

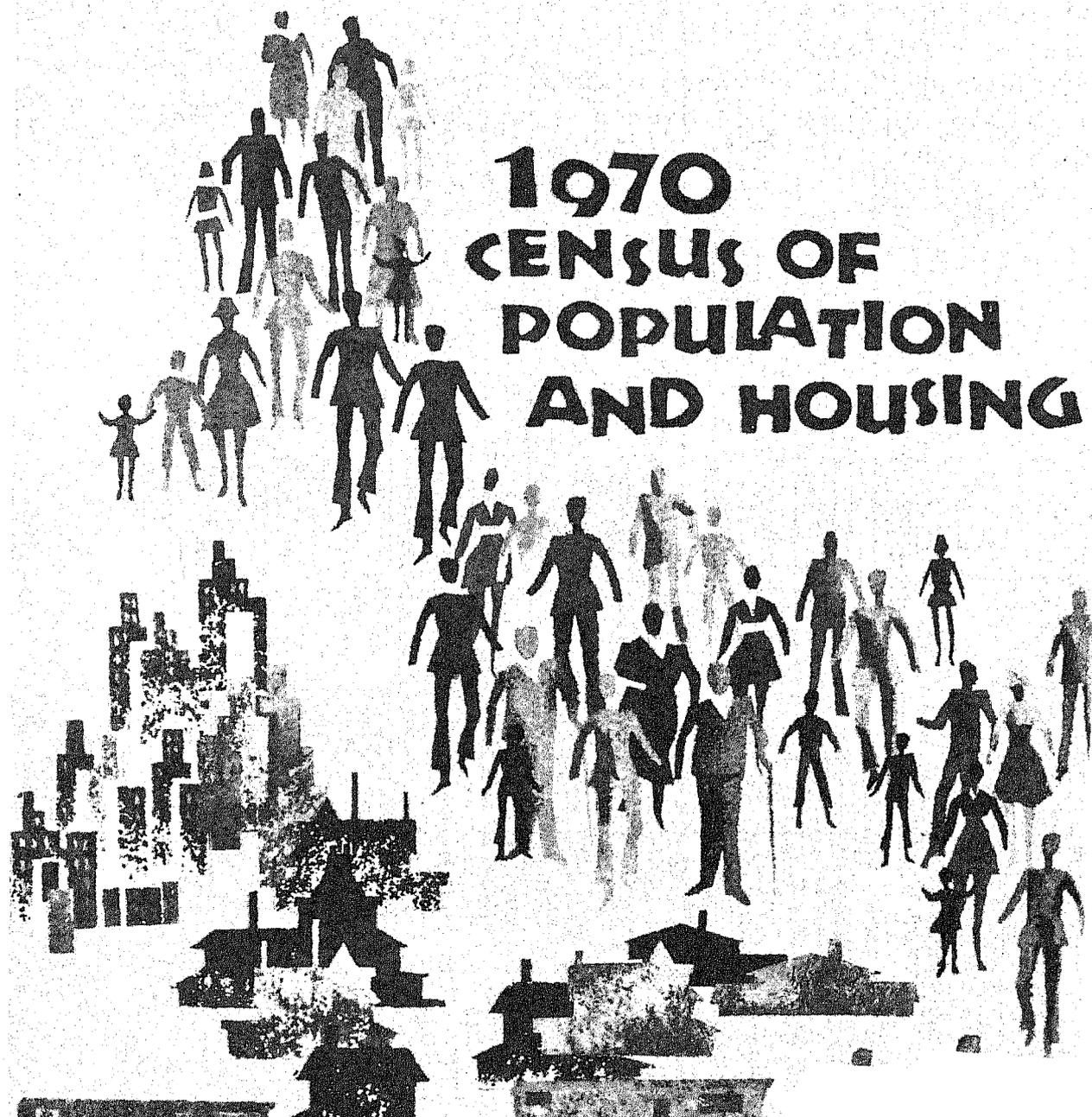
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Census Tracts

GAINESVILLE, FLA.
STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA



1970 CENSUS OF POPULATION AND HOUSING

U.S. DEPARTMENT
OF COMMERCE
Social and Economic
Statistics Administration

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THE CENSUS

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Daniel B. Levine, Acting Deputy Associate Director
David L. Kaplan, 1970 Census Coordinator

POPULATION DIVISION

Herman P. Miller, Chief

HOUSING DIVISION

Arthur F. Young, Chief

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GAINESVILLE, FLA.

STANDARD METROPOLITAN
STATISTICAL AREA

Issued March 1972

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LIST OF PHC(1) CENSUS TRACT REPORTS

The reports listed below are for Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas. An asterisk (*) indicates that the report includes data for tracts in selected areas adjacent to the SMSA.

Report number	Area	Report number	Area	Report number	Area
1	Abilene, Tex.	41	Charlotte, N.C.*	81	Great Falls, Mont.
2	Akron, Ohio	42	Chattanooga, Tenn.-Ga.	82	Green Bay, Wis.
3	Albany, Ga.	43	Chicago, Ill.	83	Greensboro-Winston-Salem-High Point, N.C.
4	Albany-Schenectady-Troy, N.Y.	44	Cincinnati, Ohio-Ky.-Ind.	84	Greenville, S.C.
5	Albuquerque, N. Mex.	45	Cleveland, Ohio	85	Hamilton-Middletown, Ohio
6	Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton, Pa.-N.J.	46	Colorado Springs, Colo.	86	Harrisburg, Pa.
7	Altoona, Pa.	47	Columbia, Mo.	87	Hartford, Conn.*
8	Amarillo, Tex.	48	Columbia, S.C.	88	Honolulu, Hawaii*
9	Anaheim-Santa Ana-Garden Grove, Calif.	49	Columbus, Ga.-Ala.	89	Houston, Tex.*
10	Anderson, Ind.	50	Columbus, Ohio	90	Huntington-Ashland, W. Va.-Ky.-Ohio*
11	Ann Arbor, Mich.	51	Corpus Christi, Tex.	91	Huntsville, Ala.
12	Appleton-Oshkosh, Wis.	52	Dallas, Tex.	92	Indianapolis, Ind.
13	Asheville, N.C.	53	Davenport-Rock Island-Moline, Iowa-Ill.	93	Jackson, Mich.
14	Atlanta, Ga.*	54	Dayton, Ohio	94	Jackson, Miss.
15	Atlantic City, N.J.	55	Decatur, Ill.	95	Jacksonville, Fla.
16	Augusta, Ga.-S.C.	56	Denver, Colo.	96	Jersey City, N.J.
17	Austin, Tex.	57	Des Moines, Iowa	97	Johnstown, Pa.
18	Bakersfield, Calif.	58	Detroit, Mich.*	98	Kalamazoo, Mich.
19	Baltimore, Md.	59	Dubuque, Iowa	99	Kansas City, Mo.-Kans.*
20	Baton Rouge, La.*	60	Duluth-Superior, Minn.-Wis.	100	Kenosha, Wis.
21	Bay City, Mich.	61	Durham, N.C.	101	Knoxville, Tenn.*
22	Beaumont-Port Arthur-Orange, Tex.	62	El Paso, Tex.	102	Lafayette, La.
23	Billings, Mont.	63	Erie, Pa.	103	Lafayette-West Lafayette, Ind.
24	Biloxi-Gulfport, Miss.	64	Eugene, Oreg.	104	Lake Charles, La.
25	Binghamton, N.Y.-Pa.	65	Evansville, Ind.-Ky.	105	Lancaster, Pa.
26	Birmingham, Ala.	66	Fall River, Mass.-R.I.	106	Lansing, Mich.
27	Bloomington-Normal, Ill.	67	Fargo-Moorhead, N. Dak.-Minn.	107	Laredo, Tex.
28	Boise City, Idaho	68	Fayetteville, N.C.	108	Las Vegas, Nev.
29	Boston, Mass.*	69	Fitchburg-Leominster, Mass.*	109	Lawrence-Haverhill, Mass.-N.H.
30	Bridgeport, Conn.	70	Flint, Mich.	110	Lawton, Okla.
31	Bristol, Conn.*	71	Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood, Fla.	111	Lewiston-Auburn, Maine
32	Brockton, Mass.	72	Fort Smith, Ark.-Okla.	112	Lexington, Ky.
33	Brownsville-Harlingen-San Benito, Tex.	73	Fort Wayne, Ind.	113	Lima, Ohio
34	Bryan-College Station, Tex.	74	Fort Worth, Tex.*	114	Lincoln, Nebr.
35	Buffalo, N.Y.	75	Fresno, Calif.	115	Little Rock-North Little Rock, Ark.
36	Canton, Ohio	76	Gadsden, Ala.	116	Lorain-Elyria, Ohio*
37	Cedar Rapids, Iowa	77	Gainesville, Fla.	117	Los Angeles-Long Beach, Calif.
38	Champaign-Urbana, Ill.	78	Galveston-Texas City, Tex.	118	Louisville, Ky.-Ind.
39	Charleston, S.C.*	79	Gary-Hammond-East Chicago, Ind.	119	Lowell, Mass.
40	Charleston, W. Va.	80	Grand Rapids, Mich.*	120	Lubbock, Tex.

Report Number	Area	Report number	Area	Report Number	Area
121	Lynchburg, Va.*	161	Pine Bluff, Ark.	201	Spokane, Wash.
122	Macon, Ga.*	162	Pittsburgh, Pa.	202	Springfield, Ill.
123	Madison, Wis.	163	Pittsfield, Mass.	203	Springfield, Mo.
124	Manchester, N.H.	164	Portland, Maine*	204	Springfield, Ohio
125	Mansfield, Ohio	165	Portland, Oreg.-Wash.	205	Springfield-Chicopee-Holyoke, Mass.-Conn.*
126	McAllen-Pharr-Edinburg, Tex.	166	Providence-Pawtucket-Warwick, R.I.-Mass.*	206	Stamford, Conn.
127	Memphis, Tenn.-Ark.	167	Provo-Drem, Utah	207	Steubenville-Weirton, Ohio- W. Va.
128	Meriden, Conn.	168	Pueblo, Colo.	208	Stockton, Calif.
129	Miami, Fla.	169	Racine, Wis.	209	Syracuse, N.Y.
130	Midland, Tex.	170	Raleigh, N.C.	210	Tacoma, Wash.
131	Milwaukee, Wis.*	171	Reading, Pa.	211	Tallahassee, Fla.
132	Minneapolis-St. Paul, Minn.	172	Reno, Nev.	212	Tampa-St. Petersburg, Fla.
133	Mobile, Ala.	173	Richmond, Va.	213	Terre Haute, Ind.
134	Modesto, Calif.	174	Roanoke, Va.	214	Texarkana, Tex.-Ark.
135	Monroe, La.	175	Rochester, Minn.	215	Toledo, Ohio-Mich.
136	Montgomery, Ala.	176	Rochester, N.Y.	216	Topeka, Kans.
137	Muncie, Ind.	177	Rockford, Ill.	217	Trenton, N.J.
138	Muskegon-Muskegon Heights, Mich.	178	Sacramento, Calif.*	218	Tucson, Ariz.
139	Nashville-Davidson, Tenn.	179	Saginaw, Mich.	219	Tulsa, Okla.
140	New Bedford, Mass.	180	St. Joseph, Mo.	220	Tuscaloosa, Ala.
141	New Britain, Conn.	181	St. Louis, Mo.-Ill.*	221	Tyler, Tex.
142	New Haven, Conn.*	182	Salem, Oreg.	222	Utica-Rome, N.Y.
143	New London-Groton-Norwich, Conn.*	183	Salinas-Monterey, Calif.	223	Vallejo-Napa, Calif.
144	New Orleans, La.	184	Salt Lake City, Utah	224	Vineland-Millville-Bridgeton, N.J.
145	New York, N.Y.	185	San Angelo, Tex.	225	Waco, Tex.
146	Newark, N.J.*	186	San Antonio, Tex.	226	Washington, D.C.-Md.-Va.
147	Newport News-Hampton, Va.*	187	San Bernardino-Riverside- Ontario, Calif.	227	Waterbury, Conn.*
148	Norfolk-Portsmouth, Va.*	188	San Diego, Calif.	228	Waterloo, Iowa
149	Norwalk, Conn.*	189	San Francisco-Oakland, Calif.	229	West Palm Beach, Fla.
150	Odessa, Tex.	190	San Jose, Calif.	230	Wheeling, W. Va.-Ohio
151	Ogden, Utah	191	Santa Barbara, Calif.	231	Wichita, Kans.
152	Oklahoma City, Okla.	192	Santa Rosa, Calif.	232	Wichita Falls, Tex.*
153	Omaha, Nebr.-Iowa	193	Savannah, Ga.	233	Wilkes-Barre-Hazleton, Pa.
154	Orlando, Fla.	194	Scranton, Pa.	234	Wilmington, Del.-N.J.-Md.
155	Oxnard-Ventura, Calif.	195	Seattle-Everett, Wash.	235	Wilmington, N.C.
156	Paterson-Clifton-Passaic, N.J.	196	Sherman-Denison, Tex.	236	Worcester, Mass.*
157	Pensacola, Fla.	197	Shreveport, La.	237	York, Pa.
158	Peoria, Ill.	198	Sioux City, Iowa-Nebr.	238	Youngstown-Warren, Ohio*
159	Philadelphia, Pa.-N.J.	199	Sioux Falls, S. Dak.	239	Mayagüez, P.R.
160	Phoenix, Ariz.	200	South Bend, Ind.	240	Ponce, P.R.
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INTRODUCTION

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GENERAL

This report presents statistics by census tract on the characteristics of the population and housing units as reported in the 1970 Census of Population and Housing. Legal provision for this census, which was conducted as of April 1, 1970, was made in the Act of Congress of August 31, 1954 (amended August 1957), which codified Title 13, United States Code. This report series contains 241 reports as listed on page II. Each report relates to a particular standard metropolitan statistical area (SMSA), and in some cases also covers certain areas adjacent to the SMSA. As stated on page App-2, there are 247 currently recognized SMSA's, including four in Puerto Rico. There are no reports in this series for six of these SMSA's because they were newly designated on the basis of the 1970 census results and census tracts had not been established for them previously.

This series of reports is one of the several series which present the information compiled from the census. For a description of the full data dissemination program see Appendix D, "Publication and Computer Summary Tape Program."

The content and procedures of the 1970 census were determined after

evaluation of the results of the 1960 census, consultation with a wide variety of users of census data, and extensive field pretesting. A number of changes were introduced in 1970 to improve the usefulness of the census results. For the characteristics shown in this report, the changes do not, however, affect to any appreciable extent the comparability of the 1970 data with those for 1960.

More detailed information on the technical and procedural matters covered in the text of this report can be obtained by writing to the Director, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D. C. 20233. Such information will also appear in later reports of the 1970 census.

Organization of the text.—The text consists of this introduction and four appendixes, which appear after the tables. Appendix A describes area classifications, defines census tracts, and traces some of the history of the development of census tract statistics. Appendix B provides definitions and explanations of the population and housing subjects appearing in the report. Appendix C presents information on sources of error in the data, sampling variability, ratio estimation, and editing procedures. Appendix D summarizes the data dissemination program of the 1970 census.

Content of the tables.—There are two numbered series of tables. Tables P-1 to P-8 present population statistics and tables H-1 to H-5 present housing statistics. Tables P-5 to P-8 and H-3 to H-5 relate to Negroes and to persons of Spanish language or surname or persons of Puerto Rican birth or parentage; they include only those tracts that have a population of 400 or more for the particular group.

The tables include data for the component counties and places of 25,000 or more in the SMSA, as well as for the tracts. All tables are arranged in identical fashion. Summations are presented first for the SMSA, followed by the component counties in alphabetical order (within State, if the SMSA crosses State lines). Shown under each county is the summation for each component place of 25,000 inhabitants or more and the balance of the county. Following these summations are the data for individual tracts (arranged in the above-mentioned geographic order) within the SMSA; and, in certain cases, for individual tracts in territory contiguous to the SMSA. When a tract crosses the boundary of a place of 25,000 inhabitants or more, statistics for the portion of the tract which lies inside the place are shown with the figure for the place; statistics for the remainder of the tract are shown as part of another place and/or under the county balance, as appropriate. The totals for each of these "split" tracts appear at the end of the table.

Sample size.—Tables P-1, H-1, and H-3 contain 100-percent data; the remaining tables contain data based on a sample of the population, with sampling rates of 20 percent or 15 percent. Figures for the total population or for some subgroups of the population (e.g., the population 5 years old and over) may differ from table to table or within the same table when the figures are tabulated from different samples. The sample size for each subject is stated in table C, Appendix C, "Accuracy of the Data." Appendix C also provides information on the sampling variability associated with the data.

Derived figures (percents, medians, etc.).—Percents, medians, and means, as well as certain rates and ratios are shown in these reports. For all types of derived figures in this report, the figure is not presented (but indicated by three dots "...") if the base is smaller than the minimum number prescribed for the sample on which the figure is based. The minimum bases are 5 (persons, families, households, or housing units) for figures derived from 100-percent tabulations, 25 for figures based on the 20-percent sample, and 33 for those based on the 15-percent sample. When a cross-tabulation of two or more characteristics covers subjects based on different samples, the minimum base for the smaller sample applies. Although figures are shown for all areas, except when the base is less than the specified minimum, the reader should exercise caution in the use and interpretation of data for very small areas or subgroups of the population; these data are especially subject to the effects of sampling variability, misreporting, and processing errors.

Percents which round to less than 0.1 are not shown but indicated as zero (i.e., "—"). The median, which is a type of average, is the middle value in a distribution, i.e., the median divides the distribution into two equal parts—one-half of the cases fall below the median and one-half of the cases exceed the median. When the median falls in the lower terminal category of an open-end distribution, the method of presentation is to show the initial value of the next category followed by a minus sign; thus, for example, if the median falls in the category "Less than \$5,000," it is shown as "\$5,000—." When the median falls in the upper terminal category of an open-end distribution, the method of

presentation is to show the initial value of the terminal category followed by a plus sign; thus, for example, if the median falls in the category "75 years and over," it is shown as "75+." The mean is the arithmetic average derived by adding the values in a particular distribution and dividing by the number of units in the distribution.

Symbols.—A dash "—" signifies zero. Three dots "... " mean not applicable, or that the base for the derived figure is too small for it to be shown, or that the data are being withheld to avoid disclosure of information for individuals. The symbol "U" means that the place is "unincorporated."

Boundaries.—Information on changes in the boundaries of tracts between 1960 and 1970 for this area appears after the Introduction. Information on boundary changes between 1960 and 1970 for certain types of areas other than tracts is given in the 1970 Population Census PC(1)-A report for each State.

DATA COLLECTION PROCEDURES

The 1970 census was conducted primarily through self-enumeration. In 1960, self-enumeration was first introduced on a nationwide scale as a substitute for the traditional census direct interview.

A census questionnaire was delivered by postal carriers to every household several days before Census Day, April 1, 1970. This questionnaire contained certain explanatory information and was accompanied by an instruction sheet; in areas with comparatively large proportions of Spanish-speaking persons, a Spanish version of the instruction sheet was also enclosed.

In the larger metropolitan areas and some adjacent counties, altogether containing about three-fifths of the population of the United States, the householder was requested to fill out and mail back the form on Census Day. Approximately 87 percent of the householders did so. The mailed-back forms were reviewed by the census enumerator (or, in some localities, a census clerk) and if the form was determined to be incomplete or inconsistent, a followup was made. The bulk of these followups were made by telephone, the rest by personal visit. For the households which did not mail back their forms, a followup was also made, in almost all cases by personal visit and in the remainder by telephone.

For the remaining two-fifths of the population, the householder was requested to fill out the form and give it to the enumerator when he called; approximately 80 percent did so. Incomplete and unfilled forms were completed by interview during the enumerator's visit.

Three types of questionnaires were used throughout the country; 80 percent of the households answered a form containing a limited number of population and housing questions and the remainder, split into 15-percent and 5-percent samples, answered forms which contained these questions as well as a number of additional questions. Some of the additional questions were the same on the 15-percent and 5-percent versions; others were different. A random procedure was used to determine which of the three forms any particular household answered.

In the metropolitan and adjacent areas, the designated type of questionnaire was sent to each household. In the remaining areas, the questionnaire

with a limited number of questions was distributed to all households, and the enumerators obtained the additional information by interview in those households designated for the 15-percent and 5-percent samples.

PROCESSING PROCEDURES

The 1970 census questionnaires were specially designed to be processed by FOSDIC (Film Optical Sensing Device for Input to Computer). For most items on the questionnaire, the information supplied by the respondent or obtained by the enumerator was indicated by marking the answers in

predesignated positions that would be "read" by FOSDIC from a microfilm copy of the questionnaire onto computer magnetic tape with no intervening manual processing. A number of the items, however, required reviewing written entries to determine the proper code. Consequently, the processing involved a manual coding and editing operation in which clerks determined the appropriate codes and marked the specified positions on the questionnaire; for example, the clerks applied a 2-digit numerical code for the country-of-birth entry. These marks, as well as those made by the respondent and enumerator, were read

by FOSDIC onto magnetic tape.

The tape containing the information from the questionnaires was processed on the Census Bureau's computers through a number of editing and tabulation steps (see Appendix C, "Accuracy of the Data"). One of the end results of this operation was a computer tape from which the tables in this report were prepared on a cathode-ray-tube phototypesetting machine at the Government Printing Office. Another end result was the summary tapes which are available for purchase, as described in Appendix D, "Publication and Computer Summary Tape Program."

Census tract comparability tables are not provided in this report because the area was tracted for the first time for 1970.

Table P-1. General Characteristics of the Population: 1970

[For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

Census Tracts	Alachua County			Gainesville									
	Total	Gainesville	Balance	Tract 0001	Tract 0002	Tract 0003	Tract 0004	Tract 0005	Tract 0006	Tract 0007	Tract 0008	Tract 0009	Tract 0010
RACE													
All persons	104 764	64 510	40 254	593	6 136	5 951	5 560	4 940	4 016	5 997	4 628	8 535	5 809
White	82 665	52 048	30 617	410	3 274	5 700	5 507	4 827	906	1 093	4 537	8 324	5 718
Negro	21 563	12 041	9 522	178	2 807	210	36	94	3 105	4 900	42	94	36
Percent Negro	20.6	18.7	23.7	30.0	45.7	3.5	0.6	1.9	77.3	81.7	0.9	1.1	0.6
AGE BY SEX													
Male, all ages													
All males	52 217	32 372	19 845	267	2 895	2 822	2 741	2 371	1 850	2 847	2 506	4 744	3 058
Under 5 years	4 518	2 569	1 949	12	172	224	337	167	233	356	69	314	162
3 and 4 years	1 732	969	763	1	84	82	126	69	103	155	20	66	56
5 to 9 years	4 809	2 643	2 166	17	163	206	373	188	280	428	38	90	192
5 years	878	488	390	1	39	37	61	37	48	82	5	33	32
6 years	957	534	423	6	25	40	87	33	54	89	11	21	43
10 to 14 years	4 791	2 529	2 262	13	134	174	329	170	272	395	48	27	203
14 years	914	488	426	4	25	33	52	40	51	59	11	7	45
15 to 19 years	6 546	4 659	1 887	29	343	214	212	206	170	306	146	2 067	292
15 years	939	494	445	8	31	30	63	33	26	78	10	1	51
16 years	866	446	420	1	34	42	43	38	41	51	7	2	36
17 years	884	509	375	8	40	48	38	42	45	69	13	21	52
18 years	1 807	1 485	322	5	56	46	29	40	29	40	20	1 011	58
19 years	2 050	1 725	325	7	182	48	29	53	29	48	96	1 032	95
20 to 24 years	9 159	7 261	1 898	68	925	496	155	423	160	228	1 479	1 691	803
20 years	2 171	1 820	351	11	212	85	27	71	26	42	329	671	184
21 years	2 264	1 867	397	14	245	120	20	111	38	47	475	437	207
25 to 34 years	7 640	4 803	2 837	33	399	520	20	498	357	212	327	449	430
35 to 44 years	4 628	2 556	2 072	8	165	246	395	210	152	245	83	42	246
45 to 54 years	4 178	2 371	1 807	36	197	294	262	244	154	238	71	4	294
55 to 59 years	1 718	865	653	16	82	117	117	117	83	83	31	-	139
60 to 64 years	1 492	771	521	8	110	109	38	86	54	99	38	-	128
65 to 74 years	1 853	931	722	17	139	159	50	136	79	109	35	1	120
75 years and over	885	414	471	10	66	63	21	67	34	33	19	-	49
Female, all ages													
All females	52 547	32 138	20 409	326	3 241	3 129	2 819	2 569	2 166	3 150	2 122	3 791	2 751
Under 5 years	4 267	2 361	1 906	16	148	215	268	157	240	358	92	230	138
3 and 4 years	1 659	893	766	3	56	70	121	65	87	148	27	63	54
5 to 9 years	4 588	2 420	2 168	8	161	197	326	163	263	386	54	94	177
5 years	871	467	404	3	40	39	60	31	45	84	12	25	29
6 years	925	497	428	2	31	43	66	30	53	88	8	21	37
10 to 14 years	4 673	2 504	2 167	29	163	220	332	184	238	393	34	20	221
14 years	940	493	447	5	40	50	55	37	52	80	5	2	43
15 to 19 years	6 074	4 285	1 789	34	408	246	255	212	216	333	173	1 587	247
15 years	856	481	375	-	31	42	55	52	51	72	7	1	43
16 years	886	471	415	7	36	42	60	28	54	62	9	3	48
17 years	846	493	353	4	27	46	62	45	36	78	14	17	47
18 years	1 632	1 316	316	9	71	46	49	39	35	53	39	816	47
19 years	1 854	1 524	330	14	243	70	29	48	40	68	104	750	62
20 to 24 years	8 519	6 492	2 027	57	1 022	497	207	360	227	279	1 195	1 464	442
20 years	2 168	1 812	356	13	364	79	40	75	46	54	307	622	85
21 years	2 087	1 648	439	14	324	120	29	77	50	53	384	355	106
25 to 34 years	7 135	4 338	2 797	22	274	453	526	309	288	420	279	359	313
35 to 44 years	5 041	2 845	2 196	21	186	308	404	245	216	312	79	20	276
45 to 54 years	4 711	2 680	2 031	34	230	339	258	285	184	295	75	8	355
55 to 59 years	1 927	1 067	860	14	128	157	73	140	67	112	32	7	167
60 to 64 years	1 766	1 016	750	16	141	168	53	149	91	88	39	1	146
65 to 74 years	2 348	1 311	1 037	38	216	211	66	228	86	121	29	1	179
75 years and over	1 498	817	681	37	164	118	51	137	50	53	41	-	90
RELATIONSHIP TO HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD													
All persons	104 764	64 510	40 254	593	6 136	5 951	5 560	4 940	4 016	5 997	4 628	8 535	5 809
In households	95 176	55 219	39 957	580	5 364	5 933	5 554	4 877	4 003	5 899	4 513	2 650	5 537
Head of household	31 115	18 777	12 338	268	2 188	2 284	1 544	1 832	1 146	1 563	1 747	958	2 056
Head of family	23 729	13 571	10 158	119	1 034	1 661	1 430	1 314	941	1 318	699	931	1 408
Primary individual	7 386	5 206	2 180	149	1 154	623	114	518	205	245	1 048	27	648
Wife of head	20 147	11 384	8 763	87	659	1 436	1 283	1 121	640	868	629	914	1 276
Other relative of head	39 091	20 897	18 194	166	1 608	1 955	2 671	1 660	2 144	3 331	488	773	1 770
Not related to head	4 823	4 161	662	59	909	258	56	264	73	137	1 649	5	435
In group quarters	9 588	9 291	297	13	772	18	6	63	13	98	115	5 885	272
Persons per household	3.06	2.94	3.24	2.16	2.45	2.60	3.60	2.66	3.49	3.77	2.58	2.77	2.69
TYPE OF FAMILY AND NUMBER OF OWN CHILDREN													
All families	23 729	13 571	10 158	119	1 034	1 661	1 430	1 314	941	1 318	699	931	1 408
With own children under 18 years	13 252	7 416	5 836	31	431	756	1 034	567	577	862	218	535	645
Number of children	29 137	15 694	13 443	85	926	1 377	2 225	1 166	1 513	2 326	368	767	1 334
Husband-wife families	20 147	11 384	8 763	87	659	1 436	1 283	1 121	640	868	629	914	1 276
With own children under 18 years	11 318	6 205	5 113	22	272	649	941	489	377	552	195	519	596
Number of children	24 632	12 917	11 715	63	563	1 193	2 023	1 003	954	1 470	324	746	1 257
Percent of total under 18 years	74.8	72.1	78.1	51.2	49.4	80.3	88.5	79.2	53.6	53.9	82.0	91.0	91.8
Families with other male head	2 988	1 888	1 100	27	310	193	123	162	274	404	50	15	108
With own children under 18 years	1 716	1 116	600	8	150	101	82	66	191	283	21	14	45
Number of children	4 035	2 598	1 437	20	344	178	184	139	541	792	40	19	72
Percent of total under 18 years	12.3	14.5	9.6	16.3	30.2	12.0	8.0	11.0	30.4	29.1	10.1	2.3	5.3
Persons under 18 years	32 923	17 922	15 001	123	1 140	1 486	2 286	1 267	1 779	2 726	395	820	1 370
MARITAL STATUS													
Male, 14 years old and over													
All males	39 013	25 119	13 894	229	2 451	2 251	1 754	1 886	1 116	1 727	2 362	4 315	2 546
Single	15 742	12 004	3 738	98	1 406	622	385	606	336	562	1 608	3 373	1 152
Married	21 600	12 170	9 430	105	857	1 510	1 312	1 164	706	1 027	674	939	1 333
Separated	634	336	298	6	112	33	4	15	39	80	19	1	13
Widowed	763	401	362	10	101	50	20	38	30	77	16	-	25
Divorced	908	544	364	16	87	69	37	78	44	61	64	3	36
Female, 14 years old and over													
All females	39 959	25 344	14 615	278	2 809	2 547	1 948	2 102	1 477	2 093	1 947	3 449	2 258
Single	12 312	9 452	2 860	69	1 368	522	388	444	397	551	1 158	2 494	613
Married	22 052	12 530	9 522	111	870	1 539	1 349	1 187	803	1 180	667	932	1 333
Separated	982	651	331	17	146	48	27	32	126	208	10	1	10
Widowed	3 892	2 209	1 683	81	419	335	111	322	172	243	53	10	226
Divorced	1 703	1 153	550	17									

Table P-1. General Characteristics of the Population: 1970—Continued

[For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

Census Tracts	Gainesville—Con.						Balance of Alachua County							
	Tract 0011	Tract 0012	Tract 0013	Tract 0014	Tract 0016	Tract 0017	Tract 0006	Tract 0007	Tract 0008	Tract 0011	Tract 0012	Tract 0014	Tract 0015	Tract 0016
RACE														
All persons	2 027	2 313	2 095	58	3 515	2 337	125	2 407	16	1 475	1 036	2 358	3 988	334
White	2 016	2 303	1 604	21	3 485	2 323	125	2 381	16	1 459	1 018	1 927	3 754	257
Negro	2	8	486	37	5	1	—	22	—	4	10	430	213	74
Percent Negro	0.1	0.3	23.2	63.8	0.1	—	—	0.9	—	0.3	1.0	18.2	5.3	22.2
AGE BY SEX														
Male, all ages														
Under 5 years	993	1 130	1 167	54	1 783	1 144	58	1 185	9	727	509	1 184	2 096	155
3 and 4 years	92	127	15	—	157	132	7	140	1	88	67	123	173	12
5 to 9 years	38	37	10	—	65	57	3	49	1	40	25	59	53	3
5 years	109	109	103	—	184	163	5	137	1	103	73	149	130	22
6 years	14	27	10	—	31	31	—	21	—	15	13	30	28	4
10 to 14 years	22	23	12	—	35	33	2	31	1	26	14	27	23	4
14 years	133	92	211	2	190	136	4	137	—	79	37	137	114	18
15 to 19 years	33	20	55	1	33	24	1	21	—	21	10	28	22	2
15 years	106	71	258	2	133	104	8	98	1	76	33	95	151	13
16 years	30	19	48	—	39	27	1	23	—	19	5	31	25	3
17 years	31	11	51	2	25	31	2	21	1	16	8	13	27	2
18 years	20	12	52	—	27	22	—	19	—	19	7	15	26	3
19 years	15	14	58	—	16	18	3	22	—	14	5	18	30	2
20 to 24 years	10	15	49	—	26	6	2	13	—	8	8	18	43	3
20 years	54	210	222	15	284	48	3	141	—	21	29	88	663	6
21 years	15	30	47	2	33	15	1	26	—	5	6	14	117	2
22 years	8	42	46	1	48	8	—	29	—	2	4	11	163	2
25 to 34 years	126	239	208	16	302	179	13	211	1	123	145	205	408	18
35 to 44 years	166	95	78	13	233	179	8	142	—	132	57	139	125	22
45 to 54 years	137	96	42	5	170	127	5	77	3	69	39	105	145	19
55 to 59 years	29	26	17	—	54	33	2	34	—	13	15	45	43	10
60 to 64 years	28	18	11	1	29	14	—	26	1	13	7	37	35	6
65 to 74 years	9	28	2	—	26	21	2	28	1	8	4	43	60	6
75 years and over	4	19	—	—	21	8	1	14	—	2	3	18	49	3
Female, all ages														
Under 5 years	1 034	1 183	928	4	1 732	1 193	67	1 222	7	748	527	1 174	1 892	179
3 and 4 years	76	162	6	—	130	125	7	135	1	79	66	138	138	9
5 to 9 years	33	58	4	—	55	49	4	51	1	43	18	56	43	5
5 years	112	115	64	—	169	131	12	128	1	109	74	144	94	33
6 years	16	21	9	—	26	27	6	27	—	19	18	34	18	3
10 to 14 years	28	27	13	—	25	25	2	28	—	24	16	27	23	9
14 years	124	81	172	2	165	128	6	145	—	74	47	137	110	25
15 to 19 years	24	12	38	2	28	20	—	31	—	15	13	27	27	2
15 years	108	64	168	—	128	106	5	132	—	59	25	96	154	16
16 years	30	10	39	—	27	21	—	27	—	15	11	19	13	3
17 years	29	13	26	—	32	22	1	28	—	15	3	29	23	5
18 years	24	11	33	—	24	25	—	26	—	14	4	17	27	3
19 years	17	16	32	—	28	19	—	23	—	9	2	19	31	—
20 to 24 years	8	14	38	—	17	19	—	28	—	6	5	12	60	—
20 years	59	220	144	—	260	59	6	151	1	19	39	85	528	9
21 years	10	41	25	—	38	13	2	21	—	4	6	15	84	2
22 years	8	44	40	—	40	12	1	29	—	3	3	15	121	2
25 to 34 years	143	229	195	1	295	232	12	202	—	154	149	187	321	20
35 to 44 years	182	97	79	—	237	183	6	132	2	131	58	144	136	25
45 to 54 years	143	97	53	—	187	137	5	97	—	86	39	88	144	21
55 to 59 years	27	30	26	—	52	35	1	23	—	11	14	45	55	7
60 to 64 years	26	30	13	1	37	17	—	35	2	11	3	50	40	5
65 to 74 years	24	46	7	—	40	19	5	29	—	7	5	49	76	5
75 years and over	10	12	1	—	32	21	2	13	—	8	8	11	94	4
RELATIONSHIP TO HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD														
All persons	2 027	2 313	2 095	58	3 515	2 337	125	2 407	16	1 475	1 036	2 358	3 988	334
In households	2 027	2 302	137	4	3 513	2 326	125	2 407	16	1 475	1 033	2 281	3 837	334
Head of household	565	779	51	2	1 149	645	40	710	5	396	305	647	1 562	87
Head of family	523	642	36	2	905	608	33	616	4	379	287	570	1 084	80
Primary individual	42	137	15	—	244	37	7	94	1	17	18	77	478	7
Wife of head	483	577	30	2	824	555	30	558	4	353	276	510	960	75
Other relative of head	955	881	55	—	1 332	1 108	55	1 104	7	718	442	1 100	1 083	170
Not related to head	24	65	1	—	208	18	—	35	—	8	10	24	232	2
In group quarters	—	11	1 958	54	2	11	—	—	—	—	3	77	151	—
Persons per household	3.59	2.96	2.69	...	3.06	3.61	3.13	3.39	3.20	3.72	3.39	3.53	2.46	3.84
TYPE OF FAMILY AND NUMBER OF OWN CHILDREN														
All families	523	642	36	2	905	608	33	616	4	379	287	570	1 084	80
With own children under 18 years	365	374	27	—	553	441	22	414	2	286	193	374	466	52
Number of children	779	722	48	—	1 123	935	41	915	3	619	393	889	846	122
Husband-wife families	483	577	30	2	824	555	30	558	4	353	276	510	960	75
With own children under 18 years	336	330	22	—	497	408	21	376	2	268	184	339	400	49
Number of children	720	651	41	—	1 032	877	37	842	3	576	376	818	719	115
Percent of total under 18 years	88.9	85.4	5.0	—	88.3	91.1	82.2	87.2	60.0	91.4	93.5	85.9	79.9	83.3
Families with other male head	3	8	—	—	9	3	2	9	—	1	3	12	35	—
With own children under 18 years	1	5	—	—	4	2	—	3	—	1	2	6	11	—
Number of children	2	7	—	—	6	2	—	5	—	4	5	13	15	—
Families with female head	37	57	6	—	72	50	1	49	—	25	8	48	89	5
With own children under 18 years	28	39	5	—	52	31	1	35	—	17	7	29	55	3
Number of children	57	64	7	—	85	56	4	68	—	39	12	58	112	7
Percent of total under 18 years	7.0	8.4	0.9	—	7.3	5.8	8.9	7.0	—	6.2	3.0	6.1	12.4	5.1
Persons under 18 years	810	762	820	6	1 169	963	45	966	5	630	402	952	900	138
MARITAL STATUS														
Male, 14 years old and over														
Single	492	822	893	53	1 285	737	43	792	7	478	342	803	1 701	103
Married	191	207	855	34	402	167	8	174	2	112	57	205	615	21
Separated	488	594	35	18	845	563	33	576	5	363	283	564	1 004	80
Widowed	—	3	—	—	10	1	2	5	—	1	2	12	16	3
Divorced	7	6	2	—	14	5	—	15	—	2	—	9	34	3
Divorced	6	15	1	1	24	2	2	27	—	1	2	25	48	1
Female, 14 years old and over														
Single	746	837	724	4	1 296	829	42	845	5	501	353	782	1 577	114
Married	183	122	671	2	297	173	3	158	—	94	50	141	311	25
Separated	495	606	36	2	851	569	31	585	5	368	281	540	1 024	79
Widowed	4	11	2	—	7	2	—	3	—	3	1	10	22	2
Divorced	43	59	10	—	82	43	—	54	—	28	12	68	166	9
Divorced	25	50	7	—	66	44	4	48	—	11	10	33	76	2

