

TABLE 248. POVERTY STATUS IN 1979 OF FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS BY INCOME TYPE, AGE, SEX, RACE, AND SPANISH ORIGIN: 1980

EXCLUDES INMATES OF INSTITUTIONS, PERSONS IN MILITARY GROUP QUARTERS AND IN COLLEGE DORMITORIES, AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS UNDER 15 YEARS. DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDICES A AND B.

GEORGIA	FAMILIES				FAMILIES WITH FEMALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO HUSBAND PRESENT				UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS				
	TOTAL	AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER			TOTAL	AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER			TOTAL	AGE			
		15 TO 24 YEARS	25 TO 64 YEARS	65 YEARS AND OVER		15 TO 24 YEARS	25 TO 64 YEARS	65 YEARS AND OVER		15 TO 24 YEARS	25 TO 64 YEARS	65 YEARS AND OVER	
TOTAL													
INCOME IN 1979 ABOVE POVERTY LEVEL													
TOTAL	1 243 324	82 118 1 010 368	150 838	151 795	7 096	116 890	27 809	373 348	62 435	231 538	79 375		
WITH INCOME OF SPECIFIED TYPE:													
EARNINGS	1 154 753	81 706	985 246	87 801	137 066	6 958	111 644	18 464	296 636	61 461	214 632	20 543	
WAGE OR SALARY INCOME	1 116 035	81 070	956 198	78 767	135 176	6 931	110 539	17 706	284 035	60 613	205 838	17 584	
NONFARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	128 979	3 199	114 117	11 663	5 173	78	3 914	1 181	16 837	1 410	13 348	2 079	
FARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT	43 200	1 171	34 658	7 371	1 779	9	1 056	714	4 882	217	2 757	1 908	
INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS	715 588	25 793	543 353	146 442	101 669	2 941	71 674	27 054	187 184	15 990	94 175	77 019	
SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME	251 982	2 702	115 436	133 844	50 361	540	25 661	24 160	87 545	1 884	15 802	69 859	
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	74 393	2 867	49 048	22 478	26 235	769	16 330	9 156	9 827	311	3 120	6 396	
INTEREST, DIVIDEND, OR NET RENTAL INCOME	419 038	11 147	336 474	71 417	32 961	462	23 017	9 482	117 080	10 359	65 639	41 082	
ALL OTHER INCOME	291 256	13 147	220 736	57 373	52 947	1 859	41 533	9 555	62 739	5 265	30 999	26 475	
NO INCOME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MEAN INCOME (DOLLARS) FROM SPECIFIED TYPE:													
EARNINGS	\$21 789	\$14 717	\$23 266	\$11 793	\$12 595	\$10 373	\$12 993	\$11 022	\$12 065	\$9 113	\$13 467	\$6 239	
WAGE OR SALARY INCOME	\$20 689	\$14 387	\$21 990	\$11 380	\$12 415	\$10 287	\$12 793	\$10 883	\$11 831	\$9 004	\$13 149	\$6 161	
NONFARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	\$13 858	\$8 947	\$14 460	\$9 311	\$7 817	\$10 677	\$8 019	\$6 955	\$11 591	\$9 337	\$12 653	\$6 305	
FARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT	\$6 582	\$6 428	\$7 109	\$4 129	\$4 335	\$4 805	\$4 808	\$3 630	\$4 730	\$5 534	\$5 505	\$3 518	
INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS	\$5 327	\$1 840	\$4 214	\$10 073	\$3 341	\$2 839	\$4 717	\$7 267	\$5 056	\$1 948	\$3 513	\$7 588	
SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME	\$4 302	\$2 300	\$3 535	\$4 986	\$3 698	\$3 112	\$3 472	\$3 932	\$5 503	\$2 202	\$3 229	\$3 600	
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	\$2 317	\$1 701	\$2 282	\$2 472	\$2 377	\$2 322	\$2 417	\$2 311	\$2 721	\$1 844	\$2 773	\$2 739	
INTEREST, DIVIDEND, OR NET RENTAL INCOME	\$2 963	\$694	\$2 429	\$5 834	\$2 951	\$1 415	\$2 320	\$4 558	\$2 940	\$1 080	\$2 104	\$4 745	
ALL OTHER INCOME	\$4 511	\$2 179	\$4 303	\$5 848	\$3 723	\$2 275	\$3 760	\$3 846	\$4 283	\$2 896	\$4 292	\$4 549	
NO INCOME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PERCENT OF TOTAL INCOME FROM SPECIFIED TYPE:													
EARNINGS	86.8	96.2	90.9	41.2	76.1	89.6	81.1	50.9	79.1	94.7	89.7	18.0	
WAGE OR SALARY INCOME	79.7	93.3	83.4	35.7	73.9	88.5	79.1	48.2	74.3	92.3	84.0	15.2	
NONFARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	6.2	2.3	6.5	4.3	1.8	1.0	1.8	2.1	4.3	2.2	5.2	1.8	
FARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT	1.0	0.6	1.0	1.2	0.3	0.1	0.3	0.6	0.5	0.2	0.5	0.9	
INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS	13.2	3.8	9.1	58.8	23.9	10.4	18.9	49.1	20.9	5.3	10.3	82.0	
SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME	3.7	0.5	1.6	26.6	8.2	2.1	5.0	23.9	6.8	0.7	1.6	35.3	
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	0.6	0.4	0.4	2.2	2.8	2.2	2.2	5.3	0.6	0.1	0.3	2.5	
INTEREST, DIVIDEND, OR NET RENTAL INCOME	4.3	0.6	3.2	16.4	4.3	0.8	3.0	10.8	7.6	1.9	4.3	27.4	
ALL OTHER INCOME	4.5	2.3	3.8	13.4	8.7	5.3	8.7	9.2	5.9	2.6	4.1	16.9	
NO INCOME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL													
TOTAL	189 007	21 711	135 209	32 087	83 598	11 264	63 494	8 840	176 023	38 723	65 888	71 412	
WITH INCOME OF SPECIFIED TYPE:													
EARNINGS	117 376	15 560	93 791	8 025	47 358	6 151	38 344	2 863	57 107	26 524	26 617	3 966	
WAGE OR SALARY INCOME	109 024	15 207	86 994	6 823	46 462	6 116	37 795	2 751	53 905	26 111	24 525	3 269	
NONFARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	10 436	633	9 076	727	1 147	36	992	119	3 153	551	2 238	364	
FARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT	5 794	259	4 589	946	310	25	217	68	1 040	81	523	436	
INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS	114 892	10 414	74 592	29 886	57 546	7 380	41 904	8 262	108 458	8 010	33 725	66 723	
SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME	50 276	793	23 476	26 007	17 653	478	10 508	6 667	73 373	1 387	15 756	56 230	
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	59 731	6 806	40 006	12 919	38 567	5 740	28 230	4 597	37 687	1 421	12 238	24 028	
INTEREST, DIVIDEND, OR NET RENTAL INCOME	11 955	891	8 353	2 711	2 633	221	1 861	551	14 703	3 605	4 521	6 577	
ALL OTHER INCOME	31 300	3 284	24 391	3 625	16 289	1 921	12 999	1 369	17 167	2 282	8 303	6 582	
NO INCOME	11 294	1 607	8 322	1 365	5 515	972	4 186	357	25 408	9 770	11 925	3 713	
MEAN INCOME (DOLLARS) FROM SPECIFIED TYPE:													
EARNINGS	\$3 487	\$3 163	\$3 704	\$1 575	\$3 084	\$2 444	\$3 283	\$1 796	\$1 738	\$1 830	\$1 755	\$1 005	
WAGE OR SALARY INCOME	\$3 695	\$3 181	\$3 920	\$1 976	\$3 112	\$2 450	\$3 309	\$1 864	\$1 810	\$1 830	\$1 880	\$1 131	
NONFARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	\$1 475	\$1 717	\$1 538	\$476	\$704	\$1 868	\$712	\$289	\$723	\$1 215	\$633	\$536	
FARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT	\$-1 548	\$-949	\$-1 641	\$-1 261	\$141	\$-759	\$392	\$-328	\$-595	\$1 068	\$-1 528	\$215	
INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS	\$2 490	\$1 416	\$2 293	\$3 355	\$2 252	\$1 540	\$2 212	\$3 096	\$2 207	\$843	\$2 003	\$2 475	
SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME	\$2 646	\$1 996	\$2 467	\$2 827	\$2 268	\$1 918	\$2 219	\$2 371	\$2 156	\$1 305	\$2 110	\$2 189	
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	\$1 696	\$1 405	\$1 761	\$1 648	\$1 704	\$1 432	\$1 759	\$1 708	\$1 390	\$1 301	\$1 601	\$1 288	
INTEREST, DIVIDEND, OR NET RENTAL INCOME	\$316	\$102	\$356	\$265	\$461	\$415	\$453	\$507	\$428	\$168	\$455	\$552	
ALL OTHER INCOME	\$1 531	\$1 069	\$1 627	\$1 308	\$1 390	\$1 111	\$1 452	\$1 194	\$1 315	\$1 091	\$1 522	\$1 133	
NO INCOME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PERCENT OF TOTAL INCOME FROM SPECIFIED TYPE:													
EARNINGS	58.9	76.9	67.0	11.2	53.0	57.0	57.6	16.7	29.3	87.8	40.9	2.4	
WAGE OR SALARY INCOME	57.9	75.6	65.8	11.9	52.7	56.8	57.2	16.7	28.8	86.4	40.3	2.2	
NONFARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	2.2	1.7	2.7	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.1	0.7	1.2	1.2	0.1	
FARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT	-1.3	-0.4	-1.5	-1.1	-	-0.1	-	-0.1	-0.2	0.2	-0.7	0.1	
INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS	41.1	23.1	33.0	88.8	47.0	43.0	42.4	83.3	70.7	12.2	59.1	97.6	
SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME	19.1	2.5	11.2	65.1	14.5	3.5	10.7	51.5	46.7	3.3	29.1	72.8	
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	14.6	15.0	13.6	18.9	23.8	31.1	22.7	25.6	15.5	3.3	17.1	18.3	
INTEREST, DIVIDEND, OR NET RENTAL INCOME	0.5	0.1	0.6	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.9	1.9	1.1	1.8	2.1	
ALL OTHER INCOME	6.9	5.5	7.7	4.2	8.2	8.1	8.6	5.3	6.7	4.5	11.1	4.4	
NO INCOME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

TABLE 248. POVERTY STATUS IN 1979 OF FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS BY INCOME TYPE, AGE, SEX, RACE, AND SPANISH ORIGIN: 1980 - CON.

[EXCLUDES INMATES OF INSTITUTIONS, PERSONS IN MILITARY GROUP QUARTERS AND IN COLLEGE DORMITORIES, AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS UNDER 15 YEARS. DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDICES A AND B.]

GEORGIA	FAMILIES				FAMILIES WITH FEMALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO HUSBAND PRESENT				UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS			
	TOTAL	AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER			TOTAL	AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER			TOTAL	AGE		
		15 TO 24 YEARS	25 TO 64 YEARS	65 YEARS AND OVER		15 TO 24 YEARS	25 TO 64 YEARS	65 YEARS AND OVER		15 TO 24 YEARS	25 TO 64 YEARS	65 YEARS AND OVER
WHITE												
INCOME IN 1979 ABOVE POVERTY LEVEL												
TOTAL	1 002 913	65 960	814 920	122 033	89 332	3 390	67 885	18 057	294 781	50 488	176 019	68 274
WITH INCOME OF SPECIFIED TYPE:												
EARNINGS	928 405	65 721	794 584	68 100	79 245	3 332	64 534	11 379	230 127	49 769	163 136	17 222
WAGE OR SALARY INCOME	891 942	65 131	767 163	59 648	77 653	3 327	63 621	10 705	218 946	48 954	155 496	14 496
NONFARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	118 155	2 922	104 819	10 414	3 944	44	2 950	950	14 934	1 352	11 692	1 890
FARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT	40 898	1 094	33 010	6 794	1 479	-	852	627	4 593	195	2 607	1 793
INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS	601 136	20 843	461 078	119 213	65 884	1 564	46 566	17 754	161 453	13 970	80 841	66 624
SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME	201 644	1 926	90 102	109 618	32 267	245	15 742	16 280	75 015	1 601	12 633	60 781
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	40 790	1 546	26 684	12 560	10 705	206	6 268	4 231	5 892	217	1 740	3 935
INTEREST, DIVIDEND, OR NET RENTAL INCOME	393 913	10 287	316 074	67 552	28 379	304	19 557	8 518	110 572	9 747	61 265	39 560
ALL OTHER INCOME	238 392	10 188	178 989	49 215	37 450	1 130	29 399	6 921	51 788	4 094	24 225	23 469
NO INCOME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MEAN INCOME (DOLLARS) FROM SPECIFIED TYPE:												
EARNINGS	\$22 938	\$15 155	\$24 501	\$12 207	\$12 777	\$10 781	\$13 127	\$11 377	\$12 634	\$9 259	\$14 320	\$6 426
WAGE OR SALARY INCOME	\$21 678	\$14 775	\$23 036	\$11 743	\$12 568	\$10 692	\$12 899	\$11 187	\$12 380	\$9 169	\$13 949	\$6 387
NONFARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	\$14 296	\$9 051	\$14 881	\$9 878	\$8 154	\$7 981	\$8 228	\$7 933	\$11 757	\$7 962	\$13 041	\$6 526
FARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT	\$6 630	\$6 636	\$7 146	\$4 121	\$2 976	-	\$2 631	\$3 444	\$4 667	\$5 892	\$5 583	\$3 202
INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS	\$5 511	\$1 639	\$4 279	\$10 954	\$5 929	\$2 936	\$5 110	\$8 342	\$5 192	\$1 791	\$3 491	\$7 970
SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME	\$4 463	\$2 239	\$3 651	\$5 170	\$3 936	\$3 635	\$3 660	\$4 207	\$3 505	\$2 262	\$3 151	\$3 612
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	\$2 286	\$1 440	\$2 258	\$2 449	\$2 305	\$1 657	\$2 370	\$2 239	\$2 754	\$1 149	\$2 769	\$2 836
INTEREST, DIVIDEND, OR NET RENTAL INCOME	\$3 048	\$680	\$2 489	\$6 024	\$3 187	\$1 365	\$2 476	\$4 886	\$3 027	\$979	\$2 170	\$4 859
ALL OTHER INCOME	\$4 695	\$2 025	\$4 453	\$6 127	\$3 965	\$2 606	\$3 981	\$4 121	\$4 334	\$2 833	\$4 324	\$4 607
NO INCOME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PERCENT OF TOTAL INCOME FROM SPECIFIED TYPE:												
EARNINGS	86.5	96.7	90.8	38.9	72.2	88.7	78.1	46.6	77.6	94.9	89.2	17.2
WAGE OR SALARY INCOME	78.6	93.4	82.4	32.8	69.6	87.8	75.6	43.1	72.4	92.4	82.8	14.4
NONFARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	6.9	2.6	7.3	4.8	2.3	0.9	2.2	2.7	4.7	2.2	5.8	1.9
FARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT	1.1	0.7	1.1	1.3	0.3	-	0.2	0.8	0.6	0.2	0.6	0.9
INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS	13.5	3.3	9.2	61.1	27.8	11.3	21.9	33.4	22.4	5.1	10.8	82.8
SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME	3.7	0.4	1.5	26.5	9.1	2.2	5.3	24.7	7.0	0.7	1.5	34.2
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	0.4	0.2	0.3	1.4	1.8	0.8	1.4	3.4	0.4	0.1	0.2	1.7
INTEREST, DIVIDEND, OR NET RENTAL INCOME	4.9	0.7	3.7	19.0	6.4	1.0	4.5	15.0	8.9	2.0	5.1	30.0
ALL OTHER INCOME	4.5	2.0	3.7	14.1	10.6	7.3	10.8	10.3	6.0	2.4	4.0	16.8
NO INCOME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL												
TOTAL	86 288	9 118	59 835	17 335	22 379	2 588	16 750	3 041	106 425	26 591	35 124	44 710
WITH INCOME OF SPECIFIED TYPE:												
EARNINGS	54 856	7 675	43 848	3 333	13 188	1 649	10 674	865	36 845	20 012	14 907	1 926
WAGE OR SALARY INCOME	47 870	7 371	38 123	2 376	12 775	1 642	10 341	792	34 230	19 641	13 217	1 372
NONFARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	7 995	531	6 995	469	612	8	545	59	2 567	483	1 813	271
FARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT	4 961	220	3 985	756	135	6	100	29	856	81	404	371
INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS	49 137	3 093	29 904	16 140	14 603	1 435	10 313	2 855	67 398	5 933	19 254	42 211
SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME	25 522	275	10 690	14 557	5 557	106	3 081	2 370	46 474	890	9 007	36 577
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	17 138	1 332	10 153	5 653	7 188	910	4 913	1 365	18 984	639	5 496	12 849
INTEREST, DIVIDEND, OR NET RENTAL INCOME	9 377	570	6 716	2 091	1 546	85	1 105	356	13 221	3 364	3 994	5 863
ALL OTHER INCOME	14 288	1 350	11 162	1 776	5 507	592	4 384	531	11 264	1 513	5 234	4 517
NO INCOME	5 123	720	3 609	794	1 848	348	1 359	141	12 640	5 252	5 357	2 031
MEAN INCOME (DOLLARS) FROM SPECIFIED TYPE:												
EARNINGS	\$3 254	\$3 294	\$3 426	\$896	\$2 748	\$2 320	\$2 936	\$1 242	\$1 756	\$1 884	\$1 680	\$1 009
WAGE OR SALARY INCOME	\$3 702	\$3 317	\$3 901	\$1 718	\$2 819	\$2 339	\$3 003	\$1 403	\$1 856	\$1 887	\$1 867	\$1 295
NONFARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	\$1 334	\$2 061	\$1 359	\$151	\$517	\$3 786	\$507	\$171	\$714	\$1 158	\$640	\$417
FARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT	\$-1 894	\$-1 192	\$-2 000	\$-1 541	\$-625	\$-7 505	\$80	\$-1 636	\$-773	\$1 068	\$-1 985	\$146
INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS	\$2 599	\$1 257	\$2 301	\$3 407	\$2 368	\$1 502	\$2 252	\$3 220	\$2 217	\$728	\$1 988	\$2 531
SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME	\$2 848	\$2 406	\$2 673	\$2 986	\$2 434	\$2 885	\$2 306	\$2 580	\$2 230	\$1 386	\$2 199	\$2 258
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	\$1 643	\$1 280	\$1 747	\$1 543	\$1 604	\$1 281	\$1 662	\$1 607	\$1 322	\$1 187	\$1 543	\$1 235
INTEREST, DIVIDEND, OR NET RENTAL INCOME	\$329	\$223	\$360	\$256	\$482	\$276	\$467	\$579	\$440	\$188	\$475	\$542
ALL OTHER INCOME	\$1 663	\$1 032	\$1 800	\$1 280	\$1 594	\$1 116	\$1 697	\$1 277	\$1 317	\$1 120	\$1 545	\$1 120
NO INCOME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PERCENT OF TOTAL INCOME FROM SPECIFIED TYPE:												
EARNINGS	58.3	86.7	68.6	5.2	51.2	64.0	57.4	10.5	30.2	89.7	39.5	1.8
WAGE OR SALARY INCOME	57.9	83.8	67.9	7.0	50.8	64.2	56.9	10.8	29.7	88.2	39.0	1.6
NONFARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	3.5	3.8	4.3	0.1	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.1	0.9	1.3	1.8	0.1
FARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT	-3.1	-0.9	-3.6	-2.0	-0.4	-0.8	-0.5	-0.5	-0.3	0.2	-0.3	-
INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS	41.7	13.3	31.4	94.8	48.8	36.0	42.6	89.5	69.8	10.3	60.5	98.2
SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME	23.7	2.3	13.0	75.0	19.1	5.1	13.0	59.6	48.4	2.9	31.3	75.9
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	9.2	5.8	8.1	15.0	16.3	19.5	15.0	21.4	11.7	1.8	13.4	14.6
INTEREST, DIVIDEND, OR NET RENTAL INCOME	1.0	0.4	1.1	0.9	1.1	0.4	0.9	2.0	2.7	1.5	3.0	3.0
ALL OTHER INCOME	7.8	4.8	9.2	3.9	12.4	11.0	13.6	6.6	6.9	4.0	12.8	4.6
NO INCOME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

TABLE 248. POVERTY STATUS IN 1979 OF FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS BY INCOME TYPE, AGE, SEX, RACE, AND SPANISH ORIGIN: 1980 - CON.

EXCLUDES INMATES OF INSTITUTIONS, PERSONS IN MILITARY GROUP QUARTERS AND IN COLLEGE DORMITORIES, AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS UNDER 15 YEARS. DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDICES A AND B.

GEORGIA	FAMILIES				FAMILIES WITH FEMALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO HUSBAND PRESENT				UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS				
	TOTAL	AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER			TOTAL	AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER			TOTAL	AGE			
		15 TO 24 YEARS	25 TO 64 YEARS	65 YEARS AND OVER		15 TO 24 YEARS	25 TO 64 YEARS	65 YEARS AND OVER		15 TO 24 YEARS	25 TO 64 YEARS	65 YEARS AND OVER	
BLACK													
INCOME IN 1979 ABOVE POVERTY LEVEL													
TOTAL	231 665	15 299	187 858	28 508	61 535	3 668	48 216	9 651	75 383	11 181	53 332	10 870	
WITH INCOME OF SPECIFIED TYPE:													
EARNINGS	217 867	15 139	183 222	19 506	56 967	3 588	46 361	7 018	63 623	10 947	49 398	3 278	
WAGE OR SALARY INCOME	215 898	15 098	181 860	18 940	56 689	3 571	46 179	6 939	62 284	10 914	48 325	3 045	
NONFARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	9 766	237	8 350	1 179	1 175	29	935	211	1 771	52	1 530	189	
FARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	2 213	49	1 576	568	280	9	193	78	271	16	140	115	
INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS	110 298	4 734	78 624	26 938	35 238	1 360	24 679	9 199	24 627	1 812	12 643	10 172	
SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME	49 513	4 739	24 810	23 964	17 865	295	9 782	7 788	12 246	261	3 113	8 872	
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	33 179	1 270	22 046	9 863	15 440	551	9 998	4 891	3 876	94	1 366	2 416	
INTEREST, DIVIDEND, OR NET RENTAL INCOME	22 613	805	18 086	3 722	4 420	158	3 330	932	5 862	492	3 922	1 448	
ALL OTHER INCOME	51 279	2 834	40 388	8 057	15 202	724	11 873	2 605	10 530	1 098	6 510	2 922	
NO INCOME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
MEAN INCOME (DOLLARS) FROM SPECIFIED TYPE:													
EARNINGS	\$16 917	\$12 985	\$17 942	\$10 335	\$12 333	\$9 999	\$12 796	\$10 470	\$10 013	\$8 462	\$10 676	\$5 212	
WAGE OR SALARY INCOME	\$16 628	\$12 873	\$17 605	\$10 240	\$12 197	\$9 911	\$12 637	\$10 442	\$9 929	\$8 264	\$10 613	\$5 038	
NONFARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	\$8 467	\$8 242	\$9 045	\$4 416	\$6 770	\$15 228	\$7 411	\$2 765	\$9 684	\$46 030	\$9 139	\$4 096	
FARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	\$5 802	\$3 869	\$6 431	\$4 293	\$11 504	\$4 805	\$14 199	\$5 608	\$5 647	\$2 800	\$3 674	\$8 444	
INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS	\$4 385	\$2 676	\$3 874	\$6 176	\$4 263	\$2 741	\$3 987	\$5 227	\$4 241	\$3 200	\$3 701	\$5 097	
SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME	\$3 658	\$2 468	\$3 212	\$4 156	\$3 276	\$2 677	\$3 170	\$3 432	\$3 487	\$1 683	\$3 542	\$3 521	
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	\$2 359	\$2 009	\$2 315	\$2 503	\$2 431	\$2 588	\$2 448	\$2 379	\$2 657	\$3 450	\$2 759	\$2 568	
INTEREST, DIVIDEND, OR NET RENTAL INCOME	\$1 604	\$884	\$1 480	\$2 358	\$1 447	\$1 510	\$1 381	\$1 670	\$1 512	\$3 251	\$1 210	\$1 741	
ALL OTHER INCOME	\$3 665	\$2 675	\$3 641	\$4 135	\$3 141	\$1 759	\$3 227	\$3 134	\$4 043	\$3 129	\$4 185	\$4 069	
NO INCOME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
PERCENT OF TOTAL INCOME FROM SPECIFIED TYPE:													
EARNINGS	88.4	93.9	91.5	54.8	82.4	90.6	85.8	60.4	85.9	94.1	91.9	24.8	
WAGE OR SALARY INCOME	86.1	92.9	89.1	52.7	81.1	89.4	84.4	59.6	83.4	91.6	89.3	22.3	
NONFARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	2.0	0.9	2.1	1.4	0.9	1.1	1.0	0.5	2.3	2.4	2.4	1.1	
FARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	0.3	0.1	0.3	0.7	0.4	0.1	0.4	0.4	0.2	-	-	1.4	
INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS	11.6	6.1	8.5	45.2	17.6	9.4	14.2	39.6	14.1	5.9	8.1	75.2	
SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME	4.3	0.9	2.2	27.1	6.9	2.0	4.5	22.0	5.8	0.4	1.9	45.3	
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	1.9	1.2	1.4	6.7	4.4	3.6	3.5	9.6	1.4	0.3	0.7	9.0	
INTEREST, DIVIDEND, OR NET RENTAL INCOME	0.9	0.3	0.7	2.4	0.7	0.6	0.7	1.3	1.2	1.6	0.8	3.7	
ALL OTHER INCOME	4.5	3.6	4.1	9.1	5.6	3.2	5.5	6.7	5.7	3.5	4.7	17.2	
NO INCOME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL													
TOTAL	101 053	12 320	74 081	14 652	60 730	8 620	46 358	5 752	67 423	11 221	29 792	26 410	
WITH INCOME OF SPECIFIED TYPE:													
EARNINGS	61 400	7 662	49 058	4 680	33 880	4 452	27 430	1 998	19 373	6 040	11 299	2 034	
WAGE OR SALARY INCOME	60 111	7 613	48 063	4 435	33 602	4 424	27 219	1 959	18 795	5 998	10 906	1 891	
NONFARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	2 322	102	1 962	258	530	28	442	60	577	68	416	93	
FARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	821	39	592	190	175	19	117	39	178	-	113	65	
INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS	65 204	7 280	44 273	13 651	42 683	5 935	31 388	5 360	40 426	1 942	14 243	24 241	
SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME	24 581	5 111	12 659	11 371	12 014	372	7 392	4 230	26 569	480	6 683	19 406	
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	42 406	5 467	29 721	7 218	31 275	4 828	23 236	3 211	18 470	745	6 644	11 081	
INTEREST, DIVIDEND, OR NET RENTAL INCOME	2 464	312	1 534	618	1 064	136	733	195	1 376	207	483	686	
ALL OTHER INCOME	16 809	1 907	13 067	1 835	10 673	1 321	8 525	827	5 795	722	3 023	2 050	
NO INCOME	5 858	837	4 455	566	3 604	618	2 770	216	11 984	4 147	6 176	1 661	
MEAN INCOME (DOLLARS) FROM SPECIFIED TYPE:													
EARNINGS	\$3 686	\$3 040	\$3 943	\$2 056	\$3 220	\$2 483	\$3 426	\$2 035	\$1 697	\$1 662	\$1 841	\$1 003	
WAGE OR SALARY INCOME	\$3 687	\$3 058	\$3 932	\$2 113	\$3 227	\$2 484	\$3 433	\$2 051	\$1 725	\$1 656	\$1 886	\$1 015	
NONFARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	\$1 843	\$-69	\$2 045	\$1 069	\$1 003	\$1 319	\$1 064	\$405	\$732	\$1 626	\$553	\$880	
FARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	\$499	\$425	\$711	\$-148	\$733	\$1 371	\$659	\$644	\$204	-	\$-27	\$608	
INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS	\$2 410	\$1 487	\$2 290	\$3 292	\$2 213	\$1 549	\$2 199	\$3 028	\$2 194	\$1 152	\$2 029	\$2 377	
SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME	\$2 433	\$1 797	\$2 287	\$2 625	\$2 187	\$1 642	\$2 175	\$2 254	\$2 025	\$1 154	\$1 990	\$2 059	
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	\$1 717	\$1 437	\$1 767	\$1 727	\$1 727	\$1 460	\$1 779	\$1 753	\$1 459	\$1 343	\$1 653	\$1 350	
INTEREST, DIVIDEND, OR NET RENTAL INCOME	\$267	\$-125	\$338	\$287	\$432	\$503	\$434	\$375	\$324	\$-163	\$321	\$472	
ALL OTHER INCOME	\$1 418	\$1 097	\$1 477	\$1 335	\$1 284	\$1 109	\$1 324	\$1 142	\$1 306	\$992	\$1 477	\$1 163	
NO INCOME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
PERCENT OF TOTAL INCOME FROM SPECIFIED TYPE:													
EARNINGS	59.0	68.3	65.6	17.6	53.6	54.6	57.7	20.0	27.0	81.8	41.8	3.4	
WAGE OR SALARY INCOME	57.8	68.2	64.1	17.2	53.3	54.3	57.3	19.8	26.7	80.9	41.4	3.2	
NONFARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	1.1	-	1.4	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.1	0.3	0.9	0.5	0.1	
FARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	0.1	-	0.1	-0.1	0.1	0.1	-	0.1	-	-	-	0.1	
INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS	41.0	31.7	34.4	82.4	46.4	45.4	42.3	80.0	73.0	18.2	58.2	96.6	
SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME	15.6	2.7	9.9	54.7	12.9	3.0	9.9	47.2	44.2	4.5	26.8	67.0	
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	19.0	23.0	17.8	22.8	26.5	34.8	25.4	27.7	22.2	8.2	22.1	25.1	
INTEREST, DIVIDEND, OR NET RENTAL INCOME	0.2	-0.1	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.4	0.4	-0.3	0.3	0.5	
ALL OTHER INCOME	6.2	6.1	6.5	4.5	6.7	7.2	6.9	4.7	6.2	5.8	9.0	4.0	
NO INCOME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

TABLE 248. POVERTY STATUS IN 1979 OF FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS BY INCOME TYPE, AGE, SEX, RACE, AND SPANISH ORIGIN: 1980 - CON.

EXCLUDES INMATES OF INSTITUTIONS, PERSONS IN MILITARY GROUP QUARTERS AND IN COLLEGE DORMITORIES, AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS UNDER 15 YEARS. DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDIXES A AND B.

GEORGIA

	FAMILIES				FAMILIES WITH FEMALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO HUSBAND PRESENT				UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS			
	TOTAL	AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER			TOTAL	AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER			TOTAL	AGE		
		15 TO 24 YEARS	25 TO 64 YEARS	65 YEARS AND OVER		15 TO 24 YEARS	25 TO 64 YEARS	65 YEARS AND OVER		15 TO 24 YEARS	25 TO 64 YEARS	65 YEARS AND OVER
SPANISH ORIGIN												
INCOME IN 1979 ABOVE POVERTY LEVEL												
TOTAL	10 662	1 142	8 454	1 066	1 494	93	1 167	234	3 708	886	2 433	389
WITH INCOME OF SPECIFIED TYPE:												
EARNINGS	10 036	1 138	8 219	679	1 340	89	1 100	151	3 283	845	2 343	95
WAGE OR SALARY INCOME	9 825	1 138	8 052	635	1 330	89	1 090	151	3 124	840	2 197	87
NONFARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	917	30	827	60	56	-	56	-	246	5	233	8
FARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	153	8	120	25	-	-	-	-	26	-	26	-
INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS	5 509	346	4 159	1 004	963	55	681	227	1 441	248	809	384
SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME	1 841	44	875	922	450	13	243	194	479	27	99	353
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	891	35	614	242	281	14	193	74	73	5	32	36
INTEREST, DIVIDEND, OR NET RENTAL INCOME	2 500	117	2 060	323	169	2	131	36	823	131	536	156
ALL OTHER INCOME	2 475	221	1 976	278	524	31	430	63	562	117	305	140
NO INCOME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MEAN INCOME (DOLLARS) FROM SPECIFIED TYPE:												
EARNINGS	\$20 225	\$12 280	\$22 052	\$11 425	\$11 822	\$10 524	\$12 527	\$7 456	\$11 981	\$9 037	\$13 345	\$4 537
WAGE OR SALARY INCOME	\$19 219	\$12 189	\$20 938	\$10 024	\$11 584	\$10 524	\$12 242	\$7 456	\$12 021	\$9 064	\$13 436	\$4 833
NONFARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	\$14 604	\$3 439	\$14 479	\$21 919	\$7 776	-	\$7 776	-	\$7 090	\$4 505	\$7 344	\$1 320
FARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	\$4 941	\$45	\$5 654	\$3 088	-	-	-	-	\$1 438	-	\$1 438	-
INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS	\$4 837	\$2 025	\$4 230	\$8 321	\$4 208	\$2 738	\$3 913	\$5 447	\$3 490	\$2 221	\$2 451	\$6 499
SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME	\$3 889	\$2 700	\$3 203	\$4 596	\$2 948	\$4 687	\$2 706	\$3 134	\$3 508	\$1 474	\$3 118	\$3 774
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	\$2 437	\$2 900	\$2 280	\$2 767	\$2 539	\$4 496	\$2 451	\$2 398	\$3 509	\$3 655	\$4 152	\$2 918
INTEREST, DIVIDEND, OR NET RENTAL INCOME	\$2 781	\$392	\$2 313	\$6 629	\$3 540	\$420	\$2 527	\$7 397	\$1 462	\$196	\$1 155	\$3 580
ALL OTHER INCOME	\$4 188	\$1 967	\$4 365	\$4 697	\$2 699	\$835	\$2 799	\$2 934	\$3 363	\$3 993	\$3 025	\$3 571
NO INCOME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PERCENT OF TOTAL INCOME FROM SPECIFIED TYPE:												
EARNINGS	88.4	95.2	91.2	48.1	79.6	86.1	83.8	47.7	88.7	93.3	94.0	14.7
WAGE OR SALARY INCOME	82.2	94.5	84.8	39.5	77.4	86.1	81.1	47.7	84.6	93.0	88.8	14.4
NONFARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	5.8	0.7	6.0	8.2	2.2	-	2.6	-	3.9	0.3	5.1	0.4
FARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	0.3	-	0.3	0.5	-	-	-	-	0.1	-	0.1	-
INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS	11.6	4.8	8.8	51.9	20.4	13.9	16.2	52.3	11.3	6.7	6.0	85.3
SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME	3.1	0.8	1.4	26.3	6.7	5.6	4.0	25.7	3.8	0.5	0.9	45.5
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	0.9	0.7	0.7	4.2	3.6	5.8	2.9	7.5	0.6	0.2	0.4	3.6
INTEREST, DIVIDEND, OR NET RENTAL INCOME	3.0	0.3	2.4	13.3	3.0	0.1	2.0	11.3	2.7	0.3	1.9	19.1
ALL OTHER INCOME	4.5	3.0	4.3	8.1	7.1	2.4	7.3	7.8	4.3	5.7	2.8	17.1
NO INCOME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL												
TOTAL	2 577	413	1 888	276	1 136	123	916	97	2 303	756	1 005	542
WITH INCOME OF SPECIFIED TYPE:												
EARNINGS	1 668	329	1 276	63	556	64	482	10	913	449	433	31
WAGE OR SALARY INCOME	1 578	319	1 223	36	549	59	480	10	890	449	413	28
NONFARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	148	44	89	15	26	5	21	-	20	-	20	-
FARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	68	5	44	19	2	-	-	-	3	-	-	3
INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS	1 382	158	961	263	787	97	601	89	999	161	346	492
SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME	497	16	267	214	225	12	159	54	559	9	170	380
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	858	104	591	163	579	83	422	74	341	4	127	210
INTEREST, DIVIDEND, OR NET RENTAL INCOME	109	6	87	16	16	6	10	-	101	59	28	14
ALL OTHER INCOME	404	53	309	42	176	14	159	3	203	114	62	27
NO INCOME	222	26	183	13	114	9	97	8	548	234	275	39
MEAN INCOME (DOLLARS) FROM SPECIFIED TYPE:												
EARNINGS	\$3 682	\$2 463	\$4 119	\$1 184	\$3 252	\$1 396	\$3 499	\$3 240	\$1 896	\$1 716	\$2 122	\$1 352
WAGE OR SALARY INCOME	\$3 900	\$2 763	\$4 216	\$3 228	\$3 249	\$1 269	\$3 493	\$3 240	\$1 888	\$1 716	\$2 108	\$1 405
NONFARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	\$-486	\$-1 263	\$278	\$-2 735	\$800	\$2 885	\$304	-	\$2 405	-	\$2 405	-
FARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	\$866	\$-3 055	\$1 699	\$-30	\$1 885	-	\$1 885	-	\$855	-	-	\$855
INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS	\$2 500	\$1 384	\$2 321	\$3 825	\$2 182	\$1 504	\$2 150	\$3 141	\$2 049	\$1 078	\$1 999	\$2 401
SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME	\$2 357	\$1 088	\$2 068	\$2 811	\$1 833	\$822	\$2 020	\$1 507	\$2 217	\$2 655	\$2 335	\$2 153
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	\$1 782	\$1 268	\$1 737	\$2 275	\$1 789	\$1 268	\$1 736	\$2 675	\$1 402	\$1 330	\$1 225	\$1 511
INTEREST, DIVIDEND, OR NET RENTAL INCOME	\$826	\$2 255	\$886	\$-31	\$2 111	\$2 255	\$2 024	-	\$317	\$233	\$209	\$884
ALL OTHER INCOME	\$1 645	\$1 053	\$1 859	\$812	\$1 338	\$1 234	\$1 371	\$65	\$1 464	\$1 145	\$2 151	\$1 231
NO INCOME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PERCENT OF TOTAL INCOME FROM SPECIFIED TYPE:												
EARNINGS	64.0	78.8	70.2	6.9	51.3	38.0	56.6	10.4	45.8	81.6	57.0	3.4
WAGE OR SALARY INCOME	64.1	85.6	68.9	10.8	50.6	31.8	56.3	10.4	44.5	81.6	54.1	3.2
NONFARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	-0.7	-5.4	0.3	-3.8	0.6	6.1	0.2	-	1.3	-	3.0	-
FARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	0.6	-1.5	1.0	-0.1	0.1	-	0.1	-	0.1	-	-	0.2
INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS	36.0	21.2	29.8	93.1	48.7	62.0	43.4	89.6	54.2	18.4	43.0	96.6
SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME	12.2	1.7	7.4	55.7	11.7	4.2	10.8	26.1	32.8	2.5	24.7	66.9
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	15.9	12.8	13.7	34.3	29.4	44.7	24.6	63.5	12.7	0.6	9.7	25.9
INTEREST, DIVIDEND, OR NET RENTAL INCOME	0.9	1.3	1.0	-	1.0	5.8	0.7	-	0.8	1.5	0.4	1.0
ALL OTHER INCOME	6.9	5.4	7.7	3.2	6.7	7.3	7.3	0.1	7.9	13.8	8.3	2.7
NO INCOME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

TABLE 248. POVERTY STATUS IN 1979 OF FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS BY INCOME TYPE, AGE, SEX, RACE, AND SPANISH ORIGIN: 1980 - CON.

EXCLUDES INMATES OF INSTITUTIONS, PERSONS IN MILITARY GROUP QUARTERS AND IN COLLEGE DORMITORIES, AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS UNDER 15 YEARS. DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDICES A AND B.

RURAL	FAMILIES				FAMILIES WITH FEMALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO HUSBAND PRESENT				UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS			
	TOTAL	AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER			TOTAL	AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER			TOTAL	AGE		
		15 TO 24 YEARS	25 TO 64 YEARS	65 YEARS AND OVER		15 TO 24 YEARS	25 TO 64 YEARS	65 YEARS AND OVER		15 TO 24 YEARS	25 TO 64 YEARS	65 YEARS AND OVER
TOTAL	481 065	32 519	386 864	61 682	39 190	1 216	28 263	9 711	77 341	8 959	45 205	23 177
INCOME IN 1979 ABOVE POVERTY LEVEL												
TOTAL	481 065	32 519	386 864	61 682	39 190	1 216	28 263	9 711	77 341	8 959	45 205	23 177
WITH INCOME OF SPECIFIED TYPE:												
EARNINGS	445 605	32 387	376 811	36 407	34 633	1 190	26 800	6 643	56 382	8 848	40 648	6 886
WAGE OR SALARY INCOME	424 862	31 998	361 511	31 353	33 931	1 185	26 459	6 287	52 184	8 631	38 174	5 379
NONFARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	53 486	1 448	47 672	4 366	1 461	24	960	477	3 714	234	2 897	583
FARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	34 113	933	27 377	5 803	1 173	-	634	539	3 220	118	1 734	1 368
INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS	266 402	9 527	196 853	60 022	28 634	515	18 651	9 468	42 569	1 664	18 461	22 444
SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME	103 521	1 022	46 608	55 891	16 237	103	7 637	8 477	25 636	207	4 816	20 613
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	31 170	955	19 671	10 544	8 734	108	4 900	3 726	3 130	61	777	2 292
INTEREST, DIVIDEND, OR NET RENTAL INCOME	144 842	4 000	113 994	26 848	8 454	87	5 391	2 976	23 519	941	11 267	11 311
ALL OTHER INCOME	109 723	5 112	83 557	21 054	13 554	350	10 253	2 951	15 320	659	7 234	7 427
NO INCOME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MEAN INCOME (DOLLARS) FROM SPECIFIED TYPE:												
EARNINGS	\$20 107	\$14 878	\$21 549	\$9 828	\$12 082	\$9 411	\$12 659	\$10 235	\$10 912	\$8 722	\$12 355	\$5 204
WAGE OR SALARY INCOME	\$18 967	\$14 444	\$20 177	\$9 641	\$11 938	\$9 308	\$12 475	\$10 173	\$10 664	\$8 652	\$11 902	\$5 100
NONFARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	\$12 268	\$8 852	\$12 836	\$7 204	\$6 323	\$7 051	\$7 181	\$4 560	\$11 615	\$7 408	\$13 118	\$5 836
FARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	\$7 181	\$7 325	\$7 819	\$4 149	\$3 548	-	\$3 632	\$3 449	\$4 848	\$6 444	\$5 684	\$3 650
INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS	\$4 879	\$1 696	\$3 906	\$8 575	\$4 967	\$2 916	\$4 421	\$6 154	\$5 292	\$1 697	\$3 976	\$6 641
SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME	\$4 103	\$2 393	\$3 480	\$4 655	\$3 450	\$4 852	\$3 374	\$3 502	\$3 272	\$2 618	\$3 102	\$3 319
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	\$2 333	\$1 432	\$2 313	\$2 453	\$2 327	\$1 803	\$2 379	\$2 274	\$2 724	\$719	\$3 043	\$2 670
INTEREST, DIVIDEND, OR NET RENTAL INCOME	\$2 505	\$596	\$2 082	\$4 584	\$2 452	\$1 096	\$2 012	\$3 288	\$3 086	\$506	\$2 410	\$3 974
ALL OTHER INCOME	\$4 005	\$1 948	\$3 877	\$5 016	\$3 352	\$2 034	\$3 328	\$3 498	\$3 955	\$2 673	\$4 002	\$3 982
NO INCOME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PERCENT OF TOTAL INCOME FROM SPECIFIED TYPE:												
EARNINGS	87.3	96.8	91.3	41.0	74.6	88.2	80.4	53.8	73.2	96.5	87.2	19.4
WAGE OR SALARY INCOME	78.5	92.8	82.1	34.6	72.2	86.8	78.3	50.7	66.2	93.4	78.9	14.8
NONFARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	6.4	2.6	6.9	3.6	1.6	1.3	1.6	1.7	5.1	2.2	6.6	1.8
FARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	2.4	1.4	2.4	2.8	0.7	-	0.5	1.5	1.9	1.0	1.7	2.1
INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS	12.7	3.2	8.7	59.0	25.4	11.8	19.6	46.2	26.8	3.3	12.8	80.6
SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME	4.1	0.5	1.8	29.8	10.0	3.9	6.1	23.5	10.0	0.7	2.6	37.0
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	0.7	0.3	0.5	3.0	3.6	1.5	2.8	6.7	1.0	0.1	0.4	3.3
INTEREST, DIVIDEND, OR NET RENTAL INCOME	3.5	0.5	2.7	14.1	3.7	0.8	2.6	7.8	8.6	0.6	4.7	24.3
ALL OTHER INCOME	4.3	2.0	3.6	12.1	8.1	5.6	8.1	8.2	7.2	2.2	5.0	16.0
NO INCOME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL												
TOTAL	76 344	5 998	53 126	17 220	21 130	1 765	15 940	3 425	52 797	5 834	18 481	28 482
WITH INCOME OF SPECIFIED TYPE:												
EARNINGS	48 857	4 906	39 460	4 491	12 388	1 050	10 101	1 237	12 527	3 963	6 679	1 885
WAGE OR SALARY INCOME	42 941	4 720	34 674	3 547	12 116	1 050	9 899	1 167	11 083	3 832	5 885	1 366
NONFARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	5 801	306	5 085	410	333	-	271	62	940	139	622	179
FARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	5 359	231	4 242	886	236	11	166	59	804	30	363	411
INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS	45 512	2 208	27 202	16 102	14 934	1 046	10 725	3 163	38 350	1 139	10 438	26 776
SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME	24 260	223	10 119	13 918	5 800	104	3 217	2 479	27 571	227	5 188	22 156
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	20 825	1 103	12 555	7 167	9 512	756	6 785	1 971	14 193	322	3 922	9 949
INTEREST, DIVIDEND, OR NET RENTAL INCOME	6 077	282	4 070	1 725	887	19	603	265	4 761	275	1 395	3 091
ALL OTHER INCOME	11 460	941	8 800	1 719	4 346	366	3 450	530	5 705	429	2 499	2 777
NO INCOME	3 877	452	2 775	650	1 395	195	1 049	151	5 793	1 429	3 052	1 312
MEAN INCOME (DOLLARS) FROM SPECIFIED TYPE:												
EARNINGS	\$3 520	\$3 404	\$3 778	\$1 383	\$3 158	\$2 591	\$3 380	\$1 826	\$1 562	\$1 751	\$1 618	\$968
WAGE OR SALARY INCOME	\$3 940	\$3 470	\$4 203	\$1 995	\$3 207	\$2 630	\$3 417	\$1 942	\$1 733	\$1 738	\$1 867	\$1 140
NONFARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	\$1 816	\$2 040	\$1 921	\$348	\$537	-	\$606	\$234	\$739	\$1 966	\$389	\$1 001
FARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	\$-1 442	\$-1 323	\$-1 511	\$-1 138	\$392	\$-3 705	\$938	\$-382	\$-411	\$236	\$-1 172	\$214
INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS	\$2 666	\$1 375	\$2 359	\$3 361	\$2 452	\$1 726	\$2 315	\$3 158	\$2 281	\$1 023	\$2 037	\$2 430
SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME	\$2 705	\$2 469	\$2 556	\$2 817	\$2 261	\$2 679	\$2 249	\$2 258	\$2 104	\$1 406	\$2 091	\$2 115
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	\$1 783	\$1 479	\$1 842	\$1 726	\$1 818	\$1 494	\$1 837	\$1 879	\$1 406	\$1 336	\$1 546	\$1 353
INTEREST, DIVIDEND, OR NET RENTAL INCOME	\$132	\$-123	\$137	\$162	\$313	\$389	\$259	\$432	\$446	\$60	\$362	\$517
ALL OTHER INCOME	\$1 551	\$946	\$1 661	\$1 319	\$1 366	\$1 067	\$1 441	\$1 083	\$1 295	\$931	\$1 533	\$1 134
NO INCOME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PERCENT OF TOTAL INCOME FROM SPECIFIED TYPE:												
EARNINGS	58.6	84.6	69.9	10.3	51.7	60.1	57.9	18.4	18.3	85.6	33.7	2.7
WAGE OR SALARY INCOME	57.7	83.0	68.3	11.7	51.3	61.0	57.4	18.5	17.9	82.2	34.3	2.3
NONFARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	3.6	3.2	4.6	0.2	0.2	-	0.3	0.1	0.6	3.4	0.8	0.3
FARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	-2.6	-1.5	-3.0	-1.7	0.1	-0.9	0.3	-0.2	-0.3	0.1	-1.3	0.1
INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS	41.4	15.4	30.1	89.7	48.3	39.9	42.1	81.6	81.7	14.4	66.3	97.3
SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME	22.4	2.8	12.1	65.0	17.3	6.2	12.3	45.7	54.2	3.9	33.8	70.1
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	12.7	8.3	10.8	20.5	22.8	25.0	21.1	30.2	18.6	5.3	18.9	20.1
INTEREST, DIVIDEND, OR NET RENTAL INCOME	0.3	-0.2	0.3	0.5	0.4	0.2	0.3	0.9	2.0	0.2	1.6	2.4
ALL OTHER INCOME	6.1	4.5	6.9	3.8	7.8	8.6	8.4	4.7	6.9	4.9	12.0	4.7
NO INCOME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

TABLE 248. POVERTY STATUS IN 1979 OF FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS BY INCOME TYPE, AGE, SEX, RACE, AND SPANISH ORIGIN: 1980 - CON.

(EXCLUDES INMATES OF INSTITUTIONS, PERSONS IN MILITARY GROUP QUARTERS AND IN COLLEGE DORMITORIES, AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS UNDER 15 YEARS. DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDIXES A AND B.)

ATLANTA, GA SMSA

	FAMILIES				FAMILIES WITH FEMALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO HUSBAND PRESENT				UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS			
	TOTAL	AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER			TOTAL	AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER			TOTAL	AGE		
		15 TO 24 YEARS	25 TO 64 YEARS	65 YEARS AND OVER		15 TO 24 YEARS	25 TO 64 YEARS	65 YEARS AND OVER		15 TO 24 YEARS	25 TO 64 YEARS	65 YEARS AND OVER
TOTAL	481 497	27 824	407 557	46 116	63 262	3 184	52 096	7 982	188 636	34 773	125 683	28 180
INCOME IN 1979 ABOVE POVERTY LEVEL												
TOTAL	481 497	27 824	407 557	46 116	63 262	3 184	52 096	7 982	188 636	34 773	125 683	28 180
WITH INCOME OF SPECIFIED TYPE:												
EARNINGS	453 465	27 692	399 692	26 081	58 683	3 113	50 158	5 412	160 223	34 245	119 522	6 456
WAGE OR SALARY INCOME	441 987	27 457	390 347	24 183	58 070	3 100	49 781	5 189	154 512	33 865	114 812	5 835
NONFARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	50 443	1 335	45 696	3 412	2 145	39	1 723	383	9 172	842	7 683	647
FARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	6 428	155	5 380	893	293	-	206	87	909	67	621	221
INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS	280 220	9 227	226 340	44 653	39 654	1 311	30 612	7 751	86 395	9 142	49 964	27 289
SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME	79 926	913	38 629	40 384	16 577	239	9 348	6 990	30 648	984	5 252	24 412
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	20 510	972	14 815	4 723	7 734	375	5 349	2 010	2 890	146	1 138	1 606
INTEREST, DIVIDEND, OR NET RENTAL INCOME	187 592	4 527	157 598	25 467	15 100	252	11 499	3 349	61 258	6 338	38 554	16 366
ALL OTHER INCOME	105 021	4 262	80 833	19 926	21 666	748	18 171	2 747	25 563	2 660	13 386	9 517
NO INCOME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MEAN INCOME (DOLLARS) FROM SPECIFIED TYPE:												
EARNINGS	\$25 283	\$16 131	\$26 675	\$13 668	\$13 723	\$11 613	\$14 006	\$12 306	\$13 336	\$9 578	\$14 743	\$7 225
WAGE OR SALARY INCOME	\$24 114	\$15 738	\$25 384	\$13 117	\$13 555	\$11 458	\$13 844	\$12 036	\$13 087	\$9 430	\$14 474	\$7 033
NONFARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	\$15 485	\$10 462	\$15 987	\$10 739	\$8 069	\$16 186	\$7 500	\$9 803	\$11 974	\$10 033	\$12 546	\$7 704
FARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	\$4 009	\$3 902	\$4 190	\$2 940	\$2 899	-	\$2 225	\$4 493	\$5 249	\$3 191	\$6 339	\$2 808
INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS	\$5 189	\$1 791	\$4 057	\$11 633	\$5 379	\$2 756	\$4 863	\$7 867	\$4 609	\$1 964	\$3 059	\$8 335
SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME	\$4 499	\$2 172	\$3 648	\$5 366	\$3 853	\$2 865	\$3 606	\$4 218	\$3 665	\$2 004	\$3 394	\$3 790
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	\$2 292	\$1 649	\$2 246	\$2 570	\$2 371	\$2 250	\$2 375	\$2 582	\$2 606	\$2 297	\$2 411	\$2 772
INTEREST, DIVIDEND, OR NET RENTAL INCOME	\$2 966	\$971	\$2 479	\$6 332	\$3 007	\$1 322	\$2 492	\$4 902	\$2 728	\$1 188	\$1 983	\$5 078
ALL OTHER INCOME	\$4 676	\$2 005	\$4 370	\$6 490	\$3 955	\$2 342	\$4 061	\$3 689	\$4 352	\$3 051	\$4 167	\$4 976
NO INCOME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PERCENT OF TOTAL INCOME FROM SPECIFIED TYPE:												
EARNINGS	88.7	96.4	92.1	40.7	79.1	90.9	82.5	52.3	84.3	94.8	92.0	17.0
WAGE OR SALARY INCOME	82.5	93.3	85.6	36.2	77.3	89.3	80.9	49.0	79.8	92.3	86.8	15.0
NONFARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	6.0	3.0	6.3	4.2	1.7	1.6	1.5	2.9	4.3	2.4	5.0	1.8
FARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.1	-	0.1	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.2
INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS	11.3	3.4	7.9	59.3	20.9	9.1	17.5	47.7	15.7	5.2	8.0	83.0
SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME	2.8	0.4	1.2	24.7	6.3	1.7	4.0	23.1	4.4	0.6	0.9	33.8
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	0.4	0.3	0.3	1.4	1.8	2.1	1.5	3.8	0.3	0.1	0.1	1.6
INTEREST, DIVIDEND, OR NET RENTAL INCOME	4.3	0.9	3.4	18.4	4.5	0.8	3.4	12.9	6.6	2.2	4.0	30.3
ALL OTHER INCOME	3.8	1.8	3.1	14.8	8.4	4.4	8.7	8.0	4.4	2.3	2.9	17.3
NO INCOME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL												
TOTAL	51 511	7 104	38 063	6 344	27 114	4 502	20 620	1 992	57 674	16 774	23 849	17 051
WITH INCOME OF SPECIFIED TYPE:												
EARNINGS	31 358	4 633	25 476	1 249	15 259	2 323	12 362	574	23 703	11 716	11 159	828
WAGE OR SALARY INCOME	29 814	4 517	24 181	1 116	14 985	2 300	12 132	553	22 847	11 611	10 481	755
NONFARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	2 782	221	2 416	145	435	23	384	28	1 117	182	858	77
FARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	387	13	315	59	25	13	104	1	96	11	61	24
INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS	30 015	3 669	20 588	5 738	17 872	3 001	13 014	1 857	29 251	3 254	10 207	15 790
SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME	10 781	190	5 509	5 082	4 862	142	2 865	1 555	18 469	413	4 352	13 704
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	15 619	2 682	11 023	1 914	11 910	2 426	8 682	802	7 691	514	2 977	4 200
INTEREST, DIVIDEND, OR NET RENTAL INCOME	3 061	261	2 322	478	851	109	616	126	5 220	1 711	1 921	1 588
ALL OTHER INCOME	8 474	927	6 816	731	4 879	659	3 956	264	4 887	815	2 617	1 455
NO INCOME	4 005	571	3 046	388	1 984	380	1 521	83	10 212	4 137	5 062	1 013
MEAN INCOME (DOLLARS) FROM SPECIFIED TYPE:												
EARNINGS	\$3 385	\$2 836	\$3 572	\$1 611	\$3 035	\$2 198	\$3 257	\$1 577	\$1 849	\$1 940	\$1 809	\$1 092
WAGE OR SALARY INCOME	\$3 457	\$2 849	\$3 637	\$2 001	\$3 056	\$2 221	\$3 282	\$1 583	\$1 882	\$1 938	\$1 869	\$1 192
NONFARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	\$1 364	\$1 333	\$1 485	\$-609	\$1 156	\$979	\$1 174	\$1 059	\$872	\$1 120	\$867	\$347
FARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	\$-1 822	\$-1 900	\$-1 737	\$-2 263	\$-950	\$-1 900	\$120	-	\$-1 406	\$2 250	\$-2 261	\$-910
INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS	\$2 368	\$1 469	\$2 253	\$3 354	\$2 169	\$1 536	\$2 198	\$2 984	\$2 075	\$709	\$1 844	\$2 505
SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME	\$2 730	\$2 303	\$2 580	\$2 909	\$2 416	\$2 077	\$2 398	\$2 480	\$2 249	\$1 434	\$2 196	\$2 290
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	\$1 691	\$1 447	\$1 766	\$1 606	\$1 683	\$1 462	\$1 759	\$1 525	\$1 408	\$1 301	\$1 556	\$1 316
INTEREST, DIVIDEND, OR NET RENTAL INCOME	\$478	\$5	\$473	\$762	\$505	\$385	\$429	\$980	\$362	\$103	\$431	\$557
ALL OTHER INCOME	\$1 626	\$1 154	\$1 704	\$1 487	\$1 488	\$1 102	\$1 566	\$1 286	\$1 317	\$1 066	\$1 455	\$1 209
NO INCOME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PERCENT OF TOTAL INCOME FROM SPECIFIED TYPE:												
EARNINGS	59.9	70.9	66.2	9.4	54.4	52.5	58.5	14.0	41.9	90.8	51.8	2.2
WAGE OR SALARY INCOME	58.1	69.4	64.0	10.5	53.9	52.6	57.8	13.6	41.1	89.9	50.2	2.2
NONFARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	2.1	1.6	2.6	-0.4	0.6	0.2	0.7	0.5	0.9	0.8	1.9	0.1
FARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	-0.4	-0.1	-0.4	-0.6	-	-0.3	-	-	-0.1	0.1	-0.4	-0.1
INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS	40.1	29.1	33.8	90.6	45.6	47.5	41.5	86.0	58.1	9.2	48.2	97.8
SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME	16.6	2.4	10.3	69.3	13.0	3.0	10.0	59.8	39.7	2.4	24.5	77.6
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	14.9	21.0	14.2	14.4	23.6	36.5	22.2	19.0	10.4	2.7	11.9	13.7
INTEREST, DIVIDEND, OR NET RENTAL INCOME	0.8	-	0.8	1.7	0.5	0.4	0.4	1.9	1.8	0.7	2.1	2.2
ALL OTHER INCOME	7.8	5.8	8.5	5.1	8.5	7.5	9.0	5.3	6.2	3.5	9.8	4.3
NO INCOME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

TABLE 248. POVERTY STATUS IN 1979 OF FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS BY INCOME TYPE, AGE, SEX, RACE, AND SPANISH ORIGIN: 1980 - CON.

