DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND LABOR

BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

E. DANA DURAND, DIRECTOR

BULLETIN 111

COTTON PRODUCTION

AND STATISTICS OF COTTONSEED PRODUCTS: 1910

WASHINGTON
GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE
1911

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND LABOR

BUREAU OF THE CENSUS
E. DANA DURAND, DIRECTOR

LIST OF PUBLICATIONS

OF THE

PERMANENT CENSUS BUREAU

The plan of publication and distribution of the bulletins and reports of the Thirteenth Census has been explained in a circular, which may be had on application to the Director of the Census.

NOTE.—The following is a complete list of the publications of the permanent Bureau of the Census. A limited number of some of the reports of the Tenth, Eleventh, and Twelfth Censuses are available for distribution, lists of which may be had on application. All census bulletins and reports are of quarto size (9¼ by 11½ inches), but a number of the miscellaneous publications are of octavo (5⅞ by 9¼ inches) or irregular size. Those publications marked with an asterisk (*) are out of print; publications available for distribution may be had on application to the Director of the Census, Department of Commerce and Labor, Washington, D. C.

REPORTS

Benevolent institutions: 1904.
The blind and the deaf: 1900.
Central electric light and power stations: 1902.
Same, 1907.
A century of population growth from the First Census of the United States to the Twelfth: 1790-1900.
Electrical industries: 1902.
Express business in the United States: 1907.
Insane and feeble-minded in hospitals and institutions: 1904.
Manufactures: 1905:
Part I.—United States by industries.
* Part II.—By states and territories.
* Part III.—Selected industries.
The selected industries presented in this volume include cotton textiles, cotton hosiery and knit goods; wool; silk; flax, hemp, and jute products; dyeing and finishing textiles; furs; leather; pulp and paper; clothing and millinery; boots and shoes; leather, tanned, curried, and finished; leather gloves and mittens; butter, cheese, and condensed milk; flour and grain mill products; Portland cement; and

Manufactures: 1905.—Part III.—Continued.
preserving, rice cleaning and polishing; beet sugar; slaughtering and meat packing; manufactured ice; gas; sorghum products; tobacco; lumber and timber products; turpentine and rosin; paper and wood pulp; printing and publishing; guns and pistols; clock; clay products.
* Part IV.—Selected industries.
The selected industries presented in this volume include iron and steel; tin and terne plate; copper, lead, and zinc, smelting and refining; agricultural implements; electrical machinery, apparatus, and supplies; metal-working machinery; musical instruments, attachments, and materials; automobiles; bicycles and tricycles; carriages and wagons; shipbuilding; the steam and street railroad car industry; chemicals and allied products; coke; petroleum refining; power employed; earnings of wage earners.
Marriage and divorce: 1867-1906.
Part I.—Summary, laws, foreign statistics.
Part II.—General tables.
Mines and quarries: 1902.

Mortality: 1890-1904.
Same, 1905, 1906, 1907, and 1908.
Paupers in almshouses: 1904.
Prisoners and juvenile delinquents in institutions: 1904.
Religious bodies: 1906:
Part I.—Summary and general tables.
Part II.—Separate denominations.
Statistics of cities having a population of over 30,000: 1906.
Same, 1906, * 1907, and 1908.
Street and electric railways: * 1902.
Same, 1907.
Telephones and telegraphs: 1902.
Telephones: 1907 (for Telegraph systems: 1907, see Bulletin 102).
Transportation by water: 1906.
Women at work, statistics of (based on schedules of the Twelfth Census, 1900).

BULLETINS

NOTE.—The following is a complete list of the bulletins of the permanent Census Bureau. Many of these bulletins contain important statistical material not to be found in any other publications of the bureau. Many others, notably those relating to the census of manufactures, are made up practically of literal extracts or chapters taken from forthcoming reports of the census, or of such important preliminary statistics as may be rapidly tabulated. Still others represent a condensation, frequently, reason of material contained in the reports in progress. These four and twenty are preserved in this form in order that separate distribution may be made of material bearing on particular subjects, or for the purpose of more prompt presentation thereof.

Bull. No.

