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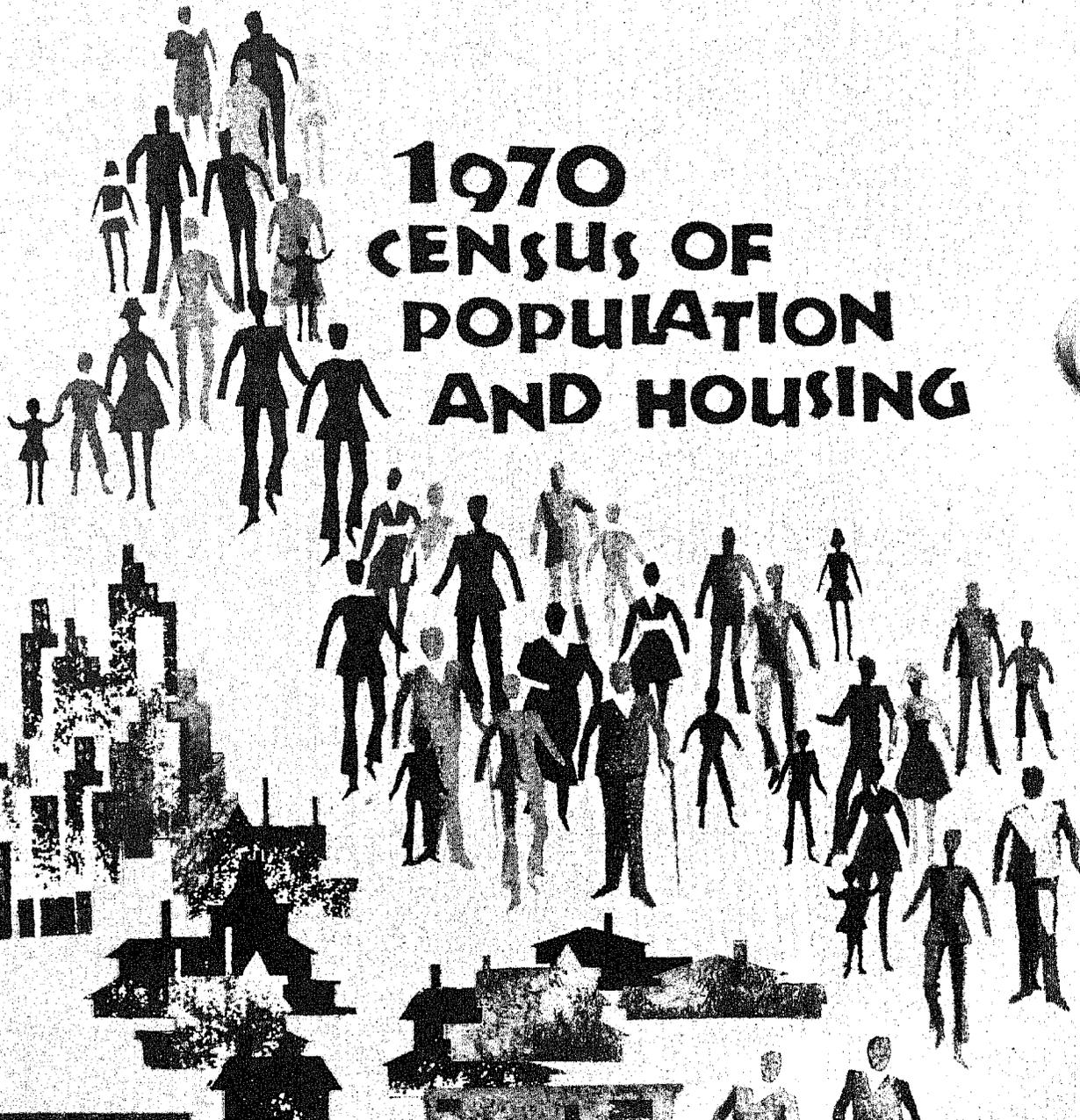
Census Tracts

OGDEN, UTAH

STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA

PHC(1)-151

1970 CENSUS OF POPULATION AND HOUSING



U.S. DEPARTMENT
OF COMMERCE
BUREAU OF
THE CENSUS

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OGDEN, UTAH
STANDARD METROPOLITAN
STATISTICAL AREA

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LIST OF PHC(1) CENSUS TRACT REPORTS

The reports listed below are for Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas. An asterisk (*) indicates that the report includes data for tracts in selected areas adjacent to the SMSA.

Report number	Area	Report number	Area	Report number	Area
1	Abilene, Tex.	41	Charlotte, N.C.*	81	Great Falls, Mont.
2	Akron, Ohio	42	Chattanooga, Tenn.-Ga.	82	Green Bay, Wis.
3	Albany, Ga.	43	Chicago, Ill.	83	Greensboro-Winston-Salem-High Point, N.C.
4	Albany-Schenectady-Troy, N.Y.	44	Cincinnati, Ohio-Ky.-Ind.	84	Greenville, S.C.
5	Albuquerque, N. Mex.	45	Cleveland, Ohio	85	Hamilton-Middletown, Ohio
6	Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton, Pa.-N.J.	46	Colorado Springs, Colo.	86	Harrisburg, Pa.
7	Altoona, Pa.	47	Columbia, Mo.	87	Hartford, Conn.*
8	Amarillo, Tex.	48	Columbia, S.C.	88	Honolulu, Hawaii*
9	Anaheim-Santa Ana-Garden Grove, Calif.	49	Columbus, Ga.-Ala.	89	Houston, Tex.*
10	Anderson, Ind.	50	Columbus, Ohio	90	Huntington-Ashland, W. Va.-Ky.-Ohio*
11	Ann Arbor, Mich.	51	Corpus Christi, Tex.	91	Huntsville, Ala.
12	Appleton-Oshkosh, Wis.	52	Dallas, Tex.	92	Indianapolis, Ind.
13	Asheville, N.C.	53	Davenport-Rock Island-Moline, Iowa-Ill.	93	Jackson, Mich.
14	Atlanta, Ga.*	54	Dayton, Ohio	94	Jackson, Miss.
15	Atlantic City, N.J.	55	Decatur, Ill.	95	Jacksonville, Fla.
16	Augusta, Ga.-S.C.	56	Denver, Colo.	96	Jersey City, N.J.
17	Austin, Tex.	57	Des Moines, Iowa	97	Johnstown, Pa.
18	Bakersfield, Calif.	58	Detroit, Mich.*	98	Kalamazoo, Mich.
19	Baltimore, Md.	59	Dubuque, Iowa	99	Kansas City, Mo.-Kans.*
20	Baton Rouge, La.*	60	Duluth-Superior, Minn.-Wis.	100	Kenosha, Wis.
21	Bay City, Mich.	61	Durham, N.C.	101	Knoxville, Tenn.*
22	Beaumont-Port Arthur-Orange, Tex.	62	El Paso, Tex.	102	Lafayette, La.
23	Billings, Mont.	63	Erie, Pa.	103	Lafayette-West Lafayette, Ind.
24	Biloxi-Gulfport, Miss.	64	Eugene, Oreg.	104	Lake Charles, La.
25	Binghamton, N.Y.-Pa.	65	Evansville, Ind.-Ky.	105	Lancaster, Pa.
26	Birmingham, Ala.	66	Fall River, Mass.-R.I.	106	Lansing, Mich.
27	Bloomington-Normal, Ill.	67	Fargo-Moorhead, N. Dak.-Minn.	107	Laredo, Tex.
28	Boise City, Idaho	68	Fayetteville, N.C.	108	Las Vegas, Nev.
29	Boston, Mass.*	69	Fitchburg-Leominster, Mass.*	109	Lawrence-Haverhill, Mass.-N.H.
30	Bridgeport, Conn.	70	Flint, Mich.	110	Lawton, Ohio
31	Bristol, Conn.*	71	Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood, Fla.	111	Lewiston-Auburn, Maine
32	Brockton, Mass.	72	Fort Smith, Ark.-Okla.	112	Lexington, Ky.
33	Brownsville-Harlingen-San Benito, Tex.	73	Fort Wayne, Ind.	113	Lima, Ohio
34	Bryan-College Station, Tex.	74	Fort Worth, Tex.*	114	Lincoln, Nebr.
35	Buffalo, N.Y.	75	Fresno, Calif.	115	Little Rock-North Little Rock, Ark.
36	Canton, Ohio	76	Gadsden, Ala.	116	Lorain-Elyria, Ohio*
37	Cedar Rapids, Iowa	77	Gainesville, Fla.	117	Los Angeles-Long Beach, Calif.
38	Champaign-Urbana, Ill.	78	Galveston-Texas City, Tex.	118	Louisville, Ky.-Ind.
39	Charleston, S.C.*	79	Gary-Hammond-East Chicago, Ind.	119	Lowell, Mass.
40	Charleston, W. Va.	80	Grand Rapids, Mich.*	120	Lubbock, Tex.

Report number	Area	Report number	Area	Report number	Area
121	Lynchburg, Va.*	161	Pine Bluff, Ark.	201	Spokane, Wash.
122	Macon, Ga.*	162	Pittsburgh, Pa.	202	Springfield, Ill.
123	Madison, Wis.	163	Pittsfield, Mass.	203	Springfield, Mo.
124	Manchester, N.H.	164	Portland, Maine*	204	Springfield, Ohio
125	Mansfield, Ohio	165	Portland, Oreg.-Wash.	205	Springfield-Chicopee-Holyoke, Mass.-Conn.*
126	McAllen-Pharr-Edinburg, Tex.	166	Providence-Pawtucket-Warwick, R.I.-Mass.*	206	Stamford, Conn.
127	Memphis, Tenn.-Ark.	167	Provo-Orem, Utah	207	Steubenville-Weirton, Ohio-W. Va.
128	Meriden, Conn.	168	Pueblo, Colo.	208	Stockton, Calif.
129	Miami, Fla.	169	Racine, Wis.	209	Syracuse, N.Y.
130	Midland, Tex.	170	Raleigh, N.C.	210	Tacoma, Wash.
131	Milwaukee, Wis.*	171	Reading, Pa.	211	Tallahassee, Fla.
132	Minneapolis-St. Paul, Minn.	172	Reno, Nev.	212	Tampa-St. Petersburg, Fla.
133	Mobile, Ala.	173	Richmond, Va.	213	Terre Haute, Ind.
134	Modesto, Calif.	174	Roanoke, Va.	214	Texarkana, Tex.-Ark.
135	Monroe, La.	175	Rochester, Minn.	215	Toledo, Ohio-Mich.
136	Montgomery, Ala.	176	Rochester, N.Y.	216	Topeka, Kans.
137	Muncie, Ind.	177	Rockford, Ill.	217	Trenton, N.J.
138	Muskegon-Muskegon Heights, Mich.	178	Sacramento, Calif.*	218	Tucson, Ariz.
139	Nashville-Davidson, Tenn.	179	Saginaw, Mich.	219	Tulsa, Okla.
140	New Bedford, Mass.	180	St. Joseph, Mo.	220	Tuscaloosa, Ala.
141	New Britain, Conn.	181	St. Louis, Mo.-Ill.*	221	Tyler, Tex.
142	New Haven, Conn.*	182	Salem, Oreg.	222	Utica-Rome, N.Y.
143	New London-Groton-Norwich, Conn.*	183	Salinas-Monterey, Calif.	223	Vallejo-Napa, Calif.
144	New Orleans, La.	184	Salt Lake City, Utah	224	Vineland-Millville-Bridgeton, N.J.
145	New York, N.Y.	185	San Angelo, Tex.	225	Waco, Tex.
146	Newark, N.J.*	186	San Antonio, Tex.	226	Washington, D.C.-Md.-Va.
147	Newport News-Hampton, Va.*	187	San Bernardino-Riverside-Ontario, Calif.	227	Waterbury, Conn.*
148	Norfolk-Portsmouth, Va.*	188	San Diego, Calif.	228	Waterloo, Iowa
149	Norwalk, Conn.*	189	San Francisco-Oakland, Calif.	229	West Palm Beach, Fla.
150	Odessa, Tex.	190	San Jose, Calif.	230	Wheeling, W. Va.-Ohio
151	Ogden, Utah	191	Santa Barbara, Calif.	231	Wichita, Kans.
152	Oklahoma City, Okla.	192	Santa Rosa, Calif.	232	Wichita Falls, Tex.*
153	Omaha, Nebr.-Iowa	193	Savannah, Ga.	233	Wilkes-Barre-Hazleton, Pa.
154	Orlando, Fla.	194	Scranton, Pa.	234	Wilmington, Del.-N.J.-Md.
155	Oxnard-Ventura, Calif.	195	Seattle-Everett, Wash.	235	Wilmington, N.C.
156	Paterson-Clifton-Passaic, N.J.	196	Sherman-Denison, Tex.	236	Worcester, Mass.*
157	Pensacola, Fla.	197	Shreveport, La.	237	York, Pa.
158	Peoria, Ill.	198	Sioux City, Iowa-Nebr.	238	Youngstown-Warren, Ohio*
159	Philadelphia, Pa.-N.J.	199	Sioux Falls, S. Dak.	239	Mayagüez, P.R.
160	Phoenix, Ariz.	200	South Bend, Ind.	240	Ponce, P.R.
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INTRODUCTION

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B. Definitions and Explanations of Subject Characteristics . . .	App-3
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GENERAL

This report presents statistics by census tract on the characteristics of the population and housing units as reported in the 1970 Census of Population and Housing. Legal provision for this census, which was conducted as of April 1, 1970, was made in the Act of Congress of August 31, 1954 (amended August 1957), which codified Title 13, United States Code. This report series contains 241 reports as listed on page II. Each report relates to a particular standard metropolitan statistical area (SMSA), and in some cases also covers certain areas adjacent to the SMSA. As stated on page App-2, there are 247 currently recognized SMSA's, including four in Puerto Rico. There are no reports in this series for six of these SMSA's because they were newly designated on the basis of the 1970 census results and census tracts had not been established for them previously.

This series of reports is one of the several series which present the information compiled from the census. For a description of the full data dissemination program see Appendix D, "Publication and Computer Summary Tape Program."

The content and procedures of the 1970 census were determined after

evaluation of the results of the 1960 census, consultation with a wide variety of users of census data, and extensive field pretesting. A number of changes were introduced in 1970 to improve the usefulness of the census results. For the characteristics shown in this report, the changes do not, however, affect to any appreciable extent the comparability of the 1970 data with those for 1960.

More detailed information on the technical and procedural matters covered in the text of this report can be obtained by writing to the Director, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D. C. 20233. Such information will also appear in later reports of the 1970 census.

Organization of the text.—The text consists of this introduction and four appendixes, which appear after the tables. Appendix A describes area classifications, defines census tracts, and traces some of the history of the development of census tract statistics. Appendix B provides definitions and explanations of the population and housing subjects appearing in the report. Appendix C presents information on sources of error in the data, sampling variability, ratio estimation, and editing procedures. Appendix D summarizes the data dissemination program of the 1970 census.

Content of the tables.—There are two numbered series of tables. Tables P-1 to P-8 present population statistics and tables H-1 to H-5 present housing statistics. Tables P-5 to P-8 and H-3 to H-5 relate to Negroes and to persons of Spanish language or surname or persons of Puerto Rican birth or parentage; they include only those tracts that have a population of 400 or more for the particular group.

The tables include data for the component counties and places of 25,000 or more in the SMSA, as well as for the tracts. All tables are arranged in identical fashion. Summations are presented first for the SMSA, followed by the component counties in alphabetical order (within State, if the SMSA crosses State lines). Shown under each county is the summation for each component place of 25,000 inhabitants or more and the balance of the county. Following these summations are the data for individual tracts (arranged in the above-mentioned geographic order) within the SMSA; and, in certain cases, for individual tracts in territory contiguous to the SMSA. When a tract crosses the boundary of a place of 25,000 inhabitants or more, statistics for the portion of the tract which lies inside the place are shown with the figure for the place; statistics for the remainder of the tract are shown as part of another place and/or under the county balance, as appropriate. The totals for each of these "split" tracts appear at the end of the table.

Sample size.—Tables P-1, H-1, and H-3 contain 100-percent data; the remaining tables contain data based on a sample of the population, with sampling rates of 20 percent or 15 percent. Figures for the total population or for some subgroups of the population (e.g., the population 5 years old and over) may differ from table to table or within the same table when the figures are tabulated from different samples. The sample size for each subject is stated in table C, Appendix C, "Accuracy of the Data." Appendix C also provides information on the sampling variability associated with the data.

Derived figures (percents, medians, etc.).—Percents, medians, and means, as well as certain rates and ratios are shown in these reports. For all types of derived figures in this report, the figure is not presented (but indicated by three dots "...") if the base is smaller than the minimum number prescribed for the sample on which the figure is based. The minimum bases are 5 (persons, families, households, or housing units) for figures derived from 100-percent tabulations, 25 for figures based on the 20-percent sample, and 33 for those based on the 15-percent sample. When a cross-tabulation of two or more characteristics covers subjects based on different samples, the minimum base for the smaller sample applies. Although figures are shown for all areas, except when the base is less than the specified minimum, the reader should exercise caution in the use and interpretation of data for very small areas or subgroups of the population; these data are especially subject to the effects of sampling variability, misreporting, and processing errors.

Percents which round to less than 0.1 are not shown but indicated as zero (i.e., "—"). The median, which is a type of average, is the middle value in a distribution, i.e., the median divides the distribution into two equal parts—one-half of the cases fall below the median and one-half of the cases exceed the median. When the median falls in the lower terminal category of an open-end distribution, the method of presentation is to show the initial value of the next category followed by a minus sign; thus, for example, if the median falls in the category "Less than \$5,000," it is shown as "\$5,000—." When the median falls in the upper terminal category of an open-end distribution, the method of

presentation is to show the initial value of the terminal category followed by a plus sign; thus, for example, if the median falls in the category "75 years and over," it is shown as "75+." The mean is the arithmetic average derived by adding the values in a particular distribution and dividing by the number of units in the distribution.

Symbols.—A dash "—" signifies zero. Three dots "..." mean not applicable, or that the base for the derived figure is too small for it to be shown, or that the data are being withheld to avoid disclosure of information for individuals. The symbol "U" means that the place is "unincorporated."

Boundaries.—Information on changes in the boundaries of tracts between 1960 and 1970 for this area appears after the Introduction. Information on boundary changes between 1960 and 1970 for certain types of areas other than tracts is given in the 1970 Population Census PC(1)-A report for each State.

DATA COLLECTION PROCEDURES

The 1970 census was conducted primarily through self-enumeration. In 1960, self-enumeration was first introduced on a nationwide scale as a substitute for the traditional census direct interview.

A census questionnaire was delivered by postal carriers to every household several days before Census Day, April 1, 1970. This questionnaire contained certain explanatory information and was accompanied by an instruction sheet; in areas with comparatively large proportions of Spanish-speaking persons, a Spanish version of the instruction sheet was also enclosed.

In the larger metropolitan areas and some adjacent counties, altogether containing about three-fifths of the population of the United States, the householder was requested to fill out and mail back the form on Census Day. Approximately 87 percent of the householders did so. The mailed-back forms were reviewed by the census enumerator (or, in some localities, a census clerk) and if the form was determined to be incomplete or inconsistent, a followup was made. The bulk of these followups were made by telephone, the rest by personal visit. For the households which did not mail back their forms, a followup was also made, in almost all cases by personal visit and in the remainder by telephone.

For the remaining two-fifths of the population, the householder was requested to fill out the form and give it to the enumerator when he called; approximately 80 percent did so. Incomplete and unfilled forms were completed by interview during the enumerator's visit.

Three types of questionnaires were used throughout the country; 80 percent of the households answered a form containing a limited number of population and housing questions and the remainder, split into 15-percent and 5-percent samples, answered forms which contained these questions as well as a number of additional questions. Some of the additional questions were the same on the 15-percent and 5-percent versions; others were different. A random procedure was used to determine which of the three forms any particular household answered.

In the metropolitan and adjacent areas, the designated type of questionnaire was sent to each household. In the remaining areas, the questionnaire

with a limited number of questions was distributed to all households, and the enumerators obtained the additional information by interview in those households designated for the 15-percent and 5-percent samples.

PROCESSING PROCEDURES

The 1970 census questionnaires were specially designed to be processed by FOSDIC (Film Optical Sensing Device for Input to Computer). For most items on the questionnaire, the information supplied by the respondent or obtained by the enumerator was indicated by marking the answers in

predesignated positions that would be "read" by FOSDIC from a microfilm copy of the questionnaire onto computer magnetic tape with no intervening manual processing. A number of the items, however, required reviewing written entries to determine the proper code. Consequently, the processing involved a manual coding and editing operation in which clerks determined the appropriate codes and marked the specified positions on the questionnaire; for example, the clerks applied a 2-digit numerical code for the country-of-birth entry. These marks, as well as those made by the respondent and enumerator, were read

by FOSDIC onto magnetic tape.

The tape containing the information from the questionnaires was processed on the Census Bureau's computers through a number of editing and tabulation steps (see Appendix C, "Accuracy of the Data"). One of the end results of this operation was a computer tape from which the tables in this report were prepared on a cathode-ray-tube phototypesetting machine at the Government Printing Office. Another end result was the summary tapes which are available for purchase, as described in Appendix D, "Publication and Computer Summary Tape Program."

Table A. Tract Comparability: 1970 to 1960

[Area tracted is the same as in 1960.¹ The tables list only those census tracts for which the boundaries or identification changed between 1960 and 1970.]

1970 tract	1960 tract
WEBER COUNTY, UTAH *	
0002	0002
0007	0102 PART
0008	0007 PART
	0008
0014	0007 PART
	0014 PART
	0112 PART
0015	0015 PART
	0112 PART
0016	0016
	0112 PART
0019	0019
	0105 PART
0020	0015 PART
	0112 PART
0102	0102 PART
	0103 PART
0103	0102 PART
	0103 PART
	0104 PART
0104	0103 PART
	0104 PART
	0105 PART
0105.01. . .	0105 PART
0105.02. . .	0105 PART
0106	0106 PART
0107.01. . .	0106 PART
	0107 PART
0107.02. . .	0105 PART
	0107 PART
0109	0109 PART
	0112 PART
0111	0111
	0112 PART
0112	0109 PART
	0112 PART

*PART OF DAVIS COUNTY TRANSFERRED TO WEBER COUNTY (AREA INCLUDED IN TRACT 0112).

¹SEE THE 1970 SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH SMSA CENSUS TRACT REPORT FOR CENSUS TRACTS LOCATED IN DAVIS COUNTY.

Table B. Tract Comparability: 1960 to 1970

[Area tracted is the same as in 1960.¹ The tables list only those census tracts for which the boundaries or identification changed between 1960 and 1970.]

1960 tract	1970 tract
WEBER COUNTY, UTAH	
0002	0002 PART
0007	0007
	0008 PART
0008	0008 PART
0014	0014 PART
0015	0015 PART
	0020 PART
0016	0016 PART
0019	0019 PART
0102	0002 PART
	0102 PART
	0103 PART
0103	0102 PART
	0103 PART
	0104 PART
0104	0103 PART
	0104 PART
0105	0105.01
	0105.02
	0019 PART
	0104 PART
	0107.02 PART
0106	0106
	0107.01 PART
0107	0107.01 PART
	0107.02 PART
0109	0109 PART
	0112 PART
0111	0111 PART
0112	0014 PART
	0015 PART
	0016 PART
	0020 PART
	0109 PART
	0111 PART
	0112 PART

¹SEE THE 1970 SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH SMSA CENSUS TRACT REPORT FOR CENSUS TRACTS LOCATED IN DAVIS COUNTY.

CORRECTION NOTE

The data presented for certain tracts in this SMSA contain errors which were found too late for retabulation to be feasible. The corrected 100-percent population and housing unit counts listed below for the affected tracts (and other areas) are not reflected in the tables of this report. County and place corrections shown here are consistent with (or revise) the information provided in the PC(1)-A and B, and HC(1)-A, State reports.

	<u>Population</u>		<u>Housing units</u>	
	<u>As shown in table P-1</u>	<u>Corrected</u>	<u>As shown in table H-1</u>	<u>Corrected</u>
Weber County:				
Tracts:				
103.....	4,290	4,379	1,026	1,048
104.....	4,754	4,665	1,228	1,206

Table P-1. General Characteristics of the Population: 1970

[For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

Census Tracts	Weber County			Ogden										
	Total	Ogden	Balance	Tract 0001	Tract 0002	Tract 0003	Tract 0004	Tract 0005	Tract 0006	Tract 0007	Tract 0008	Tract 0009	Tract 0010	
RACE														
All persons	126 278	69 478	56 800	4 899	5 800	2 019	2 333	4 556	3 828	3 544	5 131	4 254	1 356	
White	122 315	66 406	55 909	4 851	5 497	1 987	2 211	4 525	3 808	3 476	5 016	4 094	1 293	
Negro	2 073	1 881	192	6	205	8	21	1	3	6	17	45	41	
Percent Negro	1.6	2.7	0.3	0.1	3.5	0.4	0.9	-	0.1	0.2	0.3	1.1	3.0	
AGE BY SEX														
Male, all ages														
Under 5 years	62 101	33 785	28 316	2 397	2 915	987	1 098	2 155	1 898	1 765	2 348	2 033	654	
3 and 4 years	6 426	3 392	3 034	240	306	103	119	201	175	209	267	233	85	
5 to 9 years	2 440	1 207	1 233	100	118	34	42	74	72	78	92	81	32	
10 to 14 years	6 721	3 158	3 563	322	405	115	89	174	195	176	218	134	65	
15 to 19 years	1 311	614	697	50	73	17	20	31	39	38	49	22	10	
20 to 24 years	1 280	616	664	48	78	27	18	37	38	36	44	28	20	
25 to 34 years	7 530	3 533	3 997	354	416	95	91	248	282	203	211	130	74	
35 to 44 years	1 510	727	783	71	91	13	16	60	57	47	46	23	13	
45 to 54 years	6 933	3 758	3 175	312	439	102	103	231	275	169	234	177	81	
55 to 64 years	1 598	811	787	79	118	20	24	46	67	41	55	23	17	
65 to 74 years	1 577	822	755	80	112	22	25	58	72	35	43	44	20	
75 years and over	1 437	744	693	64	114	21	17	49	66	32	42	26	14	
Female, all ages	1 345	745	600	49	63	22	24	42	43	38	43	37	16	
Under 5 years	976	636	340	40	32	17	13	36	27	23	51	47	14	
3 and 4 years	5 369	3 564	1 805	133	193	95	101	178	116	150	288	397	58	
5 to 9 years	922	619	303	23	33	17	24	28	22	25	45	66	15	
10 to 14 years	1 051	685	366	33	34	23	7	32	26	30	61	73	14	
15 to 19 years	7 132	3 707	3 425	275	327	115	153	232	171	220	252	266	70	
20 to 24 years	6 454	3 034	3 420	328	310	105	83	180	239	151	159	138	34	
25 to 34 years	6 616	3 560	3 056	274	270	104	107	229	277	212	187	180	74	
35 to 44 years	2 612	1 615	997	68	83	37	71	102	73	100	116	76	27	
45 to 54 years	2 079	1 366	713	50	66	40	57	113	40	59	104	80	25	
55 to 64 years	2 687	1 929	758	30	69	46	83	153	27	85	202	110	36	
65 to 74 years	1 542	1 169	373	11	31	30	41	114	28	31	110	112	27	
75 years and over	Female, all ages	64 177	35 693	28 484	2 502	2 885	1 032	1 235	2 401	1 930	1 779	2 783	2 221	700
Under 5 years	6 124	3 106	3 018	267	327	104	127	211	135	154	239	237	73	
3 and 4 years	2 329	1 139	1 190	122	126	40	49	62	64	58	93	67	27	
5 to 9 years	6 496	3 105	3 391	306	403	110	125	180	205	190	183	137	74	
10 to 14 years	1 246	595	651	65	76	32	21	38	25	36	40	22	14	
15 to 19 years	1 221	586	635	48	78	23	28	24	38	33	39	28	15	
20 to 24 years	7 180	3 378	3 802	362	407	106	111	225	281	164	195	123	67	
25 to 34 years	1 534	716	818	83	86	24	24	39	64	34	34	26	17	
35 to 44 years	7 005	3 943	3 062	312	305	118	89	238	270	181	292	227	70	
45 to 54 years	1 455	756	699	83	76	14	26	40	57	40	65	23	16	
55 to 64 years	1 377	697	680	64	76	27	16	41	67	36	49	20	6	
65 to 74 years	1 408	732	676	65	62	27	18	53	61	40	42	35	15	
75 years and over	1 391	869	522	61	50	23	21	54	49	30	69	62	15	
Female, all ages	1 374	889	485	39	41	27	8	50	36	35	67	87	18	
Under 5 years	6 093	3 965	2 128	181	225	94	138	226	119	170	351	415	70	
3 and 4 years	1 372	963	409	43	39	24	24	43	33	38	99	96	21	
5 to 9 years	1 297	878	419	34	61	17	33	43	20	31	74	108	9	
10 to 14 years	7 199	3 547	3 652	305	387	111	131	251	185	213	236	199	77	
15 to 19 years	6 678	3 212	3 466	368	309	101	94	186	304	174	165	139	46	
20 to 24 years	6 827	3 875	2 952	268	255	110	115	261	276	231	245	157	86	
25 to 34 years	2 689	1 754	925	66	79	45	80	128	50	104	140	97	35	
35 to 44 years	2 298	1 405	693	31	69	53	65	141	28	72	172	117	21	
45 to 54 years	3 351	2 500	851	27	78	53	96	224	31	88	321	194	45	
55 to 64 years	2 237	1 703	534	14	41	27	64	130	46	38	244	179	36	
65 to 74 years	75 years and over	RELATIONSHIP TO HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD												
All persons	126 278	69 478	56 800	4 899	5 800	2 019	2 333	4 556	3 828	3 544	5 131	4 254	1 356	
In households	124 319	67 708	56 611	4 899	5 523	2 010	2 333	4 534	3 691	3 522	4 944	4 111	1 356	
Head of household	37 268	22 592	14 676	1 190	1 431	602	779	1 533	925	1 031	1 908	1 763	444	
Head of family	31 027	17 523	13 504	1 147	1 277	510	627	1 236	903	915	1 313	1 085	323	
Primary individual	6 241	5 069	1 172	1 43	1 54	92	152	297	22	16	595	678	121	
Wife of head	27 852	15 278	12 574	1 056	1 148	447	537	1 073	844	849	1 103	880	245	
Other relative of head	57 802	28 844	28 958	2 621	2 882	940	983	1 903	1 916	1 600	1 829	1 362	656	
Not related to head	1 397	994	403	32	62	21	34	25	6	42	104	106	11	
In group quarters	1 959	1 770	189	-	277	9	-	22	137	22	187	143	-	
Persons per household	3.34	3.00	3.86	4.12	3.86	3.34	2.99	2.96	3.99	3.42	2.59	2.33	3.05	
TYPE OF FAMILY AND NUMBER OF OWN CHILDREN														
All families	31 027	17 523	13 504	1 147	1 277	510	627	1 236	903	915	1 313	1 085	323	
With own children under 18 years	19 068	9 639	9 429	877	923	293	323	649	667	557	601	521	193	
Number of children	46 837	22 612	24 225	2 219	2 470	713	740	1 466	1 568	1 290	1 386	1 093	481	
Husband-wife families	27 852	15 278	12 574	1 056	1 148	447	537	1 073	844	849	1 103	880	245	
With own children under 18 years	17 025	8 227	8 798	808	827	255	267	558	616	514	485	384	143	
Number of children	42 365	19 505	22 860	2 062	2 228	638	629	1 281	1 452	1 190	1 138	808	347	
Percent of total under 18 years	85.9	80.5	91.1	90.2	79.0	83.5	79.8	83.9	87.3	90.2	70.7	69.4	66.0	
Families with other male head	480	322	158	4	21	10	17	23	4	9	23	33	11	
With own children under 18 years	196	114	82	2	6	4	9	10	4	2	8	8	4	
Number of children	396	220	176	3	12	6	19	16	9	2	15	19	9	
Families with female head	2 695	1 923	772	87	108	53	73	140	55	57	187	172	67	
With own children under 18 years	1 847	1 298	549	67	90	34	47	81	47	41	108	129	46	
Number of children	4 076	2 887	1 189	154	230	69	92	169	107	98	233	266	125	
Percent of total under 18 years	8.3	11.9	4.7	6.7	8.2	9.0	11.7	11.1	6.4	7.4	14.5	22.8	23.8	
Persons under 18 years	49 329	24 234	25 095	2 286	2 822	764	788	1 526	1 663	1 320	1 609	1 165	526	
MARITAL STATUS														
Male, 14 years old and over														
Single	42 934	24 429	18 505	1 552	1 879	687	815	1 592	1 303	1 224	1 698	1 559	445	
Married	11 957	6 843	5 114	452	644	178	200	380	412	320	436	404	134	
Separated	28 773	15 933	12 840	1 074	1 176	469	559	1 109	865	865	1 139	946	260	
Widowed	326	259	67	5	13	4	9	6	3	5	10	36	3	
Divorced	819	616	203	9	18	22	18	60	16	20	38	73	18	
Female, 14 years old and over	1 385	1 037	348	17	41	18	38	43	10	19	85	136	33	
Single	45 911	26 820	19 091	1 650	1 834	736	896	1 824	1 373	1 305	2 200	1 750	503	
Married	10 310	5 903	4 407	442	428	158	158	346	385	276	433	311	105	
Separated	29 293	16 255	13 038	1 094	1 210	472	570							

Table P-1. General Characteristics of the Population: 1970—Continued

(For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text)