EXCLUDES INMATES OF INSTITUTIONS, PERSONS IN MILITARY GROUP QUARTERS AND IN COLLEGE DORMITORIES, AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS UNDER 15 YEARS. DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDIXES A AND B.

AUGUSTA, GA-SC SMSA

	FAMILIES				FAMILIES WITH FEMALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO HUSBAND PRESENT				UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS			
	TOTAL	AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER			TOTAL	AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER			TOTAL	AGE		
		15 TO 24 YEARS	25 TO 64 YEARS	65 YEARS AND OVER		15 TO 24 YEARS	25 TO 64 YEARS	65 YEARS AND OVER		15 TO 24 YEARS	25 TO 64 YEARS	65 YEARS AND OVER
TOTAL	74 171	5 298	60 867	8 006	9 590	459	7 623	1 508	20 700	3 457	12 872	4 371
INCOME IN 1979 ABOVE POVERTY LEVEL												
TOTAL	74 171	5 298	60 867	8 006	9 590	459	7 623	1 508	20 700	3 457	12 872	4 371
WITH INCOME OF SPECIFIED TYPE:												
EARNINGS	69 127	5 265	59 226	4 638	8 760	452	7 289	1 019	16 042	3 377	11 702	963
WAGE OR SALARY INCOME	67 411	5 204	58 008	4 199	8 672	452	7 237	983	15 467	3 355	11 284	828
NONFARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	6 187	183	5 422	582	296	5	248	43	737	46	591	100
FARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT	1 072	10	882	180	56	32	24	195	5	5	143	47
INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS	42 029	1 663	32 658	7 708	6 044	153	4 463	1 430	10 094	874	4 928	4 292
SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME	14 553	213	7 257	7 083	2 999	37	1 681	1 281	4 942	60	949	3 933
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	4 164	189	2 883	1 092	1 488	22	1 050	416	529	19	200	310
INTEREST, DIVIDEND, OR NET RENTAL INCOME	24 403	748	19 987	3 668	1 989	6	1 501	482	5 679	503	3 152	2 024
ALL OTHER INCOME	18 381	800	14 256	3 325	3 256	106	2 576	574	3 773	359	2 128	1 286
NO INCOME												
MEAN INCOME (DOLLARS) FROM SPECIFIED TYPE:												
EARNINGS	\$20 598	\$14 177	\$21 866	\$11 685	\$11 948	\$10 138	\$12 127	\$11 468	\$11 916	\$9 036	\$13 219	\$6 186
WAGE OR SALARY INCOME	\$19 912	\$14 003	\$21 047	\$11 552	\$11 814	\$9 751	\$11 993	\$11 445	\$11 430	\$9 025	\$12 553	\$5 873
NONFARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	\$12 482	\$9 477	\$12 970	\$8 884	\$6 693	\$35 005	\$5 956	\$7 657	\$16 575	\$5 085	\$18 703	\$9 281
FARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT	\$4 035	\$3 408	\$4 306	\$2 741	\$4 026	-	\$3 730	\$4 420	\$11 066	\$25	\$13 931	\$3 525
INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS	\$5 429	\$1 480	\$4 407	\$10 613	\$5 318	\$2 265	\$4 676	\$7 649	\$5 419	\$1 405	\$4 638	\$7 132
SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME	\$4 226	\$2 061	\$3 486	\$5 071	\$3 520	\$2 605	\$3 300	\$3 834	\$3 664	\$2 379	\$3 248	\$3 784
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	\$2 199	\$1 326	\$2 143	\$2 497	\$2 210	\$1 425	\$2 170	\$2 352	\$2 906	\$1 994	\$3 141	\$2 810
INTEREST, DIVIDEND, OR NET RENTAL INCOME	\$2 429	\$125	\$1 929	\$5 624	\$2 786	\$3 005	\$1 976	\$5 306	\$3 100	\$453	\$2 703	\$4 377
ALL OTHER INCOME	\$5 345	\$2 104	\$5 194	\$6 774	\$3 921	\$1 894	\$3 912	\$4 338	\$4 623	\$2 281	\$4 994	\$4 664
NO INCOME												
PERCENT OF TOTAL INCOME FROM SPECIFIED TYPE:												
EARNINGS	86.2	96.8	90.0	39.8	76.5	93.0	80.9	51.7	77.8	96.1	87.1	16.3
WAGE OR SALARY INCOME	81.3	94.5	84.8	35.7	74.9	89.4	79.4	49.7	71.9	95.4	79.8	13.3
NONFARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	4.7	2.2	4.9	3.8	1.4	3.6	1.4	1.5	5.0	0.7	6.2	2.5
FARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT	0.3	-	0.3	0.4	0.2	-	0.1	0.5	0.9	-	1.1	0.5
INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS	13.8	3.2	10.0	60.2	23.5	7.0	19.1	48.3	22.2	3.9	12.9	83.7
SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME	3.7	0.6	1.7	26.4	7.7	2.0	5.1	21.7	7.4	0.4	1.7	40.7
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	0.6	0.3	0.4	2.0	2.4	0.6	2.1	4.3	0.6	0.1	0.4	2.4
INTEREST, DIVIDEND, OR NET RENTAL INCOME	3.6	0.1	2.7	15.2	4.1	0.4	2.7	11.3	7.2	0.7	4.8	24.2
ALL OTHER INCOME	5.9	2.2	5.1	16.6	9.3	4.1	9.2	11.0	7.1	2.6	6.0	16.4
NO INCOME												
INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL												
TOTAL	10 482	1 373	7 788	1 321	5 196	763	4 035	398	10 112	1 975	3 978	4 159
WITH INCOME OF SPECIFIED TYPE:												
EARNINGS	6 408	934	5 142	332	2 885	386	2 394	105	3 057	1 356	1 518	183
WAGE OR SALARY INCOME	6 198	929	4 951	318	2 852	381	2 366	105	2 879	1 345	1 367	167
NONFARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	369	5	346	18	54	5	43	6	176	11	150	15
FARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT	61	-	59	2	15	-	15	-	22	4	11	7
INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS	4 341	732	4 400	1 209	3 429	517	2 549	363	6 407	533	2 036	3 838
SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME	2 500	35	1 375	1 090	967	16	604	347	4 409	141	985	3 283
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	3 156	425	2 274	457	2 242	377	1 661	204	1 829	56	652	1 121
INTEREST, DIVIDEND, OR NET RENTAL INCOME	723	90	533	100	241	22	180	39	733	220	222	291
ALL OTHER INCOME	1 912	282	1 459	171	968	158	746	64	1 193	183	636	374
NO INCOME	727	121	521	85	425	90	312	23	1 480	471	747	262
MEAN INCOME (DOLLARS) FROM SPECIFIED TYPE:												
EARNINGS	\$3 560	\$2 903	\$3 808	\$1 566	\$3 142	\$2 045	\$3 372	\$1 916	\$1 701	\$1 674	\$1 755	\$1 459
WAGE OR SALARY INCOME	\$3 593	\$2 903	\$3 852	\$1 575	\$3 178	\$2 034	\$3 419	\$1 907	\$1 711	\$1 679	\$1 781	\$1 397
NONFARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	\$1 522	\$2 885	\$1 534	\$905	\$-630	\$2 885	\$-1 148	\$155	\$1 357	\$895	\$1 363	\$1 635
FARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT	\$-285	-	\$-338	\$1 255	\$2 209	-	\$2 209	-	\$1 669	\$505	\$2 323	\$1 305
INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS	\$2 434	\$1 162	\$2 382	\$3 393	\$2 129	\$1 297	\$2 129	\$3 317	\$2 167	\$967	\$2 035	\$2 404
SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME	\$2 747	\$1 143	\$2 593	\$2 993	\$2 431	\$461	\$2 449	\$2 490	\$2 151	\$1 199	\$2 062	\$2 219
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	\$1 606	\$1 203	\$1 705	\$1 493	\$1 582	\$1 252	\$1 705	\$1 186	\$1 368	\$831	\$1 601	\$1 259
INTEREST, DIVIDEND, OR NET RENTAL INCOME	\$398	\$-22	\$743	\$-1 066	\$266	\$100	\$415	\$-324	\$395	\$422	\$258	\$480
ALL OTHER INCOME	\$1 678	\$1 068	\$1 811	\$1 545	\$1 385	\$1 196	\$1 395	\$1 733	\$1 348	\$1 133	\$1 590	\$1 041
NO INCOME												
PERCENT OF TOTAL INCOME FROM SPECIFIED TYPE:												
EARNINGS	59.6	76.1	65.1	11.2	55.4	54.1	59.8	14.3	27.3	81.5	39.1	2.8
WAGE OR SALARY INCOME	58.2	75.7	63.4	10.8	55.4	53.1	59.9	14.3	25.8	81.1	35.8	2.5
NONFARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	1.5	0.4	1.8	0.4	-0.2	1.0	-0.4	0.1	1.3	0.4	3.0	0.3
FARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT	-	-	-0.1	0.1	0.2	-	0.2	-	0.2	0.1	0.4	0.1
INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS	40.4	23.9	34.9	88.8	44.6	45.9	40.2	85.7	72.7	18.5	60.9	97.2
SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME	18.0	1.1	11.9	70.6	14.4	0.5	11.0	61.5	49.7	6.1	29.8	76.7
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	13.3	14.4	12.9	14.8	27.7	32.3	21.0	17.2	13.1	1.7	15.3	14.9
INTEREST, DIVIDEND, OR NET RENTAL INCOME	0.8	-0.1	1.3	-2.3	0.4	0.1	0.6	-0.9	1.5	3.3	0.8	1.5
ALL OTHER INCOME	8.4	8.5	8.8	5.7	8.2	12.9	7.7	7.9	8.4	7.4	14.9	4.1
NO INCOME												

TABLE 248. POVERTY STATUS IN 1979 OF FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS BY INCOME TYPE, AGE, SEX, RACE, AND SPANISH ORIGIN: 1980 - CON.

EXCLUDES INMATES OF INSTITUTIONS, PERSONS IN MILITARY GROUP QUARTERS AND IN COLLEGE DORMITORIES, AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS UNDER 15 YEARS. DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDICES A AND B.

CHATTANOOGA, TN-GA SMSA

	FAMILIES				FAMILIES WITH FEMALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO HUSBAND PRESENT				UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS			
	TOTAL	AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER			TOTAL	AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER			TOTAL	AGE		
		15 TO 24 YEARS	25 TO 64 YEARS	65 YEARS AND OVER		15 TO 24 YEARS	25 TO 64 YEARS	65 YEARS AND OVER		15 TO 24 YEARS	25 TO 64 YEARS	65 YEARS AND OVER
TOTAL	104 790	6 914	83 467	14 409	11 501	542	8 571	2 388	26 805	3 350	15 210	8 245
INCOME IN 1979 ABOVE POVERTY LEVEL												
TOTAL	104 790	6 914	83 467	14 409	11 501	542	8 571	2 388	26 805	3 350	15 210	8 245
WITH INCOME OF SPECIFIED TYPE:												
EARNINGS	96 090	6 883	81 550	7 657	10 367	535	8 243	1 589	19 021	3 303	13 911	1 807
WAGE OR SALARY INCOME	93 378	6 851	79 459	7 068	10 166	535	8 098	1 533	18 369	3 284	13 444	1 641
NONFARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	9 593	274	8 408	911	423	9	327	87	937	41	772	124
FARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT	1 934	28	1 601	305	126	5	82	39	265	11	180	85
INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS	61 381	2 338	45 006	14 037	7 831	204	5 279	2 348	15 610	902	6 731	7 977
SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME	23 216	213	10 031	12 972	4 362	28	2 148	2 186	8 778	139	1 257	7 382
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	4 982	193	3 165	1 624	1 488	63	888	537	717	17	205	495
INTEREST, DIVIDEND, OR NET RENTAL INCOME	36 075	1 005	28 249	6 821	2 823	33	1 922	868	8 752	517	4 684	3 551
ALL OTHER INCOME	24 862	1 272	17 442	6 148	3 920	104	2 884	932	4 909	341	2 088	2 480
NO INCOME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MEAN INCOME (DOLLARS) FROM SPECIFIED TYPE:												
EARNINGS	\$21 212	\$14 336	\$22 542	\$13 229	\$12 460	\$9 059	\$12 901	\$11 318	\$11 722	\$9 150	\$13 076	\$5 998
WAGE OR SALARY INCOME	\$20 284	\$14 071	\$21 476	\$12 900	\$12 402	\$8 961	\$12 808	\$11 458	\$11 404	\$9 116	\$12 598	\$6 206
NONFARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	\$14 378	\$8 139	\$15 020	\$10 338	\$6 556	\$5 505	\$7 230	\$4 130	\$13 824	\$7 011	\$15 860	\$3 395
FARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT	\$3 228	\$1 619	\$3 435	\$2 290	\$2 533	\$555	\$3 122	\$1 550	\$1 952	\$1 952	\$1 582	\$2 734
INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS	\$4 960	\$1 360	\$3 664	\$9 714	\$5 314	\$1 602	\$4 459	\$7 558	\$5 201	\$1 177	\$3 827	\$6 816
SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME	\$4 640	\$1 871	\$3 794	\$5 341	\$4 011	\$3 655	\$3 683	\$4 338	\$3 726	\$1 538	\$3 218	\$3 854
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	\$2 206	\$1 259	\$2 128	\$2 472	\$2 101	\$1 410	\$2 213	\$1 998	\$2 501	\$720	\$2 768	\$2 452
INTEREST, DIVIDEND, OR NET RENTAL INCOME	\$2 636	\$297	\$2 142	\$5 028	\$2 605	\$37	\$2 064	\$3 903	\$3 331	\$361	\$2 790	\$4 477
ALL OTHER INCOME	\$3 645	\$1 762	\$3 417	\$4 679	\$3 478	\$1 293	\$3 363	\$4 080	\$3 573	\$1 902	\$3 870	\$3 552
NO INCOME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PERCENT OF TOTAL INCOME FROM SPECIFIED TYPE:												
EARNINGS	87.0	96.9	91.8	42.6	75.6	93.7	81.9	50.3	73.3	96.6	87.6	16.6
WAGE OR SALARY INCOME	80.9	94.6	85.2	38.4	73.8	92.7	79.9	49.2	68.9	95.7	81.6	15.6
NONFARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	5.9	2.2	6.3	4.0	1.6	1.0	1.8	1.0	4.3	0.9	5.9	0.6
FARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT	0.3	-	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	-	0.1	0.4
INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS	13.0	3.1	8.2	57.4	24.4	6.3	18.1	49.7	26.7	3.4	12.4	83.4
SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME	4.6	0.4	1.9	29.2	10.2	2.0	6.1	26.5	10.8	0.7	1.9	43.6
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	0.5	0.2	0.3	1.7	1.8	1.7	1.5	3.0	0.6	-	0.3	1.9
INTEREST, DIVIDEND, OR NET RENTAL INCOME	4.1	0.3	3.0	14.4	4.3	-	3.1	9.5	9.6	0.6	6.3	24.4
ALL OTHER INCOME	3.9	2.2	3.0	12.1	8.0	2.6	7.5	10.6	5.8	2.1	3.9	13.5
NO INCOME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL												
TOTAL	12 670	1 453	9 261	1 956	5 367	714	4 163	490	12 448	1 739	5 050	5 659
WITH INCOME OF SPECIFIED TYPE:												
EARNINGS	7 530	1 052	6 155	323	2 982	399	2 485	98	3 036	1 118	1 657	261
WAGE OR SALARY INCOME	7 018	1 006	5 702	310	2 933	399	2 456	98	2 812	1 088	1 509	215
NONFARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	773	60	690	23	53	2	51	-	245	52	158	35
FARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT	108	8	95	5	6	-	6	-	32	6	13	3
INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS	7 748	651	5 266	1 831	3 674	410	2 785	479	8 478	448	2 754	5 276
SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME	3 464	72	1 691	1 701	1 187	23	715	449	6 054	57	1 358	4 639
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	3 291	379	2 375	537	2 198	316	1 655	227	2 559	156	984	1 419
INTEREST, DIVIDEND, OR NET RENTAL INCOME	798	63	632	103	196	10	171	15	990	143	413	434
ALL OTHER INCOME	2 353	188	1 952	213	1 089	92	937	60	1 194	110	580	504
NO INCOME	801	95	613	93	311	72	230	9	1 700	421	1 008	271
MEAN INCOME (DOLLARS) FROM SPECIFIED TYPE:												
EARNINGS	\$3 637	\$3 264	\$3 818	\$1 386	\$3 266	\$2 540	\$3 470	\$1 052	\$1 703	\$1 717	\$1 767	\$1 234
WAGE OR SALARY INCOME	\$3 649	\$3 214	\$3 845	\$1 471	\$3 268	\$2 543	\$3 474	\$1 052	\$1 794	\$1 738	\$1 899	\$1 342
NONFARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	\$2 266	\$2 659	\$2 326	-\$557	\$1 695	-\$645	\$1 787	-	\$748	\$1 416	\$535	\$718
FARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT	\$199	\$5 205	-\$259	\$905	-\$155	-	-\$155	-	-\$1 831	-\$7 505	-\$1 686	\$643
INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS	\$2 454	\$1 503	\$2 230	\$3 437	\$2 187	\$1 398	\$2 114	\$3 283	\$2 308	\$1 032	\$2 088	\$2 530
SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME	\$2 802	\$2 277	\$2 581	\$3 045	\$2 431	\$2 070	\$2 289	\$2 676	\$2 313	\$1 223	\$2 281	\$2 336
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	\$1 679	\$1 493	\$1 725	\$1 604	\$1 581	\$1 283	\$1 663	\$1 397	\$1 343	\$1 401	\$1 474	\$1 246
INTEREST, DIVIDEND, OR NET RENTAL INCOME	\$256	-\$395	\$354	\$55	\$664	\$95	\$697	\$675	\$546	\$204	\$659	\$550
ALL OTHER INCOME	\$1 521	\$1 454	\$1 567	\$1 157	\$1 418	\$1 297	\$1 474	\$731	\$1 326	\$1 315	\$1 606	\$1 006
NO INCOME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PERCENT OF TOTAL INCOME FROM SPECIFIED TYPE:												
EARNINGS	59.0	77.8	66.7	6.6	54.8	63.9	59.4	6.2	20.9	80.6	33.7	2.4
WAGE OR SALARY INCOME	55.2	73.3	62.2	6.8	54.3	64.0	58.8	6.2	20.4	79.4	33.0	2.1
NONFARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	3.8	3.6	4.6	-0.2	0.5	-0.1	0.6	-	0.7	3.1	1.0	0.2
FARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT	-	0.9	-0.1	0.1	-	-	-	-	-0.2	-1.9	-0.3	0.1
INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS	41.0	22.2	33.3	93.4	45.2	36.1	40.6	93.8	79.1	19.4	66.3	97.6
SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME	20.9	3.7	12.4	76.8	16.2	3.0	11.3	71.7	56.6	2.9	35.7	79.3
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	11.9	12.8	11.6	12.8	19.5	25.5	19.0	18.9	13.9	9.2	16.7	12.9
INTEREST, DIVIDEND, OR NET RENTAL INCOME	0.4	-0.6	0.6	0.1	0.7	0.1	0.8	0.6	2.2	1.2	3.1	1.7
ALL OTHER INCOME	7.7	6.2	8.7	3.7	8.7	7.5	9.5	2.6	6.4	6.1	10.7	3.7
NO INCOME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

TABLE 248. POVERTY STATUS IN 1979 OF FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS BY INCOME TYPE, AGE, SEX, RACE, AND SPANISH ORIGIN: 1980 - CON.

EXCLUDES INMATES OF INSTITUTIONS, PERSONS IN MILITARY GROUP QUARTERS AND IN COLLEGE DORMITORIES, AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS UNDER 15 YEARS. DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDIXES A AND B1

MACON, GA SMSA

	FAMILIES				FAMILIES WITH FEMALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO HUSBAND PRESENT				UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS			
	TOTAL	AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER			TOTAL	AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER			TOTAL	AGE		
		15 TO 24 YEARS	25 TO 64 YEARS	65 YEARS AND OVER		15 TO 24 YEARS	25 TO 64 YEARS	65 YEARS AND OVER		15 TO 24 YEARS	25 TO 64 YEARS	65 YEARS AND OVER
TOTAL												
INCOME IN 1979 ABOVE POVERTY LEVEL												
TOTAL	58 246	3 662	47 977	6 607	7 506	274	5 754	1 478	15 777	2 320	9 713	3 744
WITH INCOME OF SPECIFIED TYPE:												
EARNINGS	53 622	3 655	46 285	3 682	6 589	274	5 378	937	11 825	2 273	8 684	868
WAGE OR SALARY INCOME	52 440	3 647	45 316	3 477	6 524	274	5 319	931	11 467	2 252	8 416	799
NONFARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	4 766	92	4 200	474	234	9	157	68	521	31	403	87
FARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	976	5	767	204	50	-	26	24	91	5	72	14
INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS	35 142	1 062	27 699	6 381	5 283	130	3 723	1 430	8 820	616	4 582	3 622
SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME	11 652	95	5 938	5 619	2 751	13	1 432	1 306	4 231	78	845	3 308
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	3 848	94	2 833	921	1 581	6	1 077	498	452	-	206	246
INTEREST, DIVIDEND, OR NET RENTAL INCOME	20 324	402	16 787	3 135	1 584	26	1 033	525	5 214	403	3 039	1 772
ALL OTHER INCOME	15 988	641	12 369	2 976	2 976	105	2 314	537	3 687	208	1 969	1 510
NO INCOME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MEAN INCOME (DOLLARS) FROM SPECIFIED TYPE:												
EARNINGS	\$21 486	\$14 317	\$22 753	\$12 683	\$12 797	\$8 699	\$12 836	\$13 772	\$11 659	\$9 226	\$12 917	\$5 441
WAGE OR SALARY INCOME	\$20 533	\$14 187	\$21 663	\$12 467	\$12 523	\$8 584	\$12 539	\$13 587	\$11 380	\$9 106	\$12 560	\$5 368
NONFARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	\$13 161	\$6 283	\$14 039	\$6 715	\$10 659	\$3 505	\$14 223	\$3 378	\$13 530	\$13 826	\$15 644	\$3 629
FARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	\$12 949	\$2 045	\$16 242	\$832	\$2 379	-	\$4 012	\$1 028	\$3 507	\$7 255	\$2 288	\$8 434
INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS	\$5 375	\$2 147	\$4 586	\$10 446	\$5 927	\$3 570	\$5 094	\$8 310	\$5 229	\$2 045	\$3 896	\$7 457
SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME	\$4 115	\$2 638	\$3 414	\$4 880	\$3 853	\$4 290	\$3 552	\$4 178	\$3 375	\$1 675	\$2 986	\$3 515
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	\$2 370	\$2 033	\$2 363	\$2 427	\$2 276	\$55	\$2 283	\$2 288	\$2 647	-	\$2 034	\$3 160
INTEREST, DIVIDEND, OR NET RENTAL INCOME	\$2 372	\$861	\$1 898	\$5 103	\$3 265	\$7 958	\$2 477	\$4 584	\$2 276	\$1 067	\$1 526	\$3 838
ALL OTHER INCOME	\$5 669	\$2 328	\$5 510	\$7 051	\$4 012	\$1 915	\$3 829	\$5 171	\$5 093	\$3 362	\$5 217	\$5 169
NO INCOME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PERCENT OF TOTAL INCOME FROM SPECIFIED TYPE:												
EARNINGS	85.5	95.8	89.2	41.2	72.9	83.7	78.5	52.1	74.9	94.3	86.3	14.9
WAGE OR SALARY INCOME	79.9	94.7	83.2	38.2	70.7	82.6	75.8	51.0	70.9	92.2	81.3	13.5
NONFARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	4.7	1.1	5.0	2.8	2.2	1.1	2.5	0.9	3.8	1.9	4.8	1.0
FARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	0.9	-	1.1	0.1	0.1	-	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.4
INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS	14.5	4.2	10.8	58.8	27.1	16.3	21.5	47.9	25.1	5.7	13.7	85.1
SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME	3.6	0.5	1.7	24.2	9.2	2.0	5.8	22.0	7.8	0.6	1.9	36.6
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	0.7	0.3	0.6	2.0	3.1	-	2.8	4.6	0.7	-	0.3	2.4
INTEREST, DIVIDEND, OR NET RENTAL INCOME	3.6	0.6	2.7	14.1	4.5	7.3	2.9	9.7	6.5	1.9	3.6	21.4
ALL OTHER INCOME	6.7	2.7	5.8	18.5	10.3	7.1	10.1	11.6	10.2	3.1	7.9	24.6
NO INCOME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL												
TOTAL	8 637	1 074	6 372	1 191	4 654	647	3 550	457	7 786	1 580	3 228	2 978
WITH INCOME OF SPECIFIED TYPE:												
EARNINGS	5 194	475	4 160	359	2 434	303	1 971	160	2 475	1 106	1 227	142
WAGE OR SALARY INCOME	4 978	475	3 963	340	2 423	303	1 960	160	2 349	1 072	1 165	112
NONFARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	340	6	326	8	28	-	28	-	148	31	98	19
FARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	77	-	52	25	-	-	-	-	42	8	23	11
INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS	5 549	576	3 889	1 084	3 334	407	2 512	415	6 823	393	1 773	2 657
SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME	2 153	42	1 162	949	982	11	632	339	3 091	92	800	2 199
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	3 339	380	2 417	542	2 487	339	1 872	276	1 878	118	670	1 090
INTEREST, DIVIDEND, OR NET RENTAL INCOME	384	24	276	84	65	4	45	16	523	116	202	205
ALL OTHER INCOME	1 462	182	1 150	150	794	85	635	76	782	119	388	275
NO INCOME	516	126	330	60	291	90	183	18	1 179	348	544	287
MEAN INCOME (DOLLARS) FROM SPECIFIED TYPE:												
EARNINGS	\$3 431	\$3 223	\$3 639	\$1 408	\$3 024	\$2 890	\$3 141	\$1 847	\$1 750	\$1 763	\$1 826	\$996
WAGE OR SALARY INCOME	\$3 632	\$3 263	\$3 846	\$1 880	\$3 058	\$2 890	\$3 183	\$1 847	\$1 810	\$1 770	\$1 915	\$1 098
NONFARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	\$-86	\$-4 495	\$-14	\$255	\$-1 720	-	\$-1 720	-	\$738	\$1 293	\$624	\$415
FARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	\$-3 047	-	\$-1 905	\$-5 423	\$-2 417	-	-	-	\$-674	\$1 505	\$-2 208	\$950
INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS	\$2 505	\$1 456	\$2 377	\$3 521	\$2 417	\$1 535	\$2 383	\$3 485	\$2 182	\$1 088	\$1 968	\$2 486
SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME	\$2 501	\$1 573	\$2 300	\$2 789	\$2 372	\$1 041	\$2 363	\$2 432	\$2 104	\$1 138	\$2 042	\$2 167
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	\$1 749	\$1 485	\$1 807	\$1 674	\$1 808	\$1 555	\$1 859	\$1 780	\$1 509	\$1 231	\$1 757	\$1 387
INTEREST, DIVIDEND, OR NET RENTAL INCOME	\$451	\$444	\$408	\$597	\$543	\$25	\$548	\$661	\$387	\$344	\$282	\$515
ALL OTHER INCOME	\$1 687	\$1 086	\$1 818	\$1 415	\$1 502	\$1 010	\$1 559	\$1 580	\$1 257	\$1 156	\$1 600	\$818
NO INCOME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PERCENT OF TOTAL INCOME FROM SPECIFIED TYPE:												
EARNINGS	56.2	72.2	62.1	11.7	47.7	58.4	50.8	17.0	29.2	82.0	39.1	2.1
WAGE OR SALARY INCOME	57.0	73.1	62.5	14.8	48.1	58.4	51.2	17.0	28.6	79.8	36.9	1.8
NONFARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	-0.1	-0.9	-	-	-0.3	-	-0.4	-	0.7	1.7	1.1	0.1
FARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	-0.7	-	-0.4	-3.1	-	-	-	-	-0.2	0.5	-0.9	0.2
INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS	43.8	27.8	37.9	88.3	52.3	41.6	49.2	83.0	70.8	18.0	60.9	97.9
SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME	17.0	2.2	11.0	61.2	15.1	0.8	12.3	47.3	43.8	4.4	28.5	70.6
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	18.4	18.7	17.9	21.0	29.2	35.1	28.6	28.2	19.1	6.1	20.5	22.4
INTEREST, DIVIDEND, OR NET RENTAL INCOME	0.5	0.4	0.5	1.2	0.2	-	0.2	0.6	1.4	1.7	1.0	1.6
ALL OTHER INCOME	7.9	6.6	8.6	4.9	7.8	5.7	8.1	6.9	6.6	5.8	10.8	3.3
NO INCOME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

TABLE 248. POVERTY STATUS IN 1979 OF FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS BY INCOME TYPE, AGE, SEX, RACE, AND SPANISH ORIGIN: 1980 - CON.

EXCLUDES INMATES OF INSTITUTIONS, PERSONS IN MILITARY GROUP QUARTERS AND IN COLLEGE DORMITORIES, AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS UNDER 15 YEARS. DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDIXES A AND B.

ATLANTA CITY	FAMILIES				FAMILIES WITH FEMALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO HUSBAND PRESENT				UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS			
	TOTAL	AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER			TOTAL	AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER			TOTAL	AGE		
		15 TO 24 YEARS	25 TO 64 YEARS	65 YEARS AND OVER		15 TO 24 YEARS	25 TO 64 YEARS	65 YEARS AND OVER		15 TO 24 YEARS	25 TO 64 YEARS	65 YEARS AND OVER
TOTAL	75 099	3 968	58 468	12 663	19 456	1 168	15 000	3 288	58 699	8 234	39 149	11 316
INCOME IN 1979 ABOVE POVERTY LEVEL												
TOTAL	75 099	3 968	58 468	12 663	19 456	1 168	15 000	3 288	58 699	8 234	39 149	11 316
WITH INCOME OF SPECIFIED TYPE:												
EARNINGS	67 739	3 909	56 398	7 432	17 546	1 129	14 266	2 151	47 335	8 061	36 778	2 496
WAGE OR SALARY INCOME	66 075	3 874	55 236	6 965	17 384	1 121	14 173	2 090	45 375	7 946	35 209	2 220
NONFARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	7 108	135	5 998	975	546	13	400	133	3 004	203	2 523	278
FARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	703	40	508	155	89	-	54	35	267	8	186	73
INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS	43 788	1 494	30 130	12 164	11 410	459	7 783	3 168	27 976	2 377	14 712	10 887
SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME	18 688	283	7 631	10 774	5 777	126	2 859	2 792	11 482	301	1 739	9 442
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	7 052	396	4 818	1 838	3 517	222	2 353	942	1 399	39	573	787
INTEREST, DIVIDEND, OR NET RENTAL INCOME	21 982	501	15 579	5 902	3 222	89	2 030	1 103	18 218	1 604	10 566	6 048
ALL OTHER INCOME	17 101	638	11 607	4 856	4 910	166	3 673	1 071	8 373	740	3 949	3 684
NO INCOME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MEAN INCOME (DOLLARS) FROM SPECIFIED TYPE:												
EARNINGS	\$22 660	\$13 459	\$24 292	\$15 115	\$13 016	\$10 049	\$13 411	\$11 957	\$12 328	\$8 637	\$13 414	\$8 249
WAGE OR SALARY INCOME	\$20 994	\$13 282	\$22 388	\$14 223	\$12 842	\$10 007	\$13 209	\$11 872	\$12 075	\$8 483	\$13 142	\$8 019
NONFARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	\$20 475	\$7 902	\$21 955	\$13 112	\$9 136	\$9 828	\$10 252	\$5 710	\$11 483	\$10 878	\$11 773	\$9 290
FARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	\$3 213	\$2 287	\$3 316	\$3 114	\$1 640	-	\$3	\$4 166	\$4 317	\$195	\$5 091	\$2 796
INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS	\$7 663	\$2 168	\$6 145	\$12 096	\$5 418	\$2 713	\$4 659	\$7 675	\$5 375	\$1 970	\$3 567	\$9 075
SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME	\$4 569	\$5 533	\$3 631	\$5 287	\$3 903	\$2 751	\$3 613	\$4 253	\$3 778	\$1 888	\$3 794	\$3 836
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	\$2 401	\$1 730	\$2 326	\$2 744	\$2 372	\$1 907	\$2 340	\$2 561	\$2 611	\$2 051	\$2 419	\$2 777
INTEREST, DIVIDEND, OR NET RENTAL INCOME	\$6 698	\$598	\$6 036	\$8 961	\$4 173	\$307	\$3 785	\$5 198	\$3 850	\$1 066	\$2 705	\$6 589
ALL OTHER INCOME	\$5 028	\$2 409	\$4 498	\$6 640	\$3 561	\$2 698	\$3 469	\$4 011	\$4 633	\$3 140	\$4 030	\$5 578
NO INCOME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PERCENT OF TOTAL INCOME FROM SPECIFIED TYPE:												
EARNINGS	82.1	94.2	88.1	43.3	78.7	90.1	84.1	51.4	78.9	93.7	90.4	17.2
WAGE OR SALARY INCOME	74.2	92.1	79.5	38.2	76.9	89.1	82.3	49.6	74.1	90.7	84.8	14.9
NONFARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	7.8	1.9	8.5	4.9	1.7	1.0	1.8	1.5	4.7	3.0	5.4	2.2
FARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	-	-	0.3	0.2	-	0.2	0.2
INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS	17.9	5.8	11.9	56.7	21.3	9.9	15.9	48.6	21.1	6.3	9.6	82.8
SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME	4.6	1.3	1.8	22.0	7.8	2.8	4.5	23.7	5.9	0.8	1.2	30.3
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	0.9	1.2	0.7	1.9	2.9	3.4	2.4	4.8	0.5	0.1	0.3	1.8
INTEREST, DIVIDEND, OR NET RENTAL INCOME	7.9	0.5	6.0	20.4	4.6	0.2	3.4	11.5	9.5	2.3	5.2	33.4
ALL OTHER INCOME	4.6	2.8	3.4	12.4	6.0	3.6	5.6	8.6	5.2	3.1	2.9	17.2
NO INCOME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL												
TOTAL	23 358	3 849	16 924	2 585	15 960	2 999	11 768	1 193	27 328	6 999	12 478	7 851
WITH INCOME OF SPECIFIED TYPE:												
EARNINGS	12 261	2 044	9 672	545	7 895	1 341	6 224	330	10 019	4 516	5 083	420
WAGE OR SALARY INCOME	12 004	2 019	9 475	510	7 784	1 325	6 138	321	9 692	4 481	4 816	395
NONFARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	562	35	492	35	159	16	134	9	497	102	365	30
FARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	47	7	32	8	13	7	6	-	50	-	50	-
INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS	15 280	2 506	10 431	2 343	11 259	2 208	7 929	1 122	14 057	1 263	5 581	7 213
SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME	4 836	116	2 678	2 042	2 648	100	1 615	933	8 733	181	2 413	6 139
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	9 903	2 035	7 030	838	8 258	1 857	5 986	415	4 381	241	1 983	2 157
INTEREST, DIVIDEND, OR NET RENTAL INCOME	754	115	482	157	344	80	200	64	1 861	585	803	473
ALL OTHER INCOME	3 490	476	2 739	275	2 345	380	1 838	127	2 135	327	1 287	521
NO INCOME	1 914	292	1 447	175	1 111	211	862	38	5 518	2 093	2 945	480
MEAN INCOME (DOLLARS) FROM SPECIFIED TYPE:												
EARNINGS	\$3 280	\$2 562	\$3 522	\$1 684	\$2 934	\$2 057	\$3 199	\$1 496	\$1 839	\$1 861	\$1 887	\$1 016
WAGE OR SALARY INCOME	\$3 285	\$2 576	\$3 517	\$1 779	\$2 938	\$2 056	\$3 206	\$1 464	\$1 852	\$1 862	\$1 905	\$1 086
NONFARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	\$1 376	\$442	\$1 462	\$1 099	\$1 672	\$858	\$1 706	\$2 622	\$1 081	\$619	\$1 305	\$-80
FARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	\$179	\$2 905	\$504	\$-3 505	\$1 954	\$2 905	\$845	-	\$-1 159	-	\$-1 159	-
INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS	\$2 286	\$1 500	\$2 274	\$3 180	\$2 087	\$1 539	\$2 138	\$2 803	\$2 104	\$802	\$1 896	\$2 492
SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME	\$2 597	\$2 505	\$2 440	\$2 807	\$2 394	\$2 239	\$2 339	\$2 504	\$2 229	\$1 403	\$2 128	\$2 293
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	\$1 692	\$1 461	\$1 788	\$1 446	\$1 672	\$1 473	\$1 753	\$1 394	\$1 467	\$1 270	\$1 576	\$1 389
INTEREST, DIVIDEND, OR NET RENTAL INCOME	\$464	\$-202	\$590	\$565	\$655	\$577	\$554	\$1 067	\$420	\$114	\$560	\$563
ALL OTHER INCOME	\$1 511	\$1 092	\$1 583	\$1 524	\$1 333	\$1 033	\$1 399	\$1 272	\$1 356	\$1 182	\$1 455	\$1 220
NO INCOME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PERCENT OF TOTAL INCOME FROM SPECIFIED TYPE:												
EARNINGS	53.5	58.2	58.9	11.0	49.6	44.8	54.0	13.6	38.4	89.2	47.5	2.3
WAGE OR SALARY INCOME	52.5	57.8	57.7	10.8	49.0	44.3	53.4	12.9	37.4	88.6	45.5	2.3
NONFARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	1.0	0.2	1.2	0.5	0.6	0.2	0.6	0.6	1.1	0.7	2.4	-
FARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	-	0.2	-	-0.3	0.1	-	-	-	-0.1	-	-0.3	-
INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS	46.5	41.8	41.1	89.0	50.4	55.2	46.0	86.4	61.6	10.8	52.5	97.7
SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME	16.7	3.2	11.3	68.5	13.8	3.6	10.2	64.2	40.6	2.7	25.5	76.5
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	22.3	33.0	21.8	14.5	29.6	44.4	28.5	15.9	13.4	3.2	15.5	16.3
INTEREST, DIVIDEND, OR NET RENTAL INCOME	0.5	-0.3	0.5	1.1	0.5	0.8	0.3	1.9	1.6	0.7	2.2	1.4
ALL OTHER INCOME	7.0	5.8	7.5	5.0	6.7	6.4	7.0	4.4	6.0	4.1	9.3	3.5
NO INCOME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

TABLE 248. POVERTY STATUS IN 1979 OF FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS BY INCOME TYPE, AGE, SEX, RACE, AND SPANISH ORIGIN: 1980 - CON.

EXCLUDES INMATES OF INSTITUTIONS, PERSONS IN MILITARY GROUP QUARTERS AND IN COLLEGE DORMITORIES, AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS UNDER 15 YEARS. DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDICES A AND B.

AUGUSTA CITY	FAMILIES				FAMILIES WITH FEMALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO HUSBAND PRESENT				UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS			
	TOTAL	AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER			TOTAL	AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER			TOTAL	AGE		
		15 TO 24 YEARS	25 TO 64 YEARS	65 YEARS AND OVER		15 TO 24 YEARS	25 TO 64 YEARS	65 YEARS AND OVER		15 TO 24 YEARS	25 TO 64 YEARS	65 YEARS AND OVER
TOTAL												
INCOME IN 1979 ABOVE POVERTY LEVEL												
TOTAL	8 763	511	6 087	2 165	2 295	67	1 668	560	5 345	683	3 005	1 657
WITH INCOME OF SPECIFIED TYPE:												
EARNINGS	7 567	511	5 854	1 196	2 049	67	1 656	326	3 730	653	2 709	368
WAGE OR SALARY INCOME	7 323	511	5 733	1 079	2 024	67	1 643	314	3 592	649	2 593	350
NONFARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	607	9	434	164	54	-	38	16	193	14	161	18
FARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	51	-	34	17	6	-	-	6	21	-	21	-
INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS	5 906	197	3 622	2 087	1 564	24	1 018	522	3 039	241	1 160	1 638
SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME	3 262	44	1 287	1 931	919	12	424	483	1 801	16	295	1 490
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	1 042	-	688	354	493	-	336	157	205	5	69	131
INTEREST, DIVIDEND, OR NET RENTAL INCOME	2 769	90	1 746	933	453	-	286	167	1 648	121	652	875
ALL OTHER INCOME	2 556	106	1 574	876	705	12	478	215	1 060	107	492	461
NO INCOME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MEAN INCOME (DOLLARS) FROM SPECIFIED TYPE:												
EARNINGS	\$16 887	\$12 466	\$18 281	\$11 952	\$11 957	\$11 208	\$12 026	\$11 742	\$10 205	\$7 857	\$11 193	\$7 101
WAGE OR SALARY INCOME	\$16 206	\$12 438	\$17 509	\$11 066	\$11 911	\$11 208	\$11 988	\$11 658	\$9 769	\$7 837	\$10 729	\$6 241
NONFARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	\$14 688	\$1 610	\$15 233	\$13 964	\$6 914	-	\$5 771	\$9 630	\$15 288	\$3 148	\$15 388	\$23 834
FARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	\$1 693	-	\$644	\$3 792	\$3 255	-	-	\$3 255	\$1 105	-	\$1 105	-
INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS	\$6 839	\$1 355	\$4 856	\$10 796	\$5 203	\$2 295	\$4 243	\$7 209	\$4 037	\$1 900	\$4 034	\$8 064
SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME	\$4 345	\$1 652	\$3 212	\$5 162	\$3 561	\$2 685	\$3 009	\$4 067	\$3 777	\$3 365	\$3 177	\$3 900
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	\$2 231	-	\$2 171	\$2 346	\$2 352	-	\$2 372	\$2 310	\$2 736	\$155	\$2 506	\$2 956
INTEREST, DIVIDEND, OR NET RENTAL INCOME	\$4 023	\$-307	\$2 737	\$6 849	\$2 589	-	\$1 616	\$4 256	\$3 838	\$931	\$2 233	\$5 435
ALL OTHER INCOME	\$4 988	\$2 094	\$4 564	\$6 101	\$3 592	\$1 905	\$3 732	\$3 375	\$4 395	\$2 717	\$4 297	\$4 889
NO INCOME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PERCENT OF TOTAL INCOME FROM SPECIFIED TYPE:												
EARNINGS	76.0	96.0	85.9	38.8	75.1	93.2	82.2	50.5	67.5	91.8	86.6	16.5
WAGE OR SALARY INCOME	70.6	95.8	80.6	32.4	73.9	93.2	81.3	48.2	62.2	91.0	79.5	13.8
NONFARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	5.3	0.2	5.3	6.2	1.1	-	0.9	2.0	5.2	0.8	7.1	2.7
FARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	0.1	-	-	0.2	0.1	-	-	0.3	-	-	0.1	-
INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS	24.0	4.0	14.1	61.2	24.9	6.8	17.8	49.5	32.5	8.2	13.4	83.5
SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME	8.4	1.1	3.3	27.1	10.0	4.0	5.3	25.9	12.1	1.0	2.7	36.7
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	1.4	-	1.2	2.3	3.6	-	3.3	4.8	1.0	-	0.5	2.4
INTEREST, DIVIDEND, OR NET RENTAL INCOME	6.6	-0.4	3.8	17.4	3.6	-	1.9	9.4	11.2	2.0	4.2	30.1
ALL OTHER INCOME	7.6	3.3	5.8	14.5	7.8	2.8	7.4	9.6	8.3	5.2	6.0	14.2
NO INCOME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL												
TOTAL	2 726	363	1 915	448	1 690	258	1 256	176	4 203	670	1 575	1 958
WITH INCOME OF SPECIFIED TYPE:												
EARNINGS	1 404	235	1 030	139	798	150	593	55	1 122	470	600	52
WAGE OR SALARY INCOME	1 381	230	1 024	127	787	145	587	55	1 093	470	578	45
NONFARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	48	5	25	18	28	5	17	6	38	-	32	6
FARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS	1 860	246	1 212	402	1 225	194	877	154	2 867	204	797	1 866
SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME	700	11	332	357	351	4	193	154	2 105	69	401	1 635
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	1 081	177	713	191	787	155	552	80	877	24	295	558
INTEREST, DIVIDEND, OR NET RENTAL INCOME	133	32	82	19	82	14	49	19	340	104	58	178
ALL OTHER INCOME	499	64	381	54	335	39	261	35	394	27	220	147
NO INCOME	237	27	170	40	153	19	118	16	479	119	283	77
MEAN INCOME (DOLLARS) FROM SPECIFIED TYPE:												
EARNINGS	\$2 983	\$2 256	\$3 354	\$1 463	\$2 866	\$1 503	\$3 270	\$2 236	\$1 606	\$1 560	\$1 662	\$1 361
WAGE OR SALARY INCOME	\$3 034	\$2 243	\$3 406	\$1 473	\$2 974	\$1 456	\$3 419	\$2 219	\$1 656	\$1 560	\$1 767	\$1 235
NONFARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	\$-58	\$2 885	\$-1 339	\$905	\$-1 890	\$2 885	\$-4 016	\$155	\$-470	-	\$-747	\$1 005
FARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$1 305	-	-	\$1 305
INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS	\$2 396	\$1 140	\$2 331	\$3 359	\$2 122	\$1 264	\$2 076	\$3 444	\$2 180	\$894	\$2 070	\$2 368
SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME	\$2 710	\$373	\$2 727	\$2 766	\$2 266	\$405	\$2 195	\$2 404	\$2 116	\$1 056	\$1 972	\$2 195
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	\$1 665	\$1 180	\$1 850	\$1 420	\$1 616	\$1 208	\$1 801	\$1 132	\$1 297	\$878	\$1 590	\$1 161
INTEREST, DIVIDEND, OR NET RENTAL INCOME	\$452	\$161	\$654	\$72	\$276	\$142	\$394	\$72	\$374	\$429	\$400	\$333
ALL OTHER INCOME	\$1 402	\$973	\$1 435	\$1 674	\$1 520	\$1 394	\$1 469	\$2 038	\$1 351	\$1 621	\$1 666	\$829
NO INCOME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PERCENT OF TOTAL INCOME FROM SPECIFIED TYPE:												
EARNINGS	48.4	65.4	55.0	13.1	46.8	47.9	51.6	18.7	22.4	80.1	37.7	1.6
WAGE OR SALARY INCOME	48.5	63.6	55.5	12.0	47.9	44.8	53.4	18.6	22.5	80.1	38.6	1.2
NONFARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	-	1.8	-0.5	1.0	-1.1	3.1	-1.8	0.1	-0.2	-	-0.9	0.1
FARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.1	-	-	0.2
INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS	51.6	34.6	45.0	86.9	53.2	52.1	48.4	81.3	77.6	19.9	62.3	98.4
SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME	21.9	0.5	14.4	63.6	16.3	0.3	11.3	56.4	55.3	8.0	29.9	80.0
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	20.8	25.8	21.0	17.5	26.0	39.8	26.4	13.8	14.1	2.3	17.7	14.4
INTEREST, DIVIDEND, OR NET RENTAL INCOME	0.7	0.6	0.9	0.1	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.2	1.6	4.9	0.9	1.3
ALL OTHER INCOME	8.1	7.7	8.7	5.8	10.4	11.6	10.2	10.9	6.6	4.8	13.8	2.7
NO INCOME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

TABLE 248. POVERTY STATUS IN 1979 OF FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS BY INCOME TYPE, AGE, SEX, RACE, AND SPANISH ORIGIN: 1980 - CON.

EXCLUDES INMATES OF INSTITUTIONS, PERSONS IN MILITARY GROUP QUARTERS AND IN COLLEGE DORMITORIES, AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS UNDER 15 YEARS. DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDICES A AND B.

MACON CITY	FAMILIES				FAMILIES WITH FEMALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO HUSBAND PRESENT				UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS			
	TOTAL	AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER			TOTAL	AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER			TOTAL	AGE		
		15 TO 24 YEARS	25 TO 64 YEARS	65 YEARS AND OVER		15 TO 24 YEARS	25 TO 64 YEARS	65 YEARS AND OVER		15 TO 24 YEARS	25 TO 64 YEARS	65 YEARS AND OVER
TOTAL												
INCOME IN 1979 ABOVE POVERTY LEVEL												
TOTAL	25 269	1 454	19 880	3 935	4 553	189	3 375	989	9 209	1 337	5 203	2 669
WITH INCOME OF SPECIFIED TYPE:												
EARNINGS	22 790	1 454	19 110	2 226	3 962	189	3 166	609	6 547	1 320	4 658	569
WAGE OR SALARY INCOME	22 326	1 446	18 743	2 137	3 924	189	3 126	609	6 346	1 320	4 496	530
NONFARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	2 078	53	1 739	286	135	-	90	45	267	-	228	39
FARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	170	5	135	30	6	-	6	-	28	-	28	-
INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS	15 645	467	11 385	3 793	3 176	96	2 116	964	5 328	354	2 386	2 588
SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME	6 529	28	3 152	3 349	1 775	5	879	891	2 959	40	538	2 381
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	2 149	57	1 541	551	983	-	654	329	319	-	131	188
INTEREST, DIVIDEND, OR NET RENTAL INCOME	8 142	184	6 125	1 833	891	17	526	348	3 123	231	1 601	1 291
ALL OTHER INCOME	6 825	268	4 867	1 670	1 709	86	1 272	351	2 053	131	849	1 073
NO INCOME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MEAN INCOME (DOLLARS) FROM SPECIFIED TYPE:												
EARNINGS	\$20 421	\$14 780	\$21 666	\$13 419	\$12 702	\$8 261	\$12 779	\$13 680	\$10 927	\$9 075	\$12 181	\$4 955
WAGE OR SALARY INCOME	\$19 458	\$14 606	\$20 583	\$12 878	\$12 296	\$8 261	\$12 323	\$13 410	\$10 585	\$9 075	\$11 685	\$5 012
NONFARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	\$14 551	\$6 777	\$15 777	\$8 536	\$15 131	-	\$20 871	\$3 653	\$15 977	-	\$17 995	\$4 180
FARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	\$4 373	\$2 045	\$6 105	\$-3 036	\$5 635	-	\$5 635	-	\$3 634	-	\$3 634	-
INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS	\$6 081	\$2 434	\$4 701	\$10 673	\$6 396	\$4 279	\$5 467	\$8 645	\$5 486	\$2 115	\$3 733	\$7 564
SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME	\$4 360	\$3 159	\$3 585	\$5 101	\$4 023	\$3 305	\$3 656	\$4 389	\$3 475	\$1 268	\$3 204	\$3 574
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	\$2 277	\$2 664	\$2 252	\$2 309	\$2 286	-	\$2 240	\$2 377	\$2 696	-	\$1 814	\$3 310
INTEREST, DIVIDEND, OR NET RENTAL INCOME	\$3 400	\$1 724	\$2 693	\$5 934	\$4 232	\$12 136	\$3 217	\$5 381	\$2 400	\$1 255	\$1 498	\$3 723
ALL OTHER INCOME	\$4 995	\$2 160	\$4 556	\$6 737	\$4 186	\$2 185	\$4 086	\$5 038	\$5 160	\$3 116	\$5 356	\$5 255
NO INCOME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PERCENT OF TOTAL INCOME FROM SPECIFIED TYPE:												
EARNINGS	83.0	95.0	88.6	42.5	71.2	79.2	77.8	50.0	71.0	94.1	86.4	12.6
WAGE OR SALARY INCOME	77.5	93.3	82.5	39.1	68.3	79.2	74.1	49.0	66.7	94.1	80.0	11.9
NONFARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	5.4	1.6	5.9	3.5	2.9	-	3.6	1.0	4.2	-	6.2	0.7
FARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	0.1	-	0.2	-0.1	-	-	0.1	-	0.1	-	0.2	-
INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS	17.0	5.0	11.4	57.5	28.8	20.8	22.2	50.0	29.0	5.9	13.6	87.4
SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME	5.1	0.4	2.4	24.3	10.1	0.8	6.2	23.5	10.2	0.4	2.6	38.0
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	0.9	0.7	0.7	1.8	3.2	-	2.8	4.7	0.9	-	0.4	2.8
INTEREST, DIVIDEND, OR NET RENTAL INCOME	4.9	1.4	3.5	15.5	5.3	10.5	3.3	11.2	7.4	2.3	3.7	21.5
ALL OTHER INCOME	6.1	2.6	4.8	16.0	10.1	9.5	10.0	10.6	10.5	3.2	6.9	25.2
NO INCOME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL												
TOTAL	5 203	628	3 915	660	3 224	456	2 478	290	5 357	1 114	2 181	2 062
WITH INCOME OF SPECIFIED TYPE:												
EARNINGS	2 906	335	2 385	186	1 609	194	1 306	109	1 530	734	727	69
WAGE OR SALARY INCOME	2 816	335	2 301	180	1 598	194	1 295	109	1 465	720	689	56
NONFARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	137	-	131	6	22	-	22	-	58	11	34	13
FARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	15	-	15	-	-	-	-	-	25	8	17	-
INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS	3 529	393	2 535	601	2 345	311	1 767	267	3 397	268	1 293	1 836
SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME	1 217	25	677	515	615	11	391	213	2 222	66	600	1 556
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	2 363	301	1 748	314	1 851	269	1 399	183	1 227	73	454	700
INTEREST, DIVIDEND, OR NET RENTAL INCOME	194	4	136	54	47	4	27	16	378	80	118	180
ALL OTHER INCOME	925	105	730	90	500	53	403	44	565	89	301	175
NO INCOME	267	72	158	37	176	56	102	18	851	273	370	208
MEAN INCOME (DOLLARS) FROM SPECIFIED TYPE:												
EARNINGS	\$3 495	\$3 584	\$3 613	\$1 818	\$3 033	\$3 263	\$3 090	\$1 933	\$1 706	\$1 700	\$1 784	\$953
WAGE OR SALARY INCOME	\$3 577	\$3 584	\$3 711	\$1 855	\$3 046	\$3 263	\$3 107	\$1 933	\$1 783	\$1 708	\$1 918	\$1 071
NONFARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	\$587	-	\$582	\$705	\$537	-	\$537	-	\$660	\$496	\$796	\$443
FARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	\$131	-	\$131	-	-	-	-	-	\$-1 594	\$1 505	\$-3 053	-
INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS	\$2 439	\$1 680	\$2 340	\$3 350	\$2 343	\$1 730	\$2 309	\$3 283	\$2 204	\$1 271	\$1 949	\$2 519
SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME	\$2 426	\$1 896	\$2 296	\$2 623	\$2 258	\$1 041	\$2 314	\$2 218	\$2 145	\$1 130	\$2 083	\$2 212
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	\$1 747	\$1 633	\$1 783	\$1 657	\$1 826	\$1 736	\$1 852	\$1 756	\$1 511	\$1 445	\$1 754	\$1 360
INTEREST, DIVIDEND, OR NET RENTAL INCOME	\$434	\$25	\$391	\$571	\$532	\$25	\$531	\$661	\$360	\$458	\$61	\$513
ALL OTHER INCOME	\$1 557	\$1 156	\$1 654	\$1 242	\$1 403	\$1 123	\$1 414	\$1 641	\$1 292	\$1 392	\$1 552	\$791
NO INCOME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PERCENT OF TOTAL INCOME FROM SPECIFIED TYPE:												
EARNINGS	54.1	64.5	59.2	14.4	47.0	54.1	49.7	19.4	25.8	78.6	34.0	1.4
WAGE OR SALARY INCOME	53.7	64.5	58.7	14.2	46.9	54.1	49.6	19.4	25.9	77.5	34.6	1.3
NONFARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	0.4	-	0.5	0.2	0.1	-	0.1	-	0.4	0.3	0.7	0.1
FARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.8	-1.4	-
INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS	45.9	35.5	40.8	85.6	53.0	45.9	50.3	80.6	74.2	21.4	66.0	98.6
SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME	15.7	2.5	10.7	57.4	13.4	1.0	11.1	43.5	47.2	4.7	32.7	75.4
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	22.0	26.4	21.4	22.1	32.6	39.9	31.9	29.5	18.4	6.6	20.9	20.3
INTEREST, DIVIDEND, OR NET RENTAL INCOME	0.4	-	0.4	1.3	0.2	-	0.2	1.0	1.3	2.3	0.2	2.0
ALL OTHER INCOME	7.7	6.5	8.3	4.8	6.8	5.1	7.0	6.6	7.2	7.8	12.2	3.0
NO INCOME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

TABLE 249. POVERTY STATUS IN 1979 OF PERSONS WITH SOCIAL SECURITY OR PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME BY RELATIONSHIP, AGE, RACE, AND SPANISH ORIGIN: 1980

EXCLUDES INMATES OF INSTITUTIONS, PERSONS IN MILITARY GROUP QUARTERS AND IN COLLEGE DORMITORIES, AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS UNDER 15 YEARS. DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDIXES A AND B.