Table P-1. General Characteristics of the Population: 1970—Continued

(For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text)

Census Tracts	Balance of Alachua County—Con.						Totals for split tracts							
	Tract 0017	Tract 0018	Tract 0019	Tract 0020	Tract 0021	Tract 0022	Tract 0006	Tract 0007	Tract 0008	Tract 0011	Tract 0012	Tract 0014	Tract 0016	Tract 0017
RACE														
All persons	2 397	9 079	3 814	3 628	1 971	7 626	4 141	8 404	4 644	3 502	3 349	2 416	3 849	4 734
White	2 200	5 736	2 697	2 441	1 346	5 260	1 031	3 474	4 553	3 475	3 321	1 948	3 742	4 523
Negro	168	3 338	1 111	1 180	618	2 354	3 105	4 922	42	6	18	467	79	169
Percent Negro	7.0	36.8	29.1	32.5	31.4	30.9	75.0	58.6	0.9	0.2	0.5	19.3	2.1	3.6
AGE BY SEX														
Male, all ages														
Under 5 years	1 190	4 396	1 910	1 797	940	3 689	1 908	4 032	2 515	1 720	1 639	1 238	1 938	2 334
3 and 4 years	111	438	196	165	74	354	240	496	70	180	194	123	169	243
5 to 9 years	44	177	76	69	30	134	106	204	21	78	62	59	68	107
5 years	156	501	204	196	78	411	285	565	39	212	182	149	206	319
6 years	34	68	43	36	20	78	48	103	5	29	40	30	35	65
10 to 14 years	33	94	31	43	24	70	56	120	12	48	37	27	39	66
14 years	180	567	246	236	95	412	276	532	48	212	129	139	208	316
15 to 19 years	37	99	39	49	22	75	52	80	11	54	30	29	35	61
15 years	113	423	192	192	101	389	178	404	147	182	104	97	146	217
16 years	30	87	35	58	25	103	27	101	10	49	24	31	42	57
17 years	41	99	46	41	24	79	43	72	8	47	19	15	27	72
18 years	17	91	44	35	22	77	45	88	13	39	19	15	30	39
19 years	14	84	33	27	14	56	32	82	20	29	19	18	18	32
20 to 24 years	11	62	36	31	16	74	31	61	96	18	23	18	29	17
20 years	52	209	124	98	59	325	163	369	1 479	75	239	103	290	100
21 years	11	68	24	19	13	45	27	88	329	20	36	16	35	26
22 years	12	56	25	18	9	66	38	76	475	10	46	12	50	20
25 to 34 years	195	508	198	202	109	501	225	538	450	249	384	221	320	374
35 to 44 years	175	441	207	170	94	360	160	387	83	298	152	152	255	354
45 to 54 years	120	434	153	156	122	360	159	315	74	206	135	110	189	247
55 to 59 years	45	221	83	88	63	191	52	117	31	42	41	45	64	78
60 to 64 years	14	199	102	88	41	152	54	125	39	41	25	38	35	28
65 to 74 years	20	249	141	137	69	154	81	137	36	17	32	43	32	41
75 years and over	9	126	62	69	35	80	35	47	19	6	22	18	24	17
Female, all ages														
Under 5 years	1 207	4 663	1 904	1 831	1 031	3 937	2 233	4 372	2 129	1 782	1 710	1 178	1 911	2 400
3 and 4 years	128	440	155	148	79	383	247	493	93	155	228	138	139	253
5 to 9 years	54	171	76	61	26	157	91	199	28	76	76	56	60	103
5 years	155	487	208	193	95	435	275	514	55	221	189	144	202	284
6 years	28	90	30	37	12	82	51	111	12	35	39	34	29	55
10 to 14 years	23	103	41	33	22	77	55	116	8	52	43	27	34	48
14 years	160	527	206	206	120	404	244	538	34	198	128	139	190	288
15 to 19 years	27	106	47	50	13	89	52	111	5	39	25	29	38	47
15 years	86	450	142	149	88	387	221	465	173	167	89	96	144	192
16 years	18	118	23	33	18	77	51	99	7	45	21	19	30	39
17 years	27	95	24	43	23	99	55	90	9	44	16	29	37	49
18 years	18	82	35	33	18	76	36	104	14	38	15	17	27	43
19 years	12	87	27	23	16	59	38	76	39	26	18	19	33	31
20 to 24 years	11	68	33	17	13	76	41	96	104	14	19	12	17	30
20 years	73	354	149	126	78	409	233	430	1 196	78	259	85	269	132
21 years	13	69	30	27	15	68	48	75	307	14	47	15	40	26
22 years	18	75	36	23	21	93	51	82	384	11	47	15	41	30
25 to 34 years	218	524	222	187	112	489	300	622	279	297	378	188	315	450
35 to 44 years	188	482	201	172	103	416	222	444	81	313	155	144	262	371
45 to 54 years	128	504	191	219	137	372	189	392	75	229	186	88	208	265
55 to 59 years	29	216	112	103	67	177	68	135	32	38	44	45	59	64
60 to 64 years	13	217	93	85	43	153	91	123	41	37	33	51	42	30
65 to 74 years	24	292	133	147	67	194	91	150	29	31	51	49	45	43
75 years and over	5	190	92	96	42	116	52	66	41	18	20	11	36	26
RELATIONSHIP TO HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD														
All persons	2 397	9 079	3 814	3 628	1 971	7 626	4 141	8 404	4 644	3 502	3 349	2 416	3 849	4 734
In households	2 397	9 079	3 814	3 628	1 971	7 626	4 141	8 404	4 644	3 502	3 349	2 416	3 849	4 734
Head of household	637	2 668	1 191	1 103	633	2 354	1 186	2 273	1 752	961	1 084	649	1 236	1 282
Head of family	607	2 197	974	888	515	1 924	974	1 934	703	902	929	572	985	1 215
Primary individual	30	471	217	215	118	430	212	339	1 049	59	155	77	251	67
Wife of head	566	1 796	828	715	456	1 636	670	1 426	633	836	853	512	899	1 121
Other relative of head	1 169	4 506	1 743	1 719	855	3 523	2 199	4 435	495	1 673	1 323	1 100	1 502	2 277
Not related to head	25	104	45	65	27	85	73	172	1 649	32	75	24	210	43
In group quarters	—	5	7	26	—	28	13	98	115	—	14	131	2	11
Persons per household	3.76	3.40	3.20	3.27	3.11	3.23	3.48	3.65	2.59	3.64	3.08	3.52	3.11	3.68
TYPE OF FAMILY AND NUMBER OF OWN CHILDREN														
All families	607	2 197	974	888	515	1 924	974	1 934	703	902	929	572	985	1 215
With own children under 18 years	441	1 262	526	454	263	1 081	599	1 276	220	451	567	374	605	882
Number of children	1 011	3 056	1 253	1 156	600	2 539	1 554	3 241	371	1 398	1 115	889	1 245	1 946
Husband-wife families	566	1 796	828	715	456	1 636	670	1 426	633	836	853	512	899	1 121
With own children under 18 years	416	1 068	448	374	237	931	398	928	197	604	514	339	546	824
Number of children	954	2 551	1 070	930	530	2 194	991	2 312	327	1 296	1 027	818	1 147	1 831
Percent of total under 18 years	91.6	72.2	75.2	67.1	79.0	75.4	54.3	62.6	81.8	90.0	88.2	85.4	87.8	91.4
Families with other male head	5	90	34	26	13	65	29	55	20	4	11	12	9	8
With own children under 18 years	4	36	13	9	6	32	9	30	2	2	7	6	4	6
Number of children	7	97	31	31	14	69	18	69	4	6	12	13	6	9
Families with female head	36	311	112	147	46	223	275	453	50	62	65	48	77	86
With own children under 18 years	21	158	65	71	20	118	192	318	21	45	46	29	55	52
Number of children	50	408	152	195	56	276	545	660	40	96	76	58	92	106
Percent of total under 18 years	4.8	11.6	10.7	14.1	8.3	9.5	29.9	23.3	10.0	6.7	6.5	6.1	7.0	5.3
Persons under 18 years	1 041	3 532	1 422	1 387	671	2 910	1 824	3 692	400	1 440	1 164	958	1 307	2 004
MARITAL STATUS														
Male, 14 years old and over														
Single	780	2 989	1 303	1 249	715	2 587	1 159	2 519	2 369	1 170	1 144	856	1 390	1 517
Married	189	812	334	365	186	658	344	736	1 610	303	264	239	423	356
Separated	579	1 985	882	802	479	1 795	739	1 603	679	851	877	582	925	1 142
Widowed	3	89	19	52	13	81	41	85	19	1	5	12	13	4
Divorced	6	109	49	43	25	67	30	92	16	9	6	9	17	11
Female, 14 years old and over	791	3 335	1 382	1 334	750	2 804	1 519	2 938	1 952	1 247	1 190	786	1 410	1 620
Single	159	688												

Table P-2. Social Characteristics of the Population: 1970

[Data based on sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

Census Tracts

	Alachua County			Gainesville									
	Total	Gainesville	Balance	Tract 0001	Tract 0002	Tract 0003	Tract 0004	Tract 0005	Tract 0006	Tract 0007	Tract 0008	Tract 0009	Tract 0010
NATIVITY, PARENTAGE, & COUNTRY OF ORIGIN													
All persons	104 766	64 510	40 254	484	6 136	5 951	5 571	5 049	4 016	5 997	4 628	8 535	5 809
Native of native parentage	97 270	58 690	38 580	474	5 747	5 488	5 101	4 592	3 955	5 938	3 908	7 477	4 963
Native of foreign or mixed parentage	4 660	3 412	1 248	10	195	319	223	338	33	53	343	482	530
Foreign born	2 834	2 408	426	-	194	144	247	119	28	6	377	576	316
Foreign stock	7 494	5 820	1 674	10	389	463	470	457	61	59	720	1 058	846
United Kingdom	812	549	263	-	35	38	48	41	18	-	49	65	78
Ireland (Eire)	59	52	7	-	-	-	-	10	-	-	19	7	11
Sweden	76	56	20	-	-	-	-	8	-	-	14	13	16
Germany	897	692	205	-	33	150	52	20	-	-	74	14	55
Poland	179	128	51	-	5	12	-	22	-	-	13	12	25
Czechoslovakia	64	41	23	-	21	7	-	-	-	-	-	7	6
Austria	213	138	75	-	-	17	15	18	-	16	21	23	15
Hungary	137	69	68	-	-	7	15	7	-	-	7	-	18
U.S.S.R.	188	168	20	10	5	7	-	9	-	-	46	19	25
Italy	230	152	78	-	15	25	14	41	-	5	-	19	12
Canada	924	708	214	-	17	40	100	37	6	14	107	98	95
Mexico	107	99	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17	27	42
Cuba	762	714	48	-	44	30	105	77	-	-	87	184	100
Other America	620	590	30	-	45	26	61	29	37	-	81	211	13
All other and not reported	2 226	1 664	562	-	169	104	60	138	-	24	185	359	335
Persons of Spanish language ¹	2 559	2 170	389	-	181	142	267	157	70	75	311	463	187
Other persons of Spanish surname ¹	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Persons of Spanish mother tongue	1 962	1 753	209	-	152	114	230	131	16	40	255	384	165
Persons of Puerto Rican birth or parentage	226	199	27	-	14	44	25	-	-	-	45	12	7
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT													
Enrolled persons, 3 to 34 years old	42 140	28 664	13 494	102	3 005	1 936	2 233	1 794	1 282	2 145	2 757	6 824	2 457
Nursery school	979	729	250	6	29	82	88	36	28	72	64	60	80
Public	220	174	46	6	15	19	14	-	17	47	15	7	-
Kindergarten	1 821	1 012	809	-	56	76	141	-	126	185	17	46	82
Public	1 646	903	743	-	51	64	135	-	81	117	179	-	49
Elementary	14 542	7 490	7 052	33	523	612	1 101	567	754	1 181	116	170	618
Public	14 000	7 187	6 813	33	516	612	1 023	535	754	1 146	105	164	581
High school	6 378	3 448	2 930	-	252	406	435	321	271	583	103	78	301
Public	6 185	3 317	2 868	-	245	406	418	321	271	583	94	78	258
College	18 440	15 985	2 455	63	2 145	760	468	789	103	124	2 457	6 470	1 376
Percent enrolled in school by age:													
16 and 17 years	85.4	82.6	89.1	-	90.8	99.9	83.2	93.5	85.1	83.7	77.6	99.9	72.4
18 and 19 years	77.6	81.7	57.9	...	78.8	70.8	82.6	83.2	12.7	46.2	83.4	91.0	66.8
20 and 21 years	71.5	77.2	47.3	-	89.3	60.7	42.1	64.2	19.8	11.5	86.2	89.8	74.6
22 to 24 years	46.7	52.6	30.2	39.0	72.0	38.8	34.1	43.7	16.3	8.7	62.6	72.7	75.2
25 to 34 years	23.0	28.3	14.3	42.6	35.9	21.2	26.5	30.2	6.8	8.4	44.3	65.1	35.1
Percent 16 to 21 years not high school graduates and not enrolled in school	9.6	8.6	12.9	46.6	6.1	7.6	1.6	4.7	30.2	25.7	1.9	3.6	2.2
YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED													
Persons, 25 years old and over	46 861	26 857	20 004	276	2 539	3 295	2 703	2 751	1 698	2 494	1 348	959	2 927
No school years completed	1 282	885	397	16	118	24	10	35	71	89	12	11	-
Elementary:	2 509	1 086	1 423	22	251	64	13	44	236	318	-	-	5
1 to 4 years	4 496	1 901	2 595	32	306	287	34	220	388	394	29	12	38
5 to 7 years	3 134	1 362	1 772	42	218	264	157	167	105	215	30	6	17
8 years	7 404	3 684	3 720	24	503	569	389	485	420	668	61	10	110
High school:	11 494	6 131	5 363	55	386	955	1 140	819	299	495	174	91	465
1 to 3 years	5 726	3 728	1 998	21	206	453	396	438	68	140	234	273	636
4 years	10 816	8 080	2 736	64	551	679	564	543	111	175	808	556	1 656
College:	12.4	12.7	12.0	12.0	11.2	12.5	12.7	12.5	9.4	10.0	16.6	16.4	16.4
4 years or more	10 816	8 080	2 736	64	551	679	564	543	111	175	808	556	1 656
Percent high school graduates	59.8	66.8	50.5	50.7	45.0	63.3	77.7	65.4	28.2	32.5	90.2	95.9	94.2
CHILDREN EVER BORN													
Women, 35 to 44 years old ever married	4 600	2 532	2 068	-	156	240	412	194	199	349	62	19	229
Children ever born	14 490	7 688	6 802	-	585	721	1 186	583	707	1 409	153	38	556
Per 1,000 women ever married	3 150	3 036	3 289	-	3 750	3 004	2 879	3 005	3 553	4 037	2 468	...	2 428
RESIDENCE IN 1965													
Persons, 5 years old and over, 1970 ²	95 827	59 464	36 363	451	5 798	5 523	4 971	4 712	3 496	5 264	4 451	7 986	5 510
Same house as in 1970	36 507	19 712	16 795	224	1 993	2 323	2 013	2 014	1 580	2 209	404	296	1 907
Different house:													
In central city of this SMSA	13 215	9 091	4 124	93	937	719	745	846	1 088	1 823	287	224	643
In other part of this SMSA	6 697	1 447	5 250	15	131	115	172	207	100	267	97	41	54
Outside this SMSA	29 889	21 695	8 194	113	2 330	1 732	1 569	1 364	527	599	3 027	4 386	2 116
North and West	7 027	4 854	2 173	38	295	325	478	323	33	53	750	637	582
South	22 862	16 841	6 021	75	2 035	1 407	1 091	1 041	494	546	2 277	3 749	1 534
Abroad	2 120	1 771	349	-	155	141	264	89	23	69	245	380	127
MEANS OF TRANSPORTATION AND PLACE OF WORK													
All workers	39 008	23 588	15 420	209	2 335	2 822	2 225	2 230	1 530	2 025	1 736	1 733	2 474
Private auto: Driver	28 457	16 947	11 510	129	1 150	2 354	1 860	1 707	874	1 243	1 309	767	1 914
Passenger	4 956	2 935	2 021	31	429	270	208	338	471	387	226	139	111
Bus or streetcar	650	612	38	14	69	-	26	11	121	251	-	97	12
Subway, elevated train, or railroad	6	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Walked to work	2 315	1 746	569	-	458	108	34	48	39	107	91	575	204
Worked at home	1 033	481	552	21	92	29	9	38	-	-	58	66	73
Other	1 591	867	724	14	137	61	88	88	25	37	52	89	160
Inside SMSA:													
Gainesville city	33 596	20 212	13 384	175	2 071	2 100	2 050	2 065	1 350	1 761	1 348	1 349	2 133
Remainder of Alachua County	28 430	19 170	9 260	170	1 955	2 021	1 891	1 978	1 222	1 654	1 313	1 316	2 050
Outside SMSA	5 166	1 042	4 124	5	116	79	159	87	128	107	35	33	83
Place of work not reported	1 960	1 102	858	24	93	75	63	84	28	43	190	81	156
	3 452	2 274	1 178	10	171	647	112	81	152	221	198	303	185

¹See text for definition. ²Includes "Moved, 1965 residence not reported."

Table P-2. Social Characteristics of the Population: 1970—Continued

(Data based on sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text)

Census Tracts	Gainesville—Con.						Balance of Alachua County							
	Tract 0011	Tract 0012	Tract 0013	Tract 0014	Tract 0016	Tract 0017	Tract 0006	Tract 0007	Tract 0008	Tract 0011	Tract 0012	Tract 0014	Tract 0015	Tract 0016
NATIVITY, PARENTAGE, & COUNTRY OF ORIGIN														
All persons	1 920	2 420	2 088	54	3 520	2 332	117	2 343	7	1 541	968	2 430	3 997	322
Native of native parentage	1 655	2 329	2 075	54	2 921	2 013	109	2 267	...	1 462	932	2 381	3 633	313
Native of foreign or mixed parentage	184	82	13	—	401	206	—	47	...	60	12	37	287	9
Foreign born	81	9	—	—	198	113	8	29	...	19	24	12	77	—
Foreign stock	265	91	13	—	599	319	8	76	...	79	36	49	364	9
United Kingdom	89	15	—	—	50	23	—	13	...	22	5	—	53	—
Ireland (Eire)	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...	—	—	—	—	—
Sweden	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...	—	—	—	—	—
Germany	12	15	—	—	196	71	—	7	...	6	6	—	41	—
Poland	15	6	—	—	11	7	—	—	...	5	—	—	9	—
Czechoslovakia	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...	—	—	—	—	—
Austria	5	—	—	—	8	—	—	4	...	—	—	—	—	—
Hungary	6	9	—	—	—	—	—	—	...	—	—	—	19	—
U.S.S.R.	17	—	—	—	16	14	—	—	...	—	—	8	7	—
Italy	7	—	—	—	—	14	—	—	...	—	6	7	14	9
Canada	29	7	—	—	104	54	—	20	...	6	13	6	23	—
Mexico	7	—	—	—	6	—	—	8	...	—	—	—	—	—
Cuba	—	17	7	—	14	49	—	14	...	—	—	—	19	—
Other America	—	—	—	—	77	10	—	—	...	—	—	—	17	—
All other and not reported	68	22	6	—	117	77	—	14	...	40	6	28	162	—
Persons of Spanish language ¹	17	40	7	—	173	80	—	29	...	55	15	—	65	—
Other persons of Spanish surname ¹	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...	—	—	—	—	—
Persons of Spanish mother tongue	17	17	7	—	150	75	—	21	...	11	5	—	45	—
Persons of Puerto Rican birth or parentage	—	8	—	—	36	8	—	—	...	—	—	—	—	—
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT														
Enrolled persons, 3 to 34 years old	770	893	35	7	1 572	852	31	621	...	674	300	779	1 841	131
Nursery school	41	27	7	—	47	62	—	7	...	34	31	—	34	—
Public	5	13	7	—	9	—	—	—	...	—	—	—	8	—
Kindergarten	59	48	4	—	68	23	—	49	...	58	30	74	56	—
Public	59	31	—	—	61	23	—	43	...	51	30	67	28	—
Elementary	336	354	8	—	698	419	27	334	...	315	147	483	379	91
Public	306	354	8	—	637	413	27	334	...	303	147	483	354	83
High school	206	111	16	7	204	154	—	103	...	132	80	148	177	8
Public	178	111	16	7	187	144	—	103	...	132	80	148	151	8
College	128	353	—	—	555	194	4	128	...	135	12	74	1 195	32
Percent enrolled in school by age:														
14 and 17 years	82.4	99.9	5.5	—	99.9	93.4	—	73.7	...	99.9	99.9	69.2	79.8	...
18 and 19 years	99.9	...	—	—	97.1	99.9	—	70.2	...	99.9	—	82.4	67.9	...
20 and 21 years	55.9	59.5	—	—	74.5	94.1	—	42.0	...	86.5	—	7.3	71.0	...
22 to 24 years	81.3	38.6	—	—	43.3	33.3	—	3.1	...	41.2	—	5.9	64.7	...
25 to 34 years	25.8	26.1	—	—	26.5	13.3	16.0	7.0	...	19.5	4.1	13.4	44.4	—
Percent 16 to 21 years not high school graduates and not enrolled in school	5.2	3.7	97.0	—	4.0	—	—	22.2	...	—	—	17.0	2.9	—
YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED														
Persons, 25 years old and over	1 026	1 114	766	20	1 698	1 243	55	982	...	728	529	1 250	1 726	157
No school years completed	12	12	475	—	—	—	—	10	...	4	—	18	43	7
Elementary:														
1 to 4 years	—	32	90	5	—	6	—	22	...	—	—	84	56	—
5 to 7 years	—	50	70	—	18	23	—	97	...	—	19	142	105	15
8 years	10	71	5	—	24	31	—	102	...	16	15	155	74	7
High school:														
1 to 3 years	92	137	44	5	54	113	—	165	...	59	41	335	187	17
4 years	177	352	57	5	369	292	45	392	...	239	170	333	345	15
College:														
1 to 3 years	215	132	—	5	329	182	—	155	...	159	96	107	356	25
4 years or more	520	328	25	—	904	596	10	39	...	251	188	76	560	71
Median school years completed	16.0	12.7	0.8	...	16.2	15.6	12.6	12.2	...	13.9	13.6	11.0	13.4	15.1
Percent high school graduates	88.9	72.9	10.7	...	94.3	86.1	100.0	59.7	...	89.1	85.8	41.3	73.1	70.7
CHILDREN EVER BORN														
Women, 35 to 44 years old ever married	192	84	17	—	224	155	—	122	...	132	43	132	127	22
Children ever born	477	253	47	—	610	363	—	379	...	333	54	457	399	66
Per 1,000 women ever married	2 484	3 012	...	—	2 723	2 342	—	3 107	...	2 523	1 256	3 462	3 142	...
RESIDENCE IN 1965														
Persons, 5 years old and over, 1970 ²	1 746	2 133	2 060	54	3 251	2 058	99	2 085	...	1 370	820	2 161	3 694	296
Same house as in 1970	299	737	1 778	—	973	962	41	831	...	411	91	1 052	808	179
Different house:														
In central city of this SMSA	515	431	78	15	420	227	—	596	...	267	191	441	497	24
In other part of this SMSA	80	98	38	6	6	20	—	216	...	74	14	231	227	6
Outside this SMSA	807	775	83	19	1 437	811	52	337	...	589	494	397	1 920	79
North and West	282	152	11	—	542	353	52	98	...	199	151	66	475	41
South	525	623	72	19	895	458	—	239	...	390	343	331	1 445	38
Abroad	20	16	—	—	237	5	—	—	...	14	24	12	51	—
MEANS OF TRANSPORTATION AND PLACE OF WORK														
All workers	781	1 036	115	—	1 348	989	36	991	...	626	374	945	1 738	97
Private auto, Driver	701	850	71	—	1 155	863	25	846	...	534	334	762	1 309	66
Passenger	34	113	8	—	110	60	—	81	...	51	28	128	255	—
Bus or streetcar	—	5	—	—	6	—	—	—	...	—	—	—	—	—
Subway, elevated train, or railroad	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...	—	—	—	—	—
Walked to work	11	12	20	—	32	7	—	6	...	—	—	—	31	—
Worked at home	6	30	9	—	25	25	—	6	...	5	6	22	35	9
Other	29	26	7	—	20	34	11	52	...	36	6	33	108	22
Inside SMSA	722	947	115	—	1 182	844	36	870	...	543	356	795	1 544	97
Gainesville city	677	883	115	—	1 147	778	36	828	...	527	344	696	1 446	97
Remainder of Alachua County	45	64	—	—	35	66	—	42	...	16	12	99	98	—
Outside SMSA	53	60	—	—	119	33	—	34	...	50	6	61	132	—
Place of work not reported	6	29	—	—	47	112	—	87	...	33	12	89	62	—

¹See text for definition. ²Includes "Moved, 1965 residence not reported."

Table P-2. Social Characteristics of the Population: 1970—Continued

[Data based on sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

Census Tracts	Balance of Alachua County—Con.						Totals for split tracts							
	Tract 0017	Tract 0018	Tract 0019	Tract 0020	Tract 0021	Tract 0022	Tract 0006	Tract 0007	Tract 0008	Tract 0011	Tract 0012	Tract 0014	Tract 0016	Tract 0017
NATIVITY, PARENTAGE, & COUNTRY OF ORIGIN														
All persons	2 409	9 079	3 814	3 628	1 973	7 626	4 133	8 340	4 635	3 461	3 388	2 484	3 842	4 741
Native of native parentage	2 119	8 840	3 648	3 540	1 939	7 390	4 064	8 205	3 915	3 117	3 261	2 435	3 234	4 132
Native of foreign or mixed parentage	222	156	124	88	22	184	33	100	343	244	94	37	410	428
Foreign born	68	83	42	—	12	52	36	35	377	100	33	12	198	181
Foreign stock	290	239	166	88	34	236	69	135	720	344	127	49	608	609
United Kingdom	104	7	7	6	6	40	18	13	49	111	20	—	50	127
Ireland (Eire)	—	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	19	5	—	—	—	—
Sweden	—	10	—	5	5	—	—	—	14	5	—	—	—	—
Germany	6	101	—	13	6	19	—	7	74	18	21	—	196	77
Poland	9	—	12	—	—	16	—	—	13	20	6	—	11	16
Czechoslovakia	—	—	—	15	—	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Austria	10	40	13	—	—	8	4	16	21	5	—	—	8	10
Hungary	13	—	—	—	—	36	—	—	7	6	9	—	—	13
U.S.S.R.	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	46	17	—	8	16	19
Italy	5	19	18	—	—	—	—	5	—	7	6	7	9	19
Canada	42	12	20	37	6	31	6	34	107	35	20	6	104	96
Mexico	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	17	7	—	—	6	—
Cuba	—	—	—	—	—	15	—	14	87	—	17	—	14	49
Other America	—	—	—	—	—	9	41	—	81	—	—	—	77	10
All other and not reported	96	50	89	12	11	54	—	38	185	108	28	28	117	173
Persons of Spanish language ¹	101	41	17	51	—	15	70	104	311	72	55	—	173	181
Other persons of Spanish surname ¹	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Persons of Spanish mother tongue	55	14	17	26	—	15	16	61	255	28	22	—	150	130
Persons of Puerto Rican birth or parentage	21	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	45	—	8	—	36	29
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT														
Enrolled persons, 3 to 34 years old	1 033	2 778	1 171	1 135	491	2 511	1 313	2 766	2 757	1 444	1 193	786	1 703	1 845
Nursery school	54	6	18	17	15	34	28	79	64	75	58	—	47	116
Public	15	6	6	11	—	—	17	47	15	5	13	—	9	15
Kindergarten	57	178	35	67	45	160	126	234	17	117	78	74	68	80
Public	57	172	35	63	45	152	117	222	—	110	61	67	61	80
Elementary	544	1 703	693	661	282	1 393	781	1 515	116	651	501	483	789	943
Public	538	1 599	672	661	259	1 353	781	1 480	105	609	501	483	720	951
High school	247	724	319	322	92	578	271	686	103	338	191	155	212	401
Public	241	715	319	318	92	561	271	686	94	310	191	155	195	385
College	131	167	106	68	57	346	107	252	2 457	283	365	74	587	325
Percent enrolled in school by age:														
16 and 17 years	99.9	87.4	96.1	99.9	92.3	70.8	85.1	82.0	77.6	90.0	99.9	69.2	99.9	99.9
18 and 19 years	84.3	59.5	34.8	66.7	—	40.5	12.2	52.5	83.4	99.9	38.6	82.4	99.9	97.6
20 and 21 years	75.0	12.3	46.3	37.8	36.6	38.6	19.0	24.3	86.2	66.7	50.2	7.3	76.2	84.3
22 to 24 years	64.3	13.9	24.8	6.9	13.7	25.9	15.8	6.6	62.6	56.6	32.1	4.8	43.2	43.9
25 to 34 years	17.4	5.0	6.5	8.4	7.0	13.4	7.3	7.9	44.3	22.5	18.0	13.3	24.7	15.5
Percent 16 to 21 years not high school graduates and not enrolled in school	6.1	15.9	9.2	10.7	19.3	23.9	29.5	24.7	1.9	3.0	2.6	17.0	3.7	3.2
YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED														
Persons, 25 years old and over	1 213	4 674	1 937	1 887	1 144	3 717	1 753	3 476	1 353	1 754	1 643	1 270	1 855	2 456
No school years completed	—	150	39	14	24	88	71	99	12	16	12	18	7	—
Elementary: 1 to 4 years	6	495	172	136	107	345	236	340	—	—	32	89	—	12
5 to 7 years	58	653	295	419	156	636	388	491	29	—	69	142	33	81
8 years	29	534	229	218	100	293	105	317	30	26	86	155	31	60
High school: 1 to 3 years	140	960	500	421	174	721	420	833	61	151	178	340	71	253
4 years	270	1 286	475	500	317	976	344	887	174	416	522	358	384	562
College: 1 to 3 years	177	300	110	89	117	302	68	295	239	374	228	112	354	359
4 years or more	533	296	117	90	149	356	121	214	808	771	516	76	975	1 129
Median school years completed	14.8	10.6	10.4	10.1	12.0	11.1	9.5	10.8	16.6	15.1	12.9	11.0	16.1	15.2
Percent high school graduates	80.8	40.3	36.2	36.0	51.0	44.0	30.4	40.2	90.2	89.0	77.1	41.4	92.3	83.5
CHILDREN EVER BORN														
Women, 35 to 44 years old ever married	205	425	215	163	108	374	199	471	62	324	127	132	244	360
Children ever born	554	1 525	817	704	300	1 214	707	1 788	153	810	307	457	676	917
Per 1,000 women ever married	2 702	3 588	3 800	4 319	2 778	3 246	3 553	3 796	2 468	2 500	2 417	3 462	2 748	2 547
RESIDENCE IN 1965														
Persons, 5 years old and over, 1970 ²	2 182	8 226	3 411	3 300	1 823	6 889	3 595	7 349	4 458	3 116	2 953	2 215	3 547	4 240
Some house as in 1970	677	4 700	1 938	1 944	757	3 359	1 621	3 040	411	710	828	1 052	1 152	1 639
Different house:														
In central city of this SMSA	467	423	235	136	248	599	1 088	2 419	287	782	622	456	444	694
In other part of this SMSA	131	1 697	412	528	194	1 514	106	483	97	154	112	237	12	151
Outside this SMSA	751	927	691	500	383	1 074	579	936	3 027	1 396	1 269	416	1 516	1 562
North and West	264	106	280	84	81	276	85	151	750	481	303	66	583	617
South	487	821	411	416	302	798	494	785	2 277	915	966	350	933	945
Abroad	64	57	19	—	58	50	23	69	245	34	40	12	237	69
MEANS OF TRANSPORTATION AND PLACE OF WORK														
All workers	879	3 442	1 359	1 081	867	2 978	1 566	3 016	1 743	1 407	1 410	945	1 445	1 868
Private auto: Driver	787	2 439	1 002	706	527	2 166	899	2 089	1 316	1 235	1 184	762	1 221	1 650
Passenger	30	405	225	221	180	417	471	468	226	85	141	128	110	90
Bus or streetcar	—	6	—	—	10	22	—	251	—	—	5	—	6	—
Subway, elevated train, or railroad	—	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Walked to work	9	241	49	47	64	122	39	113	91	11	12	—	32	16
Worked at home	11	177	25	59	67	130	—	6	58	11	36	22	34	36
Other	42	174	52	48	19	121	36	89	52	65	32	33	42	76
Inside SMSA	810	2 936	1 201	819	777	2 593	1 386	2 631	1 355	1 265	1 303	795	1 279	1 654
Gainesville city	685	923	971	428	552	1 720	1 258	2 482	1 320	1 204	1 227	696	1 244	1 463
Remainder of Alachua County	125	2 013	230	391	225	873	128	149	35	61	76	99	35	191
Outside SMSA	20	149	106	77	19	204	28	77	190	103	66	61	119	53
Place of work not reported	49	357	52	185	71	181	152	308	198	39	41	89	47	161

¹See text for definition. ²Includes "Moved, 1965 residence not reported."