Age statistics, * discussion of: 1880, 1890, 1900. 13
* Central electric light and power stations: 1902. 5
* Child labor in the District of Columbia: Twelfth Census, 1900. 68
Child labor in the United States: Twelfth Census, 1900. 88
Commercial valuation of railway operating property in the United States: 1906. 21
Cotton ginned in the United States: Crops of 1899 to 1902, inclusive. 2
* Same, crops of 1892 to 1903, inclusive. 15
* Same, crops of 1900 to 1904, inclusive. 19
Cotton production: 1905. 78
Same, 1907. 95
* Same, 1908. 103
Same, 1909. 107
Same, 1910. 111
Cotton production and cottonseed products: 1906. 40
Same, 1910. 111
Cotton supply and distribution for the year ending August 31, 1905. 45
* Same, 1906. 93
Same, 1907. 90
Same, 1908. 97
Same, 1909. 108
Same, 1910. 110
Earnings of wage earners (a study based on census of manufactures, 1905). 98
Electrical industries of Porto Rico: 1907. 99
Estimates of population: 1904, 1905, 1906. 70
Estimates of population of the larger cities of the United States in 1907, 1908, and 1909. 7
Executive civil service of the United States, statistics of employees: 1904. 12
Same, 1907. 94
Geographical distribution of population: 1890, 1890 and 1900. 1
Industry in the United States: (a study based on reports of the Twelfth and preceding censuses). 26
Increase of population: 1900 to 1909, a discussion of. 4
Industrial districts: 1905. Manufactures and population. 101
Insular and municipal finances in Porto Rico for financial year 1902-3. 24
* Irrigation in the United States: 1902. 13
Marriage and divorce: 1887-1906. 86
* Mineral industries of Porto Rico: 1909. 10
Mines and quarries: 1902. 9

Mortality statistics: 1903. 101
Same, 1908. 108
Municipal electric fire alarm and police patrol systems: 1902. 11
Negroes in the United States: 1900. 3
Population by states and territories—Thirteenth Census of the United States: 1910. 109
Population of Oklahoma and Indian Territory: 1907. 89
Proportion of children in the United States (a study based on reports of the Twelfth and preceding censuses). 82
Proportion of the sexes in the United States (a study based on reports of the Twelfth and preceding censuses). 14
Religious bodies: 1906 (second edition, revised and enlarged). 103
Statistics of cities having a population of 8,000 to 25,000: 1908. 45
Statistics of cities having a population of over 25,000: 1907 and 1908. 80
Statistics of cities having a population of over 30,000: 1909. 90
* Same, 1907, abstract of annual report. 102
* Street and electric railways: 1902. 3
Supervisors districts for the Thirteenth Census: 1910. 96
Tenancy, statistics of (a study based on reports of the Twelfth and preceding censuses). 20
Telegraph systems: 1907. 102
Telephones and telegraphs: 1902. 17
Transportation by water: 1906. United States. 91
Vital statistics of the Twelfth Census: 1900, a discussion of. 15

MANUFACTURES, CENSUS OF 1905

SPECIAL INDUSTRIES

(The statistics presented in these bulletins are reproduced in Part III and IV of the Report on Manufactures: 1905.)

Agricultural implements. 76
Automobiles and bicycles and tricycles. 60
Boots and shoes, leather, and leather gloves and mittens. 74
Butter, cheese, and condensed milk, flour and grain mill products, and starch. 84
Canning and preserving, rice cleaning and polishing, and the manufacture of beet sugar. 61

Bull. No.

Carriages and wagons, and the steam and street railroad car industry. 81
Chemicals and allied products. 92
Copper, lead, and zinc, smelting and refining. 85
* Coke. 65
Electrical machinery, apparatus, and supplies. 63
Glass and clay products. 67
Iron and steel and tin and terne plate. 72
Lumber and timber products. 77
Metal-working machinery. 87
Musical instruments, attachments, and materials. 83
* Paper and wood pulp. 80
Pens and pencils, buttons, needles, pins, and hooks and eyes, oilcloth and linoleum, and turpentine and rosin. 86
Petroleum refining. 93
Power employed in manufactures. 64
Publishing and publishing. 75
Shipbuilding. 91
* Slaughtering and meat packing, manufactured ice, and salt. 83
* Textiles. 74
Tobacco. 87

STATES AND TERRITORIES

(The statistics presented in these bulletins are reproduced in Part II of the Report on Manufactures: 1905.)

