Section 12

Labor Force, Employment, and Earnings

This section presents statistics on the labor force; its distribution by occupation and industry affiliation; and the supply of, demand for, and conditions of labor. The chief source of these data is the Current Population Survey (CPS) conducted by the U.S. Census Bureau for the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS). Comprehensive historical and current data are available from the BLS Internet site <http://www.bls.gov/cps/>. These data are published on a current basis in the BLS monthly publication *Employment and Earnings.* Detailed data on the labor force are also available from the Census Bureau's decennial census of population.

Types of data—Most statistics in this section are obtained by two methods: household interviews or questionnaires and reports of establishment payroll records. Each method provides data that the other cannot suitably supply. Population characteristics, for example, are readily obtainable only from the household survey, while detailed industrial classifications can be readily derived only from establishment records.

Household data are obtained from a monthly sample survey of the population. The CPS is used to gather data for the calendar week including the 12th of the month and provides current comprehensive data on the labor force (see text, Section 1, Population). The CPS provides information on the work status of the population without duplication since each person is classified as employed, unemployed, or not in the labor force. Employed persons holding more than one job are counted only once, according to the job at which they worked the most hours during the survey week.

Monthly, quarterly, and annual data from the CPS are published by BLS in *Employment and Earnings*. Data presented include national totals of the number of persons in the civilian labor force by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino origin, and age; the number employed; hours of work; industry and occupational groups; and the number unemployed, reasons for, and duration of unemployment. Annual data shown in this section are averages of monthly figures for each calendar year, unless otherwise specified. Historical national CPS data are available on the Web site <http://www.bls.gov/cps/>.

The CPS also produces annual estimates of employment and unemployment for each state, 50 large metropolitan statistical areas, and selected cities. These estimates are published by BLS in its annual *Geographic Profile of Employment and Unemployment* available at <http://www.bls.gov/opub/gp/laugp.htm>. More detailed geographic data (e.g., for counties and cities) are provided by the decennial population censuses.

Data based on establishment records are compiled by BLS and cooperating state agencies as part of an ongoing Current Employment Statistics program. Survey data, gathered monthly from a sample of employers through electronic interviewing (including electronic data interchange, touchtone data entry, and computer-assisted telephone interviewing) or by mail, fax, on magnetic tape or computer diskette, are supplemented by data from other government agencies and adjusted at intervals to data from government social insurance program reports. The estimates exclude self-employed persons, private household workers, unpaid family workers, agricultural workers, and the Armed Forces. In March 2006, reporting establishments employed 3.9 million manufacturing workers (27 percent of the total manufacturing employment at the time), 20.8 million workers in private nonmanufacturing industries (21 percent of the total in private nonmanufacturing), and 15.5 million federal, state, and local government employees (70 percent of total government).

The establishment survey counts workers each time they appear on a payroll during the reference period (the payroll period that includes the 12th of the month). Thus, unlike the CPS, a person with two jobs is counted twice. The establishment survey is designed to provide detailed industry information for the nation, states, and metropolitan areas on nonfarm wage and salary employment, average weekly hours, and average hourly and weekly earnings. Establishment survey data also are published in *Employment and Earnings*. Historical national data are available on the Web site <http://www.bls.gov/ces/>. Historical data for states and metropolitan areas are available on the Web site <http://www.bls.gov/sae/>.

In June 2003, BLS completed a comprehensive sample redesign of the establishment survey begun in June 2000, changing from a quota-based sample to a probability-based sample. Also in June 2003, all establishment survey employment, hours, and earnings series were converted from being classified by the 1987 Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) system to being classified by the 2002 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS). The NAICS conversion resulted in major definitional changes to many of the previously published SIC-based series. All establishment survey historical time series were reconstructed as part of the NAICS conversion process and all published series have a NAICS-based history extending back to at least 1990. For total nonfarm industries and other high-level aggregates, NAICS history was reconstructed back to the previously existing start date for the series, 1939 in most cases. More information on the sample redesign, the conversion to NAICS, and other changes to the establishment survey implemented in June 2003 appears in "Revisions to the Current Employment Statistics National Estimates Effective May 2003" in the June 2003 issue of *Employment and Earnings,* as well as the Establishment Data portion of the Explanatory Notes and Estimates of Error section of *Employment and Earnings*.

The completion of the sample redesign and the conversion to NAICS for state and metropolitan area establishment survey data were implemented in March 2003 with the release of January 2003 estimates. For a discussion of the changes to the state and area establishment survey data, see "Revisions to the Current Employment Statistics State and Area Estimates Effective January 2003" in the March 2003 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

Labor force—According to the CPS definitions, the civilian labor force comprises all civilians in the noninstitutionalized population 16 years and over classified as "employed" or "unemployed" according to the following criteria: Employed civilians comprise (a) all civilians, who, during the reference week, did any work for pay or profit (minimum of an hour's work) or worked 15 hours or more as unpaid workers in a family enterprise and (b) all civilians who were not working but who had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent for noneconomic reasons (illness, weather conditions, vacation, labor-management dispute, etc.) whether they were paid for the time off or were seeking other jobs. Unemployed persons comprise all civilians who had no employment during the reference week, who made specific efforts to find a job within the previous 4 weeks (such as applying directly to an employer or to a public employment service or checking with friends) and who were available for work during that week, except for temporary illness. Persons on layoff from a job and expecting recall also are classified as unemployed. All other civilian persons, 16 years old and over, are classified as "not in the labor force."

Various breaks in the CPS data series have occurred over time due to the introduction of population adjustments and other changes. For details on these breaks in series and the effect that they had on the CPS data, see the section on noncomparability of labor force levels in the Household Data portion of the Explanatory Notes and Estimates of Error section of *Employment and Earnings* available on the site <http://www.bls.gov/cps/eetech_methods.pdf>.

Beginning in January 2006, the CPS data reflect the introduction of revised population controls. The effect of the revised

population controls on the monthly CPS estimates was to decrease the December 2005 employment level by 123,000 and the civilian noninstitutional population by 67,000. The updated controls had little or no effect on unemployment rates and other ratios. For additional information on the effects of the revised population controls on estimates from the CPS, see "Adjustments to Household Survey Population Estimates in January 2006" in the February 2006 issue of *Employment and Earnings*, available on the Internet at <http://www.bls.gov/cps/cps06adj.pdf>.

Hours and earnings—Average hourly earnings, based on establishment data, are gross earnings (i.e., earnings before payroll deductions) and include overtime premiums; they exclude irregular bonuses and value of payments in kind. Hours are those for which pay was received. Wages and salaries from the CPS consist of total monies received for work performed by an employee during the income year. It includes wages, salaries, commissions, tips, piece-rate payments, and cash bonuses earned before deductions were made for taxes, bonds, union dues, etc. Persons who worked 35 hours or more are classified as working full-time.

Industry and occupational groups—Industry data derived from the CPS for 1983–91 utilize the 1980 census industrial classification developed from the 1972 SIC. CPS data from 1971 to 1982 were based on the 1970 census classification system, which was developed from the 1967 SIC. Most of the industry categories were not affected by the change in classification.

The occupational classification system used in the 1980 census and in the CPS for 1983–91, evolved from the 1980 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system, first introduced in 1977. Occupational categories used in the 1980 census classification system are so radically different from the 1970 census system used in the CPS through 1982, that their implementation represented a break in historical data series. In cases where data have not yet been converted to the 1980 classifications and still reflect the 1970 classifications (e.g., Table 629), comparisons between the two systems should not be made.

Beginning in January 1992, the occupational and industrial classification systems used in the 1990 census were introduced into the CPS. (These systems were largely based on the 1980 SOC and the 1987 SIC systems, respectively.)

Beginning in 2003, the 2002 Census Bureau occupational and industrial classification systems were introduced into the CPS. These systems were derived from the 2000 SOC and the 2002 NAICS. The composition of detailed occupational and industrial classifications in the new classification systems was substantially changed from the previous systems in use, as was the structure for aggregating them into broad groups. Consequently, the use of the new classification systems created breaks in existing data series at all levels of aggregation. CPS data using the new classification systems are available beginning 2000. Additional information on the 2002 Census Bureau occupational and industrial classifications systems appears in "Revisions to the Current Population Survey Effective in January 2003" in the February 2003 issue of *Employment and Earnings*, available on the BLS Web site <http://www.bls.gov/cps/rvcps03.pdf>.

For details on the changes over time in the industrial and occupational classification systems used in the CPS, see the section on changes in the occupational and industrial classification systems in the Household Data portion of the Explanatory Notes and Estimates of Error section of *Employment and Earnings* available on the site <http://www.bls.gov/cps/eetech_methods.pdf>.

Establishments responding to the establishment survey are classified according to the 2002 NAICS. Previously they were classified according to the SIC manual. See text, Section 15, Business Enterprise, for information about the SIC manual and NAICS.

Productivity—BLS publishes data on productivity as measured by output per hour (labor productivity), output per combined unit of labor and capital input (multifactor productivity), and, for industry groups and industries, output per combined unit of capital, labor, energy, materials, and

purchased service inputs. Labor productivity and related indexes are published for the business sector as a whole and its major subsectors: nonfarm business, manufacturing, and nonfinancial corporations, and for over 200 detailed industries. Productivity indexes that take into account capital, labor, energy, materials, and service inputs are published for 18 major manufacturing industry groups, 86 detailed manufacturing industries, utility services, and air and railroad transportation. The major sector data are published in the BLS quarterly news release *Productivity and Costs* and in the annual *Multifactor Productivity Trends* release. Industry productivity measures are updated and published annually in the news releases *Productivity and Costs by Industry* and *Multifactor Productivity Trends by Industry*. The latest data are available at the Labor Productivity and Costs Web site <http://www.bls.gov/lpc/home.htm> and the Multifactor Productivity Web site <http://www.bls.gov/mfp.home.htm>. Detailed information on methods, limitations, and data sources appears in the BLS *Handbook of Methods*, BLS Bulletin 2490 (1997), Chapters 10 and 11.

Unions—As defined here, unions include traditional labor unions and employee associations similar to labor unions. Data on union membership status provided by BLS are for employed wage and salary workers and relate to their principal job. Earnings by union membership status are usual weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers. The information is collected through the Current Population Survey.

Work stoppages—Work stoppages include all strikes and lockouts known to BLS that last for at least 1 full day or shift and involve 1,000 or more workers. All stoppages, whether or not authorized by a union, legal or illegal, are counted. Excluded are work slowdowns and instances where employees report to work late or leave early to attend mass meetings or mass rallies.

Seasonal adjustment—Many economic statistics reflect a regularly recurring seasonal movement that can be estimated on the basis of past experience. By eliminating that part of the change which can be ascribed to usual seasonal variation (e.g., climate or school openings and closings), it is possible to observe the cyclical and other nonseasonal movements in the series. However, in evaluating deviations from the seasonal pattern—that is, changes in a seasonally adjusted series—it is important to note that seasonal adjustment is merely an approximation based on past experience. Seasonally adjusted estimates have a broader margin of possible error than the original data on which they are based, since they are subject not only to sampling and other errors, but also are affected by the uncertainties of the adjustment process itself.

Statistical reliability—For discussion of statistical collection, estimation, sampling procedures, and measures of statistical reliability applicable to Census Bureau and BLS data, see Appendix III.

Table 569. **Civilian Population—Employment Status: 1970 to 2006**

[**In thousands (137,085 represents 137,085,000), except as indicated.** Annual averages of monthly figures. Civilian noninstitutional population 16 years old and over. Based on Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1, and Appendix III]

Year	Civilian noninstitutional population	Civilian labor force						Not in labor force	
						Unemployed			
		Total	Percent of population	Employed	Employment/population ratio[1]	Number	Percent of labor force	Number	Percent of population
1970	137,085	82,771	60.4	78,678	57.4	4,093	4.9	54,315	39.6
1980	167,745	106,940	63.8	99,303	59.2	7,637	7.1	60,806	36.2
1985	178,206	115,461	64.8	107,150	60.1	8,312	7.2	62,744	35.2
1989	186,393	123,869	66.5	117,342	63.0	6,528	5.3	62,523	33.5
1990 [2]	189,164	125,840	66.5	118,793	62.8	7,047	5.6	63,324	33.5
1991	190,925	126,346	66.2	117,718	61.7	8,628	6.8	64,578	33.8
1992	192,805	128,105	66.4	118,492	61.5	9,613	7.5	64,700	33.6
1993	194,838	129,200	66.3	120,259	61.7	8,940	6.9	65,638	33.7
1994 [2]	196,814	131,056	66.6	123,060	62.5	7,996	6.1	65,758	33.4
1995	198,584	132,304	66.6	124,900	62.9	7,404	5.6	66,280	33.4
1996	200,591	133,943	66.8	126,708	63.2	7,236	5.4	66,647	33.2
1997 [2]	203,133	136,297	67.1	129,558	63.8	6,739	4.9	66,837	32.9
1998 [2]	205,220	137,673	67.1	131,463	64.1	6,210	4.5	67,547	32.9
1999 [2]	207,753	139,368	67.1	133,488	64.3	5,880	4.2	68,385	32.9
2000 [2]	212,577	142,583	67.1	136,891	64.4	5,692	4.0	69,994	32.9
2001	215,092	143,734	66.8	136,933	63.7	6,801	4.7	71,359	33.2
2002	217,570	144,863	66.6	136,485	62.7	8,378	5.8	72,707	33.4
2003 [2]	221,168	146,510	66.2	137,736	62.3	8,774	6.0	74,658	33.8
2004 [2]	223,357	147,401	66.0	139,252	62.3	8,149	5.5	75,956	34.0
2005 [2]	226,082	149,320	66.0	141,730	62.7	7,591	5.1	76,762	34.0
2006 [2]	228,815	151,428	66.2	144,427	63.1	7,001	4.6	77,387	33.8

[1] Civilian employed as a percent of the civilian noninstitutional population. [2] Data not strictly comparable with data for earlier years. See text, this section, and February 1994, March 1996, February 1997–99, and February 2003–07 issues of *Employment and Earnings.*

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Bulletin 2307; and *Employment and Earnings,* monthly, January 2007 issue. See Internet site <http://www.bls.gov/cps/home.htm>.

Table 570. **Civilian Labor Force and Participation Rates With Projections: 1980 to 2014**

[**106.9 represents 106,900,000.** Civilian noninstitutional population 16 years old and over. Annual averages of monthly figures. Rates are based on annual average civilian noninstitutional population of each specified group and represent proportion of each specified group in the civilian labor force. Based on Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1, and Appendix III]

Race, Hispanic origin, sex, and age	Civilian labor force (millions)						Participation rate (percent)					
	1980	1990 [1]	2000 [1]	2005 [1]	2006 [1]	2014, proj.	1980	1990 [1]	2000 [1]	2005 [1]	2006 [1]	2014, proj.
Total [2]	**106.9**	**125.8**	**142.6**	**149.3**	**151.4**	**162.1**	**63.8**	**66.5**	**67.1**	**66.0**	**66.2**	**65.6**
White [3]	93.6	107.4	118.5	122.3	123.8	129.9	64.1	66.9	67.3	66.3	66.5	65.9
Male	54.5	59.6	64.5	66.7	67.6	70.3	78.2	77.1	75.5	74.1	74.3	72.7
Female	39.1	47.8	54.1	55.6	56.2	59.6	51.2	57.4	59.5	58.9	59.0	59.3
Black [3]	10.9	13.7	16.4	17.0	17.3	19.4	61.0	64.0	65.8	64.2	64.1	63.4
Male	5.6	6.8	7.7	8.0	8.1	9.1	70.3	71.0	69.2	67.3	67.0	64.7
Female	5.3	6.9	8.7	9.0	9.2	10.4	53.1	58.3	63.1	61.6	61.7	62.3
Asian [3, 4]	(NA)	(NA)	6.3	6.5	6.7	8.3	(NA)	(NA)	67.2	66.1	66.2	65.7
Male	(NA)	(NA)	3.4	3.5	3.6	4.4	(NA)	(NA)	76.1	74.8	75.0	74.4
Female	(NA)	(NA)	2.9	3.0	3.1	3.9	(NA)	(NA)	59.2	58.2	58.3	58.1
Hispanic [5]	6.1	10.7	16.7	19.8	20.7	25.8	64.0	67.4	69.7	68.0	68.7	69.2
Male	3.8	6.5	9.9	12.0	12.5	14.9	81.4	81.4	81.5	80.1	80.7	78.6
Female	2.3	4.2	6.8	7.8	8.2	10.8	47.4	53.1	57.5	55.3	56.1	59.3
Male	61.5	69.0	76.3	80.0	81.3	86.2	77.4	76.4	74.8	73.3	73.5	71.8
16 to 19 years	5.0	4.1	4.3	3.6	3.7	3.1	60.5	55.7	52.8	43.2	43.7	38.1
20 to 24 years	8.6	7.9	7.5	8.1	8.1	8.3	85.9	84.4	82.6	79.1	79.6	77.0
25 to 34 years	17.0	19.9	17.8	17.8	17.9	20.6	95.2	94.1	93.4	91.7	91.7	95.3
35 to 44 years	11.8	17.5	20.1	19.5	19.4	18.1	95.5	94.3	92.7	92.1	92.1	90.7
45 to 54 years	9.9	11.1	16.3	18.1	18.5	18.4	91.2	90.7	88.6	87.7	88.1	86.6
55 to 64 years	7.2	6.6	7.8	10.0	10.5	13.0	72.1	67.8	67.3	69.3	69.6	68.7
65 years and over	1.9	2.0	2.5	3.0	3.1	4.8	19.0	16.3	17.7	19.8	20.3	24.6
Female	45.5	56.8	66.3	69.3	70.2	75.9	51.5	57.5	59.9	59.3	59.4	59.7
16 to 19 years	4.4	3.7	4.0	3.6	3.6	3.2	52.9	51.6	51.2	44.2	43.7	40.4
20 to 24 years	7.3	6.8	6.7	7.1	7.0	7.6	68.9	71.3	73.1	70.1	69.5	70.6
25 to 34 years	12.3	16.1	14.9	14.5	14.6	16.2	65.5	73.5	76.1	73.9	74.4	75.4
35 to 44 years	8.6	14.7	17.5	16.5	16.4	15.3	65.5	76.4	77.2	75.8	75.9	75.4
45 to 54 years	7.0	9.1	14.8	16.3	16.7	17.2	59.9	71.2	76.8	76.0	76.0	78.1
55 to 64 years	4.7	4.9	6.6	8.9	9.5	12.6	41.3	45.2	51.9	57.0	58.2	61.9
65 years and over	1.2	1.5	1.8	2.3	2.4	3.9	8.1	8.6	9.4	11.5	11.7	15.9

NA Not available. [1] See footnote 2, Table 569. [2] Includes other races, not shown separately. [3] The 2003 Current Population Survey (CPS) allowed respondents to choose more than one race. Beginning 2003, data represent persons who selected this race group only and exclude persons reporting more than one race. The CPS in prior years only allowed respondents to report one race group. See also comments on race in the text for Section 1. [4] Prior to 2005, includes Pacific Islanders. [5] Persons of Hispanic or Latino origin may be of any race.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *Employment and Earnings*, monthly, January 2007 issue; *Monthly Labor Review*, November 2005; and unpublished data. See Internet site <http://www.bls.gov/cps/home.htm>.

Table 571. **Civilian Population—Employment Status by Sex, Race, and Ethnicity: 1970 to 2006**

[**In thousands (64,304 represents 64,304,000), except as indicated**. Annual averages of monthly figures. See Table 569 for U.S. totals and coverage]

Year, sex, race, and Hispanic origin	Civilian noninstitutional population	Civilian labor force						Not in labor force	
						Unemployed			
		Total	Percent of population	Employed	Employment/population ratio [1]	Number	Percent of labor force	Number	Percent of population
Male: 1970	64,304	51,228	79.7	48,990	76.2	2,238	4.4	13,076	20.3
1980	79,398	61,453	77.4	57,186	72.0	4,267	6.9	17,945	22.6
1990 [2]	90,377	69,011	76.4	65,104	72.0	3,906	5.7	21,367	23.6
1995	95,178	71,360	75.0	67,377	70.8	3,983	5.6	23,818	25.0
2000 [2]	101,964	76,280	74.8	73,305	71.9	2,975	3.9	25,684	25.2
2004 [2]	107,710	78,980	73.3	74,524	69.2	4,456	5.6	28,730	26.7
2005 [2]	109,151	80,033	73.3	75,973	69.6	4,059	5.1	29,119	26.7
2006 [2]	110,605	81,255	73.5	77,502	70.1	3,753	4.6	29,350	26.5
Female:									
1970	72,782	31,543	43.3	29,688	40.8	1,855	5.9	41,239	56.7
1980	88,348	45,487	51.5	42,117	47.7	3,370	7.4	42,861	48.5
1990 [2]	98,787	56,829	57.5	53,689	54.3	3,140	5.5	41,957	42.5
1995	103,406	60,944	58.9	57,523	55.6	3,421	5.6	42,462	41.1
2000 [2]	110,613	66,303	59.9	63,586	57.5	2,717	4.1	44,310	40.1
2004 [2]	115,647	68,421	59.2	64,728	56.0	3,694	5.4	47,225	40.8
2005 [2]	116,931	69,288	59.3	65,757	56.2	3,531	5.1	47,643	40.7
2006 [2]	118,210	70,173	59.4	66,925	56.6	3,247	4.6	48,037	40.6
White: [3]									
1970	122,174	73,556	60.2	70,217	57.5	3,339	4.5	48,618	39.8
1980	146,122	93,600	64.1	87,715	60.0	5,884	6.3	52,523	35.9
1990 [2]	160,625	107,447	66.9	102,261	63.7	5,186	4.8	53,178	33.1
1995	166,914	111,950	67.1	106,490	63.8	5,459	4.9	54,965	32.9
2000 [2]	176,220	118,545	67.3	114,424	64.9	4,121	3.5	57,675	32.7
2004 [2]	182,643	121,086	66.3	115,239	63.1	5,847	4.8	61,558	33.7
2005 [2]	184,446	122,299	66.3	116,949	63.4	5,350	4.4	62,148	33.7
2006 [2]	186,264	123,834	66.5	118,833	63.8	5,002	4.0	62,429	33.5
Black: [3]									
1973	14,917	8,976	60.2	8,128	54.5	846	9.4	5,941	39.8
1980	17,824	10,865	61.0	9,313	52.2	1,553	14.3	6,959	39.0
1985	19,664	12,364	62.9	10,501	53.4	1,864	15.1	7,299	37.1
1990 [2]	21,477	13,740	64.0	12,175	56.7	1,565	11.4	7,737	36.0
1995	23,246	14,817	63.7	13,279	57.1	1,538	10.4	8,429	36.3
2000 [2]	24,902	16,397	65.8	15,156	60.9	1,241	7.6	8,505	34.2
2004 [2]	26,065	16,638	63.8	14,909	57.2	1,729	10.4	9,428	36.2
2005 [2]	26,517	17,013	64.2	15,313	57.7	1,700	10.0	9,504	35.8
2006 [2]	27,007	17,314	64.1	15,765	58.4	1,549	8.9	9,693	35.9
Asian: [3, 4]									
2000	9,330	6,270	67.2	6,043	64.8	227	3.6	3,060	32.8
2004 [2]	9,519	6,271	65.9	5,994	63.0	277	4.4	3,248	34.1
2005 [2]	9,842	6,503	66.1	6,244	63.4	259	4.0	3,339	33.9
2006 [2]	10,155	6,727	66.2	6,522	64.2	205	3.0	3,427	33.7
Hispanic: [5]									
1980	9,598	6,146	64.0	5,527	57.6	620	10.1	3,451	36.0
1985	11,915	7,698	64.6	6,888	57.8	811	10.5	4,217	35.4
1990 [2]	15,904	10,720	67.4	9,845	61.9	876	8.2	5,184	32.6
1995	18,629	12,267	65.8	11,127	59.7	1,140	9.3	6,362	34.2
2000 [2]	23,938	16,689	69.7	15,735	65.7	954	5.7	7,249	30.3
2003 [2]	27,551	18,813	68.3	17,372	63.1	1,441	7.7	8,738	31.7
2004 [2]	28,109	19,272	68.6	17,930	63.8	1,342	7.0	8,837	31.4
2005 [2]	29,133	19,824	68.0	18,632	64.0	1,191	6.0	9,310	32.0
2006 [2]	30,103	20,694	68.7	19,613	65.2	1,081	5.2	9,409	31.3
Mexican:									
1986	7,377	4,941	67.0	4,387	59.5	555	11.2	2,436	33.0
1990 [2]	9,752	6,707	68.8	6,146	63.0	561	8.4	3,045	31.2
1995	11,609	7,765	66.9	7,016	60.4	750	9.7	3,844	33.1
2000 [2]	15,333	10,783	70.3	10,144	66.2	639	5.9	4,550	29.7
2004 [2]	17,900	12,340	68.9	11,449	64.0	892	7.2	5,559	31.1
2005 [2]	18,523	12,671	68.4	11,887	64.2	784	6.2	5,851	31.6
2006 [2]	19,036	13,158	69.1	12,477	65.5	681	5.2	5,877	30.9
Puerto Rican:									
1986	1,494	804	53.8	691	46.3	113	14.0	690	46.2
1990 [2]	1,718	960	55.9	870	50.6	91	9.5	758	44.1
1995	1,896	1,098	57.9	974	51.4	123	11.2	798	42.1
2000 [2]	2,193	1,411	64.3	1,318	60.1	92	6.6	783	35.7
2004 [2]	2,547	1,610	63.2	1,481	58.1	130	8.1	936	36.7
2005 [2]	2,654	1,619	61.0	1,492	56.2	126	7.8	1,035	39.0
2006 [2]	2,600	1,599	61.5	1,484	57.1	115	7.2	1,001	38.5
Cuban:									
1986	842	570	67.7	533	63.3	36	6.4	272	32.3
1990 [2]	918	603	65.7	559	60.9	44	7.2	315	34.3
1995	1,019	613	60.2	568	55.7	45	7.4	406	39.8
2000 [2]	1,174	740	63.1	707	60.3	33	4.5	434	37.0
2004 [2]	1,264	769	60.9	735	58.1	34	4.5	495	39.2
2005 [2]	1,259	755	60.0	730	58.0	25	3.3	503	40.0
2006 [2]	1,326	807	60.9	778	58.7	29	3.6	519	39.1

[1] Civilian employed as a percent of the civilian noninstitutional population. [2] See footnote 2, Table 569. [3] Beginning 2003, for persons in this race group only. See footnote 3, Table 570. [4] Prior to 2003, includes Pacific Islanders. [5] Persons of Hispanic or Latino ethnicity may be of any race. Includes persons of other Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, not shown separately.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Bulletin 2307; and *Employment and Earnings,* monthly. January 2007 issue. See Internet site <http://www.bls.gov/cps/home.htm>.

Table 572. **Foreign-born and Native-born Populations—Employment Status by Selected Characteristics: 2006**

[**228,815 represents 228,815,000.** Civilian noninstitutional population 16 years old and over, except as indicated. Annual averages of monthly figures. Based on Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1, and Appendix III]

Characteristic	Civilian noninstitutional population (1,000)	Civilian labor force				
		Total (1,000)	Participation rate [1]	Employed (1,000)	Unemployed (1,000)	
					Number (1,000)	Unemployment rate
Total	**228,815**	**151,428**	**66.2**	**144,427**	**7,001**	**4.6**
Male	110,605	81,255	73.5	77,502	3,753	4.6
Female	118,210	70,173	59.4	66,925	3,247	4.6
FOREIGN BORN						
Total [2]	**33,733**	**23,148**	**68.6**	**22,225**	**923**	**4.0**
Sex:						
Male	16,989	13,885	81.7	13,395	491	3.5
Female	16,743	9,263	55.3	8,831	432	4.7
Age:						
16 to 24 years old	4,156	2,501	60.2	2,318	183	7.3
25 to 34 years old	7,997	6,267	78.4	6,027	240	3.8
35 to 44 years old	8,022	6,552	81.7	6,325	227	3.5
45 to 54 years old	5,896	4,740	80.4	4,575	165	3.5
55 to 64 years old	3,707	2,428	65.5	2,340	87	3.6
Race and Hispanic ethnicity:						
White non-Hispanic	7,329	4,503	61.4	4,344	159	3.5
Black non-Hispanic	2,450	1,807	73.7	1,708	99	5.5
Asian non-Hispanic	7,481	5,060	67.6	4,917	142	2.8
Hispanic [3]	16,156	11,549	71.5	11,034	514	4.5
Educational attainment:						
Total 25 years old and over	29,576	20,647	69.8	19,908	739	3.6
Less than a high school diploma	9,361	5,865	62.7	5,566	299	5.1
High school graduates, no college [4]	7,358	5,032	68.4	4,855	177	3.5
Some college or associate's degree	4,511	3,346	74.2	3,232	114	3.4
Bachelor's degree and higher [5]	8,347	6,405	76.7	6,255	149	2.3
NATIVE BORN						
Total [2]	**195,082**	**128,280**	**65.8**	**122,202**	**6,078**	**4.7**
Sex:						
Male	93,615	67,370	72.0	64,107	3,263	4.8
Female	101,467	60,910	60.0	58,095	2,815	4.6
Age:						
16 to 24 years old	32,787	19,893	60.7	17,723	2,170	10.9
25 to 34 years old	31,233	26,305	84.2	25,024	1,282	4.9
35 to 44 years old	34,731	29,296	84.3	28,244	1,051	3.6
45 to 54 years old	37,005	30,405	82.2	29,477	928	3.1
55 to 64 years old	27,668	17,557	63.5	17,049	508	2.9
65 years old and over	31,658	4,824	15.2	4,685	139	2.9
Race and Hispanic ethnicity:						
White non-Hispanic	150,979	100,126	66.3	96,262	3,864	3.9
Black non-Hispanic	23,668	14,905	63.0	13,500	1,405	9.4
Asian non-Hispanic	2,522	1,552	61.5	1,493	59	3.8
Hispanic [3]	13,947	9,145	65.6	8,578	567	6.2
Educational attainment:						
Total, 25 years and over	162,295	108,387	66.8	104,479	3,908	3.6
Less than a high school diploma	18,181	6,893	37.9	6,326	567	8.2
High school graduates, no college [4]	53,390	33,322	62.4	31,847	1,475	4.4
Some college or associate's degree	44,500	32,064	72.1	30,911	1,152	3.6
Bachelor's degree and higher [4]	46,224	36,108	78.1	35,394	714	2.0

[1] Civilian labor force as a percent of the civilian noninstitutional population. [2] Includes other races not shown separately. [3] Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race. [4] Includes persons with a high school diploma or equivalent. [5] Includes persons with bachelor's, master's, professional, and doctoral degrees.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *Foreign-Born Workers: Labor Force Characteristics in 2006, News,* USDL 07-0603, April 25, 2007.

Table 573. **Civilian Labor Force—Percent Distribution by Sex and Age: 1980 to 2006**

[**106,940 represents 106,940,000.** Civilian noninstitutional population 16 years old and over. Annual averages of monthly figures. Based on Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1, and Appendix III]

Year and sex	Civilian labor force (1,000)	Percent distribution						
		16 to 19 years	20 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 54 years	55 to 64 years	65 yrs. and over
Total: 1980	106,940	8.8	14.9	27.3	19.1	15.8	11.2	2.9
1990 [1]	125,840	6.2	11.7	28.6	25.5	16.1	9.2	2.7
2000 [1]	142,583	5.8	10.0	23.0	26.3	21.8	10.1	3.0
2005 [1]	149,320	4.8	10.1	21.7	24.1	23.0	12.7	3.5
2006 [1]	151,428	4.8	10.0	21.5	23.7	23.2	13.2	3.6
Male: 1980	61,453	8.1	14.0	27.6	19.3	16.1	11.8	3.1
1990 [1]	69,011	5.9	11.4	28.8	25.3	16.1	9.6	2.9
2000 [1]	76,280	5.6	9.9	23.4	26.3	21.3	10.2	3.3
2005 [1]	80,033	4.5	10.1	22.3	24.4	22.6	12.6	3.7
2006 [1]	81,255	4.5	10.0	22.1	23.9	22.8	12.9	3.8
Female: 1980	45,487	9.6	16.1	26.9	19.0	15.4	10.4	2.6
1990 [1]	56,829	6.5	12.0	28.3	25.8	16.1	8.7	2.6
2000 [1]	66,303	6.0	10.2	22.5	26.4	22.3	9.9	2.7
2005 [1]	69,288	5.2	10.2	20.9	23.9	23.6	12.9	3.3
2006 [1]	70,173	5.1	10.0	20.8	23.4	23.7	13.5	3.4

[1] See footnote 2, Table 569.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Bulletin 2307, and *Employment and Earnings,* monthly, January 2007 issue. See Internet site <http://www.bls.gov/cps/home.htm>.

Table 574. **Civilian Labor Force and Participation Rates by Educational Attainment, Sex, Race, and Hispanic Origin: 1992 to 2006**

[**106,490 represents 106,490,000.** Civilian noninstitutional population 25 years old and over. Annual averages of monthly figures. See Table 609 for unemployment data. Based on Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1, and Appendix III]

Year, sex, and race	Civilian labor force					Participation rate [1]				
		Percent distribution								
	Total (1,000)	Less than high school diploma	High school graduate, no degree	Less than a bachelor's degree	College graduate	Total	Less than high school diploma	High school graduate, no degree	Less than a bachelor's degree	College graduate
Total: [2]										
1992	106,490	12.6	35.6	25.4	26.4	66.5	41.2	66.4	75.3	81.3
1995	110,851	10.8	33.1	27.9	28.1	66.7	39.9	65.4	74.5	81.0
2000 [3]	120,061	10.4	31.4	27.7	30.5	67.3	43.5	64.4	73.9	79.4
2005 [3]	127,030	10.0	30.1	27.5	32.4	67.1	45.5	63.2	72.5	77.9
2006 [3]	129,034	9.9	29.7	27.4	32.9	67.2	46.3	63.1	72.2	77.9
Male:										
1992	58,439	14.1	34.0	24.0	27.9	77.0	54.7	78.3	83.9	86.9
1995	59,986	12.2	32.3	26.1	29.4	76.0	52.1	76.5	82.1	85.8
2000 [3]	64,490	11.8	31.1	25.9	31.2	76.1	56.0	75.1	80.9	84.4
2005 [3]	68,389	11.7	30.9	25.4	32.1	75.4	58.6	73.6	79.3	82.9
2006 [3]	69,446	11.7	30.6	25.2	32.5	75.5	59.8	73.3	79.1	82.7
Female:										
1992	48,051	10.7	37.5	27.1	24.7	57.1	29.5	56.8	67.8	74.8
1995	50,865	9.2	34.2	30.0	26.6	58.3	29.2	56.4	68.1	75.4
2000 [3]	55,572	8.8	31.8	29.7	29.7	59.4	32.3	55.5	68.0	74.0
2005 [3]	58,641	8.0	29.2	30.0	32.8	59.4	32.9	53.8	66.8	72.9
2006 [3]	59,588	7.8	28.7	30.0	33.5	59.6	33.2	53.8	66.6	73.1
White: [4]										
1992	90,627	11.8	35.5	25.5	27.2	66.3	41.1	65.4	74.6	81.0
1995	94,139	10.1	33.0	27.8	29.1	66.7	40.0	64.8	73.8	80.6
2000 [3]	99,964	10.1	31.4	27.5	31.0	67.0	44.1	63.6	73.1	79.0
2005 [3]	104,240	9.8	29.9	27.6	32.7	66.9	46.4	62.5	72.0	77.5
2006 [3]	105,698	9.8	29.7	27.4	33.2	67.1	47.4	62.5	71.7	77.5
Black: [4]										
1992	11,583	18.2	39.5	26.4	15.9	66.7	40.6	72.9	80.9	86.2
1995	12,152	13.9	37.1	30.7	18.3	66.0	36.2	69.7	79.8	85.6
2000 [3]	13,582	12.4	36.0	31.2	20.5	68.2	39.3	69.9	79.3	84.4
2005 [3]	14,252	11.2	36.4	30.2	22.2	67.2	39.8	67.9	75.6	82.0
2006 [3]	14,482	11.0	35.3	30.6	23.2	67.1	40.1	66.8	75.2	82.1
Asian: [4] [5]										
2000 [3]	5,402	9.1	20.7	20.2	50.1	70.9	46.0	65.6	76.4	79.1
2006 [3]	6,065	7.5	17.8	17.2	57.5	69.9	44.4	62.8	72.6	77.5
Hispanic: [6]										
1992	8,728	38.9	29.6	20.0	11.5	68.3	56.3	75.5	82.2	83.2
1995	9,599	37.2	29.3	21.7	11.7	67.5	55.3	74.3	79.7	83.1
2000 [3]	12,975	36.7	29.3	20.6	13.4	71.5	61.9	75.0	80.8	83.5
2005 [3]	16,135	35.5	29.4	20.9	14.2	70.8	61.4	74.3	78.8	81.7
2006 [3]	16,942	35.1	29.6	20.7	14.7	71.5	62.5	74.3	79.7	81.4

[1] See headnote, Table 570. [2] Includes other races, not shown separately. [3] See footnote 2, Table 569. [4] Beginning 2004, for persons in this race group only. See footnote 3, Table 570. [5] 2000 data include Pacific Islanders. [6] Persons of Hispanic or Latino origin may be of any race.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *Employment and Earnings,* monthly, January 2007 issue. See Internet site <http://www.bls.gov/cps/home.htm>.