Census Tracts	Ogden—Con.										Balance of Weber County			
	Tract 0011	Tract 0012	Tract 0013	Tract 0014	Tract 0015	Tract 0016	Tract 0017	Tract 0018	Tract 0019	Tract 0020	Tract 0002	Tract 0020	Tract 0101	Tract 0102
RACE														
All persons	1 107	3 974	6 294	3 987	3 970	4 078	3 250	2 562	1 356	1 180	263	72	2 148	4 197
White.....	954	2 744	6 158	3 963	3 905	4 027	3 163	2 343	1 224	1 167	255	72	2 138	4 163
Negro.....	85	1 140	15	—	26	2	2	156	102	—	—	—	—	3
Percent Negro.....	7.7	28.7	0.2	—	0.7	—	0.1	6.1	7.5	—	—	—	—	0.1
AGE BY SEX														
Male, all ages														
Under 5 years.....	675	1 913	3 042	1 949	1 995	1 916	1 579	1 202	689	573	132	40	1 105	2 106
3 and 4 years.....	33	210	342	146	106	169	176	147	66	59	17	6	106	238
5 to 9 years.....	9	73	102	57	42	40	65	48	26	22	5	1	46	98
5 years.....	17	207	196	146	133	135	144	122	96	69	22	4	134	323
6 years.....	4	39	51	31	26	22	24	23	30	15	3	—	20	65
10 to 14 years.....	2	47	39	26	27	21	30	24	17	9	8	—	36	61
14 years.....	13	206	203	210	198	177	154	106	85	77	20	7	174	309
15 to 19 years.....	3	42	44	46	36	38	33	25	14	9	3	1	31	45
15 years.....	41	182	238	189	397	215	137	102	76	58	11	5	103	226
16 years.....	3	40	48	45	49	46	29	22	18	21	2	1	29	60
17 years.....	4	43	39	36	63	47	28	21	16	14	1	1	28	65
18 years.....	2	40	32	49	58	43	30	22	17	6	6	1	17	36
19 years.....	16	35	61	31	118	40	31	18	9	9	—	1	21	38
20 to 24 years.....	16	24	58	28	109	39	19	19	16	8	2	1	8	27
20 years.....	62	196	504	173	269	228	196	124	53	50	2	1	51	125
21 years.....	7	32	86	27	82	32	25	17	6	7	—	—	10	11
25 to 34 years.....	17	33	85	29	62	42	43	28	6	7	—	1	10	24
35 to 44 years.....	64	158	394	189	126	242	188	131	58	76	18	3	152	263
45 to 54 years.....	84	166	219	163	135	186	107	93	58	96	17	4	117	276
55 to 59 years.....	116	189	239	215	252	273	163	93	54	52	10	6	104	181
60 to 64 years.....	61	86	136	129	148	92	90	60	47	13	5	3	47	58
65 to 74 years.....	49	98	155	115	78	71	74	57	30	5	9	—	34	46
75 years and over.....	76	148	255	196	86	88	91	101	39	8	—	—	59	39
75 years and over.....	59	67	161	78	67	40	59	66	27	10	1	1	24	22
Female, all ages														
Under 5 years.....	432	2 061	3 252	2 038	1 975	2 162	1 671	1 360	667	607	131	32	1 043	2 091
3 and 4 years.....	14	197	295	100	64	137	159	121	76	69	11	2	89	276
5 to 9 years.....	5	66	90	40	25	42	54	49	28	32	4	—	27	117
5 years.....	11	195	176	137	123	132	143	112	81	82	23	2	119	290
6 years.....	6	39	40	19	19	30	26	19	14	14	8	1	23	66
10 to 14 years.....	—	42	38	20	25	26	28	18	19	16	3	—	19	49
14 years.....	10	201	187	158	196	186	156	99	64	80	15	3	127	293
15 to 19 years.....	1	41	32	29	48	47	33	28	17	9	3	1	27	57
15 years.....	39	179	356	191	401	250	171	124	68	62	12	4	128	189
16 years.....	4	45	39	38	49	55	37	22	13	14	1	1	36	50
17 years.....	3	39	49	44	44	38	34	20	10	11	2	—	28	41
18 years.....	3	30	59	44	62	37	26	22	16	15	4	3	23	43
19 years.....	20	33	113	24	118	72	41	32	18	10	3	—	20	25
20 to 24 years.....	54	195	508	185	214	342	215	148	48	67	8	1	59	125
20 years.....	14	58	116	35	77	91	52	32	11	17	1	1	10	22
21 years.....	14	39	122	39	51	88	43	28	9	15	2	—	16	29
25 to 34 years.....	28	192	289	183	106	203	166	131	73	81	21	4	127	327
35 to 44 years.....	33	169	216	168	169	197	133	93	56	92	16	4	126	244
45 to 54 years.....	49	202	313	298	316	287	193	111	57	50	13	7	100	178
55 to 59 years.....	32	103	199	135	126	105	78	99	42	11	5	1	45	60
60 to 64 years.....	27	126	165	157	83	99	68	66	37	8	6	—	38	33
65 to 74 years.....	66	180	321	224	114	133	121	138	41	5	1	2	54	54
75 years and over.....	69	122	227	102	63	91	68	118	24	—	—	2	31	22
RELATIONSHIP TO HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD														
All persons	1 107	3 974	6 294	3 987	3 970	4 078	3 250	2 562	1 356	1 180	263	72	2 148	4 197
In households.....	1 010	3 950	6 246	3 955	3 355	3 921	3 250	2 562	1 356	1 180	263	72	2 148	4 189
Head of household.....	717	1 450	2 443	1 355	988	1 344	1 075	936	380	298	69	19	584	1 007
Head of family.....	161	940	1 806	1 157	895	1 064	884	698	312	270	63	18	524	951
Primary individual.....	556	510	637	198	93	280	191	238	68	28	6	1	60	56
Wife of head.....	126	669	1 566	1 044	831	971	805	563	267	254	58	17	499	902
Other relative of head.....	147	1 744	2 113	1 523	1 474	1 495	1 329	1 028	699	600	135	36	1 048	2 243
Not related to head.....	20	87	124	33	62	111	41	35	10	28	1	—	17	37
In group quarters.....	97	24	48	32	615	157	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	8
Persons per household.....	1.41	2.72	2.56	2.92	3.40	2.92	3.02	2.74	3.57	3.96	3.81	3.79	3.68	4.16
TYPE OF FAMILY AND NUMBER OF OWN CHILDREN														
All families	161	940	1 806	1 157	895	1 064	884	698	312	270	63	18	524	951
With own children under 18 years.....	52	496	789	513	478	555	468	328	172	184	46	12	317	732
Number of children.....	108	1 306	1 550	1 112	1 106	1 160	1 051	777	511	505	123	31	895	1 959
Husband-wife families	126	669	1 566	1 044	831	971	805	563	267	254	58	17	499	902
With own children under 18 years.....	34	317	642	455	440	503	413	247	144	175	43	12	301	697
Number of children.....	72	873	1 252	996	1 029	1 070	948	572	440	480	116	31	858	1 887
Percent of total under 18 years.....	60.0	60.1	75.2	86.4	89.9	89.0	84.9	68.4	78.9	92.8	93.5	100.0	94.3	93.2
Families with other male head	7	38	28	13	14	19	9	21	14	4	1	—	10	7
With own children under 18 years.....	3	15	10	4	6	9	1	2	6	1	1	—	4	4
Number of children.....	5	27	21	8	12	11	2	3	19	2	1	—	14	11
Families with female head	28	233	212	100	50	74	70	114	31	12	4	1	15	42
With own children under 18 years.....	15	164	137	54	32	43	54	79	22	8	2	—	12	31
Number of children.....	31	406	277	108	65	79	101	202	52	23	6	—	23	61
Percent of total under 18 years.....	25.8	27.9	16.6	9.4	5.7	6.6	9.1	24.2	9.3	4.4	4.8	—	2.5	3.0
Persons under 18 years.....	120	1 453	1 665	1 153	1 145	1 202	1 116	836	558	517	124	31	910	2 024
MARITAL STATUS														
Male, 14 years old and over	615	1 332	2 345	1 493	1 594	1 473	1 138	852	456	377	76	24	722	1 281
Single.....	226	403	524	361	693	402	254	186	135	99	16	7	196	349
Married.....	202	752	1 627	1 075	859	996	815	586	298	261	58	17	511	914
Separated.....	46	42	32	5	3	13	5	10	8	1	—	—	5	2
Widowed.....	50	55	63	26	27	36	27	8	9	9	1	—	5	10
Divorced.....	137	122	131	31	15	52	33	53	15	8	1	—	10	8
Female, 14 years old and over	398	1 509	2 626	1 672	1 640	1 754	1 246	1 056	463	385	85	26	735	1 289
Single.....	67	298	446	323	628	491	227	175	100	106	18	8	169	290
Married.....	158	801	1 662	1 091	858	1 006	838	599	298	266	59	17	514	923
Separated.....	20	73	46	12	7	10	20							

Table P-1. General Characteristics of the Population: 1970—Continued

(For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text)

Census Tracts	Balance of Weber County—Con.												Totals for split tracts	
	Tract 0103	Tract 0104	Tract 0105.01	Tract 0105.02	Tract 0106	Tract 0107.01	Tract 0107.02	Tract 0108	Tract 0109	Tract 0110	Tract 0111	Tract 0112	Tract 0002	Tract 0020
RACE														
All persons	4 290	4 754	3 704	4 718	4 337	5 572	4 447	3 780	5 145	4 571	2 670	2 132	6 063	1 252
White	4 274	4 678	3 655	4 632	4 281	5 447	4 352	3 731	5 076	4 416	2 628	2 111	5 752	1 239
Negro	1	5	14	3	1	20	7	8	4	110	16	—	205	—
Percent Negro	—	0.1	0.4	0.1	—	0.4	0.2	0.2	0.1	2.4	0.6	—	3.4	—
AGE BY SEX														
Male, all ages														
Under 5 years	2 185	2 351	1 863	2 380	2 165	2 720	2 208	1 847	2 566	2 220	1 331	1 097	3 047	613
3 and 4 years	234	246	247	263	295	265	251	196	225	193	147	105	323	65
5 to 9 years	106	106	88	104	127	111	106	71	80	79	61	44	123	23
10 to 14 years	321	283	206	297	332	296	276	187	282	271	169	160	427	73
15 to 19 years	63	46	42	61	74	61	60	42	54	51	28	27	76	15
20 to 24 years	57	55	42	63	57	48	48	34	50	42	35	27	86	10
25 to 29 years	365	329	194	354	306	367	312	170	394	343	183	170	436	84
30 to 34 years	67	72	38	60	59	80	55	45	74	77	38	38	94	10
35 to 39 years	256	288	164	251	225	325	255	182	319	275	161	129	450	63
40 to 44 years	77	68	41	54	54	79	63	43	72	70	35	39	120	22
45 to 49 years	51	67	38	65	64	88	58	33	68	73	31	24	113	15
50 to 54 years	51	74	28	53	48	56	63	48	80	61	43	28	120	7
55 to 59 years	46	55	36	47	38	67	42	38	63	50	32	26	63	10
60 to 64 years	31	24	21	32	21	35	29	20	36	21	20	12	34	9
65 to 74 years	90	142	167	142	88	215	158	170	176	142	91	45	195	51
75 years and over	20	26	18	26	17	44	17	33	36	25	12	8	33	7
Female, all ages	2 105	2 403	1 841	2 338	2 172	2 852	2 239	1 933	2 579	2 351	1 339	1 035	3 016	639
Under 5 years	236	255	244	271	269	263	266	168	209	193	150	116	338	71
3 and 4 years	95	100	100	118	116	99	90	53	76	86	58	51	130	32
5 to 9 years	300	306	186	265	352	332	227	158	286	257	165	123	426	84
10 to 14 years	46	66	46	55	49	62	48	32	59	34	34	20	84	15
15 to 19 years	55	56	36	51	77	58	40	30	43	59	36	23	81	16
20 to 24 years	316	351	176	310	320	347	309	169	367	363	193	143	422	83
25 to 29 years	68	68	48	77	67	69	61	40	81	80	43	28	89	10
30 to 34 years	220	244	160	264	211	340	272	187	297	304	136	94	317	66
35 to 39 years	45	55	25	54	59	68	68	41	76	69	31	20	77	15
40 to 44 years	63	46	43	67	37	90	57	36	53	61	31	25	78	11
45 to 49 years	45	52	36	52	52	59	63	42	77	65	36	24	66	18
50 to 54 years	37	51	32	49	35	54	44	30	49	55	20	9	44	10
55 to 59 years	30	40	24	42	28	69	40	38	42	55	20	9	233	68
60 to 64 years	93	169	210	177	148	251	198	217	183	148	99	42	408	85
65 to 74 years	25	39	31	33	19	52	35	42	40	33	17	9	63	15
75 years and over	15	34	41	37	27	41	43	44	38	28	15	9	408	85
Persons per household	4.26	3.96	3.41	3.97	4.35	3.74	3.82	3.05	3.87	3.96	4.02	4.06	3.86	3.95
RELATIONSHIP TO HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD														
All persons	4 290	4 754	3 704	4 718	4 337	5 572	4 447	3 780	5 145	4 571	2 670	2 132	6 063	1 252
In households	4 280	4 754	3 704	4 718	4 337	5 408	4 447	3 780	5 145	4 571	2 663	2 132	5 786	1 252
Head of household	1 005	1 202	1 086	1 187	996	1 447	1 165	1 238	1 331	1 153	662	525	1 500	317
Head of family	940	1 102	981	1 079	968	1 324	1 070	1 036	1 254	1 067	633	494	1 340	288
Primary individual	65	100	105	108	28	123	95	202	77	77	29	31	1 206	271
Wife of head	891	1 026	928	1 020	927	1 228	980	935	1 159	961	577	466	1 690	299
Other relative of head	2 366	2 500	1 667	2 470	2 396	2 702	2 270	1 565	2 607	2 419	1 411	1 123	3 017	636
Not related to head	18	26	23	41	18	31	32	42	48	38	13	18	277	—
In group quarters	10	—	—	—	—	164	—	—	—	—	7	—	—	—
Persons per household	4.26	3.96	3.41	3.97	4.35	3.74	3.82	3.05	3.87	3.96	4.02	4.06	3.86	3.95
TYPE OF FAMILY AND NUMBER OF OWN CHILDREN														
All families	940	1 102	981	1 079	968	1 324	1 070	1 036	1 254	1 067	633	494	1 340	288
With own children under 18 years	703	753	589	754	804	923	791	562	885	739	478	341	969	196
Number of children	2 051	2 066	1 382	2 037	2 124	2 232	1 954	1 221	2 120	1 916	1 164	950	2 593	536
Husband-wife families	891	1 026	928	1 020	927	1 228	980	935	1 159	961	577	466	1 206	271
With own children under 18 years	665	707	556	726	768	852	721	504	817	667	439	323	870	187
Number of children	1 960	1 970	1 301	1 983	2 048	2 099	1 803	1 114	1 977	1 742	1 072	899	2 344	511
Percent of total under 18 years	93.2	92.4	88.9	94.2	93.6	90.9	89.6	86.3	90.3	86.3	88.3	92.0	79.6	93.2
Families with other male head	9	13	9	18	9	11	17	17	11	12	10	4	22	4
With own children under 18 years	6	8	2	11	6	7	9	7	6	5	3	3	7	1
Number of children	15	17	5	21	13	9	18	15	12	7	7	11	13	2
Families with female head	40	63	44	41	32	85	73	84	84	94	46	24	112	13
With own children under 18 years	32	38	31	37	30	64	61	51	62	67	36	15	92	8
Number of children	76	79	76	33	63	124	133	92	131	167	85	40	236	23
Percent of total under 18 years	3.6	3.7	5.2	1.6	2.9	5.4	6.6	7.1	6.0	8.3	7.0	4.1	8.0	4.2
Persons under 18 years	2 104	2 132	1 464	2 105	2 188	2 310	2 013	1 291	2 189	2 019	1 214	977	2 946	548
MARITAL STATUS														
Male, 14 years old and over														
Single	1 332	1 565	1 254	1 526	1 291	1 872	1 424	1 339	1 739	1 490	870	700	1 955	401
Married	396	471	262	413	326	517	378	330	518	459	263	213	660	106
Separated	903	1 050	944	1 049	935	1 268	1 003	952	1 184	987	587	478	1 234	278
Widowed	3	1	8	6	5	8	6	7	5	7	2	2	19	9
Divorced	10	22	8	34	11	37	19	17	8	15	4	2	42	8
Female, 14 years old and over	1 321	1 559	1 283	1 569	1 298	1 979	1 498	1 478	1 798	1 618	874	681	1 919	411
Single	327	355	216	394	301	470	358	271	446	441	197	146	446	114
Married	909	1 065	955	1 050	944	1 289	1 025	974	1 211	1 018	606	479	1 269	283
Separated	6	7	10	2	3	15	15	14	13	18	7	1	25	2
Widowed	66	101	62	107	27	150	61	160	84	89	35	42	105	8
Divorced	19	38	50	18	26	70	54	73	57	70	36	14	99	6

Table P-2. Social Characteristics of the Population: 1970

[Data based on sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text.]

Census Tracts	Weber County			Ogden									
	Total	Ogden	Balance	Tract 0001	Tract 0002	Tract 0003	Tract 0004	Tract 0005	Tract 0006	Tract 0007	Tract 0008	Tract 0009	Tract 0010
NATIVITY, PARENTAGE, & COUNTRY OF ORIGIN													
All persons	126 090	69 465	56 625	4 820	5 800	2 049	2 303	4 556	3 828	3 544	5 131	4 254	1 544
Native of native parentage	111 142	59 912	51 230	4 526	5 127	1 808	1 900	3 812	3 396	3 104	4 305	3 596	1 243
Native of foreign or mixed parentage	12 182	7 482	4 700	263	578	180	363	519	375	330	657	452	1 243
Foreign born	2 766	2 071	695	31	95	61	40	225	57	110	169	206	1 243
Foreign stock													
United Kingdom	14 948	9 553	5 395	294	673	241	403	744	432	440	826	658	943
Ireland (Eire)	3 371	2 132	1 239	63	133	61	177	183	112	79	199	112	41
Sweden	209	145	64	6	—	11	5	7	15	—	6	22	4
Germany	626	381	245	—	16	14	22	21	38	6	30	33	5
Poland	1 032	678	354	27	26	—	73	35	14	13	60	33	5
Czechoslovakia	154	98	56	7	—	—	—	10	—	—	6	18	—
Austria	61	40	21	19	6	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hungary	210	174	36	—	31	—	6	20	9	—	—	—	—
U.S.S.R.	24	18	6	—	—	—	—	7	—	—	—	—	—
Italy	105	69	36	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Canada	693	441	252	21	7	6	13	50	6	13	31	28	13
Mexico	881	489	392	14	104	—	23	58	69	6	36	5	13
Cuba	1 290	932	358	—	46	66	—	9	7	22	22	100	100
Other America	6	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
All other and not reported	81	73	8	—	—	—	—	7	—	—	—	—	—
Persons of Spanish language ¹	6 205	3 877	2 328	137	304	77	77	334	150	294	436	240	186
Other persons of Spanish surname ¹	7 011	5 506	1 505	—	500	185	170	146	65	113	346	568	154
Persons of Spanish mother tongue	5 353	4 262	1 091	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Persons of Puerto Rican birth or parentage	109	34	75	—	17	—	17	—	—	—	—	—	—
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT													
Enrolled persons, 3 to 34 years old	44 158	22 312	21 846	1 984	2 217	733	544	1 384	1 530	1 232	1 489	979	441
Nursery school	663	299	364	17	—	9	19	11	25	6	8	—	—
Public	278	160	118	—	—	—	—	6	8	—	8	—	—
Kindergarten	2 710	1 311	1 399	83	181	34	41	70	103	58	109	47	—
Public	2 652	1 280	1 372	83	171	34	41	63	95	58	109	47	—
Elementary	22 218	10 365	11 853	1 096	1 305	356	337	670	734	599	607	408	—
Public	21 915	10 208	11 707	1 096	1 271	356	329	663	734	591	589	408	—
High school	12 037	5 991	6 046	568	625	259	111	414	481	342	439	213	—
Public	11 734	5 798	5 936	562	540	250	88	407	481	330	439	213	—
College	6 530	4 346	2 184	220	106	75	36	219	187	227	326	311	—
Percent enrolled in school by age:													
16 and 17 years	95.4	91.0	99.9	99.9	78.2	98.5	84.6	93.3	81.5	97.1	95.2	99.9	99.9
18 and 19 years	64.9	63.6	67.2	72.2	31.0	49.5	50.6	64.5	97.9	75.9	73.7	30.4	31.4
20 and 21 years	33.4	35.7	28.8	33.6	10.7	28.4	—	31.1	89.2	50.0	34.7	16.9	21.9
22 to 24 years	27.5	30.6	21.6	39.0	14.7	29.2	5.6	34.1	26.1	27.5	26.2	27.2	11.1
25 to 34 years	12.3	13.5	11.1	11.2	5.2	6.4	3.1	12.2	10.7	12.6	15.6	18.5	—
Percent 16 to 21 years not high school graduates and not enrolled in school	9.4	11.7	6.2	7.3	18.3	17.5	15.8	11.7	1.7	2.3	10.5	20.9	23.6
YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED													
Persons, 25 years old and over	60 374	34 599	25 775	2 065	2 362	996	1 208	2 443	1 843	1 777	2 650	2 048	874
No school years completed	454	351	103	—	23	26	10	6	8	9	18	—	—
Elementary: 1 to 4 years	755	603	152	—	24	5	21	22	12	8	30	47	—
5 to 7 years	2 822	2 029	793	26	107	39	83	106	41	60	183	207	—
8 years	5 349	3 694	1 655	92	192	115	220	325	108	122	320	291	—
High school: 1 to 3 years	11 873	6 911	4 962	345	546	313	354	600	253	303	587	537	—
4 years	21 585	11 358	10 227	905	975	375	400	792	647	748	879	536	—
College: 1 to 3 years	10 590	5 937	4 653	424	354	85	95	383	437	373	475	285	—
4 years or more	6 946	3 716	3 230	273	141	38	25	209	337	154	158	145	—
Median school years completed	12.4	12.3	12.5	12.6	12.3	12.0	11.3	12.2	12.8	12.5	12.2	11.7	—
Percent high school graduates	64.8	60.7	70.3	77.6	62.2	50.0	43.0	56.7	77.1	71.8	57.1	47.2	—
CHILDREN EVER BORN													
Women, 35 to 44 years old ever married	6 519	3 097	3 422	373	285	97	77	168	288	155	188	162	41
Children ever born	24 428	11 691	12 737	1 364	993	486	383	696	938	508	807	575	143
Per 1,000 women ever married	3 747	3 775	3 722	3 657	3 484	5 010	4 974	4 143	3 257	3 277	4 293	3 549	5 143
RESIDENCE IN 1965													
Persons, 5 years old and over, 1970 ²	113 549	62 938	50 611	4 306	5 149	1 899	2 003	4 144	3 518	3 182	4 618	3 785	1 439
Same house as in 1970	61 830	32 738	29 092	2 827	2 196	1 241	894	2 555	2 162	2 041	2 521	1 284	599
Different house:													
In central city of this SMSA	19 551	12 361	7 190	552	1 108	242	521	712	763	399	1 048	1 080	419
In other part of this SMSA	6 244	1 766	4 478	93	80	25	126	74	51	156	86	90	20
Outside this SMSA	17 444	10 149	7 295	388	1 258	205	411	443	414	433	596	862	149
North and West	16 082	9 209	6 873	348	1 170	205	394	415	408	395	581	832	138
South	1 362	940	422	40	88	—	17	28	6	38	15	30	51
Abroad	1 184	693	491	37	104	—	—	47	32	56	13	56	12
MEANS OF TRANSPORTATION AND PLACE OF WORK													
All workers	48 168	26 529	21 639	1 914	1 944	836	806	1 780	1 512	1 453	1 858	1 655	373
Private auto: Driver	37 039	19 815	17 224	1 547	1 534	594	648	1 471	1 232	1 065	1 340	965	141
Passenger	6 803	3 976	2 827	258	230	164	99	200	194	246	378	340	60
Bus or streetcar	768	598	170	28	64	14	18	18	12	38	52	46	20
Subway, elevated train, or railroad	39	25	14	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Walked to work	1 710	1 253	457	37	48	28	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worked at home	1 085	495	590	13	15	25	9	36	44	51	35	55	17
Other	724	367	357	31	53	11	8	6	9	19	29	40	27
Inside SMSA	34 205	18 953	15 252	1 453	1 408	545	542	1 158	1 115	1 105	1 427	1 177	247
Ogden city	24 942	15 297	9 645	1 150	1 167	432	452	917	989	868	1 043	939	207
Remainder of Weber County	9 263	3 656	5 607	303	241	113	90	241	126	237	384	238	77
Outside SMSA	12 007	6 344	5 663	406	480	263	225	513	364	298	377	417	65
Place of work not reported	1 956	1 232	724	55	56	28	39	109	33	50	54	61	43

¹See text for definition. ²Includes "Moved, 1965 residence not reported."

Table P-2. Social Characteristics of the Population: 1970—Continued

(Data based on sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text)

Census Tracts	Ogden—Con.										Balance of Weber County			
	Tract 0011	Tract 0012	Tract 0013	Tract 0014	Tract 0015	Tract 0016	Tract 0017	Tract 0018	Tract 0019	Tract 0020	Tract 0002	Tract 0020	Tract 0101	Tract 0102
NATIVITY, PARENTAGE, & COUNTRY OF ORIGIN														
All persons	1 081	3 768	6 294	3 987	3 970	4 078	3 250	2 531	1 358	1 275	192	64	1 960	4 211
Native of native parentage	807	3 163	5 410	3 382	3 594	3 568	2 797	2 156	1 080	1 138	136	51	1 650	3 803
Native of foreign or mixed parentage	201	455	666	499	318	433	340	270	211	115	50	13	280	356
Foreign born	73	150	218	106	58	77	113	105	67	22	6	—	30	52
Foreign stock	274	605	884	605	376	510	453	375	278	137	56	13	310	408
United Kingdom	31	95	130	189	93	101	142	131	17	43	5	—	98	60
Ireland (Eire)	8	16	7	19	7	5	—	6	—	—	—	—	6	—
Sweden	—	38	25	38	7	15	43	14	—	—	6	—	6	31
Germany	22	25	59	69	13	79	59	24	6	36	—	—	—	13
Poland	—	7	7	6	—	31	—	6	—	—	6	—	—	—
Czechoslovakia	—	—	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Austria	—	—	24	22	22	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hungary	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
U.S.S.R.	8	13	—	—	—	14	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	5
Italy	6	34	80	21	23	44	11	13	8	13	—	—	18	41
Canada	6	5	27	51	24	33	10	6	6	—	—	—	—	21
Mexico	68	207	49	—	16	13	28	35	122	—	—	—	—	—
Cuba	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other America	19	8	6	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
All other and not reported	106	157	462	190	164	169	160	140	119	45	39	13	118	231
Persons of Spanish language ¹	155	857	456	34	12	39	139	519	618	—	—	—	—	—
Other persons of Spanish surname ¹	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Persons of Spanish mother tongue	119	710	321	12	12	16	108	435	523	—	—	—	5	—
Persons of Puerto Rican birth or parentage	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT														
Enrolled persons, 3 to 34 years old	101	974	1 582	1 133	1 838	1 422	999	706	439	527	64	12	683	1 704
Nursery school	—	26	21	7	56	13	17	18	11	6	—	—	—	58
Public	—	26	7	—	19	7	12	18	11	—	—	—	—	10
Kindergarten	—	131	107	48	40	58	58	13	47	61	15	—	53	211
Public	—	131	101	48	40	58	58	13	47	61	15	—	53	211
Elementary	23	505	575	522	511	480	482	374	229	265	21	—	441	890
Public	23	505	567	495	511	465	476	355	229	265	21	—	441	890
High school	24	261	356	304	454	312	251	168	141	133	21	—	142	431
Public	24	261	351	304	454	296	231	163	136	133	21	—	142	431
College	54	51	523	252	777	559	191	133	11	62	7	12	47	114
Percent enrolled in school by age:														
16 and 17 years	...	74.3	89.7	99.9	99.9	95.0	81.4	67.1	74.7	99.9	...	—	62.1	99.9
18 and 19 years	58.3	35.6	41.3	72.9	93.3	74.9	67.7	37.7	58.0	99.9	—	—	70.5	62.2
20 and 21 years	31.0	10.8	33.6	35.7	64.4	63.9	32.5	45.6	—	30.0	—	—	29.7	8.3
22 to 24 years	12.2	26.6	34.7	36.4	67.1	39.5	30.6	29.5	8.3	29.7	—	—	—	29.5
25 to 34 years	—	3.5	19.7	20.7	23.1	35.1	14.4	14.7	6.1	6.5	34.1	...	14.6	9.4
Percent 16 to 21 years not high school graduates and not enrolled in school	31.0	23.0	16.2	1.8	2.7	1.9	8.6	22.6	20.9	4.3	—	—	4.5	6.2
YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED														
Persons, 25 years old and over	784	2 005	3 293	2 366	1 868	2 105	1 604	1 414	587	507	133	38	1 034	1 794
No school years completed	9	40	37	22	9	18	10	35	26	5	—	—	—	5
Elementary: 1 to 4 years	31	128	33	6	16	7	10	76	59	5	13	—	46	37
5 to 7 years	133	318	181	37	27	50	55	196	70	5	10	8	82	77
8 years	115	320	443	164	93	114	217	222	129	5	10	8	82	77
High school: 1 to 3 years	168	473	618	233	133	269	370	397	146	51	29	—	236	268
4 years	208	463	1 085	721	573	768	578	302	121	168	39	5	347	710
College: 1 to 3 years	100	177	642	579	501	452	245	135	25	131	26	5	186	367
4 years or more	20	86	254	604	516	427	119	51	11	142	16	20	137	318
Median school years completed	10.9	10.2	12.3	13.0	13.5	12.8	12.2	10.3	9.2	13.4	12.4	16.1	12.4	12.7
Percent high school graduates	41.8	36.2	60.2	80.5	85.1	78.2	58.7	34.5	26.7	87.0	60.9	78.9	64.8	77.8
CHILDREN EVER BORN														
Women, 35 to 44 years old ever married	33	130	210	152	169	187	116	85	77	96	5	5	92	260
Children ever born	89	692	651	556	607	651	376	375	355	337	—	25	288	986
Per 1,000 women ever married	2 697	5 323	3 100	3 658	3 592	3 481	3 241	4 412	4 610	3 510	—	...	3 130	3 792
RESIDENCE IN 1965														
Persons, 5 years old and over, 1970 ²	1 035	3 339	5 659	3 742	3 813	3 772	2 915	2 312	1 206	1 112	178	37	1 789	3 687
Same house as in 1970	301	1 457	2 672	2 283	2 181	1 967	1 379	1 121	799	258	110	13	1 109	2 100
Different house:														
In central city of this SMSA	333	916	732	565	446	666	632	584	214	432	45	6	300	711
In other part of this SMSA	—	43	209	102	160	130	155	83	25	58	—	—	186	125
Outside this SMSA	254	416	819	597	766	853	451	435	97	280	23	12	111	615
North and West	201	348	732	515	697	770	386	398	59	237	23	12	92	587
South	55	68	87	82	69	83	65	37	38	43	—	—	19	28
Abroad	29	25	48	80	52	47	20	28	—	7	—	—	39	—
MEANS OF TRANSPORTATION AND PLACE OF WORK														
All workers	345	1 105	2 674	1 736	1 613	2 020	1 290	771	394	448	103	12	731	1 404
Private auto: Driver	120	673	1 964	1 489	1 268	1 509	979	539	312	375	62	12	559	1 170
Passenger	22	166	477	137	150	359	214	172	46	64	35	—	98	185
Bus or streetcar	34	24	89	34	24	35	26	14	8	—	—	—	—	5
Subway, elevated train, or railroad	—	9	—	—	—	—	—	—	9	—	—	—	—	—
Walked to work	163	173	110	28	113	80	21	32	6	—	—	—	19	31
Worked at home	6	39	34	37	20	23	27	—	—	—	—	—	28	13
Other	—	21	—	11	38	14	23	14	13	—	—	—	27	—
Inside SMSA	208	747	1 740	1 329	1 238	1 409	911	522	351	321	63	12	609	1 130
Ogden city	178	667	1 367	1 130	1 028	1 098	673	432	299	248	46	12	370	801
Remainder of Weber County	30	80	373	199	210	311	238	90	52	73	17	—	239	329
Outside SMSA	78	258	855	320	254	522	327	167	43	92	18	—	98	231
Place of work not reported	59	100	79	87	121	89	52	82	—	35	12	—	24	43

¹See text for definition. ²Includes "Moved, 1965 residence not reported."

Table P-2. Social Characteristics of the Population: 1970—Continued

[Data based on sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

Census Tracts

Balance of Weber County—Con.