Table P-3. Labor Force Characteristics of the Population: 1970

[Data based on sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

Census Tracts	Alachua County			Gainesville									
	Total	Gainesville	Balance	Tract 0001	Tract 0002	Tract 0003	Tract 0004	Tract 0005	Tract 0006	Tract 0007	Tract 0008	Tract 0009	Tract 0010
EMPLOYMENT STATUS													
<i>Male, 16 years old and over</i>													
Labor force	37 111	24 094	13 017	135	2 401	2 204	1 639	1 888	1 002	1 555	2 341	4 338	2 457
Percent of total	23 673	14 137	9 536	105	1 308	1 715	1 384	1 350	793	1 031	1 032	1 109	1 679
Civilian labor force	63.8	58.7	73.3	77.8	54.5	77.8	84.4	71.5	79.1	66.3	44.1	25.6	68.3
Employed	23 506	14 030	9 476	105	1 298	1 704	1 370	1 340	782	1 031	1 022	1 104	1 668
Unemployed	22 849	13 558	9 291	105	1 257	1 617	1 365	1 291	762	1 024	945	1 017	1 597
Percent of civilian labor force	657	472	185	-	41	87	5	49	20	7	77	87	71
Percent of total	2.8	3.4	2.0	-	3.2	5.1	0.4	3.7	2.6	0.7	7.5	7.9	4.3
Not in labor force	13 438	9 957	3 481	30	1 093	489	255	538	209	524	1 309	3 229	778
Inmate of institution	991	864	127	-	24	-	-	-	-	69	16	12	-
Enrolled in school	8 438	6 908	1 530	5	764	284	154	270	69	135	1 112	3 000	617
Other under 65 years	2 155	1 309	846	11	156	66	77	148	81	210	144	211	80
Other 65 years and over	1 854	876	978	14	149	139	24	120	59	110	37	6	81
<i>Male, 16 to 21 years old</i>													
Not enrolled in school	10 001	7 796	2 205	23	743	441	241	357	168	295	882	3 208	627
Not high school graduates	1 892	1 233	659	18	100	69	39	85	77	144	89	207	85
Unemployed or not in labor force	1 004	679	325	14	51	27	-	15	49	81	23	113	15
Unemployed or not in labor force	637	526	111	4	18	8	-	15	17	37	14	107	15
<i>Female, 16 years old and over</i>													
Labor force	38 262	24 473	13 789	237	2 706	2 472	1 860	2 100	1 395	1 949	1 932	3 415	2 164
Percent of total	17 552	11 095	6 457	97	1 245	1 356	949	1 047	737	1 108	940	926	945
Civilian labor force	45.9	43.3	48.8	40.9	46.0	54.9	51.0	49.9	52.8	56.8	48.7	27.1	43.7
Employed	17 544	11 087	6 457	97	1 245	1 352	949	1 047	737	1 108	940	926	941
Unemployed	16 790	10 582	6 208	97	1 129	1 309	909	1 036	711	1 041	912	815	931
Percent of civilian labor force	754	505	249	-	116	43	40	11	26	67	28	111	10
Percent of total	4.3	4.6	3.9	-	9.3	3.2	4.2	1.1	3.5	6.0	3.0	12.0	1.1
Not in labor force	20 710	13 378	7 332	140	1 461	1 116	911	1 053	658	841	992	2 489	1 219
Married women, husband present	20 419	11 471	8 948	83	654	1 463	1 321	1 110	632	916	638	863	1 302
In labor force	10 216	6 009	4 207	38	314	827	649	595	381	608	375	530	528
With own children under 6 years	6 284	3 515	2 769	8	161	341	494	252	227	333	129	455	311
In labor force	2 604	1 481	1 123	-	55	135	203	116	137	242	35	214	84
OCCUPATION													
<i>Total employed, 16 years old and over</i>													
Professional, technical, and kindred workers	10 065	7 415	2 650	64	507	768	564	466	173	248	944	606	1 226
Health workers	1 915	1 362	553	4	93	128	137	56	31	56	247	94	190
Teachers, elementary and secondary schools	1 549	1 085	464	18	73	115	76	51	64	113	131	72	146
Managers and administrators, except farm	3 374	1 950	1 424	22	58	254	311	233	32	56	92	21	281
Salaried	2 805	1 682	1 123	17	44	193	273	215	21	48	86	21	251
Self-employed in retail trade	333	132	201	-	3	50	16	9	5	5	-	-	5
Sales workers	2 828	1 789	1 039	4	76	337	290	244	48	61	167	71	151
Retail trade	1 866	1 152	714	-	70	245	205	155	38	44	83	49	78
Clerical and kindred workers	7 095	4 724	2 371	9	372	567	533	654	137	208	399	648	467
Craftsmen, foremen, and kindred workers	4 071	1 817	2 254	19	206	389	202	195	215	188	34	30	80
Construction craftsmen	1 631	684	947	16	132	118	34	67	138	67	5	10	20
Mechanics and repairmen	2 199	417	479	-	44	126	44	39	39	43	10	-	8
Operatives, except transport	2 199	1 036	1 163	27	112	150	102	121	120	206	38	16	48
Transport equipment operatives	1 162	499	663	6	99	69	6	42	66	79	14	41	40
Laborers, except farm	1 798	983	815	-	206	102	30	87	109	190	60	83	53
Farm workers	1 002	171	831	-	9	7	-	17	23	11	5	43	10
Service workers ¹	4 935	3 066	1 869	46	538	250	225	230	419	615	104	215	150
Cleaning and food service workers	2 505	1 628	877	21	364	93	74	51	279	396	41	136	75
Protective service workers	522	268	254	9	5	40	48	57	6	20	5	11	17
Personal and health service workers	1 537	946	591	16	157	96	69	107	120	165	41	32	30
Private household workers	1 110	690	420	5	203	33	11	38	131	203	-	38	22
<i>Female employed, 16 years old and over</i>													
Professional, technical, and kindred workers	3 986	2 869	1 117	23	254	342	192	169	99	128	412	163	396
Teachers, elementary and secondary schools	1 256	881	375	13	69	94	53	28	58	82	117	61	121
Managers and administrators, except farm	761	411	350	10	20	46	47	61	10	7	26	-	52
Sales workers	1 137	729	408	4	44	124	104	100	32	40	93	54	57
Clerical and kindred workers	5 521	3 607	1 914	5	226	479	430	508	101	163	301	479	314
Secretaries, stenographers, and typists	2 410	1 613	797	-	87	221	228	192	40	57	149	195	115
Operatives, including transport	1 035	405	630	9	70	73	17	36	43	94	10	5	23
Other blue-collar workers	343	202	141	9	33	47	9	19	11	34	5	6	14
Farm workers	156	18	138	-	-	-	-	-	6	7	-	5	-
Service workers, except private household	2 789	1 689	1 100	32	291	165	99	105	282	368	65	71	66
Private household workers	1 062	652	410	5	191	33	11	38	127	200	-	32	9
INDUSTRY													
<i>Total employed, 16 years old and over</i>													
Construction	2 694	1 230	1 464	10	223	206	110	128	181	123	26	21	54
Manufacturing	2 972	1 373	1 599	9	77	134	205	156	137	163	89	76	128
Durable goods	1 686	811	875	9	38	71	173	90	73	83	50	27	45
Transportation	618	170	448	-	20	27	5	27	10	28	5	11	5
Communications, utilities, and sanitary services	1 423	783	640	6	71	118	84	108	26	86	51	30	86
Wholesale trade	928	524	404	11	61	63	79	96	29	54	25	-	29
Retail trade	6 760	4 041	2 719	19	400	703	474	477	176	322	215	231	379
Finance, insurance, and real estate	1 538	961	577	14	32	125	129	142	17	27	89	17	120
Business and repair services	819	478	341	20	40	79	53	62	21	60	18	6	37
Personal services	2 298	1 396	902	10	311	164	47	111	202	309	23	102	59
Health services	3 585	2 545	1 040	31	261	202	247	150	241	277	308	152	188
Educational services	10 598	7 594	3 004	48	734	705	438	523	325	430	820	838	1 151
Other professional and related services	1 934	1 433	501	5	67	169	168	149	41	67	114	222	141
Public administration	882	1 129	753	19	38	185	194	150	28	78	46	52	106
Other industries	1 590	483	1 107	-	51	46	41	48	39	41	28	74	45
CLASS OF WORKER													
<i>Total employed, 16 years old and over</i>													
Private wage and salary workers	20 232	11 453	8 779	84	1 247	1 684	1 272	1 342	811	1 154	600	644	944
Government workers	17 000	11 561	5 439	95	1 054	1 051	923	855	607	856	1 201	1 176	1 384
Local government workers	4 122	2 511	1 611	38	197	296	301	207	207	250	164	154	203
Self-employed workers	2 214	1 047	1 167	23	80	191	79	103	55	49	52	6	192
Unpaid family workers	193	79	114	-	5	-	-	27	-	6	4	6	8

¹Includes allocated cases, not shown separately.

Table P-3. Labor Force Characteristics of the Population: 1970—Continued

[Data based on sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

Census Tracts	Gainesville—Con.						Balance of Alachua County							
	Tract 0011	Tract 0012	Tract 0013	Tract 0014	Tract 0016	Tract 0017	Tract 0006	Tract 0007	Tract 0008	Tract 0011	Tract 0012	Tract 0014	Tract 0015	Tract 0016
EMPLOYMENT STATUS														
Male, 16 years old and over	591	826	760	45	1 208	704	35	690	...	412	360	788	1 655	91
Labor force	490	642	56	—	889	554	32	595	...	364	294	570	984	80
Percent of total	82.9	77.7	7.4	—	73.6	78.7	91.4	86.2	...	88.3	81.7	72.3	59.6	87.9
Civilian labor force	490	636	56	—	870	554	32	595	...	360	275	570	980	80
Employed	490	622	56	—	856	554	32	569	...	360	275	560	943	80
Unemployed	—	14	—	—	14	—	—	26	...	—	—	10	37	—
Percent of civilian labor force	—	2.2	—	—	1.6	—	—	4.4	...	—	—	1.8	3.8	—
Not in labor force	101	184	704	45	319	150	3	95	...	48	66	218	669	11
Inmate of institution	—	—	698	45	—	—	—	—	...	—	—	71	56	—
Enrolled in school	62	103	6	—	230	97	—	45	...	43	33	45	528	—
Other under 65 years	32	36	—	—	43	14	—	20	...	5	33	57	29	—
Other 65 years and over	7	45	—	—	46	39	3	30	...	—	—	45	56	11
Male, 16 to 21 years old	102	113	278	—	208	116	—	126	...	62	67	102	416	6
Not enrolled in school	11	20	272	—	12	5	—	40	...	5	23	42	57	—
Not high school graduates	5	8	266	—	12	—	—	22	...	—	—	23	4	—
Unemployed or not in labor force	5	8	266	—	12	—	—	5	...	—	—	12	—	—
Female, 16 years old and over	705	808	678	—	1 227	825	39	746	...	510	325	777	1 543	110
Labor force	304	421	69	—	542	409	9	388	...	254	140	403	921	21
Percent of total	43.1	52.1	10.2	—	44.2	49.6	23.1	52.0	...	49.8	43.1	51.9	59.7	19.1
Civilian labor force	304	421	69	—	542	409	9	388	...	254	140	403	921	21
Employed	304	411	69	—	504	404	9	383	...	239	140	391	878	21
Unemployed	—	10	—	—	38	5	—	5	...	15	—	12	43	—
Percent of civilian labor force	—	2.4	—	—	7.0	1.2	—	1.3	...	5.9	—	3.0	4.7	—
Not in labor force	401	387	609	—	685	416	30	358	...	256	185	374	622	89
Married women, husband present	445	628	32	—	838	546	29	552	...	346	280	556	960	85
In labor force	187	315	32	—	359	271	4	254	...	157	116	296	599	15
With own children under 6 years	124	272	17	—	235	156	14	196	...	127	129	197	212	20
In labor force	35	108	17	—	44	56	—	66	...	33	37	98	120	—
OCCUPATION														
Total employed, 16 years old and over	794	1 033	125	—	1 360	958	41	952	...	599	415	951	1 821	101
Professional, technical, and kindred workers	388	357	14	—	630	460	3	109	...	208	164	114	657	48
Health workers	93	41	—	—	92	100	—	11	...	54	58	35	142	11
Teachers, elementary and secondary schools	36	44	—	—	85	61	—	12	...	20	19	16	128	—
Managers and administrators, except farm	95	69	7	—	268	151	—	78	...	100	53	52	143	7
Salaries	87	57	7	—	229	133	—	57	...	84	48	47	112	7
Self-employed in retail trade	—	—	—	—	34	5	—	—	...	6	5	5	19	—
Sales workers	83	81	6	—	109	61	—	108	...	48	49	97	102	5
Retail trade	37	31	6	—	62	49	—	100	...	26	25	83	72	—
Clerical and kindred workers	114	233	5	—	208	170	8	237	...	167	68	164	427	21
Craftsmen, foremen, and kindred workers	29	121	11	—	44	54	9	151	...	26	26	204	149	6
Construction craftsmen	12	52	—	—	6	7	9	71	...	10	6	88	66	—
Mechanics and repairmen	6	31	—	—	9	18	—	28	...	—	6	45	35	—
Operatives, except transport	12	25	20	—	29	10	11	76	...	5	15	92	48	—
Transport equipment operatives	12	12	—	—	13	—	—	31	...	5	6	23	33	—
Laborers, except farm	21	29	—	—	5	8	—	37	...	11	—	58	30	8
Farm workers	6	—	6	—	10	4	—	16	...	—	5	5	18	—
Service workers ¹	28	106	56	—	44	40	10	109	...	25	24	133	186	6
Cleaning and food service workers	13	45	5	—	16	19	10	35	...	6	—	44	100	6
Protective service workers	5	39	—	—	6	—	—	48	...	5	5	30	11	—
Personal and health service workers	10	22	51	—	22	8	—	26	...	10	19	53	62	—
Private household workers	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...	4	5	5	28	—
Female employed, 16 years old and over	304	411	69	—	504	404	9	383	...	239	140	391	878	21
Professional, technical, and kindred workers	142	131	8	—	228	182	—	43	...	49	38	50	321	—
Teachers, elementary and secondary schools	36	38	—	—	65	46	—	12	...	20	9	16	99	—
Managers and administrators, except farm	11	20	—	—	80	21	—	15	...	15	—	8	40	—
Sales workers	13	5	6	—	16	37	—	57	...	10	24	42	19	—
Clerical and kindred workers	114	197	5	—	155	130	4	191	...	146	58	147	345	21
Secretaries, stenographers, and typists	46	91	5	—	109	78	4	86	...	51	35	66	187	11
Operatives, including transport	—	4	10	—	6	5	—	45	...	5	6	46	19	—
Other blue-collar workers	5	—	—	—	5	5	—	—	...	6	—	10	14	—
Farm workers	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...	—	—	5	—	—
Service workers, except private household	13	54	40	—	14	24	5	32	...	4	9	78	92	—
Private household workers	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...	4	5	5	28	—
INDUSTRY														
Total employed, 16 years old and over	794	1 033	125	—	1 360	958	41	952	...	599	415	951	1 821	101
Construction	29	83	5	—	21	10	15	147	...	26	24	172	66	8
Manufacturing	33	59	5	—	44	58	—	71	...	23	31	77	92	—
Durable goods	23	48	5	—	38	38	—	41	...	18	10	50	48	—
Transportation	12	4	—	—	—	16	—	12	...	5	16	10	9	—
Communications, utilities, and sanitary services	6	39	—	—	27	45	4	37	...	24	4	30	90	6
Wholesale trade	25	16	—	—	36	—	—	28	...	14	4	27	28	5
Retail trade	123	133	6	—	234	149	5	210	...	104	80	211	305	12
Finance, insurance, and real estate	53	75	—	—	80	41	4	30	...	56	23	35	52	—
Business and repair services	16	26	—	—	36	4	—	34	...	15	4	51	35	—
Personal services	17	11	6	—	4	20	10	15	...	9	5	50	96	—
Health services	82	59	90	—	136	121	—	28	...	53	58	77	184	10
Educational services	276	326	7	—	574	399	3	140	...	201	111	108	662	45
Other professional and related services	63	66	—	—	110	51	—	47	...	11	4	15	54	11
Public administration	42	108	—	—	48	35	—	117	...	38	37	79	108	4
Other industries	17	28	6	—	10	9	—	36	...	20	14	9	40	—
CLASS OF WORKER														
Total employed, 16 years old and over	794	1 033	125	—	1 360	958	41	952	...	599	415	951	1 821	101
Private wage and salary workers	308	490	16	—	508	349	34	549	...	269	166	644	699	39
Government workers	412	520	103	—	768	556	7	350	...	293	218	773	1 023	62
Local government workers	74	131	—	—	175	114	—	103	...	89	47	75	165	12
Self-employed workers	63	23	6	—	80	45	—	43	...	31	31	34	87	—
Unpaid family workers	11	—	—	—	4	8	—	10	...	6	—	—	12	—

¹Includes allocated cases, not shown separately.

Table P-3. Labor Force Characteristics of the Population: 1970—Continued

[Data based on sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

Census Tracts	Balance of Alachua County—Con.						Totals for split tracts							
	Tract 0017	Tract 0018	Tract 0019	Tract 0020	Tract 0021	Tract 0022	Tract 0006	Tract 0007	Tract 0008	Tract 0011	Tract 0012	Tract 0014	Tract 0016	Tract 0017
EMPLOYMENT STATUS														
Male, 16 years old and over	724	2 801	1 220	1 142	699	2 395	1 037	2 245	2 346	1 003	1 186	833	1 299	1 428
Labor force	589	2 158	851	741	488	1 783	825	1 626	1 037	854	936	570	969	1 143
Percent of total	81.4	77.0	69.8	64.9	69.8	74.4	79.6	72.4	44.2	85.1	78.9	68.4	74.6	80.0
Civilian labor force	574	2 151	847	741	488	1 778	814	1 626	1 027	850	911	570	950	1 128
Employed	568	2 119	838	703	479	1 760	794	1 593	950	850	897	560	936	1 122
Unemployed	6	32	9	38	9	18	20	33	77	—	14	10	14	6
Percent of civilian labor force	1.0	1.5	1.1	5.1	1.8	1.0	2.5	2.0	7.5	—	1.5	1.8	1.5	0.5
Not in labor force	135	643	369	401	211	612	212	619	1 309	149	250	263	330	285
Inmate of institution	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	49	16	—	—	114	—	—
Enrolled in school	100	163	113	110	64	286	69	180	1 112	105	136	45	230	197
Other under 65 years	10	213	117	137	73	152	81	230	144	37	69	57	43	24
Other 65 years and over	25	267	139	154	74	174	62	140	37	7	45	45	57	64
Male, 16 to 21 years old	138	423	188	174	95	408	168	421	882	164	180	102	214	254
Not enrolled in school	30	171	73	40	41	137	77	184	89	16	43	42	12	35
Not high school graduates	12	101	21	28	33	81	49	103	23	5	8	23	12	12
Unemployed or not in labor force	6	33	7	5	19	24	17	42	14	5	8	12	12	6
Female, 16 years old and over	756	3 129	1 297	1 245	698	2 614	1 434	2 695	1 932	1 215	1 133	777	1 337	1 581
Labor force	311	1 381	573	484	345	1 227	746	1 496	940	558	561	403	563	720
Percent of total	41.1	44.1	44.2	38.9	49.4	46.9	52.0	55.5	48.7	45.9	49.5	51.9	42.1	45.5
Civilian labor force	311	1 381	573	484	345	1 227	746	1 496	940	558	561	403	563	720
Employed	305	1 330	549	451	330	1 182	720	1 424	912	543	551	391	525	709
Unemployed	6	51	24	33	15	45	26	72	28	15	10	12	38	11
Percent of civilian labor force	1.9	3.7	4.2	6.8	4.3	3.7	3.5	4.8	3.0	2.7	1.8	3.0	6.7	1.5
Not in labor force	445	1 748	724	761	353	1 387	688	1 199	992	657	572	374	774	861
Married women, husband present	603	1 832	828	733	483	1 661	661	1 468	638	791	908	556	923	1 149
In labor force	223	833	412	286	237	775	385	862	375	344	431	296	374	494
With own children under 6 years	222	562	228	215	130	517	241	529	129	251	401	197	255	378
In labor force	60	241	110	82	60	216	137	308	35	68	145	98	44	116
OCCUPATION														
Total employed, 16 years old and over	873	3 449	1 387	1 154	809	2 942	1 514	3 017	1 862	1 393	1 448	951	1 461	1 831
Professional, technical, and kindred workers	296	265	149	113	147	377	176	357	944	596	521	114	678	756
Health workers	49	51	29	13	34	66	31	67	247	147	99	35	103	149
Teachers, elementary and secondary schools	35	88	23	28	10	85	64	125	131	56	63	16	85	96
Managers and administrators, except farm	165	340	95	99	35	257	32	134	92	195	122	52	275	316
Salaries	156	274	78	59	25	176	21	105	86	171	105	47	236	289
Self-employed in retail trade	4	40	17	31	5	69	5	5	—	6	5	—	34	9
Sales workers	71	206	57	76	64	156	48	169	167	131	130	97	114	132
Retail trade	26	134	47	72	31	98	38	144	83	63	56	83	62	75
Clerical and kindred workers	93	382	163	139	125	370	145	445	404	281	301	166	229	263
Craftsmen, foremen, and kindred workers	65	478	291	195	112	540	224	339	34	55	147	206	50	119
Construction craftsmen	27	162	125	84	59	240	147	138	5	22	58	88	6	34
Mechanics and repairmen	10	105	76	32	29	107	39	71	10	6	37	45	15	28
Operatives, except transport	64	469	86	53	68	176	131	282	38	17	40	92	29	74
Transport equipment operatives	26	233	51	110	34	111	66	110	14	17	18	23	13	26
Laborers, except farm	36	217	67	87	89	175	109	227	60	32	29	58	13	44
Farm workers	6	370	89	109	25	188	23	27	5	6	5	5	10	10
Service workers	38	406	283	139	85	425	429	724	104	53	130	133	50	78
Cleaning and food service workers	4	216	145	79	50	182	289	431	41	19	45	44	22	23
Protective service workers	14	48	51	10	—	32	6	68	5	10	44	30	—	20
Personal and health service workers	20	93	74	42	19	173	120	191	41	20	41	53	22	28
Private household workers	13	83	56	34	25	167	131	203	—	10	5	5	—	13
Female employed, 16 years old and over	305	1 330	549	451	330	1 182	720	1 424	912	543	551	391	525	709
Professional, technical, and kindred workers	94	151	70	66	56	179	99	171	412	191	169	50	228	276
Teachers, elementary and secondary schools	26	73	12	19	10	79	58	94	117	56	47	16	65	72
Managers and administrators, except farm	46	114	27	23	5	57	10	22	26	26	20	8	80	67
Sales workers	16	69	34	38	31	68	32	97	93	23	29	42	16	53
Clerical and kindred workers	80	284	131	113	97	297	105	354	301	260	255	147	176	210
Secretaries, stenographers, and typists	30	82	45	36	40	124	44	143	149	97	126	66	120	108
Operatives, including transport	15	292	30	46	42	84	43	139	10	5	10	46	6	20
Other blue-collar workers	11	37	14	13	16	20	11	34	5	11	—	10	5	16
Farm workers	6	47	17	29	11	23	6	7	—	—	—	5	—	6
Service workers, except private household	24	258	175	89	47	287	287	400	65	17	63	78	14	48
Private household workers	13	78	51	34	25	167	127	200	—	10	5	5	—	13
INDUSTRY														
Total employed, 16 years old and over	873	3 449	1 387	1 154	809	2 942	1 514	3 017	1 862	1 393	1 448	951	1 461	1 831
Construction	65	214	125	135	89	378	196	270	26	55	107	172	29	75
Manufacturing	85	664	73	77	139	267	137	234	89	56	90	77	44	143
Durable goods	64	213	49	38	129	215	73	124	50	41	58	50	38	102
Transportation	20	201	43	54	23	55	10	40	5	17	20	10	—	36
Communications, utilities, and sanitary services	23	156	56	66	18	126	30	123	51	30	43	30	33	68
Wholesale trade	13	117	34	46	25	63	29	82	25	39	20	27	41	13
Retail trade	160	553	273	219	132	455	181	532	215	227	213	211	246	309
Finance, insurance, and real estate	42	121	38	27	35	109	21	57	94	109	98	35	80	83
Business and repair services	28	35	48	16	20	55	21	94	18	31	30	51	36	32
Personal services	33	207	110	70	54	243	212	324	23	26	16	50	4	53
Health services	61	130	104	62	56	217	241	305	308	135	117	77	146	182
Educational services	260	429	250	127	141	527	328	570	820	477	437	108	619	659
Other professional and related services	37	124	41	60	32	65	41	114	114	74	70	15	121	88
Public administration	35	79	49	5	5	123	28	195	46	80	145	79	52	70
Other industries	11	419	113	146	40	259	39	77	28	37	42	9	10	20
CLASS OF WORKER														
Total employed, 16 years old and over	873	3 449	1 387	1 154	809	2 942	1 514	3 017	1 862	1 393	1 448	951	1 461	1 831
Private wage and salary workers	457	2 350	797	672	494	1 604	845	1 703	605	577	656	644	547	806
Government workers	389	729	495	344	234	1 022	614	1 206	1 201	705	738	273	830	945
Local government workers	71	358	145	160	55	331	207	353	164	163	178	75	187	185
Self-employed workers	27	329	87	127	76	295	55	92	52	94	54	34	80	72
Unpaid family workers	—	41	8	11	5	21	—	16	4	17	—	—	4	8

!Includes allocated cases, not shown separately.

Table P-4. Income Characteristics of the Population: 1970

[Data based on sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

Census Tracts	Alachua County			Gainesville									
	Total	Gainesville	Balance	Tract 0001	Tract 0002	Tract 0003	Tract 0004	Tract 0005	Tract 0006	Tract 0007	Tract 0008	Tract 0009	Tract 0010
INCOME IN 1969 OF FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS													
All families	23 871	13 689	10 182	122	1 004	1 657	1 419	1 437	926	1 309	705	952	1 445
Less than \$1,000	782	422	360	7	72	28	5	23	69	88	24	47	20
\$1,000 to \$1,999	1 138	572	566	10	123	46	6	35	82	106	14	44	45
\$2,000 to \$2,999	1 252	697	555	6	111	61	28	56	88	135	20	106	23
\$3,000 to \$3,999	1 587	878	709	10	97	97	36	134	68	154	29	129	65
\$4,000 to \$4,999	1 736	987	749	20	94	146	29	77	117	170	48	176	53
\$5,000 to \$5,999	1 684	922	762	-	90	142	84	100	104	96	20	160	48
\$6,000 to \$6,999	1 538	835	703	-	89	150	84	73	81	70	54	91	52
\$7,000 to \$7,999	1 607	954	736	18	30	179	104	96	87	76	60	73	80
\$8,000 to \$8,999	1 607	882	725	22	60	107	140	105	76	75	49	42	36
\$9,000 to \$9,999	1 486	787	699	7	11	68	172	89	60	92	48	28	42
\$10,000 to \$11,999	2 436	1 426	1 010	5	62	220	215	193	37	119	57	34	115
\$12,000 to \$14,999	2 734	1 622	1 112	-	78	212	281	208	40	75	89	17	222
\$15,000 to \$24,999	3 112	1 954	1 158	11	67	186	204	217	17	50	89	5	345
\$25,000 to \$49,999	934	665	269	6	20	15	25	26	-	3	85	-	275
\$50,000 or more	155	86	69	-	-	-	6	5	-	-	19	-	24
Median income	\$8 329	\$8 655	\$7 933	\$7 444	\$5 056	\$7 885	\$10 200	\$9 219	\$5 375	\$5 016	\$9 719	\$4 852	\$13 939
Mean income	\$10 155	\$10 443	\$9 768	\$7 977	\$6 682	\$8 829	\$11 125	\$10 060	\$5 734	\$6 150	\$13 856	\$5 150	\$16 826
Families and unrelated individuals	42 878	29 900	12 978	254	3 808	2 538	1 579	2 169	1 231	1 661	3 450	6 845	2 790
Median income	\$4 308	\$3 250	\$6 474	\$4 100	\$1 793	\$6 232	\$9 834	\$6 355	\$4 409	\$4 373	\$1 764	\$923	\$6 073
Mean income	\$6 622	\$5 903	\$8 279	\$5 446	\$3 244	\$7 008	\$10 423	\$7 726	\$4 987	\$5 365	\$4 596	\$1 468	\$10 266
Unrelated individuals	19 007	16 211	2 796	132	2 804	881	160	732	305	352	2 745	5 893	1 345
Median income	\$1 243	\$1 131	\$1 839	\$1 941	\$1 320	\$2 599	\$2 167	\$2 399	\$1 946	\$1 667	\$1 318	\$868	\$1 848
Mean income	\$2 184	\$2 069	\$2 855	\$3 106	\$2 012	\$3 582	\$4 195	\$3 145	\$2 718	\$2 444	\$2 218	\$873	\$3 218
TYPE OF INCOME IN 1969 OF FAMILIES													
All families	23 871	13 689	10 182	122	1 004	1 657	1 419	1 437	926	1 309	705	952	1 445
With wage or salary income	21 426	12 453	8 973	104	864	1 469	1 369	1 273	831	1 155	662	894	1 335
Mean wage or salary income	\$9 021	\$9 209	\$8 760	\$7 245	\$6 047	\$8 250	\$9 983	\$8 937	\$5 476	\$6 203	\$11 202	\$4 408	\$13 435
With nonfarm self-employment income	2 584	1 550	1 034	11	96	172	158	159	74	63	56	41	326
Mean nonfarm self-employment income	\$5 594	\$5 627	\$5 543	...	\$5 227	\$4 346	\$6 676	\$5 950	\$3 211	\$3 309	\$2 294	\$724	\$7 120
With farm self-employment income	868	136	732	-	10	13	20	14	6	4	-	-	23
Mean farm self-employment income	\$7 738	\$394	\$9 102	-	...	...	...	...	...	...	-	-	...
With Social Security income	3 629	1 863	1 766	25	205	312	112	277	145	211	81	31	183
Mean Social Security income	\$1 417	\$1 430	\$1 403	\$660	\$1 214	\$1 724	\$1 510	\$1 602	\$1 452	\$1 261	\$1 844	\$255	\$1 393
With public assistance or public welfare income	1 432	755	677	27	186	59	39	31	139	171	14	10	39
Mean public assistance or public welfare income	\$785	\$815	\$752	\$585	\$863	\$625	\$522	\$595	\$891	\$978	...	...	\$783
With other income	8 990	6 109	2 881	39	277	648	587	674	156	222	481	575	964
Mean other income	\$2 410	\$2 654	\$1 893	\$3 578	\$2 028	\$1 827	\$1 546	\$2 402	\$1 168	\$1 087	\$4 295	\$1 589	\$3 875
RATIO OF FAMILY INCOME TO POVERTY LEVEL¹													
Percent of families with incomes:													
Less than .50 of poverty level	5.8	5.6	6.2	5.7	11.8	2.5	0.7	2.3	15.9	14.4	4.7	7.2	3.3
.50 to .74	4.4	3.9	5.2	8.2	11.6	2.3	0.4	1.5	6.7	9.8	1.3	7.5	1.5
.75 to .99	5.1	4.5	5.8	9.0	11.4	2.7	1.8	5.2	8.6	12.4	0.7	6.2	0.8
1.00 to 1.24	5.1	4.3	6.0	8.2	5.4	4.5	4.7	2.2	9.4	9.0	2.8	7.5	2.0
1.25 to 1.49	5.4	4.8	6.1	3.3	7.8	4.4	3.0	6.3	6.3	6.3	2.1	9.9	1.7
1.50 to 1.99	12.2	11.8	12.7	17.2	12.0	13.0	11.6	13.6	18.0	13.9	8.8	24.9	5.9
2.00 to 2.99	20.5	20.5	20.4	4.9	14.9	30.4	25.1	20.6	19.7	21.1	18.3	23.6	13.9
3.00 or more	41.6	44.5	37.6	43.4	25.3	40.4	52.8	48.2	13.5	13.1	61.3	13.2	70.8
INCOME BELOW POVERTY LEVEL¹													
Families	3 660	1 917	1 743	28	348	123	41	130	289	478	47	199	82
Percent of all families	15.3	14.0	17.1	23.0	34.7	7.4	2.9	9.0	31.2	36.5	6.7	20.9	5.7
Mean family income	\$1 982	\$1 942	\$2 025	\$1 675	\$1 994	\$1 888	\$2 363	\$1 985	\$2 091	\$2 314	\$1 022	\$1 771	\$1 556
Mean income deficit	\$1 507	\$1 549	\$1 460	\$1 056	\$1 411	\$1 282	\$1 067	\$1 130	\$1 803	\$1 664	\$1 983	\$1 444	\$1 454
Percent receiving public assistance income	20.3	20.6	20.1	60.7	33.0	17.9	14.6	11.5	33.9	22.2	-	-	7.3
Mean size of family	3.90	3.77	4.04	2.54	3.59	3.20	3.68	3.05	4.41	4.43	2.94	3.28	2.93
With related children under 18 years	2 478	1 365	1 113	10	221	70	35	77	231	391	33	159	39
Mean number of related children under 18 years	2.88	2.71	3.08	...	2.65	2.49	2.17	2.12	3.46	3.21	1.82	1.60	1.85
With related children under 6 years	1 513	876	637	5	118	19	16	61	137	245	23	155	23
Mean number of related children under 6 years	1.55	1.50	1.63	...	1.62	...	...	1.15	1.53	1.71	...	1.31	...
Families with female head	1 164	761	403	10	161	47	14	32	169	260	21	4	15
With related children under 18 years	970	640	330	10	117	34	14	32	153	231	16	4	9
Mean number of related children under 18 years	2.94	2.89	3.03	...	2.68	1.97	...	1.94	3.24	3.25	...	...	...
With related children under 6 years	546	363	183	5	59	8	...	22	89	152	11	...	5
Percent in labor force	63.0	64.2	60.7	...	49.2	...	...	...	59.6	73.7	...	...	...
Mean number of related children under 6 years	1.60	1.59	1.62	...	1.80	...	...	...	1.60	1.66	...	...	...
Family heads	3 660	1 917	1 743	28	348	123	41	130	289	478	47	199	82
Percent 65 years and over	19.6	13.8	25.9	17.9	23.9	4.1	14.6	8.5	18.3	15.3	-	-	7.3
Civilian male heads under 65 years	1 955	986	969	13	125	71	21	93	90	184	26	195	62
Percent in labor force	66.9	60.6	73.3	...	69.6	70.4	...	60.2	72.2	69.6	34.6	54.4	46.8
Unrelated individuals	6 911	5 482	1 429	63	1 323	332	57	297	145	203	1 796	368	583
Percent of all unrelated individuals	54.1	54.9	51.1	47.7	60.0	37.7	35.6	40.6	47.5	57.7	66.2	79.3	49.4
Mean income	\$772	\$758	\$828	\$798	\$843	\$845	\$765	\$685	\$946	\$926	\$760	\$309	\$747
Mean income deficit	\$1 115	\$1 143	\$1 009	\$1 015	\$1 045	\$1 038	\$1 089	\$1 204	\$872	\$912	\$1 162	\$1 616	\$1 179
Percent receiving public assistance income	8.0	5.3	18.2	38.1	7.0	10.2	-	6.7	36.6	24.6	0.3	-	1.9
Percent 65 years and over	15.4	9.8	36.9	46.0	14.1	23.2	26.3	16.5	40.7	39.9	0.5	-	3.1
Persons	21 179	12 766	8 473	134	2 574	725	208	694	1 420	2 321	1 934	1 021	823
Percent of all persons	22.1	22.7	21.2	31.0	46.9	12.2	3.7	13.7	35.6	39.3	42.6	33.5	14.6
Percent receiving Social Security income	11.0	8.8	14.1	29.1	11.4	14.8	16.3	11.2	9.3	8.8	5.8	1.7	3.5
Percent 65 years and over	10.6	7.4	15.2	29.1	12.2	13.0	13.5	10.5	9.8	7.8	0.5	-	3.5
Percent receiving Social Security income	63.8	68.5	60.3	100.0	67.5	71.3	71.4	52.1	61.9	71.4	...	...	79.3
Related children under 18 years	7 114	3 683	3 431	23	616	169	77	146	768	1 259	59	265	70
Percent living with both parents	48.9	44.8	53.4	-	40.4	62.1	54.5	51.4	31.1	33.8	42.4	94.3	62.9
Households	5 999	4 034	1 965	65	1 003	288	72	254	371	570	617	214	309
Percent of all households	22.4	22.3	22.7	35.5	47.6	13.8	4.8	14.5	34.8	38.5	35.7	21.7	14.9
Owner occupied	2 107	947	1 160	12	239	103	52	66	146	210	-	-	48
Mean value of unit	\$9 000	\$10 700	\$7 500	...	\$8 200	\$9 500	\$14 900	\$15 200	\$7 900	\$9 500	-	-	\$22 100
Renter occupied	3 892	3 087	805	53	764	185	20	188	225	360	617	214	261
Mean gross rent	\$106	\$118	\$70	\$82	\$108	\$135	...	\$92	\$54	\$63</			

Table P-4. Income Characteristics of the Population: 1970—Continued

(Data based on sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text)