Table 575. **Characteristics of the Civilian Labor Force by State: 2005**

[**In thousands (149,320 represents 149,320,000), except ratio and rate.** Civilian noninstitutional population, 16 years old and over. Annual averages of monthly figures. Because of separate processing and weighting procedures, the totals for the United States may differ from results obtained by aggregating totals for states]

State	Total		Employed		Employed population ratio [1]	Unemployed					Participation rate [3]	
						Total		Rate [2]				
	Number	Female	Total	Female		Number	Female	Total	Male	Female	Male	Female
United States.	**149,320**	**69,288**	**141,730**	**65,757**	**62.7**	**7,591**	**3,531**	**5.1**	**5.1**	**5.1**	**73.3**	**59.3**
Alabama	2,173	1,004	2,080	957	59.2	92	47	4.2	3.8	4.7	70.1	54.5
Alaska	343	159	320	151	67.3	23	9	6.7	7.6	5.6	77.2	66.9
Arizona	2,806	1,242	2,673	1,181	60.8	133	62	4.8	4.6	5.0	72.4	55.6
Arkansas	1,367	636	1,297	603	61.0	70	33	5.1	5.1	5.2	71.6	57.6
California	17,823	7,911	16,872	7,481	62.1	951	431	5.3	5.2	5.4	74.4	57.1
Colorado	2,525	1,140	2,401	1,080	68.2	124	60	4.9	4.6	5.3	79.4	64.2
Connecticut	1,819	867	1,728	821	63.5	91	45	5.0	4.8	5.2	73.5	60.9
Delaware	440	212	421	202	64.3	19	10	4.3	4.0	4.7	72.9	62.0
District of Columbia	296	152	278	142	63.4	18	10	6.2	5.7	6.7	71.8	64.1
Florida	8,715	4,046	8,401	3,888	60.5	314	158	3.6	3.3	3.9	70.1	56.0
Georgia	4,507	2,098	4,262	1,984	64.0	245	114	5.4	5.4	5.4	75.3	60.7
Hawaii	642	312	624	303	64.3	19	9	2.9	2.9	2.9	71.5	61.4
Idaho	743	340	713	325	67.2	30	15	4.0	3.6	4.5	76.8	63.2
Illinois	6,466	2,988	6,102	2,823	62.9	363	165	5.6	5.7	5.5	74.0	59.7
Indiana	3,217	1,488	3,034	1,400	63.7	182	88	5.7	5.4	5.9	74.8	60.7
Iowa	1,659	793	1,585	759	68.4	74	34	4.5	4.7	4.3	76.6	66.9
Kansas	1,476	683	1,401	649	67.3	75	34	5.1	5.1	5.0	78.2	64.0
Kentucky	2,007	959	1,883	898	58.5	123	61	6.1	5.9	6.4	67.7	57.4
Louisiana	2,095	1027	1,970	969	59.0	125	58	6.0	6.3	5.7	67.8	58.2
Maine	714	344	678	328	63.7	35	16	5.0	5.3	4.6	72.1	62.2
Maryland	2,935	1,416	2,812	1,354	65.7	123	61	4.2	4.1	4.3	75.4	62.5
Massachusetts	3,367	1,615	3,203	1,548	63.5	165	67	4.9	5.6	4.2	72.7	61.4
Michigan	5,127	2,391	4,787	2,240	61.4	340	151	6.6	6.9	6.3	72.7	59.3
Minnesota	2,928	1,386	2,814	1,340	70.6	114	46	3.9	4.4	3.3	78.7	68.5
Mississippi	1,330	636	1,238	589	56.8	92	47	6.9	6.4	7.4	67.7	55.1
Missouri	3,007	1,432	2,843	1,350	63.7	164	81	5.5	5.3	5.7	73.6	61.7
Montana	497	232	475	222	64.2	22	10	4.4	4.6	4.2	72.8	61.9
Nebraska	984	461	945	442	70.5	39	18	4.0	4.0	4.0	79.9	67.2
Nevada	1,227	540	1174	517	63.9	53	23	4.3	4.4	4.3	74.4	59.1
New Hampshire	738	344	711	332	68.8	27	12	3.7	3.8	3.5	78.0	65.1
New Jersey	4,468	2,042	4,271	1,946	63.5	197	96	4.4	4.2	4.7	75.3	58.2
New Mexico	949	439	898	418	61.3	50	20	5.3	5.9	4.7	72.3	57.7
New York	9,400	4,437	8,930	4,239	59.7	470	198	5.0	5.5	4.5	69.9	56.5
North Carolina	4,300	1,995	4,075	1,877	62.3	225	118	5.2	4.6	5.9	73.7	58.5
North Dakota	359	169	347	164	69.6	12	5	3.4	4.0	2.7	77.6	66.6
Ohio	5,913	2,839	5,561	2,679	62.7	352	160	6.0	6.2	5.7	72.4	61.5
Oklahoma	1,735	796	1,655	754	61.6	80	41	4.6	4.1	5.2	72.5	57.1
Oregon	1,843	859	1,732	808	61.3	111	51	6.0	6.1	5.9	70.9	59.7
Pennsylvania	6,286	2,971	5,976	2,821	61.3	310	149	4.9	4.8	5.0	71.2	58.3
Rhode Island	575	279	545	266	64.2	30	14	5.2	5.4	4.9	73.3	62.6
South Carolina	2,072	991	1,932	924	59.7	140	67	6.7	6.7	6.8	70.6	58.1
South Dakota	433	206	414	198	69.9	19	8	4.3	4.6	4.1	78.0	68.3
Tennessee	2,869	1,341	2,708	1,262	58.7	161	78	5.6	5.4	5.8	69.2	55.7
Texas	11,238	5,029	10,630	4,755	63.5	608	274	5.4	5.4	5.5	76.1	58.6
Utah	1,234	545	1,183	520	68.5	51	25	4.1	3.8	4.5	80.9	62.3
Vermont	355	171	342	166	68.1	13	5	3.5	4.0	3.1	74.9	66.4
Virginia	3,921	1,866	3,783	1,793	66.3	138	73	3.5	3.2	3.9	75.8	62.2
Washington	3,295	1,521	3,111	1,439	64.1	184	82	5.6	5.7	5.4	74.6	61.3
West Virginia	800	380	758	363	52.1	42	17	5.3	6.0	4.5	59.8	50.6
Wisconsin	3,024	1,433	2,882	1,367	66.7	142	66	4.7	4.8	4.6	75.2	65.0
Wyoming	283	128	273	123	68.2	10	5	3.6	3.6	3.6	78.2	63.4

[1] Civilian employment as a percent of civilian noninstitutional population. [2] Percent unemployed of the civilian labor force. [3] Percent of civilian noninstitutional population of each specified group in the civilian labor force.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Local Area Unemployment Statistics, *Geographic Profile of Employment and Unemployment, 2005 Annual Averages.* See Internet site <http://www.bls.gov/gps/>; (accessed 26 July 2007).

Table 576. **Civilian Labor Force by Selected Metropolitan Area: 2006**

[**151,428 represents 151,428,000.** Civilian noninstitutional population 16 years old and over. Annual averages of monthly figures. Data are derived from the Local Area Unemployment Statistics Program. For metro areas with a 2000 Census population of one million or more. For definition of metropolitan areas, see Appendix II. Metropolitan areas defined as of December 2005]

Metropolitan areas ranked by population, **2000**	Civilian labor force (1,000)	Unemployment rate [1]	Metropolitan areas ranked by population, **2000**	Civilian labor force (1,000)	Unemployment rate [1]
United States	**151,428**	**4.6**	Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor, OH	1,093	5.4
New York-Northern New Jersey-Long Island, NY-NJ-PA	9,290	4.5	Cincinnati-Middletown, OH-KY-IN	1,110	5.2
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana, CA	6,484	4.4	Portland-Vancouver-Beaverton, OR-WA	1,126	5.1
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet, IL-IN-WI	4,851	4.5	Kansas City, MO-KS	1,037	5.0
Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington, PA-NJ-DE-MD	2,968	4.6	Sacramento–Arden-Arcade–Roseville, CA	1,040	4.7
Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington, TX	3,106	4.8	San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara, CA	859	4.5
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-Miami Beach, FL	2,764	3.5	San Antonio, TX	929	4.6
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, DC-VA-MD-WV	2,964	3.1	Orlando-Kissimmee, FL	1,056	3.1
Houston-Sugar Land-Baytown, TX	2,707	4.9	Columbus, OH	939	4.7
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy, MA-NH NECTA	2,471	4.6	Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News, VA-NC	805	3.3
Detroit-Warren-Livonia, MI	2,170	7.2	Indianapolis-Carmel, IN	903	4.4
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta, GA	2,666	4.6	Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis, WI	792	4.9
San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont, CA	2,186	4.2	Las Vegas-Paradise, NV	925	4.1
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario, CA	1,771	4.9	Charlotte-Gastonia-Concord, NC-SC	827	4.8
Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale, AZ	2,018	3.6	New Orleans-Metairie-Kenner, LA	492	4.8
Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue, WA	1,775	4.5	Nashville-Davidson–Murfreesboro, TN	770	4.2
Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington, MN-WI	1,845	3.7	Providence-Fall River-Warwick, RI-MA NECTA	713	5.4
San Diego-Carlsbad-San Marcos, CA	1,518	4.0	Austin-Round Rock, TX	831	4.1
St. Louis, MO-IL	1,464	5.0	Memphis, TN-MS-AR	610	5.7
Baltimore-Towson, MD	1,408	4.1	Buffalo-Niagara Falls, NY	584	5.0
Pittsburgh, PA	1,204	4.9	Louisville-Jefferson County, KY-IN	628	5.5
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater, FL	1,327	3.3	Jacksonville, FL	649	3.3
Denver-Aurora, CO	1,354	4.4	Richmond, VA	632	3.2
			Oklahoma City, OK	577	3.9
			Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford, CT NECTA	578	4.4
			Birmingham-Hoover, AL	543	3.3
			Rochester, NY	535	4.4

[1] Percent unemployed of the civilian labor force.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Local Area Unemployment Statistics program. See Internet site <http://www.bls.gov/lau/>.

Table 577. **School Enrollment and Labor Force Status: 1990 and 2005**

[**In thousands (31,421 represents 31,421,000), except percent. As of October.** Civilian noninstitutional population 16 to 24 years old. Based on Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1, and Appendix III]

Characteristic	Population		Civilian labor force		Employed		Unemployed		
								2005	
	1990	2005	1990	2005	1990	2005	1990, total	Total	Rate [1]
Total, 16 to 24 years old [2]	**31,421**	**36,761**	**20,679**	**22,338**	**18,317**	**20,032**	**2,363**	**2,306**	**10.3**
Enrolled in school [2]	15,210	20,905	7,301	9,442	6,527	8,528	774	914	9.7
16 to 19 years old	10,118	13,582	4,244	4,937	3,645	4,267	599	670	13.6
20 to 24 years old	5,092	7,323	3,057	4,505	2,882	4,261	174	244	5.4
Sex:									
Male	7,704	10,269	3,635	4,344	3,215	3,912	420	432	9.9
Female	7,507	10,636	3,666	5,098	3,312	4,616	353	482	9.5
College level	8,139	11,000	4,542	6,367	4,231	5,976	311	391	6.1
Full-time	6,810	9,396	3,376	4,952	3,117	4,612	259	340	6.9
Race:									
White [3]	12,308	16,199	6,294	7,756	5,705	7,077	588	679	8.8
Below college	5,535	7,597	2,374	2,587	2,021	2,200	354	387	14.9
College level	6,772	8,603	3,919	5,169	3,685	4,877	234	292	5.7
Black [3]	2,129	2,893	718	948	576	777	142	171	18.1
Below college	1,207	1,565	306	292	212	190	94	102	35.0
College level	922	1,328	411	656	364	587	47	69	10.5
Asian [3]	(NA)	1,058	(NA)	400	(NA)	381	(NA)	19	4.8
Below college	(NA)	343	(NA)	74	(NA)	70	(NA)	4	(4)
College level	(NA)	715	(NA)	326	(NA)	311	(NA)	15	4.6
Not enrolled [2]	16,210	15,856	13,379	12,896	11,789	11,504	1,589	1,392	10.8
White [3]	13,317	12,412	11,276	10,285	10,193	9,323	1,083	962	9.4
Black [3]	2,441	2,448	1,752	1,843	1,298	1,506	454	338	18.3
Asian [3]	(NA)	419	(NA)	339	(NA)	314	(NA)	25	7.5

NA Not available. [1] Percent unemployed of civilian labor force in each category. [2] Includes other races, not shown separately. [3] 2005 data for persons in this race group only. See footnote 3, Table 570. [4] Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Bulletin 2307; *College Enrollment and Work Activity of High School Graduates, News,* USDL 06-514, March 24, 2006; and unpublished data. See Internet site <http://www.bls.gov/bls/newsrels.htm#OEUS>.

Table 578. **Labor Force Participation Rates by Marital Status, Sex, and Age: 1970 to 2005**

[**For the civilian noninstitutional population 16 years old and over. Annual averages of monthly figures.** See Table 575 for definition of participation rate. Based on Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1, and Appendix III]

Marital status and year	Male participation rate							Female participation rate						
	Total	16–19 years	20–24 years	25–34 years	35–44 years	45–64 years	65 and over	Total	16–19 years	20–24 years	25–34 years	35–44 years	45–64 years	65 and over
Single:														
1970	65.5	54.6	73.8	87.9	86.2	75.7	25.2	56.8	44.7	73.0	81.4	78.6	73.0	19.7
1980	72.6	59.9	81.3	89.2	82.2	66.9	16.8	64.4	53.6	75.2	83.3	76.9	65.6	13.9
1985	73.8	56.3	81.5	89.4	84.6	65.5	15.6	66.6	52.3	76.3	82.4	80.8	67.9	9.8
1990 [1]	74.8	55.1	81.6	89.9	84.5	67.3	15.7	66.7	51.7	74.5	80.9	80.8	66.2	12.1
1995	73.7	54.4	80.3	88.7	81.4	67.0	17.9	66.8	52.2	72.9	80.2	79.5	67.3	11.6
2000 [1]	73.6	52.5	80.5	89.4	82.9	69.7	17.3	68.9	51.1	76.1	83.9	80.9	69.9	10.8
2001	72.7	50.0	79.6	89.0	83.2	69.8	15.4	68.1	49.1	75.3	83.2	81.3	69.9	12.1
2002	71.7	47.2	78.7	88.7	83.1	69.6	16.9	67.4	47.3	74.5	83.3	79.9	69.6	14.3
2003 [1]	70.4	44.0	77.9	87.7	82.9	67.6	19.4	66.2	44.8	72.9	82.2	79.8	69.9	15.2
2004 [1]	70.2	43.6	77.7	87.9	82.7	67.8	20.3	65.9	43.8	73.1	81.8	80.5	70.9	14.7
2005 [1]	70.1	42.9	77.0	87.9	82.9	68.6	18.8	66.0	44.2	72.6	81.4	80.7	70.9	15.5
Married: [2]														
1970	86.1	92.3	94.7	98.0	98.1	91.2	29.9	40.5	37.8	47.9	38.8	46.8	44.0	7.3
1980	80.9	91.3	96.9	97.5	97.2	84.3	20.5	49.8	49.3	61.4	58.8	61.8	46.9	7.3
1985	78.7	91.0	95.6	97.4	96.8	81.7	16.8	53.8	49.6	65.7	65.8	68.1	49.4	6.6
1990 [1]	78.6	92.1	95.6	96.9	96.7	82.6	17.5	58.4	49.5	66.1	69.6	74.0	56.5	8.5
1995	77.5	89.2	94.9	96.3	95.4	82.4	18.0	61.0	51.6	64.7	72.0	75.7	62.7	9.1
2000 [1]	77.3	79.5	94.1	96.7	95.8	83.0	19.2	61.1	53.2	63.8	70.3	74.8	65.4	10.1
2001	77.4	77.7	94.2	95.9	95.6	83.7	19.1	61.2	45.1	63.9	69.9	74.5	66.1	10.3
2002	77.4	81.1	93.3	95.7	95.1	83.8	19.4	61.0	49.6	63.4	69.3	73.8	66.5	10.7
2003 [1]	77.3	76.6	93.2	95.3	95.1	83.5	19.9	61.0	46.7	62.6	68.5	73.3	67.4	11.3
2004 [1]	77.1	77.4	92.4	95.6	95.1	83.1	20.4	60.5	41.1	60.9	67.6	72.7	67.0	11.6
2005 [1]	77.2	71.4	93.4	95.3	95.2	83.6	21.4	60.7	44.1	61.1	68.4	73.0	67.0	12.5
Other: [3]														
1970	60.7	(B)	90.4	93.7	91.1	78.5	19.3	40.3	48.6	60.3	64.6	68.8	61.9	10.0
1980	67.5	(B)	92.6	94.1	91.9	73.3	13.7	43.6	50.0	68.4	76.5	77.1	60.2	8.2
1985	68.7	(B)	95.1	93.7	91.8	72.8	11.4	45.1	51.9	66.2	76.9	81.6	61.0	7.5
1990 [1]	68.9	(B)	93.1	93.0	90.7	74.9	12.0	47.2	53.9	65.4	77.0	82.1	65.0	8.4
1995	66.2	(B)	92.7	90.9	88.2	72.4	12.1	47.4	55.8	67.2	77.1	80.7	67.2	8.4
2000 [1]	66.8	60.5	88.1	93.2	89.9	73.9	12.9	49.0	46.0	74.0	83.1	82.9	69.8	8.7
2001	66.0	57.3	85.4	92.4	89.4	73.5	13.9	49.0	47.2	75.5	81.6	82.6	69.3	8.9
2002	65.5	57.5	87.4	91.2	89.6	74.1	13.2	49.2	46.2	74.7	80.7	82.7	69.7	8.9
2003 [1]	65.0	45.6	88.0	91.4	89.3	72.4	14.3	49.6	44.1	71.4	79.1	81.9	70.7	9.8
2004 [1]	64.9	53.1	87.2	90.6	88.6	72.8	14.3	49.6	48.7	70.0	79.4	81.7	69.8	10.4
2005 [1]	64.9	54.9	86.4	90.4	89.4	72.7	15.1	49.4	46.8	67.4	78.1	80.9	69.4	10.5

B Percentage not shown where base is less than 35,000. [1] See footnote 2, Table 569. [2] Spouse present. [3] Widowed, divorced, and married (spouse absent).

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Bulletins 2217 and 2340; and unpublished data.

Table 579. **Marital Status of Women in the Civilian Labor Force: 1970 to 2005**

[**31,543 represents 31,543,000.** Civilian noninstitutional population 16 years and over. Annual averages of monthly figures. Based on the Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1, and Appendix III]

Year	Female civilian labor force (1,000)				Female participation rate [3]			
	Total	Single	Married [1]	Other [2]	Total	Single	Married [1]	Other [2]
1970	31,543	7,265	18,475	5,804	43.3	56.8	40.5	40.3
1975	37,475	9,125	21,484	6,866	46.3	59.8	44.3	40.1
1980	45,487	11,865	24,980	8,643	51.5	64.4	49.8	43.6
1985	51,050	13,163	27,894	9,993	54.5	66.6	53.8	45.1
1988	54,742	14,194	29,921	10,627	56.6	67.7	56.7	46.2
1989	56,030	14,377	30,548	11,104	57.4	68.0	57.8	47.0
1990 [4]	56,829	14,612	30,901	11,315	57.5	66.7	58.4	47.2
1991	57,178	14,681	31,112	11,385	57.4	66.2	58.5	46.8
1992	58,141	14,872	31,700	11,570	57.8	66.2	59.3	47.1
1993	58,795	15,031	31,980	11,784	57.9	66.2	59.4	47.2
1994 [4]	60,239	15,333	32,888	12,018	58.8	66.7	60.7	47.5
1995	60,944	15,467	33,359	12,118	58.9	66.8	61.0	47.4
1996	61,857	15,842	33,618	12,397	59.3	67.1	61.2	48.1
1997 [4]	63,036	16,492	33,802	12,742	59.8	67.9	61.6	48.6
1998 [4]	63,714	17,087	33,857	12,771	59.8	68.5	61.2	48.8
1999 [4]	64,855	17,575	34,372	12,909	60.0	68.7	61.2	49.1
2000 [4]	66,303	17,849	35,146	13,308	59.9	68.9	61.1	49.0
2001	66,848	18,021	35,236	13,592	59.8	68.1	61.2	49.0
2002	67,363	18,203	35,477	13,683	59.6	67.4	61.0	49.2
2003 [4]	68,272	18,397	36,046	13,828	59.5	66.2	61.0	49.6
2004 [4]	68,421	18,616	35,845	13,961	59.2	65.9	60.5	49.6
2005 [4]	69,288	19,183	35,941	14,163	59.3	66.0	60.7	49.4

[1] Husband present. [2] Widowed, divorced, or separated. [3] See footnote 3, Table 575 for definition of participation rate. [4] See footnote 2, Table 569.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Bulletin 2307; and unpublished data.

Table 580. **Employment Status of Women by Marital Status and Presence and Age of Children: 1970 to 2005**

[**As of March (7.0 represents 7,000,000).** Civilian noninstitutional population 16 years old and over. Based on the Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1, and Appendix III]

Item	Total			With any children								
				Total			Children 6 to 17 yrs. only			Children under 6 yrs.		
	Single	Married [1]	Other [2]	Single	Married [1]	Other [2]	Single	Married [1]	Other [2]	Single	Married [1]	Other [2]
IN LABOR FORCE (mil.)												
1970	7.0	18.4	5.9	(NA)	10.2	1.9	(NA)	6.3	1.3	(NA)	3.9	0.6
1980	11.2	24.9	8.8	0.6	13.7	3.6	0.2	8.4	2.6	0.3	5.2	1.0
1990	14.0	31.0	11.2	1.5	16.5	4.2	0.6	9.3	3.0	0.9	7.2	1.2
1995	15.0	33.6	12.0	2.1	18.0	4.6	0.8	10.2	3.3	1.3	7.8	1.3
2000	17.8	35.0	13.2	3.1	18.2	4.5	1.2	10.8	3.4	1.8	7.3	1.1
2003 [3]	17.9	36.2	14.2	3.2	18.3	4.7	1.3	11.1	3.6	1.9	7.2	1.1
2004 [3]	18.1	35.9	14.2	3.3	18.0	4.7	1.4	10.8	3.6	1.9	7.1	1.1
2005 [3]	18.6	35.8	14.2	3.4	18.2	4.6	1.4	10.9	3.4	1.9	7.3	1.2
PARTICIPATION RATE [4]												
1970	53.0	40.8	39.1	(NA)	39.7	60.7	(NA)	49.2	66.9	(NA)	30.3	52.2
1980	61.5	50.1	44.0	52.0	54.1	69.4	67.6	61.7	74.6	44.1	45.1	60.3
1990	66.4	58.2	46.8	55.2	66.3	74.2	69.7	73.6	79.7	48.7	58.9	63.6
1995	65.5	61.1	47.3	57.5	70.2	75.3	67.0	76.2	79.5	53.0	63.5	66.3
2000	68.6	62.0	50.2	73.9	70.6	82.7	79.7	77.2	85.0	70.5	62.8	76.6
2003 [3]	65.0	61.8	50.1	73.1	69.2	82.0	77.6	77.0	84.8	70.2	59.8	74.3
2004 [3]	64.5	60.9	50.3	72.6	68.2	80.7	79.2	75.6	83.0	68.4	59.3	74.4
2005 [3]	65.1	60.2	49.8	72.9	68.1	79.8	79.8	75.0	82.2	68.4	59.8	73.6
EMPLOYMENT (mil.)												
1970	6.5	17.5	5.6	(NA)	9.6	1.8	(NA)	6.0	1.2	(NA)	3.6	0.6
1980	10.1	23.6	8.2	0.4	12.8	3.3	0.2	8.1	2.4	0.2	4.8	0.9
1990	12.9	29.9	10.5	1.2	15.8	3.8	0.5	8.9	2.7	0.7	6.9	1.1
1995	13.7	32.3	11.3	1.8	17.2	4.2	0.7	9.8	3.1	1.1	7.3	1.2
2000	16.4	34.0	12.7	2.7	17.6	4.3	1.1	10.6	3.2	1.6	7.1	1.1
2003 [3]	16.2	34.8	13.2	2.8	17.5	4.3	1.2	10.7	3.3	1.6	6.8	1.0
2004 [3]	16.5	34.6	13.3	2.8	17.2	4.4	1.2	10.4	3.3	1.6	6.8	1.0
2005 [3]	16.9	34.7	13.5	2.9	17.6	4.3	1.3	10.6	3.2	1.6	7.1	1.1
UNEMPLOYMENT RATE [5]												
1970	7.1	4.8	4.8	(NA)	6.0	7.2	(NA)	4.8	5.9	(NA)	7.9	9.8
1980	10.3	5.3	6.4	23.2	5.9	9.2	15.6	4.4	7.9	29.2	8.3	12.8
1990	8.2	3.5	5.7	18.4	4.2	8.5	14.5	3.8	7.7	20.8	4.8	10.2
1995	8.7	3.9	5.8	16.6	4.3	8.1	11.8	3.6	7.1	19.5	5.3	10.8
2000	7.3	2.7	4.3	11.0	2.9	5.1	8.7	2.6	4.8	12.6	3.5	5.9
2003 [3]	9.4	3.8	6.5	13.4	4.1	8.9	11.6	3.6	7.7	14.7	4.9	13.0
2004 [3]	8.8	3.7	6.1	13.1	4.1	7.2	10.6	3.7	6.3	14.8	4.7	9.9
2005 [3]	8.9	3.0	5.3	15.0	3.1	6.9	10.7	2.9	5.9	14.8	3.4	9.9

NA Not available. [1] Husband present. [2] Widowed, divorced, or separated. [3] See footnote 2, Table 569. [4] Percent of women in each specific category in the labor force. [5] Unemployed as a percent of civilian labor force in specified group.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Bulletin 2307; and unpublished data.

Table 581. **Labor Force Participation Rates for Wives, Husband Present by Age of Own Youngest Child: 1975 to 2005**

[**As of March.** Civilian noninstitutional population, 16 years old and over. For definition of participation rate, see Table 584. Based on Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1, and Appendix III]

Presence and age of child	Total			White [1]			Black [1]		
	1975	1990	2005	1975	1990	2005	1975	1990	2005
Wives, total	**44.4**	**58.2**	**60.2**	**43.6**	**57.6**	**59.8**	**54.1**	**64.7**	**66.3**
No children under 18 years	43.8	51.1	53.8	43.6	50.8	53.5	47.6	52.9	57.0
With children under 18 years	44.9	66.3	68.1	43.6	65.6	67.8	58.4	75.6	76.4
Under 6 years, total	36.7	58.9	59.8	34.7	57.8	59.3	54.9	73.1	72.8
Under 3 years	32.7	55.5	57.0	30.7	54.9	56.7	50.1	67.5	68.7
1 year or under	30.8	53.9	55.8	29.2	53.3	55.5	50.0	64.4	65.5
2 years	37.1	60.9	61.0	35.1	60.3	61.0	56.4	75.4	72.6
3 to 5 years	42.2	64.1	64.2	40.1	62.5	63.2	61.2	80.4	77.7
3 years	41.2	63.1	62.7	39.0	62.3	62.1	62.7	74.5	80.3
4 years	41.2	65.1	64.8	38.7	63.2	64.5	64.9	80.6	74.8
5 years	44.4	64.5	67.4	43.8	62.0	65.4	56.3	86.2	84.4
6 to 13 years	51.8	73.0	73.0	50.7	72.6	72.8	65.7	77.6	78.7
14 to 17 years	53.5	75.1	79.6	53.4	74.9	80.1	52.3	78.8	80.4

[1] 2005 for persons in this race group only. See footnote 3, Table 570.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Bulletin 2340; and unpublished data.

Table 582. **Married Couple Households by Labor Force Status of Spouse: 1986 to 2006**

[**50,933 represents 50,933,000.** Data represent married couple households. Based on the Current Population Survey and subject to sampling error; for details see source and Appendix III]

Year	Number (1,000)					Percent distribution			
	All married couples	In labor force			Husband and wife not in labor force	In labor force			Husband and wife not in labor force
		Husband and wife	Husband only	Wife only		Husband and wife	Husband only	Wife only	
TOTAL									
1986	50,933	25,428	14,675	2,362	8,468	49.9	28.8	4.6	16.6
1990	52,317	28,056	13,013	2,453	8,794	53.6	24.9	4.7	16.8
1995	53,858	29,999	11,777	3,043	9,039	55.7	21.9	5.7	16.8
2000	55,311	31,095	11,815	3,301	9,098	56.2	21.4	6.0	16.4
2001	56,592	31,794	12,213	3,274	9,311	56.2	21.6	5.8	16.5
2002	56,747	31,637	12,327	3,388	9,395	55.8	21.7	6.0	16.6
2003	57,320	31,951	12,443	3,553	9,373	55.7	21.7	6.2	16.4
2004	57,719	31,536	12,980	3,684	9,519	54.6	22.5	6.4	16.5
2005	57,975	31,398	13,385	3,641	9,551	54.2	23.1	6.3	16.5
2006	58,179	31,783	12,990	3,754	9,652	54.6	22.3	6.5	16.6
WITH CHILDREN UNDER 18									
1986	24,630	14,606	8,916	518	590	59.3	36.2	2.1	2.4
1990	24,537	15,768	7,667	558	544	64.3	31.2	2.3	2.2
1995	25,241	17,024	6,863	756	598	67.4	27.2	3.0	2.4
2000	25,248	17,116	6,950	795	387	67.8	27.5	3.1	1.5
2001	25,980	17,563	7,210	784	422	67.6	27.8	3.0	1.6
2002	25,792	17,233	7,301	777	482	66.8	28.3	3.0	1.9
2003	25,914	17,065	7,499	893	457	65.9	28.9	3.4	1.8
2004	25,793	16,691	7,715	952	433	64.7	29.9	3.7	1.7
2005	25,919	16,789	7,806	925	400	64.8	30.1	3.6	1.5
2006	25,982	16,909	7,754	900	420	65.1	29.9	3.5	1.6
WITH CHILDREN UNDER 6									
1986	11,924	6,271	5,284	155	215	52.6	44.3	1.3	1.8
1990	12,051	6,932	4,692	192	235	57.5	38.9	1.6	2.0
1995	11,951	7,406	4,059	233	253	62.0	34.0	1.9	2.1
2000	11,393	6,984	4,077	211	121	61.3	35.8	1.9	1.1
2001	11,732	7,054	4,296	247	134	60.1	36.6	2.1	1.1
2002	11,531	6,796	4,311	250	175	58.9	37.4	2.2	1.5
2003	11,743	6,747	4,507	298	191	57.5	38.4	2.5	1.6
2004	11,711	6,657	4,579	317	158	56.8	39.1	2.7	1.3
2005	11,802	6,813	4,553	299	137	57.7	38.6	2.5	1.2
2006	11,984	6,939	4,572	324	149	57.9	38.2	2.7	1.2

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Table MC-1, Married Couples by Labor Force Status of Spouses: 1986 to Present; released 22 March 2007. See Internet site <http://www.census.gov/population/www/socdemo/hh-fam.html>.

Table 583. **Employed Civilians and Weekly Hours: 1980 to 2006**

[**In thousands (99,303 represents 99,303.000), except as indicated.** Annual averqages of monthly figures. For civilian noninstitutional population 16 years old and over. Based on Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1 and Appendix III]

Item	1980	1990 [1]	1995	2000 [1]	2004 [1]	2005 [1]	2006 [1]
Total employed	**99,303**	**118,793**	**124,900**	**136,891**	**139,252**	**141,730**	**144,427**
Age:							
16 to 19 years old	7,710	6,581	6,419	7,189	5,907	5,978	6,162
20 to 24 years old	14,087	13,401	12,443	13,229	13,723	13,792	13,878
25 to 34 years old	27,204	33,935	32,356	31,549	30,423	30,680	31,051
35 to 44 years old	19,523	30,817	34,202	36,433	34,580	34,630	34,569
45 to 54 years old	16,234	19,525	24,378	30,310	32,469	33,207	34,052
55 to 64 years old	11,586	11,189	11,435	14,002	17,331	18,349	19,389
65 years old and over	2,960	3,346	3,666	4,179	4,819	5,094	5,325
Class of worker:							
Nonagricultural industries	95,938	115,570	121,460	134,427	137,020	139,532	142,221
Wage and salary worker [2]	88,525	106,598	112,448	125,114	127,463	129,931	132,449
Self-employed	7,000	8,719	8,902	9,205	9,467	9,509	9,685
Unpaid family workers	413	253	110	108	90	93	87
Agriculture and related industries	3,364	3,223	3,440	2,464	2,232	2,197	2,206
Wage and salary worker [2]	1,425	1,740	1,814	1,421	1,242	1,212	1,287
Self-employed	1,642	1,378	1,580	1,010	964	955	901
Unpaid family workers	297	105	45	33	27	30	18
Weekly hours:							
Nonagricultural industries:							
Wage and salary workers [2]	38.1	39.2	39.2	39.6	39.0	39.1	(NA)
Self-employed	41.2	40.8	39.4	39.7	38.4	38.4	(NA)
Unpaid family workers	34.7	34.0	33.5	32.5	31.3	32.2	(NA)
Agriculture and related industries:							
Wage and salary workers [2]	41.6	41.2	41.1	43.2	42.7	43.7	(NA)
Self-employed	49.3	46.8	43.5	45.3	44.4	43.6	(NA)
Unpaid family workers	38.6	38.5	42.0	38.3	37.3	44.0	(NA)

NA Not available. [1] See footnote 2, Table 569. [2] Includes the incorporated self-employed.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *Employment and Earnings,* monthly, January issues; and unpublished data. See Internet site <http://www.bls.gov/cps/home.htm>.

Table 584. **Persons at Work by Hours Worked: 2006**

[**In thousands (138,681 represents 138,681,000), except as indicated.** Annual averqages of monthly figures. Civilian noninstitutional population 16 years old and over. Based on Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1, and Appendix III. See headnote, Table 587 regarding industries]

Hours of work	Persons at work (1,000)			Percent distribution		
	Total	Agriculture and related industries	Non-agricultural industries	Total	Agriculture and related industries	Non-agricultural industries
Total	**138,681**	**2,110**	**136,571**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**
1 to 34 hours	32,421	560	31,861	23.4	26.6	23.3
1 to 4 hours	1,420	51	1,369	1.0	2.4	1.0
5 to 14 hours	4,922	140	4,781	3.5	6.6	3.5
15 to 29 hours	15,941	250	15,691	11.5	11.8	11.5
30 to 34 hours	10,139	119	10,020	7.3	5.7	7.3
35 hours and over	106,259	1,550	104,710	76.6	73.4	76.7
35 to 39 hours	9,391	97	9,294	6.8	4.6	6.8
40 hours	58,078	555	57,524	41.9	26.3	42.1
41 hours and over	38,790	898	37,892	28.0	42.5	27.7
41 to 48 hours	13,624	137	13,487	9.8	6.5	9.9
49 to 59 hours	14,642	271	14,371	10.6	12.8	10.5
60 hours and over	10,524	490	10,034	7.6	23.2	7.3
Average weekly hours: Persons at work	39.2	43.1	39.2	(X)	(X)	(X)
Persons usually working full-time	42.9	49.3	42.8	(X)	(X)	(X)

X Not applicable.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *Employment and Earnings,* monthly, January 2007 issue. See Internet site <http://www.bls.gov/cps/home.htm>.

Table 585. **Persons With a Job, But Not at Work: 1980 to 2005**

[**In thousands (5,881 represents 5,881,000), except percent.** Civilian noninstitutional population 16 years old and over. Annual averages of monthly figures. Based on Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1 and Appendix III]

Reason for not working	1980	1990 [1]	1995	1998 [1]	1999 [1]	2000 [1]	2001	2002	2003 [1]	2004 [1]	2005 [1]
All industries, number	**5,881**	**6,160**	**5,582**	**5,586**	**5,407**	**5,681**	**5,631**	**5,394**	**5,469**	**5,482**	**5,511**
Percent of employed	5.9	5.2	4.5	4.2	4.1	4.2	4.1	4.0	4.0	3.9	3.9
Reason for not working:											
Vacation	3,320	3,529	2,982	3,033	2,899	3,109	3,039	2,929	2,922	2,923	2,892
Illness	1,426	1,341	1,084	1,095	1,096	1,156	1,095	1,072	1,090	1,058	1,088
Bad weather	155	90	122	130	104	89	100	97	123	133	145
Industrial dispute	105	24	21	10	7	14	9	7	18	10	6
All other	876	1,177	1,373	1,318	1,300	1,313	1,388	1,289	1,316	1,358	1,381

[1] See footnote 2, Table 569.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *Employment and Earnings,* monthly, January issues; and unpublished data. See Internet site <http://www.bls.gov/cps/home.htm>.

Table 586. **Class of Worker by Sex and Selected Characteristic: 2005**

[**In percent, except as indicated (10,464 represents 10,464,000). Civilian noninstitutional population 16 years old and over**. Annual averages of monthly figures. Based on Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1 and Appendix III]

Characteristic	Unincorporated self-employed			Incorporated self-employed			Wage and salary workers [1]		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Total (1,000)	**10,464**	**6,632**	**3,832**	**5,254**	**3,828**	**1,425**	**125,889**	**65,467**	**60,423**
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Age: 16 to 19 years old	0.8	0.8	0.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	4.7	4.4	5.0
20 to 24 years old	3.0	3.3	2.4	1.1	1.0	1.4	10.7	10.7	10.6
25 to 34 years old	15.4	14.9	16.2	11.6	11.5	11.8	22.6	23.8	21.3
35 to 44 years old	24.4	23.7	25.7	26.6	26.3	27.3	24.4	24.7	23.9
45 to 54 years old	26.9	27.2	26.5	31.4	31.4	31.6	22.8	22.0	23.6
55 to 64 years old	19.8	19.5	20.3	20.9	21.2	20.1	12.0	11.6	12.5
65 years old and over	9.7	10.6	8.2	8.2	8.4	7.6	2.9	2.8	3.0
Race/ethnicity: White [2]	87.6	87.9	87.2	89.7	90.3	88.0	81.8	83.2	80.3
Black [2]	6.3	6.3	6.1	3.7	3.4	4.6	11.5	10.1	13.0
Asian [2]	4.1	3.8	4.6	5.3	5.0	6.0	4.4	4.4	4.3
Hispanic [3]	9.9	11.2	7.6	6.2	6.2	6.2	13.7	15.8	11.4
Country of birth: U.S.-born	86.6	85.5	88.3	86.6	86.8	86.2	85.0	82.8	87.4
Foreign-born	13.7	14.7	12.0	13.4	13.2	13.9	15.0	17.2	12.6
U.S. citizen	6.2	6.2	6.1	8.7	8.7	8.8	5.9	5.8	5.9
Not a U.S. citizen	7.5	8.5	5.8	4.6	4.5	5.0	9.1	11.3	6.7

[1] Excludes the incorporated self-employed. [2] For persons in this race group only. See footnote 3, Table 570. [3] Persons of Hispanic or Latino origin may be of any race.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey, unpublished data.

Table 587. **Self-Employed Workers by Industry and Occupation: 2000 to 2006**

[**In thousands (10,214 represents 10,214,000).** Civilian noninstitutional population 16 years old and over. Annual averages of monthly figures. Data represent the unincorporated self-employed; the incorporated self-employed are considered wage and salary workers. Based on the occupational and industrial classification derived from those used in the 2000 census and are not comparable to those used in the 1990 census. See text, this section. Based on the Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1, and Appendix III]

Item	2000	2002	2003 [1]	2004 [1]	2005 [1]	2006 [1]
Total self-employed	**10,214**	**9,926**	**10,295**	**10,431**	**10,464**	**10,586**
Industry:						
Agriculture and related industries	1,010	1,003	951	964	955	901
Mining	12	13	9	13	11	10
Construction	1,728	1,598	1,717	1,848	1,830	1,910
Manufacturing	334	312	325	316	327	326
Wholesale and retail trade	1,221	1,163	1,247	1,153	1,251	1,139
Transportation and utilities	348	369	357	410	442	428
Information	139	145	152	146	126	120
Financial activities [2]	735	675	736	792	785	841
Professional and business services [2]	1,927	1,863	1,908	1,993	1,957	1,992
Education and health services [2]	1,107	1,119	1,138	1,105	1,071	1,158
Leisure and hospitality [2]	660	627	686	660	674	685
Other services [3]	993	1,041	1,071	1,031	1,036	1,076
Occupation:						
Management, professional, and related occupations	4,169	4,064	4,176	4,179	4,085	(NA)
Service occupations	1,775	1,786	1,690	1,757	1,774	(NA)
Sales and office occupations	1,982	1,883	1,945	1,909	1,986	(NA)
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations	1,591	1,503	1,795	1,847	1,864	(NA)
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	698	690	689	739	756	(NA)

NA Not available. [1] See footnote 2, Table 569. [2] For composition of industries, see Table 607. [3] Includes private households.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *Employment and Earnings,* monthly, January issues. See Internet site <http://www.bls.gov/cps/home.htm>.

