1.5 | 1.7 | 2.2 | | 1.9 | 0.8 | 0.6 | 1.0 |
| \$2,250 to \$2,499..... | 0.8 | - | 1.4 | 1.4 | | 1.9 | - | - | - |
| \$2,500 to \$2,749..... | 1.5 | 0.9 | 2.0 | 1.8 | | 1.9 | 1.1 | 0.6 | 2.0 |
| \$2,750 to \$2,999..... | 0.5 | 0.6 | 0.5 | 0.9 | | 0.6 | - | - | - |
| \$3,000 to \$3,999..... | 2.2 | - | 3.8 | 3.2 | | 4.5 | 0.8 | - | 2.0 |
| \$4,000 to \$4,999..... | 0.5 | 0.6 | 0.5 | 0.9 | | 0.6 | - | - | - |
| \$5,000 or more..... | - | - | - | - | | - | - | - | - |
| Not reported..... | 3.9 | 4.4 | 3.5 | 5.4 | | 4.5 | 1.9 | 2.4 | 1.0 |
| Two minors..... | 13.1 | 10.0 | 15.6 | 15.3 | | 16.2 | 10.2 | 7.9 | 13.9 |
| \$999 or less..... | 2.5 | 1.3 | 3.4 | 2.7 | | 3.2 | 2.3 | 1.2 | 4.0 |
| \$1,000 to \$1,249..... | 0.9 | 0.7 | 1.0 | 0.5 | | 0.6 | 1.5 | 1.2 | 2.0 |
| \$1,250 to \$1,499..... | 0.8 | 0.4 | 1.2 | 0.9 | | 1.3 | 0.8 | 0.6 | 1.0 |
| \$1,500 to \$1,749..... | 1.8 | 1.5 | 2.0 | 2.2 | | 1.9 | 1.1 | 0.6 | 2.0 |
| \$1,750 to \$1,999..... | 1.3 | 0.7 | 1.7 | 1.4 | | 1.9 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.0 |
| \$2,000 to \$2,249..... | 1.8 | 1.7 | 2.0 | 1.8 | | 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.8 | 2.0 |
| \$2,250 to \$2,499..... | 0.3 | 0.6 | - | 0.4 | | - | - | - | - |
| \$2,500 to \$2,749..... | 0.3 | - | 0.5 | 0.5 | | 0.6 | - | - | - |
| \$2,750 to \$2,999..... | 0.3 | 0.6 | - | 0.4 | | - | - | - | - |
| \$3,000 to \$3,999..... | 1.1 | 1.3 | 0.9 | 1.3 | | 1.3 | 0.8 | 1.2 | - |
| \$4,000 to \$4,999..... | - | - | - | - | | - | - | - | - |
| \$5,000 or more..... | - | - | - | - | | - | - | - | - |
| Not reported..... | 2.1 | 1.2 | 2.9 | 3.1 | | 3.2 | 0.8 | - | 2.0 |

¹ Percentage distribution is not shown when the number of cases in the sample is less than 100.

Table 4a.--INCOME IN 1949 OF PRIMARY FAMILIES IN SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY NUMBER OF MINORS, TENURE, AND COLOR,
FOR PARIS, KENTUCKY: 1950--Con.