Census Tracts	Gainesville—Con.						Balance of Alachua County							
	Tract 0011	Tract 0012	Tract 0013	Tract 0014	Tract 0016	Tract 0017	Tract 0006	Tract 0007	Tract 0008	Tract 0011	Tract 0012	Tract 0014	Tract 0015	Tract 0016
INCOME IN 1969 OF FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS														
All families	500	663	38	—	913	599	32	608	...	371	282	565	1 148	79
Less than \$1,000	—	22	—	—	12	5	—	—	...	—	—	4	39	—
\$1,000 to \$1,999	—	35	—	—	26	—	—	26	...	5	—	15	53	7
\$2,000 to \$2,999	—	33	—	—	24	6	—	32	...	—	9	18	49	—
\$3,000 to \$3,999	—	52	—	—	7	—	—	39	...	10	5	33	98	—
\$4,000 to \$4,999	—	23	4	—	24	6	—	30	...	—	6	25	98	8
\$5,000 to \$5,999	4	44	—	—	24	6	5	52	...	5	9	44	94	4
\$6,000 to \$6,999	5	58	—	—	17	11	—	51	...	—	5	33	109	—
\$7,000 to \$7,999	17	64	—	—	44	26	—	63	...	5	10	70	100	—
\$8,000 to \$8,999	6	67	—	—	61	36	3	49	...	5	35	53	47	—
\$9,000 to \$9,999	22	53	6	—	49	40	6	62	...	20	20	42	67	—
\$10,000 to \$11,999	24	82	17	—	124	122	9	72	...	48	54	82	129	6
\$12,000 to \$14,999	86	75	6	—	160	73	9	81	...	116	91	102	146	21
\$15,000 to \$24,999	227	55	5	—	245	231	—	47	...	137	33	44	92	22
\$25,000 to \$49,999	98	—	—	—	80	32	—	—	...	11	5	—	16	6
\$50,000 or more	11	—	—	—	16	5	—	4	...	9	—	—	11	5
Median income	\$18 789	\$8 007	\$11 059	—	\$12 834	\$13 705	\$10 444	\$8 224	...	\$14 263	\$11 556	\$8 764	\$7 340	\$14 071
Mean income	\$19 757	\$8 274	\$11 096	—	\$14 477	\$15 108	\$10 392	\$8 824	...	\$15 519	\$11 305	\$8 897	\$6 941	\$16 341
Families and unrelated individuals	583	864	93	—	1 338	697	32	697	...	394	314	705	1 824	79
Median income	\$17 267	\$7 257	\$9 192	—	\$9 802	\$12 244	\$10 444	\$7 638	...	\$13 966	\$11 148	\$7 921	\$5 343	\$14 071
Mean income	\$17 683	\$7 404	\$7 650	—	\$11 215	\$13 960	\$10 392	\$6 328	...	\$14 801	\$10 587	\$7 773	\$6 785	\$16 341
Unrelated individuals	83	201	55	—	425	98	—	89	...	23	32	140	676	—
Median income	\$1 464	\$2 931	\$4 219	—	\$2 337	\$6 667	—	\$5 227	...	—	\$1 000	\$2 556	\$1 862	—
Mean income	\$5 186	\$4 537	\$5 269	—	\$4 206	\$6 939	—	\$4 941	...	—	\$4 259	\$3 240	\$3 123	—
TYPE OF INCOME IN 1969 OF FAMILIES														
All families	500	663	38	—	913	599	32	608	...	371	282	565	1 148	79
With wage or salary income	455	613	38	—	837	554	32	560	...	366	266	516	1 074	68
Mean wage or salary income	\$15 451	\$8 012	\$11 096	—	\$12 635	\$13 707	\$9 716	\$8 332	...	\$12 814	\$10 670	\$8 713	\$7 780	\$18 019
With nonfarm self-employment income	89	60	—	—	138	107	—	47	...	66	30	42	106	—
Mean nonfarm self-employment income	\$12 362	\$2 597	—	—	\$6 030	\$3 837	—	\$3 971	...	\$6 528	\$5 553	\$3 436	\$7 501	—
With farm self-employment income	5	23	—	—	13	5	—	16	...	9	5	3	15	—
Mean farm self-employment income	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...	—	—	—	—	—
With Social Security income	32	87	—	—	75	87	9	57	...	25	11	72	127	11
Mean Social Security income	\$1 750	\$1 054	—	—	\$1 435	\$1 199	—	\$1 573	...	\$1 180	—	\$1 824	\$1 329	—
With public assistance or public welfare income	5	22	—	—	13	—	—	10	...	—	—	38	37	7
Mean public assistance or public welfare income	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...	—	—	\$553	\$853	—
With other income	302	298	—	—	559	327	7	116	...	183	136	169	527	18
Mean other income	\$5 613	\$992	—	—	\$3 105	\$2 869	—	\$1 306	...	\$3 295	\$1 011	\$1 362	\$1 694	—
RATIO OF FAMILY INCOME TO POVERTY LEVEL¹														
Percent of families with incomes:	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...	—	—	—	—	—
Less than .50 of poverty level	—	5.9	—	—	3.2	0.8	—	1.0	...	1.3	—	2.7	4.8	—
.50 to .74	—	4.4	—	—	2.2	—	—	3.6	...	—	—	3.7	3.2	8.9
.75 to .99	—	3.3	—	—	0.9	—	—	5.1	...	—	3.2	4.1	3.9	—
1.00 to 1.24	—	3.3	—	—	0.9	—	—	4.3	...	4.0	2.1	3.7	5.6	10.1
1.25 to 1.49	1.2	6.6	—	—	1.4	1.8	—	8.7	...	—	3.5	4.6	7.2	—
1.50 to 1.99	1.0	13.0	10.5	—	5.7	4.0	15.6	17.3	...	1.3	6.7	17.5	11.2	—
2.00 to 2.99	8.8	26.8	15.8	—	16.9	17.4	25.0	26.6	...	14.6	18.1	26.2	20.4	5.1
3.00 or more	89.0	36.7	73.7	—	68.9	76.0	59.4	33.4	...	78.7	66.3	37.5	43.6	75.9
INCOME BELOW POVERTY LEVEL¹														
Families	—	90	—	—	57	5	—	59	...	5	9	57	137	7
Percent of all families	—	13.6	—	—	6.2	0.8	—	9.7	...	1.3	3.2	10.1	11.9	8.9
Mean family income	—	\$1 559	—	—	\$1 167	—	—	\$2 562	...	—	—	\$2 483	\$1 738	—
Mean income deficit	—	\$1 657	—	—	\$2 055	—	—	\$795	...	—	—	\$1 870	\$1 217	—
Percent receiving public assistance income	—	6.7	—	—	5.3	—	—	6.8	...	—	—	22.8	—	—
Mean size of family	—	3.60	—	—	3.39	—	—	3.44	...	—	—	5.49	2.88	—
With related children under 18 years	—	51	—	—	43	5	—	30	...	5	9	43	49	—
Mean number of related children under 18 years	—	2.76	—	—	2.00	—	—	2.57	...	—	—	4.33	2.27	—
With related children under 6 years	—	45	—	—	24	5	—	20	...	5	4	22	32	—
Mean number of related children under 6 years	—	1.38	—	—	—	—	—	—	...	—	—	—	1.56	—
Families with female head	—	12	—	—	16	—	—	5	...	—	—	12	18	—
With related children under 18 years	—	7	—	—	13	—	—	5	...	—	—	12	14	—
Mean number of related children under 18 years	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...	—	—	—	—	—
With related children under 6 years	—	7	—	—	5	—	—	5	...	—	—	5	5	—
Percent in labor force	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...	—	—	—	—	—
Mean number of related children under 6 years	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...	—	—	—	—	—
Family heads	—	90	—	—	57	5	—	59	...	5	9	57	137	7
Percent 65 years and over	—	25.6	—	—	—	—	—	39.0	...	—	—	21.1	24.1	—
Civilian male heads under 65 years	—	60	—	—	41	5	—	31	...	5	9	36	90	—
Percent in labor force	—	48.3	—	—	56.1	—	—	83.9	...	—	—	72.2	53.3	—
Unrelated individuals	49	62	5	—	194	5	—	16	...	13	16	60	347	—
Percent of all unrelated individuals	59.0	30.8	9.1	—	45.6	5.1	—	18.0	...	—	50.0	42.9	51.3	—
Mean income	\$807	\$973	—	—	\$592	—	—	—	...	—	—	\$918	\$919	—
Mean income deficit	\$1 047	\$925	—	—	\$1 314	—	—	—	...	—	—	\$876	\$1 024	—
Percent receiving public assistance income	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...	—	—	—	30.0	2.6
Percent 65 years and over	—	24.2	—	—	—	—	—	—	...	—	—	65.0	2.0	—
Persons	49	386	5	—	387	25	—	219	...	38	43	373	741	14
Percent of all persons	2.5	16.1	3.0	—	10.9	1.1	—	9.5	...	2.6	4.1	15.6	19.2	4.3
Percent receiving Social Security income	12.2	11.1	—	—	1.0	—	—	24.2	...	—	—	26.8	7.4	—
Percent 65 years and over	—	14.0	—	—	1.0	—	—	20.1	...	—	—	16.4	7.2	—
Percent receiving Social Security income	—	68.5	—	—	—	—	—	88.6	...	—	—	100.0	94.3	—
Related children under 18 years	—	128	—	—	91	12	—	73	...	16	8	186	104	—
Percent living with both parents	—	90.6	—	—	73.6	—	—	74.0	...	—	—	76.3	56.7	—
Households	13	127	—	—	126	5	—	63	...	5	14	90	204	7
Percent of all households	2.4	16.8	—	—	11.1	0.8	—	11.6	...	1.4	4.8	15.2	20.3	8.9
Owner occupied	—	43	—	—	23	5	—	41	...	5	14	35	30	7
Mean value of unit	—	\$11 300	—	—	—	—	—	—	...	—	—	\$8 300	\$19 600	—
Renter occupied	13	84	—	—	103	—	—	22	...	—	—	55	174	—
Mean gross rent	—	\$128	—	—	\$206	—	—	—	...	—	—	\$82	\$125	—
Percent lacking some or all plumbing facilities	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	9.5	...	—	—	21.1	3.9	—

¹Excludes inmates of institutions, members of the Armed Forces living in barracks, college students in dormitories, and unrelated individuals under 14 years.

Table P-4. Income Characteristics of the Population: 1970—Continued

[Data based on sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

Census Tracts	Balance of Alachua County—Con.						Totals for split tracts							
	Tract 0017	Tract 0018	Tract 0019	Tract 0020	Tract 0021	Tract 0022	Tract 0006	Tract 0007	Tract 0008	Tract 0011	Tract 0012	Tract 0014	Tract 0016	Tract 0017
INCOME IN 1969 OF FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS														
All families	584	2 203	942	871	546	1 951	958	1 917	705	871	945	565	992	1 183
Less than \$1,000	—	91	60	71	15	80	69	88	24	—	22	4	12	5
\$1,000 to \$1,999	—	160	60	52	136	82	132	14	5	35	15	33	—	—
\$2,000 to \$2,999	6	144	63	86	46	102	88	167	20	—	42	18	24	12
\$3,000 to \$3,999	9	161	98	50	10	196	68	193	29	10	57	33	7	9
\$4,000 to \$4,999	43	163	63	73	62	178	117	200	48	—	29	25	32	49
\$5,000 to \$5,999	25	211	76	87	14	136	109	148	20	9	53	44	28	31
\$6,000 to \$6,999	22	153	87	45	55	143	81	121	54	5	63	33	17	33
\$7,000 to \$7,999	11	180	89	75	26	107	87	139	60	22	74	70	44	37
\$8,000 to \$8,999	22	139	95	83	23	171	79	124	49	11	102	53	61	58
\$9,000 to \$9,999	35	149	60	66	38	134	66	154	48	42	73	42	49	75
\$10,000 to \$11,999	62	181	93	62	49	163	46	191	57	72	136	82	130	184
\$12,000 to \$14,999	64	214	35	33	25	175	49	156	89	202	166	102	181	137
\$15,000 to \$24,999	241	207	50	62	53	170	17	97	89	364	88	44	267	472
\$25,000 to \$49,999	44	36	8	26	68	49	—	3	85	109	5	—	86	76
\$50,000 or more	—	14	5	—	10	11	—	4	19	20	—	—	21	5
Median income	\$14 672	\$7 103	\$6 586	\$6 367	\$7 731	\$7 042	\$5 505	\$6 252	\$9 719	\$16 580	\$8 956	\$8 764	\$12 978	\$14 157
Mean income	\$14 609	\$10 445	\$7 122	\$7 689	\$11 682	\$8 667	\$5 889	\$6 998	\$13 856	\$17 952	\$9 179	\$8 897	\$14 626	\$14 862
Families and unrelated individuals	615	2 851	1 175	1 142	665	2 480	1 263	2 358	3 455	977	1 178	705	1 417	1 312
Median income	\$14 218	\$5 629	\$5 526	\$5 043	\$6 373	\$5 710	\$4 536	\$5 377	\$1 768	\$15 362	\$8 301	\$7 921	\$10 064	\$13 172
Mean income	\$14 261	\$8 597	\$6 170	\$6 492	\$9 956	\$7 423	\$5 123	\$6 241	\$4 599	\$16 521	\$8 253	\$7 773	\$11 501	\$14 101
Unrelated individuals	31	648	233	271	119	529	305	441	2 750	106	233	140	425	129
Median income	\$5 900	\$1 584	\$1 533	\$1 853	\$1 214	\$1 963	\$1 946	\$1 995	\$1 322	\$1 500	\$2 792	\$2 556	\$2 337	\$6 423
Mean income	\$7 697	\$2 316	\$2 320	\$2 644	\$2 038	\$2 834	\$2 718	\$2 948	\$2 226	\$4 758	\$4 498	\$3 240	\$4 206	\$7 121
TYPE OF INCOME IN 1969 OF FAMILIES														
All families	584	2 203	942	871	546	1 951	958	1 917	705	871	945	565	992	1 183
With wage or salary income	541	1 884	806	671	447	1 742	863	1 715	662	821	879	516	905	1 095
Mean wage or salary income	\$13 858	\$7 869	\$6 850	\$7 920	\$10 317	\$8 181	\$5 633	\$6 898	\$11 202	\$14 276	\$8 816	\$8 713	\$13 040	\$13 781
With nonfarm self-employment income	83	215	53	111	65	216	74	110	56	155	90	42	138	190
Mean nonfarm self-employment income	\$4 480	\$5 346	\$3 163	\$3 421	\$13 337	\$4 966	\$3 211	\$3 592	\$2 294	\$9 878	\$3 582	\$3 436	\$6 030	\$4 118
With farm self-employment income	6	258	72	44	42	262	6	20	—	14	28	3	13	11
Mean farm self-employment income	—	\$20 721	\$5 287	\$3 893	\$2 950	\$1 181	—	—	—	—	\$2 161	—	—	—
With Social Security income	38	507	215	254	103	337	154	268	81	57	98	72	86	125
Mean Social Security income	\$1 693	\$1 434	\$1 399	\$1 376	\$1 535	\$1 257	\$1 433	\$1 327	\$1 844	\$1 500	\$991	\$1 824	\$1 465	\$1 350
With public assistance or public welfare income	5	251	61	88	35	136	148	181	14	5	22	38	20	5
Mean public assistance or public welfare income	—	\$684	\$897	\$609	\$1 256	\$788	\$858	\$1 001	481	—	—	\$553	—	—
With other income	301	486	137	212	149	440	163	338	481	485	434	169	577	628
Mean other income	\$1 956	\$1 576	\$2 074	\$2 020	\$3 853	\$1 692	\$1 189	\$1 162	\$4 295	\$4 738	\$998	\$1 362	\$3 084	\$2 431
RATIO OF FAMILY INCOME TO POVERTY LEVEL¹														
Percent of families with incomes:														
Less than .50 of poverty level	—	8.8	9.8	9.3	5.9	7.5	15.3	10.1	4.7	0.6	4.1	2.7	2.9	0.4
.50 to .74	1.0	5.9	4.6	7.7	9.3	7.2	6.5	7.8	1.3	—	3.1	3.7	2.7	0.5
.75 to .99	3.6	6.4	10.0	10.4	2.7	6.2	8.4	10.1	0.7	—	3.3	3.7	0.8	1.8
1.00 to 1.24	3.4	7.9	6.7	6.8	6.6	6.2	9.1	7.5	2.8	1.7	3.0	4.1	1.6	1.7
1.25 to 1.49	2.4	6.7	10.0	5.1	3.3	7.0	7.9	7.1	2.1	0.7	5.7	4.6	1.3	2.1
1.50 to 1.99	3.8	13.5	12.3	14.0	14.5	15.0	18.0	15.0	8.8	1.1	11.1	17.5	5.2	3.9
2.00 to 2.99	19.2	21.6	20.8	18.6	17.0	19.5	19.8	22.8	18.3	11.3	24.2	26.2	15.9	18.3
3.00 or more	66.6	29.1	25.9	28.1	40.7	31.4	15.0	19.6	61.3	84.6	45.5	37.5	69.5	71.3
INCOME BELOW POVERTY LEVEL¹														
Families	27	467	229	239	98	409	289	537	47	5	99	57	64	32
Percent of all families	4.6	21.2	24.3	27.4	17.9	21.0	30.2	28.0	6.7	0.6	10.5	10.1	6.5	2.7
Mean family income	\$4 259	\$2 034	\$2 125	\$1 885	\$1 764	\$1 911	\$2 091	\$2 342	\$1 022	—	\$1 637	\$2 483	\$1 209	\$2 039
Mean income deficit	\$783	\$1 521	\$1 489	\$1 424	\$1 522	\$1 566	\$1 803	\$1 569	\$1 983	—	\$1 556	\$1 870	\$1 904	\$1 242
Percent receiving public assistance income	—	27.6	20.1	21.3	13.3	21.3	33.9	20.5	—	—	6.1	22.8	15.6	—
Mean size of family	6.44	4.43	4.03	3.59	3.66	4.11	4.41	4.32	2.94	—	3.55	5.49	3.23	6.06
With related children under 18 years	21	342	140	138	50	286	231	421	33	5	60	43	43	26
Mean number of related children under 18 years	—	3.21	3.09	2.74	3.28	3.01	3.46	3.16	1.82	—	2.50	4.33	2.00	4.08
With related children under 6 years	21	178	82	56	33	184	137	265	23	5	49	22	24	26
Mean number of related children under 6 years	—	1.53	1.76	1.48	2.09	1.77	1.53	1.67	—	—	1.35	—	—	1.00
Families with female head	6	147	43	60	15	97	169	265	21	—	12	12	16	6
With related children under 18 years	6	118	38	42	15	80	153	236	16	—	7	12	13	6
Mean number of related children under 18 years	—	2.94	3.16	2.12	—	3.60	3.24	3.25	—	—	—	—	—	—
With related children under 6 years	6	58	33	11	8	52	89	157	11	—	7	5	5	6
Percent in labor force	—	62.1	60.6	—	—	59.6	59.6	74.5	—	—	—	—	—	—
Mean number of related children under 6 years	—	1.52	1.52	—	—	1.88	1.60	1.64	—	—	—	—	—	—
Family heads	27	467	229	239	98	409	289	537	47	5	99	57	64	32
Percent 65 years and over	22.2	22.3	30.6	32.6	32.7	21.3	18.3	17.9	—	—	23.2	21.1	10.9	18.8
Civilian male heads under 65 years	21	247	116	113	51	250	90	215	26	5	69	36	41	26
Percent in labor force	—	81.0	73.3	63.7	70.6	74.8	72.2	71.6	34.6	—	47.8	72.2	56.1	100.0
Unrelated individuals	11	378	132	138	55	263	145	219	1 796	62	78	60	194	16
Percent of all unrelated individuals	35.5	58.3	56.7	50.9	46.2	49.7	47.5	49.7	66.1	58.5	33.5	42.9	45.6	12.4
Mean income	—	\$836	\$740	\$946	\$470	\$777	\$946	\$953	\$760	\$741	\$773	\$918	\$592	—
Mean income deficit	—	\$966	\$1 037	\$845	\$1 328	\$1 039	\$872	\$886	\$1 162	\$1 108	\$1 132	\$876	\$1 314	—
Percent receiving public assistance income	—	29.4	22.0	22.5	7.3	19.8	36.6	22.8	0.3	—	—	30.0	—	—
Percent 65 years and over	—	51.1	50.8	56.5	36.4	42.6	40.7	39.3	0.5	—	19.2	65.0	—	—
Persons	185	2 447	1 056	997	414	1 946	1 420	2 540	1 934	87	429	373	401	210
Percent of all persons	7.7	27.0	27.7	27.5	21.2	25.7	34.7	30.9	42.6	2.5	12.5	15.6	10.3	4.5
Percent receiving Social Security income	6.5	13.8	14.2	20.2	13.5	11.6	9.3	11.0	5.8	6.9	10.0	26.8	2.7	5.7
Percent 65 years and over	6.5	14.6	16.8	25.0	15.9	13.1	9.8	8.9	0.5	—	12.4	16.4	4.5	5.7
Percent receiving Social Security income	—	50.4	48.0	65.1	77.3	50.8	61.9	74.8	—	—	68.5	100.0	—	—
Related children under 18 years	74	1 086	494	422	176	792	768	1 332	59	16	136	186	91	86
Percent living with both parents	83.8	49.8	56.5	53.6	61.9	42.4	31.1	36.0	42.4	—	91.2	76.3	73.6	86.0
Households	33	539	224	260	129	397	371	633	617	18	141	90	133	38
Percent of all households	5.6	27.9	31.6	36.4	26.7	29.6	34.1	31.2	35.6	2.0	13.5	15.2	11.0	3.0
Owner occupied	19	325	168	180	75	261	146	251	—	5	57	35	30	24
Mean value of unit	—	\$6 700	\$6 200	\$5 600	\$4 900	\$9 100	\$7 900	\$9 700	—	—	\$11 500	\$8 300	\$17 500	—
Renter occupied	14	214	56	80	54	136	225	382	617	13	84	55	103	14
Mean gross rent	—	\$44	\$56	\$55	\$55	\$47	\$54	\$65	\$192	—	\$128	\$82	\$206	—
Percent lacking some or all plumbing facilities	57.6	46.9	44.2	33.8	56.6	50.9	17.5	16.0	—	—	—	21.1	—	50.0

¹Excludes inmates of institutions, members of the Armed Forces living in barracks, college

Table P-5. General and Social Characteristics of the Negro Population: 1970

(Data based on sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text)

Census Tracts With 400 or More Negro Population	Alachua County			Gainesville			
	Total	Gainesville	Balance	Tract 0002	Tract 0006	Tract 0007	Tract 0013
AGE BY SEX							
Male, all ages	10 067	5 522	4 545	1 269	1 404	2 256	260
Under 5 years	1 168	532	536	126	184	302	5
3 and 4 years	488	248	240	68	66	106	5
5 to 9 years	1 394	801	593	116	254	383	20
5 years	240	135	105	9	47	74	5
6 years	223	130	93	14	53	63	-
10 to 14 years	1 488	814	674	136	249	342	66
14 years	300	168	132	19	61	66	15
15 to 19 years	1 191	611	580	148	134	248	64
15 years	280	143	137	21	24	83	15
16 years	255	127	128	23	47	32	25
17 years	250	138	112	43	34	52	9
18 years	196	91	105	29	6	51	5
19 years	210	112	98	32	23	30	10
20 to 24 years	713	441	272	81	83	137	56
20 years	123	79	44	28	5	38	5
21 years	151	108	43	16	17	31	10
25 to 34 years	939	588	351	90	136	284	49
35 to 44 years	846	432	414	149	112	158	-
45 to 54 years	843	500	343	174	104	178	-
55 to 59 years	374	145	229	53	47	45	-
60 to 64 years	361	203	158	60	36	79	-
65 to 74 years	500	270	230	98	47	80	-
75 years and over	250	85	165	38	18	20	-
Female, all ages	11 499	6 522	4 977	1 538	1 701	2 644	263
Under 5 years	1 144	638	506	115	196	305	-
3 and 4 years	464	245	219	53	71	111	-
5 to 9 years	1 452	831	621	159	243	395	-
5 years	309	211	98	34	65	112	-
6 years	267	183	84	36	42	92	-
10 to 14 years	1 414	707	707	141	183	282	80
14 years	300	138	162	52	33	48	5
15 to 19 years	1 327	752	575	133	191	338	56
15 years	300	156	144	27	38	81	10
16 years	233	133	100	16	71	46	-
17 years	356	181	175	24	24	100	25
18 years	187	95	92	36	22	35	-
19 years	251	187	64	30	36	76	21
20 to 24 years	873	565	308	121	143	208	49
20 years	156	85	71	25	23	23	5
21 years	177	110	67	28	26	38	10
25 to 34 years	1 196	754	442	124	225	306	59
35 to 44 years	1 112	663	449	165	168	309	10
45 to 54 years	1 043	595	448	186	152	206	5
55 to 59 years	521	267	254	59	49	121	4
60 to 64 years	428	221	207	103	48	47	-
65 to 74 years	582	351	231	164	71	71	-
75 years and over	407	178	229	68	32	56	-
RELATIONSHIP TO HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD							
All persons	21 566	12 044	9 522	2 807	3 105	4 900	523
In households	20 766	11 353	9 413	2 795	3 105	4 842	19
Head of household	5 762	3 273	2 489	982	806	1 227	11
Head of family	4 325	2 480	1 845	574	682	1 047	6
Primary individual	1 437	793	644	408	124	180	5
Wife of head	2 759	1 528	1 231	309	416	656	4
Other relative of head	11 691	6 158	5 533	1 295	1 804	2 885	-
Not related to head	554	394	160	209	79	74	4
In group quarters	800	691	109	12	-	58	504
Persons per household	3.60	3.47	3.78	2.85	3.85	3.95	...
TYPE OF HOUSEHOLD							
All households	5 762	3 273	2 489	982	806	1 227	11
Male primary individual	624	298	326	160	40	75	5
Female primary individual	813	495	318	248	84	105	5
Husband-wife households	2 684	1 435	1 249	284	412	603	6
Households with other male head	248	106	142	25	33	42	-
Households with female head	1 393	939	454	265	237	402	-
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT							
Persons, 16 to 21 years old	2 545	1 446	1 099	330	334	552	125
Not attending school	1 248	762	486	165	166	265	125
Not high school graduates	686	459	227	96	82	128	125
Percent of total	27.0	31.7	20.7	29.1	24.6	23.2	100.0
YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED							
Persons, 25 years old and over	9 402	5 252	4 150	1 531	1 245	1 960	127
No school years completed	643	371	272	118	58	62	79
Elementary:	1 737	781	956	233	191	261	21
5 to 7 years	1 853	927	926	274	248	301	6
8 years	737	434	303	166	76	146	-
High school:	2 270	1 324	946	415	329	518	10
4 years	1 445	869	576	194	246	408	11
College:	362	255	107	80	35	123	-
4 years or more	355	291	64	51	62	141	-
Median school years completed	8.6	9.3	7.7	8.8	9.5	10.2	0.8
Percent high school graduates	23.0	26.9	18.0	21.2	27.6	34.3	8.7
RESIDENCE IN 1965							
Persons, 5 years old and over, 1970¹	19 232	10 785	8 447	2 546	2 725	4 293	518
Same house as in 1970	11 373	5 378	5 995	1 411	1 285	1 879	457
Different house:							
In central city of this SMSA	3 693	3 379	314	708	948	1 624	5
In other part of this SMSA	1 754	380	1 374	80	70	196	-
Outside this SMSA	1 225	957	268	232	278	306	19
North and West	175	141	34	55	10	35	5
South	1 050	816	234	177	268	271	14
Abroad	136	130	6	18	7	69	-

¹Includes "Moved, 1965 residence not reported."

Table P-5. General and Social Characteristics of the Negro Population: 1970—Continued

[Data based on sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

Census Tracts With 400 or More Negro Population	Balance of Alachua County						Totals for split tracts		
	Tract 0014	Tract 0018	Tract 0019	Tract 0020	Tract 0021	Tract 0022	Tract 0006	Tract 0007	Tract 0014
AGE BY SEX									
Male, all ages	223	1 606	556	558	264	1 098	1 404	2 262	259
Under 5 years.....	38	173	120	72	14	107	184	302	38
3 and 4 years.....	13	77	53	37	5	43	66	106	13
5 to 9 years.....	35	251	33	66	21	141	254	383	35
5 years.....	—	33	—	20	8	36	47	74	—
6 years.....	9	46	5	5	8	20	53	63	9
10 to 14 years.....	35	228	60	105	19	199	249	342	41
14 years.....	10	43	5	24	—	44	61	66	10
15 to 19 years.....	9	184	89	110	45	105	134	248	9
15 years.....	5	45	18	34	—	35	24	83	5
16 years.....	—	30	23	30	16	15	47	32	—
17 years.....	—	31	10	12	21	29	34	52	—
18 years.....	—	51	19	17	8	6	6	51	—
19 years.....	4	27	19	17	—	20	23	30	4
20 to 24 years.....	26	86	50	23	16	61	83	137	46
20 years.....	—	23	7	—	8	6	5	38	—
21 years.....	7	13	—	—	—	13	17	31	7
25 to 34 years.....	29	123	34	43	35	67	136	284	29
35 to 44 years.....	28	120	53	33	39	117	112	158	33
45 to 54 years.....	11	148	40	42	16	69	104	178	16
55 to 59 years.....	7	61	22	36	18	82	47	45	7
60 to 64 years.....	5	81	14	4	—	52	36	79	5
65 to 74 years.....	—	94	32	—	25	53	47	80	—
75 years and over.....	—	57	9	24	16	45	18	26	—
Female, all ages	218	1 732	555	622	359	1 256	1 701	2 649	218
Under 5 years.....	11	200	41	56	51	132	196	305	11
3 and 4 years.....	—	89	10	36	19	55	71	111	—
5 to 9 years.....	30	254	33	73	36	185	243	395	30
5 years.....	5	51	—	8	—	29	65	112	5
6 years.....	5	36	—	21	8	14	42	92	5
10 to 14 years.....	50	208	128	96	33	151	183	282	50
14 years.....	5	63	28	26	—	40	33	48	5
15 to 19 years.....	15	180	86	73	33	145	191	338	15
15 years.....	5	46	7	28	19	39	38	81	5
16 years.....	5	36	7	10	7	26	71	46	5
17 years.....	5	60	22	24	7	33	24	100	5
18 years.....	—	27	19	5	—	31	22	35	—
19 years.....	—	11	31	6	—	16	16	76	—
20 to 24 years.....	16	101	35	33	32	75	143	208	16
20 years.....	6	30	—	4	—	25	23	23	6
21 years.....	—	23	—	22	6	16	26	38	—
25 to 34 years.....	19	176	36	45	28	100	225	306	19
35 to 44 years.....	21	143	59	51	34	127	168	309	21
45 to 54 years.....	5	171	49	76	28	107	152	206	5
55 to 59 years.....	19	54	30	42	9	65	49	121	19
60 to 64 years.....	11	89	20	11	—	58	48	47	11
65 to 74 years.....	18	54	22	17	14	85	71	71	18
75 years and over.....	3	102	16	49	28	26	32	61	3
RELATIONSHIP TO HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD									
All persons	441	3 338	1 111	1 180	623	2 354	3 105	4 911	477
In households.....	408	3 338	1 111	1 180	623	2 296	3 105	4 853	408
Head of household.....	90	878	289	293	214	642	806	1 233	90
Head of family.....	64	640	217	204	151	472	682	1 053	64
Primary individual.....	26	238	52	89	63	170	124	180	26
Wife of head.....	57	392	174	130	86	319	416	661	57
Other relative of head.....	261	1 979	662	733	323	1 303	1 804	2 885	261
Not related to head.....	—	89	—	24	—	—	79	74	—
In group quarters.....	33	—	—	—	—	—	—	58	33
Persons per household.....	4.53	3.80	4.13	4.03	2.91	3.58	3.85	3.94	4.53
TYPE OF HOUSEHOLD									
All households	90	878	269	293	214	642	806	1 233	90
Male primary individual.....	6	137	21	44	22	93	40	75	6
Female primary individual.....	20	101	31	45	41	77	84	105	20
Husband-wife households.....	61	408	172	90	110	326	412	609	61
Households with other male head.....	—	45	15	22	8	52	33	42	—
Households with female head.....	3	187	30	92	33	94	237	402	3
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT									
Persons, 16 to 21 years old	27	362	157	147	73	236	334	552	27
Not attending school.....	13	165	63	52	43	146	166	265	13
Not high school graduates.....	7	69	—	10	22	115	82	128	7
Percent of total.....	25.9	19.1	—	6.8	30.1	48.7	24.6	23.2	25.9
YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED									
Persons, 25 years old and over	176	1 473	436	473	323	1 053	1 245	1 971	186
No school years completed.....	6	103	25	10	24	70	58	62	6
Elementary: 1 to 4 years.....	40	371	61	81	81	271	191	267	45
5 to 7 years.....	21	263	87	131	65	306	248	301	21
8 years.....	23	113	35	37	24	52	76	151	23
High school: 1 to 3 years.....	40	352	135	97	57	203	329	518	45
4 years.....	36	181	49	116	64	121	246	408	36
College: 1 to 3 years.....	10	58	4	15	4	12	35	123	10
4 years or more.....	—	32	4	6	—	18	62	141	—
Median school years completed.....	8.9	8.0	8.3	8.9	7.3	6.7	9.5	10.2	8.9
Percent high school graduates.....	26.1	18.4	13.1	29.0	22.3	14.3	27.6	34.1	24.7
RESIDENCE IN 1965									
Persons, 5 years old and over, 1970¹	383	2 956	936	1 039	560	2 115	2 725	4 306	417
Same house as in 1970.....	207	2 217	765	788	326	1 375	1 285	1 892	207
Different house.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
In central city of this SMSA.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
In other part of this SMSA.....	127	—	—	—	—	97	948	1 624	142
Outside this SMSA.....	—	569	92	132	93	488	70	196	6
North and West.....	43	43	9	41	39	75	278	306	56
South.....	43	40	9	41	39	31	31	35	—
Abroad.....	—	—	6	—	—	—	268	271	56
							7	69	—

¹Includes "Moved, 1965 residence not reported."

Table P-6. Economic Characteristics of the Negro Population: 1970

[Data based on sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

**Census Tracts With
400 or More Negro
Population**

	Alachua County			Gainesville			
	Total	Gainesville	Balance	Tract 0002	Tract 0006	Tract 0007	Tract 0013
EMPLOYMENT STATUS AND OCCUPATION							
Male, 16 years old and over							
Labor force	5 737	3 132	2 605	870	693	1 146	154
Civilian labor force	3 813	2 072	1 741	591	541	808	6
Employed	3 794	2 057	1 737	581	536	808	6
Unemployed	3 709	2 027	1 682	573	521	801	6
Not in labor force	85	30	55	8	15	7	-
Not in labor force	1 924	1 060	864	279	152	338	148
Female, 16 years old and over							
Labor force	7 189	4 190	2 999	1 096	1 041	1 581	173
Civilian labor force	3 688	2 221	1 467	575	583	915	13
Employed	3 688	2 221	1 467	575	583	915	13
Unemployed	3 492	2 108	1 384	547	568	853	13
Not in labor force	196	113	83	28	15	62	-
Not in labor force	3 501	1 969	1 532	521	458	666	160
Married women in labor force, husband present	1 773	1 001	772	156	301	459	4
With own children under 6 years	634	345	289	43	113	183	-
Total employed, 16 years old and over	7 201	4 135	3 066	1 120	1 089	1 654	19
Professional, technical, and kindred workers	500	419	81	61	112	214	-
Managers and administrators, except farm	136	47	89	15	5	22	-
Sales workers	72	46	26	11	10	23	-
Clerical and kindred workers	373	284	89	54	92	129	-
Craftsmen, foremen, and kindred workers	673	390	283	135	91	127	-
Operatives, except transport	690	330	360	63	93	144	-
Transport equipment operatives	402	184	218	69	51	64	-
Laborers, except farm	885	467	418	147	109	155	-
Farm workers	417	49	368	4	23	11	6
Service workers, except private household	2 124	1 354	770	362	377	562	13
Private household workers	929	565	364	199	126	203	-
Female employed, 16 years old and over							
Professional, technical, and kindred workers	319	260	59	48	77	110	-
Managers and administrators, except farm	46	-	46	-	-	-	-
Sales workers	42	29	13	-	10	19	-
Clerical and kindred workers	254	208	46	39	61	102	-
Operatives, including transport	338	152	186	40	35	62	-
Other blue-collar workers	148	66	82	19	11	26	-
Farm workers	87	13	74	-	6	7	-
Service workers, except private household	1 358	834	524	214	246	327	13
Private household workers	900	546	354	187	122	200	-
FAMILY INCOME IN 1969							
All families	4 325	2 480	1 845	574	682	1 047	6
Less than \$1,000	348	208	140	42	63	76	-
\$1,000 to \$1,999	590	287	303	118	75	92	-
\$2,000 to \$2,999	489	315	174	81	75	135	-
\$3,000 to \$3,999	480	256	224	61	52	122	-
\$4,000 to \$4,999	540	314	226	74	74	123	-
\$5,000 to \$5,999	403	228	175	55	87	86	-
\$6,000 to \$6,999	293	178	115	46	52	63	-
\$7,000 to \$7,999	257	159	98	13	76	67	-
\$8,000 to \$8,999	250	128	122	18	46	54	-
\$9,000 to \$9,999	172	104	68	5	24	68	-
\$10,000 or more	503	303	200	61	58	161	6
Median income: Families	\$4 473	\$4 554	\$4 361	\$3 754	\$4 874	\$4 801	...
Families and unrelated individuals	\$3 329	\$3 439	\$3 172	\$2 465	\$4 068	\$4 164	...
RATIO OF FAMILY INCOME TO POVERTY LEVEL¹							
Percent of families with incomes:							
Less than .50 of poverty level	17.3	17.1	17.5	15.3	20.7	16.0	-
.50 to .74	13.4	11.1	16.4	18.5	8.1	10.3	-
.75 to .99	12.4	13.3	11.2	18.5	10.1	13.8	-
1.00 to 1.24	11.2	10.4	12.4	6.8	11.1	10.1	-
1.25 to 1.49	7.6	6.8	8.6	9.1	8.1	5.5	-
1.50 to 1.99	14.2	14.5	13.9	11.3	17.4	14.4	-
2.00 or more	23.9	26.7	20.1	20.6	24.5	29.8	...
INCOME BELOW POVERTY LEVEL¹							
Families	1 863	1 031	832	300	265	420	-
Percent of all families	43.1	41.6	45.1	52.3	38.9	40.1	-
Mean family income	\$2 183	\$2 159	\$2 212	\$2 121	\$2 111	\$2 309	-
Mean income deficit	\$1 649	\$1 621	\$1 683	\$1 362	\$1 872	\$1 649	-
Percent receiving public assistance income	29.7	32.0	26.9	37.0	37.0	23.8	-
Mean size of family	4.40	4.19	4.67	3.73	4.55	4.44	-
With related children under 18 years	1 432	796	636	198	220	359	-
Mean number of related children under 18 years	3.26	3.18	3.36	2.75	3.52	3.25	-
With related children under 6 years	832	476	356	104	126	239	-
Mean number of related children under 6 years	1.70	1.66	1.74	1.63	1.58	1.72	-
Families with female head	863	584	279	148	163	254	-
With related children under 18 years	729	487	242	104	147	225	-
Mean number of related children under 18 years	3.17	3.16	3.19	2.71	3.33	3.28	-
With related children under 6 years	430	291	139	51	83	152	-
Percent in labor force	65.1	68.4	58.3	56.9	63.9	73.7	-
Mean number of related children under 6 years	1.69	1.68	1.72	1.76	1.64	1.66	-
Family heads	1 863	1 031	832	300	265	420	-
Percent 65 years and over	21.4	18.7	24.8	26.3	17.7	14.5	-
Civilian male heads under 65 years	740	343	397	94	78	144	-
Percent in labor force	79.1	75.8	81.9	80.9	76.9	81.3	-
Unrelated individuals	1 175	683	492	361	303	158	-
Percent of all unrelated individuals	58.3	56.8	60.5	59.1	53.4	59.2	-
Mean income	\$865	\$899	\$817	\$954	\$934	\$852	-
Mean income deficit	\$956	\$929	\$994	\$876	\$886	\$979	-
Percent receiving public assistance income	29.9	26.5	34.6	24.4	32.0	23.4	-
Percent 65 years and over	42.9	41.4	44.9	42.9	47.6	40.5	-
Persons	9 378	5 002	4 376	1 480	1 310	2 021	-
Percent of all persons	45.1	44.0	46.4	53.1	42.3	41.6	-
Percent receiving Social Security income	11.4	11.1	11.7	16.0	7.9	9.1	-
Percent 65 years and over	12.0	11.8	12.2	18.8	9.4	7.6	-
Percent receiving Social Security income	58.8	62.4	54.9	63.3	56.9	66.0	-
Related children under 18 years	4 757	2 546	2 211	575	743	1 181	-
Percent living with both parents	37.5	33.5	42.1	41.4	32.2	30.1	-
Households	2 385	1 433	952	550	314	488	-
Percent of all households	47.5	45.5	50.9	56.4	40.9	41.4	-
Owner occupied	1 156	545	611	209	141	172	-
Mean value of unit	\$6 900	\$8 400	\$5 600	\$7 800	\$7 800	\$9 800	-
Renter occupied	1 229	888	341	341	173	316	-
Mean gross rent	\$58	\$66	\$37	\$74	\$53	\$62	-
Percent lacking some or all plumbing facilities	38.9	18.9	68.9	16.0	20.7	17.6	-

¹Excludes inmates of institutions, members of the Armed Forces living in barracks, college students in dormitories, and unrelated individuals under 14 years.