Table 588. **Persons Doing Job-Related Work at Home: 2004**

[**136,602 represents 136,602,000. As of May.** For persons at work 16 years and over in nonagricultural industries doing job-related work at home at least once a week as part of their primary job. Based on the Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1, and Appendix III. Industry and occupational classifications are those based on the 2000 census. See text, this section]

Characteristic	Total employed [1] (1,000)	Persons who usually worked at home [2]					
		Total (1,000)	Percent of employed	Percent distribution by class of worker			
				Total [3]	Wage and salary workers		Self employed [4]
					Paid work at home	Unpaid work at home	
Total [5]	**136,602**	**20,673**	**15.1**	**100.0**	**16.2**	**49.3**	**33.7**
SEX							
Male	72,417	10,780	14.9	100.0	14.7	47.3	37.6
Female	64,185	9,893	15.4	100.0	17.8	51.4	29.4
RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN							
White [6]	111,756	18,255	16.3	100.0	16.4	49.0	33.8
Black [6]	15,800	1,245	7.9	100.0	14.2	53.0	31.0
Asian [6]	5,630	718	12.7	100.0	14.2	52.1	33.7
Hispanic origin [7]	17,577	1,255	7.1	100.0	19.1	45.0	34.4
OCCUPATION							
Management, professional, and related occupations	47,829	13,445	28.1	100.0	13.9	59.9	25.7
Management, business, and financial operations occupations	19,205	5,602	29.2	100.0	16.2	46.6	36.9
Professional and related occupations	28,623	7,842	27.4	100.0	12.2	69.5	17.7
Service occupations	22,752	1,414	6.2	100.0	20.6	20.9	54.8
Sales and office occupations	35,133	4,291	12.2	100.0	24.1	36.1	38.6
Sales and related occupations	15,886	3,137	19.7	100.0	21.8	35.4	42.2
Office and administrative support occupations	19,247	1,154	6.0	100.0	30.5	38.0	28.9
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations	13,111	1,036	7.9	100.0	10.2	15.1	73.8
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	195	3	1.5	100.0	(B)	(B)	(B)
Construction and extraction occupations	7,927	705	8.9	100.0	6.1	13.3	80.6
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	4,989	329	6.6	100.0	18.4	19.1	59.6
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	17,777	488	2.7	100.0	10.6	26.6	62.8
Production occupations	9,240	276	3.0	100.0	12.8	22.1	65.0
Transportation and material-moving occupations	8,538	212	2.5	100.0	7.7	32.5	59.8

B Data not shown where the base is less than 75,000. [1] Includes persons who did not report information on work at home. [2] Persons who worked at home at least once per week as part of their primary job. [3] Unpaid family workers and wage and salary workers who did not report pay status are included in the total but not shown separately. [4] Includes the incorporated and unincorporated self-employed. [5] Includes other races, not shown separately. [6] For persons in this race group only. See footnote 2, Table 570. [7] Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *Work at Home in 2004, News,* USDL 05-1768, September 22, 2005. See Internet site <http://www.bls.gov/bls/newsrels.htm#OEUS>.

Table 589. **Persons on Flexible Schedules: 2004**

[**In thousands, except percent. (99,778 represents 99,778,000) As of May.** For employed full-time wage and salary workers 16 years old and over. Excludes all self-employed persons, regardless of whether or not their businesses were incorporated. Data related to the primary job. Based on the Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1, and Appendix III]

Item	Total			Male			Female		
		With flexible schedules			With flexible schedules			With flexible schedules	
	Total [1]	Number	Percent	Total [1]	Number	Percent	Total [1]	Number	Percent
Total	**99,778**	**27,411**	**27.5**	**56,412**	**15,853**	**28.1**	**43,366**	**11,558**	**26.7**
AGE									
16 to 19 years old	1,427	336	23.6	903	185	20.5	524	151	28.9
20 years and over	98,351	27,075	27.5	55,509	15,668	28.2	42,842	11,406	26.6
20 to 24 years old	9,004	2,058	22.9	5,147	1,065	20.7	3,856	993	25.8
25 to 34 years old	24,640	6,902	28.0	14,358	4,051	28.2	10,283	2,851	27.7
35 to 44 years old	26,766	7,807	29.2	15,424	4,605	29.9	11,342	3,202	28.2
45 to 54 years old	24,855	6,651	26.8	13,440	3,769	28.0	11,415	2,882	25.2
55 to 64 years old	11,745	3,181	27.1	6,383	1,865	29.2	5,361	1,316	24.5
65 years old and over	1,341	475	35.4	757	314	41.4	585	161	27.6
RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN									
White [2]	80,498	23,121	28.7	46,222	13,582	29.4	34,276	9,539	27.8
Black [2]	12,578	2,476	19.7	6,447	1,193	18.5	6,131	1,283	20.9
Asian [2]	4,136	1,132	27.4	2,300	720	31.3	1,836	412	22.4
Hispanic origin [3]	14,110	2,596	18.4	8,621	1,430	16.6	5,489	1,166	21.2
MARITAL STATUS									
Married, spouse present	57,630	16,270	28.2	34,926	10,382	29.7	22,704	5,888	25.9
Not married	42,148	11,141	26.4	21,486	5,471	25.5	20,662	5,670	27.4
Never married	25,144	6,693	26.6	14,469	3,605	24.9	10,676	3,088	28.9
Other marital status	17,004	4,448	26.2	7,018	1,866	26.6	9,986	2,582	25.9
PRESENCE AND AGE OF CHILDREN									
Without own children under 18	61,761	16,759	27.1	34,680	9,410	27.1	27,081	7,349	27.1
With own children under 18	38,018	10,652	28.0	21,733	6,443	29.6	16,285	4,209	25.8
With youngest child 6 to 17	21,739	5,960	27.4	11,477	3,341	29.1	10,262	2,619	25.5
With youngest child under 6	16,279	4,692	28.8	10,256	3,102	30.2	6,023	1,590	26.4

[1] Includes persons who did not provide information on flexible schedules. [2] For persons in the race group only. See footnote 3, Table 570. [3] Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *Workers on Flexible and Shift Schedules in May 2004, News,* USDL 05-1198, July 1, 2005. See Internet site <http://www.bls.gov/bls/newsrels.htm#OEUS>.

Table 590. **Employed Workers With Alternative and Traditional Work Arrangements: 2005**

[**In thousands (138,952 represents 138,952,000). As of February**. For employed workers 16 years old and over. Based on the Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1, Population, and Appendix III]

Characteristic	Total employed [1]	Workers with alternative arrangements				Workers with traditional arrangements
		Independent contractors	On-call workers	Temporary help agency workers	Workers provided by contract firms	
Total employed	**138,952**	**10,342**	**2,454**	**1,217**	**813**	**123,843**
16 to 19 years old	5,510	89	133	33	7	5,194
20 to 24 years old	13,114	356	355	202	87	12,055
25 to 34 years old	30,103	1,520	535	362	205	27,427
35 to 44 years old	34,481	2,754	571	253	196	30,646
45 to 54 years old	32,947	2,799	417	200	186	29,324
55 to 64 years old	17,980	1,943	267	135	114	15,496
65 years old and over	4,817	881	175	33	18	3,701
Male	73,946	6,696	1,241	574	561	64,673
16 to 19 years old	2,579	32	82	24	7	2,389
20 to 24 years old	6,928	194	200	107	61	6,331
25 to 34 years old	16,624	1,006	299	185	138	14,950
35 to 44 years old	18,523	1,824	252	120	140	16,130
45 to 54 years old	17,193	1,764	209	71	143	15,003
55 to 64 years old	9,485	1,287	108	52	70	7,954
65 years old and over	2,615	589	91	16	3	1,917
Female	65,006	3,647	1,212	643	252	59,170
16 to 19 years old	2,931	57	52	9	–	2,805
20 to 24 years old	6,186	162	155	95	27	5,724
25 to 34 years old	13,480	514	236	177	67	12,477
35 to 44 years old	15,958	930	319	133	57	14,516
45 to 54 years old	15,754	1,035	208	129	43	14,322
55 to 64 years old	8,495	656	158	83	44	7,542
65 years old and over	2,202	292	84	17	15	1,785
Full-time workers	113,798	7,732	1,370	979	695	102,889
Part-time workers	25,154	2,611	1,084	238	119	20,954

– Represents zero. [1] Includes day laborers (an alternative arrangement) and a small number of workers who were both "on call" and "provided by contract firms," not shown separately.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *Contingent and Alternative Employment Arrangements, February 2005, News,* USDL 05-1443, July 27, 2005. See Internet site <http://www.bls.gov/bls/newsrels.htm#OEUS>.

Table 591. **Multiple Jobholders: 2006**

[**Annual average of monthly figures (7,576 represents 7,576,000).** Civilian noninstitutional population 16 years old and over. Multiple jobholders are employed persons who, either 1) had jobs as wage or salary workers with two employers or more; 2) were self-employed and also held a wage and salary job; or 3) were unpaid family workers on their primary jobs but also held a wage and salary job. Based on the Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1, Population, and Appendix III]

Characteristic	Total		Male		Female	
	Number (1,000)	Percent of employed	Number (1,000)	Percent of employed	Number (1,000)	Percent of employed
Total [1]	**7,576**	**5.2**	**3,822**	**4.9**	**3,753**	**5.6**
Age:						
16 to 19 years old	270	4.4	103	3.4	167	5.4
20 to 24 years old	774	5.6	341	4.6	432	6.7
25 to 54 years old	5,368	5.4	2,760	5.1	2,608	5.7
55 to 64 years old	988	5.1	517	5.1	471	5.1
65 years old and over	176	3.3	101	3.4	75	3.2
Race and Hispanic ethnicity:						
White [2]	6,321	5.3	3,199	4.9	3,122	5.8
Black [2]	818	5.2	404	5.5	415	4.9
Asian [2]	249	3.8	127	3.6	122	4.1
Hispanic [3]	598	3.0	337	2.8	261	3.4
Marital status:						
Married, spouse present	4,136	5.1	2,420	5.3	1,716	4.9
Widowed, divorced, or separated	1,308	5.6	440	4.4	868	6.3
Single, never married	2,131	5.3	962	4.4	1,169	6.5
Full- or part-time status:						
Primary job full-time, secondary job part-time	3,981	(X)	2,233	(X)	1,748	(X)
Both jobs part-time	1,676	(X)	508	(X)	1,168	(X)
Both jobs full-time	310	(X)	208	(X)	102	(X)
Hours vary on primary or secondary job	1,564	(X)	849	(X)	715	(X)

X Not applicable. [1] Includes a small number of persons who work part-time on their primary job and full-time on their secondary job(s), not shown separately. Includes other races, not shown separately. [2] For persons who selected this race group only. See footnote 3, Table 570. [3] Persons of Hispanic or Latino ethnicity may be of any race.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *Employment and Earnings,* January 2007. See Internet site <http://www.bls.gov/cps/home.htm>.

Table 592. **Average Number of Jobs Held from Ages 18 to 40: 1978 to 2004**

[**For persons 39 to 48 in 2004–05.** A job is an uninterrupted period of work with a particular employer. Educational attainment as of 2004–05. Based on the National Longitudinal Survey of Youth 1979; see source for details]

Sex and educational attainment		Number of jobs held by age				
	Total [1]	18 to 21 years old	22 to 25 years old	26 to 30 years old	31 to 35 years old	36 to 40 years old
Total [2]	**10.5**	**3.8**	**3.0**	**2.8**	**2.4**	**2.0**
Less than a high school diploma	10.6	3.3	2.8	2.8	2.4	1.9
High school graduate, no college	10.2	3.6	2.8	2.7	2.4	2.1
Some college or associate's degree	10.9	3.9	3.0	2.9	2.4	2.2
Bachelor's degree or more	10.7	4.1	3.5	2.9	2.2	2.0
Male	10.7	3.9	3.2	3.0	2.5	2.1
Less than a high school diploma	12.0	3.9	3.3	3.3	2.7	2.1
High school graduate, no college	10.5	3.8	3.0	3.0	2.5	2.0
Some college or associate's degree	11.1	4.0	3.1	3.1	2.6	2.2
Bachelor's degree or more	10.4	3.8	3.4	2.7	2.3	2.1
Female	10.3	3.6	2.9	2.7	2.2	2.0
Less than a high school diploma	8.6	2.4	2.0	2.1	2.0	1.8
High school graduate, no college	9.8	3.4	2.5	2.5	2.3	2.1
Some college or associate's degree	10.7	3.8	3.0	2.8	2.3	2.1
Bachelor's degree or more	11.2	4.3	3.6	3.0	2.2	1.9
White, non-Hispanic	10.6	3.9	3.1	2.8	2.3	2.0
Less than a high school diploma	11.3	3.5	3.0	2.9	2.5	2.0
High school graduate, no college	10.1	3.8	2.8	2.7	2.4	2.0
Some college or associate's degree	11.1	4.1	3.1	3.0	2.4	2.1
Bachelor's degree or more	10.7	4.1	3.5	2.8	2.2	1.9
Black, non-Hispanic	10.1	3.0	2.7	2.8	2.4	2.1
Less than a high school diploma	9.2	2.3	2.4	2.7	2.2	1.9
High school graduate, no college	10.3	3.0	2.6	2.8	2.5	2.1
Some college or associate's degree	10.0	3.2	2.7	2.8	2.5	2.2
Bachelor's degree or more	10.5	3.6	3.4	3.1	2.6	2.2
Hispanic or Latino [3]	10.0	3.4	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.0
Less than a high school diploma	9.8	3.3	2.5	2.6	2.1	1.8
High school graduate, no college	10.0	3.1	2.6	2.7	2.4	2.1
Some college or associate's degree	10.1	3.6	2.9	2.8	2.1	2.2
Bachelor's degree or more	10.4	3.6	3.1	2.9	2.6	2.1

[1] Jobs held in more than one age category were counted in each category, but only once in the total. [2] Includes other races, not shown separately. [3] Persons of Hispanic or Latino origin may be of any race.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *Number of Jobs Held, Labor Market Activity,* and *Earnings Growth Among Youngest Baby Boomers: Results from a Longitudinal Survey, News,* USDL 06-1496, August 25, 2006. See Internet site <http://www.bls.gov/nls/home.htm>.

Table 593. **Distribution of Workers by Tenure With Current Employer: 2006**

[**125,668 represents 125,668,000. As of January.** For employed wage and salary workers 16 years old and over. Data exclude the incorporated and unincorporated self-employed. Based on the Current Population Survey and subject to sampling error; see source and Appendix III]

Characteristic	Number employed (1,000)	Percent distribution by tenure with current employer								Median years [1]
		12 months or less	13 to 23 months	2 years	3 to 4 years	5 to 9 years	10 to 14 years	15 to 19 years	20 years or more	
Total [2]	**125,668**	**24.4**	**7.0**	**5.2**	**16.9**	**20.9**	**9.5**	**6.7**	**9.4**	**4.0**
AGE AND SEX										
16 to 19 years old	5,563	75.1	10.5	7.2	6.8	0.4	–	–	–	(NA)
20 to 24 years old	13,083	50.4	12.5	10.2	19.4	7.5	(Z)	–	–	1.3
25 to 34 years old	28,392	28.8	9.3	6.8	23.4	25.3	5.6	0.8	(Z)	2.9
35 to 44 years old	30,466	18.6	6.2	4.6	17.2	26.1	13.7	9.3	4.4	4.9
45 to 54 years old	28,845	13.5	4.6	3.2	14.0	21.7	12.7	11.1	19.2	7.3
55 to 64 years old	15,619	11.4	3.9	2.6	12.9	19.7	12.7	11.3	25.5	9.3
65 years old and over	3,699	10.4	3.1	2.8	12.6	22.6	12.8	10.3	25.4	8.8
Male	65,212	23.9	6.8	5.3	16.7	20.7	9.6	6.6	10.3	4.1
16 to 19 years old	2,696	74.1	9.9	8.3	7.2	0.4	–	–	–	(NA)
20 to 24 years old	6,840	49.7	12.0	10.2	20.8	7.3	0.1	–	–	1.4
25 to 34 years old	15,477	28.0	9.1	7.2	22.8	25.9	6.0	1.0	(Z)	2.9
35 to 44 years old	16,184	17.9	5.8	4.5	16.5	25.5	14.9	9.8	5.1	5.1
45 to 54 years old	14,392	13.0	4.3	3.1	13.0	20.6	12.5	11.3	22.2	8.1
55 to 64 years old	7,750	11.6	4.1	3.0	12.8	18.5	11.7	9.5	28.8	9.5
65 years old and over	1,873	10.7	3.4	3.0	12.4	23.3	12.4	8.9	25.9	8.3
Female	60,456	24.9	7.2	5.0	17.2	21.2	9.3	6.8	8.4	3.9
16 to 19 years old	2,867	76.0	11.1	6.2	6.4	0.3	–	–	–	(NA)
20 to 24 years old	6,243	51.2	13.0	10.2	17.8	7.7	–	–	–	1.2
25 to 34 years old	12,915	29.8	9.5	6.5	24.0	24.6	5.2	0.5	–	2.8
35 to 44 years old	14,282	19.3	6.8	4.7	17.9	26.7	12.3	8.8	3.6	4.6
45 to 54 years old	14,453	14.0	4.9	3.4	14.9	22.8	13.0	10.8	16.2	6.7
55 to 64 years old	7,870	11.1	3.6	2.3	13.1	20.9	13.6	13.2	22.2	9.2
65 years old and over	1,826	10.0	2.7	2.6	12.8	22.0	13.2	11.7	25.0	9.5
RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN										
White [3]	102,900	24.0	6.9	5.1	16.8	20.9	9.7	6.9	9.8	(NA)
Male	54,241	23.4	6.7	5.1	16.6	20.7	9.9	6.9	10.8	(NA)
Female	48,659	24.6	7.2	5.0	17.0	21.1	9.4	6.9	8.7	(NA)
Black [3]	14,265	26.2	6.6	5.7	17.2	21.1	8.4	6.5	8.2	(NA)
Male	6,501	26.4	6.7	6.4	17.8	19.8	8.6	5.5	8.9	(NA)
Female	7,764	26.1	6.6	5.1	16.7	22.2	8.2	7.5	7.7	(NA)
Asian [3]	5,463	23.7	8.3	5.8	19.0	22.5	9.9	4.3	6.4	(NA)
Male	2,941	23.1	9.0	6.2	17.5	24.9	9.3	3.5	6.5	(NA)
Female	2,522	24.5	7.4	5.3	20.7	19.8	10.7	5.2	6.4	(NA)
Hispanic origin [4]	17,741	30.1	6.5	7.3	20.2	20.3	7.2	4.6	3.7	(NA)
Male	10,550	29.7	6.0	7.7	20.5	20.5	7.4	4.7	3.5	(NA)
Female	7,191	30.6	7.3	6.8	19.7	20.1	7.0	4.4	4.1	(NA)

– Represents zero. NA Not available. Z Less that .05 percent. [1] For definition of median, see Guide to Tabular Presentation. [2] Includes other races, not shown separately. [3] For persons in this race group only. See footnote 3, Table 570. [4] Persons of Hispanic or Latino origin may be of any race.

Source: U. S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, News, *Employee Tenure in 2006, News,* USDL 06-1563, September 8, 2006. See Internet site <http://www.bls.gov/bls/newsrels.htm#OEUS>.

Table 594. **Part-Time Workers by Reason: 2006**

[**In thousands (32,421 represents 32,421,000), except hours.** For persons working 1 to 34 hours per week. For civilian noninstitutional population 16 years old and over. Annual average of monthly figures. Based on the Current Population Survey and subject to sampling error; see text, Section 1, and Appendix III]

Reason	All industries			Nonagriculture industries		
		Usually work—			Usually work—	
	Total	Full-time	Part-time	Total	Full-time	Part-time
Total working fewer than 35 hours	**32,421**	**10,223**	**22,199**	**31,861**	**10,057**	**21,804**
Economic reasons	4,162	1,554	2,608	4,071	1,504	2,567
Slack work or business conditions	2,658	1,294	1,363	2,596	1,259	1,337
Could find only part-time work	1,189	(S)	1,189	1,178	(S)	1,178
Seasonal work	175	119	56	158	106	52
Job started or ended during the week	141	141	(S)	139	139	(S)
Noneconomic reasons	28,259	8,669	19,591	27,790	8,553	19,237
Child-care problems	777	80	697	772	79	693
Other family or personal obligations	5,492	743	4,749	5,407	731	4,676
Health or medical limitations	799	(S)	799	778	(S)	778
In school or training	6,316	89	6,227	6,247	89	6,158
Retired or social security limit on earnings	2,096	(S)	2,096	1,988	(S)	1,988
Vacation or personal day	3,679	3,679	(S)	3,639	3,639	(S)
Holiday, legal or religious	1,156	1,156	(S)	1,147	1,147	(S)
Weather-related curtailment	388	388	(S)	365	365	(S)
Other	7,555	2,533	5,022	7,448	2,504	4,944
Average hours per week:						
Economic reasons	23.1	24.0	22.5	23.1	24.0	22.5
Noneconomic reasons	21.5	25.2	19.9	21.6	25.2	20.0

S No data or data do not meet publication standards.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *Employment and Earnings*, monthly, January 2007. See Internet site <http://www.bls.gov/cps/home.htm>.

Table 595. **Displaced Workers by Selected Characteristics: 2006**

[**In percent, except total (3,815 represents 3,815,000). As of January.** For persons 20 years old and over with tenure of 3 years or more who lost or left a job between January 2003 and December 2005 because of plant closings or moves, slack work, or the abolishment of their positions. Based on Current Population Survey and subject to sampling error; see source and Appendix III]

Characteristic	Total (1,000)	Employment status			Reason for job loss		
		Employed	Unemployed	Not in the labor force	Plant or company closed down or moved	Slack/ insufficient work	Position or shift abolished
Total [1]	**3,815**	**69.9**	**13.4**	**16.7**	**49.0**	**22.2**	**28.8**
20 to 24 years old	111	66.4	21.4	12.2	39.1	42.8	18.1
25 to 54 years old	2,841	74.5	13.4	12.0	48.5	22.6	28.9
55 to 64 years old	728	60.6	12.3	27.0	53.2	16.5	30.2
65 years old and over	135	25.4	10.8	63.8	44.1	28.8	27.1
Males	2,076	73.5	13.6	12.9	48.8	24.8	26.5
20 to 24 years old	67	77.4	21.4	1.2	29.7	61.6	8.7
25 to 54 years old	1,552	78.6	12.8	8.5	48.2	24.5	27.3
55 to 64 years old	378	61.5	14.5	24.0	53.9	17.5	28.6
65 years old and over	80	27.5	18.3	54.2	51.9	32.9	15.2
Females	1,739	65.6	13.1	21.3	49.2	19.2	31.6
20 to 24 years old	44	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
25 to 54 years old	1,289	69.6	14.2	16.2	48.9	20.3	30.8
55 to 64 years old	350	59.7	10.0	30.3	52.5	15.5	32.0
65 years old and over	55	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
White [3]	3,169	70.0	13.2	16.8	49.5	22.1	28.4
Black [3]	452	71.2	13.4	15.4	42.5	19.7	37.8
Asian [3]	113	72.0	12.3	15.7	52.3	25.9	21.8
Hispanic origin [4]	416	60.2	22.9	16.9	59.6	26.1	14.3

[1] Includes other races, not shown separately. [2] Data not shown where base is less than 75,000. [3] For persons in this race group only. See footnote 3, Table 570. [4] Persons of Hispanic or Latino origin may be of any race.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, News, *Worker Displacement, 2003–2005, News,* USDL 06-1454, August 17, 2006. See Internet site <http://www.bls.gov/bls/newsrels.htm#OEUS>.

Table 596. **Labor Force Status of Persons With a Work Disability by Age: 2006**

[**In percent, except as indicated (24,461 represents 24,461,000). As of March.** For civilians 16 to 74 who have a condition which prevents them from working or limits the amount of work they can do. Data from the Current Population Survey and subject to sampling error; see text, Section 1, and Appendix III]

Labor force status	Total	Age						
		16 to 24 years old	25 to 34 years old	35 to 44 years old	45 to 54 years old	55 to 64 years old	65 to 69 years old	70 to 74 years old
Number (1,000)	**24,461**	**1,566**	**2,376**	**3,683**	**5,610**	**6,741**	**2,390**	**2,094**
In labor force	22.6	31.0	37.5	29.6	26.4	18.0	9.8	6.5
Employed	19.7	23.2	30.6	26.5	23.2	16.5	9.2	5.8
Full-time	11.8	9.9	20.6	17.1	15.0	10.0	3.2	1.5
Not in labor force	77.4	69.0	62.5	70.4	73.6	82.0	90.2	93.5
Unemployment rate	12.8	25.1	18.3	10.4	12.0	8.3	6.5	11.8

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, "Disability Data from the March Current Population Survey"; <http://www.census.gov/hhes/www/disability/disabcps.html>; (accessed 22 February 2007).

Table 597. **Persons Not in the Labor Force: 2006**

[**In thousands (77,387 represents 77,387,000). Annual average of monthly figures.** Civilian noninstitutional population 16 years old and over. Based on the Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1, and Appendix III]

Status and reason	Total	Age			Sex	
		16 to 24 years old	25 to 54 years old	55 years old and over	Male	Female
Total not in the labor force	**77,387**	**14,549**	**21,318**	**41,520**	**29,350**	**48,037**
Do not want a job now [1]	72,602	12,867	19,221	40,514	27,248	45,354
Want a job now	4,786	1,682	2,097	1,006	2,102	2,684
In the previous year—						
Did not search for a job	2,758	883	1,155	720	1,145	1,612
Did search for a job [2]	2,028	800	942	286	956	1,071
Not available for work now	580	282	252	46	226	354
Available for work now, not looking for work	1,448	518	690	240	731	717
Reason for not currently looking for work:						
Discouraged over job prospects [3]	381	118	195	68	229	152
Family responsibilities	152	31	97	24	35	117
In school or training	207	177	28	2	111	96
Ill health or disability	130	18	76	36	63	68
Other [4]	578	174	294	110	292	285

[1] Includes some persons who are not asked if they want a job. [2] Persons who had a job in the prior 12 months must have searched since the end of that job. [3] Includes such things as believes no work available, could not find work, lacks necessary schooling or training, employer thinks too young or old, and other types of discrimination. [4] Includes such things as child care and transportation problems.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *Employment and Earnings,* monthly, January 2007 issue. See Internet site <http://www.bls.gov/cps/home.htm>.

Table 598. **Employed Civilians by Occupation, Sex, Race, and Hispanic Origin: 2006**

[**144,427 represents 144,427,000.** Civilian noninstitutional population 16 years old and over. Annual average of monthly figures. Based on Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1, and Appendix III. Occupational classifications are those used in the 2000 census and are not comparable to those used in the 1990 census]

Occupation	Total employed (1,000)	Percent of total			
		Female	Black [1]	Asian [1]	Hispanic [2]
Total, 16 years and over	**144,427**	**46.3**	**10.9**	**4.5**	**13.6**
Management, professional, and related occupations	**50,420**	**50.6**	**8.4**	**6.1**	**6.6**
Management, business, and financial operations occupations	21,233	41.9	7.3	4.8	7.0
Management occupations [3]	15,249	36.7	6.2	4.3	7.1
Chief executives	1,689	23.4	3.1	3.9	4.6
General and operations managers	998	29.1	5.7	3.4	7.7
Advertising and promotions managers	75	52.5	5.4	1.7	5.1
Marketing and sales managers	888	40.2	4.8	3.8	5.3
Administrative services managers	87	24.4	7.3	5.2	8.3
Computer and information systems managers	401	27.2	6.4	9.1	4.7
Financial managers	1,083	55.0	7.0	5.5	7.7
Human resources managers	280	65.8	11.0	1.2	9.9
Industrial production managers	298	16.4	3.0	3.2	8.0
Purchasing managers	165	40.7	8.7	1.7	3.3
Transportation, storage, and distribution managers	249	14.6	9.8	2.9	14.9
Farm, ranch, and other agricultural managers	242	21.8	2.4	0.8	8.5
Farmers and ranchers	784	25.0	0.8	1.0	2.0
Construction managers	1,010	7.8	3.7	2.3	8.3
Education administrators	796	63.9	14.2	2.2	7.2
Engineering managers	103	7.3	2.9	10.9	3.4
Food service managers	900	43.2	5.8	12.0	13.6
Lodging managers	174	51.0	6.5	13.3	8.5
Medical and health services managers	511	68.3	10.3	4.8	5.3
Property, real estate, and community association managers	618	51.3	7.2	3.2	11.4
Social and community service managers	315	66.0	15.0	2.7	7.2
Business and financial operations occupations [3]	5,983	55.0	10.0	6.2	6.6
Wholesale and retail buyers, except farm products	222	55.8	3.2	3.5	8.9
Purchasing agents, except wholesale, retail, and farm products	290	51.1	7.9	3.2	7.0
Claims adjusters, appraisers, examiners, and investigators	283	58.2	14.1	3.4	6.7
Compliance officers, except agriculture, construction, health and safety, and transportation	149	54.0	17.4	5.8	8.3
Cost estimators	114	12.7	1.0	4.1	2.6
Human resources, training, and labor relations specialists	765	71.5	14.5	4.5	7.7
Management analysts	572	42.2	5.9	7.5	4.4
Accountants and auditors	1,779	60.2	10.2	9.4	6.0
Appraisers and assessors of real estate	134	35.7	1.5	2.2	4.6
Financial analysts	103	38.4	4.0	12.3	3.9
Personal financial advisors	389	34.4	7.0	5.4	6.1
Insurance underwriters	92	69.2	16.2	2.5	5.2
Loan counselors and officers	468	52.7	11.1	5.6	10.8
Tax preparers	98	59.6	10.6	4.3	9.0
Professional and related occupations	29,187	56.9	9.3	7.1	6.4
Computer and mathematical occupations [3]	3,209	26.7	7.3	16.2	5.0
Computer scientists and systems analysts	715	31.9	9.5	12.7	5.0
Computer programmers	562	25.3	3.9	18.1	5.3
Computer software engineers	846	21.8	5.8	26.9	3.4
Computer support specialists	314	28.9	10.5	7.4	7.2
Database administrators	90	37.0	8.9	14.8	3.0
Network and computer systems administrators	180	16.6	4.4	11.0	7.0
Network systems and data communications analysts	356	25.5	7.9	8.1	6.0
Operations research analysts	85	40.3	18.1	6.6	4.0
Architecture and engineering occupations [3]	2,830	14.5	5.6	9.7	5.9
Architects, except naval	221	22.2	3.2	11.5	7.7
Aerospace engineers	110	13.1	5.6	12.9	5.1
Civil engineers	304	11.9	5.0	8.2	4.0
Computer hardware engineers	80	16.2	3.8	26.5	7.4
Electrical and electronics engineers	382	7.7	5.9	15.8	4.2
Industrial engineers, including health and safety	174	22.6	7.0	5.9	2.9
Mechanical engineers	322	5.8	4.3	9.5	4.0
Drafters	181	21.8	3.0	6.8	10.3
Engineering technicians, except drafters	396	20.6	9.3	5.3	11.2
Surveying and mapping technicians	96	9.9	3.0	0.3	8.5
Life, physical, and social science occupations [3]	1,434	43.3	5.7	12.2	4.1
Biological scientists	116	46.6	3.5	11.9	3.8
Medical scientists	164	45.4	5.3	35.6	2.4
Chemists and materials scientists	116	34.1	7.4	13.3	1.7
Environmental scientists and geoscientists	101	22.0	2.9	3.4	1.8
Market and survey researchers	129	61.3	9.0	8.7	3.4
Psychologists	189	67.7	2.6	2.2	3.5
Chemical technicians	76	35.9	11.4	4.4	8.8
Community and social services occupations [3]	2,156	61.6	18.6	3.3	8.5
Counselors	614	66.8	17.9	2.3	8.2
Social workers	698	82.6	22.7	3.3	10.3
Miscellaneous community and social service specialists	293	70.5	23.9	3.2	11.8
Clergy	416	12.8	12.4	4.5	4.7

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 598. **Employed Civilians by Occupation, Sex, Race, and Hispanic Origin: 2006**—Con.

[**144,427 represents 144,427,000.** Civilian noninstitutional population 16 years old and over. Annual average of monthly figures. Based on Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1, and Appendix III. Occupational classifications are those used in the 2000 census and are not comparable to those used in the 1990 census]

Occupation	Total employed (1,000)	Percent of total			
		Female	Black [1]	Asian [1]	Hispanic [2]
Professional and related occupations—Con.					
Legal occupations [3]	1,637	51.7	6.5	2.8	5.7
Lawyers	965	32.6	5.0	2.9	3.0
Paralegals and legal assistants	345	89.1	8.4	1.9	11.3
Miscellaneous legal support workers	261	76.8	8.7	3.8	9.0
Education, training, and library occupations [3]	8,126	74.2	9.8	3.5	7.3
Postsecondary teachers	1,194	46.3	6.7	10.3	4.5
Preschool and kindergarten teachers	690	97.7	13.9	2.5	10.5
Elementary and middle school teachers	2,701	82.2	9.7	1.7	6.5
Secondary school teachers	1,098	56.0	7.3	1.9	6.5
Special education teachers	401	83.5	9.0	1.7	4.7
Other teachers and instructors	705	64.9	9.4	4.6	7.5
Librarians	229	84.2	8.8	1.1	2.9
Teacher assistants	942	92.3	14.9	2.3	14.1
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations [3]	2,735	48.8	6.7	4.2	7.8
Artists and related workers	223	52.4	5.1	6.2	4.6
Designers	821	55.5	3.2	7.0	9.4
Producers and directors	134	40.0	6.4	3.3	6.9
Athletes, coaches, umpires, and related workers	270	36.9	9.5	2.2	5.8
Musicians, singers, and related workers	203	33.5	9.0	3.4	11.5
News analysts, reporters, and correspondents	78	53.4	4.0	2.5	4.2
Public relations specialists	141	64.6	8.8	1.3	3.7
Editors	157	53.7	5.1	1.3	5.6
Writers and authors	174	58.5	5.7	1.9	2.8
Broadcast and sound engineering technicians and radio operators	89	15.6	11.7	2.5	10.1
Photographers	127	43.3	7.1	1.7	6.7
Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations [3]	7,060	73.4	10.6	8.2	5.6
Dentists	196	22.6	3.1	11.4	4.3
Dietitians and nutritionists	96	91.0	21.2	7.6	4.6
Pharmacists	245	48.9	6.0	19.5	5.6
Physicians and surgeons	863	32.2	5.2	17.0	5.7
Physician assistants	85	71.7	10.9	6.2	6.7
Registered nurses	2,529	91.3	10.9	7.5	4.2
Occupational therapists	78	90.3	3.1	4.7	2.0
Physical therapists	198	62.7	5.8	13.7	5.0
Respiratory therapists	85	66.0	15.3	4.6	6.2
Speech-language pathologists	114	95.3	8.1	1.4	3.6
Clinical laboratory technologists and technicians	321	78.1	14.2	9.6	7.8
Dental hygienists	144	98.6	1.4	4.2	4.6
Diagnostic-related technologists and technicians	281	72.9	7.5	2.9	6.3
Emergency medical technicians and paramedics	156	31.9	11.9	2.2	7.4
Health diagnosing and treating practitioner support technicians	425	80.1	11.8	5.6	8.2
Licensed practical and licensed vocational nurses	556	94.2	23.2	3.1	7.0
Medical records and health information technicians	98	92.0	20.5	1.4	15.1
Service occupations	**23,811**	**57.3**	**15.9**	**4.3**	**19.5**
Healthcare support occupations [3]	3,132	89.4	24.7	4.1	13.1
Nursing, psychiatric, and home health aides	1,906	88.9	34.8	4.0	13.1
Massage therapists	124	84.1	5.4	5.0	8.0
Dental assistants	274	95.4	5.4	4.2	14.9
Protective service occupations [3]	2,939	22.3	19.7	1.7	10.2
First-line supervisors/managers of police and detectives	103	15.5	5.5	0.2	6.9
Firefighters	253	3.5	9.9	0.4	7.5
Bailiffs, correctional officers, and jailers	451	28.2	24.2	0.4	7.4
Detectives and criminal investigators	144	26.0	17.6	1.8	13.5
Police and sheriff's patrol officers	655	12.8	14.9	2.3	11.8
Private detectives and investigators	85	38.2	11.4	0.6	5.5
Security guards and gaming surveillance officers	835	23.0	29.8	3.1	12.2
Food preparation and serving-related occupations	7,606	56.6	11.7	5.3	21.1
Chefs and head cooks	313	23.9	14.1	15.8	19.1
First-line supervisors/managers of food preparation and serving workers	652	58.7	14.7	3.0	15.0
Cooks	1,868	43.4	17.4	6.2	31.6
Food-preparation workers	698	59.2	12.3	5.2	25.4
Bartenders	389	55.0	2.5	2.1	9.4
Combined food preparation and serving workers, including fast food	344	67.6	12.5	4.3	13.3
Counter attendants, cafeteria, food concession, and coffee shop	308	66.2	12.1	3.5	13.9
Waiters and waitresses	1,960	71.5	7.0	5.3	14.3
Food servers, nonrestaurant	155	65.3	23.7	5.1	13.2
Dining room and cafeteria attendants and bartender helpers	380	48.5	8.4	5.4	30.5
Dishwashers	279	23.9	10.0	3.1	36.7
Hosts and hostesses, restaurant, lounge, and coffee shop	257	86.4	6.3	4.3	14.7
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	5,381	40.0	15.6	2.6	31.8
First-line supervisors/managers of housekeeping and janitorial workers	305	32.6	16.2	3.2	17.1
First-line supervisors/managers of landscaping, lawn service, and groundskeeping workers	235	8.0	5.8	1.0	17.2
Janitors and building cleaners	2,082	32.2	18.7	3.0	26.8
Maids and housekeeping cleaners	1,423	90.3	19.9	3.4	37.2
Pest control workers	78	2.2	7.7	2.2	21.8
Grounds maintenance workers	1,259	6.2	7.8	1.2	40.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 598. **Employed Civilians by Occupation, Sex, Race, and Hispanic Origin: 2006**—Con.