Totals for split tracts

NATIVITY, PARENTAGE, & COUNTRY OF ORIGIN

	Tract 0103	Tract 0104	Tract 0105.01	Tract 0105.02	Tract 0106	Tract 0107.01	Tract 0107.02	Tract 0108	Tract 0109	Tract 0110	Tract 0111	Tract 0112	Tract 0002	Tract 0020
All persons	4 280	4 697	3 732	4 669	4 337	5 572	4 468	3 842	5 154	4 571	2 670	2 206	5 992	1 318
Native of native parentage	3 930	4 259	3 445	4 199	4 039	5 082	4 054	3 501	4 519	4 123	2 476	1 963	5 263	1 189
Native of foreign or mixed parentage	314	407	218	389	255	441	365	298	574	388	159	193	628	128
Foreign born	36	31	69	81	43	49	49	43	61	60	35	50	101	22
Foreign stock	350	438	287	470	298	490	414	341	635	448	194	243	729	198
United Kingdom	94	178	76	126	53	102	84	93	71	145	6	48	138	43
Ireland (Eire)	5	—	—	—	7	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Sweden	17	37	8	13	19	31	7	14	28	23	5	—	22	—
Germany	24	31	51	15	14	31	45	29	15	6	9	13	26	36
Poland	6	—	—	—	10	6	7	—	14	—	—	—	6	—
Czechoslovakia	—	—	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Austria	—	—	—	6	—	8	—	—	7	—	—	—	6	—
Hungary	—	—	—	—	11	6	—	—	13	—	—	—	31	—
U.S.S.R.	—	—	—	—	—	9	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	—
Italy	11	12	30	79	17	19	—	—	—	—	5	7	—	—
Canada	17	22	32	40	25	38	37	—	51	15	12	—	7	13
Mexico	17	24	6	7	93	38	49	16	41	9	37	—	46	—
Cuba	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other America	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
All other and not reported	159	134	84	171	60	189	163	155	348	229	100	135	343	58
Persons of Spanish language ¹	—	8	15	63	302	232	307	185	79	86	164	26	500	—
Other persons of Spanish surname ¹	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Persons of Spanish mother tongue	—	8	8	29	265	161	244	124	72	13	139	13	331	—
Persons of Puerto Rican birth or parentage	—	—	—	—	—	49	—	—	—	21	—	—	17	—

SCHOOL ENROLLMENT

	Tract 0103	Tract 0104	Tract 0105.01	Tract 0105.02	Tract 0106	Tract 0107.01	Tract 0107.02	Tract 0108	Tract 0109	Tract 0110	Tract 0111	Tract 0112	Tract 0002	Tract 0020
Enrolled persons, 3 to 34 years old	1 919	1 841	1 241	1 563	1 730	2 075	1 743	1 341	2 090	1 789	1 099	952	2 281	518
Nursery school	60	19	13	23	—	54	22	22	31	15	41	6	—	6
Kindergarten	28	—	—	8	—	7	—	15	20	8	22	—	—	—
Elementary	1 042	1 051	664	873	996	1 079	926	651	1 107	1 028	560	524	1 326	265
High school	1 035	1 051	664	873	972	1 079	926	640	1 095	979	524	517	1 292	265
College	504	451	298	464	430	607	572	385	561	507	386	287	646	133
Percent enrolled in school by age:	190	195	213	103	138	214	159	234	268	120	79	91	113	74
16 and 17 years	98.7	99.9	95.7	99.2	99.9	96.9	99.9	99.9	92.6	92.7	99.9	99.9	78.6	99.9
18 and 19 years	66.2	36.6	60.7	51.7	68.2	59.1	88.5	53.2	78.5	75.9	87.5	99.9	30.0	99.9
20 and 21 years	64.4	51.0	32.2	—	15.9	26.2	5.5	34.7	52.6	3.9	18.2	73.5	10.7	30.0
22 to 24 years	26.3	15.4	19.8	28.1	9.3	20.2	21.5	40.3	15.6	21.4	14.3	35.6	14.2	29.7
25 to 34 years	15.7	12.3	15.0	3.5	8.0	5.8	10.3	21.6	16.6	8.4	7.2	5.3	6.8	13.9
Percent 16 to 21 years not high school graduates and not enrolled in school	2.3	2.0	2.1	8.2	4.5	7.8	11.4	3.8	6.5	13.4	3.2	2.1	17.7	4.3

YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED

	Tract 0103	Tract 0104	Tract 0105.01	Tract 0105.02	Tract 0106	Tract 0107.01	Tract 0107.02	Tract 0108	Tract 0109	Tract 0110	Tract 0111	Tract 0112	Tract 0002	Tract 0020
Persons, 25 years old and over	1 878	2 163	1 765	2 133	1 794	2 567	1 893	1 927	2 418	2 071	1 166	1 001	2 495	548
No school years completed	—	21	5	14	11	5	15	6	10	6	—	5	23	5
Elementary:	23	6	5	28	23	9	14	6	5	16	—	5	24	—
1 to 4 years	23	97	60	101	18	92	80	72	41	47	58	8	120	5
5 to 7 years	128	181	136	145	42	122	116	201	95	206	60	46	202	13
8 years	243	576	351	524	297	440	387	410	394	472	203	132	575	51
High school:	664	801	699	937	812	1 023	769	751	826	920	561	363	1 014	173
1 to 3 years	391	297	334	314	360	488	337	344	501	259	227	217	380	136
4 years	406	184	175	70	231	388	175	137	546	145	57	225	157	162
College:	12.8	12.3	12.5	12.3	12.6	12.6	12.4	12.4	12.8	12.3	12.5	12.8	12.3	13.6
4 years or more	77.8	59.3	68.4	61.9	78.2	74.0	67.7	63.9	77.5	63.9	72.5	80.4	62.2	86.4
Median school years completed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Percent high school graduates	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

CHILDREN EVER BORN

	Tract 0103	Tract 0104	Tract 0105.01	Tract 0105.02	Tract 0106	Tract 0107.01	Tract 0107.02	Tract 0108	Tract 0109	Tract 0110	Tract 0111	Tract 0112	Tract 0002	Tract 0020
Women, 35 to 44 years old ever married	270	271	162	259	255	332	283	203	425	325	133	142	290	101
Children ever born	1 050	1 129	644	1 016	824	1 177	1 054	664	1 512	1 297	458	613	993	362
Per 1,000 women ever married	3 889	4 166	3 975	3 923	3 231	3 545	3 724	3 271	3 558	3 991	3 444	4 317	3 424	3 584

RESIDENCE IN 1965

	Tract 0103	Tract 0104	Tract 0105.01	Tract 0105.02	Tract 0106	Tract 0107.01	Tract 0107.02	Tract 0108	Tract 0109	Tract 0110	Tract 0111	Tract 0112	Tract 0002	Tract 0020
Persons, 5 years old and over, 1970 ²	3 784	4 210	3 281	4 107	3 773	5 047	3 928	3 484	4 725	4 191	2 376	2 014	5 327	1 148
Same house as in 1970	2 289	2 476	1 605	3 014	1 787	2 646	2 187	2 146	2 292	3 034	1 214	1 070	2 306	274
Different house:	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
In central city of this SMSA	592	433	617	336	484	457	355	622	1 084	312	439	397	1 153	438
In other part of this SMSA	275	666	256	498	514	477	554	103	366	191	116	151	80	58
Outside this SMSA:	328	491	597	188	798	1 126	634	465	858	439	352	258	1 281	292
North and West	328	435	562	188	773	1 025	581	453	820	425	331	238	1 193	249
South	—	56	35	—	25	101	53	12	38	14	21	20	88	43
Abroad	23	53	27	14	76	86	54	12	39	—	14	54	104	7

MEANS OF TRANSPORTATION AND PLACE OF WORK

	Tract 0103	Tract 0104	Tract 0105.01	Tract 0105.02	Tract 0106	Tract 0107.01	Tract 0107.02	Tract 0108	Tract 0109	Tract 0110	Tract 0111	Tract 0112	Tract 0002	Tract 0020
All workers	1 442	1 730	1 481	1 743	1 496	2 259	1 693	1 522	2 177	1 907	1 098	841	2 047	468
Private auto, Driver	1 142	1 346	1 227	1 248	1 218	1 735	1 407	1 217	1 822	1 497	898	664	1 596	387
Passenger	159	139	186	231	239	349	229	214	226	305	176	56	265	64
Bus or streetcar	7	25	8	14	6	15	—	18	21	44	—	7	64	—
Subway, elevated train, or railroad	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Walked to work	69	36	27	44	—	80	25	48	24	26	—	—	28	48
Worked at home	47	125	12	167	21	27	11	—	55	24	18	36	21	9
Other	18	59	21	29	12	53	21	25	29	7	6	50	53	—
Inside SMSA:	1 151	1 347	1 067	1 240	1 006	1 485	838	1 123	1 580	1 251	710	640	1 471	333
Ogden city	762	790	751	662	621	742	432	736	1 094	914	495	417	1 213	260
Remainder of Weber County	389	557	316	578	385	743	406	387	486	337	215	223	250	73
Outside SMSA	201	324	392	427	475	719	810	371	536	545	344	162	508	92
Place of work not reported	90	59	22	76										

Table P-3. Labor Force Characteristics of the Population: 1970

[Data based on sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

Census Tracts	Weber County			Ogden									
	Total	Ogden	Balance	Tract 0001	Tract 0002	Tract 0003	Tract 0004	Tract 0005	Tract 0006	Tract 0007	Tract 0008	Tract 0009	Tract 0010
EMPLOYMENT STATUS													
Male, 16 years old and over	39 630	22 800	16 830	1 421	1 630	702	729	1 494	1 159	1 135	1 559	1 514	478
Labor force	31 575	17 266	14 309	1 258	1 272	578	534	1 155	961	915	1 081	1 108	301
Percent of total	79.7	75.7	85.0	88.5	78.0	82.3	73.3	77.3	82.9	80.6	69.3	73.2	63.0
Civilian labor force	30 919	16 922	13 997	1 248	1 234	578	513	1 140	952	910	1 055	1 063	291
Employed	29 190	15 748	13 442	1 160	1 166	561	468	1 097	917	884	996	923	228
Unemployed	1 729	1 174	555	88	68	17	45	43	35	26	59	140	63
Percent of civilian labor force	5.6	6.9	4.0	7.1	5.5	2.9	8.8	3.8	3.7	2.9	5.6	13.2	21.6
Not in labor force	8 055	5 534	2 521	163	358	124	195	339	198	220	478	406	177
Inmate of institution	468	387	81	—	152	—	—	—	24	—	46	47	—
Enrolled in school	2 842	1 687	1 155	104	73	39	25	85	133	86	89	130	42
Other under 65 years	1 845	1 324	521	47	57	38	76	65	22	45	101	110	71
Other 65 years and over	2 900	2 136	764	12	76	47	94	189	19	89	242	119	64
Male, 16 to 21 years old	7 278	4 256	3 022	320	374	137	105	226	259	215	260	292	116
Not enrolled in school	2 025	1 281	744	58	139	44	51	73	13	44	91	168	63
Not high school graduates	721	535	186	20	92	23	16	29	8	5	28	67	34
Unemployed or not in labor force	368	291	77	10	71	5	16	5	—	—	9	24	23
Female, 16 years old and over	42 792	25 343	17 449	1 451	1 638	726	818	1 729	1 280	1 218	2 145	1 686	509
Labor force	19 940	11 471	8 469	799	882	320	318	807	626	571	819	838	176
Percent of total	46.6	45.3	48.5	55.1	53.8	44.1	38.9	46.7	48.9	46.9	38.2	49.7	34.6
Civilian labor force	19 898	11 444	8 454	799	882	320	318	803	626	571	819	838	176
Employed	18 569	10 680	7 889	753	781	292	290	755	581	549	801	730	155
Unemployed	1 329	764	565	46	101	28	28	48	45	22	18	108	21
Percent of civilian labor force	6.7	6.7	6.7	5.8	11.5	8.8	8.8	6.0	7.2	3.9	2.2	12.9	11.9
Not in labor force	22 852	13 872	8 980	652	756	406	500	922	654	647	1 326	848	333
Married women, husband present	27 746	15 271	12 475	1 055	1 169	433	555	1 060	843	879	1 082	838	305
In labor force	13 056	7 043	6 013	581	591	217	210	493	439	400	467	449	113
With own children under 6 years	8 769	4 300	4 469	368	484	137	161	281	253	260	288	250	117
In labor force	3 162	1 609	1 553	137	233	35	40	107	86	107	125	90	36
OCCUPATION													
Total employed, 16 years old and over	47 759	26 428	21 331	1 913	1 947	853	758	1 852	1 498	1 433	1 797	1 653	383
Professional, technical, and kindred workers	8 821	4 711	4 110	397	293	91	90	295	355	259	279	229	22
Health workers	1 168	737	437	41	45	16	6	20	24	34	28	44	5
Teachers, elementary and secondary schools	1 516	771	739	106	37	14	5	36	77	44	74	18	—
Managers and administrators, except farm	4 244	2 340	1 904	200	117	54	39	178	187	173	69	55	2
Salaried	3 713	2 086	1 647	200	87	49	34	157	181	147	63	38	2
Self-employed in retail trade	236	121	115	—	16	—	5	10	6	6	6	4	—
Sales workers	3 001	1 706	1 295	90	70	43	10	119	109	93	141	106	16
Retail trade	1 860	1 099	761	44	56	30	5	103	61	79	100	90	16
Clerical and kindred workers	10 924	6 366	4 550	549	487	159	188	447	360	321	475	441	59
Craftsmen, foremen, and kindred workers	6 951	3 455	3 496	239	310	180	150	272	159	208	259	201	55
Construction craftsmen	1 301	707	594	45	75	26	4	33	24	49	79	47	25
Mechanics and repairmen	2 529	1 209	1 320	53	165	79	75	69	31	107	75	112	19
Operatives, except transport	3 744	2 086	1 658	114	167	100	120	110	117	63	148	166	77
Transport equipment operatives	1 757	987	770	46	123	61	39	41	47	52	74	74	15
Laborers, except farm	2 224	1 399	825	90	134	34	27	119	40	66	113	102	66
Farm workers	657	126	531	—	5	—	5	30	—	—	12	—	19
Service workers	5 160	3 089	2 071	178	236	115	85	225	110	181	221	267	52
Cleaning and food service workers	3 123	1 774	1 349	70	144	76	62	125	65	107	114	151	39
Protective service workers	478	264	214	41	31	5	4	12	9	9	22	9	—
Personal and health service workers	1 146	766	380	52	61	19	15	43	36	47	52	93	7
Private household workers	276	163	113	10	5	11	5	16	14	17	6	12	—
Female employed, 16 years old and over	18 569	10 680	7 889	753	781	292	290	755	581	549	801	730	155
Professional, technical, and kindred workers	3 671	2 080	1 591	169	122	49	49	113	176	135	136	86	16
Teachers, elementary and secondary schools	970	533	437	49	32	14	—	23	56	32	53	12	5
Managers and administrators, except farm	574	326	248	15	5	5	13	23	10	19	31	5	—
Sales workers	1 245	643	582	44	50	29	—	49	55	45	72	52	11
Clerical and kindred workers	7 887	4 539	3 348	366	334	113	103	342	225	213	352	309	41
Secretaries, stenographers, and typists	2 280	1 352	928	125	95	12	22	87	64	71	100	85	16
Operatives, including transport	1 380	872	508	36	65	44	55	45	41	6	57	85	50
Other blue-collar workers	627	308	319	26	42	—	15	18	16	9	25	5	8
Farm workers	76	22	54	—	—	—	5	—	—	—	2	—	6
Service workers, except private household	2 843	1 711	1 132	87	158	41	45	149	44	105	120	180	23
Private household workers	266	159	107	10	5	11	5	16	14	17	6	8	—
INDUSTRY													
Total employed, 16 years old and over	47 759	26 428	21 331	1 913	1 947	853	758	1 852	1 498	1 433	1 797	1 653	383
Construction	1 512	860	652	95	57	36	30	61	24	40	41	64	37
Manufacturing	5 322	2 750	2 572	235	227	99	100	184	166	128	164	151	41
Durable goods	2 594	1 285	1 309	129	111	47	48	130	107	72	58	82	16
Transportation	2 648	1 569	1 079	50	125	58	51	118	76	75	104	94	36
Communications, utilities, and sanitary services	1 100	640	460	43	62	36	9	41	43	27	75	48	5
Wholesale trade	1 307	742	565	63	34	34	36	25	49	32	44	26	44
Retail trade	7 486	4 182	3 304	211	246	142	80	362	258	275	355	287	21
Finance, insurance, and real estate	1 622	908	714	73	27	15	10	34	60	32	41	62	6
Business and repair services	1 124	685	439	79	71	63	10	56	13	42	42	32	5
Personal services	1 528	1 031	497	66	76	19	21	65	53	60	72	52	35
Health services	2 190	1 428	762	81	74	16	17	58	37	71	82	165	12
Educational services	4 056	2 319	1 737	168	111	29	33	171	204	140	139	85	56
Other professional and related services	1 273	789	484	47	29	—	32	50	36	31	53	71	16
Public administration	14 992	7 894	7 098	677	760	299	325	525	459	449	563	460	94
Other industries	1 599	631	968	25	48	35	15	78	37	19	40	38	19
CLASS OF WORKER													
Total employed, 16 years old and over	47 759	26 428	21 331	1 913	1 947	853	758	1 852	1 498	1 433	1 797	1 653	383
Private wage and salary workers	24 991	14 344	10 647	935	917	484	382	939	774	798	963	952	186
Government workers	20 127	10 761	9 366	902	933	342	352	809	656	578	754	607	186
Local government workers	3 162	1 697	1 465	190	90	21	44	184	107	94	131	58	38
Self-employed workers	2 472	1 239	1 233	72	92	22	10	104	68	57	76	83	11
Unpaid family workers	169	84	85	4	5	5	14	—	—	—	4	11	—

¹Includes allocated cases, not shown separately.

Table P-3. Labor Force Characteristics of the Population: 1970—Continued

(Data based on a sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text)

Census Tracts	Ogden—Con.										Balance of Weber County			
	Tract 0011	Tract 0012	Tract 0013	Tract 0014	Tract 0015	Tract 0016	Tract 0017	Tract 0018	Tract 0019	Tract 0020	Tract 0002	Tract 0020	Tract 0101	Tract 0102
EMPLOYMENT STATUS														
Male, 16 years old and over	590	1 206	2 243	1 399	1 497	1 384	1 058	871	401	330	82	15	628	1 119
Labor force	245	802	1 710	1 128	1 053	1 169	837	594	265	300	82	15	480	971
Percent of total	41.5	66.5	76.2	80.6	70.3	84.5	79.1	68.2	66.1	90.9	100.0	...	76.4	62.4
Civilian labor force	245	766	1 654	1 116	1 043	1 134	831	594	260	295	82	15	480	957
Employed	211	627	1 496	1 077	968	1 119	808	540	225	277	71	15	448	934
Unemployed	34	139	158	39	75	15	23	54	35	18	11	—	32	23
Percent of civilian labor force	13.9	18.1	9.6	3.5	7.2	1.3	2.8	9.1	13.5	6.1	13.4	—	6.7	2.4
Not in labor force	345	404	533	271	444	215	221	277	136	30	—	—	148	207
Inmate of institution	81	—	23	—	14	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Enrolled in school	15	100	106	88	300	94	57	49	46	26	—	—	25	106
Other under 65 years	140	149	101	19	54	40	52	78	59	—	—	—	38	47
Other 65 years and over	109	155	303	164	76	81	112	150	31	4	—	—	85	54
Male, 16 to 21 years old	54	225	360	177	454	249	162	135	92	44	10	—	63	193
Not enrolled in school	27	103	153	33	47	41	50	60	23	—	6	—	18	39
Not high school graduates	27	54	51	—	16	4	12	35	14	—	—	—	7	5
Unemployed or not in labor force	27	39	25	—	10	—	7	6	14	—	—	—	7	5
Female, 16 years old and over	416	1 385	2 552	1 622	1 566	1 645	1 189	968	427	373	83	23	642	1 144
Labor force	200	524	1 138	749	699	887	499	329	125	165	38	—	332	503
Percent of total	48.1	37.8	44.6	46.2	44.6	53.9	42.0	34.0	29.3	44.2	45.8	—	51.7	44.0
Civilian labor force	200	516	1 133	749	699	877	499	329	125	165	38	—	332	503
Employed	177	456	1 089	685	678	855	489	291	118	155	38	—	332	503
Unemployed	23	60	44	64	21	22	10	38	7	10	—	—	28	22
Percent of civilian labor force	11.5	11.6	3.9	8.5	3.0	2.5	2.0	11.6	5.6	6.1	—	—	8.4	4.4
Not in labor force	216	861	1 414	873	867	758	690	639	302	208	45	23	310	643
Married women, husband present	96	664	1 578	1 088	816	959	813	559	239	240	66	15	500	882
In labor force	52	277	671	485	368	522	328	205	71	104	32	—	270	393
With own children under 6 years	16	152	413	207	140	213	272	149	67	72	18	10	148	401
In labor force	6	55	135	102	41	91	90	63	11	19	—	—	65	139
OCCUPATION														
Total employed, 16 years old and over	388	1 083	2 585	1 762	1 646	1 974	1 297	831	343	432	109	15	752	1 415
Professional, technical, and kindred workers	38	107	418	455	487	479	186	94	12	125	14	—	233	364
Health workers	—	16	46	103	170	81	19	12	—	26	—	—	28	78
Teachers, elementary and secondary schools	—	21	78	52	63	105	23	5	4	10	—	—	52	72
Managers and administrators, except farm	34	30	209	307	253	307	184	89	31	20	109	10	5	148
Self-employed in retail trade	11	8	9	24	16	167	78	31	20	94	10	5	38	132
Sales workers	16	23	242	148	127	152	123	35	17	26	8	5	29	135
Retail trade	6	19	140	68	70	68	82	35	17	10	4	—	24	65
Clerical and kindred workers	94	215	659	420	381	584	257	138	46	86	10	—	115	258
Craftsmen, foremen, and kindred workers	21	177	300	186	68	229	220	140	60	21	39	5	80	169
Construction craftsmen	—	49	64	18	10	44	57	34	24	—	—	—	16	25
Mechanics and repairmen	5	65	97	51	10	89	61	46	—	—	20	—	16	25
Operatives, except transport	51	186	223	77	43	71	102	93	47	11	10	—	46	88
Transport equipment operatives	16	39	88	36	36	58	64	37	27	14	10	—	40	44
Laborers, except farm	16	67	147	19	80	42	65	106	61	5	4	—	14	55
Farm workers	—	20	9	—	16	—	—	5	—	—	4	—	53	11
Service workers	102	214	280	105	145	175	168	142	53	35	—	—	83	124
Cleaning and food service workers	73	169	163	39	59	70	107	85	37	19	—	—	37	85
Protective service workers	4	4	33	20	9	18	29	5	—	—	—	—	23	5
Personal and health service workers	10	22	66	27	60	68	32	29	16	11	—	—	9	23
Private household workers	—	5	10	9	10	—	23	10	—	—	—	—	4	13
Female employed, 16 years old and over	177	456	1 089	685	678	855	489	291	118	155	38	—	304	481
Professional, technical, and kindred workers	17	48	192	202	193	217	99	24	—	37	8	—	110	105
Teachers, elementary and secondary schools	—	21	49	42	49	68	23	—	—	5	4	—	37	39
Managers and administrators, except farm	17	6	52	42	19	29	14	6	5	10	6	—	4	21
Sales workers	11	—	76	24	34	41	38	15	7	10	6	—	14	43
Clerical and kindred workers	68	162	468	332	315	446	179	89	37	50	10	—	92	205
Secretaries, stenographers, and typists	19	24	151	117	94	169	41	18	12	25	5	—	34	53
Operatives, including transport	16	112	72	32	15	28	44	37	20	12	6	—	19	15
Other blue-collar workers	—	6	36	—	8	28	15	31	10	10	—	—	9	24
Farm workers	—	4	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	—
Service workers, except private household	48	113	178	44	84	66	77	79	44	26	—	—	46	61
Private household workers	—	5	10	9	10	—	23	10	—	—	—	—	4	7
INDUSTRY														
Total employed, 16 years old and over	388	1 083	2 585	1 762	1 646	1 974	1 297	831	343	432	109	15	752	1 415
Construction	5	26	62	59	14	52	60	49	24	24	—	—	27	39
Manufacturing	40	81	291	183	162	172	140	95	45	46	26	—	73	187
Durable goods	16	29	104	66	65	81	38	66	4	16	14	—	41	94
Transportation	22	110	156	86	62	104	108	75	39	20	9	—	20	49
Communications, utilities, and sanitary services	—	29	31	39	23	47	45	41	16	10	—	—	22	26
Wholesale trade	—	34	75	65	60	53	49	17	25	11	—	—	34	15
Retail trade	78	129	436	276	285	243	248	151	52	47	13	—	75	282
Finance, insurance, and real estate	11	25	115	137	90	104	33	5	—	28	9	10	5	103
Business and repair services	26	31	62	57	27	50	4	6	—	9	—	—	11	35
Personal services	61	49	76	51	56	48	76	65	14	16	—	—	8	49
Health services	—	21	150	162	237	126	33	24	22	40	—	—	29	61
Educational services	18	113	212	137	273	261	71	50	20	28	14	5	112	136
Other professional and related services	24	69	66	109	54	63	17	3	4	15	6	—	26	12
Public administration	85	333	786	365	255	633	392	245	74	115	23	—	217	358
Other industries	18	33	67	36	48	18	21	5	8	23	9	—	93	53
CLASS OF WORKER														
Total employed, 16 years old and over	388	1 083	2 585	1 762	1 646	1 974	1 297	831	343	432	109	15	752	1 415
Private wage and salary workers	251	552	1 504	1 073	916	1 019	752	528	208	241	59	10	309	752
Government workers	109	486	1 030	527	523	904	465	298	123	147	46	5	364	570
Local government workers	4	59	161	117	131	129	64	26	21	28	10	—	108	116
Self-employed workers	28	35	46	162	186	51	75	5	12	44	4	—	79	83
Unpaid family workers	—	10	5	—	21	—	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	10

es. not shown separately.

Table P-3. Labor Force Characteristics of the Population: 1970—Continued

[Data based on sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

Census Tracts	Balance of Weber County—Con.												Totals for split tracts	
	Tract 0103	Tract 0104	Tract 0105.01	Tract 0105.02	Tract 0106	Tract 0107.01	Tract 0107.02	Tract 0108	Tract 0109	Tract 0110	Tract 0111	Tract 0112	Tract 0002	Tract 0020
EMPLOYMENT STATUS														
Male, 16 years old and over	1 206	1 372	1 231	1 431	1 188	1 683	1 286	1 203	1 570	1 350	777	630	1 712	345
Labor force	1 049	1 148	1 047	1 200	1 048	1 396	1 106	984	1 357	1 187	696	543	1 354	315
Percent of total	87.0	83.7	85.1	83.9	88.2	82.9	86.0	81.8	86.4	87.9	89.6	86.2	79.1	91.3
Civilian labor force	1 029	1 118	1 023	1 190	1 029	1 310	1 070	971	1 331	1 177	696	519	1 316	310
Employed	1 018	1 085	990	1 123	995	1 245	1 031	916	1 283	1 103	676	509	1 237	292
Unemployed	11	33	33	67	34	65	39	55	48	74	20	10	79	18
Percent of civilian labor force	1.1	3.0	3.2	5.6	3.3	5.0	3.6	5.7	3.6	6.3	2.9	1.9	6.0	5.8
Not in labor force	157	224	184	231	140	287	180	219	213	163	81	87	358	30
Inmate of institution	—	—	—	—	—	81	—	—	—	—	—	—	152	—
Enrolled in school	72	111	82	75	97	121	99	70	149	61	53	34	73	26
Other under 65 years	16	34	37	69	11	41	50	53	25	54	21	25	57	—
Other 65 years and over	69	79	65	87	32	44	31	96	39	48	7	28	76	4
Male, 16 to 21 years old	217	254	221	284	216	343	225	185	311	264	137	100	384	44
Not enrolled in school	34	43	68	96	41	107	60	32	54	106	29	11	145	—
Not high school graduates	10	—	4	28	5	31	23	13	27	27	6	—	92	—
Unemployed or not in labor force	—	—	4	—	5	16	6	13	6	15	—	—	71	—
Female, 16 years old and over	1 231	1 447	1 220	1 376	1 176	1 857	1 342	1 363	1 647	1 460	800	639	1 721	396
Labor force	536	682	589	662	521	943	630	644	836	789	428	336	920	165
Percent of total	43.5	47.1	48.3	48.1	44.3	50.8	46.9	47.2	50.8	54.0	53.5	52.6	53.5	41.7
Civilian labor force	536	682	589	662	521	943	630	639	826	789	428	336	920	165
Employed	494	633	560	603	498	873	575	596	791	741	395	307	819	155
Unemployed	42	49	29	59	23	70	55	43	35	48	33	29	101	10
Percent of civilian labor force	7.8	7.2	4.9	8.9	4.4	7.4	8.7	6.7	4.2	6.1	7.7	8.6	11.0	6.1
Not in labor force	695	765	631	714	655	914	712	719	811	671	372	303	801	231
Married women, husband present	913	1 028	899	986	917	1 219	909	899	1 213	971	568	490	1 235	255
In labor force	420	497	406	496	406	588	416	448	606	484	297	254	423	104
With own children under 6 years	357	361	298	370	434	381	340	262	382	296	231	180	502	82
In labor force	122	139	102	138	97	134	121	95	141	98	89	73	233	19
OCCUPATION														
Total employed, 16 years old and over	1 512	1 718	1 550	1 726	1 493	2 118	1 606	1 512	2 074	1 844	1 071	816	2 056	447
Professional, technical, and kindred workers	351	241	234	150	330	418	279	261	573	254	187	221	307	125
Health workers	18	34	29	17	24	52	48	14	77	15	23	30	45	26
Teachers, elementary and secondary schools	74	63	33	41	82	46	28	44	111	20	11	52	47	10
Managers and administrators, except farm	174	102	161	104	107	213	141	124	248	106	95	111	127	114
Salaried	159	85	144	64	87	194	119	116	228	95	74	97	97	99
Self-employed in retail trade	4	—	4	8	16	14	12	8	10	6	8	9	16	—
Sales workers	74	73	72	110	124	162	24	86	146	91	46	110	78	31
Retail trade	21	48	50	72	78	111	18	58	68	51	30	63	60	10
Clerical and kindred workers	316	350	350	327	320	529	428	296	446	441	244	128	497	86
Craftsmen, foremen, and kindred workers	242	339	348	335	228	239	291	296	249	383	195	58	349	26
Construction craftsmen	52	82	51	65	23	64	38	28	45	69	26	9	75	—
Mechanics and repairmen	82	114	147	134	85	63	127	94	111	163	68	29	185	—
Operatives, except transport	63	131	123	244	121	167	153	127	97	179	72	37	177	11
Transport equipment operatives	55	81	60	48	38	85	72	57	51	66	33	30	133	14
Laborers, except farm	63	100	39	66	82	71	58	55	67	83	58	10	138	5
Farm workers	43	136	10	178	22	12	19	—	11	—	—	26	9	—
Service workers ¹	125	159	141	154	115	217	122	193	181	241	137	79	236	35
Cleaning and food service workers	89	112	106	90	65	130	79	133	137	161	82	43	144	19
Protective service workers	15	14	14	16	15	29	10	21	10	19	18	5	31	—
Personal and health service workers	9	33	21	43	30	48	15	39	24	35	26	26	61	11
Private household workers	6	6	12	10	6	5	19	17	5	—	4	6	5	—
Female employed, 16 years old and over	494	633	560	603	498	873	575	596	791	741	395	307	819	155
Professional, technical, and kindred workers	109	147	104	104	101	148	81	108	214	99	87	66	130	37
Teachers, elementary and secondary schools	36	51	19	37	27	35	16	28	67	—	8	33	36	5
Managers and administrators, except farm	43	5	27	4	11	25	12	24	35	5	17	9	11	10
Sales workers	16	46	37	41	41	75	13	44	64	45	29	66	58	10
Clerical and kindred workers	219	289	266	253	221	385	296	232	291	302	180	107	344	50
Secretaries, stenographers, and typists	52	79	77	55	80	91	62	63	126	60	52	31	100	25
Operatives, including transport	21	30	15	60	16	61	69	51	52	79	8	6	71	12
Other blue-collar workers	9	15	15	32	30	40	19	21	26	57	22	—	42	10
Farm workers	6	—	6	14	—	6	—	—	5	—	—	—	—	—
Service workers, except private household	65	95	78	85	72	128	66	99	99	154	48	36	158	26
Private household workers	6	6	12	10	6	5	19	17	5	—	4	6	5	—
INDUSTRY														
Total employed, 16 years old and over	1 512	1 718	1 550	1 726	1 493	2 118	1 606	1 512	2 074	1 844	1 071	816	2 056	447
Construction	112	78	53	58	30	62	40	62	198	242	115	80	253	46
Manufacturing	239	153	169	259	204	240	111	121	79	101	65	35	125	16
Durable goods	118	101	99	94	99	137	77	95	124	108	75	19	134	20
Transportation	60	89	109	78	51	116	37	24	55	54	22	19	62	10
Communications, utilities, and sanitary services	40	47	52	20	17	25	37	24	89	34	10	44	34	11
Wholesale trade	12	53	41	67	36	72	38	20	331	278	140	136	259	47
Retail trade	188	270	305	212	234	385	208	267	331	278	140	136	259	47
Finance, insurance, and real estate	57	19	45	23	53	70	35	49	110	72	8	46	36	38
Business and repair services	48	54	44	48	31	34	33	17	10	21	29	24	71	9
Personal services	23	52	34	16	17	41	23	52	42	63	42	35	76	16
Health services	25	41	61	71	30	113	59	41	109	47	39	36	74	40
Educational services	171	123	103	141	134	117	87	130	227	79	71	87	125	33
Other professional and related services	62	14	15	21	41	39	17	72	45	58	30	26	35	15
Public administration	398	551	471	520	584	774	742	457	620	719	431	203	783	115
Other industries	77	174	48	192	31	30	49	39	70	34	23	46	57	23
CLASS OF WORKER														
Total employed, 16 years old and over	1 512	1 718	1 550	1 726	1 493	2 118	1 606	1 512	2 074	1 844	1 071	816	2 056	447
Private wage and salary workers	787	834	869	794	645	1 051	654	847	1 112	941	516	467	976	251
Government workers	651	718	603	717	780	946	886	612	842	834	505	287	979	152
Local government workers	193	128	81	161	98	119	112	86	107	51	54	41	100	28
Self-employed workers	70	160	78	197	68	111	66	53	109	52	46	57	96	44
Unpaid family workers	4	6	—	18	—	10	—	—	11	17	4	5	5	—

¹Includes allocated cases, not shown separately.

Table P-4. Income Characteristics of the Population: 1970

(Data based on sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text)

Census Tracts	Weber County			Ogden									
	Total	Ogden	Balance	Tract 0001	Tract 0002	Tract 0003	Tract 0004	Tract 0005	Tract 0006	Tract 0007	Tract 0008	Tract 0009	Tract 0010
INCOME IN 1969 OF FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS													
All families	30 926	17 472	13 454	1 135	1 290	501	620	1 251	885	882	1 303	1 051	359
Less than \$1,000	456	322	134	10	25	15	17	12	4	—	29	49	12
\$1,000 to \$1,999	808	597	209	10	25	—	31	27	37	18	57	80	32
\$2,000 to \$2,999	916	690	226	10	32	16	25	43	—	5	59	62	24
\$3,000 to \$3,999	1 260	903	357	4	62	20	34	91	5	28	72	88	22
\$4,000 to \$4,999	1 330	949	381	35	39	30	52	40	12	23	92	118	26
\$5,000 to \$5,999	1 688	1 101	587	46	71	41	40	75	25	37	136	110	55
\$6,000 to \$6,999	1 809	1 142	667	80	96	28	90	94	27	61	109	59	24
\$7,000 to \$7,999	2 333	1 438	895	69	129	43	36	143	18	52	155	113	29
\$8,000 to \$8,999	2 393	1 344	1 049	84	109	57	56	128	50	79	68	106	30
\$9,000 to \$9,999	2 318	1 282	1 036	98	144	36	29	85	64	76	103	47	45
\$10,000 to \$11,999	4 253	2 143	2 110	194	171	78	89	122	126	178	147	84	33
\$12,000 to \$14,999	4 729	2 235	2 494	204	173	67	75	209	169	134	128	64	23
\$15,000 to \$24,999	5 594	2 733	2 861	282	208	61	46	147	298	180	129	71	4
\$25,000 to \$49,999	838	479	359	19	6	5	—	29	44	11	—	—	—
\$50,000 or more	201	112	89	—	—	—	—	6	6	—	—	—	—
Median income	\$10 071	\$9 193	\$11 124	\$11 356	\$9 396	\$8 939	\$7 583	\$8 785	\$13 322	\$10 697	\$7 629	\$6 314	\$6 354
Mean income	\$11 148	\$10 466	\$12 033	\$12 074	\$9 884	\$9 790	\$8 125	\$10 112	\$14 068	\$11 195	\$8 820	\$6 910	\$6 675
Families and unrelated individuals	39 171	24 284	14 887	1 201	1 509	632	797	1 625	940	1 063	1 955	1 874	483
Median income	\$8 605	\$7 316	\$10 522	\$11 015	\$8 827	\$8 140	\$6 405	\$7 718	\$12 834	\$9 833	\$5 757	\$4 684	\$5 358
Mean income	\$9 546	\$8 491	\$11 266	\$11 635	\$9 155	\$8 532	\$6 879	\$8 693	\$13 477	\$9 911	\$6 843	\$5 664	\$5 571
Unrelated individuals	8 245	6 812	1 433	66	219	131	177	374	55	181	652	823	124
Median income	\$2 416	\$2 342	\$2 770	\$3 889	\$4 515	\$2 773	\$1 880	\$2 836	\$4 393	\$2 433	\$1 965	\$2 937	\$1 614
Mean income	\$3 537	\$3 427	\$4 060	\$4 088	\$4 862	\$3 720	\$2 514	\$3 947	\$3 965	\$3 655	\$2 893	\$4 073	\$2 375
TYPE OF INCOME IN 1969 OF FAMILIES													
All families	30 926	17 472	13 454	1 135	1 290	501	620	1 251	885	882	1 303	1 051	359
With wage or salary income	27 952	15 443	12 509	1 111	1 203	455	529	1 075	852	800	1 078	916	299
Mean wage or salary income	\$10 263	\$9 624	\$11 053	\$11 383	\$9 453	\$9 574	\$8 020	\$9 391	\$12 826	\$10 816	\$8 018	\$6 911	\$6 303
With nonfarm self-employment income	3 242	1 681	1 561	77	77	35	51	92	91	90	119	77	—
Mean nonfarm self-employment income	\$6 887	\$7 489	\$6 239	\$5 578	\$3 765	\$6 157	\$1 615	\$8 470	\$6 348	\$3 271	\$8 222	\$1 825	—
With farm self-employment income	1 168	252	856	20	—	4	4	38	23	4	4	13	5
Mean farm self-employment income	\$1 952	\$1 199	\$2 174	—	—	—	—	\$4 603	—	—	—	—	—
With Social Security income	5 185	3 479	1 705	—	141	67	183	318	88	117	396	219	109
Mean Social Security income	\$1 880	\$1 916	\$1 807	\$1 760	\$1 661	\$1 329	\$1 883	\$1 983	\$1 895	\$1 998	\$2 203	\$1 536	\$1 432
With public assistance or public welfare income	1 672	1 226	446	29	65	18	63	64	12	53	97	173	67
Mean public assistance or public welfare income	\$1 030	\$1 063	\$938	\$1 038	\$672	—	\$1 037	\$1 081	—	\$709	\$734	\$946	\$1 591
With other income	12 413	7 172	5 241	423	426	147	222	605	395	406	570	299	110
Mean other income	\$1 765	\$1 864	\$1 628	\$1 202	\$1 452	\$1 534	\$1 356	\$1 485	\$1 873	\$1 619	\$1 616	\$977	\$1 921
RATIO OF FAMILY INCOME TO POVERTY LEVEL¹													
Percent of families with incomes:													
Less than .50 of poverty level	2.8	3.5	1.8	1.3	3.6	3.0	5.2	1.8	1.6	0.5	4.5	6.5	4.5
.50 to .74	2.0	2.7	1.1	—	2.1	0.8	3.7	2.0	1.7	1.1	3.3	6.1	14.5
.75 to .99	2.6	3.3	1.8	0.9	2.6	2.6	6.3	1.7	1.4	1.6	2.7	3.8	3.1
1.00 to 1.24	2.9	3.5	2.2	1.3	5.6	5.2	1.6	3.6	0.6	1.2	4.8	7.4	9.5
1.25 to 1.49	4.5	5.7	3.1	3.9	7.8	4.6	5.3	7.0	0.8	4.3	6.6	9.2	10.6
1.50 to 1.99	12.2	11.8	12.6	13.2	13.8	18.8	14.0	10.4	7.1	8.2	11.3	16.6	12.8
2.00 to 2.99	26.5	24.5	29.1	29.7	25.3	27.5	21.9	28.9	26.6	32.1	26.9	22.4	30.9
3.00 or more	46.5	45.0	48.4	49.7	39.1	37.5	41.9	44.8	60.3	51.0	39.8	20.1	14.7
INCOME BELOW POVERTY LEVEL¹													
Families	2 281	1 658	623	25	108	32	94	68	41	28	137	172	79
Percent of all families	7.4	9.5	4.6	2.2	8.4	6.4	15.2	5.4	4.6	3.2	10.5	16.4	22.0
Mean family income	\$1 957	\$1 904	\$2 101	\$2 480	\$2 208	\$1 578	\$2 374	\$2 190	\$1 479	\$2 082	\$1 803	\$1 497	\$2 138
Mean income deficit	\$1 488	\$1 470	\$1 536	\$2 024	\$1 985	\$1 545	\$1 362	\$1 276	\$1 305	\$723	\$1 347	\$1 490	\$1 597
Percent receiving public assistance income	26.9	31.8	13.6	20.0	13.9	12.5	25.5	30.9	—	—	35.0	29.1	60.8
Mean size of family	3.76	3.65	4.07	5.60	4.75	3.09	4.28	3.78	2.68	2.64	3.23	3.08	4.14
With related children under 18 years	1 605	1 159	446	101	25	61	49	—	—	—	103	116	47
Mean number of related children under 18 years	2.85	2.73	3.15	3.80	3.42	1.8	3.52	3.18	—	—	1.97	1.96	4.09
With related children under 6 years	1 068	794	274	15	61	19	45	35	—	—	50	98	32
Mean number of related children under 6 years	1.51	1.52	1.88	—	1.70	—	1.96	1.20	—	—	1.48	1.30	1.91
Families with female head	899	705	194	10	57	21	21	10	10	10	59	84	42
With related children under 18 years	785	610	175	10	53	25	11	38	10	10	53	66	31
Mean number of related children under 18 years	2.55	2.52	2.63	—	3.47	1.84	—	2.63	—	—	2.19	1.82	3.65
With related children under 6 years	462	369	93	—	462	19	—	29	—	—	6	17	21
Percent in labor force	39.6	38.2	45.2	—	75.0	—	—	24.1	—	—	—	50.0	—
Mean number of related children under 6 years	1.46	1.48	1.38	—	2.54	—	—	1.24	—	—	—	1.00	—
Families	2 281	1 658	623	25	108	32	94	68	41	28	137	172	79
Percent 65 years and over	15.9	15.9	16.1	—	2.8	—	26.6	20.6	14.6	28.6	16.1	22.1	25.3
Civilian male heads under 65 years	1 048	730	318	15	48	7	51	16	25	10	54	58	20
Percent in labor force	76.0	75.8	76.7	—	77.1	—	62.7	—	100.0	—	70.4	91.4	—
Unrelated individuals	2 939	2 426	513	15	54	43	86	117	22	84	291	254	69
Percent of all unrelated individuals	37.8	38.3	35.8	22.7	24.7	32.8	48.6	31.3	40.6	46.4	44.6	30.9	55.6
Mean income	\$878	\$885	\$845	—	\$847	\$426	\$849	\$1 027	—	\$693	\$1 005	\$851	\$838
Mean income deficit	\$946	\$946	\$945	—	\$1 042	\$1 415	\$961	\$756	—	\$1 126	\$791	\$1 019	\$1 002
Percent receiving public assistance income	17.3	20.0	4.7	—	38.9	20.9	11.6	8.5	—	6.0	7.6	22.4	42.0
Percent 65 years and over	46.8	45.4	53.2	—	16.7	34.9	55.8	76.9	—	38.1	69.1	28.0	47.8
Persons	11 523	8 474	3 049	155	567	142	488	374	132	158	734	784	394
Percent of all persons	9.3	12.5	5.4	3.2	10.3	6.8	21.9	8.2	3.6	4.5	14.9	18.9	25.3
Percent receiving Social Security income	18.4	18.7	17.7	7.1	3.0	16.9	24.2	29.9	15.9	31.0	35.6	17.5	11.9
Percent 65 years and over	17.4	18.4	14.9	7.1	5.1	10.6	16.8	30.7	15.9	32.9	32.7	16.2	15.4
Percent receiving Social Security income	81.7	80.9	84.3	—	58.6	—	100.0	71.3	—	73.1	95.4	90.6	55.7
Related children under 18 years	4 708	3 263	1 445	95	340	43	233	156	30	23	215	269	205
Percent living with both parents	51.7	47.1	62.1	63.2	43.2	—	69.1	31.4	50.0	—	45.1	42.8	38.5
Households	4 139	3 305	834	36	121	60	167	159	63	81	372	342	128
Percent of all households	12.2	15.7	6.4	3.1	8.9	10.9	25.5	11.0	6.9	8.4	21.3	21.3	29.2
Owner occupied	1 715	1 174	541	21	68	21	96	110	56	36	161	57	31
Mean value of unit	\$13 800	\$13 200	\$15 200	—	\$15 000	—	\$9 600	\$11 600	\$21 400	\$12 900	\$12 900	\$11 400	\$11 000
Renter occupied	2 424	2 131	293	15	53	39	71	49	7	45	211	285	97
Mean gross rent	\$80	\$77	\$100	—	\$143	—	\$73	\$74	\$90	—	\$98</		