United States. 57
Alabama (48), Arizona, Indian Territory, New Mexico, and Oklahoma (30), California, Oregon, and Washington (49), Colorado, Idaho, Nevada, and Utah (37), Connecticut (42), Delaware (31), Florida (33), Georgia (45), Illinois (32), Indiana (38), Iowa (34), Kansas (36), Kentucky and Tennessee (47), Louisiana, Mississippi, and Texas (85), Maine (61), Maryland and District of Columbia (27), Massachusetts (53), Michigan (statistics for 1904) (18), Minnesota (40), Missouri and Arkansas (43), Montana, North Dakota, South Dakota, and Wyoming (54), Nebraska (29), New Hampshire and Vermont (41), New Jersey (64), New York (59), North Carolina and South Carolina (46), Ohio (68), Pennsylvania (60), Rhode Island (39), Virginia and West Virginia (44), Wisconsin (56).

(List of publications continued on page 2 of cover.)

LIST OF PUBLICATIONS OF THE PERMANENT CENSUS BUREAU—Continued.

(Continued from page 2 of cover.)

MISCELLANEOUS PUBLICATIONS

FOREST PRODUCTS

(These publications, of octavo size, issued yearly, are compiled in cooperation with the Forest Service, Department of Agriculture. Nos. 1 to 9, inclusive, are consolidated, without change, and issued as No. 10.)

Lumber, lath, and shingles: 1907.
No. 1—Pulpwood consumption: *1907, 1908, and 1909.
No. 2—Lumber cut of the United States: *1907, 1908, and 1909.
No. 3—Slack cooperage stock: *1907, *1908, and 1909.
No. 4—Consumption of tanbark and tanning extracts: 1907, 1908, and 1909.
No. 5—Veneers: 1907, 1908, and 1909.
No. 6—Tight cooperage stock: 1907, *1908, and 1909.
No. 7—Wood distillation: 1907, *1908, and 1909.
No. 8—Cross-ties purchased: 1907, *1908, and 1909.
No. 9—Poles purchased: 1907, 1908, and 1909.
No. 10—Forest products of the United States: *1907, 1908, and 1909.

HEADS OF FAMILIES—FIRST CENSUS OF THE UNITED STATES: 1790

(These volumes, of quarto size, are for sale only, at the price of $1 for each state; remittance should accompany the request, addressed to the Director of the Census.)

The First Census covered the present states of Connecticut, Delaware, Georgia, Kentucky, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Carolina, Tennessee, Vermont, and Virginia. The returns for Delaware, Georgia, Kentucky, New Jersey, Tennessee, and Virginia were destroyed.

The following volumes have been issued: Connecticut, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New York, North Carolina, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Carolina, Vermont, and Virginia. The volume for Virginia contains the state enumerations only of 1782, 1783, 1784, and 1785.

PHILIPPINE ISLANDS, CENSUS OF 1903

(On September 25, 1902, pursuant to act of Congress approved July 1, 1902, the President directed that the census of the Philippine Islands be taken by the Philippine Commission, and that the United States Census Bureau compile and tabulate the returns and print and distribute the completed reports. These reports were issued in English and Spanish; both editions are now exhausted.)

*Volume I—Geography, history, and population.
*Volume II—Population.
*Volume III—Mortality, defective classes, education, families and dwellings.
*Volume IV—Agriculture, social and industrial statistics.

(*Bulletins, compiled from the reports, English only.*)

No. 1—Population of the Philippines.
No. 2—Climate of the Philippines.
No. 3—Volcanoes and seismic centers of the Philippine Archipelago.