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

| Family income by number of minors | Total | | | White | | | Nonwhite | | |
|--------------------------------------|-------|-------|--------|-------|-------|--------|----------|-------|--------|
| | Total | Owner | Renter | Total | Owner | Renter | Total | Owner | Renter |
| Three or four minors..... | 18.5 | 11.8 | 14.8 | 16.2 | | 17.5 | 9.8 | 10.9 | 7.9 |
| \$999 or less..... | 2.9 | 5.1 | 1.2 | 1.8 | | 1.3 | 4.5 | 6.7 | 1.0 |
| \$1,000 to \$1,249..... | 1.4 | 0.4 | 2.1 | 1.8 | | 2.6 | 0.8 | 0.6 | 1.0 |
| \$1,250 to \$1,499..... | 0.7 | 0.6 | 0.7 | 0.9 | | 0.6 | 0.4 | - | 1.0 |
| \$1,500 to \$1,749..... | 1.2 | 0.4 | 1.8 | 0.9 | | 1.3 | 1.5 | 0.6 | 3.0 |
| \$1,750 to \$1,999..... | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.5 | | 0.6 | 0.4 | 0.6 | - |
| \$2,000 to \$2,249..... | 0.9 | 1.5 | 0.5 | 1.3 | | 0.6 | 0.4 | 0.6 | - |
| \$2,250 to \$2,499..... | 1.1 | 0.4 | 1.7 | 1.4 | | 1.9 | 0.8 | 0.6 | 1.0 |
| \$2,500 to \$2,749..... | 0.7 | 0.6 | 0.7 | 0.9 | | 0.6 | 0.4 | - | 1.0 |
| \$2,750 to \$2,999..... | 0.3 | - | 0.5 | 0.5 | | 0.6 | - | - | - |
| \$3,000 to \$3,999..... | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 2.2 | | 1.9 | 0.4 | 0.6 | - |
| \$4,000 to \$4,999..... | 0.5 | - | 0.9 | 0.9 | | 1.3 | - | - | - |
| \$5,000 or more..... | - | - | - | - | | - | - | - | - |
| Not reported..... | 2.0 | 0.9 | 2.8 | 3.2 | | 3.9 | 0.4 | 0.6 | - |
| 5 minors or more..... | 5.3 | 7.6 | 3.4 | 3.1 | | 1.3 | 8.3 | 7.9 | 8.9 |
| \$999 or less..... | 1.3 | 1.8 | 0.8 | - | | - | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.0 |
| \$1,000 to \$1,249..... | 1.0 | 2.0 | 0.3 | 0.4 | | - | 1.9 | 2.4 | 1.0 |
| \$1,250 to \$1,499..... | 0.4 | 0.6 | 0.3 | 0.4 | | - | 0.4 | - | 1.0 |
| \$1,500 to \$1,749..... | 0.2 | 0.4 | - | - | | - | 0.4 | 0.6 | - |
| \$1,750 to \$1,999..... | 0.5 | 0.7 | 0.3 | - | | - | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.0 |
| \$2,000 to \$2,249..... | - | - | - | - | | - | - | - | - |
| \$2,250 to \$2,499..... | 0.2 | - | 0.3 | - | | - | 0.4 | - | 1.0 |
| \$2,500 to \$2,749..... | 0.3 | 0.6 | - | 0.4 | | - | - | - | - |
| \$2,750 to \$2,999..... | 0.2 | - | 0.3 | - | | - | 0.4 | - | 1.0 |
| \$3,000 to \$3,999..... | 0.8 | 1.2 | 0.5 | 1.3 | | 0.6 | - | - | - |
| \$4,000 to \$4,999..... | 0.2 | 0.4 | - | - | | - | 0.4 | 0.6 | - |
| \$5,000 or more..... | 0.3 | - | 0.5 | 0.5 | | 0.6 | - | - | - |
| Not reported..... | 0.2 | - | 0.3 | - | | - | 0.4 | - | 1.0 |

Table 5.--RENT AS PERCENT OF INCOME BY FAMILY INCOME IN 1949 OF PRIMARY FAMILIES WITH NO SUBFAMILY OR SECONDARY FAMILY IN RENTER-OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY PRESENCE OF MINORS AND COLOR, FOR PARIS, KENTUCKY: 1950