Table P-4. Income Characteristics of the Population: 1970—Continued

[Data based on sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

Census Tracts	Ogden—Con.										Balance of Weber County			
	Tract 0011	Tract 0012	Tract 0013	Tract 0014	Tract 0015	Tract 0016	Tract 0017	Tract 0018	Tract 0019	Tract 0020	Tract 0002	Tract 0020	Tract 0101	Tract 0102
INCOME IN 1969 OF FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS														
All families	134	924	1 818	1 173	919	1 119	868	704	277	259	73	19	497	947
Less than \$1,000	5	39	54	6	5	12	7	21	10	—	—	4	5	10
\$1,000 to \$1,999	21	75	68	22	9	21	7	39	8	12	—	—	23	8
\$2,000 to \$2,999	—	99	107	15	29	11	45	89	19	—	—	—	23	8
\$3,000 to \$3,999	12	120	114	25	18	43	71	54	16	4	—	5	21	10
\$4,000 to \$4,999	15	48	180	48	22	53	76	10	4	—	—	—	19	39
\$5,000 to \$5,999	10	72	120	36	50	46	58	50	23	—	—	—	29	67
\$6,000 to \$6,999	19	80	112	30	33	59	65	37	33	6	4	—	37	57
\$7,000 to \$7,999	12	71	191	56	43	83	84	55	35	21	—	5	35	66
\$8,000 to \$8,999	10	69	138	92	46	63	77	65	17	—	6	—	32	28
\$9,000 to \$9,999	19	56	130	93	23	75	95	35	29	—	11	—	39	50
\$10,000 to \$11,999	—	57	203	158	76	179	82	109	41	16	30	—	62	165
\$12,000 to \$14,999	11	87	203	192	99	190	69	49	32	57	8	—	57	233
\$15,000 to \$24,999	—	44	180	292	266	270	126	25	4	100	14	5	104	182
\$25,000 to \$49,999	—	5	12	89	143	39	29	—	—	—	—	—	11	23
\$50,000 or more	—	2	6	19	6	—	—	—	—	10	—	—	—	9
Mean income	\$6 211	\$6 113	\$7 806	\$12 086	\$15 244	\$11 391	\$8 571	\$6 622	\$7 557	\$15 950	\$11 033	...	\$9 628	\$11 679
Mean income	\$6 238	\$6 812	\$8 524	\$14 426	\$18 756	\$12 241	\$9 764	\$6 827	\$7 596	\$17 247	\$12 343	...	\$10 603	\$12 100
Families and unrelated individuals	767	1 430	2 567	1 417	1 628	1 599	1 126	994	362	315	73	19	569	1 043
Mean income	\$1 903	\$3 982	\$6 280	\$10 821	\$5 935	\$9 255	\$7 273	\$4 914	\$6 711	\$14 146	\$11 033	...	\$8 641	\$11 194
Mean income	\$3 319	\$5 345	\$7 116	\$12 716	\$11 546	\$9 996	\$8 349	\$5 796	\$6 500	\$15 090	\$12 343	...	\$9 615	\$11 539
Unrelated individuals	633	506	749	244	709	480	258	290	85	56	—	—	72	96
Mean income	\$1 740	\$1 857	\$2 797	\$2 831	\$964	\$3 868	\$2 986	\$2 424	\$1 969	\$4 267	—	—	\$1 565	\$1 741
Mean income	\$2 701	\$2 666	\$3 699	\$4 497	\$2 201	\$4 761	\$3 588	\$3 291	\$2 928	\$5 113	—	—	\$2 796	\$6 007
TYPE OF INCOME IN 1969 OF FAMILIES														
All families	134	924	1 818	1 173	919	1 119	868	704	277	259	73	19	497	947
With wage or salary income	126	742	1 573	1 067	803	1 027	773	559	228	227	73	15	408	877
Mean wage or salary income	\$5 300	\$7 066	\$8 057	\$10 937	\$14 117	\$11 660	\$9 054	\$6 669	\$7 216	\$15 584	\$11 328	...	\$10 646	\$11 171
With nonfarm self-employment income	9	38	74	211	247	117	133	5	21	66	—	—	60	134
Mean nonfarm self-employment income	...	\$4 642	\$3 361	\$10 882	\$15 715	\$6 272	\$4 330	...	...	\$8 059	...	...	\$3 633	\$6 721
With farm self-employment income	—	—	10	31	56	23	2	10	5	—	4	—	81	37
Mean farm self-employment income	—	—	...	-\$969	\$1 630	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	\$617	\$736
With Social Security income	28	208	426	298	169	146	177	267	74	4	4	4	109	102
Mean Social Security income	\$993	\$1 945	\$2 124	\$1 814	\$1 633	\$1 748	\$2 470	\$1 933	\$2 074	...	...	...	\$1 667	\$2 053
With public assistance or public welfare income	27	158	128	31	19	30	26	89	64	11	—	—	5	24
Mean public assistance or public welfare income	\$861	\$1 253	\$911	\$969	...	\$665	\$740	\$1 722	\$1 404	...	...	...	...	...
With other income	45	253	724	712	525	543	304	253	77	133	38	10	218	340
Mean other income	\$868	\$1 077	\$2 183	\$3 392	\$3 107	\$1 310	\$1 464	\$1 567	\$1 775	\$2 775	\$1 992	...	\$2 171	\$1 454
RATIO OF FAMILY INCOME TO POVERTY LEVEL¹														
Percent of families with incomes:														
Less than .50 of poverty level	3.7	9.2	5.0	0.5	2.1	2.3	1.6	6.8	6.9	1.9	—	...	3.2	1.1
.50 to .74	8.2	7.0	2.8	0.8	—	0.6	1.4	4.5	3.2	4.2	—	...	1.0	0.8
.75 to .99	12.7	8.9	4.6	2.0	1.2	0.5	4.6	11.2	3.2	—	—	...	4.2	—
1.00 to 1.24	—	7.9	3.6	0.9	1.3	—	5.3	3.0	6.1	—	—	...	5.4	2.4
1.25 to 1.49	3.7	7.0	7.0	0.9	5.8	3.2	7.3	6.0	10.5	3.5	—	...	5.0	5.2
1.50 to 1.99	20.1	13.3	11.7	9.0	4.7	7.7	14.3	19.7	23.5	1.5	16.4	...	14.7	11.3
2.00 to 2.99	26.9	20.3	25.7	15.3	13.3	24.5	25.3	22.3	24.5	—	5.5	...	18.5	37.7
3.00 or more	24.6	26.3	39.7	70.7	71.7	61.1	40.2	26.4	22.0	66.4	78.1	...	47.9	41.5
INCOME BELOW POVERTY LEVEL¹														
Families	33	232	224	38	30	39	66	159	37	16	—	9	42	18
Percent of all families	24.6	25.1	12.3	3.2	3.3	3.5	7.6	22.6	13.4	6.2	—	...	8.5	1.9
Mean family income	\$2 064	\$1 715	\$1 535	\$393	\$1 890	\$1 078	\$2 641	\$2 173	\$1 949	...	...	...	\$2 156	...
Mean income deficit	\$647	\$1 485	\$1 485	\$923	\$1 354	\$2 125	\$1 064	\$1 177	\$1 903	...	...	...	\$1 485	...
Percent receiving public assistance income	63.6	43.1	32.1	2.55	16.7	41.0	16.7	39.6	48.6	...	...	...	...	...
Mean size of family	2.42	4.36	3.11	2.55	3.27	3.28	3.92	3.50	4.30	...	...	...	4.52	...
With related children under 18 years	14	176	161	15	11	21	54	102	27	16	—	5	20	18
Mean number of related children under 18 years	...	3.51	2.02	...	...	...	2.44	2.05	3.19	...	...	...	...	...
With related children under 6 years	7	117	118	15	5	13	54	60	19	16	—	5	20	12
Mean number of related children under 6 years	...	1.56	1.52	...	...	...	1.39	1.18	...	...	...	...	...	...
Families with female head	12	117	86	...	5	28	18	56	13	11	—	4	...	8
With related children under 18 years	7	103	81	...	...	21	11	56	13	11	—	—	...	8
Mean number of related children under 18 years	...	2.72	1.94	...	...	...	...	2.88	...	...	...	...	...	...
With related children under 6 years	...	43	53	...	...	13	11	41	5	11	—	—	...	8
Percent in labor force	...	12.7	49.1	...	...	...	...	36.6	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mean number of related children under 6 years	...	1.54	1.40	...	...	...	...	1.17	...	...	...	...	...	...
Family heads	33	232	224	38	30	39	66	159	37	16	—	9	42	18
Percent 65 years and over	...	16.8	11.2	28.9	...	17.9	18.2	18.2	10.8	...	...	...	26.2	...
Civilian male heads under 65 years	21	82	118	23	25	11	43	78	20	5	—	5	31	10
Percent in labor force	...	70.7	87.3	...	64.0	...	100.0	52.6	...	...	...	...	80.6	...
Unrelated individuals	332	258	255	46	133	141	59	111	43	13	—	—	46	55
Percent of all unrelated individuals	53.6	51.0	34.0	18.9	53.2	29.4	22.9	38.3	50.6	23.2	—	—	63.9	57.3
Mean income	\$1 104	\$863	\$844	\$713	\$568	\$734	\$841	\$1 092	\$824	...	...	...	\$764	\$1 070
Mean income deficit	\$765	\$961	\$974	\$1 065	\$1 291	\$1 112	\$1 034	\$712	\$926	...	...	...	\$1 040	\$750
Percent receiving public assistance income	41.9	41.5	13.7	—	11.3	2.8	—	16.2	9.3	...	...	...	17.4	...
Percent 65 years and over	36.7	48.8	50.2	65.2	24.8	12.8	23.7	55.9	100.0	...	...	...	43.5	45.5
Persons	412	1 270	952	143	231	269	318	667	202	80	—	28	236	125
Percent of all persons	42.3	33.4	15.2	3.6	6.7	6.6	9.8	25.0	6.7	—	—	32.9	11.8	3.0
Percent receiving Social Security income	36.7	11.3	17.1	24.5	9.5	13.0	14.5	21.1	25.7	—	—	14.3	19.9	20.0
Percent 65 years and over	29.6	16.0	18.4	32.9	14.3	11.5	11.9	16.2	23.3	—	—	—	19.5	20.0
Percent receiving Social Security income	96.7	60.1	78.3	63.8	66.7	77.4	65.8	88.9	100.0	...	...	...	76.1	100.0
Related children under 18 years	20	624	326	19	30	83	112	289	99	52	—	11	99	43
Percent living with both parents	...	50.5	43.9	...	100.0	...	85.7	40.8	55.6	28.8	—	...	87.9	41.9
Households	343	435	395	67	57	59	108	219	77	16	—	—	72	41
Percent of all households	47.7	33.6	17.2	5.1	6.3	5.1	10.7	24.3	21.7	5.9	—	—	15.0	4.2
Owner occupied	—	116	75	41	57	27	45	103	44	9	—	—	60	24
Mean value of unit	...	\$9 400	\$12 500	\$15 300	\$29 800	\$16 000	\$13 800	\$8 600	\$6 500	...	...	...	\$11 000	...
Renter occupied	343	319	320	26	—	32	63	116	33	7	—	—	12	17
Mean gross rent	\$51	\$67	\$83	\$104	—	\$142	\$94	\$83	\$82	...	...	...	...	...
Percent lacking some or all plumbing facilities	51.6	13.1												

Table P-4. Income Characteristics of the Population: 1970—Continued

[Data based on sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

Census Tracts

INCOME IN 1969 OF FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS

	Balance of Weber County—Con.												Totals for split tracts	
	Tract 0103	Tract 0104	Tract 0105.01	Tract 0105.02	Tract 0106	Tract 0107.01	Tract 0107.02	Tract 0108	Tract 0109	Tract 0110	Tract 0111	Tract 0112	Tract 0002	Tract 0020
All families	972	1 099	962	1 086	990	1 315	1 064	998	1 233	1 082	627	490	1 363	278
Less than \$1,000	—	28	5	9	4	9	7	22	11	8	12	—	25	4
\$1,000 to \$1,999	—	20	31	24	16	31	30	17	4	3	10	—	35	12
\$2,000 to \$2,999	8	24	27	22	—	23	19	11	10	21	—	—	22	—
\$3,000 to \$3,999	27	50	17	45	10	33	23	49	32	24	—	—	18	32
\$4,000 to \$4,999	20	28	38	26	6	36	57	56	11	26	5	—	11	62
\$5,000 to \$5,999	73	57	29	76	33	24	33	62	11	52	25	16	71	—
\$6,000 to \$6,999	26	69	53	77	30	68	61	66	42	30	32	15	100	6
\$7,000 to \$7,999	36	61	86	100	52	79	72	107	35	93	54	14	129	26
\$8,000 to \$8,999	103	82	62	86	85	97	76	76	79	133	59	25	115	—
\$9,000 to \$9,999	78	116	83	66	126	85	81	62	79	74	50	36	155	—
\$10,000 to \$11,999	173	173	143	212	183	190	162	126	200	141	85	65	201	16
\$12,000 to \$14,999	176	177	192	137	247	222	198	173	207	220	168	79	181	57
\$15,000 to \$24,999	210	191	171	172	198	378	196	161	427	231	87	134	222	105
\$25,000 to \$49,999	37	23	20	24	—	34	29	—	74	26	9	44	6	29
\$50,000 or more	5	—	5	10	—	6	—	5	11	—	19	19	—	10
Median income	\$11 329	\$10 168	\$10 699	\$10 113	\$11 454	\$11 816	\$10 654	\$9 532	\$13 486	\$11 092	\$11 282	\$13 177	\$9 539	\$15 476
Mean income	\$12 956	\$10 736	\$11 175	\$11 002	\$11 631	\$12 515	\$11 135	\$10 248	\$14 684	\$11 610	\$13 056	\$16 554	\$10 016	\$16 639
Families and unrelated individuals	1 024	1 232	1 106	1 193	1 018	1 462	1 178	1 232	1 370	1 192	653	523	1 582	334
Median income	\$11 029	\$9 586	\$9 892	\$9 477	\$11 301	\$11 130	\$10 000	\$8 228	\$12 575	\$10 370	\$10 976	\$12 696	\$9 043	\$13 938
Mean income	\$12 417	\$9 848	\$10 298	\$10 211	\$11 395	\$11 783	\$10 522	\$8 926	\$13 637	\$11 084	\$12 768	\$15 819	\$9 303	\$14 707
Unrelated individuals	52	133	144	107	28	147	114	234	137	110	26	33	219	56
Median income	\$1 438	\$1 664	\$3 786	\$1 717	\$1 800	\$4 441	\$3 880	\$2 478	\$2 886	\$6 485	\$6 500	\$2 750	\$4 515	\$4 267
Mean income	\$2 343	\$2 512	\$4 437	\$2 184	\$3 054	\$5 229	\$4 799	\$3 287	\$4 220	\$5 907	\$5 815	\$4 895	\$4 062	\$5 113

TYPE OF INCOME IN 1969 OF FAMILIES

All families	972	1 099	962	1 086	990	1 315	1 064	998	1 233	1 082	627	490	1 363	278
With wage or salary income	923	989	880	974	959	1 246	1 015	900	1 159	1 025	603	463	1 276	242
Mean wage or salary income	\$11 370	\$9 890	\$10 582	\$10 026	\$10 723	\$11 394	\$10 369	\$9 612	\$12 971	\$10 975	\$12 549	\$13 575	\$9 561	\$15 217
With nonfarm self-employment income	118	127	88	179	117	147	108	69	180	95	73	66	128	66
Mean nonfarm self-employment income	\$4 428	\$3 511	\$10 434	\$4 604	\$3 980	\$7 400	\$5 380	\$8 015	\$7 583	\$4 448	\$3 421	\$17 952	\$3 765	\$8 059
With farm self-employment income	87	227	20	246	38	22	—	8	20	11	9	5	4	—
Mean farm self-employment income	\$1 920	\$3 070	—	\$2 176	\$2 816	—	\$1 979	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
With Social Security income	150	160	131	164	71	—	101	—	123	114	—	—	—	—
Mean Social Security income	\$2 042	\$1 683	\$1 439	\$2 120	\$1 871	\$1 720	\$1 518	\$2 194	\$1 616	\$1 814	\$1 216	\$1 609	\$1 633	—
With public assistance or public welfare income	23	38	33	49	36	38	46	20	44	13	8	8	65	11
Mean public assistance or public welfare income	—	\$1 303	\$702	\$718	\$483	\$816	\$536	\$1 289	—	\$1 173	—	—	\$672	—
With other income	405	394	267	325	341	593	417	462	584	371	249	227	464	143
Mean other income	\$2 623	\$1 412	\$1 075	\$1 357	\$1 490	\$1 383	\$1 129	\$1 068	\$2 550	\$1 677	\$1 092	\$2 017	\$1 496	\$2 656

RATIO OF FAMILY INCOME TO POVERTY LEVEL¹

Percent of families with incomes:														
Less than .50 of poverty level	—	3.0	1.0	1.7	0.9	2.2	3.0	3.0	1.2	1.2	3.5	—	3.4	3.2
.50 to .74	—	1.6	3.1	1.0	0.6	1.3	0.5	0.5	0.4	1.3	0.8	2.0	2.0	4.0
.75 to .99	1.3	2.3	2.2	2.9	1.0	2.1	1.5	1.5	1.2	1.6	1.1	2.9	2.5	1.6
1.00 to 1.24	1.2	3.0	1.8	2.2	1.7	2.8	3.6	2.3	—	1.8	2.4	1.6	5.3	—
1.25 to 1.49	2.8	3.5	3.2	3.4	2.0	3.4	3.6	4.4	1.3	3.1	2.6	4.1	7.3	3.2
1.50 to 1.99	14.5	13.8	9.7	19.4	12.2	8.6	13.4	11.8	8.8	15.3	12.6	10.0	13.9	3.2
2.00 to 2.99	35.5	28.6	28.8	30.5	36.5	24.9	29.7	35.2	20.2	28.1	24.6	23.5	24.3	20.9
3.00 or more	44.1	44.1	50.2	38.9	45.1	56.7	44.7	41.3	66.9	47.5	48.6	55.9	41.2	63.7

INCOME BELOW POVERTY LEVEL¹

Families	18	76	61	61	25	73	53	50	35	44	34	24	108	25
Percent of all families	1.9	6.9	6.3	5.6	2.5	5.6	5.0	5.0	2.8	4.1	5.4	4.9	7.9	9.0
Mean family income	—	\$1 919	\$1 791	\$2 814	\$1 750	\$1 958	\$1 702	\$1 699	\$2 120	\$2 741	\$1 310	—	\$2 208	\$2 154
Mean income deficit	—	\$2 024	\$1 093	\$1 023	\$1 608	\$1 500	\$1 230	\$1 953	\$2 227	\$1 596	\$2 065	—	\$1 985	\$1 459
Percent receiving public assistance income	—	22.4	13.1	—	—	5.5	10.0	14.3	18.2	—	—	—	13.9	28.0
Mean size of family	—	4.68	2.82	4.21	—	3.66	2.83	4.26	4.94	5.16	3.59	—	4.75	3.80
With related children under 18 years	18	45	29	36	20	42	38	35	35	34	27	24	101	21
Mean number of related children under 18 years	—	4.51	2.07	3.28	—	2.47	1.87	3.51	3.23	4.35	2.33	—	3.42	—
With related children under 6 years	8	30	20	6	15	36	28	26	20	22	12	14	61	21
Mean number of related children under 6 years	—	1.40	—	—	—	1.39	1.00	2.00	—	—	—	—	1.70	—
Families with female head	5	15	15	—	10	38	37	10	20	18	9	5	57	15
With related children under 18 years	5	10	10	—	10	38	37	10	20	18	9	5	53	11
Mean number of related children under 18 years	—	—	—	—	—	2.29	1.47	—	—	—	—	—	3.47	—
With related children under 6 years	—	—	5	—	10	17	22	5	15	11	—	—	28	11
Percent in labor force	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	75.0
Mean number of related children under 6 years	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2.54	—
Family heads	18	76	61	61	25	73	53	50	35	44	34	24	108	25
Percent 65 years and over	—	19.7	24.6	26.2	20.0	6.8	18.9	12.0	—	9.1	38.2	—	2.8	—
Civilian male heads under 65 years	13	51	36	45	5	14	6	34	15	22	12	19	48	10
Percent in labor force	—	100.0	41.7	71.1	—	—	—	55.9	—	—	—	—	77.1	—
Unrelated individuals	35	68	47	50	15	11	15	95	49	10	5	12	54	13
Percent of all unrelated individuals	67.3	51.1	32.6	46.7	53.6	7.5	13.2	40.6	35.8	9.1	19.2	36.4	24.7	23.2
Mean income	\$826	\$901	\$869	\$665	—	—	—	\$817	\$980	—	—	—	\$847	—
Mean income deficit	\$948	\$839	\$928	\$1 074	—	—	—	\$1 000	\$831	—	—	—	\$1 042	—
Percent receiving public assistance income	—	—	14.9	—	—	—	—	—	9.5	—	—	—	—	—
Percent 65 years and over	74.3	77.9	57.4	50.0	—	—	—	38.9	42.9	—	—	—	16.7	—
Persons	139	424	219	307	103	278	165	308	222	237	127	131	567	108
Percent of all persons	3.2	9.1	5.8	6.6	2.4	5.1	3.7	8.1	4.4	5.2	4.8	6.0	9.9	8.4
Percent receiving Social Security income	18.7	22.2	34.7	21.5	9.7	10.1	12.7	15.6	17.6	5.1	24.4	9.2	3.0	3.7
Percent 65 years and over	18.7	22.2	24.2	21.5	13.6	5.8	15.2	15.9	9.5	1.7	15.0	9.2	5.1	—
Percent receiving Social Security income	84.6	100.0	86.8	75.8	—	—	64.0	67.3	—	—	—	—	58.6	—
Related children under 18 years	72	216	65	124	52	159	90	123	107	140	59	85	340	63
Percent living with both parents	69.4	72.7	56.9	93.5	17.3	44.7	28.9	91.1	42.1	51.4	54.2	63.5	43.2	41.3
Households	44	103	50	45	34	79	68	110	65	54	33	36	121	18
Percent of all households	4.7	10.6	7.1	5.9	3.5	5.8	6.3	10.0						

Table P-5. General and Social Characteristics of the Negro Population: 1970

(Data based on sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text)

Census Tracts With 400 or More Negro Population	Weber County			Ogden
	Total	Ogden	Balance	Tract 0012
AGE BY SEX				
Male, all ages	1 018	934	84	543
Under 5 years	91	81	10	49
3 and 4 years	17	17	—	7
5 to 9 years	114	106	8	59
5 years	22	18	4	10
6 years	—	—	—	—
10 to 14 years	144	126	18	97
14 years	38	33	5	28
15 to 19 years	118	113	5	68
15 years	14	14	—	14
16 years	27	27	—	14
17 years	40	35	5	21
18 years	24	24	—	19
19 years	13	13	—	—
20 to 24 years	93	85	8	23
20 years	30	25	5	20
21 years	25	25	—	—
25 to 34 years	119	115	4	82
35 to 44 years	71	66	5	34
45 to 54 years	112	96	16	48
55 to 59 years	58	52	6	28
60 to 64 years	55	51	4	26
65 to 74 years	30	30	—	23
75 years and over	13	13	—	6
Female, all ages	1 011	911	100	542
Under 5 years	117	113	4	80
3 and 4 years	51	51	—	45
5 to 9 years	101	83	18	47
5 years	9	9	—	9
6 years	5	5	—	—
10 to 14 years	146	121	25	60
14 years	38	33	5	11
15 to 19 years	65	60	5	41
15 years	20	20	—	13
16 years	26	21	5	13
17 years	8	8	—	8
18 years	11	11	—	7
19 years	—	—	—	—
20 to 24 years	94	89	5	31
20 years	56	56	—	24
21 years	5	5	—	—
25 to 34 years	104	94	10	79
35 to 44 years	90	85	5	39
45 to 54 years	128	114	14	72
55 to 59 years	40	29	11	15
60 to 64 years	27	27	—	27
65 to 74 years	54	54	—	26
75 years and over	45	42	3	25
RELATIONSHIP TO HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD				
All persons	2 029	1 845	184	1 085
In households	1 971	1 792	179	1 085
Head of household	668	633	35	367
Head of family	466	431	35	280
Primary individual	202	202	—	87
Wife of head	275	230	45	121
Other relative of head	1 001	902	99	580
Not related to head	27	27	—	17
In group quarters	58	53	5	—
Persons per household	2.95	2.83	5.11	2.96
TYPE OF HOUSEHOLD				
All households	668	633	35	367
Male primary individual	99	99	—	27
Female primary individual	103	103	—	60
Husband-wife households	335	300	35	176
Households with other male head	27	27	—	27
Households with female head	104	104	—	77
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT				
Persons, 16 to 21 years old	265	250	15	126
Not attending school	99	94	5	52
Not high school graduates	46	41	5	24
Percent of total	17.4	16.4	...	19.0
YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED				
Persons, 25 years old and over	946	868	78	530
No school years completed	25	25	—	14
Elementary: 1 to 4 years	57	51	6	22
5 to 7 years	141	137	4	96
8 years	87	71	16	33
High school: 1 to 3 years	253	241	12	143
4 years	249	231	18	145
Colleges: 1 to 3 years	94	81	13	50
4 years or more	40	31	9	27
Median school years completed	10.9	10.9	12.1	11.1
Percent high school graduates	40.5	39.5	51.3	41.9
RESIDENCE IN 1965				
Persons, 5 years old and over, 1970¹	1 836	1 674	182	973
Some house as in 1970	796	729	67	418
Different house:				
In central city of this SMSA	428	421	7	272
In other part of this SMSA	14	14	—	7
Outside this SMSA	304	248	56	77
North and West	208	152	56	59
South	96	96	—	18
Abroad	25	25	—	13

¹Includes "Moved, 1965 residence not reported."

Table P-6. Economic Characteristics of the Negro Population: 1970

(Data based on sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text)

**Census Tracts With
400 or More Negro
Population**

	Weber County			Ogden
	Total	Ogden	Balance	Tract 0012
EMPLOYMENT STATUS AND OCCUPATION				
Male, 16 years old and over				
Labor force	655	607	48	324
Civilian labor force	475	437	38	244
Employed	450	412	38	236
Unemployed	25	25	0	18
Not in labor force	180	170	10	80
Female, 16 years old and over				
Labor force	627	574	53	342
Civilian labor force	297	276	21	166
Employed	297	276	21	166
Unemployed	0	0	0	0
Not in labor force	330	298	32	176
Married women in labor force, husband present	138	117	21	63
With own children under 6 years	28	23	5	12
Total employed, 16 years old and over				
Professional, technical, and kindred workers	77	73	4	46
Managers and administrators, except farm	34	25	9	—
Sales workers	—	—	—	—
Clerical and kindred workers	145	140	5	88
Craftsmen, foremen, and kindred workers	49	32	17	27
Operatives, except transport	118	102	16	64
Transport equipment operatives	48	48	0	17
Laborers, except farm	50	50	0	16
Farm workers	4	4	0	4
Service workers, except private household	133	130	3	78
Private household workers	—	—	—	—
Female employed, 16 years old and over				
Professional, technical, and kindred workers	32	32	0	18
Managers and administrators, except farm	7	7	0	—
Sales workers	—	—	—	—
Clerical and kindred workers	93	88	5	64
Operatives, including transport	64	64	0	38
Other blue-collar workers	19	8	11	2
Farm workers	4	4	0	4
Service workers, except private household	56	56	0	33
Private household workers	—	—	—	—
FAMILY INCOME IN 1969				
All families				
Less than \$1,000	466	431	35	280
\$1,000 to \$1,999	6	6	0	6
\$2,000 to \$2,999	50	50	0	31
\$3,000 to \$3,999	22	22	0	18
\$4,000 to \$4,999	52	52	0	46
\$5,000 to \$5,999	22	22	0	12
\$6,000 to \$6,999	40	40	0	24
\$7,000 to \$7,999	47	47	0	34
\$8,000 to \$8,999	30	22	8	6
\$9,000 to \$9,999	28	23	5	12
\$10,000 or more	29	29	0	17
Median income: Families	140	118	22	74
Families and unrelated individuals	\$6 872	\$6 500	\$11 500	\$6 088
	\$5 051	\$4 455	\$10 667	\$4 750
RATIO OF FAMILY INCOME TO POVERTY LEVEL¹				
Percent of families with incomes:				
Less than .50 of poverty level	8.6	9.3	—	11.4
.50 to .74	7.7	8.4	—	7.5
.75 to .99	6.4	7.0	—	9.3
1.00 to 1.24	6.9	6.5	11.4	5.7
1.25 to 1.49	7.9	8.6	—	11.1
1.50 to 1.99	10.1	10.0	11.4	5.0
2.00 or more	52.4	50.3	77.1	50.0
INCOME BELOW POVERTY LEVEL¹				
Families				
Percent of all families	106	106	—	79
Mean family income	\$2 466	\$2 466	—	\$2 529
Mean income deficit	\$1 698	\$1 698	—	\$1 853
Percent receiving public assistance income	46.2	46.2	—	43.0
Mean size of family	4.66	4.66	—	4.96
With related children under 18 years	95	95	—	68
Mean number of related children under 18 years	3.32	3.32	—	3.76
With related children under 6 years	54	54	—	38
Mean number of related children under 6 years	1.37	1.37	—	1.53
Families with female head	65	65	—	50
With related children under 18 years	59	59	—	44
Mean number of related children under 18 years	2.75	2.75	—	2.98
With related children under 6 years	32	32	—	28
Percent in labor force	25.0	25.0	—	28.6
Mean number of related children under 6 years	1.63	1.63	—	1.71
Family heads	106	106	—	79
Percent 65 years and over	5.7	5.7	—	7.6
Civilian male heads under 65 years	41	41	—	29
Percent in labor force	58.5	58.5	—	82.8
Unrelated individuals				
Percent of all unrelated individuals	92	87	5	45
Mean income	\$39.3	\$38.0	—	\$43.3
Mean income deficit	\$996	\$1 010	—	\$954
Percent receiving public assistance income	\$845	\$823	—	\$800
Percent 65 years and over	55.4	58.6	—	77.8
Percent 65 years and over	50.0	52.9	—	40.0
Persons				
Percent of all persons	586	581	5	437
Percent receiving Social Security income	29.7	32.4	2.7	40.3
Percent 65 years and over	10.6	10.7	—	6.6
Percent receiving Social Security income	10.9	11.0	—	8.2
Related children under 18 years	71.9	71.9	—	66.7
Percent living with both parents	277	277	—	217
Households	34.7	34.7	—	32.3
Percent of all households	178	178	—	113
Owner occupied	27.8	29.4	—	32.9
Mean value of unit	57	57	—	42
Renter occupied	\$10 800	\$10 800	—	\$10 700
Mean gross rent	121	121	—	71
Percent lacking some or all plumbing facilities	\$79	\$79	—	\$88
	11.2	11.2	—	5.3

¹Excludes inmates of institutions, members of the Armed Forces living in barracks, college students in dormitories, and unrelated individuals under 14 years.

