Section 15

Business Enterprise

This section relates to the place and behavior of the business firm and to business initiative in the American economy. It includes data on the number, type, and size of businesses; financial data of domestic and multinational U.S. corporations; business investments, expenditures, and profits; and sales and inventories.

The principal sources of these data are the *Survey of Current Business*, published by the Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA), the *Statistical Supplement to the Federal Reserve Bulletin*, issued by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, the annual *Statistics of Income (SOI)* reports of the Internal Revenue Service (IRS), and the Census Bureau's Economic Census, *County Business Patterns, Quarterly Financial Report for Manufacturing, Mining, and Trade Corporations (QFR), Survey of Business Owners,* and *Annual Capital Expenditures Survey.*

Business firms—A firm is generally defined as a business organization under a single management and may include one or more establishments. The terms firm, business, company, and enterprise are used interchangeably throughout this section. A firm doing business in more than one industry is classified by industry according to the major activity of the firm as a whole.

The IRS concept of a business firm relates primarily to the legal entity used for tax reporting purposes. A sole proprietorship is an unincorporated business owned by one person and may include large enterprises with many employees and hired managers and part-time operators. A partnership is an unincorporated business owned by two or more persons, each of whom has a financial interest in the business. A corporation is a business that is legally incorporated under state laws. While many corporations file consolidated tax returns, most corporate tax returns represent individual corporations, some of which are affiliated through common ownership or control with other corporations filing separate returns.

Economic census—The economic census is the major source of facts about the structure and functioning of the nation's economy. It provides essential information for government, business, industry, and the general public. It furnishes an important part of the framework for such composite measures as the gross domestic product estimates, input/output measures, production and price indexes, and other statistical series that measure short-term changes in economic conditions. The Census Bureau takes the economic census every 5 years, covering years ending in "2" and "7."

The economic census is collected on an establishment basis. A company operating at more than one location is required to file a separate report for each store, factory, shop, or other location. Each establishment is assigned a separate industry classification based on its primary activity and not that of its parent company. Establishments responding to the establishment survey are classified into industries on the basis of their principal product or activity (determined by annual sales volume). The statistics issued by industry in the 2002 Economic Census are classified primarily on the 2002 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS), and, to a lesser extent, on the 1997 NAICS used in the previous census (see below).

More detailed information about the scope, coverage, methodology, classification system, data items, and publications for each of the economic censuses and related surveys is published in the *Guide to the 2002 Economic Census* at <http://www.census.gov/econ/census02/guide/>.

Data from the 2002 Economic Census were released through the Census Bureau's American FactFinder® service, on

DVD-ROM, in Adobe Acrobat PDF reports and in hypertext "drill-down" tables available on the Census Bureau Web site. For more information on these various media of release, see the following page on the Census Bureau Web site <http://www.census.gov/econ/census02/>.

Survey of Business Owners—The Survey of Business Owners (SBO), formerly known as the Surveys of Minority- and Women-Owned Business Enterprises (SMOBE/SWOBE), provides statistics that describe the composition of U.S. businesses by gender, Hispanic or Latino origin, and race. Data from SBO are published in a series of reports: *American Indian- and Alaska Native-Owned Firms, Asian-Owned Firms, Black-Owned Firms, Hispanic-Owned Firms, Native Hawaiian- and Other Pacific Islander-Owned Firms, Women-Owned Firms*, and *Company Summary*. Data are presented by industry classifications and/or geographic area and size of firm (employment and receipts). The reports include totals for all U.S. businesses based on the 2002 Economic Census and estimates of business ownership by gender, Hispanic or Latino origin, and race based on the 2002 SBO. Each owner had the option of selecting more than one race and therefore is included in each race selected. For information on confidentiality protection and survey methodology, see Appendix III and the SBO Web site <http://www.census.gov/csd/sbo/>.

North American Industry Classification System (NAICS)—NAICS has replaced the previous Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) system.

NAICS 2002 is the same as NAICS 1997 for 14 of the 20 sectors. Construction and wholesale trade are substantially changed, but the revisions also modify a number of retail classifications and the organization of the information sector. Very minor boundary adjustments affect administrative and support services and mining. A key feature of NAICS is the revision for the Information sector. A few of the new and important industries created in this section include: Internet service providers and Web search portals, and Internet publishing and broadcasting. Included in the Retail Trade sector is electronic shopping and electronic auctions.

Quarterly Financial Report—The Quarterly Financial Report (QFR) program publishes quarterly aggregate statistics on the financial conditions of U.S. corporations. The QFR requests companies to report estimates from their statements of income and retained earnings, and balance sheets. The statistical data are classified and aggregated by type of industry and asset size. The QFR sample includes manufacturing companies with assets of $250 thousand and above, and mining, wholesale, and retail companies with assets of $50 million and above. The data are available quarterly in the *Quarterly Financial Report for Manufacturing, Mining, and Trade Corporations* on the Internet at <http://www.census.gov/csd/qfr/>.

Multinational Companies—BEA collects financial and operating data on U.S. multinational companies. These data provide a picture of the overall activities of foreign affiliates and U.S. parent companies, using a variety of indicators of their financial structure and operations. The data on foreign affiliates cover the entire operations of the affiliate, irrespective of the percentage of U.S. ownership. These data cover items that are needed in analyzing the characteristics, performance, and economic impact of multinational companies, such as sales, value added, employment and compensation of employees, capital expenditures, exports and imports, and research and development expenditures. Separate tabulations are available for all affiliates and for affiliates that are majority-owned by their U.S. parent(s).

Statistical reliability—For a discussion of statistical collection, estimation, and sampling procedures and measures of reliability applicable to data from the Census Bureau and the Internal Revenue Service, see Appendix III.

Table 721. **Number of Returns, Receipts, and Net Income by Type of Business: 1990 to 2004**

[**14,783 represents 14,783,000**. Covers active enterprises only. Figures are estimates based on sample of unaudited tax returns; see Appendix III]

Item	Number of returns (1,000)			Business receipts [1] (bil. dol.)			Net income (less loss) [2] (bil. dol.)		
	Nonfarm proprietorships	Partnerships	Corporations	Nonfarm proprietorships	Partnerships	Corporations	Nonfarm proprietorships	Partnerships	Corporations
1990	14,783	1,554	3,717	731	541	10,914	141	17	371
1991	15,181	1,515	3,803	713	539	10,963	142	21	345
1992	15,495	1,485	3,869	737	571	11,272	154	43	402
1993	15,848	1,468	3,965	757	627	11,814	156	67	498
1994	16,154	1,494	4,342	791	732	12,858	167	82	577
1995	16,424	1,581	4,474	807	854	13,969	169	107	714
1996	16,955	1,654	4,631	843	1,042	14,890	177	145	806
1997	17,176	1,759	4,710	870	1,297	15,890	187	168	915
1998	17,409	1,855	4,849	918	1,534	16,543	202	187	838
1999	17,576	1,937	4,936	969	1,829	18,009	208	228	929
2000	17,905	2,058	5,045	1,021	2,316	19,593	215	269	928
2001	18,338	2,132	5,136	1,017	2,569	19,308	217	276	604
2002	18,926	2,242	5,267	1,030	2,669	18,849	221	271	564
2003	19,710	2,375	5,401	1,050	2,818	19,755	230	301	780
2004	20,591	2,547	5,558	1,140	3,142	21,717	248	385	1,112

[1] Excludes investment income except for partnerships and corporations in finance, insurance, and real estate before 1998. Beginning 1998, finance and insurance, real estate, and management of companies included investment income for partnerships and corporations. Excludes investment income for S corporations. [2] Net income (less loss) is defined differently by form of organization, basically as follows: (a) Proprietorships: Total taxable receipts less total business deductions, including cost of sales and operations, depletion, and certain capital expensing, excluding charitable contributions and owners' salaries; (b) Partnerships: Total taxable receipts (including investment income except capital gains) less deductions, including cost of sales and operations and certain payments to partners, excluding charitable contributions, oil and gas depletion, and certain capital expensing; (c) Corporations: Total taxable receipts (including investment income, capital gains, and income from foreign subsidiaries deemed received for tax purposes, except for S corporations) less business deductions, including cost of sales and operations, depletion, certain capital expensing, and officers' compensation excluding S corporation charitable contributions and investment expenses; net income is before income tax.

Source: U.S. Internal Revenue Service, *Statistics of Income,* various publications.

Table 722. **Number of Returns and Business Receipts by Size of Receipts: 2000 to 2004**

[**5,045 represents 5,045,000.** Covers active enterprises only. Figures are estimates based on sample of unaudited tax returns; see Appendix III]

Size-class of receipts	Returns (1,000)					Business receipts [1] (bil. dol.)				
	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
Corporations	**5,045**	**5,136**	**5,267**	**5,401**	**5,558**	**19,593**	**19,308**	**18,849**	**19,755**	**21,717**
Under $25,000 [2]	1,220	1,248	1,283	1,280	1,317	4	3	4	3	4
$25,000 to $49,999	302	296	314	346	334	10	11	12	13	12
$50,000 to $99,999	477	485	514	522	545	35	36	38	39	40
$100,000 to $499,999	1,515	1,550	1,583	1,649	1,703	397	388	395	412	424
$500,000 to $999,999	582	601	611	623	635	407	428	434	441	448
$1,000,000 or more	946	956	962	981	1,023	18,738	18,442	17,967	18,848	20,788
Partnerships	**2,058**	**2,132**	**2,242**	**2,375**	**2,547**	**2,316**	**2,569**	**2,669**	**2,818**	**3,142**
Under $25,000 [2]	1,105	1,130	1,204	1,284	1,373	5	5	5	5	5
$25,000 to $49,999	183	183	185	192	193	7	7	7	7	7
$50,000 to $99,999	187	192	195	206	226	13	14	14	15	16
$100,000 to $499,999	353	373	394	410	436	82	88	92	95	102
$500,000 to $999,999	92	103	105	111	121	66	73	74	78	86
$1,000,000 or more	137	151	159	172	198	2,143	2,383	2,478	2,619	2,925
Nonfarm proprietorship	**17,905**	**18,338**	**18,926**	**19,710**	**20,591**	**1,021**	**1,017**	**1,030**	**1,050**	**1,140**
Under $25,000 [2]	11,997	12,345	12,716	13,308	13,916	82	86	87	93	97
$25,000 to $49,999	2,247	2,239	2,358	2,450	2,536	80	79	83	87	90
$50,000 to $99,999	1,645	1,704	1,752	1,805	1,792	117	121	124	128	128
$100,000 to $499,999	1,733	1,759	1,803	1,851	2,020	355	353	362	373	405
$500,000 to $999,999	190	197	203	200	218	126	133	138	135	147
$1,000,000 or more	92	93	93	96	109	261	245	234	235	273

[1] Finance and insurance, real estate, and management of companies included investment income for partnerships and corporations. [2] Includes firms with no receipts.

Source: U.S. Internal Revenue Service, *Statistics of Income Bulletin;* and unpublished data.

Table 723. **Number of Returns, Receipts, and Net Income by Type of Business and Industry: 2004**

[**20,591 represents 20,591,000**. Covers active enterprises only. Figures are estimates based on sample of unaudited tax returns; see Appendix III. Based on the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS), 2002; see text, this section. Minus sign (–) indicates net loss]

Industry	2002 NAICS code	Number of returns (1,000)			Business receipts [1] (bil. dol.)			Net income (less loss) (bil. dol.)		
		Non-farm proprietorships	Partnerships	Corporations	Non-farm proprietorships	Partnerships	Corporations	Non-farm proprietorships	Partnerships	Corporations
Total	**(X)**	**20,591**	**2,547**	**5,558**	**1,140**	**3,142**	**21,717**	**248**	**385**	**1,112**
Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting [2]	11	282	120	142	16	21	125	1	(Z)	3
Mining	21	126	26	31	9	77	213	1	27	19
Utilities	22	12	4	7	(Z)	136	526	(Z)	1	4
Construction	23	2,587	155	722	198	226	1,240	31	19	47
Special trade contractors	238	2,084	58	430	135	39	493	25	2	14
Manufacturing	31–33	351	43	281	26	616	5,893	3	38	291
Wholesale and retail trade [3]	(X)	2,750	179	1,001	228	639	6,167	13	12	162
Wholesale trade	42	351	43	376	41	357	2,973	5	10	80
Retail trade [4]	44–45	2,399	136	621	187	282	3,193	8	2	82
Motor vehicle and parts dealers	441	159	17	93	37	96	827	1	1	8
Food and beverage stores	445	85	14	96	26	50	486	1	(Z)	6
Gasoline stations	447	21	6	37	23	40	194	(Z)	(Z)	1
Transportation and warehousing	48–49	983	34	183	65	71	599	9	5	6
Information [4]	51	295	35	124	8	178	864	2	6	23
Broadcasting (except Internet)	515	[5]44	3	7	[5]2	32	88	[5](Z)	(Z)	1
Telecommunications	517	([5])	5	19	([5])	102	375	([5])	(Z)	–12
Finance and insurance	52	673	269	239	73	339	2,873	18	136	363
Real estate and rental and leasing	53	1,179	1,180	604	71	231	223	28	54	10
Professional, scientific, and technical services [4]	54	2,951	164	780	138	232	722	57	56	18
Legal services	5411	353	28	99	35	105	72	16	38	6
Accounting, tax preparation, bookkeeping, and payroll services	5412	408	18	65	11	38	27	4	8	2
Management, scientific, and technical consulting services	5416	735	39	227	31	28	152	16	6	7
Management of companies and enterprises	55	(NA)	24	50	(NA)	34	729	(NA)	10	116
Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services	56	1,995	52	246	50	53	398	14	4	11
Educational services	61	474	8	44	7	3	32	2	(Z)	2
Health care and social assistance	62	1,778	57	370	104	119	492	42	16	20
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	71	1,132	45	119	26	35	75	6	–1	3
Accommodation and food services	72	384	91	281	40	114	376	1	1	12
Accommodation	721	49	29	37	5	52	88	(Z)	–1	3
Food services and drinking places	722	335	61	244	35	63	289	1	1	9
Other services [4]	81	2,355	58	333	77	17	169	18	1	3
Auto repair and maintenance	8111	345	15	107	24	6	61	3	(Z)	1
Personal and laundry services	812	1,339	33	134	34	8	69	11	(Z)	1
Religious, grantmaking, civic, professional, and similar organizations	813	266	(Z)	39	4	(Z)	10	2	(Z)	–
Unclassified	(X)	284	3	3	4	(Z)	–	1	(Z)	–

– Represents zero. NA Not available. X Not applicable. Z Less than 500 or $500 million. [1] Includes investment income for partnerships and corporations in finance and insurance, real estate, and management of companies' industries. Excludes investment income for S corporations. [2] For corporations, represents agricultural services only. [3] For corporations, includes trade business not identified as wholesale or retail. [4] Includes other industries not shown separately. [5] Broadcasting includes telecommunications.

Source: U.S. Internal Revenue Service, *Statistics of Income,* various publications.

Table 724. **Nonfarm Sole Proprietorships—Selected Income and Deduction Items: 1990 to 2004**

[**In billions of dollars (731 represents $731,000,000,000) except as indicated**. All figures are estimates based on samples. Tax law changes have affected the comparability of the data over time; see *Statistics of Income* reports for a description. See Appendix III]

Item	1990	1995	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
Number of returns (1,000)	14,783	16,424	17,409	17,576	17,905	18,338	18,926	19,710	20,591
Returns with net income (1,000)	11,222	12,213	13,080	13,159	13,308	13,604	13,751	14,448	15,053
Business receipts	731	807	918	969	1,021	1,017	1,030	1,050	1,140
Income from sales and operations	719	797	905	955	1,008	1,002	1,015	1,034	1,122
Business deductions [1]	589	638	716	761	806	800	809	820	892
Cost of goods sold/operations [1]	291	307	341	370	387	363	352	338	371
Purchases	210	219	231	256	269	247	227	218	239
Labor costs	23	24	27	29	29	28	30	28	32
Materials and supplies	30	34	42	42	43	44	46	47	53
Advertising	(NA)	(NA)	9	9	10	11	11	12	13
Car and truck expenses	22	33	40	41	46	47	50	53	59
Commissions	9	10	11	11	12	12	14	14	13
Depreciation	24	27	29	31	32	33	37	42	43
Insurance	13	13	13	13	14	14	16	17	19
Interest paid	13	10	11	11	12	13	11	11	11
Office expenses	(NA)	(NA)	10	10	10	11	11	12	12
Rent paid	23	28	30	31	33	34	35	36	37
Repairs	9	10	11	12	12	12	13	13	15
Salaries and wages (net)	47	54	59	61	63	64	66	68	71
Supplies	(NA)	(NA)	20	22	22	23	25	26	27
Taxes paid	10	13	14	14	14	14	15	15	16
Utilities	14	17	18	18	19	20	21	22	21
Net income (less loss) [2]	141	169	202	208	215	217	221	230	248
Net income [2]	162	192	226	233	245	250	257	269	291
Constant (**2000**) Dollars [3]									
Business receipts	896	877	952	991	1,021	993	991	991	1,045
Business deductions	722	693	742	778	806	781	778	774	818
Net income (less loss)	173	184	210	213	215	212	213	217	227
Net income	198	208	235	239	245	244	248	254	266

NA Not available. [1] Includes other amounts not shown separately. [2] After adjustment for the passive loss carryover from prior years. Therefore, "business receipts" minus "total deductions" do not equal "net income." [3] Based on the overall implicit price deflator for gross domestic product.

Source: U.S. Internal Revenue Service, *Statistics of Income Bulletin*.

Table 725. **Partnerships—Selected Income and Balance Sheet Items: 1990 to 2004**

[**In billions of dollars (1,735 represents $1,735,000,000,000), except as indicated.** Covers active partnerships only. All figures are estimates based on samples. See Appendix III]

Item	1990	1995	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
Number of returns (1,000)	1,554	1,581	1,855	1,937	2,058	2,132	2,242	2,375	2,547
Returns with net income (1,000)	854	955	1,171	1,226	1,261	1,301	1,325	1,357	1,441
Number of partners (1,000)	17,095	15,606	15,663	15,924	13,660	14,232	14,328	14,108	15,557
Assets [1, 2]	1,735	2,719	5,127	5,999	6,694	8,428	8,867	9,675	11,608
Depreciable assets (net)	681	767	1,153	1,314	1,487	1,646	1,792	1,846	1,988
Inventories, end of year	57	88	176	174	150	208	203	214	276
Land	215	221	291	326	359	392	423	455	509
Liabilities [1, 2]	1,415	1,886	3,151	3,453	3,696	4,835	4,972	5,303	6,248
Accounts payable	67	91	191	244	230	362	346	276	336
Short-term debt [3]	88	124	230	232	252	289	283	274	296
Long-term debt [4]	498	544	884	989	1,132	1,286	1,375	1,389	1,546
Nonrecourse loans	470	466	523	582	639	700	770	800	854
Partners' capital accounts [2]	320	832	1,976	2,546	2,999	3,593	3,895	4,372	5,360
Receipts [1]	566	890	1,603	1,907	2,405	2,665	2,773	2,923	3,260
Business receipts [5]	483	854	1,534	1,829	2,316	2,569	2,669	2,818	3,142
Interest received	21	31	51	62	82	85	70	71	88
Deductions [1]	550	784	1,416	1,679	2,136	2,389	2,502	2,621	2,876
Cost of goods sold/operations	243	395	737	902	1,226	1,338	1,430	1,523	1,666
Salaries and wages	56	80	143	170	201	231	238	245	269
Taxes paid	9	13	24	27	31	35	36	39	42
Interest paid	30	43	73	74	93	97	68	65	64
Depreciation	60	23	43	52	59	72	83	84	90
Net income (less loss)	17	107	187	228	269	276	271	301	385
Net income	116	179	298	348	410	446	440	469	566

[1] Includes items not shown separately. [2] Assets, liabilities, and partners' capital accounts are understated because not all partnerships file complete balance sheets. [3] Mortgages, notes, and bonds payable in less than 1 year. [4] Mortgages, notes, and bonds payable in 1 year or more. [5] Excludes investment income except for partnerships in finance, insurance, and real estate in 1995. Beginning 1998, finance and insurance, real estate, and management of companies included investment income for partnerships.

Source: U.S. Internal Revenue Service, *Statistics of Income,* various issues.