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

| Gross rent as percent of income by family income | Total | | | White | | | Nonwhite | | |
|--|-------|------------------|-------------|-------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| | Total | No minors | With minors | Total | No minors | With minors | Total | No minors | With minors |
| Number of families..... | 333 | 133 | 200 | 235 | 88 | 147 | 98 | 45 | 53 |
| Percent of total..... | 100.0 | 40.0 | 60.0 | 70.6 | 26.5 | 44.1 | 29.4 | 13.5 | 15.9 |
| Total..... | 100.0 | (¹) | 100.0 | 100.0 | (¹) |
| 9 percent or less..... | 14.3 | | 13.4 | 11.3 | | | | | |
| 10 percent to 14 percent..... | 12.1 | | 14.4 | 12.1 | | | | | |
| 15 percent to 19 percent..... | 15.1 | | 17.5 | 14.2 | | | | | |
| 20 percent to 24 percent..... | 10.2 | | 6.8 | 10.6 | | | | | |
| 25 percent to 29 percent..... | 8.0 | | 7.3 | 7.1 | | | | | |
| 30 percent to 34 percent..... | 4.4 | | 6.3 | 5.0 | | | | | |
| 35 percent or more..... | 12.2 | | 12.7 | 13.5 | | | | | |
| Not reported..... | 23.6 | | 21.5 | 26.2 | | | | | |
| \$1,499 or less..... | 30.8 | | 30.4 | 25.5 | | | | | |
| 9 percent or less..... | 3.4 | | 3.2 | 3.5 | | | | | |
| 10 percent to 14 percent..... | 0.9 | | 1.5 | - | | | | | |
| 15 percent to 19 percent..... | 4.1 | | 5.0 | 2.8 | | | | | |
| 20 percent to 24 percent..... | 3.1 | | 1.8 | 1.4 | | | | | |
| 25 percent to 29 percent..... | 5.2 | | 4.0 | 3.5 | | | | | |
| 30 percent to 34 percent..... | 2.9 | | 3.8 | 2.8 | | | | | |
| 35 percent or more..... | 10.7 | | 11.0 | 11.3 | | | | | |
| \$1,500 to \$1,999..... | 19.0 | | 21.0 | 16.3 | | | | | |
| 9 percent or less..... | 3.5 | | 3.0 | 0.7 | | | | | |
| 10 percent to 14 percent..... | 2.5 | | 2.7 | 1.4 | | | | | |
| 15 percent to 19 percent..... | 4.4 | | 5.3 | 2.8 | | | | | |
| 20 percent to 24 percent..... | 4.1 | | 3.8 | 5.0 | | | | | |
| 25 percent to 29 percent..... | 1.5 | | 2.5 | 2.1 | | | | | |
| 30 percent to 34 percent..... | 1.5 | | 2.5 | 2.1 | | | | | |
| 35 percent or more..... | 1.5 | | 1.7 | 2.1 | | | | | |
| \$2,000 to \$2,499..... | 10.8 | | 10.8 | 12.8 | | | | | |
| 9 percent or less..... | 2.1 | | 1.8 | 2.1 | | | | | |
| 10 percent to 14 percent..... | 2.1 | | 2.7 | 2.1 | | | | | |
| 15 percent to 19 percent..... | 3.1 | | 3.8 | 3.5 | | | | | |
| 20 percent to 24 percent..... | 3.0 | | 1.7 | 4.3 | | | | | |
| 25 percent to 29 percent..... | 0.5 | | 0.8 | 0.7 | | | | | |
| 30 percent to 34 percent..... | - | | - | - | | | | | |
| 35 percent or more..... | - | | - | - | | | | | |
| \$2,500 to \$2,999..... | 6.4 | | 5.7 | 5.7 | | | | | |
| 9 percent or less..... | 2.5 | | 2.3 | 1.4 | | | | | |
| 10 percent to 14 percent..... | 2.1 | | 2.5 | 2.1 | | | | | |
| 15 percent to 19 percent..... | 1.0 | | 0.8 | 1.4 | | | | | |
| 20 percent to 24 percent..... | - | | - | - | | | | | |
| 25 percent to 29 percent..... | 0.8 | | - | 0.7 | | | | | |
| 30 percent to 34 percent..... | - | | - | - | | | | | |
| 35 percent or more..... | - | | - | - | | | | | |
| \$3,000 or over..... | 9.8 | | 10.5 | 13.5 | | | | | |
| 9 percent or less..... | 2.8 | | 3.0 | 3.5 | | | | | |
| 10 percent to 14 percent..... | 4.5 | | 5.0 | 6.4 | | | | | |
| 15 percent to 19 percent..... | 2.5 | | 2.5 | 3.5 | | | | | |
| 20 percent to 24 percent..... | - | | - | - | | | | | |
| 25 percent to 29 percent..... | - | | - | - | | | | | |
| 30 percent to 34 percent..... | - | | - | - | | | | | |
| 35 percent or more..... | - | | - | - | | | | | |
| Not reporting income or rent | 23.6 | | 21.5 | 26.2 | | | | | |

¹ Percentage distribution is not shown when the number of cases in the sample is less than 100.