CUBA, CENSUS OF 1907

(The Cuban Census of 1907 was taken by order of the Provisional Government, and the material was compiled and published, under the direction of the Director of the Cuban Census, by the Bureau of the Census. The report was printed in Spanish. In order to meet the demand in the United States for information regarding Cuba, the Provisional Governor of the Republic authorized the Director of the Cuban Census of 1907 to prepare a compendium, printed in English. Both volumes are of octavo size.)

*Censo de la Republica de Cuba: 1907 (report).
*Cuba: Population, history, and resources: 1907 (compendium).

VITAL STATISTICS

* Extension of registration area for births and deaths.
Internationally classification of causes of sickness and death.
Legal importance of registration of births and deaths.
* Legislative requirements for registration of vital statistics.
Manual of international classification of causes of death (adopted by the Census Office for compilation of mortality statistics).
* Medical education in vital statistics.
Modes of statement of cause of death and duration of illness upon certificates of death.
Physicians' pocket reference to the international classification of causes of death.
Practical registration methods.
* Registration of births and deaths.
* Relation of physicians to mortality statistics.
* Statistical treatment of causes of death.
Tuberculosis in the United States.

MISCELLANEOUS

American census taking.
* Census Office and coordination of statistics.
* Collaboration in Federal and state statistical work.
* Cooperation and unification in Federal and state statistical work.
History and growth of United States Census: 1790–1890.
Report of the Director of the Census to the Secretary of Commerce and Labor concerning the administration of the Permanent Bureau: 1903.
Reports of the Director of the Census to the Secretary of Commerce and Labor concerning the operations of the bureau for each fiscal year from *1903–4 to 1909–10.
* Uniform municipal accounting: *1904.
Same, 1906.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

WM. J. HARRIS, DIRECTOR

U. S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY
APR 15 1914
LIBRARY

BULLETIN 121

PRISONERS AND JUVENILE DELINQUENTS 1910

GENERAL TABLES

WASHINGTON
GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE
1914

LIST OF PUBLICATIONS

OF THE

PERMANENT CENSUS BUREAU

The plan of publication and distribution of the bulletins and reports of the Thirteenth Census has been explained in a circular, which may be had on application to the Director of the Census.

NOTE.—The following is a complete list of the publications of the permanent Bureau of the Census. A limited number of some of the reports of the Tenth, Eleventh, and Twelfth Censuses are available for distribution, lists of which may be had on application. All census bulletins and reports are of quarto size (9¼ by 11¾ inches), but a number of the miscellaneous publications are of octavo (5¾ by 9⅛ inches) or irregular sizes. Those publications marked with an asterisk (*) are out of print; publications available for distribution may be had on application to the Director of the Census, Department of Commerce, Washington, D. C.

REPORTS

Benevolent institutions: 1904.
The blind and the deaf: 1900.
Central electric light and power stations: 1902.
*Same, 1907.
A century of population growth from the First Census of the United States to the Twelfth: 1790-1900.
Electrical industries: 1902.
Express business in the United States: 1907.
Fisheries of the United States: 1908.
Insane and feeble-minded in hospitals and institutions: 1904.
Manufactures: 1905:
Part I—United States by industries.
*Part II—By states and territories.
*Part III—Selected industries: Including combined textiles; cotton, hosiery and knit goods; wool; silk; flax, hemp, and jute products; dyeing and finishing textiles; buttons; needles, pins, and hooks and eyes; oilcloth and linoleum; boots and shoes; leather, tanned, curried, and finished; leather gloves and mittens; butter, cheese, and condensed milk; flour and grist mill products;

Manufactures: 1905—Part III—Continued.
starch; canning and preserving; rice, cleaning and polishing; beet sugar; slaughtering and meat packing; manufactured ice; salt; cotton seed products; tobacco; lumber and timber products; turpentine and rosin; paper and wood pulp; printing and publishing; pens and pencils; glass; clay products.
Part IV—Selected industries: Including iron and steel; tin and terne plate; copper, lead, and zinc, smelting and refining; agricultural implements; electrical machinery, apparatus, and supplies; metal-working machinery; musical instruments, attachments, and materials; automobiles; bicycles and tricycles; carriages and wagons; shipbuilding; the steam and street railroad car industry; chemicals and allied products; coke; petroleum refining; power employed; earnings of wage earners.
Marriage and divorce: 1867-1906:
*Part I—Summary, laws, foreign statistics.
Part II—General tables.