[**144,427 represents 144,427,000.** Civilian noninstitutional population 16 years old and over. Annual average of monthly figures. Based on Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1, and Appendix III. Occupational classifications are those used in the 2000 census and are not comparable to those used in the 1990 census]

Occupation	Total employed (1,000)	Percent of total			
		Female	Black [1]	Asian [1]	Hispanic [2]
Service occupations—Con.					
Personal care and service occupations [3]	4,754	78.7	15.0	6.4	13.0
First-line supervisors/managers of gaming workers	124	43.7	5.8	5.7	3.6
First-line supervisors/managers of personal service workers	176	66.7	11.2	10.9	6.0
Nonfarm animal caretakers	137	72.1	3.6	0.9	9.3
Gaming services workers	106	48.1	7.6	18.0	9.2
Barbers	100	17.7	36.7	1.9	10.0
Hairdressers, hairstylists, and cosmetologists	767	93.4	11.9	4.8	12.4
Miscellaneous personal appearance workers	230	83.0	6.5	45.5	8.0
Baggage porters, bellhops, and concierges	78	20.6	14.8	6.1	24.2
Transportation attendants	134	74.2	21.8	4.8	11.0
Child care workers	1,401	94.2	17.0	2.8	17.3
Personal and home care aides	703	87.3	22.4	5.8	14.9
Recreation and fitness workers	322	68.7	11.3	2.3	8.1
Sales and office occupations	**36,141**	**63.3**	**11.2**	**4.0**	**11.5**
Sales and related occupations [3]	16,641	49.1	9.0	4.6	11.1
First-line supervisors/managers of retail sales workers	3,435	41.8	7.4	4.5	9.6
First-line supervisors/managers of non retail sales workers	1,433	27.2	5.6	6.0	9.9
Cashiers	3,063	74.8	15.3	5.5	16.8
Counter and rental clerks	146	51.7	11.1	8.9	14.3
Parts salespersons	149	16.3	3.0	1.1	11.7
Retail salespersons	3,386	51.4	11.1	4.2	11.9
Advertising sales agents	220	53.9	6.7	4.2	7.2
Insurance sales agents	548	45.3	6.9	2.6	6.8
Securities, commodities, and financial services sales agents	398	29.3	9.3	7.9	5.5
Travel agents	82	77.3	7.1	8.8	6.6
Sales representatives, services, all other	563	32.8	5.9	2.9	8.0
Sales representatives, wholesale and manufacturing	1,422	27.2	2.9	2.5	7.3
Models, demonstrators, and product promoters	75	84.2	3.2	5.3	11.5
Real estate brokers and sales agents	1,046	59.9	5.8	5.9	9.1
Telemarketers	142	65.3	19.5	1.1	16.2
Door-to-door sales workers, news and street vendors, and related workers	261	62.4	6.5	3.0	14.6
Office and administrative support occupations [3]	19,500	75.4	13.1	3.6	11.9
First-line supervisors/managers of office and administrative support workers	1,543	72.2	9.0	2.7	9.9
Bill and account collectors	213	62.2	25.1	2.1	17.3
Billing and posting clerks and machine operators	422	88.1	13.3	3.5	10.7
Bookkeeping, accounting, and auditing clerks	1,511	90.3	7.8	3.7	8.4
Payroll and timekeeping clerks	158	92.4	11.0	2.3	11.9
Tellers	432	84.8	10.6	4.0	14.5
Court, municipal, and license clerks	114	80.7	12.4	1.4	13.9
Customer service representatives	1,916	70.4	18.3	3.6	13.8
File clerks	363	79.2	13.9	5.2	15.1
Hotel, motel, and resort desk clerks	117	63.7	18.1	3.7	18.3
Interviewers, except eligibility and loan	141	82.1	17.3	1.6	9.8
Library assistants, clerical	119	87.9	8.2	5.0	14.8
Loan interviewers and clerks	190	76.7	12.0	6.5	13.2
Order clerks	128	69.4	8.8	1.8	19.0
Receptionists and information clerks	1,403	92.7	10.8	3.8	12.6
Reservation and transportation ticket agents and travel clerks	156	64.8	19.3	5.0	13.1
Couriers and messengers	273	17.9	15.3	3.0	12.9
Dispatchers	303	53.4	11.7	1.0	13.5
Postal service clerks	153	49.5	22.7	12.4	7.8
Postal service mail carriers	329	35.7	15.7	5.0	8.7
Postal service mail sorters, processors, and processing machine operators	98	47.5	28.2	12.3	7.8
Production, planning, and expediting clerks	296	56.8	7.5	2.5	12.6
Shipping, receiving, and traffic clerks	543	30.1	14.0	2.6	20.1
Stock clerks and order fillers	1,462	39.1	17.8	3.4	16.4
Weighers, measurers, checkers, and samplers, recordkeeping	81	50.4	15.3	7.3	17.8
Secretaries and administrative assistants	3,455	96.9	9.8	2.2	8.6
Computer operators	185	49.6	15.2	7.7	10.3
Data entry keyers	475	81.6	15.2	6.1	11.8
Word processors and typists	256	91.2	18.1	1.9	9.5
Insurance claims and policy processing clerks	274	87.6	11.4	0.9	10.3
Mail clerks and mail machine operators, except postal service	123	54.2	25.8	7.5	8.4
Office clerks, general	1,035	81.9	12.4	5.8	14.5
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations	**15,830**	**4.7**	**6.8**	**1.8**	**24.6**
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	961	22.0	4.9	1.6	39.7
Logging workers	78	0.2	7.5	0.0	3.0
Construction and extraction occupations [3]	9,507	3.1	6.6	1.2	29.3
First-line supervisors/managers of construction trades and extraction workers	976	2.6	4.6	1.3	12.0
Brickmasons, blockmasons, and stonemasons	244	1.6	7.1	0.1	40.3
Carpenters	1,843	2.4	4.5	1.6	26.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 598. **Employed Civilians by Occupation, Sex, Race, and Hispanic Origin: 2006**—Con.

[**144,427 represents 144,427,000.** Civilian noninstitutional population 16 years old and over. Annual average of monthly figures. Based on Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1, and Appendix III. Occupational classifications are those used in the 2000 census and are not comparable to those used in the 1990 census]

Occupation	Total employed (1,000)	Percent of total			
		Female	Black [1]	Asian [1]	Hispanic [2]
Construction and extraction occupations—Con.					
Carpet, floor, and tile installers and finishers	279	2.4	5.3	1.2	39.4
Cement masons, concrete finishers, and terrazzo workers	107	0.7	13.8	–	51.5
Construction laborers	1,693	3.7	7.5	1.4	44.7
Operating engineers and other construction equipment operators	451	1.7	8.3	0.3	9.7
Drywall installers, ceiling tile installers, and tapers	295	2.9	3.8	0.1	51.8
Electricians	882	1.9	7.5	1.7	14.4
Painters, construction and maintenance	713	7.7	7.0	1.2	41.0
Pipelayers, plumbers, pipefitters, and steamfitters	662	1.8	8.5	0.4	20.9
Roofers	242	1.1	7.0	1.2	46.7
Sheet metal workers	125	3.1	2.2	2.8	13.7
Helpers, construction trades	132	6.2	9.9	0.4	43.2
Construction and building inspectors	102	8.8	10.1	1.3	12.3
Highway maintenance workers	103	3.8	10.5	0.6	23.1
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations [3]	5,362	4.6	7.6	3.0	13.4
First-line supervisors/managers of mechanics, installers, and repairers	357	8.5	7.8	2.3	8.7
Computer, automated teller, and office machine repairers	371	9.7	8.4	6.8	10.2
Radio and telecommunications equipment installers and repairers	205	15.2	11.2	5.1	8.8
Aircraft mechanics and service technicians	141	5.3	6.6	3.7	7.6
Automotive body and related repairers	162	0.6	4.1	4.8	25.6
Automotive service technicians and mechanics	875	1.6	6.1	4.4	16.8
Bus and truck mechanics and diesel engine specialists	367	0.9	6.3	1.6	14.1
Heavy vehicle and mobile equipment service technicians and mechanics	237	1.4	2.6	0.3	13.5
Heating, air conditioning, and refrigeration mechanics and installers	405	2.7	4.8	1.1	13.7
Industrial and refractory machinery mechanics	436	3.8	9.1	2.5	11.7
Maintenance and repair workers, general	435	4.0	11.3	1.2	16.6
Electrical power-line installers and repairers	109	0.9	12.0	–	6.5
Telecommunications line installers and repairers	210	8.6	11.3	2.1	12.8
Production, transportation, and material occupations	**18,224**	**22.8**	**14.2**	**3.6**	**19.6**
Production occupations [3]	9,378	30.4	12.2	4.8	20.6
First-line supervisors/managers of production and operating workers	868	19.4	9.8	4.8	10.8
Electrical, electronics, and electromechanical assemblers	213	51.7	14.0	14.0	19.6
Bakers	186	57.9	9.4	4.6	28.5
Butchers and other meat, poultry, and fish processing workers	292	29.9	12.8	3.1	46.1
Food batchmakers	81	58.6	10.5	4.0	27.7
Cutting, punching, and press machine setters, operators, and tenders, metal and plastic	119	17.9	13.8	1.5	15.8
Machinists	415	6.7	5.2	4.1	12.1
Tool and die makers	105	0.9	3.0	–	5.4
Welding, soldering, and brazing workers	546	5.9	7.5	2.7	19.4
Printing machine operators	208	22.2	9.5	3.8	16.5
Laundry and dry-cleaning workers	190	62.4	18.3	5.2	32.1
Sewing machine operators	292	77.9	10.7	15.3	41.4
Tailors, dressmakers, and sewers	111	74.7	7.6	11.0	21.1
Cabinetmakers and bench carpenters	113	4.4	1.8	2.3	18.5
Stationary engineers and boiler operators	94	2.3	8.5	3.0	9.8
Water and liquid waste treatment plant and system operators	95	4.0	13.4	0.4	5.4
Crushing, grinding, polishing, mixing, and blending workers	105	11.2	19.3	5.1	24.6
Cutting workers	78	24.8	5.8	2.7	27.3
Inspectors, testers, sorters, samplers, and weighers	702	38.8	11.4	6.4	14.4
Medical, dental, and ophthalmic laboratory technicians	95	50.8	9.7	11.2	17.8
Packaging and filling machine operators and tenders	275	55.5	21.5	5.0	38.0
Painting workers	173	16.6	9.0	1.4	25.0
Transportation and material-moving occupations [3]	8,846	14.8	16.3	2.3	18.6
Supervisors, transportation and material-moving workers	228	16.7	13.0	2.2	12.1
Aircraft pilots and flight engineers	115	2.2	–	2.8	5.3
Bus drivers	565	49.6	29.4	1.3	12.2
Driver/sales workers and truck drivers	3,475	5.2	13.9	1.2	16.0
Taxi drivers and chauffeurs	282	16.0	23.8	12.6	15.0
Service station attendants	96	9.8	5.9	7.5	12.0
Industrial truck and tractor operators	574	7.2	20.1	0.8	25.8
Cleaners of vehicles and equipment	401	15.0	16.9	1.0	32.7
Laborers and freight, stock, and material movers, hand	1,899	16.9	16.2	2.7	19.4
Packers and packagers, hand	432	57.5	18.9	5.4	39.2
Refuse and recyclable material collectors	91	6.1	28.0	4.4	24.7

– Represents or rounds to zero. [1] The 2003 Current Population Survey (CPS) allowed respondents to choose more than one race. Data represent persons who selected this race group only and exclude persons reporting more than one race. The CPS in prior years only allowed respondents to report one race group. See also comments on race in the text for Section 1. [2] Persons of Hispanic or Latino ethnicity may be of any race. [3] Includes other occupations, not shown separately.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *Employment and Earnings,* monthly, January 2007 issue. See Internet site <http://www.bls.gov/cps/home.htm>.

Table 599. **Employed Civilians by Occupation—States: 2005**

[In thousands (141,730 represents 141,730,000). Occupation classifications are those used in the 2000 Census and are not comparable to those in other tables using 1990 Census classifications. Based on the Current Population Survey and subject to sampling error; see text, Section 1, and Appendix III]

State	Total	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations			Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
		Management, business, and financial operations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
Total	**141,730**	**20,450**	**28,795**	**23,133**	**16,433**	**19,529**	**976**	**9,145**	**5,226**	**9,378**	**8,664**
AL	2,086	245	386	302	214	310	16	165	96	192	162
AK	318	43	70	51	32	48	4	25	13	9	22
AZ	2,697	411	499	488	341	377	8	218	114	128	113
AR	1,301	177	209	219	132	173	21	88	52	125	106
CA	16,724	2,632	3,450	2,670	2,080	2,183	204	1082	547	967	910
CO	2,406	404	500	379	306	316	10	181	79	104	126
CT	1,724	275	403	270	195	230	5	100	60	109	77
DE	421	60	86	69	48	60	2	31	17	23	24
DC	277	59	94	46	19	35	(Z)	8	4	3	9
FL	8,390	1,182	1,557	1,497	1,123	1,172	30	676	341	342	471
GA	4,334	643	813	659	506	601	27	302	184	322	278
HI	616	85	116	139	73	84	7	42	20	21	30
ID	721	104	128	108	83	106	21	57	33	35	46
IL	6,097	940	1,286	967	688	887	12	328	173	426	388
IN	3,032	389	535	438	339	380	17	172	146	364	252
IA	1,592	240	310	231	170	222	18	78	62	140	123
KS	1,406	216	287	231	147	185	12	84	56	102	87
KY	1,885	234	372	281	205	270	13	116	82	183	129
LA	1,973	241	348	347	238	274	17	138	80	135	156
ME	677	91	140	114	79	86	10	43	29	44	41
MD	2,800	480	709	439	284	389	10	173	87	100	128
MA	3,193	485	840	509	348	440	8	176	96	134	157
MI	4,773	613	992	792	550	594	20	267	186	458	299
MN	2,815	451	624	433	317	389	19	137	91	205	149
MS	1,241	132	239	203	130	160	23	82	55	135	83
MO	2,855	404	546	439	331	422	15	175	109	209	203
MT	476	75	87	86	62	53	11	44	17	18	24
NE	948	140	190	142	110	135	13	53	35	69	60
NV	1,167	147	155	291	145	170	(Z)	111	45	39	63
NH	708	113	167	102	86	92	2	47	24	45	31
NJ	4,244	700	981	645	497	594	8	204	130	211	273
NM	897	144	183	143	98	117	9	75	30	39	60
NY	8,943	1,162	2,041	1,758	990	1,298	24	471	284	420	495
NC	4,092	564	764	629	470	534	37	300	174	360	261
ND	349	66	64	61	37	42	7	19	14	18	20
OH	5,558	738	1,046	916	628	799	22	275	204	537	394
OK	1,665	256	308	264	171	249	17	101	81	116	100
OR	1,745	261	371	259	212	241	26	99	55	110	109
PA	5,972	803	1,224	942	657	863	37	345	250	435	416
RI	541	74	115	94	63	78	2	27	16	44	29
SC	1,939	229	361	314	244	252	10	127	79	193	131
SD	414	70	73	70	44	59	8	24	13	30	24
TN	2,717	352	510	419	310	368	14	190	103	271	179
TX	10,629	1,476	2,010	1,745	1,272	1,484	85	846	434	625	651
UT	1,216	169	228	173	153	194	5	97	45	74	77
VT	342	49	86	55	33	41	4	24	11	23	16
VA	3,781	602	826	594	419	521	16	301	132	174	197
WA	3,114	487	721	486	343	409	38	173	100	166	190
WV	759	81	145	141	86	105	4	63	28	44	63
WI	2,881	407	550	433	300	406	22	158	97	292	215
WY	273	45	42	46	25	34	4	30	15	12	21

Z Less than 500.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Local Area Unemployment Statistics, *Geographic Profile of Employment and Unemployment, 2005.* See Internet site <http://www.bls.gov/gps/>.

Table 600. **Employment Projections by Occupation: 2004 and 2014**

[**In thousands (624 represents 624,000), except percent and rank**. Estimates based on the Current Employment Statistics Program; the Occupational Employment Statistics Survey; and the Current Population Survey. See source for methodological assumptions. Occupations based on the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification system]

Occupation	Employment (1,000)		Change 2002–2014		Quartile rank by 2004 median annual earnings [1]	Most significant source of postsecondary education or training
	2004	2014	Number (1,000)	Percent		
FASTEST GROWING						
Home health aides	624	974	350	56.0	VL	Short-term on-the-job training
Network systems and data communications analysts	231	357	126	54.6	VH	Bachelor's degree
Medical assistants	387	589	202	52.1	L	Moderate-term on-the-job training
Physician assistants	62	93	31	49.6	VH	Bachelor's degree
Computer software engineers, applications	460	682	222	48.4	VH	Bachelor's degree
Physical therapist assistants	59	85	26	44.2	H	Associate's degree
Dental hygienists	158	226	68	43.3	VH	Associate's degree
Computer software engineers, systems software	340	486	146	43.0	VH	Bachelor's degree
Dental assistants	267	382	114	42.7	L	Moderate-term on-the-job training
Personal and home care aides	701	988	287	41.0	VL	Short-term on-the-job training
Network and computer systems administrators	278	385	107	38.4	VH	Bachelor's degree
Database administrators	104	144	40	38.2	VH	Bachelor's degree
Physical therapists	155	211	57	36.7	VH	Master's degree
Forensic science technicians	10	13	4	36.4	VH	Associate's degree
Veterinary technologists and technicians	60	81	21	35.3	L	Associate's degree
Diagnostic medical sonographers	42	57	15	34.8	VH	Associate's degree
Physical therapist aides	43	57	15	34.4	L	Short-term on-the-job training
Occupational therapist assistants	21	29	7	34.1	H	Associate's degree
Medical scientists, except epidemiologists	72	97	25	34.1	VH	Doctoral degree
Occupational therapists	92	123	31	33.6	VH	Master's degree
Preschool teachers, except special education	431	573	143	33.1	L	Postsecondary vocational award
Cardiovascular technologists and technicians	45	60	15	32.6	H	Associate's degree
Postsecondary teachers	1,628	2,153	524	32.2	VH	Doctoral degree
Hydrologists	8	11	3	31.6	VH	Master's degree
Computer systems analysts	487	640	153	31.4	VH	Bachelor's degree
Hazardous materials removal workers	38	50	12	31.2	H	Moderate-term on-the-job training
LARGEST JOB GROWTH						
Retail salespersons	4,256	4,992	736	17.3	VL	Short-term on-the-job training
Registered nurses	2,394	3,096	703	29.4	VH	Associate's degree
Postsecondary teachers	1,628	2,153	524	32.2	VH	Doctoral degree
Customer service representatives	2,063	2,534	471	22.8	L	Moderate-term on-the-job training
Janitors and cleaners, except maids and housekeeping cleaners	2,374	2,813	440	18.5	VL	Short-term on-the-job training
Waiters and waitresses	2,252	2,627	376	16.7	VL	Short-term on-the-job training
Combined food preparation and serving workers, including fast food	2,150	2,516	367	17.1	VL	Short-term on-the-job training
Home health aides	624	974	350	56.0	VL	Short-term on-the-job training
Nursing aides, orderlies, and attendants	1,455	1,781	325	22.3	L	Postsecondary vocational award
General and operations managers	1,807	2,115	308	17.0	VH	Bachelor's or higher degree, plus work experience
Personal and home care aides	701	988	287	41.0	VL	Short-term on-the-job training
Elementary school teachers, except special education	1,457	1,722	265	18.2	H	Bachelor's degree
Accountants and auditors	1,176	1,440	264	22.4	VH	Bachelor's degree
Office clerks, general	3,138	3,401	263	8.4	L	Short-term on-the-job training
Laborers and freight, stock, and material movers, hand	2,430	2,678	248	10.2	VL	Short-term on-the-job training
Receptionists and information clerks	1,133	1,379	246	21.7	L	Short-term on-the-job training
Landscaping and groundskeeping workers	1,177	1,407	230	19.5	L	Short-term on-the-job training
Truck drivers, heavy and tractor-trailer	1,738	1,962	223	12.9	H	Moderate-term on-the-job training
Computer software engineers, applications	460	682	222	48.4	VH	Bachelor's degree
Maintenance and repair workers, general	1,332	1,533	202	15.2	H	Moderate-term on-the-job training
Medical assistants	387	589	202	52.1	L	Moderate-term on-the-job training
Executive secretaries and administrative assistants	1,547	1,739	192	12.4	H	Moderate-term on-the-job training
Sales representatives, wholesale and manufacturing, except technical and scientific products	1,454	1,641	187	12.9	VH	Moderate-term on-the-job training
Carpenters	1,349	1,535	186	13.8	H	Long-term on-the-job training
Teacher assistants	1,296	1,478	183	14.1	VL	Short-term on-the-job training
Child care workers	1,280	1,456	176	13.8	VL	Short-term on-the-job training
Food preparation workers	889	1,064	175	19.7	VL	Short-term on-the-job training

[1] Quartile ranks based on the Occupational Employment Statistics annual earnings. VH = very high ($43,600 and over), H = high ($28,580 to $43,590), L = low ($20,190 to $28,570), and VL = very low (up to $20,180). The rankings were based on quartiles using one-fourth of total employment to define each quartile. Earnings are for wage and salary workers.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics "Occupational employment projections to 2014", *Monthly Labor Review,* November 2005. See Internet site <http://www.bls.gov/emp/home.htm>.

Table 601. **Occupations of the Employed by Selected Characteristic: 2005**

[**In thousands (121,960 represents 121,960,000). Annual averages of monthly figures.** Civilian noninstitutional population 25 years old and over. Based on Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1, and Appendix III. See headnote, Table 587, regarding occupations]

Sex, race, and educational attainment	Total employed	Managerial, professional, and related	Service	Sales and office	Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	Production, transportation, and material moving
Total [1]	**121,960**	**46,303**	**17,448**	**29,322**	**13,173**	**15,714**
Less than a high school diploma	11,712	749	3,336	1,557	2,899	3,171
High school graduates, no college	36,398	5,832	6,957	10,213	5,731	7,664
Less than a bachelor's degree	33,625	10,975	5,003	10,403	3,550	3,694
College graduates	40,225	28,748	2,151	7,150	992	1,184
White [2]	100,613	39,019	13,117	24,372	11,607	12,497
Less than a high school diploma	9,579	626	2,500	1,262	2,595	2,596
High school graduates, no college	29,911	5,038	5,067	8,649	5,076	6,081
Less than a bachelor's degree	27,771	9,321	3,868	8,574	3,099	2,909
College graduates	33,352	24,034	1,682	5,887	838	911
Black [2]	13,177	3,730	3,036	3,159	983	2,268
Less than a high school diploma	1,369	65	578	183	185	358
High school graduates, no college	4,742	564	1,408	1,114	439	1,217
Less than a bachelor's degree	4,008	1,082	812	1,267	281	566
College graduates	3,057	2,019	238	596	77	128
Asian [2]	5,601	2,753	818	1,198	249	583
Less than a high school diploma	440	36	165	70	40	130
High school graduates, no college	980	120	301	261	79	220
Less than a bachelor's degree	972	304	178	304	71	115
College graduates	3,208	2,293	174	563	59	119
Hispanic [3]	15,362	2,880	3,553	3,008	2,953	2,968
Less than a high school diploma	5,367	180	1,623	536	1,600	1,427
High school graduates, no college	4,535	500	1,094	1,070	866	1,004
Less than a bachelor's degree	3,228	861	591	1,012	368	396
College graduates	2,232	1,339	245	390	118	140

[1] Includes other races, not shown separately. [2] For persons in this race group only. See footnote 3, Table 570. [3] Persons of Hispanic or Latino ethnicity may be of any race.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, unpublished data.

Table 602. **Employment by Industry: 2000 to 2006**

[**In thousands (136,891 represents 136,891,000), except percent.** See Table 584 regarding coverage and headnote Table 587 regarding industries]

Industry	2000	2004 [1]	2005 [1]	2006 [1]	**2006,** percent [1] Female	Black [2]	Asian [2]	Hispanic [3]
Total employed	**136,891**	**139,252**	**141,730**	**144,427**	**46.3**	**10.9**	**4.5**	**13.6**
Agriculture and related industries	2,464	2,232	2,197	2,206	24.6	2.7	1.2	19.4
Mining	475	539	624	687	13.0	4.9	0.7	13.6
Construction	9,931	10,768	11,197	11,749	9.6	5.5	1.4	25.1
Manufacturing	19,644	16,484	16,253	16,377	29.5	9.5	5.2	14.7
Durable goods	12,519	10,329	10,333	10,499	25.8	8.5	5.8	12.4
Nondurable goods	7,125	6,155	5,919	5,877	36.1	11.4	4.2	18.7
Wholesale trade	4,216	4,600	4,579	4,561	29.0	6.5	4.1	13.5
Retail trade	15,763	16,269	16,825	16,767	48.9	10.1	4.2	12.7
Transportation and utilities	7,380	7,013	7,360	7,455	24.2	16.5	3.6	12.7
Transportation and warehousing	6,096	5,844	6,184	6,269	24.7	17.6	3.8	13.5
Utilities	1,284	1,168	1,176	1,186	21.9	10.9	2.5	8.2
Information	4,059	3,463	3,402	3,573	44.4	11.7	5.2	9.4
Financial activities	9,374	9,969	10,203	10,490	55.5	10.2	5.1	10.0
Finance and insurance	6,641	6,940	7,035	7,254	58.2	10.5	5.6	8.5
Real estate and rental and leasing	2,734	3,029	3,168	3,237	49.4	9.5	4.1	13.4
Professional and business services	13,649	14,108	14,294	14,868	42.5	9.8	5.7	13.0
Professional and technical services	8,266	8,386	8,584	8,776	44.4	6.4	7.6	6.2
Management, administrative, and waste services	5,383	5,722	5,709	6,092	39.8	14.8	3.0	22.9
Education and health services	26,188	28,719	29,174	29,938	74.9	14.2	4.7	9.1
Educational services	11,255	12,058	12,264	12,522	68.9	10.8	3.6	8.5
Health care and social assistance	14,933	16,661	16,910	17,416	79.1	16.7	5.4	9.5
Hospitals	5,202	5,700	5,719	5,712	76.6	16.4	7.0	7.6
Health services, except hospitals	7,009	8,118	8,332	8,639	78.6	15.3	5.3	9.5
Social assistance	2,722	2,844	2,860	3,065	85.4	21.2	2.9	12.9
Leisure and hospitality	11,186	11,820	12,071	12,145	51.3	10.5	5.9	19.4
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	2,539	2,690	2,765	2,671	45.2	8.3	3.6	11.9
Accommodation and food services	8,647	9,131	9,306	9,474	53.0	11.2	6.5	21.6
Other services	6,450	6,903	7,020	7,088	51.7	9.8	5.8	15.5
Other services, except private households	5,731	6,124	6,208	6,285	46.5	9.6	6.2	13.3
Private households	718	779	812	803	92.5	11.1	2.5	32.8
Government workers	6,113	6,365	6,530	6,524	45.4	16.2	3.5	8.6

[1] See footnote 2, Table 569. [2] Persons in this race group only. See footnote 3, Table 570. [3] Persons of Hispanic or Latino origin may be of any race.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *Employment and Earnings,* monthly, January 2007 issue. See Internet site <http://www.bls.gov/cps/home.htm>.

Table 603. **Employment Projections by Industry: 2004 to 2014**

[**15,034.5 represents 15,034,500**. Estimates based on the Current Employment Statistics estimates. See source for methodological assumptions. Minus sign (–) indicates decline]

Industry	2002 NAICS code [1]	Employment (1,000)		Change, 2004–2014 (1,000)	Average annual rate of change 2004–2014
		2004	2014		
LARGEST GROWTH					
Retail trade	44,45	15,034.5	16,683.2	1,648.7	1.0
Employment services	5613	3,470.3	5,050.2	1,579.9	3.8
Food services and drinking places	722	8,850.0	10,300.8	1,450.8	1.5
Offices of health practitioners	6211,6212,6213	3,337.0	4,560.7	1,223.7	3.2
Construction	23	6,964.5	7,756.9	792.4	1.1
Local government educational services	(X)	7,762.5	8,545.5	783.0	1.0
Hospitals, private	622	4,293.6	4,981.9	688.3	1.5
Residential care facilities	6232,6233,6239	1,239.6	1,840.3	600.7	4.0
Home health care services	6216	773.2	1,310.3	537.1	5.4
Junior colleges, colleges, universities, and professsional schools	6112,6113	1,461.8	1,964.8	503.0	3.0
Local government enterprises except passenger transit	(X)	4,216.0	4,699.3	483.3	1.1
Wholesale trade	42	5,654.9	6,130.8	475.9	0.8
Management, scientific, and technical consulting services	5416	779.0	1,250.2	471.2	4.8
Computer systems design and related services	5415	1,147.4	1,600.3	452.9	3.4
Individual, family, community, and vocational rehabilitation services	6241,6242,6243	1,365.3	1,810.0	444.7	2.9
State government educational services	(X)	2,249.2	2,691.0	441.8	1.8
Amusement, gambling, and recreation industries	713	1,351.3	1,709.7	358.4	2.4
Services to buildings and dwellings	5617	1,694.1	2,049.7	355.6	1.9
Outpatient, laboratory, and other ambulatory care services	6214,6215,6219	836.1	1,160.4	324.3	3.3
Accommodation	721	1,795.9	2,100.1	304.2	1.6
MOST RAPID GROWTH					
Home health care services	6216	773.2	1,310.3	537.1	5.4
Software publishers	5112	238.7	400.0	161.3	5.3
Management, scientific, and technical consulting services	5416	779.0	1,250.2	471.2	4.8
Residential care facilities	6232,6233,6239	1,239.6	1,840.3	600.7	4.0
Facilities support services	5612	115.6	170.0	54.4	3.9
Employment services	5613	3,470.3	5,050.2	1,579.9	3.8
Independent artists, writers, and performers	7115	41.9	60.8	18.9	3.8
Office administrative services	5611	319.4	449.9	130.5	3.5
Computer systems design and related services	5415	1,147.4	1,600.3	452.9	3.4
Outpatient, laboratory, and other ambulatory care services	6214,6215,6219	836.1	1,160.4	324.3	3.3
Child day care services	6244	767.1	1,061.9	294.8	3.3
Other educational services	6114–17	475.3	649.9	174.6	3.2
Offices of health practitioners	6211,6212,6213	3,337.0	4,560.7	1,223.7	3.2
Accounting, tax preparation, bookkeeping, and payroll services	5412	816.0	1,099.9	283.9	3.0
Junior colleges, colleges, universities, and professional schools	6112,6113	1,461.8	1,964.8	503.0	3.0
Individual, family, community, and vocational rehabilitation services	6241,6242,6243	1,365.3	1,810.0	444.7	2.9
Scenic and sightseeing transportation	487	26.8	35.2	8.4	2.8
Waste treatment and disposal and waste management sevvices	5622,5629	206.3	267.9	61.6	2.6
Other professional, scientific, and technical services	5419	503.4	646.1	142.7	2.5
Specialized design services	5414	121.0	155.0	34.0	2.5
MOST RAPID DECLINE					
Cut-and-sew apparel manufacturing	3152	219.9	80.0	–139.9	–9.6
Fiber, yarn, and thread mills	3131	54.4	25.0	–29.4	–7.5
Apparel knitting mills	3151	42.0	20.0	–22.0	–7.2
Textile and fabric finishing and fabric coating mills	3133	68.5	35.0	–33.5	–6.5
Fabric mills	3132	115.7	60.0	–55.7	–6.4
Tobacco manufacturing	3122	29.4	16.6	–12.8	–5.6
Footwear manufacturing	3162	19.4	12.5	–6.9	–4.3
Apparel accessories and other apparel manufacturing	3159	23.0	15.0	–8.0	–4.2
Basic chemical manufacturing	3251	156.1	110.0	–46.1	–3.4
Metal ore mining	2122	27.3	19.3	–8.0	–3.4
Other textile product mills	3149	75.1	55.0	–20.1	–3.1
Household appliance manufacturing	3352	90.1	66.0	–24.1	–3.1
Commercial and service industry machinery manufacturing	3333	114.9	85.0	–29.9	–3.0
Federal enterprises, except the Postal Service and electrical utilities	(X)	70.5	53.0	–17.5	–2.8
Electrical equipment manufacturing	3353	153.1	117.0	–36.1	–2.7
Railroad rolling stock manufacturing	3365	24.7	18.9	–5.8	–2.6
Coal mining	2121	71.7	55.0	–16.7	–2.6
Rubber product manufacturing	3262	173.0	132.8	–40.2	–2.6

X Not applicable. [1] Based on the North American Industry Classification System, 2002; see text, this section.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, "Industry output and employment projections to 2014," *Monthly Labor Review*, November 2005. See Internet site <http://www.bls.gov/emp/home.htm>.

Table 604. **Unemployed Workers—Summary: 1980 to 2006**

[**In thousands (7,637 represents 7,637,000), except as indicated**. Civilian noninstitutional population 16 years old and over. Annual averages of monthly figures. Based on the Current Population Survey; see text Section 1, and Appendix III. For data on unemployment insurance, see Table 539]

Age, sex, race, Hispanic origin	1980	1990 [1]	1995	2000 [1]	2003 [1]	2004 [1]	2005 [1]	2006 [1]
UNEMPLOYED								
Total [2]	**7,637**	**7,047**	**7,404**	**5,692**	**8,774**	**8,149**	**7,591**	**7,001**
16 to 19 years old	1,669	1,212	1,346	1,081	1,251	1,208	1,186	1,119
20 to 24 years old	1,835	1,299	1,244	1,022	1,495	1,431	1,335	1,234
25 to 44 years old	2,964	3,323	3,390	2,340	3,775	3,362	3,061	2,800
45 to 64 years old	1,075	1,109	1,269	1,117	2,069	1,970	1,825	1,689
65 years and over	94	105	153	132	183	179	184	159
Male	4,267	3,906	3,983	2,975	4,906	4,456	4,059	3,753
16 to 19 years old	913	667	744	599	697	664	667	622
20 to 24 years old	1,076	715	673	547	841	811	775	705
25 to 44 years old	1,619	1,803	1,776	1,159	2,085	1,819	1,559	1,452
45 to 64 years old	600	662	697	587	1,176	1,057	955	887
65 years and over	58	59	94	83	107	104	102	88
Female	3,370	3,140	3,421	2,717	3,868	3,694	3,531	3,247
16 to 19 years old	755	544	602	483	554	543	519	496
20 to 24 years old	760	584	571	475	654	619	560	530
25 to 44 years old	1,345	1,519	1,615	1,181	1,690	1,543	1,502	1,348
45 to 64 years old	473	447	574	529	894	914	870	801
65 years and over	36	46	60	50	76	75	82	71
White [3]	5,884	5,186	5,459	4,121	6,311	5,847	5,350	5,002
16 to 19 years old	1,291	903	952	795	909	890	845	794
20 to 24 years old	1,364	899	866	682	1,012	959	878	832
Black [3]	1,553	1,565	1,538	1,241	1,787	1,729	1,700	1,549
16 to 19 years old	343	268	325	230	255	241	267	253
20 to 24 years old	426	349	311	281	375	353	358	318
Asian [3, 4]	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	227	366	277	259	205
16 to 19 years old	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	40	31	20	20	22
20 to 24 years old	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	41	47	46	35	28
Hispanic [5]	620	876	1,140	954	1,441	1,342	1,191	1,081
16 to 19 years old	145	161	205	194	192	203	191	170
20 to 24 years old	138	167	209	190	273	255	227	194
Full-time workers	6,269	5,677	5,909	4,538	7,361	6,762	6,175	5,675
Part-time workers	1,369	1,369	1,495	1,154	1,413	1,388	1,415	1,326
UNEMPLOYMENT RATE (percent) [6]								
Total [2]	**7.1**	**5.6**	**5.6**	**4.0**	**6.0**	**5.5**	**5.1**	**4.6**
16 to 19 years old	17.8	15.5	17.3	13.1	17.5	17.0	16.6	15.4
20 to 24 years old	11.5	8.8	9.1	7.2	10.0	9.4	8.8	8.2
25 to 44 years old	6.0	4.9	4.8	3.3	5.5	4.9	4.5	4.1
45 to 64 years old	3.7	3.5	3.4	2.5	4.1	3.8	3.4	3.1
65 years and over	3.1	3.0	4.0	3.1	3.8	3.6	3.5	2.9
Male	6.9	5.7	5.6	3.9	6.3	5.6	5.1	4.6
16 to 19 years old	18.3	16.3	18.4	14.0	19.3	18.4	18.6	16.9
20 to 24 years old	12.5	9.1	9.2	7.3	10.6	10.1	9.6	8.7
25 to 44 years old	5.6	4.8	4.7	3.1	5.6	4.9	4.2	3.9
45 to 64 years old	3.5	3.7	3.5	2.4	4.4	3.9	3.4	3.1
65 years and over	3.1	3.0	4.3	3.3	4.0	3.7	3.4	2.8
Female	7.4	5.5	5.6	4.1	5.7	5.4	5.1	4.6
16 to 19 years old	17.2	14.7	16.1	12.1	15.6	15.5	14.5	13.8
20 to 24 years old	10.4	8.5	9.0	7.1	9.3	8.7	7.9	7.6
25 to 44 years old	6.4	4.9	5.0	3.6	5.4	5.0	4.8	4.3
45 to 64 years old	4.0	3.2	3.3	2.5	3.7	3.7	3.4	3.1
65 years and over	3.1	3.1	3.7	2.7	3.6	3.4	3.5	3.0
White [3]	6.3	4.8	4.9	3.5	5.2	4.8	4.4	4.0
16 to 19 years old	15.5	13.5	14.5	11.4	15.2	15.0	14.2	13.2
20 to 24 years old	9.9	7.3	7.7	5.9	8.4	7.9	7.2	6.9
Black [3]	14.3	11.4	10.4	7.6	10.8	10.4	10.0	8.9
16 to 19 years old	38.5	30.9	35.7	24.5	33.0	31.7	33.3	29.1
20 to 24 years old	23.6	19.9	17.7	15.0	19.8	18.4	18.3	16.2
Asian [3, 4]	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	3.6	6.0	4.4	4.0	3.0
16 to 19 years old	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	14.2	17.5	11.5	12.4	14.0
20 to 24 years old	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	6.9	9.0	8.6	6.5	5.6
Hispanic [5]	10.1	8.2	9.3	5.7	7.7	7.0	6.0	5.2
16 to 19 years old	22.5	19.5	24.1	16.6	20.0	20.4	18.4	15.9
20 to 24 years old	12.1	9.1	11.5	7.5	10.2	9.3	8.6	7.2
Experienced workers [7]	6.9	5.3	5.4	3.8	5.8	5.3	4.8	(NA)
Women maintaining families	9.2	8.3	8.0	5.9	8.5	8.0	7.8	(NA)
Married men, wife present	4.2	3.4	3.3	2.0	3.8	3.1	2.8	2.4
Percent without work for—								
Fewer than 5 weeks	43.2	46.3	36.5	44.9	31.7	33.1	35.1	37.3
5 to 10 weeks	23.4	23.5	22.0	23.0	19.8	19.6	20.7	20.9
11 to 14 weeks	9.0	8.5	9.6	8.9	10.0	9.7	9.7	9.4
15 to 26 weeks	13.8	11.7	14.6	11.8	16.4	15.9	14.9	14.7
27 weeks and over	10.7	10.0	17.3	11.4	22.1	21.8	19.6	17.6
Unemployment duration, average (weeks)	11.9	12.0	16.6	12.6	19.2	19.6	18.4	16.8

NA Not available. [1] See footnote 2, Table 569. [2] Includes other races, not shown separately. [3] Includes other ages, not shown separately. Also beginning 2003, for this race group only. See footnote 3, Table 570. [4] Prior to 2003, includes Pacific Islanders. [5] Persons of Hispanic or Latino origin may be of any race. Also includes ages not shown separately. [6] Unemployed as percent of civilian labor force in specified group. [7] Wage and salary workers.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *Employment and Earnings*, monthly, January 2007 issue; and unpublished data. See Internet site <http://www.bls.gov/cps/>.