Table 726. **Partnerships—Selected Items by Industry: 2004**

[**In billions of dollars (11,608 represents $11,608,000,000,000), except as indicated.** Covers active partnerships only. Figures are estimates based on samples. Based on the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS), 2002; see text, this section. See Appendix III. Minus sign (–) indicates net loss]

Industry	2002 NAICS code	Number of partnerships (1,000)			Total assets [1]	Business receipts [2]	Total deductions	Net income less loss	Net income	Net loss
		Total	With net income	With net loss						
Total [3]	(X)	**2,547**	**1,441**	**1,106**	**11,608**	**3,142**	**2,876**	**384.7**	**566.2**	**181.5**
Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting	11	120	64	55	95	21	28	(Z)	5.2	5.2
Mining	21	26	18	8	173	77	58	27.2	31.8	4.6
Utilities	22	4	2	2	149	136	137	1.3	6.3	5.0
Construction	23	155	87	68	200	226	214	19.0	24.5	5.5
Manufacturing	31–33	43	19	24	427	616	595	37.7	49.4	11.7
Wholesale trade	42	43	21	22	104	357	352	10.0	13.2	3.2
Retail trade	44–45	136	62	74	100	282	287	2.1	6.9	4.7
Transportation and warehousing	48–49	34	17	18	108	71	71	4.9	8.5	3.6
Information	51	35	14	21	516	178	187	6.1	24.8	18.7
Finance and insurance	52	269	192	77	6,321	339	203	136.0	155.6	19.7
Real estate and rental and leasing	53	1,180	661	519	2,638	231	186	54.4	120.8	66.4
Professional, scientific, and technical services	54	164	100	64	107	232	190	56.0	62.5	6.5
Management of companies and enterprises	55	24	14	11	338	34	24	9.9	17.5	7.6
Admin/support waste mgt/ remediation services	56	52	30	22	30	53	51	3.8	5.2	1.4
Educational services	61	8	5	4	2	3	3	0.2	0.4	0.3
Health care and social assistance	62	57	36	20	70	119	111	16.0	19.9	3.9
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	71	45	19	27	59	35	41	–1.2	4.3	5.5
Accommodation and food services	72	91	46	45	155	114	120	0.6	7.6	7.1
Other services	81	58	35	24	13	17	17	0.7	1.8	1.1

X Not applicable. Z Less than $50 million dollars. [1] Total assets are understated because not all partnerships file complete balance sheets. [2] Finance and insurance, real estate, and management of companies includes investment income for partnerships. [3] Includes businesses not allocable to individual industries.

Source: U.S. Internal Revenue Service, *Statistics of Income*, various issues.

Table 727. **Nonfarm Noncorporate Business-Sector Balance Sheet: 1990 to 2006**

[**In billions of dollars (3,712 represents $3,712,000,000,000), except as noted**. Represents year-end outstandings]

Item	1990	1995	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
Assets	**3,712**	**4,092**	**6,434**	**6,712**	**7,020**	**7,473**	**8,242**	**9,221**	**10,056**
Tangible assets	3,356	3,544	5,011	5,133	5,363	5,731	6,200	6,879	7,481
Real estate [1]	3,045	3,193	4,573	4,689	4,904	5,255	5,698	6,349	6,916
Residential	2,126	2,349	3,386	3,523	3,711	4,018	4,386	4,895	5,271
Nonresidential	919	845	1,187	1,166	1,193	1,237	1,312	1,454	1,645
Equipment and software [2]	263	294	367	377	390	405	424	447	478
Residential [3]	32	36	39	40	40	40	42	45	49
Nonresidential	232	259	329	338	350	365	382	402	428
Inventories [2]	47	56	70	67	69	71	78	83	87
Financial assets	356	548	1,423	1,579	1,657	1,742	2,042	2,343	2,575
Checkable deposits and currency	71	105	164	165	167	173	259	298	328
Time and savings deposits	51	71	248	255	269	314	318	366	402
Money market fund shares	7	17	49	59	61	53	62	71	78
Treasury securities	13	24	40	43	43	45	50	58	64
Municipal securities	–	2	2	4	3	3	4	5	6
Mortgages	31	22	23	27	26	26	31	35	39
Trade receivables	98	140	342	344	363	338	364	419	461
Miscellaneous assets	86	167	554	684	724	791	954	1,091	1,197
Insurance receivables	39	44	46	48	52	57	60	65	68
Equity investment in GSEs [4]	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Other	47	122	506	634	670	732	891	1,024	1,128
Liabilities	**1,349**	**1,396**	**2,674**	**2,890**	**3,084**	**3,173**	**3,517**	**3,897**	**4,233**
Credit market instruments	1,093	1,062	1,796	1,959	2,107	2,199	2,443	2,748	3,036
Bank loans n.e.c. [5]	136	165	361	405	430	442	466	516	571
Other loans and advances	94	92	128	125	127	132	133	134	149
Mortgages	863	805	1,308	1,429	1,550	1,625	1,844	2,097	2,317
Trade payables	60	86	260	255	281	255	277	308	332
Taxes payable	32	33	65	69	70	70	78	85	90
Miscellaneous liabilities	164	215	553	607	626	649	718	756	775
Net worth	**2,363**	**2,695**	**3,760**	**3,822**	**3,936**	**4,300**	**4,726**	**5,324**	**5,823**
Debt/net worth (percent)	46.3	39.4	47.8	51.2	53.5	51.1	51.7	51.6	52.1

– Represents or rounds to zero. [1] At market value. [2] At replacement (current) cost. [3] Durable goods in rental properties. [4] GSEs = government-sponsored enterprises. Equity in the Farm Credit System. [5] Not elsewhere classified.

Source: Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, "Federal Reserve Statistical Release, Z.1, Flow of Funds Accounts of the United States"; published: 8 March 2007; <http://www.federalreserve.gov/releases/z1/20070308/>.

Table 728. **Nonfinancial Corporate Business-Sector Balance Sheet: 1990 to 2006**

[**In billions of dollars (9,683 represents $9,683,000,000,000).** Represents year-end outstandings]

Item	1990	1995	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
Assets	**9,683**	**11,460**	**19,016**	**19,125**	**19,474**	**20,065**	**21,668**	**23,056**	**24,621**
Tangible assets	6,108	6,501	9,244	9,226	9,532	9,956	10,737	11,690	12,890
Real estate [1]	3,388	3,145	4,844	4,793	5,035	5,360	5,903	6,637	7,552
Equipment and software [2]	1,819	2,287	3,067	3,167	3,193	3,250	3,357	3,484	3,687
Inventories [2, 3]	901	1,070	1,334	1,266	1,303	1,345	1,477	1,569	1,652
Financial assets [3]	3,575	4,959	9,772	9,899	9,942	10,109	10,932	11,366	11,731
Foreign deposits	15	17	24	16	21	38	54	71	72
Time and savings deposits	75	100	272	281	291	363	420	454	427
Money market fund shares	20	60	191	302	330	291	319	355	444
Commercial paper	14	20	58	60	65	76	95	111	123
Mortgages	53	58	44	47	50	52	67	81	96
Consumer credit	67	85	81	73	75	58	59	59	57
Trade receivables	967	1,185	1,939	1,818	1,720	1,702	1,831	1,989	2,077
Mutual fund shares [1]	10	46	122	113	95	125	140	156	182
Liabilities [3]	**4,729**	**6,010**	**9,611**	**9,809**	**9,923**	**9,867**	**10,349**	**10,505**	**10,493**
Credit market instruments	2,536	2,911	4,531	4,729	4,742	4,853	5,018	5,263	5,697
Commercial paper	117	157	278	178	120	85	102	94	117
Municipal securities [4]	115	135	154	158	161	164	169	177	182
Corporate bonds [5]	1,008	1,344	2,230	2,578	2,710	2,869	2,946	3,006	3,227
Bank loans n.e.c. [6]	545	602	853	744	636	561	563	624	690
Other loans and advances	473	454	649	653	665	667	684	723	742
Mortgages	277	220	366	419	450	507	554	639	740
Trade payables	626	878	1,541	1,438	1,457	1,403	1,500	1,643	1,702
Taxes payable	38	40	78	81	93	81	88	93	91
Net worth (market value)	**4,954**	**5,450**	**9,405**	**9,316**	**9,551**	**10,197**	**11,319**	**12,551**	**14,128**
Debt/net worth (percent)	51.2	53.4	48.2	50.8	49.6	47.6	44.3	41.9	40.3

[1] At market value. [2] At replacement (current) cost. [3] Includes items not shown separately. [4] Industrial revenue bonds. Issued by state and local governments to finance private investment and secured in interest and principal by the industrial user of the funds. [5] Through 1992, corporate bonds include net issues by Netherlands Antillean financial subsidiaries. [6] Not elsewhere classified.

Source: Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, "Federal Reserve Statistical Release, Z.1, Flow of Funds Accounts of the United States"; published: 8 March 2007; <http://www.federalreserve.gov/releases/z1/20070308/>.

Table 729. **Corporate Funds—Sources and Uses: 1990 to 2006**

[**In billions of dollars (238 represents $238,000,000,000)**. Covers nonfarm nonfinancial corporate business]

Item	1990	1995	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
Profits before tax (book)	238	419	422	310	336	424	623	931	1,089
– Taxes on corporate income	98	141	170	111	97	135	185	251	288
– Net dividends	117	177	250	243	253	291	365	226	396
+ Capital consumption allowance [1]	365	463	629	678	734	733	750	599	604
= U.S. internal funds, book	388	564	632	633	721	732	823	1,053	1,009
+ Foreign earnings retained abroad	45	53	100	111	93	113	108	–34	124
+ Inventory valuation adjustment (IVA)	–13	–18	–14	11	–2	–14	–40	–33	–45
= Internal funds + IVA	420	598	718	755	811	831	892	986	1,088
Gross investment	369	653	900	885	782	819	996	976	1,130
Capital expenditures	429	618	929	803	737	750	822	882	1,010
Fixed investment [2]	422	577	882	841	734	748	787	873	967
Inventory change + IVA	12	40	55	–30	14	13	47	20	43
Nonproduced nonfinancial assets	–5	1	–9	–9	–11	–11	–11	–11	1
Net financial investment	–59	36	–28	82	45	69	174	94	119
Net acquisition of financial assets [3]	124	426	1,209	178	130	83	783	415	302
Checkable deposits and currency	6	4	15	–65	–35	52	–35	–23	–120
Time and savings deposits	–6	3	35	9	10	71	58	34	–27
Money market fund shares	9	23	37	111	28	–39	28	36	89
Commercial paper	(–Z)	1	10	2	5	11	19	16	12
Municipal securities	–8	–20	7	–3	3	3	–4	–1	4
Trade receivables	29	78	282	–121	–98	–17	129	157	89
Mutual fund shares	–1	5	4	4	1	11	2	7	7
Miscellaneous assets [3]	114	320	819	253	192	–10	555	143	238
U.S. direct investment abroad [4]	36	90	128	119	130	123	220	–8	187
Insurance receivables	13	8	(–Z)	10	17	18	19	21	11
Net increase in liabilities [3]	184	391	1,237	95	85	13	609	320	183
Net funds raised in markets	73	169	224	167	–29	47	39	–118	–165
Net new equity issues	–63	–58	–118	–48	–42	–42	–127	–363	–602
Credit market instruments [3]	136	227	342	215	13	89	165	245	437
Commercial paper	10	18	48	–83	–58	–35	17	–8	23
Municipal securities [5]	(–Z)	3	1	3	3	3	5	7	5
Corporate bonds [4]	47	91	163	348	132	158	78	60	220
Bank loans n.e.c [6]	3	75	44	–110	–108	–86	2	61	66
Other loans and advances [3]	56	32	64	4	12	2	17	39	22
Finance companies	16	24	55	–14	3	–2	9	25	17
Mortgages	22	8	22	53	32	46	47	86	100
Trade payables	28	81	313	–104	20	–55	97	143	56
Miscellaneous liabilities [3]	82	141	694	29	82	33	466	291	295
Foreign direct investment in U.S.	59	54	192	85	28	24	29	43	108

Z Less than $500 million. [1] Consumption of fixed capital plus capital consumption adjustment. [2] Nonresidential fixed investment plus residential fixed investment. [3] Includes other items not shown separately. [4] 1990, corporate bonds include net issues by Netherlands Antillean financial subsidiaries, and U.S. direct investment abroad excludes net inflows from those bond issues. [5] Industrial revenue bonds. Issued by state and local governments to finance private investment and secured in interest and principal by industrial user of the funds. [6] Not elsewhere classified.

Source: Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, "Federal Reserve Statistical Release, Z.1, Flow of Funds Accounts of the United States"; published: 8 March 2007; <http://www.federalreserve.gov/releases/z1/20070308/>.

Table 730. **Corporations—Selected Financial Items: 1990 to 2004**

[**In billions of dollars (18,190 represents $18,190,000,000,000), except as noted.** Covers active corporations only. All corporations are required to file returns except those specifically exempt. See source for changes in law affecting comparability of historical data. Based on samples; see Appendix III]

Item	1990	1995	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
Number of returns (1,000)	3,717	4,474	4,849	4,936	5,045	5,136	5,267	5,401	5,558
Number with net income (1,000)	1,911	2,455	2,761	2,812	2,819	2,822	2,801	2,932	3,116
S Corporation returns [1] (1,000)	1,575	2,153	2,588	2,726	2,860	2,986	3,154	3,342	3,518
Assets [2]	18,190	26,014	37,347	41,464	47,027	49,154	50,414	53,645	60,118
Cash	771	962	1,336	1,597	1,820	1,926	1,923	2,120	2,730
Notes and accounts receivable	4,198	5,307	7,062	7,745	8,754	8,756	8,886	8,995	10,691
Inventories	894	1,045	1,139	1,198	1,272	1,208	1,221	1,267	1,386
Investments in government obligations	921	1,363	1,366	1,340	1,236	1,392	1,527	1,656	1,571
Mortgage and real estate	1,538	1,713	2,414	2,555	2,822	3,229	3,687	4,073	4,627
Other investments	4,137	7,429	13,201	15,799	17,874	18,344	18,728	20,536	22,657
Depreciable assets	4,318	5,571	6,541	6,936	7,292	7,614	7,678	7,805	7,974
Depletable assets	129	154	193	184	191	199	226	237	270
Land	210	242	271	286	303	320	326	342	363
Liabilities [2]	18,190	26,014	37,347	41,464	47,027	49,154	50,414	53,645	60,118
Accounts payable	1,094	1,750	2,501	2,792	3,758	3,927	4,074	4,338	5,645
Short-term debt [3]	1,803	2,034	3,216	3,658	4,020	4,132	3,814	4,002	4,399
Long-term debt [4]	2,665	3,335	4,813	5,448	6,184	6,782	7,185	7,384	8,154
Net worth	4,739	8,132	13,108	15,363	17,349	17,615	17,545	18,819	20,814
Capital stock	1,585	2,194	3,244	3,522	3,966	4,253	4,000	3,151	2,308
Paid-in or capital surplus	2,814	5,446	8,610	10,186	12,265	13,920	15,287	15,258	16,160
Retained earnings [5]	1,410	2,191	3,373	3,970	3,627	2,132	1,111	2,282	3,278
Receipts [2, 6]	11,410	14,539	17,324	18,892	20,606	20,273	19,749	20,690	22,712
Business receipts [6, 7]	9,860	12,786	15,010	16,314	17,637	17,504	17,297	18,264	19,976
Interest [8]	977	1,039	1,277	1,354	1,628	1,549	1,282	1,182	1,368
Rents and royalties	133	145	200	223	254	251	252	270	274
Deductions [2, 6]	11,033	13,821	16,489	17,967	19,692	19,683	19,199	19,941	21,636
Cost of sales and operations [7]	6,611	8,206	9,362	10,284	11,135	11,042	10,607	11,319	12,498
Compensation of officers	205	304	357	374	401	383	381	389	417
Rent paid on business property	185	232	308	347	380	398	411	407	420
Taxes paid	251	326	355	371	390	392	397	417	447
Interest paid	825	744	967	1,019	1,272	1,203	913	818	939
Depreciation	333	437	542	584	614	650	711	692	691
Advertising	126	163	198	216	234	220	218	225	239
Net income (less loss) [6, 9]	371	714	838	929	928	604	564	780	1,112
Net income	553	881	1,091	1,229	1,337	1,112	1,053	1,176	1,456
Deficit	182	166	253	300	409	509	489	396	344
Income subject to tax	366	565	663	694	760	635	601	699	857
Income tax before credits [10]	119	194	231	242	266	221	210	244	300
Tax credits	32	42	50	49	62	54	56	66	75
Foreign tax credit	25	30	37	38	49	41	42	50	57
Income tax after credits [11]	96	156	182	193	204	167	154	178	224

[1] Represents certain small corporations with up to 75 shareholders (35 for 1990 and 1995), mostly individuals, electing to be taxed at the shareholder level. [2] Includes items not shown separately. [3] Payable in less than 1 year. [4] Payable in 1 year or more. [5] Appropriated and unappropriated and "adjustments to shareholders' equity." [6] Receipts, deductions and net income of S corporations are limited to those from trade or business. Those from investments are excluded. [7] Includes gross sales and cost of sales of securities, commodities, and real estate by exchanges, brokers, or dealers selling on their own accounts. Excludes investment income. [8] Includes tax-exempt interest in state and local government obligations. [9] Excludes regulated investment companies. [10] Consists of regular (and alternative tax) only. [11] Includes minimum tax, alternative minimum tax, adjustments for prior year credits, and other income-related taxes.

Source: U.S. Internal Revenue Service, *Statistics of Income, Corporation Income Tax Returns*, annual.

Table 731. **Corporations by Receipt-Size Class and Industry: 2004**

[**Number of returns in thousands (5,558 represents 5,558,000); receipts and net income in billions of dollars (21,717 represents $21,717,000,000,000).** Covers active enterprises only. Figures are estimates based on a sample of unaudited tax returns; see Appendix III. Numbers in parentheses represent North American Industry Classification System 2002 codes, see text, this section]

Industry	Total	Under $1 mil. [1]	$1 mil.–$4.9 mil.	$5 mil.–$9.9 mil.	$10 mil.–$49.9 mil.	$50 mil. or more
Total: [2]						
Number of returns	**5,558**	**4,535**	**762**	**121**	**111**	**30**
Business receipts [3]	**21,717**	**929**	**1,618**	**841**	**2,271**	**16,057**
Net income (less loss)	**1,112**	**11**	**48**	**26**	**93**	**934**
Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting (11):						
Number	142	126	13	2	1	–
Business receipts [3]	125	21	27	13	19	45
Mining (21):						
Number	31	25	4	1	1	–
Business receipts [3]	213	4	10	5	16	177
Utilities (22):						
Number	7	6	1	–	–	–
Business receipts [3]	526	1	1	1	3	521
Construction (23):						
Number	722	558	126	20	16	2
Business receipts [3]	1,240	137	269	140	297	397
Manufacturing (31–33):						
Number	281	173	68	16	17	6
Business receipts [3]	5,893	46	156	115	361	5,216
Wholesale and retail trade (42,44–45):						
Number	1,001	687	218	40	44	12
Business receipts [3]	6,167	182	491	283	943	4,269
Transportation and warehousing (48–49):						
Number	183	147	26	5	4	1
Business receipts [3]	599	27	56	32	79	405
Information (51):						
Number	124	106	12	2	3	1
Business receipts [3]	864	16	27	15	53	754
Finance and insurance (52):						
Number	239	196	28	5	6	3
Business receipts [3]	2,873	36	62	38	137	2,599
Real estate and rental and leasing (53):						
Number	604	577	22	2	2	–
Business receipts [3]	223	55	47	15	32	74
Professional, scientific, and technical services (54):						
Number	780	691	72	9	6	1
Business receipts [3]	722	116	138	62	114	291
Management of companies & enterprises (55):						
Number	50	43	3	1	2	–
Business receipts [3]	729	1	7	10	36	675
Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services (56):						
Number	246	206	33	4	2	1
Business receipts [3]	398	43	68	27	45	215
Educational services (61):						
Number	44	41	3	–	–	–
Business receipts [3]	32	6	6	1	5	14
Health care and social assistance (62):						
Number	370	302	57	5	5	1
Business receipts [3]	492	92	113	37	79	171
Arts, entertainment, and recreation (71):						
Number	119	108	9	1	1	–
Business receipts [3]	75	16	20	5	9	25
Accommodation and food services (72):						
Number	281	233	42	4	1	–
Business receipts [3]	376	67	77	26	27	179
Other services (81):						
Number	333	304	25	2	1	–
Business receipts [3]	169	63	43	16	19	29

– Represents or rounds to zero. [1] Includes businesses without receipts. [2] Includes businesses not allocable to individual industries. [3] Includes investment income for corporations in finance and insurance and management of companies' industries. Excludes investment income for S corporations (certain small corporations with up to 75 shareholders, mostly individuals, electing to be taxed at the shareholder level).

Source: U.S. Internal Revenue Service, *Statistics of Income, Corporation Income Tax Returns*, annual.

Table 732. **Corporations by Asset-Size Class and Industry: 2004**

[**In billions of dollars (137 represents $137,000,000,000), except number of returns.** Covers active corporations only. Excludes corporations not allocable by industry. Numbers in parentheses represent North American Industry Classification System 2002 codes. See text, this section]

Industry	Total	Asset-size class					
		Under $10 mil. [1]	$10–$24.9 mil.	$25–$49.9 mil.	$50–$99.9 mil.	$100–$249.9 mil.	$250 mil. and over
Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting (11):							
Returns	141,553	140,581	623	184	86	53	25
Total receipts	137	79	12	9	7	10	20
Mining (21):							
Returns	30,909	29,687	555	251	136	106	174
Total receipts	233	28	7	6	7	10	174
Utilities (22):							
Returns	7,096	6,702	104	59	30	48	152
Total receipts	569	7	3	2	4	6	549
Construction (23):							
Returns	721,803	715,171	4,612	1,155	499	219	148
Total receipts	1,263	756	132	70	57	47	201
Manufacturing (31–33):							
Returns	281,448	266,865	7,190	2,865	1,681	1,267	1,579
Total receipts	6,357	517	200	160	171	258	5,050
Wholesale and retail trade (42, 44–45):							
Returns	1,001,211	983,364	11,635	3,246	1,380	771	816
Total receipts	6,309	1,882	582	337	257	279	2,972
Transportation and warehousing (48–49):							
Returns	182,614	180,903	960	313	160	135	143
Total receipts	623	182	30	18	16	27	349
Information (51):							
Returns	123,862	121,100	1,246	539	309	263	406
Total receipts	993	95	21	17	17	29	815
Finance and insurance (52):							
Returns	239,011	219,963	3,515	2,531	2,717	3,580	6,704
Total receipts	2,873	188	27	26	29	66	2,536
Real estate and rental and leasing (53):							
Returns	603,789	597,993	3,891	1,068	439	235	162
Total receipts	254	140	17	11	8	9	68
Professional, scientific, and technical services (54):							
Returns	779,510	775,853	1,897	885	366	282	227
Total receipts	754	438	47	30	26	41	170
Management of companies and enterprises (55):							
Returns	49,800	43,154	1,129	1,011	1,315	1,630	1,560
Total receipts	729	30	2	2	6	15	674
Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services (56):							
Returns	245,725	244,656	551	213	110	93	101
Total receipts	416	198	25	15	17	19	142
Educational services (61):							
Returns	43,956	43,801	72	28	21	19	14
Total receipts	33	17	2	1	1	3	9
Health care and social assistance (62):							
Returns	370,384	369,332	552	210	109	98	82
Total receipts	506	336	18	14	12	17	109
Arts, entertainment, and recreation (71):							
Returns	118,854	118,175	401	143	49	52	34
Total receipts	83	48	5	3	3	6	17
Accommodation and food services (72):							
Returns	280,517	279,223	740	236	101	92	124
Total receipts	405	188	15	11	10	20	161
Other services (81):							
Returns	332,662	332,187	307	72	40	30	26
Total receipts	174	138	7	3	4	5	17

[1] Includes returns with zero assets.