Mines and quarries: 1902.
Mortality: 1900-1904.
Same, 1905, 1906, 1907, *1908, 1909, 1910, 1911, and 1912.
Paupers in almshouses: 1904.
Prisoners and juvenile delinquents in institutions: 1904.
Religious bodies: 1906:
Part I—Summary and general tables.
*Part II—Separate denominations: History, description, and statistics.
Statistics of cities having a population of over 30,000: 1905.
Same, 1906, 1907, *1908, 1909, 1910, and 1911.
*Street and electric railways: 1902.
*Same, 1907.
Telephones and telegraphs: 1902.
Telephones: 1907 (for Telegraph systems: 1907, see Bulletin 102).
Transportation by water: 1906.
Women at work, statistics of (based on schedules of the Twelfth Census, 1900).

BULLETINS

NOTE.—The following is a complete list of the bulletins of the permanent Census Bureau. Many of these bulletins contain important statistical material not to be found in any other publications of the bureau. Many others, notably those relating to the census of manufactures, are made up practically of literal extracts or chapters taken from the forthcoming reports of the census, or of such important preliminary statistics as may be rapidly tabulated. Still others represent a condensation or summarization of material contained in the reports proper. These facts and figures are presented in this form in order that separate distribution may be made of material bearing on particular subjects, or for the purpose of more prompt presentation thereof.

	Bull. No.
Age statistics, a discussion of: 1880, 1890, 1900	13
*Central electric light and power stations: 1902	5
*Child labor in the District of Columbia: Twelfth Census, 1900	68
Child labor in the United States: Twelfth Census, 1900	69
Commercial valuation of railway operating property in the United States: 1904	21
Cotton ginned in the United States: Crops of 1899 to 1902, inclusive	2
*Same, crops of 1899 to 1903, inclusive	10
*Same, crops of 1900 to 1904, inclusive	19
Cotton production: 1905. (The statistics of cotton seed products, gathered at the quinquennial census of manufactures, are also shown in this bulletin)	40
Same, 1906	76
Same, 1907	95
Same, 1908	100
Same, 1909	107
Same, 1910. (The statistics of cotton seed products, gathered at the quinquennial census of manufactures, are also shown in this bulletin)	111
Same, 1911	114
Same, 1912	116
Cotton supply and distribution for the year ending August 31, 1905	36
*Same, 1906	63
Same, 1907	90
Same, 1908	97
Same, 1909	106
Same, 1910	110
Same, 1911	113
Same, 1912	115
Same, 1913	117
Earnings of wage earners (a study based on census of manufactures, 1905)	93
Electrical industries of Porto Rico: 1907	99
Estimates of population: 1904, 1905, 1906	71
Estimates of population of the larger cities of the United States in 1901, 1902, and 1903	7
Executive civil service of the United States, statistics of employees: 1904	12
Same, 1907	94
Geographical distribution of population: 1880, 1890, and 1900	1
Illiteracy in the United States (a study based on reports of the Twelfth and preceding censuses)	26
Increase of population: 1890 to 1900, a discussion of	4
Industrial districts: 1905. Manufactures and population	101
Insane and feeble-minded in institutions: 1910	119

	Bull. No.
Insular and municipal finances in Porto Rico for the fiscal year 1902-3	24
Irrigation in the United States: 1902	16
*Marriage and divorce: 1887-1906	96
Mineral industries of Porto Rico: 1902	6
Mines and quarries: 1902	9
Mortality statistics: 1908	104
*Same, 1909	108
Same, 1910	109
Same, 1911	112
Municipal electric fire alarm and police patrol systems: 1902	11
*Negroes in the United States: 1900	8
Paupers in almshouses: 1910	120
Population of Oklahoma and Indian Territory: 1907	89
Prisoners and juvenile delinquents: 1910	121
Proportion of children in the United States (a study based on reports of the Twelfth and preceding censuses)	22
Proportion of the sexes in the United States (a study based on reports of the Twelfth and preceding censuses)	14
Religious bodies: 1906 (2d ed., revised and enlarged)	103
Statistics of cities having a population of 8,000 to 25,000: 1903	45
Statistics of cities having a population of over 25,000: 1902 and 1903	20
Statistics of cities having a population of over 30,000: 1904	50
Same, 1907, abstract of annual report	105
Same, 1912	118
*Street and electric railways: 1902	3
Supervisors' districts for the Thirteenth Census: 1910	98
Teachers, statistics of (a study based on reports of the Twelfth and preceding censuses)	23
Telegraph systems: 1907	102
Telephones and telegraphs: 1902	17
Transportation by water: 1906. United States	91
Vital statistics of the Twelfth Census: 1900, a discussion of	15