Table P-7. General and Social Characteristics of Persons of Spanish Language: 1970

(Data based on sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text)

Census Tracts With 400 or More Persons of Spanish Language	Weber County			Ogden						Total for split tract	
	Total	Ogden	Balance	Tract 0002	Tract 0009	Tract 0010	Tract 0012	Tract 0013	Tract 0018	Tract 0019	Tract 0002
AGE BY SEX											
Male, all ages	3 430	2 614	816	192	242	311	370	211	287	304	192
Under 5 years	555	459	96	12	56	73	71	29	44	49	12
3 and 4 years	183	123	60	6	17	28	22	14	—	5	6
5 to 9 years	462	323	139	10	4	51	74	28	28	48	10
5 years	64	44	20	—	—	29	—	5	5	5	—
6 years	98	80	18	—	—	11	27	—	—	25	—
10 to 14 years	449	307	142	33	10	18	58	28	56	33	33
14 years	107	73	34	20	—	—	24	6	17	6	20
15 to 19 years	428	328	100	56	48	35	56	14	13	40	56
15 years	128	95	33	26	27	7	5	5	13	—	23
16 years	103	96	7	23	8	18	10	9	—	21	23
17 years	88	50	38	—	8	—	23	—	—	8	—
18 years	52	39	13	—	5	—	6	—	—	5	—
19 years	57	48	9	7	—	10	12	—	—	6	7
20 to 24 years	244	203	41	—	48	39	—	18	17	22	—
20 years	24	203	41	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
21 years	60	52	8	—	11	6	—	7	10	—	—
25 to 34 years	427	350	77	22	24	7	54	48	33	23	22
35 to 44 years	361	247	114	17	44	—	24	18	47	34	17
45 to 54 years	263	183	80	35	8	37	19	15	14	19	35
55 to 59 years	96	84	12	—	—	13	—	5	8	23	—
60 to 64 years	53	53	—	7	—	12	9	8	—	6	7
65 to 74 years	48	40	8	—	—	9	5	—	14	—	—
75 years and over	44	37	7	—	—	17	—	—	13	7	—
Female, all ages	3 581	2 892	689	308	326	273	487	245	232	314	308
Under 5 years	535	474	61	31	66	13	114	50	26	55	31
3 and 4 years	226	200	26	16	10	—	45	35	14	14	16
5 to 9 years	507	454	53	46	34	54	120	22	31	55	46
5 years	83	61	22	5	5	14	14	5	—	7	5
6 years	132	124	8	13	18	22	35	—	—	11	13
10 to 14 years	491	347	144	73	58	15	21	41	15	28	73
14 years	128	106	22	42	9	—	8	10	—	12	42
15 to 19 years	402	285	117	46	25	40	47	36	13	47	46
15 years	104	83	21	25	6	23	15	9	5	—	25
16 years	110	60	50	13	—	—	17	6	—	18	13
17 years	36	22	14	—	—	—	8	9	—	—	—
18 years	48	39	9	—	—	10	—	—	8	13	8
19 years	104	81	23	—	19	7	7	12	—	16	—
20 to 24 years	417	384	33	8	69	37	42	25	34	22	8
20 years	70	70	—	—	8	—	—	18	6	—	—
21 years	87	71	16	—	21	—	16	—	19	—	—
25 to 34 years	423	321	102	30	5	23	46	34	40	39	30
35 to 44 years	339	218	121	18	44	19	37	15	14	34	18
45 to 54 years	221	186	35	27	18	36	17	15	29	15	27
55 to 59 years	77	64	13	6	7	13	24	—	8	6	6
60 to 64 years	66	66	—	6	—	7	9	—	8	6	6
65 to 74 years	56	46	10	—	—	16	10	7	—	—	—
75 years and over	47	47	—	17	—	—	—	—	14	7	17
RELATIONSHIP TO HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD											
All persons	7 011	5 506	1 505	500	568	584	857	456	519	618	500
In households	6 948	5 466	1 482	466	568	584	857	456	519	618	466
Head of household	1 619	1 301	318	91	137	131	196	102	140	129	91
Head of family	1 462	1 144	318	91	123	115	153	85	140	122	91
Primary individual	157	—	—	—	14	16	43	17	—	7	—
Wife of head	1 238	938	300	73	89	99	91	80	129	104	73
Other relative of head	4 061	3 207	854	298	342	354	570	270	242	385	298
Not related to head	30	20	10	4	—	—	—	4	8	—	4
In group quarters	63	40	23	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	34
Persons per household	4.29	4.20	4.66	5.12	4.15	4.46	4.37	4.47	3.71	4.79	5.12
TYPE OF HOUSEHOLD											
All households	1 619	1 301	318	91	137	131	196	102	140	129	91
Male primary individual	75	75	—	—	8	7	16	17	—	—	—
Female primary individual	82	—	—	—	6	9	27	—	—	7	—
Husband-wife households	1 246	947	299	81	90	85	95	85	122	104	81
Households with other male head	25	20	5	—	—	12	—	—	—	—	—
Households with female head	191	177	14	10	33	18	58	—	18	18	10
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT											
Persons, 16 to 21 years old	839	644	195	51	84	51	99	68	43	92	51
Not attending school	356	308	48	23	45	33	32	32	25	37	23
Not high school graduates	229	206	23	8	45	27	24	19	19	23	8
Percent of total	27.3	32.0	11.8	15.7	53.6	52.9	24.2	27.9	44.2	25.0	15.7
YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED											
Persons, 25 years old and over	2 521	1 942	579	185	150	209	254	165	242	219	185
No school years completed	167	162	5	9	—	39	17	16	14	22	9
Elementary: 1 to 4 years	317	287	30	14	19	45	70	12	45	52	14
5 to 7 years	398	362	36	20	45	40	63	16	41	48	20
8 years	228	158	70	13	20	41	20	28	28	30	13
High school: 1 to 3 years	591	460	131	56	65	48	41	27	58	47	56
4 years	594	364	230	62	21	—	22	53	51	62	62
College: 1 to 3 years	190	140	50	11	—	—	17	—	—	—	11
4 years or more	36	9	27	—	—	—	—	9	—	—	—
Median school years completed	9.8	9.0	12.1	11.0	9.5	6.6	7.3	11.1	8.8	7.5	11.0
Percent high school graduates	32.5	26.4	53.0	39.5	14.0	8.1	8.7	44.8	23.1	9.1	39.5
RESIDENCE IN 1965											
Persons, 5 years old and over, 1970	5 921	4 573	1 348	457	446	498	672	377	449	514	457
Some house as in 1970	2 085	1 594	491	98	179	279	200	126	119	296	98
Different house:											
In central city of this SMSA	1 824	1 467	357	155	170	71	275	90	126	105	155
In other part of this SMSA	137	78	59	—	—	—	8	—	—	6	—
Outside this SMSA	1 259	915	344	156	49	94	82	49	204	62	156
North and West	1 048	773	275	156	49	52	46	49	204	24	156
South	211	142	69	—	—	42	36	—	—	38	—
Abroad	86	60	26	24	14	—	—	—	—	—	24

Includes "Moved, 1965 residence not reported."

Table P-8. Economic Characteristics of Persons of Spanish Language: 1970

[Data based on sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

**Census Tracts With
400 or More Persons
of Spanish Language**

	Weber County			Ogden							Total for split tract
	Total	Ogden	Balance	Tract 0002	Tract 0009	Tract 0010	Tract 0012	Tract 0013	Tract 0018	Tract 0019	Tract 0022
EMPLOYMENT STATUS AND OCCUPATION											
Male, 16 years old and over											
Labor force	1 836	1 430	406	111	145	162	162	121	146	174	111
Civilian labor force	1 377	1 054	323	89	123	97	115	93	111	106	89
Employed	1 212	913	299	89	123	91	115	84	111	106	89
Unemployed	144	126	18	7	30	16	29	7	14	6	7
Not in labor force	459	376	83	22	22	65	47	28	35	68	22
Female, 16 years old and over											
Labor force	1 944	1 534	410	133	162	168	217	123	155	176	133
Civilian labor force	1 767	1 373	394	111	145	148	187	107	146	166	111
Employed	1 669	1 282	387	107	133	139	174	97	133	155	107
Unemployed	98	91	7	4	12	9	13	10	13	11	4
Not in labor force	1 177	961	216	22	17	20	30	16	9	10	22
Married women in labor force, husband present	539	361	178	23	38	32	45	42	29	38	23
With own children under 6 years	226	191	35	8	19	32	26	29	9	6	8
Total employed, 16 years old and over	1 881	1 395	486	115	158	114	150	134	117	165	115
Professional, technical, and kindred workers	109	53	56	18	12	-	-	-	-	5	18
Managers and administrators, except farm	64	33	31	-	-	-	-	7	-	-	-
Sales workers	86	77	9	16	4	-	-	4	-	-	16
Clerical and kindred workers	363	228	135	26	13	11	32	27	13	14	26
Craftsmen, foremen, and kindred workers	281	194	87	17	29	13	22	11	35	33	17
Operatives, except transport	262	216	46	15	19	22	15	44	19	17	15
Transport equipment operatives	89	51	38	-	-	12	-	9	-	5	-
Laborers, except farm	318	274	44	15	29	28	32	16	50	40	15
Farm workers	10	10	-	-	-	-	8	-	-	-	-
Service workers, except private household	288	248	40	8	52	28	41	11	-	34	8
Private household workers	11	11	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	-	-
Female employed, 16 years old and over											
Professional, technical, and kindred workers	40	19	21	33	65	39	64	57	20	65	33
Managers and administrators, except farm	19	19	-	4	12	-	-	-	-	-	4
Sales workers	39	39	-	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Clerical and kindred workers	265	162	103	21	13	11	20	22	6	14	21
Operatives, including transport	108	84	24	-	-	21	15	18	14	6	-
Other blue-collar workers	38	12	26	-	-	-	-	6	-	6	-
Farm workers	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Service workers, except private household	166	153	13	-	40	7	29	6	-	28	-
Private household workers	11	11	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	-	-
FAMILY INCOME IN 1969											
All families	1 462	1 144	318	91	123	115	153	85	140	122	91
Less than \$1,000	65	59	6	-	14	7	13	-	6	7	-
\$1,000 to \$1,999	52	43	9	6	5	14	6	-	-	-	6
\$2,000 to \$2,999	105	105	-	13	7	6	26	15	23	15	13
\$3,000 to \$3,999	135	123	12	5	4	-	41	7	19	6	5
\$4,000 to \$4,999	70	70	-	-	-	18	12	-	28	-	-
\$5,000 to \$5,999	105	92	13	7	5	-	22	7	9	23	7
\$6,000 to \$6,999	90	72	18	14	12	-	-	7	5	11	14
\$7,000 to \$7,999	210	160	50	6	26	28	30	12	5	14	6
\$8,000 to \$8,999	111	96	15	5	12	6	9	4	14	5	5
\$9,000 to \$9,999	76	55	21	-	-	23	-	7	-	14	-
\$10,000 or more	443	269	174	35	20	19	6	26	31	32	35
Median income: Families	\$7 519	\$7 050	\$10 938	\$7 083	\$6 708	\$7 661	\$3 768	\$7 542	\$4 786	\$6 909	\$7 083
Families and unrelated individuals	\$7 178	\$6 294	\$10 625	\$7 250	\$6 792	\$7 375	\$3 367	\$7 417	\$4 929	\$6 591	\$7 250
RATIO OF FAMILY INCOME TO POVERTY LEVEL¹											
Percent of families with incomes:											
Less than .50 of poverty level	7.3	8.0	4.7	6.6	11.4	6.1	15.7	-	9.3	12.3	6.5
.50 to .74	6.4	8.2	-	8.8	7.3	17.4	19.0	9.4	5.7	5.7	8.8
.75 to .99	8.5	10.4	1.6	5.5	5.7	6.1	12.4	16.5	19.3	-	5.9
1.00 to 1.24	5.8	6.1	4.7	-	14.6	-	17.0	-	-	9.0	-
1.25 to 1.49	9.4	11.3	2.5	18.7	23.6	10.4	5.2	14.1	10.7	9.0	18.7
1.50 to 1.99	16.1	16.9	13.5	8.8	9.8	9.6	14.4	18.8	22.9	25.4	8.8
2.00 or more	46.5	39.2	73.0	51.6	27.6	50.4	16.3	41.2	32.1	38.5	51.6
INCOME BELOW POVERTY LEVEL¹											
Families											
Percent of all families	324	304	20	19	30	34	72	22	48	22	19
Mean family income	\$2 144	\$2 182	...	24.4	29.6	47.1	25.9	34.3	18.0	20.9	...
Mean income deficit	\$1 530	\$1 559	...	...	\$1 946	\$2 199	...	\$2 540	...	...	...
Percent receiving public assistance income	42.3	42.1	...	...	\$1 405	\$1 911	...	\$1 497	...	...	...
Mean size of family	4.00	4.12	...	...	44.1	58.3	...	...	...	...	...
With related children under 18 years	245	231	14	14	30	20	4.82	...	4.63	...	...
Mean number of related children under 18 years	2.91	3.01	...	...	...	...	67	15	3.6	15	14
With related children under 6 years	176	167	9	8	23	14	3.51	...	4.00	...	...
Mean number of related children under 6 years	1.55	1.57	...	...	...	...	4.4	15	1.7	15	8
Families with female head	116	107	9	5	15	18	1.64	...	...	...	...
With related children under 18 years	106	97	9	15	13	32	...	...	18	7	5
Mean number of related children under 18 years	2.75	2.92	...	...	...	...	32	...	18	7	...
With related children under 6 years	56	47	9	8	7	9	...	...	7	7	...
Percent in labor force	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mean number of related children under 6 years	1.13	1.15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Family heads											
Percent 65 years and over	11.1	11.8	...	19	30	34	72	22	48	22	19
Civilian male heads under 65 years	181	170	11	14	15	7	12.5	...	12.5	...	...
Percent in labor force	59.7	63.5	...	...	...	...	35	22	24	15	14
Unrelated individuals											
Percent of all unrelated individuals	109	99	10	6	16	...	60.0	...	...	...	...
Mean income	\$670	\$738	...	...	...	...	35	...	...	...	...
Mean income deficit	\$1 189	\$1 124	...	...	...	...	81.4	...	...	...	...
Percent receiving public assistance income	52.3	57.6	...	...	...	...	\$949	...	...	...	...
Percent 65 years and over	11.9	13.1	...	...	...	...	77.1	...	...	...	...
Persons											
Percent of all persons	1 405	1 350	55	86	89	140	382	82	222	119	88
Percent receiving Social Security income	20.2	24.7	3.7	18.5	15.7	24.0	44.6	18.0	42.8	19.3	18.5
Percent 65 years and over	6.6	6.9	...	...	...	...	14.3	...	10.4	12.6	...
Percent receiving Social Security income	60.9	60.9	...	19.8	...	...	10.0	3.9	5.4	5.9	19.8
Related children under 18 years	773	756	17	46	62	71	258	...	...	...	...
Percent living with both parents	59.6	61.0	...	100.0	62.9	50.7	60.1	29	132	88	45
Households											
Percent of all households	407	387	20	19	36	50	97	...	46.2	56.8	100.0
Owner occupied	26.5	31.5	6.6	23.8	26.3	40.0	52.2	23.2	42	29	19
Mean value of unit	105	94	11	11	7	14	17	7	6	7	11
Renter occupied	\$9 900	\$8 800	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mean gross rent	302	293	9	8	29	36	...	...	...	...	...
Percent lacking some or all plumbing facilities	\$75	\$73	...	...	...	...	...	15	36	22	8
	7.9	8.3	...	...	...	...	14.0	...	...	...	...

¹Excludes inmates of institutions, members of the Armed Forces living in barracks, college students in dormitories, and unrelated individuals under 14 years.

Table H-1. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1970

(For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text)

Census Tracts	Weber County			Ogden									
	Total	Ogden	Balance	Tract 0001	Tract 0002	Tract 0003	Tract 0004	Tract 0005	Tract 0006	Tract 0007	Tract 0008	Tract 0009	Tract 0010
All housing units	38 884	23 692	15 192	1 203	1 478	620	814	1 565	938	1 045	1 980	1 942	503
Vacant—seasonal and migratory	176	7	169	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	2	—	—
All year-round housing units	38 708	23 685	15 023	1 203	1 478	620	814	1 565	937	1 045	1 978	1 942	503
TENURE, RACE, AND VACANCY STATUS													
Owner occupied	25 926	13 934	11 992	1 045	1 125	432	562	1 087	847	850	1 020	441	184
Cooperative and condominium	300	206	94	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
White	25 325	13 479	11 846	1 038	1 071	427	541	1 081	845	838	1 006	429	180
Negro	338	301	37	2	47	1	5	—	—	—	1	3	2
Renter occupied	11 342	8 658	2 684	145	306	170	217	446	78	181	888	1 322	260
White	10 809	8 166	2 643	143	296	166	208	443	78	177	867	1 278	241
Negro	322	312	10	—	5	—	—	1	—	2	5	15	15
Vacant year-round	1 440	1 093	347	13	47	18	35	32	12	14	70	179	59
For sale only	115	63	52	4	1	1	2	3	3	3	8	3	1
Vacant less than 6 months	86	40	46	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	—	—
Median price asked	\$16 400	\$12 200	\$18 400	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	\$11 300	—	—
For rent	842	744	98	1	18	9	23	15	3	9	53	160	44
Vacant less than 2 months	539	467	72	—	15	3	20	6	—	5	43	108	18
Median rent asked	\$69	\$67	\$106	—	\$90	\$75	\$59	\$74	—	\$95	\$68	\$67	\$55
Other	483	286	197	8	28	8	10	14	6	2	9	16	14
LACKING SOME OR ALL PLUMBING FACILITIES													
All units	888	728	160	1	8	5	14	8	5	12	21	102	22
Owner occupied	210	106	104	1	7	1	10	5	4	10	8	6	4
Negro	2	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Renter occupied	516	486	30	—	1	3	3	3	1	2	12	70	13
Negro	35	35	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3
Vacant year-round	162	136	26	—	—	1	1	—	—	—	1	26	5
For sale only	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
For rent	88	88	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	1	23	3
COMPLETE KITCHEN FACILITIES AND ACCESS													
Lacking complete kitchen facilities	533	451	82	—	4	10	1	9	—	1	15	45	9
Access only through other living quarters	39	32	7	—	—	1	2	2	—	1	2	2	2
ROOMS													
1 room	591	555	36	—	3	2	3	3	—	2	37	49	9
2 rooms	1 172	1 030	142	—	38	14	19	24	2	6	120	241	42
3 rooms	4 446	3 808	638	23	89	57	134	169	10	71	425	687	110
4 rooms	9 616	6 043	3 573	194	248	235	310	520	136	298	504	493	156
5 rooms	10 030	5 749	4 281	486	710	147	192	416	252	283	445	238	108
6 rooms	5 359	2 900	2 459	230	197	84	92	199	206	173	221	112	42
7 rooms	3 626	1 707	1 919	124	97	44	35	124	154	124	104	54	28
8 rooms	2 153	1 018	1 135	95	54	23	16	72	96	54	70	30	3
9 rooms or more	1 715	875	840	51	42	14	13	38	81	34	52	18	5
Median	4.9	4.6	5.2	5.3	5.0	4.5	4.3	4.7	5.8	5.0	4.3	3.5	4.1
All occupied housing units	37 268	22 592	14 676	1 190	1 431	602	779	1 533	925	1 031	1 908	1 763	444
PERSONS													
1 person	5 749	4 654	1 095	40	138	88	141	283	20	102	552	618	118
2 persons	10 182	6 898	3 284	215	290	161	255	496	168	296	653	588	109
3 persons	6 126	3 707	2 419	208	241	113	145	281	185	190	274	255	63
4 persons	5 693	2 915	2 778	264	254	93	93	208	222	176	190	131	56
5 persons	4 318	2 049	2 269	216	226	78	64	117	185	150	97	80	34
6 persons or more	5 200	2 369	2 831	247	282	69	81	148	145	117	142	91	64
Median, all occupied units	2.9	2.5	3.7	4.0	3.7	3.0	2.5	2.5	3.9	3.1	2.1	1.9	2.5
Median, owner occupied units	3.4	2.8	3.9	4.1	3.6	3.0	2.4	2.5	4.0	3.2	2.3	2.3	2.5
Median, renter occupied units	2.3	2.1	2.9	3.2	3.3	3.0	2.7	2.5	3.5	2.5	1.9	1.8	2.4
Units with roomers, boarders, or lodgers	518	402	116	7	17	3	17	9	5	13	48	37	4
PERSONS PER ROOM													
1.00 or less	33 552	20 618	12 934	1 057	1 209	522	689	1 383	858	947	1 769	1 635	370
1.01 to 1.50	2 947	1 467	1 480	109	175	59	70	96	62	75	100	86	56
1.51 or more	769	507	262	24	47	21	20	54	5	9	39	42	18
Units with all plumbing facilities—1.01 or more	3 659	1 940	1 719	132	221	80	89	150	67	83	137	123	74
VALUE													
Specified owner occupied units ¹	22 782	12 403	10 379	1 019	1 038	393	440	985	821	803	899	324	165
Less than \$5,000	248	179	69	3	6	9	18	14	—	6	8	9	17
\$5,000 to \$7,499	792	639	153	7	25	40	57	51	—	13	62	29	51
\$7,500 to \$9,999	1 525	1 214	311	17	56	56	79	120	2	29	157	70	50
\$10,000 to \$14,999	6 216	4 116	2 100	333	523	184	195	407	96	256	428	153	35
\$15,000 to \$19,999	7 008	3 392	3 616	461	342	70	58	258	348	376	197	48	11
\$20,000 to \$24,999	3 581	1 342	2 239	144	65	25	19	74	203	80	27	11	—
\$25,000 to \$34,999	2 485	979	1 506	50	14	4	9	53	146	40	17	3	—
\$35,000 to \$49,999	710	393	317	3	5	4	4	7	24	2	3	1	—
\$50,000 or more	217	149	68	1	2	1	1	1	2	1	—	—	—
Median	\$16 700	\$15 100	\$18 500	\$16 600	\$14 300	\$12 400	\$11 400	\$13 700	\$19 500	\$16 000	\$12 300	\$11 400	\$8 200
CONTRACT RENT													
Specified renter occupied units ²	11 130	8 629	2 501	145	302	169	215	445	76	181	887	1 317	260
Less than \$30	195	141	54	1	4	4	4	6	4	5	8	19	8
\$30 to \$39	481	454	27	—	6	11	2	4	—	1	14	72	22
\$40 to \$59	1 788	1 599	189	2	27	34	35	44	—	10	120	285	126
\$60 to \$79	3 073	2 616	457	15	51	53	79	144	3	37	273	507	76
\$80 to \$99	2 126	1 684	442	36	47	37	52	108	6	54	261	250	19
\$100 to \$149	2 629	1 602	1 027	82	146	22	28	103	36	58	180	153	1
\$150 to \$199	313	171	142	4	9	—	2	13	19	5	2	7	—
\$200 to \$249	74	60	14	—	2	—	—	—	2	—	—	1	—
\$250 or more	24	19	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	2	—
No cash rent	427	283	144	5	10	8	13	23	6	11	28	21	8
Median	\$79	\$75	\$100	\$108	\$102	\$73	\$75	\$82	\$130	\$90	\$81	\$72	\$56

¹Limited to one-family homes on less than 10 acres and no business on property.

²Excludes one-family homes on 10 acres or more.

Table H-1. **Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1970—Continued**

(For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text)

Census Tracts	Ogden—Con.										Balance of Weber County			
	Tract 0011	Tract 0012	Tract 0013	Tract 0014	Tract 0015	Tract 0016	Tract 0017	Tract 0018	Tract 0019	Tract 0020	Tract 0002	Tract 0020	Tract 0101	Tract 0102
All housing units	820	1 596	2 575	1 377	1 003	1 387	1 109	1 019	414	304	72	19	823	1 022
Vacant—seasonal and migratory	—	—	—	—	3	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	164	—
All year-round housing units	820	1 596	2 575	1 377	1 000	1 387	1 109	1 019	414	303	72	19	659	1 022
TENURE, RACE, AND VACANCY STATUS														
Owner occupied	43	530	1 238	1 125	827	885	688	539	257	209	56	16	477	876
Cooperative and condominium	—	—	—	—	37	169	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
White	28	343	1 221	1 123	820	877	673	504	227	207	56	16	476	873
Negro	9	180	2	—	—	—	—	26	23	—	—	—	—	—
Renter occupied	674	920	1 205	230	161	459	387	397	123	89	13	3	107	131
White	596	709	1 176	230	155	455	378	368	112	88	13	3	107	131
Negro	50	184	5	—	—	—	2	17	10	—	—	—	—	—
Vacant year-round	103	146	132	22	12	43	34	83	34	5	3	—	75	15
For sale only	—	1	9	5	4	2	1	10	—	2	1	—	1	2
Vacant less than 6 months	—	—	5	—	—	—	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median price asked	—	—	\$10 600	\$30 000	—	—	—	\$9 000	—	—	—	—	—	—
For rent	65	110	98	12	7	29	18	49	19	2	—	—	1	9
Vacant less than 2 months	53	60	50	12	7	27	5	15	18	—	—	—	—	6
Median rent asked	\$44	\$58	\$74	\$107	\$135	\$134	\$86	\$72	\$85	—	—	—	—	\$120
Other	38	35	25	5	1	12	15	24	15	1	2	—	73	4
LACKING SOME OR ALL PLUMBING FACILITIES														
All units	327	108	42	8	3	5	7	10	18	2	2	1	39	2
Owner occupied	2	9	11	5	3	2	3	5	9	1	1	1	10	7
Negro	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Renter occupied	255	78	30	3	—	2	4	2	3	1	—	—	10	—
Negro	23	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—
Vacant year-round	70	21	1	—	—	1	—	3	6	—	—	—	19	—
For sale only	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
For rent	40	19	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
COMPLETE KITCHEN FACILITIES AND ACCESS														
Lacking complete kitchen facilities	275	37	12	2	2	10	2	7	10	—	1	1	35	1
Access only through other living quarters	2	4	6	3	2	1	1	—	—	1	—	—	—	—
ROOMS														
1 room	312	71	23	2	3	10	3	1	2	—	—	—	5	1
2 rooms	181	111	126	14	18	21	14	23	11	5	—	—	16	2
3 rooms	199	457	567	69	54	172	178	234	85	18	2	—	46	24
4 rooms	61	373	745	223	147	485	375	347	154	39	17	2	143	178
5 rooms	39	351	605	334	160	310	282	249	89	53	26	4	198	295
6 rooms	15	145	291	255	154	177	110	107	40	50	11	6	103	189
7 rooms	6	57	110	200	164	111	76	33	16	46	11	1	75	158
8 rooms	5	20	68	133	131	57	38	12	12	29	4	2	36	102
9 rooms or more	2	11	40	147	169	44	33	13	5	63	1	4	37	74
Median	2.0	3.9	4.3	5.7	6.3	4.5	4.5	4.2	4.2	6.2	5.2	6.1	5.1	5.6
All occupied housing units	717	1 450	2 443	1 355	988	1 344	1 075	936	380	298	69	19	584	1 007
PERSONS														
1 person	539	468	577	187	72	231	175	224	65	16	5	1	56	55
2 persons	123	438	911	524	343	469	362	325	104	68	15	6	176	171
3 persons	23	188	448	250	171	221	199	148	56	48	11	3	69	172
4 persons	14	117	256	179	152	191	140	95	29	55	17	4	100	201
5 persons	12	77	119	103	116	130	95	59	47	44	10	—	71	174
6 persons or more	6	162	132	112	134	102	104	85	79	67	11	5	112	233
Median, all occupied units	1.2	2.1	2.2	2.4	3.0	2.4	2.5	2.3	2.9	3.8	3.7	3.3	3.4	4.0
Median, owner occupied units	1.8	2.2	2.2	2.5	3.1	2.9	2.5	2.1	2.7	4.5	3.8	3.0	3.6	4.2
Median, renter occupied units	1.1	2.0	2.2	2.2	2.6	2.1	2.5	2.5	3.2	2.4	3.3	—	2.4	3.1
Units with roomers, boarders, or lodgers	10	45	65	14	19	39	22	16	3	9	—	—	5	7
PERSONS PER ROOM														
1.00 or less	692	1 244	2 318	1 294	950	1 285	988	842	284	282	59	18	505	877
1.01 to 1.50	16	119	96	49	33	52	68	72	59	15	10	1	63	114
1.51 or more	9	87	29	12	5	7	19	22	37	1	—	—	16	16
Units with all plumbing facilities—1.01 or more	19	196	125	59	38	59	87	94	91	16	10	1	73	130
VALUE														
Specified owner occupied units ¹	18	448	1 075	1 058	744	634	612	476	249	202	50	12	372	835
Less than \$5,000	—	27	5	—	—	—	11	16	30	—	—	—	8	4
\$5,000 to \$7,499	3	94	40	2	—	9	33	58	64	—	—	—	13	5
\$7,500 to \$9,999	4	126	128	15	2	22	76	125	79	1	2	—	26	10
\$10,000 to \$14,999	6	161	559	141	22	81	241	233	61	1	12	1	74	77
\$15,000 to \$19,999	4	31	306	380	77	222	154	36	11	2	12	1	96	284
\$20,000 to \$24,999	—	6	28	232	144	191	67	7	4	15	12	3	64	243
\$25,000 to \$34,999	—	2	8	157	281	101	24	1	—	68	8	2	73	178
\$35,000 to \$49,999	—	1	—	86	162	8	5	—	—	77	4	5	14	27
\$50,000 or more	1	—	—	45	55	—	—	—	—	38	—	—	4	7
Median	\$11 000	\$9 500	\$13 300	\$19 900	\$29 500	\$19 600	\$13 800	\$10 700	\$8 500	\$37 700	\$19 700	\$30 000	\$18 100	\$20 600
CONTRACT RENT														
Specified renter occupied units ²	674	914	1 205	230	161	459	386	394	120	89	10	—	80	127
Less than \$30	39	17	6	1	1	7	1	6	4	2	—	—	2	—
\$30 to \$39	203	63	25	—	4	7	5	6	9	—	—	—	2	—
\$40 to \$59	253	330	158	7	5	7	40	70	45	1	2	—	8	8
\$60 to \$79	85	378	417	70	35	50	113	188	41	1	—	—	23	21
\$80 to \$99	41	82	322	57	28	75	103	90	11	5	1	—	10	29
\$100 to \$149	19	17	235	70	37	240	97	20	2	56	4	—	20	48
\$150 to \$199	9	—	13	10	14	49	6	—	—	9	1	—	3	9
\$200 to \$249	8	—	4	—	14	20	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1
\$250 or more	4	—	3	1	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
No cash rent	13	27	22	14	19	10	21	14	7	3	—	—	12	11
Median	\$46	\$61	\$79	\$89	\$98	\$119	\$84	\$71	\$59	\$136	\$90	—	\$79	\$100

¹Limited to one-family homes on less than 10 acres and no business on property.

²Excludes one-family homes on 10 acres or more.