	WITH SOCIAL SECURITY AND/OR PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME IN 1979				WITH SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME IN 1979				WITH PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME IN 1979			
	INCOME IN 1979 ABOVE POVERTY LEVEL		BELOW POV. LEVEL EXCL. SOCIAL SECURITY AND/OR PUBLIC ASSISTANCE		INCOME IN 1979 ABOVE POVERTY LEVEL		BELOW POV. LEVEL EXCL. SOCIAL SECURITY		INCOME IN 1979 ABOVE POVERTY LEVEL		BELOW POV. LEVEL EXCL. PUBLIC ASSISTANCE	
	TOTAL	LEVEL	TOTAL	LEVEL	TOTAL	LEVEL	TOTAL	LEVEL	TOTAL	LEVEL	TOTAL	LEVEL
GEORGIA												
TOTAL												
TOTAL PERSONS	1 382 583	423 482	959 101	286 083	1 033 713	233 641	800 072	238 571	564 364	275 044	289 320	58 842
IN FAMILIES	1 198 548	331 192	867 356	232 339	872 795	160 268	712 527	188 661	516 850	237 371	279 493	53 595
HOUSEHOLDER	382 077	91 631	290 396	87 878	302 258	50 276	251 982	75 882	134 124	59 531	74 393	16 060
FEMALE, NO HUSBAND PRESENT	111 442	48 247	63 379	23 491	65 014	17 653	50 361	15 168	64 822	38 567	26 255	7 644
OTHER	270 435	43 414	227 021	67 187	234 244	32 623	201 621	60 714	69 302	21 164	48 138	8 416
RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	308 329	149 098	159 231	37 077	154 800	50 441	104 359	22 191	202 598	122 762	79 836	15 761
RELATED CHILDREN 5 TO 17 YEARS	238 295	109 940	128 355	30 462	128 360	40 652	87 708	18 944	148 967	88 046	60 921	12 440
OTHER RELATIVES	508 142	90 413	417 729	107 584	415 737	59 551	356 186	90 588	180 128	54 864	125 264	21 774
UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS	184 035	92 290	91 745	53 544	160 918	73 373	87 545	49 910	47 514	37 687	9 827	5 247
IN HOUSEHOLDS	182 907	91 764	91 143	53 206	160 010	73 027	86 983	49 573	47 241	37 454	9 787	5 246
LIVING ALONE	164 796	80 952	83 844	49 039	147 038	66 473	80 565	45 869	40 461	31 892	8 569	4 662
IN GROUP QUARTERS	1 128	526	602	338	908	346	562	337	273	233	40	1
WHITE												
TOTAL PERSONS	842 626	157 195	685 431	193 544	721 973	113 724	608 249	174 899	217 904	74 170	143 734	24 018
IN FAMILIES	709 847	102 020	607 827	190 564	620 484	67 250	553 234	134 075	193 028	53 186	137 842	21 123
HOUSEHOLDER	237 400	35 438	221 942	62 961	227 166	25 522	201 644	57 581	57 928	17 138	40 790	7 325
FEMALE, NO HUSBAND PRESENT	47 835	10 756	37 079	10 611	37 824	5 557	32 267	8 742	17 893	7 188	10 705	2 690
OTHER	209 565	24 702	184 863	52 350	189 344	19 965	169 379	48 839	40 035	9 950	30 085	4 635
RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	118 838	31 643	87 195	15 627	77 223	14 469	62 754	11 095	56 422	22 167	34 255	4 735
RELATED CHILDREN 5 TO 17 YEARS	96 845	24 394	72 451	13 318	66 402	12 337	54 065	9 657	43 073	16 274	26 799	3 845
OTHER RELATIVES	333 609	34 919	298 690	71 974	294 093	27 259	268 834	65 399	78 678	15 881	62 797	9 063
UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS	132 779	55 175	77 604	42 980	121 489	46 474	75 015	40 824	24 876	18 984	5 892	2 895
IN HOUSEHOLDS	131 929	54 888	77 041	42 642	120 762	46 294	74 468	40 487	24 708	18 832	5 876	2 894
LIVING ALONE	122 363	50 526	71 837	39 935	113 104	43 338	69 766	37 995	22 162	16 975	5 187	2 609
IN GROUP QUARTERS	850	287	563	338	727	180	547	337	168	152	16	1
BLACK												
TOTAL PERSONS	534 091	264 615	269 476	91 707	307 852	119 018	188 834	63 090	343 684	199 832	143 852	34 523
IN FAMILIES	483 607	227 974	255 633	81 376	269 077	92 449	176 628	54 145	321 338	181 122	139 976	32 196
HOUSEHOLDER	123 275	55 923	67 352	24 705	74 094	24 581	49 513	18 131	75 585	42 406	33 179	8 664
FEMALE, NO HUSBAND PRESENT	63 366	37 362	26 004	10 009	29 879	12 014	17 865	6 383	46 715	31 275	15 440	4 928
OTHER	99 909	18 561	41 348	14 696	44 215	12 567	31 648	11 748	28 870	11 131	17 739	3 736
RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	187 914	116 857	71 057	21 262	76 900	35 778	41 122	11 033	145 126	100 146	44 980	10 880
RELATED CHILDREN 5 TO 17 YEARS	140 242	85 114	55 128	16 990	61 364	28 162	33 202	9 228	105 142	71 451	33 691	8 479
OTHER RELATIVES	172 418	55 194	117 224	35 349	118 043	32 090	85 953	24 991	100 627	38 810	61 817	12 652
UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS	50 486	36 641	13 843	10 391	38 815	26 569	12 246	8 945	22 346	18 470	3 876	2 327
IN HOUSEHOLDS	50 206	36 402	13 804	10 391	38 634	26 403	12 231	8 945	22 241	18 369	3 876	2 327
LIVING ALONE	41 806	30 058	11 748	8 943	33 417	22 868	10 549	7 740	18 081	14 753	3 328	2 033
IN GROUP QUARTERS	278	239	39		181	166	15		105	81	24	
SPANISH ORIGIN												
TOTAL PERSONS	14 091	5 573	8 518	2 534	8 491	2 484	6 007	1 771	7 978	4 326	3 652	789
IN FAMILIES	12 813	4 805	8 008	2 199	7 433	1 925	5 528	1 481	7 564	3 985	3 579	750
HOUSEHOLDER	3 592	1 116	2 396	767	2 458	743	1 841	588	1 749	858	891	197
FEMALE, NO HUSBAND PRESENT	1 332	685	647	232	675	225	450	137	860	379	281	113
OTHER	2 180	431	1 749	529	1 783	518	1 391	449	889	479	610	84
RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	4 347	2 469	1 878	568	1 722	775	947	227	3 275	2 154	1 121	350
RELATED CHILDREN 5 TO 17 YEARS	3 315	1 723	1 592	489	1 423	613	810	208	2 437	1 489	948	304
OTHER RELATIVES	4 954	1 220	3 734	870	3 393	653	2 740	668	2 540	973	1 567	203
UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS	1 278	768	510	335	1 038	559	479	290	414	341	73	39
IN HOUSEHOLDS	1 266	756	510	335	1 026	547	479	290	414	341	73	39
LIVING ALONE	1 057	617	440	298	892	478	414	265	325	266	59	32
IN GROUP QUARTERS	12	12			12	12						
TOTAL												
TOTAL PERSONS	1 382 583	423 482	959 101	286 083	1 033 713	233 641	800 072	238 571	564 364	275 044	289 320	58 842
UNDER 16 YEARS	258 585	130 524	127 961	29 831	1 033 713	233 641	800 072	238 571	174 900	108 859	66 041	13 037
16 TO 21 YEARS	128 113	43 799	84 314	17 436	80 884	19 696	61 188	11 456	69 528	32 814	36 714	6 298
22 TO 24 YEARS	43 296	13 054	30 242	4 881	25 471	4 409	21 062	2 753	24 533	10 607	13 926	2 013
25 TO 34 YEARS	102 502	30 871	71 631	12 310	60 291	10 296	49 995	7 784	57 902	25 080	32 822	5 003
35 TO 44 YEARS	88 678	22 642	66 036	11 962	59 573	10 034	49 539	8 365	42 293	16 581	25 712	4 176
45 TO 54 YEARS	114 205	24 979	89 226	17 667	87 204	14 732	72 472	13 678	45 033	15 592	29 441	4 967
55 TO 59 YEARS	78 018	17 331	60 687	14 715	64 220	11 698	52 522	12 218	25 507	9 371	16 136	3 188
60 TO 64 YEARS	122 114	26 230	95 881	28 722	110 934	21 165	89 769	26 087	26 931	10 854	16 077	3 735
65 YEARS AND OVER	447 175	114 052	333 123	148 359	421 879	99 871	322 008	138 741	97 737	45 286	52 451	16 425

TABLE 249. POVERTY STATUS IN 1979 OF PERSONS WITH SOCIAL SECURITY OR PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME BY RELATIONSHIP, AGE, RACE, AND SPANISH ORIGIN: 1980 - CON.

[EXCLUDES INMATES OF INSTITUTIONS, PERSONS IN MILITARY GROUP QUARTERS AND IN COLLEGE DORMITORIES, AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS UNDER 15 YEARS. DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDIXES A AND B.]

RURAL	WITH SOCIAL SECURITY AND/OR PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME IN 1979				WITH SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME IN 1979				WITH PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME IN 1979			
	INCOME IN 1979 ABOVE POVERTY LEVEL		INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL		INCOME IN 1979 ABOVE POVERTY LEVEL		INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL		INCOME IN 1979 ABOVE POVERTY LEVEL		INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL	
	TOTAL	BELOW POV. LEVEL EXCL. SOCIAL SECURITY AND/OR PUBLIC ASSISTANCE	TOTAL	BELOW POV. LEVEL EXCL. SOCIAL SECURITY AND/OR PUBLIC ASSISTANCE	TOTAL	BELOW POV. LEVEL EXCL. SOCIAL SECURITY	TOTAL	BELOW POV. LEVEL EXCL. SOCIAL SECURITY	TOTAL	BELOW POV. LEVEL EXCL. PUBLIC ASSISTANCE	TOTAL	BELOW POV. LEVEL EXCL. PUBLIC ASSISTANCE
TOTAL	545 955	162 197	383 758	120 754	420 928	101 868	319 060	101 018	219 306	97 425	121 881	24 981
IN FAMILIES	484 592	127 710	356 882	104 297	367 721	74 297	293 424	85 719	201 983	83 232	118 751	23 238
HOUSEHOLDER	155 204	36 489	118 715	39 876	127 781	24 260	103 521	34 772	51 995	20 825	31 170	6 994
FEMALE, NO HUSBAND PRESENT	32 736	12 632	20 104	7 153	22 037	5 800	16 237	5 368	18 246	9 512	8 734	2 687
OTHER	122 468	23 857	98 611	32 723	105 744	18 460	87 284	29 404	33 749	11 313	22 436	4 307
RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	115 744	49 369	66 375	15 372	64 887	20 776	44 111	9 723	71 523	38 304	33 219	6 047
RELATED CHILDREN 5 TO 17 YEARS	91 691	38 030	53 661	12 701	54 098	17 041	37 057	8 325	54 347	28 762	25 585	4 770
OTHER RELATIVES	213 644	41 852	171 792	49 049	175 053	29 261	145 792	41 224	78 465	24 103	54 362	10 197
UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS	61 363	34 487	26 876	16 457	53 207	27 571	25 636	15 299	17 323	14 193	3 130	1 743
IN HOUSEHOLDS	61 222	34 393	26 829	16 429	53 103	27 513	25 590	15 272	17 275	14 146	3 129	1 742
LIVING ALONE	57 303	31 883	25 420	15 612	50 547	26 159	24 388	14 567	15 531	12 675	2 856	1 602
IN GROUP QUARTERS	141	94	47	28	104	58	46	27	48	47	1	1
TOTAL PERSONS	545 955	162 197	383 758	120 754	420 928	101 868	319 060	101 018	219 306	97 425	121 881	24 981
UNDER 16 YEARS	95 797	42 672	53 125	12 332	51 663	17 265	34 398	7 622	60 775	33 513	27 262	4 960
16 TO 21 YEARS	48 913	14 970	33 943	6 901	31 992	7 539	24 453	4 547	26 224	10 740	15 484	2 571
22 TO 24 YEARS	15 368	3 677	11 691	1 868	9 619	1 508	8 111	1 138	8 348	2 887	5 461	720
25 TO 34 YEARS	38 092	9 608	28 484	5 317	24 217	4 144	20 073	3 399	20 581	7 271	13 310	2 086
35 TO 44 YEARS	35 992	8 330	27 662	5 157	25 149	4 209	20 940	3 778	16 892	5 901	10 991	1 658
45 TO 54 YEARS	47 004	10 281	36 723	7 688	36 026	6 206	29 820	5 949	18 577	6 266	12 311	2 208
55 TO 59 YEARS	33 445	7 671	25 794	6 920	27 612	5 385	22 227	5 709	10 972	4 093	6 879	1 539
60 TO 64 YEARS	51 340	11 863	39 477	13 037	46 641	9 644	36 997	11 776	11 629	4 839	6 790	1 592
65 YEARS AND OVER	179 984	53 125	126 859	61 534	168 009	45 968	122 041	57 100	45 308	21 915	23 393	7 647

TABLE 249. POVERTY STATUS IN 1979 OF PERSONS WITH SOCIAL SECURITY OR PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME BY RELATIONSHIP, AGE, RACE, AND SPANISH ORIGIN: 1980 - CON.

EXCLUDES INMATES OF INSTITUTIONS, PERSONS IN MILITARY GROUP QUARTERS AND IN COLLEGE DORMITORIES, AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS UNDER 15 YEARS. DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDIXES A AND B)

ATLANTA, GA SMSA

	WITH SOCIAL SECURITY AND/OR PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME IN 1979				WITH SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME IN 1979				WITH PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME IN 1979			
	INCOME IN 1979 ABOVE POVERTY LEVEL		BELOW POV. LEVEL EXCL. SOCIAL SECURITY AND/OR PUBLIC ASSISTANCE		INCOME IN 1979 ABOVE POVERTY LEVEL		BELOW POV. LEVEL EXCL. SOCIAL SECURITY		INCOME IN 1979 ABOVE POVERTY LEVEL		BELOW POV. LEVEL EXCL. PUBLIC ASSISTANCE	
	TOTAL	INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL	TOTAL ASSISTANCE		TOTAL	INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL	TOTAL SECURITY		TOTAL	INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL	TOTAL ASSISTANCE	
TOTAL	412 785	105 407	307 378	78 607	311 028	52 868	258 160	67 343	148 442	67 905	80 537	13 342
TOTAL PERSONS	412 785	105 407	307 378	78 607	311 028	52 868	258 160	67 343	148 442	67 905	80 537	13 342
IN FAMILIES	357 704	82 479	275 225	60 744	261 911	34 399	227 512	50 541	137 861	60 214	77 647	11 955
HOUSEHOLDER	115 101	23 152	91 949	23 154	90 707	10 781	79 926	20 350	36 129	15 619	20 510	3 500
FEMALE, NO HUSBAND PRESENT	35 768	14 732	21 036	5 896	21 139	4 562	16 577	4 419	19 644	11 910	7 734	1 897
OTHER	79 333	8 420	70 913	17 258	69 568	6 219	63 349	15 931	16 485	3 709	12 776	1 603
RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	89 051	39 488	49 563	9 644	43 499	11 020	32 479	5 982	55 918	33 136	22 782	3 973
RELATED CHILDREN 5 TO 17 YEARS	68 716	28 439	40 277	8 013	36 645	9 009	27 636	5 151	40 500	23 123	17 377	3 138
OTHER RELATIVES	153 552	19 839	133 713	27 946	127 705	12 598	115 107	24 209	45 814	11 459	34 355	4 482
UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS	55 081	22 928	32 153	17 863	49 117	18 469	30 648	16 802	10 581	7 691	2 890	1 387
IN HOUSEHOLDS	54 536	22 736	31 800	17 680	48 637	18 343	30 314	16 619	10 482	7 611	2 871	1 387
LIVING ALONE	47 553	18 977	28 576	15 978	43 489	16 030	27 459	15 089	8 156	5 765	2 391	1 194
IN GROUP QUARTERS	545	192	353	183	460	126	334	183	99	80	19	-
TOTAL PERSONS	412 785	105 407	307 378	78 607	311 028	52 868	258 160	67 343	148 442	67 905	80 537	13 342
UNDER 16 YEARS	75 093	35 178	39 915	7 704	34 425	9 098	25 327	4 748	48 855	29 882	18 973	3 291
16 TO 21 YEARS	37 221	10 731	26 490	4 745	23 775	4 402	19 373	3 196	18 413	8 043	10 370	1 535
22 TO 24 YEARS	13 962	3 990	9 972	1 355	8 120	1 036	7 084	844	7 402	3 306	4 096	487
25 TO 34 YEARS	33 015	9 357	23 658	3 304	19 395	2 664	16 731	2 087	17 598	7 765	9 833	1 274
35 TO 44 YEARS	28 576	5 808	22 768	3 360	19 532	2 332	17 220	2 341	12 291	4 197	8 094	1 190
45 TO 54 YEARS	34 446	5 966	28 480	4 441	26 766	3 600	16 029	3 747	12 031	3 533	8 498	1 109
55 TO 59 YEARS	22 086	3 731	18 355	3 670	18 640	2 611	16 029	3 091	5 942	1 755	4 187	673
60 TO 64 YEARS	35 213	5 837	29 376	7 545	32 698	4 852	27 846	6 998	6 073	2 075	3 998	745
65 YEARS AND OVER	133 173	24 809	108 364	42 283	127 659	22 275	105 386	40 291	19 837	7 349	12 488	3 038

TABLE 249. POVERTY STATUS IN 1979 OF PERSONS WITH SOCIAL SECURITY OR PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME BY RELATIONSHIP, AGE, RACE, AND SPANISH ORIGIN: 1980 - CON.

EXCLUDES INMATES OF INSTITUTIONS, PERSONS IN MILITARY GROUP QUARTERS AND IN COLLEGE DORMITORIES, AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS UNDER 15 YEARS. DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDIXES A AND B.

AUGUSTA, GA-SC SMSA

	WITH SOCIAL SECURITY AND/OR PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME IN 1979				WITH SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME IN 1979				WITH PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME IN 1979			
	INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL		INCOME IN 1979 ABOVE POVERTY LEVEL		INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL		INCOME IN 1979 ABOVE POVERTY LEVEL		INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL		INCOME IN 1979 ABOVE POVERTY LEVEL	
	TOTAL	BELOW POV. LEVEL EXCL. SOCIAL SECURITY AND/OR PUBLIC ASSISTANCE	TOTAL ASSISTANCE	BELOW POV. LEVEL EXCL. SOCIAL SECURITY AND/OR PUBLIC ASSISTANCE	TOTAL	BELOW POV. LEVEL EXCL. SOCIAL SECURITY	TOTAL	BELOW POV. LEVEL EXCL. SOCIAL SECURITY	TOTAL	BELOW POV. LEVEL EXCL. SOCIAL SECURITY	TOTAL ASSISTANCE	BELOW POV. LEVEL EXCL. PUBLIC ASSISTANCE
TOTAL												
TOTAL PERSONS	78 583	22 882	55 701	14 441	58 796	12 481	46 315	12 039	29 835	14 043	15 792	3 066
IN FAMILIES	68 025	17 516	50 509	11 301	49 445	8 072	41 373	9 073	27 477	12 214	15 263	2 844
HOUSEHOLDER	21 764	4 901	16 863	4 282	17 053	2 500	14 553	3 679	7 320	3 156	4 164	821
FEMALE, NO HUSBAND PRESENT	6 662	2 810	3 852	1 028	3 966	967	2 999	755	3 730	2 242	1 488	388
OTHER	15 102	2 091	13 011	3 254	13 087	1 533	11 554	2 924	3 590	914	2 676	433
RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	17 316	8 006	9 310	1 723	8 543	2 603	5 940	987	10 922	6 420	4 502	828
RELATED CHILDREN 5 TO 17 YEARS	13 028	5 642	7 386	1 363	6 887	1 992	4 895	805	7 806	4 397	3 409	622
OTHER RELATIVES	28 945	4 609	24 336	5 296	23 849	2 969	20 880	4 407	9 235	2 638	6 597	1 195
UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS	10 558	5 366	5 192	3 140	9 351	4 409	4 942	2 966	2 358	1 829	529	222
IN HOUSEHOLDS	10 443	5 298	5 145	3 114	9 282	4 378	4 904	2 941	2 312	1 792	320	221
LIVING ALONE	9 487	4 714	4 773	2 873	8 454	3 904	4 550	2 713	2 071	1 586	485	208
IN GROUP QUARTERS	115	68	47	26	69	31	38	25	46	37	9	1
TOTAL PERSONS	78 583	22 882	55 701	14 441	58 796	12 481	46 315	12 039	29 835	14 043	15 792	3 066
UNDER 16 YEARS	14 751	7 072	7 679	1 464	6 932	2 148	4 784	820	9 590	5 769	3 821	742
16 TO 21 YEARS	7 672	2 367	5 305	914	4 858	1 040	3 818	575	3 848	1 759	2 089	371
22 TO 24 YEARS	2 869	837	2 032	263	1 824	330	1 494	156	1 426	604	822	111
25 TO 34 YEARS	6 093	1 756	4 337	466	3 606	515	3 091	320	3 156	1 413	1 743	182
35 TO 44 YEARS	4 805	1 064	3 741	659	3 238	497	2 741	439	2 066	701	1 365	250
45 TO 54 YEARS	6 902	1 434	5 468	897	5 332	766	4 566	694	2 445	894	1 551	276
55 TO 59 YEARS	4 800	1 093	3 707	754	4 090	810	3 280	619	1 429	529	900	172
60 TO 64 YEARS	6 967	1 499	5 468	1 434	6 284	1 188	5 096	1 289	1 458	501	957	232
65 YEARS AND OVER	23 724	5 760	17 964	7 590	22 632	5 187	17 445	7 127	4 417	1 873	2 544	730

TABLE 249. POVERTY STATUS IN 1979 OF PERSONS WITH SOCIAL SECURITY OR PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME BY RELATIONSHIP, AGE, RACE, AND SPANISH ORIGIN: 1980 - CON.

EXCLUDES INMATES OF INSTITUTIONS, PERSONS IN MILITARY GROUP QUARTERS AND IN COLLEGE DORMITORIES, AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS UNDER 15 YEARS. DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDIXES A AND B.

CHATTANOOGA, TN-GA SMSA

	WITH SOCIAL SECURITY AND/OR PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME IN 1979				WITH SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME IN 1979				WITH PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME IN 1979			
	INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL		INCOME IN 1979 ABOVE POVERTY LEVEL		INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL		INCOME IN 1979 ABOVE POVERTY LEVEL		INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL		INCOME IN 1979 ABOVE POVERTY LEVEL	
	TOTAL	LEVEL	TOTAL ASSISTANCE	LEVEL EXCL. SOCIAL SECURITY AND/OR PUBLIC	TOTAL	LEVEL	TOTAL SECURITY	LEVEL EXCL. SOCIAL SECURITY	TOTAL	LEVEL	TOTAL ASSISTANCE	LEVEL EXCL. PUBLIC
TOTAL	108 488	27 225	81 263	26 508	87 423	16 247	71 176	24 129	33 767	15 467	18 300	2 880
IN FAMILIES	92 035	19 851	72 184	20 510	72 591	10 193	62 398	18 380	30 491	12 908	17 583	2 441
HOUSEHOLDER	31 635	5 850	25 785	8 417	26 680	3 464	23 216	7 733	8 273	3 291	4 982	817
FEMALE, NO HUSBAND PRESENT	8 031	2 929	5 102	1 510	5 549	1 187	4 362	1 304	3 686	2 198	1 488	332
OTHER	23 604	2 921	20 683	6 907	21 131	2 277	18 854	6 429	4 587	1 093	3 494	485
RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	18 705	8 079	10 626	2 233	9 885	2 677	7 208	1 619	11 166	6 516	4 650	611
RELATED CHILDREN 5 TO 17 YEARS	14 531	5 900	8 631	1 804	8 277	2 116	6 161	1 395	8 095	4 639	3 456	433
OTHER RELATIVES	41 695	5 922	35 773	9 860	36 026	4 052	31 974	9 028	11 052	3 101	7 951	1 013
UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS	16 453	7 374	9 079	5 998	14 832	6 054	8 778	5 749	3 276	2 559	717	439
IN HOUSEHOLDS	16 184	7 253	8 931	5 883	14 636	6 006	8 630	5 656	3 167	2 450	717	439
LIVING ALONE	14 928	6 508	8 420	5 555	13 717	5 544	8 173	5 328	2 686	2 059	627	387
IN GROUP QUARTERS	269	121	148	113	196	48	148	113	109	109	-	-
TOTAL PERSONS	108 488	27 225	81 263	26 508	87 423	16 247	71 176	24 129	33 767	15 467	18 300	2 880
UNDER 16 YEARS	15 701	7 200	8 501	1 758	7 922	2 319	5 603	1 231	9 772	5 866	3 906	530
16 TO 21 YEARS	8 515	2 586	5 929	1 112	5 524	990	4 534	894	4 106	1 995	2 111	197
22 TO 24 YEARS	2 942	735	2 207	305	1 886	298	1 588	249	1 348	534	814	52
25 TO 34 YEARS	7 460	1 990	5 470	773	4 726	681	4 045	618	3 523	1 543	1 980	201
35 TO 44 YEARS	6 646	1 463	5 183	921	4 577	619	3 958	770	2 884	1 139	1 745	200
45 TO 54 YEARS	9 363	1 807	7 556	1 409	7 776	1 270	6 506	1 193	2 870	920	1 950	237
55 TO 59 YEARS	6 627	1 339	5 288	1 320	5 848	1 016	4 832	1 213	1 536	592	944	139
60 TO 64 YEARS	10 577	1 915	8 662	2 987	9 967	1 581	8 386	2 804	1 719	614	1 105	212
65 YEARS AND OVER	40 657	8 190	32 467	15 923	39 197	7 473	31 724	15 157	6 009	2 284	3 745	1 112

TABLE 249. POVERTY STATUS IN 1979 OF PERSONS WITH SOCIAL SECURITY OR PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME BY RELATIONSHIP, AGE, RACE, AND SPANISH ORIGIN: 1980 - CON.

EXCLUDES INMATES OF INSTITUTIONS, PERSONS IN MILITARY GROUP QUARTERS AND IN COLLEGE DORMITORIES, AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS UNDER 15 YEARS. DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDIXES A AND B1

MACON, GA SMSA

	WITH SOCIAL SECURITY AND/OR PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME IN 1979				WITH SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME IN 1979				WITH PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME IN 1979			
	INCOME IN 1979 ABOVE POVERTY LEVEL		INCOME IN 1979 ABOVE POVERTY LEVEL		INCOME IN 1979 ABOVE POVERTY LEVEL		INCOME IN 1979 ABOVE POVERTY LEVEL		INCOME IN 1979 ABOVE POVERTY LEVEL		INCOME IN 1979 ABOVE POVERTY LEVEL	
	TOTAL	BELOW POV. LEVEL EXCL. SOCIAL SEC. CURITY AND /OR PUBLIC ASSISTANCE	TOTAL	BELOW POV. LEVEL EXCL. SOCIAL SECURITY	TOTAL	BELOW POV. LEVEL EXCL. SOCIAL SECURITY	TOTAL	BELOW POV. LEVEL EXCL. SOCIAL SECURITY	TOTAL	BELOW POV. LEVEL EXCL. SOCIAL SECURITY	TOTAL	BELOW POV. LEVEL EXCL. SOCIAL SECURITY
TOTAL	67 937	21 760	46 177	12 106	48 129	10 550	37 579	9 679	31 099	15 782	15 317	3 167
TOTAL PERSONS	67 937	21 760	46 177	12 106	48 129	10 550	37 579	9 679	31 099	15 782	15 317	3 167
IN FAMILIES	59 338	17 594	41 744	9 661	40 807	7 459	33 348	7 396	28 769	13 904	14 865	2 960
HOUSEHOLDER	18 217	4 543	13 674	3 555	13 805	2 153	11 652	2 921	7 187	3 339	3 848	890
FEMALE, NO HUSBAND PRESENT	6 409	2 925	3 484	1 148	3 733	982	2 751	778	4 068	2 487	1 581	548
OTHER	11 808	1 618	10 190	2 407	10 072	1 171	8 901	2 143	3 119	852	2 267	342
RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	16 505	8 474	8 031	1 822	7 653	2 576	5 077	951	11 783	7 360	4 423	967
RELATED CHILDREN 5 TO 17 YEARS	12 521	6 204	6 317	1 471	6 165	1 972	4 193	822	8 665	5 326	3 339	737
OTHER RELATIVES	24 616	4 577	20 039	4 284	19 349	2 730	16 619	3 524	9 799	3 205	6 594	1 103
UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS	8 599	4 166	4 433	2 445	7 322	3 091	4 231	2 283	2 330	1 878	452	207
IN HOUSEHOLDS	8 559	4 138	4 421	2 445	7 287	3 068	4 219	2 283	2 317	1 865	452	207
LIVING ALONE	7 581	3 527	4 054	2 246	6 608	2 718	3 890	2 102	1 892	1 501	391	177
IN GROUP QUARTERS	40	28	12	-	35	23	12	-	13	13	-	-
TOTAL PERSONS	67 937	21 760	46 177	12 106	48 129	10 550	37 579	9 679	31 099	15 782	15 317	3 167
UNDER 16 YEARS	13 819	7 288	6 531	1 474	6 152	2 126	4 026	753	9 975	6 363	3 612	806
16 TO 21 YEARS	6 990	2 778	4 212	836	4 013	1 039	2 974	526	4 322	2 283	2 039	355
22 TO 24 YEARS	2 485	964	1 521	253	1 373	395	978	129	1 618	799	819	152
25 TO 34 YEARS	5 565	1 765	3 800	589	3 161	583	2 578	386	3 288	1 512	1 776	253
35 TO 44 YEARS	4 621	1 205	3 416	602	2 978	479	2 499	374	2 474	1 003	1 471	283
45 TO 54 YEARS	5 864	1 263	4 601	900	4 291	609	3 682	688	2 557	892	1 645	294
55 TO 59 YEARS	3 914	866	3 048	684	3 145	513	2 632	562	1 405	498	907	174
60 TO 64 YEARS	5 736	1 214	4 522	1 148	5 165	1 009	4 156	1 042	1 382	484	898	251
65 YEARS AND OVER	18 943	4 417	14 526	5 620	17 851	3 797	14 054	5 219	4 098	1 948	2 150	597

TABLE 249. POVERTY STATUS IN 1979 OF PERSONS WITH SOCIAL SECURITY OR PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME BY RELATIONSHIP, AGE, RACE, AND SPANISH ORIGIN: 1980 - CON.

EXCLUDES INMATES OF INSTITUTIONS, PERSONS IN MILITARY GROUP QUARTERS AND IN COLLEGE DORMITORIES, AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS UNDER 15 YEARS. DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDIXES A AND B1

ATLANTA CITY

	WITH SOCIAL SECURITY AND/OR PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME IN 1979				WITH SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME IN 1979				WITH PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME IN 1979			
	INCOME IN 1979 ABOVE POVERTY LEVEL		INCOME IN 1979 ABOVE POVERTY LEVEL		INCOME IN 1979 ABOVE POVERTY LEVEL		INCOME IN 1979 ABOVE POVERTY LEVEL		INCOME IN 1979 ABOVE POVERTY LEVEL		INCOME IN 1979 ABOVE POVERTY LEVEL	
	TOTAL	BELOW POV. LEVEL EXCL. SOCIAL SECURITY AND/OR PUBLIC ASSISTANCE	TOTAL	BELOW POV. LEVEL EXCL. SOCIAL SECURITY AND/OR PUBLIC ASSISTANCE	TOTAL	BELOW POV. LEVEL EXCL. SOCIAL SECURITY	TOTAL	BELOW POV. LEVEL EXCL. SOCIAL SECURITY	TOTAL	BELOW POV. LEVEL EXCL. SOCIAL SECURITY	TOTAL ASSISTANCE	BELOW POV. LEVEL EXCL. PUBLIC ASSISTANCE
TOTAL	141 777	59 394	82 383	27 077	90 182	24 801	65 381	21 703	70 847	42 546	28 301	6 063
IN FAMILIES	118 133	47 969	70 164	19 893	69 967	16 068	53 899	15 038	65 067	38 165	26 902	5 355
HOUSEHOLDER	35 919	13 119	22 800	7 020	23 524	4 836	18 688	5 745	16 955	9 903	7 052	1 554
FEMALE, NO HUSBAND PRESENT	17 746	9 907	7 839	2 527	8 425	2 648	5 777	1 761	11 775	8 258	3 517	952
OTHER	18 173	3 212	14 961	4 493	15 099	2 188	12 911	3 984	5 180	1 645	3 535	602
RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	37 828	24 771	13 057	3 802	13 004	5 545	7 459	2 069	29 338	21 786	7 552	1 753
RELATED CHILDREN 5 TO 17 YEARS	27 601	17 399	10 202	3 084	10 716	4 517	6 199	1 755	20 492	14 942	5 550	1 314
OTHER RELATIVES	44 386	10 079	34 307	9 071	33 439	5 687	27 752	7 224	18 774	6 474	12 298	2 048
UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS	23 644	11 425	12 219	7 184	20 215	8 733	11 482	6 645	5 780	4 381	1 399	708
IN HOUSEHOLDS	23 157	11 263	11 894	7 025	19 813	8 637	11 176	6 506	5 695	4 315	1 380	708
LIVING ALONE	19 428	8 901	10 527	6 248	17 234	7 219	10 015	5 825	4 254	3 134	1 120	591
IN GROUP QUARTERS	487	162	325	159	402	96	306	159	85	66	19	-
TOTAL PERSONS	141 777	59 394	82 383	27 077	90 182	24 801	65 381	21 703	70 847	42 546	28 301	6 063
UNDER 16 YEARS	32 588	22 048	10 540	3 056	10 309	4 443	5 866	1 650	25 861	19 602	6 259	1 427
16 TO 21 YEARS	14 315	6 879	7 436	1 934	7 155	2 441	4 714	1 126	9 228	5 458	3 770	762
22 TO 24 YEARS	5 790	2 587	3 203	612	2 741	601	2 140	349	3 790	2 198	1 592	259
25 TO 34 YEARS	12 662	5 845	6 817	1 392	5 886	1 369	4 517	840	8 664	5 055	3 609	584
35 TO 44 YEARS	8 945	3 389	5 556	1 377	4 836	1 200	3 636	843	5 369	2 602	2 767	599
45 TO 54 YEARS	9 925	3 205	6 720	1 603	6 748	1 801	4 947	1 221	4 735	1 979	2 756	491
55 TO 59 YEARS	6 117	1 928	4 189	1 235	4 681	1 298	3 383	897	2 413	929	1 484	344
60 TO 64 YEARS	9 493	2 774	6 719	2 235	8 348	2 219	6 129	2 027	2 626	1 175	1 451	306
65 YEARS AND OVER	41 942	10 739	31 203	13 633	39 478	9 429	30 049	12 750	8 161	3 548	4 613	1 311

TABLE 249. POVERTY STATUS IN 1979 OF PERSONS WITH SOCIAL SECURITY OR PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME BY RELATIONSHIP, AGE, RACE, AND SPANISH ORIGIN: 1980 - CON.

EXCLUDES INMATES OF INSTITUTIONS, PERSONS IN MILITARY GROUP QUARTERS AND IN COLLEGE DORMITORIES, AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS UNDER 15 YEARS. DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDICES A AND B.

AUGUSTA CITY

	WITH SOCIAL SECURITY AND/OR PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME IN 1979				WITH SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME IN 1979				WITH PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME IN 1979			
	INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL		INCOME IN 1979 ABOVE POVERTY LEVEL		INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL		INCOME IN 1979 ABOVE POVERTY LEVEL		INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL		INCOME IN 1979 ABOVE POVERTY LEVEL	
	TOTAL	BELOW POV. LEVEL EXCL. SOCIAL SECURITY AND/OR PUBLIC ASSISTANCE	TOTAL	BELOW POV. LEVEL EXCL. SOCIAL SECURITY AND/OR PUBLIC ASSISTANCE	TOTAL	BELOW POV. LEVEL EXCL. SOCIAL SECURITY	TOTAL	BELOW POV. LEVEL EXCL. SOCIAL SECURITY	TOTAL	BELOW POV. LEVEL EXCL. PUBLIC ASSISTANCE	TOTAL	BELOW POV. LEVEL EXCL. PUBLIC ASSISTANCE
TOTAL												
TOTAL PERSONS	21 017	8 062	12 955	4 186	15 229	4 406	10 823	3 501	8 809	4 916	3 893	992
IN FAMILIES	16 623	5 551	11 072	3 007	11 323	2 301	9 022	2 375	7 727	4 039	3 688	920
HOUSEHOLDER	5 371	1 567	3 804	1 168	3 962	700	3 262	994	2 123	1 081	1 042	291
FEMALE, NO HUSBAND PRESENT	2 212	1 010	1 202	367	1 270	351	919	237	1 280	787	493	177
OTHER	3 159	557	2 602	801	2 692	349	2 343	757	843	294	549	114
RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	4 406	2 658	1 748	358	1 797	798	999	154	3 168	2 196	972	217
RELATED CHILDREN 5 TO 17 YEARS	3 204	1 859	1 345	258	1 404	604	800	116	2 191	1 499	692	141
OTHER RELATIVES	6 846	1 326	5 520	1 481	5 564	803	4 761	1 227	2 436	762	1 674	412
UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS	4 394	2 511	1 883	1 179	3 906	2 105	1 801	1 126	1 082	877	205	72
IN HOUSEHOLDS	4 355	2 496	1 859	1 155	3 874	2 097	1 777	1 102	1 075	870	205	72
LIVING ALONE	3 906	2 202	1 704	1 038	3 462	1 838	1 624	993	954	768	186	64
IN GROUP QUARTERS	39	15	24	24	32	8	24	24	7	7	-	-
TOTAL PERSONS	21 017	8 062	12 955	4 186	15 229	4 406	10 823	3 501	8 809	4 916	3 893	992
UNDER 16 YEARS	3 816	2 374	1 442	299	1 453	672	781	114	2 805	1 976	829	200
16 TO 21 YEARS	1 784	677	1 107	217	1 144	294	850	132	965	502	465	110
22 TO 24 YEARS	852	349	503	92	525	132	393	39	475	252	223	49
25 TO 34 YEARS	1 536	554	982	116	804	167	637	94	911	446	465	44
35 TO 44 YEARS	1 094	360	734	190	681	169	512	124	536	230	306	72
45 TO 54 YEARS	1 556	455	1 101	248	1 040	179	861	187	686	335	351	81
55 TO 59 YEARS	1 050	294	756	260	896	190	706	211	387	164	223	75
60 TO 64 YEARS	1 776	532	1 244	293	1 548	379	1 169	269	439	191	248	60
65 YEARS AND OVER	7 553	2 467	5 086	2 471	7 138	2 224	4 914	2 331	1 605	820	785	301

TABLE 249. POVERTY STATUS IN 1979 OF PERSONS WITH SOCIAL SECURITY OR PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME BY RELATIONSHIP, AGE, RACE, AND SPANISH ORIGIN: 1980 - CON.

EXCLUDES INMATES OF INSTITUTIONS, PERSONS IN MILITARY GROUP QUARTERS AND IN COLLEGE DORMITORIES, AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS UNDER 15 YEARS. DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDIXES A AND B3

MACON CITY

	WITH SOCIAL SECURITY AND/OR PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME IN 1979				WITH SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME IN 1979				WITH PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME IN 1979			
	INCOME IN 1979 ABOVE POVERTY LEVEL		BELOW POV. LEVEL EXCL. SOCIAL SE- CURITY AND /OR PUBLIC ASSISTANCE		INCOME IN 1979 ABOVE POVERTY LEVEL		BELOW POV. LEVEL EXCL. SOCIAL SECURITY		INCOME IN 1979 ABOVE POVERTY LEVEL		BELOW POV. LEVEL EXCL. PUBLIC ASSISTANCE	
	TOTAL	LEVEL	TOTAL	LEVEL	TOTAL	LEVEL	TOTAL	LEVEL	TOTAL	LEVEL	TOTAL	LEVEL
TOTAL												
TOTAL PERSONS	39 954	14 494	25 460	7 226	27 671	6 379	21 292	5 863	19 286	10 943	8 343	1 712
IN FAMILIES	33 920	11 559	22 361	5 515	22 490	4 157	18 333	4 285	17 740	9 716	8 024	1 534
HOUSEHOLDER	10 541	2 985	7 556	2 128	7 746	1 217	6 529	1 750	4 512	2 363	2 149	495
FEMALE, NO HUSBAND PRESENT	4 301	2 109	2 192	748	2 390	615	1 775	533	2 834	1 851	983	299
OTHER	6 240	876	5 364	1 380	5 356	602	4 754	1 217	1 678	512	1 166	196
RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	9 590	5 800	3 790	827	3 914	1 382	2 532	442	7 372	5 314	2 058	442
RELATED CHILDREN 5 TO 17 YEARS	7 152	4 183	2 969	646	3 148	1 020	2 128	400	5 339	3 809	1 530	309
OTHER RELATIVES	13 789	2 774	11 015	2 560	10 830	1 558	9 272	2 093	5 856	2 039	3 817	597
UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS	6 034	2 935	3 099	1 711	5 181	2 222	2 959	1 578	1 546	1 227	319	178
IN HOUSEHOLDS	5 994	2 907	3 087	1 711	5 146	2 199	2 947	1 578	1 533	1 214	319	178
LIVING ALONE	5 266	2 469	2 797	1 548	4 616	1 927	2 689	1 433	1 241	972	269	153
IN GROUP QUARTERS	40	28	12	-	35	23	12	-	13	13	-	-
TOTAL PERSONS	39 954	14 494	25 460	7 226	27 671	6 379	21 292	5 863	19 286	10 943	8 343	1 712
UNDER 16 YEARS	8 170	5 047	3 123	657	3 190	1 168	2 022	336	6 322	4 615	1 707	362
16 TO 21 YEARS	3 921	1 793	2 128	454	2 088	567	1 521	311	2 701	1 593	1 108	194
22 TO 24 YEARS	1 465	655	810	136	741	231	510	55	1 037	568	469	73
25 TO 34 YEARS	3 255	1 261	1 994	308	1 745	371	1 374	214	2 054	1 092	962	120
35 TO 44 YEARS	2 555	802	1 753	361	1 632	298	1 334	244	1 452	668	784	160
45 TO 54 YEARS	3 257	847	2 410	533	2 248	361	1 887	395	1 551	628	923	189
55 TO 59 YEARS	2 079	543	1 534	378	1 647	298	1 349	292	805	311	494	93
60 TO 64 YEARS	3 397	765	2 632	758	3 142	677	2 465	670	824	280	544	159
65 YEARS AND OVER	11 855	2 779	9 076	3 661	11 238	2 408	8 830	3 346	2 540	1 188	1 352	362

TABLE 250. FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS WITH INCOME IN 1979 BELOW THE POVERTY LEVEL BY INCOME, PERSONS IN FAMILY, PRESENCE OF RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS, SEX, RACE, AND SPANISH ORIGIN: 1980

EXCLUDES INMATES OF INSTITUTIONS, PERSONS IN MILITARY GROUP QUARTERS AND IN COLLEGE DORMITORIES, AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS UNDER 15 YEARS. DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDIXES A AND B)

GEORGIA

	FAMILIES										WITHOUT RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	WITH RELATED CHILDREN <18 YRS		UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS
	TOTAL	PERSONS IN FAMILY										TOTAL	FAMILY	
		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 OR MORE	PER PERSONS PER FAMILY				
TOTAL	189 007	61 535	37 957	34 343	24 471	14 391	9 858	2 722	3 730	3.75	51 831	137 176	2.49	176 023
WITHOUT INCOME IN 1979	11 294	4 601	2 982	1 803	1 000	516	298	52	42	3.21	3 376	7 918	2.13	25 408
LOSS	2 791	1 045	603	612	378	123	14	11	5	3.32	1 221	1 570	2.04	7 737
\$1 TO \$499	8 123	2 746	1 968	1 566	908	525	292	62	56	3.48	1 766	6 357	2.30	7 667
\$500 TO \$999	5 563	2 139	1 418	950	509	248	239	19	41	3.33	1 501	4 062	2.10	7 671
\$1,000 TO \$1,999	20 689	7 911	6 242	3 242	1 760	772	519	137	106	3.22	4 269	16 420	2.03	29 686
\$2,000 TO \$2,999	27 930	12 430	5 401	4 661	3 009	1 328	756	125	220	3.25	9 802	18 128	2.34	69 532
\$3,000 TO \$3,999	32 081	17 915	5 870	3 781	2 321	1 233	659	177	125	2.96	16 278	15 803	2.18	35 322
\$4,000 TO \$4,999	28 540	12 748	6 761	4 020	2 352	1 350	852	237	220	3.21	11 603	16 937	2.18	-
\$5,000 TO \$5,999	17 399	-	6 712	5 044	2 713	1 373	947	315	295	4.25	1 514	15 885	2.39	-
\$6,000 TO \$6,999	11 877	-	-	5 635	3 059	1 700	907	252	344	4.99	269	11 608	2.88	-
\$7,000 TO \$7,999	9 434	-	-	3 029	3 338	1 358	904	304	301	5.27	184	9 258	3.02	-
\$8,000 TO \$8,999	6 844	-	-	-	3 077	2 063	1 161	220	343	5.91	56	6 808	3.47	-
\$9,000 TO \$9,999	3 035	-	-	-	47	1 534	971	172	311	6.82	1	3 034	3.98	-
\$10,000 AND OVER	3 407	-	-	-	-	68	1 359	659	1 321	8.25	11	3 396	4.80	-
MEDIAN	\$3 565	\$2 992	\$3 062	\$4 138	\$4 999	\$5 802	\$6 389	\$6 974	\$8 321	...	\$3 245	\$3 894	...	\$2 242
MEAN	\$3 679	\$2 587	\$2 852	\$3 793	\$4 584	\$5 340	\$6 074	\$6 764	\$8 131	...	\$2 840	\$3 996	...	\$1 924
FAMILIES WITH FEMALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO HUSBAND PRESENT AND FEMALE UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS														
WITHOUT INCOME IN 1979	83 598	24 555	20 556	15 605	10 258	5 783	4 123	1 174	1 544	3.74	10 669	72 929	2.48	118 574
LOSS	5 515	1 940	1 730	911	449	294	152	30	9	3.26	610	4 905	2.19	14 673
\$1 TO \$499	4 846	1 519	1 213	903	612	342	176	42	39	3.53	397	4 449	2.40	4 742
\$500 TO \$999	2 856	1 167	743	450	242	110	113	13	18	3.27	341	2 515	2.09	4 633
\$1,000 TO \$1,999	12 829	4 760	4 396	1 871	932	426	290	109	45	3.18	1 058	11 771	2.04	19 364
\$2,000 TO \$2,999	15 411	5 740	3 239	3 013	1 901	921	438	86	110	3.42	2 643	12 768	2.41	51 631
\$3,000 TO \$3,999	12 302	5 160	3 049	1 784	1 102	638	403	87	79	3.30	2 869	9 433	2.26	23 229
\$4,000 TO \$4,999	11 462	4 192	3 075	1 794	1 160	577	409	108	147	3.43	2 129	9 333	2.26	-
\$5,000 TO \$5,999	7 456	-	3 083	1 912	1 011	599	507	165	179	4.30	411	7 045	2.70	-
\$6,000 TO \$6,999	4 909	-	-	2 040	1 110	507	305	57	190	5.04	81	4 123	3.25	-
\$7,000 TO \$7,999	2 943	-	-	905	996	462	312	128	140	5.41	40	2 903	3.42	-
\$8,000 TO \$8,999	1 871	-	-	-	723	604	360	69	115	6.07	11	1 860	3.71	-
\$9,000 TO \$9,999	782	-	-	-	6	312	308	67	89	7.05	-	782	4.01	-
\$10,000 AND OVER	952	-	-	-	-	10	345	213	384	8.47	-	952	4.87	-
MEDIAN	\$3 015	\$2 490	\$2 669	\$3 355	\$3 888	\$4 311	\$5 149	\$5 679	\$6 768	...	\$3 072	\$2 998	...	\$2 302
MEAN	\$3 297	\$2 381	\$2 732	\$3 489	\$4 008	\$4 474	\$5 227	\$5 985	\$7 145	...	\$2 895	\$3 356	...	\$2 015
WHITE														
TOTAL	86 288	35 514	17 336	15 889	9 973	4 696	2 096	412	372	3.32	32 777	53 511	2.21	106 425
WITHOUT INCOME IN 1979	5 123	2 606	1 298	733	302	107	58	11	8	2.88	2 094	3 029	1.90	12 640
LOSS	2 603	1 013	543	586	351	99	9	2	-	3.23	1 158	1 445	1.97	6 614
\$1 TO \$499	2 703	1 166	683	529	209	90	24	2	-	3.08	980	1 723	1.99	4 172
\$500 TO \$999	2 366	1 150	643	379	118	56	13	-	-	2.88	962	1 404	1.78	4 533
\$1,000 TO \$1,999	7 761	3 528	2 134	1 282	545	198	60	-	14	2.99	2 571	5 190	1.83	18 135
\$2,000 TO \$2,999	11 476	6 375	2 167	1 637	876	281	109	15	16	2.88	5 663	5 813	2.01	41 996
\$3,000 TO \$3,999	17 130	11 401	2 768	1 625	925	311	77	23	-	2.62	10 648	6 482	1.89	24 335
\$4,000 TO \$4,999	15 034	8 275	3 364	1 876	887	431	155	22	24	2.83	7 693	7 341	1.85	-
\$5,000 TO \$5,999	8 138	-	3 736	2 651	1 138	405	167	23	18	3.87	843	7 295	2.05	-
\$6,000 TO \$6,999	4 995	-	-	2 846	1 356	611	149	36	17	4.63	124	4 871	2.55	-
\$7,000 TO \$7,999	4 272	-	-	1 745	1 623	564	272	62	6	4.90	40	4 232	2.74	-
\$8,000 TO \$8,999	2 862	-	-	-	1 450	856	263	47	46	5.54	1	2 861	3.29	-
\$9,000 TO \$9,999	1 017	-	-	-	13	666	249	38	51	6.58	-	1 017	4.17	-
\$10,000 AND OVER	808	-	-	-	-	21	491	131	165	7.68	-	808	4.84	-
MEDIAN	\$3 649	\$3 168	\$3 434	\$4 626	\$5 680	\$6 606	\$7 835	\$8 213	\$9 588	...	\$3 278	\$4 227	...	\$2 312
MEAN	\$3 549	\$2 656	\$2 970	\$3 931	\$4 917	\$5 847	\$7 138	\$7 751	\$8 863	...	\$2 772	\$4 024	...	\$2 012
FAMILIES WITH FEMALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO HUSBAND PRESENT AND FEMALE UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS														
WITHOUT INCOME IN 1979	22 379	9 589	6 250	3 657	1 828	693	306	25	31	3.08	4 394	17 985	2.06	74 770
LOSS	1 848	840	644	230	79	33	22	-	-	2.88	275	1 573	1.91	7 713
\$1 TO \$499	1 103	342	270	160	85	32	10	-	-	2.53	68	535	1.89	2 599
\$500 TO \$999	899	465	261	107	33	20	-	-	-	3.15	90	809	2.16	2 679
\$1,000 TO \$1,999	2 865	1 431	918	368	89	48	11	-	-	2.72	141	745	1.74	2 894
\$2,000 TO \$2,999	3 777	2 059	800	521	293	74	27	-	-	2.78	398	2 467	1.74	11 849
\$3,000 TO \$3,999	4 123	2 406	984	430	206	67	30	-	-	2.86	1 041	2 736	2.01	32 475
\$4,000 TO \$4,999	3 858	1 969	1 133	477	180	54	31	-	-	2.74	1 296	2 827	1.87	16 901
\$5,000 TO \$5,999	2 020	-	1 228	537	188	52	11	-	-	2.80	903	2 955	1.75	-
\$6,000 TO \$6,999	857	-	-	331	250	50	26	-	-	3.60	158	1 862	2.27	-
\$7,000 TO \$7,999	672	-	-	286	243	87	40	-	-	4.57	18	839	2.92	-
\$8,000 TO \$8,999	322	-	-	-	182	113	26	-	-	4.93	6	666	3.22	-
\$9,000 TO \$9,999	88	-	-	-	59	27	5	-	-	5.53	-	322	3.66	-
\$10,000 AND OVER	61	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	6.68	-	88	4.33	-
MEDIAN	\$3 197	\$2 796	\$3 224	\$4 005	\$4 717	\$5 279	\$6 423	\$7 531	\$4 893	...	\$3 142	\$3 222	...	\$2 369
MEAN	\$3 164	\$2 548	\$2 966	\$3 776	\$4 527	\$5 076	\$5 922	\$7 373	\$7 329	...	\$2 883	\$3 233	...	\$2 105

TABLE 250. FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS WITH INCOME IN 1979 BELOW THE POVERTY LEVEL BY INCOME, PERSONS IN FAMILY, PRESENCE OF RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS, SEX, RACE, AND SPANISH ORIGIN: 1980 - CON.

