PRISONERS.

PRISONERS.

On June 1, 1890, there were confined in the prisons of the United States, of all grades (other than reformatory institutions for juvenile delinquents), 82,329 prisoners (75,924 male and 6,405 female).

A full statement of the possible penalties for crime in each state and territory is given in the appendix following this analysis.

COLOR, NATIVITY, AND RACE.

Table 1 shows the distribution of prisoners, by states and territories and by color, nativity, and race.

Tables 2 and 3 give the facts for each sex separately.

The following summary contains the aggregate figures, by sex and by geographical divisions, exhibited in the three tables named:

GEOGRAPHICAL DIVISIONS.	Aggregate.	WHITE.							COLORED.				
		Total.	Native born.				Foreign born.	Nativity unknown.	Total.	Negroes.	Chinese.	Japanese.	Indians.
			Parents native.	One parent foreign.	Parents foreign.	One or both parents unknown.							
The United States	82,329	57,310	21,037	2,881	12,001	3,052	15,932	907	25,019	24,277	407	13	322
Male	75,924	52,894	20,101	2,729	11,766	3,500	13,869	869	23,030	22,305	406	12	307
Female	6,405	4,416	936	152	835	392	2,063	38	1,989	1,972	1	1	15
North Atlantic	28,258	26,182	6,964	1,326	7,636	1,194	8,979	83	2,076	2,037	15	.....	24
Male	24,883	23,055	6,502	1,231	7,006	933	7,307	76	1,828	1,793	15	.....	20
Female	3,375	3,127	462	95	630	261	1,672	7	248	244	.....	.....	4
South Atlantic	11,409	2,544	1,767	95	234	169	264	15	8,865	8,863	.....	.....	2
Male	10,505	2,390	1,663	90	218	163	242	14	8,115	8,113	.....	.....	2
Female	904	154	104	5	16	6	22	1	750	750	.....	.....	.....
North Central	19,854	17,027	6,014	922	3,124	1,755	3,929	883	2,827	2,738	8	.....	81
Male	18,873	16,263	6,081	891	2,984	1,674	3,668	865	2,610	2,528	8	.....	74
Female	981	764	233	31	140	81	261	18	217	210	.....	.....	7
South Central	16,084	5,604	3,204	199	411	583	864	253	10,480	10,381	4	.....	95
Male	15,131	5,409	3,197	196	401	546	825	244	9,722	9,625	4	.....	93
Female	953	195	97	3	10	37	39	9	758	756	.....	.....	2
Western	6,724	5,053	2,098	339	1,196	251	1,896	173	771	258	380	13	120
Male	6,532	5,777	2,058	321	1,157	244	1,827	170	755	246	379	12	118
Female	192	176	40	18	39	7	69	3	16	12	1	1	2

RATIOS TO THE POPULATION.

Table 4 shows the number of prisoners at each census, with the ratios to 1,000,000 of the population, by states and territories at each census, by nativity, beginning with 1850; by color, beginning with 1870; by sex, in 1880 and 1890.

The following is a summary for the United States:

SEX, COLOR, AND NATIVITY.	NUMBER OF PRISONERS.					RATIOS TO 1,000,000 OF POPULATION.				
	1890	1880	1870	1860	1850	1890	1880	1870	1860	1850
Total	82,329	58,609	32,901	19,086	6,737	1,315	1,169	853	607	290
Male	75,924	53,604	.....	.....	.....	2,368	2,101	.....	.....	.....
Female	6,405	5,005	.....	.....	.....	210	203	.....	.....	.....
Native born	65,793	45,802	24,173	10,143	4,326	1,233	1,054	733	371	207
Foreign born	16,536	12,807	8,728	8,943	2,411	1,788	1,917	1,568	2,161	1,074
White	57,310	41,861	24,845	.....	.....	1,042	964	740	.....	.....
Colored	25,019	16,748	8,056	.....	.....	3,275	2,480	1,621	.....	.....

The ratio for male prisoners is eleven times as great as that for female prisoners; for the foreign born, nearly one and one-half times as great as for the native; for the colored, three times as great as for the whites.

Compared with the corresponding ratios for 1880, the ratio for male prisoners in 1880 to that in 1890 is as 1 to 1.13; for female prisoners, as 1 to 1.03. The ratio for native prisoners in 1880 to that in 1890 is as 1 to 1.17; for the foreign born, as 1 to 0.93, a diminishing ratio. The ratio for white prisoners in 1880 to that in 1890 is as 1 to 1.08; for the colored, as 1 to 1.32.

The ratios of prisoners to 1,000,000 of the population, by states and territories and by color, nativity, and race, are shown in the following table. The ratio of Japanese prisoners to the Japanese population is not given, because the numbers are too small to be of any value; they are included with the Chinese.

STATES AND TERRITORIES.	Aggregate.	WHITE.			COLORED.			
		Total.	Native born. (a)	Foreign born. (a)	Total.	Negroes.	Chinese and Japanese.	Indians.
The United States	1,315	1,042	898	1,768	3,275	3,250	3,835	5,476
North Atlantic division	1,624	1,520	1,297	2,324	7,426	7,547	2,335	7,421
Maine	774	760	584	2,059	6,034	5,042	.....	8,045
New Hampshire	853	840	715	1,413	2,899	3,257	.....	.....
Vermont	602	573	511	977	9,960	10,672	.....	.....
Massachusetts	2,335	2,283	2,004	2,949	7,218	7,271	998	18,808
Rhode Island	1,621	1,548	1,462	1,735	4,838	5,605	.....	.....
Connecticut	1,375	1,306	1,141	1,802	5,304	5,446	.....	4,383
New York	1,912	1,814	1,614	2,369	9,783	10,001	3,892	13,774
New Jersey	1,699	1,532	1,259	2,424	6,515	6,612	.....	.....
Pennsylvania	1,234	1,117	928	2,079	6,742	6,859	1,698	.....
South Atlantic division	1,288	455	423	1,815	2,715	2,716	.....	849
Delaware	825	485	417	1,145	2,498	2,501	.....	.....
Maryland	1,441	802	722	1,420	3,886	3,890	.....	.....
District of Columbia	2,153	802	756	1,890	4,720	4,737	.....	.....
Virginia	1,208	374	357	1,310	2,545	2,546	.....	.....
West Virginia	590	438	427	849	3,978	3,977	.....	.....
North Carolina	1,257	387	370	2,458	2,889	2,893	.....	1,321
South Carolina	1,029	266	257	977	1,540	1,540	.....	.....
Georgia	1,599	350	342	925	3,022	3,023	.....	.....
Florida	1,704	445	406	880	3,406	3,412	.....	.....
North Central division	888	777	720	990	6,277	6,351	3,241	4,820
Ohio	792	674	639	912	5,645	5,522	.....	67,358
Indiana	907	802	785	1,034	5,847	5,905	.....	.....
Illinois	1,029	922	851	1,172	7,948	7,926	7,958	20,619
Michigan	1,029	964	868	1,150	7,474	9,262	.....	2,845
Wisconsin	663	641	511	867	6,213	9,411	15,625	8,011
Minnesota	800	777	733	854	6,000	6,516	.....	5,297
Iowa	531	498	489	540	6,475	6,551	.....	.....
Missouri	1,057	761	713	1,231	6,024	6,039	.....	7,874
North Dakota	531	510	566	455	5,034	8,043	.....	.....
South Dakota	541	510	516	495	7,246	3,697	.....	11,509
Nebraska	619	563	556	588	5,490	7,181	.....	691
Kansas	1,351	1,170	1,050	2,174	6,272	6,115	.....	17,663
South Central division	1,466	748	658	2,781	3,007	2,984	2,676	20,783
Kentucky	1,135	589	575	902	4,374	4,376	.....	.....
Tennessee	1,387	548	521	2,302	3,987	3,989	.....	.....
Alabama	1,664	506	460	3,081	3,086	3,089	.....	.....
Mississippi	913	218	201	1,424	1,421	1,425	.....	.....
Louisiana	1,438	657	557	1,699	2,215	2,214	5,376	1,595
Texas	2,123	1,408	1,158	4,947	4,673	4,650	2,805	22,727
Arkansas	1,306	693	667	2,129	2,928	2,679	.....	357,798
Western division	2,221	2,074	1,821	2,960	4,900	9,527	3,994	8,765
Montana	3,269	3,119	3,186	2,975	7,160	6,040	3,940	18,605
Wyoming	1,219	1,147	1,204	970	4,196	6,508	.....	.....
Colorado	2,188	2,087	1,919	2,739	7,503	9,332	.....	.....
New Mexico	1,335	1,331	1,107	4,052	1,379	7,157	2,747	.....
Arizona	4,193	3,203	2,125	5,555	17,822	13,265	26,473	15,212
Utah	1,294	1,272	1,067	1,880	3,490	6,803	1,235	3,289
Nevada	3,322	3,173	2,574	4,510	4,194	24,793	4,584	2,501
Idaho	1,778	1,670	1,322	3,169	5,492	9,950	4,484	12,579
Washington	1,294	1,192	1,073	1,543	5,182	13,109	3,315	3,557
Oregon	1,402	1,326	1,174	2,133	3,331	8,432	2,614	3,975
California	2,813	2,651	2,363	3,454	4,676	9,716	3,953	4,341

a White prisoners whose nativity is unknown have here been proportionally distributed between the native and the foreign born.

It will be observed that the largest ratio is in the Western division, 2,221 in each million; then in the North Atlantic, 1,624; in the South Central, 1,466; in the South Atlantic, 1,288; in the North Central, 888.

Taking the states and territories separately, according to the number of prisoners in 1,000,000 of the population, they stand in the following order:

Arizona	4,193	Maryland	1,441	South Carolina, Illinois, and Michigan, each	1,029
Nevada	3,322	Louisiana	1,438	Mississippi	913
Montana	3,269	Oregon	1,402	Indiana	907
California	2,813	Tennessee	1,387	New Hampshire	853
Massachusetts	2,335	Connecticut	1,375	Delaware	825
Colorado	2,188	Kansas	1,351	Minnesota	800
District of Columbia	2,153	New Mexico	1,335	Ohio	792
Texas	2,123	Arkansas	1,306	Maine	774
New York	1,912	Utah and Washington, each	1,294	Wisconsin	663
Idaho	1,778	North Carolina	1,257	Nebraska	619
Florida	1,704	Pennsylvania	1,234	Vermont	602
New Jersey	1,699	Wyoming	1,219	West Virginia	590
Alabama	1,664	Virginia	1,208	South Dakota	541
Rhode Island	1,621	Kentucky	1,135	Iowa and North Dakota, each	531
Georgia	1,599	Missouri	1,057		

By color, nativity, and race, the highest ratio is that for the Indians included in the enumeration, 5,476; for the Chinese and Japanese, 3,835; for the negroes, 3,250; for the foreign whites, 1,768; for the native whites, 898.

INCREASE OR DECREASE.

The increase in the number of prisoners during the last 40 years has been more apparent than real, owing to the very imperfect enumeration of the prison population prior to 1880. Whatever it has been, it is not what it might be supposed to be, if we had no other means of judging of it than by the figures contained in the census volumes.

The comparison between the number of prisoners in 1880 and in 1890 is not open to this criticism, since the enumeration was made after the same method at both the dates named. The elements of this comparison are given in the table which follows, which shows by states and territories the total population (*a*), the number of prisoners, and the number of prisoners in each million of the population, in 1880 and in 1890; also the absolute and the relative increase (*b*) or decrease in the number of prisoners from 1880 to 1890.

a Exclusive of 357,516 Indians and other persons in Indian territory, on Indian reservations, and in Alaska, who are not counted in the general census.
b By absolute increase is meant the increase in the number; by relative increase, the increase in the ratio.

STATES AND TERRITORIES.	1890			1880			INCREASE.	
	Population.	Prisoners.	Ratios.	Population.	Prisoners.	Ratios.	Prisoners.	Ratios.
The United States	62,622,250	82,329	1,315	50,155,783	58,609	1,169	23,720	146
North Atlantic division	17,401,545	28,258	1,624	14,507,407	20,677	1,425	7,581	199
Maine	661,086	512	774	648,936	405	624	107	150
New Hampshire	376,530	321	853	346,991	269	775	52	78
Vermont	332,422	200	602	332,286	258	776	a58	a174
Massachusetts	2,238,943	5,227	2,335	1,783,085	3,576	2,006	1,651	329
Rhode Island	345,506	560	1,621	276,531	317	1,146	243	475
Connecticut	746,258	1,026	1,375	622,700	718	1,153	308	222
New York	5,997,853	11,468	1,912	5,082,871	8,728	1,717	2,740	195
New Jersey	1,444,933	2,455	1,699	1,131,116	1,573	1,391	882	308
Pennsylvania	5,258,014	6,489	1,234	4,282,891	4,833	1,128	1,656	106
South Atlantic division	8,857,920	11,409	1,288	7,597,197	7,927	1,043	3,482	245
Delaware	168,493	139	825	146,608	81	552	58	273
Maryland	1,042,390	1,502	1,441	934,943	1,259	1,347	243	94
District of Columbia	230,392	496	2,153	177,624	381	2,145	115	8
Virginia	1,655,980	2,000	1,208	1,512,565	1,543	1,020	457	188
West Virginia	762,794	450	590	618,457	389	629	61	a39
North Carolina	1,617,947	2,033	1,257	1,399,750	1,570	1,122	463	135
South Carolina	1,151,149	1,184	1,029	995,577	626	629	558	400
Georgia	1,837,353	2,938	1,599	1,542,180	1,809	1,173	1,129	426
Florida	391,422	667	1,704	269,493	269	998	398	706
North Central division	22,362,279	19,854	888	17,364,111	14,971	862	4,883	26
Ohio	3,672,316	2,909	792	3,198,062	2,538	794	371	a2
Indiana	2,192,404	1,988	907	1,978,301	1,613	815	375	92
Illinois	3,826,351	3,936	1,029	3,077,871	3,320	1,079	616	a50
Michigan	2,093,889	2,155	1,029	1,636,937	1,912	1,168	243	a139
Wisconsin	1,686,880	1,118	663	1,315,497	589	448	529	215
Minnesota	1,301,826	1,041	800	780,773	426	546	615	254
Iowa	1,911,896	1,016	531	1,624,615	803	494	213	37
Missouri	2,679,184	2,833	1,057	2,168,380	2,041	941	792	116
North Dakota	182,719	b275	b538	c135,177	c60	c444	215	94
South Dakota	328,808							
Nebraska	1,058,910	655	619	452,402	374	827	281	a208
Kansas	1,427,096	1,928	1,351	996,096	1,295	1,300	633	51
South Central division	10,972,893	16,084	1,466	8,919,371	11,147	1,250	4,937	216
Kentucky	1,858,635	2,110	1,135	1,648,690	1,398	848	712	287
Tennessee	1,767,518	2,451	1,387	1,542,359	2,100	1,362	351	25
Alabama	1,513,017	2,518	1,664	1,262,505	1,353	1,072	1,165	592
Mississippi	1,289,600	1,177	913	1,131,597	1,311	1,159	a134	a246
Louisiana	1,118,587	1,608	1,438	939,946	1,066	1,134	542	304
Texas	2,235,523	4,747	2,123	1,591,749	3,163	1,987	1,584	136
Oklahoma	61,834	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Arkansas	1,128,179	1,473	1,306	802,525	756	942	717	364
Western division	3,027,613	6,724	2,221	1,767,697	3,887	2,199	2,837	22
Montana	132,159	432	3,269	39,159	76	1,941	356	1,328
Wyoming	60,705	74	1,219	20,789	74	3,560	.....	a2,341
Colorado	412,198	902	2,188	194,327	380	1,955	522	233
New Mexico	153,593	205	1,335	119,565	40	335	165	1,000
Arizona	59,620	250	4,193	40,440	67	1,657	183	2,536
Utah	207,905	269	1,294	143,963	58	403	211	891
Nevada	45,761	152	3,322	62,266	199	3,196	a47	126
Idaho	84,385	150	1,778	32,610	32	981	118	797
Washington	349,390	452	1,294	75,116	81	1,078	371	216
Oregon	313,767	440	1,402	174,768	233	1,333	207	69
California	1,208,130	3,398	2,813	864,694	2,647	3,061	751	a248

a Decrease. b North Dakota and South Dakota combined for 1890. c Dakota territory in 1880.

GEOGRAPHICAL DISTRIBUTION.

There are in the North Atlantic division 28,258 prisoners; in the South Atlantic, 11,409; in the North Central, 19,854; in the South Central, 16,084; in the Western, 6,724.

The percentages of foreign white prisoners and of native white with foreign parents are smaller in the south, and of negroes, smaller at the north.

All of the Japanese and nearly all of the Chinese and Indians are found in the west.

The order of the states and territories according to the number of prisoners in each is as follows:

New York	11,468	Indiana	1,988	District of Columbia	496
Pennsylvania	6,489	Kansas	1,928	Washington	452
Massachusetts	5,227	Louisiana	1,608	West Virginia	450
Texas	4,747	Maryland	1,502	Oregon	440
Illinois	3,936	Arkansas	1,473	Montana	432
California	3,398	South Carolina	1,184	New Hampshire	321
Georgia	2,938	Mississippi	1,177	Utah	269
Ohio	2,909	Wisconsin	1,118	Arizona	250
Missouri	2,833	Minnesota	1,041	New Mexico	205
Alabama	2,518	Connecticut	1,026	Vermont	200
New Jersey	2,455	Iowa	1,016	South Dakota	178
Tennessee	2,451	Colorado	902	Nevada	152
Michigan	2,155	Florida	667	Idaho	150
Kentucky	2,110	Nebraska	655	Delaware	139
North Carolina	2,033	Rhode Island	560	North Dakota	97
Virginia	2,000	Maine	512	Wyoming	74

SEX.

As to their sex, 75,924 are male and 6,405 are female. The percentage of male prisoners is 92.22; of female prisoners, 7.78. The corresponding percentages in the census of 1880 were: male, 91.46; female, 8.54.

The following summaries show percentages only:

I.—BY GEOGRAPHICAL DIVISIONS.

SEX.	The United States.	GEOGRAPHICAL DIVISIONS.				
		North Atlantic.	South Atlantic.	North Central.	South Central.	Western.
Total	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Male	92.22	88.06	92.08	95.06	94.07	97.14
Female	7.78	11.94	7.92	4.94	5.93	2.86

The largest percentage of female prisoners is in the North Atlantic division; the smallest, in the Western.

II.—BY ELEMENTS OF THE POPULATION.

SEX.	Aggregate.	WHITE.							COLORED.				
		Total.	Native born.				Foreign born.	Nativity unknown.	Total.	Negroes.	Chinese.	Japanese.	Indians.
			Parents native.	One parent foreign.	Parents foreign.	One or both parents unknown.							
Total	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Male	92.22	92.29	95.55	94.74	93.97	90.08	87.05	95.81	92.05	91.88	99.75	92.31	95.34
Female	7.78	7.71	4.45	5.26	6.03	9.92	12.95	4.19	7.95	8.12	0.25	7.69	4.66

The largest percentage of female prisoners is found among the foreign whites; the smallest (except for the Chinese), among whites with both parents native.

COLOR AND RACE.

In respect to color, 57,310 (52,894 male and 4,416 female) are white; 25,019 (23,030 male and 1,989 female) are colored. The percentage of white prisoners is 69.61; of colored prisoners, 30.39. The corresponding percentages in the census of 1880 were: white prisoners, 71.42; colored, 28.58.

By geographical divisions, the percentages are:

COLOR.	The United States.	GEOGRAPHICAL DIVISIONS.				
		North Atlantic.	South Atlantic.	North Central.	South Central	Western.
Total	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
White	69.61	92.65	22.30	85.76	34.84	88.53
Colored	30.39	7.35	77.70	14.24	65.16	11.47

The largest percentages of colored prisoners are in the South Atlantic and South Central divisions; the smallest, in the North Atlantic division.

Of 25,019 colored prisoners, 24,277 are negroes, 407 are Chinese, 13 are Japanese, and 322 are Indians.

Reduced to percentages, the percentage of negroes is 97.03; Chinese, 1.63; Japanese, 0.05; Indians, 1.29.

The corresponding percentages in 1880 were: negroes, 95.93; Chinese, 3.14; Japanese, 0.01; Indians, 0.92.

The percentage of the Chinese has diminished; the percentages of the other races have increased.

NATIVITY OF WHITE PRISONERS.

As to the nativity of 57,310 whites (52,894 male and 4,416 female), 40,471 (38,156 male and 2,315 female) were born in the United States, 15,932 (13,869 male and 2,063 female) were born abroad (*a*), and the birthplaces of 907 (869 male and 38 female) are unknown.

Omitting those whose nativity has not been ascertained, the percentage of native whites is 71.75, and of foreign whites, 28.25.

By geographical divisions, the percentages, calculated on the total basis of 56,403, omitting 907 not stated, are:

NATIVITY.	The United States.	GEOGRAPHICAL DIVISIONS.				
		North Atlantic.	South Atlantic.	North Central.	South Central.	Western.
Total	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Native white	71.75	65.60	89.56	76.39	83.85	67.20
Foreign white	28.25	34.40	10.44	23.61	16.15	32.80

The largest percentage of the foreign born is found in the North Atlantic division; the smallest, in the South Atlantic.

a For the nativity of foreign white prisoners in detail, see table on page 145.

CLASSIFICATION OF PRISONS.

Table 5 shows the classification of prisons adopted for the purpose of the census. The prisons proper are divided into 5 groups: (1) state prisons and penitentiaries; (2) county jails; (3) city prisons; (4) workhouses and houses of correction; (5) military and naval prisons. *The table contains two other columns, of which the first is for leased* prisoners (*a*), most of whom are in rude prisons or stockades constructed by the lessees, and others are at work upon farms or elsewhere; the second for prisoners who have become insane while undergoing sentence, and have been temporarily transferred to hospitals or asylums for the insane, but are still in the custody of the law, and who, if they should recover their reason prior to the expiration of their respective terms of sentence, would be returned to the prisons from which they were taken to serve the unexpired term.

Among the state prisons and penitentiaries are included the state reformatories for young men in Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, New York, and Pennsylvania; also the county penitentiaries in New Jersey and New York; the Massachusetts reformatory prison for women, and the New York house of refuge for women. The prisoners committed to the state prisons or penitentiaries in Alabama, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Mississippi, North Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, and Virginia are also included under this head, as they are legally sentenced to state prisons or penitentiaries, and although arrangements are made for large numbers to work under leases at mining and other camps, these are by law branches of the state penitentiaries.

Georgia has no penitentiary except such camps, nor has Florida. Of the penitentiary prisoners in Alabama only 300 are within the walls of the penitentiary; of those in Louisiana, only 70; of those in Mississippi, only 67; of those in North Carolina, only 214. The rest are confined and work in convict camps or in mines, varying in number at each camp from 9 to 786. In Tennessee all of the prisoners are leased by the state. Less than one-half of them are kept in the state penitentiary at Nashville; the remainder are in 4 branch penitentiaries.

Among workhouses and houses of correction are included all prisons, other than county jails, in which prisoners are confined under sentence at hard labor of any sort and compelled to earn a portion of their subsistence during their incarceration.

In the column for leased prisoners are included only such as would otherwise have been sentenced to confinement in a county jail.

I.—BY GEOGRAPHICAL DIVISIONS.

CLASSES OF PRISONS.	NUMBERS.						PERCENTAGES.					
	The United States.	Geographical divisions.					The United States.	Geographical divisions.				
		North Atlantic.	South Atlantic.	North Central.	South Central.	Western.		North Atlantic.	South Atlantic.	North Central.	South Central.	Western.
All prisoners	82,329	28,258	11,409	19,854	16,084	6,724	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
In state prisons and penitentiaries	45,233	14,477	6,466	10,990	9,241	4,059	54.94	51.23	56.67	55.35	57.45	60.37
In county jails	19,861	6,764	3,019	4,225	4,118	1,735	24.12	23.94	26.46	21.28	25.60	25.80
In city prisons	3,264	791	670	798	582	423	3.97	2.80	5.87	4.02	3.62	6.29
In workhouses and houses of correction.	9,968	5,644	695	3,002	323	304	12.11	19.97	6.09	15.12	2.01	4.52
Leased out (by counties)	2,308	.....	544	.....	1,764	.....	2.80	.....	4.77	.....	10.97	.....
In military and naval prisons	794	62	3	551	22	156	0.97	0.22	0.03	2.78	0.14	2.32
In hospitals and asylums for the insane.	901	520	12	288	34	47	1.09	1.84	0.11	1.45	0.21	0.70

Of the total number of prisoners, 54.94 per cent were confined in state prisons and penitentiaries, 24.12 per cent in county jails, 3.97 per cent in city prisons, 12.11 per cent in workhouses and houses of correction, 0.97 per cent in military and naval prisons, and 1.09 per cent in hospitals and asylums for the insane; 2.80 per cent were leased out by counties.

The smallest percentage of prisoners in penitentiaries is in the North Atlantic division, 51.23; the largest in the Western, 60.37.

The smallest percentage of prisoners in jails is in the North Central division, 21.28; the largest in the South Atlantic, 26.46.

The smallest percentage of city prisoners is in the North Atlantic division, 2.80; the largest in the Western, 6.29.

Nearly all prisoners in workhouses are in the North Atlantic and North Central divisions.

All in the column for leased prisoners are in the South Atlantic and South Central divisions.

The presence of the army in the Western division accounts for the percentage of military prisoners there; in the North Central division it is accounted for by the existence at Leavenworth of a great military prison.

a These leased prisoners are county prisoners; the leased state prisoners are included with those under the title, "State prisons and penitentiaries".

II.—CLASSIFICATION OF PRISONS, BY ELEMENTS OF THE POPULATION.

NUMBERS.

CLASSES OF PRISONS.	Aggregate.	WHITE.								COLORED.				
		Total white.	Native born.					Foreign born.	Nativity unknown.	Total colored.	Negroes.	Chinese.	Japanese.	Indians.
			Total.	Parents native.	One parent foreign.	Parents foreign.	One or both parents unknown.							
All prisoners	82,329	57,310	40,471	21,037	2,881	12,601	3,952	15,932	907	25,019	24,277	407	13	322
In state prisons and penitentiaries	45,233	30,546	23,095	12,842	1,747	6,584	1,922	7,267	184	14,687	14,267	237	3	180
In county jails	19,861	14,115	9,794	5,315	642	2,773	1,064	3,809	512	5,746	5,497	129	2	118
In city prisons	3,264	2,166	1,351	575	81	459	236	717	98	1,098	1,068	19	5	6
In workhouses and houses of correction	9,968	8,608	5,073	1,912	379	2,601	181	3,530	5	1,360	1,327	16	3	14
Leased out (by counties)	2,308	312	241	193	9	24	15	34	37	1,996	1,995	.....	.....	1
In military and naval prisons	794	745	500	68	15	59	358	243	2	49	46	.....	.....	3
In hospitals and asylums for the insane	901	818	417	132	8	101	176	332	69	83	77	6	.....	.....

PERCENTAGES.

All prisoners	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
In state prisons and penitentiaries	54.94	53.30	57.07	61.04	60.64	52.25	48.64	45.61	20.29	58.70	58.77	58.23	23.08	55.90
In county jails	24.12	24.63	24.20	25.27	22.28	22.01	26.92	23.91	56.45	22.97	22.64	31.70	15.38	36.65
In city prisons	3.97	3.78	3.34	2.73	2.81	3.64	5.97	4.50	10.80	4.39	4.40	4.67	38.46	1.86
In workhouses and houses of correction	12.11	15.02	12.53	9.09	13.16	20.64	4.58	22.16	0.55	5.44	5.46	3.93	23.08	4.35
Leased out (by counties)	2.80	0.54	0.60	0.92	0.31	0.19	0.38	0.21	4.08	7.98	8.22	.....	.....	0.31
In military and naval prisons	0.97	1.30	1.23	0.32	0.52	0.47	9.06	1.53	0.22	0.19	0.19	.....	.....	0.93
In hospitals and asylums for the insane	1.09	1.43	1.03	0.63	0.28	0.80	4.45	2.08	7.61	0.33	0.32	1.47	.....	.....

PRISONERS IN STATE PRISONS AND PENITENTIARIES.

Table 6 shows the number of prisoners in state prisons and penitentiaries, by states and territories and by color, nativity, and race. Tables 7 and 8 show the same facts by sex.

The following statement is a summary of the three tables named, by sex and by geographical divisions:

GEOGRAPHICAL DIVISIONS.	Aggregate.	WHITE.							COLORED.				
		Total.	Native born.				Foreign born.	Nativity unknown.	Total.	Negroes.	Chinese.	Japanese.	Indians.
			Parents native.	One parent foreign.	Parents foreign.	One or both parents unknown.							
The United States	45,233	30,546	12,842	1,747	6,584	1,922	7,267	184	14,687	14,267	237	3	180
Male	43,442	29,428	12,582	1,702	6,369	1,739	6,863	173	14,014	13,595	237	3	179
Female	1,791	1,118	260	45	215	183	404	11	673	672	.....	.....	1
North Atlantic	14,477	13,224	3,960	791	3,993	691	3,780	9	1,253	1,236	6	.....	11
Male	13,506	12,356	3,811	756	3,810	541	3,491	7	1,150	1,133	6	.....	11
Female	971	868	149	35	183	150	349	2	103	103	.....	.....	.....
South Atlantic	6,466	1,204	891	47	87	87	87	5	5,262	5,260	.....	.....	2
Male	6,179	1,181	875	47	85	85	84	5	4,998	4,996	.....	.....	2
Female	287	23	16	.....	2	2	3	.....	264	264	.....	.....	.....
North Central	10,990	9,261	4,575	594	1,570	740	1,760	22	1,729	1,685	5	.....	39
Male	10,755	9,096	4,514	588	1,544	710	1,727	13	1,659	1,616	5	.....	38
Female	235	165	61	6	26	30	33	9	70	69	.....	.....	1
South Central	9,241	3,271	1,971	123	241	274	518	144	5,970	5,932	2	.....	36
Male	8,983	3,244	1,952	122	240	273	513	144	5,739	5,701	2	.....	36
Female	258	27	19	1	1	1	5	.....	231	231	.....	.....	.....
Western	4,059	3,586	1,445	192	693	130	1,122	4	473	154	224	3	92
Male	4,019	3,551	1,430	189	690	130	1,108	4	468	149	224	3	92
Female	40	35	15	3	3	.....	14	.....	5	5	.....	.....	.....

Table 9 shows the number of prisoners in each state prison or penitentiary, by color, nativity, and race.

Tables 10 and 11 show the same facts for each of the sexes.

The majority of the states maintain only 1 state prison or penitentiary each, but California, Illinois, Iowa, Kentucky, Michigan, Minnesota, and Texas maintain 2 each; Indiana, Massachusetts, and Pennsylvania each have 3. In Indiana and Massachusetts 1 of these is a prison for women, and in Pennsylvania 1 is an industrial reformatory for young men. New York has 5, of which 1 is a prison for women and 1 a reformatory for young men. In Ohio a second state prison is in process of construction, entitled an intermediate penitentiary, which, it is understood, will be, when occupied, a reformatory for young men. There are 2 county penitentiaries in New Jersey and 6 in New York. The table shows also the location of each convict camp and the number of prisoners in each of them.

The United States maintains no Federal prison of the grade of a penitentiary, except the military prison at Fort Leavenworth, Kansas, certain territorial prisons, and one on McNeils island, in Washington. The penitentiaries at Boise city, Idaho, and at Laramie, Wyo., were territorial prisons at the date of the census.

The largest penitentiary in the United States is that at Jefferson city, Mo., which contains 1,701 prisoners. The following list includes all which contain over 1,000, in their numerical order: at Columbus, Ohio, 1,652; at Singsing, N. Y., 1,535; at Joliet, Ill., 1,386; at Philadelphia, Pa., 1,350; at Auburn, N. Y., 1,245; at Trenton, N. J., 1,144; at Elmira, N. Y., 1,123; the county penitentiary upon Blackwells island, in New York city, 1,005. The smallest penitentiary is that at Laramie, Wyo., with 10 inmates.

PRISONERS IN COUNTY JAILS.

Table 12 shows the number of prisoners in county jails, by states and territories and by color, nativity, and race.

Tables 13 and 14 show the same facts by sex.

The following table is a summary of the three tables named, by sex and by geographical divisions:

GEOGRAPHICAL DIVISIONS.	Aggregate.	WHITE.							COLORED.				
		Total.	Native born.				Foreign born.	Nativity unknown.	Total.	Negroes.	Chinese.	Japanese.	Indians.
			Parents native.	One parent foreign.	Parents foreign.	One or both parents unknown.							
The United States	19,861	14,115	5,315	642	2,773	1,064	3,809	512	5,746	5,497	129	2	118
Male	18,060	12,920	4,957	601	2,582	981	3,300	499	5,140	4,901	128	1	110
Female	1,801	1,195	358	41	191	83	509	13	606	596	1	1	8
North Atlantic	6,764	6,257	1,788	280	1,653	261	2,249	26	507	500	.....	.....	7
Male	5,922	5,486	1,631	260	1,509	223	1,838	25	436	431	.....	.....	5
Female	842	771	157	20	144	38	411	1	71	69	.....	.....	2
South Atlantic	3,019	908	611	38	101	58	93	7	2,111	2,111	.....	.....	.....
Male	2,689	819	548	33	94	55	82	7	1,870	1,870	.....	.....	.....
Female	330	89	63	5	7	3	11	.....	241	241	.....	.....	.....
North Central	4,225	3,721	1,405	182	632	433	778	291	504	473	1	.....	30
Male	4,010	3,550	1,339	174	607	412	730	288	460	434	1	.....	25
Female	215	171	66	8	25	21	48	3	44	39	.....	.....	5
South Central	4,118	1,722	1,042	55	106	214	239	66	2,396	2,338	2	.....	56
Male	3,782	1,626	988	54	103	200	223	58	2,156	2,098	2	.....	56
Female	336	96	54	1	3	14	16	8	240	240	.....	.....	.....
Western	1,735	1,507	469	87	281	98	450	122	228	75	126	2	25
Male	1,657	1,439	451	80	269	91	427	121	218	68	125	1	24
Female	78	68	18	7	12	7	23	1	10	7	1	1	1

The foregoing summary should be compared with the corresponding summary for prisoners in state prisons and penitentiaries. While the number of men in penitentiaries is more than twice the number of male prisoners in county jails, the number of women in both these classes of prisons is substantially the same. The number of white women in the penitentiaries is less than in the jails, but of colored women there are fewer in the jails than in the penitentiaries.

Since the prisoners who would in the North Atlantic, North Central, and Western divisions be confined in county jails are in the South Atlantic and South Central largely leased out, the leased prisoners, for the purpose of comparison, should be added to those in the jails. The result is shown in the following statement:

NUMBERS.

SECTIONS.	Total.	Parents native.	One parent foreign.	Parents foreign.	One or both parents unknown.	Foreign born.	Nativity unknown.	Negroes.	Chinese.	Japanese.	Indians.
Prisoners	22,169	5,508	651	2,797	1,079	3,843	549	7,492	129	2	119
In the north	12,724	3,662	549	2,566	792	3,477	439	1,048	127	2	62
In the south	9,445	1,846	102	231	287	366	110	6,444	2	.....	57
In county jails	7,137	1,653	93	207	272	332	73	4,449	2	.....	56
Leased out	2,308	193	9	24	15	34	37	1,995	.....	.....	1

PERCENTAGES.

Prisoners	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
In the north	57.40	66.49	84.33	91.74	73.40	90.48	79.96	13.99	98.45	100.00	52.10
In the south	42.60	33.51	15.67	8.26	26.60	9.52	20.04	86.01	1.55	.....	47.90
	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	.....	100.00
In county jails	75.56	80.54	91.18	86.61	94.77	90.71	66.36	69.04	100.00	.....	98.25
Leased out	24.44	10.46	8.82	10.39	5.23	9.29	33.64	30.96	.....	.....	1.75

Table 15 shows the number of prisoners in each county jail, by color, nativity, and race.

Tables 16 and 17 show the same facts for each sex.

Pending trial a prisoner is confined in the jail of the proper county, and if the sentence is a jail sentence he serves it at the same place, unless the law provides for transfer to some other place where he can be employed at hard labor.

In the following table the first column shows the number of counties in each state and territory; the second, the number of counties which have jails; the third, the number of counties which have no jails; the fourth, the number of counties from which no information was received as to this question; the fifth, the number of jails in each state and territory (*a*); the sixth, the number of jails found by the enumerators to be occupied June 1, 1890; the seventh, the number containing men; the eighth, the number containing women, and the last column, the number of jails found to be empty.

a Omitting 5 jails, namely, 4 jails in Massachusetts, the prisoners in which are accounted for in Table 27 (prisoners in workhouses), and 1 jail in New York, the prisoners in which are accounted for in Table 9 (prisoners in penitentiaries). The reason for omitting these 5 jails here is that they are not included in Table 15, nor in the table which follows, on page 134. (See note *b*, page 134.)