Table 605. **Unemployed Jobseekers Job Search Activities: 2006**

[**7,001 represents 7,001,000. For the civilian noninstitutional population 16 years old and over.** Annual average of monthly data. Based on the Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1 and Appendix III]

Characteristic	Population (1,000)		Jobseekers job search methods (percent)						Average number of methods used
	Total unemployed	Total jobseekers [1]	Employer directly	Sent out a resume or filled out applications	Placed or answered ads	Friends or relatives	Public employment agency	Private employment agency	
Total, 16 years and over [2]	**7,001**	**6,080**	**61.3**	**53.9**	**14.4**	**17.1**	**17.3**	**6.7**	**1.82**
16 to 19 years old	1,119	1,062	58.8	58.8	9.7	13.8	7.7	2.7	1.57
20 to 24 years old	1,234	1,131	62.6	55.3	13.0	15.6	16.1	5.6	1.78
25 to 34 years old	1,521	1,312	62.0	53.8	15.6	16.9	19.6	7.6	1.88
35 to 44 years old	1,279	1,067	62.5	51.2	16.3	19.3	22.3	8.0	1.93
45 to 54 years old	1,094	911	62.0	53.2	16.7	18.8	21.5	8.8	1.95
55 to 64 years old	595	482	59.1	51.0	16.2	19.9	17.9	9.1	1.89
65 years old and over	159	114	56.8	37.8	13.1	18.2	12.5	5.2	1.58
Male	3,753	3,181	63.0	51.4	14.4	18.5	17.0	7.0	1.83
16 to 19 years old	622	590	59.9	56.8	9.6	14.1	7.2	2.6	1.56
20 to 24 years old	705	635	63.3	52.7	13.3	17.5	16.2	5.8	1.78
25 to 34 years old	810	670	64.0	50.5	16.3	19.1	20.2	8.3	1.91
35 to 44 years old	642	512	64.5	47.8	16.0	21.1	21.5	8.4	1.94
45 to 54 years old	569	457	64.4	51.1	17.1	20.8	20.8	9.7	1.98
55 to 64 years old	318	255	62.4	49.6	15.9	20.4	18.6	9.7	1.94
65 years old and over	88	62	58.8	38.1	12.8	18.0	12.9	5.1	1.57
Female	3,247	2,899	59.4	56.5	14.3	15.5	17.7	6.4	1.81
16 to 19 years old	496	472	57.4	61.2	9.8	13.3	8.3	2.8	1.59
20 to 24 years old	530	496	61.7	58.5	12.6	13.0	16.0	5.4	1.78
25 to 34 years old	711	643	59.8	57.2	14.8	14.6	18.9	7.0	1.84
35 to 44 years old	637	555	60.6	54.4	16.6	17.6	23.0	7.6	1.92
45 to 54 years old	524	454	59.6	55.4	16.3	16.7	22.3	7.9	1.91
55 to 64 years old	277	227	55.4	52.6	16.5	19.4	17.0	8.5	1.83
65 years old and over	71	52	54.5	37.5	13.4	18.5	12.2	5.3	1.58
White [3]	5,002	4,238	61.5	54.1	14.9	17.8	16.2	6.9	1.84
Male	2,730	2,253	63.2	51.6	14.9	19.2	16.1	7.4	1.85
Female	2,271	1,985	59.6	56.9	14.9	16.2	16.3	6.3	1.82
Black [3]	1,549	1,434	61.0	53.2	13.0	14.8	21.1	6.5	1.78
Male	774	705	62.8	50.8	12.8	16.4	20.2	6.2	1.77
Female	775	730	59.4	55.6	13.1	13.2	21.9	6.7	1.79
Asian [3]	205	192	60.1	48.2	12.2	18.2	11.7	5.3	1.69
Male	110	103	64.1	47.2	12.4	20.6	12.6	5.4	1.75
Female	95	89	55.5	49.3	12.0	15.3	10.7	5.3	1.62
Hispanic [4]	1,081	922	61.1	46.1	11.1	24.3	16.8	6.3	1.75
Male	601	491	63.4	42.8	10.8	25.8	16.6	7.0	1.75
Female	480	431	58.5	49.9	11.6	22.5	17.1	5.4	1.74

[1] Excludes persons on temporary layoff. [2] Includes other races, not shown separately. [3] Data for this race group only. See footnote 3, Table 570. [4] Persons of Hispanic or Latino origin may be of any race.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *Employment and Earnings,* monthly, January 2007 issue. See Internet site <http://www.bls.gov/cps/home.htm>.

Table 606. **Unemployed Persons by Sex and Reason: 1980 to 2006**

[**In thousands (4,267 represents 4,267,000).** Civilian noninstitutional population 16 years old and over. Annual averages of monthly figures. Based on Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1 and Appendix III]

Sex and reason	1980	1985	1990 [1]	1995	1999 [1]	2000 [1]	2001	2002	2003 [1]	2004 [1]	2005 [1]	2006 [1]
Male, total	4,267	4,521	3,906	3,983	3,066	2,975	3,690	4,597	4,906	4,456	4,059	3,753
Job losers [2]	2,649	2,749	2,257	2,190	1,563	1,516	2,119	2,820	3,024	2,603	2,188	2,021
Job leavers	438	409	528	407	389	387	422	434	422	437	445	406
Reentrants	776	876	806	1,113	895	854	925	1,068	1,141	1,070	1,067	1,015
New entrants	405	487	315	273	219	217	223	274	320	346	359	312
Female, total	3,370	3,791	3,140	3,421	2,814	2,717	3,111	3,781	3,868	3,694	3,531	3,247
Job losers [2]	1,297	1,390	1,130	1,286	1,059	1,001	1,356	1,787	1,814	1,595	1,479	1,300
Job leavers	453	468	513	417	394	393	413	432	397	421	427	421
Reentrants	1,152	1,380	1,124	1,412	1,111	1,107	1,105	1,300	1,336	1,338	1,319	1,223
New entrants	468	552	373	306	250	217	237	262	321	340	306	304

[1] See footnote 2, Table 569. [2] Beginning 1995, persons who completed temporary jobs are identified separately and are included as job losers.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *Employment and Earnings,* monthly, January issues; Bulletin 2307; and unpublished data. See Internet site <http://www.bls.gov/cps/home.htm>.

Table 607. **Unemployment Rates by Industry, 2000 to 2006, and by Sex, 2000 and 2006**

[**In percent.** Civilian noninstitutional population 16 years old and over. Annual averages of monthly figures. Rate represents unemployment as a percent of labor force in each specified group. Based on Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1 and Appendix III. See headnote, Table 587, regarding industries]

Industry					Male		Female	
	2000	2004 [1]	2005 [1]	2006 [1]	2000	2006 [1]	2000	2006 [1]
All unemployed [2]	**4.0**	**5.5**	**5.1**	**4.6**	**3.9**	**4.6**	**4.1**	**4.6**
Industry: [3]								
Agriculture and related industries	9.0	9.9	8.3	7.2	8.3	6.6	11.5	8.9
Mining	4.4	3.9	3.1	3.2	4.6	3.1	2.8	4.0
Construction	6.2	8.4	7.4	6.7	6.4	6.8	5.1	5.7
Manufacturing	3.5	5.7	4.9	4.2	3.0	3.7	4.5	5.3
Wholesale trade	3.3	4.6	4.0	3.2	2.8	3.1	4.4	3.6
Retail trade	4.6	6.1	5.7	5.4	4.0	4.9	5.1	5.9
Transportation and utilities	3.4	4.4	4.1	4.0	3.2	3.8	4.2	4.6
Transportation and warehousing	3.8	4.9	4.5	4.3	1.9	4.2	4.6	5.0
Utilities	1.9	1.9	1.9	2.0	2.8	1.8	2.1	2.5
Information	3.2	5.7	5.0	3.7	2.7	3.5	3.7	4.1
Telecommunications	2.3	6.0	5.2	3.6	1.5	3.0	3.3	4.7
Financial activities	2.4	3.6	2.9	2.7	2.1	2.6	2.6	2.8
Finance and insurance	2.2	3.4	2.7	2.6	1.7	2.5	2.5	2.6
Real estate and rental and leasing	3.1	4.1	3.3	3.2	2.9	2.9	3.2	3.5
Professional and business services	4.8	6.8	6.2	5.6	4.4	5.4	5.2	6.0
Professional and technical services	2.5	4.1	3.5	3.0	2.2	2.6	2.9	3.4
Management, administrative, and waste services	8.1	10.6	10.2	9.3	7.6	8.9	8.8	9.9
Education and health services	2.5	3.4	3.4	3.0	2.2	2.8	2.5	3.1
Educational services	2.4	3.7	3.7	3.1	2.1	3.2	2.5	3.1
Health care and social assistance	2.5	3.4	3.3	3.0	2.3	2.6	2.5	3.1
Leisure and hospitality	6.6	8.3	7.8	7.3	6.2	7.0	7.0	7.6
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	5.9	7.2	6.9	7.2	6.1	7.2	5.7	7.2
Accommodation and food services	6.8	8.6	8.0	7.3	6.2	6.9	7.3	7.6
Other services [4]	3.9	5.3	4.8	4.7	3.7	4.6	4.0	4.8
Government workers	2.1	2.7	2.6	2.3	2.1	2.2	2.2	2.4

[1] See footnote 2, Table 569. [2] Includes the self-employed, unpaid family workers, and persons with no previous work experience, not shown separately. [3] Covers unemployed wage and salary workers. [4] Includes private household workers.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *Employment and Earnings,* monthly, January issues; and unpublished data. See Internet site <http://www.bls.gov/cps/home.htm>.

Table 608. **Unemployment by Occupation, 2000 to 2006, and by Sex, 2006**

[**5,692 represents 5,692,000.** Civilian noninstitutional population 16 years old and over. Annual averages of monthly data. Rate represents unemployment as a percent of the labor force for each specified group. Based on Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1 and Appendix III. See also headnote, Table 587, regarding occupations]

Occupation	Number (1,000)			Unemployment rate				
							2006 [1], by sex	
	2000	2005 [1]	2006 [1]	2000	2005 [1]	2006 [1]	Male	Female
Total [2]	**5,692**	**7,591**	**7,001**	**4.0**	**5.1**	**4.6**	**4.6**	**4.6**
Management, professional, and related occupations	827	1,172	1,065	1.8	2.3	2.1	1.9	2.2
Management, business, and financial operations	320	464	427	1.6	2.2	2.0	1.8	2.2
Management	214	322	279	1.5	2.1	1.8	1.7	2.0
Business and financial operations	106	142	148	2.0	2.4	2.4	2.3	2.5
Professional and related occupations	507	708	638	1.9	2.4	2.1	2.1	2.2
Computer and mathematical	74	96	80	2.2	2.9	2.4	2.5	2.3
Architecture and engineering	51	60	49	1.7	2.1	1.7	1.6	2.6
Life, physical, and social science	18	39	27	1.4	2.7	1.8	1.7	2.0
Community and social services	40	52	50	2.0	2.4	2.3	2.4	2.2
Legal	18	27	22	1.2	1.6	1.3	0.9	1.8
Education, training, and library	136	210	196	1.8	2.5	2.4	2.4	2.4
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media	97	135	115	3.5	4.7	4.0	4.3	3.8
Healthcare practitioner and technical	73	90	98	1.2	1.3	1.4	0.7	1.6
Service occupations	1,132	1,587	1,485	5.2	6.4	5.9	6.0	5.8
Healthcare support	101	154	152	4.0	4.7	4.6	5.8	4.5
Protective service	70	121	105	2.7	4.0	3.4	2.9	5.3
Food preparation and serving related	469	615	590	6.6	7.7	7.2	7.5	6.9
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance	301	429	402	5.8	7.6	7.0	6.9	7.0
Personal care and service	190	268	235	4.4	5.6	4.7	4.9	4.7
Sales and office occupations	1,446	1,820	1,667	3.8	4.8	4.4	3.9	4.7
Sales and related	673	874	812	4.1	5.0	4.7	3.4	5.9
Office and administrative support	773	946	856	3.6	4.6	4.2	4.9	4.0
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	758	1,069	1,007	5.3	6.5	6.0	5.8	9.1
Farming, fishing, and forestry	133	103	101	10.2	9.6	9.5	8.4	13.2
Construction and extraction	507	751	699	6.2	7.6	6.8	6.7	9.9
Installation, maintenance, and repair	119	214	207	2.4	3.9	3.7	3.7	4.3
Production, transportation, and material moving	1,081	1,245	1,127	5.1	6.5	5.8	5.3	7.5
Production	575	677	544	4.8	6.7	5.5	4.7	7.2
Transportation and material moving	505	568	583	5.6	6.2	6.2	5.9	8.0

[1] See footnote 2, Table 569. [2] Includes persons with no previous work experience and those whose last job was in the Armed Forces.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *Employment and Earnings,* monthly, January issues; and unpublished data.

Table 609. **Unemployed and Unemployment Rates by Educational Attainment, Sex, Race, and Hispanic Origin: 1992 to 2006**

[**6,543 represents 6,543,000. Annual averages of monthly figures.** Civilian noninstitutional population 25 years old and over. See Table 574 for civilian labor force and participation rate data. Based on Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1 and Appendix III]

Year, sex, and race	Unemployed (1,000)					Unemployment rate [1]				
	Total	Less than high school diploma	High school graduates, no degree	Less than a bachelor's degree	BA degree or more	Total	Less than high school diploma	High school graduates, no degree	Less than a bachelor's degree	BA degree or more
Total: [2]										
1992 [3]	6,543	1,533	2,590	1,527	893	6.1	11.5	6.8	5.6	3.2
2000 [3]	3,589	791	1,298	890	610	3.0	6.3	3.4	2.7	1.7
2006 [3]	4,648	866	1,652	1,267	863	3.6	6.8	4.3	3.6	2.0
Male:										
1992	3,767	942	1,462	829	533	6.4	11.4	7.4	5.9	3.3
2000 [3]	1,829	411	682	427	309	2.8	5.4	3.4	2.6	1.5
2006 [3]	2,427	498	914	575	440	3.5	6.1	4.3	3.3	1.9
Female:										
1992	2,776	591	1,128	697	361	5.8	11.5	6.3	5.4	3.0
2000 [3]	1,760	380	616	463	301	3.2	7.8	3.5	2.8	1.8
2006 [3]	2,220	368	737	692	423	3.7	7.9	4.3	3.9	2.1
White: [4]										
1992	4,978	1,145	1,928	1,162	743	5.5	10.7	6.0	5.0	3.0
2000 [3]	2,644	564	924	667	489	2.6	5.6	2.9	2.4	1.6
2006 [3]	3,376	611	1,162	917	686	3.2	5.9	3.7	3.2	2.0
Black: [4]										
1992	1,269	322	565	301	81	11.0	15.3	12.3	9.8	4.4
2000 [3]	731	179	315	169	68	5.4	10.7	6.4	4.0	2.5
2006 [3]	979	204	408	274	93	6.8	12.8	8.0	6.2	2.8
Asian: [4, 5]										
2000 [3]	146	28	34	35	49	2.7	5.7	3.0	3.2	1.8
2006 [3]	154	17	33	32	72	2.5	3.8	3.1	3.1	2.1
Hispanic: [6]										
1992	853	434	235	134	50	9.8	12.8	9.1	7.7	5.0
2000 [3]	569	297	150	85	38	4.4	6.2	3.9	3.2	2.2
2006 [3]	716	328	207	125	56	4.2	5.5	4.1	3.6	2.2

[1] Percent unemployed of the civilian labor force. [2] Includes other races, not shown separately. [3] See footnote 2, Table 569. [4] 2006 data are for persons in this race group only. See footnote 3, Table 570. [5] 2000 data include Pacific Islanders. [6] Persons of Hispanic or Latino origin may be of any race.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *Employment and Earnings,* monthly, January issues. See Internet site <http://www.bls.gov/cps/home.htm>.

Table 610. **Unemployed Persons by Reason of Unemployment: 2006**

[**7,001 represents 7,001,000. Annual averages of monthly data**. Based on Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1 and Appendix III]

Age, sex, and reason	Total unemployed (1,000)	Percent distribution by duration				
		Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	15 weeks and over		
				Total	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks or longer
Total 16 years old and over	**7,001**	**37.3**	**30.3**	**32.4**	**14.7**	**17.6**
16 to 19 years old	1,119	46.9	33.2	19.9	10.7	9.2
Total 20 years old and over	**5,882**	**35.5**	**29.7**	**34.7**	**15.5**	**19.2**
Males	**3,131**	**35.3**	**29.1**	**35.6**	**15.3**	**20.3**
Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs	1,927	37.3	29.6	33.2	15.6	17.6
On temporary layoff	540	53.5	31.9	14.6	10.1	4.5
Not on temporary layoff	1,387	30.9	28.7	40.4	17.7	22.6
Permanent job losers	948	28.4	29.2	42.4	19.1	23.3
Persons who completed temporary jobs	439	36.4	27.6	36.1	14.8	21.2
Job leavers	368	42.4	27.3	30.3	14.7	15.6
Reentrants	757	28.2	28.8	43.0	15.2	27.8
New entrants	78	21.8	29.5	48.7	12.6	36.1
Females	**2,751**	**35.8**	**30.5**	**33.7**	**15.7**	**18.1**
Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs	1,249	37.2	29.7	33.0	17.1	15.9
On temporary layoff	324	57.3	29.7	13.0	8.1	5.0
Not on temporary layoff	925	30.2	29.7	40.0	20.3	19.7
Permanent job losers	685	27.0	29.0	44.0	22.1	22.0
Persons who completed temporary jobs	240	39.4	32.0	28.6	15.2	13.4
Job leavers	380	41.8	31.3	26.8	14.2	12.7
Reentrants	1,019	31.9	31.3	36.8	14.8	22.0
New entrants	103	34.5	28.4	37.1	11.4	25.7

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *Employment and Earnings,* monthly, January 2007 issue. See Internet site <http://www.bls.gov/cps/home.htm>.

Table 611. **Total Unemployed and Insured Unemployed by State: 1980 to 2005**

[**7,637 represents 7,637,000.** Civilian noninstitutional population 16 years old and over. Annual averages of monthly figures. Total unemployment estimates based on the Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1 and Appendix III. U.S. totals derived by independent population controls; therefore state data may not add to U.S. totals]

State	Total unemployed								Insured unemployed [3]			
	Number (1,000)				Percent [1]				Number (1,000)		Percent [4]	
	1980	1990 [2]	2000 [2]	2005 [2]	1980	1990 [2]	2000 [2]	2005 [2]	2000	2005	2000	2005
United States	**7,637**	**7,047**	**5,692**	**7,591**	**7.1**	**5.6**	**4.0**	**5.1**	**[5]2,110.3**	**[5]2,661.4**	**[5]1.7**	**[5]2.1**
Alabama	142	121	87	86	8.8	6.9	4.5	4.0	29.0	27.9	1.6	1.5
Alaska	18	19	20	23	9.7	7.0	6.7	6.8	12.3	12.4	4.9	4.5
Arizona	82	94	100	134	6.7	5.5	4.0	4.7	20.5	29.2	1.0	1.3
Arkansas	74	76	53	67	7.6	7.0	4.4	4.9	23.9	27.7	2.2	2.5
California	796	874	833	949	6.8	5.8	4.9	5.4	338.5	362.7	2.4	2.5
Colorado	88	91	65	129	5.9	5.0	2.8	5.0	15.0	25.2	0.7	1.2
Connecticut	93	90	39	89	5.9	5.2	2.2	4.9	28.3	39.6	1.7	2.5
Delaware	21	15	14	18	7.7	5.2	3.9	4.2	5.9	8.2	1.5	2.0
District of Columbia	23	20	18	19	7.3	6.6	5.7	6.5	5.7	4.5	1.3	1.0
Florida	262	405	300	325	5.9	6.0	3.6	3.8	70.8	88.7	1.1	1.2
Georgia	158	171	148	242	6.4	5.5	3.7	5.3	34.5	53.7	0.9	1.4
Hawaii	21	13	24	18	4.9	2.9	4.3	2.8	8.4	6.3	1.7	1.1
Idaho	30	27	31	28	7.9	5.9	4.9	3.8	12.1	13.1	2.3	2.3
Illinois	452	371	291	369	8.3	6.2	4.3	5.7	103.8	136.3	1.8	2.4
Indiana	253	142	92	174	9.6	5.3	3.2	5.4	31.8	54.1	1.1	1.9
Iowa	81	66	45	76	5.8	4.3	2.6	4.6	19.4	24.4	1.4	1.7
Kansas	54	55	53	75	4.5	4.5	3.7	5.1	15.6	20.0	1.2	1.6
Kentucky	134	107	83	121	8.0	5.9	4.1	6.1	25.4	30.3	1.5	1.8
Louisiana	123	110	101	148	6.7	6.3	5.4	7.1	24.0	65.7	1.3	3.6
Maine	38	33	22	34	7.8	5.2	3.5	4.8	8.9	10.7	1.6	1.8
Maryland	142	118	100	121	6.5	4.7	3.8	4.1	28.9	35.9	0.3	1.5
Massachusetts	164	204	92	162	5.6	6.0	2.6	4.8	60.1	82.1	1.9	2.7
Michigan	524	358	190	344	12.4	7.6	3.5	6.7	81.6	139.4	1.8	3.3
Minnesota	124	114	87	119	5.9	4.9	3.3	4.0	31.4	46.8	1.2	1.8
Mississippi	81	90	74	106	7.5	7.6	5.6	7.9	19.7	28.8	1.8	2.7
Missouri	167	151	98	162	7.2	5.8	3.4	5.4	41.8	50.5	1.6	2.0
Montana	23	25	22	20	6.1	6.0	5.0	4.0	7.8	7.4	2.2	1.9
Nebraska	30	19	27	37	4.1	2.2	3.0	3.8	7.3	11.9	0.9	1.4
Nevada	28	33	48	49	6.2	4.9	4.0	4.1	19.5	18.5	2.0	1.6
New Hampshire	21	35	19	26	4.7	5.7	2.8	3.6	3.1	6.6	0.5	1.1
New Jersey	261	208	157	194	7.2	5.1	3.7	4.4	84.8	113.9	2.3	3.0
New Mexico	43	48	42	49	7.5	6.5	5.0	5.3	9.5	11.8	1.4	1.6
New York	601	469	416	472	7.5	5.3	4.6	5.0	146.2	190.7	1.8	2.3
North Carolina	182	145	155	227	6.6	4.2	3.6	5.2	54.3	76.9	1.5	2.1
North Dakota	15	13	10	12	5.0	4.0	3.0	3.4	3.9	3.5	1.3	1.1
Ohio	432	310	234	350	8.4	5.7	4.0	5.9	71.6	100.6	1.3	1.9
Oklahoma	61	86	52	76	4.8	5.7	3.1	4.4	12.2	16.9	0.9	1.2
Oregon	110	81	93	114	8.3	5.6	4.9	6.1	41.2	45.5	2.7	2.9
Pennsylvania	428	317	255	312	7.8	5.4	4.1	5.0	132.4	167.9	2.5	3.1
Rhode Island	33	32	23	29	7.2	6.8	4.1	5.0	12.2	12.4	2.7	2.7
South Carolina	93	84	71	142	6.9	4.8	3.8	6.8	27.1	38.5	1.5	2.2
South Dakota	16	13	11	17	4.9	3.9	2.3	3.9	2.0	2.6	0.6	0.7
Tennessee	151	132	115	162	7.3	5.3	3.9	5.6	42.2	43.7	1.6	1.7
Texas	350	552	452	596	5.2	6.3	4.2	5.3	107.9	127.9	1.2	1.4
Utah	41	36	38	54	6.3	4.3	3.3	4.3	10.5	10.6	1.1	1.0
Vermont	16	15	9	12	6.4	5.0	2.9	3.5	4.8	6.2	1.7	2.1
Virginia	133	143	82	136	5.0	4.3	2.2	3.5	22.2	31.3	0.7	0.9
Washington	157	131	151	182	7.9	4.9	5.2	5.5	70.6	58.8	2.7	2.2
West Virginia	75	65	44	40	9.4	8.4	5.5	5.0	14.1	14.0	2.1	2.1
Wisconsin	172	113	101	144	7.2	4.4	3.6	4.7	53.1	72.7	2.0	2.7
Wyoming	9	13	10	10	4.0	5.5	3.9	3.6	2.9	2.8	1.3	1.2

[1] Total unemployment as percent of civilian labor force. [2] See footnote 2, Table 569. [3] Source: U.S. Employment and Training Administration, *Unemployment Insurance, Financial Handbook,* annual updates. [4] Insured unemployment as percent of average covered employment in the previous year. [5] Includes 49,800 in Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands in 2000; and 43,600 in 2005.

Source: Except as noted, U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *Geographic Profile of Employment and Unemployment,* annual. See Internet site <http://www.bls.gov/gps/>.

Table 612. **Nonfarm Establishments—Employees, Hours, and Earnings by Industry: 1990 to 2006**

[**Annual averages of monthly data. (109,487 represents 109,487,000).** Based on data from establishment reports. Includes all full- and part-time employees who worked during, or received pay for, any part of the pay period reported. Excludes proprietors, the self-employed, farm workers, unpaid family workers, private household workers, and Armed Forces. Establishment data shown here conform to industry definitions in the 2002 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) and are adjusted to March 2006 employment benchmarks. Based on the Current Employment Statistics Program; see source and Appendix III]

Item and year	Total nonfarm	Private industry																Government
		Total [1]	Construction	Manufacturing	Wholesale trade	Retail trade	Transportation and warehousing	Utilities	Information	Finance and insurance	Real estate and rental and leasing	Professional and technical services	Administrative and waste services	Educational services	Health care and social assistance	Arts, entertainment, and recreation	Accommodations and food services	
EMPLOYEES (1,000)																		
1990	109,487	91,072	5,263	17,695	5,268	13,182	3,476	740	2,688	4,979	1,635	4,557	4,624	1,688	9,296	1,132	8,156	18,415
1995	117,298	97,866	5,274	17,241	5,433	13,897	3,838	666	2,843	5,072	1,755	5,101	6,057	2,010	11,278	1,459	9,042	19,432
2000	131,785	110,996	6,787	17,263	5,933	15,280	4,410	601	3,631	5,680	2,007	6,734	8,136	2,390	12,718	1,788	10,074	20,790
2003	129,999	108,416	6,735	14,510	5,608	14,917	4,185	577	3,188	5,923	2,054	6,630	7,670	2,695	13,893	1,813	10,360	21,583
2004	131,435	109,814	6,976	14,315	5,663	15,058	4,249	564	3,118	5,949	2,082	6,774	7,896	2,763	14,190	1,850	10,643	21,621
2005	133,703	111,899	7,336	14,226	5,764	15,280	4,361	554	3,061	6,023	2,130	7,053	8,142	2,836	14,536	1,892	10,923	21,804
2006	136,174	114,184	7,689	14,197	5,898	15,319	4,466	549	3,055	6,184	2,180	7,372	8,371	2,918	14,920	1,927	11,216	21,990
WEEKLY EARNINGS [2] (dol.)																		
1990	(NA)	349.75	513.43	436.16	444.48	235.62	471.72	670.40	479.50	378.21	286.81	504.87	272.70	(NA)	319.80	219.02	147.89	(NA)
1995	(NA)	400.07	571.57	509.26	515.14	272.56	513.37	811.52	564.98	477.39	321.69	583.41	306.54	(NA)	379.66	240.57	165.47	(NA)
2000	(NA)	481.01	685.78	590.65	631.40	333.38	562.31	955.66	700.89	589.64	395.85	745.83	386.33	(NA)	449.27	273.79	207.44	(NA)
2003	(NA)	518.06	726.83	635.99	657.29	367.15	598.41	1,017.27	760.81	670.86	437.20	801.82	427.02	(NA)	516.03	305.85	217.51	(NA)
2004	(NA)	529.09	735.55	658.59	667.09	371.13	614.82	1,048.44	777.05	683.78	455.16	828.71	424.27	(NA)	537.87	313.01	221.68	(NA)
2005	(NA)	544.33	750.22	673.37	685.00	377.58	618.58	1,095.90	805.00	703.57	487.46	862.91	430.69	(NA)	560.43	330.19	226.48	(NA)
2006	(NA)	567.87	781.04	690.83	718.30	383.16	637.14	1,136.08	850.81	738.30	496.56	907.82	463.91	(NA)	581.64	332.29	236.65	(NA)
WEEKLY HOURS [2]																		
1990	(NA)	34.3	38.3	40.5	38.4	30.6	37.7	41.5	35.8	36.4	33.1	36.1	32.3	(NA)	31.8	26.1	25.9	(NA)
1995	(NA)	34.3	38.8	41.3	38.6	30.8	38.9	42.3	36.0	36.5	32.7	35.8	32.5	(NA)	31.9	26.3	25.8	(NA)
2000	(NA)	34.3	39.2	41.3	38.8	30.7	37.4	42.0	36.8	37.1	32.6	36.2	33.1	(NA)	32.1	25.6	26.2	(NA)
2003	(NA)	33.7	38.4	40.4	37.9	30.9	36.8	41.1	36.2	36.5	32.8	35.6	32.9	(NA)	32.5	25.5	25.6	(NA)
2004	(NA)	33.7	38.3	40.8	37.8	30.7	37.2	40.9	36.3	36.6	32.8	35.7	32.9	(NA)	32.7	25.7	25.6	(NA)
2005	(NA)	33.8	38.6	40.7	37.7	30.6	37.0	41.1	36.5	36.8	33.5	35.7	32.8	(NA)	32.9	25.7	25.7	(NA)
2006	(NA)	33.9	39.0	41.1	38.0	30.5	36.9	41.4	36.6	36.8	32.9	35.9	33.4	(NA)	32.8	25.1	25.8	(NA)
HOURLY EARNINGS [2] (dol.)																		
1990	(NA)	10.20	13.42	10.78	11.58	7.71	12.50	16.14	13.40	10.40	8.66	13.99	8.45	(NA)	10.05	8.41	5.70	(NA)
1995	(NA)	11.65	14.73	12.34	13.34	8.85	13.18	19.19	15.68	13.07	9.85	16.32	9.43	(NA)	11.89	9.14	6.41	(NA)
2000	(NA)	14.02	17.48	14.32	16.28	10.86	15.05	22.75	19.07	15.90	12.14	20.61	11.66	(NA)	13.98	10.68	7.92	(NA)
2003	(NA)	15.37	18.95	15.74	17.36	11.90	16.25	24.77	21.01	18.37	13.32	22.54	13.00	(NA)	15.88	11.99	8.50	(NA)
2004	(NA)	15.69	19.23	16.15	17.65	12.08	16.52	25.61	21.40	18.70	13.88	23.24	12.90	(NA)	16.45	12.17	8.65	(NA)
2005	(NA)	16.13	19.46	16.56	18.16	12.36	16.70	26.68	22.06	19.09	14.55	24.15	13.13	(NA)	17.05	12.85	8.80	(NA)
2006	(NA)	16.76	20.02	16.80	18.91	12.58	17.28	27.42	23.23	20.05	15.07	25.26	13.91	(NA)	17.76	13.22	9.18	(NA)

NA Not available. [1] Includes other industries, not shown separately. [2] Average hours and earnings of production workers manufacturing, and construction; average hours and earnings of nonsupervisory workers for the service-providing industries.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, the Current Employment Statistics program Internet site <http://www.bls.gov/ces/home.htm>.

Table 613. **Employees in Nonfarm Establishments—States: 2006**

[**In thousands (136,174 represents 136,174,000).** For coverage, see headnote, Table 612. National totals differ from the sum of the state figures because of differing benchmarks among states and differing industrial and geographic stratification. Based on North American Industry Classification System, 2002; see text, this section]

State	Total [1]	Construction	Manufacturing	Trade, transportation, and utilities	Information	Financial activities [2]	Professional and business services [3]	Education and health services [4]	Leisure and hospitality [5]	Other services [6]	Government
U.S.	**136,174**	**7,689**	**14,197**	**26,231**	**3,055**	**8,363**	**17,552**	**17,838**	**13,143**	**5,432**	**21,990**
AL	1,982	110	303	387	30	99	215	204	170	81	371
AK	315	18	13	64	7	15	24	37	31	11	82
AZ	2,644	246	187	511	45	183	395	291	267	101	410
AR	1,200	57	199	249	20	53	115	151	97	44	208
CA	15,073	939	1,505	2,874	473	941	2,225	1,618	1,519	507	2,447
CO	2,279	168	149	419	76	161	332	231	265	91	368
CT	1,680	67	194	311	38	144	204	280	132	64	246
DE	436	[7]29	34	83	7	44	62	56	41	20	61
DC	688	[7]13	2	28	22	30	153	94	54	60	233
FL	8,007	637	403	1,597	167	546	1,341	971	905	337	1,098
GA	4,086	219	449	868	116	231	550	438	383	159	663
HI	617	[7]36	15	121	11	30	78	71	108	26	121
ID	640	52	66	128	11	32	82	70	60	19	116
IL	5,935	276	683	1,198	117	406	853	763	525	260	846
IN	2,973	150	566	586	40	140	281	386	281	111	426
IA	1,503	75	231	309	33	101	117	199	133	57	247
KS	1,354	65	183	261	39	72	138	166	115	52	254
KY	1,845	83	261	379	30	91	178	238	168	76	318
LA	1,857	132	152	374	27	96	194	234	185	66	348
ME	615	31	60	126	11	34	52	114	60	20	105
MD	2,588	[7]191	136	474	51	160	395	362	230	117	471
MA	3,243	141	299	570	87	224	472	606	295	119	429
MI	4,341	180	648	795	67	216	588	584	407	178	670
MN	2,760	130	347	531	58	181	323	406	246	118	414
MS	1,142	58	176	227	14	46	94	123	119	37	240
MO	2,774	148	307	545	63	165	331	377	279	120	433
MT	434	30	20	89	8	22	38	57	56	17	87
NE	947	[7]48	102	201	20	66	102	131	81	36	162
NV	1,282	144	51	226	15	66	158	87	337	36	150
NH	639	30	77	142	13	40	61	100	64	21	91
NJ	4,075	174	325	876	99	281	602	569	339	161	649
NM	833	59	38	142	16	35	103	108	87	29	198
NY	8,612	337	568	1,506	270	726	1,109	1,570	678	357	1,487
NC	4,021	244	553	755	73	206	473	487	371	176	675
ND	353	19	26	76	8	19	29	50	32	15	76
OH	5,441	231	797	1,046	89	307	657	778	501	223	801
OK	1,552	70	149	284	30	84	175	188	137	75	318
OR	1,702	100	207	336	35	106	193	205	165	59	287
PA	5,753	262	672	1,126	108	336	677	1,055	490	260	746
RI	493	23	53	80	11	35	57	97	50	23	65
SC	1,903	124	252	368	27	102	217	193	207	76	330
SD	399	22	42	80	7	30	26	59	43	16	75
TN	2,783	131	400	608	50	144	320	339	270	101	415
TX	10,053	604	926	2,044	223	626	1,226	1,218	943	347	1,712
UT	1,203	95	123	235	33	71	155	134	108	35	204
VT	307	17	36	60	6	13	22	55	33	10	54
VA	3,726	249	289	663	92	196	627	405	338	182	674
WA	2,859	195	286	542	99	156	330	337	272	104	529
WV	756	39	61	142	12	30	60	113	71	56	145
WI	2,861	127	505	544	49	161	269	392	258	136	416
WY	277	24	10	53	4	11	17	23	33	11	66

[1] Includes natural resources and mining, not shown separately. [2] Finance and insurance; real estate and rental and leasing. [3] Professional, scientific, and technical services; management of companies and enterprises; administrative and support and waste management and remediation services. [4] Education services; health care and social assistance. [5] Arts, entertainment, and recreation; accommodations and food services. [6] Includes repair and maintenance; personal and laundry services; and membership associations and organizations. [7] Natural resources and mining included with construction.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, the Current Employment Statistics program Internet site <http://www.bls.gov/ces/home.htm> Compiled from data supplied by cooperating state agencies.

Table 614. **Nonfarm Industries—Employees and Earnings: 1990 to 2006**

[**Annual averages of monthly figures (109,487 represents 109,487,000).** Covers all full- and part-time employees who worked during, or received pay for, any part of the pay period including the 12th of the month. See also headnote, Table 612]

Industry	2002 NAICS [1] code	All employees (1,000)					Average hourly earnings [2] (dol.)		
		1990	2000	2004	2005	2006	2000	2005	2006
Total nonfarm	(X)	**109,487**	**131,785**	**131,435**	**133,703**	**136,174**	**(NA)**	**(NA)**	**(NA)**
Goods-producing [3]	(X)	23,723	24,649	21,882	22,190	22,570	15.27	17.60	18.02
Service-providing [4]	(X)	85,764	107,136	109,553	111,513	113,605	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Total private	(X)	**91,072**	**110,996**	**109,814**	**111,899**	**114,184**	**14.02**	**16.13**	**16.76**
Natural resources and mining	(X)	**765**	**599**	**591**	**628**	**684**	**16.55**	**18.72**	**19.90**
Mining	21	**680**	**520**	**523**	**562**	**619**	**16.94**	**19.04**	**20.29**
Oil and gas extraction	211	190	125	123	126	136	19.43	19.34	21.40
Mining, except oil and gas	212	302	225	205	213	221	18.07	20.18	20.59
Support activities for mining	213	188	171	195	224	262	14.55	17.89	19.65
Construction	23	**5,263**	**6,787**	**6,976**	**7,336**	**7,689**	**17.48**	**19.46**	**20.02**
Construction of buildings	236	1,413	1,633	1,630	1,712	1,806	16.74	19.05	19.73
Residential building	2361	673	823	896	960	1,018	15.18	17.72	18.39
Nonresidential building	2362	741	809	734	752	789	18.18	20.55	21.23
Heavy and civil engineering construction	237	813	937	907	951	983	16.80	19.60	20.32
Highway, street, and bridge construction	2373	289	340	347	351	349	18.17	20.12	20.67
Specialty trade contractors [5]	238	3,037	4,217	4,439	4,673	4,900	17.91	19.55	20.05
Building foundation and exterior contractors	2381	703	919	1,010	1,083	1,132	16.93	18.44	18.95
Building equipment contractors	2382	1,282	1,897	1,861	1,918	2,006	19.52	21.01	21.62
Building finishing contractors	2383	665	857	932	992	1,036	16.44	18.82	19.18
Manufacturing	31–33	**17,695**	**17,263**	**14,315**	**14,226**	**14,197**	**14.32**	**16.56**	**16.80**
Durable goods	(X)	**10,736**	**10,876**	**8,924**	**8,955**	**9,001**	**14.93**	**17.33**	**17.67**
Wood products	321	541	613	550	559	560	11.63	13.16	13.40
Nonmetallic mineral products	327	528	554	506	505	508	14.53	16.61	16.59
Cement and concrete products	3273	195	234	235	240	248	14.64	16.68	16.80
Primary metals	331	689	622	467	466	462	16.64	18.94	19.35
Foundries	3315	214	217	165	164	162	14.72	17.50	17.90
Fabricated metal products [5]	332	1,610	1,753	1,497	1,522	1,554	13.77	15.80	16.17
Architectural and structural metals	3323	357	428	389	398	415	13.43	15.10	15.43
Machine shops and threaded products	3327	309	365	327	345	352	14.53	16.43	16.98
Machinery [5]	333	1,408	1,455	1,143	1,163	1,191	15.22	17.03	17.20
Agricultural, construction, and mining machinery	3331	229	222	195	208	222	14.21	15.91	15.83
HVAC and commercial refrigeration equip.	3334	165	194	153	153	160	13.10	14.60	13.83
Metalworking machinery [5]	3335	267	274	202	202	203	16.66	17.86	18.63
Computer and electronic products [5]	334	1,903	1,820	1,323	1,316	1,316	14.73	18.39	18.96
Computer and peripheral equipment	3341	367	302	210	205	199	18.39	22.75	23.00
Communications equipment	3342	232	248	148	147	144	14.39	18.05	18.99
Semiconductors and electronic components	3344	574	676	454	452	463	13.46	17.03	17.30
Electronic instruments	3345	626	479	431	436	438	15.83	17.71	18.89
Electrical equipment and appliances	335	633	591	445	434	436	13.23	15.24	15.53
Electrical equipment [5]	3353	244	210	154	152	156	13.28	15.31	15.88
Transportation equipment [5]	336	2,133	2,056	1,766	1,771	1,765	18.89	22.10	22.41
Motor vehicles	3361	271	291	256	248	236	24.45	29.01	29.05
Motor vehicle parts	3363	653	840	692	678	654	17.95	21.10	21.32
Aerospace products and parts	3364	841	517	442	455	472	20.52	24.82	26.30
Furniture and related products	337	601	680	573	565	556	11.72	13.45	13.79
Household and institutional furniture	3371	398	440	385	380	374	11.39	13.15	13.65
Miscellaneous manufacturing	339	690	733	656	652	652	11.93	14.08	14.36
Medical equipment and supplies	3391	288	310	301	305	309	12.70	14.71	14.99
Nondurable goods	(X)	**6,959**	**6,388**	**5,391**	**5,272**	**5,197**	**13.31**	**15.27**	**15.32**
Food manufacturing [5]	311	1,507	1,553	1,494	1,478	1,484	11.77	13.04	13.13
Fruit and vegetable preserving and specialty food manufacturing	3114	218	197	181	174	177	11.90	12.81	13.30
Animal slaughtering and processing	3116	427	507	505	504	509	10.27	11.47	11.49
Bakeries and tortilla manufacturing	3118	292	306	285	280	281	11.45	12.57	12.63
Beverages and tobacco products	312	218	207	195	192	195	17.40	18.76	18.19
Beverages	3121	173	175	166	167	171	17.19	18.28	17.44
Textile mills	313	492	378	237	218	196	11.23	12.38	12.55
Textile product mills	314	209	216	176	170	161	10.43	11.67	11.94
Apparel	315	929	497	286	257	238	8.60	10.24	10.61
Cut and sew apparel	3152	776	394	221	200	186	8.40	10.05	10.29
Leather and allied products	316	133	69	42	40	37	10.35	11.50	11.44
Paper and paper products	322	647	605	496	484	469	15.91	17.99	18.01
Pulp, paper, and paperboard mills	3221	238	191	146	142	136	20.62	22.99	22.75
Converted paper products	3222	409	413	350	343	333	13.58	15.71	15.83
Printing and related support activities	323	809	807	663	646	636	14.09	15.74	15.80
Petroleum and coal products	324	153	123	112	112	114	22.80	24.47	24.08
Chemicals [5]	325	1,036	980	887	872	869	17.09	19.67	19.60
Basic chemicals	3251	249	188	156	150	148	21.06	23.80	23.20
Pharmaceuticals and medicines	3254	207	274	290	288	292	17.27	21.31	21.34
Plastics and rubber products	326	826	952	806	803	797	12.69	14.80	14.96
Plastics products	3261	619	738	633	635	638	12.04	14.01	14.26
Rubber products	3262	207	214	172	168	159	14.82	17.58	17.70

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 614. **Nonfarm Industries—Employees and Earnings: 1990 to 2006**—Con.