Table P-6. Economic Characteristics of the Negro Population: 1970—Continued

[Data based on a sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

Census Tracts With 400 or More Negro Population	Balance of Alachua County						Totals for split tracts		
	Tract 0014	Tract 0018	Tract 0019	Tract 0020	Tract 0021	Tract 0022	Tract 0006	Tract 0007	Tract 0014
EMPLOYMENT STATUS AND OCCUPATION									
Male, 16 years old and over									
Labor force	110	909	325	281	210	616	693	1 152	140
Civilian labor force	60	644	199	184	129	436	541	808	60
Employed	60	644	195	184	129	436	536	808	60
Unemployed	—	—	4	—	—	—	5	—	—
Not in labor force	50	265	126	97	81	180	152	344	80
Female, 16 years old and over									
Labor force	122	1 024	346	369	220	749	1 041	1 586	122
Civilian labor force	45	492	180	183	99	393	583	915	45
Employed	45	492	180	183	99	393	583	915	45
Unemployed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not in labor force	77	532	166	186	121	356	458	671	77
Married women in labor force, husband present	29	239	132	91	42	191	301	459	29
With own children under 6 years	14	90	44	49	17	55	113	183	14
Total employed, 16 years old and over	105	1 090	351	324	219	819	1 089	1 654	105
Professional, technical, and kindred workers	8	24	6	14	4	21	112	214	8
Managers and administrators, except farm	—	48	—	12	6	23	5	22	—
Sales workers	—	17	—	4	—	5	10	23	—
Clerical and kindred workers	10	23	—	22	8	11	92	129	10
Craftsmen, foremen, and kindred workers	11	96	58	31	11	64	91	127	11
Operatives, except transport	16	203	31	20	23	55	93	144	16
Transport equipment operatives	10	60	6	39	14	75	51	64	10
Laborers, except farm	16	131	32	30	57	117	109	155	16
Farm workers	5	212	35	36	—	70	23	11	5
Service workers, except private household	24	206	131	86	71	219	377	562	24
Private household workers	5	70	52	30	25	159	126	203	5
Female employed, 16 years old and over									
Professional, technical, and kindred workers	3	24	6	12	4	6	77	110	3
Managers and administrators, except farm	—	31	—	7	—	8	—	—	—
Sales workers	—	9	—	4	—	—	10	19	—
Clerical and kindred workers	4	8	—	19	—	11	61	102	4
Operatives, including transport	12	86	12	17	17	30	35	62	12
Other blue-collar workers	5	33	—	8	16	15	11	26	5
Farm workers	5	39	—	14	—	10	6	7	5
Service workers, except private household	11	175	96	50	33	144	246	327	11
Private household workers	5	65	47	30	25	159	122	200	5
FAMILY INCOME IN 1969									
All families	64	640	217	204	151	472	682	1 053	64
Less than \$1,000	—	48	14	31	15	32	63	76	—
\$1,000 to \$1,999	5	93	46	12	47	87	75	98	5
\$2,000 to \$2,999	6	78	11	32	20	9	75	135	6
\$3,000 to \$3,999	5	59	35	35	6	84	52	122	5
\$4,000 to \$4,999	8	58	20	6	20	84	87	123	8
\$5,000 to \$5,999	12	55	35	23	—	42	74	86	12
\$6,000 to \$6,999	5	54	23	4	10	15	52	63	5
\$7,000 to \$7,999	7	41	9	8	11	18	76	67	7
\$8,000 to \$8,999	5	30	10	10	6	54	46	54	5
\$9,000 to \$9,999	—	39	5	—	—	21	24	68	—
\$10,000 or more	11	85	9	43	16	26	58	161	11
Median income: Families	\$5 667	\$4 724	\$4 125	\$3 771	\$2 675	\$4 286	\$4 874	\$4 776	\$5 667
Families and unrelated individuals	\$4 375	\$2 924	\$3 549	\$2 844	\$1 889	\$3 491	\$4 068	\$4 142	\$4 375
RATIO OF FAMILY INCOME TO POVERTY LEVEL¹									
Percent of families with incomes:									
Less than .50 of poverty level	9.4	19.7	21.2	15.2	21.2	17.4	20.7	15.9	9.4
.50 to .74	15.6	11.9	14.3	20.6	23.8	17.8	8.1	10.8	15.6
.75 to .99	12.5	8.9	10.6	15.2	6.6	10.4	10.1	13.8	12.5
1.00 to 1.24	15.6	13.9	10.6	9.8	9.3	10.8	11.1	10.1	15.6
1.25 to 1.49	6.3	8.8	12.9	9.3	6.0	8.3	8.1	5.5	6.3
1.50 to 1.99	15.6	12.3	16.1	4.4	18.5	18.6	17.4	14.3	15.6
2.00 or more	25.0	24.5	14.3	25.5	14.6	16.7	24.5	29.6	25.0
INCOME BELOW POVERTY LEVEL¹									
Families	24	259	100	104	78	215	265	426	24
Percent of all families	37.5	40.5	46.1	51.0	51.7	45.6	38.9	40.5	37.5
Mean family income	...	\$2 130	\$2 146	\$2 066	\$1 495	\$2 343	\$2 111	\$2 297	...
Mean income deficit	...	\$1 690	\$1 928	\$1 627	\$1 596	\$1 809	\$1 872	\$1 636	...
Percent receiving public assistance income	...	34.7	27.0	24.0	16.7	25.1	37.0	23.5	...
Mean size of family	...	4.81	4.92	4.12	3.26	4.48	4.55	4.40	...
With related children under 18 years	19	217	76	87	35	176	220	359	19
Mean number of related children under 18 years	...	3.29	3.29	2.92	2.97	3.37	3.52	3.25	...
With related children under 6 years	11	105	40	33	23	118	126	239	11
Mean number of related children under 6 years	...	1.70	2.20	1.67	1.79	1.58	1.72	1.72	...
Families with female head	3	119	18	41	15	72	163	254	3
With related children under 18 years	3	101	13	35	15	64	147	225	3
Mean number of related children under 18 years	...	2.75	—	2.34	...	4.16	3.33	3.28	...
With related children under 6 years	—	49	8	11	8	52	83	152	—
Percent in labor force	—	73.5	—	—	—	59.6	63.9	73.7	—
Mean number of related children under 6 years	—	1.61	—	—	—	1.88	1.64	1.66	—
Family heads	24	259	100	104	78	215	265	426	24
Percent 65 years and over	...	20.1	19.0	15.4	41.0	27.0	17.7	15.7	...
Civilian male heads under 65 years	21	114	63	47	31	100	78	144	21
Percent in labor force	...	88.6	77.8	59.6	83.9	84.0	76.9	81.3	...
Unrelated individuals	13	217	44	64	36	108	103	158	13
Percent of all unrelated individuals	50.0	66.4	75.9	56.6	57.1	50.0	53.4	59.2	50.0
Mean income	...	\$818	\$916	\$667	\$450	\$939	\$934	\$852	...
Mean income deficit	...	\$1 014	\$851	\$1 193	\$1 325	\$833	\$886	\$979	...
Percent receiving public assistance income	...	30.9	40.9	29.7	11.1	42.6	32.0	23.4	...
Percent 65 years and over	...	40.1	56.8	29.7	41.7	54.6	47.6	40.5	...
Persons	188	1 462	536	492	290	1 157	1 310	2 033	188
Percent of all persons	46.1	43.8	48.2	41.7	46.5	50.1	42.3	41.8	46.1
Percent receiving Social Security income	22.3	11.5	9.3	12.4	15.9	10.0	7.9	9.6	22.3
Percent 65 years and over	8.5	11.1	10.6	11.8	21.0	12.0	9.4	8.1	8.5
Percent receiving Social Security income	...	46.3	42.1	48.3	75.4	52.5	56.9	68.3	...
Related children under 18 years	101	740	314	299	121	545	743	1 181	101
Percent living with both parents	90.1	39.9	46.5	37.5	44.6	31.2	32.2	30.1	90.1
Households	30	348	75	138	99	211	314	494	30
Percent of all households	42.3	47.0	48.4	57.3	57.6	52.8	40.9	41.7	42.3
Owner occupied	13	212	60	99	65	130	141	178	13
Mean value of unit	...	\$5 500	\$4 600	\$4 700	\$4 900	\$6 400	\$7 800	\$10 000	...
Renter occupied	17	136	15	39	34	81	173	316	17
Mean gross rent	...	\$29	...	\$53	\$35	\$26	\$53	\$62	...
Percent lacking some or all plumbing facilities	46.7	68.1	80.0	57.2	73.7	78.7	20.7	17.4	46.7

¹Excludes inmates of institutions, members of the Armed Forces living in barracks, college students in dormitories, and unrelated individuals under 14 years.

Table P-7. General and Social Characteristics of Persons of Spanish Language: 1970

[Data based on sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

Census Tracts With 400 or More Persons of Spanish Language	Alachua County			Gainesville
	Total	Gainesville	Balance	Tract 0009
AGE BY SEX				
Male, all ages	1 385	1 162	223	260
Under 5 years	123	105	18	46
3 and 4 years	46	36	10	7
5 to 9 years	107	80	27	22
5 years	42	29	13	22
6 years	12	6	6	-
10 to 14 years	107	86	21	16
14 years	19	13	6	-
15 to 19 years	151	130	21	40
15 years	22	22	-	-
16 years	19	11	8	-
17 years	12	12	-	-
18 years	43	38	5	32
19 years	55	47	8	8
20 to 24 years	436	380	56	54
20 years	64	53	11	8
21 years	145	129	16	31
25 to 34 years	237	200	37	74
35 to 44 years	86	76	10	8
45 to 54 years	64	38	26	-
55 to 59 years	6	6	-	-
60 to 64 years	15	15	-	-
65 to 74 years	29	22	7	-
75 years and over	24	24	-	-
Female, all ages	1 174	1 008	166	203
Under 5 years	102	90	12	21
3 and 4 years	25	18	7	-
5 to 9 years	120	92	28	13
5 years	15	6	9	-
6 years	10	10	-	-
10 to 14 years	101	81	20	-
14 years	12	12	-	-
15 to 19 years	211	180	31	57
15 years	15	11	4	-
16 years	27	13	14	-
17 years	32	32	-	-
18 years	57	44	13	19
19 years	80	80	-	38
20 to 24 years	301	283	18	52
20 years	87	80	7	13
21 years	69	64	5	6
25 to 34 years	203	170	33	60
35 to 44 years	52	39	13	-
45 to 54 years	49	38	11	-
55 to 59 years	6	6	-	-
60 to 64 years	13	13	-	-
65 to 74 years	9	9	-	-
75 years and over	7	7	-	-
RELATIONSHIP TO HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD				
All persons	2 559	2 170	389	463
In households	2 352	1 963	389	314
Head of household	668	549	119	104
Head of family	525	434	91	104
Primary individual	143	115	28	-
Wife of head	481	405	76	92
Other relative of head	964	777	187	118
Not related to head	239	232	7	-
In group quarters	207	207	-	149
Persons per household	3.52	3.58	3.27	3.02
TYPE OF HOUSEHOLD				
All households	668	549	119	104
Male primary individual	92	64	28	-
Female primary individual	51	51	-	-
Husband-wife households	488	405	83	104
Households with other male head	28	20	8	-
Households with female head	9	9	-	-
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT				
Persons, 16 to 21 years old	690	603	87	155
Not attending school	146	128	18	6
Not high school graduates	39	33	6	-
Percent of total	5.7	5.5	6.9	-
YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED				
Persons, 25 years old and over	800	663	137	142
No school years completed	29	29	-	-
Elementary:				
1 to 4 years	7	7	-	-
5 to 7 years	27	20	7	-
8 years	20	20	-	-
High school:				
1 to 3 years	37	22	15	7
4 years	146	107	39	20
College:				
1 to 3 years	137	111	26	7
4 years or more	397	347	50	108
Median school years completed	15.9	16.1	13.9	16.7
Percent high school graduates	85.0	85.2	83.9	95.1
RESIDENCE IN 1965				
Persons, 5 years old and over, 1970 ¹	2 334	1 975	359	396
Same house as in 1970	413	322	91	6
Different house:				
In central city of this SMSA	240	170	70	8
In other part of this SMSA	103	69	34	15
Outside this SMSA	1 137	1 011	126	266
North and West	200	182	18	16
South	937	829	108	250
Abroad	392	362	30	93

¹Includes "Moved, 1965 residence not reported."

Table P-8. Economic Characteristics of Persons of Spanish Language: 1970

(Data based on sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text)

**Census Tracts With
400 or More Persons
of Spanish Language**

	Alachua County			Gainesville
	Total	Gainesville	Balance	Tract 0009
EMPLOYMENT STATUS AND OCCUPATION				
Male, 16 years old and over	1 026	869	157	176
Labor force	480	394	86	73
Civilian labor force	480	394	86	73
Employed	464	378	86	73
Unemployed	16	16	-	-
Not in labor force	546	475	71	103
Female, 16 years old and over	836	734	102	169
Labor force	322	266	56	45
Civilian labor force	322	266	56	45
Employed	306	250	56	45
Unemployed	16	16	-	-
Not in labor force	514	468	46	124
Married women in labor force, husband present	227	176	51	39
With own children under 6 years	34	29	5	12
Total employed, 16 years old and over	770	628	142	118
Professional, technical, and kindred workers	351	311	40	54
Managers and administrators, except farm	48	35	13	-
Sales workers	42	28	14	-
Clerical and kindred workers	169	139	30	36
Craftsmen, foremen, and kindred workers	48	35	13	-
Operatives, except transport	26	11	15	7
Transport equipment operatives	7	7	-	7
Laborers, except farm	6	-	6	-
Farm workers	-	-	-	21
Service workers, except private household	67	56	11	-
Private household workers	6	6	-	-
Female employed, 16 years old and over	306	250	56	45
Professional, technical, and kindred workers	112	102	10	18
Managers and administrators, except farm	13	8	5	-
Sales workers	19	14	5	-
Clerical and kindred workers	98	68	30	14
Operatives, including transport	6	6	-	-
Other blue-collar workers	4	4	-	-
Farm workers	-	-	-	-
Service workers, except private household	48	42	6	13
Private household workers	6	6	-	-
FAMILY INCOME IN 1969				
All families	525	434	91	104
Less than \$1,000	25	25	-	15
\$1,000 to \$1,999	38	22	16	-
\$2,000 to \$2,999	28	28	-	7
\$3,000 to \$3,999	90	76	14	32
\$4,000 to \$4,999	55	47	8	20
\$5,000 to \$5,999	20	12	8	-
\$6,000 to \$6,999	27	18	9	6
\$7,000 to \$7,999	44	30	14	16
\$8,000 to \$8,999	30	30	-	-
\$9,000 to \$9,999	26	21	5	-
\$10,000 or more	142	125	17	8
Median income: Families	\$6 241	\$6 389	\$5 938	\$3 938
Families and unrelated individuals	\$2 956	\$2 597	\$4 750	\$1 017
RATIO OF FAMILY INCOME TO POVERTY LEVEL¹				
Percent of families with incomes:				
Less than .50 of poverty level	7.4	7.4	7.7	14.4
.50 to .74	5.3	3.0	16.5	6.7
.75 to .99	4.4	5.3	-	-
1.00 to 1.24	9.0	10.8	-	13.5
1.25 to 1.49	10.1	8.5	17.6	15.4
1.50 to 1.99	17.5	19.1	9.9	26.9
2.00 or more	46.3	45.9	48.4	23.1
INCOME BELOW POVERTY LEVEL¹				
Families	90	68	22	22
Percent of all families	17.1	15.7	24.2	21.2
Mean family income	\$1 528	\$1 368	...	...
Mean income deficit	\$1 952	\$1 927	...	...
Percent receiving public assistance income	30.0	39.7	...	...
Mean size of family	3.71	3.51	...	...
With related children under 18 years	66	53	13	22
Mean number of related children under 18 years	2.41	2.04	...	...
With related children under 6 years	59	53	6	22
Mean number of related children under 6 years	1.63	1.58	...	...
Families with female head	5	5	-	-
With related children under 18 years	5	5	-	-
Mean number of related children under 18 years	...	...	-	-
With related children under 6 years	5	5	-	-
Mean number of related children under 6 years	...	...	-	-
Family heads	90	68	22	22
Percent 65 years and over	16.7	22.1	...	...
Civilian male heads under 65 years	70	48	22	22
Percent in labor force	67.1	52.1	...	...
Unrelated individuals	234	227	7	7
Percent of all unrelated individuals	58.9	62.7	20.0	...
Mean income	\$654	\$657	...	...
Mean income deficit	\$1 276	\$1 272	...	...
Percent receiving public assistance income	2.6	2.6	...	...
Percent 65 years and over	...	...	...	...
Persons	568	466	102	111
Percent of all persons	24.0	23.6	26.2	34.6
Percent receiving Social Security income	3.9	3.4	5.9	...
Percent 65 years and over	4.2	5.2	...	...
Percent receiving Social Security income	...	...	...	...
Related children under 18 years	222	154	68	59
Percent living with both parents	75.2	64.3	100.0	100.0
Households	149	133	16	22
Percent of all households	23.9	25.3	16.5	21.2
Owner occupied	7	-	7	-
Mean value of unit	...	...	...	...
Renter occupied	142	133	9	22
Mean gross rent	\$127	\$128	...	...
Percent lacking some or all plumbing facilities	-	-	-	-

¹Excludes inmates of institutions, members of the Armed Forces living in barracks, college students in dormitories, and unrelated individuals under 14 years.

Table H-1. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1970

[For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

Census Tracts	Alachua County			Gainesville									
	Total	Gainesville	Balance	Tract 0001	Tract 0002	Tract 0003	Tract 0004	Tract 0005	Tract 0006	Tract 0007	Tract 0008	Tract 0009	Tract 0010
All housing units	33 538	20 312	13 226	296	2 432	2 467	1 597	1 961	1 309	1 794	1 896	984	2 242
Vacant—seasonal and migratory.....	18	3	15	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—
All year-round housing units	33 520	20 309	13 211	296	2 432	2 467	1 597	1 960	1 309	1 794	1 896	984	2 242
TENURE, RACE, AND VACANCY STATUS													
Owner occupied.....	18 911	9 235	9 676	89	523	1 266	1 313	1 100	605	870	161	4	1 218
Cooperative and condominium.....	10	5	5	—	—	—	—	—	5	—	—	—	—
White.....	15 559	7 733	7 826	67	197	1 230	1 308	1 085	167	220	160	4	1 214
Negro.....	3 309	1 482	1 827	22	326	32	3	12	437	650	—	—	—
Renter occupied.....	12 204	9 542	2 662	179	1 665	1 018	231	732	541	693	1 586	954	838
White.....	9 664	7 663	2 001	146	989	965	220	708	157	111	1 561	909	809
Negro.....	2 432	1 777	655	32	658	44	9	21	383	581	12	14	14
Vacant year-round.....	2 405	1 532	873	28	244	183	53	128	163	231	149	26	186
For sale only.....	404	181	223	3	16	15	27	24	32	32	—	—	18
Vacant less than 6 months.....	314	146	168	—	9	15	24	16	29	28	—	—	11
Median price asked.....	\$13 300	\$13 700	\$12 800	—	\$8 700	\$10 000	\$14 000	\$13 100	\$15 800	\$11 100	—	—	\$22 500
For rent.....	1 255	1 060	195	19	190	145	19	75	106	188	115	25	70
Vacant less than 2 months.....	752	668	84	15	97	28	6	40	87	156	69	21	65
Median rent asked.....	\$65	\$65	\$62	\$61	\$70	\$30—	\$129	\$75	\$53	\$47	\$165	\$39	\$95
Other.....	746	291	455	6	38	23	7	29	25	11	34	1	98
LACKING SOME OR ALL PLUMBING FACILITIES													
All units.....	3 006	806	2 200	16	238	29	9	25	170	229	2	4	72
Owner occupied.....	1 473	220	1 253	4	36	12	3	9	74	73	—	—	2
Negro.....	1 105	170	935	3	29	7	—	3	67	61	—	—	—
Renter occupied.....	1 090	423	667	10	151	13	4	13	63	117	1	4	43
Negro.....	841	307	534	4	133	6	2	6	58	96	—	—	2
Vacant year-round.....	443	163	280	2	51	4	2	3	33	39	1	—	27
For sale only.....	56	13	43	—	2	—	—	1	9	1	—	—	—
For rent.....	165	94	71	2	33	—	—	2	15	30	—	—	11
COMPLETE KITCHEN FACILITIES AND ACCESS													
Lacking complete kitchen facilities.....	1 861	461	1 400	15	145	19	18	17	85	63	3	3	80
Access only through other living quarters.....	22	10	12	—	1	—	—	3	—	3	—	2	1
ROOMS													
1 room.....	611	453	158	25	196	82	2	20	5	5	14	6	93
2 rooms.....	1 550	1 068	482	28	220	129	8	79	30	61	149	86	213
3 rooms.....	4 077	2 837	1 240	72	417	255	22	244	175	186	649	335	254
4 rooms.....	7 646	4 659	2 987	58	673	716	139	347	398	437	682	497	240
5 rooms.....	7 549	4 122	3 427	45	368	598	479	475	408	488	211	56	235
6 rooms.....	6 460	3 756	2 704	36	280	467	622	436	213	451	74	4	424
7 rooms.....	3 191	1 974	1 217	10	172	151	240	212	51	123	46	—	407
8 rooms.....	1 530	905	625	9	66	44	71	77	15	32	35	—	219
9 rooms or more.....	906	535	371	13	40	25	14	70	14	11	36	—	157
Median.....	4.9	4.8	5.0	3.9	4.1	4.6	5.7	5.1	4.6	4.9	3.7	3.6	5.7
All occupied housing units	31 115	18 777	12 338	268	2 188	2 284	1 544	1 832	1 146	1 563	1 747	958	2 056
PERSONS													
1 person.....	5 072	3 185	1 887	123	660	471	96	400	174	196	330	25	407
2 persons.....	9 583	6 013	3 570	75	754	849	304	669	281	338	646	407	761
3 persons.....	5 728	3 558	2 170	32	340	447	352	313	211	267	289	343	341
4 persons.....	5 181	3 136	2 045	13	226	314	397	202	172	260	410	141	281
5 persons.....	2 735	1 546	1 189	7	89	119	235	145	108	185	55	35	179
6 persons or more.....	2 816	1 339	1 477	18	119	84	160	103	200	317	17	7	87
Median, all occupied units.....	2.7	2.6	2.8	1.6	2.1	2.3	3.6	2.3	3.1	3.4	2.3	2.6	2.3
Median, owner occupied units.....	3.0	3.0	2.9	1.8	2.1	2.4	3.6	2.4	3.1	3.5	2.6	—	2.7
Median, renter occupied units.....	2.3	2.3	2.5	1.6	2.1	2.2	3.2	2.1	3.0	3.3	2.3	—	2.0
Units with roomers, boarders, or lodgers.....	1 285	1 006	279	32	266	117	26	80	29	77	105	2	148
PERSONS PER ROOM													
1.00 or less.....	28 511	17 492	11 019	251	1 987	2 200	1 468	1 774	928	1 254	1 637	884	2 008
1.01 to 1.50.....	1 813	914	897	7	122	64	69	41	149	208	98	60	20
1.51 or more.....	791	369	422	10	79	20	7	17	69	101	12	14	28
Units with all plumbing facilities—1.01 or more.....	2 020	1 159	861	17	163	79	75	57	186	264	110	73	46
VALUE													
Specified owner occupied units ¹	15 089	8 651	6 438	56	476	1 097	1 287	965	554	832	154	—	1 196
Less than \$5,000.....	1 736	368	1 368	2	65	51	5	10	116	99	—	—	5
\$5,000 to \$7,499.....	1 516	589	927	14	108	113	12	44	126	141	2	—	7
\$7,500 to \$9,999.....	1 343	679	664	11	73	187	24	98	102	143	1	—	6
\$10,000 to \$14,999.....	3 596	2 328	1 268	12	105	416	561	398	137	321	4	—	105
\$15,000 to \$19,999.....	2 670	1 947	723	8	47	206	591	270	59	93	10	—	205
\$20,000 to \$24,999.....	1 479	1 013	464	7	30	66	89	80	8	23	21	—	254
\$25,000 to \$34,999.....	1 436	1 037	599	1	30	35	4	45	4	8	35	—	356
\$35,000 to \$49,999.....	808	490	318	1	12	16	1	16	1	2	51	—	184
\$50,000 or more.....	305	200	105	—	6	7	—	4	1	2	30	—	74
Median.....	\$14 100	\$15 800	\$10 900	\$10 400	\$9 700	\$12 200	\$15 300	\$14 200	\$8 400	\$10 300	\$36 200	—	\$25 400
CONTRACT RENT													
Specified renter occupied units ²	11 784	9 451	2 333	179	1 653	1 015	231	729	525	680	1 581	948	836
Less than \$30.....	568	285	283	4	54	18	1	4	7	25	6	161	2
\$30 to \$39.....	757	613	144	9	89	7	1	2	78	155	3	252	9
\$40 to \$59.....	1 765	1 404	359	84	484	67	22	76	225	325	8	8	69
\$60 to \$79.....	1 962	1 583	379	55	205	157	13	258	109	119	9	506	108
\$80 to \$99.....	1 197	1 000	197	11	178	256	14	173	46	22	10	10	227
\$100 to \$149.....	2 958	2 533	425	6	464	366	118	153	44	20	688	—	299
\$150 to \$199.....	1 502	1 414	88	3	73	109	49	31	2	1	672	—	67
\$200 to \$249.....	320	283	37	—	8	2	1	2	—	—	149	—	23
\$250 or more.....	114	107	7	—	54	—	—	2	—	—	15	—	10
No cash rent.....	641	227	414	7	44	33	12	28	14	13	21	11	22
Median.....	\$89	\$95	\$68	\$57	\$76	\$99	\$130	\$81	\$54	\$48	\$154	\$61	\$99

¹Limited to one-family homes on less than 10 acres and no business on property. ²Excludes one-family homes on 10 acres or more.

Table H-1. **Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1970—Continued**

[For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

Census Tracts	Gainesville—Con.						Balance of Alachua County							
	Tract 0011	Tract 0012	Tract 0013	Tract 0014	Tract 0016	Tract 0017	Tract 0006	Tract 0007	Tract 0008	Tract 0011	Tract 0012	Tract 0014	Tract 0015	Tract 0016
All housing units	565	802	67	2	1 253	645	41	746	6	407	343	684	1 615	92
Vacant—seasonal and migratory	—	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—
All year-round housing units	565	802	67	2	1 251	645	41	746	6	407	343	683	1 615	92
TENURE, RACE, AND VACANCY STATUS														
Owner occupied	463	430	—	...	594	599	28	593	3	376	272	558	948	83
Cooperative and condominium	—	—	—	...	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
White	462	430	—	...	594	595	28	588	3	374	265	478	915	64
Negro	—	—	—	...	—	—	—	3	—	—	3	80	30	19
Renter occupied	102	349	51	...	555	46	12	117	2	20	33	89	614	4
White	102	345	46	...	547	46	12	115	2	20	33	80	595	3
Negro	—	3	4	...	2	—	—	2	—	—	—	9	16	1
Vacant year-round	—	23	16	...	102	—	1	36	1	11	38	36	53	5
For sale only	—	2	—	...	12	—	—	29	—	4	29	21	4	1
Vacant less than 6 months	—	—	—	...	9	—	—	27	—	—	29	14	—	—
Median price asked	—	—	—	...	\$25 000	—	—	\$10 000	—	—	\$19 800	\$8 800	—	—
For rent	—	18	13	...	77	—	1	4	—	—	1	6	34	—
Vacant less than 2 months	—	—	12	...	72	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	33	—
Median rent asked	—	\$100	\$40	...	\$178	—	—	—	—	—	—	\$70	\$150	—
Other	—	3	3	...	13	—	—	3	1	6	8	9	15	4
LACKING SOME OR ALL PLUMBING FACILITIES														
All units	—	3	2	...	6	1	1	20	2	—	4	60	32	12
Owner occupied	—	3	—	...	3	1	—	14	—	—	3	35	18	9
Negro	—	—	—	...	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	28	9	9
Renter occupied	—	—	1	...	3	—	1	6	—	—	—	15	14	—
Negro	—	—	—	...	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	8	—
Vacant year-round	—	—	1	...	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	10	—	2
For sale only	—	—	—	...	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	7	—	—
For rent	—	—	1	...	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
COMPLETE KITCHEN FACILITIES AND ACCESS														
Lacking complete kitchen facilities	—	4	8	...	—	—	—	3	—	—	—	21	26	5
Access only through other living quarters	—	—	—	...	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
ROOMS														
1 room	—	3	—	...	1	—	—	7	—	—	—	5	35	—
2 rooms	—	24	3	...	37	—	3	16	—	1	2	13	133	1
3 rooms	6	67	27	...	127	1	7	70	2	2	2	36	302	3
4 rooms	25	236	12	...	190	9	6	157	2	6	22	137	548	11
5 rooms	63	250	16	...	305	125	13	277	1	55	100	208	290	10
6 rooms	107	157	9	...	242	234	11	147	1	136	112	198	147	21
7 rooms	144	45	—	...	215	158	1	48	—	124	73	57	95	24
8 rooms	139	14	—	...	95	89	—	17	—	56	24	24	43	14
9 rooms or more	81	6	—	...	39	29	—	7	—	27	8	5	22	8
Median	7.1	4.8	3.8	...	5.4	6.3	4.8	4.9	4.0	6.5	5.9	5.2	4.1	6.5
All occupied housing units	565	779	51	...	1 149	645	40	710	5	396	305	647	1 562	87
PERSONS														
1 person	30	90	14	...	139	30	7	80	1	15	16	68	329	6
2 persons	126	276	11	...	374	140	8	178	2	73	80	159	683	13
3 persons	103	173	11	...	212	124	9	141	—	87	69	119	270	21
4 persons	160	126	8	...	230	196	6	151	1	110	76	142	162	20
5 persons	97	67	6	...	124	95	9	76	—	65	44	72	64	11
6 persons or more	49	47	1	...	70	60	1	84	1	46	20	87	54	16
Median, all occupied units	3.6	2.6	2.5	...	3.6	3.6	3.1	3.2	2.3	3.7	3.3	3.3	2.2	3.7
Median, owner occupied units	3.8	3.1	—	...	3.6	3.7	3.2	3.3	—	3.7	3.4	3.4	2.3	3.6
Median, renter occupied units	2.5	2.3	2.5	...	2.2	3.4	2.8	2.9	—	3.9	2.6	3.0	2.0	—
Units with roomers, boarders, or lodgers	6	40	1	...	67	10	—	21	—	1	2	9	79	2
PERSONS PER ROOM														
1.00 or less	558	738	50	...	1 120	634	37	636	4	385	301	578	1 491	82
1.01 to 1.50	7	37	—	...	25	9	2	58	1	9	4	56	48	1
1.51 or more	—	4	1	...	4	2	1	16	—	2	—	13	23	4
Units with all plumbing facilities—1.01 or more	7	40	1	...	29	11	2	69	1	11	4	57	65	2
VALUE														
Specified owner occupied units ¹	459	386	—	...	589	598	22	473	—	368	257	497	392	80
Less than \$5,000	—	15	—	...	—	—	1	29	—	2	—	49	46	7
\$5,000 to \$7,499	—	22	—	...	—	—	1	31	—	—	4	60	31	6
\$7,500 to \$9,999	2	28	—	...	2	2	1	72	—	—	1	82	19	1
\$10,000 to \$14,999	6	134	—	...	77	50	17	227	—	7	18	209	52	3
\$15,000 to \$19,999	45	110	—	...	153	150	1	90	—	71	97	80	63	2
\$20,000 to \$24,999	81	48	—	...	122	184	1	15	—	120	89	6	70	14
\$25,000 to \$34,999	147	18	—	...	188	166	—	8	—	138	46	4	79	26
\$35,000 to \$49,999	111	9	—	...	43	43	—	1	—	27	2	4	26	13
\$50,000 or more	67	2	—	...	4	3	—	—	—	3	—	3	6	8
Median	\$31 500	\$14 800	—	...	\$22 600	\$22 600	\$11 700	\$12 400	—	\$24 300	\$20 500	\$11 100	\$18 900	\$27 700
CONTRACT RENT														
Specified renter occupied units ²	99	349	23	...	555	46	10	107	—	18	31	84	595	—
Less than \$30	—	—	2	...	1	—	—	3	—	—	1	3	12	—
\$30 to \$39	1	2	5	...	—	—	—	13	—	—	—	1	16	—
\$40 to \$59	1	17	16	...	1	—	7	10	—	—	1	18	42	—
\$60 to \$79	—	42	—	...	1	—	1	1	—	—	—	17	79	—
\$80 to \$99	—	50	—	...	3	—	—	28	—	1	4	17	79	—
\$100 to \$149	14	216	—	...	130	15	1	24	—	—	3	14	88	—
\$150 to \$199	53	12	—	...	316	26	—	2	—	8	10	5	36	—
\$200 to \$249	10	—	—	...	85	3	—	—	—	6	—	—	27	—
\$250 or more	16	—	—	...	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	—
No cash rent	4	10	—	...	5	1	—	7	—	—	—	—	32	—
Median	\$180	\$107	\$43	...	\$172	\$163	\$55	\$78	—	\$188	\$120	\$77	\$106	—

¹Limited to one-family homes on less than 10 acres and no business on property.

²Excludes one-family homes on 10 acres or more.