Source: U.S. Internal Revenue Service, *Statistics of Income, Corporation Income Tax Returns*, annual.

Table 733. **Economic Census Summary (NAICS 1997 Basis): 1997 and 2002**

[**25 represents 25,000**. Covers establishments with payroll. Data are based on the 1997 and 2002 economic censuses which are subject to nonsampling error. Data for the construction sector are also subject to sampling errors. For details on survey methodology and nonsampling and sampling errors, see Appendix III]

Kind of business	NAICS code [1]	Establishments (1,000)		Sales, receipts or shipments (bil. dol.)		Annual payroll (bil. dol.)		Paid employees [2] (1,000)	
		1997	2002	1997	2002	1997	2002	1997	2002
Mining	21	25	24	174	184	20.8	21.6	509	488
Oil & gas extraction	211	8	8	103	113	5.5	5.3	111	99
Mining (except oil & gas)	212	7	7	51	47	9.4	8.9	229	195
Mining support activities	213	9	9	20	24	5.9	7.3	169	194
Utilities	22	16	17	412	399	36.6	42.4	703	663
Construction	23	656	709	859	1,207	174.2	253.6	5,665	7,174
Manufacturing	31–33	363	351	3,835	3,915	569.8	575.2	16,805	14,664
Wholesale trade	42	453	439	4,060	4,637	214.9	260.2	5,797	5,903
Wholesale trade, durable goods	421	291	286	2,180	2,460	133.2	164.1	3,398	3,530
Wholesale trade, nondurable goods	422	163	153	1,880	2,178	81.7	96.1	2,398	2,373
Retail trade	44–45	1,118	1,111	2,461	3,054	237.2	301.5	13,991	14,623
Motor vehicle & parts dealers	441	123	121	645	799	50.2	64.0	1,719	1,821
Furniture & home furnishings stores	442	65	65	72	92	10.0	12.8	483	535
Electronics & appliance stores	443	43	47	69	82	7.1	9.3	345	391
Bldg. material & garden equipment & supplies dealers	444	(NA)	88	(NA)	247	(NA)	30.1	(NA)	1,160
Food & beverage stores	445	149	149	402	457	40.6	48.7	2,893	2,839
Health & personal care stores	446	83	82	118	178	15.2	20.3	904	1,024
Gasoline stations	447	127	121	198	249	11.5	13.7	922	927
Clothing & clothing accessories stores	448	157	150	136	168	16.6	21.4	1,280	1,427
Sporting goods, hobby, book, & music stores	451	69	62	62	73	7.1	8.7	561	611
General merchandise stores	452	36	41	330	445	30.9	42.6	2,508	2,525
Miscellaneous store retailers	453	130	129	78	91	10.2	12.8	753	792
Nonstore retailers	454	44	55	113	173	12.3	17.1	506	571
Transportation & warehousing [3]	48–49	178	200	318	382	82.3	116.0	2,921	3,651
Information [3]	51	114	138	623	898	129.5	195.4	3,066	3,749
Publishing industries	511	34	33	179	247	43.4	67.2	1,006	1,114
Motion picture & sound recording industries	512	22	22	56	78	9.4	12.7	276	304
Broadcasting & telecommunications	513	43	59	346	490	63.5	86.9	1,434	1,737
Information & data processing services [3]	514	15	23	42	83	13.3	28.6	350	594
Finance & insurance [4]	52	395	440	2,198	2,804	264.6	377.8	5,835	6,579
Real estate & rental & leasing [4]	53	288	323	241	336	41.6	60.2	1,702	1,949
Professional, scientific, & technical services [3]	54	621	740	595	868	231.4	369.6	5,361	6,978
Management of companies & enterprises	55	47	49	92	108	154.2	179.2	2,618	2,608
Admin/support waste management/ remediation services [3]	56	276	273	296	397	137.3	194.9	7,347	8,261
Administrative & support services [3]	561	260	255	257	346	128.4	182.6	7,067	7,929
Waste management & remediation services [3]	562	16	19	39	51	8.9	12.2	281	332
Educational services [3]	61	41	49	20	31	6.4	10.2	321	430
Health care and social assistance	62	646	709	885	1,211	378.2	497.4	13,562	15,144
Ambulatory health care services	621	455	489	355	489	155.9	203.4	4,414	4,925
Hospitals	622	7	6	379	500	155.8	197.2	4,933	5,174
Nursing & residential care facilities	623	57	69	93	127	42.2	59.0	2,471	2,831
Social assistance	624	126	144	57	95	24.4	37.9	1,744	2,213
Arts, entertainment, & recreation	71	99	110	105	142	32.8	45.2	1,588	1,849
Performance arts, spectator sports, & related industries	711	31	38	38	58	14.5	21.2	327	423
Museums, historical sites, & like institutions	712	6	7	7	9	1.8	2.9	92	123
Amusement, gambling, & recreation industries	713	63	66	58	75	20.8	21.0	1,146	1,303
Accommodation & food services	72	545	566	350	449	97.0	127.6	9,451	10,121
Accommodation	721	58	61	98	128	26.7	35.0	1,697	1,813
Food services & drinking places	722	487	505	252	321	70.3	92.6	7,755	8,308
Other services (except public administration) [3]	81	520	525	266	302	65.5	81.0	3,256	3,352
Repair & maintenance [3]	811	235	231	105	118	29.9	35.1	1,276	1,286
Personal and laundry services [3]	812	185	193	58	71	18.6	22.4	1,217	1,263
Religious/grantmaking/prof/like organizations	813	99	101	103	113	17.1	23.4	763	803

NA Not available. [1] Based on North American Industry Classification System, 1997; see text this section. [2] For pay period including March 12. [3] Enterprise support establishments are included in the 2002 data but not in the 1997 data affecting comparability for this industry. [4] For detailed industries, see Table 1133.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, "2002 Economic Census, Comparative Statistics for United States, Summary Statistics by 1997 NAICS"; published 31 July 2006; <http://www.census.gov/econ/census02/data/comparative/USCS.HTM>.

Table 734. **Nonemployer Establishments and Receipts by Industry: 2000 to 2004**

[**Establishments: 16,530 represents 16,530,000**. Includes only firms subject to federal income tax. Nonemployers are businesses with no paid employees. Data originate chiefly from administrative records of the Internal Revenue Service; see Appendix III. Data for 2000 based on the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS), 1997; beginning 2003 based on NAICS 2002, see text, this section]

Kind of business	NAICS code	Establishments (1,000)			Receipts (mil. dol.)		
		2000	2003	2004	2000	2003	2004
All industries	**(X)**	**16,530**	**18,649**	**19,524**	**709,379**	**829,819**	**887,002**
Forestry, fishing & hunting, & ag support services	113–115	223	226	231	9,196	9,558	10,180
Mining	21	86	88	91	5,227	6,278	7,025
Utilities	22	14	14	16	504	600	653
Construction	23	2,014	2,239	2,392	107,538	126,479	140,052
Manufacturing	31–33	285	300	303	13,022	14,105	14,748
Wholesale trade	42	388	376	384	31,684	31,400	33,227
Retail trade	44–45	1,743	1,880	1,893	73,810	80,548	82,916
Transportation & warehousing	48–49	747	859	916	37,824	44,953	51,537
Information	51	238	260	283	7,620	8,518	9,470
Finance & insurance	52	692	695	718	49,058	47,345	44,032
Real estate & rental & leasing	53	1,696	2,046	2,218	133,398	176,079	189,905
Professional, scientific, & technical services	54	2,420	2,648	2,725	90,272	102,911	110,596
Admin/support waste mgt/ remediation services	56	1,032	1,294	1,337	23,754	28,885	30,932
Educational services	61	283	374	410	3,736	5,002	5,588
Health care & social assistance	62	1,317	1,543	1,609	36,550	45,500	47,883
Arts, entertainment, & recreation	71	782	888	923	17,713	21,010	22,448
Accommodation & food services	72	218	260	275	13,418	15,271	15,510
Other services (except public administration)	81	2,350	2,660	2,800	55,056	65,377	70,299

X Not applicable.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, "Nonemployer Statistics"; <http://www.census.gov/epcd/nonemployer/>.

Table 735. **Establishments, Employees, and Payroll by Employment-Size Class: 1990 to 2004**

[**6,176 represents 6,176,000.** Excludes most government employees, railroad employees, self-employed persons. Employees are for the week including March 12. Covers establishments with payroll. An *establishment* is a single physical location where business is conducted or where services or industrial operations are performed. For statement on methodology, see Appendix III]

Employment-size class	Unit	1990	1995	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
Establishments, total	**1,000**	**6,176**	**6,613**	**7,008**	**7,070**	**7,095**	**7,201**	**7,255**	**7,388**
Under 20 employees	1,000	5,354	5,733	6,036	6,069	6,083	6,199	6,240	6,359
20 to 99 employees	1,000	684	730	802	826	836	835	845	856
100 to 499 employees	1,000	122	135	152	157	157	149	151	154
500 to 999 employees	1,000	10	10	12	12	12	11	11	12
1,000 or more employees	1,000	6	6	7	7	7	7	7	7
Employees, total	**1,000**	**93,476**	**100,335**	**110,706**	**114,065**	**115,061**	**112,401**	**113,398**	**115,075**
Under 20 employees	1,000	24,373	25,785	27,289	27,569	27,681	28,116	28,313	28,701
20 to 99 employees	1,000	27,414	29,202	32,193	33,147	33,555	33,335	33,760	34,288
100 to 499 employees	1,000	22,926	25,364	28,707	29,736	29,692	28,101	28,549	28,976
500 to 999 employees	1,000	6,551	7,021	7,923	8,291	8,357	7,743	7,638	7,815
1,000 or more employees	1,000	12,212	12,962	14,594	15,322	15,776	15,105	15,138	15,295
Annual payroll, total	**Bil. dol.**	**2,104**	**2,666**	**3,555**	**3,879**	**3,989**	**3,943**	**4,041**	**4,254**
Under 20 employees	Bil. dol.	485	608	773	818	839	866	885	926
20 to 99 employees	Bil. dol.	547	696	925	1,006	1,037	1,041	1,068	1,124
100 to 499 employees	Bil. dol.	518	675	931	1,031	1,052	1,021	1,054	1,106
500 to 999 employees	Bil. dol.	174	219	298	336	342	329	334	355
1,000 or more employees	Bil. dol.	381	467	628	690	719	685	700	743

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, "County Business Patterns"; see <http://www.census.gov/epcd/cbp/view/cbpview.html>.

Table 736. **Establishments, Employees, and Payroll by Employment-Size Class and Industry: 2000 to 2004**

[**Establishments and employees in thousands (7,070.0 represents 7,070,000); payroll in billions of dollars**. See headnote, Table 735. Data for 2000 based on the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS), 1997; beginning 2003, data based on NAICS 2002. See text, this section]

Industry	NAICS code	2000, total	2003, total	2004					
				Total	Under 20 employees	20 to 99 employees	100 to 499 employees	500 to 999 employees	1,000 or more employees
Establishments, total [1]	**(X)**	**7,070.0**	**7,254.7**	**7,387.7**	**6,359.5**	**856.3**	**153.6**	**11.5**	**6.8**
Agriculture, forestry, fishing & hunting	11	26.1	25.9	25.5	23.8	1.6	0.2	(Z)	(Z)
Mining	21	23.7	23.6	23.8	19.4	3.6	0.7	0.1	(Z)
Utilities	22	17.3	18.4	17.7	12.5	3.8	1.2	0.1	(Z)
Construction	23	709.6	732.2	760.4	693.0	59.7	7.2	0.4	0.1
Manufacturing	31–33	354.5	341.8	339.1	233.1	76.8	25.6	2.5	1.1
Wholesale trade	42	446.2	432.5	429.5	367.6	53.8	7.4	0.5	0.2
Retail trade	44–45	1,113.6	1,115.9	1,119.8	964.0	129.9	25.2	0.6	0.1
Transportation and warehousing	48–49	190.0	202.7	206.9	172.2	27.9	5.9	0.6	0.3
Information	51	133.6	140.0	139.7	112.2	21.2	5.3	0.6	0.3
Finance and insurance	52	423.7	460.6	470.6	423.1	39.2	6.9	0.9	0.6
Real estate and rental and leasing	53	300.2	333.6	348.7	333.0	13.9	1.6	0.1	(Z)
Professional, scientific, and technical services	54	722.7	780.9	804.6	743.3	52.1	8.2	0.7	0.3
Management of companies and enterprises	55	47.4	47.4	46.3	30.3	10.9	4.1	0.7	0.4
Admin/support waste mgt/remediation services	56	351.5	348.7	358.9	298.8	44.0	14.2	1.1	0.7
Educational services	61	68.0	76.4	78.8	59.9	15.0	3.1	0.4	0.4
Health care and social assistance	62	658.6	716.4	731.9	621.1	86.9	20.4	1.7	1.9
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	71	103.8	114.0	118.8	99.8	16.0	2.8	0.2	0.1
Accommodation and food services	72	542.4	575.3	591.0	425.9	154.7	9.8	0.4	0.2
Other services [2]	81	723.3	732.0	734.5	685.4	45.1	3.8	0.1	0.1
Unclassified establishments	99	99.0	36.5	41.2	41.0	0.2	(Z)	–	–
Employees, total [1]	**(X)**	**114,065**	**113,398**	**115,075**	**28,701**	**34,288**	**28,976**	**7,815**	**15,295**
Agriculture, forestry, fishing & hunting	11	184	181	182	86	(NA)	(NA)	6	(NA)
Mining	21	456	455	470	91	(NA)	138	39	(NA)
Utilities	22	655	676	635	66	170	232	87	78
Construction	23	6,573	6,381	6,648	2,597	2,288	1,294	237	232
Manufacturing	31–33	16,474	14,132	13,822	1,350	3,361	5,148	1,682	2,281
Wholesale trade	42	6,112	5,864	5,907	1,773	2,093	1,384	309	347
Retail trade	44–45	14,841	14,868	15,351	5,117	5,269	4,541	343	82
Transportation and warehousing	48–49	3,790	4,068	4,099	712	1,157	1,125	382	722
Information	51	3,546	3,600	3,472	510	899	1,053	418	593
Finance and insurance	52	5,963	6,464	6,481	1,876	1,513	1,378	646	1,068
Real estate and rental and leasing	53	1,942	2,045	2,086	1,125	523	(NA)	78	(NA)
Professional, scientific, and technical services	54	6,816	7,340	7,570	2,560	2,010	1,570	440	991
Management of companies and enterprises	55	2,874	2,879	2,825	169	485	889	449	831
Admin/support waste mgt/remediation services	56	9,138	8,511	8,708	1,165	1,934	2,806	751	2,051
Educational services	61	2,532	2,777	2,893	288	629	603	278	1,095
Health care and social assistance	62	14,109	15,472	15,815	3,288	3,472	3,776	1,209	4,070
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	71	1,741	1,833	1,889	376	672	511	105	225
Accommodation and food services	72	9,881	10,440	10,750	2,589	5,960	1,543	266	392
Other services [2]	81	5,293	5,367	5,416	2,912	1,646	654	89	115
Unclassified establishments	99	144	46	55	50	(NA)	(NA)	–	–
Annual payroll, total [1]	**(X)**	**3,879**	**4,041**	**4,254**	**926**	**1,124**	**1,106**	**355**	**743**
Agriculture, forestry, fishing & hunting	11	5	5	5	2	(D)	(D)	(Z)	(D)
Mining	21	22	25	27	4	(D)	8	3	(D)
Utilities	22	41	45	45	4	11	17	7	7
Construction	23	240	253	268	91	96	60	11	10
Manufacturing	31–33	644	576	593	46	127	212	77	131
Wholesale trade	42	270	272	291	78	98	71	19	24
Retail trade	44–45	303	319	334	105	117	100	8	3
Transportation and warehousing	48–49	126	143	148	24	40	40	14	31
Information	51	209	204	200	26	47	63	24	40
Finance and insurance	52	347	393	422	94	100	98	45	86
Real estate and rental and leasing	53	59	69	74	36	20	(D)	3	(D)
Professional, scientific, and technical services	54	362	398	427	120	120	103	29	55
Management of companies and enterprises	55	211	212	222	15	36	69	35	68
Admin/support waste mgt/remediation services	56	210	219	236	38	56	68	19	54
Educational services	61	62	75	80	6	15	17	6	36
Health care and social assistance	62	431	526	560	125	111	107	44	172
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	71	43	48	51	13	12	17	3	5
Accommodation and food services	72	126	139	147	35	71	24	6	11
Other services [2]	81	110	118	123	61	37	18	3	4
Unclassified establishments	99	4	1	1	1	(D)	(D)	–	–

– Represents zero. D Data withheld to avoid disclosure. NA Not available. X Not applicable. Z Less than 50 establishments or 500 million dollars. [1] Totals for 2000 include auxiliaries. Beginning 2003, cases previously classified under NAICS code 95 (auxiliaries) are coded in the operating NAICS sector of the establishment. [2] Except public administration.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, "County Business Patterns"; see <http://www.census.gov/epcd/cbp/view/cbpview.html>.

Table 737. **Employer Firms, Establishments, Employment, and Annual Payroll by Enterprise Size: 1990 to 2004**

[**In thousands except as noted (5,074 represents 5,074,000)**. Firms are an aggregation of all establishments owned by a parent company with some annual payroll. Establishments are locations with active payroll in any quarter. This table illustrates the changing importance of enterprise sizes over time, not job growth, as enterprises can grow or decline and change enterprise size cells over time]

Item	Total	All industries—employment size of enterprise						
		0 to 4 [1]	5 to 9	10 to 19	20 to 99	100 to 499	Less than 500	500 or more
Firms:								
1990	5,074	3,021	952	563	454	70	5,060	14
1995	5,369	3,250	981	577	470	76	5,354	15
1999	5,608	3,389	1,013	606	502	81	5,591	17
2000	5,653	3,397	1,021	617	516	84	5,635	17
2001	5,658	3,402	1,019	616	518	85	5,640	17
2002	5,698	3,466	1,011	614	508	82	5,681	17
2003	5,767	3,504	1,025	620	515	85	5,750	17
2004	5,886	3,580	1,043	633	526	87	5,869	17
Establishments:								
1990	6,176	3,032	971	600	590	255	5,448	728
1995	6,613	3,260	998	618	639	284	5,799	814
1999	7,008	3,398	1,027	643	671	309	6,048	960
2000	7,070	3,406	1,035	652	674	312	6,080	990
2001	7,095	3,410	1,034	650	670	316	6,080	1,015
2002	7,201	3,471	1,024	653	693	333	6,173	1,028
2003	7,255	3,510	1,038	655	687	331	6,222	1,033
2004	7,388	3,586	1,056	667	693	330	6,331	1,056
Employment:								
1990	93,469	5,117	6,252	7,543	17,710	13,545	50,167	43,302
1995	100,315	5,395	6,440	7,734	18,422	14,660	52,653	47,662
1999	110,706	5,606	6,652	8,130	19,703	15,638	55,729	54,977
2000	114,065	5,593	6,709	8,286	20,277	16,260	57,124	56,941
2001	115,061	5,630	6,698	8,275	20,370	16,410	57,383	57,678
2002	112,401	5,698	6,640	8,246	19,874	15,909	56,366	56,034
2003	113,398	5,768	6,732	8,330	20,187	16,430	57,448	55,950
2004	115,075	5,845	6,853	8,500	20,643	16,758	58,597	56,477
Annual payroll (bil. dol.):								
1990	2,104	117	114	144	352	279	1,007	1,097
1995	2,666	142	137	175	437	361	1,252	1,414
1999	3,555	177	167	218	565	475	1,601	1,954
2000	3,879	186	174	231	608	528	1,727	2,152
2001	3,989	188	179	237	624	539	1,768	2,222
2002	3,943	194	182	241	624	536	1,777	2,166
2003	4,041	197	187	247	635	552	1,818	2,222
2004	4,254	206	196	258	670	588	1,917	2,337

[1] Employment is measured in March, thus some firms (start-ups after March, closures before March, and seasonal firms) will have zero employment and some annual payroll.