[**Annual averages of monthly figures (109,487 represents 109,487,000).** Covers all full- and part-time employees who worked during, or received pay for, any part of the pay period including the 12th of the month. See also headnote, Table 612]

Industry	2002 NAICS [1] code	All employees (1,000)					Average hourly earnings [2] (dol.)		
		1990	2000	2004	2005	2006	2000	2005	2006
Trade, transportation, and utilities	(X)	**22,666**	**26,225**	**25,533**	**25,959**	**26,231**	**13.31**	**14.92**	**15.40**
Wholesale trade	42	**5,268**	**5,933**	**5,663**	**5,764**	**5,898**	**16.28**	**18.16**	**18.91**
Durable goods [5]	423	2,834	3,251	2,951	2,999	3,077	16.71	18.88	19.41
Motor vehicles and parts	4231	309	356	341	344	349	14.27	16.18	16.58
Lumber and construction supplies	4233	181	227	240	254	265	13.61	16.78	17.36
Commercial equipment	4234	597	722	640	639	654	20.29	23.67	24.14
Electric goods	4236	357	425	341	342	344	19.43	21.78	22.58
Hardware and plumbing	4237	216	247	236	245	255	15.07	16.47	17.12
Machinery and supplies	4238	690	725	650	659	676	16.47	18.71	19.05
Nondurable goods [5]	424	1,900	2,065	2,010	2,022	2,040	14.33	16.15	16.89
Paper and paper products	4241	162	177	151	152	153	15.65	17.23	17.50
Druggists' goods	4242	136	192	218	213	211	18.98	19.20	20.93
Grocery and related products	4244	623	689	691	699	709	13.57	15.38	15.96
Electronic markets and agents and brokers	425	535	618	702	743	781	20.79	20.71	22.32
Retail trade	44,45	**13,182**	**15,280**	**15,058**	**15,280**	**15,319**	**10.86**	**12.36**	**12.58**
Motor vehicle and parts dealers [5]	441	1,494	1,847	1,902	1,919	1,908	14.94	16.33	16.54
Automobile dealers	4411	983	1,217	1,257	1,261	1,247	16.95	17.85	17.93
Auto parts, accessories, and tire stores	4413	418	499	487	491	492	11.04	12.74	13.08
Furniture and home furnishings stores	442	432	544	563	576	589	12.33	14.23	14.61
Furniture stores	4421	244	289	292	298	300	13.37	14.87	14.82
Home furnishings stores	4422	188	254	272	278	289	11.06	13.46	14.38
Electronics and appliance stores	443	382	564	516	536	538	13.67	17.73	18.26
Building material and garden supply stores	444	891	1,142	1,227	1,276	1,323	11.25	13.14	13.53
Building material and supplies dealers	4441	753	982	1,083	1,134	1,176	11.30	13.24	13.64
Food and beverage stores	445	2,779	2,993	2,822	2,818	2,828	9.76	10.85	11.06
Grocery stores	4451	2,406	2,582	2,444	2,446	2,463	9.71	10.80	11.00
Specialty food stores	4452	232	270	242	236	229	9.97	11.04	11.37
Beer, wine, and liquor stores	4453	141	141	136	136	137	10.40	11.48	11.72
Health and personal care stores	446	792	928	941	954	956	11.68	14.03	14.31
Gasoline stations	447	910	936	876	871	861	8.05	8.92	9.00
Clothing & clothing accessories stores	448	1,313	1,322	1,364	1,415	1,439	9.96	11.07	11.31
Clothing stores	4481	930	954	1,014	1,066	1,090	9.88	10.63	10.61
Shoe stores	4482	216	193	182	180	182	8.96	10.05	10.58
Jewelry, luggage, and leather goods stores	4483	167	175	169	169	167	11.48	14.10	15.35
Sporting goods, hobby, book, and music stores	451	532	686	641	647	647	9.33	10.35	10.69
Sporting goods and musical instrument stores	4511	352	437	432	447	457	9.55	10.68	10.97
Book, periodical, and music stores	4512	180	249	209	200	190	8.91	9.59	10.07
General merchandise stores	452	2,500	2,820	2,863	2,934	2,913	9.22	10.53	10.61
Department stores	4521	1,494	1,755	1,605	1,595	1,551	9.59	10.84	10.76
Miscellaneous store retailers [5]	453	738	1,007	914	900	885	10.20	11.22	11.22
Florists	4531	121	130	107	101	95	8.95	9.88	9.75
Office supplies, stationery, and gift stores	4532	358	471	402	391	379	10.46	11.65	11.71
Nonstore retailers	454	419	492	429	435	434	13.22	14.56	15.02
Electronic shopping and mail-order houses	4541	157	257	228	240	243	13.38	14.52	15.09
Transportation and warehousing	48,49	**3,476**	**4,410**	**4,249**	**4,361**	**4,466**	**15.05**	**16.70**	**17.28**
Air transportation	481	529	614	515	501	487	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Scheduled air transportation	4811	503	570	472	456	441	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Rail transportation	482	272	232	226	228	225	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Water transportation	483	57	56	56	61	64	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Truck transportation	484	1,122	1,406	1,352	1,398	1,437	15.86	16.74	17.24
General freight trucking	4841	807	1,013	950	981	1,004	16.37	17.20	17.54
Specialized freight trucking	4842	315	393	402	417	433	14.51	15.60	16.52
Transit and ground passenger transportation	485	274	372	385	389	394	11.88	13.00	13.23
Pipeline transportation	486	60	46	38	38	39	19.86	24.33	24.88
Scenic and sightseeing transportation	487	16	28	27	29	27	12.49	13.75	15.57
Support activities for transportation	488	364	537	535	552	571	14.57	17.66	18.24
Freight transportation arrangement	4885	111	178	171	177	180	13.46	16.94	17.23
Couriers and messengers	492	375	605	557	571	585	13.51	15.33	15.24
Couriers	4921	340	546	507	522	534	13.92	15.76	15.62
Warehousing and storage	493	407	514	558	595	636	14.46	15.06	15.04
Utilities	22	**740**	**601**	**564**	**554**	**549**	**22.75**	**26.68**	**27.42**
Power generation and supply	2211	550	434	409	401	397	23.13	27.63	28.36
Natural gas distribution	2212	155	121	109	107	106	23.41	26.86	27.66
Water, sewage and other systems	2213	35	46	46	45	46	16.93	17.70	18.39

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 614. **Nonfarm Industries—Employees and Earnings: 1990 to 2006**—Con.

[**Annual averages of monthly figures (109,487 represents 109,487,000).** Covers all full- and part-time employees who worked during, or received pay for, any part of the pay period including the 12th of the month. See also headnote, Table 612]

Industry	2002 NAICS [1] code	All employees (1,000)					Average hourly earnings [2] (dol.)		
		1990	2000	2004	2005	2006	2000	2005	2006
Information	**51**	**2,688**	**3,631**	**3,118**	**3,061**	**3,055**	**19.07**	**22.06**	**23.23**
Publishing industries, except Internet	511	871	1,035	909	904	904	20.18	24.20	24.83
Newspaper, book, and directory publishers	5111	773	774	673	666	660	15.06	18.57	19.16
Software publishers	5112	98	261	236	238	243	28.48	38.11	38.42
Motion picture and sound recording industries	512	255	383	385	378	378	21.25	18.75	20.09
Motion picture and video industries	5121	232	352	363	357	357	21.33	18.88	20.33
Broadcasting, except Internet	515	284	344	325	328	331	16.74	21.22	23.07
Radio and television broadcasting	5151	232	253	240	239	241	17.13	22.15	23.32
Cable and other subscription programming	5152	52	91	86	89	90	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Internet publishing and broadcasting	516	17	51	30	32	35	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Telecommunications [5]	517	980	1,263	1,035	992	973	17.81	22.09	23.52
Wired telecommunications carriers	5171	673	719	543	508	478	18.52	23.77	24.63
Wireless telecommunications carriers	5172	36	186	190	191	200	14.41	20.40	25.01
Telecommunications resellers	5173	180	214	147	135	129	19.99	22.28	22.64
Cable and other program distribution	5175	70	123	130	134	144	14.67	17.23	17.80
ISPs, search portals, and data processing	518	252	510	384	378	383	20.57	20.84	21.68
ISPs and Web search portals	5181	41	194	117	115	122	25.60	22.79	24.50
Data processing and related services	5182	211	316	267	263	262	16.97	19.97	20.42
Other information services	519	30	46	51	51	51	10.68	16.32	17.12
Financial activities	**(X)**	**6,614**	**7,687**	**8,031**	**8,153**	**8,363**	**14.98**	**17.94**	**18.80**
Finance and insurance [5]	**52**	**4,979**	**5,680**	**5,949**	**6,023**	**6,184**	**15.90**	**19.09**	**20.05**
Credit intermediation and related activities	522	2,425	2,548	2,817	2,869	2,937	13.14	15.85	16.63
Depository credit intermediation	5221	1,909	1,681	1,752	1,769	1,803	11.97	14.13	14.97
Commercial banking	52211	1,362	1,251	1,281	1,296	1,319	11.83	13.79	14.59
Nondepository credit intermediation	5222	398	644	757	770	784	15.30	19.24	19.76
Activities related to credit intermediation	5223	119	222	309	330	350	15.39	16.48	17.52
Securities, commodity contracts, investments	523	458	805	766	786	816	20.20	26.59	28.44
Securities and commodity contracts, brokerage and exchanges	5232	338	566	493	498.9	509.7	20.07	27.68	29.15
Other financial investment activities	5239	120	239	274	287	307	20.48	24.69	27.25
Insurance carriers and related activities	524	2,016	2,221	2,259	2,259	2,316	17.37	20.66	21.40
Insurance carriers	5241	1,338	1,433	1,399	1,386	1,428	17.92	21.67	22.39
Insurance agencies, brokerages, and related services	5242	678	788	860	874	888	16.28	18.88	19.64
Funds, trusts, and other financial vehicles	525	56	85	85	87.7	93.1	17.66	21.12	21.76
Real estate and rental and leasing [5]	**53**	**1,635**	**2,007**	**2,082**	**2,130**	**2,180**	**12.14**	**14.55**	**15.07**
Real estate	531	1,107	1,312	1,415	1,457	1,503	12.24	14.67	15.03
Lessors of real estate	5311	564	607	600	600	599	11.16	13.75	14.51
Offices of real estate agents and brokers	5312	217	281	331	356	381	12.57	14.90	15.06
Activities related to real estate	5313	327	424	484	502	523	13.60	15.64	15.61
Rental and leasing services [5]	532	514	667	641	646	647	11.69	14.05	14.77
Automotive equipment rental and leasing	5321	163	208	197	199	200	10.70	13.64	14.35
Consumer goods rental	5322	220	292	279	275	267	9.53	12.39	12.40
Professional and business services	**(X)**	**10,848**	**16,666**	**16,395**	**16,954**	**17,552**	**15.52**	**18.08**	**19.12**
Professional and technical services [5]	**54**	**4,557**	**6,734**	**6,774**	**7,053**	**7,372**	**20.61**	**24.15**	**25.26**
Legal services	5411	944	1,066	1,163	1,168	1,173	21.38	23.96	25.19
Accounting and bookkeeping services	5412	664	866	806	849	889	14.42	17.45	17.98
Architectural and engineering services	5413	942	1,238	1,258	1,311	1,386	20.49	23.96	24.84
Computer systems design and related services	5415	410	1,254	1,149	1,195	1,278	27.13	31.64	33.02
Management and technical consulting services	5416	324	705	790	853	921	20.86	24.00	25.07
Scientific research and development services	5417	494	515	550	577	593	21.39	28.33	29.52
Advertising and related services	5418	382	497	429	446	458	16.99	19.49	20.88
Other professional and technical services	5419	317	462	507	524	537	13.55	15.53	16.24
Management of companies and enterprises	**55**	**1,667**	**1,796**	**1,724**	**1,759**	**1,809**	**15.28**	**18.08**	**19.71**
Administrative and waste services	**56**	**4,624**	**8,136**	**7,896**	**8,142**	**8,371**	**11.66**	**13.13**	**13.91**
Administrative and support services [5]	561	4,395	7,823	7,567	7,804	8,024	11.49	12.89	13.68
Office administrative services	5611	211	264	323	345	363	14.68	17.82	19.37
Employment services	5613	1,494	3,817	3,429	3,578	3,657	11.83	12.96	13.76
Temporary help services	56132	1,156	2,636	2,387	2,549	2,631	11.79	12.00	12.73
Business support services	5614	505	787	758	766	791	11.08	13.14	13.52
Travel arrangement and reservation services	5615	250	299	226	224	227	12.72	14.55	15.31
Investigation and security services	5616	507	689	724	737	761	9.78	11.64	12.59
Services to buildings and dwellings	5617	1,175	1,571	1,694	1,738	1,797	10.02	11.44	11.71
Waste management and remediation services	562	229	313	329	338	347	15.29	17.69	18.30

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 614. **Nonfarm Industries—Employees and Earnings: 1990 to 2006**—Con.

[**Annual averages of monthly figures (109,487 represents 109,487,000).** Covers all full- and part-time employees who worked during, or received pay for, any part of the pay period including the 12th of the month. See also headnote, Table 612]

Industry	2002 NAICS [1] code	All employees (1,000)					Average hourly earnings [2] (dol.)		
		1990	2000	2004	2005	2006	2000	2005	2006
Education and health services	**(X)**	**10,984**	**15,109**	**16,953**	**17,372**	**17,838**	**13.95**	**16.71**	**17.38**
Educational services	**61**	**1,688**	**2,390**	**2,763**	**2,836**	**2,918**	**(NA)**	**(NA)**	**(NA)**
Elementary and secondary schools	6111	461	716	824	837	847	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Junior colleges	6112	44	79	89	100	96	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Colleges and universities	6113	939	1,196	1,374	1,393	1,441	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Business, computer, and management training	6114	60	86	79	77	75	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Technical and trade schools	6115	72	91	99	102	104	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Other schools and instruction	6116	96	184	231	250	271	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Educational support services	6117	17	39	67	78	85	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Health care and social assistance	**62**	**9,296**	**12,718**	**14,190**	**14,536**	**14,920**	**13.98**	**17.05**	**17.76**
Ambulatory health care services [5]	621	2,842	4,320	4,952	5,114	5,283	14.99	17.86	18.63
Offices of physicians	6211	1,278	1,840	2,048	2,094	2,154	15.65	18.95	19.98
Offices of dentists	6212	513	688	760	774	784	15.96	19.40	20.51
Offices of other health practitioners	6213	276	438	527	549	571	14.24	16.70	17.27
Outpatient care centers	6214	261	386	451	473	489	15.29	18.96	19.33
Medical and diagnostic laboratories	6215	129	162	190	198	202	15.74	18.67	19.48
Home health care services	6216	288	633	777	821	867	12.86	14.42	14.78
Hospitals [5]	622	3,513	3,954	4,285	4,345	4,427	16.71	21.30	22.19
General medical and surgical hospitals	6221	3,305	3,745	4,042	4,096	4,167	16.75	21.40	22.30
Psychiatric and substance abuse hospitals	6222	113	86	92	93	98	14.97	17.79	18.64
Nursing and residential care facilities [5]	623	1,856	2,583	2,818	2,855	2,901	10.67	12.37	12.84
Nursing care facilities	6231	1,170	1,514	1,577	1,577	1,584	11.08	13.08	13.51
Residential mental health facilities	6232	269	437	490	497	512	9.96	11.30	11.85
Community care facilities for the elderly	6233	330	478	586	615	639	9.83	11.33	11.96
Social assistance	624	1,085	1,860	2,135	2,222	2,309	9.78	11.35	11.76
Individual and family services	6241	389	678	862	921	974	10.57	12.44	12.79
Emergency and other relief services	6242	67	117	131	129	129	10.95	13.48	14.22
Vocational rehabilitation services	6243	242	370	378	383	399	9.57	10.67	11.05
Child day care services	6244	388	696	765	790	807	8.88	10.14	10.53
Leisure and hospitality	**(X)**	**9,288**	**11,862**	**12,493**	**12,816**	**13,143**	**8.32**	**9.38**	**9.75**
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	**71**	**1,132**	**1,788**	**1,850**	**1,892**	**1,927**	**10.68**	**12.85**	**13.22**
Performing arts and spectator sports	711	273	382	368	376	399	13.11	18.67	18.53
Museums, historical sites, zoos, and parks	712	68	110	118	121	124	12.21	13.67	14.05
Amusements, gambling, and recreation	713	791	1,296	1,364	1,395	1,404	9.86	11.08	11.53
Accommodations and food services	**72**	**8,156**	**10,074**	**10,643**	**10,923**	**11,216**	**7.92**	**8.80**	**9.18**
Accommodations	721	1,616	1,884	1,790	1,819	1,833	9.48	10.75	11.24
Traveler and other longer-term accommodations	7211	1,582	1,837	1,737	1,765	1,780	9.49	10.78	11.28
RV parks and recreational camps	7212	34	47	52	53	54	9.03	9.78	9.76
Food services and drinking places	722	6,540	8,189	8,854	9,104	9,383	7.49	8.34	8.69
Full-service restaurants	7221	3,070	3,845	4,212	4,316	4,447	7.78	8.84	9.23
Limited-service eating places	7222	2,765	3,462	3,748	3,889	4,019	6.87	7.49	7.77
Special food services	7223	392	491	523	538	556	9.45	10.48	10.89
Drinking places, alcoholic beverages	7224	312	391	371	361	362	7.24	7.89	8.39
Other services	**81**	**4,261**	**5,168**	**5,409**	**5,395**	**5,432**	**12.73**	**14.34**	**14.77**
Repair and maintenance	811	1,009	1,242	1,229	1,236	1,249	13.28	14.82	15.07
Automotive repair and maintenance	8111	659	888	891	886	887	12.45	14.11	14.3
Personal and laundry services	812	1,120	1,243	1,273	1,277	1,284	10.18	11.81	12.02
Personal care services	8121	430	490	563	577	585	10.18	12.44	12.88
Death care services	8122	123	136	137	137	137	13.04	15.34	15.45
Dry-cleaning and laundry services	8123	371	388	352	347	344	9.17	10.18	10.22
Dry-cleaning and laundry services, except coin-operated	81232	215	211	185	180	178	8.14	9.14	9.18
Other personal services	8129	196	229	221	216	218	10.52	11.29	11.33
Pet care services, except veterinary	81291	23	31	41	44	49	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Membership associations & organizations [5]	813	2,132	2,683	2,908	2,882	2,899	13.66	15.20	15.81
Grantmaking and giving services	8132	113	116	128	137	142	14.65	18.80	19.94
Social advocacy organizations	8133	126	143	175	174	178	12.08	13.89	14.52
Civic and social organizations	8134	377	404	409	409	413	9.85	11.16	11.38
Professional and similar organizations	8139	379	473	506	492	500	15.98	18.60	19.65
Government	**92**	**18,415**	**20,790**	**21,621**	**21,804**	**21,990**	**(NA)**	**(NA)**	**(NA)**
Federal	(X)	3,196	2,865	2,730	2,732	2,728	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
State government	(X)	4,305	4,786	4,982	5,032	5,080	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Local government	(X)	10,914	13,139	13,909	14,041	14,182	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)

NA Not available. X Not applicable. [1] Based on the North American Industry Classification System, 2002. See text, this section. [2] Production workers in the goods-producing industries and nonsupervisory workers in service-producing industries. See footnotes 3 and 4. [3] Natural resources and mining, construction, and manufacturing. [4] Trade, transportation and utilities, information, financial activities, professional and business services, education and health services, leisure and hospitality, other services, and government. [5] Includes other industries not shown separately.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, the Current Employment Statistics program; Internet site <http://www.bls.gov/ces/home.htm>.

Table 615. **Private Sector Job Gains and Losses: 1998 to 2006**

[**In thousands (747 represents 747,000). For the three months ending in month shown. Data are for establishments and are seasonally adjusted.** Based on the Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages; for details see source. Minus sign (–) indicates loss]

Year and month ending	Net change [1]	Gross job gains			Gross job losses		
		Total	Expanding establishments	Opening establishments	Total	Contracting establishments	Closing establishments
1998:							
March	747	8,788	6,633	2,155	8,041	6,107	1,934
June	666	8,722	6,569	2,153	8,056	6,218	1,838
September	659	8,539	6,574	1,965	7,880	6,161	1,719
December	759	8,576	6,778	1,798	7,817	6,060	1,757
1999:							
March	380	8,744	6,733	2,011	8,364	6,466	1,898
June	569	8,800	6,788	2,012	8,231	6,419	1,812
September	548	8,817	6,871	1,946	8,269	6,397	1,872
December	1,105	9,144	7,112	2,032	8,039	6,264	1,775
2000:							
March	818	8,906	6,988	1,918	8,088	6,361	1,727
June	541	8,764	6,975	1,789	8,223	6,509	1,714
September	146	8,724	6,834	1,890	8,578	6,719	1,859
December	336	8,690	6,862	1,828	8,354	6,582	1,772
2001:							
March	–101	8,555	6,768	1,787	8,656	6,756	1,900
June	–771	8,254	6,439	1,815	9,025	7,149	1,876
September	–1,380	7,749	5,990	1,759	9,129	7,174	1,955
December	–871	7,893	6,055	1,838	8,764	6,995	1,769
2002:							
March	–1	8,128	6,324	1,804	8,129	6,400	1,729
June	–80	8,050	6,246	1,804	8,130	6,411	1,719
September	–211	7,763	6,083	1,680	7,974	6,345	1,629
December	–175	7,702	6,059	1,643	7,877	6,267	1,610
2003:							
March	–404	7,472	5,932	1,540	7,876	6,321	1,555
June	–142	7,560	6,033	1,527	7,702	6,138	1,564
September	72	7,396	5,897	1,499	7,324	5,893	1,431
December	344	7,646	6,063	1,583	7,302	5,816	1,486
2004:							
March	435	7,745	6,231	1,514	7,310	5,871	1,439
June	594	7,857	6,292	1,565	7,263	5,726	1,537
September	191	7,789	6,123	1,666	7,598	5,953	1,645
December	869	8,081	6,365	1,716	7,212	5,727	1,485
2005:							
March	325	7,635	6,171	1,464	7,310	5,852	1,458
June	574	7,932	6,311	1,621	7,358	5,873	1,485
September	628	8,055	6,423	1,632	7,427	5,915	1,512
December	551	7,818	6,293	1,525	7,267	5,888	1,379
2006:							
March	784	7,556	6,205	1,351	6,772	5,536	1,236
June	466	7,761	6,286	1,475	7,295	5,937	1,358
September	19	7,364	5,985	1,379	7,345	6,010	1,335
December	516	7,734	6,255	1,479	7,218	5,885	1,333

[1] Difference between the total gross job gains and total gross job losses.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *Business Employment Dynamics: Fourth Quarter* 2006, USDL 07-1244, August 16, 2007. See Internet site <http://www.bls.gov/bdm/home.htm>.

Table 616. **Average Percent Share of Private Sector Gross Job Gains and Losses by Firm Size: 1992 through 2006**

[**In percent. Covers third quarter 1992 through fourth quarter 2006.** Data are for firms (legal businesses, either corporate or otherwise, which may consist of several establishments). Based on the Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages; for details see source]

Item	1 to 4 employees	5 to 9 employees	10 to 19 employees	20 to 49 employees	50 to 99 employees	100 to 249 employees	250 to 499 employees	500 to 999 employees	1,000 or more
Gross job gains	14.4	11.5	11.9	14.3	9.1	9.7	5.9	4.9	18.3
Expanding firms	7.0	10.6	12.0	15.2	10.0	11.1	6.8	5.7	21.6
Opening firms	52.3	16.0	11.6	9.7	4.2	3.0	1.3	0.8	1.1
Gross job losses	14.7	11.9	12.2	14.4	9.1	9.6	5.8	4.8	17.5
Contracting firms	7.5	11.1	12.3	15.3	10.0	10.8	6.7	5.5	20.8
Closing firms	49.8	15.6	11.6	10.1	4.7	3.8	1.7	1.2	1.5
Net growth	9.5	6.3	8.0	12.3	9.4	11.7	7.4	6.2	29.2

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, *Business Employment Dynamics, Fourth Quarter 2006 News,* USDL 07-1244, August 16, 2007. See Internet site <http://www.bls.gov/bdm/home.htm>.

Table 617. **Hires and Separations Affecting Establishment Payrolls: 2003 to 2006**

[**49,294 represents 49,294,000.** Hires represent any additions to payrolls, including new and rehired employees, full- and part-time workers, short-term and seasonal workers, etc. Separations represent terminations of employment, including quits, layoffs, and discharges etc. Based on a monthly survey of private nonfarm establishments and governmental entities]

Industry	Annual hires (1,000)				Annual separations (1,000)			
	2003	2004	2005	2006	2003	2004	2005	2006
Total	**49,294**	**54,721**	**57,491**	**59,400**	**48,294**	**51,779**	**54,609**	**55,422**
Private industry	45,620	50,858	53,416	54,851	45,136	48,479	51,286	51,715
Natural resources and mining	216	229	257	257	218	216	206	227
Construction	4,580	4,677	5,150	4,513	4,555	4,638	4,847	4,653
Manufacturing	3,861	4,316	4,112	4,278	4,350	4,255	4,469	4,483
Durable goods	2,389	2,718	2,592	2,549	2,709	2,661	2,829	2,590
Nondurable goods	1,470	1,598	1,521	1,730	1,641	1,591	1,640	1,896
Trade, transporation, and utilities	10,389	11,988	12,289	12,640	10,682	11,704	11,983	11,995
Wholesale trade	1,481	1,702	1,720	1,629	1,647	1,720	1,602	1,716
Retail trade	7,423	8,392	8,530	8,909	7,378	8,177	8,424	8,517
Transportation, warehousing, and utilities	1,489	1,893	2,039	2,100	1,657	1,810	1,955	1,760
Information	748	792	881	974	796	927	893	944
Financial activities	2,031	2,292	2,281	2,512	1,899	2,161	2,134	2,540
Finance and insurance	1,209	1,354	1,436	1,608	1,162	1,339	1,367	1,607
Real estate and rental and leasing	820	939	845	903	738	824	769	931
Professional and business services	7,842	9,416	10,554	11,328	7,362	8,568	9,816	10,061
Education and health services	5,164	5,253	5,619	5,905	4,500	4,710	4,969	5,099
Educational services	726	713	721	840	627	594	638	692
Health care and social assistance	4,439	4,541	4,898	5,066	3,874	4,118	4,331	4,410
Leisure and hospitality	8,628	9,670	9,893	10,336	8,589	9,012	9,674	9,734
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	1,349	1,495	1,503	1,509	1,334	1,493	1,409	1,328
Accommodation and food services	7,281	8,173	8,391	8,828	7,257	7,520	8,266	8,405
Other services	2,160	2,223	2,384	2,106	2,185	2,285	2,300	1,981
Government workers	3,674	3,863	4,075	4,549	3,158	3,298	3,325	3,706
Federal	476	464	492	699	468	414	446	681
State and local	3,197	3,399	3,586	3,848	2,688	2,888	2,880	3,024

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *Job Openings and Labor Turnover,* monthly, January 2007 release, *News,* USDL 07-0373, March 13, 2007. See Internet site <http://www.bls.gov/jlt/home.htm>.

Table 618. **Adults in Selected Work-Related Informal Learning Activities: 2002–03**

[**(206,533 represents 206,533,000).** Civilian noninstitutional population 16 years old and over not enrolled in elementary or secondary school. Based on the Adult Education for Work-Related Reasons Survey of the National Household Education Survey Program and subject to sampling error; see source and Appendix III for details]

Characteristic	Total adults (1,000)	Adults participating in work-related informal learning activities (percent)						
		Any activities	Self-paced study with books [1]	Attended conferences [2]	Informal presentations [3]	Self-paced study with software [4]	On the job presentations [5]	Received supervised training [5, 6]
Total	**206,533**	**58**	**31**	**23**	**21**	**21**	**56**	**43**
Age:								
24 years old or younger	24,053	73	36	20	18	19	69	58
25 to 44 years old	82,223	70	37	28	26	26	57	45
45 to 64 years old	66,447	59	32	27	26	24	50	37
65 years old and over	33,810	17	10	7	5	6	39	21
Sex:								
Male	98,793	62	33	27	23	23	55	42
Female	107,740	55	28	20	20	19	57	45
Race/ethnicity:								
White, non-Hispanic	149,135	59	30	24	23	21	57	45
Black, non-Hispanic	23,145	56	34	21	19	20	57	44
Asian or Pacific Islander, non-Hispanic	6,330	67	44	34	32	39	51	40
Other, non-Hispanic	3,675	55	29	21	18	24	44	41
Hispanic [7]	24,248	57	33	20	14	17	46	35
Eduational attainment:								
Less than high school	32,357	31	17	8	5	7	43	25
High school diploma or equivalent	61,194	50	26	15	13	14	53	40
Some college	58,055	65	35	24	23	24	58	48
BA degree or higher	32,122	75	38	35	34	34	61	51
Graduate degree or higher	22,804	78	43	51	46	37	59	47
Household income:								
$25,000 or less	53,796	40	22	12	9	10	50	35
$25,001 to 50,000	55,435	58	32	20	19	19	55	43
$50,001 to 75,000	43,189	64	32	24	24	24	56	46
$75,001 to 100,000	24,286	73	36	33	32	30	60	47
$100,001 or more	29,826	73	38	41	36	34	59	47

[1] Includes manuals and audio/video tapes. [2] Includes trade shows and conventions. [3] Such as "brown bag" events. [4] Includes from the Internet. [5] For adults employed in the past 12 months. [6] Or mentoring. [7] Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race.

Source: U.S. National Center for Education Statistics, *Participation in Adult Education for Work-Related Reasons,* NCES 2006-040, November 2005.

Table 619. **Adults in Selected Work-Related Formal Learning Activities: 2004–2005**

[**(211,607 represents 211,607,000).** Civilian noninstitutional population 16 years old and over not enrolled in elementary or secondary school. Based on the Adult Education Survey of the National Household Education Survey Program and subject to sampling error; see source and Appendix III for details]

Characteristic	Total adults (1,000)	Adults participating in work-related formal learning activities (percent)				
		Any activities	College degree program	Vocational degree/ diploma program	Apprenticeship	Work-related courses
Total	**211,607**	**33**	**7**	**1**	**1**	**27**
Age:						
24 years old or younger	25,104	46	28	3	3	21
25 to 44 years old	81,674	39	7	2	2	33
45 to 64 years old	70,908	34	2	1	–	33
65 years old and over	33,922	5	–	–	–	5
Sex:						
Male	101,596	31	6	2	2	24
Female	110,011	35	8	1	1	29
Race/ethnicity:						
White, non-Hispanic	146,614	34	7	1	1	29
Black, non-Hispanic	23,467	34	6	2	2	27
Asian or Pacific Islander, non-Hispanic	7,080	35	12	1	1	24
Other, non-Hispanic	8,346	34	11	2	2	23
Hispanic [1]	26,101	23	4	2	2	17
Educational attainment:						
Less than high school	38,538	8	1	1	2	6
High school diploma or equivalent	63,701	23	2	2	1	18
Some college	51,657	43	14	2	2	32
BA degree	37,244	49	9	1	–	44
Graduate degree or higher	20,466	55	8	1	1	51

– Represents or rounds to zero. [1] Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race.

Source: U.S. National Center for Education Statistics, Adult Education Survey of the National Household Education Surveys Program 2005, unpublished data.

Table 620. **Average Hours Worked Per Day by Employed Persons: 2005**

[**(150,748 represents 150,748,000).** Civilian noninstitutional population 15 years old and over, except as indicated. Includes work at main and any other job(s). Excludes travel related to work. Based on the American Time Use Survey, a survey conducted continuously throughout the year, and subject to sampling error; see source for details]

Characteristic	Total employed (1,000)	Employed persons who worked on their diary day						
		Number (1,000)	Percent of employed	Hours of work	Worked at workplace		Worked at home [1]	
					Percent of employed [2]	Hours of work	Percent of employed [2]	Hours of work
Total	**150,748**	**102,146**	**67.8**	**7.53**	**87.3**	**7.81**	**19.6**	**2.58**
Work status:								
Full-time workers [3]	117,521	84,285	71.7	8.04	88.9	8.23	19.2	2.70
Part-time workers [3]	33,227	17,861	53.8	5.13	79.8	5.61	21.9	2.10
Male	79,988	56,302	70.4	7.90	87.8	8.13	20.9	2.57
Full-time workers [3]	68,598	50,167	73.1	8.27	89.2	8.42	20.5	2.60
Part-time workers [3]	11,390	6,135	53.9	4.85	75.9	5.31	24.0	2.38
Female	70,760	45,844	64.8	7.08	86.7	7.41	18.0	2.59
Full-time workers [3]	48,923	34,117	69.7	7.69	88.4	7.93	17.1	2.86
Part-time workers [3]	21,837	11,727	53.7	5.28	81.8	5.76	20.8	1.94
Jobholding status:								
Single jobholders	135,474	90,399	66.7	7.53	87.9	7.80	18.1	2.57
Multiple jobholders	15,274	11,746	76.9	7.57	82.3	7.90	31.3	2.62
Educational attainment: [4]								
Less than high school	10,635	7,244	68.1	7.90	93.9	7.95	(B)	(B)
High school diploma [5]	38,739	25,726	66.4	7.84	92.1	7.95	11.3	2.71
Some college	33,489	23,158	69.2	7.59	85.8	7.90	20.2	3.02
BA degree or higher	44,026	32,495	73.8	7.37	80.6	7.88	34.2	2.31

B Percent not shown where base is less than 800,000. [1] Represents doing activities that were "part of one's job." [2] Percent of employed who worked on their diary day. [3] Full-time workers usually worked 35 or more hours per week at all jobs combined; part-time workers fewer than 35 hours per week. [4] For those 25 years old and over. [5] Or equivalent.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *American Time Use Survey—2005 Results Announced by BLS, News,* USDL 06-1276, July 27, 2006. See Internet site <http://www.bls.gov/tus/home.htm>.