Table H-1. **Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1970—Continued**

(For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text)

Census Tracts	Balance of Alachua County—Con.						Totals for split tracts							
	Tract 0017	Tract 0018	Tract 0019	Tract 0020	Tract 0021	Tract 0022	Tract 0006	Tract 0007	Tract 0008	Tract 0011	Tract 0012	Tract 0014	Tract 0016	Tract 0017
All housing units	695	2 858	1 312	1 269	668	2 490	1 350	2 540	1 902	972	1 145	686	1 345	1 340
Vacant—seasonal and migratory	—	5	2	5	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	1	2	—
All year-round housing units	695	2 853	1 310	1 264	668	2 488	1 350	2 540	1 902	972	1 145	685	1 343	1 340
TENURE, RACE, AND VACANCY STATUS														
Owner occupied	550	2 015	941	899	506	1 904	633	1 463	164	839	702	558	677	1 149
Cooperative and condominium	—	—	5	—	—	—	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
White	517	1 395	720	682	362	1 435	195	808	163	836	695	478	658	1 112
Negro	29	419	219	215	143	467	437	653	—	3	80	19	29	29
Renter occupied	87	653	250	204	127	450	553	810	1 588	122	382	91	559	133
White	76	403	174	119	86	283	149	226	1 563	122	378	82	550	122
Negro	8	250	76	85	41	167	383	583	12	—	3	9	3	8
Vacant year-round	58	185	119	161	35	134	164	267	150	11	61	36	107	58
For sale only	43	35	12	17	5	23	32	61	—	4	31	21	13	43
Vacant less than 6 months	43	20	7	5	4	12	29	55	—	—	31	14	10	43
Median price asked	\$41 500	\$7 100	\$10 000	\$5000—	\$30 000	\$5000—	\$15 800	\$10 800	—	—	\$19 300	\$8 800	\$25 800	\$41 500
For rent	3	53	20	30	18	24	107	192	115	1	19	6	77	3
Vacant less than 2 months	—	7	10	10	4	8	88	160	69	—	—	4	72	—
Median rent asked	—	\$46	\$48	\$61	\$61	\$35	\$53	\$47	\$165	—	\$95	\$70	\$178	—
Other	12	97	87	114	12	87	25	14	35	6	11	9	17	12
LACKING SOME OR ALL PLUMBING FACILITIES														
All units	20	661	318	336	144	590	171	249	4	—	7	60	18	21
Owner occupied	12	350	190	184	92	346	74	87	—	6	35	12	13	13
Negro	11	285	126	120	66	279	67	61	—	—	28	9	11	11
Renter occupied	6	230	88	93	38	173	64	123	3	—	15	4	6	6
Negro	6	195	63	74	33	147	58	97	—	—	6	—	6	6
Vacant year-round	2	81	40	59	14	71	33	39	1	—	10	2	2	2
For sale only	—	12	2	8	1	12	9	1	—	—	7	—	—	—
For rent	—	30	7	11	10	13	15	30	—	—	—	—	—	—
COMPLETE KITCHEN FACILITIES AND ACCESS														
Lacking complete kitchen facilities	9	432	223	220	91	370	85	66	3	—	4	22	5	9
Access only through other living quarters	—	3	6	1	1	1	—	3	—	—	—	—	—	—
ROOMS														
1 room	1	38	23	18	5	26	5	12	14	—	3	6	1	1
2 rooms	5	103	46	53	18	88	33	77	149	1	26	14	38	5
3 rooms	14	221	132	121	63	265	182	256	651	8	69	36	130	15
4 rooms	71	570	323	329	170	635	404	594	684	31	258	137	201	80
5 rooms	98	827	371	358	147	672	421	765	212	118	350	208	315	223
6 rooms	169	674	247	242	135	464	224	598	75	243	269	198	263	403
7 rooms	111	256	108	80	47	193	52	171	46	260	118	57	239	269
8 rooms	126	111	37	39	41	93	15	49	35	195	38	24	109	215
9 rooms or more	100	53	23	24	42	52	14	18	36	108	14	5	47	129
Median	6.4	5.1	4.9	4.8	5.0	4.8	4.6	4.9	3.7	6.8	5.1	5.2	5.5	6.4
All occupied housing units	637	2 668	1 191	1 103	633	2 354	1 186	2 273	1 752	961	1 084	649	1 236	1 282
PERSONS														
1 person	22	441	208	196	108	390	181	276	331	45	106	68	145	52
2 persons	130	668	350	330	195	693	289	516	648	199	356	161	395	270
3 persons	128	467	199	168	101	399	220	408	289	190	242	119	225	252
4 persons	178	428	181	151	101	338	178	411	270	202	142	250	374	252
5 persons	103	251	97	113	61	223	117	261	55	162	111	72	135	198
6 persons or more	76	413	156	145	67	311	201	401	18	95	67	87	86	136
Median, all occupied units	3.7	3.0	2.7	2.7	2.6	2.7	3.1	3.3	2.3	3.7	2.8	3.3	2.8	3.7
Median, owner occupied units	3.8	2.9	2.6	2.7	2.8	2.8	3.1	3.4	2.5	3.8	3.2	3.4	3.6	3.7
Median, renter occupied units	3.0	3.1	2.9	2.4	2.2	2.5	3.0	3.2	2.3	2.8	2.3	3.0	2.2	3.1
Units with roomers, boarders, or lodgers	13	51	15	27	10	49	29	98	105	7	42	9	69	23
PERSONS PER ROOM														
1.00 or less	612	2 291	1 043	936	569	2 054	965	1 890	1 641	943	1 039	579	1 202	1 246
1.01 to 1.50	19	255	96	107	46	195	151	266	99	16	41	56	26	28
1.51 or more	6	122	52	60	18	105	70	117	12	2	4	14	8	8
Units with all plumbing facilities—1.01 or more	21	242	83	94	41	169	188	333	111	18	44	58	31	32
VALUE														
Specified owner occupied units ¹	530	1 356	533	587	343	997	576	1 305	157	827	643	497	669	1 128
Less than \$5,000	9	410	152	229	111	322	117	128	7	2	15	49	7	9
\$5,000 to \$7,499	15	273	132	146	53	175	127	172	2	—	26	60	6	15
\$7,500 to \$9,999	19	186	72	53	26	132	103	215	1	2	29	82	3	21
\$10,000 to \$14,999	84	281	100	89	39	141	154	548	5	13	152	209	80	134
\$15,000 to \$19,999	40	106	40	35	26	72	60	183	10	116	207	80	155	190
\$20,000 to \$24,999	38	40	19	17	14	23	9	38	21	201	137	6	136	222
\$25,000 to \$34,999	158	42	8	14	20	56	4	16	35	285	64	4	214	324
\$35,000 to \$49,999	144	12	7	4	24	54	1	3	51	138	11	4	56	187
\$50,000 or more	23	6	3	—	30	22	1	2	31	70	2	3	12	26
Median	\$28 800	\$7 500	\$7 200	\$6 100	\$8 200	\$7 500	\$8 600	\$11 000	\$36 000	\$27 800	\$17 300	\$11 100	\$23 100	\$24 400
CONTRACT RENT														
Specified renter occupied units ²	84	552	205	174	106	362	535	787	1 582	117	380	86	559	130
Less than \$30	1	86	43	42	23	69	7	28	6	—	7	3	7	7
\$30 to \$39	—	13	13	9	6	19	78	168	3	1	1	—	—	—
\$40 to \$59	1	137	50	31	18	43	232	335	9	1	18	18	4	1
\$60 to \$79	1	102	36	24	25	61	110	147	9	—	46	17	1	2
\$80 to \$99	7	17	11	7	3	27	46	42	10	—	53	14	3	7
\$100 to \$149	42	17	10	7	5	33	45	44	688	15	224	17	130	57
\$150 to \$199	16	1	1	1	3	4	2	3	672	61	22	5	317	42
\$200 to \$249	2	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	149	16	—	—	86	5
\$250 or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	15	16	1	—	7	15
No cash rent	14	123	41	53	23	104	15	20	21	6	13	71	7	15
Median	\$136	\$48	\$52	\$47	\$56	\$59	\$54	\$50	\$154	\$181	\$107	\$77	\$172	\$144

¹Limited to one-family homes on less than 10 acres and no business on property.

²Excludes one-family homes on 10 acres or more.

Table H-2. Structural, Equipment, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1970

[Data based on sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

Census Tracts	Alachua County			Gainesville									
	Total	Gainesville	Balance	Tract 0001	Tract 0002	Tract 0003	Tract 0004	Tract 0005	Tract 0006	Tract 0007	Tract 0008	Tract 0009	Tract 0010
All year-round housing units	33 519	20 309	13 210	279	2 432	2 467	1 594	1 978	1 309	1 794	1 896	984	2 242
UNITS IN STRUCTURE													
1 (includes mobile home or trailer)	25 553	12 962	12 591	88	1 347	1 809	1 564	1 453	966	1 323	251	71	1 569
2	1 390	1 195	195	57	260	214	30	171	194	69	-	-	1 162
3 and 4	1 012	861	151	85	194	182	-	202	-	-	9	-	156
5 to 49	3 698	3 485	213	49	294	163	-	152	143	264	832	888	347
50 or more	1 866	1 806	60	-	337	99	-	-	6	138	804	25	8
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT													
1969 to March 1970	2 676	1 587	1 089	-	85	94	33	29	217	442	111	-	17
1965 to 1968	6 643	3 779	2 864	-	144	326	270	119	261	225	1 172	147	250
1960 to 1964	6 578	3 992	2 586	-	305	387	706	50	235	422	405	215	373
1950 to 1959	7 969	5 161	2 808	28	623	817	530	684	320	238	160	167	731
1940 to 1949	4 234	2 899	1 335	61	470	559	33	399	154	234	40	368	494
1939 or earlier	5 419	2 891	2 528	190	805	284	22	697	122	233	8	87	377
HEATING EQUIPMENT													
Steam or hot water	227	204	23	38	25	9	-	40	9	6	21	-	5
Warm air furnace	12 852	8 085	4 767	17	368	664	1 065	495	365	424	1 180	27	1 084
Built-in electric units	2 263	1 924	339	14	109	206	87	67	75	282	585	-	251
Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace	2 225	1 546	679	5	133	220	120	239	77	147	40	203	237
Other means or not heated	15 952	8 550	7 402	205	1 797	1 368	322	1 137	783	935	70	754	665
BASEMENT													
All units with basement	668	515	153	14	60	63	10	28	28	33	103	23	72
One-family houses with basement	399	250	149	-	15	34	10	18	22	26	14	-	57
SELECTED EQUIPMENT													
With more than 1 bathroom	10 559	6 807	3 752	43	274	426	872	629	74	189	726	26	1 186
With public water supply	26 274	19 746	6 528	294	2 424	2 328	1 591	1 963	1 253	1 695	1 896	984	2 242
With public sewer	20 240	18 359	1 881	294	2 380	2 181	1 504	1 900	872	1 352	1 797	984	2 149
With air conditioning	18 937	12 906	6 031	91	1 097	1 625	1 314	1 089	228	251	1 860	496	1 927
Room unit(s)	9 975	6 597	3 378	76	809	1 097	930	831	150	153	298	489	1 074
Central system	8 962	6 309	2 653	15	288	528	384	258	78	98	1 562	7	853
All occupied housing units	31 115	18 777	12 338	250	2 188	2 284	1 542	1 850	1 146	1 563	1 747	958	2 056
YEAR MOVED INTO UNIT													
1968 to March 1970	15 034	10 347	4 687	116	1 283	1 113	630	849	521	758	1 540	843	1 007
1965 to 1967	5 050	2 667	2 383	48	199	295	395	270	144	164	113	115	312
1960 to 1964	4 416	2 217	2 199	15	136	266	392	163	190	329	13	-	180
1950 to 1959	3 842	2 208	1 634	14	185	403	109	362	213	174	55	-	374
1949 or earlier	2 773	1 338	1 435	57	385	207	16	206	78	138	26	-	193
AUTOMOBILES AVAILABLE													
1	14 536	8 670	5 866	88	1 070	1 178	540	954	529	604	849	814	865
2	10 230	6 050	4 180	52	290	762	797	586	223	384	433	109	819
3 or more	2 608	1 746	862	14	123	186	165	147	26	58	424	-	218
None	3 741	2 311	1 430	96	705	158	40	163	368	517	41	35	154
GROSS RENT													
Specified renter occupied units¹	11 776	9 465	2 311	135	1 659	1 013	223	776	523	687	1 576	958	838
Less than \$40	416	266	150	-	41	5	-	-	42	26	5	147	-
\$40 to \$59	1 232	997	235	33	150	5	6	6	170	278	-	258	61
\$60 to \$79	1 417	1 045	372	44	357	39	-	83	99	167	4	202	27
\$80 to \$99	1 550	1 220	330	42	239	88	-	221	85	118	4	330	71
\$100 to \$149	3 344	2 746	598	11	629	557	36	287	77	83	257	16	444
\$150 to \$199	2 000	1 807	193	5	140	231	138	103	28	10	739	-	133
\$200 to \$249	1 005	974	31	-	26	64	37	25	-	-	493	-	66
\$250 or more	261	229	32	-	57	-	-	6	-	-	58	-	8
No cash rent	551	181	370	-	20	24	6	45	22	5	16	5	28
Median	\$113	\$119	\$91	\$76	\$102	\$132	\$174	\$106	\$69	\$64	\$185	\$73	\$125
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME BY INCOME													
Specified renter occupied units¹	11 776	9 465	2 311	135	1 659	1 013	223	776	523	687	1 576	958	838
Less than \$5,000	6 502	5 283	1 219	103	1 188	431	32	408	312	509	983	506	483
Less than 20 percent	570	421	149	12	76	14	-	-	47	115	5	141	5
20 to 24 percent	427	339	88	15	63	15	-	24	32	74	-	107	9
25 to 34 percent	844	704	140	12	142	71	-	78	97	120	5	105	50
35 percent or more	4 019	3 460	559	59	868	306	22	253	113	168	902	127	381
Not computed	642	359	283	5	39	25	10	53	23	32	71	26	43
Median	35.0+	35.0+	35.0+	35.0+	35.0+	35.0+	...	35.0+	31.8	29.1	35.0+	24.6	35.0+
\$5,000 to \$9,999	3 508	2 757	751	32	341	393	92	239	184	142	338	394	193
Less than 20 percent	1 710	1 261	449	32	188	132	6	83	116	121	22	383	79
20 to 24 percent	810	696	114	-	85	160	26	85	52	15	127	11	50
25 to 34 percent	645	565	80	-	48	80	38	48	5	6	134	-	59
35 percent or more	182	164	18	-	15	10	16	11	-	-	44	-	-
Not computed	161	71	90	-	5	11	6	12	11	-	11	-	-
Median	19.8	20.6	17.1	15.0	19.1	21.8	27.9	21.8	15.1	14.5	26.1	11.5	21.5
\$10,000 to \$14,999	1 255	984	271	-	101	123	73	101	16	31	177	53	114
25 percent or more	41	41	-	-	6	5	-	-	-	-	10	-	-
Not computed	44	-	44	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Median	15.1	15.9	12.5	-	13.7	17.2	16.9	13.0	...	10.0	17.2	10.0	16.6
\$15,000 or more	511	441	70	-	29	66	26	28	11	5	78	5	43
25 percent or more	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Not computed	5	5	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	-	-	-	-
Median	11.7	12.0	10.0	-	10.0	11.2	13.3	...	...	...	12.2	...	11.3

¹Excludes one-family homes on 10 acres or more.

Table H-2. Structural, Equipment, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1970—Continued

[Data based on sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

Census Tracts	Gainesville—Con.						Balance of Alachua County							
	Tract 0011	Tract 0012	Tract 0013	Tract 0014	Tract 0016	Tract 0017	Tract 0006	Tract 0007	Tract 0008	Tract 0011	Tract 0012	Tract 0014	Tract 0015	Tract 0016
All year-round housing units	553	814	72	—	1 241	654	33	728	6	422	349	710	1 615	88
UNITS IN STRUCTURE														
1 (includes mobile home or trailer)	497	610	42	—	718	654	33	724	—	422	349	692	1 319	88
2	—	29	5	—	4	—	—	4	—	—	—	7	38	—
3 and 4	—	23	—	—	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	50	—
5 to 49	5	108	25	—	215	—	—	—	—	—	—	11	155	—
50 or more	51	44	—	—	294	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	53	—
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT														
1969 to March 1970	73	116	—	—	336	34	5	73	—	42	86	22	283	12
1965 to 1968	283	179	—	—	292	111	—	175	—	169	147	143	498	20
1960 to 1964	151	178	—	—	200	365	16	281	—	180	65	176	255	25
1950 to 1959	35	240	52	—	397	139	12	129	—	26	38	311	412	31
1940 to 1949	4	53	14	—	11	5	—	33	—	—	9	45	120	—
1939 or earlier	7	48	6	—	5	—	—	37	—	5	4	13	47	—
HEATING EQUIPMENT														
Steam or hot water	—	16	25	—	6	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	—
Warm air furnace	508	441	—	—	837	610	16	308	—	346	247	207	946	68
Built-in electric units	34	15	—	—	191	8	—	14	—	21	—	5	112	—
Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace	—	51	6	—	53	15	10	90	—	—	5	103	68	—
Other means or not heated	11	291	41	—	154	17	7	316	—	55	97	395	483	20
BASEMENT														
All units with basement	37	—	—	—	44	—	—	—	—	19	—	11	8	—
One-family houses with basement	31	—	—	—	23	—	—	—	—	19	—	11	4	—
SELECTED EQUIPMENT														
With more than 1 bathroom	530	462	—	—	783	587	—	230	—	412	283	154	385	75
With public water supply	539	635	59	—	1 201	642	21	509	—	356	295	231	907	36
With public sewer	468	691	45	—	1 181	561	7	42	—	175	184	26	627	—
With air conditioning	522	585	41	—	1 179	601	20	401	—	408	314	278	1 190	80
Room unit(s)	46	263	41	—	279	61	20	300	—	100	41	185	725	7
Central system	476	322	—	—	900	540	—	101	—	308	273	93	465	73
All occupied housing units	557	787	55	—	1 137	657	33	675	—	398	295	689	1 560	81
YEAR MOVED INTO UNIT														
1968 to March 1970	243	435	29	—	763	217	19	297	—	163	164	231	1 028	24
1965 to 1967	222	126	7	—	114	143	—	127	—	123	94	132	233	6
1960 to 1964	86	87	19	—	114	227	14	157	—	92	31	185	120	36
1950 to 1959	6	8	—	—	146	70	—	68	—	13	—	126	140	15
1949 or earlier	—	42	—	—	—	—	—	26	—	7	—	15	39	—
AUTOMOBILES AVAILABLE														
1	177	390	33	—	404	175	6	373	—	117	104	287	852	16
2	318	356	22	—	539	360	27	187	—	242	171	275	539	44
3 or more	62	21	—	—	180	122	—	75	—	39	20	63	128	15
None	—	20	—	—	14	—	—	40	—	—	—	64	41	6
GROSS RENT														
Specified renter occupied units ¹	95	356	25	—	565	36	—	77	—	—	30	116	584	—
Less than \$40	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	15	—
\$40 to \$59	—	5	25	—	—	—	—	4	—	—	—	15	19	—
\$60 to \$79	7	10	—	—	6	—	—	9	—	—	9	5	49	—
\$80 to \$99	—	22	—	—	—	—	—	4	—	—	—	26	74	—
\$100 to \$149	—	257	—	—	92	—	—	35	—	—	8	39	255	—
\$150 to \$199	15	51	—	—	196	18	—	4	—	—	4	17	105	—
\$200 to \$249	56	5	—	—	190	12	—	—	—	—	4	—	17	—
\$250 or more	17	—	—	—	77	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	21	—
No cash rent	—	6	—	—	4	—	—	21	—	—	5	9	29	—
Median	\$223	\$118	\$47	—	\$197	\$200	—	\$112	—	—	\$133	\$102	\$126	—
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME BY INCOME														
Specified renter occupied units ¹	95	356	25	—	565	36	—	77	—	—	30	116	584	—
Less than \$5,000	16	146	6	—	155	—	—	30	—	—	14	66	253	—
Less than 20 percent	—	—	6	—	—	—	—	4	—	—	5	—	5	—
20 to 24 percent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	—	—	—	—	20	—
25 to 34 percent	—	24	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	18	4	—
35 percent or more	16	110	—	—	135	—	—	18	—	—	—	35	185	—
Not computed	—	12	—	—	20	—	—	—	—	—	5	13	39	—
Median	—	35.0+	—	—	35.0+	—	—	35.0+	—	—	—	35.0+	35.0+	—
\$5,000 to \$9,999	17	159	—	—	212	21	—	22	—	—	8	33	237	—
Less than 20 percent	—	79	—	—	20	—	—	—	—	—	—	20	113	—
20 to 24 percent	—	44	—	—	41	—	—	13	—	—	8	—	66	—
25 to 34 percent	12	11	—	—	103	21	—	—	—	—	—	9	45	—
35 percent or more	5	19	—	—	44	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	9	—
Not computed	—	6	—	—	4	—	—	9	—	—	—	—	4	—
Median	—	19.8	—	—	29.2	—	—	—	—	—	—	18.8	20.3	—
\$10,000 to \$14,999	21	41	19	—	110	4	—	25	—	—	4	17	77	—
25 percent or more	—	—	—	—	20	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	12	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median	—	15.3	—	—	21.2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	13.6	—
\$15,000 or more	41	10	—	—	88	11	—	—	—	—	4	—	17	—
25 percent or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median	15.7	—	—	—	12.2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

¹Excludes one-family homes on 10 acres or more.

Table H-2. Structural, Equipment, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1970—Continued

[Data based on sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

Census Tracts	Balance of Alachua County—Con.						Totals for split tracts							
	Tract 0017	Tract 0018	Tract 0019	Tract 0020	Tract 0021	Tract 0022	Tract 0006	Tract 0007	Tract 0008	Tract 0011	Tract 0012	Tract 0014	Tract 0016	Tract 0017
All year-round housing units	699	2 855	1 312	1 259	647	2 487	1 342	2 522	1 902	975	1 163	710	1 329	1 353
UNITS IN STRUCTURE														
1 (includes mobile home or trailer)	678	2 726	1 247	1 228	631	2 448	999	2 047	257	919	959	692	806	1 332
2	17	55	42	17	—	15	194	73	—	29	7	—	4	17
3 and 4	—	60	16	5	9	11	—	—	9	—	23	—	10	—
5 to 49	4	14	—	9	7	13	143	264	832	5	108	11	215	4
50 or more	—	—	7	—	—	—	6	138	804	51	44	—	294	—
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT														
1969 to March 1970	122	91	67	56	38	192	222	515	111	115	202	22	348	156
1965 to 1968	249	403	193	185	138	544	261	400	1 172	452	326	143	312	360
1960 to 1964	205	436	226	175	89	457	251	703	405	331	243	176	225	570
1950 to 1959	117	504	310	270	98	550	332	367	160	61	278	311	428	256
1940 to 1949	6	447	147	193	41	294	154	267	40	4	62	45	11	11
1939 or earlier	—	974	369	380	243	450	122	270	14	12	52	13	5	—
HEATING EQUIPMENT														
Steam or hot water	5	12	—	—	—	—	9	6	21	—	16	—	6	9
Warm air furnace	507	610	268	266	182	796	381	732	1 180	854	688	207	905	1 117
Built-in electric units	4	22	49	31	36	45	75	296	585	55	15	5	191	12
Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace	29	178	53	30	19	94	87	237	40	—	56	103	53	44
Other means or not heated	154	2 033	942	932	410	1 552	790	1 251	76	66	388	395	174	171
BASEMENT														
All units with basement	—	42	14	20	10	29	28	33	103	56	—	11	44	—
One-family houses with basement	—	42	14	20	10	29	22	26	14	50	—	11	23	—
SELECTED EQUIPMENT														
With more than 1 bathroom	484	584	283	203	178	481	74	419	726	942	745	154	858	1 071
With public water supply	501	1 684	241	361	289	1 097	1 274	2 204	1 896	895	930	231	1 237	1 143
With public sewer	295	86	130	42	78	189	879	1 394	1 797	643	875	26	1 181	856
With air conditioning	581	845	397	329	281	900	248	652	1 867	930	899	278	1 259	1 182
Room unit(s)	104	643	276	258	144	575	170	453	298	146	304	185	286	165
Central system	477	202	121	71	137	325	78	199	1 569	784	595	93	973	1 017
All occupied housing units	643	2 668	1 191	1 103	641	2 354	1 179	2 238	1 754	955	1 082	689	1 218	1 300
YEAR MOVED INTO UNIT														
1968 to March 1970	270	787	324	284	173	923	540	1 055	1 540	406	599	231	787	487
1965 to 1967	205	408	229	238	170	418	144	291	113	345	220	132	120	348
1960 to 1964	125	479	256	179	138	387	204	486	13	178	118	185	150	352
1950 to 1959	43	424	202	202	23	372	213	242	55	19	103	126	161	113
1949 or earlier	—	570	180	200	137	254	78	164	33	7	42	15	—	—
AUTOMOBILES AVAILABLE														
1	176	1 276	585	568	283	1 216	535	977	856	294	494	287	420	351
2	383	812	318	223	211	748	250	571	433	560	527	275	583	743
3 or more	77	107	88	103	57	90	26	133	424	101	41	63	195	199
None	7	473	200	209	90	300	368	557	41	—	20	64	20	7
GROSS RENT														
Specified renter occupied units ¹	91	568	198	161	117	350	530	764	1 576	107	386	116	565	127
Less than \$40	—	37	13	13	10	57	42	26	5	—	—	5	—	—
\$40 to \$59	—	92	38	23	21	23	170	282	—	—	5	5	—	—
\$60 to \$79	—	116	51	31	20	75	106	176	4	7	19	5	6	—
\$80 to \$99	—	114	14	30	30	38	85	122	4	—	22	26	—	—
\$100 to \$149	18	63	51	19	14	88	77	118	257	8	265	39	92	18
\$150 to \$199	48	7	—	—	—	8	28	14	739	15	55	17	196	66
\$200 to \$249	7	—	—	—	3	—	—	—	493	56	9	—	190	19
\$250 or more	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	58	21	—	—	77	6
No cash rent	18	132	31	45	19	61	22	26	16	—	11	9	4	18
Median	\$169	\$74	\$75	\$75	\$79	\$78	\$69	\$66	\$185	\$221	\$118	\$102	\$197	\$178
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME BY INCOME														
Specified renter occupied units ¹	91	568	198	161	117	350	530	764	1 576	107	386	116	565	127
Less than \$5,000	12	312	118	96	65	245	312	539	983	24	160	66	155	12
Less than 20 percent	—	34	19	14	4	64	47	119	5	—	5	—	—	—
20 to 24 percent	—	24	12	10	8	6	32	82	—	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 34 percent	7	57	20	—	9	21	97	120	5	—	28	18	—	7
35 percent or more	—	119	53	39	29	73	113	186	902	24	110	35	135	—
Not computed	5	78	14	33	15	81	23	32	71	—	17	13	20	5
Median	...	35.0+	35.0+	35.0+	35.0+	30.7	31.8	29.4	35.0+	...	35.0+	35.0+	35.0+	...
\$5,000 to \$9,999	31	169	66	61	34	83	191	164	338	17	167	33	212	52
Less than 20 percent	—	125	50	44	30	60	123	121	22	—	79	20	20	—
20 to 24 percent	—	—	—	4	—	23	52	28	127	—	52	—	41	—
25 to 34 percent	26	—	—	—	—	—	5	6	134	12	11	9	103	47
35 percent or more	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	44	5	19	4	44	5
Not computed	—	44	16	13	4	—	11	9	11	—	6	—	4	—
Median	31.0	14.3	15.7	12.4	13.2	16.0	14.8	15.1	26.1	...	20.1	18.8	29.2	30.5
\$10,000 to \$14,999	43	54	14	4	11	22	16	56	177	21	45	17	110	47
25 percent or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	10	—	—	—	20	—
Not computed	13	10	5	4	—	—	—	12	—	—	—	—	—	13
Median	14.2	10.9	...	—	...	...	...	13.0	17.2	...	14.9	...	21.2	14.7
\$15,000 or more	5	33	—	—	7	—	11	5	78	45	14	—	88	16
25 percent or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median	...	10.0	—	—	...	...	...	...	12.2	15.3	...	—	12.2	...

¹Excludes one-family homes on 10 acres or more.

Table H-3. **Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With Negro Head of Household: 1970**

[For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

Census Tracts With 400 or More Negro Population	Alachua County			Gainesville					
	Total	Gainesville	Balance	Tract 0002	Tract 0006	Tract 0007	Tract 0013		
All occupied housing units	5 741	3 259	2 482	984	820	1 231	4		
TENURE AND PLUMBING									
Owner occupied	3 309	1 482	1 827	326	437	650	—		
With all plumbing facilities	2 204	1 312	892	297	370	589	—		
Renter occupied	2 432	1 777	655	658	383	581	4		
With all plumbing facilities	1 591	1 470	121	525	325	485	...		
ROOMS									
1 room	91	51	40	36	4	4	...		
2 rooms	270	136	134	51	19	47	...		
3 and 4 rooms	2 146	1 261	885	426	311	407	...		
5 and 6 rooms	2 638	1 483	1 155	350	424	645	...		
7 rooms or more	596	328	268	121	62	128	...		
Median	4.7	4.7	4.8	4.4	4.8	5.0	...		
PERSONS									
1 person	1 143	610	533	288	114	150	...		
2 and 3 persons	2 105	1 283	822	424	311	435	...		
4 and 5 persons	1 293	780	513	165	220	363	...		
6 persons or more	1 200	586	614	107	175	281	...		
Median	3.1	3.0	3.2	2.3	3.4	3.6	...		
Units with roomers, boarders, or lodgers	287	208	79	110	20	60	...		
PERSONS PER ROOM									
1.00 or less	4 449	2 611	1 838	831	636	948	...		
1.01 to 1.50	781	424	357	103	120	188	...		
1.51 or more	511	224	287	50	64	95	...		
Units with all plumbing facilities—1.01 or more	790	537	253	115	154	244	...		
VALUE									
Specified owner occupied units ¹	2 753	1 415	1 338	315	418	621	—		
Less than \$5,000	917	217	700	61	93	56	—		
\$5,000 to \$9,999	984	529	455	155	154	196	—		
\$10,000 to \$14,999	550	443	107	59	109	257	—		
\$15,000 to \$19,999	191	151	40	18	51	80	—		
\$20,000 to \$34,999	88	61	27	16	9	28	—		
\$35,000 or more	23	14	9	6	2	4	—		
Median	\$6 900	\$9 600	\$5000—	\$7 400	\$8 700	\$10 700	—		
CONTRACT RENT									
Specified renter occupied units ²	2 046	1 692	354	632	357	558	...		
Median	\$46	\$48	\$30—	\$48	\$49	\$47	...		
Census Tracts With 400 or More Negro Population	Balance of Alachua County						Totals for split tracts		
	Tract 0014	Tract 0018	Tract 0019	Tract 0020	Tract 0021	Tract 0022	Tract 0006	Tract 0007	Tract 0014
All occupied housing units	89	869	295	300	184	634	820	1 236	89
TENURE AND PLUMBING									
Owner occupied	80	619	219	215	143	467	437	653	80
With all plumbing facilities	52	334	93	95	77	188	370	592	52
Renter occupied	9	250	76	85	41	167	383	583	9
With all plumbing facilities	3	55	13	11	8	20	325	486	3
ROOMS									
1 room	1	11	6	4	1	16	4	4	1
2 rooms	4	55	11	17	8	34	19	47	4
3 and 4 rooms	29	304	116	96	81	224	311	408	29
5 and 6 rooms	43	403	133	148	77	291	424	649	43
7 rooms or more	12	96	29	35	17	69	62	128	12
Median	5.0	4.8	4.7	4.9	4.6	4.8	4.8	5.0	5.0
PERSONS									
1 person	15	187	57	55	46	153	114	150	15
2 and 3 persons	24	282	103	111	65	202	311	437	24
4 and 5 persons	20	172	65	62	38	127	220	367	20
6 persons or more	30	228	70	72	35	152	175	282	30
Median	3.9	3.2	3.2	3.1	2.6	3.1	3.4	3.7	3.9
Units with roomers, boarders, or lodgers	2	35	2	16	7	13	20	60	2
PERSONS PER ROOM									
1.00 or less	62	636	218	221	148	468	636	952	62
1.01 to 1.50	18	141	41	32	23	91	120	188	18
1.51 or more	9	92	36	47	13	75	64	96	9
Units with all plumbing facilities—1.01 or more	16	107	29	21	14	50	154	245	16
VALUE									
Specified owner occupied units ¹	67	499	119	181	111	292	418	624	67
Less than \$5,000	29	245	59	108	65	176	93	56	29
\$5,000 to \$9,999	27	171	45	57	33	90	154	197	27
\$10,000 to \$14,999	6	61	8	7	8	10	109	257	6
\$15,000 to \$19,999	4	13	3	6	2	7	51	80	4
\$20,000 to \$34,999	—	7	4	2	2	3	9	30	—
\$35,000 or more	1	2	—	1	1	6	2	4	1
Median	\$5 600	\$5 100	\$5 000	\$5000—	\$5000—	\$5000—	\$8 700	\$10 700	\$5 600
CONTRACT RENT									
Specified renter occupied units ²	6	153	35	49	23	75	357	558	6
Median	\$30	\$31	\$30—	\$30—	\$30—	\$30—	\$49	\$47	\$30

¹Limited to one-family homes on less than 10 acres and no business on property.

²Excludes one-family homes on 10 acres or more and all "no cash rent" units.

Table H-4. **Structural, Equipment, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With Negro Head of Household: 1970**

[Data based on sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

Census Tracts With 400 or More Negro Population	Alachua County			Gainesville			
	Total	Gainesville	Balance	Tract 0002	Tract 0006	Tract 0007	Tract 0013
All occupied housing units	5 745	3 254	2 491	984	820	1 231	10
UNITS IN STRUCTURE							
1 (includes mobile home or trailer)	4 868	2 473	2 395	824	614	894	...
2 to 4	385	301	84	121	117	42	...
5 or more	492	480	12	39	89	295	...
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT							
1960 to March 1970	2 037	1 390	647	73	465	820	...
1950 to 1959	1 318	716	602	324	191	138	...
1949 or earlier	2 390	1 148	1 242	587	164	273	...
SELECTED EQUIPMENT							
With air conditioning	503	361	142	82	95	108	...
With more than 1 bathroom	294	244	50	60	41	129	...
With central or built-in heating system	1 293	1 052	241	66	322	618	...
With public water supply	4 354	3 190	1 164	984	795	1 219	...
With public sewer	2 750	2 690	60	966	539	1 013	...
With automobile(s) available	3 510	1 897	1 613	480	524	769	...
1	2 537	1 321	1 216	404	375	459	...
2 or more	973	576	397	76	149	310	...
YEAR MOVED INTO UNIT							
1968 to March 1970	1 938	1 431	507	388	335	588	...
1960 to 1967	1 734	918	816	215	272	391	...
1959 or earlier	2 088	911	1 177	381	213	252	...
GROSS RENT							
Specified renter occupied units ¹	2 313	1 741	572	652	370	575	...
Less than \$40	186	81	105	27	23	26	...
\$40 to \$59	697	555	142	129	150	244	...
\$60 to \$79	606	510	96	234	68	153	...
\$80 to \$99	394	359	35	180	60	100	...
\$100 to \$149	197	182	15	74	52	41	...
\$150 to \$199	16	16	-	-	5	6	...
\$200 or more	5	5	-	-	-	-	...
No cash rent	212	33	179	8	12	5	...
Median	\$65	\$68	\$49	\$74	\$62	\$62	...
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME							
BY INCOME							
Less than \$10,000	2 221	1 669	552	631	359	557	...
25 percent or more	1 053	855	198	382	158	253	...
35 percent or more	689	543	146	286	80	135	...
Not computed	242	72	170	8	19	32	...
Median	26.7	26.8	26.3	32.3	23.9	24.4	...

Census Tracts With 400 or More Negro Population	Balance of Alachua County						Totals for split tracts		
	Tract 0014	Tract 0018	Tract 0019	Tract 0020	Tract 0021	Tract 0022	Tract 0006	Tract 0007	Tract 0014
All occupied housing units	97	869	295	300	181	634	820	1 239	97
UNITS IN STRUCTURE									
1 (includes mobile home or trailer)	90	824	282	292	181	617	614	902	90
2 to 4	7	45	13	8	-	11	117	42	7
5 or more	-	-	-	-	-	6	89	295	-
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT									
1960 to March 1970	63	185	92	40	59	186	465	820	63
1950 to 1959	24	171	57	85	35	163	191	138	24
1949 or earlier	10	513	146	175	87	285	164	281	10
SELECTED EQUIPMENT									
With air conditioning	9	52	6	8	16	38	95	108	9
With more than 1 bathroom	-	14	17	5	-	14	41	129	-
With central or built-in heating system	12	97	32	21	19	49	322	618	12
With public water supply	26	578	41	118	90	299	795	1 219	26
With public sewer	-	-	15	15	-	23	539	1 013	-
With automobile(s) available	65	547	191	189	120	417	524	769	65
1	56	487	135	142	86	280	375	459	56
2 or more	9	60	56	47	34	137	149	310	9
YEAR MOVED INTO UNIT									
1968 to March 1970	34	180	55	70	14	140	335	588	34
1960 to 1967	56	240	82	74	101	227	272	391	56
1959 or earlier	18	449	158	156	73	267	213	263	18
GROSS RENT									
Specified renter occupied units ¹	...	236	47	71	35	134	370	575	...
Less than \$40	...	37	9	3	5	41	23	26	...
\$40 to \$59	...	57	27	19	8	23	150	244	...
\$60 to \$79	...	57	-	6	4	23	68	153	...
\$80 to \$99	...	7	-	19	-	-	60	100	...
\$100 to \$149	...	-	-	-	3	-	52	41	...
\$150 to \$199	...	-	-	-	-	-	5	6	...
\$200 or more	...	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	...
No cash rent	...	78	11	24	15	47	12	5	...
Median	...	\$51	\$43	\$73	...	\$42	\$62	\$62	...
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME									
BY INCOME									
Less than \$10,000	...	220	47	67	35	134	359	557	...
25 percent or more	...	93	17	19	16	27	158	253	...
35 percent or more	...	61	17	19	12	21	80	135	...
Not computed	...	73	11	20	15	47	19	32	...
Median	...	31.1	14.5	22.8	...	17.1	23.9	24.4	...