Source: U.S. Small Business Administration, Office of Advocacy, "Statistics of U.S. Businesses"; <http://www.sba.gov/advo/research/data.html>; accessed 20 March 2007.

Table 738. **Firm Births and Deaths by Employment Size of Enterprise: 1990 to 2004**

[**In thousands (541.1 represents 541,100)**. Data represent activity from March of the beginning year to March of the ending year. Establishments with no employment in the first quarter of the beginning year were excluded. This table provides the number of births and deaths of initial establishments (based on Census ID) as an approximation of firm births and deaths]

Item	Births (initial locations)				Deaths (initial locations)			
	Total	Less than 20 employees	Less than 500 employees	500 employees or more	Total	Less than 20 employees	Less than 500 employees	500 employees or more
Firms:								
1990 to 1991	541.1	515.9	540.9	0.3	546.5	517.0	546.1	0.4
1995 to 1996	597.8	572.4	597.5	0.3	512.4	485.5	512.0	0.4
1998 to 1999	579.6	554.3	579.3	0.3	544.5	514.3	544.0	0.4
1999 to 2000	574.3	548.0	574.0	0.3	542.8	514.2	542.4	0.5
2000 to 2001	585.1	558.0	584.8	0.3	553.3	524.0	552.8	0.5
2001 to 2002 [1]	569.8	541.5	568.3	1.5	586.9	557.1	586.5	0.4
2002 to 2003	612.3	585.6	612.0	0.3	540.7	514.6	540.3	0.3
2003 to 2004	628.9	601.9	628.7	0.3	541.0	515.0	540.7	0.3
Employment:								
1990 to 1991	3,105	1,713	2,907	198	3,208	1,723	3,044	164
1995 to 1996	3,256	1,845	3,056	200	3,100	1,560	2,808	291
1998 to 1999	3,225	1,670	2,991	235	3,180	1,645	2,969	210
1999 to 2000	3,229	1,793	3,031	198	3,177	1,654	2,946	230
2000 to 2001	3,418	1,821	3,109	310	3,262	1,701	3,050	212
2001 to 2002	3,370	1,748	3,034	336	3,660	1,755	3,257	403
2002 to 2003	3,667	1,856	3,174	493	3,324	1,608	2,880	445
2003 to 2004	3,575	1,889	3,241	334	3,221	1,615	2,868	353

[1] A change in methodology ("based on Census ID" rather than "plant number") has affected the allocation of firms by employment size.

Source: U.S. Small Business Administration, Office of Advocacy, "Firm Size Data, Statistics of U.S. Businesses and Nonemployer Statistics"; <http://www.sba.gov/advo/research/data.html>; accessed 6 April 2007.

Table 739. **Employer Firms, Employment, and Annual Payroll by Enterprise Size and Industry: 2004**

[**5,886 represents 5,886,000**. A firm is an aggregation of all establishments owned by a parent company (within a geographic location and/or industry) with some annual payroll. A firm may be a single location or it can include multiple locations. Employment is measured in March and payroll is annual leading to some firms with zero employment. Numbers in parentheses represent North American Industry Classification System codes, 2002; see text, this section]

Industry and data type	Unit	All industries—employment size of enterprise								
		Total	0	1 to 4	5 to 9	10 to 19	20 to 99	100 to 499	Less than 500	500 or more
Total [1]:										
Firms	1,000. . .	5,886	802	2,778	1,043	633	526	87	5,869	17
Employment	1,000. . .	115,075	–	5,845	6,853	8,500	20,643	16,758	58,597	56,477
Annual payroll	Bil. dol. .	4,254	40	166	196	258	670	588	1,917	2,337
Construction (23):										
Firms	1,000. . .	751	128	361	125	73	56	6	750	1
Employment	1,000. . .	6,648	–	755	820	980	2,097	1,094	5,746	902
Annual payroll	Bil. dol. .	268	5	22	26	35	85	49	223	46
Manufacturing (31–33):										
Firms	1,000. . .	293	21	95	54	46	58	14	289	4
Employment	1,000. . .	13,822	–	215	364	634	2,369	2,499	6,080	7,741
Annual payroll	Bil. dol. .	593	2	6	11	21	86	97	223	370
Wholesale trade (42):										
Firms	1,000. . .	338	35	155	59	40	38	8	335	3
Employment	1,000. . .	5,907	–	324	389	540	1,391	994	3,637	2,270
Annual payroll	Bil. dol. .	291	2	12	15	23	61	46	159	132
Retail trade (44–45):										
Firms	1,000. . .	735	85	342	151	85	61	9	733	2
Employment	1,000. . .	15,351	–	768	989	1,124	2,264	1,327	6,472	8,880
Annual payroll	Bil. dol. .	334	3	14	19	24	62	39	161	173
Transportation & warehousing (48–49):										
Firms	1,000. . .	165	25	80	23	16	15	3	163	2
Employment	1,000. . .	4,099	–	154	153	215	570	479	1,571	2,528
Annual payroll	Bil. dol. .	148	1	4	4	6	18	16	49	99
Information (51):										
Firms	1,000. . .	75	12	32	11	8	8	2	74	1
Employment	1,000. . .	3,472	–	65	75	111	328	329	909	2,564
Annual payroll	Bil. dol. .	200	1	3	3	5	16	18	46	155
Finance & insurance (52):										
Firms	1,000. . .	252	31	145	37	17	16	4	250	2
Employment	1,000. . .	6,481	–	297	235	229	643	705	2,108	4,374
Annual payroll	Bil. dol. .	422	2	11	11	13	37	43	116	306
Professional, scientific & technical services (54):										
Firms	1,000. . .	735	119	409	103	56	39	7	732	3
Employment	1,000. . .	7,570	–	787	670	744	1,428	1,030	4,661	2,909
Annual payroll	Bil. dol. .	427	6	30	28	36	82	63	246	181
Management of companies & enterprises (55):										
Firms	1,000. . .	27	1	3	1	1	6	8	20	7
Employment	1,000. . .	2,825	–	5	4	7	71	255	343	2,482
Annual payroll	Bil. dol. .	222	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	4	15	20	202
Admin/support waste mgt/ remediation services (56):										
Firms	1,000. . .	310	57	138	47	29	28	8	307	3
Employment	1,000. . .	8,708	–	287	308	388	1,109	1,490	3,583	5,125
Annual payroll	Bil. dol. .	236	3	8	8	11	31	36	96	139
Educational services (61):										
Firms	1,000. . .	71	9	25	11	9	13	3	70	1
Employment	1,000. . .	2,893	–	53	72	122	534	548	1,330	1,564
Annual payroll	Bil. dol. .	80	(Z)	1	1	2	12	15	33	47
Health care and social assistance (62):										
Firms	1,000. . .	588	52	245	137	78	57	15	584	4
Employment	1,000. . .	15,815	–	551	904	1,038	2,255	2,918	7,666	8,149
Annual payroll	Bil. dol. .	560	4	22	33	39	78	82	257	303
Accommodation & food services (72):										
Firms	1,000. . .	453	67	131	88	77	80	9	452	2
Employment	1,000. . .	10,750	–	311	590	1,051	3,027	1,589	6,568	4,182
Annual payroll	Bil. dol. .	147	3	4	6	11	36	20	81	66
Other services (except public administration) (81):										
Firms	1,000. . .	671	58	363	136	67	41	4	670	1
Employment	1,000. . .	5,416	–	787	883	884	1,480	637	4,673	744
Annual payroll	Bil. dol. .	123	1	15	17	19	32	17	101	21

– Represents zero. Z Less than $500 million. [1] Includes other industries not shown separately.

Source: U.S. Small Business Administration, Office of Advocacy, "Statistics of U.S. Businesses"; <http://www.sba.gov/advo/research/data.html>; accessed 20 March 2007.

Table 740. **Employer Firms, Employment, and Payroll by Employment Size of Enterprise and State: 2000 and 2004**

[**5,652.5 represents 5,652,500**. A firm is an aggregation of all establishments owned by a parent company (within a state) with some annual payroll. A firm may be a single location or it can include multiple locations. Employment is measured in March and payroll is annual leading to some firms with zero employment]

State	Employer firms (1,000)					Employment, 2004 (mil.)			Annual payroll, 2004 (bil. dol.)		
	2000		2004								
	Total	Less than 20 employees	Total	Less than 20 employees	Less than 500 employees	Total	Less than 20 employees	Less than 500 employees	Total	Less than 20 employees	Less than 500 employees
U.S.	**5,652.5**	**5,035.0**	**5,885.8**	**5,255.8**	**5,868.7**	**115.1**	**21.2**	**58.6**	**4,254.0**	**659.3**	**1,917.4**
AL	79.9	68.2	79.4	67.6	77.3	1.6	0.3	0.8	49.8	7.7	22.6
AK	15.9	14.0	16.5	14.5	16.0	0.2	0.1	0.1	9.1	2.1	4.9
AZ	93.0	79.3	101.2	86.4	98.4	2.0	0.3	1.0	69.2	10.7	30.6
AR	52.4	45.4	53.2	45.9	51.7	1.0	0.2	0.5	28.7	4.5	12.2
CA	664.6	581.1	696.3	612.2	690.9	13.3	2.4	7.0	554.7	88.2	257.5
CO	116.2	101.5	124.3	109.6	121.5	1.9	0.4	1.0	71.6	12.6	33.1
CT	78.5	67.2	78.0	66.8	76.0	1.5	0.3	0.8	72.8	10.8	31.5
DE	20.2	16.6	21.0	17.0	19.6	0.4	0.1	0.2	16.1	2.1	6.1
DC	16.3	12.4	15.9	11.8	14.7	0.4	0.1	0.2	24.3	2.9	10.8
FL	354.0	319.3	404.1	366.3	399.9	6.9	1.3	3.1	219.8	38.6	96.4
GA	160.4	138.3	172.4	149.2	168.7	3.5	0.6	1.6	121.3	17.8	50.6
HI	24.3	20.8	25.8	21.9	25.0	0.5	0.1	0.3	15.1	2.8	7.9
ID	32.2	28.0	35.6	31.2	34.6	0.5	0.1	0.3	14.2	3.1	7.4
IL	254.1	218.1	259.7	224.3	255.6	5.2	0.9	2.6	207.9	30.8	94.1
IN	116.3	98.1	117.7	99.7	114.9	2.6	0.4	1.3	85.1	11.6	37.4
IA	65.6	56.2	65.8	56.5	64.2	1.2	0.2	0.7	37.6	5.7	17.7
KS	61.6	52.4	61.8	52.8	60.0	1.1	0.2	0.6	35.7	5.6	16.9
KY	72.3	61.0	72.9	61.7	70.8	1.5	0.3	0.8	46.2	6.8	20.6
LA	81.7	69.5	83.1	70.3	81.1	1.6	0.3	0.9	49.0	8.0	23.7
ME	34.1	30.1	35.4	31.2	34.5	0.5	0.1	0.3	15.4	3.3	8.7
MD	106.0	90.4	112.3	96.0	109.7	2.2	0.4	1.1	84.3	13.5	40.9
MA	148.2	127.8	146.3	126.3	143.5	3.0	0.5	1.5	135.2	19.6	60.2
MI	193.9	167.2	193.7	167.6	190.7	3.9	0.7	2.0	147.7	21.9	65.7
MN	116.2	99.4	123.2	106.2	120.8	2.4	0.4	1.2	92.4	12.9	40.8
MS	48.3	41.5	48.4	41.3	46.9	0.9	0.2	0.5	24.8	4.0	11.3
MO	118.1	101.1	125.5	108.2	122.8	2.4	0.4	1.2	79.2	11.6	35.3
MT	28.0	25.0	30.5	27.3	29.9	0.3	0.1	0.2	8.3	2.3	5.4
NE	41.4	35.5	42.2	36.2	40.9	0.8	0.1	0.4	23.7	3.6	10.8
NV	40.3	33.4	46.5	38.7	44.5	1.0	0.1	0.5	34.8	5.4	15.3
NH	32.1	27.3	33.1	28.2	32.0	0.6	0.1	0.3	20.0	4.0	10.9
NJ	202.2	178.4	207.4	183.4	204.3	3.6	0.7	1.8	160.2	26.2	71.7
NM	35.5	30.1	36.6	30.9	35.2	0.6	0.1	0.3	16.8	3.3	8.9
NY	424.8	379.2	441.2	395.7	437.1	7.4	1.5	3.9	353.3	53.2	154.7
NC	163.6	142.0	170.0	147.2	166.8	3.4	0.6	1.6	109.6	16.7	47.0
ND	17.2	14.7	17.6	15.0	17.0	0.3	0.1	0.2	7.3	1.4	4.2
OH	212.5	180.5	211.4	180.3	207.8	4.8	0.8	2.4	162.6	22.7	71.7
OK	70.2	61.0	71.5	62.1	69.7	1.2	0.3	0.7	35.6	6.4	17.5
OR	85.1	74.2	88.5	77.5	86.5	1.4	0.3	0.8	46.3	8.4	23.1
PA	237.5	204.6	241.2	208.2	237.4	5.1	0.9	2.6	181.8	26.2	81.4
RI	25.2	21.5	26.5	22.6	25.6	0.4	0.1	0.3	15.0	2.8	8.0
SC	78.4	67.2	81.1	69.6	78.9	1.6	0.3	0.8	46.7	7.6	20.8
SD	20.6	17.7	21.3	18.4	20.7	0.3	0.1	0.2	8.4	1.7	5.0
TN	102.4	86.7	102.0	86.1	99.1	2.3	0.4	1.1	76.9	10.5	32.8
TX	369.0	321.3	381.6	332.2	376.8	8.1	1.4	3.9	293.6	43.1	122.2
UT	46.2	39.3	53.2	45.9	51.5	0.9	0.2	0.5	28.6	4.7	13.5
VT	19.1	16.7	19.5	17.0	18.9	0.3	0.1	0.2	8.0	1.9	4.7
VA	139.7	120.3	150.4	129.7	147.3	3.1	0.5	1.5	114.9	16.9	50.6
WA	138.2	120.9	143.7	126.5	141.2	2.3	0.5	1.3	90.2	14.9	42.3
WV	33.5	28.8	32.9	28.2	31.8	0.6	0.1	0.3	15.6	2.7	7.5
WI	115.6	98.2	117.6	100.0	115.3	2.4	0.4	1.3	82.8	12.2	38.9
WY	15.9	13.9	17.0	14.8	16.4	0.2	0.1	0.1	5.7	1.5	3.5

Source: U.S. Small Business Administration, Office of Advocacy, "Statistics of U.S. Businesses"; <http://www.sba.gov/advo/research/data.html>; accessed 20 March 2007.

Table 741. **Employer Firm Births and Deaths and Business Bankruptcies by State: 2004 to 2006**

[Births represent an employing unit which is determined, for the first time, as meeting the definition of "employer" in the state unemployment compensation law or a previously terminated employing unit which again is determined as meeting the definition of employer]

State	Births			Deaths			Business bankruptcies		
	2004	2005	2006	2004	2005	2006	2004	2005	2006
United States [1]	**904,784**	**938,942**	**933,657**	**934,045**	**935,743**	**971,894**	**34,317**	**39,201**	**19,695**
Alabama	9,413	10,575	10,096	10,104	10,168	11,128	325	331	219
Alaska	1,848	1,982	1,904	2,650	2,294	2,239	64	83	45
Arizona	12,421	21,339	21,555	17,553	18,249	[2]52,375	480	525	261
Arkansas	7,852	7,591	9,551	6,481	7,021	7,289	376	426	276
California	117,016	121,482	115,684	143,115	151,944	149,212	3,748	4,236	2,098
Colorado	23,694	26,610	22,708	9,734	14,035	24,158	786	1,120	435
Connecticut	9,064	9,220	9,516	11,018	11,131	11,214	132	156	219
Delaware	3,270	3,299	3,153	3,362	3,355	3,295	276	218	244
District of Columbia	4,393	4,316	4,232	3,440	3,952	3,111	41	46	27
Florida	77,754	84,890	79,870	54,498	58,737	64,423	1,183	1,622	991
Georgia	29,547	29,804	31,677	27,835	29,315	29,787	2,090	2,232	1,148
Hawaii	3,698	3,763	3,813	3,754	3,794	3,789	47	81	25
Idaho	7,814	9,312	9,159	5,716	6,334	6,713	160	141	56
Illinois	28,453	30,445	30,230	33,472	32,846	33,426	912	1,042	669
Indiana	13,906	14,545	14,653	15,282	16,504	13,851	524	758	376
Iowa	5,954	6,004	5,877	7,391	6,802	7,248	360	455	208
Kansas	6,742	7,095	6,973	7,250	7,330	7,000	268	410	158
Kentucky	8,807	9,617	8,973	8,597	8,515	10,230	319	409	200
Louisiana	9,875	9,393	11,034	9,668	9,123	8,972	622	718	476
Maine	4,300	4,251	4,497	4,987	4,711	4,769	138	144	85
Maryland	21,751	22,083	21,535	20,636	21,769	20,745	417	760	333
Massachusetts	18,822	19,723	17,800	20,270	18,878	22,376	315	406	253
Michigan	24,625	24,642	23,508	24,584	26,971	21,268	681	1,071	753
Minnesota	15,167	12,555	13,739	15,209	15,302	14,403	1,374	1,721	381
Mississippi	6,141	6,071	6,862	7,380	6,823	7,898	170	200	187
Missouri	16,155	17,239	15,805	17,924	20,109	18,124	354	438	284
Montana	4,588	4,768	4,727	4,896	4,394	4,469	109	129	39
Nebraska	4,849	5,127	4,820	5,051	4,982	5,117	207	296	182
Nevada	10,483	11,299	10,743	9,012	8,485	8,423	257	333	178
New Hampshire	4,865	4,758	4,703	5,401	5,406	5,481	158	586	218
New Jersey	35,895	33,022	36,258	50,034	32,751	32,959	684	765	493
New Mexico	5,683	5,272	5,536	5,592	5,670	5,274	727	828	95
New York	62,854	62,045	61,718	64,013	62,667	61,190	4,070	2,112	1,201
North Carolina	23,387	25,906	26,729	22,055	22,867	23,165	486	612	403
North Dakota	1,747	1,893	1,821	2,621	2,512	2,181	85	95	32
Ohio	22,725	22,542	22,213	21,328	23,429	25,412	1,432	2,099	957
Oklahoma	9,263	8,609	9,962	8,018	7,231	7,829	659	944	236
Oregon	13,481	14,445	15,085	14,407	14,804	14,039	852	1,160	301
Pennsylvania	33,188	36,609	34,928	34,507	36,989	35,805	1,138	1,356	742
Rhode Island	3,932	3,677	3,739	4,250	4,164	4,572	74	136	48
South Carolina	11,745	12,341	12,373	10,975	10,681	11,661	175	176	82
South Dakota	1,691	2,102	2,003	2,251	2,354	2,449	108	196	47
Tennessee	17,415	17,484	17,207	16,520	17,135	16,395	548	574	397
Texas	54,098	55,858	58,943	55,792	55,039	54,479	3,094	3,590	2,081
Utah	11,357	11,536	13,379	11,597	11,871	11,190	440	449	148
Vermont	2,322	1,911	1,957	2,578	2,346	2,365	85	78	36
Virginia	24,134	25,061	23,686	19,919	21,359	20,972	750	476	283
Washington	31,955	30,353	32,726	47,141	40,944	36,331	665	786	401
West Virginia	3,937	3,493	3,823	5,136	4,869	4,854	247	282	114
Wisconsin	13,093	13,656	13,371	12,711	13,397	13,060	742	820	307
Wyoming	2,519	2,632	2,570	2,737	2,689	2,773	65	84	40

[1] Includes Puerto Rico and Virgin Islands, not shown separately. Bankruptcy data also includes Guam and Northern Mariana Islands. [2] Data not comparable with prior years.

Source: U.S. Employment and Training Administration, unpublished data, and Administrative Office of the U.S. Courts, "Bankruptcy Statistics"; <http://www.uscourts.gov/bnkrpctystats/statistics.htm>.

Table 742. **Small Business Administration Loans to Minority-Owned Small Businesses: 2000 to 2006**

[**3,634 represents $3,634,000,000. For year ending September 30**. A small business must be independently owned and operated, must not be dominant in its particular industry, and must meet standards set by the Small Business Administration as to its annual receipts or number of employees]

Minority group	Number of loans					Amount (mil. dol.)				
	2000	2003	2004	2005	2006	2000	2003	2004	2005	2006
Total minority loans	**11,999**	**20,184**	**25,413**	**29,722**	**33,772**	**3,634**	**4,215**	**5,144**	**6,132**	**6,606**
Percent of all loans	24.8	27.2	28.4	28.3	31.5	29.4	29.2	29.3	30.2	32.6
African American	2,120	3,769	4,827	6,635	7,231	388	399	481	627	693
Asian American	5,838	9,507	12,100	13,456	14,446	2,383	2,756	3,400	4,056	4,239
Hispanic American	3,500	6,112	7,686	8,796	11,214	761	942	1,151	1,325	1,561
Native American	541	796	800	835	881	101	118	113	123	114

Source: U.S. Small Business Administration, Management Information Summary, unpublished data.