Table H-1. **Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1970—Continued**

(For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text)

Census Tracts	Balance of Weber County—Con.												Totals for split tracts	
	Tract 0103	Tract 0104	Tract 0105.01	Tract 0105.02	Tract 0106	Tract 0107.01	Tract 0107.02	Tract 0108	Tract 0109	Tract 0110	Tract 0111	Tract 0112	Tract 0002	Tract 0020
All housing units	1 026	1 228	1 106	1 206	1 027	1 468	1 175	1 268	1 346	1 161	692	553	1 550	323
Vacant—seasonal and migratory	—	3	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	1	—	1
All year-round housing units	1 026	1 225	1 106	1 206	1 027	1 468	1 174	1 268	1 346	1 161	692	552	1 550	322
TENURE, RACE, AND VACANCY STATUS														
Owner occupied	856	950	936	992	854	1 055	878	911	1 076	1 008	548	453	1 181	225
Cooperative and condominium	—	—	—	—	—	—	26	6	—	—	—	62	—	—
White	856	939	926	980	843	1 086	863	906	1 063	974	540	449	1 127	223
Negro	—	2	2	—	—	2	—	1	1	25	4	—	47	—
Renter occupied	149	252	150	195	142	342	287	327	255	145	114	72	319	92
White	149	246	148	187	140	334	281	323	253	144	112	72	309	91
Negro	—	—	2	2	—	2	2	1	—	1	—	—	5	—
Vacant year-round	21	23	20	19	31	21	9	30	15	8	30	27	50	5
For sale only	7	—	2	3	24	5	3	2	1	—	1	—	2	2
Vacant less than 6 months	7	—	—	—	24	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median price asked	\$28 000	—	—	—	\$17 300	\$18 800	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
For rent	3	5	8	6	6	13	4	16	12	1	11	3	18	2
Vacant less than 2 months	—	2	8	2	6	12	—	10	11	—	7	—	15	—
Median rent asked	—	\$73	\$120	\$73	\$100	\$118	—	\$70	\$138	—	\$126	—	\$90	—
Other	11	18	10	10	1	3	2	12	2	7	18	24	30	1
LACKING SOME OR ALL PLUMBING FACILITIES														
All units	10	28	5	22	1	5	9	6	7	7	2	9	10	3
Owner occupied	8	16	5	20	1	5	6	4	6	6	2	6	8	2
Negro	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Renter occupied	—	9	—	1	—	—	3	2	1	1	—	3	1	1
Negro	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Vacant year-round	2	3	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—
For sale only	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
For rent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
COMPLETE KITCHEN FACILITIES AND ACCESS														
Lacking complete kitchen facilities	6	8	3	12	2	2	—	6	1	2	1	1	5	1
Access only through other living quarters	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	2	1	1	1	—	—	1
ROOMS														
1 room	4	—	2	3	1	3	7	7	2	1	—	—	3	—
2 rooms	7	12	13	8	1	29	15	29	3	5	—	2	38	5
3 rooms	31	56	71	35	23	71	54	146	38	27	7	7	91	18
4 rooms	143	258	352	305	220	347	264	454	254	369	199	68	265	41
5 rooms	289	436	329	403	325	395	360	282	325	307	178	128	736	57
6 rooms	177	228	152	252	154	225	174	165	204	181	111	127	208	56
7 rooms	164	116	106	125	158	188	109	167	228	124	95	96	108	47
8 rooms	115	71	43	46	91	123	85	47	160	85	60	65	58	31
9 rooms or more	96	48	38	29	54	87	48	29	132	62	42	59	43	67
Median	5.7	5.2	4.8	5.1	5.3	5.2	5.2	4.5	5.8	5.1	5.3	6.1	5.0	6.2
All occupied housing units	1 005	1 202	1 086	1 187	996	1 447	1 165	1 238	1 331	1 153	662	525	1 500	317
PERSONS														
1 person	64	99	101	100	25	120	89	183	68	78	25	25	143	17
2 persons	179	278	330	245	123	340	242	415	277	249	118	120	305	74
3 persons	135	170	192	185	156	253	205	228	243	189	125	83	252	51
4 persons	170	184	178	220	251	265	169	310	206	154	96	271	59	59
5 persons	177	201	152	173	203	225	166	117	211	186	118	85	236	44
6 persons or more	280	270	133	264	238	244	210	126	222	245	122	116	293	72
Median, all occupied units	4.2	3.8	3.1	3.8	4.3	3.5	3.7	2.6	3.8	3.8	3.9	3.9	3.7	3.8
Median, owner occupied units	4.4	3.8	3.1	3.8	4.5	3.9	4.0	2.7	3.9	3.9	4.1	4.0	3.8	4.4
Median, renter occupied units	3.3	3.7	3.0	3.5	3.1	2.3	2.9	2.5	3.0	3.0	3.1	3.1	3.3	2.5
Units with roomers, boarders, or lodgers	1	9	6	10	5	14	8	16	11	13	5	6	17	9
PERSONS PER ROOM														
1.00 or less	892	984	1 001	975	852	1 303	1 048	1 140	1 219	974	594	493	1 268	300
1.01 to 1.50	100	177	73	182	128	121	101	85	88	150	60	27	185	16
1.51 or more	13	41	12	30	16	23	16	13	24	29	8	5	47	1
Units with all plumbing facilities—1.01 or more	112	212	84	210	144	144	117	96	110	176	68	32	231	17
VALUE														
Specified owner occupied units ¹	797	698	580	665	834	1 037	817	808	1 005	987	522	360	1 088	214
Less than \$5,000	4	8	3	17	—	3	4	11	2	—	2	3	6	—
\$5,000 to \$7,499	13	40	3	35	1	3	8	23	1	2	1	5	25	—
\$7,500 to \$9,999	17	65	11	54	4	7	17	68	6	7	9	8	58	1
\$10,000 to \$14,999	101	159	81	192	115	80	182	376	38	458	135	19	535	2
\$15,000 to \$19,999	172	195	232	173	363	445	359	249	269	493	206	67	354	3
\$20,000 to \$24,999	225	129	179	111	266	302	158	47	233	25	110	132	77	18
\$25,000 to \$34,999	213	82	63	65	80	178	80	29	326	1	56	72	22	70
\$35,000 to \$49,999	36	16	4	17	5	14	8	4	118	1	3	41	9	82
\$50,000 or more	16	4	4	1	—	5	1	1	12	—	—	13	2	38
Median	\$22 000	\$17 000	\$19 200	\$16 100	\$19 200	\$19 800	\$17 400	\$14 200	\$24 000	\$15 200	\$17 600	\$23 000	\$14 400	\$37 400
CONTRACT RENT														
Specified renter occupied units ²	137	198	145	134	139	340	284	327	253	145	114	66	312	91
Less than \$30	—	5	8	6	—	10	4	11	—	4	1	3	4	2
\$30 to \$39	4	7	—	3	1	1	5	2	1	—	—	—	6	—
\$40 to \$59	20	23	7	23	2	27	28	25	5	3	4	4	29	1
\$60 to \$79	36	48	31	40	9	56	40	99	20	17	23	2	48	5
\$80 to \$99	23	32	26	24	23	46	67	81	38	38	101	66	150	56
\$100 to \$149	31	60	54	16	90	172	111	91	140	7	7	3	17	10
\$150 to \$199	6	5	10	1	10	17	21	2	29	—	—	—	10	9
\$200 to \$249	2	—	—	—	—	4	—	—	2	—	—	—	2	3
\$250 or more	1	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—
No cash rent	14	18	8	21	4	6	8	16	12	8	1	5	10	3
Median	\$81	\$83	\$94	\$71	\$112	\$106	\$98	\$84	\$123	\$114	\$112	\$131	\$102	\$136

¹Limited to one-family homes on less than 10 acres and no business on property.

²Excludes one-family homes on 10 acres or more.

Table H-2. Structural, Equipment, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1970

[Data based on sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

Census Tracts	Weber County			Ogden									
	Total	Ogden	Balance	Tract 0001	Tract 0002	Tract 0003	Tract 0004	Tract 0005	Tract 0006	Tract 0007	Tract 0008	Tract 0009	Tract 0010
All year-round housing units	38 688	23 682	15 006	1 192	1 478	619	815	1 565	935	1 045	1 980	1 942	529
UNITS IN STRUCTURE													
1 (includes mobile home or trailer)	29 615	16 190	13 425	1 130	1 333	569	692	1 239	909	926	1 156	575	334
2	3 392	2 520	872	46	95	40	48	254	20	73	287	231	76
3 and 4	2 113	1 593	520	16	24	10	54	44	—	41	194	379	24
5 to 49	2 967	2 778	189	—	21	—	21	23	6	5	154	751	76
50 or more	601	601	—	—	5	—	—	5	—	—	189	6	—
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT													
1949 to March 1970	950	378	572	16	56	10	10	55	16	—	—	27	—
1945 to 1948	3 231	1 063	2 168	35	82	6	19	68	69	19	165	114	—
1940 to 1944	5 016	2 074	2 942	219	519	20	64	109	159	169	15	85	18
1930 to 1939	9 666	5 137	4 529	775	433	158	104	250	649	322	153	45	19
1920 to 1929	6 555	4 293	2 262	116	135	187	172	272	26	384	334	272	51
1939 or earlier	13 270	10 737	2 533	31	253	238	446	811	16	151	1 313	1 399	435
HEATING EQUIPMENT													
Steam or hot water	2 718	2 430	288	16	9	10	33	65	16	15	266	472	58
Warm air furnace	28 741	16 267	12 474	1 084	1 219	425	528	1 148	858	916	1 297	952	168
Built-in electric units	706	325	381	22	30	4	4	35	10	5	41	27	8
Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace	1 826	1 359	467	13	55	45	87	111	9	43	111	183	27
Other means or not heated	4 697	3 301	1 396	57	165	135	163	206	42	66	265	308	264
BASEMENT													
All units with basement	28 932	18 140	10 792	781	779	423	562	1 257	802	869	1 550	1 452	785
One-family houses with basement	22 470	12 548	9 922	724	685	390	464	1 012	787	760	990	438	147
SELECTED EQUIPMENT													
With more than 1 bathroom	12 453	6 172	6 281	494	334	80	120	458	597	397	312	162	26
With public water supply	37 196	23 559	13 637	1 194	1 457	593	827	1 529	935	1 031	1 980	1 942	510
With public sewer	34 476	23 303	11 173	1 194	1 442	532	797	1 551	935	1 003	1 954	1 928	483
With air conditioning	9 795	6 081	3 714	364	372	141	274	324	298	251	504	309	89
Room unit(s)	6 589	4 151	2 438	264	315	121	166	211	205	190	381	193	57
Central system	3 206	1 930	1 276	100	57	20	108	113	93	61	123	116	12
All occupied housing units	37 248	22 588	14 660	1 182	1 431	579	802	1 533	925	1 031	1 908	1 763	453
YEAR MOVED INTO UNIT													
1968 to March 1970	12 497	8 175	4 322	304	577	185	253	376	210	205	800	993	218
1965 to 1967	6 220	3 533	2 687	202	325	50	151	238	176	232	237	238	65
1960 to 1964	5 771	3 069	2 702	228	278	91	64	218	263	147	196	214	53
1950 to 1959	7 458	4 181	3 277	434	131	155	108	289	264	230	260	148	37
1949 or earlier	5 302	3 630	1 672	14	120	98	226	412	12	217	415	170	62
AUTOMOBILES AVAILABLE													
1	16 561	10 628	5 933	459	675	235	423	739	338	520	1 007	997	194
2	13 282	6 894	6 388	506	594	186	226	487	395	384	436	353	88
3 or more	3 693	1 903	1 790	198	96	80	45	153	185	74	107	53	—
None	3 712	3 163	549	19	66	78	108	154	7	53	358	360	129
GROSS RENT													
Specified renter occupied units ¹	11 142	8 627	2 515	153	301	144	243	446	78	181	888	1 317	278
Less than \$40	432	418	14	—	9	—	—	—	6	—	4	58	—
\$40 to \$59	1 102	1 016	86	—	4	8	18	5	—	5	94	211	66
\$60 to \$79	2 031	1 773	258	—	23	20	47	65	—	—	20	188	107
\$80 to \$99	2 275	2 007	268	20	65	51	55	112	5	40	248	380	70
\$100 to \$149	3 644	2 458	1 186	76	141	47	97	182	20	93	296	275	29
\$150 to \$199	984	563	421	44	44	10	4	62	36	9	44	34	—
\$200 to \$249	163	56	107	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$250 or more	80	57	23	—	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
No cash rent	431	279	152	3	10	8	22	20	11	14	10	23	4
Median	\$95	\$89	\$124	\$138	\$116	\$93	\$97	\$107	\$153	\$106	\$94	\$82	\$74
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME BY INCOME													
Specified renter occupied units ¹	11 142	8 627	2 515	153	301	144	243	446	78	181	888	1 317	278
Less than \$5,000	4 687	4 111	576	28	78	51	99	137	6	74	483	689	159
Less than 20 percent	383	354	29	—	5	—	7	7	—	—	39	75	—
20 to 24 percent	406	381	25	—	4	—	17	9	—	5	62	67	—
25 to 34 percent	944	869	75	4	4	8	5	35	—	21	163	163	—
35 percent or more	2 548	2 206	342	24	55	21	49	75	—	39	280	343	—
Not computed	406	301	105	—	10	22	21	11	6	9	5	41	—
Median	35.0+	35.0+	35.0+	35.0+	35.0+	35.0+	35.0+	35.0+	—	35.0+	35.0+	35.0+	35.0+
\$5,000 to \$9,999	4 269	3 072	1 197	67	154	61	96	212	20	61	321	462	89
Less than 20 percent	2 745	2 148	597	33	102	34	67	136	11	43	220	340	83
20 to 24 percent	869	554	315	11	22	22	24	25	—	9	55	93	—
25 to 34 percent	463	245	218	10	20	5	5	32	9	4	33	24	—
35 percent or more	58	43	15	10	—	—	—	4	—	—	8	—	—
Not computed	134	82	52	3	10	—	—	15	—	5	5	—	—
Median	17.4	16.6	19.6	19.8	16.8	17.5	17.8	18.1	—	17.4	17.4	14.3	15.4
\$10,000 to \$14,999	1 585	1 036	549	28	54	32	44	72	47	41	62	113	23
25 percent or more	22	—	22	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed	62	57	5	—	—	—	6	—	—	—	—	7	—
Median	12.5	11.7	14.0	15.0	13.5	12.5	11.6	12.5	19.0	10.9	10.3	10.0	—
\$15,000 or more	601	408	193	30	15	—	4	25	5	5	22	53	5
25 percent or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed	52	28	24	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median	10.0	10.0	11.5	10.0	—	—	—	10.0	—	—	—	10.0	—

¹Excludes one-family homes on 10 acres or more.

Table H-2. Structural, Equipment, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1970—Continued

[Data based on sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

Census Tracts	Ogden—Con.										Balance of Weber County			
	Tract 0011	Tract 0012	Tract 0013	Tract 0014	Tract 0015	Tract 0016	Tract 0017	Tract 0018	Tract 0019	Tract 0020	Tract 0002	Tract 0020	Tract 0101	Tract 0102
All year-round housing units	850	1 549	2 575	1 381	1 003	1 387	1 109	1 038	393	306	74	19	633	1 016
UNITS IN STRUCTURE														
1 (includes mobile home or trailer)	44	854	1 520	1 198	824	810	773	730	332	242	74	...	619	959
2	17	147	328	126	109	239	210	164	10	—	—	...	14	21
3 and 4	29	131	300	50	5	64	113	96	9	—	—	...	—	24
5 to 49	550	290	382	7	60	265	13	48	42	64	—	...	—	12
50 or more	210	127	45	—	5	9	—	—	—	—	—	...	—	—
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT														
1969 to March 1970	6	—	40	5	—	33	24	5	—	75	—	...	39	39
1965 to 1968	5	5	58	21	54	102	59	11	4	167	6	...	101	166
1960 to 1964	—	11	77	56	170	272	83	15	—	16	22	...	66	292
1950 to 1959	10	87	249	248	533	646	289	80	56	31	14	...	55	270
1940 to 1949	12	121	651	504	211	276	258	175	125	11	10	...	60	75
1939 or earlier	817	1 325	1 500	547	35	58	396	752	208	6	22	...	312	174
HEATING EQUIPMENT														
Steam or hot water	595	337	223	99	51	57	33	31	44	—	10	...	17	25
Warm air furnace	113	612	1 844	1 146	907	1 171	889	590	107	293	59	...	356	885
Built-in electric units	5	35	44	9	5	18	6	—	13	4	—	...	74	10
Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace	12	136	134	31	10	37	66	182	72	—	5	...	16	32
Other means or not heated	125	429	330	96	30	104	115	235	157	9	—	...	170	64
BASEMENT														
All units with basement	718	1 057	2 182	1 339	884	980	925	858	203	234	45	...	391	886
One-family houses with basement	29	567	1 367	1 156	732	671	643	600	167	219	45	...	386	853
SELECTED EQUIPMENT														
With more than 1 bathroom	27	87	449	759	691	517	299	49	27	277	33	...	149	538
With public water supply	850	1 553	2 575	1 380	994	1 387	1 102	1 027	403	290	49	...	427	933
With public sewer	850	1 529	2 575	1 380	992	1 373	1 109	1 027	374	275	42	...	—	948
With air conditioning	114	247	659	514	374	566	252	182	112	155	28	...	6	177
Room unit(s)	74	184	479	349	185	280	193	149	112	43	13	...	6	140
Central system	40	63	180	165	189	286	59	33	—	112	15	...	—	37
All occupied housing units	759	1 399	2 443	1 358	988	1 344	1 075	956	370	289	69	...	564	1 017
YEAR MOVED INTO UNIT														
1968 to March 1970	374	619	1 011	322	236	542	397	267	117	171	7	...	166	281
1965 to 1967	155	187	344	212	129	182	158	137	47	68	7	...	81	175
1960 to 1964	111	117	231	216	235	170	108	90	24	15	36	...	88	248
1950 to 1959	79	241	304	301	306	364	269	134	99	28	13	...	80	207
1949 or earlier	40	235	553	307	82	86	143	328	83	7	6	...	149	106
AUTOMOBILES AVAILABLE														
1	198	661	1 296	518	340	693	589	459	227	58	20	...	247	438
2	23	205	711	559	419	493	334	228	78	189	42	...	179	449
3 or more	14	74	124	204	200	114	79	32	29	42	7	...	98	100
None	524	459	312	77	29	44	73	237	36	—	—	...	40	30
GROSS RENT														
Specified renter occupied units ¹	730	833	1 205	228	161	459	387	377	153	67	...	...	88	117
Less than \$40	250	48	26	—	—	—	7	—	8	—	...	...	—	—
\$40 to \$59	253	170	113	—	—	15	14	24	14	—	...	...	—	—
\$60 to \$79	107	251	276	28	18	49	85	98	55	—	...	...	11	5
\$80 to \$99	57	181	294	79	17	64	84	155	30	—	...	...	6	16
\$100 to \$149	32	130	405	83	32	208	165	94	31	22	...	...	30	38
\$150 to \$199	5	—	51	27	36	91	20	—	5	41	...	...	24	19
\$200 to \$249	5	—	15	—	12	10	—	—	—	4	...	...	—	16
\$250 or more	6	—	—	—	25	17	—	—	4	—	...	...	—	6
No cash rent	15	53	25	11	21	5	12	6	6	—	...	...	17	17
Median	\$47	\$74	\$93	\$101	\$154	\$129	\$99	\$89	\$79	\$164	...	...	\$127	\$136
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME BY INCOME														
Specified renter occupied units ¹	730	833	1 205	228	161	459	387	377	153	67	...	...	88	117
Less than \$5,000	592	492	591	50	49	93	167	183	66	24	...	...	19	34
Less than 20 percent	114	26	60	—	6	4	3	—	8	—	...	...	—	—
20 to 24 percent	44	33	29	5	—	14	33	15	15	—	...	...	—	—
25 to 34 percent	150	90	141	9	6	10	35	51	12	—	...	...	—	—
35 percent or more	269	292	300	36	31	65	88	101	25	24	...	...	14	23
Not computed	15	51	61	—	6	—	8	16	6	—	...	...	5	11
Median	33.7	35.0+	35.0+	35.0+	35.0+	35.0+	35.0+	35.0+	30.8	...	...	...	...	...
\$5,000 to \$9,999	117	240	398	103	55	221	173	138	73	11	...	...	64	49
Less than 20 percent	102	209	262	67	17	127	116	121	58	—	...	...	32	29
20 to 24 percent	5	18	122	26	5	41	31	17	11	11	...	...	9	—
25 to 34 percent	—	6	9	5	22	47	14	—	—	—	...	...	11	20
35 percent or more	5	—	—	—	6	6	—	—	4	—	...	...	—	—
Not computed	5	7	5	5	5	—	12	—	—	—	...	...	12	—
Median	10.9	13.4	17.5	14.9	26.4	19.1	16.5	16.4	16.4	...	...	...	17.0	18.8
\$10,000 to \$14,999	9	82	166	50	11	93	28	45	14	22	...	...	5	28
25 percent or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—
Not computed	5	24	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—
Median	...	10.0—	11.5	13.9	...	14.1	12.5	11.3	...	...	...	...	...	19.4
\$15,000 or more	12	19	50	25	46	52	19	11	—	10	...	...	—	6
25 percent or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	—
Not computed	—	8	5	—	10	5	—	—	—	—	...	...	—	6
Median	...	...	10.0—	10.0—	13.3	10.0—	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

¹Excludes one-family homes on 10 acres or more.

Table H-2. Structural, Equipment, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1970—Continued

[Data based on a sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

Census Tracts

	Balance of Weber County—Con.												Totals for split tracts	
	Tract 0103	Tract 0104	Tract 0105.01	Tract 0105.02	Tract 0106	Tract 0107.01	Tract 0107.02	Tract 0108	Tract 0109	Tract 0110	Tract 0111	Tract 0112	Tract 0002	Tract 0020
All year-round housing units	1 015	1 251	1 114	1 189	1 027	1 468	1 184	1 253	1 352	1 161	692	558	1 552	325
UNITS IN STRUCTURE														
1 (includes mobile home or trailer)	964	1 179	989	1 183	916	1 182	1 004	1 007	1 166	1 081	587	496	1 407	261
2	38	10	117	6	63	97	72	189	103	47	75	20	95	—
3 and 4	9	42	—	—	48	159	96	27	53	16	15	31	24	—
5 to 49	4	20	8	—	—	30	12	30	30	17	15	11	21	64
50 or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	—
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT														
1969 to March 1970	53	26	92	35	62	24	49	—	53	—	47	53	56	75
1965 to 1968	183	129	324	87	251	201	92	29	231	31	157	180	88	167
1960 to 1964	243	116	297	124	316	399	291	56	414	27	112	167	541	16
1950 to 1959	202	212	167	264	317	672	488	314	552	717	209	71	447	36
1940 to 1949	75	265	97	216	54	114	142	535	57	372	144	41	145	16
1939 or earlier	259	503	137	463	27	58	122	319	45	14	23	46	275	15
HEATING EQUIPMENT														
Steam or hot water	29	59	8	25	12	11	12	46	17	—	12	5	19	—
Warm air furnace	833	967	956	854	938	1 315	981	925	1 256	1 118	585	441	1 278	298
Built-in electric units	5	26	22	62	10	19	14	10	29	—	9	86	30	9
Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace	32	34	43	32	15	26	60	81	18	27	42	4	60	—
Other means or not heated	116	165	85	216	52	97	117	191	32	16	44	22	165	18
BASEMENT														
All units with basement	815	569	611	457	909	1 132	762	997	1 085	1 072	554	488	824	253
One-family houses with basement	774	569	537	457	848	984	683	799	999	1 025	504	440	730	238
SELECTED EQUIPMENT														
With more than 1 bathroom	492	309	459	265	477	709	492	370	895	411	306	376	367	277
With public water supply	801	876	1 092	817	1 027	1 467	1 171	1 255	1 346	1 135	692	537	1 506	302
With public sewer	472	187	1 028	94	1 027	1 467	1 152	1 241	1 332	1 161	692	330	1 484	275
With air conditioning	202	118	448	164	264	298	336	444	329	217	157	157	400	155
Room unit(s)	134	98	263	99	195	339	192	288	230	262	131	48	328	43
Central system	68	20	185	65	69	187	106	48	214	67	86	109	72	112
All occupied housing units	991	1 207	1 073	1 202	996	1 447	1 163	1 223	1 340	1 153	662	536	1 500	304
YEAR MOVED INTO UNIT														
1968 to March 1970	228	285	474	240	327	414	441	348	474	206	248	171	584	183
1965 to 1967	202	210	232	143	257	305	167	179	297	191	145	96	332	68
1960 to 1964	263	199	221	234	221	292	171	90	276	90	110	163	314	15
1950 to 1959	153	236	70	318	164	372	331	283	256	605	131	58	144	28
1949 or earlier	145	277	76	267	27	64	53	323	37	61	28	48	126	12
AUTOMOBILES AVAILABLE														
1	315	517	507	456	413	550	532	610	380	530	264	142	695	70
2	530	479	414	520	466	666	486	384	747	442	297	267	636	189
3 or more	97	144	129	131	112	147	132	161	188	142	96	106	103	42
None	49	67	23	95	5	64	13	68	25	39	5	21	66	5
GROSS RENT														
Specified renter occupied units¹	137	214	160	116	138	342	284	322	256	145	114	67	311	72
Less than \$40	—	—	8	—	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	9	—
\$40 to \$59	10	6	8	7	—	13	11	19	—	—	—	—	4	—
\$60 to \$79	16	6	14	38	6	45	34	67	6	12	—	—	23	—
\$80 to \$99	34	39	17	6	17	16	27	52	11	10	—	10	65	5
\$100 to \$149	45	111	77	38	76	187	147	165	101	93	55	19	145	22
\$150 to \$199	—	18	20	6	39	58	46	9	90	30	47	15	44	41
\$200 to \$249	6	—	5	7	—	10	5	—	29	—	—	23	6	4
\$250 or more	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
No cash rent	21	34	11	14	—	7	14	10	7	—	—	—	5	—
Median	\$99	\$114	\$119	\$90	\$126	\$128	\$120	\$105	\$154	\$131	\$142	\$165	\$118	\$161
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME BY INCOME														
Specified renter occupied units¹	137	214	160	116	138	342	284	322	256	145	114	67	311	72
Less than \$5,000	27	50	32	22	15	108	79	109	33	21	11	16	78	24
Less than 20 percent	—	6	—	—	—	—	7	10	—	6	—	—	5	—
20 to 24 percent	—	—	8	8	—	4	5	—	—	—	—	—	4	—
25 to 34 percent	5	—	—	6	—	11	10	28	—	5	—	4	4	—
35 percent or more	5	24	19	—	6	49	51	33	6	11	12	55	24	—
Not computed	17	20	5	8	—	8	8	20	—	4	—	—	10	—
Median .....	...	35.0+	35.0+	...	...	35.0+	35.0+	35.0+	35.0+	...	...	...	35.0+	...
\$5,000 to \$9,999	66	104	85	46	66	142	115	168	123	80	51	29	158	16
Less than 20 percent	56	52	39	33	23	79	54	100	37	35	13	6	106	5
20 to 24 percent	5	30	30	13	22	34	40	38	34	13	24	23	22	11
25 to 34 percent	—	10	5	—	16	29	21	25	40	27	14	—	20	—
35 percent or more	—	—	—	—	5	—	—	—	5	5	—	—	—	—
Not computed	5	12	11	—	—	—	—	—	7	—	—	—	—	—
Median	14.6	19.0	18.3	15.0	22.3	19.1	20.4	18.5	23.1	21.9	22.6	21.8	16.9	...
\$10,000 to \$14,999	44	34	37	34	44	65	67	40	54	44	42	5	60	22
25 percent or more	5	—	—	—	—	5	—	—	6	—	—	—	6	—
Not computed	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median	13.1	11.3	14.2	12.1	13.2	15.6	12.6	12.2	14.1	16.1	16.7	...	14.0	...
\$15,000 or more	—	26	6	14	13	27	23	5	46	—	10	17	15	10
25 percent or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed	—	6	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median .....	...	...	...	...	...	10.0	...	...	12.6	...	...	...	...	...

¹Excludes one-family homes on 10 acres or more.

Table H-3. **Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With Negro Head of Household: 1970**

(For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text)

Census Tracts With 400 or More Negro Population	Weber County			Ogden
	Total	Ogden	Balance	Tract 0012
All occupied housing units	660	613	47	364
TENURE AND PLUMBING				
Owner occupied	338	301	37	180
With all plumbing facilities	336	299	37	178
Renter occupied	322	312	10	184
With all plumbing facilities	287	277	10	176
ROOMS				
1 room	25	25	-	4
2 rooms	29	28	1	7
3 and 4 rooms	237	228	9	143
5 and 6 rooms	282	255	27	166
7 rooms or more	87	77	10	44
Median	4.7	4.6	5.3	4.7
PERSONS				
1 person	160	156	4	77
2 and 3 persons	293	276	17	177
4 and 5 persons	122	106	16	63
6 persons or more	85	75	10	47
Median	2.5	2.4	3.8	2.4
Units with roomers, boarders, or lodgers	24	23	1	18
PERSONS PER ROOM				
1.00 or less	575	533	42	312
1.01 to 1.50	65	60	5	37
1.51 or more	20	20	-	15
Units with all plumbing facilities - 1.01 or more	82	77	5	50
VALUE				
Specified owner occupied units ¹	314	277	37	164
Less than \$5,000	6	6	-	5
\$5,000 to \$9,999	117	115	2	86
\$10,000 to \$14,999	114	107	7	59
\$15,000 to \$19,999	57	37	20	10
\$20,000 to \$34,999	20	12	8	4
\$35,000 or more	-	-	-	-
Median	\$11 300	\$10 700	\$16 400	\$9 500
CONTRACT RENT				
Specified renter occupied units ²	311	303	8	178
Median	\$63	\$62	\$108	\$63

¹Limited to one-family homes on less than 10 acres and no business on property.

²Excludes one-family homes on 10 acres or more and all "no cash rent" units.

Table H-4. **Structural, Equipment, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With Negro Head of Household: 1970**

[Data based on sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

**Census Tracts With
400 or More Negro
Population**

	Weber County			Ogden
	Total	Ogden	Balance	Tract 0012
All occupied housing units	638	602	36	351
UNITS IN STRUCTURE				
1 (includes mobile home or trailer)	427	391	36	259
2 to 4	91	91	-	74
5 or more	120	120	-	18
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT				
1960 to March 1970	46	39	7	5
1950 to 1959	55	41	14	19
1949 or earlier	537	522	15	327
SELECTED EQUIPMENT				
With air conditioning	67	60	7	28
With more than 1 bathroom	58	33	25	27
With central or built-in heating system	547	511	36	300
With public water supply	649	604	45	355
With public sewer	632	587	45	338
With automobile(s) available	467	422	45	265
1	295	275	20	189
2 or more	172	147	25	76
YEAR MOVED INTO UNIT				
1968 to March 1970	257	242	15	147
1960 to 1967	173	156	17	81
1959 or earlier	219	206	13	127
GROSS RENT				
Specified renter occupied units ¹	316	310	...	166
Less than \$40	12	12	...	-
\$40 to \$59	59	59	...	19
\$60 to \$79	63	63	...	40
\$80 to \$99	64	64	...	48
\$100 to \$149	99	93	...	54
\$150 to \$199	5	5	...	-
\$200 or more	4	4	...	-
No cash rent	10	10	...	5
Median	\$84	\$83	...	\$86
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME BY INCOME				
Less than \$10,000	279	273	...	142
25 percent or more	169	169	...	92
35 percent or more	131	131	...	75
Not computed	10	10	...	5
Median	34.1	34.9	...	35.0 +

¹Excludes one-family homes on 10 acres or more.

Table H-5. Characteristics of Housing Units With Household Head of Spanish Language: 1970

(Data based on sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text)

Census Tracts With 400 or More Persons of Spanish Language	Weber County			Ogden							Total for split tract
	Total	Ogden	Balance	Tract 0002	Tract 0009	Tract 0010	Tract 0012	Tract 0013	Tract 0018	Tract 0019	Tract 0002
All occupied housing units	1 626	1 292	334	87	134	131	194	100	132	122	87
TENURE AND PLUMBING											
Owner occupied	830	607	223	64	42	54	58	61	72	69	64
With all plumbing facilities	830	607	223	64	42	54	58	61	72	69	64
Renter occupied	796	685	111	23	92	77	136	39	60	53	23
With all plumbing facilities	739	628	111	...	92	63	122	39	60	47	...
ROOMS											
1 room	46	46	-	-	-	17	7	-	-	-	-
2 rooms	62	56	6	-	14	-	24	-	-	6	-
3 and 4 rooms	655	561	94	7	76	33	72	33	83	53	7
5 and 6 rooms	594	485	109	75	44	63	86	45	49	45	75
7 rooms or more	269	144	125	5	-	18	5	22	-	18	5
UNITS IN STRUCTURE											
1 (includes mobile home or trailer)	1 190	898	292	87	62	103	146	59	94	116	87
2 to 4	239	204	35	-	50	6	7	20	38	6	-
5 or more	197	190	7	-	22	22	41	21	-	-	-
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT											
1960 to March 1970	224	81	143	44	7	-	-	-	-	-	44
1950 to 1959	282	187	95	33	-	11	21	8	7	20	33
1949 or earlier	1 120	1 024	96	10	127	120	173	92	125	102	10
PERSONS											
1 person	147	147	-	-	15	15	39	16	-	6	-
2 and 3 persons	561	444	117	23	45	46	54	14	89	35	23
4 and 5 persons	470	375	95	32	42	31	40	39	29	51	32
6 persons or more	448	326	122	32	32	39	61	31	14	30	32
Median	3.9	3.8	4.5	5.0	3.7	3.9	3.7	4.3	3.1	4.7	5.0
Units with roomers, boarders, or lodgers	21	13	8	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	7
PERSONS PER ROOM											
1.00 or less	1 217	938	279	55	89	95	119	77	112	69	55
1.01 to 1.50	263	216	47	19	29	26	51	18	-	19	19
1.51 or more	146	138	8	13	16	10	24	5	20	34	13
Units with all plumbing facilities - 1.01 or more	403	348	55	32	45	36	75	23	20	47	32
YEAR MOVED INTO UNIT											
1968 to March 1970	809	669	140	42	72	69	119	54	55	51	42
1960 to 1967	565	443	122	39	62	36	50	40	40	35	39
1959 or earlier	252	180	72	6	-	26	25	6	37	36	6
SELECTED EQUIPMENT											
With air conditioning	301	212	89	15	13	25	25	11	19	31	15
With more than 1 bathroom	281	137	144	34	-	7	6	32	-	13	34
With central or built-in heating system	1 193	918	275	80	118	44	101	86	79	70	80
With public water supply	1 614	1 292	322	87	134	131	194	100	132	122	87
With public sewer	1 554	1 243	311	87	134	131	187	100	132	99	87
With automobile(s) available	1 341	1 015	326	87	118	77	90	100	99	102	87
1	821	684	137	62	86	61	52	65	69	71	62
2 or more	520	331	189	25	32	16	38	35	30	31	25
VALUE											
Specified owner occupied units ¹	768	552	216	56	42	48	58	54	65	69	56
Less than \$5,000	32	32	-	-	-	14	18	-	-	-	-
\$5,000 to \$9,999	219	207	12	5	35	22	29	8	30	55	5
\$10,000 to \$14,999	272	219	53	39	7	12	11	30	21	14	39
\$15,000 to \$19,999	169	94	75	12	-	-	-	16	14	-	12
\$20,000 to \$34,999	76	-	76	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
\$35,000 or more	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Median	\$12 400	\$10 700	\$17 900	\$13 400	\$9 000	\$6 700	\$7 900	\$11 600	\$10 500	\$8 000	\$13 400
GROSS RENT											
Specified renter occupied units ²	772	667	105	...	92	77	118	39	60	53	...
Less than \$40	37	37	-	...	-	-	7	-	-	-	...
\$40 to \$59	79	79	-	...	16	7	30	-	-	13	...
\$60 to \$79	173	167	6	...	16	38	24	14	19	22	...
\$80 to \$99	196	194	-	...	39	14	19	14	35	18	...
\$100 to \$149	168	123	45	...	13	18	24	11	6	-	...
\$150 to \$199	63	36	27	...	-	-	-	-	-	-	...
\$200 or more	18	-	18	...	-	-	-	-	-	-	...
No cash rent	38	29	9	...	8	-	14	-	-	-	...
Median	\$70	\$85	\$147	...	\$85	\$77	\$69	\$88	\$92	\$72	...
CONTRACT RENT											
Specified renter occupied units ³	772	667	105	...	92	77	118	39	60	53	...
Median	\$72	\$68	\$128	...	\$69	\$60	\$56	\$83	\$76	\$53	...
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME BY INCOME											
Less than \$10,000	648	583	65	...	84	70	118	26	53	53	...
25 percent or more	332	298	34	...	42	27	61	13	27	20	...
35 percent or more	210	197	13	...	36	20	46	7	13	13	...
Not computed	45	36	9	...	-	-	14	-	-	-	...
Median	27.5	27.4	27.9	...	25.0	22.5	31.0	...	25.4	22.0	...

¹Limited to one-family homes on less than 10 acres and no business on property.

²Excludes one-family homes on 10 acres or more.

³Excludes one-family homes on 10 acres or more and all "no cash rent" units.

Appendix A.—AREA CLASSIFICATIONS

CENSUS TRACTS	App-1
Definition of census tract	App-1
Historical background	App-1
Description of tracted area	App-1
Comparability from census to census	App-1
STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS	App-2

CENSUS TRACTS

Definition of census tract.—Census tracts are small areas into which large cities and adjacent areas have been divided for statistical purposes. Tract boundaries were established cooperatively by a local committee and the Bureau of the Census. Tracts were generally designed to be relatively uniform with respect to population characteristics, economic status, and living conditions. The average tract has about 4,000 residents. Tract boundaries are established with the intention of being maintained over a long time so that comparisons may be made from census to census.

In the decennial censuses, the Bureau of the Census tabulates population and housing information for each census tract. The practice of local agencies to tabulate locally collected data by tracts has increased the value of census tract data in many areas.

Tracts are generally numbered in a consecutive series, with separate series for the central city and for each county. Insofar as possible, the numbers are consecutive within each city, community, township, and the like. In these tables, tracts which contain no population and no housing units are not listed. Tracts populated only by crews of vessels are identified by the tract number suffix "99."

Historical background.—The concept of census tracts was originated by the late Dr. Walter Laidlaw in New York City in 1906. He was convinced of the need for data for homogeneous subdivisions of cities as a basis for studying neighborhoods smaller than boroughs or wards. At his request, the Bureau of the Census tabulated census tract data from the 1910 census for New York and seven other cities with a population of over 500,000. Tract data were again tabulated for the same 8 cities in 1920, and in 1930 this number was increased to 18. In 1940, tract data were tabulated for 60 cities, some with adjacent tracted areas; and, beginning in 1940, housing data were added to the population data in the tract reports. In 1950, final reports were published for 64 tracted areas, many of which included statistics for two or more large cities. By 1960, the program had expanded to include reports for 180 tracted areas (of which 3 were in Puerto Rico).