EXCLUDES INMATES OF INSTITUTIONS, PERSONS IN MILITARY GROUP QUARTERS AND IN COLLEGE DORMITORIES, AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS UNDER 15 YEARS. DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDIXES A AND B

GEORGIA

	FAMILIES											WITHOUT RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	WITH RELATED CHILDREN <18 YRS		UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS
	TOTAL	PERSONS IN FAMILY								9 OR MORE	PERSONS PER FAMILY		TOTAL	PER RELATED CHILDREN	
		2	3	4	5	6	7	8							
BLACK															
TOTAL	101 053	25 614	20 137	18 125	14 344	9 557	7 669	2 278	3 329	4.12	18 693	82 360	2.68	67 423	
WITHOUT INCOME IN 1979	5 858	1 897	1 569	1 033	678	385	224	41	29	3.48	1 180	4 678	2.29	11 984	
LOSS	178	32	55	26	22	24	5	9	5	4.49	63	115	2.94	123	
\$1 TO \$499	5 354	1 554	1 258	1 024	699	435	268	60	56	3.69	768	4 586	2.43	3 387	
\$500 TO \$999	3 095	960	727	565	382	192	226	13	30	3.67	532	2 563	2.29	2 965	
\$1,000 TO \$1,999	12 821	4 331	4 079	1 940	1 215	568	459	137	92	3.37	1 652	11 169	2.14	11 302	
\$2,000 TO \$2,999	16 255	5 998	3 169	2 975	2 126	1 041	641	110	195	3.50	4 108	12 147	2.50	27 026	
\$3,000 TO \$3,999	14 787	6 459	3 049	2 122	1 383	920	575	154	125	3.35	5 583	9 204	2.38	10 636	
\$4,000 TO \$4,999	13 316	4 383	3 337	2 117	1 456	915	697	215	196	3.64	3 817	9 499	2.44	-	
\$5,000 TO \$5,999	9 060	-	2 894	2 324	1 553	961	769	282	277	4.60	665	8 395	2.70	-	
\$6,000 TO \$6,999	6 776	-	-	2 728	1 702	1 068	758	193	327	5.26	145	6 631	3.13	-	
\$7,000 TO \$7,999	5 102	-	-	1 269	1 663	978	623	242	295	5.58	140	4 962	3.27	-	
\$8,000 TO \$8,999	3 971	-	-	1 401	1 184	865	173	286	6.18	-	35	3 876	3.60	-	
\$9,000 TO \$9,999	1 078	-	-	34	844	706	134	260	6.95	-	1	1 977	3.88	-	
\$10,000 AND OVER	2 562	-	-	-	40	851	513	1 156	8.44	-	4	2 558	4.79	-	
MEDIAN	\$3 471	\$2 672	\$2 751	\$3 706	\$4 458	\$5 311	\$5 962	\$6 611	\$8 131	...	\$3 187	\$3 643	...	\$2 146	
MEAN	\$3 795	\$2 500	\$2 765	\$3 671	\$4 352	\$5 083	\$5 779	\$6 582	\$8 085	...	\$2 968	\$3 983	...	\$1 804	
FAMILIES WITH FEMALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO HUSBAND PRESENT AND FEMALE UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS															
TOTAL	60 730	14 802	14 121	11 858	8 406	5 077	3 817	1 136	1 513	3.98	6 219	54 511	2.63	42 713	
WITHOUT INCOME IN 1979	3 604	1 070	1 058	676	370	261	130	30	9	3.48	325	3 279	2.33	6 631	
LOSS	56	-	16	12	9	14	5	-	-	4.61	11	45	2.60	43	
\$1 TO \$499	3 914	1 155	937	738	527	310	166	42	39	3.63	299	3 615	2.45	2 038	
\$500 TO \$999	1 919	673	469	343	200	90	113	13	18	3.55	193	1 726	2.25	1 653	
\$1,000 TO \$1,999	9 937	3 317	3 463	1 503	843	378	279	109	45	3.30	660	9 277	2.13	7 381	
\$2,000 TO \$2,999	11 531	3 651	2 397	2 468	1 601	810	411	86	107	3.60	1 598	9 933	2.53	18 856	
\$3,000 TO \$3,999	8 124	2 735	2 036	1 347	896	571	373	87	79	3.59	1 561	6 563	2.42	6 111	
\$4,000 TO \$4,999	7 540	2 201	1 916	1 308	977	519	378	108	133	3.76	1 211	6 329	2.50	-	
\$5,000 TO \$5,999	5 380	-	1 829	1 355	825	547	496	151	179	4.56	233	5 127	2.86	-	
\$6,000 TO \$6,999	3 329	-	-	1 489	860	457	279	54	190	5.16	63	3 262	3.35	-	
\$7,000 TO \$7,999	2 271	-	-	619	753	375	272	112	140	5.55	34	2 237	3.48	-	
\$8,000 TO \$8,999	1 540	-	-	-	541	482	334	68	115	6.19	11	1 529	3.74	-	
\$9,000 TO \$9,999	694	-	-	-	6	253	281	67	87	7.10	-	694	3.97	-	
\$10,000 AND OVER	891	-	-	-	-	10	300	209	372	8.53	-	891	4.91	-	
MEDIAN	\$2 948	\$2 325	\$2 466	\$3 140	\$3 729	\$4 201	\$5 108	\$5 616	\$6 776	...	\$3 015	\$2 938	...	\$2 192	
MEAN	\$3 352	\$2 280	\$2 630	\$3 396	\$3 906	\$4 384	\$5 166	\$5 958	\$7 141	...	\$2 909	\$3 402	...	\$1 869	
SPANISH ORIGIN															
TOTAL	2 577	620	575	522	265	234	164	74	123	4.14	501	2 076	2.59	2 303	
WITHOUT INCOME IN 1979	222	63	57	53	15	18	12	4	-	3.78	44	178	2.39	548	
LOSS	32	15	10	-	-	-	7	-	-	3.38	15	17	2.24	-	
\$1 TO \$499	134	18	52	42	8	-	14	-	-	3.74	6	128	2.34	104	
\$500 TO \$999	80	9	19	34	10	-	8	-	-	3.86	6	74	1.81	180	
\$1,000 TO \$1,999	340	121	133	41	27	18	-	-	-	3.10	85	255	1.87	351	
\$2,000 TO \$2,999	327	92	106	85	18	17	6	3	-	3.34	74	253	2.06	677	
\$3,000 TO \$3,999	365	136	91	54	35	39	5	-	5	3.42	131	234	2.24	443	
\$4,000 TO \$4,999	295	166	51	46	13	7	11	-	-	2.87	129	166	1.85	-	
\$5,000 TO \$5,999	231	-	56	59	31	27	30	-	23	5.05	7	224	2.74	-	
\$6,000 TO \$6,999	153	-	-	77	22	21	14	-	19	5.37	-	133	2.84	-	
\$7,000 TO \$7,999	140	-	-	31	34	26	30	-	18	5.59	-	136	3.03	-	
\$8,000 TO \$8,999	127	-	-	-	52	35	12	15	13	6.29	-	127	4.12	-	
\$9,000 TO \$9,999	71	-	-	-	-	26	11	10	24	8.21	-	71	4.99	-	
\$10,000 AND OVER	60	-	-	-	-	4	19	37	8.82	-	-	60	5.23	-	
MEDIAN	\$3 421	\$2 913	\$2 156	\$3 111	\$5 210	\$5 667	\$5 633	\$8 467	\$8 962	...	\$3 157	\$3 568	...	\$1 910	
MEAN	\$3 724	\$2 566	\$2 202	\$3 287	\$4 804	\$5 320	\$4 923	\$8 356	\$8 776	...	\$2 752	\$3 958	...	\$1 640	
FAMILIES WITH FEMALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO HUSBAND PRESENT AND FEMALE UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS															
TOTAL	1 136	286	319	241	92	79	64	21	34	3.82	136	1 000	2.52	1 275	
WITHOUT INCOME IN 1979	114	45	46	18	-	5	-	-	-	3.12	21	93	2.18	256	
LOSS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
\$1 TO \$499	93	18	42	17	8	-	8	-	-	3.43	6	87	2.41	71	
\$500 TO \$999	31	3	7	21	-	-	-	-	-	3.13	-	31	1.39	86	
\$1,000 TO \$1,999	198	54	79	27	27	11	-	-	-	3.34	16	182	2.18	200	
\$2,000 TO \$2,999	197	61	61	44	7	15	6	3	-	3.44	24	173	2.41	474	
\$3,000 TO \$3,999	129	35	37	19	5	23	5	-	5	4.06	37	92	3.13	188	
\$4,000 TO \$4,999	133	70	17	39	-	7	-	-	-	2.83	28	105	1.72	-	
\$5,000 TO \$5,999	105	-	30	22	21	7	16	-	9	4.29	4	101	2.32	-	
\$6,000 TO \$6,999	48	-	-	31	8	-	-	-	9	5.31	-	48	3.13	-	
\$7,000 TO \$7,999	21	-	-	3	-	-	-	14	3	7.24	-	21	4.33	-	
\$8,000 TO \$8,999	24	-	-	-	16	-	-	-	8	6.94	-	24	5.21	-	
\$9,000 TO \$9,999	27	-	-	-	-	16	6	5	-	6.70	-	27	3.78	-	
\$10,000 AND OVER	16	-	-	-	-	-	4	10	2	7.69	-	16	5.06	-	
MEDIAN	\$2 670	\$2 377	\$1 817	\$2 852	\$3 800	\$3 587	\$5 500	\$9 900	\$4 333	...	\$3 027	\$2 619	...	\$2 052	
MEAN	\$3 104	\$2 337	\$1 992	\$3 122	\$4 075	\$4 410	\$5 068	\$9 135	\$6 770	...	\$2 689	\$3 160	...	\$1 716	

TABLE 250. FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS WITH INCOME IN 1979 BELOW THE POVERTY LEVEL BY INCOME, PERSONS IN FAMILY, PRESENCE OF RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS, SEX, RACE, AND SPANISH ORIGIN: 1980 - CON.

EXCLUDES INMATES OF INSTITUTIONS, PERSONS IN MILITARY GROUP QUARTERS AND IN COLLEGE DORMITORIES, AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS UNDER 15 YEARS. DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDICES A AND B.

RURAL

	FAMILIES										PERSONS PER FAMILY	WITHOUT RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	WITH RELATED CHILDREN <18 YRS		UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS
	PERSONS IN FAMILY												TOTAL	RELATED CHILDREN PER FAMILY	
	TOTAL	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 OR MORE						
TOTAL	76 344	26 395	13 568	13 268	9 714	6 190	4 136	1 208	1 865	3.80	26 117	50 227	2.61	52 797	
WITHOUT INCOME IN 1979	3 877	1 667	919	623	328	172	128	24	16	3.26	1 468	2 409	2.31	5 793	
LOSS	2 178	798	431	492	362	102	2	11	-	3.35	935	1 243	2.06	352	
\$1 TO \$499	2 321	743	533	489	211	180	115	30	20	3.66	652	1 669	2.42	1 777	
\$500 TO \$999	1 788	683	441	286	154	126	79	-	19	3.45	697	1 091	2.46	1 886	
\$1,000 TO \$1,999	6 437	2 630	1 571	1 023	567	340	223	30	53	3.31	1 994	4 443	2.13	8 996	
\$2,000 TO \$2,999	10 122	5 281	1 897	1 259	949	350	267	42	76	3.08	4 777	5 345	2.26	23 814	
\$3,000 TO \$3,999	14 531	8 818	2 173	1 580	967	551	314	72	56	2.89	8 792	5 739	2.28	10 179	
\$4,000 TO \$4,999	12 174	5 775	2 724	1 693	967	538	280	81	116	3.16	5 775	6 399	2.19	-	
\$5,000 TO \$5,999	7 388	-	2 879	2 241	1 093	594	334	107	140	4.26	771	6 617	2.35	-	
\$6,000 TO \$6,999	4 958	-	-	2 257	1 278	793	374	86	170	5.09	144	4 814	2.89	-	
\$7,000 TO \$7,999	4 295	-	-	1 325	1 468	774	390	180	162	5.36	78	4 221	3.08	-	
\$8,000 TO \$8,999	3 117	-	-	-	1 354	888	577	129	169	6.02	29	3 088	3.53	-	
\$9,000 TO \$9,999	1 527	-	-	-	35	752	470	91	178	6.73	1	1 526	4.02	-	
\$10,000 AND OVER	1 627	-	-	-	-	29	583	325	690	8.45	4	1 623	4.93	-	
MEDIAN	\$3 788	\$3 158	\$3 457	\$4 521	\$5 340	\$6 178	\$6 872	\$7 672	\$8 618	...	\$3 288	\$4 496	...	\$2 319	
MEAN	\$3 842	\$2 674	\$3 013	\$3 885	\$4 721	\$5 513	\$6 282	\$7 187	\$8 398	...	\$2 825	\$4 371	...	\$2 028	
FAMILIES WITH FEMALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO HUSBAND PRESENT AND FEMALE UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS															
WITHOUT INCOME IN 1979	21 130	6 373	4 789	3 647	2 571	1 653	1 178	369	550	3.87	3 580	17 550	2.62	36 943	
LOSS	1 395	467	42	260	95	82	52	10	5	3.39	182	1 213	2.35	3 710	
\$1 TO \$499	54	26	7	4	9	8	-	-	-	3.26	35	21	2.52	121	
\$500 TO \$999	855	178	195	204	97	105	58	15	3	4.00	46	809	2.73	1 163	
\$1,000 TO \$1,999	619	199	167	95	72	65	21	-	-	3.59	101	518	2.58	1 019	
\$2,000 TO \$2,999	2 600	1 031	734	393	200	133	68	24	17	3.26	324	2 276	2.13	6 133	
\$3,000 TO \$3,999	3 725	1 676	786	512	426	172	103	25	25	3.27	890	2 835	2.33	17 949	
\$4,000 TO \$4,999	3 375	1 492	671	466	324	194	173	17	38	3.40	997	2 378	2.48	6 848	
\$5,000 TO \$5,999	3 222	1 304	816	442	324	132	101	38	63	3.41	771	2 431	2.30	-	
\$6,000 TO \$6,999	2 155	-	989	554	240	172	110	51	39	4.24	183	1 972	2.64	-	
\$7,000 TO \$7,999	1 081	-	-	485	319	135	68	14	60	5.16	27	1 054	3.38	-	
\$8,000 TO \$8,999	884	-	-	232	264	171	89	68	60	5.71	22	862	3.65	-	
\$9,000 TO \$9,999	567	-	-	-	193	168	148	17	39	6.27	4	563	3.68	-	
\$10,000 AND OVER	252	-	-	-	6	111	77	28	30	6.81	-	252	3.79	-	
MEDIAN	\$3 390	\$2 767	\$3 122	\$3 763	\$4 193	\$4 511	\$5 118	\$6 321	\$7 383	...	\$3 215	\$3 464	...	\$2 352	
MEAN	\$3 585	\$2 633	\$3 022	\$3 639	\$4 227	\$4 564	\$5 363	\$6 257	\$7 607	...	\$3 059	\$3 692	...	\$2 109	
WHITE															
TOTAL	48 369	19 990	9 070	8 828	5 836	2 899	1 228	278	240	3.36	19 969	28 400	2.29	38 253	
WITHOUT INCOME IN 1979	2 483	1 279	555	353	185	59	37	7	8	2.96	1 128	1 355	2.09	3 740	
LOSS	2 105	781	419	480	333	88	2	2	-	3.30	906	1 199	2.01	3 325	
\$1 TO \$499	1 242	324	312	250	97	43	14	2	-	3.12	511	731	1.97	1 035	
\$500 TO \$999	1 093	505	301	190	37	40	13	-	7	2.96	554	539	2.03	1 167	
\$1,000 TO \$1,999	4 019	1 787	1 019	710	323	134	44	-	-	3.05	1 445	2 574	1.90	6 456	
\$2,000 TO \$2,999	6 172	3 626	1 146	767	438	119	62	8	6	2.80	3 455	2 717	1.97	17 364	
\$3,000 TO \$3,999	10 170	6 914	1 489	906	574	214	50	23	-	2.61	6 846	3 324	1.98	8 161	
\$4,000 TO \$4,999	8 393	4 574	1 792	1 122	533	250	79	19	24	2.87	4 495	3 898	1.91	-	
\$5,000 TO \$5,999	4 692	-	2 037	1 600	661	283	88	5	18	3.92	517	4 175	2.07	-	
\$6,000 TO \$6,999	2 696	-	-	1 483	733	366	84	13	17	4.69	86	2 610	2.62	-	
\$7,000 TO \$7,999	2 473	-	-	967	974	353	133	44	2	4.95	25	2 448	2.79	-	
\$8,000 TO \$8,999	1 697	-	-	-	935	522	176	38	26	5.56	1	1 696	3.35	-	
\$9,000 TO \$9,999	666	-	-	-	13	418	165	31	39	6.61	-	666	4.19	-	
\$10,000 AND OVER	468	-	-	-	10	281	86	91	91	7.65	-	468	4.78	-	
MEDIAN	\$3 695	\$3 216	\$3 526	\$4 676	\$5 602	\$6 600	\$8 046	\$8 421	\$9 256	...	\$3 290	\$4 452	...	\$2 369	
MEAN	\$3 545	\$2 659	\$2 977	\$3 841	\$4 746	\$5 780	\$7 124	\$7 766	\$8 604	...	\$2 738	\$4 112	...	\$2 091	
FAMILIES WITH FEMALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO HUSBAND PRESENT AND FEMALE UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS															
WITHOUT INCOME IN 1979	9 052	3 876	2 362	1 508	813	305	152	16	20	3.13	2 069	6 983	2.16	27 914	
LOSS	710	305	225	94	50	14	22	-	-	3.03	113	597	2.09	2 431	
\$1 TO \$499	37	26	7	4	-	-	-	-	-	2.41	33	4	0.75	112	
\$500 TO \$999	294	66	102	69	39	13	5	-	-	3.50	20	274	2.40	702	
\$1,000 TO \$1,999	294	116	100	49	9	20	-	-	-	3.01	67	227	2.20	4 652	
\$2,000 TO \$2,999	1 170	585	319	175	48	32	11	-	-	2.86	190	980	1.87	4 507	
\$3,000 TO \$3,999	1 516	933	287	160	108	22	6	-	-	2.71	496	1 020	1.89	13 676	
\$4,000 TO \$4,999	1 717	993	358	201	106	36	23	-	-	2.79	624	1 093	2.00	5 834	
\$5,000 TO \$5,999	1 539	852	400	156	94	12	11	-	14	2.79	426	1 113	1.80	-	
\$6,000 TO \$6,999	940	-	564	267	78	27	4	-	-	3.60	84	856	2.24	-	
\$7,000 TO \$7,999	346	-	-	208	109	23	6	-	-	4.55	10	336	3.05	-	
\$8,000 TO \$8,999	294	-	-	125	114	32	12	11	-	4.99	6	288	3.33	-	
\$9,000 TO \$9,999	133	-	-	-	58	16	1	-	-	5.92	-	133	4.20	-	
\$10,000 AND OVER	22	-	-	-	16	6	2	-	-	6.55	-	22	4.23	-	
MEDIAN	\$3 294	\$2 900	\$3 394	\$4 013	\$4 495	\$5 130	\$7 727	\$4 714	...	\$3 185	\$3 356	...	...	\$2 406
MEAN	\$3 274	\$2 699	\$3 093	\$3 806	\$4 379	\$4 840	\$5 486	\$7 966	\$6 813	...	\$2 943	\$3 373	...	\$2 188	

TABLE 250. FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS WITH INCOME IN 1979 BELOW THE POVERTY LEVEL BY INCOME, PERSONS IN FAMILY, PRESENCE OF RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS, SEX, RACE, AND SPANISH ORIGIN: 1980 - CON.

EXCLUDES INMATES OF INSTITUTIONS, PERSONS IN MILITARY GROUP QUARTERS AND IN COLLEGE DORMITORIES, AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS UNDER 15 YEARS. DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDIXES A AND B.

RURAL

	FAMILIES										WITHOUT RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	WITH RELATED CHILDREN <18 YRS		UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS	
	TOTAL	PERSONS IN FAMILY										PER PERSONS PER FAMILY	TOTAL		RELATED CHILDREN PER FAMILY
		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 OR MORE						
BLACK															
TOTAL	27 601	6 320	4 378	4 381	3 827	3 271	2 883	925	1 616	4.58	6 068	21 533	3.03	14 154	
WITHOUT INCOME IN 1979	1 331	364	341	259	141	110	91	17	8	3.83	307	1 024	2.62	2 000	
LOSS	73	17	12	12	9	14	-	9	-	4.82	29	44	3.35	27	
\$1 TO \$499	1 079	219	221	239	114	137	101	28	20	4.28	141	938	2.77	720	
\$500 TO \$999	652	171	110	90	117	86	66	-	12	4.28	143	509	2.98	697	
\$1,000 TO \$1,999	2 417	843	551	313	244	206	179	30	51	3.73	549	1 868	2.44	2 473	
\$2,000 TO \$2,999	3 914	1 653	744	470	511	232	204	34	66	3.50	1 320	2 594	2.55	6 305	
\$3,000 TO \$3,999	4 324	1 880	678	669	393	335	264	49	56	3.55	1 923	2 401	2.69	1 932	
\$4,000 TO \$4,999	3 718	1 173	906	568	428	288	201	62	92	3.81	1 258	2 460	2.64	-	
\$5,000 TO \$5,999	2 649	-	815	629	424	311	246	102	122	4.88	254	2 395	2.85	-	
\$6,000 TO \$6,999	2 236	-	-	774	539	427	290	73	153	5.54	58	2 198	3.22	-	
\$7,000 TO \$7,999	1 791	-	-	358	472	415	250	134	160	5.93	53	1 738	3.47	-	
\$8,000 TO \$8,999	1 397	-	-	-	412	362	394	91	138	6.57	28	1 369	3.75	-	
\$9,000 TO \$9,999	856	-	-	-	23	329	305	60	139	6.82	1	855	3.87	-	
\$10,000 AND OVER	1 144	-	-	-	-	19	292	234	599	8.80	4	1 140	4.99	-	
MEDIAN	\$4 003	\$2 935	\$3 310	\$4 244	\$4 898	\$5 732	\$6 309	\$7 430	\$8 493	...	\$3 283	\$4 564	...	\$2 184	
MEAN	\$4 361	\$2 724	\$3 099	\$3 989	\$4 661	\$5 270	\$5 902	\$6 990	\$8 381	...	\$3 115	\$4 712	...	\$1 857	
FAMILIES WITH FEMALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO HUSBAND PRESENT AND FEMALE UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS															
WITHOUT INCOME IN 1979	11 967	2 455	2 375	2 122	1 758	1 348	1 026	353	530	4.43	1 489	10 478	2.94	8 829	
LOSS	667	152	191	166	45	68	30	10	5	3.80	59	608	2.58	1 251	
\$1 TO \$499	561	112	93	135	58	92	53	15	3	4.27	26	535	2.90	456	
\$500 TO \$999	305	76	54	46	63	45	21	-	-	4.21	34	271	2.96	365	
\$1,000 TO \$1,999	1 429	446	414	218	152	101	57	24	17	3.59	134	1 295	2.32	1 601	
\$2,000 TO \$2,999	2 193	743	492	343	318	150	97	25	25	3.66	394	1 799	2.38	4 179	
\$3,000 TO \$3,999	1 642	486	313	262	218	158	150	17	38	4.05	367	1 275	2.90	968	
\$4,000 TO \$4,999	1 652	440	400	283	230	120	90	38	51	4.00	339	1 313	2.73	-	
\$5,000 TO \$5,999	1 206	-	418	285	162	145	106	51	39	4.76	99	1 107	2.95	-	
\$6,000 TO \$6,999	735	-	-	277	210	112	62	14	60	5.44	17	718	3.53	-	
\$7,000 TO \$7,999	590	-	-	107	150	139	77	57	60	6.08	16	574	3.81	-	
\$8,000 TO \$8,999	434	-	-	-	137	110	132	16	39	6.38	4	430	3.52	-	
\$9,000 TO \$9,999	230	-	-	-	6	95	71	28	30	6.83	-	230	3.75	-	
\$10,000 AND OVER	306	-	-	-	-	5	80	58	163	8.80	-	306	5.06	-	
MEDIAN	\$3 494	\$2 594	\$2 885	\$3 584	\$4 070	\$4 433	\$5 142	\$5 931	\$7 450	...	\$3 266	\$3 560	...	\$2 173	
MEAN	\$3 829	\$2 533	\$2 962	\$3 524	\$4 157	\$4 502	\$5 345	\$6 180	\$7 637	...	\$3 235	\$3 913	...	\$1 856	

TABLE 250. FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS WITH INCOME IN 1979 BELOW THE POVERTY LEVEL BY INCOME, PERSONS IN FAMILY, PRESENCE OF RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS, SEX, RACE, AND SPANISH ORIGIN: 1980 - CON.

EXCLUDES INMATES OF INSTITUTIONS, PERSONS IN MILITARY GROUP QUARTERS AND IN COLLEGE DORMITORIES, AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS UNDER 15 YEARS. DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDIXES A AND B)

ATLANTA, GA SMSA

	FAMILIES										WITHOUT RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	WITH RELATED CHILDREN		UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS	
	TOTAL	PERSONS IN FAMILY										PERSONS PER FAMILY	TOTAL		PER FAMILY
		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 OR MORE						
TOTAL															
TOTAL	51 511	16 620	12 046	9 664	6 482	3 104	2 421	428	746	3.61	12 318	39 193	2.32	57 674	
WITHOUT INCOME IN 1979	4 005	1 598	1 114	613	422	154	100	4	5	3.17	1 107	2 898	1.98	10 212	
LOSS	408	185	83	79	31	18	7	-	-	3.26	211	197	2.29	202	
\$1 TO \$499	2 484	878	751	519	316	97	88	13	22	3.37	339	2 145	2.17	2 990	
\$500 TO \$999	1 668	724	481	211	121	48	70	9	4	3.11	400	1 248	1.88	2 774	
\$1,000 TO \$1,999	6 796	2 558	2 372	1 022	496	225	103	9	11	3.10	974	5 822	1.89	9 989	
\$2,000 TO \$2,999	7 682	3 198	1 602	1 590	726	291	192	35	48	3.25	2 317	5 365	2.26	19 091	
\$3,000 TO \$3,999	8 245	4 184	1 925	1 015	654	285	119	30	33	3.01	3 570	4 675	2.08	12 416	
\$4,000 TO \$4,999	7 509	3 295	1 934	997	660	325	232	42	24	3.16	2 741	4 768	2.08	-	
\$5,000 TO \$5,999	4 603	-	1 784	1 428	742	311	249	30	59	4.12	325	4 278	2.35	-	
\$6,000 TO \$6,999	2 755	-	-	1 480	631	299	233	60	52	4.78	81	2 674	2.72	-	
\$7,000 TO \$7,999	2 119	-	-	710	755	340	207	57	50	5.18	50	2 069	2.98	-	
\$8,000 TO \$8,999	1 671	-	-	-	912	421	261	39	38	5.63	3	1 668	3.25	-	
\$9,000 TO \$9,999	615	-	-	-	16	274	203	39	83	7.10	-	615	4.05	-	
\$10,000 AND OVER	751	-	-	-	-	16	357	61	317	8.21	-	751	4.83	-	
MEDIAN	\$3 305	\$2 740	\$2 763	\$3 786	\$4 720	\$5 351	\$6 217	\$6 700	\$9 325	...	\$3 171	\$3 407	...	\$2 140	
MEAN	\$3 441	\$2 451	\$2 701	\$3 673	\$4 487	\$5 116	\$5 950	\$6 498	\$8 466	...	\$2 766	\$3 653	...	\$1 812	
FAMILIES WITH FEMALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO HUSBAND PRESENT AND FEMALE UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS															
WITHOUT INCOME IN 1979	27 114	8 199	7 554	5 146	2 952	1 395	1 258	244	366	3.57	2 914	24 200	2.31	36 504	
LOSS	1 984	744	669	255	191	66	59	-	-	3.13	219	1 765	2.01	5 444	
\$1 TO \$499	1 466	23	10	7	-	-	-	-	-	3.07	24	2	2.09	71	
\$500 TO \$999	1 694	521	492	291	226	72	64	8	20	3.44	141	1 553	2.30	1 784	
\$1,000 TO \$1,999	965	445	268	117	52	20	54	9	-	3.09	80	885	1.87	1 580	
\$2,000 TO \$2,999	4 800	1 840	1 865	606	295	116	62	9	7	2.99	248	4 552	1.85	6 131	
\$3,000 TO \$3,999	4 686	1 716	1 004	1 095	486	203	132	22	28	3.38	714	3 972	2.33	13 550	
\$4,000 TO \$4,999	3 889	1 542	1 176	586	309	169	68	22	17	3.21	774	3 115	2.12	7 936	
\$5,000 TO \$5,999	3 644	1 368	1 034	534	355	159	144	28	22	3.35	583	3 061	2.16	-	
\$6,000 TO \$6,999	2 369	-	1 036	658	284	136	173	23	59	4.12	97	2 272	2.63	-	
\$7,000 TO \$7,999	1 247	-	-	684	253	140	116	25	29	4.78	30	1 217	2.98	-	
\$8,000 TO \$8,999	771	-	-	313	248	83	81	20	26	5.14	4	767	3.22	-	
\$9,000 TO \$9,999	509	-	-	-	253	142	84	27	3	5.77	-	509	3.60	-	
\$10,000 AND OVER	252	-	-	-	-	78	119	15	40	7.33	-	252	4.06	-	
MEDIAN	\$2 868	\$2 307	\$2 471	\$3 345	\$3 731	\$4 286	\$5 266	\$6 040	\$7 039	...	\$3 040	\$2 837	...	\$2 239	
MEAN	\$3 136	\$2 268	\$2 615	\$3 532	\$3 872	\$4 473	\$5 227	\$6 121	\$7 572	...	\$2 810	\$3 175	...	\$1 922	
WHITE															
TOTAL	20 794	8 181	4 567	3 885	2 526	977	509	79	70	3.32	7 183	13 611	2.16	33 787	
WITHOUT INCOME IN 1979	1 537	716	415	248	120	32	6	-	-	2.93	610	927	1.87	5 095	
LOSS	350	170	65	72	24	12	7	-	-	3.09	196	154	2.15	1 665	
\$1 TO \$499	929	382	250	187	81	19	10	-	-	3.02	310	619	1.88	1 734	
\$500 TO \$999	673	332	225	78	33	5	-	-	-	2.76	251	422	1.66	1 573	
\$1,000 TO \$1,999	1 995	847	550	357	148	88	21	4	3	3.11	561	1 434	1.88	6 059	
\$2,000 TO \$2,999	2 733	1 378	575	475	194	78	17	13	3	2.94	1 198	1 535	1.99	10 746	
\$3,000 TO \$3,999	3 921	2 382	763	399	278	68	23	8	-	2.76	2 148	1 773	1.94	8 415	
\$4,000 TO \$4,999	3 591	1 974	854	359	283	98	18	3	2	2.81	1 720	1 871	1.81	-	
\$5,000 TO \$5,999	1 969	-	890	643	295	81	56	4	-	3.89	143	1 826	2.13	-	
\$6,000 TO \$6,999	1 180	-	-	706	278	117	65	14	-	4.60	36	1 144	2.49	-	
\$7,000 TO \$7,999	848	-	-	361	307	117	60	3	-	4.79	10	838	2.67	-	
\$8,000 TO \$8,999	736	-	-	-	480	158	79	9	10	5.52	-	736	3.21	-	
\$9,000 TO \$9,999	149	-	-	-	5	104	18	11	11	6.60	-	149	4.10	-	
\$10,000 AND OVER	183	-	-	-	-	-	129	14	40	7.73	-	183	5.19	-	
MEDIAN	\$3 556	\$3 112	\$3 293	\$4 352	\$5 346	\$6 064	\$7 525	\$6 821	\$10,000+	...	\$3 217	\$3 967	...	\$2 211	
MEAN	\$3 472	\$2 604	\$2 918	\$3 861	\$4 963	\$5 405	\$7 002	\$6 863	\$9 222	...	\$2 703	\$3 878	...	\$1 894	
FAMILIES WITH FEMALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO HUSBAND PRESENT AND FEMALE UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS															
WITHOUT INCOME IN 1979	6 425	2 595	1 909	1 078	521	221	93	4	4	3.10	1 009	5 416	2.05	22 088	
LOSS	554	222	214	70	36	6	6	-	-	2.90	91	463	1.97	2 833	
\$1 TO \$499	28	23	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.25	24	4	1.00	65	
\$500 TO \$999	299	107	84	51	40	12	5	-	-	3.17	17	282	2.13	1 015	
\$1,000 TO \$1,999	265	135	93	26	11	-	-	-	-	2.64	6	259	1.57	970	
\$2,000 TO \$2,999	745	380	249	99	-	17	-	-	-	2.71	76	669	1.63	3 710	
\$3,000 TO \$3,999	973	485	213	141	84	38	11	-	3	3.00	223	750	2.07	7 876	
\$4,000 TO \$4,999	1 190	634	348	116	62	22	8	-	-	2.82	289	901	1.90	5 619	
\$5,000 TO \$5,999	1 137	611	334	124	41	27	-	-	-	2.71	260	877	1.69	-	
\$6,000 TO \$6,999	625	-	369	184	50	11	7	4	-	3.61	16	609	2.39	-	
\$7,000 TO \$7,999	273	-	-	171	57	30	15	-	-	4.56	7	266	2.78	-	
\$8,000 TO \$8,999	173	-	-	96	39	22	16	-	-	4.69	-	173	3.17	-	
\$9,000 TO \$9,999	137	-	-	-	101	23	13	-	-	5.28	-	137	3.31	-	
\$10,000 AND OVER	20	-	-	-	-	13	7	-	-	6.95	-	20	4.15	-	
MEDIAN	\$3 293	\$2 891	\$3 277	\$4 290	\$4 671	\$4 574	\$6 633	\$5 500	\$2 667	...	\$3 234	\$3 312	...	\$2 311	
MEAN	\$3 197	\$2 592	\$2 917	\$3 906	\$4 574	\$4 776	\$5 952	\$5 460	\$4 738	...	\$2 894	\$3 253	...	\$2 005	

TABLE 250. FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS WITH INCOME IN 1979 BELOW THE POVERTY LEVEL BY INCOME, PERSONS IN FAMILY, PRESENCE OF RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS, SEX, RACE, AND SPANISH ORIGIN: 1980 - CON.

EXCLUDES INMATES OF INSTITUTIONS, PERSONS IN MILITARY GROUP QUARTERS AND IN COLLEGE DORMITORIES, AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS UNDER 15 YEARS. DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDIXES A AND B.

ATLANTA, GA SMSA

	FAMILIES										WITHOUT RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	WITH RELATED CHILDREN <18 YRS		UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS
	PERSONS IN FAMILY											TOTAL	RELATED CHILDREN PER FAMILY	
	TOTAL	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 OR MORE	PERSONS PER FAMILY				
BLACK														
TOTAL	30 077	8 241	7 321	5 642	3 914	2 068	1 875	349	667	3.81	4 952	25 125	2.42	22 731
WITHOUT INCOME IN 1979	2 324	830	667	340	289	108	86	4	-	3.31	437	1 887	2.03	4 653
LOSS	53	15	13	7	7	6	-	-	5	4.40	15	38	3.08	37
\$1 TO \$499	1 731	488	485	332	235	78	78	13	22	3.56	215	1 316	2.30	1 185
\$500 TO \$999	969	377	249	133	88	43	70	9	7	3.36	142	827	1.99	1 088
\$1,000 TO \$1,999	4 741	1 698	1 821	645	348	131	82	9	-	3.09	401	4 340	1.90	3 825
\$2,000 TO \$2,999	4 865	1 776	1 013	1 101	525	213	175	22	40	3.42	1 090	3 775	2.37	8 148
\$3,000 TO \$3,999	4 236	1 771	1 130	606	370	215	89	22	33	3.23	1 398	2 838	2.16	3 795
\$4,000 TO \$4,999	3 861	1 077	866	755	374	227	214	39	22	3.49	990	2 871	2.26	-
\$5,000 TO \$5,999	1 544	-	-	752	439	223	193	26	59	4.32	176	2 385	2.54	-
\$6,000 TO \$6,999	1 544	-	-	752	353	173	168	46	52	4.94	45	1 499	2.92	-
\$7,000 TO \$7,999	1 264	-	-	349	448	223	140	54	50	5.44	40	1 224	3.18	-
\$8,000 TO \$8,999	911	-	-	-	427	250	176	30	28	5.72	3	908	3.29	-
\$9,000 TO \$9,999	449	-	-	-	11	162	176	28	72	7.29	-	449	4.05	-
\$10,000 AND OVER	368	-	-	-	-	16	228	47	277	8.37	-	368	4.72	-
MEDIAN	\$3 084	\$2 401	\$2 420	\$3 434	\$4 254	\$5 058	\$5 744	\$6 663	\$9 215	---	\$3 126	\$3 063	---	\$2 071
MEAN	\$3 431	\$2 309	\$2 580	\$3 550	\$4 192	\$4 981	\$5 668	\$6 415	\$8 480	---	\$2 891	\$3 537	---	\$1 722
FAMILIES WITH FEMALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO HUSBAND PRESENT AND FEMALE UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS														
WITHOUT INCOME IN 1979	20 501	5 529	5 590	4 029	2 421	1 165	1 165	240	362	3.72	1 871	18 630	2.39	13 870
LOSS	1 423	515	455	185	155	60	53	-	-	3.23	128	1 293	2.03	2 422
\$1 TO \$499	1 387	406	408	240	186	60	59	8	20	4.33	-	18	2.33	6
\$500 TO \$999	678	295	168	91	41	20	54	8	-	3.51	116	1 271	2.34	751
\$1,000 TO \$1,999	4 041	1 453	1 609	507	295	99	62	9	-	3.28	67	611	2.01	572
\$2,000 TO \$2,999	3 659	1 214	777	940	395	165	121	22	25	3.48	487	3 172	2.39	2 360
\$3,000 TO \$3,999	2 668	902	807	466	347	147	60	22	17	3.39	479	2 189	2.21	2 176
\$4,000 TO \$4,999	2 485	744	700	404	311	132	144	28	22	3.65	314	2 171	2.35	-
\$5,000 TO \$5,999	1 729	-	661	465	234	125	166	19	59	4.31	81	1 648	2.73	-
\$6,000 TO \$6,999	968	-	-	507	196	110	101	25	29	4.85	23	945	3.05	-
\$7,000 TO \$7,999	598	-	-	217	209	61	65	20	26	5.27	4	594	3.24	-
\$8,000 TO \$8,999	363	-	-	-	152	110	71	27	3	5.98	-	363	3.74	-
\$9,000 TO \$9,999	232	-	-	-	-	65	112	15	40	7.37	-	232	4.05	-
\$10,000 AND OVER	252	-	-	-	-	5	97	36	114	8.48	-	252	4.65	-
MEDIAN	\$2 739	\$2 079	\$2 193	\$3 096	\$3 561	\$4 193	\$5 178	\$6 120	\$7 077	---	\$2 929	\$2 710	---	\$2 148
MEAN	\$3 118	\$2 119	\$2 310	\$3 425	\$3 724	\$4 384	\$5 169	\$6 132	\$7 603	---	\$2 775	\$3 152	---	\$1 808

TABLE 250. FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS WITH INCOME IN 1979 BELOW THE POVERTY LEVEL BY INCOME, PERSONS IN FAMILY, PRESENCE OF RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS, SEX, RACE, AND SPANISH ORIGIN: 1980 - CON.

EXCLUDES INMATES OF INSTITUTIONS, PERSONS IN MILITARY GROUP QUARTERS AND IN COLLEGE DORMITORIES, AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS UNDER 15 YEARS. DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDICES A AND B1

AUGUSTA, GA-SC SMSA

	FAMILIES										WITHOUT RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	WITH RELATED CHILDREN <18 YRS		UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS
	PERSONS IN FAMILY											TOTAL	FAMILY	
	TOTAL	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 OR MORE	PERSONS PER FAMILY				
TOTAL	10 482	3 310	2 213	2 138	1 424	635	536	106	120	3.67	2 574	7 908	2.37	10 112
WITHOUT INCOME IN 1979	727	292	177	117	69	43	18	-	11	3.36	181	546	2.33	1 480
LOSS	46	7	27	12	-	-	-	-	-	3.17	34	12	1.67	40
\$1 TO \$499	571	239	127	101	71	31	2	-	-	3.21	149	422	2.21	525
\$500 TO \$999	423	196	104	63	48	9	5	-	-	2.89	106	319	1.82	450
\$1,000 TO \$1,999	1 315	544	389	205	101	24	32	-	-	3.00	300	1 015	1.95	1 853
\$2,000 TO \$2,999	1 458	641	295	255	162	76	25	4	-	3.16	444	1 014	2.15	3 737
\$3,000 TO \$3,999	1 497	736	351	241	101	55	9	4	-	2.95	654	841	2.01	2 027
\$4,000 TO \$4,999	1 385	635	322	275	93	25	28	-	7	3.09	544	841	2.01	-
\$5,000 TO \$5,999	938	-	421	280	137	30	44	21	5	4.00	128	810	2.15	-
\$6,000 TO \$6,999	805	-	-	363	255	108	54	10	15	4.94	15	790	2.93	-
\$7,000 TO \$7,999	577	-	-	226	209	77	57	7	1	4.96	10	567	2.58	-
\$8,000 TO \$8,999	382	-	-	-	173	85	83	12	29	5.93	-	382	3.51	-
\$9,000 TO \$9,999	199	-	-	-	5	72	95	11	16	7.03	-	199	3.84	-
\$10,000 AND OVER	157	-	-	-	-	-	84	37	36	8.18	-	150	5.09	-
MEDIAN	\$3 467	\$2 557	\$2 958	\$4 273	\$5 489	\$6 227	\$7 895	\$8 583	\$8 724	...	\$3 111	\$3 744	...	\$2 190
MEAN	\$3 649	\$2 397	\$2 801	\$3 938	\$4 751	\$5 260	\$7 000	\$8 028	\$8 215	...	\$2 776	\$3 933	...	\$1 887
FAMILIES WITH FEMALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO HUSBAND PRESENT AND FEMALE UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS	5 196	1 585	1 297	1 057	637	297	235	33	55	3.62	577	4 619	2.42	6 817
WITHOUT INCOME IN 1979	425	155	107	76	48	35	4	-	-	3.28	55	370	2.36	813
LOSS	11	-	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	4.09	11	-	-	33
\$1 TO \$499	353	135	85	66	48	17	2	-	-	3.27	30	323	2.23	302
\$500 TO \$999	267	122	66	38	27	9	4	-	-	2.88	19	248	1.82	326
\$1,000 TO \$1,999	865	346	292	151	50	4	22	-	-	3.01	81	784	1.94	1 170
\$2,000 TO \$2,999	862	323	195	183	81	55	25	-	-	3.29	108	754	2.19	2 728
\$3,000 TO \$3,999	630	250	178	101	63	35	3	-	-	3.20	127	503	2.19	1 445
\$4,000 TO \$4,999	611	254	138	132	48	15	17	-	7	3.33	120	491	2.24	-
\$5,000 TO \$5,999	416	-	225	121	37	9	19	-	5	3.84	16	400	2.27	-
\$6,000 TO \$6,999	337	-	-	143	103	60	10	6	15	5.18	10	327	3.59	-
\$7,000 TO \$7,999	189	-	-	46	98	6	31	7	1	5.32	-	189	3.44	-
\$8,000 TO \$8,999	103	-	-	-	34	30	41	-	8	6.24	-	103	4.08	-
\$9,000 TO \$9,999	75	-	-	-	-	22	45	-	8	7.17	-	75	4.25	-
\$10,000 AND OVER	52	-	-	-	-	-	21	20	11	8.31	-	52	5.31	-
MEDIAN	\$2 785	\$2 107	\$2 449	\$3 144	\$4 031	\$3 814	\$7 339	\$10,000+	\$7 500	...	\$2 857	\$2 775	...	\$2 280
MEAN	\$3 150	\$2 150	\$2 607	\$3 348	\$4 064	\$4 260	\$6 319	\$9 167	\$7 768	...	\$2 529	\$3 227	...	\$1 991
WHITE	4 475	1 585	1 045	1 011	507	183	106	13	25	3.35	1 326	3 149	2.10	5 698
WITHOUT INCOME IN 1979	353	167	112	37	23	14	-	-	-	3.00	111	242	1.91	746
LOSS	27	7	8	12	-	-	-	-	-	2.93	15	12	1.67	40
\$1 TO \$499	140	68	38	17	6	11	-	-	-	3.09	44	96	2.09	218
\$500 TO \$999	196	105	39	32	20	-	-	-	-	2.70	62	134	1.57	268
\$1,000 TO \$1,999	582	263	195	81	17	14	12	-	-	2.85	184	398	1.89	1 053
\$2,000 TO \$2,999	579	266	140	85	68	20	-	-	-	3.00	201	378	1.91	2 040
\$3,000 TO \$3,999	703	396	142	123	35	7	-	-	-	2.78	372	351	1.82	1 333
\$4,000 TO \$4,999	623	313	158	122	28	-	2	-	-	2.74	272	351	1.62	-
\$5,000 TO \$5,999	478	-	213	138	71	11	15	-	-	3.71	63	385	1.94	-
\$6,000 TO \$6,999	271	-	-	200	44	14	9	4	-	4.35	-	271	2.28	-
\$7,000 TO \$7,999	289	-	-	164	76	36	13	-	-	4.55	-	287	2.38	-
\$8,000 TO \$8,999	171	-	-	-	119	31	12	-	9	5.47	-	171	3.11	-
\$9,000 TO \$9,999	48	-	-	-	-	25	18	-	5	7.42	-	48	4.81	-
\$10,000 AND OVER	45	-	-	-	-	-	25	9	11	8.22	-	45	5.33	-
MEDIAN	\$3 513	\$2 686	\$2 932	\$4 971	\$5 796	\$7 014	\$8 167	\$10,000+	\$9 700	...	\$3 124	\$3 950	...	\$2 257
MEAN	\$3 589	\$2 445	\$2 819	\$4 374	\$5 237	\$5 465	\$7 481	\$9 238	\$9 910	...	\$2 746	\$3 944	...	\$1 985
FAMILIES WITH FEMALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO HUSBAND PRESENT AND FEMALE UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS	1 576	600	500	279	130	38	23	-	6	3.11	213	1 363	2.07	4 041
WITHOUT INCOME IN 1979	182	79	60	18	11	14	-	-	-	3.08	24	158	2.03	420
LOSS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	33
\$1 TO \$499	63	35	19	5	4	-	-	-	-	2.97	8	55	2.13	150
\$500 TO \$999	103	56	26	13	8	-	-	-	-	2.49	6	97	1.40	293
\$1,000 TO \$1,999	271	106	106	43	8	-	8	-	-	2.90	22	249	1.93	611
\$2,000 TO \$2,999	224	102	74	35	8	5	-	-	-	2.88	31	193	1.79	1 518
\$3,000 TO \$3,999	187	101	68	39	15	2	-	-	-	2.91	63	124	2.17	1 016
\$4,000 TO \$4,999	230	121	68	29	10	2	-	-	-	2.69	59	171	1.73	-
\$5,000 TO \$5,999	172	-	108	35	26	3	-	-	-	3.47	-	172	2.06	-
\$6,000 TO \$6,999	166	-	-	53	9	4	-	-	-	4.09	-	66	2.86	-
\$7,000 TO \$7,999	45	-	-	18	21	-	6	-	-	4.91	-	45	3.69	-
\$8,000 TO \$8,999	20	-	-	-	14	6	-	-	-	5.35	-	20	3.00	-
\$9,000 TO \$9,999	7	-	-	-	-	-	7	-	-	6.71	-	7	5.71	-
\$10,000 AND OVER	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	10.33	-	6	8.17	-
MEDIAN	\$2 755	\$2 235	\$2 527	\$3 850	\$5 192	\$2 200	\$7 250	-\$10,000+	...	\$3 246	\$2 635	...	...	\$2 338
MEAN	\$2 938	\$2 205	\$2 712	\$3 702	\$4 614	\$2 987	\$6 092	-\$10 715	...	\$2 767	\$2 964	...	...	\$2 075

TABLE 250. FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS WITH INCOME IN 1979 BELOW THE POVERTY LEVEL BY INCOME, PERSONS IN FAMILY, PRESENCE OF RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS, SEX, RACE, AND SPANISH ORIGIN: 1980 - CON.

EXCLUDES INMATES OF INSTITUTIONS, PERSONS IN MILITARY GROUP QUARTERS AND IN COLLEGE DORMITORIES, AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS UNDER 15 YEARS. DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDIXES A AND B.

AUGUSTA, GA-SC SMSA

	FAMILIES										WITHOUT RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	WITH RELATED CHILDREN <18 YRS		UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS
	PERSONS IN FAMILY											TOTAL	PER FAMILY	
	TOTAL	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 OR MORE	PER FAMILY				
BLACK														
TOTAL	\$ 862	1 701	1 123	1 101	899	442	408	93	95	3.91	1 223	4 639	2.55	4 282
WITHOUT INCOME IN 1979	360	125	59	80	46	29	10	-	11	3.65	70	290	2.64	719
LOSS	19	-	19	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.53	19	-	-	-
\$1 TO \$499	426	171	89	79	65	20	2	-	-	3.23	105	321	2.23	301
\$500 TO \$999	219	87	59	31	28	9	5	-	-	3.07	44	175	2.05	174
\$1,000 TO \$1,999	713	296	187	124	76	10	20	-	-	3.12	111	602	1.96	786
\$2,000 TO \$2,999	861	369	143	170	94	56	25	4	-	3.28	243	618	2.32	1 643
\$3,000 TO \$3,999	770	331	201	111	66	48	9	-	-	3.11	275	495	2.14	659
\$4,000 TO \$4,999	762	322	164	135	65	25	26	-	-	3.37	272	490	2.28	-
\$5,000 TO \$5,999	474	-	202	142	56	19	29	-	7	4.28	65	409	2.29	-
\$6,000 TO \$6,999	520	-	-	149	211	94	45	6	15	5.29	15	505	3.37	-
\$7,000 TO \$7,999	284	-	-	62	133	37	44	7	1	5.37	4	280	2.79	-
\$8,000 TO \$8,999	211	-	-	-	54	54	71	12	20	6.30	-	211	3.83	-
\$9,000 TO \$9,999	138	-	-	-	5	41	70	11	11	6.99	-	138	3.50	-
\$10,000 AND OVER	105	-	-	-	-	-	52	28	25	8.22	-	105	4.99	-
MEDIAN	\$3 433	\$2 465	\$3 027	\$3 599	\$5 170	\$6 053	\$7 750	\$8 375	\$8 425	...	\$3 071	\$3 633	...	\$2 098
MEAN	\$3 686	\$2 354	\$2 800	\$3 522	\$4 500	\$5 109	\$6 889	\$7 858	\$7 769	...	\$2 743	\$3 935	...	\$1 750
FAMILIES WITH FEMALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO HUSBAND PRESENT AND FEMALE UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS														
WITHOUT INCOME IN 1979	3 571	975	763	773	507	259	212	33	49	3.85	364	3 207	2.57	2 686
LOSS	237	76	41	58	37	21	4	-	-	3.44	31	206	2.62	381
\$1 TO \$499	11	-	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	4.09	11	-	-	-
\$500 TO \$999	285	100	66	56	48	13	2	-	-	3.33	22	263	2.23	152
\$1,000 TO \$1,999	160	62	40	25	19	9	5	-	-	3.16	13	147	2.12	113
\$2,000 TO \$2,999	587	240	179	108	42	4	14	-	-	3.07	59	528	1.96	469
\$3,000 TO \$3,999	625	215	114	148	75	50	23	-	-	3.45	77	548	2.34	1 171
\$4,000 TO \$4,999	435	149	131	71	48	33	3	-	-	3.31	64	371	2.20	400
\$5,000 TO \$5,999	381	133	70	103	38	15	15	-	7	3.72	61	320	2.57	-
\$6,000 TO \$6,999	238	-	111	86	11	6	19	-	5	4.11	16	222	2.42	-
\$7,000 TO \$7,999	271	-	-	90	94	56	10	6	15	5.45	10	261	3.77	-
\$8,000 TO \$8,999	144	-	-	28	77	6	25	7	1	5.45	-	144	3.37	-
\$9,000 TO \$9,999	83	-	-	-	20	24	31	-	8	6.46	-	83	4.34	-
\$10,000 AND OVER	68	-	-	-	-	22	38	-	8	7.22	-	68	4.10	-
	46	-	-	-	-	-	21	20	5	8.04	-	46	4.93	-
MEDIAN	\$2 809	\$2 044	\$2 390	\$2 943	\$3 719	\$3 985	\$7 360	\$10,000+	\$6 833	...	\$2 597	\$2 839	...	\$2 195
MEAN	\$3 237	\$2 091	\$2 539	\$3 241	\$3 923	\$4 446	\$6 344	\$9 167	\$7 407	...	\$2 390	\$3 356	...	\$1 853

TABLE 250. FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS WITH INCOME IN 1979 BELOW THE POVERTY LEVEL BY INCOME, PERSONS IN FAMILY, PRESENCE OF RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS, SEX, RACE, AND SPANISH ORIGIN: 1980 - CON.