Table 743. **U.S. Firms—Ownership by Women, Race, and Hispanic or Latino Origin Groups: 2002**

[**22,975 represents 22,975,000**. A Hispanic firm may be of any race and, therefore may be included in more than one race group. See text, this section and Appendix III]

Group	All firms [1]		Firms with paid employees			
	Firms (1,000)	Sales and receipts (bil. dol.)	Firms (1,000)	Sales and receipts (bil. dol.)	Employees (1,000)	Annual payroll (bil. dol.)
All firms [2]	**22,975**	**22,604**	**5,525**	**21,836**	**110,767**	**3,812**
Female-owned	6,489	940	917	803	7,141	174
Male-owned	13,184	7,061	3,525	6,564	42,429	1,320
Equally male-/female-owned	2,693	732	718	627	5,665	130
Publicly held and other firms [3]	494	13,820	353	13,797	55,398	2,186
Hispanic or Latino origin	1,573	222	200	180	1,537	37
Mexican, Mexican American, Chicano	701	97	89	77	720	16
Puerto Rican	109	12	12	10	77	2
Cuban	152	35	28	31	206	6
Other Spanish/Hispanic/Latino	596	74	67	59	504	12
Black	1,198	89	95	66	754	18
American Indian and Alaska Native	201	27	24	22	191	5
Asian	1,104	327	319	291	2,214	56
Asian Indian	223	88	82	80	610	18
Chinese	286	105	89	96	649	15
Filipino	125	14	20	11	132	4
Japanese	87	31	22	28	205	6
Korean	158	47	57	41	321	7
Vietnamese	147	16	26	12	126	3
Other Asian	89	24	25	22	161	4
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	29	4	4	4	29	1
Native Hawaiian	17	3	2	2	20	1
Samoan	2	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	2	(Z)
Guamanian or Chamorro	4	1	(S)	(S)	(S)	(S)
Other Pacific Islander	6	(Z)	1	(Z)	4	(Z)

S Does not meet publication standards. Z Less than 500 or $500 million. [1] Both firms with paid employees and firms with no paid employees. [2] U.S. totals are based on the 2002 Economic Census, whereas the gender, Hispanic or Latino origin, and race estimates are based on the 2002 Survey of Business Owners. [3] Publicly held and other firms not classifiable by gender, Hispanic or Latino origin, and race.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, *2002 Economic Census, Survey of Business Owners, Women-Owned Firms: 2002* (SB02-00CS-WMN)(RV); *Hispanic-Owned Firms: 2002* (SB02-00CS-HISP)(RV); *Black-Owned Firms: 2002* (SB02-00CS-BLK)(RV); *American Indian- and Alaska Native-Owned Firms: 2002* (SB02-00CS-AIAN)(RV); *Asian-Owned Firms: 2002* (SB02-00CS-ASIAN)(RV); and *Native Hawaiian- and Other Pacific Islander-Owned Firms: 2002* (SB02-00CS-NHPI)(RV).

Table 744. **Women-Owned Firms by Kind of Business and Receipts Size: 2002**

[**6,489 represents 6,489,000**. Based on the 2002 Survey of Business Owners; see text, this section and Appendix III]

Kind of business and receipts size	2002 NAICS code [1]	All firms [2]		Firms with paid employees			
		Firms (1,000)	Sales and receipts (mil. dol.)	Firms (1,000)	Sales and receipts (mil. dol.)	Employees (1,000)	Annual payroll (mil. dol.)
Total [3]	**(X)**	**6,489**	**939,538**	**917**	**802,851**	**7,141**	**173,529**
Construction	23	202	68,423	52	62,366	456	15,977
Manufacturing	31-33	110	93,168	40	91,286	636	20,386
Wholesale trade	42	121	210,405	42	206,290	378	12,812
Retail trade	44-45	945	148,947	146	131,483	851	15,293
Real estate and rental and leasing	53	504	48,318	50	24,247	170	4,797
Professional, scientific, and technical services	54	935	79,133	133	57,176	573	21,288
Admin/support waste mgt/ remediation services	56	569	48,062	61	40,567	1,004	19,589
Health care and social assistance	62	1,036	68,383	116	51,519	961	21,819
Accommodation and food services	72	167	38,688	87	35,980	909	10,276
Other services (except public administration) [4]	81	1,016	36,216	86	19,622	386	6,559
Less than $5,000	(X)	1,831	4,372	13	32	31	1,112
$5,000 to $9,999	(X)	1,168	7,876	16	112	6	63
$10,000 to $24,999	(X)	1,405	21,642	51	876	34	281
$25,000 to $49,999	(X)	731	25,408	80	2,953	86	869
$50,000 to $99,999	(X)	496	34,580	141	10,330	238	2,898
$100,000 to $249,999	(X)	423	66,287	240	39,208	710	10,775
$250,000 to $499,999	(X)	197	68,982	154	54,463	838	15,125
$500,000 to $999,999	(X)	122	84,729	106	73,701	986	20,913
$1,000,000 or more	(X)	117	625,662	114	621,175	4,213	121,492

X Not applicable. [1] Based on the 2002 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS); see text, this section. [2] Both firms with paid employees and firms with no paid employees. [3] Firms with more than one establishment are counted in each industry in which they operate, but only once in the total. Includes other kinds of businesses not shown separately. [4] Excludes religious, grantmaking, civic, professional, and similar organizations (NAICS 813) and private households (NAICS 814).

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, *2002 Economic Census, Survey of Business Owners, Women-Owned Firms: 2002* (SB02-00CS-WMN)(RV).

Table 745. **Hispanic- or Latino-Owned Firms by Kind of Business and Receipts Size: 2002**

[**1,573 represents 1,573,000**. Based on the 2002 Survey of Business Owners; see text, this section and Appendix III]

Kind of business and receipts size	2002 NAICS code [1]	All firms [2]		Firms with paid employees			
		Firms (1,000)	Sales and receipts (mil. dol.)	Firms (1,000)	Sales and receipts (mil. dol.)	Employees (1,000)	Annual payroll (mil. dol.)
Total [3]	**(X)**	**1,573**	**221,927**	**200**	**179,508**	**1,537**	**36,712**
Construction	23	213	31,446	25	22,662	190	5,280
Manufacturing	31–33	31	17,965	10	17,245	125	3,739
Wholesale trade	42	34	39,323	12	37,503	86	2,831
Retail trade	44–45	151	40,424	26	35,511	156	3,271
Transportation and warehousing [4]	48–49	126	10,671	9	5,622	54	1,341
Professional, scientific, and technical services	54	138	15,017	19	11,529	98	4,167
Admin/support waste mgt/ remediation services	56	208	12,206	16	9,087	243	4,099
Health care and social assistance	62	182	13,758	20	11,208	140	4,237
Accommodation and food services	72	48	11,265	22	10,384	237	2,812
Other services (except public administration) [5]	81	249	10,082	19	5,329	74	1,486
Less than $5,000	(X)	328	814	2	5	2	79
$5,000 to $9,999	(X)	301	2,065	3	21	2	28
$10,000 to $24,999	(X)	391	5,865	9	156	6	57
$25,000 to $49,999	(X)	190	6,550	15	571	16	160
$50,000 to $99,999	(X)	138	9,726	29	2,109	40	534
$100,000 to $249,999	(X)	112	17,481	51	8,341	129	2,072
$250,000 to $499,999	(X)	51	17,894	36	12,892	176	3,323
$500,000 to $999,999	(X)	33	22,825	26	18,461	229	4,901
$1,000,000 or more	(X)	29	138,708	28	136,953	938	25,559

X Not applicable. [1] Based on the 2002 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS); see text, this section. [2] Both firms with paid employees and firms with no paid employees. [3] Firms with more than one establishment are counted in each industry in which they operate, but only once in the total. Includes other kinds of businesses not shown separately. [4] Excludes large certificated passenger carriers that report to the Office of Airline Information, U.S. Department of Transportation. Also excludes railroad transportation and U.S. Postal Service. [5] Excludes religious, grantmaking, civic, professional, and similar organizations (NAICS 813) and private households (NAICS 814).

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, *2002 Economic Census, Survey of Business Owners, Hispanic-Owned Firms: 2002* (SB02-00CS-HISP)(RV).

Table 746. **Women-Owned and Minority-Owned Firms With Paid Employees by Employment Size: 2002**

[**917 represents 917,000**. Employment reflects number of paid employees during the March 12 pay period. Based on the 2002 Survey of Business Owners; see text, this section and Appendix III]

Item	Unit	Total	Number of employees							
			None [1]	1 to 4	5 to 9	10 to 19	20 to 49	50 to 99	100 to 499	500 or more
WOMEN-OWNED										
Firms	1,000	917	161	462	149	83	43	11	7	1
Sales and receipts	Mil. dol.	802,851	23,539	113,447	96,282	103,160	117,875	74,053	114,484	160,012
Employees	1,000	7,141	–	939	971	1,105	1,269	750	1,194	913
Annual payroll	Mil. dol.	173,529	3,953	20,483	21,360	25,946	31,578	19,316	30,015	20,877
HISPANIC-OWNED										
Firms	1,000	200	37	100	31	18	9	3	1	(Z)
Sales and receipts	Mil. dol.	179,508	6,703	28,292	26,627	26,945	29,496	19,447	27,206	14,792
Employees	1,000	1,537	–	202	205	248	267	185	244	186
Annual payroll	Mil. dol.	36,712	1,153	4,568	4,958	5,705	6,393	4,817	5,900	3,217
BLACK-OWNED										
Firms	1,000	95	19	47	14	7	4	1	1	(Z)
Sales and receipts	Mil. dol.	65,799	2,986	10,679	7,773	7,769	10,912	9,697	11,193	4,790
Employees	1,000	754	–	96	92	100	133	87	162	82
Annual payroll	Mil. dol.	17,550	541	2,251	2,133	2,279	3,034	2,154	3,623	1,535
AMERICAN INDIAN- AND ALASKA NATIVE-OWNED										
Firms	1,000	24	5	12	4	2	1	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)
Sales and receipts	Mil. dol.	21,987	1,021	3,378	2,411	2,996	3,814	3,092	2,842	2,433
Employees	1,000	191	–	26	23	28	36	23	26	29
Annual payroll	Mil. dol.	5,135	137	578	528	706	945	675	773	793
ASIAN-OWNED										
Firms	1,000	319	54	161	55	30	15	3	2	(Z)
Sales and receipts	Mil. dol.	291,163	10,287	56,967	46,155	44,109	50,950	30,759	32,955	18,980
Employees	1,000	2,214	–	347	353	393	437	226	302	155
Annual payroll	Mil. dol.	56,045	1,616	7,946	7,992	9,130	10,947	6,048	8,211	4,154
NATIVE HAWAIIAN- AND OTHER PACIFIC ISLANDER-OWNED										
Firms	1,000	4	1	2	1	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	–
Sales and receipts	Mil. dol.	3,502	73	520	413	574	805	420	698	–
Employees	1,000	29	–	4	4	5	7	4	5	–
Annual payroll	Mil. dol.	826	12	133	99	123	228	100	132	–

– Represents zero. Z Less than 500. [1] Firms reported annual payroll, but did not report any employees on their payroll during specified period in 2002.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, *2002 Economic Census, Survey of Business Owners, Women-Owned Firms: 2002* (SB02-00CS-WMN)(RV); *Hispanic-Owned Firms: 2002* (SB02-00CS-HISP)(RV); *Black-Owned Firms: 2002* (SB02-00CS-BLK)(RV); *American Indian- and Alaska Native-Owned Firms: 2002* (SB02-00CS-AIAN)(RV); *Asian-Owned Firms: 2002* (SB02-00CS-ASIAN)(RV); and *Native Hawaiian- and Other Pacific Islander-Owned Firms: 2002* (SB02-00CS-NHPI)(RV).

Table 747. **Black-Owned Firms by Kind of Business and Receipts Size: 2002**

[**1,198 represents 1,198,000**. Based on the 2002 Survey of Business Owners; see text, this section and Appendix III]

Kind of business and receipts size	2002 NAICS code [1]	All firms [2]		Firms with paid employees			
		Firms (1,000)	Sales and receipts (mil. dol.)	Firms (1,000)	Sales and receipts (mil. dol.)	Employees (1,000)	Annual payroll (mil. dol.)
Total [3]	**(X)**	**1,198**	**88,642**	**95**	**65,799**	**754**	**17,550**
Construction	23	75	9,632	9	7,504	55	1,718
Manufacturing	31-33	10	4,647	2	4,456	31	1,022
Wholesale trade	42	12	5,604	2	5,136	11	392
Retail trade	44-45	102	13,587	9	11,550	45	982
Transportation and warehousing [4]	48-49	99	5,445	5	2,160	26	555
Professional, scientific, and technical services	54	116	9,395	11	7,097	71	2,879
Admin/support waste mgt/ remediation services	56	121	6,416	10	4,908	134	2,316
Health care and social assistance	62	246	11,828	20	8,415	164	3,495
Accommodation and food services	72	25	5,033	7	4,416	115	1,171
Other services (except public administration) [5]	81	210	5,178	9	2,092	32	571
Less than $5,000	(X)	360	863	1	4	3	163
$5,000 to $9,999	(X)	249	1,688	2	14	1	6
$10,000 to $24,999	(X)	295	4,453	6	101	5	45
$25,000 to $49,999	(X)	125	4,286	9	342	10	103
$50,000 to $99,999	(X)	74	5,159	15	1,122	26	325
$100,000 to $249,999	(X)	52	7,912	25	4,094	77	1,158
$250,000 to $499,999	(X)	21	7,233	15	5,359	86	1,580
$500,000 to $999,999	(X)	12	8,295	10	6,927	99	2,218
$1,000,000 or more	(X)	11	48,753	10	47,835	447	11,951

X Not applicable. [1] Based on the 2002 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS); see text, this section. [2] Both firms with paid employees and firms with no paid employees. [3] Firms with more than one establishment are counted in each industry in which they operate, but only once in the total. Includes other kinds of businesses not shown separately. [4] Excludes large certificated passenger carriers that report to the Office of Airline Information, U.S. Department of Transportation. Also excludes railroad transportation and U.S. Postal Service. [5] Excludes religious, grantmaking, civic, professional, and similar organizations (NAICS 813) and private households (NAICS 814).

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, *2002 Economic Census, Survey of Business Owners, Black-Owned Firms: 2002* (SB02-00CS-BLK)(RV).

Table 748. **American Indian- and Alaska Native-Owned Firms by Kind of Business and Receipts Size: 2002**

[**201.4 represents 201,400**. Based on the 2002 Survey of Business Owners; see text, this section and Appendix III]

Kind of business and receipts size	2002 NAICS code [1]	All firms [2]		Firms with paid employees			
		Firms (1,000)	Sales and receipts (mil. dol.)	Firms (1,000)	Sales and receipts (mil. dol.)	Employees (1,000)	Annual payroll (mil. dol.)
Total [3]	**(X)**	**201.4**	**26,873**	**24.5**	**21,987**	**191.3**	**5,135**
Construction	23	32.3	6,055	4.8	4,866	31.3	1,072
Manufacturing	31-33	6.0	3,125	1.4	3,016	20.0	657
Wholesale trade	42	4.3	2,162	0.8	2,048	5.7	191
Retail trade	44-45	20.5	4,967	3.0	4,382	21.1	437
Transportation and warehousing [4]	48-49	10.0	942	0.9	501	4.8	129
Real estate and rental and leasing	53	9.3	715	0.6	342	2.3	69
Professional, scientific, and technical services	54	22.5	2,091	3.3	1,570	15.3	641
Admin/support waste mgt/ remediation services	56	15.7	1,699	1.8	1,505	31.2	638
Health care and social assistance	62	24.4	1,234	2.1	920	17.5	369
Other services (except public administration) [5]	81	26.7	935	1.7	447	6.3	116
Less than $5,000	(X)	54.2	130	0.4	1	0.3	4
$5,000 to $9,999	(X)	36.4	245	0.5	3	0.2	5
$10,000 to $24,999	(X)	43.3	662	1.1	17	0.9	7
$25,000 to $49,999	(X)	24.2	841	1.9	71	2.0	18
$50,000 to $99,999	(X)	16.9	1,188	3.4	252	4.2	63
$100,000 to $249,999	(X)	13.3	2,086	6.4	1,064	17.4	277
$250,000 to $499,999	(X)	6.1	2,141	4.4	1,534	19.8	391
$500,000 to $999,999	(X)	3.5	2,338	2.9	1,975	22.9	530
$1,000,000 or more	(X)	3.6	17,242	3.5	17,069	123.5	3,840

X Not applicable. [1] Based on the 2002 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS); see text, this section. [2] Both firms with paid employees and firms with no paid employees. [3] Firms with more than one establishment are counted in each industry in which they operate, but only once in the total. Includes other kinds of businesses not shown separately. [4] Excludes large certificated passenger carriers that report to the Office of Airline Information, U.S. Department of Transportation. Also excludes railroad transportation and U.S. Postal Service. [5] Excludes religious, grantmaking, civic, professional, and similar organizations (NAICS 813) and private households (NAICS 814).

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, *2002 Economic Census, Survey of Business Owners, American Indian- and Alaska Native-Owned Firms: 2002* (SB02-00CS-AIAN).

Table 749. **Asian-Owned Firms by Kind of Business and Receipts Size: 2002**

[**1,104 represents 1,104,000**. Based on the 2002 Survey of Business Owners; see text, this section and Appendix III]

Kind of business and receipts size	2002 NAICS code [1]	All firms [2]		Firms with paid employees			
		Firms (1,000)	Sales and receipts (mil. dol.)	Firms (1,000)	Sales and receipts (mil. dol.)	Employees (1,000)	Annual payroll (mil. dol.)
Total [3]	**(X)**	**1,104**	**326,663**	**319**	**291,163**	**2,214**	**56,045**
Construction	23	39	9,715	7	8,129	47	1,665
Manufacturing	31-33	24	26,434	12	25,924	170	5,115
Wholesale trade	42	47	87,083	25	83,924	155	5,590
Retail trade	44-45	152	65,143	62	58,564	292	5,004
Finance and insurance [4]	52	30	6,970	5	5,169	26	1,357
Real estate and rental and leasing	53	75	9,759	9	4,778	35	1,032
Professional, scientific, and technical services	54	154	27,234	30	23,360	196	9,963
Health care and social assistance	62	123	29,951	45	26,689	280	10,315
Accommodation and food services	72	105	32,830	75	31,094	671	7,697
Other services (except public administration) [5]	81	189	11,266	31	7,184	113	2,004
Less than $5,000	(X)	175	437	2	6	17	638
$5,000 to $9,999	(X)	143	960	4	28	1	14
$10,000 to $24,999	(X)	200	3,129	12	201	7	65
$25,000 to $49,999	(X)	140	4,923	20	738	19	204
$50,000 to $99,999	(X)	122	8,651	38	2,785	56	716
$100,000 to $249,999	(X)	141	22,424	84	13,874	228	3,305
$250,000 to $499,999	(X)	82	28,992	65	23,266	303	5,561
$500,000 to $999,999	(X)	52	36,158	46	31,787	369	7,753
$1,000,000 or more	(X)	50	220,991	49	218,477	1,214	37,790

X Not applicable. [1] Based on the 2002 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS); see text, this section. [2] Both firms with paid employees and firms with no paid employees. [3] Firms with more than one establishment are counted in each industry in which they operate, but only once in the total. Includes other kinds of businesses not shown separately. [4] Excludes funds, trusts, and other financial vehicles (NAICS 525), except real estate investment trusts (NAICS 525930). [5] Excludes religious, grantmaking, civic, professional, and similar organizations (NAICS 813) and private households (NAICS 814).

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, *2002 Economic Census, Survey of Business Owners, Asian-Owned Firms: 2002* (SB02-00CS-ASIAN)(RV).

Table 750. **Native Hawaiian- and Other Pacific Islander-Owned Firms by Kind of Business and Receipts Size: 2002**

[**4,279.6 represents $4,279,600,000**. Based on the 2002 Survey of Business Owners; see text, this section and Appendix III]

Kind of business and receipts size	2002 NAICS code [1]	All firms [2]		Firms with paid employees			
		Firms	Sales and receipts (mil. dol.)	Firms	Sales and receipts (mil. dol.)	Employees	Annual payroll (mil. dol.)
Total [3]	**(X)**	**28,948**	**4,279.6**	**3,693**	**3,502.2**	**29,319**	**826.2**
Construction	23	2,853	906.3	(S)	(S)	(S)	(S)
Manufacturing	31-33	324	184.1	84	177.0	1,478	45.4
Wholesale trade	42	377	482.2	146	469.1	1,078	35.9
Retail trade	44-45	3,601	645.5	459	552.7	2,492	56.6
Transportation and warehousing [4]	48-49	1,412	190.3	243	140.4	2,758	46.6
Information	51	311	144.6	58	135.3	427	27.1
Real estate and rental and leasing	53	1,851	153.2	266	80.5	732	21.7
Professional, scientific, and technical services	54	3,239	267.3	321	172.7	1,351	53.4
Admin/support waste mgt/ remediation services	56	3,362	451.6	(S)	(S)	(S)	(S)
Accommodation and food services	72	511	137.7	193	130.0	2,645	33.2
Less than $5,000	(X)	7,316	17.5	(S)	(S)	(S)	(S)
$5,000 to $9,999	(X)	6,164	42.3	(S)	(S)	(S)	(S)
$10,000 to $24,999	(X)	5,951	89.0	221	3.5	131	1.1
$25,000 to $49,999	(X)	2,933	101.9	166	5.9	161	1.5
$50,000 to $99,999	(X)	2,173	150.5	343	24.6	495	4.9
$100,000 to $249,999	(X)	2,241	338.3	857	139.5	2,094	44.1
$250,000 to $499,999	(X)	962	347.6	804	295.7	3,847	80.3
$500,000 to $999,999	(X)	480	335.2	452	315.3	4,444	99.7
$1,000,000 or more	(X)	727	2,857.3	(S)	(S)	(S)	(S)

S Data do not meet publication standards. X Not applicable. [1] Based on the 2002 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS); see text, this section. [2] Both firms with paid employees and firms with no paid employees. [3] Firms with more than one establishment are counted in each industry in which they operate, but only once in the total. Includes other kinds of businesses not shown separately. [4] Excludes large certificated passenger carriers that report to the Office of Airline Information, U.S. Department of Transportation. Also excludes railroad transportation and U.S. Postal Service.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, *2002 Economic Census, Survey of Business Owners, Native Hawaiian- and Other Pacific Islander-Owned Firms: 2002* (SB02-00CS-NHPI)(RV).