Tract statistics from the 1970 census are published for 241 areas, 238 in the United States and 3 in the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico. All of these tracted areas are standard metropolitan statistical areas (SMSA's). The goal of extending the census tract program to all SMSA's was achieved in the 1970 census except for six areas that were designated as SMSA's on the basis of the 1970 census count and had not been tracted.

Much of the credit for the growing interest in tract data belongs to the late Howard Whipple Green of Cleveland. He aroused the interest of research workers in numerous cities in the potential usefulness of tract statistics for the analysis of sociological, marketing, and administrative

problems. In his capacity as Chairman of the Committee on Census Enumeration Areas of the American Statistical Association for 25 years, he accepted the responsibility for appointing a Census Tract Key Person in each area where tracts were established, for providing guidance on delineating and maintaining census tracts, and for maintaining a census tract library. These duties were assumed by the Bureau of the Census in 1955. However, the Census Bureau no longer appoints Census Tract Key Persons. They are selected by the local census tract committees.

For a further discussion of census tract data and their uses, see U.S. Bureau of the Census, *Census Tract Manual*, Fifth Edition, 1966, Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402.

Description of tracted area.—The map included in this report identifies the boundaries of the area for which the tract statistics are presented. The map also identifies the location and number of each tract and, when appropriate, the limits of cities, townships, counties, or other subdivisions of the tracted area. Boundaries of the tracted area generally constitute a standard metropolitan statistical area (SMSA). A few, however, include the SMSA plus an adjoining area outside it. These are designated as including the adjacent area, and the map covers the tracts in the adjacent area as well as those in the SMSA itself.

Comparability from census to census.—One of the principles followed in relation to census tracts is to preserve comparability from census to census. Keeping tract boundaries unchanged makes possible the study of changes

in social and economic characteristics of neighborhoods. There are, nonetheless, several situations where boundaries of individual tracts are changed. For example, it is sometimes necessary to change the boundaries of tracts to add small areas annexed to a city. Similarly, changes in tract boundaries occur when territory is detached from a city or separately incorporated. Changes may also occur in physical features that are used as tract boundaries, such as street or highway relocations. The census tract limits are changed to conform with the revised feature or to follow another nearby visible feature. Census tracts with very large increases in population are subdivided into two or more smaller tracts. On the other hand, a re-examination of the existing tract boundaries may result in modifications of boundaries to provide larger or more homogeneous units. Tables A and B, showing the comparability of tracts between 1960 and 1970, appear at the end of the Introduction.

STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS

The Bureau of the Census recognizes 243 standard metropolitan statistical areas (SMSA's) in the United States and 4 in Puerto Rico, making a total of 247 in the 1970 census. These include the 231 SMSA's as defined and named in the Bureau of the Budget publication, **Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas: 1967**, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402. Since 1967, 16 SMSA's have been added, of which two were defined in January 1968 and an additional 14 were defined in February 1971 on the basis of the results of the 1970 census. Changes in SMSA boundaries or titles made after February 1971 are not recognized in this series of reports. SMSA's are defined by the Office of Management and Budget (formerly Bureau of the Budget).

Except in the New England States, a standard metropolitan statistical area

is a county or group of contiguous counties which contains at least one city of 50,000 inhabitants or more, or "twin cities" with a combined population of at least 50,000. In addition to the county or counties containing such a city or cities, contiguous counties are included in an SMSA if, according to certain criteria, they are socially and economically integrated with the central city. In the New England States, SMSA's consist of towns and cities instead of counties. In recent years, four cities (High Point, N.C., Macon, Ga., Oklahoma City, Okla., and Sioux Falls, S. Dak.) have annexed territory which lies outside the boundaries of the SMSA. The figures shown in the tables for these cities exclude the portions which lie outside the SMSA. Each SMSA must include at least one central city, and the complete title of an SMSA identifies the central city or cities. For a detailed description of the criteria used in defining SMSA's, see the Bureau of the Budget publication cited above.

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GENERAL

Facsimiles of the census questions and more complete definitions of the subject characteristics may be found in the 1970 Population Census PC(1)-C reports for population items and in the 1970 Housing Census HC(1)-B reports for housing items.

Certain characteristics defined here appear in both the population and the housing tables. Definitions for such characteristics are presented only once, in the section "Population Characteristics" or in the section "Housing Characteristics," depending on the nature of the subject (except for "group quarters," which appears in both sections).

POPULATION CHARACTERISTICS

Age.—The age classification is based on the age of the person in completed years as of April 1, 1970, and was determined from the reply to questions on age and on month and year of birth.

Race.—Data are shown for two racial categories, white and Negro. The

category "white" includes persons who indicated their race as white, as well as persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories on the questionnaire but entered Mexican, Puerto Rican, or a response suggesting Indo-European stock. The category "Negro" includes persons who indicated their race as Negro or Black, as well as persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories on the questionnaire but who had such entries as Jamaican, Trinidadian, West Indian, Haitian, and Ethiopian. All other racial categories, such as American Indian, Japanese, and Chinese, are included in the total but not shown separately. The classification by race shown for occupied housing units refers to the race of the head of the household occupying the unit.

Differences in the statistics on race in tables P-1, H-1, and H-3, containing 100-percent data, and tables P-5, P-6, and H-4, containing sample data, are due partly to the manual editing of the sample questionnaires. Many persons who reported their race as "Other" on the questionnaire also supplied a write-in entry that indicated the proper race classification should have been one of the specific race categories, e.g., white, Negro, etc. While the field edit procedures included a review of such entries on all questionnaires before the 100-percent data were tabulated, manual editing of the sample questionnaires after the 100-percent data were tabulated resulted in some further changes in classification by race.

Nativity, parentage, and country of origin.—The category "native" comprises persons born in the United

States, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico or an outlying area of the United States, or at sea. Also included in this category is the small number of persons who, although they were born in a foreign country, have at least one native American parent. The category "foreign-born" includes all persons not classified as native. The category "native of native parentage" comprises native persons both of whose parents are also natives of the United States. "Native of foreign or mixed parentage" comprises native persons one or both of whose parents are foreign born.

The category "foreign stock" includes the foreign-born population and the native population of foreign or mixed parentage. In this report, persons of foreign stock are classified according to their country of origin. Natives of foreign parentage whose parents were born in different countries are classified according to the country of birth of the father. Natives of mixed parentage are classified according to the country of birth of the foreign-born parent.

Spanish heritage.—In the census tract reports, separate tables are presented for the population of Spanish heritage, which is variously identified in the reports for different areas: in 42 States and the District of Columbia it is identified as "Persons of Spanish language"; in five Southwestern States, as "Persons of Spanish language or Spanish surname"; and in the Middle Atlantic States, as "Persons of Puerto Rican birth or parentage." Similarly, separate housing statistics are presented for housing units in these categories, identified on the basis of the classification of the household head occupying the unit. The specific definitions

involved in identifying these population groups are given below.

Spanish language.—Persons of Spanish language comprise persons of Spanish mother tongue (see definition below) and all other persons in families in which the head or wife reported Spanish as his or her mother tongue. A housing unit is classified as occupied by persons of Spanish language if the head or his wife reported Spanish as his or her mother tongue.

Spanish surname.—In five Southwestern States (Arizona, California, Colorado, New Mexico, and Texas) persons with Spanish surnames are identified. Separate statistics are presented, in these States, for persons of Spanish language combined with all additional persons of Spanish surname. These additional persons are shown in the category "Other persons of Spanish surname."

Puerto Rican birth or parentage.—The population of Puerto Rican birth or parentage includes persons born in Puerto Rico and persons born in the United States or an outlying area with one or both parents born in Puerto Rico. Statistics for this group are shown for areas in New York, New Jersey, and Pennsylvania.

Spanish mother tongue.—Mother tongue is defined as the language spoken in the person's home when he was a child.

In two tracted areas that cross State lines, Wilmington, Del.—N.J.—Md., and Texarkana, Tex.—Ark., the population of Spanish heritage in each State portion is identified, for tabula-

tion purposes, in the manner specified above for that State, and the segments for the different States are combined to form a total for the area. The term used to describe this population in tables P-7, P-8, and H-5, however, is the term applicable in the State containing the major portion of the SMSA. Thus, for the Wilmington SMSA, the term applicable in Delaware, "Persons of Spanish language," is used; and in the Texarkana SMSA the term applicable in Texas, "Persons of Spanish language or Spanish surname," is used.

Household.—A household includes all the persons who occupy a group of rooms or a single room which constitutes a housing unit (see definition of housing unit, below). The average population per household is obtained by dividing the population in households by the number of household heads.

The population per household for Negroes and persons of Spanish heritage, shown in tables P-5 and P-7, may not in all cases be a true representation of the household size for these groups. For example, some persons of a given group may be roomers or domestic employees living with household heads of a different ethnic classification.

Relationship to head of household.—Four categories of relationship to head of household are recognized in this report:

1. *Head of household.*—One person in each household is designated as the "head," that is, the person who is regarded as the head by the members of the household. However, if a married woman living with her husband was reported as the head, her husband was con-

sidered the head for the purpose of simplifying the tabulations. Two types of household heads are distinguished — the head of a family and a primary individual. A family head is a household head living with one or more persons related to him by blood, marriage, or adoption. A primary individual is a household head living alone or with nonrelatives only.

2. *Wife of head.*—A woman married to and living with a household head, including women in common-law marriages as well as women in formal marriages. In table P-1, which is based on 100-percent tabulations, the number of wives is the same as the number of "husband-wife households" and the number of "husband-wife families." In tables P-5 and P-7, which are based on a sample and are limited to a specific ethnic group, the numbers may differ, because of minor differences in the weighting of the data and because a husband and wife do not always have the same ethnic classification.
3. *Other relative of head.*—All persons related to the head of the household by blood, marriage, or adoption except "wife of head."
4. *Not related to head.*—All persons in the household not related to the head by blood, marriage, or adoption. Roomers, boarders, lodgers, partners, resident employees, wards, and foster children are included in this category.

Group quarters.—Persons in living arrangements other than households are classified by the Bureau of the Census as living in group quarters. Group quarters are located most frequently in institutions, rooming houses, military

barracks, college dormitories, fraternity and sorority houses, hospitals, monasteries, convents, and ships. A house or apartment is considered group quarters if it is shared by the person in charge and five or more persons unrelated to him, or, if there is no person in charge, by six or more unrelated persons.

Inmate of institution.—Inmates of institutions are persons under care or custody at the time of enumeration in homes, schools, hospitals or wards for juveniles, the physically handicapped, or the mentally handicapped; homes or hospitals for mental, tuberculosis, or other chronic disease patients; homes for unwed mothers; nursing, convalescent, and rest homes; homes for the aged and dependent; and correctional institutions.

Family.—According to 1970 census definitions, a family consists of a household head and one or more other persons living in the same household who are related to the head by blood, marriage, or adoption; all persons in a household who are related to the head are regarded as members of his (her) family. A "husband-wife family" is a family in which the head and his wife are enumerated as members of the same household. Not all households contain families, because a household may be composed of a group of unrelated persons or one person living alone. The mean size of family is derived by dividing the number of persons in families by the total number of families.

Own children and related children.—This report shows statistics on families by presence of "own" children and "related" children of specified ages. A child under 18 years old is defined

as an "own child" if he or she is a single (never married) son, daughter, stepchild, or adopted child. The number of children "living with both parents" includes stepchildren and adopted children as well as sons and daughters born to the couple. "Related children" in a family include all persons under 18 related to the head except "wife of head." The "mean number of related children" is derived by dividing the total number of related children of the specified age in families by the number of families having children of that age. In table P-1 the number of own children under 18 years of age is divided by "persons under 18 years" to obtain the "percent of total under 18 years."

Unrelated individuals.—An unrelated individual, as defined in this report, may be any of the following: a household head living alone or with nonrelatives only, a household member not related to the head, or a person living in group quarters who is not an inmate of an institution.

Marital status.—The marital status classification refers to the status at the time of enumeration. Persons classified as "married" consist of those who have been married only once and those who remarried after having been widowed or divorced. Persons reported as separated (living apart because of marital discord, with or without a legal separation) are classified as a subcategory of married persons. Persons in common-law marriages are classified as married, and persons whose only marriage had been annulled are classified as never married. All persons reported as never married are shown as "single" in this report.

Children ever born.—In this report, statistics on the number of children ever born are presented for women 35 to 44 years old who have ever been married. Respondents were instructed to include children born to the woman before her present marriage, children no longer living, and children away from home, as well as children born to the woman who were still living in the home.

School enrollment.—School enrollment is shown for persons 3 to 34 years old. Persons were included as enrolled in school if they reported attending a "regular" school or college at any time between February 1, 1970, and the time of enumeration. Regular schooling is that which may advance a person toward an elementary school certificate or high school diploma, or a college, university, or professional degree. Schooling that was not obtained in a regular school and schooling from a tutor or through correspondence courses were counted only if the credits obtained were regarded as transferable to a school in the regular school system. Persons were included as enrolled in nursery school only if the school included instruction as an important and integral phase of its program. Schooling which is generally regarded as not "regular" includes that given in nursery schools which simply provide custodial day care, in specialized vocational, trade, or business schools, in on-the-job training, and through correspondence courses.

Elementary school, as defined here, includes grades 1 to 8, and high school includes grades 9 to 12. If a person was attending a junior high school, the equivalent in terms of 8 years of elementary school and 4 years of high school was recorded. In general,

a "public" school is defined as any school which is controlled and supported primarily by a local, State, or Federal government agency.

Years of school completed.—The data on years of school completed were derived from the answers to the two questions: (a) "What is the highest grade (or year) of regular school he has ever attended?" and (b) "Did he finish the highest grade (or year) he attended?" Persons whose highest grade of attendance was in a foreign school system, or in an ungraded school whose highest level of schooling was measured by "readers," or whose training was received through a tutor were instructed to report the approximate equivalent grade in the regular United States school system. A person was reported as not having completed a given grade if he dropped out or failed to pass the last grade attended.

Residence in 1965.—Residence on April 1, 1965, is the usual place of residence five years before enumeration. The category "same house" includes all persons five years old and over who did not move during the five years as well as those who had moved but by 1970 had returned to their 1965 residence. The category "different house" includes persons who, on April 1, 1965, lived in the United States in a different house from the one they occupied on April 1, 1970, and for whom sufficient information concerning the 1965 residence was collected. These persons were subdivided into three groups according to their 1965 residence in or outside a standard metropolitan statistical area: "in central city of this SMSA," "in other part of this SMSA," and "outside this SMSA." The category

"abroad" includes those with residence in a foreign country or outlying area of the United States in 1965.

Reference week.—The data on employment status and place of work relate to the calendar week preceding the date on which the respondents completed their questionnaires or were interviewed by enumerators. This week is not the same for all respondents because not all persons were enumerated during the same week.

Employment status.—Employed persons comprise all civilians 16 years old and over who were either (a) "at work" — those who did any work at all as paid employees or in their own business or profession, or on their own farm, or who worked 15 hours or more as unpaid workers on a family farm or in a family business; or (b) were "with a job but not at work" — those who did not work during the reference week but had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent due to illness, bad weather, industrial dispute, vacation, or other personal reasons. Excluded from the employed are persons whose only activity consisted of work around the house or volunteer work for religious, charitable, and similar organizations.

Persons are classified as unemployed if they were civilians 16 years old and over and: (a) were neither "at work" nor "with a job, but not at work" during the reference week, (b) were looking for work during the past 4 weeks, and (c) were available to accept a job. Persons who did not work at all during the reference week and were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off are also included as unemployed.

The "civilian labor force" consists of persons classified as employed or unemployed in accordance with the criteria described above. The "labor force" includes all persons in the civilian labor force plus members of the Armed Forces (persons on active duty with the United States Army, Air Force, Navy, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard). All persons 16 years old and over who are not classified as members of the labor force are defined as "not in labor force." This category consists mainly of students, housewives, retired workers, seasonal workers enumerated in an "off" season who were not looking for work, inmates of institutions, disabled persons, and persons doing only incidental unpaid family work (less than 15 hours during the reference week). Of these groups, students and inmates are shown separately in selected tables.

Place of work.—Place of work refers to the geographic location at which civilians and Armed Forces personnel not on leave carried out their occupational or job activities during the reference week. For the purposes of this report, these locations were defined with respect to the boundaries of the standard metropolitan statistical area as "inside SMSA" and "outside SMSA." Locations within the SMSA, were subdivided into the central business district of the central city, the balance of that county, or, if outside that county, the specific county of the SMSA.

The central business district (CBD) is usually the downtown retail trade area of the city. As defined by the Bureau of the Census, the CBD is an area of very high land valuation characterized by a high concentration of retail business offices, theaters, hotels, and service businesses, and with a

high traffic flow. CBD's consist of one or more census tracts and have been defined only in cities with a population of 100,000 or more. In order to be counted as working in the CBD, the respondent had to give the exact address (street name and number) of his place of work. Since some respondents did not do this, the number of persons working in the CBD is usually understated by an unknown amount.

The exact address (number and street name) for the place of work was asked. Persons working at more than one job were asked to report the location of the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours during the reference week. Salesmen, deliverymen, and others who work in several places each week were requested to give the address at which they began work each day, if they reported to a central headquarters. For cases in which daily work was not begun at a central place each day, the person was asked to report the exact address of the place where he worked the most hours last week. If his employer operated in more than one location (such as a grocery store chain or public school system), the exact address of the location or branch where the respondent worked was requested. When the number or street name could not be given, the name of the building or the name of the company for which he worked was to be entered.

Means of transportation to work.—Means of transportation to work refers to the chief means of travel or type of conveyance used in traveling to and from work on the last day the respondent worked at the address given as his or her place of work. The "chief means" referred to the

means of transportation covering the greatest distance if more than one means was used in daily travel. "Worked at home" was marked by a person who worked on a farm where he lived or in an office or shop in his home.

Occupation, industry, and class of worker.—The data on these three subjects in this report are for employed persons 16 years old and over and refer to the job held during the reference week. For persons employed at two or more jobs, the data refer to the job at which the person worked the greatest number of hours. The occupation and industry statistics presented here are based on the detailed systems developed for the 1970 census: see 1970 Census of Population, *Classified Index of Industries and Occupations*, U. S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D. C., 1971.

Income in 1969.—Information on money income received in the calendar year 1969 was requested from persons 14 years old and over. "Total income" is the algebraic sum of the amounts reported separately for wage and salary income, nonfarm net self-employment income, farm net self-employment income, Social Security or railroad retirement income, public assistance or welfare income, and all other income. The figures represent the amount of income regularly received before deductions for personal income taxes, Social Security, bond purchases, union dues, medicare deductions, etc.

"Wage or salary income" is defined as the total money earnings received for work performed as an employee at any time during the calendar year 1969. It includes wages, salary, pay from Armed Forces, commissions, tips, piece rate payments,

and cash bonuses earned. "Nonfarm net self-employment income" is defined as net money income (gross receipts minus business expenses) received from a business, professional enterprise, or partnership in which the person was engaged on his own account. "Farm net self-employment income" is defined as the net money income (gross receipts minus operating expenses) received from the operation of a farm by a person on his own account, as an owner, renter, or sharecropper.

"Social Security or railroad retirement income" includes cash receipts of Social Security pensions, survivors' benefits, permanent disability insurance payments, and special benefit payments made by the Social Security Administration (under the National old-age, survivors, disability, and health insurance programs) before deductions of health insurance premiums. "Medicare" reimbursements are not included. Cash receipts from retirement, disability, and survivors' benefit payments made by the U. S. Government under the Railroad Retirement Act are also included. "Public assistance income" includes cash receipts of payments made under the following public assistance programs: aid to families with dependent children, old-age assistance, general assistance, aid to the blind, and aid to the permanently and totally disabled. Separate payments received for hospital or other medical care are excluded from this item. "Income from all other sources" includes money income received from sources such as interest; dividends; net income (or loss) from property rentals; net receipts from roomers or boarders; veteran's payments; public or private pensions, periodic receipts from insurance policies or annuities; unemployment insurance benefits;

workmen's compensation cash benefits; net royalties; periodic payments from estates and trust funds; alimony or child support from persons who are not members of the household; net gambling gains; nonservice scholarships and fellowships; and money received for transportation and/or subsistence by persons participating in special governmental training programs, e.g., under the Manpower Development and Training Act.

Receipts from the following sources were not included as income: money received from the sale of property (unless the recipient was engaged in the business of selling such property); the value of income "in kind" such as food produced and consumed in the home or free living quarters; withdrawal of bank deposits; money borrowed; tax refunds; exchange of money between relatives living in the same household; gifts and lump-sum inheritances, insurance payments, and other types of lump-sum receipts.

Although the income statistics cover the calendar year 1969, the characteristics of persons and the composition of families refer to the time of enumeration (April 1, 1970). For most families, however, the income reported was received by persons who were members of the family throughout 1969.

The median income is the amount which divides the distribution into two equal groups, one having incomes above the median and the other having incomes below the median. For families and unrelated individuals the median income is based on the distribution of the total number of families and unrelated individuals, including those with no income.

The mean income is the amount obtained by dividing the total in-

come of a particular statistical universe by the number of units in that universe. Thus, mean family income is obtained by dividing total family income by the total number of families. For the six types of income the means are based on families having those types of income.

Care should be exercised in using and interpreting mean income values in the statistics for small areas or small subgroups of the population. Since the mean is strongly influenced by extreme values in the distribution, it is especially susceptible to the effects of sampling variability, misreporting, and processing errors. The median, which is not affected by extreme values, is, therefore, a better measure than the mean when the population base is small. The mean, nevertheless, is shown in this report for most small areas and small subgroups because, when weighted according to the number of cases, the means can be added to obtain summary measures for areas and groups other than those shown in this report.

Poverty status in 1969.—Families and unrelated individuals are classified as being above or below the poverty level, using the poverty index adopted by a Federal Interagency Committee in 1969. This index provides a range of income cutoffs or "poverty thresholds" adjusted to take into account such factors as family size, sex and age of the family head, the number of children, and farm-nonfarm residence. The poverty cutoffs for farm families have been set at 85 percent of the nonfarm levels. These income cutoffs are updated every year to reflect the changes in the Consumer Price Index. The poverty threshold for a nonfarm family of four was \$3,743 in 1969. For a detailed explanation of the poverty

definition, see **Current Population Reports**, Series P-23, No. 28, "Revisions in Poverty Statistics, 1959 to 1968."

Households below the poverty level are defined as households in which the total 1969 income of the family or primary individual was below the poverty level. The incomes of persons in the household other than members of the family or the primary individual are not included when determining poverty status of a household.

The households for which poverty status is shown cannot be compared with the total number of households shown elsewhere. The former exclude those in certain types of housing units: owner-occupied units are restricted to one-family units on places of less than 10 acres and without a business on the property; and renter-occupied units exclude one-family units on places of 10 acres or more.

The "ratio of family income to poverty level" is obtained by dividing the income of a family by its corresponding poverty threshold. The "income deficit" is the difference between the total income of families and unrelated individuals below the poverty level and their respective poverty thresholds. In computing the income deficit, families reporting a net income loss are assigned zero dollars, and for such cases the income deficit is equal to the poverty threshold. The aggregate income deficit provides an estimate of the amount of money which would be required to raise the incomes of all poor families and unrelated individuals to their respective thresholds at the poverty level. The mean income deficit is the amount obtained by dividing the aggregate income deficit of a group below the poverty level by the number of families or unrelated individuals (as appropriate) in that group.

HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS

Housing units and group quarters.—

Living quarters are classified in the census as either housing units or group quarters. Usually, living quarters are in structures intended for residential use (e.g., a one-family home, apartment house, hotel or motel, boarding house, mobile home or trailer, etc.). Living quarters may also be in structures intended for nonresidential use (e.g., the rooms in a warehouse where a watchman lives), as well as in tents, caves, old railroad cars, etc.

A housing unit is a house, an apartment, a group of rooms, or a single room occupied or intended for occupancy as separate living quarters. Separate living quarters are those in which the occupants do not live and eat with any other persons in the structure and which quarters have either (1) direct access from the outside of the building or through a common hall or (2) complete kitchen facilities for the exclusive use of the occupants. The occupants may be a single family, one person living alone, two or more families living together, or any other group of related or non-related persons who share living arrangements (except as described in the next paragraph on group quarters). For vacant units, the criteria for separateness, direct access, and complete kitchen facilities for exclusive use are applied to the intended occupants whenever possible (or to the previous occupants if this information cannot be obtained). Both occupied and vacant housing units are included in the housing inventory, except that mobile homes, trailers, tents, etc., are included only if they are occupied.

Group quarters are living arrangements for institutional inmates or for

other groups containing five or more persons not related to the person in charge. Group quarters are located most frequently in institutions, boarding houses, military barracks, college dormitories, fraternity and sorority houses, hospitals, monasteries, convents, and ships. A house or apartment is considered group quarters if it is shared by the person in charge and five or more persons unrelated to him, or if there is no person in charge, by six or more unrelated persons. Information on the housing characteristics of group quarters was not collected in the census.

Year-round housing units.—Data on housing characteristics are limited to year-round housing units; i.e., all occupied units plus vacant units which are intended for year-round use. Vacant units intended for seasonal occupancy and vacant units held for migratory labor are excluded because it is difficult to obtain reliable information for them. Counts of the total housing inventory, however, are given for each area presented in this report.

Occupied housing units.—A housing unit is classified as occupied if a person or group of persons is living in it at the time of enumeration or if the occupants are only temporarily absent, for example, on vacation. However, if the persons staying in the unit have their usual place of residence elsewhere the unit is classified as vacant.

Vacant housing units.—A housing unit is vacant if no one is living in it at the time of enumeration, unless its occupants are only temporarily absent. In addition, a vacant unit may be one which is occupied entirely by persons who have a usual residence elsewhere.

New units not yet occupied are enumerated as vacant housing units if construction has reached a point where all exterior windows and doors are installed and final usable floors are in place. Vacant units are excluded if unfit for human habitation because the roof, walls, windows, or doors no longer protect the interior from the elements, or if there is positive evidence (such as a sign on the house or in the block) that the unit is to be demolished or is condemned.

Vacant housing units are classified in this report as either "seasonal and migratory" (i.e., intended for seasonal occupancy or held for migratory labor) or "year-round." "Seasonal" units are intended for occupancy during only certain seasons of the year. "Migratory" units are vacant units held for occupancy by migratory labor employed in farm work during the crop season. "Year-round" vacant housing units are available or intended for occupancy at any time of the year. A unit in a resort area which is usually occupied on a year-round basis is considered year-round. A unit used only occasionally throughout the year is also considered year-round.

Year-round vacant units are subdivided as follows: "for sale only"; "for rent" which also includes vacant units offered either for rent or for sale; and "other" which includes units sold or rented but not yet occupied by the new owner or renter, units held for the occasional use of the owner, and units being held off the market for other reasons.

Tenure.—A housing unit is "owner occupied" if the owner or co-owner lives in the unit, even if it is mortgaged or not fully paid for. A cooperative or condominium unit is "owner oc-

cupied" only if the owner or co-owner lives in it. All other occupied units are classified as "renter occupied," including units rented for cash rent and those occupied without payment of cash rent.

Persons.—Persons occupying the housing unit include not only occupants related to the head of the household but also any lodgers, roomers, boarders, partners, wards, foster children and resident employees who share the living quarters of the household head. The data on "persons" show the number of housing units occupied by the specified number of persons.

Units with one or more roomers, boarders, or lodgers are shown as a separate category. Not included as "roomers, boarders, or lodgers" are foster children or wards, servants who live in, companions, and partners.

Year moved into unit.—Data on year moved into unit are based on the information reported for the head of the household. The question refers to the year of latest move. Thus, if the head moved back into a unit he had previously occupied or if he moved from one apartment to another in the same building, the year he moved into his present unit was to be reported.

Complete kitchen facilities.—A unit has complete kitchen facilities when it has all three of the following for the exclusive use of the occupants of the unit: (1) An installed sink with piped water; (2) a range or cookstove; and (3) a mechanical refrigerator. All kitchen facilities must be located in the structure, although they need not be in the same room. Quarters with only portable cooking equipment are not considered as hav-

ing a range or cookstove. "Lacking complete kitchen facilities" means that the unit does not have all three specified kitchen facilities, or that they are also for the use of the occupants of other housing units.

Access.—"Access only through other living quarters" means that the occupants of a housing unit must go through someone else's living quarters to enter their own; that is, they do not have a direct entrance from the outside or through a common or public hall.

Rooms.—Rooms to be counted include whole rooms used for living purposes, such as living rooms, dining rooms, kitchens, bedrooms, finished recreation rooms, family rooms, etc. Not counted as rooms are bathrooms, porches, balconies, foyers, halls, half-rooms, kitchenettes, strip or pullman kitchens, utility rooms, unfinished attics, basements, or other space used for storage.

Persons per room.—This is computed by dividing the number of persons in the unit by the number of rooms in the unit. The figures shown, therefore, refer to the number of housing units having the specified ratio of persons per room.

Year structure built.—Year structure built refers to when the building was first constructed, not when it was remodeled, added to, or converted.

Units in structure.—In the determination of the number of units in a structure, all housing units, both occupied and vacant, were counted. The statistics are presented in terms of the number of housing units in structures of specified size, not in

terms of the number of residential structures.

A structure is a separate building that either has open space on all sides or is separated from other structures by dividing walls that extend from ground to roof.

Basement.—Statistics on basements are presented in terms of the number of housing units located in structures built with a basement, and are separately tabulated for one-family houses with basements. A structure has a basement if there is enclosed space in which persons can walk upright under all or part of the building.

Plumbing facilities.—The category "with all plumbing facilities" consists of units which have hot and cold piped water, as well as a flush toilet and a bathtub or shower inside the structure for the exclusive use of the occupants of the unit. "Lacking some or all plumbing" means that the unit does not have all three specified plumbing facilities (hot and cold piped water, as well as flush toilet and bathtub or shower inside the structure), or that the toilet or bathing facilities are also for the use of the occupants of other housing units.

Selected equipment.—Statistics are presented for the number of housing units with the following selected equipment.

With more than one bathroom.—A complete bathroom is a room with flush toilet, bathtub or shower, and wash basin with piped water. A partial or half bathroom has at least a flush toilet or bathtub (or shower), but does not have all the facilities for a complete bathroom. A housing

unit "with more than one bathroom" has, in addition to one complete bathroom, one or more partial or complete bathrooms.

With public water supply.—A public system refers to a common source supplying running water to six or more housing units. The water may be supplied by a city, county, water district, or private water company, or it may be obtained from a well which supplied six or more housing units.

With public sewer.—A "public sewer" is connected to a city, county, sanitary district, neighborhood, or subdivision sewer system. It may be operated by a government body or by a private organization. Small sewage treatment plants which in some localities are called neighborhood septic tanks are also classified as public sewers.

With air conditioning.—Air conditioning is the cooling of air by a refrigeration unit. A central system is a central installation which air-conditions the entire housing unit. A room unit is an individual air conditioner which is installed in a window or an outside wall and is generally intended to cool one room, although it may sometimes be used to cool more than one room.

Heating equipment.—The list of heating equipment refers to the type of heating equipment and not to the fuel used. "Steam or hot water" refers to a central heating system in which heat from steam or hot water is delivered through radiators or other outlets. "Warm air furnace" refers to a central system which provides warm air through ducts leading

to various rooms; central heat pumps are included in this category. "Built-in electric units" are permanently installed in the floors, walls or ceilings. A "floor, wall, or pipeless furnace" delivers warm air to the room right above the furnace or to the room(s) on one or both sides of the wall in which the furnace is installed. "Other means" includes room heaters with or without flue, fireplaces, stoves, and portable heaters of all types.

A housing unit "With central or built-in heating system" contains a steam or hot water system, a warm-air furnace, built-in electric units, or a floor, wall, or pipeless furnace.

Automobiles available.—Statistics on automobiles available represent the number of passenger automobiles, including station wagons, which are owned or regularly used by any member of the household and which are ordinarily kept at home. Taxicabs, pickups, or larger trucks were not to be counted.

Value.—Value is the respondent's estimate of how much the property (house and lot) would sell for if it were for sale. The term "specified owner-occupied units" means that the value data are limited to owner-occupied one-family houses on less than ten acres, without a commercial establishment or medical office on the property. Owner-occupied cooperatives, condominiums, mobile homes, and trailers are excluded from the value tabulations.

Mean value.—Mean value is the sum of the individual values reported, divided by the number of owner-occupied units for which value is shown. For purposes of computation, the mid-

APPENDIX B—Continued

points of the intervals were used, except that a mean value of \$3,500 was assigned to housing units in the interval "less than \$5,000" and a mean of \$60,000 was assigned to units in the interval "\$50,000 or more."

Contract rent.—Contract rent is the monthly rent agreed to, or contracted for, even if the furnishings, utilities, or services are included. The term "specified renter-occupied units" means that the contract rent data exclude one-family houses on ten acres or more. Renter units occupied without payment of cash rent are

shown separately as "no cash rent" in the rent tabulations.

Gross rent.—Monthly gross rent is the summation of contract rent plus the estimated average monthly cost of utilities (water, electricity, gas) and fuels (oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.), if these items are paid for by the renter, in addition to rent. Thus, gross rent is intended to eliminate individual differences which result from varying practices with respect to the inclusion of heat and utilities as part of the rental payment.

Mean gross rent.—Mean gross rent is the sum of the individual rental

amounts divided by the number of renter-occupied units, excluding one-family houses on ten acres or more.

Gross rent as percentage of income.—The yearly gross rent (monthly gross rent multiplied by 12) is expressed as a percentage of the total income in 1969 of the family or primary individual. The percentage was computed separately for each unit and was rounded to the nearest whole number. Units for which no cash is paid and units occupied by families or primary individuals who reported no income or a net loss comprise the category "not computed."

Appendix C.—ACCURACY OF THE DATA

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SOURCES OF ERROR

Human and mechanical errors occur in any mass statistical operation such as a decennial census. Errors during the data collection phase can include failure to obtain required information from respondents, obtaining incorrect or inconsistent information, and recording information in the wrong place or incorrectly. Errors can also occur during the field review of the enumerator's work, the clerical handling of the questionnaires, and the various stages of the electronic processing of the material. Careful efforts are made in every census to keep the errors in each step at an acceptably low level. Quality control and check measures are utilized throughout the census operation.

In the manual editing and coding operation, a sample of the work of each coder was verified, and a coder who showed consistently high error rates was retrained. A coder who still did not produce work of acceptable quality after retraining was removed from the coding operation. In addition, provision was made for correction of any work units for which the error rate exceeded a maximum level. Information on error rates will be given in later publications.

As was done for the 1950 and 1960 censuses, evaluative material on many aspects of the 1970 census will be published as soon as the appropriate data are accumulated and analyzed.

A major concern in the evaluation work is to ascertain, insofar as possible, the degree of completeness of the count of both population and housing units.

EDITING OF UNACCEPTABLE DATA

The objective of the processing operation is to produce a set of statistics that describes the Nation's population and housing as accurately and clearly as possible. To meet this objective, certain unacceptable entries were edited.

In the field, questionnaires were reviewed for completeness by a census clerk or enumerator, and a followup was made for missing information. The major review occurred in the central processing office, where the editing and coding operation provided an opportunity to correct obvious errors in the respondents' entries for those items which required manual processing. In coding relationship to household head, for example, the clerk made use of written entries, which the computer is not able to read, in determining the correct entry where the machine readable item was blank or contained conflicting information. For a few of the items, the respondents' entries were reviewed for reasonableness or consistency on the basis of other information on the questionnaire. As a rule, however, editing was performed by hand only when it could not be done effectively by machine.

As one of the first steps in mechanical editing, the configuration of marks on the questionnaire was scanned electronically to determine whether it contained information for a person or merely spurious marks. If the

questionnaire contained entries for at least two of the basic characteristics (relationship, sex, race, age, marital status), or for at least two relevant sample characteristics, the inference was made that the marks represented a person. Names were not used as a criterion of the presence of a person because the electronic scanning was unable to distinguish between a name and any other entry in the name space.