EXCLUDES INMATES OF INSTITUTIONS, PERSONS IN MILITARY GROUP QUARTERS AND IN COLLEGE DORMITORIES, AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS UNDER 15 YEARS. DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDIXES A AND B1

CHATTANOOGA, TN-GA SMSA

	FAMILIES										WITHOUT RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS		WITH RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS		UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS
	TOTAL	PERSONS IN FAMILY									PERSONS PER FAMILY	PERCENT	TOTAL	PER FAMILY	
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 OR MORE							
TOTAL															
TOTAL	12 670	4 327	2 643	2 529	1 724	790	420	132	105	3.55	3 784	8 886	2.31	12 448	
WITHOUT INCOME IN 1979	801	342	233	164	35	20	7	-	2	2.98	282	519	1.95	1 700	
LOSS	100	23	30	44	2	-	-	-	1	3.30	48	52	1.79	47	
\$1 TO \$499	572	233	77	148	65	28	21	-	-	3.38	148	424	2.44	555	
\$500 TO \$999	316	123	72	77	16	16	12	-	-	3.27	89	227	2.18	515	
\$1,000 TO \$1,999	1 354	445	445	296	133	25	12	-	8	3.21	335	1 019	2.19	2 069	
\$2,000 TO \$2,999	1 719	811	347	239	216	63	37	-	6	3.16	682	1 037	2.30	4 678	
\$3,000 TO \$3,999	2 371	1 289	475	316	133	67	58	22	11	2.92	1 142	1 229	1.99	2 884	
\$4,000 TO \$4,999	2 170	1 041	537	278	195	73	12	7	27	3.07	934	1 236	1.97	-	
\$5,000 TO \$5,999	1 085	-	457	311	212	50	46	9	-	3.95	76	1 009	2.07	-	
\$6,000 TO \$6,999	728	-	-	393	164	94	56	20	1	4.83	10	718	2.64	-	
\$7,000 TO \$7,999	723	-	-	263	322	95	33	10	-	4.92	25	698	2.60	-	
\$8,000 TO \$8,999	455	-	-	227	144	36	44	4	-	5.60	-	455	3.35	-	
\$9,000 TO \$9,999	173	-	-	-	6	115	48	-	4	6.24	13	160	3.73	-	
\$10,000 AND OVER	103	-	-	-	-	-	42	20	41	8.50	-	103	4.73	-	
MEDIAN	\$3 621	\$3 129	\$3 311	\$3 938	\$5 326	\$6 564	\$6 089	\$7 800	\$4 907	...	\$3 270	\$3 948	...	\$2 286	
MEAN	\$3 662	\$2 734	\$2 958	\$3 692	\$4 974	\$5 885	\$5 804	\$7 300	\$7 529	...	\$2 887	\$3 992	...	\$1 987	
FAMILIES WITH FEMALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO HUSBAND PRESENT AND FEMALE UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS															
WITHOUT INCOME IN 1979	5 367	1 543	1 455	1 077	737	268	162	62	63	3.60	785	4 582	2.33	8 913	
LOSS	311	94	122	80	13	-	-	-	2	3.09	9	302	1.98	923	
\$1 TO \$499	389	133	53	113	55	14	21	-	-	3.54	53	336	2.51	393	
\$500 TO \$999	136	46	49	35	10	7	-	-	-	3.16	12	121	2.18	318	
\$1,000 TO \$1,999	819	244	277	207	69	20	2	-	-	3.22	105	714	2.24	1 439	
\$2,000 TO \$2,999	846	337	227	112	114	49	7	-	-	3.24	219	627	2.41	3 742	
\$3,000 TO \$3,999	943	383	235	173	58	35	26	22	11	3.24	187	756	1.99	2 089	
\$4,000 TO \$4,999	770	310	238	91	94	14	5	-	18	3.24	138	632	1.99	-	
\$5,000 TO \$5,999	495	-	254	92	94	24	31	-	-	3.86	46	449	2.27	-	
\$6,000 TO \$6,999	266	-	-	115	86	19	29	17	-	5.24	-	266	3.03	-	
\$7,000 TO \$7,999	177	-	-	61	82	19	6	9	-	5.16	7	170	2.75	-	
\$8,000 TO \$8,999	133	-	-	61	45	9	14	4	-	5.79	-	133	3.77	-	
\$9,000 TO \$9,999	33	-	-	-	6	22	5	-	-	6.30	6	27	3.11	-	
\$10,000 AND OVER	49	-	-	-	-	-	21	-	28	8.53	-	49	5.02	-	
MEDIAN	\$3 194	\$2 767	\$2 998	\$2 942	\$4 580	\$4 643	\$5 645	\$6 529	\$8 125	...	\$2 961	\$3 253	...	\$2 367	
MEAN	\$3 312	\$2 539	\$2 905	\$3 077	\$4 377	\$4 867	\$5 518	\$6 206	\$8 049	...	\$2 947	\$3 374	...	\$2 107	
WHITE															
TOTAL	8 713	3 323	1 706	1 790	1 079	485	233	70	27	3.39	3 024	5 689	2.20	9 051	
WITHOUT INCOME IN 1979	575	280	134	110	24	20	7	-	-	2.91	239	336	1.94	1 102	
LOSS	92	23	30	36	2	14	-	-	1	3.26	48	44	1.93	30	
\$1 TO \$499	235	84	29	85	11	14	14	-	-	3.49	62	173	2.57	385	
\$500 TO \$999	209	88	40	55	10	16	-	-	-	3.24	74	135	2.41	349	
\$1,000 TO \$1,999	742	298	197	133	77	17	12	-	8	3.24	228	514	2.19	1 529	
\$2,000 TO \$2,999	1 151	591	213	179	117	13	32	-	6	3.05	502	649	2.08	3 409	
\$3,000 TO \$3,999	1 757	1 108	328	195	78	33	15	-	-	2.64	998	759	1.80	2 249	
\$4,000 TO \$4,999	1 632	851	419	186	98	64	7	7	-	2.84	796	836	1.76	-	
\$5,000 TO \$5,999	797	-	316	264	157	16	35	9	-	3.94	36	761	1.99	-	
\$6,000 TO \$6,999	527	-	-	330	103	66	24	3	1	4.66	10	517	2.56	-	
\$7,000 TO \$7,999	515	-	-	219	225	48	22	1	-	4.72	18	497	2.51	-	
\$8,000 TO \$8,999	303	-	-	171	85	17	30	-	-	5.42	-	303	3.21	-	
\$9,000 TO \$9,999	129	-	-	6	93	26	-	4	-	5.91	13	116	3.64	-	
\$10,000 AND OVER	49	-	-	-	22	20	7	-	7	8.29	-	49	4.16	-	
MEDIAN	\$3 770	\$3 269	\$3 640	\$4 559	\$5 780	\$6 750	\$5 843	\$8 500	\$2 750	...	\$3 360	\$4 281	...	\$2 332	
MEAN	\$3 768	\$2 881	\$3 146	\$3 986	\$5 341	\$6 057	\$5 638	\$8 269	\$6 074	...	\$2 964	\$4 196	...	\$2 042	
FAMILIES WITH FEMALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO HUSBAND PRESENT AND FEMALE UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS															
WITHOUT INCOME IN 1979	2 555	925	712	537	257	65	59	-	-	3.23	424	2 131	2.08	6 755	
LOSS	165	60	61	40	4	-	-	-	-	2.84	2	163	1.82	689	
\$1 TO \$499	103	21	13	48	7	-	-	-	-	3.94	2	-	-	11	
\$500 TO \$999	62	7	26	17	5	7	14	-	-	3.94	2	101	2.83	271	
\$1,000 TO \$1,999	293	121	86	54	18	12	2	-	-	3.21	49	62	2.84	271	
\$2,000 TO \$2,999	425	212	119	55	25	7	7	-	-	2.88	121	304	1.98	2 813	
\$3,000 TO \$3,999	506	269	127	79	25	6	-	-	-	2.71	110	396	1.61	1 706	
\$4,000 TO \$4,999	472	235	141	54	28	14	-	-	-	2.82	109	363	1.70	-	
\$5,000 TO \$5,999	271	-	139	67	45	-	20	-	-	3.77	25	246	2.22	-	
\$6,000 TO \$6,999	130	-	-	83	34	10	3	-	-	4.81	-	130	2.79	-	
\$7,000 TO \$7,999	59	-	-	40	13	-	6	-	-	4.42	-	59	2.59	-	
\$8,000 TO \$8,999	56	-	-	47	9	-	-	-	-	4.84	-	56	3.09	-	
\$9,000 TO \$9,999	6	-	-	6	-	-	7	-	-	5.50	6	7	-	-	
\$10,000 AND OVER	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7.00	-	7	4.00	-	
MEDIAN	\$3 454	\$3 154	\$3 402	\$3 690	\$5 367	\$4 036	\$5 325	-	-	...	\$3 346	\$3 484	...	\$2 406	
MEAN	\$3 418	\$2 902	\$3 179	\$3 595	\$5 122	\$4 036	\$4 684	-	-	...	\$3 326	\$3 423	...	\$2 144	

TABLE 250. FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS WITH INCOME IN 1979 BELOW THE POVERTY LEVEL BY INCOME, PERSONS IN FAMILY, PRESENCE OF RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS, SEX, RACE, AND SPANISH ORIGIN; 1980 - CON.

EXCLUDES INMATES OF INSTITUTIONS, PERSONS IN MILITARY GROUP QUARTERS AND IN COLLEGE DORMITORIES, AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS UNDER 15 YEARS. DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDIXES A AND B)

CHATTANOOGA, TN-GA SMSA

	FAMILIES										WITHOUT RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	WITH RELATED CHILDREN <18 YRS		UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS
	PERSONS IN FAMILY											TOTAL	PER FAMILY	
	TOTAL	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 OR MORE	PERSONS PER FAMILY				
BLACK														
TOTAL	3 862	969	924	725	622	297	187	62	76	3.90	735	3 127	2.52	3 290
WITHOUT INCOME IN 1979	206	62	90	54	-	-	-	-	-	3.07	43	163	1.91	566
LOSS	8	-	-	8	-	-	-	-	-	3.75	-	8	1.00	17
\$1 TO \$499	337	149	48	65	54	14	7	-	-	3.30	86	251	2.35	159
\$500 TO \$999	103	35	28	22	6	-	12	-	-	3.25	15	88	1.90	161
\$1,000 TO \$1,999	612	167	218	163	56	8	-	-	-	3.18	107	505	2.19	525
\$2,000 TO \$2,999	531	191	134	60	99	42	5	-	-	3.42	168	363	2.71	1 243
\$3,000 TO \$3,999	607	181	147	121	48	34	43	22	11	3.71	144	463	2.51	619
\$4,000 TO \$4,999	532	184	118	92	97	9	5	-	27	3.79	132	400	2.39	-
\$5,000 TO \$5,999	288	-	141	47	55	34	11	-	-	3.99	40	248	2.32	-
\$6,000 TO \$6,999	194	-	-	56	61	28	32	17	-	5.32	-	194	2.89	-
\$7,000 TO \$7,999	201	-	-	37	97	47	11	9	-	5.38	-	201	2.82	-
\$8,000 TO \$8,999	145	-	-	-	49	59	19	14	4	6.01	-	145	3.64	-
\$9,000 TO \$9,999	44	-	-	-	-	22	22	-	-	7.20	-	44	3.95	-
\$10,000 AND OVER	54	-	-	-	-	-	20	-	34	8.70	-	54	5.24	-
MEDIAN	\$3 221	\$2 374	\$2 582	\$2 842	\$4 495	\$6 268	\$6 328	\$6 529	\$6 500	...	\$2 694	\$3 401	...	\$2 175
MEAN	\$3 435	\$2 227	\$2 650	\$2 900	\$4 388	\$5 702	\$6 011	\$6 206	\$8 244	...	\$2 531	\$3 648	...	\$1 856
FAMILIES WITH FEMALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO HUSBAND PRESENT AND FEMALE UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS														
WITHOUT INCOME IN 1979	2 776	610	740	526	471	203	103	62	61	3.93	354	2 422	2.56	2 092
LOSS	132	34	58	40	-	-	-	-	-	3.26	7	125	2.07	213
\$1 TO \$499	286	112	40	65	48	14	7	-	-	3.40	51	235	2.37	116
\$500 TO \$999	74	35	23	16	-	-	-	-	-	2.47	15	59	1.36	105
\$1,000 TO \$1,999	526	123	191	153	51	8	-	-	-	3.23	56	470	2.22	376
\$2,000 TO \$2,999	413	117	108	57	89	42	-	-	-	3.62	98	315	2.85	903
\$3,000 TO \$3,999	437	114	108	94	33	29	26	22	11	3.84	77	360	2.40	379
\$4,000 TO \$4,999	298	75	97	37	66	-	5	-	18	3.92	29	269	2.37	-
\$5,000 TO \$5,999	224	-	115	25	49	24	11	-	-	3.96	21	203	2.33	-
\$6,000 TO \$6,999	129	-	-	25	52	9	26	17	-	5.78	-	129	3.36	-
\$7,000 TO \$7,999	111	-	-	14	69	19	-	9	-	5.46	-	111	2.83	-
\$8,000 TO \$8,999	77	-	-	-	14	36	9	14	4	6.48	-	77	4.26	-
\$9,000 TO \$9,999	27	-	-	-	-	22	5	-	-	6.48	-	27	3.11	-
\$10,000 AND OVER	42	-	-	-	-	-	14	-	28	8.79	-	42	5.19	-
MEDIAN	\$2 896	\$2 009	\$2 537	\$1 928	\$4 220	\$5 354	\$6 096	\$6 529	\$8 375	...	\$2 490	\$3 019	...	\$2 261
MEAN	\$3 213	\$1 984	\$2 652	\$2 444	\$4 054	\$5 134	\$5 995	\$6 206	\$8 313	...	\$2 322	\$3 343	...	\$2 008

TABLE 250. FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS WITH INCOME IN 1979 BELOW THE POVERTY LEVEL BY INCOME, PERSONS IN FAMILY, PRESENCE OF RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS, SEX, RACE, AND SPANISH ORIGIN: 1980 - CON.

EXCLUDES INMATES OF INSTITUTIONS, PERSONS IN MILITARY GROUP QUARTERS AND IN COLLEGE DORMITORIES, AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS UNDER 15 YEARS. DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDIXES A AND B)

MACON, GA SMSA

	FAMILIES										WITHOUT RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	WITH RELATED CHILDREN <18 YRS		UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS
	TOTAL	PERSONS IN FAMILY								PERSONS PER FAMILY		TOTAL	FAMILY	
		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 OR MORE					
TOTAL	8 637	2 423	1 865	1 448	1 374	749	457	193	128	3.88	1 922	6 715	2.52	7 786
WITHOUT INCOME IN 1979	516	196	126	87	75	20	12	-	-	3.15	121	395	2.06	1 179
LOSS	73	27	16	6	13	6	5	-	-	3.52	22	51	2.06	39
\$1 TO \$499	403	174	53	77	21	39	23	6	10	3.75	69	334	2.54	285
\$500 TO \$999	166	29	42	40	27	17	11	-	-	4.09	31	135	2.38	412
\$1,000 TO \$1,999	1 032	342	319	162	94	61	31	23	-	3.37	184	848	2.20	1 255
\$2,000 TO \$2,999	1 521	522	326	236	247	135	42	-	13	3.49	454	1 067	2.57	3 047
\$3,000 TO \$3,999	1 304	615	300	141	167	41	37	3	-	3.19	536	768	2.21	1 569
\$4,000 TO \$4,999	1 296	518	366	161	87	100	27	28	9	3.33	455	841	2.14	-
\$5,000 TO \$5,999	692	-	317	158	117	32	35	25	8	4.18	47	645	2.31	-
\$6,000 TO \$6,999	628	-	-	271	150	73	83	27	24	5.19	-	628	3.10	-
\$7,000 TO \$7,999	425	-	-	109	185	39	49	32	11	5.36	3	422	2.86	-
\$8,000 TO \$8,999	338	-	-	-	191	110	13	14	10	5.63	-	338	3.26	-
\$9,000 TO \$9,999	122	-	-	-	-	71	40	12	9	6.69	-	122	3.45	-
\$10,000 AND OVER	121	-	-	-	-	5	49	33	34	8.26	-	121	4.41	-
MEDIAN	\$3 466	\$2 850	\$3 168	\$3 823	\$4 494	\$4 555	\$6 066	\$6 426	\$7 000	...	\$3 149	\$3 687	...	\$2 237
MEAN	\$3 672	\$2 531	\$3 044	\$3 719	\$4 539	\$4 769	\$5 491	\$6 458	\$7 487	...	\$2 862	\$3 904	...	\$1 908
FAMILIES WITH FEMALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO HUSBAND PRESENT AND FEMALE UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS														
WITHOUT INCOME IN 1979	4 654	1 167	1 175	853	704	379	227	81	68	3.87	566	4 088	2.55	5 419
LOSS	291	101	88	54	35	13	-	-	-	3.13	26	265	2.09	800
\$1 TO \$499	303	140	45	63	12	26	7	6	4	3.59	35	268	2.39	183
\$500 TO \$999	78	10	30	26	7	5	-	-	-	3.62	7	71	2.07	269
\$1,000 TO \$1,999	687	212	248	109	48	40	20	10	-	3.34	53	634	2.18	874
\$2,000 TO \$2,999	998	268	224	173	195	106	28	-	4	3.71	157	841	2.68	2 215
\$3,000 TO \$3,999	657	243	197	71	91	15	37	3	-	3.44	138	519	2.34	1 052
\$4,000 TO \$4,999	630	193	185	96	61	56	14	16	9	3.57	119	511	2.25	-
\$5,000 TO \$5,999	327	-	158	75	61	-	18	7	8	4.11	28	299	2.56	-
\$6,000 TO \$6,999	280	-	-	146	73	6	38	3	14	5.03	-	280	3.28	-
\$7,000 TO \$7,999	171	-	-	34	76	12	13	25	11	5.51	3	168	2.88	-
\$8,000 TO \$8,999	137	-	-	-	45	74	9	9	-	5.91	-	137	3.53	-
\$9,000 TO \$9,999	49	-	-	-	-	26	21	2	-	6.45	-	49	3.82	-
\$10,000 AND OVER	35	-	-	-	-	-	17	-	18	9.37	-	35	6.49	-
MEDIAN	\$2 959	\$2 450	\$2 788	\$2 974	\$3 604	\$2 995	\$5 139	\$5 786	\$6 643	...	\$3 036	\$2 945	...	\$2 252
MEAN	\$3 313	\$2 306	\$2 824	\$3 279	\$4 076	\$4 336	\$5 159	\$5 446	\$7 189	...	\$2 935	\$3 366	...	\$1 942
WHITE														
WITHOUT INCOME IN 1979	2 780	1 115	703	422	343	157	29	11	-	3.24	957	1 823	2.12	3 834
LOSS	215	111	45	34	13	-	12	-	-	2.83	68	147	1.82	470
\$1 TO \$499	68	27	16	6	13	-	6	-	-	3.32	22	46	2.00	5
\$500 TO \$999	65	26	8	19	-	-	12	-	-	3.69	24	61	3.05	128
\$1,000 TO \$1,999	56	19	28	9	-	-	-	-	-	2.64	20	36	1.50	225
\$2,000 TO \$2,999	307	141	88	40	38	-	-	-	-	2.91	119	188	1.88	593
\$3,000 TO \$3,999	449	233	105	62	30	19	-	-	-	2.89	199	250	2.06	1 508
\$4,000 TO \$4,999	483	304	118	35	26	-	-	-	-	2.61	275	208	1.94	907
\$5,000 TO \$5,999	494	254	148	47	17	24	4	-	-	2.90	199	295	1.78	-
\$6,000 TO \$6,999	260	-	147	64	33	7	5	4	-	3.72	31	229	1.89	-
\$7,000 TO \$7,999	146	-	-	80	42	19	-	5	-	4.77	-	146	2.71	-
\$8,000 TO \$8,999	101	-	-	26	60	7	8	-	-	5.21	-	101	2.89	-
\$9,000 TO \$9,999	93	-	-	-	71	22	-	-	-	4.82	-	93	2.72	-
\$10,000 AND OVER	41	-	-	-	-	41	-	-	-	6.00	-	41	3.49	-
MEDIAN	\$3 476	\$3 002	\$3 521	\$4 128	\$6 036	\$6 553	\$4 625	\$6 300	-	...	\$3 096	\$3 978	...	\$2 330
MEAN	\$3 402	\$2 559	\$3 182	\$3 709	\$5 068	\$5 604	\$3 652	\$7 002	-	...	\$2 726	\$3 756	...	\$2 027
FAMILIES WITH FEMALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO HUSBAND PRESENT AND FEMALE UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS														
WITHOUT INCOME IN 1979	993	359	372	156	72	34	-	-	-	3.07	192	801	2.04	2 837
LOSS	105	50	35	20	-	-	-	-	-	2.66	7	98	1.72	377
\$1 TO \$499	6	9	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	3.67	7	6	2.67	5
\$500 TO \$999	26	6	19	12	-	5	-	-	-	4.15	7	19	3.53	86
\$1,000 TO \$1,999	34	6	19	9	-	-	-	-	-	2.99	7	27	1.74	144
\$2,000 TO \$2,999	120	47	54	13	6	-	-	-	-	2.86	16	104	1.63	419
\$3,000 TO \$3,999	193	95	63	22	13	-	-	-	-	2.84	61	132	2.09	1 137
\$4,000 TO \$4,999	180	84	80	10	6	-	-	-	-	2.77	52	128	1.97	669
\$5,000 TO \$5,999	166	68	64	21	13	-	-	-	-	2.81	25	141	1.72	-
\$6,000 TO \$6,999	77	-	57	9	11	-	-	-	-	3.17	17	60	2.08	-
\$7,000 TO \$7,999	46	-	-	34	12	-	-	-	-	4.30	-	46	2.78	-
\$8,000 TO \$8,999	11	-	-	-	11	-	-	-	-	5.45	-	11	3.64	-
\$9,000 TO \$9,999	9	-	-	-	-	9	-	-	-	6.44	-	9	3.89	-
\$10,000 AND OVER	20	-	-	-	-	20	-	-	-	6.35	-	20	3.20	-
MEDIAN	\$3 069	\$2 711	\$3 188	\$2 818	\$4 846	\$9 150	-	-	-	...	\$2 967	\$3 113	...	\$2 341
MEAN	\$3 059	\$2 484	\$2 994	\$2 737	\$4 704	\$7 842	-	-	-	...	\$2 937	\$3 088	...	\$2 036

TABLE 250. FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS WITH INCOME IN 1979 BELOW THE POVERTY LEVEL BY INCOME, PERSONS IN FAMILY, PRESENCE OF RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS, SEX, RACE, AND SPANISH ORIGIN: 1980 - CON.

EXCLUDES INMATES OF INSTITUTIONS, PERSONS IN MILITARY GROUP QUARTERS AND IN COLLEGE DORMITORIES, AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS UNDER 15 YEARS. DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDIXES A AND B.

MACON, GA SMSA

	FAMILIES											WITHOUT RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	WITH RELATED CHILDREN <18 YRS		UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS
	TOTAL	PERSONS IN FAMILY									PERSONS PER FAMILY		TOTAL	PER FAMILY	
		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 OR MORE						
BLACK															
TOTAL	5 799	1 298	1 162	1 019	1 011	579	428	174	128	4.17	959	4 840	2.66	3 911	
WITHOUT INCOME IN 1979	288	79	81	53	62	13	-	-	-	3.35	47	241	2.15	709	
LOSS	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6.20	-	5	2.60	34	
\$1 TO \$499	334	144	45	58	21	27	23	6	10	3.79	45	289	2.49	159	
\$500 TO \$999	110	10	14	31	27	17	11	-	-	4.83	11	99	2.70	187	
\$1,000 TO \$1,999	725	201	231	122	56	61	31	23	-	3.56	65	660	2.29	656	
\$2,000 TO \$2,999	1 072	289	221	174	217	116	42	-	13	3.74	255	817	2.73	1 504	
\$3,000 TO \$3,999	821	311	182	106	141	41	37	3	-	3.53	261	560	2.31	662	
\$4,000 TO \$4,999	802	264	218	114	70	76	23	28	9	3.60	256	546	2.33	-	
\$5,000 TO \$5,999	432	-	170	94	84	25	30	21	8	4.66	16	416	2.55	-	
\$6,000 TO \$6,999	469	-	-	184	108	48	83	22	24	5.33	-	469	3.24	-	
\$7,000 TO \$7,999	312	-	-	83	113	32	41	32	11	5.43	3	309	2.86	-	
\$8,000 TO \$8,999	237	-	-	-	112	88	13	14	10	5.99	-	237	3.49	-	
\$9,000 TO \$9,999	81	-	-	-	-	30	40	2	9	7.04	-	81	3.73	-	
\$10,000 AND OVER	111	-	-	-	-	5	49	23	34	8.09	-	111	4.14	-	
MEDIAN	\$3 445	\$2 744	\$2 950	\$3 675	\$3 869	\$4 191	\$6 145	\$6 273	\$7 000	...	\$3 217	\$3 552	...	\$2 140	
MEAN	\$3 782	\$2 525	\$2 960	\$3 705	\$4 297	\$4 583	\$5 616	\$6 213	\$7 487	...	\$3 015	\$3 934	...	\$1 787	
FAMILIES WITH FEMALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO HUSBAND PRESENT AND FEMALE UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS															
TOTAL	3 650	804	803	690	632	345	227	81	68	4.08	374	3 276	2.69	2 556	
WITHOUT INCOME IN 1979	186	51	53	34	35	13	-	-	-	3.39	19	167	2.31	423	
LOSS	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6.20	-	5	2.60	21	
\$1 TO \$499	273	127	45	51	12	21	7	6	4	3.56	28	245	2.33	97	
\$500 TO \$999	44	4	11	17	7	5	-	-	-	4.25	-	44	2.27	125	
\$1,000 TO \$1,999	567	165	194	96	42	40	20	10	-	3.44	37	530	2.29	449	
\$2,000 TO \$2,999	805	173	161	151	182	106	28	-	4	3.92	96	709	2.79	1 058	
\$3,000 TO \$3,999	477	159	117	61	85	15	37	3	-	3.49	86	391	2.46	383	
\$4,000 TO \$4,999	464	125	121	75	48	56	14	16	9	3.84	94	370	2.46	-	
\$5,000 TO \$5,999	250	-	101	66	50	-	18	7	8	4.40	11	239	2.67	-	
\$6,000 TO \$6,999	227	-	-	105	61	6	38	3	14	5.22	-	227	3.45	-	
\$7,000 TO \$7,999	160	-	-	34	65	12	13	25	11	5.51	3	157	2.83	-	
\$8,000 TO \$8,999	128	-	-	-	45	65	9	9	-	5.88	-	128	3.51	-	
\$9,000 TO \$9,999	29	-	-	-	-	6	21	2	-	6.52	-	29	4.24	-	
\$10,000 AND OVER	35	-	-	-	-	-	17	-	18	9.37	-	35	6.49	-	
MEDIAN	\$2 932	\$2 318	\$2 612	\$2 974	\$3 447	\$2 882	\$5 139	\$5 786	\$6 643	...	\$3 081	\$2 913	...	\$2 154	
MEAN	\$3 379	\$2 236	\$2 745	\$3 369	\$4 004	\$3 990	\$5 159	\$5 446	\$7 189	...	\$2 933	\$3 430	...	\$1 833	

TABLE 250. FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS WITH INCOME IN 1979 BELOW THE POVERTY LEVEL BY INCOME, PERSONS IN FAMILY, PRESENCE OF RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS, SEX, RACE, AND SPANISH ORIGIN: 1980 - CON.

EXCLUDES INMATES OF INSTITUTIONS, PERSONS IN MILITARY GROUP QUARTERS AND IN COLLEGE DORMITORIES, AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS UNDER 15 YEARS. DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDIXES A AND B

ATLANTA CITY

	FAMILIES										WITHOUT RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	WITH RELATED CHILDREN <18 YRS		UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS
	PERSONS IN FAMILY											TOTAL	PER FAMILY	
	TOTAL	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 OR MORE	PERSONS PER FAMILY				
TOTAL	23 358	7 362	5 618	4 108	2 944	1 532	1 198	206	390	3.65	4 673	18 685	2.34	27 328
WITHOUT INCOME IN 1979	1 914	763	510	299	189	98	55	-	-	3.17	465	1 449	1.96	5 518
LOSS	58	21	19	-	7	6	-	-	5	4.07	21	37	2.97	63
\$1 TO \$499	1 524	440	416	276	226	76	57	13	20	3.56	246	1 278	2.43	1 429
\$500 TO \$999	775	309	215	77	91	28	46	9	-	3.35	129	646	2.02	1 330
\$1,000 TO \$1,999	3 928	1 494	1 498	497	273	83	67	9	7	3.05	383	3 545	1.86	4 297
\$2,000 TO \$2,999	3 901	1 490	794	869	413	169	126	10	30	3.37	959	2 942	2.37	9 428
\$3,000 TO \$3,999	3 484	1 665	833	423	270	183	78	17	15	3.13	1 381	2 103	2.18	5 263
\$4,000 TO \$4,999	2 893	1 180	705	419	263	146	145	17	18	3.32	925	1 968	2.18	-
\$5,000 TO \$5,999	1 734	-	628	480	307	155	106	18	40	4.27	111	1 623	2.46	-
\$6,000 TO \$6,999	1 089	-	-	544	254	146	98	28	19	4.83	31	1 058	2.77	-
\$7,000 TO \$7,999	831	-	-	224	347	122	78	37	23	5.26	22	809	2.92	-
\$8,000 TO \$8,999	575	-	-	-	293	174	80	12	16	5.73	-	375	3.41	-
\$9,000 TO \$9,999	312	-	-	-	11	135	104	15	47	7.27	-	312	4.04	-
\$10,000 AND OVER	340	-	-	-	11	11	158	21	150	8.01	-	340	4.25	-
MEDIAN	\$2 892	\$2 439	\$2 190	\$3 085	\$4 011	\$4 843	\$5 236	\$6 357	\$9 043	...	\$3 097	\$2 812	...	\$2 109
MEAN	\$3 217	\$2 321	\$2 470	\$3 388	\$4 072	\$4 821	\$5 423	\$5 957	\$8 146	...	\$2 776	\$3 328	...	\$1 756
FAMILIES WITH FEMALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO HUSBAND PRESENT AND FEMALE UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS	15 960	4 790	4 287	2 937	1 860	887	818	144	237	3.63	1 765	14 195	2.34	16 707
WITHOUT INCOME IN 1979	1 111	442	320	157	89	60	43	-	-	3.17	133	975	2.01	2 976
LOSS	11	-	5	-	-	6	-	-	-	4.64	11	11	2.00	18
\$1 TO \$499	1 275	345	361	219	195	70	57	8	20	3.60	118	1 157	2.46	887
\$500 TO \$999	519	225	144	54	46	-	41	9	-	3.28	52	467	2.03	716
\$1,000 TO \$1,999	3 382	1 283	1 325	414	229	53	62	9	7	3.03	172	3 210	1.87	2 578
\$2,000 TO \$2,999	3 024	1 021	622	762	343	146	102	10	18	3.48	449	2 575	2.41	6 381
\$3,000 TO \$3,999	2 115	807	604	318	184	134	42	17	9	3.34	463	1 652	2.24	3 211
\$4,000 TO \$4,999	1 788	667	446	253	198	87	111	8	18	3.48	315	1 473	2.26	-
\$5,000 TO \$5,999	1 130	-	460	279	169	83	88	11	40	4.27	42	1 088	2.64	-
\$6,000 TO \$6,999	666	-	-	357	137	81	54	18	19	4.85	18	648	2.97	-
\$7,000 TO \$7,999	391	-	-	124	166	37	35	11	18	5.26	-	391	3.21	-
\$8,000 TO \$8,999	237	-	-	-	104	79	39	12	3	6.01	-	237	3.88	-
\$9,000 TO \$9,999	157	-	-	-	-	51	77	15	14	7.41	-	157	3.84	-
\$10,000 AND OVER	154	-	-	-	-	-	67	16	71	8.21	-	154	4.16	-
MEDIAN	\$2 556	\$2 098	\$1 991	\$2 820	\$3 152	\$3 810	\$4 559	\$6 000	\$6 342	...	\$2 901	\$2 496	...	\$2 194
MEAN	\$2 924	\$2 146	\$2 399	\$3 187	\$3 561	\$4 160	\$4 763	\$5 713	\$7 186	...	\$2 700	\$2 951	...	\$1 849
WHITE	2 275	1 141	412	311	226	135	37	5	8	3.09	981	1 294	2.09	9 735
WITHOUT INCOME IN 1979	172	99	50	23	-	-	-	-	-	2.86	105	67	1.63	1 678
LOSS	19	13	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.37	13	6	2.17	46
\$1 TO \$499	123	57	17	18	16	10	5	-	-	3.18	42	81	2.57	489
\$500 TO \$999	92	54	18	3	12	5	-	-	-	3.11	30	62	2.08	443
\$1,000 TO \$1,999	237	120	79	15	7	16	-	-	-	2.76	68	169	1.60	1 587
\$2,000 TO \$2,999	309	176	56	50	12	10	5	-	-	2.77	146	163	1.99	3 059
\$3,000 TO \$3,999	538	382	78	47	15	16	-	-	-	2.56	345	193	1.84	2 433
\$4,000 TO \$4,999	384	240	62	36	24	22	-	-	-	2.63	227	157	1.78	-
\$5,000 TO \$5,999	99	-	46	25	12	10	6	-	-	4.05	3	96	1.90	-
\$6,000 TO \$6,999	124	-	70	37	9	8	-	-	-	4.19	-	124	2.21	-
\$7,000 TO \$7,999	84	-	24	60	-	-	-	-	-	4.49	2	82	1.88	-
\$8,000 TO \$8,999	49	-	-	31	18	-	-	-	-	6.43	-	49	3.92	-
\$9,000 TO \$9,999	23	-	-	-	19	-	-	-	-	7.30	-	23	4.30	-
\$10,000 AND OVER	22	-	-	-	-	-	13	5	4	8.32	-	22	5.41	-
MEDIAN	\$3 345	\$3 135	\$2 643	\$3 989	\$6 405	\$4 477	\$6 313	\$10,000+	\$10 000	...	\$3 251	\$3 513	...	\$2 204
MEAN	\$3 315	\$2 661	\$2 550	\$3 910	\$5 408	\$4 720	\$6 385	\$11 045	\$11 005	...	\$2 775	\$3 724	...	\$1 860
FAMILIES WITH FEMALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO HUSBAND PRESENT AND FEMALE UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS	978	484	182	152	78	64	18	-	-	3.02	267	711	2.04	5 954
WITHOUT INCOME IN 1979	64	39	14	11	-	-	-	-	-	2.50	32	32	1.88	928
LOSS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	18
\$1 TO \$499	75	20	12	12	16	10	5	-	-	3.61	-	75	2.55	270
\$500 TO \$999	36	24	7	-	5	-	-	-	-	3.03	-	36	1.72	246
\$1,000 TO \$1,999	134	76	44	9	-	5	-	-	-	2.43	18	116	1.41	904
\$2,000 TO \$2,999	199	101	29	42	12	10	5	-	-	3.05	69	130	2.22	2 037
\$3,000 TO \$3,999	188	128	33	18	-	9	-	-	-	2.70	81	107	2.06	1 551
\$4,000 TO \$4,999	164	96	28	23	5	12	-	-	-	2.69	67	97	1.79	-
\$5,000 TO \$5,999	23	-	15	5	3	-	-	-	-	3.65	-	23	1.83	-
\$6,000 TO \$6,999	53	-	-	26	19	-	8	-	-	4.09	-	53	2.06	-
\$7,000 TO \$7,999	20	-	-	6	14	-	-	-	-	4.60	-	20	3.60	-
\$8,000 TO \$8,999	9	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	5.78	-	9	3.22	-
\$9,000 TO \$9,999	13	-	-	-	-	13	-	-	-	6.92	-	13	3.15	-
\$10,000 AND OVER	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MEDIAN	\$2 905	\$2 822	\$2 483	\$3 111	\$5 333	\$3 778	\$2 800	-	-	...	\$3 179	\$2 742	...	\$2 300
MEAN	\$2 985	\$2 627	\$2 561	\$3 274	\$4 278	\$4 426	\$3 732	-	-	...	\$2 953	\$2 927	...	\$1 954

TABLE 250. FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS WITH INCOME IN 1979 BELOW THE POVERTY LEVEL BY INCOME, PERSONS IN FAMILY, PRESENCE OF RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS, SEX, RACE, AND SPANISH ORIGIN: 1980 - CON.

EXCLUDES INMATES OF INSTITUTIONS, PERSONS IN MILITARY GROUP QUARTERS AND IN COLLEGE DORMITORIES, AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS UNDER 15 YEARS. DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDIXES A AND B1

ATLANTA CITY

	FAMILIES										WITHOUT RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	WITH RELATED CHILDREN <18 YRS		UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS
	TOTAL	PERSONS IN FAMILY								PERSONS PER FAMILY		TOTAL	PER FAMILY	
		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 OR MORE					
BLACK														
TOTAL	20 881	6 148	5 146	3 771	2 708	1 371	1 154	201	382	3.72	3 617	17 264	2.36	17 086
WITHOUT INCOME IN 1979	1 703	651	448	270	189	90	55	-	-	3.24	347	1 356	1.97	3 656
LOSS	39	8	13	-	-	6	-	-	5	4.90	8	31	3.13	17
\$1 TO \$499	1 307	375	393	258	210	66	52	13	20	3.60	190	1 197	2.42	914
\$500 TO \$999	676	248	197	74	79	23	46	9	-	3.40	92	584	2.01	835
\$1,000 TO \$1,999	3 671	1 361	1 412	482	266	67	67	9	7	3.07	309	3 362	1.88	2 682
\$2,000 TO \$2,999	3 553	1 294	731	814	394	159	121	10	30	3.42	793	2 760	2.38	6 250
\$3,000 TO \$3,999	2 925	1 283	741	376	255	167	71	17	15	3.23	1 036	1 889	2.22	2 732
\$4,000 TO \$4,999	2 494	928	643	383	236	124	145	17	18	3.43	683	1 811	2.21	-
\$5,000 TO \$5,999	1 612	-	568	466	295	145	100	18	40	4.31	108	1 504	2.52	-
\$6,000 TO \$6,999	950	-	-	468	217	128	90	28	19	4.92	31	919	2.86	-
\$7,000 TO \$7,999	747	-	-	200	287	122	78	37	23	5.35	20	727	3.03	-
\$8,000 TO \$8,999	517	-	-	-	262	147	80	12	16	5.68	-	517	3.38	-
\$9,000 TO \$9,999	289	-	-	-	11	116	104	15	43	7.26	-	289	4.02	-
\$10,000 AND OVER	318	-	-	-	-	11	145	16	146	7.99	-	318	4.17	-
MEDIAN	\$2 834	\$2 333	\$2 151	\$2 985	\$3 820	\$4 867	\$5 200	\$6 268	\$8 875	...	\$3 067	\$2 762	...	\$2 070
MEAN	\$3 210	\$2 264	\$2 462	\$3 341	\$3 964	\$4 822	\$5 406	\$5 831	\$8 086	...	\$2 797	\$3 297	...	\$1 709
FAMILIES WITH FEMALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO HUSBAND PRESENT AND FEMALE UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS														
TOTAL	14 893	4 278	4 083	2 765	1 772	814	800	144	237	3.67	1 474	13 419	2.36	10 456
WITHOUT INCOME IN 1979	1 047	403	306	146	89	60	43	-	-	3.21	104	943	2.02	1 895
LOSS	11	-	5	-	-	6	-	-	-	4.64	-	11	2.00	-
\$1 TO \$499	1 192	317	349	207	179	60	52	8	20	3.61	110	1 082	2.45	602
\$500 TO \$999	476	194	137	54	41	-	41	9	-	3.31	45	431	2.06	437
\$1,000 TO \$1,999	3 234	1 200	1 274	405	229	48	62	9	7	3.05	154	3 080	1.89	1 670
\$2,000 TO \$2,999	2 806	920	586	715	324	136	97	10	18	3.50	380	2 426	2.41	4 284
\$3,000 TO \$3,999	1 919	679	563	300	184	125	42	17	9	3.40	382	1 537	2.26	1 568
\$4,000 TO \$4,999	1 615	565	418	230	190	75	111	8	18	3.57	239	1 376	2.29	-
\$5,000 TO \$5,999	1 098	-	445	265	166	83	88	11	40	4.29	42	1 056	2.67	-
\$6,000 TO \$6,999	607	-	-	325	118	81	46	18	19	4.92	18	589	3.08	-
\$7,000 TO \$7,999	371	-	-	118	152	37	35	11	18	5.29	-	371	3.19	-
\$8,000 TO \$8,999	219	-	-	-	100	65	39	12	3	6.06	-	219	3.97	-
\$9,000 TO \$9,999	144	-	-	-	-	38	77	15	14	7.45	-	144	3.90	-
\$10,000 AND OVER	154	-	-	-	-	-	67	16	71	8.21	-	154	4.16	-
MEDIAN	\$2 530	\$2 027	\$1 977	\$2 798	\$3 130	\$3 776	\$4 568	\$6 000	\$6 342	...	\$2 853	\$2 479	...	\$2 146
MEAN	\$2 916	\$2 095	\$2 391	\$3 168	\$3 532	\$4 091	\$4 786	\$5 713	\$7 186	...	\$2 667	\$2 943	...	\$1 796

TABLE 250. FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS WITH INCOME IN 1979 BELOW THE POVERTY LEVEL BY INCOME, PERSONS IN FAMILY, PRESENCE OF RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS, SEX, RACE, AND SPANISH ORIGIN: 1980 - CON.

EXCLUDES INMATES OF INSTITUTIONS, PERSONS IN MILITARY GROUP QUARTERS AND IN COLLEGE DORMITORIES, AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS UNDER 15 YEARS. DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDIXES A AND B1

AUGUSTA CITY

	FAMILIES										WITHOUT RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	WITH RELATED CHILDREN <18 YRS		UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS
	TOTAL	PERSONS IN FAMILY								PERSONS PER FAMILY		TOTAL	FAMILY	
		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 OR MORE					
TOTAL														
TOTAL	2 726	918	605	462	384	168	115	37	37	3.59	726	2 000	2.42	4 203
WITHOUT INCOME IN 1979	237	99	45	34	37	7	4	-	11	3.46	59	178	2.51	479
LOSS	11	-	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	4.09	11	-	-	16
\$1 TO \$499	181	71	35	47	20	8	-	-	-	3.02	42	139	2.13	280
\$500 TO \$999	75	42	19	5	4	-	-	-	-	3.20	37	38	2.39	181
\$1,000 TO \$1,999	428	182	136	59	43	4	4	-	-	2.87	79	349	1.75	797
\$2,000 TO \$2,999	488	224	67	74	77	34	12	-	-	3.26	139	349	2.33	1 685
\$3,000 TO \$3,999	373	157	98	68	24	26	-	-	-	3.08	163	210	2.20	765
\$4,000 TO \$4,999	299	143	58	54	19	10	15	-	-	3.23	131	168	2.49	-
\$5,000 TO \$5,999	280	-	136	60	37	13	13	21	-	4.07	55	225	1.96	-
\$6,000 TO \$6,999	210	-	-	54	88	40	13	-	15	5.40	10	200	3.63	-
\$7,000 TO \$7,999	30	-	-	7	17	6	-	-	-	5.10	-	30	3.57	-
\$8,000 TO \$8,999	38	-	-	-	18	-	-	12	-	6.34	-	38	3.42	-
\$9,000 TO \$9,999	36	-	-	-	-	20	-	16	-	6.22	-	36	3.03	-
\$10,000 AND OVER	40	-	-	-	-	-	21	16	3	7.48	-	40	4.63	-
MEDIAN	\$2 883	\$2 290	\$2 843	\$3 177	\$3 458	\$4 500	\$6 346	\$5 881	\$6 500	...	\$2 971	\$2 848	...	\$2 207
MEAN	\$3 171	\$2 224	\$2 745	\$3 194	\$3 836	\$4 703	\$6 283	\$7 603	\$5 366	...	\$2 664	\$3 355	...	\$1 976
FAMILIES WITH FEMALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO HUSBAND PRESENT AND FEMALE UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS														
TOTAL	1 690	491	438	306	229	119	83	9	15	3.68	243	1 447	2.50	2 929
WITHOUT INCOME IN 1979	153	53	32	20	37	7	4	-	-	3.33	28	125	2.56	279
LOSS	11	-	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	4.09	11	-	-	16
\$1 TO \$499	134	41	35	30	20	8	-	-	-	3.15	12	122	2.07	149
\$500 TO \$999	49	30	9	5	-	5	-	-	-	3.16	30	30	2.30	143
\$1,000 TO \$1,999	324	127	121	59	13	4	-	-	-	2.81	28	296	1.74	545
\$2,000 TO \$2,999	359	144	55	63	51	34	12	-	-	3.39	47	312	2.35	1 305
\$3,000 TO \$3,999	190	41	76	39	18	16	-	-	-	3.49	47	143	2.38	492
\$4,000 TO \$4,999	134	55	28	25	11	-	15	-	-	3.80	28	106	2.92	-
\$5,000 TO \$5,999	110	-	71	21	6	3	9	-	-	3.68	13	97	1.72	-
\$6,000 TO \$6,999	136	-	-	44	49	28	-	-	15	5.92	10	126	4.55	-
\$7,000 TO \$7,999	18	-	-	-	12	6	-	-	-	5.56	-	18	4.22	-
\$8,000 TO \$8,999	19	-	-	-	12	-	-	7	-	5.89	-	19	3.21	-
\$9,000 TO \$9,999	29	-	-	-	-	13	-	16	-	6.28	-	29	3.03	-
\$10,000 AND OVER	24	-	-	-	-	-	15	9	-	7.42	-	24	4.92	-
MEDIAN	\$2 485	\$1 957	\$2 200	\$2 619	\$2 873	\$3 406	\$5 611	\$10,000+	\$6 500	...	\$2 500	\$2 482	...	\$2 255
MEAN	\$2 891	\$1 953	\$2 397	\$2 879	\$3 414	\$4 279	\$6 157	\$10 868	\$6 462	...	\$2 221	\$3 004	...	\$1 977
WHITE														
TOTAL	546	254	119	82	57	7	19	-	8	3.18	190	356	2.07	2 045
WITHOUT INCOME IN 1979	57	47	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.25	31	26	1.23	262
LOSS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16
\$1 TO \$499	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	84
\$500 TO \$999	18	14	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	2.94	6	12	1.92	113
\$1,000 TO \$1,999	114	69	19	22	-	-	4	-	-	2.66	40	74	1.74	361
\$2,000 TO \$2,999	78	39	11	15	13	-	-	-	-	3.15	22	56	2.04	806
\$3,000 TO \$3,999	94	42	26	12	14	-	-	-	-	2.97	42	52	2.23	403
\$4,000 TO \$4,999	65	43	19	3	-	-	-	-	-	2.43	29	36	1.42	-
\$5,000 TO \$5,999	64	-	34	17	6	3	4	-	-	3.81	20	44	2.11	-
\$6,000 TO \$6,999	10	-	-	6	-	4	-	-	-	5.90	-	10	3.60	-
\$7,000 TO \$7,999	12	-	-	7	5	-	-	-	-	4.42	-	12	2.58	-
\$8,000 TO \$8,999	28	-	-	-	15	-	-	5	-	6.18	-	28	3.14	-
\$9,000 TO \$9,999	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
\$10,000 AND OVER	6	-	-	-	-	-	6	-	-	7.17	-	6	4.00	-
MEDIAN	\$3 064	\$1 957	\$3 750	\$3 333	\$3 821	\$6 125	\$8 300	-	\$8 500	...	\$2 818	\$3 192	...	\$2 231
MEAN	\$3 263	\$2 142	\$3 473	\$3 697	\$4 882	\$6 401	\$8 856	-	\$8 435	...	\$2 595	\$3 619	...	\$1 960
FAMILIES WITH FEMALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO HUSBAND PRESENT AND FEMALE UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS														
TOTAL	237	117	60	40	17	3	-	-	-	2.86	38	199	1.75	1 525
WITHOUT INCOME IN 1979	33	23	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.30	12	21	1.19	159
LOSS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16
\$1 TO \$499	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	54
\$500 TO \$999	14	14	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.00	6	8	0.88	100
\$1,000 TO \$1,999	62	29	11	22	-	-	-	-	-	2.73	40	62	1.55	254
\$2,000 TO \$2,999	39	24	11	4	-	-	-	-	-	2.69	7	32	1.81	644
\$3,000 TO \$3,999	37	13	9	7	8	-	-	-	-	3.30	13	24	3.00	298
\$4,000 TO \$4,999	27	14	13	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.59	-	27	1.41	-
\$5,000 TO \$5,999	16	-	6	7	-	3	-	-	-	3.94	-	16	2.13	-
\$6,000 TO \$6,999	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
\$7,000 TO \$7,999	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
\$8,000 TO \$8,999	9	-	-	-	9	-	-	-	-	4.89	-	9	2.11	-
\$9,000 TO \$9,999	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
\$10,000 AND OVER	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MEDIAN	\$2 244	\$1 741	\$2 818	\$1 909	\$8 056	\$5 500	-	-	-	...	\$2 143	\$2 266	...	\$2 279
MEAN	\$2 587	\$1 890	\$2 827	\$2 567	\$5 995	\$5 975	-	-	-	...	\$1 779	\$2 742	...	\$2 010

TABLE 250. FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS WITH INCOME IN 1979 BELOW THE POVERTY LEVEL BY INCOME, PERSONS IN FAMILY, PRESENCE OF RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS, SEX, RACE, AND SPANISH ORIGIN: 1980 - CON.

EXCLUDES INMATES OF INSTITUTIONS, PERSONS IN MILITARY GROUP QUARTERS AND IN COLLEGE DORMITORIES, AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS UNDER 15 YEARS. DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDIXES A AND B.

AUGUSTA CITY

	FAMILIES										WITHOUT RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	WITH RELATED CHILDREN <18 YRS		UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS
	TOTAL	PERSONS IN FAMILY										TOTAL	PER FAMILY	
		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 OR MORE	PERSONS PER FAMILY				
BLACK														
TOTAL	2 173	664	486	373	327	161	96	37	29	3.69	536	1 637	2.49	2 124
WITHOUT INCOME IN 1979	180	52	35	34	37	7	4	-	11	3.85	28	152	2.72	217
LOSS	11	-	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	4.09	11	-	-	-
\$1 TO \$499	181	71	35	47	20	8	-	-	-	3.02	42	139	2.13	190
\$500 TO \$999	57	28	19	5	-	-	-	-	-	3.28	31	26	2.62	68
\$1,000 TO \$1,999	314	113	117	37	43	4	-	-	-	2.95	39	275	1.75	436
\$2,000 TO \$2,999	410	185	56	59	64	34	12	-	-	3.28	117	293	2.39	864
\$3,000 TO \$3,999	272	115	72	49	10	26	-	-	-	3.09	121	151	2.19	349
\$4,000 TO \$4,999	234	100	39	51	19	10	15	-	-	3.45	102	132	2.78	-
\$5,000 TO \$5,999	216	-	102	43	31	10	9	21	-	4.15	35	181	1.92	-
\$6,000 TO \$6,999	200	-	-	48	88	36	13	-	15	5.37	10	190	3.63	-
\$7,000 TO \$7,999	18	-	-	-	12	6	-	-	-	5.56	-	18	4.22	-
\$8,000 TO \$8,999	10	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	6.80	-	10	4.20	-
\$9,000 TO \$9,999	36	-	-	-	-	20	16	-	-	6.22	-	36	3.03	-
\$10,000 AND OVER	34	-	-	-	-	-	15	16	3	7.53	-	34	4.74	-
MEDIAN	\$2 838	\$2 368	\$2 464	\$3 092	\$2 992	\$4 150	\$6 231	\$5 881	\$6 233	...	\$3 000	\$2 773	...	\$2 175
MEAN	\$3 146	\$2 255	\$2 567	\$3 074	\$3 653	\$4 629	\$6 169	\$7 603	\$4 519	...	\$2 689	\$3 296	...	\$1 866
FAMILIES WITH FEMALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO HUSBAND PRESENT AND FEMALE UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS														
TOTAL	1 453	374	378	266	212	116	83	9	15	3.81	205	1 248	2.62	1 382
WITHOUT INCOME IN 1979	120	30	22	20	37	7	4	-	-	3.61	16	104	2.84	120
LOSS	11	-	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	4.09	11	-	-	-
\$1 TO \$499	134	41	35	30	20	8	-	-	-	3.15	12	122	2.07	95
\$500 TO \$999	35	16	9	5	-	-	-	-	-	3.63	13	22	2.82	43
\$1,000 TO \$1,999	262	98	110	37	13	4	-	-	-	2.83	28	234	1.79	291
\$2,000 TO \$2,999	320	120	44	59	51	34	12	-	-	3.48	40	280	2.41	646
\$3,000 TO \$3,999	153	28	67	32	10	16	-	-	-	3.54	34	119	2.25	187
\$4,000 TO \$4,999	107	41	15	25	11	-	15	-	-	4.10	28	79	3.44	-
\$5,000 TO \$5,999	94	-	65	14	6	-	9	-	-	3.64	13	81	1.64	-
\$6,000 TO \$6,999	136	-	-	44	49	28	-	-	15	5.92	10	126	4.55	-
\$7,000 TO \$7,999	18	-	-	-	12	6	-	-	-	5.56	-	18	4.22	-
\$8,000 TO \$8,999	10	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	6.80	-	10	4.20	-
\$9,000 TO \$9,999	29	-	-	-	-	13	16	-	-	6.28	-	29	3.03	-
\$10,000 AND OVER	24	-	-	-	-	-	15	9	-	7.42	-	24	4.92	-
MEDIAN	\$2 514	\$2 017	\$2 046	\$2 695	\$2 706	\$3 313	\$5 611	\$10,000+	\$6 500	...	\$2 563	\$2 507	...	\$2 220
MEAN	\$2 941	\$1 973	\$2 329	\$2 926	\$3 207	\$4 236	\$6 157	\$10 868	\$6 462	...	\$2 303	\$3 046	...	\$1 931

TABLE 250. FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS WITH INCOME IN 1979 BELOW THE POVERTY LEVEL BY INCOME, PERSONS IN FAMILY, PRESENCE OF RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS, SEX, RACE, AND SPANISH ORIGIN: 1980 - CON.

EXCLUDES INMATES OF INSTITUTIONS, PERSONS IN MILITARY GROUP QUARTERS AND IN COLLEGE DORMITORIES, AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS UNDER 15 YEARS. DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDIXES A AND B1

MACON CITY

	PERSONS IN FAMILY										WITHOUT RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	WITH RELATED CHILDREN <18 YRS		UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS	
	TOTAL	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 OR MORE	PERSONS PER FAMILY		CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	RELATED CHILDREN PER FAMILY		
													TOTAL		FAMILY
TOTAL	5 203	1 402	1 134	937	816	471	272	95	76	3.88	1 083	4 120	2.55	5 357	
WITHOUT INCOME IN 1979	267	100	70	49	41	7	-	-	-	3.09	68	199	2.07	851	
LOSS	31	10	10	-	6	-	5	-	-	3.92	5	26	1.65	19	
\$1 TO \$499	292	119	45	65	21	20	16	6	-	3.67	49	243	2.51	233	
\$500 TO \$999	80	7	33	26	7	7	-	-	-	3.60	7	73	1.73	291	
\$1,000 TO \$1,999	660	185	235	122	49	43	13	13	-	3.38	90	570	2.30	818	
\$2,000 TO \$2,999	1 054	309	233	172	200	103	28	-	9	3.57	272	782	2.64	2 024	
\$3,000 TO \$3,999	779	365	190	88	82	27	24	3	-	3.23	328	451	2.37	1 121	
\$4,000 TO \$4,999	748	307	157	107	54	63	23	28	9	3.48	238	510	2.29	-	
\$5,000 TO \$5,999	374	-	161	87	87	27	18	11	8	4.34	23	351	2.38	-	
\$6,000 TO \$6,999	370	-	-	177	87	27	18	11	8	4.34	23	351	2.38	-	
\$7,000 TO \$7,999	205	-	-	42	110	12	32	5	4	4.97	-	370	3.04	-	
\$8,000 TO \$8,999	180	-	-	-	92	87	1	-	-	5.16	3	202	2.52	-	
\$9,000 TO \$9,999	79	-	-	-	-	50	18	2	9	5.50	-	180	3.17	-	
\$10,000 AND OVER	84	-	-	-	-	5	37	19	23	8.43	-	84	4.57	-	
MEDIAN	\$3 279	\$2 906	\$2 747	\$3 392	\$4 037	\$4 452	\$6 158	\$4 911	\$6 857	...	\$3 154	\$3 370	...	\$2 231	
MEAN	\$3 606	\$2 590	\$2 797	\$3 546	\$4 380	\$4 971	\$5 715	\$5 707	\$8 222	...	\$2 907	\$3 790	...	\$1 885	
FAMILIES WITH FEMALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO HUSBAND PRESENT AND FEMALE UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS															
TOTAL	3 224	769	771	656	490	276	173	42	47	3.92	389	2 835	2.62	3 735	
WITHOUT INCOME IN 1979	176	58	54	34	23	7	-	-	-	3.20	26	150	2.20	541	
LOSS	5	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	-	6.20	-	5	2.60	6	
\$1 TO \$499	234	98	45	53	12	13	7	6	-	3.61	28	206	2.40	151	
\$500 TO \$999	64	7	24	26	7	-	-	-	-	3.53	7	57	1.84	201	
\$1,000 TO \$1,999	517	135	198	103	39	29	13	-	-	3.35	39	478	2.27	605	
\$2,000 TO \$2,999	767	191	160	143	167	78	28	-	160	3.72	111	656	2.69	1 509	
\$3,000 TO \$3,999	424	153	129	56	47	12	24	3	-	3.53	103	321	2.55	722	
\$4,000 TO \$4,999	411	127	89	75	36	45	14	16	9	3.81	68	343	2.43	-	
\$5,000 TO \$5,999	199	-	72	58	41	-	13	7	8	4.53	4	195	2.74	-	
\$6,000 TO \$6,999	171	-	-	95	33	-	26	3	14	4.94	-	171	3.23	-	
\$7,000 TO \$7,999	105	-	-	13	58	12	13	5	4	5.43	3	102	2.62	-	
\$8,000 TO \$8,999	82	-	-	-	27	54	1	-	-	5.83	-	82	3.44	-	
\$9,000 TO \$9,999	40	-	-	-	-	26	12	2	-	6.40	-	40	3.83	-	
\$10,000 AND OVER	29	-	-	-	-	-	17	-	12	9.93	-	29	6.90	-	
MEDIAN	\$2 803	\$2 453	\$2 403	\$2 783	\$2 982	\$3 917	\$4 679	\$4 750	\$6 464	...	\$2 851	\$2 795	...	\$2 241	
MEAN	\$3 218	\$2 303	\$2 560	\$3 137	\$3 828	\$4 619	\$4 983	\$4 675	\$7 717	...	\$2 664	\$3 294	...	\$1 941	
WHITE															
TOTAL	1 226	518	304	203	103	84	5	9	-	3.24	460	766	2.13	2 261	
WITHOUT INCOME IN 1979	63	32	16	15	-	-	-	-	-	2.62	21	42	1.36	254	
LOSS	26	10	10	-	6	-	-	-	-	3.00	5	21	1.43	-	
\$1 TO \$499	40	11	-	17	-	-	-	-	-	4.45	11	27	3.86	87	
\$500 TO \$999	34	3	22	9	-	12	-	-	-	2.76	7	27	1.44	143	
\$1,000 TO \$1,999	128	60	37	25	6	-	-	-	-	2.89	43	85	1.87	357	
\$2,000 TO \$2,999	199	106	53	22	3	15	-	-	-	2.87	92	107	2.07	838	
\$3,000 TO \$3,999	227	145	59	23	-	-	-	-	-	2.50	142	85	1.88	582	
\$4,000 TO \$4,999	236	151	56	23	-	6	-	-	-	2.58	125	111	1.58	-	
\$5,000 TO \$5,999	93	-	51	22	11	-	5	4	-	4.15	14	79	2.00	-	
\$6,000 TO \$6,999	86	-	-	41	31	9	-	5	-	5.02	-	86	2.98	-	
\$7,000 TO \$7,999	31	-	-	6	25	-	-	-	-	5.55	-	31	2.52	-	
\$8,000 TO \$8,999	43	-	-	-	21	22	-	-	-	5.19	-	43	2.88	-	
\$9,000 TO \$9,999	20	-	-	-	-	20	-	-	-	6.35	-	20	3.20	-	
\$10,000 AND OVER	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
MEDIAN	\$3 542	\$3 255	\$3 237	\$3 587	\$6 823	\$7 500	\$5 500	\$6 100	-	...	\$3 359	\$3 847	...	\$2 346	
MEAN	\$3 530	\$2 858	\$3 018	\$3 557	\$6 098	\$5 904	\$5 850	\$6 062	-	...	\$3 090	\$3 794	...	\$2 050	
FAMILIES WITH FEMALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO HUSBAND PRESENT AND FEMALE UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS															
TOTAL	500	191	157	99	19	34	-	-	-	3.21	126	374	2.17	1 704	
WITHOUT INCOME IN 1979	33	18	8	7	-	-	-	-	-	2.45	7	26	1.65	195	
LOSS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
\$1 TO \$499	24	7	-	12	-	-	-	-	-	4.33	7	17	3.82	59	
\$500 TO \$999	25	3	13	9	-	5	-	-	-	2.84	7	18	1.78	109	
\$1,000 TO \$1,999	77	34	24	13	6	-	-	-	-	2.97	10	67	1.67	278	
\$2,000 TO \$2,999	94	52	34	10	-	-	-	-	-	2.69	38	58	1.90	635	
\$3,000 TO \$3,999	91	35	46	10	-	-	-	-	-	2.88	32	59	2.14	428	
\$4,000 TO \$4,999	85	42	27	16	-	-	-	-	-	2.65	25	60	1.58	-	
\$5,000 TO \$5,999	12	-	5	4	3	-	-	-	-	4.58	-	12	3.08	-	
\$6,000 TO \$6,999	24	-	-	18	6	-	-	-	-	4.54	-	24	3.25	-	
\$7,000 TO \$7,999	4	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	6.75	-	4	3.50	-	
\$8,000 TO \$8,999	9	-	-	-	-	9	-	-	-	6.44	-	9	3.89	-	
\$9,000 TO \$9,999	20	-	-	-	-	20	-	-	-	6.35	-	20	3.20	-	
\$10,000 AND OVER	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
MEDIAN	\$2 948	\$2 644	\$2 985	\$2 850	\$6 083	\$9 150	-	-	-	...	\$2 842	\$3 017	...	\$2 332	
MEAN	\$3 158	\$2 517	\$2 793	\$3 020	\$4 246	\$7 842	-	-	-	...	\$2 665	\$3 324	...	\$2 058	

TABLE 250. FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS WITH INCOME IN 1979 BELOW THE POVERTY LEVEL BY INCOME, PERSONS IN FAMILY, PRESENCE OF RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS, SEX, RACE, AND SPANISH ORIGIN: 1980 - CON.