STATES AND TERRITORIES.	COUNTIES.				Number of jails.	JAILS CONTAINING—			
	Total.	With jails.	Without jails.	No information.		Either sex.	Men.	Women.	No prisoners.
The United States	a2,784	b2,460	c283	41	d2,468	1,879	1,864	525	589
North Atlantic division	215	211	2	2	217	205	205	113	12
Maine	16	14	2	.....	14	14	14	7	.....
New Hampshire	10	10	.....	.....	e11	10	10	3	1
Vermont	14	13	.....	1	13	9	9	2	4
Massachusetts	14	f14	.....	.....	g13	11	11	9	2
Rhode Island	5	5	.....	.....	5	4	4	2	1
Connecticut	8	8	.....	.....	h10	10	10	7	.....
New York	60	i60	.....	.....	j64	64	64	35	.....
New Jersey	21	21	.....	.....	21	21	21	15	.....
Pennsylvania	67	66	.....	1	66	62	62	33	4
South Atlantic division	495	467	12	16	467	367	360	123	100
Delaware	3	3	.....	.....	3	3	3	2	.....
Maryland	k24	k24	.....	.....	24	23	22	7	1
District of Columbia	l1	1	.....	.....	1	1	1	1	.....
Virginia	m100	98	1	1	98	77	76	28	21
West Virginia	54	50	.....	4	50	37	36	9	13
North Carolina	96	93	2	1	93	77	76	25	16
South Carolina	35	35	.....	.....	35	34	34	18	1
Georgia	137	122	6	9	122	82	79	19	40
Florida	45	41	3	1	41	33	33	14	8
North Central division	1,055	886	n163	6	886	653	648	113	233
Ohio	88	87	1	.....	87	72	71	16	15
Indiana	92	90	2	.....	90	74	73	11	16
Illinois	102	97	4	1	97	78	78	13	19
Michigan	84	78	5	1	78	59	59	16	19
Wisconsin	68	66	2	.....	66	55	54	8	11
Minnesota	80	55	25	.....	55	37	37	4	18
Iowa	99	91	8	.....	91	65	65	7	26
Missouri	o114	102	10	2	102	83	82	16	19
North Dakota	53	28	p25	.....	28	8	8	1	20
South Dakota	78	37	q41	.....	37	18	18	3	19
Nebraska	91	65	r26	.....	65	35	34	5	30
Kansas	106	90	14	2	90	69	69	13	21
South Central division	734	645	s76	13	646	475	472	148	171
Kentucky	119	117	1	1	117	89	88	23	28
Tennessee	96	94	1	1	94	75	74	30	19
Alabama	66	62	3	1	62	49	48	18	13
Mississippi	75	68	t4	3	68	47	47	16	21
Louisiana	59	56	1	2	56	42	42	12	14
Texas	244	182	s58	4	182	127	127	37	55
Arkansas	75	66	8	1	u67	46	46	12	21
Western division	285	251	30	4	252	179	179	28	73
Montana	16	16	.....	.....	16	15	15	4	1
Wyoming	v13	12	1	.....	12	8	8	.....	4
Colorado	55	41	13	1	41	26	26	5	15
New Mexico	16	13	3	.....	13	11	11	3	2
Arizona	10	10	.....	.....	w11	9	9	2	2
Utah	25	20	3	2	20	8	8	1	12
Nevada	14	14	.....	.....	14	10	10	1	4
Idaho	18	18	.....	.....	18	9	9	.....	9
Washington	34	26	8	.....	26	20	20	3	6
Oregon	31	28	2	1	28	16	16	.....	12
California	53	53	.....	.....	53	47	47	9	6

a Including Baltimore city, Md.; excluding St. Louis city, Mo., and Petersburg city, Va.; including National Park Reservation, Wyo.

b Including the counties of Barnstable, Berkshire, Franklin, and Worcester, in Massachusetts, the prisoners in which have been counted with those in the county houses of correction; also Onondaga county, in New York, the prisoners in which have been counted with the county penitentiary.

c *Including the counties of Leake and Lincoln, in Mississippi, the prisoners in which are leased out and have been counted with leased prisoners; also 45* unorganized counties in North Dakota, South Dakota, Nebraska, and Texas.

d In each of 11 counties there are 2 jails, and in 1 county there are 3 jails.

e There are 2 jails in Rockingham county.

f Including Barnstable, Berkshire, Franklin, and Worcester counties. (See note *b*.)

g There are 3 jails in Essex county and 2 in Middlesex county.

h There are 2 jails in Fairfield county and 2 in New London county.

i Including Onondaga county. (See note *b*.)

j There are 2 jails in each of the counties following: New York, Oneida, Orange, Seneca, and Washington.

k Including Baltimore city.

l The District of Columbia is not, politically speaking, a county; neither is it a state nor a territory.

m Excluding Petersburg city.

n Including 33 unorganized counties.

o Excluding St. Louis city.

p Including 7 unorganized counties.

q Including 24 unorganized counties.

r Including 2 unorganized counties.

s Including 12 unorganized counties.

t Including the counties of Leake and Lincoln, the prisoners in which are leased out and have been counted with leased prisoners.

u There are 2 jails in Sebastian county, 1 of which is the United States jail at Little Rock.

v Including the National Park Reservation.

w There are 2 jails in Pima county.

An examination of the foregoing table reveals the fact that there are 283 counties which have no jails, and that, of the jails in existence, 589 were without occupants at the date when the census was taken. It shows further that, of the 1,879 jails which were occupied, 15 contained no men and 1,354 contained no women.

The county jail system requires the provision of a much larger number of cells than are required or used at any one time. In North Dakota 8 jails were occupied and 20 unoccupied; in Utah 8 were occupied and 12 unoccupied; in South Dakota 18 were occupied and 19 unoccupied. These are extreme cases, but there were 12 unoccupied jails out of the 217 in the North Atlantic division; 233 out of 886 in the North Central; 100 out of 467 in the South Atlantic; 171 out of 646 in the South Central, and 73 out of 252 in the Western.

The 205 occupied jails in the North Atlantic division contained 6,764 prisoners, or an average of 33 to each jail. The 367 occupied prisons in the South Atlantic division contained 3,019 prisoners, or near an average of 8 to each jail. The 653 occupied jails in the North Central division contained 4,225 prisoners, or near an average of 7 to each jail. The 475 occupied jails of the South Central division contained 4,118 prisoners, or near an average of 9 to each jail. The 179 occupied jails of the Western division contained 1,735 prisoners, or near an average of 10 to each jail. The average number of prisoners in all the jails of the United States is between 10 and 11.

Of the jails in the North Atlantic division, nearly one-half contain no female prisoners; in the South Atlantic and South Central divisions, one-third; in the North Central division, over 1 in 5, and in the Western, nearly 1 in 7.

The entire number of female prisoners in county jails is 1,801, or less than the number of occupied jails, and the average number of women found in jails containing women is between 3 and 4.

The largest number of prisoners in any one jail was found in Philadelphia, 599. The other jails which contain more than 200 prisoners each are as follows, stated in the numerical order of prisoners: at Allegheny, Pa., 361; at Baltimore, 323; at Brooklyn and Chicago, each, 279; at New Haven, 228; at New Orleans, 227; at Lawrence, Mass., 215; at Providence, R. I., 213; at Springfield, Mass., 203. These 10 jails contained over one-sixth of the entire jail population of the United States.

PRISONERS IN CITY PRISONS.

Table 18 shows the number of prisoners in city prisons, by states and territories and by color, nativity, and race. Tables 19 and 20 show the same facts by sex.

The following statement is a summary of the three tables named, by sex and by geographical divisions:

GEOGRAPHICAL DIVISIONS.	Aggregate.	WHITE.							COLORED.				
		Total.	Native born.				Foreign born.	Nativity unknown.	Total.	Negroes.	Chinese.	Japanese.	Indians.
			Parents native.	One parent foreign.	Parents foreign.	One or both parents unknown.							
The United States	3,264	2,166	575	81	459	236	717	98	1,098	1,068	19	5	6
Male	2,669	1,874	517	70	409	199	587	92	795	767	19	5	4
Female	595	292	58	11	50	37	130	6	303	301	.....	.....	2
North Atlantic	791	756	124	16	220	58	312	26	35	27	7	.....	1
Male	635	604	108	14	189	47	223	23	31	23	7	.....	1
Female	156	152	16	2	31	11	89	3	4	4	.....	.....	.....
South Atlantic	670	119	78	3	14	12	11	1	551	551	.....	.....	.....
Male	518	111	71	3	14	11	11	1	407	407	.....	.....	.....
Female	152	8	7	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	144	144	.....	.....	.....
North Central	798	671	223	36	116	88	174	34	127	126	.....	.....	1
Male	714	614	197	30	108	81	165	33	100	99	.....	.....	1
Female	84	57	26	6	8	7	9	1	27	27	.....	.....	.....
South Central	582	227	57	5	22	68	72	3	355	353	.....	.....	2
Male	410	182	51	4	18	50	56	3	228	227	.....	.....	1
Female	172	45	6	1	4	18	16	.....	127	126	.....	.....	1
Western	423	393	93	21	87	10	148	34	30	11	12	5	2
Male	392	363	90	19	80	10	132	32	29	11	12	5	1
Female	31	30	3	2	7	.....	16	2	1	.....	.....	.....	1

Table 21 shows the number of prisoners of each city prison, by color, nativity, and race. These prisons are of various grades. Some of them are merely police stations or city or town lockups, the returns for which are not believed to be anything like complete. The largest city prison is the Tombs, in New York. There are only 3 other city prisons which have over 100 inmates, namely, that at Richmond, Va., with 231, and the 2 at New Orleans, with 107 and 120, respectively.

Tables 22 and 23 show the same facts by sex.

Over one-fifth of the city prisoners are women.

PRISONERS IN WORKHOUSES AND HOUSES OF CORRECTION.

Table 24 shows the number of prisoners in workhouses and houses of correction, by states and territories and by color, nativity, and race.

Tables 25 and 26 show the same facts by sex.

The following table is a summary of the three tables named, by sex and by geographical divisions:

GEOGRAPHICAL DIVISIONS.	Aggregate.	WHITE.							COLORED.				
		Total.	Native born.				Foreign born.	Nativity unknown.	Total.	Negroes.	Chinese.	Japanese.	Indians.
			Parents native.	One parent foreign.	Parents foreign.	One or both parents unknown.							
The United States	9,968	8,608	1,912	379	2,601	181	3,530	5	1,360	1,327	16	3	14
Male	7,986	6,875	1,675	324	2,227	108	2,537	4	1,111	1,081	16	3	11
Female	1,982	1,733	237	55	374	73	993	1	249	246	.....	.....	3
North Atlantic	5,644	5,395	993	229	1,669	91	2,410	3	249	245	1	.....	3
Male	4,277	4,096	858	191	1,399	38	1,607	3	181	179	1	.....	1
Female	1,367	1,299	135	38	270	53	803	.....	68	66	.....	.....	2
South Atlantic	695	260	152	7	28	5	67	1	435	435	.....	.....	.....
Male	587	228	136	7	21	5	59	.....	359	359	.....	.....	.....
Female	108	32	16	.....	7	.....	8	1	76	76	.....	.....	.....
North Central	3,002	2,596	663	105	790	74	963	1	406	395	.....	.....	11
Male	2,579	2,245	588	94	710	55	797	1	334	324	.....	.....	10
Female	423	351	75	11	80	19	166	.....	72	71	.....	.....	1
South Central	323	75	52	3	9	9	2	.....	248	248	.....	.....	.....
Male	282	67	45	3	9	8	2	.....	215	215	.....	.....	.....
Female	41	8	7	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	33	33	.....	.....	.....
Western	304	282	52	35	105	2	88	.....	22	4	15	3	.....
Male	261	239	48	29	88	2	72	.....	22	4	15	3	.....
Female	43	43	4	6	17	.....	16	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

In a large number of states and territories no attempt is made to provide labor in prisons for prisoners sentenced to short terms of confinement, especially at the south. But the southern states work their short term prisoners to a large extent outside of the prison walls.

Table 27 shows the number of prisoners in each workhouse or house of correction, by color, nativity, and race.

Tables 28 and 29 show the same facts for each of the sexes.

About one-fifth of the prisoners in workhouses are women.

The largest workhouse in the United States is the house of correction, employment, and reformation at Philadelphia, containing 926 prisoners. The following list includes all others which contain over 200 prisoners in the numerical order of inmates: the house of correction and industry on Deer island, at Boston, 923; the house of correction at Chicago, 881; the workhouse on Blackwells island, New York, 695; the Allegheny county workhouse, near Pittsburg, 685; the house of correction at South Boston, 481; the Cincinnati workhouse, 480; the Detroit house of correction, 404; the St. Louis workhouse, 355; the Baltimore house of correction, 323; the house of correction at East Cambridge, Mass., 317; the San Francisco house of correction, 304; the District asylum workhouse at Washington, D. C., 269; the workhouse at Bridgewater, Mass., 255; the Milwaukee house of correction, 230; the Rhode Island workhouse and house of correction at Howard, 206. The smallest workhouse reported is that at Wilmington, N. C., with 5 inmates.

LEASED COUNTY PRISONERS.

Table 30 shows the number of leased county prisoners, by states and territories and by color, nativity, and race.

Tables 31 and 32 show the same facts by sex.

All of these leased prisoners are found in the southern states, and nearly all of them are negroes. As has been already stated, these tables refer only to county prisoners. The prisoners leased by the state are included with prisoners in penitentiaries.

Table 33 shows the number of leased county prisoners in each camp or stockade, by color, nativity, and race. The number of camps reported is 101, namely: 15 in Alabama, 8 in Arkansas, 1 in Florida, 20 in Georgia, 3 in Kentucky, 20 in Mississippi, 7 in North Carolina, 1 in Tennessee, and 26 in Texas. The average number of prisoners in a county camp or stockade is 23.

Tables 34 and 35 show the same facts by sex.

PRISONERS IN MILITARY AND NAVAL PRISONS.

Table 36 shows the number of prisoners in military and naval prisons, by states and territories and by color, nativity, and race.

All of these prisoners are men. They are found in 13 states and territories, namely, Massachusetts, New York, District of Columbia, Minnesota, North Dakota, South Dakota, Nebraska, Kansas, Texas, Wyoming, Colorado, Arizona, and California. Two-thirds of them are in the military prison at Fort Leavenworth.

Table 37 shows the number of prisoners in each military or naval prison, by color, nativity, and race.

Nearly half of this class of prisoners claim not to know where their parents were born. Of the remainder, more than one-half are foreign whites. Less than 10 per cent of the entire number are reported to be native whites with native parents.

PRISONERS IN HOSPITALS AND ASYLUMS FOR THE INSANE.

Table 38 shows the number of prisoners in hospitals and asylums for the insane, by states and territories and by color, nativity, and race.

Tables 39 and 40 show the same facts by sex.

The following is a summary of the three tables named, by geographical divisions and by sex, color, nativity, and race:

GEOGRAPHICAL DIVISIONS.	Aggregate.	WHITE.							COLORED.		
		Total.	Native born.				Foreign born.	Nativity unknown.	Total.	Negroes.	Chinese.
			Parents native.	One parent foreign.	Parents foreign.	One or both parents unknown.					
The United States	901	818	132	8	101	176	332	69	83	77	6
Male	831	755	118	8	98	162	307	62	76	70	6
Female	70	63	14	.....	3	14	25	7	7	7	.....
North Atlantic	520	491	77	5	91	88	211	19	29	28	1
Male	481	454	72	5	89	79	191	18	27	26	1
Female	39	37	5	.....	2	9	20	1	2	2	.....
South Atlantic	12	5	.....	.....	.....	4	.....	1	7	7	.....
Male	12	5	.....	.....	.....	4	.....	1	7	7	.....
Female	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
North Central	288	259	42	3	8	75	97	34	29	27	2
Male	264	239	37	3	7	71	92	29	25	23	2
Female	24	20	5	.....	1	4	5	5	4	4	.....
South Central	34	20	11	.....	.....	5	1	3	14	14	.....
Male	27	14	7	.....	.....	4	1	2	13	13	.....
Female	7	6	4	.....	.....	1	.....	1	1	1	.....
Western	47	43	2	.....	2	4	23	12	4	1	3
Male	47	43	2	.....	2	4	23	12	4	1	3
Female	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

It will be observed that the tendency to insanity among the foreign white is much greater than among the native white prison population. The number of native white prisoners in hospitals and asylums for the insane is 417; of foreign white prisoners, 332. In other words, of the native white prison population 1 in 97 is found in an institution for the insane, but of the foreign white prison population, 1 in 42, or twice as many in proportion. The fact that so large a part of the prisoners has been transferred from the prisons to asylums for the insane is evidence either that prison life exerts a depressing mental influence, or that the tendency to insanity in the prison population is uncommonly prevalent, and that the criminal and the insane temperaments are combined in the same individuals. If to the foreign born are added those with parents foreign and one-half of those with one parent foreign, then the foreign white element contributes to the prison population of our insane hospitals 443, while the native white element contributes 136. That is to say, three-fourths of the blood of the convict white insane is foreign blood.

The tendency to insanity among the negroes is very slight.

The tendency to insanity in the two sexes is equal.

Of the insane convicts, 43 per cent are found in New York and Michigan, where special institutions for this class have been created.

Table 41 shows the number of insane prisoners in each hospital or asylum, by color, nativity, and race.

Tables 42 and 43 show the same facts by sex.

The number of insane criminals in institutions to which insane men and women are committed from ordinary life is 491.

The convicts transferred from prisons to institutions for the insane do not constitute the entire number of insane prisoners. We must add to them 291 (212 male and 79 female) held in prison as insane, who are found for the most part, if not altogether, in the county jails. In 1880 the number was 397. Of the 291 held in prison as insane, 15 are in the North Atlantic division, 50 in the South Atlantic, 71 in the North Central, 138 in the South Central, and 17 in the Western.

As shown in Table 100, the total number of insane prisoners is 1,464 (1,290 male and 174 female). Deducting 901 confined in institutions for the insane and 291 detained in county jails pending their admission to the hospital, or in lieu of commitment to the hospital, the remainder is 272, which is the number of insane prisoners in penitentiaries and other prisons of minor grade. Omitting the noncriminal insane in the county jails, it appears that 1 in 70 of the prison population proper is insane. This sheds much light upon the mental condition of the criminal class. The number of idiots, as shown in Table 100, is 173. The imbecility of female prisoners is more marked, upon the average, than that of male prisoners.

OFFENSES CHARGED.

Table 44 shows in detail the offenses with which prisoners are charged, by color, nativity, and race.

Tables 45 and 46 show the same facts by sex.

Tables 47 and 48 show in detail, for each sex separately, the offenses charged, by states and territories.

The classification of offenses is the same as used in the Tenth Census. All offenses are divided into six groups, namely:

(1) Offenses against the government, including, as subdivisions, offenses against the currency, against the election laws, against the postal laws, against the revenue laws, against the pension laws, and against military law.

(2) Offenses against society, including offenses against public health, against public justice, against public morals, against public peace, and against public policy; under offenses against public justice are included contempt of court, and perjury and false swearing; under offenses against public morals are included incest, crime against nature, bigamy and polygamy, adultery, fornication, indecency, gambling, violation of liquor laws, and public intoxication; under offenses against public peace are included breach of the peace, disorderly conduct, and carrying concealed weapons; under offenses against public policy are included vagrancy and incorrigibility; under each of these subdivisions there is a minor subdivision of miscellaneous offenses, called in the tables "all other".

(3) Offenses against the person, including homicide, rape, abduction, abortion, and assaults of all sorts.

(4) Offenses against property, including arson, burglary, robbery, larceny, embezzlement, fraud, false pretenses, forgery, and malicious mischief and trespass; larceny is subdivided into plain larceny, grand larceny, petit larceny, larceny of horses, and receiving stolen goods.

(5) Offenses on the high seas.

(6) Miscellaneous offenses, including double crimes, violation of municipal ordinances, offenses not classified, offenses not stated, prisoners held as insane, and prisoners held as witnesses.

This classification, like all other attempted classifications of crime, is only partially satisfactory. The classifications in the criminal codes of the several states do not correspond with each other, and in a number of codes all attempt at classification has been abandoned, and the offenses named are listed in their alphabetical order.

Under the various heads and subheads, the offenses charged are stated in detail precisely as reported by the enumerators. Nearly all of the prison population was enumerated by prison officials, and it is to be presumed that the titles given to the offenses in detail are those obtained upon the official prison records, and not improbably copied from the commitment papers furnished by the courts. The descriptions given are in many cases very vague, such as violations of the liquor laws, postal laws, and the like; fraud on the revenue, fraud on the pension office; selling fur overcoat, enticing labor; felony, misdemeanor. Some of them contain extraneous matter, as assault "on a minor child"; assault "with a bludgeon" or "with rocks"; stoning "a railroad train"; firing "on a school"; burglary "prior to petit larceny". In a number of instances the same offense is described in different states, or by different persons in the same state, in different language, with greater or less precision. It has been thought best, however, in all cases to retain the original description. Some of the offenses charged are not in any true sense of the word crimes. This is especially true of the offenses against society. Of 10,100 offenses against public morals, so called, 6,119 prisoners are charged with public intoxication, 844 with violation of the liquor laws, and 337 with gambling, all of which acts might have been committed by persons not properly described as criminals. Of 4,944 offenses against the public peace, 3,827 prisoners are charged with disorderly conduct, which is often equivalent to a charge of public intoxication. The 3,081 cases described as against public policy are none of them properly crimes. They include 2,773 prisoners charged with vagrancy, and the rest are said to have been idle, disorderly, dissolute, incorrigible, or insubordinate, expressions which may mean very little. The assaults number 8,347. Among the offenses not stated are included 46 cases of arrest on suspicion.

It is impossible, without reference to each criminal code, to know what is meant by degrees of murder, manslaughter, rape, assault, arson, burglary, robbery, larceny, and forgery.

Some offenses partake of a double character, and might properly have been included under either of two heads, particularly among offenses against property or against the person. Robbery is such an offense. The assaults have all been grouped, but assaults with intent to commit felonies might have been included with the attempted felonies. The general rule adopted as to attempts other than assaults has been so to include them. Mayhem has been classed with assaults.

Concerning double crimes, something will be said later.

I.—OFFENSES, BY GEOGRAPHICAL DIVISIONS.

BOTH SEXES.

OFFENSES.	NUMBERS.						PERCENTAGES.				
	The United States.	Geographical divisions.					Geographical divisions.				
		North Atlantic.	South Atlantic.	North Central.	South Central.	Western.	North Atlantic.	South Atlantic.	North Central.	South Central.	Western.
Total	82,329	28,258	11,409	19,854	16,084	6,724	34.32	13.86	24.11	19.54	8.17
Against the government	1,839	371	115	934	206	213	20.18	6.25	50.79	11.20	11.58
Against society	18,865	9,988	1,735	3,961	2,108	1,078	52.92	9.20	21.00	11.17	5.71
Against the person	17,281	4,292	2,763	4,077	4,670	1,479	24.84	15.99	23.59	27.02	8.56
Against property	37,707	12,059	5,682	8,968	7,495	3,503	31.98	15.07	23.78	19.88	9.29
On the high seas	4	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	100.00	.....	.....	.....	.....
Miscellaneous	6,633	1,549	1,114	1,914	1,605	451	23.35	16.79	28.86	24.20	6.80
MALE.											
Total	75,924	24,883	10,505	18,873	15,131	6,532	32.77	13.84	24.86	19.93	8.60
Against the government	1,823	364	115	931	200	213	19.97	6.31	51.07	10.97	11.68
Against society	15,033	7,461	1,405	3,458	1,744	965	49.63	9.35	23.00	11.60	6.42
Against the person	16,511	4,089	2,579	3,930	4,457	1,456	24.77	15.62	23.80	26.99	8.82
Against property	36,382	11,556	5,378	8,743	7,245	3,460	31.76	14.78	24.03	19.92	9.51
On the high seas	4	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	100.00	.....	.....	.....	.....
Miscellaneous	6,171	1,409	1,028	1,811	1,485	438	22.83	16.66	29.35	24.06	7.10
FEMALE.											
Total	6,405	3,375	904	981	953	192	52.69	14.11	15.32	14.88	3.00
Against the government	16	7	.....	3	6	.....	43.75	.....	18.75	37.50	.....
Against society	3,832	2,522	330	503	364	113	65.81	8.61	13.13	9.50	2.95
Against the person	770	203	184	147	213	23	26.36	23.90	19.09	27.66	2.99
Against property	1,325	503	304	225	250	43	37.96	22.94	16.98	18.87	3.25
Miscellaneous	462	140	86	103	120	13	30.30	18.62	22.30	25.97	2.81

The percentage of all prisoners in the North Atlantic division is 34.32. The offenses which exceed this percentage are: those committed on the high seas, 100.00; against society, 52.92.

The percentage of all prisoners in the South Atlantic division is 13.86. The offenses which exceed this are: miscellaneous, 16.79; against the person, 15.99; against property, 15.07.

The percentage of all prisoners in the North Central division is 24.11. The offenses which exceed this are: against the government, 50.79; miscellaneous, 28.86.

The percentage of all prisoners in the South Central division is 19.54. The offenses which exceed this are: those against the person, 27.02; miscellaneous, 24.20; against property, 19.88.

The percentage of all prisoners in the Western division is 8.17. The offenses which exceed this are: those against the government, 11.58; against property, 9.29; against the person, 8.56.

The percentage of women charged with offenses against society is greater than that of men in the North Atlantic division; in the other divisions it is less. The percentage of women charged with crimes against the person is greater in the North Atlantic, South Atlantic, and South Central divisions than that for men, but in the North Central and Western divisions it is less. The percentage of women charged with crimes against property is larger in the North Atlantic and South Atlantic divisions than that for men; in the other divisions it is less.

Generally speaking, in the North Atlantic division offenses against society are prosecuted and punished with more vigor than in any other section of the country. The North Central division furnishes more than half of all the prisoners charged with offenses against the government. Of female prisoners charged with offenses against society, two-thirds are found in the North Atlantic division, and more than half of all female prisoners. One-half of all male prisoners charged with offenses against society are found in the same division.

II.—OFFENSES, BY ELEMENTS OF THE POPULATION.

BOTH SEXES.

COLOR, NATIVITY, AND RACE.	NUMBERS.							PERCENTAGES.					
	Total.	Against the government.	Against society.	Against the person.	Against property.	On the high seas.	Miscellaneous.	Against the government.	Against society.	Against the person.	Against property.	On the high seas.	Miscellaneous.
Total	82,329	1,839	18,865	17,281	37,707	4	6,633	2.23	22.91	20.99	45.80	0.01	8.06
White	57,310	1,646	15,462	10,267	25,896	4	4,035	2.87	26.98	17.91	45.19	0.01	7.04
Native born	40,471	1,196	9,356	7,072	20,043	2	2,802	2.96	23.12	17.47	49.52	0.01	6.92
Parents native	21,037	558	3,983	4,332	10,665	1	1,498	2.65	18.93	20.59	50.70	0.01	7.12
One parent foreign	2,881	66	584	430	1,601	.....	200	2.29	20.27	14.93	55.57	.....	6.94
Parents foreign	12,601	139	3,818	1,651	6,195	1	797	1.10	30.30	13.10	49.16	0.01	6.33
One or both parents unknown	3,952	433	971	659	1,582	.....	307	10.96	24.57	16.67	40.03	.....	7.77
Foreign born	15,932	445	5,903	3,086	5,595	2	901	2.79	37.05	19.37	35.12	0.01	5.66
Nativity unknown	907	5	203	109	258	.....	332	0.55	22.38	12.02	28.45	.....	36.60
Colored	25,019	193	3,403	7,014	11,811	.....	2,598	0.77	13.60	28.04	47.21	.....	10.38
Negroes	24,277	178	3,260	6,740	11,579	.....	2,520	0.73	13.43	27.76	47.70	.....	10.38
Chinese	407	2	47	147	139	.....	72	0.49	11.55	36.12	34.15	.....	17.69
Japanese	13	.....	6	2	5	.....	.....	.....	46.15	15.39	38.46	.....	.....
Indians	322	13	90	125	88	.....	6	4.04	27.95	38.82	27.33	.....	1.86

MALE.

Total	75,924	1,823	15,033	16,511	36,382	4	6,171	2.40	19.80	21.75	47.92	a0.00	8.13
White	52,894	1,632	12,325	9,031	25,227	4	3,775	3.09	23.30	18.77	47.69	0.01	7.14
Native born	38,156	1,188	7,784	6,852	19,668	2	2,662	3.11	20.40	17.96	51.55	a0.00	6.98
Parents native	20,101	555	3,407	4,206	10,495	1	1,437	2.76	16.95	20.92	52.21	0.01	7.15
One parent foreign	2,729	64	484	417	1,571	.....	193	2.34	17.74	15.28	57.57	.....	7.07
Parents foreign	11,766	136	3,175	1,608	6,089	1	757	1.16	26.98	13.67	51.75	0.01	6.43
One or both parents unknown	3,560	433	718	621	1,513	.....	275	12.16	20.17	17.44	42.50	.....	7.73
Foreign born	13,869	439	4,346	2,976	5,313	2	793	3.16	31.34	21.46	38.31	0.01	5.72
Nativity unknown	869	5	195	103	246	.....	320	0.58	22.44	11.85	28.31	.....	36.82
Colored	23,030	191	2,708	6,580	11,155	.....	2,396	0.83	11.76	28.57	48.44	.....	10.40
Negroes	22,305	176	2,577	6,308	10,924	.....	2,320	0.79	11.55	28.28	48.98	.....	10.40
Chinese	406	2	46	147	139	.....	72	0.50	11.33	36.21	34.23	.....	17.73
Japanese	12	.....	5	2	5	.....	.....	.....	41.67	16.66	41.67	.....	.....
Indians	307	13	80	123	87	.....	4	4.23	26.06	40.07	28.34	.....	1.30

FEMALE.

Total	6,405	16	3,832	770	1,325	.....	462	0.25	59.83	12.02	20.69	.....	7.21
White	4,416	14	3,137	336	669	.....	260	0.31	71.04	7.61	15.15	.....	5.89
Native born	2,315	8	1,572	220	375	.....	140	0.35	67.90	9.50	16.20	.....	6.05
Parents native	936	3	576	126	170	.....	61	0.32	61.54	13.46	18.16	.....	6.52
One parent foreign	152	2	100	13	30	.....	7	1.32	65.79	8.55	19.74	.....	4.60
Parents foreign	835	3	643	43	106	.....	40	0.36	77.01	5.15	12.69	.....	4.79
One or both parents unknown	392	.....	253	38	69	.....	32	.....	64.54	9.70	17.60	.....	8.16
Foreign born	2,063	6	1,557	110	282	.....	108	0.29	75.47	5.33	13.67	.....	5.24
Nativity unknown	38	.....	8	6	12	.....	12	.....	21.05	15.79	31.58	.....	31.58
Colored	1,989	2	695	434	656	.....	202	0.10	34.95	21.82	32.98	.....	10.15
Negroes	1,972	2	683	432	655	.....	200	0.10	34.63	21.91	33.22	.....	10.14
Chinese	1	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	100.00	.....	.....	.....	.....
Japanese	1	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	100.00	.....	.....	.....	.....
Indians	15	.....	10	2	1	.....	2	.....	66.67	13.33	6.67	.....	13.33

a Less than five-thousandths of 1 per cent.

In respect to sex, the percentage of female prisoners charged with offenses against society is three times as great as that of male prisoners, while the percentage of male prisoners charged with crimes against property is more than twice as great, and of male prisoners charged with crimes against the person nearly twice as great, as that of female prisoners.

In respect to color, the percentage of whites charged with offenses against society is twice as great as that of negroes, while the percentage of negroes charged with crimes against the person is nearly twice as great as that of whites.

In respect to the nativity of white offenders, the percentage of the foreign born charged with offenses against society is twice as large as that of natives with native parents. Of those charged with disorder the percentage of natives with one parent foreign is greater than of those with both parents native, and greater for those with both parents foreign than of those with one parent foreign, and greater of the foreign born than of natives with foreign parents. Of charges against the person and of charges against property the percentages of natives with native parents are greater than of the foreign born.

In respect to race, negro offenders show a marked tendency to crimes against property, Chinese and Indian offenders to crimes against the person.

The percentages vertically calculated are shown in the following statement:

BOTH SEXES.

OFFENSES.	Aggregate.	WHITE.								COLORED.				
		Total white.	Native born.					Foreign born.	Nativity unknown.	Total colored.	Negroes.	Chinese.	Japanese.	Indians.
			Total.	Parents native.	One parent foreign.	Parents foreign.	One or both parents unknown.							
All offenses	100.00	69.61	49.16	25.55	3.50	15.31	4.80	19.35	1.10	30.39	29.49	0.49	0.02	0.39
Against the government	100.00	89.51	65.04	30.34	3.59	7.56	23.55	24.20	0.27	10.49	9.68	0.11	.....	0.70
Against society	100.00	81.96	49.59	21.11	3.09	20.24	5.15	31.29	1.08	18.04	17.28	0.25	0.03	0.48
Against the person	100.00	59.41	40.92	25.07	2.49	9.55	3.81	17.86	0.63	40.59	39.00	0.85	0.01	0.73
Against property	100.00	68.68	53.15	28.28	4.24	16.43	4.20	14.84	0.69	31.32	30.71	0.37	0.01	0.23
On the high seas	100.00	100.00	50.00	25.00	.....	25.00	.....	50.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Miscellaneous	100.00	60.83	42.24	22.58	3.01	12.02	4.03	13.58	5.01	39.17	37.99	1.09	.....	0.09
MALE.														
All offenses	100.00	69.67	50.26	26.48	3.59	15.50	4.69	18.27	1.14	30.33	29.38	0.53	0.02	0.40
Against the government	100.00	89.52	65.17	30.45	3.51	7.46	23.75	24.08	0.27	10.48	9.66	0.11	.....	0.71
Against society	100.00	81.99	51.78	22.66	3.22	21.12	4.78	28.91	1.30	18.01	17.14	0.31	0.03	0.53
Against the person	100.00	60.15	41.50	25.47	2.53	9.74	3.76	18.03	0.62	39.85	38.20	0.89	0.01	0.75
Against property	100.00	69.34	54.06	28.85	4.32	16.73	4.16	14.60	0.68	30.66	30.03	0.38	0.01	0.24
On the high seas	100.00	100.00	50.00	25.00	.....	25.00	.....	50.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Miscellaneous	100.00	61.17	43.14	23.29	3.13	12.27	4.45	12.85	5.18	38.83	37.60	1.17	.....	0.06
FEMALE.														
All offenses	100.00	68.95	36.15	14.62	2.37	13.04	6.12	32.21	0.59	31.05	30.79	0.01	0.01	0.24
Against the government	100.00	87.50	50.00	18.75	12.50	18.75	.....	37.50	.....	12.50	12.50	.....	.....	.....
Against society	100.00	81.86	41.02	15.03	2.61	16.78	6.60	40.63	0.21	18.14	17.82	0.03	0.03	0.26
Against the person	100.00	43.64	28.57	16.36	1.69	5.58	4.94	14.29	0.78	56.36	56.10	.....	.....	0.26
Against property	100.00	50.49	28.30	12.83	2.26	8.00	5.21	21.28	0.91	49.51	49.43	.....	.....	0.08
Miscellaneous	100.00	56.28	30.30	13.20	1.51	8.66	6.93	23.38	2.60	43.72	43.29	.....	.....	0.43

Certain crimes seem to prevail in certain localities. Offenses against the currency are more common in the north, and, so far as the number of prisoners is an indication, so are offenses against the election laws. Much the larger part of offenses against the postal laws are committed in the north; against the revenue laws in the south. The tables would warrant the inference that offenses against military law are nearly all in the North Central and Western divisions, but this is because the military prisons are in these divisions. The South Central division shows a relatively large number of convictions for perjury and false swearing. Nearly all the convictions for polygamy are in the Western division. The great majority of prosecutions for sexual misconduct are at the north; for gambling, in the south. The illegal sale of liquor seems to be more vigorously prosecuted in the west than in the east; more than four-fifths of the prosecutions for drunkenness are in the North Atlantic division, and nearly one-third of them in the state of Massachusetts. Four-fifths of all the prosecutions for disorderly conduct are in

the north; three-fifths of those for carrying concealed weapons are in the South Central division; nearly two-thirds of those for riot in the South Atlantic. More than half the vagrants in prison are in the northern states. One-half of all the homicides are in the south, and nearly two-thirds of those charged with murder. More than two-thirds of those charged with murder and manslaughter are in the west. The percentages of murder and manslaughter in the south are large. More than one-tenth of all the homicides are found in Texas. More than one-tenth of those charged with rape are found in New York. Assaults with weapons are especially common in the Western division; nearly one-half of the charges for assault and battery occur in the North Atlantic division. Arson is an offense peculiarly prevalent in the south; burglary, at the north. About one-fifth of all the burglaries are in the state of New York. Highway robbery appears to be a western crime. More than one-half of all the thefts are in the North Central and South Central divisions, though the state of New York contains about one-sixth of the entire number. Larceny of horses is peculiarly prevalent in the South Central division; more than one-half of all charged with this crime are found in Texas. The North Atlantic division contains more than one-half of those charged with receiving stolen goods. Forgery is most common in the North Central and South Central divisions. Very nearly one-third of all the women held in custody for offenses against society are found in New York, and nearly one-sixth in Massachusetts. The number of men in prison for adultery is 272; of women, 118. The number of men charged with keeping disorderly houses is 116; of women, 155. More than one-fifth as many women are arrested for drunkenness as men, and about two-fifths as many for disorderly conduct.

There are 26 women in prison for robbery and 71 for burglary.

DOUBLE CRIMES.

Table 49 shows the number of male prisoners arraigned on double, triple, and quadruple charges, by states and territories.

Table 50 shows like facts for female prisoners.

Table 51 shows the number of male prisoners arraigned on double, triple, and quadruple charges, by color, nativity, and race.

Table 52 shows like facts for female prisoners.

Table 53 shows the number of prisoners arraigned on double charges, with the number arraigned on each charge, and the character of the combinations in detail.

The number of male prisoners arraigned on double charges is 3,228; of female prisoners, 82; total, 3,310.

In addition to these, 137 male prisoners have been arraigned on triple charges and 2 on quadruple charges, making an aggregate of 3,449 for both sexes.

This statement is necessary in order to show the agreement between the number of prisoners and the number of offenses charged. In case of an indictment for two offenses, such as public intoxication and assault, murder and rape, or burglary and larceny, a selection would otherwise have to be made between the offenses charged, or the number of offenses would exceed the number of prisoners by 3,590.

There are 5 states and territories in which no prisoners have been convicted or arrested upon any but single charges: Delaware, North Dakota, South Dakota, Wyoming, and Arizona; but in some states a large number are incarcerated upon multiple charges; for instance, in Pennsylvania, 457; in Texas, 328; in Missouri, 325; in Ohio, 315; in Illinois, 295; in South Carolina, 223.

More than one-third of the double charges are brought against negro prisoners, namely, 1,224 out of 3,449.

In the arrangement of the list as complete conformity as possible to the general list has been observed, but it is not possible in Tables 49 and 52 to keep all offenses of one description together. For instance, in Tables 49 and 51 the burglars are divided into between 60 and 70 groups, such as resistance to officer and burglary, perjury and burglary, aiding escape of prisoner and burglary, breaking jail and burglary.