Table 621. **Annual Indexes of Output Per Hour for Selected NAICS Industries: 1987 to 2005**

[For a discussion of productivity measures, see text, this section. Minus sign (–) indicates decrease]

Industry	2002 NAICS code [1]	Indexes (1997 = 100)						Average annual percent change [2]
		1987	1990	1995	2000	2004	2005	
Mining	21	85.5	85.1	101.7	111.0	106.7	95.9	0.6
Oil and gas extraction	211	80.1	75.7	95.3	119.4	111.7	107.9	1.7
Mining, except oil and gas	212	69.8	79.3	94.0	106.3	115.7	113.5	2.7
Utilities:								
Power generation and supply	2211	65.6	71.1	88.5	107.0	107.5	114.2	3.1
Natural gas distribution	2212	67.8	71.4	89.0	113.2	118.3	123.5	3.4
Manufacturing:								
Fruit and vegetable preserving and specialty	3114	92.4	87.6	98.3	111.8	126.2	132.1	2.0
Dairy products	3115	82.7	91.1	97.6	95.9	107.4	109.5	1.6
Animal slaughtering and processing	3116	97.4	94.3	99.0	102.6	108.0	117.4	1.0
Bakeries and tortilla manufacturing	3118	100.9	94.5	100.7	108.3	113.8	115.4	0.7
Other food products	3119	97.5	92.5	104.1	112.6	119.3	115.4	0.9
Beverages	3121	77.1	87.6	103.2	90.8	114.1	119.4	2.5
Fabric mills	3132	68.0	75.3	95.5	110.1	138.6	150.5	4.5
Cut and sew apparel	3152	69.8	70.1	85.2	119.8	108.4	113.1	2.7
Sawmills and wood preservation	3211	77.6	79.4	90.4	105.4	118.2	127.9	2.8
Plywood and engineered wood products	3212	99.7	102.8	101.4	98.8	102.9	110.3	0.6
Other wood products	3219	103.0	105.3	99.8	103.0	119.6	125.8	1.1
Pulp, paper, and paperboard mills	3221	81.7	84.0	98.4	116.3	148.0	148.9	3.4
Converted paper products	3222	89.0	90.1	97.2	101.1	112.9	115.3	1.4
Printing and related support activities	3231	97.6	97.5	98.9	104.6	114.5	119.7	1.1
Petroleum and coal products	3241	71.1	75.4	89.9	113.5	123.4	123.8	3.1
Basic chemicals	3251	94.6	93.4	91.3	117.5	154.4	163.1	3.1
Resin, rubber, and artificial fibers	3252	77.4	76.4	95.4	109.8	121.9	127.8	2.8
Pharmaceuticals and medicines	3254	87.3	91.3	95.9	95.6	104.1	107.8	1.2
Soap, cleaning compounds, and toiletries	3256	84.4	84.8	96.1	102.8	135.3	152.6	3.3
Other chemical products and preparations	3259	75.4	77.8	93.5	119.7	121.3	123.5	2.8
Plastics products	3261	83.1	85.2	94.5	112.3	131.9	135.6	2.8
Rubber products	3262	75.5	83.5	92.9	101.7	114.4	119.3	2.6
Glass and glass products	3272	82.3	79.1	87.5	108.2	113.9	122.7	2.2
Cement and concrete products	3273	93.6	96.6	99.7	101.6	102.8	105.5	0.7
Foundries	3315	81.4	86.5	93.1	103.6	123.9	128.0	2.5
Forging and stamping	3321	85.4	89.0	93.9	121.1	142.0	146.7	3.0
Architectural and structural metals	3323	88.7	87.9	93.3	100.7	105.4	108.1	1.1
Machine shops and threaded products	3327	76.9	79.2	98.3	108.2	114.6	115.3	2.3
Coating, engraving, and heat treating metals	3328	75.5	81.3	102.2	105.5	125.3	136.0	3.3
Other fabricated metal products	3329	91.0	86.5	96.3	99.9	111.2	112.6	1.2
Agriculture, construction, and mining machinery	3331	74.6	83.3	95.4	100.3	125.4	130.8	3.2
Industrial machinery	3332	75.1	81.6	97.1	130.0	126.5	121.9	2.7
Commercial and service industry machinery	3333	86.9	95.6	103.6	100.9	106.4	113.4	1.5
HVAC and commercial refrigeration equipment	3334	84.0	90.6	96.4	107.9	132.8	137.7	2.8
Metalworking machinery	3335	85.1	86.5	99.2	106.1	117.1	126.6	2.2
Other general purpose machinery	3339	83.5	86.8	94.0	113.7	127.1	137.2	2.8
Computer and peripheral equipment	3341	11.0	14.7	49.9	234.9	416.6	576.5	24.6
Communications equipment	3342	39.8	48.4	74.4	164.1	148.4	144.4	7.4
Semiconductors and electronic components	3344	17.0	21.9	63.8	232.4	361.1	386.6	19.0
Electronic instruments	3345	70.2	78.5	97.9	116.7	145.4	139.8	3.9
Electrical equipment	3353	68.7	73.6	98.0	99.4	110.8	116.7	3.0
Other electrical equipment and components	3359	78.8	76.1	92.0	119.7	115.6	121.7	2.4
Motor vehicles	3361	75.4	85.6	88.5	109.7	142.1	147.0	3.8
Motor vehicle bodies and trailers	3362	85.0	75.9	97.4	98.8	110.7	114.2	1.7
Motor vehicle parts	3363	78.7	76.0	92.3	112.3	138.0	144.4	3.4
Aerospace products and parts	3364	87.2	89.1	95.7	103.4	113.0	125.8	2.1
Ship and boat building	3366	95.5	99.6	93.1	121.9	138.7	133.2	1.9
Household and institutional furniture	3371	85.2	88.2	97.2	101.9	113.6	121.3	2.0
Office furniture and fixtures	3372	85.8	82.2	84.9	100.2	131.1	136.7	2.6
Medical equipment and supplies	3391	76.3	82.9	96.6	114.6	137.5	148.2	3.8
Other miscellaneous manufacturing	3399	85.4	90.5	95.9	113.6	128.6	139.0	2.7
Wholesale trade	42	73.2	79.8	94.0	116.2	134.7	135.5	3.5
Durable goods	423	62.3	67.5	90.1	124.6	159.8	164.8	5.5
Nondurable goods	424	91.0	98.9	98.5	105.1	113.5	114.2	1.3
Electronic markets and agents and brokers	425	64.3	74.3	95.4	119.3	107.4	98.1	2.4
Retail trade	44–45	79.1	81.4	94.0	116.1	138.0	142.7	3.3
Motor vehicle and parts dealers	441	78.3	82.7	95.5	114.3	127.4	128.0	2.8
Automobile dealers	4411	79.2	84.1	95.8	113.7	124.7	123.4	2.5
Other motor vehicle dealers	4412	70.6	69.7	88.3	115.3	142.8	150.5	4.3
Auto parts, accessories, and tire stores	4413	71.8	79.0	95.2	108.4	110.3	118.6	2.8
Furniture and home furnishings stores	442	75.1	79.0	93.7	115.9	147.0	149.4	3.9
Furniture stores	4421	77.3	84.8	93.6	112.0	139.4	138.4	3.3
Home furnishings stores	4422	71.3	71.0	93.3	121.0	157.1	163.8	4.7
Electronics and appliance stores	443	38.0	47.7	87.8	173.7	334.7	365.1	13.4
Building material and garden supply stores	444	75.8	79.5	91.9	113.3	134.6	135.1	3.3
Building material and supplies dealers	4441	77.6	81.6	93.4	115.1	134.0	134.6	3.1
Lawn and garden equipment and supplies stores	4442	66.9	69.0	83.9	103.1	140.2	139.4	4.2
Food and beverage stores	445	110.9	107.5	102.3	101.1	113.1	119.1	0.4
Grocery stores	4451	111.1	106.9	102.7	101.1	112.3	117.3	0.3
Specialty food stores	4452	138.5	127.2	102.9	98.5	121.1	137.4	(Z)
Beer, wine and liquor stores	4453	94.7	98.7	95.4	107.0	129.9	147.6	2.5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 621. **Annual Indexes of Output Per Hour for Selected NAICS Industries: 1987 to 2005**—Con.

[For a discussion of productivity measures, see text, this section. Minus sign (–) indicates decrease]

Industry	2002 NAICS code [1]	Indexes (1997 = 100)						Average annual percent change [2]
		1987	1990	1995	2000	2004	2005	
Retail trade—Con.								
Health and personal care stores	446	84.0	91.0	91.4	112.2	134.0	132.8	2.6
Gasoline stations	447	83.9	84.2	99.4	107.7	122.3	129.5	2.4
Clothing and clothing accessories stores	448	66.3	69.8	92.7	123.5	139.2	147.5	4.5
Clothing stores	4481	67.1	70.0	91.7	125.0	141.0	153.7	4.7
Shoe stores	4482	65.3	70.8	96.4	110.0	124.9	129.4	3.9
Jewelry, luggage, and leather goods stores	4483	64.5	68.1	94.1	130.5	144.5	137.2	4.3
Sporting goods, hobby, book, and music stores	451	74.4	82.1	95.0	121.1	151.1	164.2	4.5
Sporting goods and musical instrument stores	4511	70.5	79.5	94.7	127.8	160.1	172.8	5.1
Book, periodical, and music stores	4512	84.3	87.9	95.4	108.7	134.8	149.3	3.2
General merchandise stores	452	73.5	75.1	92.0	120.2	140.7	146.1	3.9
Department stores	4521	87.2	83.9	94.6	106.2	109.0	109.6	1.3
Other general merchandise stores	4529	54.8	61.2	87.2	147.3	192.9	203.5	7.6
Miscellaneous store retailers	453	65.1	69.5	88.8	114.1	131.2	142.0	4.4
Florists	4531	77.6	73.3	82.4	115.2	103.0	127.5	2.8
Office supplies, stationery, and gift stores	4532	61.4	66.4	91.7	127.3	173.0	182.6	6.2
Used merchandise stores	4533	64.5	70.4	85.9	116.5	155.7	168.1	5.5
Other miscellaneous store retailers	4539	68.3	75.0	88.9	104.4	97.2	104.3	2.4
Nonstore retailers	454	50.7	54.7	79.8	152.2	216.1	222.3	8.6
Electronic shopping and mail-order houses	4541	39.4	43.4	72.5	160.2	272.8	284.2	11.6
Vending machine operators	4542	95.5	95.1	86.4	111.1	110.4	112.7	0.9
Direct selling establishments	4543	70.8	74.1	93.2	122.5	131.8	128.7	3.4
Transportation and warehousing:								
Air transportation	481	81.1	77.5	95.3	98.1	126.0	135.7	2.9
Line-haul railroads	482111	58.9	69.8	92.0	114.3	146.4	138.5	4.9
General freight trucking, long-distance	48412	85.7	89.2	95.8	101.9	110.7	112.6	1.5
Used household and office goods moving	48421	106.7	112.6	101.4	94.8	88.7	88.5	–1.0
Postal service	491	90.9	94.2	97.7	105.5	110.0	111.2	1.1
Couriers and messengers	492	148.3	138.5	101.5	121.9	126.9	124.7	–1.0
Information:								
Newspaper, book, and directory publishers	5111	105.0	95.5	91.9	107.7	106.7	108.4	0.2
Software publishers	5112	10.2	28.5	73.4	119.2	160.7	171.0	17.0
Motion picture and video exhibition	51213	90.7	109.2	99.4	106.5	103.8	102.7	0.7
Broadcasting, except Internet	515	99.5	98.2	102.5	103.6	112.5	117.6	0.9
Radio and television broadcasting	5151	98.1	97.7	104.8	92.1	96.6	101.5	0.2
Cable and other subscription programming	5152	105.6	100.3	92.8	141.2	158.6	162.4	2.4
Wired telecommunications carriers	5171	56.9	66.0	87.6	122.7	133.9	140.2	5.1
Wireless telecommunications carriers	5172	75.6	70.4	90.0	152.8	292.0	392.4	9.6
Cable and other program distribution	5175	105.2	100.0	92.6	91.6	113.7	110.4	0.3
Finance and insurance:								
Commercial banking	52211	72.8	80.7	95.6	102.7	108.5	108.4	2.2
Real estate and rental and leasing:								
Passenger car rental	532111	92.7	90.8	100.7	112.3	118.3	110.5	1.0
Truck, trailer, and RV rental and leasing	53212	60.4	68.6	88.8	121.1	135.7	145.5	5.0
Video tape and disc rental	53223	77.0	97.1	119.5	134.9	154.5	155.6	4.0
Professional and technical services:								
Tax preparation services	541213	82.9	76.2	90.6	100.9	100.0	106.9	1.4
Architectural services	54131	90.0	93.8	106.5	107.6	118.3	123.9	1.8
Engineering services	54133	90.2	99.4	94.4	102.0	107.8	114.2	1.3
Advertising agencies	54181	95.9	107.9	102.5	107.5	133.0	131.2	1.8
Photography studios, portrait	541921	98.1	95.9	107.3	108.9	93.2	93.6	–0.3
Administrative and waste services:								
Employment placement agencies	56131	(NA)	(NA)	86.6	89.8	119.8	117.9	3.1
Travel agencies	56151	89.3	94.6	93.0	119.4	167.4	188.2	4.2
Janitorial services	56172	75.1	94.3	90.4	101.0	116.6	122.0	2.7
Health care and social assistance:								
Medical and diagnostic laboratories	6215	(NA)	(NA)	90.9	131.9	140.8	138.8	4.3
Medical laboratories	621511	(NA)	(NA)	91.3	127.4	130.7	127.1	3.4
Diagnostic imaging centers	621512	(NA)	(NA)	90.0	139.9	153.5	154.8	5.6
Arts, entertainment, and recreation:								
Amusement and theme parks	71311	112.0	112.5	96.3	106.0	101.4	110.0	–0.1
Bowling centers	71395	106.0	94.0	92.1	93.4	107.9	106.1	(Z)
Accommodation and food services:								
Traveler accommodations	7211	85.2	82.1	97.7	111.7	120.8	115.8	1.7
Food services and drinking places	722	96.0	102.4	100.3	103.5	107.1	108.8	0.7
Full-service restaurants	7221	92.1	99.4	96.2	103.0	104.9	107.5	0.9
Limited-service eating places	7222	96.5	103.6	104.1	102.0	106.9	106.8	0.6
Special food services	7223	89.9	99.8	100.8	115.0	118.8	122.8	1.8
Drinking places, alcoholic beverages	7224	136.7	123.3	104.6	100.6	112.6	119.7	–0.7
Other services:								
Automotive repair and maintenance	8111	85.9	89.9	103.2	109.4	112.0	112.5	1.5
Hair, nail, and skin care services	81211	83.5	82.1	93.4	108.2	125.0	130.4	2.5
Funeral homes and funeral services	81221	103.7	98.4	102.4	94.8	92.9	93.2	–0.6
Drycleaning and laundry services	8123	97.1	94.8	99.2	107.6	110.6	120.8	1.2
Photofinishing	81292	95.8	107.7	108.0	73.8	102.0	113.2	0.9

NA Not available. Z Less than 0.05 percent. [1] North American Industry Classification System, 2002 (NAICS); see text, this section. [2] Average annual percent change, 1987 to 2005, based on compound rate formula. For NAICS industries 56131, 6215, 621511, and 621512 annual percent changes are for 1995–2005. The rates of change are calculated using index numbers to three decimal places.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics. Latest data available at: <http://www.bls.gov/lpc/home.htm> (accessed June 2007).

Table 622. **Annual Total Compensation and Wages and Salary Accruals Per Full-Time Equivalent Employee by Industry: 2000 to 2005**

[**In dollars.** Wage and salary accruals include executives' compensation, bonuses, tips, and payments-in-kind; total compensation includes in addition to wages and salaries, employer contributions for social insurance, employer contributions to private and welfare funds, director's fees, jury and witness fees, etc. Based on the 1997 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS); see text, this section]

Industry	Annual total compensation				Annual wages and salary			
	2000	2003	2004	2005	2000	2003	2004	2005
Domestic industries	46,407	51,341	53,498	55,465	38,762	41,628	43,265	44,702
Private industries	45,240	49,506	51,457	53,289	38,446	40,901	42,507	43,917
Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting	29,332	26,452	29,972	32,709	25,847	23,152	26,573	29,093
Mining	70,413	79,488	83,744	90,429	58,291	63,237	67,681	72,983
Utilities	78,147	91,782	96,680	101,136	64,271	69,404	73,022	76,388
Construction	44,764	50,542	50,955	53,471	37,196	41,364	41,453	43,575
Manufacturing	54,219	62,113	63,890	66,414	44,216	46,753	48,732	50,180
Wholesale trade	56,264	63,247	66,294	68,832	48,017	52,964	55,287	57,238
Retail trade	30,225	32,295	33,400	34,096	26,307	27,393	28,197	28,670
Transportation and warehousing	48,336	50,964	53,118	53,990	39,463	40,854	42,455	42,911
Information	74,196	75,684	81,275	83,761	63,217	61,812	65,758	67,674
Finance and insurance	74,821	82,190	87,099	91,796	64,049	68,356	72,512	76,281
Real estate and rental and leasing	41,906	45,301	48,241	50,827	36,178	38,667	41,113	43,335
Professional, scientific, and technical services	68,436	74,761	78,356	81,448	58,886	63,669	66,437	69,045
Management of companies and enterprises [1]	89,496	90,151	96,163	102,468	75,984	76,010	80,718	86,413
Administrative and waste management services	28,540	33,880	33,999	35,819	25,181	29,232	29,097	30,678
Educational services	32,736	37,335	38,651	39,770	28,974	32,526	33,604	34,507
Health care and social assistance	40,897	45,631	47,441	48,898	35,127	38,752	40,210	41,373
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	35,898	39,893	40,881	40,853	31,259	34,234	34,923	34,693
Accommodation and food services	19,092	22,036	23,367	23,351	16,830	18,950	20,051	19,988
Other services, except government	28,630	31,888	33,071	34,127	25,495	28,069	29,023	29,791
Government	52,845	60,868	64,195	67,099	40,501	45,406	47,241	48,900
Federal	70,004	85,149	93,010	98,917	46,646	56,482	60,310	63,816
State and local	48,020	54,421	56,632	58,914	38,773	42,465	43,811	45,062

[1] Consists of offices of bank and other holding companies and of corporate, subsidiary, and regional managing offices.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis, *Survey of Current Business,* April 2007; and Internet site <http://www.bea.gov/bea/dn/nipaweb/SelectTable.asp?Selected=N> (accessed 15 May 2007).

Table 623. **Average Hourly Earnings by Private Industry Group: 1990 to 2006**

[**In dollars.** Average earnings include overtime. Data are for production workers in natural resources and mining, manufacturing, and construction, and nonsupervisory employees in other industries. See headnote, Table 612]

Private industry group	Current dollars					Constant (**1982**) dollars [1]				
	1990	2000	2004	2005	2006	1990	2000	2004	2005	2006
AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS										
Total private	**10.20**	**14.02**	**15.69**	**16.13**	**16.76**	**7.66**	**8.04**	**8.24**	**8.18**	**8.24**
Natural resources and mining	13.40	16.55	18.07	18.72	19.90	10.07	9.50	9.49	9.50	9.78
Construction	13.42	17.48	19.23	19.46	20.02	10.08	10.03	10.10	9.87	9.84
Manufacturing	10.78	14.32	16.15	16.56	16.80	8.10	8.22	8.48	8.40	8.26
Trade, transportation, and utilities	9.83	13.31	14.58	14.92	15.40	7.39	7.64	7.66	7.57	7.57
Information	13.40	19.07	21.40	22.06	23.23	10.07	10.94	11.24	11.19	11.42
Financial activities [2]	9.99	14.98	17.52	17.94	18.80	7.51	8.59	9.20	9.10	9.24
Professional and business services [2]	11.14	15.52	17.48	18.08	19.12	8.37	8.90	9.18	9.17	9.40
Education and health services [2]	10.00	13.95	16.15	16.71	17.38	7.51	8.00	8.48	8.48	8.54
Leisure and hospitality [2]	6.02	8.32	9.15	9.38	9.75	4.52	4.77	4.81	4.76	4.79
Other services	9.08	12.73	13.98	14.34	14.77	6.82	7.30	7.34	7.28	7.26
AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS										
Total private	**350**	**481**	**529**	**544**	**568**	**263**	**276**	**278**	**276**	**279**
Natural resources and mining	603	735	804	854	908	453	422	422	433	446
Construction	513	686	736	750	781	386	393	386	381	384
Manufacturing	436	591	659	673	691	328	339	346	342	340
Trade, transportation, and utilities	332	450	488	498	515	249	258	257	253	253
Information	480	701	777	805	851	360	402	408	408	418
Financial activities [2]	355	537	623	645	672	266	308	327	327	331
Professional and business services [2]	381	535	598	619	662	286	307	314	314	326
Education and health services [2]	319	449	524	545	565	240	258	275	276	278
Leisure and hospitality [2]	156	217	235	241	250	117	125	123	122	123
Other services	298	413	433	443	457	224	237	227	225	224

[1] Earnings in current dollars divided by the Consumer Price Index (CPI-W) on a 1982 base; see text, Section 14, Prices.
[2] For composition of industries, see Table 607.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, the Current Employment Statistics program Internet site <http://www.bls.gov/ces/home.htm>.

Table 624. **Mean Hourly Earnings and Weekly Hours by Selected Characteristics: 2005**

[Covers civilian workers in private industry establishments and state and local governments in the 50 states and DC. Excludes private households, federal government, and agriculture. Based on survey of 25,723 establishments representing over 84 million workers; see source and Appendix III for details about the National Compensation Survey]

Item	Mean hourly earnings (dol.) [1]			Mean weekly hours		
	Total	Private industry	State and local government	Total	Private industry	State and local government
Total	**18.62**	**17.82**	**23.31**	**35.7**	**35.5**	**36.8**
WORKER CHARACTERISTIC						
White-collar occupations	22.96	22.21	26.32	36.0	35.9	36.5
Professional specialty and technical	30.24	29.80	31.25	36.2	36.2	36.1
Executive, administrative, and managerial	33.69	34.21	31.04	39.8	40.0	38.6
Sales	15.32	15.33	13.75	32.4	32.4	33.3
Administrative support	14.53	14.44	14.98	36.5	36.5	36.6
Blue-collar occupations	15.87	15.75	17.96	38.1	38.1	37.7
Precision production, craft, and repair	19.95	19.93	20.24	39.6	39.6	39.7
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	14.19	14.17	17.59	39.0	39.0	38.0
Transportation and material moving	15.28	15.10	17.01	37.7	38.1	34.5
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	11.63	11.43	14.90	35.3	35.1	38.6
Service occupations	10.89	9.38	17.55	31.7	30.6	37.0
Full-time [2]	19.70	18.95	23.73	39.6	39.7	38.8
Part-time [2]	10.52	10.15	15.80	20.5	20.6	19.1
Union [3]	22.65	20.67	25.49	36.7	36.6	36.8
Nonunion	17.77	17.43	21.22	35.5	35.4	36.8
Time [4]	18.33	17.43	23.31	35.5	35.3	36.8
Incentive [4]	24.12	24.11	(NA)	38.7	38.7	(NA)
ESTABLISHMENT CHARACTERISTIC						
Goods producing [5]	(X)	19.60	(X)	(X)	39.5	(X)
Service producing [5]	(X)	17.19	(X)	(X)	34.3	(X)
1 to 99 workers [6]	15.73	15.69	18.86	34.4	34.4	36.6
100 to 499 workers	18.13	17.72	21.79	36.4	36.4	35.9
500 to 999 workers	20.79	19.94	23.83	36.9	37.2	35.8
1,000 to 2,499 workers	21.65	21.07	23.37	36.9	37.0	36.4
2,500 workers or more	25.44	27.05	24.06	37.3	37.1	37.5
GEOGRAPHIC REGION [7]						
New England	20.81	19.97	26.72	34.3	34.1	35.5
Middle Atlantic	21.19	20.27	26.67	35.1	35.0	35.7
East North Central	18.91	18.11	24.27	35.3	35.2	36.1
West North Central	17.09	16.18	22.13	35.4	35.0	37.2
South Atlantic	17.72	17.19	20.40	36.2	35.9	38.1
East South Central	14.66	14.06	19.16	37.0	37.0	37.3
West South Central	16.36	15.73	19.64	36.6	36.3	38.3
Mountain	17.30	16.31	23.27	35.8	35.5	37.1
Pacific	20.83	19.74	27.10	35.4	35.4	35.6

NA Not available. X Not applicable. [1] Earnings are straight time hourly wages or salary, including incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excludes premium pay for overtime, vacations and holidays, nonproduction bonuses and tips. [2] Based on definition used by each establishment. [3] Workers whose wages are determined through collective bargaining. [4] Time worker wages are based solely on an hourly rate or salary. Incentive workers wages are based at least in part on productivity payments such as piece rates or commissions. [5] For private industry only. See footnotes 3 and 4, Table 614 for composition of goods and service producing industries. [6] Private establishments employing 1 to 99 workers and state and local government establishments employing 50 to 99 workers. [7] Composition of regions: NEW ENGLAND: Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut. MIDDLE ATLANTIC: New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania. EAST NORTH CENTRAL: Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, Wisconsin. WEST NORTH CENTRAL: Minnesota, Iowa, Missouri, North Dakota, South Dakota, Nebraska, Kansas. SOUTH ATLANTIC: Delaware, Maryland, District of Columbia, Virginia, West Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida. EAST SOUTH CENTRAL: Kentucky, Tennessee, Alabama, Mississippi. WEST SOUTH CENTRAL: Arkansas, Louisiana, Oklahoma, Texas. MOUNTAIN: Montana, Idaho, Wyoming, Colorado, New Mexico, Arizona, Utah, Nevada. PACIFIC: Washington, Oregon, California, Alaska, Hawaii.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *National Compensation Survey: Occupational Wages in the United States,* Bulletin 2581, August 2006. See Internet site <http://www.bls.gov/ncs/home.htm>.

Table 625. **Employment and Wages: 1995 to 2005**

[**(115,488 represents 115,488,000).** See headnote, Table 626]

Employment and wages	Unit	1995	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
Average annual employment:								
Total	1,000	115,488	129,877	129,636	128,234	127,796	129,278	131,572
Excluding federal	1,000	112,540	127,006	126,883	125,475	125,032	126,539	128,838
Private	1,000	96,895	110,015	109,305	107,577	107,066	108,490	110,611
State government	1,000	4,202	4,370	4,452	4,485	4,482	4,485	4,528
Local governments	1,000	11,442	12,620	13,126	13,413	13,484	13,564	13,699
Federal government	1,000	2,948	2,871	2,753	2,759	2,764	2,740	2,734
Annual wages:								
Total	Bil. dol.	3,216	4,588	4,695	4,714	4,826	5,088	5,352
Excluding federal	Bil. dol.	3,102	4,455	4,561	4,571	4,676	4,929	5,188
Private	Bil. dol.	2,659	3,888	3,952	3,931	4,016	4,246	4,480
State government	Bil. dol.	128	159	168	176	180	184	191
Local governments	Bil. dol.	315	409	440	464	481	499	517
Federal government	Bil. dol.	114	133	135	144	150	158	164
Average wage per employee:								
Total	Dol.	27,846	35,323	36,219	36,764	37,765	39,354	40,677
Excluding federal	Dol.	27,567	35,077	35,943	36,428	37,401	38,955	40,270
Private	Dol.	27,441	35,337	36,157	36,539	37,508	39,134	40,505
State government	Dol.	30,497	36,296	37,814	39,212	40,057	41,118	42,249
Local governments	Dol.	27,552	32,387	33,521	34,605	35,669	36,805	37,718
Federal government	Dol.	38,523	46,228	48,940	52,050	54,239	57,782	59,864
Average weekly wage per employee:								
Total	Dol.	536	679	697	707	726	757	782
Excluding federal	Dol.	530	675	691	701	719	749	774
Private	Dol.	528	680	695	703	721	753	779
State government	Dol.	586	698	727	754	770	791	812
Local governments	Dol.	530	623	645	665	686	708	725
Federal government	Dol.	741	889	941	1,001	1,043	1,111	1,151

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics. "Employment and Wages, Annual Averages," 2004 and 2005. See Internet site <http://www.bls.gov/cew/home.htm>.

Table 626. **Average Annual Wage by State: 2004 and 2005**

[**In dollars, except percent change.** For workers covered by state unemployment insurance laws and for federal civilian workers covered by unemployment compensation for federal employees, approximately 97 percent of employees on nonfarm payrolls in 2005. Excludes most agricultural workers on small farms, all Armed Forces, elected officials in most states, railroad employees, most domestic workers, most student workers at school, employees of certain nonprofit organizations, and most self-employed individuals. Pay includes bonuses, stock options, cash value of meals and lodging, and tips and other gratuities]

State	Average annual pay		Percent change, 2004–05	State	Average annual pay		Percent change, 2004–05
	2004	2005			2004	2005	
United States	**39,354**	**40,677**	**3.4**	Missouri	34,845	35,951	3.2
Alabama	33,414	34,598	3.5	Montana	27,830	29,150	4.7
Alaska	39,062	40,216	3.0	Nebraska	31,507	32,422	2.9
Arizona	36,646	38,154	4.1	Nevada	37,106	38,763	4.5
Arkansas	30,245	31,266	3.4	New Hampshire	39,176	40,551	3.5
California	44,641	46,211	3.5	New Jersey	48,064	49,471	2.9
Colorado	40,276	41,601	3.3	New Mexico	31,411	32,605	3.8
Connecticut	51,007	52,954	3.8	New York	49,941	51,937	4.0
Delaware	42,487	44,622	5.0	North Carolina	34,791	35,912	3.2
District of Columbia	63,887	66,696	4.4	North Dakota	28,987	29,956	3.3
Florida	35,186	36,800	4.6	Ohio	36,441	37,333	2.4
Georgia	37,866	39,096	3.2	Oklahoma	30,743	31,721	3.2
Hawaii	35,198	36,353	3.3	Oregon	35,630	36,588	2.7
Idaho	29,871	30,777	3.0	Pennsylvania	38,555	39,661	2.9
Illinois	42,277	43,744	3.5	Rhode Island	37,651	38,751	2.9
Indiana	34,694	35,431	2.1	South Carolina	31,839	32,927	3.4
Iowa	32,097	33,070	3.0	South Dakota	28,281	29,149	3.1
Kansas	32,738	33,864	3.4	Tennessee	34,925	35,879	2.7
Kentucky	33,165	33,965	2.4	Texas	38,511	40,150	4.3
Louisiana	31,880	33,566	5.3	Utah	32,171	33,328	3.6
Maine	31,906	32,701	2.5	Vermont	33,274	34,197	2.8
Maryland	42,579	44,368	4.2	Virginia	40,534	42,287	4.3
Massachusetts	48,916	50,095	2.4	Washington	39,361	40,721	3.5
Michigan	40,373	41,214	2.1	West Virginia	30,382	31,347	3.2
Minnesota	40,398	40,800	1.0	Wisconsin	34,743	35,471	2.1
Mississippi	28,535	29,763	4.3	Wyoming	31,210	33,251	6.5

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics. "Employment and Wages, Annual Averages," 2004 and 2005. See Internet site <http://www.bls.gov/cew/home.htm>.

Table 627. **Full-Time Wage and Salary Workers—Number and Earnings: 2000 to 2006**

[**In current dollars of usual weekly earnings. Data represent annual averages (101,210 represents 101,210,000).** Occupational classifications are those used in the 2000 census; see text this section. Based on the Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1, and Appendix III. For definition of median, see Guide to Tabular Presentation]

Characteristic	Number of workers (1,000)			Median weekly earnings (dol.)		
	2000	2005 [1]	2006 [1]	2000	2005 [1]	2006 [1]
All workers [2]	**101,210**	**103,560**	**106,106**	**576**	**651**	**671**
SEX						
Male	57,107	58,406	59,747	641	722	743
16 to 24 years old	6,770	6,396	6,559	375	409	418
25 years old and over	50,337	52,010	53,188	693	771	797
Female	44,103	45,154	46,358	493	585	600
16 to 24 years old	5,094	4,711	4,802	344	381	395
25 years old and over	39,009	40,443	41,556	516	612	627
RACE/ETHNICITY						
White [3]	83,228	84,110	86,055	590	672	690
Male	48,085	48,572	49,650	662	743	761
Female	35,143	35,538	36,405	502	596	609
Black [3]	12,410	12,388	12,745	474	520	554
Male	5,911	5,916	6,025	510	559	591
Female	6,500	6,472	6,720	429	499	519
Asian [3, 4]	4,598	4,651	4,840	615	753	784
Male	2,538	2,597	2,717	685	825	882
Female	2,060	2,054	2,123	547	665	699
Hispanic origin [5]	12,761	14,673	15,693	399	471	486
Male	8,077	9,433	10,007	417	489	505
Female	4,684	5,241	5,686	366	429	440
OCCUPATION						
Management, professional, and related occupations	34,831	36,908	37,824	810	937	967
Management, business, and financial operations	14,240	14,977	15,447	877	997	1,045
Management occupations	9,952	10,340	10,661	937	1,083	1,127
Business and financial operations occupations	4,288	4,637	4,786	760	871	930
Professional and related occupations	20,590	21,931	22,378	770	902	928
Computer and mathematical occupations	3,051	2,924	2,935	938	1,132	1,166
Architecture and engineering occupations	2,781	2,509	2,568	949	1,105	1,155
Life, physical, and social science occupations	989	1,164	1,220	811	965	984
Community and social services occupations	1,641	1,797	1,816	629	725	740
Legal occupations	1,039	1,162	1,156	919	1,052	1,144
Education, training, and library occupations	5,467	6,066	6,158	704	798	819
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media	1,488	1,488	1,476	724	819	841
Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations	4,134	4,821	5,048	727	878	905
Service occupations	12,595	14,123	14,749	365	413	422
Healthcare support occupations	1,731	2,085	2,231	358	410	423
Protective service occupations	2,281	2,549	2,633	591	678	693
Food preparation and serving-related occupations	3,483	4,007	4,212	317	356	371
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance	3,354	3,425	3,594	351	394	406
Personal care and service occupations	1,746	2,057	2,079	351	409	407
Sales and office occupations	25,606	25,193	25,688	492	575	589
Sales and related occupations	9,650	10,031	10,336	525	622	628
Office and administrative support occupations	15,956	15,161	15,351	480	550	572
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations	10,958	12,086	12,512	582	623	653
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	842	755	716	310	372	387
Construction and extraction occupations	5,852	6,826	7,166	580	604	619
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	4,263	4,504	4,630	628	705	742
Production, transportation, and material-moving occupations	17,221	15,251	15,332	475	540	557
Production occupations	10,378	8,403	8,391	471	538	559
Transportation and material-moving occupations	6,843	6,848	6,942	481	543	556

[1] See footnote 2, Table 569. [2] Includes other races, not shown separately. [3] Beginning 2005, for persons in this race group only. See footnote 3, table 570. [4] Prior to 2005, includes Pacific Islanders. [5] Persons of Hispanic or Latino origin may be of any race.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Bulletin 2307, and *Employment and Earnings*, monthly, January issues and unpublished data. See Internet site <http://www.bls.gov/cps/home.htm>.

Table. 628. **Workers With Earnings by Occupation of Longest Held Job and Sex: 2005**

[**Covers persons 15 years old and over as of March 2006. (72,476, represents 72,476,000).** Based on Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1, and Appendix III. For definition of median, see Guide to Tabular Presentation. Occupational classifications are those used in the 2000 census and are not comparable to those used in the 1990 census]

Major occupation of longest job held in 2005	All workers				Full-time, year-round			
	Women		Men		Women		Men	
	Number (1,000)	Median earnings (dol.)	Number (1,000)	Median earnings (dol.)	Number (1,000)	Median earnings (dol.)	Number (1,000)	Median earnings (dol.)
Total	**72,476**	**23,074**	**82,934**	**34,349**	**43,351**	**31,858**	**61,500**	**41,386**
Management, business, and financial occupations	9,126	41,484	12,422	61,030	7,142	46,795	10,736	65,767
Professional and related occupations	17,234	35,520	12,959	52,774	10,800	42,012	10,112	61,025
Service occupations	15,374	12,658	11,520	19,139	7,066	20,733	7,021	26,706
Sales and office occupations	25,154	21,665	14,141	31,093	14,967	29,286	10,139	40,106
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	791	19,066	16,196	30,222	397	30,988	11,749	35,167
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	4,704	18,206	15,020	29,434	2,905	22,893	11,152	34,597
Armed Forces	92	30,949	676	37,327	73	(B)	591	41,078

B Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau Internet site <http://pubdb3.census.gov/macro/032006/perinc/toc.htm>, Table PINC-06, "Occupation of Longest Job in 2005—People 15 years Old and Over, by Total Money Earnings in 2005, Work Experience in 2005 Race, Hispanic Origin, and Sex" (accessed 10 August 2007).

Table. 629. **Employment Cost Index (ECI), Total Compensation by Occupation and Industry: 1985 to 2006**

[**As of December.** The ECI is a measure of the rate of change in employee compensation (wages, salaries, and employer costs for employee benefits). Data are not seasonally adjusted. 1985 based on fixed employment counts from 1970 Census of Population; 1990 based on fixed employment counts from the 1980 Census of Population; 1995 to 2005, based primarily on 1990 Occupational Employment Statistics (OES) Survey; beginning in 2006, based primarily on 2002 OES Survey]

Item	Indexes (**December 2005 = 100**)						Percent change for 12 months ending Dec.—				
	1985	1990	1995	2000	2005	2006	1985	1990	1995	2000	2006
Civilian workers [1]	**48.2**	**59.7**	**70.6**	**83.6**	**100.0**	**103.3**	**4.3**	**4.9**	**2.8**	**4.2**	**3.3**
Workers, by occupational group:											
White-collar occupations	47.0	59.3	70.1	83.6	100.0	103.5	4.9	5.1	2.8	4.2	3.5
Blue-collar occupations	50.4	60.7	71.7	83.5	100.0	102.9	3.3	4.3	2.4	4.1	2.9
Service occupations	48.7	60.3	71.1	83.7	100.0	103.5	4.1	5.1	2.4	3.6	3.5
Workers, by industry division:											
Manufacturing	48.4	59.1	70.8	82.3	100.0	101.8	3.2	5.0	2.6	3.9	1.8
Nonmanufacturing:											
Service industries [2]	46.5	61.0	71.6	84.3	100.0	103.5	4.7	6.3	2.3	3.9	3.5
Public administration [2]	46.6	59.4	70.1	81.0	100.0	103.8	4.7	5.3	3.4	2.7	3.8
State and local government	**47.1**	**61.5**	**72.0**	**82.9**	**100.0**	**104.1**	**5.6**	**5.9**	**3.0**	**3.0**	**4.1**
Workers, by occupational group:											
White-collar occupations	47.4	62.4	72.6	83.4	100.0	104.0	5.8	6.1	2.8	3.0	4.0
Blue-collar occupations	48.6	61.0	71.8	82.6	100.0	104.0	5.2	4.8	2.7	3.4	4.0
Workers, by industry division:											
Service industries	47.3	62.7	73.0	83.9	(NA)	(NA)	5.8	6.3	2.8	3.1	(NA)
Schools	47.2	63.0	73.3	84.1	100.0	104.1	6.3	5.9	2.8	2.9	4.1
Elementary and secondary	47.5	63.7	73.9	84.1	100.0	104.2	6.3	6.3	2.8	2.7	4.2
Colleges and universities	(NA)	61.3	71.6	84.4	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	5.3	2.6	3.6	(NA)
Services, excluding schools [3]	47.3	61.2	71.9	82.7	(NA)	(NA)	4.6	6.8	3.0	3.5	(NA)
Public administration [2]	46.6	59.4	70.1	81.0	100.0	103.8	4.7	5.3	3.4	2.7	3.8
Private industry workers [4]	**48.4**	**59.3**	**70.2**	**83.6**	**100.0**	**103.2**	**3.9**	**4.6**	**2.5**	**4.2**	**3.2**
Workers, by occupational group:											
White-collar occupations	47.0	58.4	69.4	83.6	100.0	103.3	4.9	4.8	2.8	4.6	3.3
Blue-collar occupations	50.5	60.7	71.7	83.6	100.0	102.8	3.1	4.3	2.4	4.2	2.8
Service occupations	50.9	61.8	72.1	85.3	100.0	103.1	3.0	4.7	1.8	3.9	3.1
Workers, by industry division:											
Manufacturing	48.4	59.1	70.8	82.3	100.0	101.8	3.2	5.0	2.6	3.9	1.8
Nonmanufacturing:											
Service industries	46.1	59.9	70.9	84.5	100.0	103.4	4.3	6.2	2.2	4.4	3.4
Business services	(NA)	59.2	69.7	87.4	100.0	103.5	(NA)	5.9	2.8	4.3	3.5
Health services	45.4	60.1	71.7	81.7	100.0	104.1	–	6.7	2.7	4.5	4.1
Hospitals	(NA)	58.0	68.9	79.2	100.0	103.9	(NA)	6.8	2.2	4.5	3.9
Workers, by bargaining status:											
Union	49.8	58.6	70.5	81.1	100.0	103.0	2.7	4.3	2.8	4.0	3.0
Nonunion	47.9	59.5	70.2	84.1	100.0	103.2	4.6	4.8	2.6	4.3	3.2

– Represents or rounds to zero. NA Not available. [1] Includes private industry and state and local government workers and excludes farm, household, and federal government workers. [2] Consists of executive, legislative, judicial, administrative, and regulatory activities. [3] Includes library, social, and health services. Formerly called hospitals and other services. [4] Excludes farm and household workers.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *News, Employment Cost Index,* quarterly; and Internet site <http://www.bls.gov/ncs/ect/home.htm>

Table 630. **Federal Minimum Wage Rates: 1950 to 2009**

Year	Current dollars	Year	Current dollars
1950	0.75	1980	3.10
1951	0.75	1981	3.35
1952	0.75	1982	3.35
1953	0.75	1983	3.35
1954	0.75	1984	3.35
1955	0.75	1985	3.35
1956	1.00	1986	3.35
1957	1.00	1987	3.35
1958	1.00	1988	3.35
1959	1.00	1989	3.35
1960	1.00	1990	3.80
1961	1.15	1991	4.25
1962	1.15	1992	4.25
1963	1.25	1993	4.25
1964	1.25	1994	4.25
1965	1.25	1995	4.25
1966	1.25	1996	4.75
1967	1.40	1997	5.15
1968	1.60	1998	5.15
1969	1.60	1999	5.15
1970	1.60	2000	5.15
1971	1.60	2001	5.15
1972	1.60	2002	5.15
1973	1.60	2003	5.15
1974	2.00	2004	5.15
1975	2.10	2005	5.15
1976	2.30	2006	5.15
1977	2.30	2007	5.85
1978	2.65	2008	6.55
1979	2.90	2009	7.25

Source: U.S. Employment Standards Administration, Internet site: <http://www.dol.gov/esa/whd/flsa/>.