¹Excludes one-family homes on 10 acres or more.

Table H-5. Characteristics of Housing Units With Household Head of Spanish Language: 1970

(Data based on sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text)

Census Tracts With 400 or More Persons of Spanish Language	Alachua County			Gainesville
	Total	Gainesville	Balance	Tract 0009
All occupied housing units	669	561	108	95
TENURE AND PLUMBING				
Owner occupied	209	140	69	--
With all plumbing facilities	209	140	69	--
Renter occupied	460	421	39	95
With all plumbing facilities	460	421	39	95
ROOMS				
1 room	15	15	--	--
2 rooms	70	54	16	7
3 and 4 rooms	387	330	57	82
5 and 6 rooms	131	96	35	6
7 rooms or more	66	66	--	--
UNITS IN STRUCTURE				
1 (includes mobile home or trailer)	309	215	94	8
2 to 4	59	59	--	--
5 or more	301	287	14	87
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT				
1960 to March 1970	368	295	73	22
1950 to 1959	159	131	28	20
1949 or earlier	142	135	7	53
PERSONS				
1 person	42	29	13	--
2 and 3 persons	399	342	57	71
4 and 5 persons	159	128	31	18
6 persons or more	69	62	7	6
Median	2.9	2.9	2.7	3.0
Units with roomers, boarders, or lodgers	53	46	7	--
PERSONS PER ROOM				
1.00 or less	580	479	101	76
1.01 to 1.50	61	61	--	19
1.51 or more	28	21	7	--
Units with all plumbing facilities - 1.01 or more	89	82	7	19
YEAR MOVED INTO UNIT				
1968 to March 1970	504	452	52	88
1960 to 1967	138	94	44	7
1959 or earlier	27	15	12	--
SELECTED EQUIPMENT				
With air conditioning	500	432	68	42
With more than 1 bathroom	170	149	21	13
With central or built-in heating system	414	355	59	15
With public water supply	643	556	87	95
With public sewer	551	530	21	95
With automobile(s) available	616	520	96	95
1	385	342	43	89
2 or more	231	178	53	6
VALUE				
Specified owner occupied units ¹	165	118	47	--
Less than \$5,000	--	--	--	--
\$5,000 to \$9,999	12	7	5	--
\$10,000 to \$14,999	47	32	15	--
\$15,000 to \$19,999	44	33	11	--
\$20,000 to \$34,999	56	46	10	--
\$35,000 or more	6	--	6	--
Median	\$18 400	\$18 500	\$18 300	--
GROSS RENT				
Specified renter occupied units ²	460	421	39	95
Less than \$40	34	34	--	34
\$40 to \$59	34	26	8	19
\$60 to \$79	35	35	--	7
\$80 to \$99	73	66	7	29
\$100 to \$149	130	106	24	6
\$150 to \$199	94	94	--	--
\$200 or more	60	60	--	--
No cash rent	--	--	--	--
Median	\$119	\$121	\$110	\$51
CONTRACT RENT				
Specified renter occupied units ³	460	421	39	95
Median	\$100	\$102	\$85	\$38
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME BY INCOME				
Less than \$10,000	414	375	39	88
25 percent or more	282	257	25	22
35 percent or more	208	192	16	7
Not computed	17	17	--	12
Median	35.0+	35.0+	31.1	12.8

¹Limited to one-family homes on less than 10 acres and no business on property.

²Excludes one-family homes on 10 acres or more.

³Excludes one-family homes on 10 acres or more and all "no cash rent" units.

Appendix A.—AREA CLASSIFICATIONS

CENSUS TRACTS	App-1
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Historical background	App-1
Description of tracted area	App-1
Comparability from census to census	App-1
STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS	App-2

CENSUS TRACTS

Definition of census tract.—Census tracts are small areas into which large cities and adjacent areas have been divided for statistical purposes. Tract boundaries were established cooperatively by a local committee and the Bureau of the Census. Tracts were generally designed to be relatively uniform with respect to population characteristics, economic status, and living conditions. The average tract has about 4,000 residents. Tract boundaries are established with the intention of being maintained over a long time so that comparisons may be made from census to census.

In the decennial censuses, the Bureau of the Census tabulates population and housing information for each census tract. The practice of local agencies to tabulate locally collected data by tracts has increased the value of census tract data in many areas.

Tracts are generally numbered in a consecutive series, with separate series for the central city and for each county. Insofar as possible, the numbers are consecutive within each city, community, township, and the like. In these tables, tracts which contain no population and no housing units are not listed. Tracts populated only by crews of vessels are identified by the tract number suffix "99."

Historical background.—The concept of census tracts was originated by the late Dr. Walter Laidlaw in New York City in 1906. He was convinced of the need for data for homogeneous subdivisions of cities as a basis for studying neighborhoods smaller than boroughs or wards. At his request, the Bureau of the Census tabulated census tract data from the 1910 census for New York and seven other cities with a population of over 500,000. Tract data were again tabulated for the same 8 cities in 1920, and in 1930 this number was increased to 18. In 1940, tract data were tabulated for 60 cities, some with adjacent tracted areas; and, beginning in 1940, housing data were added to the population data in the tract reports. In 1950, final reports were published for 64 tracted areas, many of which included statistics for two or more large cities. By 1960, the program had expanded to include reports for 180 tracted areas (of which 3 were in Puerto Rico).

Tract statistics from the 1970 census are published for 241 areas, 238 in the United States and 3 in the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico. All of these tracted areas are standard metropolitan statistical areas (SMSA's). The goal of extending the census tract program to all SMSA's was achieved in the 1970 census except for six areas that were designated as SMSA's on the basis of the 1970 census count and had not been tracted.

Much of the credit for the growing interest in tract data belongs to the late Howard Whipple Green of Cleveland. He aroused the interest of research workers in numerous cities in the potential usefulness of tract statistics for the analysis of sociological, marketing, and administrative

problems. In his capacity as Chairman of the Committee on Census Enumeration Areas of the American Statistical Association for 25 years, he accepted the responsibility for appointing a Census Tract Key Person in each area where tracts were established, for providing guidance on delineating and maintaining census tracts, and for maintaining a census tract library. These duties were assumed by the Bureau of the Census in 1955. However, the Census Bureau no longer appoints Census Tract Key Persons. They are selected by the local census tract committees.

For a further discussion of census tract data and their uses, see U.S. Bureau of the Census, *Census Tract Manual*, Fifth Edition, 1966, Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402.

Description of tracted area.—The map included in this report identifies the boundaries of the area for which the tract statistics are presented. The map also identifies the location and number of each tract and, when appropriate, the limits of cities, townships, counties, or other subdivisions of the tracted area. Boundaries of the tracted area generally constitute a standard metropolitan statistical area (SMSA). A few, however, include the SMSA plus an adjoining area outside it. These are designated as including the adjacent area, and the map covers the tracts in the adjacent area as well as those in the SMSA itself.

Comparability from census to census.—One of the principles followed in relation to census tracts is to preserve comparability from census to census. Keeping tract boundaries unchanged makes possible the study of changes

in social and economic characteristics of neighborhoods. There are, nonetheless, several situations where boundaries of individual tracts are changed. For example, it is sometimes necessary to change the boundaries of tracts to add small areas annexed to a city. Similarly, changes in tract boundaries occur when territory is detached from a city or separately incorporated. Changes may also occur in physical features that are used as tract boundaries, such as street or highway relocations. The census tract limits are changed to conform with the revised feature or to follow another nearby visible feature. Census tracts with very large increases in population are subdivided into two or more smaller tracts. On the other hand, a re-examination of the existing tract boundaries may result in modifications of boundaries to provide larger or more homogeneous units. Tables A and B, showing the comparability of tracts between 1960 and 1970, appear at the end of the Introduction.

STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS

The Bureau of the Census recognizes 243 standard metropolitan statistical areas (SMSA's) in the United States and 4 in Puerto Rico, making a total of 247 in the 1970 census. These include the 231 SMSA's as defined and named in the Bureau of the Budget publication, **Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas: 1967**, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402. Since 1967, 16 SMSA's have been added; of which two were defined in January 1968 and an additional 14 were defined in February 1971 on the basis of the results of the 1970 census. Changes in SMSA boundaries or titles made after February 1971 are not recognized in this series of reports. SMSA's are defined by the Office of Management and Budget (formerly Bureau of the Budget).

Except in the New England States, a standard metropolitan statistical area

is a county or group of contiguous counties which contains at least one city of 50,000 inhabitants or more, or "twin cities" with a combined population of at least 50,000. In addition to the county or counties containing such a city or cities, contiguous counties are included in an SMSA if, according to certain criteria, they are socially and economically integrated with the central city. In the New England States, SMSA's consist of towns and cities instead of counties. In recent years, four cities (High Point, N.C., Macon, Ga., Oklahoma City, Okla., and Sioux Falls, S. Dak.) have annexed territory which lies outside the boundaries of the SMSA. The figures shown in the tables for these cities exclude the portions which lie outside the SMSA. Each SMSA must include at least one central city, and the complete title of an SMSA identifies the central city or cities. For a detailed description of the criteria used in defining SMSA's, see the Bureau of the Budget publication cited above.

Appendix B.—DEFINITIONS AND EXPLANATIONS OF SUBJECT CHARACTERISTICS

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GENERAL

Facsimiles of the census questions and more complete definitions of the subject characteristics may be found in the 1970 Population Census PC(1)-C reports for population items and in the 1970 Housing Census HC(1)-B reports for housing items.

Certain characteristics defined here appear in both the population and the housing tables. Definitions for such characteristics are presented only once, in the section "Population Characteristics" or in the section "Housing Characteristics," depending on the nature of the subject (except for "group quarters," which appears in both sections).

POPULATION CHARACTERISTICS

Age.—The age classification is based on the age of the person in completed years as of April 1, 1970, and was determined from the reply to questions on age and on month and year of birth.

Race.—Data are shown for two racial categories, white and Negro. The

category "white" includes persons who indicated their race as white, as well as persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories on the questionnaire but entered Mexican, Puerto Rican, or a response suggesting Indo-European stock. The category "Negro" includes persons who indicated their race as Negro or Black, as well as persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories on the questionnaire but who had such entries as Jamaican, Trinidadian, West Indian, Haitian, and Ethiopian. All other racial categories, such as American Indian, Japanese, and Chinese, are included in the total but not shown separately. The classification by race shown for occupied housing units refers to the race of the head of the household occupying the unit.

Differences in the statistics on race in tables P-1, H-1, and H-3, containing 100-percent data, and tables P-5, P-6, and H-4, containing sample data, are due partly to the manual editing of the sample questionnaires. Many persons who reported their race as "Other" on the questionnaire also supplied a write-in entry that indicated the proper race classification should have been one of the specific race categories, e.g., white, Negro, etc. While the field edit procedures included a review of such entries on all questionnaires before the 100-percent data were tabulated, manual editing of the sample questionnaires after the 100-percent data were tabulated resulted in some further changes in classification by race.

Nativity, parentage, and country of origin.—The category "native" comprises persons born in the United

States, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico or an outlying area of the United States, or at sea. Also included in this category is the small number of persons who, although they were born in a foreign country, have at least one native American parent. The category "foreign-born" includes all persons not classified as native. The category "native of native parentage" comprises native persons both of whose parents are also natives of the United States. "Native of foreign or mixed parentage" comprises native persons one or both of whose parents are foreign born.

The category "foreign stock" includes the foreign-born population and the native population of foreign or mixed parentage. In this report, persons of foreign stock are classified according to their country of origin. Natives of foreign parentage whose parents were born in different countries are classified according to the country of birth of the father. Natives of mixed parentage are classified according to the country of birth of the foreign-born parent.

Spanish heritage.—In the census tract reports, separate tables are presented for the population of Spanish heritage, which is variously identified in the reports for different areas: in 42 States and the District of Columbia it is identified as "Persons of Spanish language"; in five Southwestern States, as "Persons of Spanish language or Spanish surname"; and in the Middle Atlantic States, as "Persons of Puerto Rican birth or parentage." Similarly, separate housing statistics are presented for housing units in these categories, identified on the basis of the classification of the household head occupying the unit. The specific definitions

involved in identifying these population groups are given below.

Spanish language.—Persons of Spanish language comprise persons of Spanish mother tongue (see definition below) and all other persons in families in which the head or wife reported Spanish as his or her mother tongue. A housing unit is classified as occupied by persons of Spanish language if the head or his wife reported Spanish as his or her mother tongue.

Spanish surname.—In five Southwestern States (Arizona, California, Colorado, New Mexico, and Texas) persons with Spanish surnames are identified. Separate statistics are presented, in these States, for persons of Spanish language combined with all additional persons of Spanish surname. These additional persons are shown in the category "Other persons of Spanish surname."

Puerto Rican birth or parentage.—The population of Puerto Rican birth or parentage includes persons born in Puerto Rico and persons born in the United States or an outlying area with one or both parents born in Puerto Rico. Statistics for this group are shown for areas in New York, New Jersey, and Pennsylvania.

Spanish mother tongue.—Mother tongue is defined as the language spoken in the person's home when he was a child.

In two tracted areas that cross State lines, Wilmington, Del.—N.J.—Md., and Texarkana, Tex.—Ark., the population of Spanish heritage in each State portion is identified, for tabula-

tion purposes, in the manner specified above for that State, and the segments for the different States are combined to form a total for the area. The term used to describe this population in tables P-7, P-8, and H-5, however, is the term applicable in the State containing the major portion of the SMSA. Thus, for the Wilmington SMSA, the term applicable in Delaware, "Persons of Spanish language," is used; and in the Texarkana SMSA the term applicable in Texas, "Persons of Spanish language or Spanish surname," is used.

Household.—A household includes all the persons who occupy a group of rooms or a single room which constitutes a housing unit (see definition of housing unit, below). The average population per household is obtained by dividing the population in households by the number of household heads.

The population per household for Negroes and persons of Spanish heritage, shown in tables P-5 and P-7, may not in all cases be a true representation of the household size for these groups. For example, some persons of a given group may be roomers or domestic employees living with household heads of a different ethnic classification.

Relationship to head of household.—Four categories of relationship to head of household are recognized in this report:

1. *Head of household.*—One person in each household is designated as the "head," that is, the person who is regarded as the head by the members of the household. However, if a married woman living with her husband was reported as the head, her husband was con-

sidered the head for the purpose of simplifying the tabulations. Two types of household heads are distinguished — the head of a family and a primary individual. A family head is a household head living with one or more persons related to him by blood, marriage, or adoption. A primary individual is a household head living alone or with nonrelatives only.

2. *Wife of head.*—A woman married to and living with a household head, including women in common-law marriages as well as women in formal marriages. In table P-1, which is based on 100-percent tabulations, the number of wives is the same as the number of "husband-wife households" and the number of "husband-wife families." In tables P-5 and P-7, which are based on a sample and are limited to a specific ethnic group, the numbers may differ, because of minor differences in the weighting of the data and because a husband and wife do not always have the same ethnic classification.
3. *Other relative of head.*—All persons related to the head of the household by blood, marriage, or adoption except "wife of head."
4. *Not related to head.*—All persons in the household not related to the head by blood, marriage, or adoption. Roomers, boarders, lodgers, partners, resident employees, wards, and foster children are included in this category.

Group quarters.—Persons in living arrangements other than households are classified by the Bureau of the Census as living in group quarters. Group quarters are located most frequently in institutions, rooming houses, military

barracks, college dormitories, fraternity and sorority houses, hospitals, monasteries, convents, and ships. A house or apartment is considered group quarters if it is shared by the person in charge and five or more persons unrelated to him, or, if there is no person in charge, by six or more unrelated persons.

Inmate of institution.—Inmates of institutions are persons under care or custody at the time of enumeration in homes, schools, hospitals or wards for juveniles, the physically handicapped, or the mentally handicapped; homes or hospitals for mental, tuberculosis, or other chronic disease patients; homes for unwed mothers; nursing, convalescent, and rest homes; homes for the aged and dependent; and correctional institutions.

Family.—According to 1970 census definitions, a family consists of a household head and one or more other persons living in the same household who are related to the head by blood, marriage, or adoption; all persons in a household who are related to the head are regarded as members of his (her) family. A "husband-wife family" is a family in which the head and his wife are enumerated as members of the same household. Not all households contain families, because a household may be composed of a group of unrelated persons or one person living alone. The mean size of family is derived by dividing the number of persons in families by the total number of families.

Own children and related children.—This report shows statistics on families by presence of "own" children and "related" children of specified ages. A child under 18 years old is defined

as an "own child" if he or she is a single (never married) son, daughter, stepchild, or adopted child. The number of children "living with both parents" includes stepchildren and adopted children as well as sons and daughters born to the couple. "Related children" in a family include all persons under 18 related to the head except "wife of head." The "mean number of related children" is derived by dividing the total number of related children of the specified age in families by the number of families having children of that age. In table P-1 the number of own children under 18 years of age is divided by "persons under 18 years" to obtain the "percent of total under 18 years."

Unrelated individuals.—An unrelated individual, as defined in this report, may be any of the following: a household head living alone or with nonrelatives only, a household member not related to the head, or a person living in group quarters who is not an inmate of an institution.

Marital status.—The marital status classification refers to the status at the time of enumeration. Persons classified as "married" consist of those who have been married only once and those who remarried after having been widowed or divorced. Persons reported as separated (living apart because of marital discord, with or without a legal separation) are classified as a subcategory of married persons. Persons in common-law marriages are classified as married, and persons whose only marriage had been annulled are classified as never married. All persons reported as never married are shown as "single" in this report.

Children ever born.—In this report, statistics on the number of children ever born are presented for women 35 to 44 years old who have ever been married. Respondents were instructed to include children born to the woman before her present marriage, children no longer living, and children away from home, as well as children born to the woman who were still living in the home.

School enrollment.—School enrollment is shown for persons 3 to 34 years old. Persons were included as enrolled in school if they reported attending a "regular" school or college at any time between February 1, 1970, and the time of enumeration. Regular schooling is that which may advance a person toward an elementary school certificate or high school diploma, or a college, university, or professional degree. Schooling that was not obtained in a regular school and schooling from a tutor or through correspondence courses were counted only if the credits obtained were regarded as transferable to a school in the regular school system. Persons were included as enrolled in nursery school only if the school included instruction as an important and integral phase of its program. Schooling which is generally regarded as not "regular" includes that given in nursery schools which simply provide custodial day care, in specialized vocational, trade, or business schools, in on-the-job training, and through correspondence courses.

Elementary school, as defined here, includes grades 1 to 8, and high school includes grades 9 to 12. If a person was attending a junior high school, the equivalent in terms of 8 years of elementary school and 4 years of high school was recorded. In general,

a "public" school is defined as any school which is controlled and supported primarily by a local, State, or Federal government agency.

Years of school completed.—The data on years of school completed were derived from the answers to the two questions: (a) "What is the highest grade (or year) of regular school he has ever attended?" and (b) "Did he finish the highest grade (or year) he attended?" Persons whose highest grade of attendance was in a foreign school system, or in an ungraded school whose highest level of schooling was measured by "readers," or whose training was received through a tutor were instructed to report the approximate equivalent grade in the regular United States school system. A person was reported as not having completed a given grade if he dropped out or failed to pass the last grade attended.

Residence in 1965.—Residence on April 1, 1965, is the usual place of residence five years before enumeration. The category "same house" includes all persons five years old and over who did not move during the five years as well as those who had moved but by 1970 had returned to their 1965 residence. The category "different house" includes persons who, on April 1, 1965, lived in the United States in a different house from the one they occupied on April 1, 1970, and for whom sufficient information concerning the 1965 residence was collected. These persons were subdivided into three groups according to their 1965 residence in or outside a standard metropolitan statistical area: "in central city of this SMSA," "in other part of this SMSA," and "outside this SMSA." The category

"abroad" includes those with residence in a foreign country or outlying area of the United States in 1965.

Reference week.—The data on employment status and place of work relate to the calendar week preceding the date on which the respondents completed their questionnaires or were interviewed by enumerators. This week is not the same for all respondents because not all persons were enumerated during the same week.

Employment status.—Employed persons comprise all civilians 16 years old and over who were either (a) "at work" — those who did any work at all as paid employees or in their own business or profession, or on their own farm, or who worked 15 hours or more as unpaid workers on a family farm or in a family business; or (b) were "with a job but not at work" — those who did not work during the reference week but had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent due to illness, bad weather, industrial dispute, vacation, or other personal reasons. Excluded from the employed are persons whose only activity consisted of work around the house or volunteer work for religious, charitable, and similar organizations.

Persons are classified as unemployed if they were civilians 16 years old and over and: (a) were neither "at work" nor "with a job, but not at work" during the reference week, (b) were looking for work during the past 4 weeks, and (c) were available to accept a job. Persons who did not work at all during the reference week and were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off are also included as unemployed.

The "civilian labor force" consists of persons classified as employed or unemployed in accordance with the criteria described above. The "labor force" includes all persons in the civilian labor force plus members of the Armed Forces (persons on active duty with the United States Army, Air Force, Navy, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard). All persons 16 years old and over who are not classified as members of the labor force are defined as "not in labor force." This category consists mainly of students, housewives, retired workers, seasonal workers enumerated in an "off" season who were not looking for work, inmates of institutions, disabled persons, and persons doing only incidental unpaid family work (less than 15 hours during the reference week). Of these groups, students and inmates are shown separately in selected tables.

Place of work.—Place of work refers to the geographic location at which civilians and Armed Forces personnel not on leave carried out their occupational or job activities during the reference week. For the purposes of this report, these locations were defined with respect to the boundaries of the standard metropolitan statistical area as "inside SMSA" and "outside SMSA." Locations within the SMSA, were subdivided into the central business district of the central city, the balance of that county, or, if outside that county, the specific county of the SMSA.

The central business district (CBD) is usually the downtown retail trade area of the city. As defined by the Bureau of the Census, the CBD is an area of very high land valuation characterized by a high concentration of retail business offices, theaters, hotels, and service businesses, and with a

high traffic flow. CBD's consist of one or more census tracts and have been defined only in cities with a population of 100,000 or more. In order to be counted as working in the CBD, the respondent had to give the exact address (street name and number) of his place of work. Since some respondents did not do this, the number of persons working in the CBD is usually understated by an unknown amount.

The exact address (number and street name) for the place of work was asked. Persons working at more than one job were asked to report the location of the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours during the reference week. Salesmen, deliverymen, and others who work in several places each week were requested to give the address at which they began work each day, if they reported to a central headquarters. For cases in which daily work was not begun at a central place each day, the person was asked to report the exact address of the place where he worked the most hours last week. If his employer operated in more than one location (such as a grocery store chain or public school system), the exact address of the location or branch where the respondent worked was requested. When the number or street name could not be given, the name of the building or the name of the company for which he worked was to be entered.

Means of transportation to work.—Means of transportation to work refers to the chief means of travel or type of conveyance used in traveling to and from work on the last day the respondent worked at the address given as his or her place of work. The "chief means" referred to the

means of transportation covering the greatest distance if more than one means was used in daily travel. "Worked at home" was marked by a person who worked on a farm where he lived or in an office or shop in his home.

Occupation, industry, and class of worker.—The data on these three subjects in this report are for employed persons 16 years old and over and refer to the job held during the reference week. For persons employed at two or more jobs, the data refer to the job at which the person worked the greatest number of hours. The occupation and industry statistics presented here are based on the detailed systems developed for the 1970 census: see 1970 Census of Population, *Classified Index of Industries and Occupations*, U. S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D. C., 1971.

Income in 1969.—Information on money income received in the calendar year 1969 was requested from persons 14 years old and over. "Total income" is the algebraic sum of the amounts reported separately for wage and salary income, nonfarm net self-employment income, farm net self-employment income, Social Security or railroad retirement income, public assistance or welfare income, and all other income. The figures represent the amount of income regularly received before deductions for personal income taxes, Social Security, bond purchases, union dues, medicare deductions, etc.

"Wage or salary income" is defined as the total money earnings received for work performed as an employee at any time during the calendar year 1969. It includes wages, salary, pay from Armed Forces, commissions, tips, piece rate payments,

and cash bonuses earned. "Nonfarm net self-employment income" is defined as net money income (gross receipts minus business expenses) received from a business, professional enterprise, or partnership in which the person was engaged on his own account. "Farm net self-employment income" is defined as the net money income (gross receipts minus operating expenses) received from the operation of a farm by a person on his own account, as an owner, renter, or sharecropper.

"Social Security or railroad retirement income" includes cash receipts of Social Security pensions, survivors' benefits, permanent disability insurance payments, and special benefit payments made by the Social Security Administration (under the National old-age, survivors, disability, and health insurance programs) before deductions of health insurance premiums. "Medicare" reimbursements are not included. Cash receipts from retirement, disability, and survivors' benefit payments made by the U. S. Government under the Railroad Retirement Act are also included. "Public assistance income" includes cash receipts of payments made under the following public assistance programs: aid to families with dependent children, old-age assistance, general assistance, aid to the blind, and aid to the permanently and totally disabled. Separate payments received for hospital or other medical care are excluded from this item. "Income from all other sources" includes money income received from sources such as interest; dividends; net income (or loss) from property rentals; net receipts from roomers or boarders; veteran's payments; public or private pensions, periodic receipts from insurance policies or annuities; unemployment insurance benefits;

workmen's compensation cash benefits; net royalties; periodic payments from estates and trust funds; alimony or child support from persons who are not members of the household; net gambling gains; nonservice scholarships and fellowships; and money received for transportation and/or subsistence by persons participating in special governmental training programs, e.g., under the Manpower Development and Training Act.

Receipts from the following sources were not included as income: money received from the sale of property (unless the recipient was engaged in the business of selling such property); the value of income "in kind" such as food produced and consumed in the home or free living quarters; withdrawal of bank deposits; money borrowed; tax refunds; exchange of money between relatives living in the same household; gifts and lump-sum inheritances, insurance payments, and other types of lump-sum receipts.

Although the income statistics cover the calendar year 1969, the characteristics of persons and the composition of families refer to the time of enumeration (April 1, 1970). For most families, however, the income reported was received by persons who were members of the family throughout 1969.

The median income is the amount which divides the distribution into two equal groups, one having incomes above the median and the other having incomes below the median. For families and unrelated individuals the median income is based on the distribution of the total number of families and unrelated individuals, including those with no income.

The mean income is the amount obtained by dividing the total in-

come of a particular statistical universe by the number of units in that universe. Thus, mean family income is obtained by dividing total family income by the total number of families. For the six types of income the means are based on families having those types of income.

Care should be exercised in using and interpreting mean income values in the statistics for small areas or small subgroups of the population. Since the mean is strongly influenced by extreme values in the distribution, it is especially susceptible to the effects of sampling variability, misreporting, and processing errors. The median, which is not affected by extreme values, is, therefore, a better measure than the mean when the population base is small. The mean, nevertheless, is shown in this report for most small areas and small subgroups because, when weighted according to the number of cases, the means can be added to obtain summary measures for areas and groups other than those shown in this report.

Poverty status in 1969.—Families and unrelated individuals are classified as being above or below the poverty level, using the poverty index adopted by a Federal Interagency Committee in 1969. This index provides a range of income cutoffs or "poverty thresholds" adjusted to take into account such factors as family size, sex and age of the family head, the number of children, and farm-nonfarm residence. The poverty cutoffs for farm families have been set at 85 percent of the nonfarm levels. These income cutoffs are updated every year to reflect the changes in the Consumer Price Index. The poverty threshold for a nonfarm family of four was \$3,743 in 1969. For a detailed explanation of the poverty

definition, see *Current Population Reports*, Series P-23, No. 28, "Revisions in Poverty Statistics, 1959 to 1968."

Households below the poverty level are defined as households in which the total 1969 income of the family or primary individual was below the poverty level. The incomes of persons in the household other than members of the family or the primary individual are not included when determining poverty status of a household.

The households for which poverty status is shown cannot be compared with the total number of households shown elsewhere. The former exclude those in certain types of housing units: owner-occupied units are restricted to one-family units on places of less than 10 acres and without a business on the property; and renter-occupied units exclude one-family units on places of 10 acres or more.

The "ratio of family income to poverty level" is obtained by dividing the income of a family by its corresponding poverty threshold. The "income deficit" is the difference between the total income of families and unrelated individuals below the poverty level and their respective poverty thresholds. In computing the income deficit, families reporting a net income loss are assigned zero dollars, and for such cases the income deficit is equal to the poverty threshold. The aggregate income deficit provides an estimate of the amount of money which would be required to raise the incomes of all poor families and unrelated individuals to their respective thresholds at the poverty level. The mean income deficit is the amount obtained by dividing the aggregate income deficit of a group below the poverty level by the number of families or unrelated individuals (as appropriate) in that group.

HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS

Housing units and group quarters.—Living quarters are classified in the census as either housing units or group quarters. Usually, living quarters are in structures intended for residential use (e.g., a one-family home, apartment house, hotel or motel, boarding house, mobile home or trailer, etc.). Living quarters may also be in structures intended for nonresidential use (e.g., the rooms in a warehouse where a watchman lives), as well as in tents, caves, old railroad cars, etc.

A housing unit is a house, an apartment, a group of rooms, or a single room occupied or intended for occupancy as separate living quarters. Separate living quarters are those in which the occupants do not live and eat with any other persons in the structure and which quarters have either (1) direct access from the outside of the building or through a common hall or (2) complete kitchen facilities for the exclusive use of the occupants. The occupants may be a single family, one person living alone, two or more families living together, or any other group of related or non-related persons who share living arrangements (except as described in the next paragraph on group quarters). For vacant units, the criteria for separateness, direct access, and complete kitchen facilities for exclusive use are applied to the intended occupants whenever possible (or to the previous occupants if this information cannot be obtained). Both occupied and vacant housing units are included in the housing inventory, except that mobile homes, trailers, tents, etc., are included only if they are occupied.

Group quarters are living arrangements for institutional inmates or for

other groups containing five or more persons not related to the person in charge. Group quarters are located most frequently in institutions, boarding houses, military barracks, college dormitories, fraternity and sorority houses, hospitals, monasteries, convents, and ships. A house or apartment is considered group quarters if it is shared by the person in charge and five or more persons unrelated to him, or if there is no person in charge, by six or more unrelated persons. Information on the housing characteristics of group quarters was not collected in the census.

Year-round housing units.—Data on housing characteristics are limited to year-round housing units; i.e., all occupied units plus vacant units which are intended for year-round use. Vacant units intended for seasonal occupancy and vacant units held for migratory labor are excluded because it is difficult to obtain reliable information for them. Counts of the total housing inventory, however, are given for each area presented in this report.

Occupied housing units.—A housing unit is classified as occupied if a person or group of persons is living in it at the time of enumeration or if the occupants are only temporarily absent, for example, on vacation. However, if the persons staying in the unit have their usual place of residence elsewhere the unit is classified as vacant.

Vacant housing units.—A housing unit is vacant if no one is living in it at the time of enumeration, unless its occupants are only temporarily absent. In addition, a vacant unit may be one which is occupied entirely by persons who have a usual residence elsewhere.

New units not yet occupied are enumerated as vacant housing units if construction has reached a point where all exterior windows and doors are installed and final usable floors are in place. Vacant units are excluded if unfit for human habitation because the roof, walls, windows, or doors no longer protect the interior from the elements, or if there is positive evidence (such as a sign on the house or in the block) that the unit is to be demolished or is condemned.

Vacant housing units are classified in this report as either "seasonal and migratory" (i.e., intended for seasonal occupancy or held for migratory labor) or "year-round." "Seasonal" units are intended for occupancy during only certain seasons of the year. "Migratory" units are vacant units held for occupancy by migratory labor employed in farm work during the crop season. "Year-round" vacant housing units are available or intended for occupancy at any time of the year. A unit in a resort area which is usually occupied on a year-round basis is considered year-round. A unit used only occasionally throughout the year is also considered year-round.

Year-round vacant units are subdivided as follows: "for sale only"; "for rent" which also includes vacant units offered either for rent or for sale; and "other" which includes units sold or rented but not yet occupied by the new owner or renter, units held for the occasional use of the owner, and units being held off the market for other reasons.

Tenure.—A housing unit is "owner occupied" if the owner or co-owner lives in the unit, even if it is mortgaged or not fully paid for. A cooperative or condominium unit is "owner oc-

cupied" only if the owner or co-owner lives in it. All other occupied units are classified as "renter occupied," including units rented for cash rent and those occupied without payment of cash rent.

Persons.—Persons occupying the housing unit include not only occupants related to the head of the household but also any lodgers, roomers, boarders, partners, wards, foster children and resident employees who share the living quarters of the household head. The data on "persons" show the number of housing units occupied by the specified number of persons.

Units with one or more roomers, boarders, or lodgers are shown as a separate category. Not included as "roomers, boarders, or lodgers" are foster children or wards, servants who live in, companions, and partners.

Year moved into unit.—Data on year moved into unit are based on the information reported for the head of the household. The question refers to the year of latest move. Thus, if the head moved back into a unit he had previously occupied or if he moved from one apartment to another in the same building, the year he moved into his present unit was to be reported.

Complete kitchen facilities.—A unit has complete kitchen facilities when it has all three of the following for the exclusive use of the occupants of the unit: (1) An installed sink with piped water; (2) a range or cookstove; and (3) a mechanical refrigerator. All kitchen facilities must be located in the structure, although they need not be in the same room. Quarters with only portable cooking equipment are not considered as hav-

ing a range or cookstove. "Lacking complete kitchen facilities" means that the unit does not have all three specified kitchen facilities, or that they are also for the use of the occupants of other housing units.

Access.—"Access only through other living quarters" means that the occupants of a housing unit must go through someone else's living quarters to enter their own; that is, they do not have a direct entrance from the outside or through a common or public hall.

Rooms.—Rooms to be counted include whole rooms used for living purposes, such as living rooms, dining rooms, kitchens, bedrooms, finished recreation rooms, family rooms, etc. Not counted as rooms are bathrooms, porches, balconies, foyers, halls, half-rooms, kitchenettes, strip or pullman kitchens, utility rooms, unfinished attics, basements, or other space used for storage.

Persons per room.—This is computed by dividing the number of persons in the unit by the number of rooms in the unit. The figures shown, therefore, refer to the number of housing units having the specified ratio of persons per room.

Year structure built.—Year structure built refers to when the building was first constructed, not when it was remodeled, added to, or converted.

Units in structure.—In the determination of the number of units in a structure, all housing units, both occupied and vacant, were counted. The statistics are presented in terms of the number of housing units in structures of specified size, not in

terms of the number of residential structures.

A structure is a separate building that either has open space on all sides or is separated from other structures by dividing walls that extend from ground to roof.

Basement.—Statistics on basements are presented in terms of the number of housing units located in structures built with a basement, and are separately tabulated for one-family houses with basements. A structure has a basement if there is enclosed space in which persons can walk upright under all or part of the building.

Plumbing facilities.—The category "with all plumbing facilities" consists of units which have hot and cold piped water, as well as a flush toilet and a bathtub or shower inside the structure for the exclusive use of the occupants of the unit. "Lacking some or all plumbing" means that the unit does not have all three specified plumbing facilities (hot and cold piped water, as well as flush toilet and bathtub or shower inside the structure), or that the toilet or bathing facilities are also for the use of the occupants of other housing units.

Selected equipment.—Statistics are presented for the number of housing units with the following selected equipment.

With more than one bathroom.—A complete bathroom is a room with flush toilet, bathtub or shower, and wash basin with piped water. A partial or half bathroom has at least a flush toilet or bathtub (or shower), but does not have all the facilities for a complete bathroom. A housing

unit "with more than one bathroom" has, in addition to one complete bathroom, one or more partial or complete bathrooms.

With public water supply.—A public system refers to a common source supplying running water to six or more housing units. The water may be supplied by a city, county, water district, or private water company, or it may be obtained from a well which supplied six or more housing units.