In order to show the total number of prisoners charged with each offense separately, Table 53 has been prepared, which is a cross table like a multiplication table, in which the offenses are named singly both at the top and at the side of the page, and the number of double offenses of each group is found at the intersection of the line and the corresponding column. This will be understood by reference to page 272, where, by looking across line 99, "burglary", to the third column, "grand larceny", the figure 221 will be found, which indicates that the number of male prisoners charged with burglary and grand larceny is 221. The same figure will be found on page 271, in the column for "burglary", in line 116, "grand larceny". It was intended to print this table in a single sheet, but on account of its size it has been broken into pages. The upper half of the table occupies pages 254 to 263, and the lower half pages 264 to 273. At the bottom of each page in the upper half will be found a note, showing upon what page to look for the connecting section of the table. The lines have been added and also the columns, and it will be observed that the figures representing the total number in each line and column correspond. Thus on page 254 the total number of offenses against society, which is 614, will be found in the first column, and on page 255 the same figure will be found in the top line.

The triple and quadruple charges could not be shown on this cross table. The number of double charges included is 6,620, of which 16 are against the government, 614 against society, 352 against the person, 5,617 against property, and 21 miscellaneous.

Of the 16 against the government, 2 are combined with offenses against society, 2 against the person, 9 against property, and 3 miscellaneous.

Of the 614 against society, 2 are combined with offenses against the government, 392 against society, 98 against the person, 120 against property, and 2 miscellaneous.

Of the 352 against the person, 2 are combined with offenses against the government, 98 with those against society, 32 against the person, 215 with those against property, and 5 miscellaneous.

Of the 5,617 against property, 9 are combined with offenses against the government, 120 with those against society, 215 with those against the person, 5,262 with those against property, and 11 miscellaneous.

Of the 21 miscellaneous, 3 are combined with offenses against the government, 2 with those against society, 5 with those against the person, and 11 against property.

Thus it will be seen that of the 6,620 double charges included in this table, 5,262, or four-fifths, are double attacks upon property, 2,223 of them include burglary in some of its forms, and 2,864 include some form of larceny.

PARENTAGE OF WHITE PRISONERS.

Table 54 shows the birthplaces of the fathers, and Table 56 shows the birthplaces of the mothers, of 57,310 white prisoners, by sex and nativity.

Table 55, combining Tables 54 and 56, but placed between them for convenience of binding, contains the same figures except those showing each sex separately, arranged like a multiplication table, so as to show the character of the marital unions between the parents (*a*) of white foreigners, whether of the same or different nationalities, and, incidentally, the admixture of blood resulting from such unions. The birthplaces of the fathers are given horizontally and the birthplaces of the mothers perpendicularly. The number at the intersection of any line and any column is the number of marital unions between persons of the two nationalities represented by the line and the column aforesaid. For instance, looking along the top line (English Canada) until the reader arrives at the fifth column (French Canada) he will find the figure 7, which denotes that 7 French Canadian men married 7 English Canadian women. On looking down the fourth column (English Canada) until he arrives at the fifth line (French Canada) he will find the figure 1, which means that 1 English Canadian man married 1 French Canadian woman. The diagonal row of figures from left to right shows the number of those who have married into their own nationality, as 1,774 English Canadians, 147 French Canadians, 3 British Americans. The figures in the left hand upper corner are a partial summary of the general result, but the figures for the unknown, or not stated, at the right hand side and at the bottom of the table, must be added. For convenience of reference, this summary is here reproduced:

NATIVITY OF PARENTS.		FATHERS.			
		Total.	Native born.	Foreign born.	Nativity unknown.
MOTHERS.	Total	57,310	22,504	30,351	4,455
	Native born	23,228	21,037	1,705	486
	Foreign born	29,802	1,176	28,533	93
	Nativity unknown	4,280	291	113	3,876

According to the foregoing summary, 21,037 native men have married native women, 1,176 native men have married foreign women, 1,705 native women have married foreign men, and 28,533 foreign men have married foreign women. Of the 2,881 prisoners with one native and one foreign parent, the number of those who have foreign fathers exceeds the number of those who have foreign mothers by 529; or, to put it in another way, two-fifths have each a native father and three-fifths have each a native mother.

a See footnote on page 27.

FOREIGN WHITE PRISONERS.

The following table exhibits, in the second column, the nationality of foreign white prisoners. The first column contains the corresponding figures for the population at large, and the third shows the number of prisoners in each million of the population of the same race and nationality.

NATIONALITIES.	FOREIGN BORN WHITES.		
	Population.	Prisoners.	
		Numbers.	Ratios.
Total	9,121,867	15,932	1,747
America	1,071,419	2,251	2,101
Canada and Newfoundland	973,488	1,583	1,626
Mexico	76,457	604	7,900
Central America	1,046	2	1,912
South America	4,619	28	6,062
West Indies	15,809	28	1,771
America, not specified	.....	6	.....
Europe	8,027,276	13,531	1,686
England	907,259	1,918	2,114
Scotland	242,197	479	1,978
Wales	100,065	89	889
Great Britain, not specified	946	.....	.....
Ireland	1,871,339	5,559	2,971
Austria	123,185	173	1,404
Belgium	22,629	26	1,149
Bohemia	118,097	36	305
Denmark	132,523	113	853
France	113,028	279	2,468
Germany	2,784,693	2,965	1,065
Greece	1,877	16	8,524
Holland	81,821	61	746
Hungary	62,409	130	2,083
Italy	182,342	568	3,115
Luxemburg	2,881	.....	.....
Europe—Continued.			
Norway	322,660	208	645
Poland	147,416	149	1,011
Portugal	15,654	9	575
Russia	182,614	209	1,144
Spain	6,020	27	4,485
Sweden	478,024	348	728
Switzerland	104,060	154	1,480
Turkey	1,823	6	3,291
Atlantic islands	9,170	3	327
Europe, not specified	12,544	6	478
Asia	6,680	29	4,341
China	2,070	4	1,932
India	2,045	4	1,956
Japan	379	2	5,277
Asia, not specified	2,186	19	8,692
Africa	1,535	6	3,909
Australia	5,938	67	11,283
Polynesia	3,070	14	4,560
Pacific islands	1,958	12	6,129
Sandwich Islands	1,112	2	1,799
Born at sea	5,484	34	6,200
Other countries	465	.....	.....

Countries which have but a small number of prisoners have here been grouped, but the details will be found, by any one who desires to enter into the matter more closely, in Table 56.

Relative to the total number of white immigrants from each country, Australia furnishes the largest number of prisoners, equivalent to 11,283 in a million; then Asia (not specified), 8,692 in a million; Greece, 8,524; Mexico, 7,900; born at sea, 6,200; the Pacific islands, 6,129; South America, 6,062; Japan, 5,277; Spain, 4,485; Africa, 3,909; Turkey, 3,291; Italy, 3,115; Ireland, 2,971; France, 2,468; England, 2,114; Hungary, 2,083; Scotland, 1,978; India, 1,956; China, 1,932; Central America, 1,912; Sandwich Islands, 1,799; West Indies, 1,771; Canada and Newfoundland, 1,626; Switzerland, 1,480; Austria, 1,404; Belgium, 1,149; Russia, 1,144; Germany, 1,065; Poland, 1,011; Wales, 889; Denmark, 853; Holland, 746; Sweden, 728; Norway, 645; Portugal, 575; Europe (not specified), 478; Atlantic islands, 327; and Bohemia, 305.

Grouping countries of similar general race characteristics, the figures are as follows:

CLASSIFICATION OF COUNTRIES.	FOREIGN BORN WHITES.		
	Population.	Prisoners.	
		Numbers.	Ratio to 1,000,000.
Total	9,121,867	15,932	1,747
North and South America	1,071,419	2,251	2,101
Great Britain and Ireland	3,121,806	8,045	2,577
Germanic nations	3,119,269	3,379	1,083
Scandinavian nations	933,207	669	717
Slav nations	510,536	524	1,026
Latin nations	318,921	899	2,819
All other nations	46,709	165	3,533

NATIVE WHITE PRISONERS.

Of 40,471 native white prisoners (38,156 male and 2,315 female), 21,037 (20,101 male and 936 female) had a native father and a native mother; 12,601 (11,766 male and 835 female) had both parents foreign; 2,881 (2,729 male and 152 female) had one native and one foreign parent; the parentage of 3,952 (3,560 male and 392 female), as to one or both parents, is unknown.

Omitting those whose parentage is unknown in whole or in part, the percentage of native whites with both parents native is 57.61; with both parents foreign, 34.50; with mixed parentage, 7.89.

Between the native whites with native parents and the foreign whites with foreign parents is found a mixed element, which includes:

(1) Prisoners born in the United States, both of whose parents were foreign born.

(2) Prisoners born in the United States with one parent foreign and the other native.

(1) ONE PARENT FOREIGN.—The number of white prisoners born in the United States with one native and one foreign parent is 2,881 (2,729 male and 152 female). Of these 2,881, those with native fathers number 1,176 (1,114 male and 62 female) and those with native mothers 1,705 (1,615 male and 90 female). Both these groups are combined in the following statement. The first column shows the number of foreign parents in the aggregate and of each nationality, the second that of foreign fathers, the third that of foreign mothers.

BIRTHPLACES OF FOREIGN PARENTS.	Total.	Foreign fathers.	Foreign mothers.
Total	2,881	1,705	1,176
America	345	181	164
Canada (English)	278	141	137
Canada (French)	14	8	6
Chile	2	.....	2
Cuba	4	2	2
Jamaica	1	1	.....
Mexico	41	27	14
West Indies, not specified	1	.....	1
South America, not specified	2	1	1
America, not specified	2	1	1
Europe	2,513	1,514	999
England	449	298	151
Scotland	191	123	68
Wales	35	23	12
Ireland	1,276	687	589
Austria	4	1	3
Bohemia	1	1	.....
Denmark	3	2	1
France	91	59	32
Europe—Continued.			
Germany	394	266	128
Holland	5	2	3
Italy	5	3	2
Norway	5	5	.....
Poland	1	1	.....
Portugal	2	2	.....
Prussia	5	4	1
Russia	3	3	.....
Spain	22	15	7
Sweden	7	7	.....
Switzerland	10	9	1
Europe, not specified	4	3	1
Asia	2	1	1
East Indies	1	1	.....
Jerusalem	1	.....	1
Africa—Algiers	1	.....	1
Australia	8	3	5
Born at sea	12	6	6

(2) BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN.—The number of white prisoners born in the United States with both parents foreign is 12,601 (11,766 male and 835 female). Of these 12,601, the number of those with parents of the same nationality is 11,327 (10,574 male and 753 female), and of those with parents of different nationalities, 1,274 (1,192 male and 82 female).

The 11,327 who compose the first of these two groups, that is, native whites with foreign parents of the same nationality, are distributed by birthplaces of parents, as follows:

BIRTHPLACES OF FOREIGN PARENTS.	Total.	Male.	Female.
Total prisoners	11,327	10,574	753
America	461	438	23
Canada (English)	293	271	22
Canada (French)	48	47	1
Chile	2	2	.....
Cuba	2	2	.....
Jamaica	1	1	.....
Mexico	114	114	.....
West Indies, not specified	1	1	.....
Europe	10,855	10,125	730
England	590	546	44
Scotland	240	223	17
Wales	46	44	2
Ireland	7,935	7,359	576
Austria	16	16	.....
Bavaria	1	1	.....
Belgium	5	4	1
Bohemia	5	5	.....
Denmark	6	6	.....
Finland	2	2	.....
France	107	104	3
Germany	1,709	1,625	84
Europe—Continued.			
Holland	13	13	.....
Hungary	1	1	.....
Italy	33	32	1
Norway	31	31	.....
Poland	19	19	.....
Portugal	7	7	.....
Prussia	5	5	.....
Russia	16	16	.....
Scandinavia, not specified	4	4	.....
Spain	4	4	.....
Sweden	32	30	2
Switzerland	25	25	.....
Western Islands	3	3	.....
Asia	4	4	.....
Arabia	1	1	.....
East Indies	1	1	.....
Egypt	1	1	.....
India	1	1	.....
Australia	6	6	.....
Polynesia—Fiji Islands	1	1	.....

The number of parents (*a*) represented in the foregoing statement is double that of their criminal offspring, namely, 22,654, of whom 21,148 are parents of male, and 1,506 are parents of female, prisoners.

a See footnote on page 24.

The parentage of 1,274 who compose the second group, that is, of native whites with foreign parents of different nationalities, are shown in the following statement, which is arranged to exhibit the character of the marital unions (*a*) and the consequent admixture of blood:

BIRTHPLACES OF FOREIGN MOTHERS. — NATIONALITIES.	BIRTHPLACES OF FOREIGN FATHERS. Total prisoners.	America.	Canada, English.	Canada, French.	Brazil.	Cuba.	Mexico.	Europe.	England.	Scotland.	Wales.	Ireland.	Austria.	Azore Islands.	Bavaria.	Belgium.	Corsica.	Denmark.
Total prisoners	1,274	96	77	11	1	5	2	1,169	288	196	22	341	4	1	2	2	1	5
America	145	9	1	7		1		136	28	13		73						
Canada (English)	134	8		7		1		126	27	12		70						
Canada (French)	7	1	1					6	1			2						
Mexico	3							3		1		1						
South America	1							1										
Europe	1,121	87	76	4	1	4	2	1,027	259	183	22	266	4	1	2	2	1	5
England	226	14	13	1				211		46	7	118						2
Scotland	159	8	7			1		151	36		2	92					1	2
Wales	14							14	7	1		5						
Ireland	484	57	51	3		2	1	423	171	118	10		1	1		1		
Austria	3							3	2									
Bavaria	1							1										
Belgium	2							2				1						
Bohemia	1							1				1						
Denmark	3							3	1			1						
France	79	2	1				1	76	16	7	2	19						
Germany	113	5	3		1	1		108	22	10	1	25	2		1	1		1
Greece	1							1										
Holland	8							8	1						1			
Italy	4							4										
Norway	2							2	1									
Portugal	1							1				1						
Prussia	2							2					1					
Russia	2							2										
Spain	9							8	2	1		2						
Sweden	1							1				1						
Switzerland	6	1	1					5										
Africa	2							1	1									
Australia and New Zealand	6							5				2						

BIRTHPLACES OF FOREIGN MOTHERS. — NATIONALITIES.	BIRTHPLACES OF FOREIGN FATHERS—continued. France.	Germany.	Holland.	Italy.	Norway.	Poland.	Portugal.	Prussia.	Russia.	Scandinavia, not specified.	Spain.	Sweden.	Switzerland.	Turkey.	China	Australia and New Zealand.	Born at sea.
Total prisoners	89	159	8	10	2	2	2	4	3	2	10	6	9	1	3	3	3
America	12	9	1														
Canada (English)	8	8	1														
Canada (French)	3																
Mexico		1															
South America	1																
Europe	77	149	7	8	2	2	2	4	3	2	10	6	9	1	2	2	3
England	13	23		2												1	
Scotland	3	10			1						2	1	1				
Wales													1				
Ireland	25	79		4	1		1	1		2	3	3	2		2	1	1
Austria		1															
Bavaria								1									
Belgium	1																
Bohemia																	
Denmark	1																
France		25		1			1	1	1		3						1
Germany	27		6			2		1	2		1	1	5				
Greece														1			
Holland	2	3		1													
Italy	2	1									1						
Norway												1					
Portugal																	
Prussia	1																
Russia		2															
Spain	2	1															1
Sweden																	
Switzerland		4	1														
Africa																1	
Australia and New Zealand		1		2											1		

a See footnote on page 27.

(3) BIRTHPLACE OF ONE OR BOTH PARENTS UNKNOWN.—The number of white prisoners the birthplace of one or both of whose parents is unknown is 3,952 (3,560 male and 392 female).

These 3,952 may be divided into five groups:

(1) In 2,969 cases (2,646 male and 323 female), the birthplace of both parents is unknown.

(2) In 291 cases (277 male and 14 female), the father is known to have been a native.

(3) In 486 cases (450 male and 36 female), the mother is known to have been a native.

(4) In 113 cases (107 male and 6 female), the father is known to have been foreign born. These 113 fathers were born as follows: in Canada (English), 10; Canada (French), 2; England, 17; Scotland, 6; Wales, 1; Ireland, 54; France, 5; Germany, 15; Prussia, 1; Sweden, 1; East Indies, 1.

(5) In 93 cases (80 male and 13 female), the mother is known to have been foreign born. These 93 mothers were born as follows: in Canada (English), 13; Mexico, 1; England, 9; Scotland, 6; Wales, 1; Ireland, 41; France, 2; Germany, 16; Holland, 2; Scandinavia, 1; Switzerland, 1.

PARENTAGE BY GROUPS OF CRIMES.

Table 57 shows the birthplaces of 114,620 parents (*a*) of 57,310 white prisoners, by groups of crimes. The birthplaces are shown in detail.

The percentage of offenses against property and against society among white prisoners with foreign parents is relatively high and of offenses against the person relatively low, while the reverse statement is true of white prisoners with native parents. The percentage of offenses against the person is greater among prisoners with native parents than among prisoners with foreign parents.

The following summary exhibits the number of parents (*a*) native, foreign, and unknown, whose offspring are charged with the six principal groups of offenses:

OFFENSES.	ALL PARENTS.							
	Numbers.				Percentages.			
	Total.	Native born.	Foreign born.	Unknown.	Total.	Native born.	Foreign born.	Unknown.
All offenses	114,620	45,732	60,153	8,735	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Against the government	3,292	1,207	1,243	842	2.87	2.64	2.07	9.64
Against society	30,924	8,059	20,061	2,204	26.98	18.93	33.35	25.23
Against the person	20,534	9,255	9,938	1,341	17.91	20.24	16.52	15.35
Against property	51,792	23,348	25,295	3,149	45.19	51.05	42.05	36.05
On the high seas	8	2	6	.....	0.01	0.01	0.01	.....
Miscellaneous	8,070	3,261	3,610	1,199	7.04	7.13	6.00	13.73

In addition to the foregoing statement, the following table shows the number of foreign white parents (*a*) of prisoners for each group of offenses charged, by grand divisions, with a subdivision of Europe into Great Britain, Ireland, and Europe (the continent and minor islands):

BIRTHPLACES OF FOREIGN PARENTS.	Total.	GROUPS OF CRIMES.					
		Against the government.	Against society.	Against the person.	Against property.	On the high seas.	Miscellaneous.
Total foreign parents	60,153	1,243	20,061	9,938	25,295	6	3,610
America	6,036	184	1,492	1,060	2,914	.....	386
Great Britain	8,336	178	2,691	1,225	3,746	.....	496
Ireland	29,184	404	12,042	4,046	10,982	2	1,708
Europe (the continent)	16,234	461	3,742	3,535	7,484	4	1,008
Asia	94	10	23	14	45	.....	2
Africa	17	.....	2	3	11	.....	1
Australia and New Zealand	163	4	43	28	81	.....	7
Polynesia	6	.....	.....	4	2	.....	.....
Born at sea	83	2	26	23	30	.....	2

a See footnote on page 24.

Slightly abridged and reduced to percentages, the foregoing statement assumes the following form, from which it appears that the numbers and percentages of parents (*a*) of prisoners from Great Britain and Ireland, especially from Ireland, charged with offenses against society are relatively high, but with offenses against property, relatively low:

BIRTHPLACES OF FOREIGN PARENTS.	Total.	GROUPS OF CRIMES.					
		Against the government.	Against society.	Against the person.	Against property.	On the high seas.	Miscellaneous.
Total	100.00	2.07	33.35	16.52	42.05	0.01	6.00
America	100.00	3.05	24.72	17.56	48.28	.....	6.39
Great Britain	100.00	2.14	32.28	14.69	44.94	.....	5.95
Ireland	100.00	1.39	41.26	13.86	37.63	0.01	5.85
Europe (the continent)	100.00	2.84	23.05	21.78	46.10	0.02	6.21
All other	100.00	4.41	25.89	19.83	46.56	.....	3.31

CONCLUSIONS.

As the result of this minute inquiry into the parental origin of the prisoners of the United States in 1890, the following conclusions are deduced.

The total number of white prisoners is 57,310; they had 114,620 parents (*a*) of both sexes. The distribution of these prisoners and their parents by certain elements of the population, and the number of parents (of both sexes) corresponding to the number of prisoners in each element, are shown in the statement below:

NATIVITY.	PRISONERS.			PARENTS OF—			NATIVITY OF PARENTS.		
	Total white.	Male.	Female.	White prisoners.	Male.	Female.	Native born.	Foreign born.	Unknown.
Total	57,310	52,894	4,416	114,620	105,788	8,832	45,732	60,153	8,735
Native born	40,471	38,156	2,315	80,942	76,312	4,630	45,732	28,289	6,921
Parents native	21,037	20,101	936	42,074	40,202	1,872	42,074	.....	.....
One parent foreign	2,881	2,729	152	5,762	5,458	304	2,881	2,881	.....
Parents foreign	12,601	11,766	835	25,202	23,532	1,670	.....	25,202	.....
One or both parents unknown	3,952	3,560	392	7,904	7,120	784	777	206	6,921
Foreign born	15,932	13,869	2,063	31,864	27,738	4,126	.....	31,864	.....
Nativity unknown	907	869	38	1,814	1,738	76	.....	.....	1,814

Taking into account only the 105,885 parents whose birthplaces are known, the percentage of native parents is 43.19, and of foreign parents, 56.81.

a See footnote on page 24.

The actual nationalities of the 60,153 foreign parents (*a*) of white prisoners, and the number of each nationality, are given in the ensuing table, in which they are classed (by columns) according to the elements of the population to which their criminal offspring belong:

Birthplaces of foreign parents.	White prisoners.				
	Total white.	Foreign born.	Native born.		
			Parents foreign.	One parent foreign.	One or both parents unknown.
Total foreign parents	60,153	31,864	25,202	2,881	206
America	6,036	4,502	1,163	345	26
Canada (English)	4,060	2,962	797	278	23
Canada (French)	328	198	114	14	2
Argentine Republic	4	4			
Barbadoes	2	2			
Brazil	9	8	1		
British Columbia	6	6			
Chile	22	16	4	2	
Cuba	30	20	9	4	
Jamaica	7	4	2	1	
Mexico	1,483	1,208	233	41	1
Panama	2	2			
Peru	6	6			
Trinidad	2	2			
West Indies, not specified	25	22	2	1	
Central America, not specified	2	2			
South America, not specified	25	22	1	2	
America, not specified	14	12		2	
Europe	53,754	27,062	24,000	2,513	179
England	5,937	3,828	1,694	449	26
Scotland	1,996	958	835	191	12
Wales	343	178	128	35	2
Ireland	20,184	11,118	16,695	1,276	95
Austria	359	346	39	4	
Azore Islands	3	2	1		
Bavaria	21	16	5		
Belgium	66	52	14		
Bohemia	84	72	11	1	
Canary Islands	2	2			
Corsica	3	2	1		
Denmark	249	226	20	3	
Finland	80	76	4		
France	1,036	556	382	91	7
Germany	9,987	5,872	3,690	394	31
Gibraltar	2	2			
Greece	33	32	1		
Holland	171	122	42	5	2
Hungary	262	260	2		
Isle of Man	8	8			
Italy	1,209	1,124	80	5	
Malta	6	6			
Europe—Continued.					
Norway	487	416	66	5	
Poland	339	298	40	1	
Portugal	37	18	17	2	
Prussia	64	42	16	5	1
Russia	382	342	37	3	
Scandinavia, not specified	11		10		1
Sicily	6	6			
Spain	101	52	27	22	
Sweden	775	696	71	7	1
Switzerland	384	308	65	10	1
Turkey	13	12	1		
Western Islands	8	2	6		
Europe, not specified	16	12		4	
Asia	94	82	9	2	1
Arabia	26	24	2		
Armenia	2	2			
Asia Minor	2	2			
China	11	8	3		
East Indies, not specified	28	24	2	1	1
India	10	8	2		
Japan	4	4			
Jerusalem	1			1	
Persia	2	2			
Siberia	4	4			
Syria	4	4			
Africa	17	12	4	1	
Algiers	1			1	
Cape of Good Hope	2	2			
Egypt	6	4	2		
South Africa	4	4			
Africa, not specified	4	2	2		
Australia and New Zealand	163	134	21	8	
New South Wales	4	4			
Sale Colony	2	2			
Australia, not specified	144	116	20	8	
New Zealand	13	12	1		
Polynesia	6	4	2		
Fiji Islands	2		2		
Sandwich Islands, not specified	4	4			
Born at sea	83	68	3	12	

a See footnote on page 24.

NATURALIZATION.

Table 58 shows, by geographical divisions, the numbers and percentages of foreign male prisoners who are aliens, or naturalized, or who have, by filing their applications for naturalization, declared their intention to become citizens.

Table 59 shows the same facts by groups of crimes.

Inquiry as to naturalization is confined to male prisoners. (*a*) The total number here given includes 918 foreign white prisoners who are under 21 years of age. It also includes 229 negroes, who are elsewhere classed in this report, for convenience, with the native population, and 414 Chinese.

I.—BY GEOGRAPHICAL DIVISIONS.

GEOGRAPHICAL DIVISIONS.	NUMBERS.				PERCENTAGES.		
	Total.	Aliens.	Naturalized.	Naturalization papers filed.	Aliens.	Naturalized.	Naturalization papers filed.
The United States	14,512	8,651	5,595	266	59.61	38.56	1.83
North Atlantic	7,391	4,522	2,738	131	61.18	37.05	1.77
South Atlantic	280	183	94	3	65.36	33.57	1.07
North Central	3,736	2,059	1,609	68	55.11	43.07	1.82
South Central	863	566	282	15	65.58	32.68	1.74
Western	2,242	1,321	872	49	58.92	38.89	2.19

The percentage of aliens is larger at the south than at the north, and in the east than in the west.

II.—BY ELEMENTS OF THE POPULATION.

COLOR AND RACE.	NUMBERS.				PERCENTAGES.		
	Total.	Aliens.	Naturalized.	Naturalization papers filed.	Aliens.	Naturalized.	Naturalization papers filed.
Total	14,512	8,651	5,595	266	59.61	38.56	1.83
White	13,869	8,066	5,537	266	58.16	39.92	1.92
Negroes	229	172	57	.....	75.11	24.89	.....
Chinese (*b*)	414	413	1	.....	99.75	0.25	.....

III.—BY GROUPS OF CRIMES.

OFFENSES.	NUMBERS.				PERCENTAGES.		
	Total.	Aliens.	Naturalized.	Naturalization papers filed.	Aliens.	Naturalized.	Naturalization papers filed.
All offenses	14,512	8,651	5,595	266	59.61	38.56	1.83
Against the government	445	335	107	3	75.28	24.05	0.67
Against society	4,433	2,313	1,991	129	52.18	44.91	2.91
Against the person	3,181	1,826	1,309	46	57.40	41.15	1.45
Against property	5,576	3,602	1,900	74	64.60	34.07	1.33
On the high seas	2	2	.....	.....	100.00	.....	.....
Miscellaneous	875	573	288	14	65.49	32.91	1.60

Omitting miscellaneous crimes, also offenses on the high seas (which were all charged against aliens), the largest percentage of aliens is found among prisoners charged with offenses against the government, and the smallest among those charged with offenses against society.

Of the total foreign male prisoners, including negroes and Chinamen, only 38.56 per cent have been naturalized, and of foreign white male prisoners, only 39.92 per cent.

a Women and children can be naturalized. See footnote *a*, page 2.

b By enactment of the following provision, naturalization of Chinese ceased: "That hereafter no state court or court of the United States shall admit Chinese to citizenship; and all laws in conflict with this law are hereby repealed." Passed May 6, 1882, Forty-seventh Congress. Supplement to United States Revised Statutes, volume I, second edition, chapter CXXVI, section XIV.

ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH.

Table 60 shows, by geographical divisions and by sex, color, nativity, and race, the numbers and percentages of prisoners who can and who can not speak the English language.

Table 61 shows the same facts by groups of crimes.

Of 82,329 prisoners (75,924 male and 6,405 female), the number who can speak the English language is 80,153 (73,823 male and 6,330 female), and of those who can not speak English it is 2,066 (1,997 male and 69 female). In the remaining 110 cases this question is not answered.

Reduced to percentages, and omitting the 110 not stated, the percentage of men who speak English is 97.37; of women, 98.92; of both sexes, 97.49.

I.—BY GEOGRAPHICAL DIVISIONS.

BOTH SEXES.

GEOGRAPHICAL DIVISIONS.	NUMBERS.				PERCENTAGES. (a)	
	Total.	Speak English.	Do not speak English.	Not stated.	Speak English.	Do not speak English.
The United States	82,329	80,153	2,066	110	97.49	2.51
North Atlantic	28,258	27,565	680	13	97.59	2.41
South Atlantic	11,409	11,384	22	3	99.81	0.19
North Central	19,854	19,582	249	23	98.74	1.26
South Central	16,084	15,554	493	37	96.93	3.07
Western	6,724	6,068	622	34	90.70	9.30
MALE.						
The United States	75,924	73,823	1,997	104	97.37	2.63
North Atlantic	24,883	24,212	661	10	97.34	2.66
South Atlantic	10,505	10,481	21	3	99.80	0.20
North Central	18,873	18,623	229	21	98.79	1.21
South Central	15,131	14,614	481	36	96.81	3.19
Western	6,532	5,898	605	34	90.69	9.31
FEMALE.						
The United States	6,405	6,330	69	6	98.92	1.08
North Atlantic	3,375	3,353	19	3	99.44	0.56
South Atlantic	904	903	1	.....	99.89	0.11
North Central	981	959	20	2	97.96	2.04
South Central	953	940	12	1	98.74	1.26
Western	192	175	17	.....	91.15	8.85

a The percentages are calculated on the total basis of 82,219 reported, omitting 110 not stated.

The largest percentage of prisoners who do not speak English is found in the Western and the smallest in the South Atlantic division. The large percentage in the Western division is explained by the presence of Chinese and Indians.

II.—ENGLISH LANGUAGE, BY ELEMENTS OF THE POPULATION.

BOTH SEXES.

COLOR, NATIVITY, AND RACE.	NUMBERS.				PERCENTAGES. (a)	
	Total.	Speak English.	Do not speak English.	Not stated.	Speak English.	Do not speak English.
Total	82,329	80,153	2,066	110	97.49	2.51
White	57,310	55,604	1,633	73	97.15	2.85
Native born	40,471	40,272	179	20	99.56	0.44
Parents native	21,037	20,927	98	12	99.53	0.47
One parent foreign	2,881	2,868	11	2	99.62	0.38
Parents foreign	12,601	12,541	59	1	99.53	0.47
One or both parents unknown	3,952	3,936	11	5	99.72	0.28
Foreign born	15,932	14,473	1,448	11	90.91	9.09
Nativity unknown	907	859	6	42	99.31	0.69
Colored	25,019	24,549	433	37	98.27	1.73
Negroes	24,277	24,216	27	34	99.89	0.11
Chinese	407	105	299	3	25.99	74.01
Japanese	13	11	2	.....	84.62	15.38
Indians	322	217	105	.....	67.39	32.61
MALE.						
Total	75,924	73,823	1,997	104	97.37	2.63
White	52,894	51,251	1,573	70	97.02	2.98
Native born	38,156	37,971	167	18	99.56	0.44
Parents native	20,101	20,001	88	12	99.56	0.44
One parent foreign	2,729	2,718	11	.....	99.60	0.40
Parents foreign	11,766	11,707	58	1	99.51	0.49
One or both parents unknown	3,560	3,545	10	5	99.72	0.28
Foreign born	13,869	12,458	1,400	11	89.90	10.10
Nativity unknown	869	822	6	41	99.28	0.72
Colored	23,030	22,572	424	34	98.16	1.84
Negroes	22,305	22,249	25	31	99.89	0.11
Chinese	406	105	298	3	26.05	73.95
Japanese	12	10	2	.....	83.33	16.67
Indians	307	208	99	.....	67.75	32.25
FEMALE.						
Total	6,405	6,330	69	6	98.92	1.08
White	4,416	4,353	60	3	98.64	1.36
Native born	2,315	2,301	12	2	99.48	0.52
Parents native	936	926	10	.....	98.93	1.07
One parent foreign	152	150	.....	2	100.00	.....
Parents foreign	835	834	1	.....	99.88	0.12
One or both parents unknown	392	391	1	.....	99.74	0.26
Foreign born	2,063	2,015	48	.....	97.67	2.33
Nativity unknown	38	37	.....	1	100.00	.....
Colored	1,989	1,977	9	3	99.55	0.45
Negroes	1,972	1,967	2	3	99.90	0.10
Chinese	1	.....	1	.....	.....	100.00
Japanese	1	1	.....	.....	100.00	.....
Indians	15	9	6	.....	60.00	40.00

a The percentages are calculated on the total basis of 82,219 reported, omitting 110 not stated.

The percentage of women who do not speak English is less than half that of men. In the case of foreign whites it is about one-fourth.

III.—ENGLISH LANGUAGE, BY GROUPS OF CRIMES.

BOTH SEXES.

OFFENSES.	NUMBERS.				PERCENTAGES. (a)	
	Total.	Speak English.	Do not speak English.	Not stated.	Speak English.	Do not speak English.
All offenses	82,329	80,153	2,066	110	97.49	2.51
Against the government	1,839	1,770	69	.....	96.25	3.75
Against society	18,865	18,526	320	19	98.30	1.70
Against the person	17,281	16,538	715	28	95.86	4.14
Against property	37,707	36,917	760	30	97.99	2.01
On the high seas	4	3	1	.....	75.00	25.00
Miscellaneous	6,633	6,399	201	33	96.95	3.05
MALE.						
All offenses	75,924	73,823	1,997	104	97.37	2.63
Against the government	1,823	1,758	65	.....	96.43	3.57
Against society	15,033	14,721	293	19	98.05	1.95
Against the person	16,511	15,788	695	28	95.78	4.22
Against property	36,382	35,601	752	29	97.93	2.07
On the high seas	4	3	1	.....	75.00	25.00
Miscellaneous	6,171	5,952	191	28	96.89	3.11
FEMALE.						
All offenses	6,405	6,330	69	6	98.92	1.08
Against the government	16	12	4	.....	75.00	25.00
Against society	3,832	3,805	27	.....	99.30	0.70
Against the person	770	750	20	.....	97.40	2.60
Against property	1,325	1,316	8	1	99.40	0.60
Miscellaneous	462	447	10	5	97.81	2.19

a The percentages are calculated on the total basis of 82,219 reported, omitting 110 not stated.

AGE.

I.—INDIVIDUAL AGES.

(1) BY SEX.—Table 62 shows the individual ages of prisoners, by states and territories.

Tables 63 and 64 show the same facts by sex.

The following statement exhibits the number in each quinquennial period of life under 100 years, and the percentage of each sex in each period:

QUINQUENNIAL PERIODS.	NUMBERS.			PERCENTAGES.		EXCESS.	
	Prisoners.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.
Total	81,216	74,860	6,356	92.17	7.83	84.34	.....
Under 5 years	20	5	15	25.00	75.00	.....	50.00
5-9 years	26	23	3	88.46	11.54	76.92	.....
10-14 years	665	604	61	90.83	9.17	81.66	.....
15-19 years	8,984	8,190	794	91.16	8.84	82.32	.....
20-24 years	19,705	18,358	1,347	93.16	6.84	86.32	.....
25-29 years	16,348	15,354	994	93.92	6.08	87.84	.....
30-34 years	11,078	10,366	712	93.57	6.43	87.14	.....
35-39 years	8,329	7,592	737	91.15	8.85	82.30	.....
40-44 years	5,519	4,953	566	89.74	10.26	79.48	.....
45-49 years	4,045	3,637	408	89.91	10.09	79.82	.....
50-54 years	2,813	2,506	307	89.09	10.91	78.18	.....
55-59 years	1,611	1,462	149	90.75	9.25	81.50	.....
60-64 years	1,102	959	143	87.02	12.98	74.04	.....
65-69 years	535	476	59	88.97	11.03	77.94	.....
70-74 years	255	221	34	86.67	13.33	73.34	.....
75-79 years	122	105	17	86.07	13.93	72.14	.....
80-84 years	35	31	4	88.57	11.43	77.14	.....
85-89 years	15	15	.....	100.00	.....	100.00	.....
90-94 years	9	3	6	33.33	66.67	.....	33.34

The only ages at which the percentage of excess upon the male side exceeds the average for the entire number of male prisoners are from 20 to 35 years and from 84 to 90 years. In later life, generally speaking, the tendency to crime is relatively greater among women, but in early and middle life among men.

(2) INDIVIDUAL AGES BY GEOGRAPHICAL DIVISIONS.—Another statement has been prepared, which shows the distribution of ages by sex, by decennial periods, and by geographical divisions, with the ratios for each period to 1,000,000 prisoners in each division:

BOTH SEXES.

DECENNIAL PERIODS.	NUMBERS.						RATIOS TO 1,000,000.					
	The United States.	Geographical divisions.					The United States.	Geographical divisions.				
		North Atlantic.	South Atlantic.	North Central.	South Central.	Western.		North Atlantic.	South Atlantic.	North Central.	South Central.	Western.
Total	81,216	28,192	11,258	19,580	15,630	6,556	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
Under 10 years	46	29	9	4	3	1	566	1,029	799	204	192	153
10-19 years	9,649	2,764	2,090	1,998	2,360	437	118,807	98,042	185,646	102,043	150,992	66,656
20-29 years	36,053	11,600	5,315	8,744	7,797	2,597	443,915	411,464	472,109	446,578	498,848	396,126
30-39 years	19,407	7,075	2,147	4,974	3,265	1,946	238,955	250,958	190,709	254,035	208,893	296,827
40-49 years	9,564	3,965	1,013	2,309	1,333	944	117,760	140,643	89,980	117,926	85,285	143,990
50-59 years	4,424	1,882	443	1,040	613	446	54,472	66,756	39,350	53,116	39,219	68,029
60-69 years	1,637	688	187	404	200	158	20,156	24,404	16,610	20,633	12,796	24,109
70-79 years	377	164	49	100	42	22	4,642	5,817	4,353	5,107	2,687	3,356
80-89 years	50	23	5	5	12	5	616	816	444	256	768	763
90-99 years	9	2	.....	2	5	.....	111	71	.....	102	320	.....