If any characteristics for a person or housing unit were missing, they were, in most cases, supplied by allocation. Allocations, or assignments of acceptable codes in place of unacceptable entries, were needed most often where an entry for a given item was lacking or where the information reported for a person or housing unit on that item was inconsistent with other information for the person or housing unit. The assignment of acceptable codes in place of blanks or unacceptable entries, it is believed, enhances the usefulness of the data.

For housing data, the assignment was based on related information reported for the housing unit or on information reported for a similar unit in the immediate neighborhood. For example, if tenure for an occupied unit was omitted but a rental amount was reported, the computer automatically edited tenure to "rented for cash rent." The technique may also be illustrated by the procedure used in the assignment for unknown age. The computer stored reported ages of persons by sex, race, household relationship, and marital status. Each stored age was retained in the computer only until a person having the same set of characteristics, and with age reported was processed through the computer in the edit operation; this stored age was assigned to the next person whose age was

unknown and who otherwise had the same set of specified characteristics.

The editing process also includes another type of correction; namely, the assignment of a full set of characteristics for a person. When there was indication that a housing unit was occupied but the questionnaire contained no information for any person, a previously processed household was selected as a substitute and the full set of characteristics for each substitute person was duplicated.

Specific tolerances were established for the number of computer allocations and substitutions that would be permitted. If the number of corrections was beyond tolerance, the questionnaires in which the errors occurred were clerically reviewed. If it was found that the errors resulted from damaged questionnaires, from improper microfilming, from faulty reading by FOSDIC of undamaged questionnaires, or from other types of machine failure, the questionnaires were reprocessed.

The extent of allocation for States, counties, and other areas will be shown in the allocation tables in chapters B and C of the 1970 Census of Population Volume I, *Characteristics of the Population*, and chapters A and B of Census of Housing Volume I, *Characteristics for States, Cities, and Counties*.

SAMPLE DESIGN

For persons living in housing units at the time of the 1970 census, the housing unit, including all its occupants, was the sampling unit; for persons in group quarters identified in advance of the census, it was the person. In nonmail areas, the enumerator canvassed his assigned area and listed all housing units in an

address register sequentially in the order in which he first visited the units whether or not he completed the interview. Every fifth line of the address register was designated as a sample line, and the housing units listed on these lines were included in the sample. Each enumerator was given a random line on which he was to start listing and the order of canvassing was indicated in advance, although the instructions allowed some latitude in the order of

visiting addresses. In mail areas, the list of housing units was prepared prior to Census Day either by employing commercial mailing lists corrected through the cooperation of the post office or by listing the units in a process similar to that used in nonmail areas. As in other areas, every fifth housing unit of these lists was designated to be in the sample. In group quarters, all persons were listed and every fifth person was selected for the sample.

TABLE C. Sample Rate for Subjects Included in This Report

[Subjects marked with an asterisk (*) were tabulated on a 100% basis for tables P-1, H-1, and H-3. All subjects shown in the tables for persons of Spanish heritage (P-7, P-8, and H-5) were tabulated on a 15% basis. The subjects covered in the remaining tables (P-2 to P-6, H-2, and H-4) were tabulated according to the sample rates shown below]

Population subjects	Sample rate (percent)	Housing subjects	Sample rate (percent)
*Sex	20	*All year-round housing units	20
*Race	20	*Occupied housing units: table H-2 .	15
*Age	20	table H-4 .	20
*Household relationship	20	*Cooperative or condominium . . .	—
*Family composition	20	*Vacancy status	—
*Marital status	—	*Tenure of housing unit	—
Children ever born	20	Year moved into unit	15
Country of origin	15	*Number of rooms	—
Nativity and parentage	15	*Size of household (persons)	—
School enrollment	15	*Persons per room	—
Years of school completed	20	*Plumbing facilities	—
Residence in 1965	15	Bathrooms	15
Employment status	20	Source of water	15
Place of work	15	Sewage disposal	15
Means of transportation to work .	15	*Complete kitchen facilities	—
Occupation	20	*Access	—
Industry	20	Units in structure	20
Class of worker	20	Year structure built	20
Income	20	Basement	20
Poverty status	20	Heating equipment	20
		Air conditioning	15
		Automobiles available	15
		*Value	—
		*Contract rent	—
		Gross rent	20

This 20-percent sample was subdivided into a 15-percent and a 5-percent sample by designating every fourth 20-percent sample unit as a member of the 5-percent sample. The remaining sample units became the 15-percent sample. Two types of sample questionnaires were used, one for the 5-percent and one for the 15-percent sample units. Some questions were included on both the 5-percent and 15-percent sample forms and therefore appear for a sample of 20 percent of the units in the census. Other items appeared on either the 15-percent or the 5-percent questionnaires. The sample rates for the various items appearing in this report are shown in table C.

Although the sampling procedure did not automatically insure an exact 20-percent sample of persons or housing units in each locality, the sample design was unbiased if carried through according to instructions; generally for large areas the deviation from 20 percent was found to be quite small. Biases may have arisen when the enumerator failed to follow his listing and sampling instructions exactly. Quality control procedures were used throughout the census process, however, and where there was clear evidence that the sampling procedures were not properly followed, the work was returned to the field for re-sampling. No attempt at sampling was made for the relatively small numbers of persons and housing units (in most States, less than one percent) added to the enumeration from the post-census post office check, the various supplemental forms, and the special check of vacant units. The ratio estimation procedure described below adjusts the sample data to reflect these classes of population and housing units.

RATIO ESTIMATION

The statistics based on 1970 census sample data are estimates made through the use of ratio estimation procedures, applied separately for the 15- and 20-percent samples. The first step in carrying through the ratio estimates was to establish the areas within which separate ratios were to be prepared. These are referred to as "weighting areas." A single set of weighting areas, containing a minimum population size of 2,500, was defined for use with the 15- and 20-percent samples. Weighting areas were established by mechanical operation on the computer and were defined to conform, as nearly as possible, to areas for which tabulations are produced. In general, sample estimates for a tract may be expected to agree with complete counts whenever the tract was a weighting area. However, tracts were not weighting areas whenever the population was less than 2,500 persons, where the tract was a part of more than one county subdivision or place, or where the Census procedure was not the same in all parts of the tract. In these situations, part of a tract may have been combined with other partial or complete tracts to make up a weighting area and sample estimates for an individual tract in the combination may not agree with complete counts for the tract.

Separate ratio estimation processes were used for persons and for housing units. The ratio estimation process for persons operated in three stages. The first stage employed 19 household-type groups (the first of which was empty by definition). The second stage used two groups, head of household and not head of household, and the third stage used 24 age-sex-race groups.

Group	STAGE I
	<i>Male Head With Own Children Under 18</i>
1	1-person household
2	2-person household
3	3-person household
.	.
.	.
6	6-or-more-person household
	<i>Male Head Without Own Children Under 18</i>
7-12	1-person to 6-or-more-person households
	<i>Female Head</i>
13-18	1-person to 6-or-more-person households
19	<i>Group Quarters Persons</i>
	STAGE II
20	<i>Head of Household</i>
21	<i>Not Head of Household (including persons in group quarters)</i>
	STAGE III
	<i>Male Negro</i>
22	Age under 5 years
23	5-13
24	14-24
25	25-44
26	45-64
27	65 and older
	<i>Male, Not Negro</i>
28-33	Same age groups as for Male Negro
	<i>Female Negro</i>
34-39	Same age groups as for Male Negro
	<i>Female, Not Negro</i>
40-45	Same age groups as for Male Negro

APPENDIX C—Continued

The ratio estimation process for housing operated in two stages for occupied housing units, and in one stage for vacant units. The first stage for occupied units employed 18 household-type groups (the first of which was empty by definition); the second stage for occupied units used four groups: owner and renter occupied units, by race. The single stage for vacant units employed three groups: year-round vacant for sale, year-round vacant for rent, and other vacant.

Occupied housing units:

<i>Group</i>	STAGE I
	<i>Male Head With Own Children Under 18</i>
1	1-person household
2	2-person household
3	3-person household
.	.
.	.
6	6-or-more-person household
	<i>Male Head Without Own Children Under 18</i>
7-12	1-person to 6-or-more person households
	<i>Female Head</i>
13-18	1-person to 6-or-more-person households
	STAGE II
	<i>Owner Occupied</i>
19	Negro
20	Not Negro
	<i>Renter Occupied</i>
21	Negro
22	Not Negro

Vacant housing units:

<i>Group</i>	STAGE I
23	Year-round vacant for sale
24	Year-round vacant for rent
25	Other vacant

At each stage, for each of the groups, the ratio of the complete count to the weighted sample count in the group was computed and applied to the weight of each sample person or housing unit in the group. For population, this operation was performed for each of the 19 groups in the first stage, then for the two groups in the second stage and finally for the 24 groups in the third stage. For occupied housing units this was performed first for the 18 groups in the first stage and then for the 4 groups in the second stage.

As a rule, the weighted sample counts within each of the groups in the final stage should agree with the complete counts for the weighting areas. Close, although not exact, consistency can be expected for the groups in the preceding stages. There are some exceptions to this general rule, however. As indicated above, there may be differences between the complete counts and sample estimates when the tabulation area is not made up of whole weighting areas. As a result, sample estimates at the tract level may not agree with complete counts when the tract did not form a weighting area. Generally, for 15- and 20-percent items, there may be such a difference whenever the population in the tract is less than 2,500 people. Furthermore, in order to increase the reliability, a separate ratio was not computed in a ratio estimation group whenever certain criteria pertaining to the complete counts and the magnitude of the weight were

not met. For example, for the 15- and 20-percent population sample the complete count of persons in a group had to exceed 85 persons and the ratio of the complete count to the unweighted sample count could not exceed 20. Where these criteria were not met, groups were combined in a specific order until the conditions were met. Where this occurred, consistency between the weighted sample and the complete counts would apply as indicated above for the combined group but not necessarily for each of the groups in the combination.

Each sample person or housing unit was assigned an integral weight to avoid the complications involved in rounding in the final tables. If, for example, the final weight for a group was 5.2, one-fifth of the persons or housing units in the group (selected at random) were assigned a weight of 6 and the remaining four-fifths a weight of 5.

The estimates realize some of the gains in sampling efficiency that would have resulted had the persons and housing units been stratified into the groups before sampling. The net effect is a reduction in both the sampling error and possible bias of most statistics below what would be obtained by weighting the results of the sample by a uniform factor (e.g., by weighting the 20-percent sample results by a uniform factor of 5). The reduction in sampling error will be trivial for some items and substantial for others. A by-product of this estimation procedure is that estimates for this sample are, in general, consistent with the complete count for the groups used in the estimation procedure. A more complete discussion of the technical aspects of these ratio estimates will be presented in a separate report.

SAMPLING VARIABILITY

The estimates from sample tabulations are subject to sampling variability. The standard errors of these estimates can be approximated by using the data in tables D through F. The chances are about 2 out of 3 that the difference (due to sampling variability) between the sample estimate and the figure that would have been obtained from a complete count of the population is less than the standard error. The chances are about 19 out of 20 that the difference is less than twice the standard error and about 99 out of 100 that it is less than 2½ times the standard error. The amount by which the estimated standard error must be multiplied to obtain other odds deemed more appropriate can be found in most statistical textbooks. The sampling errors may be obtained by using the factors shown in table F in conjunction with table D for absolute numbers and in conjunction with table E for percentages. In addition to sampling errors, these tables reflect the effect of simple response variance, but not of bias arising in the collection, processing and estimation steps, nor of the correlated errors enumerators introduce; estimates of the magnitude of some of these factors in the total error are being evaluated and will be published at a later date.

Table D shows approximate standard errors of estimated numbers for most statistics based on the 20-percent sample. In determining the figures for this table, some aspects of the sample design, the estimation process, and the population of the area over which the data have been compiled are ignored. Table E shows standard errors of most percentages based on

the 20-percent sample. Linear interpolation in tables D and E will provide approximate results that are satisfactory for most purposes. Table F provides a factor by which the standard errors shown in tables D or E should be multiplied to adjust for the combined effect of the sample size (i.e., whether a 20-percent or 15-percent sample) the sample design and the estimation procedure.

To estimate the standard error for a given characteristic based on the 15-percent sample, or for a more precise estimate for the 20-percent sample, locate in table F the factor applying to the characteristic and sample size used to tabulate the data and multiply this factor by the standard error found in table D or E. If the estimate is not identified in table F, use the factor shown for "all other." Where data are shown as cross-classifications of two characteristics, locate and use the larger factor. Similarly, if an item collected on a 20-percent basis has been tabulated for the 15-percent sample, use the factor appropriate for the 15-percent sample.

The standard errors estimated from these tables are not directly applicable to differences between two sample estimates. In order to estimate the standard error of a difference, the tables are to be used somewhat differently in the three following situations:

1. For a difference between the sample figure and one based on a complete count (e.g., arising from comparisons between 1970 sample statistics and complete-count statistics for 1960 or 1950), the standard error is identical with the standard error of the 1970 estimate alone.

2. For a difference between two sample figures (that is, one from 1970 and the other from 1960, or both from the same census year), the standard error is approximately the square root of the sum of the squares of the standard errors of each estimate considered separately. This formula will represent the actual standard error quite accurately for the difference between estimates of the same characteristic in two different areas, or for the difference between separate and uncorrelated characteristics in the same area. If, however, there is a high positive correlation between the two characteristics, the formula will overestimate the true standard error. The approximate standard error for the 1970 sample figure is derived directly from tables D through F. The standard error of a 25-percent 1960 sample figure may be obtained from the relevant 1960 census report or an approximate value may be obtained by multiplying the appropriate value in table D or E by 0.9.

3. For a difference between two sample estimates, one of which represents a subclass of the other, the tables can be used directly, with the difference considered as the sample estimate.

The sampling variability of the medians presented in certain tables (median years of school completed, median rent, etc.) depends on the size of the base and on the distribution on which the median is based. An approximate method for measuring the reliability of an estimated median is to determine an interval about the estimated median such that there is a stated degree of confidence the true median lies

within the interval. As the first step in estimating the upper and lower limits of the interval (that is, the confidence limits) about the median, compute one-half the number on which the median is based (designated $N/2$). From table D, following the method outlined in other parts of this section, compute the standard error of an estimated number equal to $N/2$. Subtract this standard error from $N/2$. Cumulate the frequencies (in the table on which the median is based) until the total first exceeds the difference between $N/2$ and its standard error and by linear interpolation obtain a value corresponding to this number. In a corresponding manner, add the standard error to $N/2$, cumulate the frequencies in the table, and obtain a value in the table on which the median is based corresponding to the

sum of $N/2$ and its standard error. The chances are about 2 out of 3 that the median would lie between these two values. The range for 19 chances out of 20 and for 99 in 100 can be computed in a similar manner by multiplying the standard error by the appropriate factors before subtracting from and adding to one-half the number reporting the characteristic. Interpolation to obtain the values corresponding to these numbers gives the confidence limits for the median.

The sampling variability of a mean, such as the number of children ever born per 1,000 women or mean income, presented in certain tables, depends on the variability of the distribution on which the mean is based, the size of the sample, the sample design, (for example, the use of house-

holds as the sampling unit), and the use of ratio estimates.

An approximation to the variability of the mean may be obtained as follows: compute the standard deviation of the distribution on which the mean is based; divide this figure by the square root of one-fifth of the total units in the distribution; multiply this quotient by the factor from table F appropriate to the statistic and the actual sample rate on which the mean is based. If the distribution is not published in the detailed tables, calculate the standard deviation from a comparable distribution for a larger area or for a similar population group; divide by the square root of one-fifth of the units on which the mean of interest is based; multiply the quotient by the factor from table F.

TABLE D. Approximate Standard Error of Estimated Number Based on 20-Percent Sample
(Range of 2 chances out of 3)

Estimated number (persons or housing units)	Standard error	Estimated number (persons or housing units)	Standard error
50.....	15	1,000	60
100.....	20	2,500	85
250.....	30	5,000	100
500.....	45		

TABLE E. Approximate Standard Error of Estimated Percentage Based on 20-Percent Sample
(Range of 2 chances out of 3)

Estimated percentage	Base of percentage (persons or housing units)					
	500	1,000	2,500	5,000	10,000	15,000
2 or 98	1.3	0.9	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2
5 or 95	2.0	1.4	0.9	0.6	0.4	0.4
10 or 90	2.7	1.9	1.2	0.8	0.6	0.5
25 or 75	3.9	2.7	1.7	1.2	0.9	0.7
50.....	4.5	3.2	2.0	1.4	1.0	0.8

APPENDIX C—Continued

TABLE F. Factor to be Applied to Standard Errors

[Subjects marked with an asterisk were tabulated on a 100% basis for tables P-1, H-1, and H-3.
Standard errors are not applicable to these tables]

Population subjects ¹	Sample rate (percent)	Factor	Housing subjects ¹	Sample rate (percent)	Factor
*Race	20	1.6	*Tenure	20	0.2
*Age	20	0.8	*Rooms	20	1.0
*Household relationship	20	0.5	*Persons per room	20	0.4
*Family composition	20	0.6	*Value	20	1.0
Country of origin (including Spanish heritage subjects)	15	1.6	Units in structure	20	0.8
Nativity and parentage	15	1.7	Year structure built	20	0.9
School enrollment	15	1.0	Heating equipment	20	0.8
Years of school completed	20	1.0	Basement	20	0.9
Residence in 1965	15	2.0	Source of water	15	1.0
Employment status	20	0.8	Sewage disposal	15	1.0
Place of work	15	1.3	Air conditioning	15	1.1
Means of transportation to work	15	1.3	Year moved into unit	15	1.1
Occupation	20	1.1	Gross rent	20	0.9
Industry	20	1.1	All other—20 percent	20	1.0
Class of worker	20	1.1	—15 percent	15	1.2
Income—persons	20	1.0			
—families	20	1.0			
Poverty status—persons	20	1.9			
—families	20	1.0			
All other—20 percent	20	1.0			
—15 percent	15	1.2			

¹Tabulations of data for persons of Spanish heritage are based on the 15-percent sample. For subjects shown in this table as based on the 20-percent sample, the factor for persons of Spanish heritage is obtained by multiplying the appropriate factor in this table by 1.2. For subjects shown as based on the 15-percent sample, the factor in this table can be used directly.

Appendix D.—PUBLICATION AND COMPUTER SUMMARY TAPE PROGRAM

The results of the 1970 Census of Population and Housing are being issued in the form of printed reports, microfiche copies of the printed reports, computer summary tapes, computer printouts, and microfilm. Listed below are short descriptions of the final report series and computer tapes, as currently planned. More detailed information on this program can be obtained by writing to the Publications Distribution Section, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233.

Population Census Reports

Volume I.

CHARACTERISTICS OF THE POPULATION

This volume will consist of 58 "parts"—number 1 for the United States, numbers 2 through 52 for the 50 States and the District of Columbia in alphabetical order, and numbers 53 through 58 for Puerto Rico, Guam, Virgin Islands, American Samoa, Canal Zone, and Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands, respectively. Each part, which will be a separate cloth-bound book, will contain four chapters designated as A, B, C, and D. Each chapter (for each of the 58 areas) will first be issued as an individual paperbound report in four series designated as PC(1)-A, B, C, and D, respectively. The 58 PC(1)-A reports will be specially assembled and issued in a clothbound book, designated as Part A.

■ Series PC(1)-A. NUMBER OF INHABITANTS.

Final official population counts are presented for States, counties by urban and rural residence, standard metropolitan statistical areas (SMSA's), urbanized areas, county subdivisions, all incorporated places, and unincorporated places of 1,000 inhabitants or more.

■ Series PC(1)-B. GENERAL POPULATION CHARACTERISTICS

Statistics on age, sex, race, marital status, and relationship to head of household are presented for States, counties by urban and rural residence, SMSA's, urbanized areas, county subdivisions, and places of 1,000 inhabitants or more.

■ Series PC(1)-C. GENERAL SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC CHARACTERISTICS

Statistics are presented on nativity and parentage, State or country of birth, Spanish origin, mother tongue, residence 5 years ago, year moved into present house, school enrollment (public or private), years of school completed, vocational training, number of children ever born, family composition, disability, veteran status, employment status, place of work, means of transportation to work, occupation group, industry group, class of worker, and income (by type) in 1969 of families and individuals. Each subject is shown for some or all of the following areas: States, counties (by urban, rural-nonfarm, and rural-farm residence), SMSA's, urbanized areas, and places of 2,500 inhabitants or more.

■ Series PC(1)-D. DETAILED CHARACTERISTICS

These reports will cover most of the subjects shown in Series PC(1)-C, above, presenting the data in considerable detail and cross-classified by age, race, and other characteristics. Each subject will be shown for some or all of the following areas: States (by urban, rural-nonfarm, and rural-farm residence), SMSA's, and large cities.

Volume II. SUBJECT REPORTS

Each report in this volume, also designated as Series PC(2), will concentrate on a particular subject. Detailed information and cross-relationships will generally be provided on a national and regional level; in some reports, data for States or SMSA's will also be shown. Among the characteristics to be covered are national origin and race, fertility, families, marital status, migration, education, unemployment, occupation, industry, and income.

Housing Census Reports

Volume I. HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS FOR STATES, CITIES, AND COUNTIES

This volume will consist of 58 "parts"—number 1 for the United States, numbers 2 through 52 for the 50 States and the District of Columbia in alphabetical order, and numbers 53 through 58 for Puerto Rico, Guam, Virgin Islands, American Samoa, Canal Zone, and Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands, respectively. Each part, which will be a separate cloth-bound book, will contain two chapters designated as A and B. Each chapter (for each of the 58 areas) will first be issued as an individual paperbound report in two series designated as HC(1)-A and B, respectively.

■ Series HC(1)-A. GENERAL HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS

Statistics on tenure, kitchen facilities, plumbing facilities, number of rooms, persons per room, units in structure, mobile home, telephone, value, contract rent, and vacancy status are presented for some or all of the following areas: States (by urban and rural residence), SMSA's, urbanized areas, places of 1,000 inhabitants or more, and counties.

■ Series HC(1)-B. DETAILED HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS

Statistics are presented on a more detailed basis for the subjects included in the Series HC(1)-A reports, as well as on such additional subjects as year moved into unit, year structure built, basement, heating equipment, fuels, air conditioning, water and sewage, appliances, gross rent, and ownership of second home. Each subject is shown for some or all of the following areas: States (by urban, rural-nonfarm, and rural-farm residence), SMSA's, urbanized areas, places of 2,500 inhabitants or more, and counties (by rural and rural-farm residence).

Volume II. METROPOLITAN HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS

These reports, also designated as Series HC(2), will cover most of the 1970 census housing subjects in considerable detail and cross-classification. There will be one report for each SMSA, presenting data for the SMSA and its central cities and places of 50,000 inhabitants or more, as well as a national summary report.

Volume III. BLOCK STATISTICS

One report, under the designation Series HC(3), is issued for each urbanized area showing data for individual blocks on selected housing and population subjects. The series also includes reports for the communities outside urbanized areas which have contracted with the Census Bureau to provide block statistics from the 1970 census.

Volume IV. COMPONENTS OF INVENTORY CHANGE

This volume will contain data on the disposition of the 1960 inventory and the source of the 1970 inventory, such as new construction, conversions, mergers, demolitions, and other additions and losses. Cross-tabulations of 1970 and 1960 characteristics for units that have not changed and characteristics of the present and previous residence of recent movers will also be provided. Statistics will be shown for 15 selected SMSA's and for the United States and regions.

Volume V. RESIDENTIAL FINANCE

This volume will present data regarding the financing of privately owned nonfarm residential properties. Statistics will be shown on amount of outstanding mortgage debt, manner of acquisition of property, homeowner expenses, and other owner, property, and mortgage characteristics for the United States and regions.

**Volume VI.
ESTIMATES OF "SUBSTANDARD"
HOUSING**

This volume will present counts of "sub-standard" housing units for counties and cities, based on the number of units lacking plumbing facilities combined with estimates of units with all plumbing facilities but in "dilapidated" condition.

**Volume VII.
SUBJECT REPORTS**

Each report in this volume will concentrate on a particular subject. Detailed information and cross-classifications will generally be provided on a national and regional level; in some reports, data for States or SMSA's may also be shown. Among the subjects to be covered are housing characteristics by household composition, housing of minority groups and senior citizens, and households in mobile homes.

Joint Population-Housing Reports

**Series PHC(1).
CENSUS TRACT REPORTS**

This series contains one report for each SMSA, showing data for most of the population and housing subjects included in the 1970 census.

**Series PHC(2).
GENERAL DEMOGRAPHIC TRENDS FOR
METROPOLITAN AREAS, 1960 to 1970**

This series consists of one report for each State and the District of Columbia, as well as a national summary report, presenting statistics for the State and for SMSA's and their central cities and constituent counties. Comparative 1960 and 1970 data are shown on population counts by age and race and on such housing subjects as tenure, plumbing facilities, value, and contract rent.

**Series PHC(3).
EMPLOYMENT PROFILES OF SELECTED
LOW-INCOME AREAS**

This series will consist of approximately 70 reports, each presenting statistics on the social and economic characteristics of the residents of a particular low-income area. The data relate to low-income neighborhoods in 54 cities and seven rural poverty areas. Each report will provide statistics on employment and unemployment, education, vocational training, availability for work, job history, and income, as well as on value or rent and number of rooms in the housing unit.

Additional Reports

Series PHC(E).

EVALUATION REPORTS

This open series will present the results of the extensive evaluation program conducted as an integral part of the 1970 census program, and relating to such matters as completeness of enumeration and quality of the data on characteristics.

Series PHC(R).

PROCEDURAL REPORTS

This open series presents information on various administrative and methodological aspects of the 1970 census, and will include a comprehensive procedural history of the 1970 census. The first report issued focuses on the forms and procedures used in the data collection phase of the census.

Computer Summary Tapes

The major portion of the results of the 1970 census will be produced in a set of six tabulation counts. To help meet the needs of census users, these counts are being designed to provide data with much greater subject and geographic detail than it is feasible or desirable to publish in printed reports. The data so tabulated will generally be available—subject to suppression of certain detail where necessary to protect confidentiality—on magnetic computer tape, printouts, and microfilm, at the cost of preparing the copy.

First Count—source of the PC(1)-A reports; contains about 400 cells of data on the subjects covered in the PC(1)-B and HC(1)-A reports and tabulated for each of the approximately 250,000 enumeration districts in the United States.

Second Count—source of the PC(1)-B, HC(1)-A, and part of the PHC(1) reports; contains about 3,500 cells of data covering the subjects in these reports and tabulated for the approximately 35,000 tracts and 35,000 county subdivisions in the United States.

Third Count—source of the HC(3) reports; contains about 250 cells of data on the subjects covered in the PC(1)-B and HC(1)-A reports and tabulated for approximately 1,500,000 blocks in the United States.

Fourth Count—source of the PC(1)-C, HC(1)-B, and part of the PHC(1) reports; contains about 13,000 cells of data covering the subjects in these reports and tabulated for the approximately 35,000 tracts and 35,000 county subdivisions in the United States; also contains about 30,000 cells of data for each county.

Fifth Count—will contain approximately 800 cells of population and housing data for 5-digit ZIP code areas in SMSA's and 3-digit ZIP code areas outside SMSA's; the ZIP code data will be available only on tape.

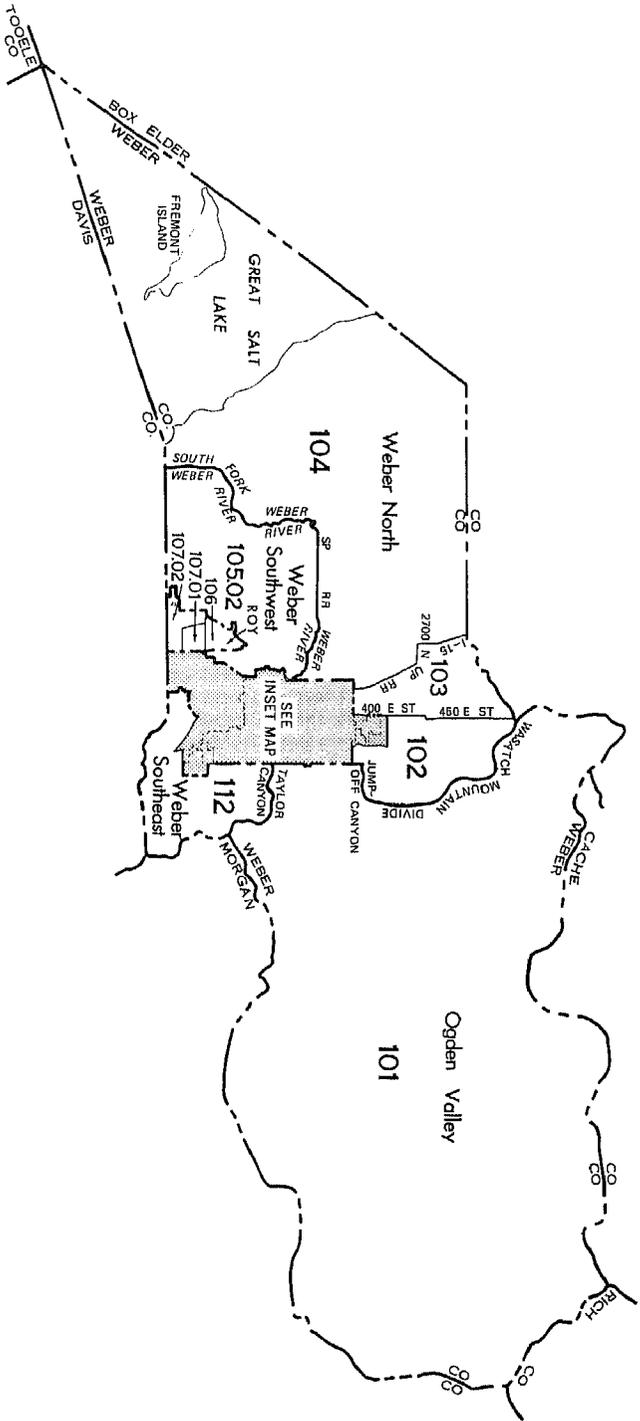
Sixth Count—source of the PC(1)-D and HC(2) reports; will contain about 260,000 cells of data covering the subjects in these reports and tabulated for States, SMSA's, and large cities.

The tapes will generally be organized on a State basis. To use the First Count and Third Count tapes, it will be necessary to purchase the appropriate enumeration district and block maps.

The term "cells" used herein to indicate the scope of subject content of the several counts refers to each figure or statistic in the tabulation for a specific geographic area. For example, in the Third Count, there are six cells for a cross-classification of race by sex: three categories of race (white, Negro, other race) by two categories of sex (male, female).

In addition to the above-mentioned summary tapes, the Census Bureau will make available for purchase certain sample tape files containing population and housing characteristics as shown on individual census records. These files will contain no names or addresses, and the geographic identification will be sufficiently broad to protect confidentiality. There will be six files, each containing a 1-percent national sample of persons and housing units. Three of the files will be drawn from the population covered by the census 15-percent sample and three from the population in the census 5-percent sample. Each of these three files will provide a different type of geographic information: One will identify individual large SMSA's and, for the rest of the country, groups of counties; the second will identify individual States and, where they are sufficiently large, will provide urban-rural and metropolitan-nonmetropolitan detail; and the third will identify State groups and size of place, with each individual record showing selected characteristics of the person's neighborhood.

CENSUS TRACTS IN THE OGDEN, UTAH SMSA



BOUNDARY SYMBOLS

Census Tract Boundaries:

- County
- Corporate Limit
- Census County Division
- Other Tracts

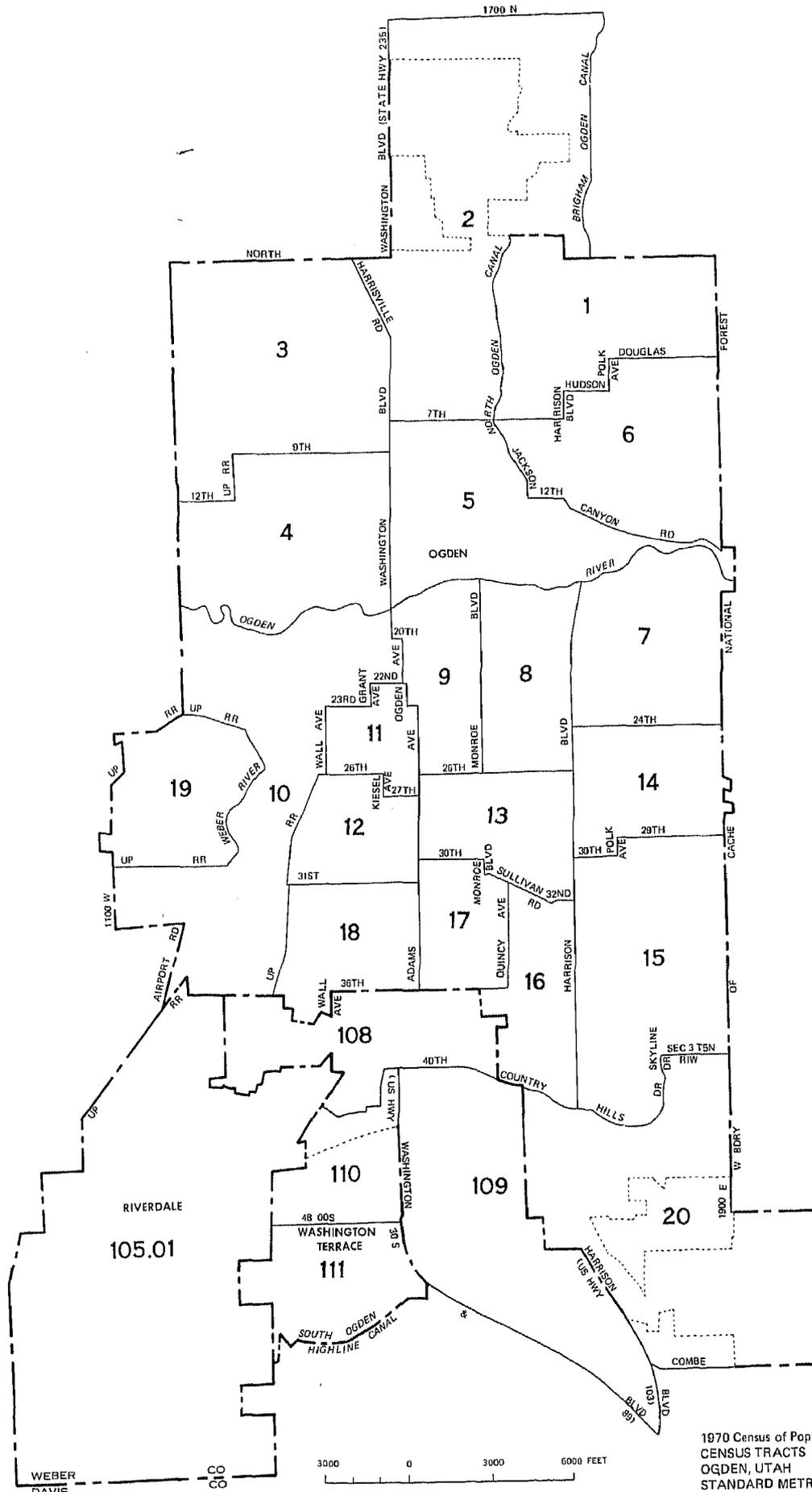
Boundaries Which Are Not Tracts:

- Corporate Limit



CENSUS TRACTS IN THE OGDEN, UTAH SMSA

INSET MAP - OGDEN AND VICINITY



1970 Census of Population and Housing
 CENSUS TRACTS
 OGDEN, UTAH
 STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA
 Final Report PHC(1)-151