Table 751. **Bankruptcy Petitions Filed and Pending by Type and Chapter: 1990 to 2006**

[**For years ending June 30.** Covers only bankruptcy cases filed under the Bankruptcy Reform Act of 1978. *Bankruptcy:* legal recognition that a company or individual is insolvent and must restructure or liquidate. Petitions "filed" means the commencement of a proceeding through the presentation of a petition to the clerk of the court; "pending" is a proceeding in which the administration has not been completed]

Item	1990	1995	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
Total filed	**725,484**	**858,104**	**1,276,922**	**1,386,606**	**1,505,306**	**1,650,279**	**1,635,725**	**1,637,254**	**1,484,570**
Business [1]	64,688	51,288	36,910	37,135	39,201	37,182	35,739	32,406	31,562
Nonbusiness [2]	660,796	806,816	1,240,012	1,349,471	1,466,105	1,613,097	1,599,986	1,604,848	1,453,008
Chapter 7 [3]	468,171	552,244	864,183	950,724	1,030,372	1,144,658	1,146,761	1,174,681	1,142,958
Chapter 11 [4]	2,116	1,755	722	745	894	966	935	847	749
Chapter 13 [5]	190,509	252,817	375,107	397,996	434,835	467,466	452,286	429,315	309,298
Voluntary	723,886	856,991	1,276,146	1,385,840	1,504,500	1,649,543	1,635,099	1,636,678	1,484,085
Involuntary	1,598	1,113	776	766	806	736	626	576	485
Chapter 7 [3]	505,337	581,390	885,447	972,659	1,053,230	1,165,993	1,167,101	1,196,212	1,164,815
Chapter 9 [6]	7	12	8	10	8	7	7	6	10
Chapter 11 [4]	19,591	13,221	9,947	10,272	11,401	10,602	11,048	6,703	6,224
Chapter 12 [7]	1,351	904	732	206	367	775	302	290	360
Chapter 13 [5]	199,186	262,551	380,770	403,418	440,231	472,811	457,171	433,945	313,085
Section 304 [8]	12	26	18	41	69	91	96	98	[9]36
Chapter 15 [9]	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	40
Total pending	**961,919**	**1,090,446**	**1,400,416**	**1,535,903**	**1,613,742**	**1,729,139**	**1,697,267**	**1,750,562**	**1,411,212**

X Not applicable. [1] Business bankruptcies include those filed under chapters 7, 9, 11, or 12. [2] Includes Section 304 petitions not shown separately. [3] Chapter 7, liquidation of nonexempt assets of businesses or individuals. [4] Chapter 11, individual or business reorganization. [5] Chapter 13, adjustment of debts of an individual with regular income. [6] Chapter 9, adjustment of debts of a municipality. [7] Chapter 12, adjustment of debts of a family farmer with regular income, effective November 26, 1986. [8] Chapter 11, U.S.C., Section 304, cases ancillary to foreign proceedings. [9] Chapter 15 was added and Section 304 was terminated by changes in the Bankruptcy Laws effective October 17, 2005.

Source: Administrative Office of the U.S. Courts, *Statistical Tables for the Federal Judiciary* and "Bankruptcy Statistics"; <http://www.uscourts.gov/bnkrpctystats/statistics.htm>.

Table 752. **Bankruptcy Cases Filed by State: 2000 to 2006**

[**In thousands (1,276.9 represents 1,276,900). For years ending June 30**. Covers only bankruptcy cases filed under the Bankruptcy Reform Act of 1978. *Bankruptcy:* legal recognition that a company or individual is insolvent and must restructure or liquidate. Petitions "filed" means the commencement of a proceeding through the presentation of a petition to the clerk of the court]

State	2000	2004	2005	2006	State	2000	2004	2005	2006
Total [1]	**1,276.9**	**1,635.7**	**1,637.3**	**1,484.6**	Missouri	26.3	38.0	39.2	38.6
					Montana	3.3	4.4	4.4	4.3
Alabama	31.4	42.4	42.6	34.8	Nebraska	5.6	8.8	9.6	8.7
Alaska	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.7	Nevada	14.3	19.4	16.3	17.2
Arizona	21.7	31.8	32.4	26.7	New Hampshire	3.9	4.5	4.9	4.2
Arkansas	16.3	24.2	25.5	21.5					
California	160.6	132.5	122.6	117.6	New Jersey	38.7	42.5	40.7	34.2
					New Mexico	7.1	9.4	10.1	8.2
Colorado	15.6	27.4	30.2	31.1	New York	61.7	80.2	81.7	77.4
Connecticut	11.4	11.8	11.8	11.5	North Carolina	25.8	37.7	37.5	31.6
Delaware	4.9	3.8	3.6	3.3	North Dakota	2.0	2.3	2.5	2.5
District of Columbia	2.6	2.1	1.9	1.7					
Florida	74.0	92.2	85.8	73.5	Ohio	53.6	90.9	95.8	98.8
					Oklahoma	19.3	27.2	28.2	27.7
Georgia	57.9	79.8	77.3	61.3	Oregon	18.1	24.9	25.3	22.9
Hawaii	5.0	3.5	3.2	3.2	Pennsylvania	43.8	59.1	62.3	56.4
Idaho	7.3	9.7	9.7	8.2	Rhode Island	4.8	4.3	4.4	4.0
Illinois	62.3	81.3	83.6	76.6					
Indiana	37.5	55.7	55.9	60.0	South Carolina	11.7	15.9	15.2	10.9
					South Dakota	2.1	2.9	2.9	3.0
Iowa	8.2	13.0	14.3	12.8	Tennessee	47.1	62.9	60.8	49.2
Kansas	11.4	16.3	17.3	16.3	Texas	62.9	92.2	97.5	86.8
Kentucky	20.8	29.3	29.2	30.0	Utah	14.4	21.3	20.5	14.0
Louisiana	23.1	30.2	31.1	25.3					
Maine	4.1	4.6	4.7	4.6	Vermont	1.6	1.8	1.7	2.0
Maryland	31.1	32.0	28.5	24.6	Virginia	37.1	42.1	38.8	30.9
Massachusetts	16.7	18.2	19.6	19.6	Washington	31.2	40.1	37.7	32.3
Michigan	36.4	63.0	68.5	67.2	West Virginia	8.2	11.4	12.6	12.1
Minnesota	15.4	19.1	19.4	18.5	Wisconsin	18.0	27.7	29.0	27.2
Mississippi	17.9	21.2	21.8	16.2	Wyoming	2.0	2.4	2.5	2.2

[1] Includes island areas not shown separately.

Source: Administrative Office of the U.S. Courts, *Statistical Tables for the Federal Judiciary* and "Bankruptcy Statistics"; <http://www.uscourts.gov/bnkrpctystats/statistics.htm>.

Table 753. **Patents and Trademarks: 1990 to 2006**

[**In thousands (99.2 represents 99,200).** Calendar year data. Covers U.S. patents issued to citizens of the United States and residents of foreign countries. For data on foreign countries, see Table 1355]

Type	1990	1995	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
Patents issued	**99.2**	**113.8**	**176.0**	**184.0**	**184.4**	**187.0**	**181.3**	**157.7**	**196.4**
Inventions	90.4	101.4	157.5	166.0	167.3	169.0	164.3	143.8	173.8
Individuals	17.3	17.4	22.4	21.7	20.5	19.6	17.6	14.7	16.6
Corporations:									
United States	36.1	44.0	70.9	74.3	74.2	75.3	73.0	65.2	78.9
Foreign [1]	36.0	39.1	63.3	69.0	71.8	73.2	72.9	63.2	77.4
U.S. government	1.0	1.0	0.9	1.0	0.9	0.9	0.8	0.7	0.8
Designs	8.0	11.7	17.4	16.9	15.5	16.6	15.7	13.0	21.0
Botanical plants	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	1.1	1.0	1.0	0.7	1.1
Reissues	0.4	0.3	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.5
U.S. residents	52.8	64.4	96.9	98.6	97.1	98.6	94.1	82.6	102.2
Foreign country residents	46.2	49.4	79.1	85.4	87.3	88.5	87.2	75.2	94.2
Percent of total	46.7	43.4	44.9	46.4	47.3	47.3	48.1	47.6	48.0
Trademarks:									
Applications filed	127.3	181.0	361.8	277.3	264.1	271.7	304.5	334.7	362.3
Issued	60.8	92.5	115.2	142.9	176.0	166.6	146.0	154.8	193.7
Trademarks	53.6	85.6	106.4	109.6	146.9	130.9	113.7	121.6	153.3
Trademark renewals	7.2	6.9	8.8	33.3	29.2	35.6	32.3	33.3	40.4

[1] Includes patents to foreign governments.

Source: U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, "Statistical Reports Available For Viewing, Calendar Year Patent Statistics"; <http://www.uspto.gov/web/offices/ac/ido/oeip/taf/reports.htm> and unpublished data.

Table 754. **Patents by State and Island Areas: 2006**

[Includes only U.S. patents granted to residents of the United States and territories]

State	Total	Inventions	Designs	Botanical plants	Reissues	State	Total	Inventions	Designs	Botanical plants	Reissues
Total	**102,239**	**89,823**	**11,691**	**430**	**295**	Missouri	863	721	135	5	2
Alabama	429	357	70	1	1	Montana	136	121	15	–	–
Alaska	45	36	9	–	–	Nebraska	239	186	51	2	–
Arizona	1,893	1,705	183	–	5	Nevada	472	386	84	–	2
Arkansas	185	138	43	3	1	New Hampshire	657	602	53	–	2
California	25,039	22,275	2,531	165	68	New Jersey	3,627	3,172	434	6	15
Colorado	2,349	2,118	223	–	8	New Mexico	354	344	10	–	–
Connecticut	1,857	1,652	196	5	4	New York	6,406	5,627	753	8	18
Delaware	396	357	38	–	1	North Carolina	2,232	1,974	247	8	3
District of Columbia	69	63	6	–	–	North Dakota	77	66	8	3	–
Florida	3,261	2,600	582	64	15	Ohio	3,291	2,630	652	3	6
Georgia	1,719	1,487	202	26	4	Oklahoma	584	544	34	4	2
Hawaii	101	84	14	2	1	Oregon	2,536	2,060	421	50	5
Idaho	1,717	1,663	48	–	6	Pennsylvania	3,186	2,842	330	4	10
Illinois	4,053	3,294	737	12	10	Rhode Island	354	269	84	1	–
Indiana	1,499	1,165	319	7	8	South Carolina	691	577	113	–	1
Iowa	732	666	65	–	1	South Dakota	79	74	4	1	–
Kansas	581	492	86	–	3	Tennessee	817	669	144	1	3
Kentucky	471	413	57	–	1	Texas	6,716	6,308	385	2	21
Louisiana	365	321	37	6	1	Utah	800	684	110	–	6
Maine	156	142	13	1	–	Vermont	486	437	49	–	–
Maryland	1,556	1,410	136	1	9	Virginia	1,231	1,094	128	–	9
Massachusetts	4,368	4,011	336	8	13	Washington	3,620	3,286	322	3	9
Michigan	4,178	3,758	404	9	7	West Virginia	111	103	8	–	–
Minnesota	3,268	2,957	290	16	5	Wisconsin	2,150	1,688	452	3	7
Mississippi	152	119	31	–	2	Wyoming	56	48	8	–	–
						Island areas	29	28	1	–	–

- Represents zero.

Source: U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, unpublished data.

Table 755. **Copyright Registration by Subject Matter: 1990 to 2006**

[**In thousands (590.7 represents 590,700). For years ending September 30**. Comprises claims to copyrights registered for both U.S. and foreign works. Semiconductor chips and renewals are not considered copyright registration claims]

Subject matter	1990	2000	2005	2006	Subject matter	1990	2000	2005	2006
Total copyright claims	**590.7**	**497.6**	**515.2**	**509.7**	Works of the visual arts [3]	76.7	85.8	82.5	90.7
Monographs [1]	179.7	169.7	191.4	182.7					
Serials	111.5	69.0	57.7	61.1	Semiconductor chip products	1.0	0.7	0.5	0.3
Sound recordings	37.5	34.2	49.9	50.8					
Musical works [2]	185.3	138.9	133.7	124.4	Renewals	51.8	16.8	15.8	10.7

[1] Includes computer software and machine readable works. [2] Includes dramatic works, accompanying music, choreography, pantomimes, motion pictures, and filmstrips. [3] Two-dimensional works of fine and graphic art, including prints and art reproductions; sculptural works; technical drawings and models; photographs; commercial prints and labels; works of applied arts, cartographic works, and multimedia works.

Source: The Library of Congress, Copyright Office, *Annual Report.*

Table 756. **Net Stock of Private Fixed Assets by Industry: 2000 to 2005**

[**In billions of dollars (21,190 represents $21,190,000,000,000). Estimates as of Dec. 31**. Net stock estimates are presented in terms of current cost and cover equipment, software, and structures]

Industry	NAICS code [1]	2000	2003	2004	2005
Private fixed assets	**(X)**	**21,190**	**24,917**	**27,193**	**29,344**
Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting	11	406	452	485	517
Farms [2]	111, 112	379	424	454	484
Forestry, fishing, and related activities	113-115	27	29	31	33
Mining	21	580	683	758	1,007
Oil and gas extraction	211	442	539	603	833
Mining, except oil and gas	212	92	95	104	114
Mining support activites	213	46	49	51	60
Utilities	22	1,039	1,170	1,254	1,322
Construction	23	173	191	205	222
Manufacturing	31-33	1,759	1,809	1,876	1,953
Durable goods	(X)	996	1,029	1,063	1,107
Wood products	321	31	31	33	34
Nonmetallic mineral products	327	55	58	61	64
Primary metals	331	124	120	123	126
Fabricated metal products	332	112	115	119	125
Machinery	333	140	150	156	164
Computer and electronic products	334	245	252	257	263
Electrical equipment, appliances, and components	335	45	46	48	50
Motor vehicles, bodies and trailers, and parts	3361-3363	105	110	114	119
Other transportation equipment	3364, 3365, 3369	79	84	88	92
Furniture and related products	337	16	17	18	19
Miscellaneous manufacturing	339	43	45	48	51
Nondurable goods	(X)	763	780	813	846
Food and beverage and tobacco products	311, 312	182	187	195	204
Textile mills and textile product mills	313, 314	44	41	42	42
Apparel and leather and allied products	315, 316	17	16	17	17
Paper products	322	100	97	98	100
Printing and related support activities	323	41	43	45	47
Petroleum and coal products	324	92	98	104	109
Chemical products	325	220	229	240	252
Plastics and rubber products	326	67	70	72	75
Wholesale trade	42	348	375	397	420
Retail trade	44-45	641	730	803	877
Transportation and warehousing	48-49	805	866	903	938
Air transportation	481	196	230	238	246
Railroad transportation	482	267	280	284	292
Water transportation	483	39	45	49	54
Truck transportation	484	68	66	69	73
Transit and ground passenger transportation	485	34	36	37	38
Pipeline transportation	486	74	83	94	101
Other transportation and support activites [3]	487, 488, 492	105	103	104	106
Warehousing and storage	493	22	25	27	29
Information	51	817	875	907	945
Publishing industries (includes software)	511	50	51	53	55
Motion picture and sound recording industries	512	32	32	33	35
Broadcasting and telecommunications	513	716	767	793	824
Information and data processing services	514	19	26	28	31
Finance and insurance	52	822	905	982	1,059
Federal Reserve banks	521	11	13	14	16
Credit intermediation and related activities	522	465	511	549	586
Securities, commodity contracts, and investments	523	86	93	101	108
Insurance carriers and related activities	524	165	178	190	202
Funds, trusts, and other financial vehicles	525	95	110	128	147
Real estate and rental and leasing	53	11,476	14,121	15,627	16,839
Real estate	531	11,233	13,832	15,323	16,518
Rental and leasing services and lessors of intangible assets [4]	532, 533	243	289	305	321
Professional, scientific, and technical services	54	205	253	275	298
Legal services	5411	20	22	23	25
Computer systems design and related services	5415	50	58	64	71
Miscellaneous professional, scientific, and technical services [5]	([5])	135	173	188	202
Management of companies and enterprises [6]	551111, 551112	269	308	340	372
Admin/support waste management/remediation services	56	153	176	189	196
Administrative and support services	561	84	104	114	123
Waste management and remediation services	562	68	72	75	73
Educational services	61	213	269	300	333
Health care and social assistance	62	693	831	912	994
Ambulatory health care services	621	190	223	242	261
Hospitals	622	449	546	601	658
Nursing and residential care facilities	623	29	35	39	43
Social assistance	624	24	28	30	33
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	71	128	157	173	189
Performing arts, spectator sports, museums, and related activities	711, 712	48	60	67	74
Amusements, gambling, and recreation industries	713	80	97	106	115
Accommodation and food services	72	336	374	403	429
Accommodation	721	177	190	202	213
Food services and drinking places	722	160	185	200	215
Other services, except public administration	81	329	373	404	436

X Not applicable. [1] Based on North American Industry Classification System, 1997; see text this section. [2] NAICS crop and animal production. [3] Consists of scenic and sightseeing transportation; transportation support activities; and couriers and messengers. [4] Intangible assets include patents, trademarks, and franchise agreements, but not copyrights. [5] Consists of accounting, tax preparation, bookkeeping, and payroll services (NAICS code 5412); architectural, engineering, and related services (5413); specialized design services (5414); management, scientific, and technical consulting services (5416); scientific research and development services (5417); advertising and related services (5418); and other professional, scientific, and technical services (5419). [6] Consists of bank and other holding companies.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis, "Table 3.1ES. Current-Cost Net Stock of Private Fixed Assets by Industry"; published 15 August 2006; <http://www.bea.gov/bea/dn/FA2004/SelectTable.asp#S3>.

Table 757. **Gross Private Domestic Investment in Current and Real (2000) Dollars: 1990 to 2005**

[**In billions of dollars (861 represents $861,000,000,000).** Covers equipment, software, and structures. For explanation of chained dollars, see text, Section 13]

Item	1990	1995	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
CURRENT DOLLARS								
Gross private domestic investment	**861**	**1,144**	**1,736**	**1,614**	**1,582**	**1,664**	**1,888**	**2,057**
Less: Consumption of fixed capital	552	713	991	1,076	1,080	1,118	1,205	1,353
Equals: Net private domestic investment	309	431	745	539	502	546	683	705
Fixed investment	846	1,113	1,679	1,646	1,570	1,650	1,831	2,036
Less: Consumption of fixed capital	552	713	991	1,076	1,080	1,118	1,205	1,353
Equals: Net fixed investment	295	400	688	571	490	532	625	684
Nonresidential	622	810	1,232	1,177	1,066	1,077	1,155	1,266
Residential	224	303	447	469	504	572	675	770
Change in private inventories	15	31	57	-32	12	14	57	21
CHAINED (**2000**) DOLLARS								
Gross private domestic investment	**895**	**1,134**	**1,736**	**1,598**	**1,557**	**1,613**	**1,771**	**1,866**
Less: Consumption of fixed capital	572	707	991	1,072	1,080	1,108	1,167	1,270
Equals: Net private domestic investment	323	427	745	527	477	505	603	596
Fixed investment	887	1,110	1,679	1,629	1,545	1,597	1,714	1,842
Nonresidential	595	763	1,232	1,181	1,072	1,082	1,146	1,224
Residential	299	353	447	449	470	509	560	608
Change in private inventories	15	30	57	-32	13	14	53	20

Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis, "Table 5.2.5. Gross and Net Domestic Investment by Major Type" and "Table 5.2.6. Real Gross and Net Domestic Investment by Major Type, Chained Dollars"; published 2 August 2006; <http://www.bea.gov/national/nipaweb/SelectTable.asp?Selected=N>.