MALE.

Total	74,860	24,825	10,369	18,607	14,694	6,365	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
Under 10 years	28	16	7	1	3	1	374	645	675	54	204	157
10-19 years	8,794	2,480	1,885	1,856	2,150	423	117,473	99,899	181,792	99,747	146,318	66,457
20-29 years	33,712	10,564	4,894	8,368	7,356	2,530	450,334	425,539	471,984	449,723	500,612	397,486
30-39 years	17,958	6,172	2,007	4,768	3,120	1,891	239,888	248,620	193,558	256,247	212,332	297,094
40-49 years	8,590	3,315	939	2,177	1,253	906	114,747	133,535	90,558	116,999	85,273	142,341
50-59 years	3,968	1,579	418	963	574	434	53,006	63,605	40,313	51,755	39,064	68,185
60-69 years	1,435	547	170	379	186	153	19,169	22,034	16,395	20,369	12,658	24,038
70-79 years	326	131	44	90	39	22	4,355	5,277	4,243	4,837	2,654	3,456
80-89 years	46	20	5	4	12	5	614	806	482	215	817	786
90-99 years	3	1	.....	1	1	.....	40	40	.....	54	68	.....

FEMALE.

Total	6,356	3,367	889	973	936	191	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
Under 10 years	18	13	2	3	.....	.....	2,832	3,861	2,250	3,083	.....	.....
10-19 years	855	284	205	142	210	14	134,519	84,348	230,596	145,940	224,359	73,299
20-29 years	2,341	1,036	421	376	441	67	368,313	307,693	473,566	386,434	471,154	350,785
30-39 years	1,449	903	140	206	145	55	227,974	268,191	157,480	211,716	154,915	287,958
40-49 years	974	650	74	132	80	38	153,241	193,050	83,240	135,663	85,470	198,953
50-59 years	456	303	25	77	39	12	71,743	89,991	28,121	79,137	41,667	62,827
60-69 years	202	141	17	25	14	5	31,781	41,877	19,123	25,694	14,957	26,178
70-79 years	51	33	5	10	3	.....	8,024	9,801	5,624	10,277	3,205	.....
80-89 years	4	3	.....	1	.....	.....	629	891	.....	1,028	.....	.....
90-99 years	6	1	.....	1	4	.....	944	297	.....	1,028	4,273	.....

A glance at the foregoing table is sufficient to observe the comparative youth of prisoners at the south. More than one-half of all prisoners are between 10 and 30 years of age; in the south very nearly two-thirds fall within these two decades; in the west less than one-half. The numbers in a million are, in the South Atlantic division, 657,755; in the South Central, 649,840; in the North Central, 548,621; in the North Atlantic, 509,506; in the Western, 462,782.

The ratios for male prisoners to the million in the North Atlantic and North Central divisions are larger than the corresponding ratios for female prisoners; but in the South Atlantic, South Central, and Western divisions the reverse is true, especially in the Western division.

(3) INDIVIDUAL AGES BY ELEMENTS OF THE POPULATION.—Table 65 shows the individual ages of prisoners, by color, nativity, and race.

Tables 66 and 67 show the same facts by sex.

The following is a summary, by decennial periods, with ratios for each period to 1,000,000 prisoners of each element of the population:

NUMBERS.

BOTH SEXES.

DECENNIAL PERIODS.	Aggregate.	WHITE.								COLORED.			
		Total white.	Native born.					Foreign born.	Nativity unknown.	Total colored.	Negroes.	Chinese.	Indians.
			Total.	Parents native.	One parent foreign.	Parents foreign.	One or both parents unknown.						
Total	81,216	56,746	40,386	20,991	2,878	12,596	3,921	15,893	467	24,470	23,753	402	315
Under 10 years	46	32	29	18	2	3	6	3	.....	14	12	1	1
10-19 years	9,649	5,263	4,565	2,172	364	1,422	607	641	57	4,386	4,328	16	42
20-29 years	36,053	23,743	18,642	9,104	1,436	6,277	1,825	4,900	201	12,310	12,061	85	164
30-39 years	19,407	14,699	10,349	5,329	681	3,411	928	4,242	108	4,708	4,456	178	74
40-49 years	9,564	7,701	4,343	2,672	253	1,058	360	3,302	56	1,863	1,759	80	24
50-59 years	4,424	3,608	1,732	1,158	100	347	132	1,848	28	816	776	32	8
60-69 years	1,637	1,348	568	428	31	59	50	763	17	289	278	10	1
70-79 years	377	309	143	104	10	18	11	166	.....	68	67	.....	1
80-89 years	59	39	15	11	1	1	2	24	.....	11	11	.....	.....
90-99 years	9	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4	.....	5	5	.....	.....

MALE.

Total	74,860	52,346	38,075	20,058	2,726	11,761	3,530	13,837	434	22,514	21,814	400	300
Under 10 years	28	18	16	14	.....	.....	2	2	.....	10	9	1	.....
10-19 years	8,794	4,879	4,227	2,033	348	1,344	502	599	53	3,915	3,860	16	39
20-29 years	33,712	22,395	17,713	8,742	1,378	5,932	1,661	4,492	190	11,317	11,075	84	158
30-39 years	17,958	13,531	9,737	5,084	637	3,154	862	3,695	99	4,427	4,178	177	72
40-49 years	8,590	6,863	4,068	2,567	234	941	326	2,744	51	1,727	1,626	80	21
50-59 years	3,968	3,196	1,623	1,097	90	318	118	1,547	26	772	732	32	8
60-69 years	1,435	1,166	542	410	30	55	47	609	15	269	258	10	1
70-79 years	326	261	134	100	8	16	10	127	.....	65	64	.....	1
80-89 years	46	35	15	11	1	1	2	20	.....	11	11	.....	.....
90-99 years	3	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	1	1	.....	.....

FEMALE.

Total	6,356	4,400	2,311	933	152	835	391	2,056	33	1,956	1,939	2	15
Under 10 years	18	14	13	4	2	3	4	1	.....	4	3	.....	1
10-19 years	855	384	338	139	16	78	105	42	4	471	468	.....	3
20-29 years	2,341	1,348	929	362	58	345	164	408	11	993	986	1	6
30-39 years	1,449	1,168	612	245	44	257	66	547	9	281	278	1	2
40-49 years	974	838	275	105	19	117	34	558	5	136	133	.....	3
50-59 years	456	412	109	56	10	29	14	301	2	44	44	.....	.....
60-69 years	202	182	26	18	1	4	3	154	2	20	20	.....	.....
70-79 years	51	48	9	4	2	2	1	39	.....	3	3	.....	.....
80-89 years	4	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
90-99 years	6	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	4	4	.....	.....

RATIOS TO 1,000,000.

BOTH SEXES.

DECENNIAL PERIODS.	Aggregate.	WHITE.								COLORED.			
		Total white.	Native born.					Foreign born.	Nativity unknown.	Total colored.	Negroes.	Chinese.	Indians.
			Total.	Parents native.	One parent foreign.	Parents foreign.	One or both parents unknown.						
Total	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
Under 10 years	566	564	718	857	695	238	1,530	189	.....	572	505	2,487	3,175
10-19 years	118,807	92,747	113,034	103,473	126,477	112,893	154,808	40,332	122,056	179,240	182,200	39,801	133,333
20-29 years	443,915	418,408	461,596	433,710	498,958	498,333	465,443	308,312	430,407	503,065	507,767	211,443	520,635
30-39 years	238,955	259,031	256,252	253,871	236,623	270,800	236,674	266,910	231,263	192,399	187,597	442,786	234,920
40-49 years	117,760	135,710	107,537	127,293	87,908	83,995	91,813	207,764	119,914	76,134	74,054	199,005	76,190
50-59 years	54,472	63,582	42,886	54,928	34,746	27,549	33,665	116,278	59,957	33,347	32,670	79,602	25,397
60-69 years	20,156	23,755	14,064	20,390	10,771	4,684	12,752	48,008	36,403	11,810	11,704	24,876	3,175
70-79 years	4,642	5,445	3,541	4,954	3,475	1,429	2,805	10,445	.....	2,779	2,821	.....	3,175
80-89 years	616	687	372	524	347	79	510	1,510	.....	450	463	.....	.....
90-99 years	111	71	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	252	.....	204	210	.....	.....

MALE.

Total	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
Under 10 years	374	344	420	698	.....	.....	567	145	.....	444	413	2,500	.....
10-19 years	117,473	93,207	111,018	101,356	127,660	114,276	142,209	43,290	122,120	173,892	176,951	40,000	130,000
20-29 years	450,334	427,826	465,213	435,836	505,502	504,379	470,538	324,637	437,788	502,065	507,702	210,000	526,667
30-39 years	239,888	258,492	255,732	253,465	233,676	268,175	244,193	267,037	228,111	196,633	191,528	442,500	240,000
40-49 years	114,747	131,108	106,842	127,979	85,840	80,010	92,351	198,309	117,511	76,708	74,530	200,000	70,000
50-59 years	53,006	61,655	42,627	54,691	33,015	27,039	33,428	111,802	59,908	34,290	33,556	80,000	26,667
60-69 years	19,160	22,275	14,235	20,441	11,005	4,676	13,314	44,012	34,562	11,948	11,827	25,000	3,333
70-79 years	4,355	4,986	3,519	4,986	2,935	1,360	2,833	9,178	.....	2,887	2,934	.....	3,333
80-89 years	614	669	394	548	367	85	567	1,445	.....	489	504	.....	.....
90-99 years	40	38	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	145	.....	44	46	.....	.....

FEMALE.

Total	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
Under 10 years	2,832	3,182	5,625	4,287	13,158	3,593	10,230	486	.....	2,045	1,547	.....	66,667
10-19 years	134,519	87,273	146,257	148,982	105,263	93,413	268,542	20,428	121,212	240,797	241,361	.....	200,000
20-29 years	368,313	300,364	401,991	387,906	381,579	413,174	419,437	198,443	333,334	507,669	508,510	500,000	400,000
30-39 years	227,974	265,454	264,820	262,594	289,474	307,784	168,798	266,051	272,727	143,660	143,373	500,000	133,333
40-49 years	153,241	190,454	118,996	112,540	125,000	140,120	86,956	271,401	151,515	69,530	68,592	.....	200,000
50-59 years	71,743	93,636	47,166	60,621	65,789	34,731	35,806	146,401	60,606	22,495	22,692	.....	.....
60-69 years	31,781	41,364	11,251	19,293	6,579	4,790	7,673	74,903	60,606	10,225	10,315	.....	.....
70-79 years	8,024	10,909	3,894	4,287	13,158	2,395	2,558	18,969	.....	1,534	1,547	.....	.....
80-89 years	629	909	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,945	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
90-99 years	944	455	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	973	.....	2,045	2,063	.....	.....

Confining our attention to prisoners between the ages of 10 and 30 years, the smallest ratio to 1,000,000 of each age group is found among the Chinese, 251,244; next among the foreign whites, 348,644. It was to be anticipated that the least ratios of young criminals would be found in these elements, since the number of juvenile immigrants is restricted by family ties, and the majority of children of immigrants are born in the United States.

Of foreign white male prisoners, 367,927 to 1,000,000 are found within these two decades; of foreign white female prisoners, 218,871.

The preponderating ratios are found among the negroes, 689,976, and the Indians, 653,968.

Of negro male prisoners, 684,653 to 1,000,000 are found within these two decades, but of negro female prisoners, 749,871.

The tendency of the negro to commit crime at an early age, and the predominance of the negro element in the prison population of the south, explain the comparative youth of southern prisoners, to which attention has been called.

(4) INDIVIDUAL AGES BY GROUPS OF CRIMES.—Table 68 shows the individual ages of prisoners, by groups of crimes.

Tables 69 and 70 show the same facts by sex.

The following is a summary, by decennial periods:

BOTH SEXES.

DECENNIAL PERIODS.	NUMBERS.							PERCENTAGES.					
	Total.	Groups of crimes.						Groups of crimes.					
		Against the government.	Against society.	Against the person.	Against property.	On the high seas.	Miscellaneous.	Against the government.	Against society.	Against the person.	Against property.	On the high seas.	Miscellaneous.
Total	81,216	1,834	18,675	17,143	37,436	4	6,124	2.26	22.99	21.11	46.09	0.01	7.54
Under 10 years	46	.....	3	3	8	.....	32	.....	6.52	6.52	17.39	.....	69.57
10-19 years	9,649	69	1,633	1,321	5,800	.....	826	0.72	16.92	13.69	60.11	.....	8.56
20-29 years	36,053	901	6,551	7,285	18,561	1	2,754	2.50	18.17	20.21	51.48	a0.00	7.64
30-39 years	19,407	552	4,917	4,541	7,985	1	1,411	2.84	25.34	23.40	41.14	0.01	7.27
40-49 years	9,564	202	3,185	2,299	3,240	2	636	2.11	33.30	24.04	33.88	0.02	6.65
50-59 years	4,424	78	1,602	1,110	1,335	.....	299	1.76	36.21	25.09	30.18	.....	6.76
60-69 years	1,637	25	630	434	419	.....	129	1.53	38.48	26.51	25.60	.....	7.88
70-79 years	377	6	132	130	75	.....	34	1.59	35.01	34.48	19.90	.....	9.02
80-89 years	50	1	15	20	11	.....	3	2.00	30.00	40.00	22.00	.....	6.00
90-99 years	9	.....	7	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	77.78	.....	22.22	.....	.....

MALE.

Total	74,860	1,818	14,857	16,384	36,118	4	5,679	2.43	19.85	21.88	48.25	0.01	7.58
Under 10 years	28	.....	1	2	8	.....	17	.....	3.57	7.14	28.57	.....	60.72
10-19 years	8,794	67	1,239	1,206	5,506	.....	776	0.76	14.09	13.71	62.61	.....	8.83
20-29 years	33,712	896	5,272	6,968	17,959	1	2,616	2.66	15.64	20.67	53.27	a0.00	7.76
30-39 years	17,958	545	3,948	4,387	7,768	1	1,309	3.03	21.98	24.43	43.26	0.01	7.29
40-49 years	8,590	200	2,514	2,205	3,114	2	555	2.33	29.27	25.67	36.25	0.02	6.46
50-59 years	3,968	78	1,295	1,050	1,283	.....	262	1.97	32.64	26.46	32.33	.....	6.60
60-69 years	1,435	25	476	419	399	.....	116	1.74	33.17	29.20	27.81	.....	8.08
70-79 years	326	6	98	127	69	.....	26	1.84	30.06	38.96	21.17	.....	7.97
80-89 years	46	1	13	20	10	.....	2	2.17	28.26	43.48	21.74	.....	4.35
90-99 years	3	.....	1	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	33.33	.....	66.67	.....	.....

FEMALE.

Total	6,356	16	3,818	759	1,318	.....	445	0.25	60.07	11.94	20.74	.....	7.00
Under 10 years	18	.....	2	1	.....	.....	15	.....	11.11	5.56	.....	.....	83.33
10-19 years	855	2	394	115	294	.....	50	0.23	46.08	13.45	34.39	.....	5.85
20-29 years	2,341	5	1,279	317	602	.....	138	0.21	54.63	13.54	25.72	.....	5.90
30-39 years	1,449	7	969	154	217	.....	102	0.48	66.87	10.63	14.98	.....	7.04
40-49 years	974	2	671	94	126	.....	81	0.20	68.89	9.65	12.94	.....	8.32
50-59 years	456	.....	307	60	52	.....	37	.....	67.33	13.16	11.40	.....	8.11
60-69 years	202	.....	154	15	20	.....	13	.....	76.24	7.43	9.90	.....	6.43
70-79 years	51	.....	34	3	6	.....	8	.....	66.67	5.88	11.76	.....	15.69
80-89 years	4	.....	2	.....	1	.....	1	.....	50.00	.....	25.00	.....	25.00
90-99 years	6	.....	6	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	100.00	.....	.....	.....	.....

a Less than five-thousandths of 1 per cent.

Among prisoners in all periods under 50 years of age, there is a marked tendency to crimes against property. After passing the age of 50, the prevailing tendency is to the commission of offenses against society. This is true of prisoners generally, and of male prisoners in particular, but at all ages the offenses committed by female prisoners are for the most part offenses against society.

The large percentage of miscellaneous offenses charged against boys and girls under 10 years of age is due to the smallness of the total number, owing to the fact that of the 46 cases reported the offense charged was in 32 cases not stated. Of these 32, 25 were under 8 years of age; 20 were under 5 years of age, and were probably children of female prisoners who were not separated from their mothers during the term of incarceration of the latter. This must certainly have been the case with the 7 reported under 1 year of age, and 13 under 2 years. The crimes charged against young children are mainly vagrancy, petit larceny, and malicious mischief.

Of the 46 prisoners under 10 years of age, 10 were found in New York; 9 in New Hampshire; 4 each in New Jersey and the District of Columbia; 3 in Massachusetts; 2 each in Pennsylvania, Virginia, Georgia, Illinois, and Tennessee, and 1 each in Rhode Island, North Carolina, Ohio, Michigan, Mississippi, and Arizona.

It will be observed that the percentage of prisoners charged with crimes against the person increases steadily from the earliest to the highest decade of life. This is probably because crimes against the person include homicide and rape, which are punished by long terms of incarceration, if not for life. The ages of prisoners undergoing sentences do not correspond with the ages at the time of arrest and conviction, but require to be considered in connection with their terms of sentence.

The percentage of prisoners charged with crimes against society tends to increase steadily from one decade to another up to the age of 70, when it begins to decline.

The percentage of prisoners charged with offenses against property diminishes steadily up to the age of 70.

II.—AVERAGE AGES.

Table 71 shows the average ages of prisoners, by states and territories and by color, nativity, and race. Tables 72 and 73 show the same facts by sex.

(1) By geographical divisions and by elements of the population.—The following is a summary of the distribution of average ages in years, by geographical divisions and by sex, color, nativity, and race:

BOTH SEXES.

Geographical divisions.	Aggregate.	White.								Colored.			
		Total white.	Native born.					Foreign born.	Nativity unknown.	Total colored.	Negroes.	Chinese.	Indians.
			Total.	Parents native.	One parent foreign.	Parents foreign.	One or both parents unknown.						
The United States	30.65	31.91	30.03	31.16	28.94	28.74	28.88	36.74	30.94	27.73	27.60	35.47	27.90
North Atlantic	32.02	32.26	29.79	31.81	28.49	28.30	28.96	36.97	33.38	28.94	28.90	36.40	27.92
South Atlantic	28.37	32.10	31.28	31.17	32.58	31.98	30.75	39.18	32.91	27.29	27.29	.....	25.50
North Central	30.96	31.45	29.96	30.87	29.02	28.92	28.71	36.24	32.33	28.01	27.96	39.13	28.82
South Central	28.58	30.70	29.81	30.02	29.33	30.48	28.30	35.71	28.68	27.43	27.45	35.00	25.52
Western	32.74	32.76	30.82	31.76	29.20	29.82	29.79	36.79	31.26	32.53	29.82	35.35	29.29
MALE.													
The United States	30.52	31.66	30.02	31.19	28.79	28.60	29.13	36.19	30.78	27.87	27.73	35.50	27.94
North Atlantic	31.63	31.83	29.77	31.84	28.34	28.11	29.72	36.24	33.18	29.04	29.00	36.40	27.35
South Atlantic	28.48	32.01	31.23	31.16	31.93	31.70	31.01	38.81	34.50	27.43	27.43	.....	25.50
North Central	30.91	31.34	29.98	30.92	28.91	28.81	28.88	35.86	32.21	28.24	28.18	39.13	29.15
South Central	28.64	30.58	29.77	30.03	29.30	30.27	28.05	35.26	28.57	27.55	27.57	35.00	25.44
Western	32.73	32.73	30.83	31.82	29.01	29.82	29.68	36.72	30.83	32.66	29.98	35.39	29.39
FEMALE.													
The United States	32.20	34.92	30.04	30.61	31.54	30.70	26.66	40.44	33.06	26.09	26.08	29.00	27.07
North Atlantic	34.89	35.42	29.95	31.36	30.41	30.37	26.28	40.18	35.00	28.20	28.16	.....	30.75
South Atlantic	27.07	33.54	32.04	31.34	44.20	35.81	20.40	43.18	17.00	25.73	25.73	.....	.....
North Central	31.82	33.68	29.44	29.43	32.82	31.29	25.14	41.60	33.53	25.21	25.21	.....	25.29
South Central	27.60	33.83	30.99	29.78	31.33	39.00	31.95	45.05	31.00	25.98	25.98	.....	29.00
Western	33.15	33.75	30.26	29.10	32.67	29.72	33.71	38.86	39.00	26.56	26.58	29.00	24.00

The average age of all prisoners is 30.65 years; of male prisoners, 30.52; of female prisoners, 32.20.

The highest average age is found among the foreign white, 36.74 years; then, in order, the Chinese, 35.47; native white, parents native, 31.16; nativity unknown, 30.94; one parent foreign, 28.94; parentage unknown, 28.88; both parents foreign, 28.74; Indians, 27.90; negroes, 27.60.

The average age of foreign white female prisoners is 40.44 years; of negro female prisoners, 26.08.

The highest average age of all prisoners is in the Western division, 32.74 years; in the North Atlantic, 32.02; in the North Central, 30.96; in the South Central, 28.58; in the South Atlantic, 28.37.

The highest average in any state is in Nevada, 35.87 years, and the lowest in South Carolina, 27.26.

The prisoners are divided by age and sex as follows:

MALE.			FEMALE.		
Ages.	Numbers.	Per cent.	Ages.	Numbers.	Per cent.
Total	74,861	0.922	Total	6,358	0.078
Over 100	1	a0.000	Over 100	2	a0.000
Between 90 and 100	3	a0.000	Between 90 and 100	6	a0.000
Between 80 and 90	46	a0.000	Between 80 and 90	4	a0.000
Between 70 and 80	326	0.004	Between 70 and 80	51	a0.000
Between 60 and 70	1,435	0.018	Between 60 and 70	202	0.002
Between 50 and 60	3,968	0.049	Between 50 and 60	456	0.006
Between 40 and 50	8,590	0.106	Between 40 and 50	974	0.012
Between 30 and 40	17,958	0.222	Between 30 and 40	1,449	0.018
Between 20 and 30	33,712	0.415	Between 20 and 30	2,341	0.029
Between 10 and 20	8,794	0.108	Between 10 and 20	855	0.011
Under 10	28	a0.000	Under 10	18	a0.000

a Less than five-thousandths of 1 per cent.

For a graphic representation of the foregoing table, see Plate 2.

(2) AVERAGE AGES BY GROUPS OF CRIMES AND BY ELEMENTS OF THE POPULATION.—Table 74 shows in years the average ages of prisoners, by groups of crimes and by color, nativity, and race.

Tables 75 and 76 show the same facts by sex.

The following is a summary of the three tables named:

BOTH SEXES.

OFFENSES.	Aggregate.	WHITE.								COLORED.			
		Total white.	Native born.					Foreign born.	Nativity unknown.	Total colored.	Negroes.	Chinese.	Indians.
			Total.	Parents native.	One parent foreign.	Parents foreign.	One or both parents unknown.						
All offenses	30.65	31.01	30.03	31.16	28.94	28.74	28.88	36.74	30.94	27.73	27.60	35.47	27.90
Against the government	31.41	31.50	31.32	32.81	29.61	30.01	30.09	32.06	19.00	30.57	30.76	38.50	26.33
Against society	33.87	35.11	31.91	33.60	30.76	30.86	29.80	40.23	32.55	28.13	27.99	36.57	28.02
Against the person	32.38	34.54	32.97	34.25	32.07	29.92	32.44	38.14	34.20	29.19	29.01	37.26	30.28
Against property	28.35	29.09	28.15	29.17	27.25	27.02	26.61	32.53	27.54	26.70	26.60	35.29	24.61
On the high seas	38.00	38.00	38.00	38.00	.....	41.00	.....	36.50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Miscellaneous	30.02	31.30	29.42	30.11	28.59	28.80	28.21	37.19	35.17	27.88	27.84	30.13	21.67

MALE.

All offenses	30.52	31.66	30.02	31.19	28.79	28.60	29.13	36.19	30.78	27.87	27.73	35.50	27.94
Against the government	31.42	31.52	31.35	32.85	29.89	29.95	30.09	32.03	19.00	30.59	30.79	38.50	26.33
Against society	33.84	34.99	32.28	34.17	30.57	30.82	30.90	39.89	32.62	28.55	28.40	36.86	28.01
Against the person	32.46	34.38	32.94	34.20	32.54	29.97	32.35	38.08	33.42	29.39	29.18	37.26	30.28
Against property	28.37	29.04	28.16	29.19	27.17	27.00	26.77	32.33	27.58	26.84	26.74	35.29	24.38
On the high seas	38.00	38.00	38.00	38.00	.....	41.00	.....	36.50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Miscellaneous	29.80	31.10	29.38	30.06	28.75	28.58	28.48	36.59	34.78	27.73	27.67	30.13	27.50

FEMALE.

All offenses	32.20	34.92	30.04	30.61	31.54	30.70	26.66	40.44	33.06	26.09	26.08	29.00	27.07
Against the government	29.50	29.64	27.50	25.33	20.50	31.60	.....	35.00	.....	28.50	28.50	.....	.....
Against society	33.97	35.60	30.08	30.19	31.66	31.05	26.72	41.18	31.00	26.51	26.48	29.00	28.10
Against the person	30.64	36.07	34.06	35.85	36.69	28.14	33.65	39.78	43.83	26.45	26.43	.....	30.50
Against property	27.85	31.29	27.68	28.28	31.77	28.59	23.07	36.28	26.82	24.36	24.33	.....	44.00
Miscellaneous	32.80	35.29	30.18	31.31	23.33	33.05	26.00	41.64	37.78	29.52	29.73	.....	10.00

The average age of white prisoners charged with offenses against society is greater than that of white prisoners charged with crimes against the person; but the average age of colored prisoners charged with crimes against the person is greater than that of colored prisoners charged with offenses against society.

In the case of female prisoners this rule is reversed, though the differences in age are very slight.

(3) AVERAGE AGES BY GROUPS OF CRIMES AND BY GEOGRAPHICAL DIVISIONS.—Table 77 shows in years the average ages of prisoners, by groups of crimes and by geographical divisions.

Tables 78 and 79 show the same facts by sex.

The following is a summary of the three tables named:

BOTH SEXES.

OFFENSES.	The United States.	GEOGRAPHICAL DIVISIONS.				
		North Atlantic.	South Atlantic.	North Central.	South Central.	Western.
All offenses	30.65	32.02	28.37	30.96	28.58	32.74
Against the government	31.41	32.97	32.36	31.14	31.10	29.56
Against society	33.87	35.43	30.39	33.21	29.41	35.77
Against the person	32.38	33.95	29.32	34.09	30.07	36.09
Against property	23.35	28.48	27.33	28.82	27.27	30.59
On the high seas	38.00	38.00	.....	.....	.....	.....
Miscellaneous	30.02	31.16	27.79	29.96	29.47	32.66
MALE.						
All offenses	30.52	31.63	28.48	30.91	28.64	32.73
Against the government	31.42	33.15	32.36	31.12	31.18	29.50
Against society	33.84	35.38	30.92	33.14	29.63	35.93
Against the person	32.46	33.89	29.46	34.12	30.20	36.18
Against property	28.37	28.34	27.45	28.90	27.38	30.58
On the high seas	38.00	38.00	.....	.....	.....	.....
Miscellaneous	29.80	31.24	27.70	29.77	29.14	32.72
FEMALE.						
All offenses	32.20	34.89	27.07	31.82	27.60	33.15
Against the government	29.50	23.86	.....	37.33	30.50	42.00
Against society	33.97	35.56	28.11	33.69	26.37	34.40
Against the person	30.64	35.16	27.39	33.24	27.34	30.83
Against property	27.85	31.74	25.26	26.07	24.12	31.77
Miscellaneous	32.80	34.85	28.74	33.10	33.31	31.00

The average age of prisoners charged with offenses against property is relatively high in the North Central division.

III.—RATIOS TO THE POPULATION.

(1) By states and territories.—In the following table the ratios of prisoners of certain age periods to 1,000,000 of the total population of the same age periods are shown by sex and by states and territories. All under 15 years of age have been grouped. The ages are then shown by quinquennial periods up to 35 years, and by decennial periods from 35 to 65 years. All ages over 65 years have been combined.

BOTH SEXES.

STATES AND TERRITORIES.	Under 15 years.	15-19 years.	20-24 years.	25-29 years.	30-34 years.	35-44 years.	45-54 years.	55-64 years.	65 years and over.
The United States	31	1,370	3,180	3,127	2,419	1,964	1,358	867	403
North Atlantic division	25	1,547	3,557	3,304	2,827	2,503	1,881	1,088	442
Maine	11	740	1,681	1,631	1,474	1,087	1,049	407	363
New Hampshire	311	305	902	2,098	1,834	1,400	1,111	431	157
Vermont	.....	620	1,000	1,124	1,778	1,008	612	238	281
Massachusetts	19	2,493	4,504	4,265	4,000	3,580	2,574	1,520	420
Rhode Island	42	1,204	2,887	2,898	2,749	2,603	2,333	1,373	517
Connecticut	5	994	2,696	3,005	2,172	2,302	1,784	945	220
New York	12	1,971	4,508	3,873	3,098	2,681	1,859	1,244	597
New Jersey	36	1,504	3,750	3,242	2,873	2,620	2,086	1,281	436
Pennsylvania	25	1,053	2,580	2,617	2,331	2,132	1,596	879	366
South Atlantic division	69	1,861	3,739	3,546	2,217	1,660	1,121	749	410
Delaware	18	579	1,902	1,529	1,416	1,581	1,280	332	.....
Maryland	31	1,449	3,082	3,275	2,665	2,003	1,446	779	570
District of Columbia	448	4,782	4,056	3,820	2,436	1,982	1,543	1,263	816
Virginia	98	2,102	3,171	3,037	1,953	1,543	1,214	656	495
West Virginia	26	769	1,575	1,681	910	932	611	282	190
North Carolina	68	1,746	4,072	3,608	2,318	1,598	1,247	935	436
South Carolina	33	1,703	3,353	3,102	1,757	1,416	735	544	321
Georgia	71	2,237	4,928	4,832	2,844	1,965	1,087	885	305
Florida	95	2,037	4,617	5,646	2,723	1,809	811	1,033	404
North Central division	12	821	2,049	2,199	1,743	1,364	897	571	296
Ohio	11	665	1,890	1,723	1,561	1,258	870	551	316
Indiana	12	701	2,368	2,263	1,748	1,338	847	493	309
Illinois	18	1,040	2,349	2,403	1,816	1,487	1,196	680	232
Michigan	6	822	2,010	2,358	2,070	1,770	1,168	673	358
Wisconsin	5	391	1,471	1,475	1,515	1,250	932	597	267
Minnesota	.....	706	1,789	2,005	1,516	1,403	868	492	168
Iowa	3	395	1,053	1,344	1,209	757	553	321	295
Missouri	25	1,268	2,718	2,863	1,932	1,403	803	617	261
North Dakota	.....	337	1,285	1,468	660	952	186	482	.....
South Dakota	8	630	1,307	1,247	990	809	557	222	510
Nebraska	.....	545	1,465	1,321	1,152	922	434	513	172
Kansas	22	1,228	2,870	4,693	3,264	1,960	874	726	570
South Central division	48	1,714	4,314	4,241	2,788	1,972	1,256	903	409
Kentucky	41	1,402	2,887	3,157	2,164	1,462	688	467	141
Tennessee	73	2,095	4,102	3,206	1,950	1,604	1,184	863	293
Alabama	63	2,239	5,721	4,533	2,752	1,962	1,629	853	645
Mississippi	39	1,200	2,836	2,611	2,044	1,121	486	816	229
Louisiana	34	1,338	4,116	4,107	3,295	2,095	1,202	1,254	772
Texas	47	2,063	6,130	6,765	4,281	3,194	2,040	1,195	678
Oklahoma	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Arkansas	26	1,292	3,702	4,373	2,505	1,806	1,243	1,175	221
Western division	23	1,576	3,818	4,188	3,944	3,305	2,415	1,755	1,091
Montana	61	2,546	4,545	6,039	4,941	3,532	3,677	1,891	1,914
Wyoming	.....	1,310	385	2,627	1,612	565	489	.....	.....
Colorado	17	1,788	4,052	3,828	3,418	3,246	1,838	1,277	1,704
New Mexico	18	811	2,587	4,509	2,562	1,978	1,318	734	.....
Arizona	259	4,284	7,048	9,780	7,915	5,326	4,283	2,333	1,058
Utah	12	423	2,420	3,257	2,565	2,797	2,640	1,957	718
Nevada	.....	2,160	3,682	4,880	4,905	4,237	2,922	3,534	894
Idaho	.....	.....	2,445	2,930	5,267	3,151	3,016	2,323	.....
Washington	39	1,255	2,177	2,100	2,279	1,930	1,096	732	863
Oregon	.....	1,345	2,270	3,052	2,674	2,182	1,702	1,040	691
California	18	1,872	5,115	5,093	5,076	4,388	3,000	2,112	1,315

MALE.

STATES AND TERRITORIES.	Under 15 years.	15-19 years.	20-24 years.	25-29 years.	30-34 years.	35-44 years.	45-54 years.	55-64 years.	65 years and over.
The United States	56	2,521	5,913	5,691	4,273	3,385	2,338	1,485	691
North Atlantic division	41	2,828	6,729	5,999	4,945	4,143	3,037	1,835	741
Maine	22	1,361	3,290	3,093	2,722	1,987	1,875	762	732
New Hampshire	616	566	1,799	3,652	3,479	2,490	2,152	812	333
Vermont	.....	1,155	1,932	2,150	3,357	1,882	1,218	474	562
Massachusetts	24	4,614	8,495	7,536	7,070	5,909	4,554	2,847	765
Rhode Island	83	2,437	5,460	5,396	4,376	4,190	4,101	2,810	1,020
Connecticut	10	1,908	5,215	5,576	3,845	4,144	3,293	1,721	476
New York	17	3,559	8,840	7,146	5,409	4,267	2,961	1,876	896
New Jersey	49	2,607	7,289	5,928	4,991	4,000	3,437	2,260	776
Pennsylvania	44	1,980	4,814	4,741	4,078	3,588	2,786	1,555	626
South Atlantic division	121	3,419	7,050	6,834	4,184	3,116	2,090	1,412	750
Delaware	.....	678	3,899	3,030	2,768	3,040	2,509	643	.....
Maryland	55	2,638	7,352	6,307	4,901	3,787	2,611	1,535	1,004
District of Columbia	872	9,108	7,067	7,153	3,998	3,795	2,198	1,696	1,548
Virginia	163	3,671	5,799	5,622	3,617	2,775	2,297	1,181	872
West Virginia	38	1,460	2,931	3,120	1,722	1,696	1,078	544	365
North Carolina	116	3,309	8,014	7,238	4,522	3,109	2,485	1,866	899
South Carolina	57	3,185	6,428	6,179	3,365	2,658	1,457	1,076	585
Georgia	134	4,230	9,363	9,398	5,513	3,753	2,063	1,751	532
Florida	161	3,807	8,540	10,144	4,852	3,258	1,381	1,052	746
North Central division	21	1,526	3,824	4,031	3,126	2,415	1,574	991	509
Ohio	16	1,239	3,574	3,268	2,865	2,239	1,513	964	498
Indiana	23	1,366	4,410	4,301	3,285	2,570	1,555	883	526
Illinois	30	1,990	4,355	4,404	3,233	2,617	2,137	1,211	432
Michigan	9	1,536	3,701	4,235	3,696	3,078	2,053	1,111	620
Wisconsin	10	734	2,779	2,744	2,715	2,211	1,670	1,010	488
Minnesota	.....	1,296	3,275	3,440	2,566	2,372	1,428	858	267
Iowa	6	761	2,009	2,541	2,187	1,425	971	592	511
Missouri	47	2,333	5,186	5,239	3,462	2,457	1,408	1,031	464
North Dakota	.....	529	2,254	2,474	1,096	1,393	314	853	.....
South Dakota	15	1,176	2,358	2,079	1,667	1,312	945	376	893
Nebraska	.....	1,033	2,648	2,219	1,947	1,580	731	890	308
Kansas	43	2,243	5,413	8,778	6,021	3,600	1,505	1,252	958
South Central division	85	3,159	8,110	8,007	5,105	3,641	2,265	1,602	715
Kentucky	70	2,591	5,531	6,103	4,017	2,698	1,245	880	241
Tennessee	140	3,853	7,592	6,356	3,544	3,092	2,188	1,585	584
Alabama	108	4,070	10,625	8,617	5,190	3,900	3,005	1,557	1,274
Mississippi	69	2,274	5,419	5,026	3,905	2,102	951	1,328	434
Louisiana	54	2,306	7,550	7,496	5,847	3,004	2,067	2,071	1,073
Texas	83	3,857	11,584	12,316	7,618	5,595	3,521	2,147	1,145
Oklahoma	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Arkansas	52	2,411	6,960	8,095	4,611	3,515	2,107	2,038	406
Western division	37	2,989	6,315	6,392	5,846	5,022	3,670	2,585	1,693
Montana	121	4,332	6,331	8,036	6,489	4,660	4,802	2,555	2,874
Wyoming	.....	2,346	546	3,543	2,231	783	694	.....	.....
Colorado	17	3,350	6,434	5,781	5,133	4,819	2,295	1,931	2,955
New Mexico	34	1,038	4,160	7,975	4,187	3,246	1,962	1,228	.....
Arizona	508	8,010	10,676	14,625	11,392	7,626	6,066	3,188	1,527
Utah	.....	846	4,348	5,607	4,210	4,558	4,816	3,735	1,450
Nevada	.....	4,132	6,180	6,795	7,123	5,750	4,008	4,553	1,214
Idaho	.....	.....	4,028	4,444	7,607	4,491	4,211	3,148	.....
Washington	76	2,353	3,371	3,017	3,204	2,740	1,548	1,148	1,085
Oregon	.....	2,573	3,961	4,813	4,184	3,385	2,658	1,556	1,072
California	24	3,580	9,003	8,083	7,689	6,569	4,684	3,046	1,980

FEMALE.