EXCLUDES INMATES OF INSTITUTIONS, PERSONS IN MILITARY GROUP QUARTERS AND IN COLLEGE DORMITORIES, AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS UNDER 15 YEARS. DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDIXES A AND B

MACON CITY

	FAMILIES										WITHOUT RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	WITH RELATED CHILDREN <18 YRS		UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS			
	PERSONS IN FAMILY											TOTAL	FAMILY				
	TOTAL	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 OR MORE	PERSONS PER FAMILY							
BLACK																	
TOTAL	3 955	884	830	734	705	381	267	78	76	4.05	623	3 332	2.63			3 063	
WITHOUT INCOME IN 1979	204	68	54	34	41	7	-	-	-	3.24	47	157	2.25			597	
LOSS	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6.20	-	5	2.60			19	
\$1 TO \$499	252	108	45	48	21	8	16	6	-	3.55	38	214	2.33			146	
\$500 TO \$999	46	4	11	17	7	7	-	-	-	4.22	-	46	1.89			148	
\$1,000 TO \$1,999	532	125	198	97	43	43	13	13	-	3.50	47	485	2.38			455	
\$2,000 TO \$2,999	855	203	180	150	197	88	28	-	9	3.74	180	675	2.73			1 159	
\$3,000 TO \$3,999	552	220	131	65	82	27	24	3	-	3.53	186	366	2.49			539	
\$4,000 TO \$4,999	512	156	101	84	54	57	23	28	9	3.90	113	399	2.49			-	
\$5,000 TO \$5,999	281	-	110	67	56	20	13	7	8	4.41	9	272	2.49			-	
\$6,000 TO \$6,999	278	-	-	136	56	12	57	3	14	4.93	-	278	3.04			-	
\$7,000 TO \$7,999	174	-	-	36	85	12	32	5	4	5.09	3	171	2.52			-	
\$8,000 TO \$8,999	129	-	-	-	63	65	1	-	-	5.66	-	129	3.28			-	
\$9,000 TO \$9,999	59	-	-	-	-	30	18	2	9	6.88	-	59	3.42			-	
\$10,000 AND OVER	76	-	-	-	-	5	37	11	23	8.20	-	76	4.18			-	
MEDIAN	\$3 151	\$2 675	\$2 594	\$3 323	\$3 531	\$4 184	\$6 202	\$4 607	\$6 857	...	\$2 997	\$3 230	...			\$2 144	
MEAN	\$3 601	\$2 432	\$2 716	\$3 542	\$4 088	\$4 742	\$5 712	\$5 119	\$8 222	...	\$2 772	\$3 756	...			\$1 759	
FAMILIES WITH FEMALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO HUSBAND PRESENT AND FEMALE UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS																	
TOTAL	2 724	578	614	557	471	242	173	42	47	4.06	263	2 461	2.69			2 005	
WITHOUT INCOME IN 1979	143	40	46	27	23	7	-	-	-	3.38	19	124	2.31			346	
LOSS	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6.20	-	5	2.60			6	
\$1 TO \$499	210	91	45	41	12	8	7	6	-	3.53	21	189	2.28			92	
\$500 TO \$999	39	4	11	17	7	-	-	-	-	3.97	-	39	1.87			92	
\$1,000 TO \$1,999	440	101	174	90	33	29	13	-	-	3.41	29	411	2.37			321	
\$2,000 TO \$2,999	671	139	126	133	167	78	28	-	-	3.87	73	598	2.76			854	
\$3,000 TO \$3,999	333	118	83	46	47	12	24	3	-	3.71	71	262	2.65			294	
\$4,000 TO \$4,999	326	85	62	59	36	45	14	16	9	4.11	43	283	2.61			-	
\$5,000 TO \$5,999	187	-	67	54	38	-	13	7	8	4.52	4	183	2.72			-	
\$6,000 TO \$6,999	147	-	-	77	27	-	26	3	14	5.01	-	147	3.23			-	
\$7,000 TO \$7,999	101	-	-	13	54	12	13	5	4	5.38	3	98	2.58			-	
\$8,000 TO \$8,999	75	-	-	-	27	45	1	-	-	5.75	-	75	3.38			-	
\$9,000 TO \$9,999	20	-	-	-	-	6	12	2	-	6.45	-	20	4.45			-	
\$10,000 AND OVER	29	-	-	-	-	-	17	-	12	9.93	-	29	6.90			-	
MEDIAN	\$2 782	\$2 381	\$2 246	\$2 778	\$2 961	\$2 987	\$4 679	\$4 750	\$6 464	...	\$2 856	\$2 773	...			\$2 170	
MEAN	\$3 229	\$2 232	\$2 500	\$3 158	\$3 783	\$4 166	\$4 983	\$4 675	\$7 717	...	\$2 664	\$3 289	...			\$1 838	

TABLE 251. SIZE OF INCOME DEFICIT FOR FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS WITH INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL BY PERSONS IN FAMILY, AGE, SEX, RACE, AND SPANISH ORIGIN: 1980

EXCLUDES INMATES OF INSTITUTIONS, PERSONS IN MILITARY GROUP QUARTERS AND IN COLLEGE DORMITORIES, AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS UNDER 15 YEARS. DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDICES A AND B

GEORGIA	FAMILIES WITH INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL											UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS WITH INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL						
	TOTAL	AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER			PERSONS IN FAMILY							TOTAL	15 TO 64 YEARS AND OVER					
		15 TO 64 YEARS AND OVER	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 OR MORE	15 TO 64 YEARS AND OVER		65 YEARS AND OVER					
TOTAL																		
TOTAL	189 007	156 920	32 087	61 535	37 957	34 343	24 471	14 391	9 858	2 722	3 730	176 023	104 611	71 412				
LESS THAN \$250	9 483	6 434	3 049	4 775	1 877	1 313	775	365	276	52	50	10 848	4 810	6 038				
\$250 TO \$499	11 456	7 044	4 412	6 041	1 682	1 986	914	484	183	78	88	14 445	5 521	8 924				
\$500 TO \$999	20 909	14 878	6 031	9 773	4 368	2 349	2 346	993	617	136	109	42 140	14 703	27 435				
\$1,000 TO \$1,999	32 774	24 342	8 432	13 922	6 605	5 410	3 179	2 013	1 101	281	263	46 817	27 261	19 556				
\$2,000 TO \$2,999	26 151	21 884	4 267	9 804	5 557	4 675	2 956	1 676	1 009	204	270	24 129	18 878	5 251				
\$3,000 TO \$3,999	22 448	20 265	2 183	7 172	5 327	3 897	2 719	1 699	1 090	225	319	37 644	33 436	4 208				
\$4,000 TO \$4,999	23 432	21 157	2 275	8 464	5 996	3 948	2 272	1 357	866	248	281	-	-	-				
\$5,000 TO \$5,999	17 931	17 237	694	1 584	6 545	4 471	2 400	1 291	1 010	300	330	-	-	-				
\$6,000 TO \$6,999	8 107	7 846	261	-	-	2 302	2 881	1 338	925	284	377	-	-	-				
\$7,000 AND OVER	16 316	15 833	483	-	-	3 772	4 029	3 175	2 781	914	1 645	-	-	-				
MEDIAN INCOME DEFICIT.	\$2 760	\$3 191	\$1 303	\$1 731	\$2 800	\$3 313	\$3 760	\$3 980	\$4 754	\$5 457	\$6 416	\$1 440	\$2 000	\$878				
MEAN INCOME DEFICIT.	\$3 221	\$3 519	\$1 763	\$2 070	\$2 900	\$3 514	\$4 029	\$4 411	\$5 011	\$5 464	\$6 525	\$1 712	\$2 126	\$1 107				
FAMILIES WITH FEMALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO HUSBAND PRESENT AND FEMALE UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS																		
LESS THAN \$250	2 689	2 124	565	1 208	779	375	207	58	41	20	19	118 574	60 111	58 463				
\$250 TO \$499	3 173	2 510	663	1 415	739	605	218	107	43	25	21	10 266	3 059	7 207				
\$500 TO \$999	6 670	5 588	1 082	2 995	2 005	984	595	268	135	60	28	31 130	8 246	22 884				
\$1,000 TO \$1,999	12 369	9 875	2 494	5 232	3 113	1 925	1 031	569	375	49	75	32 479	16 679	15 800				
\$2,000 TO \$2,999	11 927	10 190	1 737	4 944	2 937	1 912	1 110	524	361	81	58	15 111	10 895	4 216				
\$3,000 TO \$3,999	11 844	10 846	998	4 576	3 323	1 852	1 009	552	346	84	102	21 830	18 494	3 336				
\$4,000 TO \$4,999	11 764	11 075	689	3 186	4 129	2 930	1 166	628	322	103	103	-	-	-				
\$5,000 TO \$5,999	10 352	10 077	275	1 399	3 531	2 959	1 205	540	487	114	117	-	-	-				
\$6,000 TO \$6,999	4 389	4 293	96	-	-	1 121	1 823	751	451	110	133	-	-	-				
\$7,000 AND OVER	8 421	8 180	241	-	-	1 742	1 894	1 804	1 562	528	891	-	-	-				
MEDIAN INCOME DEFICIT.	\$3 420	\$3 654	\$1 846	\$2 370	\$3 212	\$4 070	\$4 822	\$5 377	\$5 900	\$6 464	\$7,000+	\$1 312	\$1 960	\$872				
MEAN INCOME DEFICIT.	\$3 656	\$3 823	\$2 249	\$2 477	\$3 092	\$3 901	\$4 608	\$5 257	\$5 795	\$6 287	\$7 423	\$1 605	\$2 100	\$1 096				
WHITE																		
TOTAL	86 288	68 953	17 335	35 514	17 336	15 889	9 973	4 696	2 096	412	372	106 425	61 715	44 710				
LESS THAN \$250	5 648	3 604	2 044	3 203	935	818	336	203	137	16	-	7 766	3 111	4 655				
\$250 TO \$499	6 886	3 886	3 000	4 078	908	1 082	509	193	71	15	30	10 188	3 804	6 384				
\$500 TO \$999	12 210	8 294	3 916	6 524	2 485	1 232	1 305	400	243	6	15	26 323	9 221	17 102				
\$1,000 TO \$1,999	16 813	12 332	4 481	8 055	3 270	2 806	1 421	872	280	82	27	27 636	16 272	11 364				
\$2,000 TO \$2,999	12 142	10 462	1 680	4 885	2 676	2 427	1 294	542	239	49	30	14 841	12 021	2 820				
\$3,000 TO \$3,999	9 016	8 244	772	3 174	2 027	1 677	1 162	624	282	49	21	19 651	17 286	2 365				
\$4,000 TO \$4,999	10 027	8 858	1 169	4 903	2 051	1 592	863	373	144	43	58	-	-	-				
\$5,000 TO \$5,999	6 744	6 567	177	692	2 984	1 517	846	426	191	46	42	-	-	-				
\$6,000 TO \$6,999	2 312	2 259	53	-	-	985	850	273	141	21	42	-	-	-				
\$7,000 AND OVER	4 490	4 447	43	-	-	1 753	1 387	790	368	85	107	-	-	-				
MEDIAN INCOME DEFICIT.	\$2 131	\$2 608	\$963	\$1 491	\$2 400	\$2 827	\$3 105	\$3 221	\$3 277	\$3 776	\$5 119	\$1 323	\$1 905	\$830				
MEAN INCOME DEFICIT.	\$2 702	\$3 027	\$1 408	\$1 913	\$2 716	\$3 277	\$3 615	\$3 815	\$3 879	\$4 344	\$5 726	\$1 613	\$2 028	\$1 041				
FAMILIES WITH FEMALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO HUSBAND PRESENT AND FEMALE UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS																		
LESS THAN \$250	1 021	770	251	559	255	134	34	23	16	-	-	74 770	36 466	38 304				
\$250 TO \$499	1 176	886	290	630	253	190	78	15	10	-	-	5 957	1 883	4 074				
\$500 TO \$999	2 658	2 103	559	1 366	874	201	158	43	16	-	-	7 531	2 158	5 373				
\$1,000 TO \$1,999	4 355	3 361	974	2 294	1 130	546	222	112	28	-	-	20 274	5 390	14 884				
\$2,000 TO \$2,999	3 593	3 082	511	1 713	968	559	238	75	36	4	2	19 746	10 120	9 626				
\$3,000 TO \$3,999	2 918	2 723	195	1 354	778	479	238	70	34	1	7	9 319	6 938	2 381				
\$4,000 TO \$4,999	2 612	2 407	205	1 072	862	388	215	46	24	5	-	11 943	9 977	1 966				
\$5,000 TO \$5,999	2 483	2 457	26	601	1 130	509	163	56	11	11	2	-	-	-				
\$6,000 TO \$6,999	605	588	17	-	-	271	254	51	29	-	-	-	-	-				
\$7,000 AND OVER	978	961	17	-	-	380	271	204	102	4	17	-	-	-				
MEDIAN INCOME DEFICIT.	\$2 556	\$2 827	\$1 436	\$1 976	\$2 633	\$3 414	\$3 944	\$4 228	\$4 542	\$5 227	\$7,000+	\$1 183	\$1 870	\$826				
MEAN INCOME DEFICIT.	\$2 915	\$3 102	\$1 722	\$2 265	\$2 857	\$3 596	\$4 079	\$4 609	\$4 927	\$4 927	\$7 121	\$1 508	\$2 007	\$1 032				
BLACK																		
TOTAL	101 053	86 401	14 652	25 614	20 137	18 125	14 344	9 557	7 669	2 278	3 329	67 423	41 013	26 410				
LESS THAN \$250	3 772	2 773	999	1 548	914	491	439	155	139	36	50	2 969	1 612	1 357				
\$250 TO \$499	4 498	3 107	1 391	1 930	758	893	405	291	105	58	58	4 124	1 624	2 500				
\$500 TO \$999	8 537	6 426	2 111	3 212	1 845	1 310	1 015	577	364	122	92	15 510	5 291	10 219				
\$1,000 TO \$1,999	15 660	11 746	3 914	5 810	3 261	2 514	1 736	1 106	798	199	236	18 804	10 716	8 088				
\$2,000 TO \$2,999	13 833	11 246	2 587	4 868	2 842	2 214	1 637	1 113	764	155	240	9 021	6 597	2 424				
\$3,000 TO \$3,999	13 253	11 848	1 405	3 946	3 235	2 199	1 533	1 065	801	176	298	16 995	15 173	1 822				
\$4,000 TO \$4,999	13 151	12 066	1 085	3 428	3 898	2 302	1 400	973	722	205	223	-	-	-				
\$5,000 TO \$5,999	10 949	10 436	513	872	3 384	2 934	1 547	865	808	251	288	-	-	-				
\$6,000 TO \$6,999	3 755	3 547	208	-	-	1 297	2 024	1 063	784	263	324	-	-	-				
\$7,000 AND OVER	11 645	11 206	439	-	-	1 971	2 608	2 349	2 384	813	1 520	-	-	-				
MEDIAN INCOME DEFICIT.	\$3 319	\$3 667	\$1 722	\$2 063	\$3 139	\$3 746	\$4 291	\$4 485	\$5 175	\$5 749	\$6 554	\$1 591	\$2 192	\$957				
MEAN INCOME DEFICIT.	\$3 658	\$3 908	\$2 182	\$2 276	\$3 044	\$3 722	\$4 318	\$4 711	\$5 324	\$5 668	\$6 577	\$1 847	\$2 252	\$1 218				
FAMILIES WITH FEMALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO HUSBAND PRESENT AND FEMALE UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS																		
LESS THAN \$250	1 668	1 354	314	649	524	241	175	17	25	20	19	42 713	22 822	19 891				
\$250 TO \$499	1 991	1 018	373	785	480	415	140	92	33	25	21	1 738	798	940				
\$500 TO \$999	3 963	3 436	527	1 207	1 111	776	437	225	119	60	28	2 648	854	1 794				
\$1,000 TO \$1,999	7 935	6 446	1 489	2 915	1 949	1 346	809	448	347	49	72	12 510	6 431	6 079				
\$2,000 TO \$2,999	8 278	7 052	1 226	3 205	1 948	1 344	872	451	325	77	56	5 647	3 819	1 828				
\$3,000 TO \$3,999	8 872	8 069	803	3 210	2 503	1 373	814	482	312	83	95	9 507	8 158	1 349				
\$4,000 TO \$4,999	9 047	8 579	468	2 053	3 252	1 720	948	578	298	98	100	-	-	-				
\$5,000 TO \$5,999	7 790	7 541	249	778	2 354	2 441	1 042	484	476	100	115	-	-	-				
\$6,000 TO \$6,999	3 777	3 698	79	-	-	850	1 562	700	422	110	133	-	-	-				
\$7,000 AND																		

TABLE 251. SIZE OF INCOME DEFICIT FOR FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS WITH INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL BY PERSONS IN FAMILY, AGE, SEX, RACE, AND SPANISH ORIGIN: 1980 - CON.

EXCLUDES INMATES OF INSTITUTIONS, PERSONS IN MILITARY GROUP QUARTERS AND IN COLLEGE DORMITORIES, AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS UNDER 15 YEARS. DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDIXES A AND B3

GEORGIA

	FAMILIES WITH INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL										UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS WITH INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL			
	TOTAL	AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER			PERSONS IN FAMILY							TOTAL	15 TO 65 YEARS AND OVER	
		15 TO 65 YEARS AND OVER	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 OR MORE	15 TO 65 YEARS AND OVER		15 TO 65 YEARS AND OVER	
SPANISH ORIGIN														
TOTAL	2 577	2 301	276	620	575	522	265	234	164	74	123	2 303	1 761	542
LESS THAN \$250	79	61	18	50	3	8	14	-	4	-	-	126	94	32
\$250 TO \$499	143	94	49	78	10	23	-	22	-	5	5	148	95	53
\$500 TO \$999	246	200	46	118	48	26	48	4	-	2	-	404	208	196
\$1,000 TO \$1,999	338	280	58	85	54	92	27	41	18	12	9	545	383	162
\$2,000 TO \$2,999	297	258	39	71	93	42	30	25	11	10	15	318	258	60
\$3,000 TO \$3,999	337	313	24	125	96	37	33	20	16	10	-	762	723	39
\$4,000 TO \$4,999	367	347	20	69	145	77	-	23	18	23	12	-	-	-
\$5,000 TO \$5,999	295	283	12	24	126	75	35	7	16	-	12	-	-	-
\$6,000 TO \$6,999	195	195	-	-	-	51	42	46	29	5	22	-	-	-
\$7,000 AND OVER	280	270	10	-	-	91	36	46	52	7	48	-	-	-
MEDIAN INCOME DEFICIT	\$3 550	\$3 823	\$1 431	\$1 753	\$3 828	\$4 429	\$3 409	\$4 217	\$5 938	\$3 800	\$6 386	\$1 869	\$2 390	\$974
MEAN INCOME DEFICIT	\$3 747	\$3 954	\$2 019	\$2 152	\$3 562	\$4 105	\$3 926	\$4 562	\$6 001	\$3 875	\$6 115	\$2 064	\$2 323	\$1 222
FAMILIES WITH FEMALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO HUSBAND PRESENT AND FEMALE UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS														
TOTAL	1 136	1 039	97	286	319	241	92	79	64	21	34	1 275	855	420
LESS THAN \$250	18	18	-	12	-	-	2	-	4	-	-	66	37	29
\$250 TO \$499	36	33	3	11	6	3	-	16	-	-	-	86	61	25
\$500 TO \$999	125	104	21	75	24	12	14	-	-	-	-	213	56	157
\$1,000 TO \$1,999	84	80	4	12	17	36	3	-	6	10	-	358	232	126
\$2,000 TO \$2,999	150	123	27	59	37	29	12	-	6	5	2	184	140	44
\$3,000 TO \$3,999	162	138	24	57	61	30	14	-	-	-	-	368	329	39
\$4,000 TO \$4,999	162	159	3	36	79	26	-	7	11	3	-	-	-	-
\$5,000 TO \$5,999	171	164	7	24	95	36	5	7	-	-	4	-	-	-
\$6,000 TO \$6,999	115	115	-	-	-	34	31	32	13	-	5	-	-	-
\$7,000 AND OVER	113	105	8	-	-	35	11	17	24	3	23	-	-	-
MEDIAN INCOME DEFICIT	\$3 957	\$4 148	\$2 759	\$2 559	\$4 184	\$4 404	\$5 200	\$6 297	\$6 385	\$2 100	\$7,000+	\$1 761	\$2 296	\$997
MEAN INCOME DEFICIT	\$4 008	\$4 103	\$2 986	\$2 555	\$3 847	\$4 276	\$4 592	\$5 382	\$5 850	\$3 219	\$8 082	\$1 960	\$2 304	\$1 260

TABLE 251. SIZE OF INCOME DEFICIT FOR FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS WITH INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL BY PERSONS IN FAMILY, AGE, SEX, RACE, AND SPANISH ORIGIN: 1980 - CON.

EXCLUDES INMATES OF INSTITUTIONS, PERSONS IN MILITARY GROUP QUARTERS AND IN COLLEGE DORMITORIES, AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS UNDER 15 YEARS. DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDIXES A AND B1

RURAL	FAMILIES WITH INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL											UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS WITH INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL		
	TOTAL	AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER			PERSONS IN FAMILY							TOTAL	15 TO 64 YEARS AND OVER	
		15 TO 64 YEARS AND OVER	65 YEARS AND OVER	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 OR MORE		15 TO 64 YEARS AND OVER	65 YEARS AND OVER
TOTAL	76 344	59 124	17 220	26 395	13 568	13 268	9 714	6 190	4 136	1 208	1 865	52 797	24 315	28 482
LESS THAN \$250	4 474	2 736	1 738	2 353	845	587	321	201	94	38	35	3 520	1 235	2 285
\$250 TO \$499	5 356	2 849	2 507	3 060	694	857	365	213	96	38	33	4 493	1 183	3 310
\$500 TO \$999	9 877	6 286	3 591	5 007	1 841	1 032	1 125	480	284	51	57	14 252	3 484	10 768
\$1,000 TO \$1,999	14 170	9 810	4 360	6 164	2 715	2 257	1 356	898	524	131	125	15 277	6 906	8 371
\$2,000 TO \$2,999	10 704	8 581	2 123	3 922	1 975	2 055	1 215	798	468	126	145	6 349	4 110	2 239
\$3,000 TO \$3,999	8 465	7 340	1 123	2 322	1 824	1 620	1 143	778	487	120	169	8 906	7 397	1 509
\$4,000 TO \$4,999	8 184	7 086	1 098	3 226	1 485	1 341	875	567	391	135	164	-	-	-
\$5,000 TO \$5,999	5 950	5 639	311	341	2 189	1 248	976	527	339	145	185	-	-	-
\$6,000 TO \$6,999	2 796	2 660	136	-	-	770	871	515	332	120	188	-	-	-
\$7,000 AND OVER	6 370	6 137	233	-	-	1 501	1 467	1 213	1 121	304	764	-	-	-
MEDIAN INCOME DEFICIT	\$2 401	\$2 918	\$1 178	\$1 451	\$2 349	\$2 925	\$3 416	\$3 649	\$4 294	\$4 741	\$6 104	\$1 271	\$1 906	\$901
MEAN INCOME DEFICIT	\$3 008	\$3 399	\$1 664	\$1 847	\$2 665	\$3 324	\$3 812	\$4 195	\$4 820	\$4 980	\$6 264	\$1 554	\$2 060	\$1 122
FAMILIES WITH FEMALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO HUSBAND PRESENT AND FEMALE UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS														
TOTAL	21 130	17 705	3 425	6 373	4 789	3 647	2 571	1 653	1 178	369	550	36 943	14 353	22 590
LESS THAN \$250	922	651	271	435	271	100	77	12	13	6	8	2 529	691	1 838
\$250 TO \$499	947	679	268	460	203	146	61	44	25	3	5	3 204	646	2 558
\$500 TO \$999	2 065	1 589	476	859	641	256	141	92	51	17	8	10 911	2 069	8 842
\$1,000 TO \$1,999	3 344	2 427	917	1 450	830	483	290	175	86	3	27	10 840	4 301	6 539
\$2,000 TO \$2,999	3 154	2 524	630	1 369	635	499	308	151	121	47	24	3 979	2 307	1 672
\$3,000 TO \$3,999	2 856	2 457	399	973	784	503	251	165	99	27	54	5 480	4 339	1 141
\$4,000 TO \$4,999	2 303	2 096	207	535	663	430	305	165	117	33	55	-	-	-
\$5,000 TO \$5,999	2 253	2 152	101	292	762	534	352	138	88	53	34	-	-	-
\$6,000 TO \$6,999	1 032	999	33	-	-	272	373	180	115	44	48	-	-	-
\$7,000 AND OVER	2 254	2 131	123	-	-	424	413	531	463	136	287	-	-	-
MEDIAN INCOME DEFICIT	\$3 047	\$3 400	\$1 761	\$1 988	\$2 708	\$3 675	\$4 516	\$5 163	\$5 875	\$5 915	\$7,000+	\$1 169	\$1 877	\$890
MEAN INCOME DEFICIT	\$3 478	\$3 723	\$2 215	\$2 169	\$2 799	\$3 752	\$4 382	\$5 170	\$5 696	\$6 058	\$6 955	\$1 475	\$2 054	\$1 107

TABLE 251. SIZE OF INCOME DEFICIT FOR FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS WITH INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL BY PERSONS IN FAMILY, AGE, SEX, RACE, AND SPANISH ORIGIN: 1980 - CON.

EXCLUDES INMATES OF INSTITUTIONS, PERSONS IN MILITARY GROUP QUARTERS AND IN COLLEGE DORMITORIES, AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS UNDER 15 YEARS. DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDIXES A AND B.

ATLANTA, GA SMSA

	FAMILIES WITH INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL											UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS WITH INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL			
	TOTAL	HOUSEHOLDER			PERSONS IN FAMILY							9 OR MORE	TOTAL	15 TO 64 YEARS AND OVER	
		15 TO 64 YEARS AND OVER	65 YEARS AND OVER		2	3	4	5	6	7	8			15 TO 64 YEARS AND OVER	65 YEARS AND OVER
TOTAL	51 511	45 167	6 344	16 620	12 046	9 664	6 482	3 104	2 421	428	746	57 674	40 623	17 051	
LESS THAN \$250	2 247	1 626	621	1 146	401	275	263	64	77	7	14	3 288	1 603	1 685	
\$250 TO \$499	2 846	2 056	790	1 374	496	496	315	88	60	7	10	4 746	2 389	2 357	
\$500 TO \$999	5 072	3 924	1 088	2 310	1 199	646	498	171	148	12	28	11 783	5 829	5 954	
\$1,000 TO \$1,999	8 246	6 587	1 659	3 395	1 915	1 451	758	417	240	22	48	14 342	9 624	4 718	
\$2,000 TO \$2,999	7 135	6 277	858	2 704	1 885	1 279	604	369	192	29	73	8 661	7 437	1 224	
\$3,000 TO \$3,999	6 462	6 012	450	2 419	1 558	995	744	308	311	46	81	14 854	13 741	1 113	
\$4,000 TO \$4,999	7 524	6 969	555	2 651	2 287	1 252	724	298	181	54	77	-	-	-	
\$5,000 TO \$5,999	5 804	5 616	188	621	2 305	1 503	621	327	290	68	69	-	-	-	
\$6,000 TO \$6,999	1 995	1 965	30	-	-	634	756	300	236	30	39	-	-	-	
\$7,000 AND OVER	4 240	4 135	105	-	-	1 133	1 199	762	686	153	307	-	-	-	
MEDIAN INCOME DEFICIT	\$3 042	\$3 352	\$1 406	\$2 031	\$3 082	\$3 688	\$4 081	\$4 453	\$5 005	\$5 544	\$5 609	\$1 629	\$2 117	\$877	
MEAN INCOME DEFICIT	\$3 343	\$3 550	\$1 870	\$2 298	\$3 094	\$3 693	\$4 183	\$4 663	\$5 090	\$5 802	\$6 218	\$1 861	\$2 179	\$1 105	
FAMILIES WITH FEMALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO HUSBAND PRESENT AND FEMALE UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS															
LESS THAN \$250	27 114	25 122	1 992	8 199	7 554	5 146	2 952	1 395	1 258	244	366	36 504	22 224	14 280	
\$250 TO \$499	805	667	138	399	197	120	49	5	17	7	11	2 360	918	1 442	
\$500 TO \$999	1 057	958	99	417	285	213	95	34	7	-	6	3 325	1 346	1 979	
\$1,000 TO \$1,999	2 093	1 888	205	786	669	339	197	51	27	4	20	8 199	3 151	5 048	
\$2,000 TO \$2,999	3 806	3 260	546	1 556	1 055	633	233	146	163	12	8	9 420	5 507	3 913	
\$3,000 TO \$3,999	3 819	3 376	443	1 530	1 184	635	259	97	72	18	24	5 138	4 114	1 024	
\$4,000 TO \$4,999	3 934	3 759	195	1 796	999	577	268	149	110	21	34	8 062	7 188	874	
\$5,000 TO \$5,999	4 404	4 191	213	1 158	1 797	746	404	162	87	36	16	-	-	-	
\$6,000 TO \$6,999	3 621	3 536	85	557	1 368	1 020	313	130	176	16	41	-	-	-	
\$7,000 AND OVER	1 225	1 204	21	-	-	354	495	191	153	21	11	-	-	-	
	2 350	2 303	47	-	-	529	639	430	446	109	197	-	-	-	
MEDIAN INCOME DEFICIT	\$3 903	\$3 645	\$2 018	\$2 615	\$3 387	\$4 102	\$4 928	\$5 412	\$5 830	\$6 381	\$7,000+	\$1 464	\$2 046	\$868	
MEAN INCOME DEFICIT	\$3 634	\$3 733	\$2 382	\$2 631	\$3 212	\$3 865	\$4 762	\$5 279	\$5 778	\$6 220	\$7 074	\$1 729	\$2 140	\$1 090	

TABLE 251. SIZE OF INCOME DEFICIT FOR FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS WITH INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL BY PERSONS IN FAMILY, AGE, SEX, RACE, AND SPANISH ORIGIN: 1980 - CON.

EXCLUDES INMATES OF INSTITUTIONS, PERSONS IN MILITARY GROUP QUARTERS AND IN COLLEGE DORMITORIES, AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS UNDER 15 YEARS. DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDICES A AND B7

AUGUSTA, GA-SC SMSA

	FAMILIES WITH INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL											UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS WITH INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL		
	AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER			PERSONS IN FAMILY								TOTAL	15 TO 64 YEARS AND OVER	
	TOTAL	15 TO 64 YEARS AND OVER	65 YEARS AND OVER	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 OR MORE		15 TO 64 YEARS AND OVER	65 YEARS AND OVER
TOTAL	10 482	9 161	1 321	3 310	2 213	2 138	1 424	635	536	106	120	10 112	5 953	4 159
LESS THAN \$250	464	316	148	186	117	102	35	14	10	-	-	658	331	327
\$250 TO \$499	519	365	154	242	74	127	53	16	7	-	-	793	271	522
\$500 TO \$999	1 144	874	240	418	303	154	129	55	44	7	4	2 336	880	1 436
\$1,000 TO \$1,999	1 740	1 495	245	651	302	357	236	72	86	25	11	2 575	1 391	1 184
\$2,000 TO \$2,999	1 638	1 353	285	588	333	309	217	83	98	5	5	1 532	1 147	385
\$3,000 TO \$3,999	1 391	1 300	91	520	305	235	148	103	48	23	9	2 238	1 933	305
\$4,000 TO \$4,999	1 343	1 233	110	579	370	209	75	35	48	7	20	-	-	-
\$5,000 TO \$5,999	1 053	1 041	12	126	409	281	116	25	75	10	11	-	-	-
\$6,000 TO \$6,999	409	406	3	-	-	136	167	64	32	-	10	-	-	-
\$7,000 AND OVER	811	778	33	-	-	228	248	168	88	29	50	-	-	-
MEDIAN INCOME DEFICIT	\$2 857	\$3 137	\$1 484	\$2 269	\$2 932	\$3 085	\$3 284	\$3 752	\$3 479	\$3 696	\$6 000	\$1 501	\$2 090	\$928
MEAN INCOME DEFICIT	\$3 216	\$3 406	\$1 902	\$2 392	\$2 971	\$3 410	\$3 923	\$4 547	\$4 157	\$4 341	\$6 405	\$1 752	\$2 142	\$1 193
FAMILIES WITH FEMALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO HUSBAND PRESENT AND FEMALE UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS														
TOTAL	5 196	4 798	398	1 585	1 297	1 057	637	297	235	33	55	6 817	3 390	3 427
LESS THAN \$250	170	124	46	53	76	26	8	7	-	-	-	510	227	283
\$250 TO \$499	140	120	20	63	34	30	11	2	-	-	-	588	145	443
\$500 TO \$999	407	346	61	160	139	33	34	23	11	7	-	1 688	520	1 168
\$1,000 TO \$1,999	738	650	88	264	134	158	123	20	31	8	-	1 811	849	962
\$2,000 TO \$2,999	809	692	108	320	182	147	75	15	56	5	-	954	621	333
\$3,000 TO \$3,999	733	713	20	319	209	92	35	51	20	-	7	1 266	1 028	238
\$4,000 TO \$4,999	799	755	44	301	267	125	55	15	17	7	12	-	-	-
\$5,000 TO \$5,999	696	692	4	105	256	228	54	15	24	6	8	-	-	-
\$6,000 TO \$6,999	242	242	-	-	-	87	92	44	18	-	1	-	-	-
\$7,000 AND OVER	471	464	7	-	-	131	150	105	58	-	27	-	-	-
MEDIAN INCOME DEFICIT	\$3 468	\$3 655	\$1 818	\$2 789	\$3 400	\$4 340	\$4 591	\$6 011	\$3 975	\$2 300	\$6 500	\$1 344	\$1 946	\$923
MEAN INCOME DEFICIT	\$3 633	\$3 767	\$2 017	\$2 775	\$3 186	\$4 050	\$4 535	\$5 454	\$4 654	\$3 017	\$6 616	\$1 618	\$2 056	\$1 185

TABLE 251. SIZE OF INCOME DEFICIT FOR FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS WITH INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL BY PERSONS IN FAMILY, AGE, SEX, RACE, AND SPANISH ORIGIN: 1980 - CON.

EXCLUDES INMATES OF INSTITUTIONS, PERSONS IN MILITARY GROUP QUARTERS AND IN COLLEGE DORMITORIES, AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS UNDER 15 YEARS. DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDIXES A AND B.

CHATTANOOGA, TN-GA SMSA

	FAMILIES WITH INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL										UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS WITH INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL				
	TOTAL	AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER			PERSONS IN FAMILY							9 OR MORE	TOTAL	15 TO 64 YEARS AND OVER	
		15 TO 64 YEARS AND OVER	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	15 TO 64 YEARS AND OVER	15 TO 64 YEARS AND OVER				
TOTAL	12 670	10 714	1 956	4 327	2 643	2 529	1 724	790	420	132	105	12 448	6 789	5 659	
LESS THAN \$250	716	477	239	425	92	99	60	33	-	7	-	1 019	370	649	
\$250 TO \$499	869	575	294	446	145	159	81	24	8	3	3	1 264	450	814	
\$500 TO \$999	1 481	1 079	402	652	338	242	159	62	21	-	7	2 967	902	2 065	
\$1,000 TO \$1,999	2 439	1 971	468	1 036	509	309	317	188	59	6	15	2 988	1 556	1 432	
\$2,000 TO \$2,999	1 626	1 356	270	666	400	305	159	40	36	4	16	1 710	1 317	393	
\$3,000 TO \$3,999	1 456	1 360	96	414	363	265	242	107	27	38	-	2 500	2 194	306	
\$4,000 TO \$4,999	1 597	1 456	141	581	434	331	128	51	52	16	4	-	-	-	
\$5,000 TO \$5,999	1 085	1 062	23	107	362	301	171	72	58	14	4	-	-	-	
\$6,000 TO \$6,999	501	493	8	-	-	188	213	70	19	7	4	-	-	-	
\$7,000 AND OVER	900	885	15	-	-	330	194	143	140	37	56	-	-	-	
MEDIAN INCOME DEFICIT.	\$2 510	\$2 926	\$1 092	\$1 618	\$2 594	\$3 568	\$3 355	\$3 449	\$5 121	\$4 500	\$7,000+	\$1 326	\$2 088	\$831	
MEAN INCOME DEFICIT.	\$3 017	\$3 286	\$1 546	\$1 986	\$2 782	\$3 620	\$3 704	\$3 919	\$5 307	\$5 040	\$7 146	\$1 637	\$2 116	\$1 063	
FAMILIES WITH FEMALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO HUSBAND PRESENT AND FEMALE UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS															
TOTAL	5 367	4 877	490	1 543	1 455	1 077	737	268	162	62	63	8 913	4 128	4 785	
LESS THAN \$250	190	167	23	94	36	31	29	-	-	-	-	781	254	527	
\$250 TO \$499	269	196	73	115	89	31	18	5	8	-	3	950	258	692	
\$500 TO \$999	484	404	80	167	183	86	41	-	7	-	-	2 399	558	1 841	
\$1,000 TO \$1,999	841	715	126	380	211	66	86	72	11	-	15	2 206	1 042	1 164	
\$2,000 TO \$2,999	697	570	127	289	212	96	79	2	9	-	10	1 120	804	316	
\$3,000 TO \$3,999	724	706	18	235	226	100	117	26	6	14	-	1 457	1 212	245	
\$4,000 TO \$4,999	788	762	26	169	311	191	58	24	26	9	-	-	-	-	
\$5,000 TO \$5,999	632	623	9	94	187	205	87	14	34	11	4	-	-	-	
\$6,000 TO \$6,999	255	247	8	-	-	93	103	44	5	6	4	-	-	-	
\$7,000 AND OVER	487	487	-	-	-	178	119	81	56	22	31	-	-	-	
MEDIAN INCOME DEFICIT.	\$3 280	\$3 547	\$1 548	\$2 054	\$2 983	\$4 673	\$3 987	\$5 337	\$5 412	\$5 727	\$6 875	\$1 148	\$1 954	\$819	
MEAN INCOME DEFICIT.	\$3 478	\$3 653	\$1 737	\$2 320	\$2 924	\$4 318	\$4 278	\$4 935	\$5 583	\$6 082	\$6 732	\$1 500	\$2 032	\$1 042	

TABLE 251. SIZE OF INCOME DEFICIT FOR FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS WITH INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL BY PERSONS IN FAMILY, AGE, SEX, RACE, AND SPANISH ORIGIN: 1980 - CON.

EXCLUDES INMATES OF INSTITUTIONS, PERSONS IN MILITARY GROUP QUARTERS AND IN COLLEGE DORMITORIES, AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS UNDER 15 YEARS. DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDIXES A AND B)

MACON, GA SMSA

	FAMILIES WITH INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL										UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS WITH INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL			
	TOTAL	AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER		PERSONS IN FAMILY							9 OR MORE	TOTAL	15 TO 64 YEARS AND OVER	
		15 TO 64 YEARS AND OVER	65 YEARS AND OVER	2	3	4	5	6	7	8			15 TO 64 YEARS AND OVER	65 YEARS AND OVER
TOTAL	8 637	7 446	1 191	2 423	1 865	1 448	1 374	749	457	193	128	7 786	4 808	2 978
LESS THAN \$250	341	248	93	162	92	22	43	14	8	-	-	501	294	207
\$250 TO \$499	521	364	157	235	53	128	60	32	6	-	7	620	187	433
\$500 TO \$999	922	749	173	371	247	121	104	50	21	8	-	1 800	690	1 110
\$1,000 TO \$1,999	1 420	1 116	304	519	341	195	200	96	42	16	11	2 008	1 360	648
\$2,000 TO \$2,999	1 064	920	144	401	291	137	141	46	34	9	5	1 147	854	293
\$3,000 TO \$3,999	1 045	889	156	323	313	165	119	67	42	11	5	1 710	1 423	287
\$4,000 TO \$4,999	1 023	942	81	332	313	163	83	40	68	18	6	-	-	-
\$5,000 TO \$5,999	921	868	53	80	215	256	207	77	39	38	9	-	-	-
\$6,000 TO \$6,999	475	470	5	-	-	96	204	103	26	29	17	-	-	-
\$7,000 AND OVER	905	880	25	-	-	165	213	224	171	64	68	-	-	-
MEDIAN INCOME DEFICIT.	\$3 048	\$3 367	\$1 567	\$1 855	\$2 686	\$3 733	\$4 241	\$5 383	\$5 192	\$5 908	\$7,000+	\$1 484	\$1 907	\$882
MEAN INCOME DEFICIT.	\$3 444	\$3 667	\$2 050	\$2 176	\$2 769	\$3 643	\$4 140	\$4 955	\$5 570	\$5 971	\$7 279	\$1 737	\$2 061	\$1 213
FAMILIES WITH FEMALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO HUSBAND PRESENT AND FEMALE UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS														
LESS THAN \$250	4 654	4 197	457	1 167	1 175	853	704	379	227	81	68	5 419	2 963	2 456
\$250 TO \$499	111	90	21	47	34	7	14	9	-	-	-	371	187	184
\$500 TO \$999	145	115	30	53	20	35	24	-	6	-	7	452	115	337
\$1,000 TO \$1,999	409	356	53	146	131	84	7	32	9	-	-	1 326	398	928
\$2,000 TO \$2,999	680	536	144	250	182	80	95	59	14	-	-	1 337	808	529
\$3,000 TO \$3,999	605	556	49	218	197	81	71	18	15	-	5	796	567	229
\$4,000 TO \$4,999	610	521	89	202	219	94	64	-	20	11	-	1 137	888	249
\$5,000 TO \$5,999	626	601	25	176	248	93	54	15	21	13	6	-	-	-
\$6,000 TO \$6,999	610	587	23	75	144	186	138	33	22	12	-	-	-	-
\$7,000 AND OVER	335	330	5	-	-	75	146	75	22	10	7	-	-	-
	523	505	18	-	-	118	91	138	98	35	43	-	-	-
MEDIAN INCOME DEFICIT.	\$3 618	\$3 855	\$1 865	\$2 401	\$3 107	\$4 489	\$5 167	\$6 313	\$6 295	\$6 450	\$7,000+	\$1 419	\$1 967	\$881
MEAN INCOME DEFICIT.	\$3 795	\$3 936	\$2 500	\$2 565	\$3 006	\$4 074	\$4 574	\$5 409	\$5 842	\$7 074	\$7 208	\$1 693	\$2 087	\$1 219

TABLE 251. SIZE OF INCOME DEFICIT FOR FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS WITH INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL BY PERSONS IN FAMILY, AGE, SEX, RACE, AND SPANISH ORIGIN: 1980 - CON.

EXCLUDES INMATES OF INSTITUTIONS, PERSONS IN MILITARY GROUP QUARTERS AND IN COLLEGE DORMITORIES, AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS UNDER 15 YEARS. DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDICES A AND B.

ATLANTA CITY

	FAMILIES WITH INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL										UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS WITH INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL				
	TOTAL	AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER			PERSONS IN FAMILY							9 OR MORE	TOTAL	15 TO 64 65 YEARS AND OVER	
		15 TO 64 65 YEARS AND OVER	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	15 TO 64 65 YEARS AND OVER	15 TO 64 65 YEARS AND OVER				
TOTAL	23 358	20 773	2 585	7 362	5 618	4 108	2 944	1 532	1 198	206	390	27 328	19 477	7 851	
LESS THAN \$250	833	611	222	395	170	87	105	38	35	-	3	1 346	687	659	
\$250 TO \$499	990	769	221	481	180	150	105	52	16	-	6	2 062	1 002	1 060	
\$500 TO \$999	1 740	1 465	275	765	393	286	155	70	51	-	20	5 325	2 589	2 736	
\$1,000 TO \$1,999	3 442	2 692	750	1 542	689	489	351	192	136	17	26	7 218	4 941	2 277	
\$2,000 TO \$2,999	2 917	2 502	415	1 247	793	431	250	114	48	9	25	3 665	3 070	595	
\$3,000 TO \$3,999	3 393	3 145	248	1 433	881	441	291	160	127	10	50	7 712	7 188	524	
\$4,000 TO \$4,999	3 665	3 437	228	1 131	1 409	585	287	117	73	33	30	-	-	-	
\$5,000 TO \$5,999	2 977	2 837	140	368	1 103	809	277	199	148	35	38	-	-	-	
\$6,000 TO \$6,999	1 098	1 077	21	-	-	292	454	174	127	20	31	-	-	-	
\$7,000 AND OVER	2 303	2 238	65	-	-	538	669	416	437	82	161	-	-	-	
MEDIAN INCOME DEFICIT	\$3 518	\$3 746	\$1 766	\$2 399	\$3 663	\$4 291	\$4 749	\$5 116	\$5 764	\$5 971	\$5 921	\$1 683	\$2 169	\$903	
MEAN INCOME DEFICIT	\$3 663	\$3 840	\$2 235	\$2 503	\$3 343	\$4 021	\$4 602	\$4 970	\$5 659	\$6 422	\$6 574	\$1 925	\$2 244	\$1 134	
FAMILIES WITH FEMALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO HUSBAND PRESENT AND FEMALE UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS	15 960	14 767	1 193	4 790	4 287	2 937	1 860	887	818	144	237	16 707	10 357	6 350	
LESS THAN \$250	362	279	83	189	104	42	16	-	8	-	3	897	368	529	
\$250 TO \$499	501	438	63	217	121	85	34	34	4	-	6	1 422	552	870	
\$500 TO \$999	1 029	938	91	385	279	207	103	24	11	-	20	3 544	1 329	2 215	
\$1,000 TO \$1,999	1 924	1 625	299	829	457	260	173	83	107	12	3	4 537	2 687	1 850	
\$2,000 TO \$2,999	1 990	1 709	281	916	597	271	125	33	30	9	9	2 117	1 624	493	
\$3,000 TO \$3,999	2 579	2 443	136	1 254	677	311	156	95	58	10	18	4 190	3 797	393	
\$4,000 TO \$4,999	2 752	2 631	121	678	1 257	467	212	69	34	23	12	-	-	-	
\$5,000 TO \$5,999	2 284	2 216	68	322	795	711	206	106	118	9	17	-	-	-	
\$6,000 TO \$6,999	883	862	21	-	-	231	385	152	93	13	11	-	-	-	
\$7,000 AND OVER	1 656	1 626	30	-	-	352	452	291	355	68	138	-	-	-	
MEDIAN INCOME DEFICIT	\$3 843	\$3 980	\$2 215	\$2 846	\$3 865	\$4 626	\$5 539	\$5 995	\$6 419	\$6 692	\$7,000+	\$1 549	\$2 149	\$901	
MEAN INCOME DEFICIT	\$3 921	\$4 032	\$2 548	\$2 760	\$3 428	\$4 215	\$5 075	\$5 598	\$6 291	\$6 666	\$7 461	\$1 809	\$2 230	\$1 121	

TABLE 251. SIZE OF INCOME DEFICIT FOR FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS WITH INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL BY PERSONS IN FAMILY, AGE, SEX, RACE, AND SPANISH ORIGIN: 1980 - CON.

EXCLUDES INMATES OF INSTITUTIONS, PERSONS IN MILITARY GROUP QUARTERS AND IN COLLEGE DORMITORIES, AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS UNDER 15 YEARS. DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDIXES A AND B.

AUGUSTA CITY

	FAMILIES WITH INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL											UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS WITH INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL			
	TOTAL	AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER		PERSONS IN FAMILY								9 OR MORE	TOTAL	15 TO 64 65 YEARS AND OVER	
		15 TO 64 YEARS AND OVER	65 YEARS AND OVER	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	15 TO 64 YEARS AND OVER			65 YEARS AND OVER	
TOTAL	2 726	2 278	448	918	605	462	384	168	115	37	37	4 203	2 245	1 958	
LESS THAN \$250	74	40	34	28	43	-	3	-	-	-	-	242	118	124	
\$250 TO \$499	99	55	44	51	28	7	6	7	-	-	-	305	89	214	
\$500 TO \$999	264	180	84	132	80	17	9	13	6	7	-	1 067	317	750	
\$1,000 TO \$1,999	331	263	68	142	58	76	31	-	15	9	-	1 102	540	542	
\$2,000 TO \$2,999	447	323	124	199	93	33	80	19	23	-	-	661	459	202	
\$3,000 TO \$3,999	386	360	26	160	69	86	39	27	5	-	-	826	722	104	
\$4,000 TO \$4,999	372	330	42	155	124	58	19	13	-	-	3	-	-	-	
\$5,000 TO \$5,999	330	330	-	51	110	84	36	23	26	-	-	-	-	-	
\$6,000 TO \$6,999	143	143	-	-	-	20	72	28	15	-	-	-	-	-	
\$7,000 AND OVER	280	254	26	-	-	81	89	38	25	21	26	-	-	-	
MEDIAN INCOME DEFICIT	\$3 383	\$3 772	\$1 912	\$2 533	\$3 007	\$4 207	\$5 139	\$5 217	\$5 327	\$7,000+	\$7,000+	\$1 442	\$2 127	\$926	
MEAN INCOME DEFICIT	\$3 617	\$3 879	\$2 289	\$2 545	\$2 978	\$4 193	\$4 836	\$5 026	\$4 856	\$5 022	\$9 189	\$1 704	\$2 163	\$1 178	
FAMILIES WITH FEMALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO HUSBAND PRESENT AND FEMALE UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS															
TOTAL	1 690	1 514	176	491	438	306	229	119	83	9	15	2 929	1 281	1 648	
LESS THAN \$250	40	17	23	11	26	-	3	-	-	-	-	177	72	105	
\$250 TO \$499	39	19	20	21	18	-	-	-	-	-	-	198	27	171	
\$500 TO \$999	103	81	22	36	27	11	9	13	-	7	-	816	174	642	
\$1,000 TO \$1,999	175	146	29	54	35	43	26	-	15	2	-	796	335	461	
\$2,000 TO \$2,999	307	256	51	135	79	20	35	15	23	-	-	470	290	180	
\$3,000 TO \$3,999	229	217	12	116	57	31	6	19	-	-	-	472	383	89	
\$4,000 TO \$4,999	272	253	19	88	109	53	19	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	
\$5,000 TO \$5,999	238	238	-	30	87	78	21	13	9	-	-	-	-	-	
\$6,000 TO \$6,999	98	98	-	-	-	20	45	18	15	-	-	-	-	-	
\$7,000 AND OVER	189	189	-	-	-	50	65	38	21	-	15	-	-	-	
MEDIAN INCOME DEFICIT	\$3 790	\$4 083	\$1 793	\$2 915	\$3 596	\$4 906	\$5 786	\$5 731	\$5 389	\$821	\$7,000+	\$1 344	\$2 112	\$927	
MEAN INCOME DEFICIT	\$3 916	\$4 136	\$1 850	\$2 909	\$3 311	\$4 316	\$5 176	\$5 373	\$4 927	\$1 068	\$7 362	\$1 606	\$2 143	\$1 190	

TABLE 251. SIZE OF INCOME DEFICIT FOR FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS WITH INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL BY PERSONS IN FAMILY, AGE, SEX, RACE, AND SPANISH ORIGIN: 1980 - CON.