Table 758. **Information and Communications Technology (ICT) Equipment and Computer Software Expenditures: 2004 and 2005**

[**In millions of dollars (90,655 represents $90,655,000,000)**. Covers only companies with employees. The Information and Communication Technology Survey collects noncapitalized and capitalized data on information and communication technology equipment, including computer software. This survey is sent to a sample of approximately 46,000 private nonfarm employer businesses operating in the United States]

Type of expenditure and industry	2002 NAICS code [1]	Noncapitalized expenditures [2]		Capitalized expenditures [3]	
		2004	2005	2004	2005
Total expenditures for ICT equipment and computer software	**(X)**	**90,655**	**91,809**	**137,344**	**141,602**
Total equipment expenditures	(X)	38,447	37,558	(NA)	(NA)
Purchases	(X)	17,376	18,186	86,792	91,832
Computer and peripheral equipment	(X)	11,801	12,162	51,424	53,833
Information and communication technology equipment	(X)	5,323	5,740	31,015	32,918
Electromedical and electrotherapeutic apparatus	(X)	252	285	4,354	5,082
Operating leases and rental payments	(X)	21,070	19,372	(NA)	(NA)
Computer and peripheral equipment	(X)	14,026	12,938	(NA)	(NA)
Information and communication technology equipment	(X)	5,555	5,439	(NA)	(NA)
Electromedical and electrotherapeutic apparatus	(X)	1,489	996	(NA)	(NA)
Total computer software expenditures	(X)	52,208	54,249	(NA)	(NA)
Purchases and payroll for developing software	(X)	30,671	31,450	50,552	49,769
Software licensing and service/maintenance agreements	(X)	21,537	22,799	(NA)	(NA)
Forestry, fishing, and agricultural services	113-115	73	70	71	85
Mining	21	562	693	703	896
Utilities	22	1,436	1,323	2,349	2,541
Construction	23	1,095	863	1,571	1,587
Manufacturing	31-33	16,969	16,591	16,828	15,932
Durable goods industries	321,327,33	11,560	11,282	10,103	9,501
Nondurable goods industries	31,322–326	5,409	5,309	6,725	6,431
Wholesale trade	42	3,648	2,970	5,368	4,867
Retail trade	44-45	4,304	4,406	10,172	10,495
Transportation and warehousing	48-49	1,639	1,631	3,092	3,315
Information	51	14,926	15,310	35,612	37,117
Finance and insurance	52	19,091	19,910	23,878	24,333
Real estate and rental and leasing	53	900	1,028	2,340	2,083
Professional, scientific, and technical services	54	12,781	13,922	11,210	13,050
Management of companies and enterprises	55	546	395	811	707
Admin/support and waste management/remediation services	56	2,490	2,245	3,200	3,354
Educational services	61	1,506	1,633	2,094	2,027
Health care and social assistance	62	5,862	5,891	12,885	14,049
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	71	391	527	1,109	858
Accommodation and food services	72	674	794	1,327	1,979
Other services (except public administration)	81	1,298	1,210	2,206	1,912
Equipment expenditures serving multiple industry codes	(X)	465	397	518	414

NA Not available. X Not applicable. [1] Based on North American Industry Classification System, 2002; see text, this section. [2] Expenses for ICT equipment including computer software not charged to asset accounts for which depreciation or amortization accounts are ordinarily maintained. [3] Expenses for ICT equipment including computer software chargeable to asset accounts for which depreciation or amortization accounts are ordinarily maintained.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, *Information and Communication Technology: 2005*, ICT/05, April 2007. See also <http://www.census.gov/csd/ict/>.

Table 759. **Capital Expenditures: 2000 to 2005**

[**In billions of dollars (1,161 represents $1,161,000,000,000)**. Based on a sample survey and subject to sampling error; see source for details]

Item	All companies				Companies with employees				Companies without employees			
	2000	2003	2004	2005	2000	2003	2004	2005	2000	2003	2004	2005
Capital expenditures, total	**1,161**	**975**	**1,042**	**1,146**	**1,090**	**887**	**953**	**1,064**	**71**	**88**	**89**	**82**
Structures	364	345	369	402	338	314	335	369	26	31	33	33
New	329	305	325	366	309	282	300	341	20	23	24	25
Used	35	39	44	36	29	32	35	28	6	7	9	8
Equipment and software	797	630	673	744	752	573	618	695	45	58	56	49
New	751	579	628	702	718	541	588	666	32	39	41	36
Used	46	51	45	42	34	32	30	29	12	19	15	13
Capital leases	20	16	18	18	19	15	18	18	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)

Z Less than $500 million.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, *Annual Capital Expenditures: 2005*, ACE/05, February 2007. See also <http://www.census.gov/csd/ace/>.

Table 760. **Capital Expenditures by Industry: 2000 and 2005**

[**In billions of dollars (1,090 represents $1,090,000,000,000)**. Covers only companies with employees. Based on the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS), 2002; see text, this section. Based on a sample survey and subject to sampling error; see source for details]

Industry	2002 NAICS code	2000	2005	Industry	2002 NAICS code	2000	2005
Total expenditures	**(X)**	**1,090**	**1,064**	Professional, scientific, and technical services	54	34	33
Forestry, fishing, and agricultural services	113-115	1	3	Management of companies and enterprises	55	5	3
Mining	21	43	67	Admin/support waste mgt/ remediation services	56	18	18
Utilities	22	61	58	Educational services	61	18	18
Construction	23	25	30	Health care and social assistance	62	52	74
Manufacturing	31-33	215	165	Arts, entertainment, and recreation	71	19	14
Durable goods	321, 327, 33	134	92	Accommodation and food services	72	26	31
Nondurable goods	31, 322–326	81	73	Other services (except public administration)	81	21	20
Wholesale trade	42	34	40	Structure and equipment expenditures serving multiple industry categories	(X)	2	2
Retail trade	44-45	70	74				
Transportation and warehousing	48-49	60	57				
Information	51	160	91				
Finance and insurance	52	134	162				
Real estate and rental and leasing	53	92	103				

X Not applicable.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, *Annual Capital Expenditures: 2005*, ACE/05, February 2007. See also <http://www.census.gov/csd/ace/>.

Table 761. **Business Cycle Expansions and Contractions—Months of Duration: 1945 to 2001**

[A trough is the low point of a business cycle; a peak is the high point. Contraction, or recession, is the period from peak to subsequent trough; expansion is the period from trough to subsequent peak. Business cycle reference dates are determined by the National Bureau of Economic Research, Inc.]

Business cycle reference date				Contraction (peak to trough)	Expansion (previous trough to this peak)	Length of cycle	
Peak		Trough				Trough from previous trough	Peak from previous peak
Month	Year	Month	Year				
February	1945	October	1945	8	[1]80	[1]88	[2]93
November	1948	October	1949	11	37	48	45
July	1953	May	1954	10	45	55	56
August	1957	April	1958	8	39	47	49
April	1960	February	1961	10	24	34	32
December	1969	November	1970	11	106	117	116
November	1973	March	1975	16	36	52	47
January	1980	July	1980	6	58	64	74
July	1981	November	1982	16	12	28	18
July	1990	March	1991	8	92	100	108
March	2001	November	2001	8	120	128	128
Average, all cycles: 1945 to 2001 (10 cycles)				10	57	67	67
Average, peacetime cycles: 1945 to 2001 (8 cycles)				10	52	63	63

[1] Previous trough: June 1938. [2] Previous peak: May 1937.

Source: National Bureau of Economic Research, Inc., Cambridge, MA, "Business Cycle Expansions and Contractions"; <http://www.nber.org/cycles.html>; (accessed: 30 May 2007).

Table 762. **Composite Indexes of Leading, Coincident, and Lagging Economic Indicators: 2000 to 2006**

[**299.3 represents 299,300**]

Item	Unit	2000	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
Leading index, composite	**1996 = 100**	**115.0**	**118.4**	**124.3**	**132.8**	**136.2**	**137.8**
Average weekly hours, manufacturing	Hours	41.2	40.5	40.4	40.8	40.6	41.1
Average weekly initial claims for unemployment insurance	1,000	299.3	403.9	401.8	343.3	331.8	313.1
Manufacturers' new orders, consumer goods and materials (1982 dol.)	Mil. dol.	152,031	143,867	143,459	144,002	143,535	141,738
Vendor performance, slower deliveries diffusion index [1]	Percent	53.3	53.3	53.0	62.6	54.1	54.3
Manufacturers' new orders, nondefense capital goods (1982 dol.)	Mil. dol.	49,780	37,792	39,282	39,024	46,312	50,061
Building permits, new private housing units	1,000	1,598	1,749	1,888	2,058	2,159	1,835
Stock prices, 500 common stocks [1]	1941–43 = 10	1,426.8	995.6	963.7	1,130.6	1,207.1	1,310.0
Money supply, M2 (chain 2000 dol.)	Bil. dol.	4,798	5,423	5,691	5,780	5,860	5,971
Interest rate spread, 10-year Treasury bonds less federal funds	Percent	-0.20	2.90	2.90	2.93	1.08	-0.17
Index of consumer expectations [1]	1966:1 = 100	102.7	84.6	81.4	88.5	77.4	75.9
Coincident index, composite	**1996 = 100**	**115.4**	**114.1**	**114.5**	**116.7**	**119.2**	**122.2**
Employees on nonagricultural payrolls	1,000	131,792	130,342	129,993	131,423	133,696	136,173
Personal income less transfer payments (chain 2000 dol.)	Bil. dol.	7,345	7,336	7,415	7,649	7,814	8,113
Industrial production	2002 = 100	103.5	100.0	100.6	103.6	106.9	111.3
Manufacturing and trade sales (chain 2000 dol.)	Mil. dol.	844,794	844,978	861,783	889,019	917,952	954,416
Lagging index, composite	**1996 = 100**	**116.7**	**116.4**	**116.4**	**117.3**	**121.4**	**125.0**
Average duration of unemployment	Weeks	12.7	16.7	19.2	19.6	18.4	16.8
Inventories to sales ratio, manufacturing and trade (chain 2000 dol.)	Ratio	1.40	1.40	1.40	1.35	1.33	1.32
Change in labor cost per unit of output, manufacturing	Percent	2.3	0.6	2.7	-1.1	-0.7	-0.1
Average prime rate	Percent	9.2	4.7	4.1	4.3	6.2	8.0
Commercial and industrial loans outstanding (chain 2000 dol.)	Mil. dol.	953,143	686,318	588,372	540,405	571,318	602,118
Consumer installment credit to personal income ratio	Percent	19.2	21.2	21.5	22.1	22.1	21.6
Change in consumer price index for services	Percent	3.8	3.2	3.0	3.0	3.5	3.7

[1] Data are from private sources and provided through the courtesy of the compilers and are subject to their copyrights: stock prices, Standard & Poor's Corporation; index of consumer expectations, University of Michigan's Survey Research Center; vendor perfomance, Institute for Supply Management.

Source: The Conference Board, New York, NY 10022-6601, *Business Cycle Indicators*, monthly, <http://www.conference-board.org/economics/bci/> (copyright).

Table 763. **Manufacturing and Trade—Sales and Inventories: 1992 to 2006**

[**In billions of dollars (541 represents $541,000,000,000), except ratios**. Based on North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) 2002; see text, this section]

Year	Sales, average monthly [1]				Inventories [2]				Inventory-sales ratios [3]			
	Total	Manufacturing	Retail trade	Merchant wholesalers	Total	Manufacturing	Retail trade	Merchant wholesalers	Total	Manufacturing	Retail trade	Merchant wholesalers
1992	541	242	151	147	837	379	261	197	1.53	1.57	1.67	1.31
1993	568	252	162	154	864	380	280	205	1.50	1.50	1.68	1.30
1994	610	270	176	165	927	400	305	222	1.46	1.44	1.66	1.29
1995	655	290	185	180	986	425	323	238	1.48	1.44	1.72	1.29
1996	687	300	197	190	1,006	431	334	241	1.46	1.43	1.67	1.27
1997	724	320	206	198	1,047	444	345	259	1.42	1.37	1.64	1.26
1998	743	325	216	202	1,079	449	357	272	1.43	1.38	1.62	1.31
1999	787	336	234	217	1,138	464	385	290	1.40	1.35	1.59	1.29
2000	834	351	249	235	1,197	482	407	308	1.41	1.35	1.59	1.28
2001	819	331	256	232	1,119	428	395	296	1.42	1.38	1.58	1.31
2002	824	326	261	236	1,139	423	417	299	1.36	1.29	1.56	1.25
2003	854	335	272	247	1,145	408	433	303	1.34	1.24	1.56	1.22
2004	923	359	290	275	1,235	440	463	333	1.30	1.18	1.56	1.16
2005	1,001	395	308	299	1,312	479	476	358	1.27	1.17	1.51	1.16
2006	1,066	412	325	329	1,389	510	491	388	1.28	1.21	1.49	1.14

[1] Averages of monthly not-seasonally-adjusted figures. [2] Seasonally adjusted end-of-year data. [3] Averages of seasonally adjusted monthly ratios.

Source: U.S. Council of Economic Advisors, *Economic Indicators,* May 2007.

Table 764. **Industrial Production Indexes by Industry and Major Market Groups: 1990 to 2006**

[**2002 = 100**. Except as noted, based on the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS); 2002; see text, this section]

Industry and market group	2002 NAICS code	1990	1995	2000	2001	2003	2004	2005	2006
Total index	**(X)**	**68.7**	**79.8**	**103.6**	**100.0**	**101.1**	**103.6**	**106.9**	**111.1**
INDUSTRY GROUP									
Manufacturing (SIC) [1]	**(X)**	**65.9**	**77.8**	**104.3**	**100.0**	**101.1**	**104.0**	**108.0**	**113.0**
Manufacturing (NAICS)	31–33	64.5	77.1	104.0	99.8	101.3	104.4	108.6	113.9
Durable goods	(X)	51.4	66.0	105.4	100.4	102.3	106.3	112.1	120.4
Wood products	321	84.4	91.3	104.2	97.5	100.9	104.5	111.1	107.5
Nonmetallic mineral products	327	83.8	89.5	104.2	100.3	100.9	104.1	108.2	112.5
Primary metals	331	96.2	105.4	110.3	99.8	98.9	109.3	107.1	112.0
Fabricated metal products	332	80.7	95.0	111.2	103.1	98.9	99.1	103.3	108.9
Machinery	333	86.8	102.3	117.7	104.1	99.6	103.7	110.0	117.1
Computers and electronic products	334	11.9	24.9	101.8	103.5	111.5	126.2	141.0	169.1
Electrical equipment, appliances, and components	335	88.4	103.7	122.9	110.4	97.4	99.1	100.7	105.8
Motor vehicles and parts	3361–3	55.5	79.0	99.5	90.6	103.5	103.8	103.7	101.9
Aerospace and other misc. transportation equipment	3364–9	123.0	87.4	99.5	105.8	96.0	94.5	104.2	122.4
Furniture and related products	337	74.6	81.5	102.3	95.8	98.2	101.0	104.6	104.7
Miscellaneous products	339	66.8	78.5	96.5	95.3	103.1	103.2	111.8	116.9
Nondurable goods	(X)	87.7	95.8	102.3	99.0	100.1	102.0	104.5	106.7
Food, beverage, and tobacco products	311,2	90.0	97.3	101.2	100.9	102.0	102.6	106.3	109.8
Textile and product mills	313,4	99.7	112.5	112.7	101.1	96.1	94.6	96.1	92.7
Apparel and leather	315,6	172.8	180.5	151.2	128.5	93.1	81.8	80.0	80.7
Paper	322	97.2	106.8	105.0	99.0	97.3	98.0	98.6	98.5
Printing and related support	323	102.1	107.3	113.1	106.3	96.3	97.0	98.9	103.3
Petroleum and coal products	324	86.9	89.8	96.9	96.4	98.1	106.2	110.0	110.3
Chemical	325	78.3	83.5	95.0	93.3	101.4	105.7	108.0	110.3
Plastics and rubber products	326	67.7	85.6	103.5	97.4	100.1	101.3	102.3	105.7
Other manufacturing (non-NAICS) [2]	1133, 5111	96.7	90.9	109.6	103.2	97.0	97.8	99.6	98.0
Mining	**21**	**106.9**	**104.4**	**103.5**	**104.5**	**99.9**	**99.2**	**97.6**	**100.2**
Utilities	**2211,2**	**77.9**	**87.2**	**97.4**	**97.0**	**101.9**	**103.3**	**105.5**	**105.3**
Electric power generation, transmission and distribution	2211	76.7	85.7	97.2	96.9	102.1	104.2	107.2	108.1
Natural gas distribution	2212	85.6	96.9	98.6	97.2	100.9	99.0	97.2	91.8
MAJOR MARKETS									
Final products and nonindustrial supplies	**(X)**	**72.7**	**82.6**	**103.3**	**100.6**	**101.2**	**103.3**	**107.5**	**111.2**
Consumer goods	(X)	75.9	87.1	99.3	98.1	101.3	102.8	105.7	106.9
Durable	(X)	56.7	75.6	99.2	94.9	103.4	104.8	105.9	105.6
Automotive products	(X)	50.9	71.0	93.9	90.8	105.6	105.2	102.6	99.4
Home electronics	(X)	6.7	31.0	98.6	100.0	110.5	126.9	145.1	169.9
Appliances, furniture, carpeting	(X)	77.8	86.3	103.1	98.7	99.8	103.1	106.2	104.4
Miscellaneous goods	(X)	82.3	93.0	106.9	99.3	100.1	101.7	105.8	108.1
Nondurable	(X)	84.9	92.3	99.3	99.4	100.5	102.0	105.5	107.2
Nonenergy	(X)	86.3	93.5	100.3	100.1	100.5	101.7	105.2	107.7
Foods and tobacco	(X)	91.3	98.5	101.8	101.7	101.4	102.9	106.5	109.5
Clothing	(X)	171.5	180.2	150.1	128.1	93.1	81.0	78.8	79.5
Chemical products	(X)	63.1	71.1	86.9	91.5	101.6	104.7	108.4	110.6
Paper products	(X)	84.6	87.7	103.7	100.9	96.6	97.4	100.8	101.6
Energy	(X)	78.5	86.6	95.1	96.2	100.6	103.0	106.9	106.1
Business equipment	(X)	57.3	70.8	114.6	107.6	100.2	104.5	112.8	125.9
Transit	(X)	109.7	90.4	116.9	111.3	94.8	99.4	111.5	138.9
Information processing	(X)	24.5	41.6	117.1	115.2	104.5	111.8	122.1	137.4
Industrial and other	(X)	82.6	96.3	112.7	101.7	99.6	102.2	108.2	115.4
Defense and space equipment	(X)	141.4	105.8	92.1	100.6	103.8	104.0	109.7	112.0
Construction supplies	(X)	76.6	86.7	105.1	100.5	99.8	101.8	106.7	110.4
Business supplies	(X)	71.3	80.8	104.2	100.0	101.5	103.7	107.1	110.3
Materials	(X)	63.8	76.1	104.0	99.1	100.9	104.0	106.2	111.0
Nonenergy	(X)	56.9	71.3	105.0	98.8	101.3	105.6	109.4	115.7
Durable	(X)	43.5	60.1	105.2	99.3	102.5	108.3	113.8	123.4
Consumer parts	(X)	58.6	85.1	107.4	95.0	98.9	99.0	100.3	100.7
Equipment parts	(X)	20.2	32.8	101.8	100.4	108.3	120.0	133.1	159.9
Other	(X)	81.2	94.6	107.9	100.3	99.5	103.8	106.1	109.6
Nondurable	(X)	92.1	98.1	104.6	98.0	99.3	101.2	102.4	104.0
Textile	(X)	103.5	118.8	112.1	99.2	94.6	90.1	89.5	86.3
Paper	(X)	102.2	109.0	108.5	102.0	96.7	98.0	99.1	100.5
Chemical	(X)	85.8	90.5	101.6	94.6	101.0	106.6	107.6	109.4
Energy	(X)	95.6	98.0	101.0	100.0	99.9	99.7	98.4	99.8

X Not applicable. [1] Standard Industrial Classification (SIC); see text, this section. [2] Those industries—logging and newspaper, periodical, book, and directory publishing—that have traditionally been considered to be manufacturing.

Source: Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, *Statistical Supplement to the Federal Reserve Bulletin,* monthly; and *Industrial Production and Capacity Utilization,* Statistical Release G.17, monthly. See also <http://www.federalreserve.gov/releases/g17/>.

Table 765. **Index of Industrial Capacity: 1990 to 2006**

[**2002 output = 100**. Annual figures are averages of monthly data. Capacity represents estimated quantity of output relative to output in 2002 which the current stock of plant and equipment was capable of producing]

Year	Index of capacity		Relation of output to capacity (percent)				
				Stage of process			
	Total industry	Manufacturing	Total industry	Crude [1]	Primary and semifinished [2]	Finished [3]	Manufacturing
1990	83.4	80.7	82.4	88.2	82.7	80.3	81.6
1995	95.0	93.6	84.0	88.6	86.8	79.5	83.1
1997	106.3	106.4	83.9	90.2	85.9	80.1	83.0
1998	114.3	115.5	82.8	87.3	84.0	80.5	81.7
1999	120.9	123.1	81.9	86.6	84.1	78.5	80.8
2000	126.9	130.3	81.7	88.2	84.3	77.0	80.1
2001	131.4	135.4	76.1	85.3	77.6	72.4	73.9
2002	133.6	137.1	74.8	82.9	77.2	70.6	73.0
2003	132.8	136.2	76.1	84.6	78.3	71.7	74.2
2004	132.5	135.7	78.1	86.5	80.7	73.1	76.6
2005	133.3	137.1	80.2	86.4	82.6	75.5	78.8
2006	136.1	140.6	81.8	88.7	83.4	77.6	80.4

[1] Crude processing, covers a relatively small portion of total industrial capacity and consists of logging (NAICS 1133), much of mining (excluding stone, sand, and gravel mining, and oil and gas drilling, which are NAICS 21231, 21221–2, and 213111) and some basic manufacturing industries, including basic chemicals (NAICS 3251); fertilizers, pesticides, and other agricultural chemicals (NAICS 32531,2); pulp, paper, and paperboard mills (NAICS 3221); and alumina, aluminum, and other nonferrous production and processing mills (NAICS 3313,4). [2] Primary and semifinished processing loosely corresponds to the previously published aggregate, primary processing. Includes utilities and portions of several 2-digit SIC industries included in the former advanced processing group. These include printing and related support activities (NAICS 3231); paints and adhesives (NAICS 3255); and newspaper, periodical, book, and directory publishers (NAICS 5111). [3] Finished processing generally corresponds to the previously published aggregate, advanced processing. Includes oil and gas well drilling and carpet and rug mills.