With public sewer.—A "public sewer" is connected to a city, county, sanitary district, neighborhood, or subdivision sewer system. It may be operated by a government body or by a private organization. Small sewage treatment plants which in some localities are called neighborhood septic tanks are also classified as public sewers.

With air conditioning.—Air conditioning is the cooling of air by a refrigeration unit. A central system is a central installation which air-conditions the entire housing unit. A room unit is an individual air conditioner which is installed in a window or an outside wall and is generally intended to cool one room, although it may sometimes be used to cool more than one room.

Heating equipment.—The list of heating equipment refers to the type of heating equipment and not to the fuel used. "Steam or hot water" refers to a central heating system in which heat from steam or hot water is delivered through radiators or other outlets. "Warm air furnace" refers to a central system which provides warm air through ducts leading

to various rooms; central heat pumps are included in this category. "Built-in electric units" are permanently installed in the floors, walls or ceilings. A "floor, wall, or pipeless furnace" delivers warm air to the room right above the furnace or to the room(s) on one or both sides of the wall in which the furnace is installed. "Other means" includes room heaters with or without flue, fireplaces, stoves, and portable heaters of all types.

A housing unit "With central or built-in heating system" contains a steam or hot water system, a warm-air furnace, built-in electric units, or a floor, wall, or pipeless furnace.

Automobiles available.—Statistics on automobiles available represent the number of passenger automobiles, including station wagons, which are owned or regularly used by any member of the household and which are ordinarily kept at home. Taxicabs, pickups, or larger trucks were not to be counted.

Value.—Value is the respondent's estimate of how much the property (house and lot) would sell for if it were for sale. The term "specified owner-occupied units" means that the value data are limited to owner-occupied one-family houses on less than ten acres, without a commercial establishment or medical office on the property. Owner-occupied cooperatives, condominiums, mobile homes, and trailers are excluded from the value tabulations.

Mean value.—Mean value is the sum of the individual values reported, divided by the number of owner-occupied units for which value is shown. For purposes of computation, the mid-

points of the intervals were used, except that a mean value of \$3,500 was assigned to housing units in the interval "less than \$5,000" and a mean of \$60,000 was assigned to units in the interval "\$50,000 or more."

Contract rent.—Contract rent is the monthly rent agreed to, or contracted for, even if the furnishings, utilities, or services are included. The term "specified renter-occupied units" means that the contract rent data exclude one-family houses on ten acres or more. Renter units occupied without payment of cash rent are

shown separately as "no cash rent" in the rent tabulations.

Gross rent.—Monthly gross rent is the summation of contract rent plus the estimated average monthly cost of utilities (water, electricity, gas) and fuels (oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.), if these items are paid for by the renter, in addition to rent. Thus, gross rent is intended to eliminate individual differences which result from varying practices with respect to the inclusion of heat and utilities as part of the rental payment.

Mean gross rent.—Mean gross rent is the sum of the individual rental

amounts divided by the number of renter-occupied units, excluding one-family houses on ten acres or more.

Gross rent as percentage of income.—The yearly gross rent (monthly gross rent multiplied by 12) is expressed as a percentage of the total income in 1969 of the family or primary individual. The percentage was computed separately for each unit and was rounded to the nearest whole number. Units for which no cash is paid and units occupied by families or primary individuals who reported no income or a net loss comprise the category "not computed."

Appendix C.—ACCURACY OF THE DATA

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SOURCES OF ERROR

Human and mechanical errors occur in any mass statistical operation such as a decennial census. Errors during the data collection phase can include failure to obtain required information from respondents, obtaining incorrect or inconsistent information, and recording information in the wrong place or incorrectly. Errors can also occur during the field review of the enumerator's work, the clerical handling of the questionnaires, and the various stages of the electronic processing of the material. Careful efforts are made in every census to keep the errors in each step at an acceptably low level. Quality control and check measures are utilized throughout the census operation.

In the manual editing and coding operation, a sample of the work of each coder was verified, and a coder who showed consistently high error rates was retrained. A coder who still did not produce work of acceptable quality after retraining was removed from the coding operation. In addition, provision was made for correction of any work units for which the error rate exceeded a maximum level. Information on error rates will be given in later publications.

As was done for the 1950 and 1960 censuses, evaluative material on many aspects of the 1970 census will be published as soon as the appropriate data are accumulated and analyzed.

A major concern in the evaluation work is to ascertain, insofar as possible, the degree of completeness of the count of both population and housing units.

EDITING OF UNACCEPTABLE DATA

The objective of the processing operation is to produce a set of statistics that describes the Nation's population and housing as accurately and clearly as possible. To meet this objective, certain unacceptable entries were edited.

In the field, questionnaires were reviewed for completeness by a census clerk or enumerator, and a followup was made for missing information. The major review occurred in the central processing office, where the editing and coding operation provided an opportunity to correct obvious errors in the respondents' entries for those items which required manual processing. In coding relationship to household head, for example, the clerk made use of written entries, which the computer is not able to read, in determining the correct entry where the machine readable item was blank or contained conflicting information. For a few of the items, the respondents' entries were reviewed for reasonableness or consistency on the basis of other information on the questionnaire. As a rule, however, editing was performed by hand only when it could not be done effectively by machine.

As one of the first steps in mechanical editing, the configuration of marks on the questionnaire was scanned electronically to determine whether it contained information for a person or merely spurious marks. If the

questionnaire contained entries for at least two of the basic characteristics (relationship, sex, race, age, marital status), or for at least two relevant sample characteristics, the inference was made that the marks represented a person. Names were not used as a criterion of the presence of a person because the electronic scanning was unable to distinguish between a name and any other entry in the name space.

If any characteristics for a person or housing unit were missing, they were, in most cases, supplied by allocation. Allocations, or assignments of acceptable codes in place of unacceptable entries, were needed most often where an entry for a given item was lacking or where the information reported for a person or housing unit on that item was inconsistent with other information for the person or housing unit. The assignment of acceptable codes in place of blanks or unacceptable entries, it is believed, enhances the usefulness of the data.

For housing data, the assignment was based on related information reported for the housing unit or on information reported for a similar unit in the immediate neighborhood. For example, if tenure for an occupied unit was omitted but a rental amount was reported, the computer automatically edited tenure to "rented for cash rent." The technique may also be illustrated by the procedure used in the assignment for unknown age. The computer stored reported ages of persons by sex, race, household relationship, and marital status. Each stored age was retained in the computer only until a person having the same set of characteristics, and with age reported was processed through the computer in the edit operation; this stored age was assigned to the next person whose age was

unknown and who otherwise had the same set of specified characteristics.

The editing process also includes another type of correction; namely, the assignment of a full set of characteristics for a person. When there was indication that a housing unit was occupied but the questionnaire contained no information for any person, a previously processed household was selected as a substitute and the full set of characteristics for each substitute person was duplicated.

Specific tolerances were established for the number of computer allocations and substitutions that would be permitted. If the number of corrections was beyond tolerance, the questionnaires in which the errors occurred were clerically reviewed. If it was found that the errors resulted from damaged questionnaires, from improper microfilming, from faulty reading by FOSDIC of undamaged questionnaires, or from other types of machine failure, the questionnaires were reprocessed.

The extent of allocation for States, counties, and other areas will be shown in the allocation tables in chapters B and C of the 1970 Census of Population Volume 1, **Characteristics of the Population**, and chapters A and B of **Census of Housing Volume 1, Characteristics for States, Cities, and Counties**.

SAMPLE DESIGN

For persons living in housing units at the time of the 1970 census, the housing unit, including all its occupants, was the sampling unit; for persons in group quarters identified in advance of the census, it was the person. In nonmail areas, the enumerator canvassed his assigned area and listed all housing units in an

address register sequentially in the order in which he first visited the units whether or not he completed the interview. Every fifth line of the address register was designated as a sample line, and the housing units listed on these lines were included in the sample. Each enumerator was given a random line on which he was to start listing and the order of canvassing was indicated in advance, although the instructions allowed some latitude in the order of

visiting addresses. In mail areas, the list of housing units was prepared prior to Census Day either by employing commercial mailing lists corrected through the cooperation of the post office or by listing the units in a process similar to that used in nonmail areas. As in other areas, every fifth housing unit of these lists was designated to be in the sample. In group quarters, all persons were listed and every fifth person was selected for the sample.

TABLE C. Sample Rate for Subjects Included in This Report

[Subjects marked with an asterisk (*) were tabulated on a 100% basis for tables P-1, H-1, and H-3. All subjects shown in the tables for persons of Spanish heritage (P-7, P-8, and H-5) were tabulated on a 15% basis. The subjects covered in the remaining tables (P-2 to P-6, H-2, and H-4) were tabulated according to the sample rates shown below]

Population subjects	Sample rate (percent)	Housing subjects	Sample rate (percent)
*Sex	20	*All year-round housing units	20
*Race	20	*Occupied housing units: table H-2.	15
*Age	20	table H-4.	20
*Household relationship	20	*Cooperative or condominium	—
*Family composition	20	*Vacancy status	—
*Marital status	—	*Tenure of housing unit	—
Children ever born	20	Year moved into unit	15
Country of origin	15	*Number of rooms	—
Nativity and parentage	15	*Size of household (persons)	—
School enrollment	15	*Persons per room	—
Years of school completed	20	*Plumbing facilities	—
Residence in 1965	15	Bathrooms	15
Employment status	20	Source of water	15
Place of work	15	Sewage disposal	15
Means of transportation to work ..	15	*Complete kitchen facilities	—
Occupation	20	*Access	—
Industry	20	Units in structure	20
Class of worker	20	Year structure built	20
Income	20	Basement	20
Poverty status	20	Heating equipment	20
		Air conditioning	15
		Automobiles available	15
		*Value	—
		*Contract rent	—
		Gross rent	20

This 20-percent sample was subdivided into a 15-percent and a 5-percent sample by designating every fourth 20-percent sample unit as a member of the 5-percent sample. The remaining sample units became the 15-percent sample. Two types of sample questionnaires were used, one for the 5-percent and one for the 15-percent sample units. Some questions were included on both the 5-percent and 15-percent sample forms and therefore appear for a sample of 20 percent of the units in the census. Other items appeared on either the 15-percent or the 5-percent questionnaires. The sample rates for the various items appearing in this report are shown in table C.

Although the sampling procedure did not automatically insure an exact 20-percent sample of persons or housing units in each locality, the sample design was unbiased if carried through according to instructions; generally for large areas the deviation from 20 percent was found to be quite small. Biases may have arisen when the enumerator failed to follow his listing and sampling instructions exactly. Quality control procedures were used throughout the census process, however, and where there was clear evidence that the sampling procedures were not properly followed, the work was returned to the field for re-sampling. No attempt at sampling was made for the relatively small numbers of persons and housing units (in most States, less than one percent) added to the enumeration from the post-census post office check, the various supplemental forms, and the special check of vacant units. The ratio estimation procedure described below adjusts the sample data to reflect these classes of population and housing units.

RATIO ESTIMATION

The statistics based on 1970 census sample data are estimates made through the use of ratio estimation procedures, applied separately for the 15- and 20-percent samples. The first step in carrying through the ratio estimates was to establish the areas within which separate ratios were to be prepared. These are referred to as "weighting areas." A single set of weighting areas, containing a minimum population size of 2,500, was defined for use with the 15- and 20-percent samples. Weighting areas were established by mechanical operation on the computer and were defined to conform, as nearly as possible, to areas for which tabulations are produced. In general, sample estimates for a tract may be expected to agree with complete counts whenever the tract was a weighting area. However, tracts were not weighting areas whenever the population was less than 2,500 persons, where the tract was a part of more than one county subdivision or place, or where the Census procedure was not the same in all parts of the tract. In these situations, part of a tract may have been combined with other partial or complete tracts to make up a weighting area and sample estimates for an individual tract in the combination may not agree with complete counts for the tract.

Separate ratio estimation processes were used for persons and for housing units. The ratio estimation process for persons operated in three stages. The first stage employed 19 household-type groups (the first of which was empty by definition). The second stage used two groups, head of household and not head of household, and the third stage used 24 age-sex-race groups.

Group	STAGE I
	<i>Male Head With Own Children Under 18</i>
1	1-person household
2	2-person household
3	3-person household
.	.
.	.
6	6-or-more-person household
	<i>Male Head Without Own Children Under 18</i>
7-12	1-person to 6-or-more-person households
	<i>Female Head</i>
13-18	1-person to 6-or-more-person households
19	<i>Group Quarters Persons</i>
	STAGE II
20	<i>Head of Household</i>
21	<i>Not Head of Household (including persons in group quarters)</i>
	STAGE III
	<i>Male Negro</i>
22	Age under 5 years
23	5-13
24	14-24
25	25-44
26	45-64
27	65 and older
	<i>Male, Not Negro</i>
28-33	Same age groups as for Male Negro
	<i>Female Negro</i>
34-39	Same age groups as for Male Negro
	<i>Female, Not Negro</i>
40-45	Same age groups as for Male Negro

The ratio estimation process for housing operated in two stages for occupied housing units, and in one stage for vacant units. The first stage for occupied units employed 18 household-type groups (the first of which was empty by definition); the second stage for occupied units used four groups: owner and renter occupied units, by race. The single stage for vacant units employed three groups: year-round vacant for sale, year-round vacant for rent, and other vacant.

Occupied housing units:

<i>Group</i>	STAGE I
	<i>Male Head With Own Children Under 18</i>
1	1-person household
2	2-person household
3	3-person household
.	.
.	.
6	6-or-more-person household
	<i>Male Head Without Own Children Under 18</i>
7-12	1-person to 6-or-more person households
	<i>Female Head</i>
13-18	1-person to 6-or-more-person households
	STAGE II
	<i>Owner Occupied</i>
19	Negro
20	Not Negro
	<i>Renter Occupied</i>
21	Negro
22	Not Negro

Vacant housing units:

<i>Group</i>	STAGE I
23	Year-round vacant for sale
24	Year-round vacant for rent
25	Other vacant

At each stage, for each of the groups, the ratio of the complete count to the weighted sample count in the group was computed and applied to the weight of each sample person or housing unit in the group. For population, this operation was performed for each of the 19 groups in the first stage, then for the two groups in the second stage and finally for the 24 groups in the third stage. For occupied housing units this was performed first for the 18 groups in the first stage and then for the 4 groups in the second stage.

As a rule, the weighted sample counts within each of the groups in the final stage should agree with the complete counts for the weighting areas. Close, although not exact, consistency can be expected for the groups in the preceding stages. There are some exceptions to this general rule, however. As indicated above, there may be differences between the complete counts and sample estimates when the tabulation area is not made up of whole weighting areas. As a result, sample estimates at the tract level may not agree with complete counts when the tract did not form a weighting area. Generally, for 15- and 20-percent items, there may be such a difference whenever the population in the tract is less than 2,500 people. Furthermore, in order to increase the reliability, a separate ratio was not computed in a ratio estimation group whenever certain criteria pertaining to the complete counts and the magnitude of the weight were

not met. For example, for the 15- and 20-percent population sample the complete count of persons in a group had to exceed 85 persons and the ratio of the complete count to the unweighted sample count could not exceed 20. Where these criteria were not met, groups were combined in a specific order until the conditions were met. Where this occurred, consistency between the weighted sample and the complete counts would apply as indicated above for the combined group but not necessarily for each of the groups in the combination.

Each sample person or housing unit was assigned an integral weight to avoid the complications involved in rounding in the final tables. If, for example, the final weight for a group was 5.2, one-fifth of the persons or housing units in the group (selected at random) were assigned a weight of 6 and the remaining four-fifths a weight of 5.

The estimates realize some of the gains in sampling efficiency that would have resulted had the persons and housing units been stratified into the groups before sampling. The net effect is a reduction in both the sampling error and possible bias of most statistics below what would be obtained by weighting the results of the sample by a uniform factor (e.g., by weighting the 20-percent sample results by a uniform factor of 5). The reduction in sampling error will be trivial for some items and substantial for others. A by-product of this estimation procedure is that estimates for this sample are, in general, consistent with the complete count for the groups used in the estimation procedure. A more complete discussion of the technical aspects of these ratio estimates will be presented in a separate report.

SAMPLING VARIABILITY

The estimates from sample tabulations are subject to sampling variability. The standard errors of these estimates can be approximated by using the data in tables D through F. The chances are about 2 out of 3 that the difference (due to sampling variability) between the sample estimate and the figure that would have been obtained from a complete count of the population is less than the standard error. The chances are about 19 out of 20 that the difference is less than twice the standard error and about 99 out of 100 that it is less than 2½ times the standard error. The amount by which the estimated standard error must be multiplied to obtain other odds deemed more appropriate can be found in most statistical textbooks. The sampling errors may be obtained by using the factors shown in table F in conjunction with table D for absolute numbers and in conjunction with table E for percentages. In addition to sampling errors, these tables reflect the effect of simple response variance, but not of bias arising in the collection, processing and estimation steps, nor of the correlated errors enumerators introduce; estimates of the magnitude of some of these factors in the total error are being evaluated and will be published at a later date.

Table D shows approximate standard errors of estimated numbers for most statistics based on the 20-percent sample. In determining the figures for this table, some aspects of the sample design, the estimation process, and the population of the area over which the data have been compiled are ignored. Table E shows standard errors of most percentages based on

the 20-percent sample. Linear interpolation in tables D and E will provide approximate results that are satisfactory for most purposes. Table F provides a factor by which the standard errors shown in tables D or E should be multiplied to adjust for the combined effect of the sample size (i.e., whether a 20-percent or 15-percent sample) the sample design and the estimation procedure.

To estimate the standard error for a given characteristic based on the 15-percent sample, or for a more precise estimate for the 20-percent sample, locate in table F the factor applying to the characteristic and sample size used to tabulate the data and multiply this factor by the standard error found in table D or E. If the estimate is not identified in table F, use the factor shown for "all other." Where data are shown as cross-classifications of two characteristics, locate and use the larger factor. Similarly, if an item collected on a 20-percent basis has been tabulated for the 15-percent sample, use the factor appropriate for the 15-percent sample.

The standard errors estimated from these tables are not directly applicable to differences between two sample estimates. In order to estimate the standard error of a difference, the tables are to be used somewhat differently in the three following situations:

1. For a difference between the sample figure and one based on a complete count (e.g., arising from comparisons between 1970 sample statistics and complete-count statistics for 1960 or 1950), the standard error is identical with the standard error of the 1970 estimate alone.
2. For a difference between two sample figures (that is, one from 1970 and the other from 1960, or both from the same census year), the standard error is approximately the square root of the sum of the squares of the standard errors of each estimate considered separately. This formula will represent the actual standard error quite accurately for the difference between estimates of the same characteristic in two different areas, or for the difference between separate and uncorrelated characteristics in the same area. If, however, there is a high positive correlation between the two characteristics, the formula will overestimate the true standard error. The approximate standard error for the 1970 sample figure is derived directly from tables D through F. The standard error of a 25-percent 1960 sample figure may be obtained from the relevant 1960 census report or an approximate value may be obtained by multiplying the appropriate value in table D or E by 0.9.
3. For a difference between two sample estimates, one of which represents a subclass of the other, the tables can be used directly, with the difference considered as the sample estimate.

The sampling variability of the medians presented in certain tables (median years of school completed, median rent, etc.) depends on the size of the base and on the distribution on which the median is based. An approximate method for measuring the reliability of an estimated median is to determine an interval about the estimated median such that there is a stated degree of confidence the true median lies

within the interval. As the first step in estimating the upper and lower limits of the interval (that is, the confidence limits) about the median, compute one-half the number on which the median is based (designated $N/2$). From table D, following the method outlined in other parts of this section, compute the standard error of an estimated number equal to $N/2$. Subtract this standard error from $N/2$. Cumulate the frequencies (in the table on which the median is based) until the total first exceeds the difference between $N/2$ and its standard error and by linear interpolation obtain a value corresponding to this number. In a corresponding manner, add the standard error to $N/2$, cumulate the frequencies in the table, and obtain a value in the table on which the median is based corresponding to the

sum of $N/2$ and its standard error. The chances are about 2 out of 3 that the median would lie between these two values. The range for 19 chances out of 20 and for 99 in 100 can be computed in a similar manner by multiplying the standard error by the appropriate factors before subtracting from and adding to one-half the number reporting the characteristic. Interpolation to obtain the values corresponding to these numbers gives the confidence limits for the median.

The sampling variability of a mean, such as the number of children ever born per 1,000 women or mean income, presented in certain tables, depends on the variability of the distribution on which the mean is based, the size of the sample, the sample design, (for example, the use of house-

holds as the sampling unit), and the use of ratio estimates.

An approximation to the variability of the mean may be obtained as follows: compute the standard deviation of the distribution on which the mean is based; divide this figure by the square root of one-fifth of the total units in the distribution; multiply this quotient by the factor from table F appropriate to the statistic and the actual sample rate on which the mean is based. If the distribution is not published in the detailed tables, calculate the standard deviation from a comparable distribution for a larger area or for a similar population group; divide by the square root of one-fifth of the units on which the mean of interest is based; multiply the quotient by the factor from table F.

TABLE D. Approximate Standard Error of Estimated Number Based on 20-Percent Sample (Range of 2 chances out of 3)

Estimated number (persons or housing units)	Standard error	Estimated number (persons or housing units)	Standard error
50	15	1,000	60
100	20	2,500	85
250	30	5,000	100
500	45		

TABLE E. Approximate Standard Error of Estimated Percentage Based on 20-Percent Sample (Range of 2 chances out of 3)

Estimated percentage	Base of percentage (persons or housing units)					
	500	1,000	2,500	5,000	10,000	15,000
2 or 98	1.3	0.9	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2
5 or 95	2.0	1.4	0.9	0.6	0.4	0.4
10 or 90	2.7	1.9	1.2	0.8	0.6	0.5
25 or 75	3.9	2.7	1.7	1.2	0.9	0.7
50	4.5	3.2	2.0	1.4	1.0	0.8

TABLE F. Factor to be Applied to Standard Errors

[Subjects marked with an asterisk were tabulated on a 100% basis for tables P-1, H-1, and H-3.
Standard errors are not applicable to these tables]

Population subjects ¹	Sample rate (percent)	Factor	Housing subjects ¹	Sample rate (percent)	Factor
*Race	20	0.9	*Tenure	20	0.2
*Age	20	0.8	*Rooms	20	1.0
*Household relationship	20	0.5	*Persons per room	20	0.4
*Family composition	20	0.6	*Value	20	1.0
Country of origin (including Spanish heritage subjects)	15	1.6	Units in structure	20	0.8
Nativity and parentage	15	1.7	Year structure built	20	0.9
School enrollment	15	1.0	Heating equipment	20	0.8
Years of school completed	20	1.0	Basement	20	0.9
Residence in 1965	15	2.0	Source of water	15	1.0
Employment status	20	0.8	Sewage disposal	15	1.0
Place of work	15	1.3	Air conditioning	15	1.1
Means of transportation to work	15	1.3	Year moved into unit	15	1.1
Occupation	20	1.1	Gross rent	20	0.9
Industry	20	1.1	All other—20 percent	20	1.0
Class of worker	20	1.1	—15 percent	15	1.2
Income—persons	20	1.0			
—families	20	1.0			
Poverty status—persons	20	1.9			
—families	20	1.0			
All other—20 percent	20	1.0			
—15 percent	15	1.2			

¹Tabulations of data for persons of Spanish heritage are based on the 15-percent sample. For subjects shown in this table as based on the 20-percent sample, the factor for persons of Spanish heritage is obtained by multiplying the appropriate factor in this table by 1.2. For subjects shown as based on the 15-percent sample, the factor in this table can be used directly.

Appendix D.—PUBLICATION AND COMPUTER SUMMARY TAPE PROGRAM

The results of the 1970 Census of Population and Housing are being issued in the form of printed reports, microfiche copies of the printed reports, computer summary tapes, computer printouts, and microfilm. Listed below are short descriptions of the final report series and computer tapes, as currently planned. More detailed information on this program can be obtained by writing to the Publications Distribution Section, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233.

Population Census Reports

Volume I.

CHARACTERISTICS OF THE POPULATION

This volume will consist of 58 "parts"—number 1 for the United States, numbers 2 through 52 for the 50 States and the District of Columbia in alphabetical order, and numbers 53 through 58 for Puerto Rico, Guam, Virgin Islands, American Samoa, Canal Zone, and Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands, respectively. Each part, which will be a separate cloth-bound book, will contain four chapters designated as A, B, C, and D. Each chapter (for each of the 58 areas) will first be issued as an individual paperbound report in four series designated as PC(1)-A, B, C, and D, respectively. The 58 PC(1)-A reports will be specially assembled and issued in a clothbound book, designated as Part A.

■ Series PC(1)-A.

NUMBER OF INHABITANTS.

Final official population counts are presented for States, counties by urban and rural residence, standard metropolitan statistical areas (SMSA's), urbanized areas, county subdivisions, all incorporated places, and unincorporated places of 1,000 inhabitants or more.

■ Series PC(1)-B.

GENERAL POPULATION CHARACTERISTICS

Statistics on age, sex, race, marital status, and relationship to head of household are presented for States, counties by urban and rural residence, SMSA's, urbanized areas, county subdivisions, and places of 1,000 inhabitants or more.

■ Series PC(1)-C.

GENERAL SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC CHARACTERISTICS

Statistics are presented on nativity and parentage, State or country of birth, Spanish origin, mother tongue, residence 5 years ago, year moved into present house, school enrollment (public or private), years of school completed, vocational training, number of children ever born, family composition, disability, veteran status, employment status, place of work, means of transportation to work, occupation group, industry group, class of worker, and income (by type) in 1969 of families and individuals. Each subject is shown for some or all of the following areas: States, counties (by urban, rural-nonfarm, and rural-farm residence), SMSA's, urbanized areas, and places of 2,500 inhabitants or more.

■ Series PC(1)-D.

DETAILED CHARACTERISTICS

These reports will cover most of the subjects shown in Series PC(1)-C, above, presenting the data in considerable detail and cross-classified by age, race, and other characteristics. Each subject will be shown for some or all of the following areas: States (by urban, rural-nonfarm, and rural-farm residence), SMSA's, and large cities.

Volume II.

SUBJECT REPORTS

Each report in this volume, also designated as Series PC(2), will concentrate on a particular subject. Detailed information and cross-relationships will generally be provided on a national and regional level; in some reports, data for States or SMSA's will also be shown. Among the characteristics to be covered are national origin and race, fertility, families, marital status, migration, education, unemployment, occupation, industry, and income.

Housing Census Reports

Volume I.

HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS FOR STATES, CITIES, AND COUNTIES

This volume will consist of 58 "parts"—number 1 for the United States, numbers 2 through 52 for the 50 States and the District of Columbia in alphabetical order, and numbers 53 through 58 for Puerto Rico, Guam, Virgin Islands, American Samoa, Canal Zone, and Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands, respectively. Each part, which will be a separate cloth-bound book, will contain two chapters designated as A and B. Each chapter (for each of the 58 areas) will first be issued as an individual paperbound report in two series designated as HC(1)-A and B, respectively.

■ Series HC(1)-A.

GENERAL HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS

Statistics on tenure, kitchen facilities, plumbing facilities, number of rooms, persons per room, units in structure, mobile home, telephone, value, contract rent, and vacancy status are presented for some or all of the following areas: States (by urban and rural residence), SMSA's, urbanized areas, places of 1,000 inhabitants or more, and counties.

■ Series HC(1)-B.

DETAILED HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS

Statistics are presented on a more detailed basis for the subjects included in the Series HC(1)-A reports, as well as on such additional subjects as year moved into unit, year structure built, basement, heating equipment, fuels, air conditioning, water and sewage, appliances, gross rent, and ownership of second home. Each subject is shown for some or all of the following areas: States (by urban, rural-nonfarm, and rural-farm residence), SMSA's, urbanized areas, places of 2,500 inhabitants or more, and counties (by rural and rural-farm residence).

Volume II.

METROPOLITAN HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS

These reports, also designated as Series HC(2), will cover most of the 1970 census housing subjects in considerable detail and cross-classification. There will be one report for each SMSA, presenting data for the SMSA and its central cities and places of 50,000 inhabitants or more, as well as a national summary report.

Volume III.

BLOCK STATISTICS

One report, under the designation Series HC(3), is issued for each urbanized area showing data for individual blocks on selected housing and population subjects. The series also includes reports for the communities outside urbanized areas which have contracted with the Census Bureau to provide block statistics from the 1970 census.

Volume IV.

COMPONENTS OF INVENTORY CHANGE

This volume will contain data on the disposition of the 1960 inventory and the source of the 1970 inventory, such as new construction, conversions, mergers, demolitions, and other additions and losses. Cross-tabulations of 1970 and 1960 characteristics for units that have not changed and characteristics of the present and previous residence of recent movers will also be provided. Statistics will be shown for 15 selected SMSA's and for the United States and regions.

Volume V.

RESIDENTIAL FINANCE

This volume will present data regarding the financing of privately owned nonfarm residential properties. Statistics will be shown on amount of outstanding mortgage debt, manner of acquisition of property, homeowner expenses, and other owner, property, and mortgage characteristics for the United States and regions.

**Volume VI.
ESTIMATES OF "SUBSTANDARD"
HOUSING**

This volume will present counts of "substandard" housing units for counties and cities, based on the number of units lacking plumbing facilities combined with estimates of units with all plumbing facilities but in "dilapidated" condition.

**Volume VII.
SUBJECT REPORTS**

Each report in this volume will concentrate on a particular subject. Detailed information and cross-classifications will generally be provided on a national and regional level; in some reports, data for States or SMSA's may also be shown. Among the subjects to be covered are housing characteristics by household composition, housing of minority groups and senior citizens, and households in mobile homes.

Joint Population-Housing Reports

**Series PHC(1).
CENSUS TRACT REPORTS**

This series contains one report for each SMSA, showing data for most of the population and housing subjects included in the 1970 census.

**Series PHC(2).
GENERAL DEMOGRAPHIC TRENDS FOR
METROPOLITAN AREAS, 1960 to 1970**

This series consists of one report for each State and the District of Columbia, as well as a national summary report, presenting statistics for the State and for SMSA's and their central cities and constituent counties. Comparative 1960 and 1970 data are shown on population counts by age and race and on such housing subjects as tenure, plumbing facilities, value, and contract rent.

**Series PHC(3).
EMPLOYMENT PROFILES OF SELECTED
LOW-INCOME AREAS**

This series will consist of approximately 70 reports, each presenting statistics on the social and economic characteristics of the residents of a particular low-income area. The data relate to low-income neighborhoods in 54 cities and seven rural poverty areas. Each report will provide statistics on employment and unemployment, education, vocational training, availability for work, job history, and income, as well as on value or rent and number of rooms in the housing unit.

Additional Reports

**Series PHC(E).
EVALUATION REPORTS**

This open series will present the results of the extensive evaluation program conducted as an integral part of the 1970 census program, and relating to such matters as completeness of enumeration and quality of the data on characteristics.

**Series PHC(R).
PROCEDURAL REPORTS**

This open series presents information on various administrative and methodological aspects of the 1970 census, and will include a comprehensive procedural history of the 1970 census. The first report issued focuses on the forms and procedures used in the data collection phase of the census.

Computer Summary Tapes

The major portion of the results of the 1970 census will be produced in a set of six tabulation counts. To help meet the needs of census users, these counts are being designed to provide data with much greater subject and geographic detail than it is feasible or desirable to publish in printed reports. The data so tabulated will generally be available—subject to suppression of certain detail where necessary to protect confidentiality—on magnetic computer tape, printouts, and microfilm, at the cost of preparing the copy.

First Count—source of the PC(1)-A reports; contains about 400 cells of data on the subjects covered in the PC(1)-B and HC(1)-A reports and tabulated for each of the approximately 250,000 enumeration districts in the United States.

Second Count—source of the PC(1)-B, HC(1)-A, and part of the PHC(1) reports; contains about 3,500 cells of data covering the subjects in these reports and tabulated for the approximately 35,000 tracts and 35,000 county subdivisions in the United States.

Third Count—source of the HC(3) reports; contains about 250 cells of data on the subjects covered in the PC(1)-B and HC(1)-A reports and tabulated for approximately 1,500,000 blocks in the United States

Fourth Count—source of the PC(1)-C, HC(1)-B, and part of the PHC(1) reports; contains about 13,000 cells of data covering the subjects in these reports and tabulated for the approximately 35,000 tracts and 35,000 county subdivisions in the United States; also contains about 30,000 cells of data for each county.

Fifth Count—will contain approximately 800 cells of population and housing data for 5-digit ZIP code areas in SMSA's and 3-digit ZIP code areas outside SMSA's; the ZIP code data will be available only on tape.

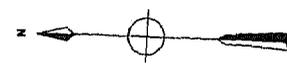
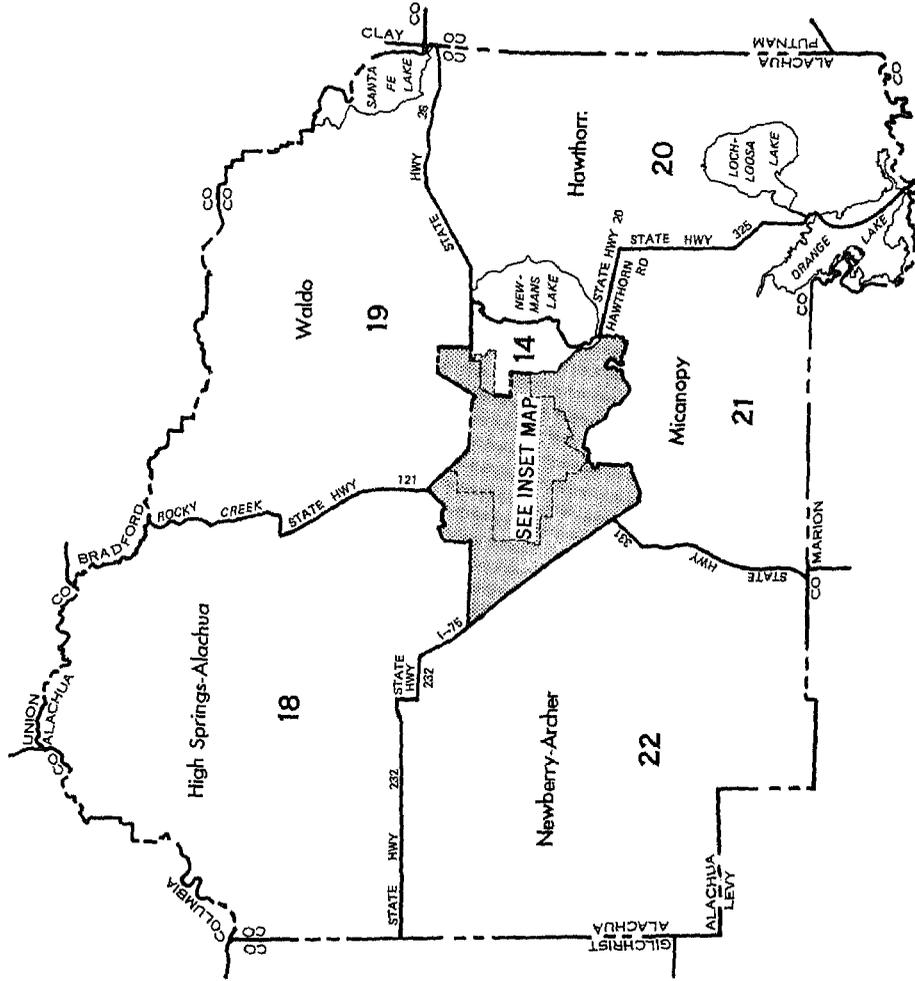
Sixth Count—source of the PC(1)-D and HC(2) reports; will contain about 260,000 cells of data covering the subjects in these reports and tabulated for States, SMSA's, and large cities.

The tapes will generally be organized on a State basis. To use the First Count and Third Count tapes, it will be necessary to purchase the appropriate enumeration district and block maps.

The term "cells" used herein to indicate the scope of subject content of the several counts refers to each figure or statistic in the tabulation for a specific geographic area. For example, in the Third Count, there are six cells for a cross-classification of race by sex: three categories of race (white, Negro, other race) by two categories of sex (male, female).

In addition to the above-mentioned summary tapes, the Census Bureau will make available for purchase certain sample tape files containing population and housing characteristics as shown on individual census records. These files will contain no names or addresses, and the geographic identification will be sufficiently broad to protect confidentiality. There will be six files, each containing a 1-percent national sample of persons and housing units. Three of the files will be drawn from the population covered by the census 15-percent sample and three from the population in the census 5-percent sample. Each of these three files will provide a different type of geographic information: One will identify individual large SMSA's and, for the rest of the country, groups of counties; the second will identify individual States and, where they are sufficiently large, will provide urban-rural and metropolitan-nonmetropolitan detail; and the third will identify State groups and size of place, with each individual record showing selected characteristics of the person's neighborhood.

CENSUS TRACTS IN THE GAINESVILLE, FLA. SMSA



BOUNDARY SYMBOLS

- Census Tract Boundaries:**
- County
 - Corporate Limit
 - Census County Division
 - Other Tracts
- Boundaries Which Are Not Tracts:**
- Corporate Limit