MANUFACTURES, CENSUS OF 1905

SPECIAL INDUSTRIES

(The statistics presented in these bulletins are reproduced in Parts III and IV of the Report on Manufactures: 1905.)

	Bull. No.
Agricultural implements	75
Automobiles and bicycles and tricycles	66
Boots and shoes, leather, and leather gloves and mittens	72
Butter, cheese, and condensed milk, flour and grist mill products, and starch	64
Canning and preserving, rice cleaning and polishing, and the manufacture of beet sugar	61
Carriages and wagons, and the steam and street railroad car industry	84
Chemicals and allied products	92
Copper, lead, and zinc, smelting and refining	86
Coke	65
Electrical machinery, apparatus, and supplies	73
Glass and clay products	62
Iron and steel and tin and terne plate	78
Lumber and timber products	77
Metal-working machinery	67
Musical instruments, attachments, and materials	83
*Paper and wood pulp	80
Pens and pencils, buttons, needles, pins, and hooks and eyes, oilcloth and linoleum, and turpentine and rosin	85
Petroleum refining	70
Power employed in manufactures	88
Printing and publishing	79
Shipbuilding	81
*Slaughtering and meat packing, manufactured ice, and salt	82
*Textiles	74
Tobacco	87

STATES AND TERRITORIES

(The statistics presented in these bulletins are reproduced in Part II of the Report on Manufactures: 1905.)

	Bull. No.
*United States	57

Alabama (43), Arizona, Indian Territory, New Mexico, and Oklahoma (30), California, Oregon, and Washington (49), Colorado, Idaho, Nevada, and Utah (37), Connecticut (42), Delaware (31), Florida (33), Georgia (55), Illinois (52), Indiana (38), Iowa (32), Kansas (28), Kentucky and Tennessee (47), Louisiana, Mississippi, and Texas (48), Maine (51), Maryland and District of Columbia (27), Massachusetts (53), Michigan (statistics for 1904) (18), Minnesota (46), Missouri and Arkansas (35), Montana, North Dakota, South Dakota, and Wyoming (34), Nebraska (29), New Hampshire and Vermont (41), New Jersey (54), New York (59), North Carolina and South Carolina (39), Ohio (58), Pennsylvania (60), Rhode Island (36), Virginia and West Virginia (44), Wisconsin (56).

(List of publications continued on page 3 of cover.)

LIST OF PUBLICATIONS OF THE PERMANENT CENSUS BUREAU—Continued

(Continued from page 3 of cover.)

MISCELLANEOUS PUBLICATIONS

FOREST PRODUCTS

(These publications, of octavo size, issued yearly, are compiled in cooperation with the Forest Service, Department of Agriculture.)

Pulp-wood consumption: *1907, 1908, 1909, 1910, and 1911.
Lumber, lath, and shingles: *1907, 1908, 1909, 1910, 1911, and 1912.
Black spruce stock: 1907, *1908, 1909, *1910, and 1912.
Turpentine and rosin, products: 1907, 1908, and 1909.
(This pamphlet was not issued in 1910 and 1911.)
Standard: 1911.
Veneers: 1907, 1908, 1909, *1910, and 1911.
Tight cooperage stock: 1907, *1908, 1909, *1910, and 1911.
Wood distillation: 1907, *1908, 1909, 1910, and 1911.
Cross-ties purchased: 1907, 1908, 1909, 1910, and 1911.
Poles purchased: 1907, 1908, 1909, 1910, and 1911.
Forest products of the United States: *1907, 1908, and 1909. (This pamphlet, which is a consolidation, without change, of the other pamphlets in this series, was not issued for 1910 and 1911.)