STATES AND TERRITORIES.	Under 15 years.	15-19 years.	20-24 years.	25-29 years.	30-34 years.	35-44 years.	45-54 years.	55-64 years.	65 years and over.
The United States	7	240	436	393	331	389	294	195	103
North Atlantic division	7	316	573	638	620	817	575	375	166
Maine	.....	123	97	195	215	174	232	39	.....
New Hampshire	.....	54	.....	575	143	336	146	65	.....
Vermont	.....	64	204	81	175	100	.....	.....	.....
Massachusetts	14	497	1,059	1,225	1,021	1,294	750	371	135
Rhode Island	.....	167	523	604	1,201	1,106	678	90	105
Connecticut	.....	109	278	491	448	464	341	232	.....
New York	7	482	731	700	667	1,049	772	642	314
New Jersey	23	378	458	618	676	594	687	317	124
Pennsylvania	5	136	338	376	441	558	366	215	122
South Atlantic division	15	356	629	472	265	221	192	75	72
Delaware	37	476	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Maryland	6	302	936	497	506	248	268	36	174
District of Columbia	31	1,333	1,652	1,135	1,064	374	855	808	213
Virginia	31	591	759	701	371	35	177	107	96
West Virginia	13	70	163	186	43	111	118	.....	.....
North Carolina	18	216	509	378	205	196	135	28	.....
South Carolina	8	297	517	328	155	198	79	.....	58
Georgia	5	819	576	423	108	176	210	29	77
Florida	25	319	644	682	256	203	152	301	.....
North Central division	2	117	204	171	132	151	128	89	53
Ohio	5	102	234	184	103	222	210	126	127
Indiana	.....	221	313	193	104	100	91	54	70
Illinois	6	121	307	226	159	182	147	89	15
Michigan	3	107	223	238	173	226	151	165	47
Wisconsin	.....	47	105	61	122	124	101	135	.....
Minnesota	.....	110	98	150	68	118	169	37	52
Iowa	.....	20	43	14	95	11	70	.....	29
Missouri	2	160	248	286	150	180	105	127	27
North Dakota	.....	187	.....	.....	.....	247	.....	.....	.....
South Dakota	.....	69	.....	156	.....	65	.....	.....	.....
Nebraska	.....	38	61	72	56	40	32	.....	.....
Kansas	.....	183	124	58	43	83	38	.....	58
South Central division	9	301	565	379	259	209	161	122	77
Kentucky	11	237	304	225	172	152	107	25	33
Tennessee	3	349	748	360	301	160	145	84	.....
Alabama	16	443	1,007	593	316	215	207	143	.....
Mississippi	7	155	408	287	139	115	74	186	.....
Louisiana	13	440	954	788	695	541	330	410	484
Texas	11	307	291	293	153	257	155	90	95
Oklahoma	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Arkansas	.....	167	433	249	186	95	147	119	.....
Western division	9	78	264	272	341	322	210	136	102
Montana	.....	518	757	556	235	205	.....	.....	.....
Wyoming	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Colorado	17	127	322	165	129	285	172	189	.....
New Mexico	.....	.....	839	331	398	246	400	.....	.....
Arizona	.....	416	924	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Utah	24	.....	113	.....	312	357	.....	.....	.....
Nevada	.....	.....	.....	772	.....	448	.....	.....	.....
Idaho	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Washington	.....	.....	.....	.....	87	69	120	.....	474
Oregon	.....	69	.....	88	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
California	12	74	291	464	657	524	326	229	137

The following is a summary of the ratios to 1,000,000 of population, by sex and by geographical divisions:

SEX AND GEOGRAPHICAL DIVISIONS.	Under 15 years.	15-19 years.	20-24 years.	25-29 years.	30-34 years.	35-44 years.	45-54 years.	55-64 years.	65 years and over.
The United States	31	1,370	3,180	3,127	2,419	1,964	1,356	867	403
Male	56	2,521	5,913	5,691	4,273	3,385	2,338	1,485	691
Female	7	240	436	563	331	389	294	195	103
North Atlantic	25	1,547	3,557	3,304	2,827	2,503	1,831	1,088	442
Male	41	2,828	6,729	5,999	4,945	4,143	3,097	1,835	741
Female	7	316	573	638	620	817	575	375	166
South Atlantic	69	1,861	3,739	3,546	2,217	1,060	1,121	743	410
Male	121	3,419	7,050	6,834	4,184	3,116	2,090	1,412	750
Female	15	356	629	472	265	221	192	75	72
North Central	12	821	2,049	2,199	1,743	1,364	897	571	296
Male	21	1,526	3,824	4,031	3,126	2,415	1,574	991	569
Female	2	117	204	171	132	151	128	89	53
South Central	48	1,714	4,314	4,241	2,788	1,972	1,256	903	409
Male	85	3,159	8,110	8,007	5,105	3,641	2,265	1,602	715
Female	9	301	535	379	259	209	161	122	77
Western	23	1,576	3,818	4,188	3,044	3,395	2,415	1,755	1,091
Male	37	2,989	6,315	6,392	5,846	5,022	3,670	2,585	1,693
Female	9	78	264	272	341	322	210	136	102

The highest ratios are those for the decade between 20 and 30 years. The ratios for male prisoners are eight to twelve times as large as those for female prisoners. The largest ratios for any geographical division and for any age period are those for male prisoners from 20 to 30 years in the South Central division. The smallest ratios for the same period are in the North Central. For prisoners under 20 years of age, the largest ratios are in the South Atlantic division, and for prisoners over 30 years in the Western.

(2) RATIOS, BY ELEMENTS OF THE POPULATION.—To complete this view of the subject, the numbers and ratios to 1,000,000 of population are given in the following table, by color, nativity, and race, those of unknown nativity having been distributed between the native white and foreign white:

NUMBERS.

COLOR, NATIVITY, AND RACE.	Total.	Under 1 year.	1-4 years.	5-9 years.	10-14 years.	Under 15 years.	15-19 years.	20-24 years.	25-29 years.	30-34 years.	35-44 years.	45-54 years.	55-64 years.	65 years and over.
Total	81,219	7	13	20	665	711	8,984	19,705	16,348	11,078	13,848	6,858	2,713	974
White	56,746	6	12	14	206	238	5,057	12,451	11,292	8,370	10,772	5,546	2,241	779
Native born	40,721	6	11	12	183	212	4,431	10,218	8,581	6,093	6,926	2,890	1,022	348
Foreign born	16,025	.....	1	2	23	26	626	2,233	2,711	2,277	3,846	2,656	1,219	431
Colored	24,473	1	1	12	459	473	3,927	7,254	5,056	2,708	3,076	1,312	472	195
Negroes	23,756	1	.....	11	452	464	3,876	7,139	4,922	2,574	2,886	1,249	458	188
Chinese and Japanese	402	.....	.....	1	3	4	13	29	56	90	147	48	10	5
Indians	315	.....	1	.....	4	5	38	86	78	44	43	15	4	2

RATIOS TO 1,000,000 OF THE POPULATION.

COLOR, NATIVITY, AND RACE.	Total.	Under 1 year.	1-4 years.	5-9 years.	10-14 years.	Under 15 years.	15-19 years.	20-24 years.	25-29 years.	30-34 years.	35-44 years.	45-54 years.	55-64 years.	65 years and over.
Total	1,300	4	2	3	95	31	1,370	3,180	3,127	2,419	1,964	1,356	867	403
White	1,034	4	2	2	34	12	891	2,285	2,430	2,019	1,708	1,222	785	354
Native born	890	4	2	2	33	12	860	2,255	2,401	1,903	1,514	950	552	236
Foreign born	1,762	.....	12	8	58	36	1,190	2,434	2,528	2,416	2,222	1,774	1,216	632
Colored	3,221	5	1	11	441	148	4,451	9,695	8,701	6,243	4,123	2,534	1,713	906
Negroes	3,195	5	.....	10	437	140	4,449	9,759	8,796	6,278	4,079	2,500	1,707	888
Chinese and Japanese	3,798	.....	.....	(a)	(a)	1,852	2,813	2,582	3,230	4,524	4,592	2,593	2,232	6,570
Indians	5,502	.....	(a)	.....	(a)	244	5,863	15,841	18,576	11,199	6,605	3,195	1,429	732

a The population of this age group not being obtainable, the ratio is necessarily omitted.

At all periods of life, the ratios for colored prisoners are larger than the corresponding ratios for whites. Up to 55 years of age the ratios for Indians are larger than for negroes, but after 55 years the reverse is true.

The ratios contained in the foregoing table have been reduced to a uniform basis for the purpose of comparison, and native white prisoners have been taken as the standard of comparison for each age period. For example, for prisoners under 15 years of age the ratio for native born is 12, and for foreign born 36, and 12 is to 36 as 1 to 3.00. Similarly the ratio for native born from 15 to 19 years is 860, and for foreign born 1,199, and 860 is to 1,199 as 1 to 1.39. The result is shown in the following statement:

AGE PERIODS.	WHITE.		COLORED.		
	Native born.	Foreign born.	Negroes.	Chinese and Japanese.	Indians.
All ages	1.00	1.98	3.59	4.27	6.18
Under 15 years	1.00	3.00	12.17	154.33	20.33
15-19 years	1.00	1.39	5.17	3.27	6.82
20-24 years	1.00	1.08	4.33	1.15	7.02
25-29 years	1.00	1.05	3.66	1.35	7.74
30-34 years	1.00	1.27	3.30	2.38	5.88
35-44 years	1.00	1.47	2.69	3.03	4.36
45-54 years	1.00	1.80	2.63	3.78	3.30
55-64 years	1.00	2.20	3.00	4.04	2.59
65 years and over	1.00	2.75	3.86	28.57	3.18

From this table it appears that there are, from 25 to 29 years of age, 105 foreign white prisoners to every 100 native white prisoners; and of the age of 65 years and over, 275 foreign white prisoners to every 100 native white prisoners. The ratios diminish for the foreign born up to 30 years, and after that steadily increase. The same tendency to an increase of ratios under 30 years is apparent among the children of the foreign born.

These figures indicate that the foreign white element at all periods of life is more strongly tinctured with criminal tendencies than the native white element.

It will be observed, however, that the colored element is much more given to crime than the foreign white element; with negroes and Indians the tendency seems relatively to diminish rather than to increase with advancing age.

MARITAL RELATIONS.

Table 80 shows the numbers and percentages of prisoners who are single, married, widowed, and divorced, by geographical divisions and by sex, color, nativity, and race.

Table 81 shows the same facts by groups of crimes.

The marital relations of 2,734 (2,562 male and 172 female) are unknown; of the remaining 79,595 (73,362 male and 6,233 female), the number unmarried is 50,689 (48,124 male and 2,565 female); married, 23,907 (21,425 male and 2,482 female); widowed, 4,145 (3,025 male and 1,120 female); divorced, 854 (788 male and 66 female).

I.—BY GEOGRAPHICAL DIVISIONS.

BOTH SEXES.

GEOGRAPHICAL DIVISIONS.	NUMBERS.						PERCENTAGES. (a)			
	Total.	Single.	Married.	Widowed.	Divorced.	Not stated.	Single.	Married.	Widowed.	Divorced.
The United States	82,329	50,689	23,907	4,145	854	2,734	63.68	30.04	5.21	1.07
North Atlantic	28,258	17,257	8,537	1,816	146	502	62.17	30.76	6.54	0.53
South Atlantic	11,409	6,871	3,704	373	38	428	62.54	33.72	3.39	0.35
North Central	19,854	12,403	4,996	1,112	444	899	65.43	26.36	5.87	2.34
South Central	16,084	9,262	5,529	593	139	561	59.67	35.62	3.82	0.89
Western	6,724	4,896	1,141	251	87	349	76.80	17.90	3.94	1.36
MALE.										
The United States	75,024	48,124	21,425	3,025	788	2,562	65.30	29.21	4.12	1.07
North Atlantic	24,833	16,237	7,041	1,069	132	374	66.25	28.73	4.48	0.54
South Atlantic	10,505	6,313	3,409	273	35	415	62.57	34.38	2.70	0.35
North Central	18,873	12,036	4,599	938	412	888	66.02	25.57	5.22	2.29
South Central	15,131	8,717	5,252	492	132	538	59.73	35.99	3.37	0.91
Western	6,532	4,821	1,064	223	77	347	77.95	17.20	3.61	1.24
FEMALE.										
The United States	6,405	2,565	2,482	1,120	66	172	41.15	39.82	17.97	1.06
North Atlantic	3,375	1,020	1,496	717	14	128	31.42	46.07	22.08	0.43
South Atlantic	904	558	235	100	3	8	62.28	26.23	11.16	0.38
North Central	981	367	397	174	32	11	37.83	40.93	17.94	3.30
South Central	953	545	277	101	7	23	58.60	29.79	10.86	0.75
Western	192	75	77	28	10	2	39.47	40.53	14.74	5.26

a The percentages are calculated on the total basis of 79,595 reported, omitting 2,734 not stated.

The percentages of the married are in the following order: largest, South Central; next, South Atlantic; North Atlantic; North Central; Western. The percentages for male married prisoners are in the same order. The smallest percentage of married women is in the South Atlantic. The percentage of single men is much larger than of single women, and the percentage of the widowed among the women is more than four times as great as among the men.

II.—MARITAL RELATIONS, BY ELEMENTS OF THE POPULATION.

BOTH SEXES.

COLOR, NATIVITY, AND RACE.	NUMBERS.						PERCENTAGES. (a)			
	Total.	Single.	Married.	Widowed.	Divorced.	Not stated.	Single.	Married.	Widowed.	Divorced.
Total	82,329	50,089	23,907	4,145	854	2,734	63.68	30.04	5.21	1.07
White	57,310	35,712	15,861	3,321	689	1,727	64.25	28.54	5.97	1.24
Native born	40,471	26,616	10,621	1,842	548	844	67.17	26.80	4.65	1.38
Parents native	21,037	12,769	6,627	1,134	378	189	60.96	31.79	5.44	1.81
One parent foreign	2,881	2,027	665	128	38	23	70.92	23.27	4.48	1.33
Parents foreign	12,601	9,454	2,496	460	87	104	75.65	19.97	3.68	0.70
One or both parents unknown	3,952	2,426	833	120	45	528	70.85	24.33	3.51	1.31
Foreign born	15,932	8,782	5,128	1,467	138	417	56.60	33.05	9.46	0.89
Nativity unknown	907	314	112	12	3	466	71.20	25.40	2.72	0.68
Colored	25,019	14,077	8,040	824	165	1,007	62.37	33.51	3.43	0.69
Negroes	24,277	14,005	7,821	807	161	883	62.43	33.43	3.45	0.69
Chinese	407	197	84	4	1	121	68.88	29.37	1.40	0.35
Japanese	13	9	3	1	.....	.....	69.23	23.08	7.69	.....
Indians	322	166	138	12	3	3	52.04	43.26	3.76	0.94

MALE.

COLOR, NATIVITY, AND RACE.	Total.	Single.	Married.	Widowed.	Divorced.	Not stated.	Single.	Married.	Widowed.	Divorced.
Total	75,924	48,124	21,425	3,025	788	2,562	65.60	29.21	4.12	1.07
White	52,894	34,326	13,950	2,393	635	1,590	66.91	27.19	4.66	1.24
Native born	38,156	25,085	9,669	1,520	506	775	68.71	25.87	4.07	1.35
Parents native	20,161	12,330	6,230	903	354	185	61.91	31.33	4.98	1.78
One parent foreign	2,729	1,984	594	96	33	22	73.29	21.94	3.55	1.22
Parents foreign	11,766	9,146	2,103	334	79	104	78.43	18.03	2.86	0.68
One or both parents unknown	3,560	2,226	733	97	40	464	71.90	23.68	3.13	1.29
Foreign born	13,869	8,341	4,180	866	127	355	61.72	30.93	6.41	0.94
Nativity unknown	869	299	101	7	2	460	73.11	24.69	1.71	0.49
Colored	23,030	13,798	7,475	632	153	972	62.55	33.89	2.87	0.69
Negroes	22,305	13,433	7,258	617	149	848	62.60	33.83	2.88	0.69
Chinese	406	196	84	4	1	121	68.77	29.48	1.40	0.35
Japanese	12	9	2	1	.....	.....	75.00	16.67	8.33	.....
Indians	307	160	131	10	3	3	52.63	43.09	3.29	0.99

FEMALE.

COLOR, NATIVITY, AND RACE.	Total.	Single.	Married.	Widowed.	Divorced.	Not stated.	Single.	Married.	Widowed.	Divorced.
Total	6,405	2,565	2,482	1,120	66	172	41.15	39.82	17.97	1.06
White	4,416	1,386	1,911	928	54	137	32.39	44.66	21.69	1.26
Native born	2,315	930	952	322	42	69	41.41	42.38	14.34	1.87
Parents native	936	379	389	141	24	4	40.67	41.63	15.13	2.57
One parent foreign	152	43	71	32	5	1	28.48	47.02	21.19	3.31
Parents foreign	835	308	393	126	8	.....	36.89	47.06	15.09	0.96
One or both parents unknown	392	200	100	23	5	64	60.98	30.49	7.01	1.52
Foreign born	2,063	441	948	601	11	62	22.04	47.38	30.03	0.55
Nativity unknown	38	15	11	5	1	6	46.88	34.38	15.62	3.12
Colored	1,989	1,179	571	192	12	35	60.34	29.22	9.83	0.61
Negroes	1,972	1,172	563	190	12	35	60.51	29.06	9.81	0.62
Chinese	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	100.00	.....	.....	.....
Japanese	1	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	100.00	.....	.....
Indians	15	6	7	2	.....	.....	40.00	46.67	13.33	.....

a The percentages are calculated on the total basis of 79,595 reported, omitting 2,734 not stated.

The percentage of married is larger, and of single smaller, among male colored than among male white prisoners; among female prisoners the percentage of married is larger, and of single smaller, among the whites than among the colored. Uniformly, however, the percentage of widowed and divorced is larger among the whites than among the colored.

The percentage of married and of widowed *among the foreign born is larger than among the natives*, especially on the part of female prisoners. The percentage of the divorced is largest among native prisoners with native parents.

III.—MARITAL RELATIONS, BY GROUPS OF CRIMES.

BOTH SEXES.

OFFENSES.	NUMBERS.						PERCENTAGES. (a)			
	Total.	Single.	Married.	Widowed.	Divorced.	Not stated.	Single.	Married.	Widowed.	Divorced.
All offenses	82,320	50,689	23,907	4,145	854	2,734	63.68	30.04	5.21	1.07
Against the government	1,839	742	478	58	14	547	57.43	37.00	4.49	1.08
Against society	18,865	10,878	5,879	1,435	179	494	59.21	32.00	7.81	0.98
Against the person	17,281	9,226	6,286	1,101	295	373	54.57	37.18	6.51	1.74
Against property	37,707	25,835	9,563	1,282	318	714	69.84	25.85	3.46	0.85
On the high seas	4	3	.....	.....	.....	1	100.00	.....	.....	.....
Miscellaneous	6,633	4,005	1,701	269	53	605	66.44	28.22	4.46	0.88

MALE.

All offenses	75,924	48,124	21,425	3,025	788	2,562	65.60	29.21	4.12	1.07
Against the government	1,823	737	470	55	14	547	57.76	36.88	4.31	1.10
Against society	15,033	9,504	4,339	680	144	366	64.80	29.58	4.64	0.98
Against the person	16,511	8,911	6,001	957	281	361	55.18	37.16	5.92	1.74
Against property	36,382	25,166	9,076	1,142	298	700	70.53	25.44	3.20	0.83
On the high seas	4	3	.....	.....	.....	1	100.00	.....	.....	.....
Miscellaneous	6,171	3,803	1,539	191	51	587	63.11	27.56	3.42	0.91

FEMALE.

All offenses	6,405	2,565	2,482	1,120	66	172	41.15	39.82	17.97	1.06
Against the government	16	5	8	3	.....	.....	31.25	50.00	18.75	.....
Against society	3,832	1,374	1,540	755	35	128	37.10	41.58	20.38	0.94
Against the person	770	315	285	144	14	12	41.55	37.00	19.00	1.85
Against property	1,325	669	487	140	15	14	51.03	37.15	10.68	1.14
Miscellaneous	462	202	162	78	2	18	45.49	36.49	17.57	0.45

a The percentages are calculated on the total basis of 79,595 reported, omitting 2,734 not stated.

Crimes against property appear to be relatively more common among the single than among the married; conversely, crimes against the person are relatively more frequent among the married than among the single; so also are crimes against the government. A point worthy of attention is the much larger percentage of crimes against society on the part of married women than of married men. The largest percentages of widowed prisoners are found in crimes against society and against the person, and of divorced prisoners, in crimes against the person.

LITERACY AND ILLITERACY.

Table 82 shows the numbers and percentages of prisoners who can and who can not read and write, by geographical divisions and by sex, color, nativity, and race.

Table 83 shows the same facts by groups of crimes.

The number of those who can both read and write (*a*) is 59,422 (55,407 male and 4,015 female); of those who can read only, 3,276 (2,748 male and 528 female); of those who can neither read nor write, 19,631 (17,769 male and 1,862 female).

I.—BY GEOGRAPHICAL DIVISIONS.

BOTH SEXES.

GEOGRAPHICAL DIVISIONS.	NUMBERS.				PERCENTAGES.		
	Total.	Can neither read nor write.	Can read only.	Can both read and write. (*b*)	Can neither read nor write.	Can read only.	Can both read and write. (*b*)
The United States	82,329	19,631	3,276	59,422	23.84	3.98	72.18
North Atlantic	28,258	2,939	827	24,492	10.40	2.93	86.67
South Atlantic	11,409	5,860	805	4,744	51.36	7.06	41.58
North Central	19,854	1,955	582	17,317	9.85	2.93	87.22
South Central	16,084	7,978	915	7,191	49.60	5.69	44.71
Western	6,724	899	147	5,678	13.37	2.19	84.44
MALE.							
The United States	75,924	17,769	2,748	55,407	23.40	3.62	72.98
North Atlantic	24,883	2,337	591	21,955	9.39	2.38	88.23
South Atlantic	10,505	5,380	714	4,411	51.21	6.80	41.99
North Central	18,373	1,763	514	16,596	9.34	2.72	87.94
South Central	15,131	7,424	787	6,920	49.07	5.20	45.73
Western	6,532	865	142	5,525	13.24	2.18	84.58
FEMALE.							
The United States	6,405	1,862	528	4,015	29.07	8.24	62.69
North Atlantic	3,375	602	236	2,537	17.84	6.99	75.17
South Atlantic	904	480	91	333	53.10	10.07	36.83
North Central	981	192	68	721	19.57	6.93	73.50
South Central	953	554	128	271	58.13	13.43	28.44
Western	192	34	5	153	17.71	2.60	79.69

The largest percentage of illiterates among prisoners is in the South Atlantic and the smallest is in the North Central division. The percentage of those who can neither read nor write in the South Atlantic and South Central divisions is five times as great as in the North Atlantic and North Central divisions. The percentage of illiteracy in prisons is considerably larger among women than among men.

a As mentioned on page 64, those not stated have been included with those who can read and write. *b* Including those not stated.

II.—EDUCATION, BY ELEMENTS OF THE POPULATION.

BOTH SEXES.

COLOR, NATIVITY, AND RACE.	NUMBERS.				PERCENTAGES.		
	Total.	Can neither read nor write.	Can read only.	Can both read and write. (a)	Can neither read nor write.	Can read only.	Can both read and write. (a)
Total	82,329	19,631	3,276	59,422	23.84	3.98	72.18
White	57,310	6,120	1,568	49,622	10.68	2.74	86.58
Native born	40,471	3,205	968	36,298	7.92	2.39	89.69
Parents native	21,037	2,032	556	18,449	9.66	2.64	87.70
One parent foreign	2,881	164	74	2,643	5.69	2.57	91.74
Parents foreign	12,601	586	228	11,787	4.65	1.81	93.54
One or both parents unknown	3,952	423	110	3,419	10.71	2.78	86.51
Foreign born	15,932	2,689	587	12,656	16.88	3.68	79.44
Nativity unknown	907	226	13	668	24.92	1.43	73.65
Colored	25,019	13,511	1,708	9,800	54.00	6.83	39.17
Negroes	24,277	13,141	1,698	9,438	54.13	6.99	38.88
Chinese	407	169	3	235	41.52	0.74	57.74
Japanese	13	10	.....	3	76.92	.....	23.08
Indians	322	191	7	124	59.32	2.17	38.51
MALE.							
Total	75,924	17,769	2,748	55,407	23.40	3.62	72.98
White	52,894	5,294	1,271	46,329	10.01	2.40	87.59
Native born	38,156	2,921	853	34,382	7.65	2.24	90.11
Parents native	20,101	1,866	504	17,731	9.28	2.51	88.21
One parent foreign	2,729	153	62	2,514	5.61	2.27	92.12
Parents foreign	11,766	513	191	11,062	4.36	1.62	94.02
One or both parents unknown	3,560	389	96	3,075	10.93	2.70	86.37
Foreign born	13,869	2,157	406	11,306	15.55	2.93	81.52
Nativity unknown	809	216	12	641	24.86	1.38	73.76
Colored	23,030	12,475	1,477	9,078	54.17	6.41	39.42
Negroes	22,305	12,115	1,467	8,723	54.31	6.58	39.11
Chinese	406	168	3	235	41.38	0.74	57.88
Japanese	12	10	.....	2	83.33	.....	16.67
Indians	307	182	7	118	59.28	2.28	38.44
FEMALE.							
Total	6,405	1,862	528	4,015	29.07	8.24	62.69
White	4,416	826	297	3,293	18.70	6.73	74.57
Native born	2,315	284	115	1,916	12.27	4.97	82.76
Parents native	936	166	52	718	17.73	5.56	76.71
One parent foreign	152	11	12	129	7.24	7.89	84.87
Parents foreign	835	73	37	725	8.74	4.43	86.83
One or both parents unknown	392	34	14	344	8.67	3.57	87.76
Foreign born	2,063	532	181	1,350	25.79	8.77	65.44
Nativity unknown	38	10	1	27	26.32	2.63	71.05
Colored	1,989	1,036	231	722	52.09	11.61	36.30
Negroes	1,972	1,026	231	715	52.03	11.71	36.26
Chinese	1	1	.....	.....	100.00	.....	.....
Japanese	1	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	100.00
Indians	15	9	.....	6	60.00	.....	40.00

a Including those not stated.

The percentage of illiteracy among the colored is nearly five times as great as among whites. It is largest among the Japanese and the Indians. Among the Chinese it is less than among negroes. For whites the percentage of illiteracy among native prisoners with one or both parents foreign is smaller than it is among either natives with native parents or the foreign born. The illiteracy of the foreign born is nearly twice as great as that of natives with native parents.

III.—EDUCATION, BY GROUPS OF CRIMES.

BOTH SEXES.

OFFENSES.	NUMBERS.				PERCENTAGES.		
	Total.	Can neither read nor write.	Can read only.	Can both read and write. (a)	Can neither read nor write.	Can read only.	Can both read and write. (a)
All offenses	82,329	19,651	3,276	59,422	23.84	3.98	72.18
Against the government	1,830	213	36	1,590	11.58	1.96	86.46
Against society	18,885	3,501	830	14,534	18.56	4.40	77.04
Against the person	17,281	5,439	840	11,002	31.47	4.86	63.67
Against property	37,707	8,546	1,298	27,863	22.67	3.44	73.89
On the high seas	4	1	.....	3	25.00	.....	75.00
Miscellaneous	6,633	1,931	272	4,430	29.11	4.10	66.79
MALE.							
All offenses	75,924	17,769	2,748	55,407	23.40	3.62	72.98
Against the government	1,823	210	35	1,578	11.52	1.92	86.56
Against society	15,033	2,594	502	11,937	17.26	3.34	79.40
Against the person	16,511	5,139	782	10,590	31.12	4.74	64.14
Against property	36,382	8,090	1,194	27,098	22.24	3.28	74.48
On the high seas	4	1	.....	3	25.00	.....	75.00
Miscellaneous	6,171	1,735	235	4,201	28.11	3.81	68.08
FEMALE.							
All offenses	6,405	1,862	528	4,015	29.07	8.24	62.69
Against the government	16	3	1	12	18.75	6.25	75.00
Against society	3,832	907	328	2,597	23.67	8.56	67.77
Against the person	770	300	58	412	38.96	7.53	53.51
Against property	1,325	456	104	765	34.41	7.85	57.74
Miscellaneous	462	196	37	229	42.42	8.01	49.57

a Including those not stated.

The largest percentage of the illiterate is found among prisoners charged with crimes against the person. The largest percentages of those who can both read and write are found among prisoners charged with crimes against the government and against society.

ADVANCED EDUCATION.

Table 84 shows the kind and degree of advanced education received by 3,593 prisoners (3,436 male and 157 female), by geographical divisions and by sex, color, nativity, and race.

Table 85 shows the same facts by groups of crimes.

The number who have received a high school or academic education is 2,304 (2,170 male and 134 female). Those who have received a college or university education are 1,108 (1,095 male and 13 female). Of those educated in scientific schools there are 94 (84 male and 10 female); in a medical college, 63; in a law school, 18; in a divinity school or theological seminary, 6. The members of the last three groups are all men.

These figures prove that education is not in itself a preventive of crime. Three-fourths of all prisoners have received at least a rudimentary education, and of those who can read and write 1 in 14 has received an advanced education.

I.—BY GEOGRAPHICAL DIVISIONS.

GEOGRAPHICAL DIVISIONS.	NUMBERS.							PERCENTAGES.					
	Total.	High school or academy.	College or university.	Scientific school.	Medical college.	Law school.	Theological seminary.	High school or academy.	College or university.	Scientific school.	Medical college.	Law school.	Theological seminary.
BOTH SEXES.													
The United States	3,593	2,304	1,108	94	63	18	6	64.12	30.84	2.62	1.75	0.50	0.17
North Atlantic	1,213	791	313	92	12	4	1	65.21	25.80	7.59	0.99	0.33	0.08
South Atlantic	258	189	57	.....	9	2	1	73.26	22.09	.....	3.49	0.77	0.39
North Central	1,210	750	427	.....	25	7	1	61.98	35.29	.....	2.07	0.58	0.08
South Central	411	276	119	2	10	1	3	67.15	28.96	0.49	2.43	0.24	0.73
Western	501	298	192	.....	7	4	.....	59.48	38.32	.....	1.40	0.80	.....
MALE.													
The United States	3,436	2,170	1,095	84	63	18	6	63.16	31.87	2.45	1.83	0.52	0.17
North Atlantic	1,118	715	304	82	12	4	1	63.95	27.19	7.34	1.07	0.36	0.09
South Atlantic	249	181	56	.....	9	2	1	72.69	22.49	.....	3.62	0.80	0.40
North Central	1,176	719	424	.....	25	7	1	61.14	36.05	.....	2.13	0.60	0.08
South Central	395	260	119	2	10	1	3	65.82	30.13	0.51	2.53	0.25	0.76
Western	498	295	192	.....	7	4	.....	59.24	38.55	.....	1.41	0.80	.....
FEMALE.													
The United States	157	134	13	10	.....	.....	.....	85.35	8.28	6.37	.....	.....	.....
North Atlantic	95	76	9	10	.....	.....	.....	80.00	9.47	10.53	.....	.....	.....
South Atlantic	9	8	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	88.89	11.11	.....	.....	.....	.....
North Central	34	31	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	91.18	8.82	.....	.....	.....	.....
South Central	16	16	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	100.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Western	3	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	100.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

II.—ADVANCED EDUCATION, BY ELEMENTS OF THE POPULATION.

BOTH SEXES.

COLOR, NATIVITY, AND RACE.	NUMBERS.							PERCENTAGES.					
	Total.	High school or academy.	College or university.	Scientific school.	Medical college.	Law school.	Theological seminary.	High school or academy.	College or university.	Scientific school.	Medical college.	Law school.	Theological seminary.
Total	3,593	2,304	1,108	94	63	18	6	64.12	30.84	2.62	1.75	0.50	0.17
White	3,239	2,023	1,048	86	60	16	6	62.46	32.36	2.65	1.85	0.49	0.19
Native born	2,401	1,563	732	48	43	11	4	65.10	30.49	2.00	1.79	0.46	0.16
Parents native	1,464	943	454	30	30	5	2	64.41	31.01	2.05	2.05	0.34	0.14
One parent foreign	240	151	86	4	4	.....	1	61.38	34.06	1.63	1.62	.....	0.41
Parents foreign	571	388	162	11	6	3	1	67.95	28.37	1.93	1.05	0.53	0.17
One or both parents unknown	120	81	30	3	3	3	.....	67.50	25.00	2.50	2.50	2.50	.....
Foreign born	829	459	310	38	16	5	1	55.37	37.40	4.58	1.93	0.60	0.12
Nativity unknown	9	1	6	.....	1	.....	1	11.11	66.67	.....	11.11	.....	11.11
Colored	354	281	60	8	3	2	.....	79.38	16.95	2.26	0.85	0.56	.....
Negroes	321	249	59	8	3	2	.....	77.57	18.38	2.49	0.94	0.62	.....
Chinese	31	30	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	96.77	3.23	.....	.....	.....	.....
Indians	2	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	100.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

MALE.

Total	3,436	2,170	1,095	84	63	18	6	63.16	31.87	2.45	1.83	0.52	0.17
White	3,107	1,912	1,035	78	60	16	6	61.54	33.31	2.51	1.93	0.52	0.19
Native born	2,306	1,480	725	43	43	11	4	64.18	31.44	1.87	1.86	0.48	0.17
Parents native	1,416	902	449	28	30	5	2	63.70	31.71	1.98	2.12	0.35	0.14
One parent foreign	237	145	84	3	4	.....	1	61.18	35.44	1.27	1.69	.....	0.42
Parents foreign	542	361	162	9	6	3	1	66.61	29.89	1.66	1.11	0.55	0.18
One or both parents unknown	111	72	30	3	3	3	.....	64.87	27.03	2.70	2.70	2.70	.....
Foreign born	792	431	304	35	16	5	1	54.42	38.38	4.42	2.02	0.63	0.13
Nativity unknown	9	1	6	.....	1	.....	1	11.11	66.67	.....	11.11	.....	11.11
Colored	329	258	60	6	3	2	.....	78.42	18.24	1.82	0.91	0.61	.....
Negroes	296	226	59	6	3	2	.....	76.35	19.93	2.03	1.01	0.68	.....
Chinese	31	30	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	96.77	3.23	.....	.....	.....	.....
Indians	2	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	100.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

FEMALE.

Total	157	134	13	10	.....	.....	.....	85.35	8.28	6.37	.....	.....	.....
White	132	111	13	8	.....	.....	.....	84.09	9.85	6.06	.....	.....	.....
Native born	95	83	7	5	.....	.....	.....	87.37	7.37	5.26	.....	.....	.....
Parents native	48	41	5	2	.....	.....	.....	85.41	10.42	4.17	.....	.....	.....
One parent foreign	9	6	2	1	.....	.....	.....	66.67	22.22	11.11	.....	.....	.....
Parents foreign	29	27	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	93.10	.....	6.90	.....	.....	.....
One or both parents unknown	9	9	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	100.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Foreign born	37	28	6	3	.....	.....	.....	75.67	16.22	8.11	.....	.....	.....
Colored—Negroes	25	23	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	92.00	.....	8.00	.....	.....	.....

In the foregoing statement the number of foreign whites who have received a professional education (60) is nearly as great as that of native whites with native parents (67). If to the foreign born are added prisoners with both parents foreign, the number of highly educated prisoners is greater in the foreign element of the prison population than in the native element. The number of college bred prisoners is greater in the foreign than in the native element. Of those educated in a high school or academy it is not quite so great. It must be remembered, however, that the foreign element slightly preponderates in the total prison population, so that the ratio of highly educated prisoners in one element is about equal to the ratio for the other.

III.—ADVANCED EDUCATION, BY GROUPS OF CRIMES.

BOTH SEXES.

OFFENSES.	NUMBERS.							PERCENTAGES.					
	Total.	High school or academy.	College or university.	Scientific school.	Medical college.	Law school.	Theological seminary.	High school or academy.	College or university.	Scientific school.	Medical college.	Law school.	Theological seminary.
All offenses	3,593	2,304	1,108	94	63	18	6	64.12	30.84	2.62	1.75	0.50	0.17
Against the government	67	35	28	1	2	1	.....	52.24	41.79	1.49	2.99	1.49	.....
Against society	762	537	138	64	18	3	2	70.47	18.11	8.40	2.36	0.40	0.26
Against the person	534	350	153	8	17	3	3	65.54	28.65	1.50	3.19	0.56	0.56
Against property	2,040	1,268	722	20	25	11	.....	61.97	35.29	0.98	1.22	0.54	.....
On the high seas	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	100.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Miscellaneous	183	113	67	1	1	.....	1	61.74	36.61	0.55	0.55	.....	0.55

MALE.

All offenses	3,436	2,170	1,095	84	63	18	6	63.16	31.87	2.45	1.83	0.52	0.17
Against the government	66	34	28	1	2	1	.....	51.51	42.42	1.52	3.03	1.52	.....
Against society	671	458	130	60	18	3	2	68.26	19.37	8.94	2.68	0.45	0.30
Against the person	516	334	152	7	17	3	3	64.73	29.46	1.36	3.29	0.58	0.58
Against property	2,002	1,232	719	15	25	11	.....	61.54	35.91	0.75	1.25	0.55	.....
On the high seas	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	100.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Miscellaneous	180	111	66	1	1	.....	1	61.66	36.66	0.56	0.56	.....	0.56

FEMALE.

All offenses	157	134	13	10	.....	.....	.....	85.35	8.28	6.37	.....	.....	.....
Against the government	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	100.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Against society	91	79	8	4	.....	.....	.....	86.81	8.79	4.40	.....	.....	.....
Against the person	18	16	1	1	.....	.....	.....	88.88	5.56	5.56	.....	.....	.....
Against property	44	36	3	5	.....	.....	.....	81.82	6.82	11.36	.....	.....	.....
Miscellaneous	3	2	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	66.67	33.33	.....	.....	.....	.....