EXCLUDES INMATES OF INSTITUTIONS, PERSONS IN MILITARY GROUP QUARTERS AND IN COLLEGE DORMITORIES, AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS UNDER 15 YEARS. DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDIXES A AND B.
 FAMILIES WITH INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL

MACON CITY

	AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER										UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS WITH INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL			
	TOTAL	15 TO 64 YEARS AND OVER			PERSONS IN FAMILY							TOTAL	15 TO 64 YEARS AND OVER	
		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 OR MORE					
TOTAL	5 203	4 543	660	1 402	1 134	937	816	471	272	95	76	5 357	3 295	2 062
LESS THAN \$250	169	141	28	70	46	6	25	14	8	-	-	320	165	155
\$250 TO \$499	298	225	73	129	37	57	44	18	6	-	7	494	154	340
\$500 TO \$999	544	425	119	243	103	93	39	37	21	8	-	1 256	508	748
\$1,000 TO \$1,999	797	628	169	316	159	115	101	73	20	2	11	1 257	851	406
\$2,000 TO \$2,999	652	565	87	244	201	79	89	12	13	9	5	779	574	205
\$3,000 TO \$3,999	611	531	80	164	214	112	65	34	20	2	-	1 251	1 043	208
\$4,000 TO \$4,999	667	611	50	199	229	112	54	21	46	-	-	-	-	-
\$5,000 TO \$5,999	573	534	39	37	145	172	128	47	25	10	9	-	-	-
\$6,000 TO \$6,999	347	342	5	-	-	82	158	87	10	10	-	-	-	-
\$7,000 AND OVER	551	541	10	-	-	109	113	128	103	54	44	-	-	-
MEDIAN INCOME DEFICIT	\$3 232	\$3 541	\$1 651	\$1 820	\$3 098	\$4 058	\$4 833	\$5 564	\$5 080	\$7,000+	\$7,000+	\$1 484	\$1 964	\$858
MEAN INCOME DEFICIT	\$3 538	\$3 741	\$2 140	\$2 152	\$3 017	\$3 854	\$4 301	\$4 824	\$5 327	\$6 716	\$6 446	\$1 755	\$2 100	\$1 204
FAMILIES WITH FEMALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO HUSBAND PRESENT AND FEMALE UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS	3 224	2 934	290	769	771	656	490	276	173	42	47	3 735	2 021	1 714
LESS THAN \$250	57	50	7	19	21	-	8	9	-	-	-	231	94	137
\$250 TO \$499	111	97	14	38	20	21	19	-	6	-	-	359	101	258
\$500 TO \$999	241	202	39	94	40	72	-	26	9	-	-	920	286	636
\$1,000 TO \$1,999	427	346	81	169	98	36	65	45	14	-	-	859	518	341
\$2,000 TO \$2,999	413	380	33	161	132	67	35	12	1	-	5	573	408	169
\$3,000 TO \$3,999	405	350	55	125	151	75	39	-	13	2	-	793	614	179
\$4,000 TO \$4,999	457	432	25	131	199	68	36	8	15	-	-	-	-	-
\$5,000 TO \$5,999	449	426	23	32	110	160	93	29	20	5	-	-	-	-
\$6,000 TO \$6,999	285	280	5	-	-	75	125	65	10	10	-	-	-	-
\$7,000 AND OVER	379	371	8	-	-	82	70	82	85	25	39	-	-	-
MEDIAN INCOME DEFICIT	\$3 896	\$4 097	\$2 121	\$2 401	\$3 493	\$4 838	\$5 462	\$6 138	\$6 850	\$7,000+	\$7,000+	\$1 416	\$2 028	\$864
MEAN INCOME DEFICIT	\$3 955	\$4 085	\$2 636	\$2 555	\$3 275	\$4 273	\$4 825	\$5 129	\$6 019	\$7 820	\$6 546	\$1 694	\$2 103	\$1 212

Appendix A.—Area Classifications

STATES

The 50 States and the District of Columbia are the constituent units of the United States.

URBAN AND RURAL RESIDENCE

The population not classified as urban constitutes the rural population. Although not shown separately in this report, the urban population, as defined for the 1980 census, comprises all persons living in urbanized areas and in places of 2,500 or more inhabitants outside urbanized areas. More specifically, the urban population consists of all persons living in (1) places of 2,500 or more inhabitants incorporated as cities, villages, boroughs (except in Alaska and New York), and towns (except in the New England States, New York, and Wisconsin), but excluding those persons living in the rural portions of extended cities; (2) census designated places of 2,500 or more inhabitants; and (3) other territory, incorporated or unincorporated, included in urbanized areas. An urbanized area consists of a central city or cities and surrounding closely settled contiguous territory ("urban fringe") that together have a minimum population of 50,000.

STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS

Definition

The general concept of a metropolitan area is one of a large population nucleus,

together with adjacent communities which have a high degree of economic and social integration with that nucleus. The standard metropolitan statistical area (SMSA) classification is a statistical standard, developed for use by Federal agencies in the production, analysis, and publication of data on metropolitan areas. The SMSA's are designated and defined by the Office of Management and Budget, following a set of official published standards developed by the interagency Federal Committee on Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas.

Each SMSA has one or more central counties containing the area's main population concentration: an urbanized area with at least 50,000 inhabitants. An SMSA may also include outlying counties which have close economic and social relationships with the central counties. The outlying counties must have a specified level of commuting to the central counties and must also meet certain standards regarding metropolitan character, such as population density, urban population, and population growth. In New England, SMSA's are composed of cities and towns rather than whole counties.

The population living in SMSA's may also be referred to as the metropolitan population. The population is subdivided into "inside central city (or cities)" and "outside central city (or cities)." The population living outside SMSA's constitutes the nonmetropolitan population.

SMSA Central Cities

Each SMSA except one (Nassau-Suffolk, N.Y.) has at least one central city. The titles of SMSA's include up to three city

names, as well as the name of each State into which the SMSA extends. For the 1980 census, central cities of SMSA's are those named in the titles of the SMSA's, with the exception of Nassau-Suffolk, N.Y., which has no central city, and Northeast Pennsylvania, the central cities of which are Scranton, Wilkes-Barre, and Hazleton. Data on central cities of SMSA's include the entire population within the legal city boundaries. In Hawaii, where there are no incorporated places recognized by the Bureau of the Census, census designated places are recognized as central cities.

New SMSA Standards

New standards for designating and defining metropolitan statistical areas were published in the *Federal Register* on January 3, 1980. The SMSA's recognized for the 1980 census comprise (1) all areas as defined on January 1, 1980, except for one area which was defined provisionally during the 1970's on the basis of population estimates but whose qualification was not confirmed by 1980 census counts; and (2) a group of 36 new areas defined on the basis of 1980 census counts and the new standards that were published on January 3, 1980.

When the data on commuting flows become available from 1980 census tabulations, the new standards will be applied to the areas existing on January 1, 1980, and the boundaries, definitions, and titles for all SMSA's will be reviewed.

To aid users who want to become familiar with the SMSA standards and how they are applied, documents are available from the Office of Management and Budget, Washington, D.C. 20503.

Appendix B.—Definitions and Explanations of Subject Characteristics

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GENERAL

The 1980 census was conducted primarily through self-enumeration. The principal determinant for the responses was, therefore, the questionnaire and its accompanying instruction guide. Furthermore, census takers were instructed in their telephone and personal visit interviews to read the questions directly from the questionnaire. The definitions and explanations given below for each subject are drawn largely from various technical and procedural materials used in the collection of the data. These materials helped the census interviewers to understand more fully the intent of each question, and thus to resolve problems on unusual cases in a manner consistent with this intent. Also included is certain explanatory information to assist the user in the proper utilization of the statistics.

Facsimiles of the questionnaire pages containing the population questions used to produce the data shown in this report and the pages of the respondent instruction guide which relate to these questions are presented in appendix E.

HOUSEHOLD, RELATIONSHIP TO HOUSEHOLDER, FAMILY, AND GROUP QUARTERS

Household

A household includes all the persons who occupy a housing unit. A housing unit is a house, an apartment, a group of rooms, or a single room that is occupied (or if vacant, is intended for occupancy) as separate living quarters. Separate living

quarters are those in which the occupants live and eat separately from other persons in the building and have direct access from the outside of the building or through a common hall.

The occupants may be a single family, one person living alone, two or more families living together, or any other group of related or unrelated persons who share living arrangements. The actual classification of a housing unit as a household depends on entries in question 2 and item B on the census questionnaire. Item B on type of unit or quarters was filled by an enumerator or a census office clerk for each housing unit or group quarters.

The measure "persons per household" is obtained by dividing the number of persons in households by the number of households (or householders).

Relationship to Householder

The data on relationship to householder were derived from answers to question 2, which was asked of all persons in housing units. When relationship was not reported for an individual, it was allocated according to the responses for age and marital status for that person while maintaining consistency with responses for other individuals in the household. The allocation procedure is described in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data."

Householder—One person in each household is designated as the "householder." In most cases, this is the person, or one of the persons, in whose name the home is owned or rented and who is listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire. If there is no such person in the household, any adult household member could be designated as the "householder." Two types of householders are distinguished—a family householder and a nonfamily householder. A family householder is a householder living with one or more

Appendix B.—Definitions and Explanations of Subject Characteristics

persons related to him or her by birth, marriage, or adoption. The householder and all persons in the household related to him or her are family members. A nonfamily householder is a householder living alone or with nonrelatives only.

Spouse—A person married to and living with a householder. This category includes persons in formal marriages as well as persons in common-law marriages.

Child—A son, daughter, stepchild, or adopted child of the householder regardless of the child's age or marital status. The category excludes sons-in-law and daughters-in-law. "Own children" are sons and daughters, including stepchildren and adopted children, of the householder who are single (never married) and under 18 years of age.

The number of children "living with two parents" includes stepchildren and adopted children as well as sons and daughters born to the couple.

"Related children" in a family include own children and all other persons under 18 years of age in the household, regardless of marital status, who are related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption, except the spouse of the householder.

In a subfamily an "own child" is a never-married child under 18 years of age who is a son, daughter, stepchild, or adopted child of a mother in a mother-child subfamily, a father in a father-child subfamily, or either spouse in a married-couple subfamily.

Other Relative—Any person related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption, who is not shown separately in the particular table (e.g., "uncle," "niece," or "cousin").

Nonrelative—Any person in the household not related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption. Roomers, boarders, partners, roommates, paid employees, wards, and foster children are included in this category.

Unrelated Individual

An unrelated individual is (1) a householder living alone or with nonrelatives only, (2) a household member who

is not related to the householder, or (3) a person living in group quarters who is not an inmate of an institution.

Family and Subfamily

A family consists of a householder and one or more other persons living in the same household who are related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption. All persons in a household who are related to the householder are regarded as members of his or her family. A "married-couple family" is a family in which the householder and spouse are enumerated as members of the same household. Not all households contain families, because a household may be composed of a group of unrelated persons or one person living alone. The measure "persons per family" is obtained by dividing the number of persons in families by the total number of families (or family householders).

A subfamily is a married couple (husband and wife enumerated as members of the same household) with or without children, or one parent with one or more never-married children under 18 years of age, living in a household and related to either the householder or the householder's spouse. Members of a subfamily are also included among the members of a family. The number of subfamilies, therefore, is not included in the number of families.

In table 208, families are classified by the sex, marital status, race, and Spanish origin of the householder. Subfamilies are classified by the sex, marital status, race, and Spanish origin of the husband in a married-couple subfamily, and by the parent in a parent-child subfamily.

Unmarried Couple

An unmarried couple is composed of two unrelated adults of opposite sex (one of whom is the householder) who share a housing unit with no other persons present or with children under 15 years old.

In table 208, unmarried couples are classified by the sex, marital status, race, and Spanish origin of the householder.

Group Quarters

All persons not living in households are classified by the Bureau of the Census as living in group quarters. Two general categories of persons in group quarters are recognized:

Inmates of Institutions—Persons under care or custody in institutions at the time of enumeration are classified as "patients or inmates" of an institution regardless of their length of stay in that place and regardless of the number of people in that place. Institutions include homes, schools, hospitals, or wards for the physically or mentally handicapped; hospitals or wards for mental, tubercular, or chronic disease patients; homes for unmarried mothers; nursing, convalescent, and rest homes for the aged and dependent; orphanages; and correctional institutions.

Other—This category includes all persons living in group quarters who are not inmates of institutions. Rooming and boarding houses, communes, farm and nonfarm workers' dormitories, convents or monasteries, and other living quarters are classified as "other" group quarters if there are 9 or more persons unrelated to the person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire; or if 10 or more unrelated persons share the unit. Persons residing in certain other types of living arrangements are classified as living in "other" group quarters regardless of the number or relationship of people in the unit. These include persons residing in military barracks, on ships, in college dormitories, or in sorority and fraternity houses; patients in general or maternity wards of hospitals who have no usual residence elsewhere; staff members in institutional quarters; and persons enumerated in missions, flophouses, Salvation Army shelters, railroad stations, etc.

Military quarters include barracks or dormitories on base, transient quarters on base for temporary residents (both civilian and military), and military ships.

Comparability With 1970 Census Data—

The 1980 definition of a household differs from that used in 1970 only in the change in the definition of housing unit to eliminate the requirement for complete kitchen facilities for the exclusive use of the household. The household

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reference person in 1970 was the "head of the household" (the husband in married-couple families); for 1980 it was changed to "the household member (or one of the members) in whose name the home is owned or rented." In 1970, a unit in which 6 or more unrelated persons were living together was classified as group quarters; for 1980 that requirement was raised to 10 or more unrelated persons.

SEX

The data on sex were derived from answers to question 3, which was asked of all persons. At the time of field review, most cases in which sex was not reported were resolved by determining the appropriate entry from the person's given name and household relationship. When sex remained blank, it was allocated according to the relationship to householder and the age and marital status of the person. The general allocation procedure is described in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data."

RACE

The data on race were derived from answers to question 4, which was asked of all persons. The concept of race as used by the Census Bureau reflects self-identification by respondents; it does not denote any clear-cut scientific definition of biological stock. Since the 1980 census obtained information on race through self-identification, the data represent self-classification by people according to the race with which they identify. In this report, households and families are classified by the race of the householder.

For persons who could not provide a single response to the race question, the race of the person's mother was used; however, if a single response could not be provided for the person's mother, the first race reported by the person was used. This is a modification of the 1970 census procedure in which the race of the person's father was used.

The category "White" includes persons who indicated their race as White, as well as persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories listed on the questionnaire but entered a response such as Canadian,

German, Italian, Lebanese, or Polish. In the 1980 census, persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories but marked "Other" and wrote in entries such as Cuban, Puerto Rican, Mexican, or Dominican were included in the "Other" race category; in the 1970 census, most of these persons were included in the "White" category.

The category "Black" includes persons who indicated their race as Black or Negro, as well as persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories listed on the questionnaire, but reported entries such as Jamaican, Black Puerto Rican, West Indian, Haitian, or Nigerian.

The category "American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut" includes persons who classified themselves as such in one of the specific race categories. In addition, persons who did not report themselves in one of the specific race categories but entered the name of an Indian tribe or reported such entries as Canadian Indian, French American Indian, or Spanish American Indian were classified as American Indian.

The category "Asian and Pacific Islander" includes persons who indicated their race as Chinese, Filipino, Japanese, Asian Indian, Korean, Vietnamese, Hawaiian, Samoan, and Guamanian, as well as persons who provided write-in entries of such Asian and Pacific Islander groups as Cambodian, Laotian, Pakistani, and Fijian under the "Other" race category. Also, persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories but wrote in an entry indicating one of the nine specific categories listed above (e.g., Chinese or Filipino) were classified accordingly. For example, entries of Nipponese and Japanese American were classified as Japanese, entries of Taiwanese and Cantonese as Chinese, etc.

"Race, n.e.c." includes all other persons not included in the categories "White," "Black," "American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut," and "Asian and Pacific Islander." Persons reporting in the "Other" race category and providing write-in entries such as Eurasian, Cosmopolitan, Interracial, or a Spanish origin group (e.g., Mexican, Cuban, or Puerto Rican) were included in "Race, n.e.c." During the coding operations, each of the subgroups comprising "Race, n.e.c." were identified separately; plans are to provide figures for the largest

component groups in subsequent 1980 census reports.

In table 196 where information is only presented for selected racial groups, the data for the category "Other races" includes the "American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut" and "Race, n.e.c." population.

If the race entry was missing on the questionnaire for a member of a household, an answer was assigned in the computer according to the reported entries of race of other household members using specific rules of precedence of household relationship. If race was not entered for anyone in the household (excluding paid employees), the race of a householder in a previously processed household was assigned. This procedure is a variation of the general allocation process described in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data."

Comparability Between Sample and 100-percent Data for Racial Groups—

The data on racial groups shown in this report may differ from comparable figures shown in other 1980 census reports. Such differences are the result of sampling variability, nonsampling error, and an additional edit and review performed on the sample questionnaires. The data in this report are based on a sample whereas certain other reports (e.g., the PC80-1-B series) present data based on 100-percent tabulations. Sample data are subject to sampling variability, as explained in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data."

During the sample processing, the responses in the race question underwent more extensive review and edit than performed during the previous processing stages. Additional efforts were made to assign write-in entries to specific race categories and to resolve inconsistent and incomplete responses. The impact of this further work varies substantially by racial group and by geographic area, but is generally negligible. Most affected is the "Other" race category since a number of persons originally counted therein in the 100-percent tabulations were shifted into specific race categories in the sample tabulations. For instance, a number of persons who marked the "Other" race category supplied a write-in entry (e.g., Canadian, Polish, Lebanese, Black Puerto Rican, or Jamaican) which indicated that they belonged in one of the specific race categories. Furthermore, persons in the "Other" category reported as Cambodian,

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Laotian, Thai, etc., were combined into an "Other Asian and Pacific Islander" category which, together with the specific Asian and Pacific Islander categories (e.g., Japanese, Chinese, Filipino, etc.), covers the entire Asian and Pacific Islander population. This total is obtainable only from the sample tabulations, not from the 100-percent tabulations.

Information now available indicates that, since the effects of the additional review and edit were generally limited and rather varied, the 100-percent tabulations are usually the preferable source for data on racial groups. That is, in the case of figures available for racial groups, both in this report and the PC80-1-B report for this state, the latter source is usually the preferred one. In the case of distributions for subjects covered only on a sample basis (e.g., education, labor force status, income, etc.) and data for the entire Asian and Pacific Islander population, the sample figures are the only data available and should be used within the context of the sampling variability associated with them.

Comparability With 1970 Census Data—

Differences in census procedures and reporting by respondents in the 1980 census and 1970 census seriously affect the comparability for certain race groups. First, a large number of Spanish origin persons reported their race differently in the 1980 census than in the 1970 census; this difference in reporting has a substantial impact on the population totals and comparability for the "White" population and the "Race, n.e.c." or "Other" race population (shown as "All other races" in most 1970 publications). A much larger proportion of the Spanish origin population in 1980 than in 1970 reported their race in the questionnaire category "Other." Second, in 1970, most persons who marked the "Other" race category and wrote in a Spanish designation such as Mexican, Venezuelan, Latino, etc., were reclassified as "White." In 1980, such persons were not reclassified but remained in the "Other" category. As a result of this procedural change and the differences in reporting by this population, the proportion of the Spanish origin population classified as "Other" race in the 1980 census was substantially higher than that in the 1970 census. Nationally, in 1970, only 1 percent of Spanish origin persons

were classified as "Other" race and 93 percent as "White." The 1980 census sample data showed a much larger proportion, 38 percent, of Spanish origin persons reported their races as "Other" and only 58 percent reported "White." As a consequence of these differences, 1980 population totals for "White" and "Race, n.e.c." are not comparable with corresponding 1970 figures.

The 1980 census was the first in which data were collected separately for Eskimos and Aleuts in all States. In 1970, these data were available only for Alaska. Since Eskimos and Aleuts are highly concentrated in Alaska, this change does not seriously affect the comparability of 1980 and 1970 data for these racial groups at the national level.

The 1980 total for the Asian and Pacific Islander population reflects a high level of immigration during the 1970's as well as a number of changes in census procedures which were developed, in part, as a result of this high level of immigration. First, the number of Asian and Pacific Islander categories listed separately on the 1980 census questionnaire was expanded to include four additional groups: Vietnamese, Asian Indian, Guamanian, and Samoan. Asian Indians were classified as "White" in 1970 but were included in the "Asian and Pacific Islander" category in 1980. The Vietnamese, Guamanian, and Samoan populations were included in the "Other" race category in the 1970 census but were included in the "Asian and Pacific Islander" category in 1980. Second, "Other Asian and Pacific Islander" groups such as Cambodian, Laotian, Pakistani, and Fijian were identified and tabulated as Asian and Pacific Islander in sample tabulations in the 1980 census; in 1970, most of these groups were included in the "Other" race category.

In 1980, data were collected separately for Hawaiians and Koreans in all States, but in 1970, these data were not collected for Alaska. (On the 1970 census questionnaire used in Alaska, Eskimo and Aleut were substituted for these two categories.) Since the numbers of Hawaiians and Koreans were small in Alaska, this questionnaire change does not have a major impact on the comparability of the 1980 and 1970 data for Hawaiians and Koreans at the national level.

AGE

The data on age were derived from answers to question 5, which was asked of all persons. Only the information in items 5b and 5c (on month and year of birth) was read into the computer. Answers to item 5a (on age at last birthday) were used during field review to fill in any blanks in question 5c. The age classification is based on the age of the person in completed years as of April 1, 1980. The data on age represent the difference between date of birth and April 1, 1980.

The median ages shown in this report were computed on the basis of more detailed intervals than shown in the tables. If the median fell in the terminal category of an age distribution, the method of presentation was to show the initial age of the terminal category followed by a plus sign; thus, if the median fell in the category "85 years and over," it is shown as "85+."

In each census since 1940, the Bureau of the Census has assigned the age of a person when it was not reported. In censuses before 1940, with the exception of 1880, persons of unknown age were shown as a separate category. In 1960, 1970, and 1980, assignment of unknown ages was performed by the general allocation procedure described in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data."

MARITAL STATUS

The data on marital status were derived from answers to question 6, which was asked of all persons. The marital status classification refers to the status at the time of enumeration. Persons classified as "Now married" include those who have been married only once and have never been widowed or divorced as well as those currently married persons who remarried after having been widowed or divorced. Persons reported as separated are those living apart because of marital discord, with or without a legal separation. Persons in common-law marriages are classified as now married, persons whose only marriage had been annulled are classified as never married, and all persons under 15 years old are classified as never married. All persons classified as never married are shown as "single" in this report.

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Married persons with "spouse present" are men or women whose wife or husband was enumerated as a member of the same household, including those whose spouse may have been temporarily absent for such reasons as travel or hospitalization. Married persons with "spouse absent" are men or women whose wife or husband was not enumerated as a member of the same household, and all married persons living in group quarters. Married persons with "spouse absent, other" are those whose husband or wife was not enumerated as a member of the same household, excluding persons who were separated. Included are those whose husband or wife was employed and living away from home, absent in the Armed Forces, or an inmate of an institution.

By definition, the number of married men, spouse present, shown in this report should be identical with the number of married women, spouse present. However, the two figures may not be exactly the same because, in the weighting of the sample figures to represent total counts, husbands and their wives were sometimes given different weights.

When marital status was not reported, it was allocated according to the relationship to householder and sex and age of the person. The general allocation process is described in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data."

SPANISH/HISPANIC ORIGIN

Information on persons of Spanish/Hispanic origin or descent from the 1980 census was derived from answers to question 7 which was asked of all persons.

Persons of Spanish/Hispanic origin or descent are those who reported either Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, or other Spanish/Hispanic origin in question 7. Persons who reported "other Spanish/Hispanic" origin were those whose origins are from Spain or the Spanish-speaking countries of Central or South America, or they are persons identifying their origin or descent as being Spanish, Spanish-American, Hispano, Latino, etc.

Origin or descent can be regarded as the ancestry, nationality group, lineage, or country in which the person or person's parents or ancestors were born before their arrival in the United States. It is important to note that persons of Spanish

origin may be of any race. In this report, households and families are classified by the Spanish origin of the householder.

Persons of more than one type of Spanish origin and persons of both a Spanish and some other origin(s) who were in doubt as to how to report a specific origin were classified according to the origin of the person's mother. If a single origin was not provided for the person's mother, then the first origin reported by the person was recorded. If any household member failed to respond to the Spanish/Hispanic origin question, a response was assigned by computer in the sample edit operation according to available related information such as ancestry and place of birth reported for the household member. If such information was not reported, origin was assigned from entries of other household members using specific rules of precedence of household relationship. If no origin was reported for any household member (excluding a paid employee), then an origin was assigned from another household with a householder of the same race. This procedure is a variation of the general allocation process described in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data."

Limitation of the Data—A preliminary evaluation study of the reporting in the 1980 census item on Spanish origin indicated that there was misreporting in the Mexican origin category by White and Black persons in certain areas. The study results showed evidence that the misreporting occurred in the South (excluding Texas), the Northeast (excluding the New York City area), and a few States in the North Central Region. Also, results based on available data suggest that the impact of potential misreporting of Mexican origin in the 1980 census is severe in those portions of the above-mentioned regions where the Spanish origin population is generally sparse. However, 1980 census data on the Mexican origin population, or total Spanish origin population, at the national level, are not seriously affected by the reporting problem. For a more detailed discussion of the evaluation of the Spanish origin item, see the 1980 population census Supplementary Reports, Series PC80-S1-7, "*Persons of Spanish Origin by State: 1980.*"

Comparability Between Sample and 100-Percent Data for the Spanish Origin

Population—The data on the Spanish origin population shown in this report may differ from comparable figures shown in other 1980 census reports. Such differences are the results of sampling variability, nonsampling error, and more extensive edit procedures performed for the Spanish origin item on the sample questionnaires. The data in this report are based on a sample, whereas certain other reports (e.g., the PC80-1-B series) present data based on 100-percent tabulations. Sample data are subject to sampling variability, as explained in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data."

Information now available indicates that, since the effects of the more extensive edit were generally limited, the 100-percent tabulations are usually the preferable source for data on the Spanish origin population. That is, in the case of figures available for Spanish origin groups, both in this report and the corresponding PC80-1-B report, the latter source is usually the preferred one. In the case of distributions for subjects covered only on a sample basis (e.g., education, labor force status, income, etc.), the sample figures are the only data available and should be used within the context of the sampling variability associated with them.

Comparability With 1970 Census Data

The 1980 data on Spanish origin are not directly comparable with those of 1970 because of several factors; namely, overall improvements in the 1980 census, better coverage of the population, improved question design, and an effective public relations campaign by the Census Bureau with the assistance of national and community ethnic groups. These efforts at census improvement explain, in part, the large increase in the number of Hispanics over 1970. Also, these efforts undoubtedly resulted in the inclusion of a sizable but unknown number of persons of Hispanic origin who are in the country in other than legal status.

In the 1980 census Spanish origin question, specific changes in design from the 1970 question included the placement of the category "No (not Spanish/Hispanic)" as the first category in that question. (The corresponding category appeared last in the 1970 question.) Also, the category "Central or South American" was deleted because in 1970 some

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respondents misinterpreted the category; furthermore, the designations "Mexican-Amer." and "Chicano" were added to the Spanish origin question in 1980. In the 1970 census, the question on Spanish origin was asked of only a 5-percent sample of the population; in the 1980 census, the Spanish origin question was asked of everyone in the Nation.

SCHOOL ENROLLMENT

The data on school enrollment were derived from answers to questions 8, 9, and 10. Persons are classified as enrolled in school if they reported attending a "regular" school or college at any time between February 1, 1980, and the time of enumeration. Regular schooling is defined as nursery school, kindergarten, elementary school, and schooling which leads to a high school diploma or college degree. Schooling in trade or business schools, company training, or schooling obtained through a tutor was to be reported only if the course credits obtained were regarded as transferable to a regular elementary school, high school, or college. Children were included as enrolled in nursery school only if the school included instruction as an important and integral phase of its program. Children enrolled in "Head Start" programs, or similar programs sponsored by local agencies to provide preprimary education to young children, were included as enrolled in school. Persons who had been enrolled in a regular school since February 1, 1980, but who had not actually attended, for example because of illness, were counted as enrolled in school. Schooling which is generally regarded as *not* "regular" includes that given in nursery schools which simply provide custodial day care; in specialized vocational, trade, or business schools; in on-the-job training; and through correspondence courses.

Public, Church-Related, or Other Private School—Persons who were enrolled in school were also classified as attending a public, church-related, or other private school. In general, a "public" school is defined as any school which is controlled and supported primarily by a local, State, or Federal government agency. A "church-related" school is defined here as a private school which is controlled or

supported primarily by a religious organization. An "other private" school is defined as a school controlled or supported primarily by private groups other than religious organizations.

In using the public/private school distinction for college enrollment, some caution should be exercised, since there is evidence that, in some parts of the country, the classification of individual schools may not be entirely clear, and census data may differ considerably from administrative figures.

Level and Year of School in Which Enrolled—Persons who were enrolled in school were classified according to the level and year of school in which they were enrolled as reported in question 9. The levels which are separately identified in this report are nursery school, kindergarten, elementary school, high school, and college. Children in "Head Start" or similar programs were counted under "nursery" or "kindergarten" as appropriate. Elementary school, as defined here, includes grades 1 to 8, and high school includes grades 9 to 12. Persons attending junior high school are reported in elementary school or high school according to their grade. The term "college" includes junior or community colleges, 4-year colleges, universities, and graduate or professional schools.

Comparability With Earlier Census Data—School enrollment questions in some form have been included in the census since 1840; grade attended was added in 1940. The wording of the type-of-school question was changed from "parochial" in 1970 to "church-related" in 1980 in an attempt to make the affiliation with a religious group clearer to respondents. The intention was to include all schools controlled by religious groups rather than only particular denominations or religions.

The corresponding question on schooling in the 1930 census applied to a somewhat longer period, the period since the preceding September 1; in addition, the question was not restricted as to the type of school the person was attending. In 1940 the question referred to the period since the preceding March 1. In 1950 the reference period was changed to that between February 1 and the time of enumeration. The same reference period was used in 1960, 1970, and 1980.

The age range for which enrollment data have been obtained has varied for the several censuses. Information on enrollment was recorded for persons of all ages in 1930 and 1940, for persons 5 to 29 years old in 1950, for those 5 to 34 years old in 1960, and for those 3 years old and over in 1970 and 1980. Most of the published enrollment figures relate to ages 5 to 20 in 1930, 5 to 24 in 1940, 5 to 29 in 1950, 5 to 34 in 1960, 3 to 34 in 1970, and 3 years old and over in 1980. The extended age coverage for the published enrollment data in the recent censuses reflects increased interest in the number of persons who are attending regular colleges and universities at older ages.

In the 1940 census, grade of enrollment was available for the first time; grade or year could be identified for elementary school through college. In 1950, kindergarten enrollment was separately identified for the first time. In 1970 nursery school enrollment was added to the levels of school separately identified.

Comparability With Data From Other Sources—Data on school enrollment are also collected and published by other Federal, State, and local governmental agencies. This information is generally obtained from reports of school systems and institutions of higher learning and from other surveys and censuses. These data are only roughly comparable with data collected by the Bureau of the Census, however, because of differences in definitions, subject matter covered, time references, and enumeration methods.

YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED

The data on years of school completed were derived from answers to questions 9 and 10. These questions on educational attainment applied only to progress in "regular" schools as defined under the definition for school enrollment. The first question called for the highest grade attended, regardless of "skipped" or "repeated" grades. Persons whose education was received in foreign school systems or an ungraded school were expected to report the approximate equivalent grade in the regular American school system. An instruction printed on the form, "If high school was finished by

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equivalency test (GED), mark "12" (meaning grade 12), was to ensure that persons who dropped out of school before high school graduation but later earned a diploma with an equivalency test would be counted as high school graduates. Those diploma recipients who also attended college would be credited with college attendance as reported.

The second question on educational attainment asked whether or not the highest grade attended had been finished. It was to be answered "Yes" if the person has successfully completed the entire grade or year indicated in question 9. If the person had completed only part of the year, had dropped out, or failed to pass the last grade attended, the question was to be answered "No." If the person was still attending school in that grade, he or she answered "Now attending."

The number in each category of highest grade of school completed represents the combination of (a) persons who reported the indicated grade as the highest grade attended and that they had finished it, (b) those who had attended the next higher grade but had not finished it, and (c) those still attending the next higher grade. Persons who have not completed the first year of elementary school are classified as having no years of school completed.

"Percent high school graduates" includes persons who completed four years of high school by graduation or an equivalency test and persons who reported that they had attended some level of college.

Comparability With Earlier Census Data—Educational attainment questions in terms of years of school completed have been included in the census since 1940. From 1840 to 1930, only a question on basic literacy was included. In 1940, a single question was asked on highest grade of school completed. However, respondents frequently reported the grade or year in which they were enrolled, or had last been enrolled, instead of the one completed. The two-question approach used since 1950 was designed to reduce this kind of error. The 1980 instruction for persons who received a high school diploma by virtue of passing an equivalency test was not included on past census questionnaires. Persons who took equivalency tests may or may not have been reported as high school grad-

uates in earlier censuses; however, completing high school by such means was not as common in earlier decades as it was in the decade prior to the 1980 census.

Median School Years Completed—The median number of school years completed was computed on the basis of intervals for years under 8 and a continuous series of numbers for 8 years of school completed and above (e.g., completion of the 1st year of high school was treated as completion of the 9th year, completion of the 1st year of college, as completion of the 13th year, etc.). Persons completing a given school year were assumed to be distributed evenly within the interval from .0 to .9 of the year. In fact, at the time of census enumeration, most of the enrolled persons had completed at least three-fourths of a school year beyond the highest grade completed, whereas a large majority of persons who were not enrolled had not attended any part of a grade beyond the highest one completed. The effect of the assumption is to place the median for younger persons slightly below, and for older persons slightly above, the true median.

The same procedure for computing this median has been used in the 1940, 1950, 1960, and 1970 censuses. Because of the inexact assumption as to the distribution within an interval, this median is more appropriately used for comparing different groups and the same group at different dates than as an absolute measure of educational attainment.

NATIVITY AND PLACE OF BIRTH

The data on nativity and place of birth were derived from answers to questions 11 and 12.

Nativity—Information on place of birth was used to classify the population of the United States into two major categories: Native and Foreign born. The category "Native" comprises persons born in the United States, Puerto Rico, or an outlying area of the United States. Also included in this category is the small number of persons who were born at sea or in a foreign country but have at least one American parent. Persons not classified as "Native" were classified as

"Foreign born." When information on place of birth was missing, nativity was assigned on the basis of related information and the answers to question 12a on citizenship of persons born in a foreign country. Prior to the 1970 census, persons not reporting nativity were generally classified as native.

There may be slight differences between the data in this report on nativity and place of birth and similar data shown in the Supplementary Reports, *Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics*, PHC80-S2. Any such differences are a result of minor errors corrected after the release of PHC80-S2 reports.

Place of Birth—Respondents were instructed to report place of birth in terms of the mother's usual State of residence at the time of the birth rather than in terms of the location of the hospital if the birth occurred in a hospital. In this report, the native population is classified in the following groups: persons born in the State in which they were residing at the time of the census; persons born in a different State, by region; and persons born abroad or at sea with at least one American parent. Persons born in a foreign country were asked to report their country of birth according to international boundaries as recognized by the United States government on April 1, 1980. Since numerous changes in boundaries of foreign countries have occurred in the last century, some of these persons may have reported their country of birth in terms of boundaries that existed at the time of their birth or emigration, or in accordance with their own national preference. Selected countries of birth are shown in this report.

Persons not reporting place of birth were assigned the birthplace of another family member or were allocated the response of another person with similar characteristics. Persons allocated as "foreign born" were not allocated a specific country of birth. In previous censuses, place of birth data were not allocated. Data on the State of birth of the native population have been collected in each census beginning with that of 1850. For the more recent censuses, State of birth has been published for the native population of the urban, rural-nonfarm, and rural-farm parts of States, and of individ-

ual cities above a specified size, SMSA's, and counties.

CITIZENSHIP AND YEAR OF IMMIGRATION

Data on citizenship and year of immigration were derived from answers to questions 12a and 12b, which were asked of persons who reported being born in a foreign country. Persons who were born abroad or at sea and who had at least one American parent were to report themselves as "Born abroad of American parents."

Citizenship—Information on citizenship was used to classify the population into two major categories: citizens and non-citizens. Citizens are further classified as native, as defined above, or as naturalized. It was assumed that all native persons were citizens. Similar questions on citizenship were asked in the decennial censuses of 1820, 1830, 1870, 1890 through 1950, and 1970.

If citizenship was not reported, a response was assigned by computer using the responses of other persons based on year of immigration and country of birth.

Year of Immigration—Foreign-born persons were to indicate in question 12b the period which covered the year they came to stay permanently in the United States. A question on year of immigration was asked in each decennial census from 1890 to 1930 and in 1970. If year of immigration was not reported, a response was assigned using the responses of other persons based on age and race.

LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH

The data on language spoken at home and English ability were derived from answers to questions 13a, 13b, and 13c. The questions were intended to measure the extent to which languages other than English were currently being spoken and the number of persons who felt that their English ability was limited. These statistics are used to identify geographic areas with large numbers of non-English speakers, areas with concentrations of speakers of a particular non-English

language, and areas where large numbers of limited English speakers reside. The questions were not intended to determine which language was a person's main language, or whether a person was fluent in the non-English language that he or she reported. Therefore, persons who reported speaking a language other than English may have also spoken English at home and they may have been more fluent in English than in the non-English language.

Language Spoken at Home—Persons were asked in question 13a whether they currently spoke a language other than English at home. Those persons who reported speaking a language other than English were asked in question 13b to report what language they spoke. Their answers were coded using a detailed language list which distinguished approximately 400 languages. In the tables in this report only a few major languages could be shown separately. The remaining languages which were reported specifically by persons were grouped in an "Other specified language" category.

When the language was not on the detailed language list or when a person failed to report any language, and it could not be allocated based upon other information supplied by the person, the response was included in the "Unspecified language" category.

In the tabulations in table 197 for persons under 5 years old living with at least one parent the child is classified according to the language of the parent who speaks a language other than English at home. If two parents are present and they speak different non-English languages, the child is classified by the language of the mother.

Ability to Speak English—Persons who reported that they spoke a language other than English at home were also asked in question 13c to characterize their ability to speak English. These responses were extremely subjective; they were the person's own perception about his or her own ability or, because census forms are usually filled by one household member, may have represented the perception of another household member.

Comparability—Information on language has been collected in every census since

1890. The comparability of these data among censuses is limited by changes in question wording, by the categories of the population to whom the question was addressed, and by the detail that was published.

For the census years, 1910 through 1940 and in 1960 and 1970, a question on "mother tongue" was asked, that is, persons were asked to report the language spoken in childhood or the language spoken before a foreign-born person immigrated to the United States. In the 1910 and 1920 censuses, statistics on mother tongue were published for the foreign stock (i.e., foreign born and native of foreign or mixed parentage) White population; in 1930, for the foreign-born White population; in 1940, for native White of native parentage and the White foreign stock; in 1960 for all foreign-born persons; and in 1970, for all persons. Ability to speak English, a simple "Yes" or "No" question, was asked in the censuses of 1890 through 1930.

There may be slight differences between the data in this report on language spoken at home and ability to speak English and similar data shown in the *Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas*, PHC80-3, reports and in the *Supplementary Reports, Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics*, PHC80-S2. Any such differences are a result of minor errors corrected after the release of the PHC80-3 and the PHC80-S2 reports.

RESIDENCE IN 1975

The data on residence in 1975 were derived from answers to question 15 which asked for the State (or foreign country), county, and city of residence on April 1, 1975. Residence in 1975 is used in conjunction with current residence to determine the extent of residential mobility of the population. The category "Same house" includes all persons 5 years old and over who did not move during the 5 years as well as those who had moved but by 1980 had returned to their 1975 residence. The category "Different house in the United States" includes persons who lived in the United States in 1975 but in a different

house (or apartment) from the one they occupied on April 1, 1980. These persons were subdivided into three groups according to their 1975 residence: "Different house, same county," "Different county, same State," and "Different State." The last group was further subdivided by region of 1975 residence. The category "Abroad" includes those with residence in a foreign country, Puerto Rico, or an outlying area of the United States in 1975, including members of the Armed Forces and their dependents. When no information on residence in 1975 was collected for a person, information for other family members was used, if available. All cases of nonresponse, or incomplete response not assigned based on information from other family members, were allocated based on the 1975 residence of other persons with similar characteristics who provided complete information.

The number of persons who were living in a different house in 1975 is somewhat less than the total number of moves during the 5-year period. Some persons in the same house at the two dates had moved during the 5-year period but by the time of enumeration had returned to their 1975 residence. Other persons who were living in a different house had made one or more intermediate moves. For similar reasons, the number of persons living in a different county or a different State may understate the number of moves these persons made.

Similar questions on mobility were asked in the 1940, 1950, 1960, and 1970 censuses. The questions in the 1950 census, however, applied to residence one year earlier rather than 5 years earlier. Although the questions in the 1940 census covered a 5-year period, comparability with that census is reduced somewhat because of different definitions and categories of tabulation. Comparability with the 1970 and 1960 censuses is also somewhat reduced because nonresponse was not allocated in those earlier censuses.

Data on residence in 1975 are based on approximately one-half of the full census sample (see appendix D). Therefore, figures in tabulations involving residence in 1975 may differ from tabulations based on the full sample. For example, the number of persons 5 years old and over derived from residence in 1975 tabulations may not agree with other tabulations by age.

ACTIVITY IN 1975

The data on activity in 1975 come from answers to question 17 which asked persons 15 years old and over whether they were "in the Armed Forces," "attending college," or "working full or part-time at a job or business" in 1975. Nonresponse was allocated based on answers to other questions and related characteristics. The data are only shown for persons 21 years and over (i.e., persons who were 16 years and over in 1975).

VETERAN STATUS

The data on veteran status were derived from responses to question 18. A "veteran," as defined in census publications, is a person 16 years old or over who has served but is not now serving on active duty in the Armed Forces of the United States. Persons are classified as veterans if they were ever on active duty in the U.S. Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard, even if the time served was short. Persons in the National Guard or in military reserve units are classified as veterans only if they were ever called to active duty. All other civilians 16 years old and over are classified as nonveterans.

Period of Service—Persons who indicated in question 18a that they were veterans were asked to indicate the period or periods in which they served (question 18b). Persons serving in more than one period were classified in the most recent wartime period of service. For example, persons who served both during the Korean conflict and the post-Korean peacetime era between February 1955 and July 1964 were classified in the "Korean conflict" category. If the same person had also served during the Vietnam era, he or she would instead be included in the "Vietnam era and Korean conflict" category. The data were edited to eliminate reported period(s) of service which were inconsistent with the age of the person.

Comparability With Earlier Census Data—Veteran status was asked of both men and women in the 1980 census, the first time such data were collected for women. The wording of the question was changed from the 1970 version in order

to make more clear the appropriate response for persons who served in National Guard or reserve units only.

Two categories of period of service were added since 1970; the post-Korean peacetime era between February 1955 and July 1964, and the post-Vietnam peacetime era beginning in May 1975. As in 1970, persons reporting more than one period of service are shown in the most recent wartime period of service category.

FERTILITY (CHILDREN EVER BORN)

The data on children ever born were derived from answers to question 20, which was asked of women 15 years old and over, regardless of marital status. Excluded were still-births, stepchildren, and adopted children. Ever-married women were instructed to include all children born to them before and during their most recent marriage, children no longer living, and children away from home, as well as children who were still living in the home. Never-married women were instructed to include all children born to them.

In the 1980 census, a terminal category of "12 or more" was used for recording the number of children ever born. For purposes of computing the total number of children ever born, the terminal category was given a mean value of 13.

Comparability With Earlier Census Data—The wording of the question on children ever born was the same in 1980 as in 1970. In 1970, however, the question on children ever born was asked of all ever-married women but only of never-married women who received self-administered questionnaires. In virtually all of the tables in 1970 census volumes, data presented on children ever born to all women assumed that single women were childless even though it was known that some of the women have had children. Therefore, rates and numbers of children ever born to all women are not comparable between the 1980 reports and previous census reports, since the 1980 census reports include data on children ever born to single women. Data presented for children ever born to women ever married are comparable between the

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1980 census and previous censuses containing this question.

MARITAL HISTORY

The data on marital history were derived from answers to question 21, which was asked of persons 15 years and over.

Information on whether married more than once and on age at first marriage has been obtained in each census since 1940. In 1970 and 1980, the question on how the first marriage ended was also included.

For all persons reported as now married, separated, widowed, or divorced at the time of the enumeration, data were obtained on the date of the first marriage. From this information and from current age, data on age at first marriage and years since first marriage were derived. For each person who had been married more than once, information was obtained on how the first marriage ended. Persons shown as "known to have been widowed" include currently widowed persons and those currently married or divorced persons married more than once whose first marriage ended in widowhood. Persons shown as "known to have been divorced" include currently divorced persons and those currently married or widowed persons who were married more than once and whose first marriage did not end in widowhood.

When marital history was not reported or was incomplete, it was allocated according to age, sex, and marital status of the person, relationship to householder, and age of the oldest own child present in the household. Consistency was maintained between the marital histories of husband and wife when they were reported as members of the same household.

PLACE OF WORK

The data on place of work were derived from answers to question 23, which was asked only of persons who indicated in question 22 that they had worked at any time during the reference week (see below for definition of reference week). Data are tabulated for workers 16 years and over; that is, members of the Armed Forces and civilians who were at work during the reference week. Place of work

refers to the geographic location at which workers carried out their occupational activities during the reference week. The exact address (number and street) of the place of work was asked, as well as the place (city, town, village, borough, etc.); whether or not the place of work was inside or outside its incorporated (legal) limits; and the county, State, and ZIP code. If the person's employer operated in more than one location, the exact address of the location or branch where the respondent worked was requested. When the number and street name could not be given, the building name or other physical location description was to be entered. Persons who worked at more than one location were asked to report the one at which they worked the greatest number of hours during the reference week. Persons who regularly worked in several locations during the reference week were requested to give the address at which they began work each day. For cases in which daily work was not begun at a central place each day, the person was asked to provide as much information as possible which described the area in which he or she worked most during the reference week.

For purposes of this report, place-of-work locations are summarized to present the main destinations of workers living in the State and in each SMSA of 250,000 or more. Work places for the residents of the State include, in addition to the State itself, each contiguous State. The category "in noncontiguous state or abroad" includes persons who worked in a State that does not border their State of residence and persons who worked outside the United States. Place-of-work locations for residents of SMSA's are defined with respect to the boundaries of the SMSA as inside the SMSA and "outside SMSA of residence." Locations within each SMSA are further divided into the central business district (CBD) of the central city, elsewhere in the central city, and outside the central city. For SMSA's with more than one central city and/or CBD, the data reflect the total for all such areas.

A CBD is an area of very high land valuation characterized by a high concentration of retail businesses, service businesses, offices, theaters, and hotels, and by high traffic flow. CBD's consist of one or more whole census tracts, and have been defined only in SMSA

central cities and other SMSA cities with populations of 50,000 or more. CBD's are designated by local Census Statistical Area Committees in consultation with the Census Bureau. Some eligible cities do not have a CBD because they chose not to participate in the CBD delineation program. In order to be counted as working in the CBD, a respondent had to provide enough information to allow the workplace to be coded to the census tract level. Since some respondents did not do this, the number of persons shown to be working in the CBD is usually understated by an unknown amount.

Persons were tabulated as working in a central city if they reported working inside its legal limits, or reported the city as their place of work without specifying whether or not they worked inside its legal boundaries. Persons who reported working outside the limits of a central city were tabulated as working outside the city.

Data on place of work are based on approximately one-half of the full census sample (see appendix D). Therefore, figures in tabulations involving place of work may differ from tabulations based on the full sample. For example, the number of workers 16 years old and over from place-of-work tabulations may not agree with the same category shown for means of transportation to work tabulations.

MEANS OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK

The data on means of transportation to work were derived from answers to questions 24b, 24c, and 24d which were asked only of persons who indicated in question 22 that they had worked at any time during the reference week (see below for definition of reference week). Means of transportation to work refers to the principal mode of travel or type of conveyance that the person usually used to get from home to work during the reference week. Persons who used different means of transportation on different days of the week were asked to specify the one they used most often. Persons who used more than one mode of transportation to get to work each were asked to report the one used for longest distance during the work trip.

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The category "Private vehicle" includes workers using a car (including company cars but excluding taxicabs), a truck of one-ton capacity or less, or a van. The category "Public transportation" includes workers who used a bus or streetcar, subway or elevated train, railroad, or taxicab.

A question on carpooling (question 24c) was asked of all workers who reported their means of transportation to work as "car," "truck," or "van." The category "Drive alone" includes persons who usually drove alone to work, as well as persons who were driven to work by someone who then drove back home or to a nonwork destination. The category "Carpool" includes workers who reported that they usually shared driving, drove others, or rode as a passenger during the reference week.

Private Vehicle Occupancy—The data on private vehicle occupancy were derived from answers to question 24d, which was asked of persons who indicated in question 22 that they had worked at any time during the reference week (see below for definition of reference week), and who reported in question 24c that they usually shared driving, drove others, or rode as a passenger in a car, truck, or van. Private vehicle occupancy refers to the number of persons who usually rode to work in the vehicle during the reference week. The measure "persons per private vehicle" is obtained by dividing the number of persons who reported using a car, truck, or van to get to work by the number of such vehicles that they used. The number of vehicles used is derived by counting each person who drove alone as one vehicle, each person who reported being in a two-person carpool as one-half vehicle, each person who reported being in a three-person carpool as one-third vehicle, and so on, and then summing all the vehicles.

Travel Time to Work—The data on travel time to work were derived from answers to question 24a, which was asked of persons who indicated in question 22 that they had worked at any time during the reference week (see below for definition of reference week). Travel time to work refers to the total number of minutes that it usually took the person to get from home to work during the reference week. The elapsed time includes time spent

waiting for public transportation, picking up passengers in carpools and time spent in other activities related to getting to work.

REFERENCE WEEK

The data on labor force status and journey to work relate to the calendar week preceding the date on which the respondents completed their questionnaires or were interviewed by enumerators. This week is not the same for all respondents since the enumeration was not completed in one week. However, for the majority of persons the reference week for the 1980 census was the last week in March 1980. Passover and Good Friday occurred in the following week (the first week of April, 1980). Many workers presumably took time off for these observances. These holidays could have affected the data on hours worked for some areas if the first week in April was the reference week for a significant number of persons. The holidays probably did not affect the overall measurement of labor force status since labor force data are based on work activity during the entire reference week.

LABOR FORCE STATUS

The data on labor force status were derived from answers to questions 22, 25, and 26.

The series of questions on labor force status was asked of all persons 15 years old and over and was designed to identify, in this sequence: (a) persons who worked at any time during the reference week; (b) persons who did not work during the reference week but who had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent (excluding lay-off); (c) persons on layoff; and (d) persons who did not work during the reference week, but who were looking for work during the last four weeks and were available for work during the reference week.

The labor force status data shown in this and other 1980 census reports relate to persons 16 years old and over. In 1940, 1950, and 1960, labor force status data were presented for persons 14 years old and over. The change in the universe was made in 1970 to agree with the official measurement of the labor force as revised in January 1967. Selected labor

force status data were shown in 1970 for persons 14 and 15 years old, but are not presented for 1980.

Employed—Employed persons include all civilians 16 years old and over who were either (a) "at work" —those who did any work at all during the reference week as paid employees or in their own business or profession, or on their own farm, or who worked 15 hours or more as unpaid workers on a family farm or in a family business; or (b) were "with a job but not at work" —those who did not work during the reference week but had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent due to illness, bad weather, industrial dispute, vacation, or other personal reasons. Excluded from the employed are persons whose only activity consisted of work around the house or volunteer work for religious, charitable, and similar organizations.

Unemployed—Persons are classified as unemployed if they were civilians 16 years old and over and (a) were neither "at work" nor "with a job but not at work" during the reference week, (b) were looking for work during the last 4 weeks, and (c) were available to accept a job. Examples of jobseeking activities are: (1) registering at a public or private employment office, (2) meeting with prospective employers, (3) investigating possibilities for starting a professional practice or opening a business, (4) placing or answering advertisements, (5) writing letters of application, and (6) being on a union or professional register.

Also included as unemployed are persons who did not work at all during the reference week and were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off.

Civilian Labor Force—The civilian labor force consists of persons classified as employed or unemployed in accordance with the criteria described above.

Experienced Unemployed—Unemployed persons who have worked at any time in the past are classified as the "Experienced unemployed."

Experienced Civilian Labor Force—The "experienced civilian labor force" comprises the employed and the experienced unemployed.

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Labor Force—The labor force includes all persons classified in the civilian labor force plus members of the Armed Forces (persons on active duty with the United States Army, Air Force, Navy, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard).

Not in Labor Force—All persons 16 years old and over who are not classified as members of the labor force are defined as "Not in labor force." This category consists mainly of students, housewives, retired workers, seasonal workers enumerated in an "off" season who were not looking for work, inmates of institutions, disabled persons, and persons doing only incidental unpaid family work (less than 15 hours during the reference week).

Worker—The term "Worker" appears in connection with several subjects in this report: journey-to-work items, class of worker, weeks worked in 1979, and number of workers in family in 1979. Its meaning varies and, therefore, should be determined in each case by referring to the definition of the subject in which it appears.

Comparability With Earlier Census Data—The questionnaire items and labor force status concepts for the 1980 census were essentially identical to those used in the 1970 census. However, these concepts differed in many respects from those associated with the 1950 and 1960 censuses; see the Volume 1 publications from the 1970 census for more information.

Comparability With Data From Other Sources—Because employment data from the census are obtained from respondents in households, they differ from statistics based on reports from individual business establishments, farm enterprises, and certain government programs. Persons employed at more than one job are counted only once in the census and are classified according to the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours during the reference week. In statistics based on reports from business and farm establishments, persons who work for more than one establishment may be counted more than once. Moreover, other series, unlike those presented here, may exclude private household workers, unpaid family workers, and self-employed persons, but may include workers less than 16 years of age.

An additional difference in the data arises from the fact that persons who had a job but were not at work are included with the employed in the statistics shown here whereas many of these persons are likely to be excluded from employment figures based on establishment payroll reports. Furthermore, the labor force status data in this report include persons on the basis of place of residence regardless of where they work, whereas establishment data report persons at their place of work regardless of where they live. This latter consideration is particularly significant when comparing data for workers who commute between areas.

For a number of reasons, the unemployment figures of the Bureau of the Census are not comparable with published figures on unemployment compensation claims. For example, figures on unemployment compensation claims exclude persons who have exhausted their benefit rights, as well as new workers who have not earned rights to unemployment insurance, and persons losing jobs not covered by unemployment insurance systems (including some workers in agriculture, domestic services, and religious organizations, and self-employed and unpaid family workers). In addition, the qualifications for drawing unemployment compensation differ from the definition of unemployment used by the Bureau of the Census. Persons working only a few hours during the week and persons temporarily absent from work for reasons other than layoff are sometimes eligible for unemployment compensation but are classified as "employed" in the census reports. Differences in the geographical distribution of unemployment data arise because the place where claims are filed may not necessarily be the same as the place of residence of the unemployed worker.

The figures on labor force status from the decennial census are generally comparable with similar data collected in the Current Population Survey. However, some differences may exist because of variations in enumeration and processing techniques.

Actual Hours Worked—All persons in the sample who reported working during the reference week were asked to report in item 22b the number of hours that they worked. The statistics on hours worked pertain to the number of hours actually

worked at all jobs, and do not necessarily reflect the number of hours usually worked or the scheduled number of hours. The number of persons who worked only a small number of hours is probably understated since such persons sometimes consider themselves as not working.

Year Last Worked—The data on year last worked were derived from answers to question 27. The data are tabulated for persons 16 years old and over who were not at work during the reference week. The data pertain to the most recent year in which a person did any work for pay or profit, or worked without pay on a family farm or in a family business, or was on active duty in the Armed Forces. In addition to persons who marked "never worked" in question 27, the "never worked" category in tabulations includes persons 16 years old and over who reported that they last worked when they were 14 years old or younger.

LABOR FORCE STATUS IN 1979

The data on labor force status in 1979 were derived from answers to question 31. Persons 16 years old and over are classified as "In labor force in 1979" if (a) in 1979 they worked 1 or more weeks for pay or profit (including weeks on paid vacation or on paid sick leave) or worked without pay on a family farm or in a family business, or were on active duty in the Armed Forces; or (b) had any weeks of unemployment in 1979. The categories "Worked in 1979" and "With unemployment in 1979" are not mutually exclusive.

Worked in 1979 (Work Status in 1979)—Persons 16 years old and over who worked 1 or more weeks according to the criteria described below are classified as "Worked in 1979;" all other persons 16 years old and over are classified as "Did not work in 1979." Some tables showing work status in 1979 include 15 year olds; these persons are classified as "Did not work in 1979," by definition.

Weeks Worked in 1979—The data on weeks worked in 1979 were derived from answers to questions 31a and 31b. Question 31b (Weeks worked in 1979) was asked of persons 16 years and over

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who indicated in question 31a that they worked in 1979.

The data pertain to the number of weeks during 1979 in which a person did any work for pay or profit (including paid vacation and sick leave) or worked without pay on a family farm or in a family business. Weeks of active service in the Armed Forces are also included. It is probable that the number of persons who worked in 1979 and the number of weeks worked are understated since there is some tendency for respondents to forget intermittent or short periods of employment or to exclude weeks worked without pay.

Usual Hours Worked in 1979—The data on usual hours worked per week in 1979 were derived from answers to question 31c. This question was asked of persons 16 years and over who indicated that they worked in 1979.