Table 631. **Workers Paid Hourly Rates by Selected Characteristics: 2006**

[**Data are annual averages (76,514 represents 76,514,000)**. For employed wage and salary workers, excluding the incorporated self-employed. Based on the Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1, and Appendix III]

Characteristic	Number of workers paid hourly rates (1,000)			Number of workers at or below $5.15	
	Total	Below $5.15	At $5.15	Number (1,000)	Percent of hourly paid workers
Total, 16 years and over [1]	**76,514**	**1,283**	**409**	**1,692**	**2.2**
16 to 24 years	16,649	619	247	866	5.2
25 years and over	59,865	664	162	826	1.4
Male, 16 years and over	38,193	422	146	569	1.5
16 to 24 years	8,583	198	98	296	3.4
25 years and over	29,609	224	49	273	0.9
Women, 16 years and over	38,321	861	263	1,124	2.9
16 to 24 years	8,065	421	149	570	7.1
25 years and over	30,256	440	114	553	1.8
White [2]	61,907	1,105	329	1,435	2.3
Black [2]	9,903	111	62	173	1.8
Asian [2]	2,654	30	8	38	1.4
Hispanic origin [3]	13,121	155	68	223	1.7
Full-time workers	58,452	554	99	653	1.1
Part-time workers [4]	17,930	724	310	1,034	5.8
Private sector industries	67,106	1,213	376	1,589	2.4
Public sector industries	9,407	70	34	104	1.1

[1] Includes races not shown separately. Also includes a small number of multiple jobholders whose full- or part-time status can not be determined for their principal job. [2] For persons in this race group only. See footnote 3, Table 570. [3] Persons of Hispanic or Latino origin may be of any race. [4] Working fewer than 35 hours per week.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *Employment and Earnings*, January 2007. See Internet site <http://www.bls.gov/cps/home.htm>.

Table 632. **Employer Costs for Employee Compensation Per Hour Worked: 2006**

[**In dollars. As of December, for civilian workers.** Based on a sample of establishments from the National Compensation Survey; see source for details. See also Appendix III]

Compensation component	Total civilian workers	State and local government workers	Private industry workers						
			Total	Goods producing [1]	Service providing [2]	Union workers	Non-union workers	Full-time workers	Part-time workers
Total compensation	**27.54**	**38.26**	**25.67**	**30.02**	**24.55**	**35.60**	**24.52**	**29.18**	**14.08**
Wages and salaries	19.24	25.74	18.11	19.92	17.64	21.91	17.66	20.26	10.99
Total benefits	8.30	12.52	7.57	10.10	6.92	13.69	6.85	8.92	3.09
Paid leave	1.94	2.99	1.76	1.92	1.71	2.81	1.63	2.15	0.46
Vacation	0.91	1.03	0.89	1.01	0.86	1.41	0.83	(NA)	(NA)
Holiday	0.63	0.96	0.58	0.68	0.55	0.84	0.55	(NA)	(NA)
Sick	0.30	0.75	0.22	0.16	0.23	0.37	0.20	(NA)	(NA)
Other	0.10	0.24	0.08	0.07	0.08	0.18	0.06	(NA)	(NA)
Supplemental pay	0.69	0.32	0.75	1.17	0.65	1.13	0.71	0.91	0.23
Insurance	2.26	4.22	1.92	2.66	1.73	4.04	1.67	2.30	0.66
Health insurance	2.13	4.09	1.79	2.48	1.61	3.79	1.55	(NA)	(NA)
Retirement and savings	1.21	2.75	0.94	1.54	0.79	2.57	0.75	1.16	0.21
Defined benefit	0.76	2.46	0.47	0.99	0.34	1.94	0.30	(NA)	(NA)
Defined contributions	0.44	0.30	0.47	0.54	0.45	0.63	0.45	(NA)	(NA)
Legally required	2.20	2.23	2.20	2.81	2.04	3.15	2.09	2.41	1.52
Social security and Medicare	1.54	1.71	1.62	1.70	1.47	1.93	1.47	(NA)	(NA)
Social security	1.23	1.31	1.22	1.37	1.18	1.55	1.18	(NA)	(NA)
Medicare	0.31	0.39	0.30	0.33	0.29	0.37	0.29	(NA)	(NA)
Federal unemployment	0.03	0.00	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	(NA)	(NA)
State unemployment	0.15	0.06	0.16	0.21	0.15	0.23	0.16	(NA)	(NA)
Workers compensation	0.48	0.47	0.49	0.87	0.39	0.96	0.43	(NA)	(NA)

NA Not available. [1] Based on the North American Industry Classification System, 2002 (NAICS). See text, this section. Includes mining, construction, and manufacturing. The agriculture, forestry, farming, and hunting sector is excluded. [2] Based on the 2002 NAICS. Includes utilities; wholesale and retail trade; transportation and warehousing; information; finance and insurance; real estate and rental and leasing; professional and technical services; management of companies and enterprises, administrative and waste services; education services; health care and social assistance; arts, entertainment, and recreation; accommodations and food services; and other services, except public administration.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *Employer Costs for Employee Compensation, News,* USDL 07-0453, March 29, 2007. See Intenet site <http://www.bls.gov/ncs/ect/home.htm>.

Table 633. **Percent of Workers in Private Industry With Access to Retirement and Health Care Benefits by Selected Characteristics: 2006**

[**As of March.** Based on National Compensation Survey, a sample survey of 10,376 private industry establishments of all sizes, representing over 105 million workers; see Appendix III. See also Tables 149 and 150]

Characteristic	Retirement benefits			Healthcare benefits			
	All plans [1]	Defined benefit	Defined contribution	Medical care	Dental care	Vision care	Outpatient prescription drug coverage
Total	**60**	**21**	**54**	**71**	**46**	**29**	**67**
WORKER CHARACTERISTICS							
White-collar occupations	69	23	65	77	53	32	72
Blue-collar occupations	62	25	53	77	46	31	73
Service occupations	34	8	30	45	27	19	43
Full-time [2]	69	24	63	85	55	34	81
Part-time [2]	29	9	25	22	15	11	21
Union [3]	84	70	50	89	69	54	86
Nonunion [3]	57	15	55	68	43	26	64
Average wage less than $15 per hour	47	11	43	57	34	20	54
Average wage $15 per hour or more	77	34	69	88	62	40	84
ESTABLISHMENT SIZE							
1 to 99 workers	44	9	41	59	31	20	56
100 or more workers	78	35	70	84	64	40	80

[1] Employees may have access to both defined benefit and defined contribution plans. Total excludes duplication. [2] Employees are classified as working either a full-time or part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. [3] Union workers are those whose wages are determined through collective bargaining.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *Employee Benefits in Private Industry in the United States, March 2006,* Summary 06-05, August 2006. See Internet site <http://www.bls.gov/ncs/ebs/home.htm>.

Table 634. **Percent of Workers in Private Industry With Access to Selected Employee Benefits: 2006**

[**As of March.** Based on National Compensation Survey. The NCS benefits survey obtained data from 10,376 private industry establishments of all sizes, representing over 105 million workers; see Appendix III. See also Tables 149 and 150. For explanation of benefits, see source]

Characteristic	Paid holidays	Paid vacation	Paid military leave	Family leave		Employer assistance for child care				Adoption assistance	Long-term care insurance	Flexible work plans [1]	Subsidized commuting [2]
				Paid	Unpaid	Total	Employer-provided funds	On-site and off-site child care	Child care resource and referral services				
Total	**76**	**77**	**48**	**8**	**82**	**15**	**3**	**5**	**11**	**10**	**12**	**4**	**5**
WORKER CHARACTERISTICS													
White-collar occupations	84	83	57	11	86	20	4	7	15	15	17	7	7
Blue-collar occupations	80	79	43	4	78	8	1	2	7	7	7	1	3
Service occupations	50	59	32	5	75	10	2	5	5	2	4	1	2
Full-time [3]	88	90	53	9	85	16	4	6	12	12	13	5	6
Part-time [3]	37	36	29	3	70	10	2	4	6	5	6	2	2
Union [4]	83	83	55	6	89	19	3	6	17	14	15	3	6
Nonunion [4]	75	77	47	8	81	14	3	5	10	10	11	4	5
Average wage less than $15 per hour	67	69	39	5	77	9	2	3	5	5	7	2	2
Average wage $15 per hour or more	88	88	60	11	88	22	4	8	17	16	18	7	8
ESTABLISHMENT SIZE													
1 to 99 workers	68	70	35	6	73	5	1	2	3	4	5	3	2
100 or more workers	86	86	62	10	92	26	5	9	19	17	20	5	8
GEOGRAPHIC AREAS [5]													
New England division	81	77	56	10	85	17	4	8	13	13	12	5	7
Middle Atlantic division	78	79	54	6	84	16	4	6	11	13	13	6	7
East North Central division	76	76	50	8	79	17	3	7	12	12	12	3	3
West North Central division	73	73	44	6	81	15	2	7	8	10	10	3	4
South Atlantic division	77	79	49	9	82	13	3	4	10	11	12	3	3
East South Central division	76	77	41	6	88	9	3	4	5	5	9	3	3
West South Central division	77	78	44	8	77	15	4	6	10	8	11	4	3
Mountain division	72	74	47	6	79	14	3	2	12	9	12	4	7
Pacific division	74	77	42	10	83	15	2	4	12	8	12	4	8

[1] Arrangements permitting employees to work at home several days of the workweek. [2] Employers subsidize employees' cost of commuting to and from work via public transportation, company-sponsored van pool, discounted subway fares, etc. [3] Employees are classified as working either a full-time or part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. [4] Union workers are those whose wages are determined through collective bargaining. [5] For composition of divisions, see map, inside front cover.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *Employee Benefits in Private Industry in the United States, March 2006*, Summary 06-05, August 2006. See Internet site <http://www.bls.gov/ncs/ebs/home.htm>.

Table 635. **Workers Killed or Disabled on the Job: 1970 to 2005**

[**Data for 2005 are preliminary estimates (1.7 represents 1,700).** Excludes homicides and suicides. Estimates based on data from the U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, state vital statistics departments, state industrial commissions, and beginning 1995, Bureau of Labor Statistics, Census of Occupational Fatalities. Numbers of workers based on data from the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics]

Year	Deaths				Disabling injuries [2] (mil.)	Year and industry group	Deaths, **2005**		Disabling injuries **2005** [2] (1,000)
	Manufacturing		Non-manufacturing						
	Number (1,000)	Rate [1]	Number (1,000)	Rate [1]			Number	Rate [1]	
1970	1.7	9	12.1	21	2.2	**Total, 2005** [3]	**4,961**	**3.5**	**3,700**
1975	1.6	9	11.4	17	2.2	Agriculture [4]	696	31.6	80
1980	1.7	8	11.5	15	2.2	Mining [5]	154	24.8	20
1985	1.2	6	10.3	12	2.0	Construction	1,155	10.8	480
1990	1.0	5	9.1	9	3.9	Manufacturing	358	2.2	450
1995	0.6	3	4.4	4	3.6	Wholesale trade	192	4.2	130
1996	0.7	3	4.4	4	3.9	Retail trade	197	1.2	470
1997	0.7	3	4.5	4	3.8	Transportation and warehousing	827	16.6	270
1998	0.6	3	4.5	4	3.8	Utilities	29	3.5	20
1999	0.6	3	4.6	4	3.8	Information	57	1.8	40
2000	0.6	3	4.4	4	3.9	Financial activities [6]	65	0.7	90
2001	0.5	3	4.5	4	3.9	Professional & business services [6]	441	3.2	180
2002	0.5	3	4.2	3	3.7	Educational & health services	119	0.6	530
2003	0.4	2	4.3	4	3.4	Leisure & hospitality [6]	112	1.0	240
2004	0.4	3	4.5	4	3.7	Other services [7]	148	2.1	140
2005	0.4	2	4.6	4	3.7	Government	404	1.9	560

[1] Per 100,000 workers. [2] Disabling injury defined as one which results in death, some degree of physical impairment, or renders the person unable to perform regular activities for a full day beyond the day of the injury. Due to change in methodology, data beginning 1990 not comparable with prior years. [3] Includes deaths where industry is not known. [4] Includes forestry, fishing, and hunting. [5] Includes oil and gas extraction. [6] For composition of industry, see Table 613. [7] Excludes public service administration.

Source: National Safety Council, Itasca, IL, *Accident Facts,* annual through 1998 edition; thereafter, *Injury Facts,* annual (copyright).

Table 636. **Worker Deaths, Injuries, and Production Time Lost: 1995 to 2005**

[**45.7 represents 45,700**. Data may not agree with Table 638 because data here are not revised]

Item	Deaths 1,000)			Disabling injuries [1] (mil.)			Production time lost (mil. days)					
							In the current year			In future years [2]		
	1995	**2000**	**2005**	**1995**	**2000**	**2005**	**1995**	**2000**	**2005**	**1995**	**2000**	**2005**
All accidents	**45.7**	**47.0**	**54.3**	**9.9**	**10.5**	**11.9**	**225**	**240**	**275**	**455**	**460**	**535**
On the job	5.3	5.2	5.0	3.6	3.9	3.7	75	80	80	65	60	65
Off the job	40.4	41.8	49.3	6.3	6.6	8.2	150	160	195	390	400	470
Motor vehicle	22.9	22.8	24.1	1.2	1.2	1.3	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Public nonmotor vehicle	7.5	8.3	10.0	2.3	2.8	3.3	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Home	10.0	10.7	15.2	2.8	2.6	3.6	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)

NA Not available. [1] See footnote 2, Table 635, for a definition of disabling injuries. [2] Based on an average of 5,850 days lost in future years per fatality and 565 days lost in future years per permanent injury.

Source: National Safety Council, Itasca, IL, *Accident Facts,* annual through 1998 edition; thereafter, *Injury Facts,* annual (copyright).

Table 637. **Industries With the Highest Total Case Incidence Rates for Nonfatal Injuries and Illnesses: 2005**

[Rates per 100 full-time employees. Rates refer to any Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA)-recordable occupational injury or illness, whether or not it resulted in days away from work, job transfer or restriction. Incidence rates were calculated as: Number of injuries and illnesses divided by total hours worked by all employees during the year multiplied by 200,000 as base for 100 full-time equivalent workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year)]

Industry	**2002** NAICS [1] code	Rate	Industry	**2002** NAICS [1] code	Rate
Private industry [2]	**(X)**	**4.6**	Animal (except poultry) slaughtering	311611	12.6
Beet sugar manufacturing	311313	18.3	Couriers	4921	12.4
Light truck and utility vehicle mfg.	336112	17.8	Aluminum die-casting foundries	331521	12.1
Iron foundries	331511	17.1	Boat building	336612	12.1
Truck trailer manufacturing	336212	16.8	Hog and pig farming [2]	1122	12.0
Prefabricated wood building mfg.	321992	14.3	Cut stone and stone product mfg.	327991	11.8
Travel trailer and camper mfg.	336214	14.1	Steel wire drawing	331222	11.5
Flat glass manufacturing	327211	13.6	Glass container manufacturing	327213	11.3
Framing contractors	23813	13.4	Amusement parks and arcades	7131	11.3
Truss manufacturing	321214	13.3	Secondary smelting and alloying of aluminum	331314	11.2
Aluminum foundries (except die-casting)	331524	13.3	Ship building and repairing	336611	10.9
Iron and steel forging	332111	13.3	Glass and glazing contractors	2381	10.7
Heavy duty truck manufacturing	33612	13.1			
Manufactured home (mobile home) mfg.	321991	12.9			

X Not applicable. [1] Based on the North American Industry Classification System, 2002 (NAICS). See text, this section. [2] Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *Workplace Injuries and Illnesses in 2005.* See Internet site <http://www.bls.gov/iif/>.

Table 638. **Nonfatal Occupational Injury and Illness Incidence Rates: 2005**

[Rates per 100 full-time employees. Except as noted, data refer to any Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) recordable occupational injury or illness, whether or not it resulted in days away from work, job transfer, or restriction. Incidence rates were calculated as: Number of injuries and illnesses divided by total hours worked by all employees during the year multiplied by 200,000 as base for 100 full-time equivalent workers (working 40 hours, per week, 50 weeks per year)]

Industry	2002 NAICS code [1]	Rate	Industry	2002 NAICS code [1]	Rate
Private industry [2]	**(X)**	**4.6**	Truck transportation	484	6.1
Agriculture, forestry, fishing, hunting [2]	11	6.1	Support activities for transportation	488	5.5
Crop production [2]	111	5.7	Couriers and messengers	492	11.6
Mining [3]	21	3.6	Warehousing and storage	493	8.2
Construction	23	6.3	Utilities	22	4.6
Construction of buildings	236	5.3	Information	51	2.1
Heavy and civil engineering construction	237	5.6	Telecommunications	517	2.6
Specialty trade contractors	238	6.8	Finance and insurance [4]	52	1.0
Manufacturing [4]	31–33	6.3	Credit intermediation and related activities	522	1.0
Food manufacturing	311	7.7	Insurance carriers and related activities	524	1.2
Wood product manufacturing	321	9.4	Real estate and rental and leasing	53	3.7
Paper manufacturing	322	4.4	Real estate	531	3.3
Printing and related support activities	323	4.1	Rental and leasing services	532	4.6
Chemical manufacturing	325	3.2	Professional, scientific, and technical services	54	1.4
Plastics and rubber products mfg.	326	7.1	Management of companies and enterprises	55	2.4
Nonmetallic mineral product mfg.	327	8.0	Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services	56	3.7
Primary metal manufacturing	331	9.1	Administrative and support services	561	3.4
Fabricated metal product mfg.	332	8.0	Waste management and remediation services	562	7.1
Machinery manufacturing	333	6.5	Educational services	61	2.4
Computer and electronic product mfg.	334	2.0	Health care and social assistance	62	5.9
Electrical equipment, appliance, and component manufacturing	335	5.2	Ambulatory health care services	621	2.8
Transportation equipment manufacturing	336	8.3	Hospitals	622	8.1
Furniture and related product mfg.	337	7.3	Nursing and residential care facilities	623	9.1
Miscellaneous manufacturing	339	4.4	Social assistance	624	4.3
Wholesale trade [4]	42	4.5	Arts, entertainment, and recreation	71	6.1
Merchant wholesalers, durable goods	423	4.1	Amusement, gambling, and recreation industries	713	5.6
Merchant wholesalers, nondurable goods	424	5.7	Accommodation and food services	72	4.5
Retail trade [4]	44–45	5.0	Accommodation	721	6.1
Motor vehicle and parts dealers	441	4.8	Food services and drinking places	722	4.1
Furniture and home furnishings stores	442	5.0	Other services, except public admin.	81	3.2
Building material and garden equipment and supplies dealers	444	7.5	Repair and maintenance	811	4.0
Food and beverage stores	445	6.0	Personal and laundry services	812	2.7
Gasoline stations	447	3.5	Religious, grantmaking, civic, professional, and similar organizations	813	2.7
Clothing and clothing accessories stores	448	2.7			
General merchandise stores	452	6.7			
Miscellaneous store retailers	453	3.6			
Transportation and warehousing [4, 5]	48–49	7.0			
Air transportation	481	9.9			

X Not applicable. [1] North American Industry Classification System, 2002; see text, this section. [2] Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees. [3] Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MHSA), U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded. Data provided by MSHA do not reflect 2002 OSHA recordkeeping requirements; therefore, estimates for these industries are not comparable with estimates for other industries. [4] Includes other industries, not shown separately. [5] Data for employers in railroad transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *Workplace Injuries and Illnesses in 2005*. See Internet site <http://www.bls.gov/iif/>.

Table 639. **Fatal Work Injuries by Event or Exposure: 2005**

[For the 50 states and DC. Based on the Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries. For details, see source. Due to methodological differences, data differ from National Safety Council data]

Cause	Number of fatalities	Percent distribution	Cause	Number of fatalities	Percent distribution
Total	**5,734**	**100**	Contacts with objects and equipment [1]	1,005	18
Transportation accidents [1]	2,493	43	Struck by object [1]	607	11
Highway accidents [1]	1,437	25	Struck by falling objects	385	7
Collision between vehicles, mobile equipment	718	13	Struck by flying object	53	1
Noncollision accidents	318	6	Caught in or compressed by—equipment or objects	278	5
Nonhighway accident (farm, industrial premises)	340	6	Caught in or crushed in collapsing materials	109	2
Aircraft accidents	149	3	Falls	770	13
Workers struck by a vehicle	391	7	Exposure to harmful substances or environments [1]	501	9
Water vehicle accidents	88	2	Contact with electric current	251	4
Railway accidents	83	1	Exposure to caustic, noxious, or allergenic substances	136	2
Assaults and violent acts [1]	792	14	Oxygen deficiency	59	1
Homicides [1]	567	10	Drowning, submersion	48	1
Shooting	441	8	Fires and explosions	159	3
Stabbing	60	1	Other events and exposures	14	(Z)
Self-inflicted injury	180	3			

Z Less than 0.5 percent. [1] Includes other causes, not shown separately.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, "Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries (CFOI)—Current and Revised Data." See Internet site <http://www.bls.gov/iif/oshcfoi1.htm>.

Table 640. **Workplace Violence Incidence and Security Measures: 2005**

[**In percent. Covers period September 2004 to June 2006.** Based on establishment survey and subject to sampling error; see source for details]

Incident or security measure	All establishments	Industry			Employment size class				
		Private industry [1]	State government	Local government	1 to 10 employees	11 to 49 employees	50 to 249 employees	250 to 999 employees	1,000 or more employees
Any workplace violence incidents	5.3	4.8	32.2	14.7	2.4	9.1	16.0	28.8	49.9
Criminal	2.2	2.1	8.7	3.7	1.4	3.5	4.7	6.8	17.2
Customer or client	2.2	1.9	15.4	10.3	1.0	3.9	6.4	12.2	28.3
Co-worker	2.3	2.1	17.7	4.3	0.6	4.6	8.1	16.8	34.1
Domestic violence	0.9	0.8	5.5	2.1	0.1	2.0	2.9	9.0	24.1
No incident	92.1	92.5	65.3	85.1	95.6	87.8	77.8	63.9	43.8
Selected types of security provided:									
Intruder/burglar systems	41.8	42.1	29.1	35.5	35.7	53.9	57.5	54.2	61.0
Surveillance cameras	22.6	22.2	45.2	32.7	17.0	29.2	47.9	69.1	77.9
Motion detectors	26.9	27.1	14.8	21.3	24.0	32.9	33.7	28.3	36.4
Metal detectors	0.9	0.7	16.0	4.3	0.5	1.1	2.5	7.2	15.7
Electronic badges [2]	6.3	6.0	35.6	9.0	3.9	7.2	20.8	45.1	60.1
Security guards	9.5	9.1	48.6	10.5	6.4	11.7	24.8	53.9	65.3
Limited access [3]	30.7	30.0	58.0	50.7	26.0	35.9	52.5	68.3	83.2
Physical barriers [4]	13.4	13.1	27.2	23.6	10.2	18.2	24.5	33.5	46.5
Lighting of work areas	39.1	38.7	55.8	48.5	32.2	50.0	62.1	71.9	80.4
Workplace violence training provided:									
Any training	20.8	20.2	58.0	32.3	14.6	29.1	45.7	64.2	67.8
No training	78.4	78.9	42.0	67.6	84.3	70.5	54.0	35.6	32.0

[1] Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees. [2] Or ID scanner at entry or exit. [3] Secured entry/locked doors. [4] Between work areas and the public.

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, *Survey of Workplace Violence and Prevention, 2005 News,* USDL 06-1860, October, 27, 2006. See Internet site, <http://www.bls.gov/iif/home.htm>.

Table 641. **Work Stoppages: 1960 to 2006**

[**896 represents 896,000.** Excludes work stoppages involving fewer than 1,000 workers and lasting less than 1 day. Information is based on reports of labor disputes appearing in daily newspapers, trade journals, and other public sources. The parties to the disputes are contacted by telephone, when necessary, to clarify details of the stoppages]

Year	Number of stoppages [1]	Workers involved [2] (1,000)	Days idle		Year	Number of stoppages [1]	Workers involved [2] (1,000)	Days idle	
			Number [3] (1,000)	Percent estimated working time [4]				Number [3] (1,000)	Percent estimated working time [4]
1960	222	896	13,260	0.09	1989	51	452	16,996	0.07
1965	268	999	15,140	0.10	1990	44	185	5,926	0.02
1970	381	2,468	52,761	0.29	1991	40	392	4,584	0.02
1974	424	1,796	31,809	0.16	1992	35	364	3,989	0.01
1975	235	965	17,563	0.09	1993	35	182	3,981	0.01
1976	231	1,519	23,962	0.12	1994	45	322	5,021	0.02
1977	298	1,212	21,258	0.10	1995	31	192	5,771	0.02
1978	219	1,006	23,774	0.11	1996	37	273	4,889	0.02
1979	235	1,021	20,409	0.09	1997	29	339	4,497	0.01
1980	187	795	20,844	0.09	1998	34	387	5,116	0.02
1981	145	729	16,908	0.07	1999	17	73	1,996	0.01
1982	96	656	9,061	0.04	2000	39	394	20,419	0.06
1983	81	909	17,461	0.08	2001	29	99	1,151	(Z)
1984	62	376	8,499	0.04	2002	19	46	660	(Z)
1985	54	324	7,079	0.03	2003	14	129	4,091	0.01
1986	69	533	11,861	0.05	2004	17	171	3,344	0.01
1987	46	174	[5]4,481	0.02	2005	22	100	1,736	0.01
1988	40	118	[5]4,381	0.02	2006	20	70	2,688	0.01

Z Less than 0.005 percent. [1] Beginning in year indicated. [2] Workers counted more than once if involved in more than one stoppage during the year. [3] Resulting from all stoppages in effect in a year, including those that began in an earlier year. [4] Agricultural and government employees are included in the total working time; private household and forestry and fishery employees are excluded. [5] Revised since originally published.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *Major Work Stoppages in 2006, News,* USDL 07-0304, February 27, 2007. See Internet site <http://www.bls.gov/cba/>.

Table 642. **Labor Union Membership by Sector: 1983 to 2006**

[See headnote, Table 644. **(17,717.4 represents 17,717,400)**]

Sector	1983	1985	1990	1995	2000	2003	2004	2005	2006
TOTAL (1,000)									
Wage and salary workers:									
Union members	17,717.4	16,996.1	16,739.8	16,359.6	16,258.2	15,776.0	15,471.6	15,685.4	15,359.1
Covered by unions	20,532.1	19,358.1	19,057.8	18,346.3	17,944.1	17,448.4	17,087.3	17,223.4	16,860.2
Public sector workers:									
Union members	5,737.2	5,743.1	6,485.0	6,927.4	7,110.5	7,324.1	7,267.1	7,430.4	7,377.8
Covered by unions	7,112.2	6,920.6	7,691.4	7,986.6	7,975.6	8,184.7	8,131.1	8,261.8	8,172.4
Private sector workers:									
Union members	11,980.2	11,253.0	10,254.8	9,432.1	9,147.7	8,451.8	8,204.5	8,255.0	7,981.3
Covered by unions	13,419.9	12,437.5	11,366.4	10,359.8	9,968.5	9,263.7	8,956.2	8,961.6	8,687.7
PERCENT									
Wage and salary workers:									
Union members	20.1	18.0	16.1	14.9	13.5	12.9	12.5	12.5	12.0
Covered by unions	23.3	20.5	18.3	16.7	14.9	14.3	13.8	13.7	13.1
Public sector workers:									
Union members	36.7	35.7	36.5	37.7	37.5	37.2	36.4	36.5	36.2
Covered by unions	45.5	43.1	43.3	43.5	42.0	41.5	40.7	40.5	40.1
Private sector workers:									
Union members	16.5	14.3	11.9	10.3	9.0	8.2	7.9	7.8	7.4
Covered by unions	18.5	15.9	13.2	11.3	9.8	9.0	8.6	8.5	8.1

Source: The Bureau of National Affairs, Inc., Washington, DC, *Union Membership and Earnings Data Book: Compilations from the Current Population Survey (2007 edition),* (copyright by BNA PLUS); authored by Barry Hirsch of Georgia State University and David Macpherson of Florida State University. Internet sites <http://plusdocs.bna.com/LaborReports.aspx> and <http://www.unionstats.com>.

Table 643. **Union Members by Selected Characteristics: 2006**

[**Annual averages of monthly data (128,237 represents 128,237,000).** Covers employed wage and salary workers 16 years old and over. Excludes self-employed workers whose businesses are incorporated although they technically qualify as wage and salary workers. Based on Current Population Survey, see text, Section 1, and Appendix III]

Characteristic	Employed wage and salary workers			Median usual weekly earnings [3] (dol.)			
		Percent					
	Total (1,000)	Union members [1]	Represented by unions [2]	Total	Union members [1]	Represented by unions [2]	Not represented by unions
Total [4]	**128,237**	**12.0**	**13.1**	**671**	**833**	**827**	**642**
16 to 24 years old	19,538	4.4	5.0	409	526	523	404
25 to 34 years old	28,805	10.1	11.1	621	773	766	606
35 to 44 years old	30,526	13.1	14.3	748	853	849	728
45 to 54 years old	29,401	16.0	17.5	773	888	884	750
55 to 64 years old	16,095	16.0	17.6	765	882	883	741
65 years and over	3,872	8.5	9.5	583	675	667	573
Men	66,811	13.0	14.0	743	887	885	717
Women	61,426	10.9	12.2	600	758	753	579
White [5]	**104,668**	**11.7**	**12.8**	**690**	**859**	**854**	**659**
Men	55,459	12.8	13.8	761	909	907	735
Women	49,209	10.5	11.7	609	777	772	588
Black [5]	**14,878**	**14.5**	**16.1**	**554**	**707**	**694**	**520**
Men	6,788	15.6	17.1	591	745	734	557
Women	8,090	13.7	15.2	519	665	656	502
Asian [5]	**5,703**	**10.4**	**11.5**	**784**	**834**	**840**	**774**
Men	3,015	9.5	10.5	882	838	852	888
Women	2,688	11.4	12.7	699	828	824	681
Hispanic [6]	**18,121**	**9.8**	**10.7**	**486**	**686**	**681**	**469**
Men	10,842	9.8	10.6	505	732	724	490
Women	7,279	9.7	10.9	440	607	614	420
Private sector industry	107,846	7.4	8.1	645	792	785	631
Agriculture and related industries	1,059	2.3	2.6	422	(B)	(B)	420
Mining	632	7.5	8.8	912	(B)	1,044	899
Construction	8,444	13.0	13.6	642	969	956	610
Manufacturing	15,643	11.7	12.5	702	755	753	692
Wholesale and retail trade	19,245	5.0	5.3	578	637	632	575
Transportation and utilities	5,299	23.2	24.3	739	876	876	697
Information	3,105	12.0	13.0	871	998	990	841
Financial activities [7]	8,841	1.9	2.3	757	674	691	759
Professional and business services [7]	11,398	2.4	2.9	749	744	752	749
Education and health services [7]	17,853	8.3	9.5	648	751	745	635
Leisure and hospitality [7]	10,638	3.1	3.5	417	538	533	412
Other services	5,689	3.1	3.5	568	816	794	550
Public sector	20,392	36.2	40.1	773	871	865	717

B Data not shown where base is less than 50,000. [1] Members of a labor union or an employee association similar to a labor union. [2] Members of a labor union or an employee association similar to a union as well as workers who report no union affiliation but whose jobs are covered by a union or an employee association contract. [3] For full-time employed wage and salary workers. [4] Includes races not shown separately. Also includes a small number of multiple jobholders whose full- and part-time status can not be determined for their principal job. [5] For persons in this race group only. See footnote 3, Table 570. [6] Persons of Hispanic or Latino ethnicity may be of any race. [7] For composition of industries, see Table 607.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *Employment and Earnings,* January 2007. See Internet site <http://www.bls.gov/cps/home.htm>.

Table 644. **Labor Union Membership by State: 1983 and 2006**

[**Annual averages of monthly figures (17,717.4 represents 17,717,400).** For wage and salary workers in agriculture and nonagriculture. Data represent union members by place of residence. Based on the Current Population Survey and subject to sampling error. For methodological details, see source]

State	Union members (1,000)		Workers covered by unions (1,000)		Percent of workers					
					Union members		Covered by unions		Private sector union members	
	1983	2006	1983	2006	1983	2006	1983	2006	1983	2006
United States	**17,717.4**	**15,359.1**	**20,532.1**	**16,860.2**	**20.1**	**12.0**	**23.3**	**13.1**	**16.5**	**7.4**
Alabama [1]	228.2	170.1	268.2	194.0	16.9	8.8	19.8	10.0	15.3	4.6
Alaska	41.7	62.1	49.2	66.6	24.9	22.2	29.3	23.8	17.3	12.3
Arizona [1]	125.0	196.9	156.4	249.8	11.4	7.6	14.3	9.7	8.6	4.4
Arkansas [1]	82.2	58.1	103.2	67.5	11.0	5.1	13.8	6.0	10.2	4.0
California	2,118.9	2,273.4	2,505.2	2,444.1	21.9	15.7	25.9	16.9	17.7	9.0
Colorado	177.9	165.0	209.6	186.1	13.6	7.7	16.0	8.6	11.2	5.0
Connecticut	314.0	247.5	345.1	262.8	22.7	15.6	25.0	16.5	16.7	8.0
Delaware	49.2	42.6	54.1	45.1	20.1	10.8	22.1	11.4	15.9	5.8
District of Columbia	52.4	25.4	69.4	30.1	19.5	10.3	25.9	12.2	15.2	6.7
Florida [1]	393.7	397.0	532.9	497.4	10.2	5.2	13.8	6.5	7.1	2.3
Georgia [1]	267.0	175.8	345.1	229.7	11.9	4.4	15.3	5.8	11.1	3.4
Hawaii	112.6	139.0	124.9	145.6	29.2	24.7	32.4	25.9	21.9	16.1
Idaho [1]	41.3	37.4	53.7	44.8	12.5	6.0	16.2	7.2	10.3	4.0
Illinois	1,063.8	931.2	1,205.1	979.3	24.2	16.4	27.4	17.2	21.5	11.1
Indiana	503.3	334.1	544.5	362.4	24.9	12.0	27.0	13.0	25.0	9.5
Iowa [1]	185.9	160.7	231.3	199.4	17.2	11.3	21.5	14.0	14.6	7.3
Kansas [1]	125.2	98.8	170.4	114.9	13.7	8.0	18.7	9.3	12.2	5.4
Kentucky	223.7	172.1	259.8	196.3	17.9	9.8	20.8	11.2	18.2	8.5
Louisiana [1]	204.2	107.0	267.8	121.2	13.8	6.4	18.1	7.2	11.0	4.7
Maine	88.0	69.3	100.4	78.9	21.0	11.9	24.0	13.5	14.2	5.3
Maryland	346.5	342.4	423.1	386.5	18.5	13.1	22.6	14.8	14.4	7.5
Massachusetts	603.2	413.8	661.4	438.4	23.7	14.5	26.0	15.3	17.6	8.2
Michigan	1,005.4	841.8	1,084.6	878.6	30.4	19.6	32.8	20.4	25.3	13.7
Minnesota	393.9	395.5	439.4	416.4	23.2	16.0	25.9	16.8	17.1	9.7
Mississippi [1]	79.4	60.0	99.7	77.6	9.9	5.6	12.5	7.3	9.0	4.1
Missouri	374.4	284.2	416.7	310.3	20.8	10.9	23.2	11.9	21.5	9.4
Montana	49.5	48.3	55.5	52.2	18.3	12.2	20.5	13.1	14.8	5.5
Nebraska [1]	80.6	65.9	94.8	78.8	13.6	7.9	16.0	9.5	9.7	4.4
Nevada [1]	90.0	166.5	106.7	191.5	22.4	14.8	26.6	17.0	19.6	12.5
New Hampshire	48.5	62.9	60.8	70.1	11.5	10.1	14.4	11.3	7.5	4.4
New Jersey	822.1	770.3	918.2	825.3	26.9	20.1	30.0	21.6	21.1	11.2
New Mexico	52.6	62.2	70.6	91.6	11.8	7.8	15.8	11.5	10.1	4.9
New York	2,155.6	1,981.3	2,385.9	2,060.2	32.5	24.4	36.0	25.4	24.0	14.7
North Carolina [1]	178.7	125.6	238.1	155.1	7.6	3.3	10.2	4.1	5.4	1.8
North Dakota [1]	28.4	20.3	35.1	24.0	13.2	6.8	16.3	8.0	9.5	3.7
Ohio	1,011.0	733.7	1,125.0	801.3	25.1	14.2	27.9	15.5	22.5	9.3
Oklahoma [2]	131.5	92.8	168.2	112.4	11.5	6.4	14.7	7.7	9.1	3.5
Oregon	222.9	210.7	261.9	224.6	22.3	13.8	26.2	14.7	16.4	7.5
Pennsylvania	1,195.7	744.5	1,350.0	802.3	27.5	13.6	31.1	14.7	23.2	8.0
Rhode Island	85.8	76.3	93.7	79.5	21.5	15.3	23.5	16.0	13.7	7.8
South Carolina [1]	69.6	58.7	100.6	74.3	5.9	3.3	8.6	4.2	3.9	2.2
South Dakota [1]	26.8	20.8	34.8	25.1	11.5	5.9	14.9	7.2	8.0	2.8
Tennessee [1]	252.4	153.0	300.9	174.0	15.1	6.0	18.0	6.8	12.4	3.1
Texas [1]	583.7	476.2	712.8	575.8	9.7	4.9	11.9	5.9	8.1	2.8
Utah [1]	81.6	60.7	100.9	68.5	15.2	5.4	18.9	6.1	11.3	2.7
Vermont	25.9	33.7	31.5	39.3	12.6	11.0	15.3	12.9	6.7	5.0
Virginia [1]	268.3	139.5	346.1	179.3	11.7	4.0	15.1	5.2	10.2	3.1
Washington	419.9	548.5	499.7	582.6	27.1	19.8	32.3	21.0	22.0	12.5
West Virginia	142.7	100.7	160.6	110.1	25.3	14.2	28.5	15.5	26.1	10.3
Wisconsin	465.5	385.5	526.7	415.2	23.8	14.9	26.9	16.1	19.8	9.0
Wyoming [1]	27.1	19.4	31.8	23.5	13.9	8.3	16.2	10.0	10.4	6.1

[1] Right to work state. [2] Passed right to work law in 2001.

Source: The Bureau of National Affairs (BNA), Inc., Washington, DC, *Union Membership and Earnings Data Book: Compilations from the Current Population Survey (2007 edition)*, (copyright by BNA PLUS); authored by Barry Hirsch of Georgia State University and David Macpherson of Florida State University. Internet sites <http://bnaplus.bna.com/LaborReports.aspx> and <http://www.unionstats.com>.