TRADE EDUCATION.

Table 86 shows the trade education of prisoners, by geographical divisions and by sex, color, nativity, and race. Table 87 shows the same facts by groups of crimes.

In the case of 9,367 prisoners (8,167 male and 1,200 female), the question as to trade education is not answered. Of the remaining 72,962 (67,757 male and 5,205 female), there are: mechanics, 7,828 (7,778 male and 50 female); apprentices, 10,849 (10,596 male and 253 female); and 54,285 (49,383 male and 4,902 female) follow no trade.

I.—BY GEOGRAPHICAL DIVISIONS.

BOTH SEXES.

GEOGRAPHICAL DIVISIONS.	NUMBERS.					PERCENTAGES. (a)		
	Total.	Mechanics.	Apprentices.	No trade.	Not stated.	Mechanics.	Apprentices.	No trade.
The United States	82,329	7,828	10,849	54,285	9,367	10.73	14.87	74.40
North Atlantic	28,258	4,170	4,455	16,693	2,935	16.47	17.59	65.94
South Atlantic	11,400	389	737	9,099	1,184	3.80	7.21	88.99
North Central	19,854	1,832	3,386	12,387	2,249	10.41	19.23	70.36
South Central	16,084	410	1,173	11,969	2,532	3.02	8.66	88.32
Western	6,724	1,027	1,098	4,132	467	16.41	17.55	66.04
MALE.								
The United States	75,924	7,778	10,596	49,383	8,167	11.48	15.64	72.88
North Atlantic	24,883	4,144	4,272	14,195	2,272	18.33	18.89	62.78
South Atlantic	10,505	387	730	8,285	1,103	4.12	7.76	88.12
North Central	18,873	1,823	3,358	11,629	2,063	10.84	19.98	69.18
South Central	15,131	407	1,165	11,276	2,283	3.17	9.07	87.76
Western	6,532	1,017	1,071	3,008	446	16.71	17.60	65.69
FEMALE.								
The United States	6,405	50	253	4,902	1,200	0.96	4.86	94.18
North Atlantic	3,375	26	183	2,503	663	0.96	6.75	92.29
South Atlantic	904	2	7	814	81	0.24	0.85	98.91
North Central	981	9	28	758	186	1.13	3.52	95.35
South Central	953	3	8	693	249	0.42	1.14	98.44
Western	192	10	27	134	21	5.85	15.79	78.36

a The percentages are calculated on the total basis of 72,962 reported, omitting 9,367 not stated.

From this summary it appears that 74.40 per cent, or three-fourths, of the prisoners considered have no trade education. The percentage of female prisoners without a trade is 94.18 per cent and of male prisoners 72.88. The word "apprentice" is not to be taken in its literal signification, since the system of apprenticeship in this country is almost entirely out of date, and the laws which govern it are practically inoperative. The word apprentice here means nothing more than a person who is learning a trade and has not yet acquired it. The percentage of this class largely exceeds that of skilled mechanics, who constitute a trifle more than a tenth of the entire number of prisoners, and of male prisoners not quite one-eighth.

II.—TRADE EDUCATION, BY ELEMENTS OF THE POPULATION.

BOTH SEXES.

COLOR, NATIVITY, AND RACE.	NUMBERS.					PERCENTAGES. (a)		
	Total.	Mechanics.	Apprentices.	No trade.	Not stated.	Mechanics.	Apprentices.	No trade.
Total	82,329	7,828	10,840	54,285	9,367	10.73	14.87	74.40
White	57,310	7,285	9,300	34,707	6,009	14.20	18.15	67.65
Native born	40,471	5,120	6,770	24,894	3,687	13.92	18.40	67.68
Parents native	21,037	2,371	3,200	13,761	1,705	12.27	16.55	71.18
One parent foreign	2,881	473	612	1,640	156	17.36	22.46	60.18
Parents foreign	12,601	2,004	2,569	7,146	882	17.10	21.92	60.98
One or both parents unknown	3,952	272	389	2,347	944	9.04	12.93	78.03
Foreign born	15,932	2,154	2,491	9,616	1,671	15.10	17.47	67.43
Nativity unknown	907	11	48	197	651	4.30	18.75	76.95
Colored	25,019	543	1,540	19,578	3,358	2.51	7.11	90.38
Negroes	24,277	524	1,489	18,977	3,287	2.50	7.09	90.41
Chinese	407	7	31	314	55	1.99	8.81	89.20
Japanese	13	3	.....	10	.....	23.08	.....	76.92
Indians	322	9	20	277	16	2.94	6.54	90.52
MALE.								
Total	75,924	7,778	10,590	49,383	8,167	11.48	15.64	72.88
White	52,894	7,240	9,079	31,426	5,149	15.16	19.02	65.82
Native born	38,156	5,089	6,642	23,144	3,281	14.59	19.05	66.36
Parents native	20,101	2,361	3,154	13,082	1,554	12.73	17.01	70.26
One parent foreign	2,720	470	598	1,521	140	18.15	23.10	58.75
Parents foreign	11,766	1,996	2,513	6,493	764	18.14	22.84	59.02
One or both parents unknown	3,569	262	377	2,098	823	9.57	13.78	76.65
Foreign born	13,869	2,140	2,391	8,107	1,231	16.93	18.92	64.15
Nativity unknown	869	11	46	175	637	4.74	19.83	75.43
Colored	23,030	538	1,517	17,957	3,018	2.69	7.58	89.73
Negroes	22,305	519	1,469	17,366	2,951	2.68	7.59	89.73
Chinese	406	7	31	313	55	2.00	8.83	89.17
Japanese	12	3	.....	9	.....	25.00	.....	75.00
Indians	307	9	17	269	12	3.05	5.76	91.19
FEMALE.								
Total	6,405	50	253	4,902	1,200	0.96	4.86	94.18
White	4,416	45	230	3,281	860	1.26	6.47	92.27
Native born	2,315	31	128	1,750	406	1.02	6.71	91.67
Parents native	936	10	46	729	151	1.27	5.86	92.87
One parent foreign	152	3	14	119	16	2.21	10.29	87.50
Parents foreign	835	8	56	653	118	1.12	7.81	91.07
One or both parents unknown	392	10	12	249	121	3.69	4.43	91.88
Foreign born	2,063	14	100	1,509	440	0.86	6.16	92.98
Nativity unknown	38	.....	2	22	14	.....	8.33	91.67
Colored	1,989	5	23	1,621	340	0.30	1.40	98.30
Negroes	1,972	5	20	1,611	336	0.31	1.22	98.47
Chinese	1	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	100.00
Japanese	1	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	100.00
Indians	15	.....	3	8	4	.....	27.27	72.73

a The percentages are calculated on the total basis of 72,962 reported, omitting 9,367 not stated.

The percentage of mechanics among white prisoners is about six times as large as among the colored, but the difference in the percentages of apprentices between these two classes is not nearly so great. The percentage of apprentices among the whites is only about two and one-half times as large as among the colored. The largest percentage of mechanics is among the Japanese, but this is accidental, since the entire number of Japanese prisoners is only 13. The smallest percentage is among the Chinese, who are principally employed as laundrymen and small shopkeepers. The percentages of mechanics and apprentices among foreign white are larger than among native white prisoners, and still larger among prisoners born in this country with one or both parents foreign.

III.—TRADE EDUCATION, BY GROUPS OF CRIMES.

BOTH SEXES.

OFFENSES.	NUMBERS.					PERCENTAGES. (a)		
	Total.	Mechanics.	Apprentices.	No trade.	Not stated.	Mechanics.	Apprentices.	No trade.
All offenses	82,329	7,828	10,849	54,285	9,367	10.73	14.87	74.40
Against the government	1,839	143	192	1,173	331	9.48	12.73	77.79
Against society	18,865	2,287	2,174	11,847	2,557	14.02	13.33	72.65
Against the person	17,281	1,371	1,938	12,473	1,499	8.69	12.28	79.03
Against property	37,707	3,514	5,912	25,079	3,202	10.19	17.13	72.68
On the high seas	4	.....	.....	3	1	.....	.....	100.00
Miscellaneous	6,633	513	633	3,710	1,777	10.56	13.04	76.40
MALE.								
All offenses	75,924	7,778	10,596	49,383	8,167	11.48	15.64	72.88
Against the government	1,823	143	188	1,162	330	9.58	12.59	77.83
Against society	15,633	2,255	2,009	9,004	1,765	17.00	15.14	67.86
Against the person	16,511	1,365	1,921	11,820	1,405	9.03	12.72	78.25
Against property	36,382	3,507	5,856	23,919	3,100	10.54	17.59	71.87
On the high seas	4	.....	.....	3	1	.....	.....	100.00
Miscellaneous	6,171	508	622	3,475	1,566	11.03	13.51	75.46
FEMALE.								
All offenses	6,405	50	253	4,902	1,200	0.96	4.86	94.18
Against the government	16	.....	4	11	1	.....	20.67	73.33
Against society	3,232	32	165	2,843	792	1.05	5.43	93.52
Against the person	770	6	17	653	94	0.89	2.51	96.60
Against property	1,325	7	56	1,160	102	0.57	4.58	94.85
Miscellaneous	462	5	11	235	211	1.99	4.38	93.63

a The percentages are calculated on the total basis of 72,962 reported, omitting 9,367 not stated.

The percentage of mechanics exceeds the average only among those charged with offenses against society; the percentage of those without a knowledge of a trade is largest on the part of prisoners charged with crimes against the person and against the government; among prisoners charged with crimes against property and among prisoners charged with crimes against society it is almost identical, although for male prisoners it is larger among those charged with crimes against property.

OCCUPATIONS PRIOR TO ARREST.

Table 88 shows the occupations of prisoners prior to their arrest, by groups of crimes.

Tables 89 and 90 show the same facts by sex and by geographical divisions.

The question as to occupation is unanswered in 3,668 cases (2,853 male and 815 female).

Of the remaining 78,661 (73,071 male and 5,590 female), there are 3,859 (3,279 male and 580 female) who are reported as having no occupation. This leaves 74,802 who had an occupation and whose occupation is known.

I.—BY GEOGRAPHICAL DIVISIONS.

BOTH SEXES.

OCCUPATIONS PRIOR TO ARREST.	NUMBERS.						PERCENTAGES.				
	The United States.	Geographical divisions.					Geographical divisions.				
		North Atlantic.	South Atlantic.	North Central.	South Central.	Western.	North Atlantic.	South Atlantic.	North Central.	South Central.	Western.
Total	82,329	28,258	11,409	19,854	16,084	6,724	34.32	13.86	24.11	19.54	8.17
Professional	1,159	308	87	452	176	136	26.57	7.51	39.00	15.19	11.73
Official	271	76	15	90	50	40	28.04	5.54	33.21	18.45	14.76
Agriculture	11,550	1,172	1,921	3,038	4,665	554	10.33	16.92	26.77	41.10	4.88
Transportation	5,289	1,913	555	1,437	864	520	36.17	10.49	27.17	16.34	9.83
Lumbering	193	37	19	60	50	27	19.17	9.84	31.09	25.91	13.99
Mining	1,174	333	78	292	137	334	28.37	6.64	24.87	11.67	28.45
Fisheries	179	74	60	21	11	13	41.34	33.52	11.73	6.15	7.26
Trade and commerce	3,564	1,848	209	973	241	293	51.85	5.87	27.30	6.76	8.22
Manufactures	17,725	8,604	1,324	4,793	1,465	1,539	48.54	7.47	27.04	8.27	8.68
Personal service	10,336	4,263	1,214	2,462	1,501	896	41.24	11.75	23.82	14.52	8.67
Unskilled labor	23,160	6,899	4,823	4,621	5,218	1,599	29.79	20.83	19.95	22.53	6.90
Miscellaneous	402	150	50	95	77	30	37.31	12.44	23.63	19.16	7.46
Not stated	3,668	1,388	568	621	862	229	37.84	15.49	16.93	23.50	6.24
No occupation	3,859	1,193	486	899	767	514	30.91	12.59	23.30	19.88	13.32

MALE.

Total	75,924	24,883	10,505	18,873	15,131	6,532	32.77	13.84	24.86	19.93	8.60
Professional	1,138	298	87	447	175	131	26.19	7.64	39.28	15.38	11.51
Official	271	76	15	90	50	40	28.04	5.54	33.21	18.45	14.76
Agriculture	11,236	1,168	1,878	3,038	4,598	554	10.40	16.71	27.04	40.62	4.93
Transportation	5,286	1,912	555	1,435	864	520	36.17	10.50	27.15	16.34	9.84
Lumbering	193	37	19	60	50	27	19.17	9.84	31.09	25.91	13.99
Mining	1,174	333	78	292	137	334	28.37	6.64	24.87	11.67	28.45
Fisheries	178	74	59	21	11	13	41.57	33.15	11.80	6.18	7.30
Trade and commerce	3,526	1,828	295	960	241	292	51.84	5.81	27.23	6.84	8.28
Manufactures	17,186	8,234	1,282	4,742	1,437	1,501	47.88	7.45	27.58	8.36	8.73
Personal service	6,540	2,236	697	1,814	1,001	792	34.19	10.66	27.74	15.30	12.11
Unskilled labor	22,747	6,778	4,693	4,591	5,092	1,593	29.80	20.63	20.18	22.39	7.00
Miscellaneous	307	140	30	61	58	18	45.60	9.77	19.87	18.89	5.87
Not stated	2,853	813	500	503	813	224	28.50	17.52	17.63	28.50	7.85
No occupation	3,279	956	407	819	604	493	29.16	12.41	24.98	18.42	15.03

FEMALE.

Total	6,405	3,375	904	981	953	192	52.69	14.11	15.32	14.88	3.00
Professional	21	10	.....	5	1	5	47.62	.....	23.81	4.76	23.81
Agriculture	114	4	43	.....	67	.....	3.51	37.72	.....	58.77	.....
Transportation	3	1	.....	2	.....	.....	33.33	.....	66.67	.....	.....
Fisheries	1	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	100.00	.....	.....	.....
Trade and commerce	38	20	4	13	.....	1	52.63	10.53	34.21	.....	2.63
Manufactures	529	370	42	51	28	38	69.94	7.94	9.64	5.29	7.19
Personal service	3,796	2,027	517	648	500	104	53.40	13.62	17.07	13.17	2.74
Unskilled labor	413	121	130	30	126	6	29.30	31.48	7.26	30.51	1.45
Miscellaneous	95	10	20	34	19	12	10.53	21.05	35.79	20.00	12.63
Not stated	815	575	68	118	49	5	70.55	8.35	14.48	6.01	0.61
No occupation	580	237	79	80	163	21	40.86	13.62	13.79	28.11	3.62

In the North Atlantic division the percentages of prisoners employed, prior to their arrest, in transportation, fisheries, trade and commerce, manufactures, and personal service exceed the average for that division.

In the South Atlantic division the percentages of those employed in agriculture, fisheries, and unskilled labor exceed the average.

In the North Central division the percentages of those employed in professional and official pursuits, agriculture, transportation, lumbering, mining, trade and commerce, and manufactures exceed the average.

In the South Central division the percentages of those employed in agriculture, lumbering, and unskilled labor exceed the average.

In the Western division the percentages of those employed in professional and official pursuits, lumbering, and mining exceed the average.

If computations are made omitting those not stated (3,668) and those with no occupation (3,859), it will appear that of the 74,802 whose occupations are stated, 23,160, or 30.96 per cent, were unskilled laborers; 17,725, or 23.70 per cent, were engaged in manufactures; 11,350, or 15.17 per cent, were engaged in agriculture; 10,336, or 13.82 per cent, were in personal service; and 5,289, or 7.07 per cent, in transportation.

The percentages for male and female prisoners are very different.

Of 69,792 male prisoners, 22,747, or 32.59 per cent, were unskilled laborers; 17,196, or 24.64 per cent, were engaged in manufactures; 11,236, or 16.10 per cent, in agriculture; 6,540, or 9.37 per cent, in personal service; and 5,286, or 7.57 per cent, in transportation.

Of 5,010 female prisoners, 3,796, or 75.77 per cent, were engaged in personal service; 529, or 10.56 per cent, in manufactures; and 413, or 8.24 per cent, were unskilled laborers.

Of women engaged in manufactures prior to arrest, 69.94 per cent are in the North Atlantic division; and of women engaged in agriculture, 37.72 per cent are in the South Atlantic division, and 58.77 per cent are in the South Central division.

II.—HABITUAL OCCUPATIONS, BY GROUPS OF CRIMES.

BOTH SEXES.

OCCUPATIONS PRIOR TO ARREST.	NUMBERS.							PERCENTAGES.					
	The United States.	Groups of crimes.						Groups of crimes.					
		Against the government.	Against society.	Against the person.	Against property.	On the high seas.	Miscellaneous.	Against the government.	Against society.	Against the person.	Against property.	On the high seas.	Miscellaneous.
Total	82,320	1,859	18,865	17,281	37,707	4	6,633	2.23	22.91	20.99	45.80	0.01	8.06
Professional	1,159	49	186	238	604	.....	82	4.23	16.05	20.53	52.11	.....	7.08
Official	271	116	27	58	49	.....	21	42.81	9.96	21.40	18.08	.....	7.75
Agriculture	11,350	320	1,404	3,545	5,305	.....	776	2.82	12.37	31.23	46.74	.....	6.84
Transportation	5,280	145	1,089	1,015	2,651	3	386	2.74	20.59	19.19	50.12	0.06	7.30
Lumbering	193	4	38	58	87	.....	6	2.07	19.69	30.05	45.08	.....	3.11
Mining	1,174	25	199	427	405	.....	118	2.13	16.95	36.37	34.50	.....	10.05
Fisheries	179	2	53	45	70	.....	9	1.12	29.61	25.14	39.10	.....	5.03
Trade and commerce	3,564	129	658	453	2,150	.....	174	3.62	18.46	12.71	60.33	.....	4.88
Manufactures	17,725	414	4,704	2,998	8,427	.....	1,182	2.34	26.54	16.91	47.54	.....	6.67
Personal service	10,336	159	3,302	1,798	4,260	.....	727	1.54	32.82	17.40	41.21	.....	7.03
Unskilled labor	23,160	385	4,893	5,411	10,515	.....	1,956	1.66	21.13	23.36	45.40	.....	8.45
Miscellaneous	402	9	90	61	199	.....	37	2.24	23.88	15.18	49.50	.....	9.20
Not stated	3,608	39	1,223	581	1,077	1	747	1.08	33.34	15.84	29.36	0.03	20.37
No occupation	3,859	43	903	593	1,908	.....	412	1.11	23.40	15.37	49.44	.....	10.68

MALE.

Total	75,924	1,823	15,033	16,511	36,382	4	6,171	2.40	19.80	21.75	47.92	a0.00	8.13
Professional	1,138	49	179	230	590	.....	81	4.30	15.73	20.21	52.64	.....	7.12
Official	271	116	27	58	49	.....	21	42.81	9.96	21.40	18.08	.....	7.75
Agriculture	11,236	319	1,372	3,507	5,268	.....	770	2.84	12.21	31.21	46.89	.....	6.85
Transportation	5,286	145	1,087	1,015	2,650	3	386	2.74	20.57	19.20	50.13	0.06	7.30
Lumbering	193	4	38	58	87	.....	6	2.07	19.69	30.05	45.08	.....	3.11
Mining	1,174	25	199	427	405	.....	118	2.13	16.95	36.37	34.50	.....	10.05
Fisheries	178	2	52	45	70	.....	9	1.12	29.21	25.28	39.33	.....	5.06
Trade and commerce	3,526	129	633	450	2,141	.....	173	3.66	17.95	12.76	60.72	.....	4.91
Manufactures	17,196	412	4,351	2,955	8,322	.....	1,156	2.40	25.30	17.18	48.40	.....	6.72
Personal service	6,540	151	1,142	1,314	3,435	.....	498	2.31	17.46	20.09	52.52	.....	7.62
Unskilled labor	22,747	384	4,718	5,328	10,408	.....	1,909	1.69	20.74	23.42	45.76	.....	8.39
Miscellaneous	307	9	34	50	181	.....	33	2.93	11.07	16.29	58.96	.....	10.75
Not stated	2,853	37	666	517	947	1	685	1.30	23.34	18.12	33.19	0.04	24.01
No occupation	3,279	41	535	557	1,820	.....	326	1.25	16.32	16.99	55.50	.....	9.94

FEMALE.

Total	6,405	16	3,832	770	1,325	.....	462	0.25	59.83	12.02	20.69	.....	7.21
Professional	21	.....	7	8	5	.....	1	.....	33.33	38.10	23.81	.....	4.76
Agriculture	114	1	32	38	37	.....	6	0.88	28.07	33.33	32.46	.....	5.26
Transportation	3	.....	2	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	66.67	.....	33.33	.....	.....
Fisheries	1	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	100.00	.....	.....	.....	.....
Trade and commerce	38	.....	25	3	9	.....	1	.....	65.79	7.90	23.68	.....	2.63
Manufactures	529	2	353	43	105	.....	26	0.38	66.73	8.13	19.85	.....	4.91
Personal service	3,706	8	2,250	484	825	.....	229	0.21	59.27	12.75	21.74	.....	6.03
Unskilled labor	413	1	175	83	107	.....	47	0.24	42.37	20.10	25.91	.....	11.38
Miscellaneous	95	.....	62	11	18	.....	4	.....	65.26	11.58	18.95	.....	4.21
Not stated	815	2	557	64	130	.....	62	0.25	68.34	7.85	15.95	.....	7.61
No occupation	580	2	368	36	88	.....	86	0.34	63.45	6.21	15.17	.....	14.83

a Less than five-thousandths of 1 per cent.

The largest percentage of prisoners charged with crimes against the government is naturally found among officials. Crimes against property seem to be relatively most common among those engaged in trade and commerce, in professional pursuits, in transportation, manufactures, agriculture, and among the unemployed.

Crimes against the person are relatively most common among miners, farmers and farm laborers, lumbermen, fishermen, and unskilled laborers. Crimes against society are relatively most common among those engaged in personal service, fisheries, manufactures, and among the unemployed. They are also very numerous among those whose occupations are not stated, the most of whom may be supposed to have no occupation.

Among women, offenses against society seem to be least common among servants and unskilled laborers, who may be supposed to be more or less protected, but are relatively frequent among those employed in manufactures and trade and commerce. Crimes against the person on the part of women seem to be more frequent among unskilled laborers than among any other class, as do also crimes against property.

CONDITION AS TO EMPLOYMENT AT TIME OF ARREST.

Table 91 shows the condition of prisoners as to employment at the time of their arrest, by geographical divisions and by sex, color, nativity, and race.

Table 92 shows the same facts by groups of crimes.

The question as to employment was unanswered in 7,858 cases (6,528 male and 1,330 female). Of the remaining 74,471 (69,396 male and 5,075 female), there were employed 50,362 (47,025 male and 3,337 female) and idle 24,109 (22,371 male and 1,738 female).

I.—BY GEOGRAPHICAL DIVISIONS.

BOTH SEXES.

GEOGRAPHICAL DIVISIONS.	NUMBERS.				PERCENTAGES. (a)	
	Total.	Employed.	Idle.	Not stated.	Employed.	Idle.
The United States	82,329	50,362	24,109	7,858	67.63	32.37
North Atlantic	28,258	16,820	9,195	2,243	64.66	35.34
South Atlantic	11,409	8,308	1,925	1,176	81.19	18.81
North Central	19,854	11,530	6,370	1,954	64.41	35.59
South Central	16,084	10,707	3,302	2,075	76.43	23.57
Western	6,724	2,997	3,317	410	47.47	52.53
MALE.						
The United States	75,924	47,025	22,371	6,528	67.76	32.24
North Atlantic	24,883	15,142	8,358	1,383	64.43	35.57
South Atlantic	10,505	7,752	1,662	1,091	82.35	17.65
North Central	18,873	11,020	6,157	1,696	64.16	35.84
South Central	15,131	10,181	2,981	1,969	77.35	22.65
Western	6,532	2,930	3,213	389	47.70	52.30
FEMALE.						
The United States	6,405	3,337	1,738	1,330	65.75	34.25
North Atlantic	3,375	1,678	837	860	66.72	33.28
South Atlantic	904	556	263	85	67.89	32.11
North Central	981	510	213	258	70.54	29.46
South Central	953	526	321	106	62.10	37.90
Western	192	67	104	21	39.18	60.82

a The percentages are calculated on the total basis of 74,471 reported, omitting 7,858 not stated.

The percentage of the idle is larger in the northern than in the southern divisions, and largest in the western. The percentages of the employed and idle run closely together for both sexes and for each sex separately.

II.—EMPLOYMENT, BY ELEMENTS OF THE POPULATION.

BOTH SEXES.

COLOR, NATIVITY, AND RACE.	NUMBERS.				PERCENTAGES. (a)	
	Total.	Employed.	Idle.	Not stated.	Employed.	Idle.
Total	82,329	50,362	24,109	7,858	67.63	32.37
White	57,310	33,390	18,965	4,955	63.78	36.22
Native born	40,471	24,002	13,609	2,860	63.82	36.18
Parents native	21,037	13,415	6,519	1,103	67.30	32.70
One parent foreign	2,881	1,657	1,106	118	59.97	40.03
Parents foreign	12,601	7,004	4,874	723	58.97	41.03
One or both parents unknown	3,952	1,926	1,110	916	63.44	36.56
Foreign born	15,932	9,257	5,248	1,427	63.82	36.18
Nativity unknown	907	131	108	668	54.81	45.19
Colored	25,019	16,972	5,144	2,903	76.74	23.26
Negroes	24,277	16,719	4,783	2,775	77.76	22.24
Chinese	407	134	222	51	37.64	62.36
Japanese	13	6	7	.....	46.15	53.85
Indians	322	113	132	77	46.12	53.88
MALE.						
Total	75,924	47,025	22,371	6,528	67.76	32.24
White	52,894	31,232	17,794	3,868	63.70	36.30
Native born	38,156	22,892	12,988	2,276	63.80	36.20
Parents native	20,101	12,027	6,247	927	67.42	32.58
One parent foreign	2,729	1,596	1,054	79	60.23	39.77
Parents foreign	11,766	6,623	4,639	504	58.81	41.19
One or both parents unknown	3,560	1,746	1,048	766	62.49	37.51
Foreign born	13,869	8,216	4,705	948	63.59	36.41
Nativity unknown	869	124	101	644	55.11	44.89
Colored	23,030	15,793	4,577	2,660	77.53	22.47
Negroes	22,305	15,542	4,226	2,537	78.62	21.38
Chinese	406	133	222	51	37.46	62.54
Japanese	12	6	6	.....	50.00	50.00
Indians	307	112	123	72	47.66	52.34
FEMALE.						
Total	6,405	3,337	1,738	1,330	65.75	34.25
White	4,416	2,158	1,171	1,087	64.82	35.18
Native born	2,315	1,110	621	584	64.12	35.88
Parents native	936	488	272	176	64.21	35.79
One parent foreign	152	61	52	39	53.98	46.02
Parents foreign	835	381	235	219	61.85	38.15
One or both parents unknown	392	180	62	150	74.38	25.62
Foreign born	2,063	1,041	543	479	65.72	34.28
Nativity unknown	38	7	7	24	50.00	50.00
Colored	1,989	1,179	567	243	67.53	32.47
Negroes	1,972	1,177	557	238	67.88	32.12
Chinese	1	1	.....	.....	100.00	.....
Japanese	1	.....	1	.....	.....	100.00
Indians	15	1	9	5	10.00	90.00

a The percentages are calculated on the total basis of 74,471 reported, omitting 7,858 not stated.

The percentage of the idle is very much larger among white prisoners than among the colored, especially among the men. It is largest among the Chinese, next largest among the Japanese and Indians, and smallest of all among the negroes. The percentage of idle among native whites of foreign parents is larger than among either natives of native parentage or the foreign born. The percentage of idle among foreign whites is larger than among native whites with native parents.

III.—EMPLOYMENT, BY GROUPS OF CRIMES.

BOTH SEXES.

OFFENSES.	NUMBERS.				PERCENTAGES. (a)	
	Total.	Employed.	Idle.	Not stated.	Employed.	Idle.
All offenses	82,329	50,362	24,109	7,858	67.63	32.37
Against the government	1,839	1,144	576	119	66.51	33.49
Against society	18,865	10,214	6,198	2,453	62.23	37.77
Against the person	17,281	12,696	3,385	1,200	78.95	21.05
Against property	37,707	23,276	12,047	2,384	65.89	34.11
On the high seas	4	3	1	.....	75.00	25.00
Miscellaneous	6,633	3,029	1,902	1,702	61.43	38.57
MALE.						
All offenses	75,924	47,025	22,371	6,528	67.76	32.24
Against the government	1,823	1,133	571	119	66.49	33.51
Against society	15,033	8,395	5,054	1,584	62.42	37.58
Against the person	16,511	12,172	3,235	1,104	79.00	21.00
Against property	36,382	22,433	11,731	2,218	65.66	34.34
On the high seas	4	3	1	.....	75.00	25.00
Miscellaneous	6,171	2,889	1,779	1,503	61.89	38.11
FEMALE.						
All offenses	6,405	3,337	1,738	1,330	65.75	34.25
Against the government	16	11	5	.....	68.75	31.25
Against society	3,832	1,819	1,144	869	61.39	38.61
Against the person	770	524	150	96	77.74	22.26
Against property	1,325	843	316	166	72.74	27.26
Miscellaneous	462	140	123	199	53.23	46.77

a The percentages are calculated on the total basis of 74,471 reported, omitting 7,858 not stated.

The percentage of the idle is largest among the prisoners charged with offenses against society; then follow in order offenders against property, against the government, and against the person. Offenses on the high seas and miscellaneous offenses are not included in the comparison. The percentage of the idle charged with offenses against the person is only about three-fifths that of those charged with offenses against society.

OCCUPATIONS IN PRISON.

Table 93 shows the occupations of prisoners while in prison, by groups of crimes.

Tables 94 and 95 show the same facts by groups of crimes and by geographical divisions.

Of 82,329 prisoners, the occupations of 22,439 (20,169 male and 2,270 female) are not stated.

The number reported to be engaged in prison duties is 15,803 (13,067 male and 2,736 female).

Of the remaining 44,087, the number whose occupations have not been classified is 12,941 (12,412 male and 529 female).

The investigation has therefore resulted in obtaining the occupations of only 31,146 prisoners (30,276 male and 870 female).

I.—OCCUPATIONS IN PRISON, BY GEOGRAPHICAL DIVISIONS.

BOTH SEXES.

OCCUPATIONS IN PRISON.	NUMBERS.						PERCENTAGES.				
	The United States.	Geographical divisions.					Geographical divisions.				
		North Atlantic.	South Atlantic.	North Central.	South Central.	Western.	North Atlantic.	South Atlantic.	North Central.	South Central.	Western.
Total	82,329	28,258	11,409	19,854	16,084	6,724	34.32	13.86	24.11	19.54	8.17
Boots and shoes	5,311	1,873	850	2,383	155	50	35.27	16.00	44.87	2.92	0.94
Clothing	3,006	2,701	.....	173	71	61	89.85	.....	5.76	2.36	2.03
Furniture	527	335	.....	109	82	1	63.57	.....	20.68	15.56	0.19
Chairs	3,723	1,968	.....	1,301	454	.....	52.86	.....	34.95	12.19	.....
Wagons	213	.....	.....	115	98	.....	.....	.....	53.99	46.01	.....
Barrels	403	75	.....	328	.....	.....	18.61	.....	81.39	.....	.....
Brooms	488	302	57	99	30	.....	61.88	11.68	20.29	6.15	.....
Brushes	853	588	.....	265	.....	.....	68.93	.....	31.07	.....	.....
Agricultural implements	67	.....	1	66	.....	.....	.....	1.49	98.51	.....	.....
Carpenter work	34	8	.....	21	3	2	23.53	.....	61.77	8.82	5.88
Brick	680	19	200	205	51	205	2.76	30.34	29.75	7.40	29.75
Stone	2,733	1,012	336	795	75	515	37.03	12.29	29.09	2.75	18.84
Iron	94	88	.....	.....	6	.....	93.62	.....	.....	6.38	.....
Foundry work	1,292	117	155	778	91	151	9.05	12.00	60.22	7.04	11.69
Saddlery	887	227	130	520	8	2	25.59	14.66	58.62	0.90	0.23
Farming	4,611	555	882	34	3,108	32	12.04	19.13	0.74	67.40	0.69
Mining	2,743	.....	725	388	1,630	.....	.....	26.43	14.15	59.42	.....
Railroad building	3,472	19	1,668	103	1,407	275	0.55	48.04	2.97	40.52	7.92
Miscellaneous	12,941	3,987	1,543	3,359	2,722	1,330	30.81	11.92	25.96	21.03	10.28
Prison duties	15,893	7,511	1,580	3,546	1,594	1,572	47.53	10.00	22.44	10.08	9.95
Not stated	22,439	6,873	3,273	5,266	4,499	2,528	30.63	14.59	23.47	20.05	11.26

MALE.

Total	75,924	24,883	10,505	18,873	15,131	6,532	32.77	13.84	24.86	19.93	8.60
Boots and shoes	5,192	1,854	751	2,383	154	50	35.71	14.46	45.90	2.97	0.96
Clothing	2,651	2,410	.....	135	65	41	90.91	.....	5.09	2.45	1.55
Furniture	526	335	.....	109	81	1	63.69	.....	20.72	15.40	0.19
Chairs	3,631	1,965	.....	1,249	417	.....	54.12	.....	34.40	11.48	.....
Wagons	213	.....	.....	115	98	.....	.....	.....	53.99	46.01	.....
Barrels	403	75	.....	328	.....	.....	18.61	.....	81.39	.....	.....
Brooms	487	301	57	99	30	.....	61.81	11.70	20.33	6.16	.....
Brushes	783	575	.....	208	.....	.....	73.44	.....	26.56	.....	.....
Agricultural implements	67	.....	1	66	.....	.....	.....	1.49	98.51	.....	.....
Carpenter work	34	8	.....	21	3	2	23.53	.....	61.77	8.82	5.88
Brick	681	18	205	205	48	205	2.65	30.10	30.10	7.05	30.10
Stone	2,695	1,009	334	778	62	512	37.44	12.39	28.87	2.30	19.00
Iron	88	82	.....	.....	6	.....	93.18	.....	.....	6.82	.....
Foundry work	1,292	117	155	778	91	151	9.05	12.00	60.22	7.04	11.69
Saddlery	887	227	130	520	8	2	25.59	14.66	58.62	0.90	0.23
Farming	4,454	555	816	34	3,017	32	12.46	18.32	0.76	67.74	0.72
Mining	2,742	.....	725	388	1,629	.....	.....	26.44	14.15	59.41	.....
Railroad building	3,450	19	1,648	103	1,405	275	0.55	47.77	2.99	40.72	7.97
Miscellaneous	12,412	3,750	1,449	3,313	2,572	1,328	30.21	11.68	26.69	20.72	10.70
Prison duties	13,067	5,698	1,347	3,130	1,334	1,558	43.61	10.31	23.95	10.21	11.92
Not stated	20,169	5,885	2,887	4,911	4,111	2,375	29.18	14.31	24.35	20.38	11.78

FEMALE.

Total	6,405	3,375	904	981	953	192	52.69	14.11	15.32	14.88	3.00
Boots and shoes	119	19	99	.....	1	.....	15.97	83.19	.....	0.84	.....
Clothing	355	291	.....	38	6	20	81.97	.....	10.71	1.69	5.63
Furniture	1	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	100.00	.....
Chairs	92	3	.....	52	37	.....	3.26	.....	56.52	40.22	.....
Brooms	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	100.00	.....	.....	.....	.....
Brushes	70	13	.....	57	.....	.....	18.57	.....	81.43	.....	.....
Brick	8	1	4	.....	3	.....	12.50	50.00	.....	37.50	.....
Stone	38	3	2	17	13	3	7.90	5.26	44.74	34.21	7.89
Iron	6	6	.....	.....	.....	.....	100.00	.....	.....	.....	.....
Farming	157	.....	66	.....	91	.....	.....	42.04	.....	57.96	.....
Mining	1	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	100.00	.....
Railroad building	22	.....	20	.....	2	.....	.....	90.91	.....	9.09	.....
Miscellaneous	529	237	94	46	150	2	44.80	17.77	8.70	28.35	0.38
Prison duties	2,736	1,813	233	416	260	14	66.26	8.52	15.21	9.50	0.51
Not stated	2,270	988	386	355	388	153	43.52	17.01	15.64	17.09	6.74

Of prisoners engaged in making clothing, 89.85 per cent are in the North Atlantic division. The other occupations which exhibit large percentages for this division are: ironwork, 93.62; brushes, 68.93; furniture, 63.57; brooms, 61.88; chairs, 52.86.

Of prisoners engaged in making barrels, 81.39 per cent are in the North Central division. The other occupations which exhibit a large percentage for this division are: agricultural implements, 98.51; foundry work, 60.22; saddlery and harness making, 58.62; wagon making, 53.99; boots and shoes, 44.87.

Of prisoners engaged in farming, 19.13 per cent are in the South Atlantic division and 67.40 per cent are in the South Central division. The other occupations which exhibit large percentages for these divisions are: mining, in the South Atlantic, 26.43 per cent, and in the South Central, 59.42 per cent; railroad building, in the South Atlantic, 48.04 per cent, and in the South Central, 40.52 per cent.

In the Western division relatively large percentages of prisoners are engaged in making brick and quarrying stone.

II.—OCCUPATIONS IN PRISON, BY GROUPS OF CRIMES.

BOTH SEXES.