HEADS OF FAMILIES—FIRST CENSUS OF THE UNITED STATES: 1790

(These volumes, of quarto size, are for sale only, at the price of $1 for each state, unless otherwise stated accompany the request, addressed to the Director of the Census.)

The First Census covered the present states of Connecticut, Delaware, Georgia, Kentucky, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Carolina, Tennessee, Vermont, and Virginia. The returns for Delaware, Georgia, Kentucky, New Jersey, Tennessee, and Virginia were destroyed.

The following volumes have been issued: Connecticut, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New York, North Carolina, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Carolina, Vermont, and Virginia. The volume for Virginia contains the state summations only from 1782 to 1785.

PHILIPPINE ISLANDS, CENSUS OF 1903

(On September 29, 1902, instructions to take a census were received from the President, directed that the census of the Philippine Islands be taken by the Philippine Commission, and that the United States Census Bureau compile and tabulate the census and further the work of the completed returns. These reports are issued in English and Spanish; both editions are now exhausted.)

*Volume I.—Geography, history, and population.
*Volume II.—Population.
*Volume III.—Statistics, industrial classes, education, families and dwellings.
*Volume IV.—Agriculture, social and industrial statistics.

(*Bulletins, compiled from the reports, English only.*)

No. 1—Population of the Philippines.
No. 2—Climate of the Philippines.
No. 3—Volcanoes and seismic centers of the Philippine Archipelago.

CUBA, CENSUS OF 1907

(The Cuban Census of 1907 was taken by order of the provisional government, and its results were compiled and published under the direction of the director of the Cuban census, by the Bureau of the Census. The report was printed in Spanish. In order to meet the demand in the United States for information regarding Cuba, the provisional governor of the Republic is authorized the director of the Cuban census of 1907 to prepare a compendium, printed in English. Both volumes are of octavo size.)

*Censo de la República de Cuba: 1907 (report).
Cuba: Population, history, and resources: 1907 (compendium).

VITAL STATISTICS

*Extension of registration area for births and deaths; a practical example of cooperative census methods as applied to the state of Pennsylvania: 1909.
International classification of causes of sickness and death: 1910.
Legal importance of registration of births and deaths: 1910.
*Legislative requirements for registration of vital statistics: 1910.
Statistics of infancy; final tabulation of causes of death, prepared by the Census Office for compilation by mortality number: 1911.
Manual of instructions for the registration of deaths: 1911.
Statistical tables for the registration of deaths: 1911.
Models of registration of births and deaths: 1911.
Mortality statistics; a study of cause and duration of illness; [preliminary] report of health: 1911.
Vital statistics; recommendations to be introduced into the census of 1910: 1911 and 1912.
Fetal death registration manual: 1912.
A bibliography of births and deaths: 1912.
Tabulation of population by mortality number: 1912.
Statistical treatment of causes of death: 1912.
Antecedents to the United States: 1912.

MISCELLANEOUS

Manufacturers' cotton: 1906.
Cotton ginning and coordination of statistics: 1908.
Compilation in federal and state statistical work: 1908.
Organization and unification in federal and state statistical work: 1909.
History and growth of United States Census: 1790-1910.
Land tenure. Report on quantity held by dealers and manufacturers: October 3, 1912.
Report of the Director of the Census to the Secretary of Commerce and Labor concerning the organization of the permanent bureau: 1909.
Report of the Director of the Census to the Secretary of Commerce and Labor concerning the operations of the bureau for each year, 1903-4, 1905-6 to 1912-13.
Blank form for reporting the financial statistics of public schools: 1911.
*Suggested standard forms for uniform reports of the financial transactions and physical statistics of public schools: 1911.
Uniform accounts as a basis for standard forms for reporting financial and other statistics of health departments: 1911.
Uniform accounts for systems of water supply: 1911.
Uniform municipal accounting: *1909.
Banks, 1906.