Source: Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, *Industrial Production and Capacity Utilization*, Statistical Release G.17, monthly. (Based on data from Federal Reserve Board, U.S. Dept. of Commerce, U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, and McGraw-Hill Information Systems Company, New York, NY; and other sources.)

Table 766. **Productivity and Related Measures: 1990 to 2006**

[See text, Section 12. Minus sign (–) indicates decrease]

Item	1990	1995	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
INDEXES **(1992 = 100)**									
Output per hour, business sector	94.4	101.5	116.1	119.1	123.9	128.7	132.6	135.4	137.7
Nonfarm business	94.5	102.0	115.7	118.6	123.5	128.0	131.8	134.6	136.7
Manufacturing	93.8	110.7	139.4	141.5	151.5	160.9	163.8	171.6	178.4
Output, [1] business sector	96.9	111.4	140.5	141.0	143.1	147.5	154.0	159.8	165.8
Nonfarm business	97.1	111.8	140.8	141.3	143.4	147.8	154.2	160.0	166.1
Manufacturing	98.5	115.8	144.1	136.8	136.0	137.3	139.1	144.2	151.4
Hours, [2] business sector	102.7	109.7	121.0	118.4	115.4	114.6	116.1	118.0	120.4
Nonfarm business	102.7	109.6	121.7	119.2	116.1	115.4	117.0	118.9	121.5
Manufacturing	105.0	104.6	103.4	96.6	89.8	85.4	85.0	84.0	84.9
Compensation per hour, [3] business sector	90.6	105.8	134.7	140.4	145.3	151.2	156.9	163.5	171.6
Nonfarm business	90.4	105.9	134.2	139.5	144.6	150.4	155.9	162.3	170.4
Manufacturing	90.5	107.3	134.7	137.9	147.9	158.3	161.4	168.9	175.7
Real hourly compensation, [3] business sector	96.2	98.7	112.0	113.5	115.7	117.7	119.0	119.9	121.9
Nonfarm business	96.0	98.8	111.6	112.8	115.1	117.1	118.2	119.1	121.0
Manufacturing	96.1	100.1	112.0	111.5	117.7	123.2	122.3	123.9	124.8
Unit labor costs, [4] business sector	96.0	104.2	116.0	117.9	117.3	117.5	118.3	120.7	124.6
Nonfarm business	95.7	103.8	116.0	117.7	117.1	117.5	118.3	120.6	124.6
Manufacturing	96.4	96.9	96.7	97.4	97.6	98.4	98.5	98.4	98.5
ANNUAL PERCENT CHANGE [5]									
Output per hour, business sector	2.1	0.1	2.9	2.6	4.1	3.8	3.1	2.1	1.7
Nonfarm business	1.9	0.5	2.8	2.5	4.1	3.7	2.9	2.1	1.6
Manufacturing	2.2	4.4	4.4	1.5	7.0	6.2	1.8	4.8	4.0
Output, [1] business sector	1.5	2.9	3.9	0.3	1.5	3.1	4.4	3.7	3.8
Nonfarm business	1.5	3.2	3.8	0.4	1.5	3.1	4.3	3.8	3.8
Manufacturing	–0.4	5.2	2.7	–5.1	–0.6	1.0	1.3	3.6	5.0
Hours, [2] business sector	–0.6	2.8	1.0	–2.2	–2.5	–0.7	1.3	1.6	2.1
Nonfarm business	–0.4	2.7	1.0	–2.0	–2.6	–0.6	1.4	1.6	2.1
Manufacturing	–2.5	0.8	–1.6	–6.5	–7.1	–4.9	–0.5	–1.1	1.0
Compensation per hour, [3] business sector	6.3	2.1	7.1	4.2	3.5	4.1	3.8	4.2	5.0
Nonfarm business	6.1	2.1	7.2	4.0	3.6	4.0	3.6	4.1	5.0
Manufacturing	4.4	1.9	9.2	2.3	7.3	7.0	2.0	4.7	4.1
Real hourly compensation, [3] business sector	1.3	–0.3	3.7	1.4	1.9	1.7	1.1	0.8	1.6
Nonfarm business	1.0	–0.3	3.7	1.2	2.0	1.7	0.9	0.8	1.6
Manufacturing	–0.5	–0.5	5.7	–0.5	5.6	4.7	–0.7	1.3	0.7
Unit labor costs, [4] business sector	4.1	1.9	4.1	1.6	–0.5	0.2	0.7	2.0	3.2
Nonfarm business	4.1	1.6	4.2	1.5	–0.5	0.3	0.7	2.0	3.3
Manufacturing	2.2	–2.4	4.5	0.8	0.2	0.8	0.2	–0.1	0.1

[1] Refers to gross sectoral product, annual weighted. [2] Hours at work of all persons engaged in the business and nonfarm business sectors (employees, proprietors, and unpaid family workers); employees' and proprietors' hours in manufacturing. [3] Wages and salaries of employees plus employers' contributions for social insurance and private benefit plans. Also includes an estimate of same for self-employed. Real compensation deflated by the consumer price index for all urban consumers, see text, Section 14. [4] Hourly compensation divided by output per hour. [5] All changes are from the immediate prior year.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *Productivity and Costs*, News USDL 07-0821, June 6, 2007; and Internet site <http://www.bls.gov/lpc/home.htm>.

Table 767. **Corporate Profits, Taxes, and Dividends: 1990 to 2006**

[**In billions of dollars (438 represents $438,000,000,000).** Covers corporations organized for profit and other entities treated as corporations. Represents profits to U.S. residents, without deduction of depletion charges and exclusive of capital gains and losses; intercorporate dividends from profits of domestic corporations are eliminated; net receipts of dividends, reinvested earnings of incorporated foreign affiliates, and earnings of unincorporated foreign affiliates are added. CCA = capital consumption adjustment]

Item	1990	2000	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
Corporate profits with IVA and CCA	438	818	886	993	1,183	1,331	1,616
Taxes on corporate income	145	265	193	243	300	399	475
Profits after tax with IVA and CCA	292	553	694	750	883	931	1,141
Net dividends	169	378	399	425	540	577	642
Undistributed profits with IVA and CCA	123	175	295	325	343	355	499
Cash flow:							
Net cash flow with IVA and CCA	491	865	1,037	1,085	1,139	1,211	1,365
Undistributed profits with IVA and CCA	123	175	295	325	343	355	499
Consumption of fixed capital	368	690	742	760	796	857	866
Less: Inventory valuation adjustment (IVA)	-13	-14	-2	-14	-40	-33	-34
Equals: Net cash flow	504	879	1,039	1,099	1,179	1,244	1,399

Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis, *Survey of Current Business,* monthly. See also <http://www.bea.gov/national/nipaweb/Index.asp>.

Table 768. **Corporate Profits With Inventory Valuation and Capital Consumption Adjustments—Financial and Nonfinancial Industries: 2000 to 2006**

[**In billions of dollars (818 represents $818,000,000,000)**. Based on the North American Industry Classification System 1997; see text, this section. Minus sign (–) indicates loss. See headnote, Table 767]

Item	2000	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
Corporate profits with IVA/CCA [1]	**818**	**886**	**993**	**1,183**	**1,331**	**1,616**
Domestic industries	672	731	828	1,006	1,134	1,373
Rest of the world	146	156	166	176	197	243
Corporate profits with IVA [1]	**759**	**766**	**895**	**1,105**	**1,486**	**1,777**
Domestic industries	614	610	729	928	1,289	1,533
Financial [2]	200	276	317	344	389	499
Nonfinancial	413	334	412	584	900	1,035
Utilities	24	11	12	16	30	49
Manufacturing	144	48	76	150	255	312
Wholesale trade	60	49	55	70	98	106
Retail trade	60	79	87	89	114	130
Transportation and warehousing	15	–1	7	12	21	35
Information	–18	–9	3	38	78	88
Other nonfinancial [3]	128	156	172	209	305	316
Rest of the world	146	156	166	176	197	243

[1] Inventory valuation adjustment and capital consumption adjustment. [2] Consists of finance and insurance and bank and other holding companies. [3] Consists of agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting; mining; construction; real estate and rental and leasing; professional, scientific, and technical services; administrative and waste management services; educational services; health care and social assistance; arts, entertainment, and recreation; accommodation and food services; and other services, except government.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis, *Survey of Current Business,* May 2007. See also <http://www.bea.gov/national/nipaweb/Index.asp>.

Table 769. **Corporate Profits Before Taxes by Industry: 2000 to 2005**

[**In billions of dollars (773 represents $773,000,000,000).** Profits are without inventory valuation and capital consumption adjustments. Minus sign (–) indicates loss. See headnote, Table 767]

Industry	1997 NAICS code [1]	2000	2002	2003	2004	2005
Corporate profits before tax	**(X)**	**773**	**768**	**908**	**1,144**	**1,519**
Domestic industries	(X)	628	613	743	968	1,322
Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting	11	2	(Z)	2	3	5
Mining	21	15	5	16	22	39
Utilities	221	25	11	12	17	31
Construction	23	42	47	39	55	83
Manufacturing	31–33	153	48	83	172	271
Wholesale trade	42	62	52	60	79	104
Retail trade	44–45	61	79	88	95	120
Transportation and warehousing	48–49	15	–1	7	12	22
Information	51	–18	–9	3	37	77
Finance and insurance	52	113	158	196	204	222
Real estate and rental and leasing	53	9	10	10	12	24
Professional, scientific, and technical services	54	1	20	26	31	42
Management of companies and enterprises [2]	551111,551112	87	119	121	141	167
Admin/support waste mgt/remediation services	56	9	10	14	16	21
Educational services	61	2	3	3	4	5
Health care and social assistance	62	25	37	40	40	52
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	71	2	4	3	4	6
Accommodation and food services	72	14	13	12	16	22
Other services, except public administration	81	8	7	8	8	10
Rest of the world [3]	(X)	146	156	165	176	197

X Not applicable. Z Less than $500 million. [1] Based on North American Industry Classification System, 1997; see text, this section. [2] Consists of bank and other holding companies. [3] Consists of receipts by all U.S. residents, including both corporations and persons, of dividends from foreign corporations, and, for U.S. corporations, their share of reinvested earnings of their incorporated foreign affiliates, and earnings of unincorporated foreign affiliates, net of corresponding payments.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis, *Survey of Current Business*, August 2006. See also <http://www.bea.gov/national/nipaweb/Index.asp>.

Table 770. **Manufacturing, Mining, and Trade Corporations—Profits and Stockholders' Equity by Industry: 2005 and 2006**

[**Averages of quarterly figures at annual rates.** Manufacturing data exclude estimates for corporations with less than $250,000 in assets at time of sample selection. Based on sample; see source for discussion of methodology. Based on North American Industry Classification System (NAICS), 2002; see text, this section. Minus sign (–) indicates loss]

Industry	2002 NAICS code	Ratio of profits after taxes to stockholders' equity (percent)		Profits after taxes per dollar of sales (cents)		Ratio of stockholders' equity to debt	
		2005	2006	2005	2006	2005	2006
Manufacturing	**31–33**	**16.6**	**18.0**	**7.4**	**8.3**	**1.9**	**2.0**
Nondurable manufacturing	(X)	21.7	21.9	9.0	9.8	1.6	1.8
Food	311	17.5	19.0	4.8	5.3	1.1	1.1
Beverage and tobacco products	312	25.8	24.6	16.3	17.1	1.2	1.5
Textile mills and textile product mills	313, 314	9.9	8.0	3.1	3.0	1.5	1.8
Apparel and leather products	315, 316	20.7	20.3	7.1	7.7	2.1	2.4
Paper	322	7.2	11.4	2.9	4.3	0.9	1.0
Printing and related support activities	323	12.4	18.6	2.6	4.0	0.8	0.7
Petroleum and coal products	324	30.4	28.3	10.1	10.6	3.0	3.1
Chemicals	325	18.8	19.4	12.6	13.9	1.7	1.9
Plastics and rubber products	326	16.1	15.5	3.6	3.6	0.7	0.8
Durable manufacturing	(X)	12.4	14.4	5.9	6.8	2.2	2.3
Wood products	321	17.8	17.7	4.5	4.8	1.3	1.3
Nonmetallic mineral products	327	0.2	23.3	–0.5	7.7	1.1	1.1
Primary metals	331	17.9	23.8	6.7	8.7	1.8	2.0
Fabricated metal products	332	20.4	24.6	6.1	7.5	1.4	1.6
Machinery	333	13.6	17.7	5.8	7.7	1.8	2.1
Computer and electronic products	334	11.7	13.4	10.4	12.0	4.4	4.3
Electrical equipment, appliances, & components	335	14.9	18.1	12.0	14.1	3.9	3.8
Transportation equipment	336	6.3	2.0	1.6	0.5	1.3	1.2
Furniture and related products	337	17.2	17.7	5.1	5.2	1.5	1.2
Miscellaneous manufacturing	339	15.7	11.1	10.4	8.1	2.2	2.7
All mining	**21**	**20.6**	**20.4**	**25.2**	**27.0**	**2.3**	**2.4**
All wholesale trade	**42**	**16.0**	**14.8**	**2.4**	**2.1**	**1.8**	**1.7**
Durable goods	421	12.8	13.5	2.5	2.6	1.9	1.8
Nondurable goods	422	21.3	17.6	2.3	1.6	1.6	1.4
All retail trade	**44–45**	**16.8**	**16.2**	**3.2**	**3.2**	**1.8**	**1.8**
Food and beverage stores	445	12.6	13.8	1.5	1.7	1.0	1.2
Clothing and general merchandise stores	448, 452	17.0	15.3	4.1	3.9	2.0	2.2
All other retail trade	(X)	17.7	18.0	3.3	3.3	1.9	1.7

X Not applicable.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, *Quarterly Financial Report for Manufacturing, Mining, and Trade Corporations*.

Table 771. **Value Added, Employment, and Capital Expenditures of Nonbank U.S. Multinational Companies: 1994 to 2004**

[**Value added and capital expenditures in billions of dollars (1,717 represents $1,717,000,000,000); employees in thousands**. See headnote, Table 772. MNC = Multinational company. MOFA = Majority-owned foreign affiliate. Minus sign (–) indicates decrease]

Item								Percent change at annual rates	
	1994 [1]	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	1994–1999	1999–2004
VALUE ADDED									
MNCs worldwide:									
Parents and all affiliates	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Parents and MOFAs	1,717	2,481	2,748	2,478	2,460	2,656	3,040	7.6	4.2
Parents	1,314	1,914	2,141	1,892	1,859	1,958	2,216	7.8	3.0
Affiliates, total	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
MOFAs	404	566	607	586	602	698	824	7.0	7.8
Other	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
EMPLOYEES									
MNCs worldwide:									
Parents and all affiliates	25,670	32,227	33,598	32,539	31,894	30,762	31,406	4.7	–0.5
Parents and MOFAs	24,273	30,773	32,057	30,929	30,373	29,347	29,995	4.9	–0.5
Parents	18,565	23,007	23,885	22,735	22,118	21,105	21,378	4.4	–1.5
Affiliates, total	7,105	9,220	9,713	9,804	9,776	9,658	10,028	5.4	1.7
MOFAs	5,707	7,766	8,171	8,194	8,256	8,242	8,617	6.4	2.1
Other	1,398	1,454	1,542	1,610	1,520	1,415	1,411	0.8	–0.6
CAPITAL EXPENDITURES									
MNCs worldwide:									
Parents and all affiliates	328	514	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Parents and MOFAs	303	483	507	524	443	425	432	9.4	–3.2
Parents	232	370	396	413	333	315	309	9.8	–4.9
Affiliates, total	96	144	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
MOFAs	71	113	111	111	110	110	123	7.9	2.2
Other	25	31	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)

NA Not available. [1] Data for 1994 are not strictly comparable with data beginning 1999; see source.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis, *Survey of Current Business*, November 2006.

Table 772. **U.S. Multinational Companies—Selected Characteristics: 2004**

[**Preliminary. In billions of dollars (15,778 represents $15,778,000,000,000), except as indicated.** Consists of nonbank U.S. parent companies and their nonbank foreign affiliates. U.S. parent comprises the domestic operations of a multinational and is a U.S. person that owns or controls directly or indirectly, 10 percent or more of the voting securities of an incorporated foreign business enterprise, or an equivalent interest in an unincorporated foreign business enterprise. A U.S. person can be an incorporated business enterprise. A majority-owned foreign affiliate (MOFA) is a foreign business enterprise in which a U.S. parent company owns or controls more than 50 percent of the voting securities]

Industry [1]	2002 NAICS code	U.S. parents				MOFAs		
		Total assets	Capital expenditures	Value added	Employment (1,000)	Capital expenditures	Value added	Employment (1,000)
All industries	**(X)**	**15,778**	**308.7**	**2,216**	**21,378**	**123.1**	**824**	**8,617**
Mining	21	227	15.4	40	183	29.0	95	164
Utilities	22	685	29.4	93	310	3.1	10	60
Manufacturing [2]	31–33	4,848	119.1	1,011	7,864	51.1	391	4,309
Petroleum and coal products	324	427	16.0	120	212	3.4	61	39
Chemicals	325	770	19.4	176	924	9.9	76	562
Computers and electronic products	334	508	13.5	111	944	7.1	39	645
Transportation equipment	336	1,678	34.2	202	1,858	11.9	55	946
Wholesale trade	42	432	18.9	104	795	7.0	122	734
Information [2]	51	1,407	47.2	259	1,787	4.2	37	318
Broadcasting (except Internet) and telecommunications	515,517	931	39.5	165	1,054	2.7	11	83
Finance (except depository institutions) and insurance	52 exc. 521, 522	6,805	17.9	177	1,217	7.6	39	243
Professional, scientific, and technical services	54	264	7.9	115	959	3.1	46	475
Other industries [2]	(X)	1,110	52.9	416	8,262	17.9	87	2,315
Retail trade	44–45	344	22.8	175	3,919	3.7	32	724

X Not applicable. [1] Represents North American Industry Classification System 2002-based industry of U.S. parent or industry of foreign affiliate. [2] Includes other industries not shown separately.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis, *Survey of Current Business*, November 2006 and unpublished data.

Table 773. **U.S. Multinational Companies—Value Added: 2000 and 2004**

[**In billions of dollars (2,748 represents $2,748,000,000,000)**. See headnote, Table 772. Data are by industry of U.S. parent. Based on the North American Industry Classification System, 2002 (NAICS); see text this section]

Industry	2002 NAICS code	U.S. multinationals		U.S. parents		Majority-owned foreign affiliates	
		2000	2004	2000	2004	2000	2004
All industries	**(X)**	**2,748**	**3,040**	**2,141**	**2,216**	**607**	**824**
Mining	21	39	64	28	40	11	24
Utilities	22	86	101	81	93	5	8
Manufacturing [1]	31–33	1,410	1,574	995	1,011	415	563
Petroleum and coal products	324	232	282	112	120	120	162
Chemicals	325	212	275	141	176	71	99
Computers and electronic products	334	188	164	142	111	46	54
Transportation equipment	336	271	281	209	202	62	79
Wholesale trade	42	133	134	99	104	34	30
Information [1]	51	325	295	302	259	22	36
Broadcasting (except Internet) and telecommunications	515,517	226	175	218	165	8	10
Finance (except depository institutions) and insurance	52 exc. 521,522	181	217	157	177	24	40
Professional, scientific, and technical services	54	141	166	101	115	41	51
Other industries [1]	(X)	433	488	379	416	54	72
Retail trade	44–45	166	196	149	175	18	21

X Not applicable. [1] Includes other industries not shown separately.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis, *Survey of Current Business*, November 2003 and November 2006.

Table 774. **U.S. Majority-Owned Foreign Affiliates—Value Added by Industry of Affiliate and Country: 2004**

[**In millions of dollars (824,336 represents $824,336,000,000**. See headnote, Table 772. Numbers in parentheses represent North American Industry Classification System 2002 codes; see text, this section]

Country	All industries [1]	Mining (21)	Manufacturing (31–33)			Wholesale trade (42)	Professional, scientific, and technical services (54)
			Total [1]	Chemicals (325)	Transportation equipment (336)		
All countries [2]	**824,336**	**94,662**	**390,714**	**76,457**	**55,476**	**121,597**	**45,804**
United Kingdom	132,527	11,081	53,473	8,648	5,222	13,890	12,260
Canada	94,205	15,259	47,554	5,442	11,680	7,366	2,027
Germany	74,184	1,478	41,825	5,286	11,162	18,165	3,725
France	47,717	105	26,194	6,278	3,851	7,792	2,371
Japan	46,491	4	20,244	4,664	490	7,525	6,006
Australia	29,853	4,393	11,227	1,882	1,853	4,870	2,720
Italy	29,292	18	20,230	3,914	1,396	4,221	1,529
Netherlands	28,220	1,025	14,900	3,933	1,896	4,442	2,323
Ireland	27,022	17	19,187	8,696	63	3,027	569
Mexico	22,383	1,228	14,703	3,158	4,646	1,116	415

[1] Includes other industries not shown separately. [2] Includes other countries not shown separately.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis, *Survey of Current Business*, November 2006.