OCCUPATIONS IN PRISON.	NUMBERS.						PERCENTAGES.				
	Total.	Groups of crimes.					Groups of crimes.				
		Against the government.	Against society.	Against the person.	Against property.	Miscellaneous.	Against the government.	Against society.	Against the person.	Against property.	Miscellaneous.
Total	82,329	1,639	18,865	17,281	37,707	a6,037	2.23	22.92	20.99	45.80	8.00
Boots and shoes	5,311	90	542	1,198	3,135	346	1.69	10.21	22.56	59.03	6.51
Clothing	3,006	84	311	504	2,020	a87	2.79	10.35	16.77	67.20	2.89
Furniture	527	2	17	122	365	21	0.38	3.23	23.15	69.26	3.98
Chairs	3,723	71	1,366	617	1,533	136	1.91	36.69	16.57	41.18	3.65
Wagons	213	.....	8	101	99	5	.....	3.75	47.42	46.48	2.35
Barrels	403	.....	30	86	261	26	.....	7.44	21.34	64.77	6.45
Brooms	488	14	42	134	247	51	2.87	8.61	27.46	50.61	10.45
Brushes	853	11	212	134	435	61	1.29	24.85	15.71	51.00	7.15
Agricultural implements	67	3	.....	22	25	17	4.48	.....	32.84	37.31	25.37
Carpenter work	34	1	3	9	16	5	2.94	8.82	26.47	47.06	14.71
Brick	689	3	149	156	350	31	0.43	21.63	22.64	50.80	4.50
Stone	2,733	35	591	507	1,473	127	1.28	21.62	18.55	53.90	4.65
Iron	94	1	20	16	53	4	1.06	21.28	17.02	56.38	4.26
Foundry work	1,292	24	28	323	803	114	1.86	2.17	25.00	62.15	8.82
Saddlery	887	15	28	208	504	a132	1.69	3.16	23.45	56.82	14.88
Farming	4,611	10	783	1,145	2,206	467	0.22	16.98	24.83	47.84	10.13
Mining	2,743	7	146	726	1,674	190	0.25	5.32	26.47	61.03	6.93
Railroad building	3,472	7	422	590	2,118	335	0.20	12.16	16.99	61.00	9.65
Miscellaneous	12,641	472	1,594	2,988	6,932	a955	3.65	12.32	23.60	53.56	7.38
Prison duties	15,808	455	5,546	3,091	5,774	937	2.88	35.09	19.56	36.54	5.93
Not stated	22,439	534	7,027	4,604	7,684	a2,590	2.38	31.32	20.52	34.24	11.54

MALE.

Total	75,924	1,823	15,033	16,511	36,382	a6,175	2.40	19.80	21.75	47.92	8.13
Boots and shoes	5,102	90	525	1,162	3,070	345	1.73	10.11	22.38	59.13	6.65
Clothing	2,651	84	163	440	1,877	a78	3.17	6.15	16.94	70.80	2.94
Furniture	520	2	17	122	364	21	0.38	3.23	23.20	69.20	3.99
Chairs	3,631	71	1,330	599	1,495	136	1.95	36.63	16.50	41.17	3.75
Wagons	213	.....	8	101	99	5	.....	3.75	47.42	46.48	2.35
Barrels	403	.....	30	86	261	26	.....	7.44	21.34	64.77	6.45
Brooms	487	14	42	134	247	50	2.87	8.62	27.52	50.72	10.27
Brushes	783	11	153	130	428	61	1.41	19.54	16.60	54.66	7.79
Agricultural implements	67	3	.....	22	25	17	4.48	.....	32.84	37.31	25.37
Carpenter work	34	1	3	9	16	5	2.94	8.82	26.47	47.06	14.71
Brick	681	3	141	156	350	31	0.44	20.70	22.91	51.40	4.55
Stone	2,695	35	562	505	1,469	124	1.30	20.85	18.74	54.51	4.60
Iron	88	1	18	13	52	4	1.14	20.45	14.77	59.09	4.55
Foundry work	1,292	24	28	323	803	114	1.86	2.17	25.00	62.15	8.82
Saddlery	887	15	28	208	504	a132	1.69	3.16	23.45	56.82	14.88
Farming	4,454	10	753	1,103	2,134	454	0.23	16.91	24.76	47.91	10.19
Mining	2,742	7	145	726	1,674	190	0.25	5.29	26.48	61.05	6.93
Railroad building	3,450	7	420	588	2,111	324	0.20	12.18	17.04	61.19	9.39
Miscellaneous	12,412	468	1,258	2,949	6,815	a922	3.77	10.13	23.76	54.91	7.43
Prison duties	18,067	451	3,686	2,800	5,325	805	3.45	28.21	21.43	40.75	6.16
Not stated	20,169	526	5,723	4,326	7,203	a2,331	2.61	28.38	21.45	36.01	11.55

FEMALE.

Total	6,405	16	3,832	770	1,325	462	0.25	59.83	12.02	20.69	7.21
Boots and shoes	119	.....	17	36	65	1	.....	14.29	30.25	54.62	0.84
Clothing	355	.....	148	55	143	9	.....	41.69	15.49	40.28	2.54
Furniture	1	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	100.00	.....
Chairs	92	.....	36	18	38	.....	.....	39.13	19.57	41.30	.....
Brooms	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	100.00
Brushes	70	.....	59	4	7	.....	.....	84.29	5.71	10.00	.....
Brick	8	.....	8	.....	.....	.....	.....	100.00	.....	.....	.....
Stone	38	.....	29	2	4	3	.....	76.32	5.26	10.53	7.89
Iron	6	.....	2	3	1	.....	.....	33.33	50.00	16.67	.....
Farming	157	.....	30	42	72	13	.....	19.11	26.75	45.86	8.28
Mining	1	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	100.00	.....	.....	.....
Railroad building	22	.....	2	2	7	11	.....	9.09	9.09	31.82	50.00
Miscellaneous	529	4	336	39	117	33	0.76	63.51	7.37	22.12	6.24
Prison duties	2,736	4	1,860	291	449	132	0.15	67.98	10.64	16.41	4.82
Not stated	2,270	8	1,304	278	421	259	0.35	57.44	12.25	18.55	11.41

a Includes crimes on the high seas.

The foregoing table has been inserted in order to complete the text according to the method adopted for the entire report, but the occupations of prisoners under sentence have little relation to the crimes with which they are charged.

The percentages of occupations in prison are given in another form, namely, by adding the columns vertically instead of horizontally in the following table, calculated on the basis of 59,890, omitting 22,439 not stated:

OCCUPATIONS IN PRISON.	Total.	SEX.		GEOGRAPHICAL DIVISIONS.					GROUPS OF CRIMES.					
		Male.	Female.	North Atlantic.	South Atlantic.	North Central.	South Central.	Western	Against the government.	Against society.	Against the person.	Against property.	On the high seas.	Miscellaneous.
Total	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Boots and shoes	8.87	9.31	2.88	8.76	10.45	16.33	1.34	1.19	6.90	4.58	9.45	10.44	.....	8.56
Clothing	5.02	4.76	8.59	12.63	.....	1.19	0.61	1.45	6.44	2.63	3.97	6.73	33.34	2.13
Furniture	0.88	0.94	0.02	1.57	.....	0.75	0.71	0.02	0.15	0.14	0.96	1.22	.....	0.52
Chairs	6.22	6.51	2.23	9.20	.....	8.92	3.92	.....	5.44	11.54	4.87	5.11	.....	3.36
Wagons	0.35	0.38	.....	.....	.....	0.79	0.85	.....	.....	0.07	0.80	0.33	.....	0.12
Barrels	0.67	0.72	.....	0.35	.....	2.25	.....	.....	.....	0.25	0.68	0.87	.....	0.64
Brooms	0.81	0.87	0.02	1.41	0.70	0.68	0.26	.....	1.07	0.35	1.06	0.82	.....	1.26
Brushes	1.42	1.41	1.69	2.75	.....	1.82	.....	.....	0.84	1.79	1.06	1.45	.....	1.51
Agricultural implements	0.11	0.12	.....	.....	0.01	0.45	.....	.....	0.23	.....	0.17	0.08	.....	0.42
Carpenter work	0.06	0.06	.....	0.04	.....	0.14	0.02	0.05	0.08	0.03	0.07	0.05	.....	0.12
Brick	1.15	1.22	0.10	0.09	2.57	1.40	0.44	4.89	0.23	1.26	1.23	1.17	.....	0.77
Stone	4.50	4.83	0.92	4.73	4.13	5.45	0.05	12.27	2.68	4.99	4.00	4.91	.....	3.14
Iron	0.16	0.16	0.15	0.41	.....	.....	0.05	.....	0.08	0.17	0.13	0.18	.....	0.10
Foundry work	2.16	2.32	.....	0.55	1.91	5.33	0.79	3.60	1.84	0.24	2.55	2.67	.....	2.82
Saddlery	1.48	1.59	.....	1.06	1.60	3.56	0.07	0.05	1.15	0.24	1.64	1.68	33.33	3.24
Farming	7.70	7.99	3.80	2.60	10.84	0.23	26.83	0.76	0.76	6.61	9.03	7.35	.....	11.55
Mining	4.58	4.92	0.02	.....	8.91	2.66	14.07	.....	0.54	1.23	5.73	5.57	.....	4.70
Railroad building	5.80	6.19	0.53	0.09	20.50	0.71	12.14	6.55	0.54	3.56	4.65	7.05	.....	8.28
Miscellaneous	21.61	22.26	12.79	18.04	18.96	23.03	23.49	31.70	36.17	13.47	23.57	23.09	33.33	23.59
Prison duties	26.39	23.44	66.17	35.12	19.42	24.31	13.76	37.47	34.80	46.85	24.38	19.23	.....	23.17

In the northern and western states, of specific employments, the largest percentages are: boots and shoes, in the North Central division, 16.33 per cent; stone, in the Western, 12.27; clothing, in the North Atlantic, 12.63.

In the North Atlantic division, 9.20, and in the North Central, 8.92 per cent are employed in chair making.

The largest number employed in any division in any one industry is 2,701, engaged in the manufacture of clothing in the North Atlantic division.

HABITS WITH RESPECT TO THE USE OF ARDENT SPIRITS.

Table 96 shows the habits of prisoners with respect to the use of ardent spirits, by geographical divisions and by sex, color, nativity, and race, with the numbers and percentages.

Table 97 shows the same facts by groups of crimes.

The statistics on this subject, however collected, are more or less inaccurate, but as the figures here given have been furnished for the most part by prison officials, it is believed that they are as reliable as possible.

The habits of 13,659 (12,241 male and 1,418 female) prisoners are not stated. Of the remaining 68,670 (63,683 male and 4,987 female), 12,616 (11,488 male and 1,128 female) are returned as total abstainers; 40,001 (38,027 male and 1,974 female) as occasional or moderate drinkers; 16,053 (14,168 male and 1,885 female) as habitual drunkards.

I.—BY GEOGRAPHICAL DIVISIONS.

BOTH SEXES.

GEOGRAPHICAL DIVISIONS.	NUMBERS.					PERCENTAGES. (a)		
	Total.	Total abstainers.	Moderate or occasional drinkers.	Drunkards.	Not stated.	Total abstainers.	Moderate or occasional drinkers.	Drunkards.
The United States	82,329	12,616	40,001	16,053	13,659	18.37	58.25	23.38
North Atlantic	28,258	3,416	14,738	6,458	3,646	13.88	59.88	26.24
South Atlantic	11,409	1,711	6,294	1,226	2,178	18.54	68.18	13.28
North Central	19,854	3,522	8,640	4,557	3,135	21.06	51.68	27.26
South Central	16,084	2,956	6,769	2,794	3,565	23.61	54.07	22.32
Western	6,724	1,011	3,560	1,018	1,135	18.09	63.70	18.21
MALE.								
The United States	75,924	11,488	38,027	14,168	12,241	18.04	59.71	22.25
North Atlantic	24,883	2,994	13,697	5,114	3,078	13.73	62.82	23.45
South Atlantic	10,505	1,485	5,929	1,096	1,995	17.45	69.67	12.88
North Central	18,873	3,298	8,410	4,312	2,853	20.50	52.50	26.91
South Central	15,131	2,742	6,521	2,653	3,215	23.01	54.73	22.26
Western	6,532	969	3,470	993	1,100	17.84	63.88	18.28
FEMALE.								
The United States	6,405	1,128	1,974	1,885	1,418	22.62	39.58	37.80
North Atlantic	3,375	422	1,041	1,344	568	15.03	37.09	47.88
South Atlantic	904	226	365	130	183	31.35	50.62	18.03
North Central	981	224	230	245	282	32.05	32.90	35.05
South Central	953	214	248	141	350	35.40	41.13	23.38
Western	192	42	90	25	35	26.75	57.33	15.92

a The percentages are calculated on the total basis of 68,670 reported, omitting 13,659 not stated.

The divisions which report the largest percentages of habitual drunkards do not always report the smallest number of total abstainers, and vice versa. The largest percentages of moderate or occasional drinkers are in the South Atlantic and Western divisions; of total abstainers, in the South Central and North Central divisions; of drunkards, in the North Central and North Atlantic divisions. This is true both for men and for women. The percentage of drunkards among women is half as large again as among men. The percentage of total abstainers is somewhat larger among women than among men. The percentage of moderate or occasional drinkers is very much larger among men than among women.

II.—HABITS, BY ELEMENTS OF THE POPULATION.

BOTH SEXES.

COLOR, NATIVITY, AND RACE.	NUMBERS.					PERCENTAGES. (a)		
	Total.	Total abstainers.	Moderate or occasional drinkers.	Drunkards.	Not stated.	Total abstainers.	Moderate or occasional drinkers.	Drunkards.
Total	82,329	12,616	40,001	16,053	13,659	18.37	58.25	23.38
White	57,310	8,126	28,029	12,683	8,272	16.57	57.16	26.27
Native born	40,471	6,330	20,152	8,693	5,297	18.00	57.29	24.71
Parents native	21,037	3,871	10,699	4,138	2,329	20.69	57.19	22.12
One parent foreign	2,881	530	1,489	601	261	20.23	56.83	22.94
Parents foreign	12,601	1,313	6,487	3,323	1,478	11.80	58.32	29.88
One or both parents unknown	3,952	616	1,477	630	1,229	22.62	54.24	23.14
Foreign born	15,932	1,707	7,793	4,005	2,367	12.58	57.45	29.97
Nativity unknown	907	89	84	126	608	29.77	28.09	42.14
Colored	25,019	4,490	11,972	3,170	5,387	22.87	60.98	16.15
Negroes	24,277	4,372	11,737	3,090	5,078	22.77	61.13	16.10
Chinese	407	61	75	21	250	33.85	47.77	13.38
Japanese	13	2	9	.....	2	18.18	81.82	.....
Indians	322	55	151	59	57	20.76	56.98	22.26
MALE.								
Total	75,924	11,488	38,027	14,168	12,241	18.04	59.71	22.25
White	52,894	7,484	26,731	11,289	7,390	16.45	58.76	24.79
Native born	38,156	5,907	19,458	8,015	4,776	17.70	58.29	24.01
Parents native	20,101	3,644	10,423	3,926	2,108	20.25	57.93	21.82
One parent foreign	2,729	489	1,430	550	242	19.63	57.86	22.48
Parents foreign	11,766	1,230	6,210	2,976	1,350	11.81	59.62	28.57
One or both parents unknown	3,560	544	1,386	554	1,076	21.90	55.80	22.30
Foreign born	13,860	1,502	7,192	3,142	2,033	12.69	60.76	26.55
Nativity unknown	869	75	81	123	590	26.38	29.03	44.09
Colored	23,030	4,004	11,296	2,888	4,842	22.01	62.11	15.88
Negroes	22,305	3,888	11,062	2,815	4,540	21.88	62.27	15.85
Chinese	406	61	75	21	249	33.85	47.77	13.38
Japanese	12	1	9	.....	2	10.00	90.00	.....
Indians	307	54	150	52	51	21.10	58.59	20.31
FEMALE.								
Total	6,405	1,128	1,974	1,885	1,418	22.69	39.58	37.80
White	4,416	642	1,298	1,603	873	18.12	36.64	45.24
Native born	2,315	423	694	677	521	23.58	38.68	37.74
Parents native	936	227	276	212	221	31.75	38.60	29.65
One parent foreign	152	41	50	42	19	30.83	37.59	31.58
Parents foreign	835	83	277	347	128	11.74	39.18	49.08
One or both parents unknown	392	72	91	76	153	30.13	38.07	31.80
Foreign born	2,093	205	601	923	334	11.86	34.76	53.38
Nativity unknown	38	14	3	3	18	70.00	15.00	15.00
Colored	1,989	486	676	282	545	33.66	46.81	19.53
Negroes	1,972	484	675	275	538	33.75	47.07	19.18
Chinese	1	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....
Japanese	1	1	.....	.....	.....	100.00	.....	.....
Indians	15	1	1	7	6	11.11	11.11	77.78

a The percentages are calculated on the total basis of 68,670 reported, omitting 13,659 not stated.

The percentage of drunkards among white prisoners is much larger than among the colored, and of total abstainers much larger among the colored than among the whites. This is true for both sexes and for each sex separately. The largest percentage of total abstainers is among the Chinese. The smallest percentage of total abstainers is among foreign whites and native whites with both parents foreign. The percentage of drunkards among these two classes is considerably greater than among native whites with one or both parents native.

III.—HABITS, BY GROUPS OF CRIMES.

BOTH SEXES.

OFFENSES.	NUMBERS.					PERCENTAGES. (a)		
	Total.	Total abstainers.	Moderate or occasional drinkers.	Drunkards.	Not stated.	Total abstainers.	Moderate or occasional drinkers.	Drunkards.
All offenses	82,329	12,616	40,001	16,053	13,659	18.37	58.25	23.38
Against the government	1,839	272	1,054	96	417	19.13	74.12	6.75
Against society	18,865	1,642	7,466	5,891	3,836	10.92	49.88	39.20
Against the person	17,281	2,803	9,002	2,950	2,526	19.00	61.01	19.99
Against property	37,707	6,981	20,063	6,231	4,432	20.98	60.29	18.73
On the high seas	4	1	2	.....	1	33.33	66.67	.....
Miscellaneous	6,633	917	2,384	885	2,447	21.91	56.95	21.14
MALE.								
All offenses	75,624	11,488	38,027	14,168	12,241	18.04	59.71	22.25
Against the government	1,823	265	1,048	95	415	18.82	74.43	6.75
Against society	15,633	1,318	6,209	4,290	3,126	11.07	52.90	36.03
Against the person	16,511	2,559	8,755	2,862	2,335	18.05	61.76	20.19
Against property	36,382	6,490	19,606	6,097	4,189	20.16	60.90	18.94
On the high seas	4	1	2	.....	1	33.33	66.67	.....
Miscellaneous	6,171	855	2,317	824	2,175	21.40	57.98	20.62
FEMALE.								
All offenses	6,405	1,128	1,974	1,885	1,418	22.62	39.58	37.80
Against the government	16	7	6	1	2	50.00	42.86	7.14
Against society	3,832	324	1,197	1,601	710	10.38	38.34	51.28
Against the person	770	244	247	88	191	42.14	42.66	15.20
Against property	1,325	491	457	134	243	45.38	42.24	12.38
Miscellaneous	462	62	67	61	272	32.63	35.26	32.11

a The percentages are calculated on the total basis of 68,670 reported, omitting 13,659 not stated.

Omitting those charged with offenses on the high seas and miscellaneous offenses, the percentage of drunkards is very much the largest among those charged with offenses against society, which was to be expected, since this group includes drunkenness and disorder. The percentage of drunkards charged with offenses against the person and against property is very nearly the same, but of prisoners charged with offenses against the government it is very small. The percentage of total abstainers is largest among prisoners charged with offenses against property and smallest among those charged with offenses against society.

The percentage of female drunkards charged with offenses against society is larger than that of male drunkards. In all the other groups the percentage of male drunkards is larger than that of female drunkards. In the other groups the percentage of female abstainers is double or more than double that of male abstainers. The percentage of moderate or occasional drinkers is uniformly larger among male than among female prisoners.

LEGAL RESIDENCE.

Table 98 shows the numbers and percentages of prisoners incarcerated in or out of the state claimed as their legal residence, by geographical divisions and by sex, color, nativity, and race.

Table 99 shows the same facts for groups of crimes.

The disposition of criminals to wander from place to place or to make frequent changes of residence is well known.

The question as to legal residence was unanswered in 5,151 cases (4,550 male and 601 female). Of the remaining 77,178 (71,374 male and 5,804 female), the number who are returned as residents of the state is 66,002 (60,460 male and 5,542 female); those who reside elsewhere, 11,176 (10,914 male and 262 female).

The migratory habits of male prisoners are much more pronounced than those of female prisoners. The percentage of male prisoners who reside out of the state in which they were convicted is nearly four times as great as that of female prisoners.

I.—BY GEOGRAPHICAL DIVISIONS.

BOTH SEXES.

GEOGRAPHICAL DIVISIONS.	NUMBERS.				PERCENTAGES. (a)	
	Total.	Reside in the state.	Reside elsewhere.	Not stated.	Reside in the state.	Reside elsewhere.
The United States	82,329	66,002	11,176	5,151	85.52	14.48
North Atlantic	28,258	24,207	2,687	1,324	90.21	9.79
South Atlantic	11,409	9,971	1,059	379	90.40	9.60
North Central	19,854	14,121	4,211	1,522	77.03	22.97
South Central	16,084	12,878	1,797	1,409	87.75	12.25
Western	6,724	4,735	1,472	517	76.28	23.72
MALE.						
The United States	75,924	60,460	10,914	4,550	84.71	15.29
North Atlantic	24,888	21,437	2,536	910	89.42	10.58
South Atlantic	10,505	9,117	1,026	362	89.88	10.12
North Central	18,879	13,306	4,128	1,439	76.32	23.68
South Central	15,131	12,042	1,759	1,330	87.25	12.75
Western	6,532	4,558	1,465	509	75.68	24.32
FEMALE.						
The United States	6,405	5,542	262	601	95.49	4.51
North Atlantic	3,875	2,860	101	414	96.59	3.41
South Atlantic	904	854	33	17	96.28	3.72
North Central	981	815	83	83	90.76	9.24
South Central	953	836	38	79	95.65	4.35
Western	192	177	7	8	96.20	3.80

a The percentages are calculated on the total basis of 77,178 reported, omitting 5,151 not stated.

The percentage of nonresidents is largest in the Western division, 23.72; then in the North Central, 22.97; in the South Central, 12.25; in the North Atlantic, 9.79; in the South Atlantic, 9.60. The percentages for the North and South Atlantic divisions are nearly identical, as are also those for the North Central and Western divisions.

II.—RESIDENCE, BY ELEMENTS OF THE POPULATION.

BOTH SEXES.

COLOR, NATIVITY, AND RACE.	NUMBERS.				PERCENTAGES. (a)	
	Total.	Reside in the state.	Reside elsewhere.	Not stated.	Reside in the state.	Reside elsewhere.
Total	82,329	66,002	11,176	5,151	85.52	14.48
White	57,310	44,850	8,658	3,802	83.82	16.18
Native born	40,471	32,025	6,472	1,974	83.19	16.81
Parents native	21,037	16,676	3,591	770	82.28	17.72
One parent foreign	2,881	2,221	572	88	79.52	20.48
Parents foreign	12,601	10,263	1,854	484	84.70	15.30
One or both parents unknown	3,952	2,865	455	632	86.30	13.70
Foreign born	15,932	12,536	2,165	1,231	85.27	14.73
Nativity unknown	907	289	21	597	93.23	6.77
Colored	25,019	21,152	2,518	1,349	89.36	10.64
Negroes	24,277	20,035	2,372	1,270	89.69	10.31
Chinese	407	322	37	48	89.69	10.31
Japanese	13	13	.....	.....	100.00	.....
Indians	322	182	109	31	62.54	37.46
MALE.						
Total	75,024	60,460	10,914	4,550	84.71	15.29
White	52,894	41,091	8,490	3,313	82.88	17.12
Native born	38,156	29,997	6,364	1,795	82.50	17.50
Parents native	20,101	15,848	3,536	717	81.76	18.24
One parent foreign	2,729	2,085	562	82	78.77	21.23
Parents foreign	11,766	9,542	1,823	401	83.96	16.04
One or both parents unknown	3,560	2,522	443	595	85.06	14.94
Foreign born	13,869	10,837	2,107	925	83.72	16.28
Nativity unknown	869	257	19	593	93.12	6.88
Colored	23,030	19,369	2,424	1,237	88.88	11.12
Negroes	22,305	18,867	2,279	1,159	89.22	10.78
Chinese	406	321	37	48	89.66	10.34
Japanese	12	12	.....	.....	100.00	.....
Indians	307	169	108	30	61.01	38.99
FEMALE.						
Total	6,405	5,542	262	601	95.49	4.51
White	4,416	3,759	168	489	95.72	4.28
Native born	2,315	2,028	108	179	94.94	5.06
Parents native	936	828	55	53	93.77	6.23
One parent foreign	152	136	10	6	93.15	6.85
Parents foreign	835	721	31	83	95.88	4.12
One or both parents unknown	392	343	12	37	96.62	3.38
Foreign born	2,063	1,699	58	306	96.70	3.30
Nativity unknown	38	32	2	4	94.12	5.88
Colored	1,989	1,783	94	112	94.99	5.01
Negroes	1,972	1,768	93	111	95.00	5.00
Chinese	1	1	.....	.....	100 00	.....
Japanese	1	1	.....	.....	100.00	.....
Indians	15	13	1	1	92.86	7.14

a The percentages are calculated on the total basis of 77,178 reported, omitting 5,151 not stated.

The percentage of nonresident prisoners is once and a half as large among the whites as among the colored. It is largest among the Indians. The percentage of native whites with both parents native is larger than foreign whites, and of native whites with one parent native than of those with both parents foreign.

III.—RESIDENCE, BY GROUPS OF CRIMES.

BOTH SEXES.

OFFENSES.	NUMBERS.				PERCENTAGES. (a)	
	Total.	Reside in the state.	Reside elsewhere.	Not stated.	Reside in the state.	Reside elsewhere.
All offenses	82,329	66,002	11,176	5,151	85.52	14.48
Against the government	1,839	1,316	445	78	74.73	25.27
Against society	18,865	15,383	1,776	1,701	89.65	10.35
Against the person	17,281	14,885	1,799	597	89.22	10.78
Against property	37,707	29,890	6,291	1,526	82.61	17.39
On the high seas	4	1	3	.....	25.00	75.00
Miscellaneous	6,639	4,522	862	1,249	83.99	16.01
MALE.						
All offenses	75,024	60,460	10,914	4,550	84.71	15.29
Against the government	1,823	1,303	443	77	74.63	25.37
Against society	15,038	12,122	1,662	1,249	87.94	12.06
Against the person	16,511	14,180	1,759	572	88.96	11.04
Against property	36,382	28,697	6,195	1,490	82.25	17.75
On the high seas	4	1	3	.....	25.00	75.00
Miscellaneous	6,171	4,157	852	1,162	82.99	17.01
FEMALE.						
All offenses	6,405	5,542	262	601	95.49	4.51
Against the government	16	13	2	1	86.67	13.33
Against society	3,832	3,266	114	452	96.63	3.37
Against the person	770	705	40	25	94.63	5.37
Against property	1,325	1,193	96	36	92.55	7.45
Miscellaneous	462	305	10	87	97.33	2.67

a The percentages are calculated on the total basis of 77,178 reported, omitting 5,151 not stated.

A large percentage of those committing crimes against the government are reported as nonresidents, but this is influenced by the fact that federal prisoners are sent to other states for incarceration by the court in which they were tried and convicted. It is evident that the group of prisoners most given to wandering about the country is that charged with crimes against property. As is well known, crimes against society and against the person are more impulsive, while crimes against property are more deliberate in character.

HEALTH.

Table 100 shows the condition of prisoners as to health, by geographical divisions and by sex, color, nativity, and race, with the numbers and percentages.

Table 101 shows the same facts by groups of crimes.

Where the question as to health was not answered upon the census schedules, it has been taken for granted that the prisoner was in good health. With this understanding and explanation, the number in good health is 73,279 (67,460 male and 5,819 female); in various other conditions, 9,050 (8,464 male and 586 female), subdivided as follows: ill, 5,159 (4,820 male and 339 female); insane, 1,464 (1,290 male and 174 female); blind, 261 (251 male and 10 female); deaf-mutes, 114 (112 male and 2 female); idiots, 173 (153 male and 20 female); crippled, 1,879 (1,838 male and 41 female).

I.—BY GEOGRAPHICAL DIVISIONS.

BOTH SEXES.

GEOGRAPHICAL DIVISIONS.	NUMBERS.								PERCENTAGES.						
	Total.	In good health. (a)	Ill.	Insane.	Blind.	Deaf-mutes.	Idiots.	Crippled.	In good health. (a)	Ill.	Insane.	Blind.	Deaf-mutes.	Idiots.	Crippled.
The United States	82,329	73,279	5,159	1,464	261	114	173	1,879	89.01	6.26	1.78	0.32	0.14	0.21	2.28
North Atlantic	28,258	25,443	1,588	572	80	60	62	453	90.04	5.62	2.03	0.28	0.21	0.22	1.60
South Atlantic	11,409	10,596	515	77	24	9	20	168	92.87	4.51	0.68	0.21	0.08	0.18	1.47
North Central	19,854	17,212	1,431	513	87	24	35	552	86.69	7.21	2.58	0.44	0.12	0.18	2.78
South Central	16,084	13,922	1,303	223	45	7	47	537	86.56	8.10	1.39	0.28	0.04	0.29	3.34
Western	6,724	6,106	322	79	25	14	9	169	90.81	4.79	1.18	0.37	0.21	0.13	2.51
MALE.															
The United States	75,924	67,460	4,820	1,290	251	112	153	1,838	88.85	6.35	1.70	0.33	0.15	0.20	2.42
North Atlantic	24,883	22,329	1,409	522	77	59	51	436	89.74	5.66	2.10	0.31	0.24	0.20	1.75
South Atlantic	10,505	9,742	487	60	23	8	19	166	92.74	4.63	0.57	0.22	0.08	0.18	1.58
North Central	18,873	16,374	1,344	478	85	24	32	536	86.76	7.12	2.53	0.45	0.13	0.17	2.84
South Central	15,131	13,090	1,265	154	41	7	43	531	86.51	8.36	1.02	0.27	0.05	0.28	3.51
Western	6,532	5,925	315	76	25	14	8	169	90.71	4.82	1.16	0.38	0.22	0.12	2.59
FEMALE.															
The United States	6,405	5,819	339	174	10	2	20	41	90.85	5.29	2.72	0.16	0.03	0.31	0.64
North Atlantic	3,375	3,114	179	50	3	1	11	17	92.27	5.30	1.48	0.09	0.03	0.33	0.50
South Atlantic	904	854	28	17	1	1	1	2	94.47	3.10	1.88	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.22
North Central	981	838	87	35	2	.....	3	16	85.42	8.87	3.57	0.20	.....	0.31	1.63
South Central	953	832	38	69	4	.....	4	6	87.30	3.99	7.24	0.42	.....	0.42	0.63
Western	192	181	7	3	.....	.....	1	.....	94.27	3.65	1.56	.....	.....	0.52	.....

a Including those not stated.

The health of prisoners appears from the foregoing statement to be not so good in the interior as in the states which border upon the Atlantic and Pacific oceans. The percentage of insane women is larger than of insane men, and of blind men larger than of blind women, which is generally true of persons not criminals. The percentage of cripples is about four times as great among men as among women.

II.—HEALTH, BY ELEMENTS OF THE POPULATION.

BOTH SEXES.

COLOR, NATIVITY, AND RACE.	NUMBERS.								PERCENTAGES.						
	Total.	In good health. (a)	Ill.	Insane.	Blind.	Deaf-mutes.	Idiots.	Crippled.	In good health. (a)	Ill.	Insane.	Blind.	Deaf-mutes.	Idiots.	Crippled.
Total	82,329	73,279	5,159	1,464	261	114	173	1,879	89.01	6.26	1.78	0.32	0.14	0.21	2.28
White	57,310	50,606	3,747	1,215	186	96	124	1,336	88.30	6.54	2.12	0.32	0.17	0.22	2.33
Native born	40,471	35,679	2,825	674	118	71	79	1,025	88.16	6.98	1.67	0.29	0.18	0.19	2.53
Parents native	21,037	18,387	1,671	267	54	36	41	581	87.40	7.94	1.27	0.26	0.17	0.20	2.76
One parent foreign	2,881	2,527	239	16	11	7	6	75	87.71	8.30	0.56	0.38	0.24	0.21	2.60
Parents foreign	12,601	11,359	720	135	45	22	18	302	90.14	5.71	1.07	0.36	0.18	0.14	2.40
One or both parents unknown	3,952	3,406	195	256	8	6	14	67	86.18	4.93	6.48	0.20	0.15	0.36	1.70
Foreign born	15,932	14,142	912	443	67	24	41	303	88.77	5.72	2.78	0.42	0.15	0.26	1.90
Nativity unknown	907	785	10	98	1	1	4	8	86.55	1.10	10.81	0.11	0.11	0.44	0.88
Colored	25,019	22,673	1,412	249	75	18	49	543	90.62	5.64	1.00	0.30	0.07	0.20	2.17
Negroes	24,277	21,976	1,392	237	73	17	49	533	90.52	5.73	0.98	0.30	0.07	0.20	2.20
Chinese	407	387	5	12	1	1	.....	1	95.09	1.23	2.95	0.24	0.24	.....	0.25
Japanese	13	13	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	100.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Indians	322	297	15	.....	1	.....	.....	9	92.24	4.66	.....	0.31	.....	.....	2.79

MALE.

COLOR, NATIVITY, AND RACE.	Total.	In good health. (a)	Ill.	Insane.	Blind.	Deaf-mutes.	Idiots.	Crippled.	In good health. (a)	Ill.	Insane.	Blind.	Deaf-mutes.	Idiots.	Crippled.
Total	75,924	67,460	4,820	1,290	251	112	153	1,838	88.85	6.35	1.70	0.33	0.15	0.20	2.42
White	52,894	46,618	3,484	1,105	182	95	107	1,303	88.14	6.59	2.09	0.34	0.18	0.20	2.46
Native born	38,150	33,570	2,710	616	116	70	99	1,005	87.98	7.10	1.62	0.31	0.18	0.18	2.63
Parents native	20,101	17,547	1,619	236	54	36	37	572	87.29	8.06	1.17	0.27	0.18	0.18	2.85
One parent foreign	2,729	2,385	232	15	11	7	6	73	87.39	8.50	0.55	0.40	0.26	0.22	2.68
Parents foreign	11,765	10,577	682	132	43	21	15	296	89.89	5.80	1.12	0.36	0.18	0.13	2.52
One or both parents unknown	3,560	3,061	177	233	8	6	11	64	85.98	4.97	6.55	0.22	0.17	0.31	1.80
Foreign born	13,869	12,285	765	405	65	24	34	291	88.58	5.52	2.92	0.47	0.17	0.24	2.10
Nativity unknown	869	763	9	84	1	1	4	7	87.80	1.04	9.67	0.11	0.11	0.46	0.81
Colored	23,030	20,842	1,336	185	69	17	46	535	90.50	5.80	0.80	0.30	0.08	0.20	2.32
Negroes	22,305	20,162	1,316	173	67	16	46	525	90.39	5.90	0.78	0.30	0.07	0.21	2.35
Chinese	406	386	5	12	1	1	.....	1	95.07	1.23	2.95	0.25	0.25	.....	0.25
Japanese	12	12	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	100.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Indians	307	282	15	.....	1	.....	.....	9	91.86	4.89	.....	0.32	.....	.....	2.93

FEMALE.

COLOR, NATIVITY, AND RACE.	Total.	In good health. (a)	Ill.	Insane.	Blind.	Deaf-mutes.	Idiots.	Crippled.	In good health. (a)	Ill.	Insane.	Blind.	Deaf-mutes.	Idiots.	Crippled.
Total	6,405	5,819	339	174	10	2	20	41	90.85	5.29	2.72	0.16	0.03	0.31	0.64
White	4,416	3,988	263	110	4	1	17	33	90.31	5.96	2.49	0.09	0.02	0.38	0.75
Native born	2,315	2,109	115	58	2	1	10	20	91.10	4.97	2.51	0.09	0.04	0.43	0.86
Parents native	936	840	52	31	.....	.....	4	9	89.74	5.56	3.31	.....	.....	0.43	0.96
One parent foreign	152	142	7	1	.....	.....	.....	2	93.42	4.60	0.66	.....	.....	.....	1.32
Parents foreign	835	782	38	3	2	1	3	6	93.65	4.55	0.36	0.24	0.12	0.36	0.72
One or both parents unknown	392	345	18	23	.....	.....	3	3	88.01	4.59	5.87	.....	.....	0.77	0.76
Foreign born	2,063	1,857	147	38	2	.....	7	12	90.01	7.13	1.84	0.10	.....	0.34	0.58
Nativity unknown	38	22	1	14	.....	.....	.....	1	57.90	2.63	36.84	.....	.....	.....	2.63
Colored	1,989	1,831	76	64	6	1	3	8	92.06	3.82	3.22	0.30	0.05	0.15	0.40
Negroes	1,972	1,814	76	64	6	1	3	8	91.99	3.85	3.25	0.30	0.05	0.15	0.41
Chinese	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	100.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Japanese	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	100.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Indians	15	15	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	100.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

a Including those not stated.

The health of the colored prison population is better than that of the whites, and that of the Chinese and Japanese is best of all. The proportion of insane appears to be large among those whose parentage or nativity is unknown, but the truth is that the insane are unable or unwilling to give information as to this point. The percentage of insane among Chinese and foreign white prisoners is much larger than among native whites, which is in accordance with the general law which governs the distribution of insanity. The percentage of insanity among native white prisoners with one or both parents foreign is smaller than among those with both parents native, or among the foreign whites, but this is explicable on the ground of the comparative youth of the two former groups, since insanity is a disease of middle and later life.

The percentage of cripples is larger among native than among foreign whites.

III.—HEALTH, BY GROUPS OF CRIMES.

BOTH SEXES.

OFFENSES.	NUMBERS.								PERCENTAGES.						
	Total.	In good health. (a)	Ill.	Insane.	Blind.	Deaf-mutes.	Idiots.	Crippled.	In good health. (a)	Ill.	Insane.	Blind.	Deaf-mutes.	Idiots.	Crippled.
All offenses	82,329	73,279	5,150	1,464	261	114	173	1,879	89.01	6.26	1.78	0.32	0.14	0.21	2.28
Against the government	1,839	1,731	64	5	3	3	.....	33	94.13	3.48	0.27	0.16	0.16	.....	1.80
Against society	18,865	17,180	1,036	105	66	34	63	381	91.07	5.49	0.56	0.35	0.18	0.33	2.02
Against the person	17,284	14,880	1,243	510	61	26	43	518	86.11	7.19	2.95	0.35	0.15	0.25	3.00
Against property	37,707	33,858	2,449	498	108	41	35	808	89.79	6.49	1.08	0.29	0.11	0.10	2.14
On the high seas	4	3	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	75.00	25.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Miscellaneous	6,633	5,627	366	436	23	10	32	139	84.83	5.52	6.57	0.35	0.15	0.48	2.10

MALE.

All offenses	75,924	67,460	4,820	1,290	251	112	158	1,838	88.85	6.35	1.70	0.33	0.15	0.20	2.42
Against the government	1,823	1,716	63	5	3	3	.....	33	94.13	3.46	0.27	0.17	0.16	.....	1.81
Against society	15,033	13,616	829	88	50	34	54	353	90.57	5.51	0.59	0.39	0.23	0.36	2.35
Against the person	16,511	14,210	1,290	463	60	26	40	512	86.06	7.27	2.81	0.36	0.16	0.24	3.10
Against property	36,382	32,627	2,381	395	108	41	33	802	89.68	6.55	1.07	0.30	0.11	0.09	2.20
On the high seas	4	3	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	75.00	25.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Miscellaneous	6,171	5,288	346	344	21	8	26	138	85.69	5.61	5.57	0.34	0.13	0.42	2.24

FEMALE.

All offenses	6,405	5,819	339	174	10	2	20	41	90.85	5.29	2.72	0.16	0.03	0.31	0.64
Against the government	16	15	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	93.75	6.25	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Against society	3,832	3,564	207	17	7	.....	9	28	93.01	5.40	0.44	0.18	.....	0.24	0.73
Against the person	770	670	43	47	1	.....	3	6	87.01	5.59	6.10	0.13	.....	0.39	0.78
Against property	1,325	1,231	68	18	.....	.....	2	6	92.91	5.13	1.36	.....	.....	0.15	0.45
Miscellaneous	462	339	20	92	2	2	6	1	73.38	4.33	19.91	0.43	0.43	1.30	0.22

a Including those not stated.

The percentage of insane offenders charged with offenses against the person is disproportionately large, especially among women; also of the insane charged with offenses against property, though in a much less degree. The large percentage of the insane charged with miscellaneous offenses is due to the fact that the list of miscellaneous offenses includes insanity.

SOLDIERS, SAILORS, AND MARINES.

Table 102 shows the number of soldiers, sailors, and marines in prison, by geographical divisions and by color, nativity, and race. None but male prisoners are included in this table. The reader is referred to the table itself, since it can not be more condensed. The total number is 3,415, or 1 in 22 of the total male prison population.

RECIDIVISTS.

Table 103 shows the number of prisoners who have served one or more previous terms in prison, by geographical divisions and by sex, color, nativity, and race. The total number is 21,754 (18,763 male and 2,991 female), or about one-fourth of the entire number. The number of recidivists is in fact greater than appears, since the fact that a prisoner has served a previous term is not always known to the prison officials, owing to the

want of complete criminal records or other means of obtaining information, especially where the prisoner is a resident of some other state. The percentage of reported recidivists among men is 24.73; among women, 46.70.

More than one-half of the reported recidivists are found in the North Atlantic division.

FEDERAL PRISONERS.

Table 104 shows the number of prisoners tried and convicted in the Federal courts, by geographical divisions and by sex, color, nativity, and race.

The total number is 3,624 (3,549 male and 75 female), or 1 in 25 of the entire prison population. More than one-third of the entire number are found in the North Central division, but the state or geographical division in which Federal prisoners are incarcerated is not necessarily the same as that in which they were convicted, since the United States government sends prisoners to state and local prisons, under contract, to serve their respective terms of sentence.

SENTENCES FOR CRIME.

Of 82,329 prisoners, the number not under sentence is 10,120, namely: awaiting trial, 9,715 (9,052 male and 663 female); fraudulent debtors, 48 (46 male and 2 female); held as insane, 291 (212 male and 79 female); witnesses, 66 (50 male and 16 female). In the census of 1880 the number of debtors reported was 42; insane, 397; witnesses, 80; awaiting trial, 5,657. The percentage awaiting trial was then 9.65, but is now 11.80.

Of the remaining 72,209 prisoners, the sentences of 1,914 (1,720 male and 194 female) are not stated.

The 70,295 reported sentences are divided as follows: fine, without imprisonment (but usually commutable into imprisonment at some arbitrarily equivalent valuation determined by the statutes in each state), 3,691 (3,208 male and 483 female); term sentences, 63,653 (58,818 male and 4,835 female); indefinite sentences, 2,789, namely, for life, 2,766 (2,638 male and 128 female), and during minority, 23 (19 male and 4 female); capital sentences, 162 (161 male and 1 female).

The total number of sentences to imprisonment therefore is 66,442.

Omitting the 23 sentenced during minority, the remaining 66,419 sentences are of two sorts: those for terms less than 1 year, numbering 18,538, and for terms of years or for life, numbering 47,881. For convenience the former will here be termed misdemeanants and the latter felons. This characterization is not absolutely accurate, since there may be codes under which misdemeanors may be punished by imprisonment for a year or more, but this is the commonly accepted distinction between misdemeanors and felonies. Broadly speaking, misdemeanants are sent to jails or workhouses, and felons to state prisons or penitentiaries; but, as elsewhere pointed out, there are many exceptions to the general rule. The tabulation of sentences by classes of prisons has not been attempted.

In 1880, of 43,085 prisoners serving sentences to imprisonment only, the number reported as serving short terms (less than 1 year) was 11,160, and the number reported as serving long terms, 31,925. In other words, the percentage of misdemeanants was then 25.90 and of felons 74.10; the percentage of misdemeanants in 1890 is 27.91 and of felons 72.09.

Relative to the population at large, the ratio of short term prisoners in 1880 was 223 to the million, but in 1890 it is 296 to the million, an increase of 73. The ratio of felons in 1880 was 637 to the million, and in 1890, 765 to the million, an increase of 128. The number of prisoners serving long terms is greater in 1890 (47,881) than in 1880, when it was 31,925. The number of life prisoners has risen from 1,615 in 1880 to 2,766 in 1890, and the number awaiting execution, which in 1880 was 80, in 1890 is 162.

This branch of the general subject divides itself into three parts: (1) individual sentences; (2) aggregate sentences; (3) average sentences. In the discussion, these will be treated in connection, under the three heads of geographical distribution of sentences; distribution by color, nativity, and race; distribution by groups of crimes.

Tables 105 to 113 show the variations in sentences imposed by the courts upon prisoners.

Table 105 shows the variations by states and territories. Tables 106 and 107 show the same facts by sex. These tables are limited to prisoners sentenced for definite terms (other than for life).

Table 108 shows the variations by color, nativity, and race. Tables 109 and 110 show the same facts by sex.

Table 111 shows the variations by groups of crimes. Tables 112 and 113 show the same facts by sex.

Tables 114 to 122 show the total duration of imprisonment (less than for life) prescribed by the courts for convicted prisoners. The reason for omitting life sentences as well as sentences other than imprisonment (to pay a fine or to suffer death) is obvious. They can not be measured in years, and therefore can not enter into the calculation of total duration of imprisonment or of average sentences.

In each of these sets of tables (114 to 122) a double analysis has been made. The geographical distribution appears in six tables, 114 to 119. The distribution by color, nativity, and race appears in six tables, 114 to 116 and 120 to 122. The distribution by groups of crimes appears in six tables, 117 to 122.

Table 114 shows the distribution by states and territories and by color, nativity, and race. Tables 115 and 116 show the same facts by sex.

Table 117 shows the distribution by states and territories and by groups of crimes. Tables 118 and 119 show the same facts by sex.

Table 120 shows the distribution by groups of crimes and by color, nativity, and race. Tables 121 and 122 show the same facts by sex.

Table 123 shows the average sentences (omitting sentences for life) by states and territories and by color, nativity, and race. Tables 124 and 125 show the same facts by sex.

I.—SENTENCES FOR CRIME, BY GEOGRAPHICAL DIVISIONS.

(1) INDIVIDUAL SENTENCES.—The following summary, founded upon Tables 105 to 107, shows the distribution of term sentences, by sex and by geographical divisions:

TERM SENTENCES BY SEX.	NUMBERS.						PERCENTAGES.					
	The United States.	Geographical divisions.					The United States.	Geographical divisions.				
		North Atlantic.	South Atlantic.	North Central.	South Central.	Western.		North Atlantic.	South Atlantic.	North Central.	South Central.	Western.
Total	63,653	23,907	8,953	14,588	10,947	5,258	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Male	58,818	20,972	8,308	13,990	10,440	5,108	92.40	87.72	92.80	95.90	95.37	97.15
Female	4,835	2,935	645	598	507	150	7.60	12.28	7.20	4.10	4.63	2.85
Ten days to a month	2,267	1,023	162	574	220	288	3.56	4.28	1.81	3.94	2.01	5.48
Male	1,936	800	121	544	196	275	3.04	3.35	1.35	3.73	1.79	5.23
Female	231	223	41	30	24	13	0.52	0.93	0.46	0.21	0.22	0.25
One to three months	6,833	3,152	817	1,628	731	505	10.74	13.18	9.13	11.16	6.68	9.60
Male	5,448	2,411	639	1,374	565	459	8.56	10.08	7.14	9.42	5.16	8.73
Female	1,385	741	178	254	166	46	2.18	3.10	1.99	1.74	1.52	0.87
Three to six months	4,553	2,960	439	575	333	246	7.16	12.38	4.90	3.94	3.04	4.68
Male	3,741	2,325	386	530	297	203	5.88	9.72	4.31	3.63	2.71	3.86
Female	812	635	53	45	36	43	1.28	2.66	0.59	0.31	0.33	0.82
Six months to a year	4,885	2,937	770	450	453	275	7.67	12.29	8.60	3.08	4.13	5.23
Male	4,259	2,441	698	432	422	266	6.69	10.21	7.80	2.96	3.85	5.06
Female	626	496	72	18	31	9	0.98	2.08	0.80	0.12	0.28	0.17
One year	7,810	2,843	1,215	2,047	1,089	616	12.27	11.89	13.57	14.03	9.94	11.71
Male	7,257	2,516	1,135	1,961	1,037	608	11.40	10.52	12.68	13.44	9.47	11.56
Female	553	327	80	86	52	8	0.87	1.37	0.89	0.59	0.47	0.15
Two years	8,857	2,740	1,071	2,411	1,968	667	13.91	11.46	11.96	16.53	17.98	12.69
Male	8,495	2,567	1,024	2,350	1,897	657	13.34	10.74	11.44	16.11	17.33	12.50
Female	362	173	47	61	71	10	0.57	0.72	0.52	0.42	0.65	0.19
Three years	5,931	1,839	717	1,787	999	589	9.32	7.70	8.01	12.25	9.13	11.20
Male	5,799	1,797	689	1,759	972	582	9.11	7.52	7.70	12.06	8.88	11.07
Female	132	42	28	28	27	7	0.21	0.18	0.31	0.19	0.25	0.13
Four years	3,385	1,013	517	843	744	268	5.32	4.23	5.77	5.78	6.80	5.10
Male	3,322	993	503	826	734	266	5.22	4.15	5.61	5.66	6.71	5.06
Female	63	20	14	17	10	2	0.10	0.08	0.16	0.12	0.09	0.04
Five years	7,372	2,724	966	1,547	1,651	484	11.58	11.40	10.79	10.61	15.08	9.21
Male	7,057	2,488	938	1,530	1,622	479	11.09	10.41	10.48	10.49	14.82	9.11
Female	315	236	28	17	29	5	0.49	0.99	0.31	0.12	0.26	0.10
Six to nine years	4,297	1,062	742	1,029	966	498	6.74	4.44	8.29	7.05	8.83	9.47
Male	4,218	1,040	710	1,020	952	496	6.62	4.35	7.93	6.99	8.70	9.43
Female	79	22	32	9	14	2	0.12	0.09	0.36	0.06	0.13	0.04
Ten to nineteen years	5,766	1,374	1,271	1,250	1,254	617	9.06	5.75	14.20	8.57	11.45	11.73
Male	5,620	1,357	1,206	1,225	1,220	612	8.83	5.68	13.47	8.40	11.14	11.64
Female	146	17	65	25	34	5	0.23	0.07	0.73	0.17	0.31	0.09
Twenty years and over	1,697	240	266	447	539	205	2.67	1.00	2.97	3.06	4.93	3.90
Male	1,666	237	259	439	526	205	2.62	0.99	2.89	3.01	4.81	3.90
Female	31	3	7	8	13	.....	0.05	0.01	0.08	0.05	0.12	.....

This statement can be still further condensed with advantage, so as to bring into sharper contrast the percentages of misdemeanants and felons, as follows:

BOTH SEXES.

CLASS OF PRISONERS.	The United States.	GEOGRAPHICAL DIVISIONS.				
		North Atlantic.	South Atlantic.	North Central.	South Central.	Western.
Total	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Misdemeanants	29.13	42.13	24.44	22.12	15.86	24.99
Felons	70.87	57.87	75.56	77.88	84.14	75.01
MALE.						
Total	92.40	87.72	92.80	95.90	95.37	97.15
Misdemeanants	24.17	33.36	20.60	19.74	13.51	22.88
Felons	68.23	54.36	72.20	76.16	81.86	74.27
FEMALE.						
Total	7.60	12.28	7.20	4.10	4.63	2.85
Misdemeanants	4.96	8.77	3.84	2.38	2.35	2.11
Felons	2.64	3.51	3.36	1.72	2.28	0.74

The largest percentages of misdemeanants for men and for both sexes taken together are in the North Atlantic division, then in the Western, in the South Atlantic, in the North Central, and in the South Central. The percentages for women diminish from east to west.

There are in the aggregate about one-fifth as many female as male misdemeanants, and one-twenty-fifth as many female as male felons.

It must be remembered that by misdemeanants are meant only such prisoners as receive sentence to imprisonment for less than 1 year. The word does not measure the wrong done, except in so far as the penalty happens to be justly proportionate to the crime; in many cases it depends upon the temper of the jury, and it is modified by the mildness or severity of the code under which conviction is had.

There is a greater tendency to very long sentences in the south and west. In the South Atlantic division the percentage of sentences from 10 to 19 years is 14.20; in the Western, 11.73; in the South Central, 11.46; in the North Central, 8.57; in the North Atlantic, 5.75. Of sentences for 20 years and over, the percentage in the South Central is 4.92; in the Western, 3.90; in the North Central, 3.06; in the South Atlantic, 2.97; in the North Atlantic, 1.00. This affects the number of prisoners relative to the population, since there is a larger accumulation of undischarged prisoners where sentences are long. The same is true of misdemeanants compared with felons. The number of prisoners is not a gauge of the number of crimes or convictions.

The frequency of fractional sentences has been discussed on page 90.

(2) AGGREGATE AND AVERAGE SENTENCES.—The total duration of imprisonment and average sentences have been commented upon (pages 91 to 93), and therefore nothing is said about them here.

II.—SENTENCES FOR CRIME, BY ELEMENTS OF THE POPULATION.

(1) INDIVIDUAL SENTENCES.—The following summary, founded upon Tables 108 to 110, shows the distribution of all sentences, by sex, color, nativity, and race:

NUMBERS.

ALL SENTENCES BY SEX.	Aggregate.	WHITE.							COLORED.			
		Total.	Native born.				Foreign born.	Nativity unknown.	Total.	Negroes.	Chinese.	Indians.
			Parents native.	One parent foreign.	Parents foreign.	One or both parents unknown.						
Total	82,329	57,310	21,037	2,881	12,601	3,952	15,932	907	25,019	24,277	420	322
Male	75,924	52,894	20,101	2,729	11,766	3,560	13,869	869	23,030	22,305	418	307
Female	6,405	4,416	936	152	835	392	2,063	38	1,989	1,972	2	15
Sentenced:												
Serving fine	3,091	2,057	656	93	730	102	1,030	37	1,034	1,031	1	2
Male	3,209	2,302	575	82	673	87	909	36	846	845	1	.....
Female	483	295	81	11	57	15	130	1	188	186	.....	2
Ten days to a month	2,267	1,912	456	54	382	242	733	45	355	349	.....	6
Male	1,936	1,654	415	52	353	198	592	44	282	277	.....	5
Female	331	258	41	2	29	44	141	1	73	72	.....	1
One to three months	6,833	5,413	1,342	212	1,438	377	1,992	52	1,420	1,366	18	36
Male	5,448	4,379	1,170	184	1,215	309	1,451	50	1,069	1,021	17	31
Female	1,385	1,034	172	28	223	68	541	2	351	345	1	5
Three to six months	4,553	3,730	954	192	1,041	115	1,413	15	823	804	9	10
Male	3,741	3,034	848	165	900	91	1,016	14	707	689	9	9
Female	812	696	106	27	141	24	397	1	116	115	.....	1
Six months to a year	4,885	3,633	1,036	180	1,000	120	1,287	10	1,252	1,218	21	13
Male	4,259	3,144	960	163	900	111	1,003	7	1,115	1,083	21	11
Female	626	489	76	17	100	9	284	3	137	135	.....	2
One year	7,810	5,426	2,179	325	1,230	280	1,370	42	2,384	2,321	32	31
Male	7,257	5,036	2,091	303	1,148	251	1,205	38	2,221	2,158	32	31
Female	553	390	88	22	82	29	165	4	163	163	.....	.....
Two years	8,857	6,058	2,477	345	1,396	405	1,366	69	2,799	2,761	20	18
Male	8,495	5,851	2,429	329	1,361	380	1,285	67	2,644	2,606	20	18
Female	362	207	48	16	35	25	81	2	155	155	.....	.....
Three years	5,931	4,121	1,730	265	885	320	890	31	1,810	1,781	14	15
Male	5,799	4,063	1,718	263	876	314	863	29	1,736	1,707	14	15
Female	132	58	12	2	9	6	27	2	74	74	.....	.....
Four years	3,385	2,268	892	119	501	195	546	15	1,117	1,093	15	9
Male	3,322	2,232	880	117	499	190	532	14	1,090	1,066	15	9
Female	63	36	12	2	2	5	14	1	27	27	.....	.....
Five years	7,372	5,177	2,012	287	1,215	490	1,138	35	2,195	2,137	31	27
Male	7,057	4,938	1,959	283	1,150	401	1,110	35	2,119	2,062	30	27
Female	315	239	53	4	65	89	28	.....	76	75	1	.....
Six to nine years	4,297	2,790	1,280	156	551	147	645	11	1,507	1,466	29	12
Male	4,218	2,762	1,274	154	544	144	635	11	1,456	1,415	29	12
Female	79	28	6	2	7	3	10	.....	51	51	.....	.....
Ten to nineteen years	5,766	3,404	1,585	189	605	166	839	20	2,362	2,286	45	31
Male	5,620	3,367	1,566	189	600	163	829	20	2,253	2,177	45	31
Female	146	37	19	.....	5	3	10	.....	109	109	.....	.....
Twenty years and over	1,697	924	471	40	131	66	215	1	773	740	18	15
Male	1,666	913	463	40	131	66	212	1	753	720	18	15
Female	31	11	8	.....	.....	.....	3	.....	20	20	.....	.....

NUMBERS—Continued.

ALL SENTENCES BY SEX.	Aggregate.	WHITE.							COLORED.			
		Total.	Native born.				Foreign born.	Nativity unknown.	Total.	Negroes.	Chinese.	Indians.
			Parents native.	One parent foreign.	Parents foreign.	One or both parents unknown.						
Sentenced—Continued.												
During minority	23	22	9	1	9	1	2	.....	1	1	.....	.....
Male	19	18	7	1	8	.....	2	.....	1	1	.....	.....
Female	4	4	2	.....	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Life	2,706	1,596	702	70	184	97	444	9	1,170	1,093	51	26
Male	2,638	1,537	767	66	183	89	424	8	1,101	1,025	51	25
Female	128	59	25	4	1	8	20	1	69	68	.....	1
Death	162	109	60	5	9	9	25	1	53	49	3	1
Male	161	108	60	5	9	9	24	1	53	49	3	1
Female	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Not stated	1,914	1,379	366	33	197	195	433	155	535	467	64	4
Male	1,720	1,227	337	31	174	173	364	148	493	427	64	2
Female	194	152	29	2	23	22	69	7	42	40	.....	2
Not sentenced:												
Awaiting trial	9,715	6,426	2,651	307	1,068	590	1,476	334	3,289	3,175	48	66
Male	9,052	6,047	2,507	294	1,017	556	1,345	328	3,005	2,892	48	65
Female	663	379	144	13	51	34	131	6	284	283	.....	1
Debtors	48	42	14	3	8	1	16	.....	6	6	.....	.....
Male	46	40	14	3	7	1	15	.....	6	6	.....	.....
Female	2	2	.....	.....	1	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Insane	291	182	63	2	14	29	49	25	109	108	1	.....
Male	212	150	52	2	13	23	42	18	62	61	1	.....
Female	79	32	11	.....	1	6	7	7	47	47	.....	.....
Held as witnesses	66	41	12	3	7	5	14	.....	25	25	.....	.....
Male	50	32	9	3	5	4	11	.....	18	18	.....	.....
Female	16	9	3	.....	2	1	3	.....	7	7	.....	.....

PERCENTAGES. (a)

SENTENCES BY SEX.	Aggregate.	WHITE.							COLORED.			
		Total.	Native born.				Foreign born.	Nativity unknown.	Total.	Negroes.	Chinese.	Indians.
			Parents native.	One parent foreign.	Parents foreign.	One or both parents unknown.						
Total	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Male	92.25	92.20	95.82	94.59	93.31	89.50	86.72	95.42	92.36	92.22	99.35	95.24
Female	7.75	7.80	4.18	5.41	6.69	10.50	13.28	4.58	7.64	7.78	0.65	4.76
Sentenced:												
Serving fine	5.25	5.40	3.66	3.67	6.45	3.26	7.45	9.42	4.91	5.03	0.33	0.79
Male	4.56	4.80	3.21	3.24	5.95	2.78	6.52	9.16	4.02	4.12	0.33	.....
Female	0.69	0.60	0.45	0.43	0.50	0.48	0.93	0.26	0.89	0.91	.....	0.79
Ten days to a month	3.23	3.88	2.54	2.13	3.38	7.73	5.28	11.45	1.69	1.70	.....	2.38
Male	2.76	3.36	2.31	2.05	3.12	6.32	4.25	11.20	1.34	1.35	.....	1.98
Female	0.47	0.52	0.23	0.08	0.26	1.41	1.01	0.25	0.35	0.35	.....	0.40
One to three months	9.72	10.99	7.48	8.36	12.72	12.04	14.29	13.23	6.75	6.66	5.86	14.29
Male	7.75	8.89	6.52	7.26	10.75	9.87	10.41	12.72	5.08	4.98	5.54	12.30
Female	1.97	2.10	0.96	1.10	1.97	2.17	3.88	0.51	1.67	1.68	0.32	1.99
Three to six months	6.48	7.57	5.32	7.58	9.21	3.67	10.13	3.82	3.91	3.92	2.93	3.97
Male	5.32	6.16	4.73	6.51	7.96	2.91	7.28	3.56	3.36	3.36	2.93	3.57
Female	1.16	1.41	0.59	1.07	1.25	0.76	2.85	0.26	0.55	0.56	.....	0.40
Six months to a year	6.95	7.38	5.77	7.11	8.84	3.83	9.23	2.54	5.95	5.94	6.84	5.16
Male	6.06	6.39	5.35	6.44	7.96	3.54	7.19	1.78	5.30	5.28	6.84	4.38
Female	0.89	0.99	0.42	0.67	0.88	0.29	2.04	0.76	0.65	0.66	.....	0.78
One year	11.11	11.02	12.15	12.83	10.88	8.94	9.83	10.69	11.32	11.32	10.42	12.30
Male	10.32	10.23	11.66	11.96	10.15	8.01	8.64	9.67	10.55	10.53	10.42	12.30
Female	0.79	0.79	0.49	0.87	0.73	0.93	1.19	1.02	0.77	0.79	.....	.....
Two years	12.60	12.30	13.82	13.62	12.35	12.93	9.80	17.56	13.30	13.48	6.51	7.14
Male	12.09	11.88	13.55	12.99	12.04	12.13	9.22	17.05	12.56	12.72	6.51	7.14
Female	0.51	0.42	0.27	0.63	0.31	0.80	0.58	0.51	0.74	0.76	.....	.....
Three years	8.44	8.37	9.65	10.46	7.83	10.22	6.38	7.89	8.59	8.69	4.56	5.95
Male	8.25	8.25	9.58	10.38	7.75	10.03	6.19	7.38	8.24	8.33	4.56	5.95
Female	0.19	0.12	0.07	0.08	0.08	0.19	0.19	0.51	0.35	0.36	.....	.....
Four years	4.82	4.60	4.98	4.70	4.43	6.22	3.02	3.81	5.31	5.33	4.89	3.57
Male	4.73	4.53	4.91	4.62	4.41	6.06	3.82	3.56	5.18	5.20	4.89	3.57
Female	0.09	0.07	0.07	0.08	0.02	0.16	0.10	0.25	0.13	0.13	.....	.....
Five years	10.49	10.52	11.22	11.33	10.74	15.64	8.16	8.91	10.42	10.43	10.10	10.72
Male	10.04	10.03	10.93	11.17	10.17	12.80	7.96	8.91	10.06	10.06	9.77	10.72
Female	0.45	0.49	0.29	0.16	0.57	2.84	0.20	.....	0.36	0.37	0.33	.....
Six to nine years	6.11	5.67	7.14	6.16	4.87	4.69	4.62	2.80	7.15	7.16	9.45	4.76
Male	6.00	5.61	7.11	6.08	4.81	4.60	4.55	2.80	6.91	6.91	9.45	4.76
Female	0.11	0.06	0.03	0.08	0.06	0.09	0.07	.....	0.24	0.25	.....	.....
Ten to nineteen years	8.20	6.92	8.84	7.46	5.35	5.30	6.02	5.09	11.22	11.15	14.66	12.30
Male	7.99	6.84	8.73	7.46	5.31	5.21	5.95	5.09	10.70	10.62	14.66	12.30
Female	0.21	0.08	0.11	.....	0.04	0.09	0.07	.....	0.52	0.53	.....	.....
Twenty years and over	2.41	1.87	2.63	1.58	1.16	2.11	1.54	0.25	3.67	3.61	5.86	5.95
Male	2.38	1.85	2.58	1.58	1.16	2.11	1.52	0.25	3.58	3.51	5.86	5.95
Female	0.03	0.02	0.05	.....	.....	.....	0.02	.....	0.09	0.10	.....	.....
During minority	0.03	0.05	0.05	0.04	0.08	0.03	0.01	.....	b0.00	0.01	.....	.....
Male	0.02	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.07	.....	0.01	.....	b0.00	0.01	.....	.....
Female	0.01	0.01	0.01	.....	0.01	0.03	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Life	3.93	3.24	4.42	2.77	1.63	3.10	3.18	2.29	5.56	5.33	16.61	10.32
Male	3.75	3.12	4.28	2.61	1.62	2.84	3.04	2.04	5.23	5.00	16.61	9.92
Female	0.18	0.12	0.14	0.16	0.01	0.26	0.14	0.25	0.33	0.33	.....	0.40
Death	0.23	0.22	0.33	0.20	0.08	0.29	0.18	0.25	0.25	0.24	0.98	0.40
Male	0.23	0.22	0.33	0.20	0.08	0.29	0.17	0.25	0.25	0.24	0.98	0.40
Female	b0.00	b0.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	0.01	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

a The percentages are calculated on the total basis of 70,205 reported, omitting 10,120 not sentenced and 1,914 whose sentences are not stated.
b Less than five-thousandths of 1 per cent.

These percentages may be still further condensed, as here shown:

SENTENCES.	Aggregate.	WHITE.							COLORED.			
		Total.	Native born.				Foreign born.	Nativity unknown.	Total.	Negroes.	Chinese.	Indians.
			Parents native.	One parent foreign.	Parents foreign.	One or both parents unknown.						
Total	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Misdemeanants	31.63	35.22	24.77	28.85	40.60	30.53	46.36	40.46	23.21	23.25	15.96	26.59
Fine	5.25	5.40	3.66	3.67	6.45	3.26	7.45	9.42	4.91	5.03	0.33	0.79
Short terms	26.38	29.82	21.11	25.18	34.15	27.27	38.91	31.04	18.30	18.22	15.63	25.80
Felons	68.34	64.78	75.18	71.11	59.32	69.44	53.63	59.54	76.79	76.74	84.04	73.41
Long terms	64.18	61.27	70.43	68.14	57.61	66.05	50.27	57.00	70.98	71.17	66.45	62.09
Life	3.93	3.24	4.42	2.77	1.63	3.10	3.18	2.29	5.56	5.33	16.61	10.32
Death	0.23	0.22	0.33	0.20	0.08	0.29	0.18	0.25	0.25	0.24	0.98	0.40
During minority	0.03	0.05	0.05	0.04	0.08	0.03	0.01	.....	a0.00	0.01	.....	.....

a Less than five-thousandths of 1 per cent.

The percentage of misdemeanants is much larger for the white than for the colored population, and of felons much larger for the colored. Less than two-thirds of the whites are treated as felons, and more than three-fourths of the colored. The percentage of felons among the Chinese is peculiarly high, 84.04; of Chinese, nearly five times as large a per cent is awaiting execution as of the native whites.

The percentage of felons among the foreign whites is, on the other hand, very low, 53.63. The native white prisoners of native parents show almost the same percentage as the colored.

This is partly explained by the relation between color, nativity, and race, and groups of crimes.

(2) AGGREGATE AND AVERAGE SENTENCES.—Duration of imprisonment and average sentences have been elsewhere discussed. (See pages 97 and 98.)

III.—SENTENCES FOR CRIME, BY GROUPS OF CRIMES.

(1) INDIVIDUAL SENTENCES.—The following summary, founded upon Tables 111 to 113, shows the distribution of all sentences, by sex and by groups of crimes:

ALL SENTENCES BY SEX.	NUMBERS.							PERCENTAGES. (a)						
	Total.	Groups of crimes.						Total.	Groups of crimes.					
		Against the government.	Against society.	Against the person.	Against property.	On the high seas.	Miscellaneous.		Against the government.	Against society.	Against the person.	Against property.	On the high seas.	Miscellaneous.
Total	82,329	1,839	18,865	17,281	37,707	4	6,633	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Male	75,924	1,823	15,033	16,511	36,382	4	6,171	92.25	99.49	78.84	95.99	96.71	100.00	94.88
Female	6,405	16	3,832	770	1,325	.....	462	7.75	0.51	21.16	4.01	3.29	.....	5.12
Sentenced: Serving fine	3,691	24	2,644	201	261	.....	471	5.25	1.53	15.76	2.03	0.79	.....	10.53
Male	3,208	23	2,272	263	244	.....	406	4.56	1.46	13.54	1.84	0.74	.....	9.08
Female	483	1	372	28	17	.....	65	0.69	0.07	2.22	0.19	0.05	.....	1.45
Ten days to a month	2,267	3	1,885	61	218	.....	100	3.23	0.19	11.24	0.43	0.66	.....	2.23
Male	1,936	2	1,588	57	211	.....	78	2.76	0.13	9.47	0.40	0.64	.....	1.74
Female	331	1	297	4	7	.....	22	0.47	0.06	1.77	0.03	0.02	.....	0.49
One to three months	6,833	66	4,849	554	1,084	.....	280	9.72	4.19	28.91	3.87	3.27	.....	6.26
Male	5,448	66	3,672	509	984	.....	217	7.75	4.19	21.89	3.55	2.97	.....	4.85
Female	1,385	.....	1,177	45	100	.....	63	1.97	.....	7.02	0.32	0.30	.....	1.41
Three to six months	4,553	83	2,504	499	1,308	.....	159	6.48	5.27	14.92	3.49	3.95	.....	3.56
Male	3,741	82	1,851	471	1,206	.....	131	5.32	5.21	11.03	3.29	3.64	.....	2.93
Female	812	1	653	28	102	.....	28	1.16	0.06	3.89	0.20	0.31	.....	0.63
Six months to a year	4,885	87	1,996	668	1,961	.....	170	6.95	5.53	11.92	4.66	5.91	.....	3.80
Male	4,259	87	1,540	639	1,844	.....	149	6.06	5.53	9.18	4.46	5.56	.....	3.33
Female	626	.....	459	29	117	.....	21	0.89	.....	2.74	0.20	0.35	.....	0.47
One year	7,810	258	1,135	1,009	4,879	.....	529	11.11	16.39	6.76	7.04	14.72	.....	11.82
Male	7,257	256	869	979	4,635	.....	518	10.32	16.26	5.18	6.83	13.98	.....	11.57
Female	553	2	266	30	244	.....	11	0.79	0.13	1.58	0.21	0.74	.....	0.25
Two years	8,857	264	716	1,220	6,150	1	506	12.60	16.77	4.26	8.52	18.56	33.33	11.31
Male	8,495	263	611	1,173	5,946	1	501	12.09	16.71	3.64	8.19	17.94	33.33	11.20
Female	362	1	105	47	204	.....	5	0.51	0.06	0.62	0.33	0.62	.....	0.11
Three years	5,931	286	218	780	4,218	.....	420	8.44	18.17	1.30	5.45	12.72	.....	9.58
Male	5,799	286	206	756	4,124	.....	427	8.25	18.17	1.23	5.28	12.44	.....	9.54
Female	132	.....	12	24	94	.....	2	0.19	.....	0.07	0.17	0.28	.....	0.04
Four years	3,385	192	82	560	2,224	.....	327	4.82	12.20	0.49	3.01	6.71	.....	7.31
Male	3,322	190	77	538	2,191	.....	326	4.73	12.07	0.46	3.76	6.61	.....	7.29
Female	63	2	5	22	33	.....	1	0.09	0.13	0.03	0.15	0.10	.....	0.02
Five years	7,372	237	439	1,153	5,072	.....	471	10.49	15.06	2.62	8.05	15.30	.....	10.52
Male	7,057	237	243	1,124	4,988	.....	465	10.04	15.06	1.45	7.85	15.05	.....	10.39
Female	315	.....	196	29	84	.....	6	0.45	.....	1.17	0.20	0.25	.....	0.13
Six to nine years	4,297	45	133	1,141	2,513	.....	465	6.11	2.86	0.80	7.07	7.59	.....	10.40
Male	4,218	45	132	1,104	2,475	.....	462	6.00	2.86	0.79	7.71	7.47	.....	10.33
Female	79	.....	1	37	38	.....	3	0.11	.....	0.01	0.26	0.12	.....	0.07
Ten to nineteen years	5,766	19	121	2,514	2,692	.....	420	8.20	1.21	0.72	17.55	8.12	.....	9.39
Male	5,620	19	118	2,414	2,651	.....	418	7.99	1.21	0.70	16.85	8.00	.....	9.34
Female	146	.....	3	100	41	.....	2	0.21	.....	0.02	0.70	0.12	.....	0.05
Twenty years and over	1,697	.....	13	1,175	407	.....	102	2.41	.....	0.08	8.20	1.23	.....	2.28
Male	1,666	.....	13	1,146	405	.....	102	2.38	.....	0.08	8.00	1.22	.....	2.28
Female	31	.....	.....	29	2	.....	.....	0.03	.....	.....	0.20	0.01	.....	.....

a The percentages are calculated on the total basis of 70,295 reported, omitting 10,120 not sentenced and 1,914 whose sentences are not stated.

ALL SENTENCES BY SEX.	NUMBERS.							PERCENTAGES.						
	Total.	Groups of crimes.						Total.	Groups of crimes.					
		Against the government.	Against society.	Against the person.	Against property.	On the high seas.	Miscellaneous.		Against the government.	Against society.	Against the person.	Against property.	On the high seas.	Miscellaneous.
Sentenced—Continued.														
During minority	a23		11		12			0.03		0.07		0.03		
Male	19		8		11			0.02		0.05		0.03		
Female	4		3		1			0.01		0.02		b0.00		
Life	2,766	10	26	2,537	148	2	43	3.93	0.63	0.15	17.71	0.44	66.67	0.96
Male	2,638	10	26	2,416	141	2	43	3.75	0.63	0.15	16.87	0.42	66.67	0.96
Female	128			121	7			0.18			0.84	0.02		
Death	162			160			2	0.23			1.12			0.05
Male	161			159			2	0.23			1.11			0.05
Female	1			1				b0.00			0.01			
Not stated	1,914	46	263	394	359		852							
Male	1,720	46	212	352	347		763							
Female	194		51	42	12		89							
Not sentenced:														
Awaiting trial	9,715	219	1,816	2,505	4,170	1	944							
Male	9,052	211	1,584	2,411	3,948	1	897							
Female	663	8	232	154	222		47							
Debtors	48		11		31		6							
Male	46		11		31		4							
Female	2						2							
Insane	291						291							
Male	212						212							
Female	79						79							
Held as witnesses	66						66							
Male	50						50							
Female	16						16							

These percentages may be further condensed, thus:

SENTENCES.	Total.	GROUPS OF CRIMES.					
		Against the government.	Against society.	Against the person.	Against property.	On the high seas.	Miscellaneous.
Total	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Misdemeanants	31.63	16.71	82.75	14.48	14.58		26.38
Fine	5.25	1.53	15.76	2.03	0.79		10.53
Short terms	26.38	15.18	66.99	12.45	13.79		15.85
Felons	68.34	83.29	17.18	85.52	85.30	100.00	73.62
Long terms	64.18	82.66	17.03	66.69	84.95	33.33	72.61
Life	3.93	0.63	0.15	17.71	0.44	66.67	0.96
Death	0.23			1.12			0.05
Juvenile offenders sentenced "during minority" (a)	0.03		0.07		0.03		

a Twenty-three prisoners in the Cleveland House of Correction have been improperly classed as prisoners. There is in that prison a special juvenile department, the inmates of which were not separately enumerated.

b Less than five-thousandths of 1 per cent.

(2) AGGREGATE AND AVERAGE SENTENCES.—Duration of imprisonment and average sentences have been elsewhere discussed. (See page 101.)