The data pertain to the number of hours a person *usually* worked during the weeks worked in 1979. The respondent was to report the number of hours worked per week in the majority of the weeks he or she worked in 1979. If the hours worked per week varied considerably during 1979, the respondent was to report an approximate average of the hours worked per week. The statistics on usual hours worked per week in 1979 are not necessarily related to the data on actual hours worked during the census reference week (question 22b).

Persons 16 years old and over who reported that they usually worked 35 or more hours each week during the weeks they worked are classified as "Usually worked full time;" persons who reported that they usually worked 1 to 34 hours are classified as "Usually worked part time."

Year-Round Full-Time Workers—Persons 16 years old and over who usually worked 35 hours or more per week for 50 to 52 weeks in 1979 are classified as "Year-round full-time workers."

With Unemployment in 1979—Persons 16 years old and over who had one or more weeks of unemployment in 1979 according to the criteria described below are classified as "With unemployment in 1979."

The data on weeks of unemployment in 1979 pertain to the number of weeks during 1979 in which a person 16 years old and over did not work but spent any time looking for work (that is, trying to get a job or start a business or professional practice) or on layoff from a job. Examples of looking for work are presented in the definition of *unemployed*. Excluded from weeks of unemployment are any weeks in which the person worked, even for one hour; or any weeks for which the person received any wages or salary; or in which the person was on active duty in the Armed Forces, on paid vacation, or on paid leave. The question on weeks of unemployment did not inquire whether persons who reported looking for work were available to accept work. The number of weeks of unemployment is the total number of weeks accumulated during the entire calendar year 1979, regardless of whether the periods of unemployment were continuous.

Mean Weeks of Unemployment—The mean is based on the distribution of persons with unemployment by individual weeks of unemployment from 1 to 52 weeks.

Number of Workers in Family in 1979—The term "Worker" as used for these data is defined according to the criteria described in the section on "Worked in 1979."

Comparability With Earlier Census Data—The data on weeks worked collected in the 1980 census are comparable with data from the 1970 and 1960 censuses but may not be entirely comparable with data from the 1940 and 1950 censuses. On the three most recent census questionnaires, two separate questions were used to obtain this information. The first identified persons with any work experience during the year and, thus, indicated those persons for whom the questions on number of weeks worked was applicable. In 1940 and 1950, however, the questionnaires contained only a single question on number of weeks worked.

In 1970, persons responded to the weeks worked question by indicating one of six weeks-worked intervals; in 1980, persons were asked to enter the specific number of weeks they worked.

The data on weeks looking for work in previous year (1979) were collected in 1980 for the first time since the 1890 census; the data on usual hours worked were collected for the first time ever in the 1980 census.

OCCUPATION, INDUSTRY, AND CLASS OF WORKER

The data on industry, occupation, and class of worker were derived from answers to questions 28, 29, and 30.

This series of questions was used to obtain industry, occupation, and class of worker information for the employed, the experienced unemployed, and experienced workers not currently in the labor force. The last two categories apply to persons who had worked at some time during the previous five years. All three items related to one specific job that the person held. For an employed person, the information referred to the job held during the reference week. Those who were employed at two or more jobs reported the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours during the reference week. For experienced unemployed persons and for those not in the labor force, the information referred to the last job that they held.

Clerical staff in the Bureau's processing offices converted the written industry and occupation descriptions from the questionnaire to identifying codes by relating these descriptions to an entry in the 1980 Census of Population: *Alphabetical Index of Industries and Occupations* (PHC80-R3), 1982, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. For the industrial code, however, these coders first referred to a Company Name List. This list, prepared from the Standard Statistical Establishment List developed by the Bureau of the Census for use in the economic censuses and surveys, contains the names of establishments and their Standard Industrial Classification code converted to population census equivalents. This listing facilitates coding and helps maintain industrial classification comparability.

This report presents industry and occupation data for the employed and for the experienced civilian labor force. Class of worker information is shown for employed persons only.

Occupation Classification System

The system developed for the 1980 census consists of 503 specific occupation categories arranged into 6 summary and 13 major occupation groups. The 1980 Census of Population: *Classified Index of Industries and Occupations* (PHC80-R4), 1982, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C., provides information on the composition of the detailed categories in the census system.

This classification was developed to be consistent with the 1980 *Standard Occupational Classification Manual* (SOC), published by the U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Federal Statistical Policy and Standards. This is the first time there was a United States standard to use in developing the census occupational classification. The SOC Manual presents a list of 12 principles used in occupational classification. The primary principles used were as follows: 1) the classification should realistically reflect the current occupational structure of the United States, and 2) an occupation should be classified on the basis of work performed. The use of the SOC has affected comparability with the classifications used in earlier censuses. See the section on "Comparability."

In this report several levels of classification are presented. They range from 13 occupational categories to 482 categories. In this longest list, 36 of the 503 categories in the system have been combined into 14 categories. In addition, all but the shortest levels include some occupational categories subdivided by industry or class of worker groups; these subcategories bring the most detailed tables to over 700 individual categories. For tables 220 to 223 an "intermediate" classification of 121 categories was used. The relationship between the detailed and intermediate levels of occupational classification is provided in list A at the end of this appendix.

Industry Classification System

The industry classification system developed for the 1980 Census of Population consists of 231 categories classified into 13 major industry groups. Since 1940 the industrial classification has been based on the *Standard Industrial Classification Manual* (SIC). The 1980 census classifica-

tion was developed from the 1972 SIC published by the Executive Office of the President, Office of Management and Budget, and the 1977 supplement to that manual. The 1980 Census of Population: *Classified Index of Industries and Occupations* (PHC80-R4), 1982, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C., provides additional information on the census industry classification system.

Several levels of classification are presented in this report. The most detailed tabulation contains the full industry detail plus a few class of worker subcategories. Table 226 shows this level of detail. An "intermediate" classification, used in tables 227 and 228, has 140 industry lines. The relationship between the detailed and intermediate levels of industrial classification is provided in list B at the end of this appendix. A one-page condensed tabulation is used for tables 229, 230, and 231. The relationship between this condensed tabulation and the two longer ones is presented in list C at the end of this appendix.

Relation to Standard Industrial Classification.—The Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) was developed under the sponsorship of the Office of Management and Budget and is designed for the classification of establishments by type of industrial activity in which they are engaged. One of the major purposes of the SIC is to promote uniformity and comparability in the presentation of statistical data collected by various agencies. Accordingly, in the Census of Population the industry categories are defined in these terms. However, population census reports, which are collected from households, differ in nature and detail from those obtained from establishment reports. Therefore, the population census classification system, though defined in SIC terms, cannot reflect the full detail of the SIC system.

In addition, population census data may differ from other industrial data because the dates to which the data refer may not be the same; workers who live in one geographic area and work in another may be reported at their place of residence by the population census but at their place of work in surveys; and dual jobholders may be counted in the reports of two establishments but counted in the census for only their major job.

Relation of Some Industry Groups to Similar Occupations or Class of Worker.

—The industry category "public administration" is limited to regular government functions such as legislative, judicial, administrative, and regulatory activities of governments. Other government organizations such as schools, hospitals, liquor stores, and bus lines are classified by industry according to the activity in which they are engaged. On the other hand, the class of worker government categories include all government workers.

Some occupation groups are closely related to certain industries. Operators of transportation equipment, farm operators and workers, and private household workers account for major portions of their respective industries of transportation, agriculture, and private households. The industry categories, however, include persons in other occupations. For example, persons employed in agriculture include truck drivers and bookkeepers; persons employed in the transportation industry include mechanics, freight handlers and bookkeepers; and persons employed in the private household industry include chauffeurs, gardeners, and secretaries.

Class of Worker

The class of worker item on the questionnaire consists of seven categories which are defined as follows:

1. *Private wage and salary workers*—Persons who worked for a private employer for wages, salary, commission, tips, pay-in-kind, or at piece rates. Private employers include churches and other non-profit organizations.
2. *Government workers*—Persons who worked for any governmental unit, regardless of the activity of the particular agency. This category is subdivided by the level of government: (a) Federal, (b) State, and (c) local (county and its political subdivisions such as cities, villages, and townships). Employees of the United Nations, other international organizations, and foreign governments are classified as Federal government employees. Most employees of the District of Columbia government are classified as local government employees.

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3. *Self-employed workers*—

- a. *Own business not incorporated*—Persons who worked for profit or fees in their own unincorporated business, profession, or trade, or who operated a farm. Included here are the owner-operators of large stores and manufacturing establishments as well as small merchants, independent craftspersons and professionals, farmers, peddlers, and other persons who conducted enterprises of their own.
- b. *Own business incorporated*—Persons who consider themselves self-employed but work for corporations. In most cases the respondents will own or be part of a group that owns controlling interest in the corporation. Since all workers of a corporation are defined as wage and salary workers, this category is tabulated with "Private wage and salary workers," and is sometimes shown as a subcategory of that group.

4. *Unpaid family workers*—Persons who worked without pay on a farm or in a business operated by a person to whom they are related by blood or marriage. These are usually the children or the wife of the owner of a business or farm. About one quarter of the unpaid family workers are farm workers.

Edit and Allocation Procedures—Occasionally respondents supplied industry, occupation, or class of worker descriptions which were not sufficiently specific for precise classification or did not report on these items. Some of these cases were corrected through the field editing process and during the coding and tabulation operations. In the coding operation certain types of incomplete entries were corrected using the *Alphabetical Index of Industries and Occupations*. For example, it is possible in certain situations to assign an industry code based on the occupation reported.

Following the coding operation, there was a computer edit and allocation process. The edit first determined whether a respondent was in the universe which required an industry and occupation code. The codes for the three items (industry, occupation, and class of worker) were checked to make sure they were valid and were edited for their relation to

each other. Invalid and inconsistent codes were either blanked or changed to a consistent code.

If one or more of the three codes were blank after the edit, a code was allocated from a "similar" person based on other items such as age, sex, education, farm or nonfarm residence, and weeks worked. (For further information, see appendix D, page D-7.) This was the first census that allocated industry and occupation to detailed categories.

Comparability With Earlier Census Data—

Comparability of industry and occupation data is affected by a number of factors, a major one being the systems used to classify the questionnaire responses. For both the industry and occupation classification systems, the basic structures were generally the same from 1940 to 1970, but changes in the individual categories limited comparability of the data from one census to another. These changes resulted from the need to recognize the "birth" of new industries and occupations, the "death" of others, and growth and decline in existing industries and occupations, as well as the desire of analysts and other users for increased detail in presentation of the data. Probably the greatest cause of incomparability is the movement of a segment of a category to a different category in the next census. Such movements are necessitated by changes in functions and respondent terminology, and refinement of category composition.

In the 1980 census, the industry classification underwent limited change to reflect recent changes to the SIC. The occupation classification however was substantially revised because of the adoption of the Standard Occupational Classification by Federal agencies (see "Occupation Classification System"). During this entire period, from 1940 to 1980, the number of categories in the industry classification system increased from 132 to 231, and in the occupation system from 224 to 503.

Other factors that affect data comparability include the universe to which the data refer (in 1970, the age cutoff for labor force was changed from 14 years to 16 years); how the industry and occupation questions are worded on the questionnaire (for example, important changes were made in 1970); improvements in the coding procedures (the

Company Name List technique was introduced in 1960); and how the "not reported" cases are handled. Prior to 1970, nonresponses were placed in residual "Industry not reported" and "Occupation not reported" categories. In 1970, an allocation process was introduced through which these cases were assigned to major groups. In 1980, the "Not reported" cases were assigned to individual categories. Therefore, the 1980 data for individual categories include some numbers of persons who would have been tabulated in a "Not reported" category in previous censuses.

Tables 217 and 226 of this report show 1970 industry and occupation data revised to be comparable with the 1980 data. The adjustments to the 1970 data are based on a 1970 census sample of about 120,000 labor force cases which were recoded to the 1980 industry and occupation schemes.

The following publications contain information on the various factors affecting comparability and are particularly useful for understanding differences in the occupation and industry information from earlier censuses: U.S. Bureau of the Census, *Sixteenth Census Reports, Population, Comparative Occupation Statistics for the United States, 1870 to 1940*; U.S. Bureau of the Census, *Occupational Trends in the United States, 1900 to 1950*, Working Paper No. 5, 1958; U.S. Bureau of the Census, *Changes Between the 1950 and 1960 Occupation and Industry Classifications-With Detailed Adjustments of 1950 Data to the 1960 Classifications*, Technical Paper No. 18, 1968; and U.S. Bureau of the Census, *1970 Occupation and Industry Classification Systems in Terms of their 1960 Occupation and Industry Elements*, Technical Paper No. 26, 1972.

Comparability With Other Data—Comparability between the statistics presented in this volume and statistics from other sources is affected by many of the factors described in the section on "Labor Force Status." These factors are primarily geographic differences between residence and place of work, different dates of reference, and differences in counts because of dual job holding. Industry data from population censuses cover all industries and all kinds of workers, whereas data from establishments often exclude private household workers, government workers,

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and the self-employed. Also, the replies from household respondents may differ in detail and nature from those obtained from establishments.

Occupation data from the census and data from government licensing agencies, professional associations, trade unions, etc., may not be as comparable as expected. Organizational listings often include persons not in the labor force or persons devoting all or most of their time to another occupation; or the same person may be included in two or more different listings. In addition, relatively few organizations, except for those requiring licensing, attain complete coverage of membership in a particular occupation field.

INCOME IN 1979

The data on income in 1979 were derived from answers to questions 32 and 33. Information on money income received in the calendar year 1979 was requested from persons 15 years old and over. "Total income" is the algebraic sum of the amounts reported separately for wage or salary income; nonfarm net self-employment income; farm net self-employment income; interest, dividend, net royalty or rental income; Social Security or Railroad Retirement income; public assistance or welfare income; and all other income. "Earnings" is defined as the algebraic sum of wage or salary income and net income from farm and nonfarm self-employment. The earnings figures represent the amount of income received regularly before deductions for personal income taxes, Social Security, bond purchases, union dues, medicare deductions, etc.

Receipts from the following sources were not included as income: money received from the sale of property (unless the recipient was engaged in the business of selling such property); the value of income "in kind" from food stamps, public housing subsidies, medical care, employer contributions for pensions, etc.; withdrawal of bank deposits; money borrowed; tax refunds; exchange of money between relatives living in the same household; gifts and lump-sum inheritances, insurance payments, and other types of lump-sum receipts.

There may be differences between the data in this report on income in 1979 and

similar data shown in the *Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas*, PHC80-3, reports and in the Supplementary Reports, *Advance Estimates of Social, Economic and Housing Characteristics*, PHC80-S2. Any such differences are a result of errors corrected after the release of the PHC80-3 and the PHC80-S2 reports.

Type of Income

The seven types of income reported in the census are defined as follows:

Wage or Salary Income—Total money earnings received during the calendar year 1979 for work performed as an employee. It includes wages, salary, Armed Forces pay, commissions, tips, piece-rate payments, and cash bonuses earned, before deductions were made for taxes, bonds, pensions, union dues, etc.

Nonfarm Self-Employment Income—Net money income (gross receipts minus expenses) from one's own business, professional enterprise, or partnership. Gross receipts include the value of all goods sold and services rendered. Expenses include costs of goods purchased, rent, heat, light, power, depreciation charges, wages and salaries paid, business taxes (not personal income taxes), etc.

Farm Self-Employment Income—Net money income (gross receipts minus operating expenses) from the operation of a farm by a person on his own account, as an owner, renter, or sharecropper. Gross receipts include the value of all products sold, receipts from government farm programs, money received from the rental of farm equipment to others, and incidental receipts from the sale of wood, sand, gravel, etc. Operating expenses include cost of feed, fertilizer, seed, and other farming supplies, cash wages paid to farmhands, depreciation charges, cash rent, interest on farm mortgages, farm building repairs, farm taxes (not State and Federal personal income taxes), etc. The value of fuel, food, or other farm products used for family living is not included as part of net income.

Interest, Dividend, or Net Rental Income—Includes interest on savings or bonds, dividends from stockholdings or membership in associations, net royalties, and net

income from rental of property to others and receipts from boarders or lodgers.

Social Security Income—Includes Social Security pensions and survivors benefits and permanent disability insurance payments made by the Social Security Administration, prior to deductions for medical insurance, and railroad retirement insurance payments from the U.S. Government. "Medicare" reimbursements are not included.

Public Assistance Income—Includes (1) supplementary security income payments made by Federal or State welfare agencies to low income persons who are aged (65 years old or over), blind, or disabled; (2) aid to families with dependent children, and (3) general assistance. Separate payments received for hospital or other medical care (vendor payments) are excluded from this item.

All Other Income—Includes unemployment compensation, veterans' payments, public or private pensions, alimony or child support, workers' compensation, periodic payments from estates and trust funds, periodic receipts from annuities or insurance, contributions received periodically from persons not living in the household, military family allotments, net gambling winnings, and other kinds of periodic income other than earnings.

Income of Households—Due to increased demand in the 1970's by a wide variety of data users, information on the income of households is presented for all geographic areas in this report. Household income includes the income of the householder and all other persons 15 years old and over in the household, whether related to the householder or not. Since many households consist of only one person, average household income is usually less than average family income.

Income of Families and Unrelated Individuals—In the compilation of statistics on family income, the incomes of all members 15 years old and over in each family are summed and treated as a single amount. However, for unrelated individuals 15 years old and over, the total amount of their own income is used. Although the income statistics cover the calendar year 1979, the characteristics

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of persons and the composition of families refer to the time of enumeration (April 1980). Thus, the income of the family does not include amounts received by persons who were members of the family during all or part of the calendar year 1979 if these persons no longer resided with the family at the time of enumeration. On the other hand, family income amounts reported by related persons who did not reside with the family during 1979 but who were members of the family at the time of enumeration are included. However, the composition of most families was the same during 1979 as in April 1980.

Median Income—The median income is the amount which divides the distribution into two equal groups, one having incomes above the median and the other having incomes below the median. For households, families, and unrelated individuals the median income is based on the distribution of the total number of units including those with no income. The median for persons is based on persons with income. The median income values for all households, families, and unrelated individuals are computed on the basis of more detailed income intervals than shown in this report. Median income figures of \$30,000 or less are generally calculated using linear interpolation; all other median income amounts are derived through Pareto interpolation. For a detailed description of these interpolation procedures, see Appendix B of the Current Population Reports, Series P-60, No. 129, *Money Income of Families and Persons in the United States: 1979*.

Mean Income—The mean income is the amount obtained by dividing the total income of a particular statistical universe by the number of units in that universe. Thus, mean household income is obtained by dividing total household income by the total number of households. For the various types of income the means are based on households having those types of income.

Care should be exercised in using and interpreting mean income values for small subgroups of the population. Since the mean is strongly influenced by extreme values in the distribution, it is especially susceptible to the effects of sampling variability, misreporting, and processing errors. The median, which is

not affected by extreme values, is, therefore, a better measure than the mean when the population base is small. The mean, nevertheless, is shown in this report for most small subgroups because, when weighted according to the number of cases, the means can be added to obtain summary measures for areas and groups other than those shown in this report.

Limitations of the Data—Since questionnaire entries for income are frequently based on memory and not on records, many persons tend to forget minor or irregular sources of income, and therefore, underreport their income. Underreporting tends to be more pronounced for income sources that are not derived from earnings, such as Social Security, public assistance, or net income from interest, dividends, and rentals. In addition, there are errors of reporting due to misunderstanding of the income questions. One such error is the reporting of gross rather than net dollar amounts for the two questions on net self-employment income, which results in an overstatement of these items. Another common error is the reporting of identical dollar amounts in two of the seven type of income items where a respondent with only one source of income assumed that the second amount should be entered to represent total income. Such instances of overreporting would have an impact on the level of mean nonfarm or farm self-employment income and mean total income published for the various geographical subdivisions of the State.

Extensive review procedures were instituted in the coding operation to reduce some of these reporting errors and to improve the accuracy of the income data. Moreover, many reporting errors were rectified through the coding and the computer editing procedures, with the result that consistency of reported income items with work experience, occupation, and class-of-worker information was improved. For example, if a person reported he was self-employed on his own farm, not incorporated, but had reported wage and salary earnings only, the latter amount was shifted to net farm self-employment income. Also, if a person reported total income only, the amount was generally assigned to one of the type of income items according to responses to the work experience and class-of-worker questions.

Another type of problem involved non-reporting of income data. Where income information was not reported, computer allocation procedures were devised to impute appropriate values (either no income or positive or negative dollar amounts) for the missing entries. These procedures are described in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data."

In income tables for households, families, and unrelated individuals, the lowest income group (e.g., less than \$2,500) includes units that were classified as having no 1979 income. Many of these were living on income "in kind," savings, or gifts, were newly created families or were families in which the sole breadwinner had recently died or left the household. However, many of the families and unrelated individuals who reported no income probably had some money income which was not recorded in the census.

The income data in this report cover money income only. The fact that many farm families receive an important part of their income in the form of "free" housing and goods produced and consumed on the farm rather than in money should be taken into consideration in comparing the income of farm and nonfarm residents. Nonmoney income is also received by some nonfarm residents. Such income often takes the form of business expense accounts, use of business transportation and facilities, or partial compensation by business for medical and educational expenses. Many low income families also receive income "in kind" from public welfare programs. In comparing income data for 1979 with earlier years, it should be noted that an increase or decrease in money income does not necessarily represent a comparable change in real income, unless adjustments for changes in prices are made.

Comparability

Data From Earlier Censuses—The income data collected in the 1960 and 1970 censuses are basically similar to the 1980 census data, but there are variations in the detail of the questions. In 1970, information on income was obtained from all members in every fifth housing unit and small group quarters (less than 15 persons) and every fifth person in all other group quarters. Each person was required to report (a) wage or salary

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income, (b) net nonfarm self-employment, (c) net farm self-employment, (d) Social Security or railroad retirement, (e) public assistance or welfare payments, and (f) income from all other sources in 1969.

Between the 1970 and 1980 censuses, there were also some changes in the processing of the data. In the 1970 census, all missing values were imputed either as "None" or as a dollar amount. If a person reported a dollar amount in (a) wage or salary income, (b) net nonfarm self-employment income, or (c) net farm self-employment income, the person was considered as unallocated only if no further dollar amounts were imputed for any additional missing entries. In the 1980 census, all persons with missing values in one or more of the seven type of income items *and* total income were designated as allocated. If total income was reported *and* one or more of the type of income fields was not answered, then the entry in total income was generally assigned to one of the income types according to the socioeconomic characteristics of the income recipient. This person was designated as unallocated. Moreover, there was a difference in the method of computer derivation of aggregate income from individual amounts that were coded in tens, hundreds, and thousands of dollars in the coding operation. In the 1970 census processing, \$50 and \$5,000, respectively, were added by the computer to each amount coded in hundreds of dollars (under \$100,000) and tens of thousands (\$100,000 or more). Entries of \$990,000 or more were treated as \$995,000, and losses of \$9,900 or more were treated as minus \$9,950. In the 1980 census, income amounts less than \$100,000 were coded in tens of dollars, and amounts of \$100,000 or more were coded in thousands of dollars; \$5 was added to each amount coded in tens of dollars and \$500 to each amount coded in thousands of dollars. Entries of \$999,000 or more were treated as \$999,500, and losses of \$9,990 or more were treated as \$9,995 in all of the computer derivations of income aggregates. The coding schemes used in both the 1970 and 1980 censuses were developed to accommodate space limitations on the questionnaires.

In both the 1970 and 1980 censuses, all nonrespondents on income (whether heads of families or other persons) were assigned the reported income of persons

with similar characteristics, as described generally in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data."

In 1960, data on income were obtained from all members in every fourth housing unit and from every fourth person 14 years old and over living in group quarters. Each person was requested to report (a) wage or salary income, (b) net self-employment income, and (c) income other than earnings received in 1959. An assumption was made in the editing process that no other type of income was received by a person who reported the receipt of either wage and salary income or self-employment income but who had failed to report the receipt of other money income.

In 1950, information on income was obtained from every fifth person 14 years old and over. If the sample person was the head of the family, the income questions were repeated for the other family members as a group in order to obtain the income of the whole family. In the tabulations of family income for the 1950 census, if only the head's income was reported, it was assumed that there was no other income in the family.

In 1940, all persons 14 years old and over were asked to report (a) the amount of wages or salary received in 1939 and (b) whether income amounting to \$50 or more was received in 1939 from sources other than wages or salaries.

Income Tax Data—For several reasons, the income data shown in this report are not directly comparable with those which may be obtained from statistical summaries of income tax returns. Income, as defined for tax purposes, differs somewhat from the Bureau of the Census concept. Moreover, the coverage of income tax statistics is different because of the exemptions of persons having small amounts of income and the inclusion of net capital gains in tax returns. Furthermore, members of some families file separate returns and others file joint returns; consequently the income reporting unit is not consistently either a family or a person.

Social Security Administration Earnings Record Data—The earnings data shown in this report are not directly comparable with earnings records of the Social Security Administration. The earnings record data for 1979 exclude the earnings

of most civilian government employees, some employees of nonprofit organizations, workers covered by the Railroad Retirement Act, and persons not covered by the program because of insufficient earnings. Furthermore, earnings received from any one employer in excess of \$22,900 in 1979 are not covered by earnings records. Finally, since census data are obtained from household questionnaires, they may differ from Social Security Administration earnings record data, which are based upon employers' reports and the Federal income tax returns of self-employed persons.

Bureau of Economic Analysis Income Series—The Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA), of the Department of Commerce publishes annual data on aggregate and per capita personal income received by the population for each State, standard metropolitan statistical areas, and selected counties. Aggregate income estimates based on the income statistics shown in this report usually would be less than those shown in the BEA income series for several reasons. The Bureau of the Census data are obtained directly from households, whereas the BEA income series is estimated largely on the basis of data from administrative records of business and governmental sources. Moreover, the definitions of income are different. The BEA income series includes some items not included in the income data shown in this report, such as income "in kind," income received by nonprofit institutions, the value of services of banks and other financial intermediaries rendered to persons without the assessment of specific charges, medicare payments, and the income of persons who died or emigrated prior to April 1, 1980. On the other hand, the census income data include contributions for support received from persons not residing in the same household and employee contributions for social insurance.

POVERTY STATUS IN 1979

Definitions

The data on poverty status were derived from answers to the same questions as the income data (see the section on "Income in 1979").

Poverty statistics presented in this report are based on a definition origi-

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nated by the Social Security Administration in 1964 and subsequently modified by Federal interagency committees in 1969 and 1980. At the core of this definition is the 1961 economy food plan, the least costly of four nutritionally adequate food plans designed by the Department of Agriculture. It was determined from the Agriculture Department's 1955 survey of food consumption that families of three or more persons spend approximately one-third of their income on food; hence the poverty level for these families was set at three times the cost of the economy food plan. For smaller families and persons living alone, the cost of the economy food plan was multiplied by factors that were slightly higher in order to compensate for the relatively larger fixed expenses for these smaller households.

The income cutoffs used by the Bureau of the Census to determine the poverty status of families and unrelated individuals consist of a set of 48 thresholds arranged in a two-dimensional matrix consisting of family size (from one person to nine or more persons) cross-classified by presence and number of family members under 18 years old (from no children present to eight or more children present). Unrelated individuals and two-person families are further differentiated by age of the householder (under 65 years old and 65 years old and over). The total income of each family or unrelated individual is tested against the appropriate poverty threshold to determine the poverty status of that family or unrelated individual. If the total income is less than the corresponding cutoff, the family or unrelated individual is classified as below the poverty level. The number of persons below the poverty level is the sum of the number of persons in families with incomes below the poverty level and the number of unrelated individuals with incomes below the poverty level.

The poverty thresholds are revised annually to allow for changes in the cost of living as reflected in the Consumer Price Index. The average poverty threshold for a family of four persons was \$7,412 in 1979. (See table at end of appendix.)

Poverty thresholds are computed on a national basis only. No attempt has been made to adjust these thresholds for regional, State, or local variations in the

cost of living. For a detailed discussion of the poverty definition, see U.S. Bureau of the Census, Current Population Reports, Series P-60, No. 133, *Characteristics of the Population Below the Poverty Level: 1980*.

There may be slight differences between the data in this report on poverty status in 1979 and similar data shown in the *Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas*, PHC80-3, reports and in the Supplementary Reports, *Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics*, PHC80-S2. Any such differences are a result of errors in the income data which were corrected after the release of the PHC80-3 and the PHC80-S2 reports.

Persons for Whom Poverty Status is Determined—Poverty status is determined for all persons except inmates of institutions, persons in military group quarters and in college dormitories, and unrelated individuals under 15 years old. When the line, "Persons for whom poverty status is determined," appears under the heading, "All Income Levels in 1979," it shows the total population minus persons in the four groups listed above. When the same line appears under the heading, "Income in 1979 Below Poverty Level," it shows the number of such persons who are classified as being below the poverty level. In tables that contain only poverty data, the above exclusions are stated in the headnote and the word "persons" is used in place of "persons for whom poverty status is determined."

Poverty Status Excluding Social Security and/or Public Assistance Income—Poverty status is normally computed on the basis of total family or unrelated individual income. In table 249 poverty status is also computed on the basis of total family or unrelated individual income less any public assistance or Social Security income. In these tabulations persons in families are classified as with Social Security income and/or public assistance income if any family member received such income in 1979.

Specified Poverty Levels—Because the poverty levels currently in use by the Federal government do not meet all the needs of data users, some of the data are presented for alternate levels ranging

from 75 percent to 200 percent of the current poverty level. These specified poverty levels are obtained by multiplying the income cutoffs at the poverty level by the appropriate factor. For example, the average income cutoff at 125 percent of poverty level was \$9,265 ($\$7,412 \times 1.25$) in 1979 for a family of four persons.

Weighted Average Thresholds at the Poverty Level—The average thresholds shown in the first column of the table were weighted by the presence and number of children. For example, the weighted average threshold for a given family size is obtained by multiplying the threshold for each presence and number of children category within the given family size by the number of families in that category. These products are then aggregated across the entire range of presence and number of children categories, and the aggregate is divided by the total number of families in the group to yield the weighted average threshold at the poverty level for that family size.

Since the basic thresholds used to determine the poverty status of families and unrelated individuals are applied to all families and unrelated individuals, the weighted average poverty thresholds are derived using all families and unrelated individuals rather than just those classified as being below the poverty level. To obtain the weighted poverty thresholds for families and unrelated individuals below alternate poverty levels, the weighted thresholds shown in the table may be multiplied directly by the appropriate factor. The weighted average thresholds presented in the table are based on the March 1980 Current Population Survey. However, it is felt that these thresholds would not differ significantly from those based on the 1980 census.

Income Deficit—Income deficit is the difference between the total income of families and unrelated individuals below the poverty level and their respective poverty thresholds. In computing the income deficit, families reporting a net income loss are assigned zero dollars and for such cases the deficit is equal to the poverty threshold. This measure provides an estimate of the amount which would be required to raise the incomes of all poor families and unrelated individuals to their respective poverty thresholds. The

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income deficit is thus a measure of the degree of impoverishment of a family or unrelated individual. However, caution must be exercised in comparing the average deficits of families with different characteristics. Apparent differences in average income deficits may, to some extent, be a function of differences in family size.

Mean Income Deficit—The mean income deficit is the amount obtained by dividing the total income deficit of a group below the poverty level by the number of families (or unrelated individuals) in that group. The mean deficits shown in table 251 of this report may differ slightly from the means previously published in the *General Social and Economic Characteristics*, PC80-1-C reports. These differences are due to different rounding procedures used in tabulating the income deficits in the two report series.

Median Income Deficit—The median income deficit is the amount which divides the distribution into two equal parts, one having an income deficit above the median and the other having an income deficit below the median.

Comparability With Earlier Census Data

The poverty definition used in the 1980 census differs slightly from the one used in the 1970 census. Three technical modifications were made to the definition used in the 1970 census as described below:

1. The separate thresholds for families with a female householder with no husband present and all other families were eliminated. For the 1980 census, the weighted average of the poverty thresholds for these two types of families were applied to all types of families, regardless of the sex of the householder.
2. Farm families and farm unrelated individuals no longer have a set of poverty thresholds that are lower than the thresholds applied to nonfarm families and unrelated individuals. Instead, the nonfarm thresholds were applied to all families and unrelated individuals regardless of residence.
3. The thresholds by size of family were extended from seven or more persons to nine or more persons.

These changes result in a minimal increase in the number of poor at the national level. For a complete discussion of these modifications and their impact, see *Current Population Reports*, Series P-60, No. 133.

The population covered in the poverty statistics derived from the 1980 census is essentially the same as in the 1970 census. The only difference is that in 1980, unrelated individuals under 15 years old were excluded from the poverty universe, while in 1970, only those under 14 years old were excluded. The poverty data from the 1960 census exclude all persons in group quarters and include all unrelated individuals regardless of age. It is unlikely that these differences in popu-

lation coverage would have a significant impact when comparing the poverty data for persons from the 1980, 1970, and 1960 censuses.

Limitations

The term "Poverty" connotes a complex set of economic, social, and psychological conditions. The statistics presented in this report provide only estimates of economic poverty based on the receipt of money income before taxes. Readers should also be aware that for many different reasons there is a tendency for respondents to underreport their income. Overall, income earned from wages or salary is more accurately reported than other sources of income. (For a complete discussion of the limitations of the income data, see the section on "Income in 1979.")

It should be pointed out that non-money income is not considered in determining poverty status. In recent years, however, receipts from nonmoney transfers such as food stamps, housing subsidies, and health benefits have become an increasingly important element in the income of poor persons. For further information on the subject of valuing noncash benefits, see U.S. Bureau of the Census, Technical Paper 50, *Alternative Methods for Valuing Selected In-Kind Transfer Benefits and Measuring Their Effect on Poverty*. For a complete discussion of the limitations of the poverty concept, see *Current Population Reports*, Series P-60, No. 133.

Thresholds at the Poverty Level in 1979 by Size of Family and Number of Related Children Under 18 Years

(Figures in dollars. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction)

Size of Family Unit	Weighted average thresholds	Related children under 18 years								
		None	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8 or more
1 person (unrelated individual).....	3,686	3,686	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Under 65 years.....	3,774	3,774	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
65 years and over.....	3,479	3,479	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2 persons.....	4,723	4,723	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Householder under 65 years.....	4,876	4,858	5,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Householder 65 years and over.....	4,389	4,385	4,981	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3 persons.....	5,787	5,674	5,839	5,844	...	...	...	...	...	...
4 persons.....	7,412	7,482	7,605	7,356	7,382	...	...	...	...	...
5 persons.....	8,776	9,023	9,154	8,874	8,657	8,525	...	...	...	...
6 persons.....	9,915	10,378	10,419	10,205	9,999	9,693	9,512	...	...	...
7 persons.....	11,237	11,941	12,016	11,759	11,580	11,246	10,857	10,429	...	...
8 persons.....	12,484	13,356	13,473	13,231	13,018	12,717	12,334	11,936	11,835	...
9 or more persons.....	14,812	16,066	16,144	15,929	15,749	15,453	15,046	14,677	14,586	14,024

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List A. INTERMEDIATE OCCUPATIONAL CLASSIFICATION (150 ITEMS) WITH COMPONENT DETAILED CATEGORIES

This list presents the relationship between the detailed occupation stub (e.g., table 219) and the intermediate stub (e.g., table 220). The occupation groups marked with an asterisk (*) are not shown in the tables using the intermediate classification but can be derived by subtraction. Numbers in parentheses following the occupation categories are the SOC definitions.

EXECUTIVE, ADMINISTRATIVE, AND MANAGERIAL OCCUPATIONS

1. Officials and administrators, public administration
 - Legislators, chief executives and general administrators; public administration (111, 112)
 - Administrators and officials, public administration (1132, 1139)
 - Administrators, protective services (1131)
2. Administrators, education and related fields (128)
3. Managers, medicine and health (131)
4. Other specified managers
 - Financial managers (122)
 - Personnel and labor relations managers (123)
 - Purchasing managers (124)
 - Managers, marketing, advertising, and public relations (125)
 - Managers, properties and real estate (1353)
 - Postmasters and mail superintendents (1344)
 - Funeral directors (part 1359)
5. Managers and administrators, n.e.c., salaried (121, 126, 127, 132–139, exc. 1344, 1353, part 1359)
6. Manufacturing
 - Nondurable goods
 - Durable goods
7. Transportation, communications, and other public utilities
 - Transportation
 - Communications, utilities and sanitary services
8. Wholesale and retail trade
 - Wholesale trade
 - General merchandise stores
 - Food, bakery, and dairy stores
 - Automotive dealers and gasoline stations
 - Eating and drinking places
 - Other retail trade
9. All other industries
 - Construction
 - Finance, insurance, and real estate
 - Business and repair services
 - Personal services
 - All other industries
10. Managers and administrators, n.e.c., self-employed
11. Construction
12. Manufacturing
 - Nondurable goods
 - Durable goods
13. Wholesale and retail trade
 - Wholesale trade
 - General merchandise stores
 - Food, bakery, and dairy stores
 - Automotive dealers and gasoline stations
 - Eating and drinking places
 - Other retail trade
14. All other industries
 - Transportation
 - Communications, utilities and sanitary services
 - Finance, insurance, and real estate
 - Business and repair services
 - Personal services
 - All other industries
15. Management related occupations
16. Accountants and auditors (1412)
17. Buyers and purchasing agents (144)

EXECUTIVE, ADMINISTRATIVE, AND MANAGERIAL OCCUPATIONS—CON.

- Management related occupations—Con.
- * Other management related occupations
 - Underwriters (1414)
 - Other financial officers (1415, 1419)
 - Management analysts (142)
 - Personnel, training, and labor relations specialists (143)
 - Business and promotion agents (145)
 - Construction inspectors (1472)
 - Inspectors and compliance officers, except construction (1473)
 - Management related occupations, n.e.c. (149)

PROFESSIONAL SPECIALTY OCCUPATIONS

18. Architects (161)
19. Electrical and electronic engineers (1633, 1636)
20. Mechanical engineers (1635)
21. Other engineers
 - Aerospace engineers (1622)
 - Metallurgical and materials engineers (1623)
 - Mining engineers (1624)
 - Petroleum engineers (1625)
 - Chemical engineers (1626)
 - Nuclear engineers (1627)
 - Civil engineers (1628)
 - Agricultural engineers (1632)
 - Industrial engineers (1634)
 - Marine engineers and naval architects (1637)
 - Engineers, n.e.c. (1639)
22. Surveyors and mapping scientists (164)
23. Mathematical and computer scientists
24. Computer systems analysts and scientists (171)
 - * Other mathematical and computer scientists
 - Operations and systems researchers and analysts (172)
 - Actuaries (1732)
 - Statisticians (1733)
 - Mathematical scientists, n.e.c. (1739)
25. Natural scientists
 - Physicists and astronomers (1842, 1843)
 - Chemists, except biochemists (1845)
 - Atmospheric and space scientists (1846)
 - Geologists and geodesists (1847)
 - Physical scientists, n.e.c. (1849)
 - Agricultural and food scientists (1853)
 - Biological and life scientists (1854)
 - Forestry and conservation scientists (1852)
 - Medical scientists (1855)
26. Physicians (261)
27. Dentists (262)
28. Other health diagnosing occupations
 - Veterinarians (27)
 - Optometrists (281)
 - Podiatrists (283)
 - Health diagnosing practitioners, n.e.c. (289)
29. Health assessment and treating occupations
30. Registered nurses (29)
31. Pharmacists (301)
32. Therapists
 - Inhalation therapists (3031)
 - Occupational therapists (3032)
 - Physical therapists (3033)
 - Speech therapists (3034)
 - Therapists, n.e.c. (3039)

Appendix B.—Definitions and Explanations of Subject Characteristics

PROFESSIONAL SPECIALTY OCCUPATIONS—CON.

- Health assessment and treating occupations—Con.
* Physicians' assistants (304)
33. Teachers, librarians, and counselors
34. Teachers, postsecondary
Biological science teachers (2213)
Chemistry teachers (2214)
Physics teachers (2215)
Other natural science teachers (2212, 2216)
Psychology teachers (2217)
Economics teachers (2218)
History teachers (2222)
Other social science teachers (2223–2225)
Engineering teachers (2226)
Mathematical and computer science teachers (2227, 2228)
Medical science teachers (2231)
Health specialties teachers (2232)
Business, commerce, and marketing teachers (2233)
Art, drama, and music teachers (2235)
English teachers (2238)
Foreign language teachers (2242)
Other specified teachers (2234, 2236, 2237, 2243–2249)
Postsecondary teachers, subject not specified
35. Teachers, elementary and prekindergarten
Teachers, prekindergarten and kindergarten (231)
Teachers, elementary school (232)
36. Teachers, secondary school (233)
37. Other teachers, librarians, and counselors
Teachers, special education (235)
Teachers, n.e.c. (236–239)
Counselors, educational and vocational (24)
Librarians (251)
Archivists and curators (252)
38. Social scientists and urban planners
Economists (1912)
Psychologists (1915)
Sociologists (1916)
Social scientists, n.e.c. (1913, 1914, 1919)
Urban planners (192)
39. Social and recreation workers
Social workers (2032)
Recreation workers (2033)
40. Religious workers
Clergy (2042)
Religious workers, n.e.c. (2049)
41. Lawyers and judges
Lawyers (211)
Judges (212)
42. Writers, artists, entertainers, and athletes
Authors (321)
Technical writers (398)
Designers (322)
Musicians and composers (323)
Actors and directors (324)
Painters, sculptors, craft-artists, and artist printmakers (325)
Photographers (326)
Dancers (327)
Artists, performers, and related workers, n.e.c. (328, 329)
Editors and reporters (331)
Public relations specialists (332)
Announcers (333)
Athletes (34)

TECHNICIANS AND RELATED SUPPORT OCCUPATIONS

43. Health technologists and technicians
44. Licensed practical nurses (366)
* Other health technologists and technicians
Clinical laboratory technologists and technicians (362)
Dental hygienists (363)
Health record technologists and technicians (364)
Radiologic technicians (365)
Health technologists and technicians, n.e.c. (369)

TECHNICIANS AND RELATED SUPPORT OCCUPATIONS—CON.

45. Engineering and science technicians
46. Electrical and electronic technicians (3711)
47. Drafting and surveying technicians (372, 373)
* Other engineering and science technicians
Industrial engineering technicians (3712)
Mechanical engineering technicians (3713)
Engineering technicians, n.e.c. (3719)
Biological technicians (382)
Chemical technicians (3831)
Science technicians, n.e.c. (3832, 3833, 384, 389)
48. Technicians, except health, engineering, and science
49. Airplane pilots and navigators (825)
50. Computer programmers (3971, 3972)
* Other technicians, except health, engineering, and science
Air traffic controllers (392)
Broadcast equipment operators (393)
Tool programmers, numerical control (3974)
Legal assistants (396)
Technicians, n.e.c. (399)

SALES OCCUPATIONS

51. Supervisors and proprietors, sales occupations (40)
52. Supervisors and proprietors, sales occupations — self-employed
* Supervisors and proprietors, sales occupations — salaried
53. Sale representatives, finance and business services
Insurance sales occupations (4122)
Real estate sales occupations (4123)
Securities and financial services sales occupations (4124)
Advertising and related sales occupations (4153)
Sales occupations, other business service (4152)
54. Sales representatives, commodities except retail
Sales engineers (421)
Sales representatives, mining, manufacturing, and wholesale (423, 424)
55. Sales workers, retail and personal services
56. Cashiers
* Other sales workers, retail and personal service
Sales workers, motor vehicles and boats (4342, 4344)
Sales workers, apparel (4346)
Sales workers, shoes (4351)
Sales workers, furniture and home furnishings (4348)
Sales workers, radio, TV, hi-fi, and appliances (4343, 4352)
Sales workers, hardware and building supplies (4353)
Sales workers, parts (4367)
Sales workers, other commodities (4345, 4347, 4354, 4356, 4359, 4362, 4369)
Sales counter clerks (4363)
Street and door-to-door sales workers (4366)
News vendor (4365)
57. Sales related occupations
Demonstrators, promoters and models, sales (445)
Auctioneers (447)
Sales support occupations, n.e.c. (444, 446, 449)

ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT OCCUPATIONS, INCLUDING CLERICAL

58. Supervisors, administrative support occupations, including clerical
Supervisors, general office (4511, 4513, 4514, 4516, 4519, 4529)
Supervisors, computer equipment operators (4512)
Supervisors, financial records processing (4521)
Chief communications operators (4523)
Supervisors; distribution, scheduling, and adjusting clerks (4522, 4524–4528)
59. Computer equipment operators
Computer operators (4612)
Peripheral equipment operators (4613)
60. Secretaries, stenographers, and typists

Appendix B.—Definitions and Explanations of Subject Characteristics

ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT OCCUPATIONS, INCLUDING CLERICAL—CON.

- Secretaries, stenographers, and typists—Con.
61. Secretaries (4622)
* Stenographers and typists
 Stenographers (4623)
 Typists (4624)
62. Receptionists (4645)
63. File clerks (4696)
64. Financial records processing occupations
65. Bookkeepers, accounting, and auditing clerks (4712)
* Other financial records processing occupations
 Payroll and timekeeping clerks (4713)
 Billing clerks (4715)
 Cost and rate clerks (4716)
 Billing, posting, and calculating machine operators (4718)
66. Telephone operators (4732)
67. Mail and message distributing occupations
 Postal clerks, except mail carriers (4742)
 Mail carriers, postal service (4743)
 Mail clerks, except postal service (4744)
 Messengers (4745)
68. Traffic, shipping, stock and inventory clerks
 Traffic, shipping, and receiving clerks (4753)
 Stock and inventory clerks (4754)
69. Insurance adjusters, examiners, and investigators (4782)
70. Bank tellers (4791)
71. Data-entry keyers (4793)
72. Other administrative support occupations
 Interviewers (4642)
 Hotel clerks (4643)
 Transportation ticket and reservation agents (4644)
 Information clerks, n.e.c. (4649)
 Classified-ad-clerks (4662)
 Correspondence clerks (4663)
 Order clerks (4664)
 Personnel clerks, except payroll and timekeeping (4692)
 Library clerks (4694)
 Records clerks (4699)
 Duplicating machine operators (4722)
 Mail preparing and paper handling machine operators (4723)
 Office machine operators, n.e.c. (4729)
 Telegraphers (4733)
 Communications equipment operators, n.e.c. (4739)
 Dispatchers (4751)
 Production coordinators (4752)
 Meter readers (4755)
 Weighers, measurers and checkers (4756)
 Samplers (4757)
 Expeditors (4758)
 Material recording, scheduling, and distributing clerks, n.e.c. (4759)
 Investigators and adjusters, except insurance (4783)
 Eligibility clerks, social welfare (4784)
 Bill and account collectors (4786)
 General office clerks (463)
 Proofreaders (4792)
 Statistical clerks (4794)
 Teachers' aides (4795)
 Administrative support occupations, n.e.c. (4787, 4799)

PRIVATE HOUSEHOLD OCCUPATIONS

73. Private household occupations
 Launderers and ironers (503)
 Cooks, private household (504)
 Housekeepers and butlers (505)
 Child care workers, private household (506)
 Private household cleaners and servants (502, 507, 509)

PROTECTIVE SERVICE OCCUPATIONS

74. Firefighting occupations (5123)
75. Police and detectives, public service (5132)

PROTECTIVE SERVICE OCCUPATIONS—CON.

76. Guards
 Crossing guards (5142)
 Guards and police, except public service (5144)
 Protective service occupations, n.e.c. (5149)
77. Other protective service occupations
 Supervisors, firefighting and fire prevention occupations (5111)
 Supervisors, police and detectives (5112)
 Supervisors, guards (5113)
 Fire inspection and fire prevention occupations (5122)
 Sheriffs, bailiffs, and other law enforcement officers (5134)
 Correctional institution officers (5133)

SERVICE OCCUPATIONS, EXCEPT PROTECTIVE AND HOUSEHOLD

78. Food preparation and service occupations
79. Waiters and food counter workers
 Waiters and waitresses (5213)
 Food counter, fountain and related occupations (5216)
80. Cooks
 Cooks, except short order (5214)
 Short-order cooks (5215)
* Other food service occupations
 Supervisors, food preparation and service occupations (5211)
 Bartenders (5212)
 Kitchen workers, food preparation (5217)
 Waiters' and waitresses' assistants (5218)
 Miscellaneous food preparation occupations (5219)
81. Health service occupations
82. Nursing aides, orderlies, and attendants (5236)
* Other health service occupations
 Dental assistants (5232)
 Health aides, except nursing (5233)
83. Cleaning and building service occupations
 Supervisors, cleaning and building service workers (5241)
 Maids and housemen (5242, 5249)
 Janitors and cleaners (5244)
 Elevator operators (5245)
 Pest control occupations (5246)
84. Personal service occupations
85. Barbers, hairdressers and cosmetologists (5252, 5253)
* Other personal service occupations
 Supervisors, personal service occupations (5251)
 Attendants, amusement and recreation facilities (5264)
 Guides (5255)
 Ushers (5256)
 Public transportation attendants (5257)
 Baggage porters and bellhops (5262)
 Welfare service aides (5263)
 Child care workers, except private household (5264)
 Personal service occupations, n.e.c. (5258, 5269)

FARMING, FORESTRY, AND FISHING OCCUPATIONS

86. Farm operators and managers
 Farmers, except horticultural (5512–5514)
 Horticultural specialty farmers (5515)
 Managers, farms, except horticultural (5522–5524)
 Managers, horticultural specialty farms (5525)
87. Farm occupations, except managerial
 Supervisors, farm workers (5611)
 Farm workers (5612–5617)
 Marine life cultivation workers (5618)
 Nursery workers (5619)
88. Related agricultural occupations
 Supervisors, related agricultural occupations (5621)
 Groundskeepers and gardeners, except farm (5622)
 Animal caretakers, except farm (5624)
 Graders and sorters, agricultural products (5625)
 Inspectors, agricultural products (5627)
89. Forestry and fishing occupations
 Supervisors, forestry and logging workers (571)

Appendix B.—Definitions and Explanations of Subject Characteristics

FARMING, FORESTRY, AND FISHING OCCUPATIONS—CON.

- Forestry and fishing occupations—Con.
Forestry workers, except logging (572)
Timber cutting and logging occupations (573, 579)
Captains and other officers, fishing vessels (part 8241)
Fishers (583)
Hunters and trappers (584)

PRECISION PRODUCTION, CRAFT, AND REPAIR OCCUPATIONS

90. Automobile mechanics, including body
Automobile mechanics (6111)
Automobile body and related repairers (6115)
91. Aircraft mechanics (6113, 6116)
92. Heating, air conditioning, and refrigeration mechanics (616)
93. Other mechanics and repairers
Supervisors, mechanics and repairers (60)
Bus, truck, and stationary engine mechanics (6112)
Small engine repairers (6114)
Heavy equipment mechanics (6117)
Farm equipment mechanics (6118)
Industrial machinery repairers (613)
Machinery maintenance occupations (614)
Electronic repairers, communications and industrial equipment (6151, 6153, 6155)
Data processing equipment repairers (6154)
Household appliance and power tool repairers (6156)
Telephone line installers and repairers (6157)
Telephone installers and repairers (6158)
Miscellaneous electrical and electronic equipment repairers (6152, 6159)
Camera, watch, and musical instrument repairers (6171, 6172)
Locksmiths and safe repairers (6173)
Office machine repairers (6174)
Mechanical controls and valve repairers (6175)
Elevator installers and repairers (6176)
Millwrights (6178)
Specified mechanics and repairers, n.e.c. (6177, 6179)
Not specified mechanics and repairers
94. Carpenters (6422)
95. Electricians (6432)
96. Painters, construction and maintenance (6442)
97. Plumbers, pipefitters, and steamfitters (645)
98. Other construction trades
Supervisors; brickmasons, stonemasons, and tile setters (6312)
Supervisors; carpenters and related workers (6313)
Supervisors; electricians and power transmission installers (6314)
Supervisors; painters, paperhangers, and plasterers (6315)
Supervisors; plumbers, pipefitters, and steamfitters (6316)
Supervisors; n.e.c. (6311, 6318)
Brickmasons and stonemasons (6412, 6413)
Tile setters, hard and soft (6414, part 6462)
Carpet installers (Part 6462)
Drywall installers (6424)
Electrical power installers and repairers (6433)
Paperhangers (6443)
Plasterers (6444)
Concrete and terrazzo finishers (6463)
Glaziers (6464)
Insulation workers (6465)
Paving, surfacing, and tamping equipment operators (6466)
Roofers (6468)
Sheetmetal duct installers (6472)
Structural metal workers (6473)
Drillers, earth (6474)
Construction trades, n.e.c. (6467, 6475, 6476, 6479)
99. Extractive occupations
Supervisors, extractive occupations (632)
Drillers, oil well (652)
Explosives workers (653)
Mining machine operators (654)
Mining occupations, n.e.c. (656)

PRECISION PRODUCTION, CRAFT, AND REPAIR OCCUPATIONS—CON.

100. Supervisors, production occupations (67, 71)
101. Manufacturing
Nondurable goods
Durable goods
* Nonmanufacturing industries
Transportation, communications, and other public utilities
Wholesale and retail trade
All other industries
102. Tool and die makers (6811)
103. Machinists (6813)
104. Sheet metal workers (6824)
105. Other precision metal workers
Precision assemblers, metal (6812)
Boilermakers (6814)
Precision grinders, filers, and tool sharpeners (6816)
Patternmakers and model makers, metal (6817)
Lay-out workers (6821)
Precious stones and metals workers (Jewelers) (6822, 6866)
Engravers, metal (6823)
Miscellaneous precision metal workers (6829)
106. Precision textile, apparel, and furnishings machine workers
Dressmakers (Part 6852, part 7752)
Tailors (Part 6852)
Upholsterers (6853)
Shoe repairers (6854)
Apparel and fabric patternmakers (6856)
Miscellaneous precision apparel and fabric workers (6859, part 7752)
107. Plant and system operators
Water and sewage treatment plant operators (691)
Power plant operators (Part 693)
Stationary engineers (Part 693, 7668)
Miscellaneous plant and system operators (692, 694, 695, 696)
108. Other precision production occupations
Patternmakers and model makers, wood (6831)
Cabinet makers and bench carpenters (6832)
Furniture and wood finishers (6835)
Miscellaneous precision woodworkers (6839)
Hand molders and shapers, except jewelers (6861)
Patternmakers, lay-out workers, and cutters (6862)
Optical goods workers (6864, part 7477, part 7677)
Dental laboratory and medical appliance technicians (6865)
Bookbinders (6844)
Electrical and electronic equipment assemblers (6867)
Miscellaneous precision workers, n.e.c. (6869)
Butchers and meat cutters (6871)
Bakers (6872)
Food batchmakers (6873, 6879)
Inspectors, testers, and graders (6881, 828)
Adjusters and calibrators (6882)

MACHINE OPERATORS, ASSEMBLERS, AND INSPECTORS

109. Metalworking and plastic working machine operators
Lathe and turning machine set-up operators (7312)
Lathe and turning machine operators (7512)
Milling and planing machine operators (7313, 7513)
Punching and stamping press machine operators (7314, 7317, 7514, 7517)
Rolling machine operators (7316, 7516)
Drilling and boring machine operators (7318, 7518)
Grinding, abrading, buffing and polishing machine operators (7322, 7324, 7522)
Forging machine operators (7319, 7519)
Numerical control machine operators (7326)
Miscellaneous metal, plastic, stone, and glass working machine operators (7329, 7529)
110. Printing machine operators
Printing machine operators (7443, 7643)
Photoengravers and lithographers (6842, 7444, 7644)
Typesetters and compositors (6841, 7642)
Miscellaneous printing machine operators (6849, 7449, 7649)

Appendix B.—Definitions and Explanations of Subject Characteristics

MACHINE OPERATORS, ASSEMBLERS, AND INSPECTORS—CON.

111. Textile, apparel, and furnishings machine operators
112. Textile machine operators
 Winding and twisting machine operators (7451, 7651)
 Knitting, looping, taping, and weaving machine operators (7452, 7652)
 Textile cutting machine operators (7654)
 Miscellaneous textile machine operators (7459, 7659)
113. Textile sewing machine operators (7655)
114. Laundering and dry cleaning machine operators (6855, 7658)
 * Shoe and pressing machine operators
 Shoe machine operators (7656)
 Pressing machine operators (7657)
115. Other specified machine operators
 Fabricating machine operators, n.e.c. (7339, 7539)
 Molding and casting machine operators (7315, 7342, 7515, 7542)
 Metal plating machine operators (7343, 7543)
 Heat treating equipment operators (7344, 7544)
 Miscellaneous metal and plastic processing machine operators (7349, 7549)
 Wood lathe, routing, and planing machine operators (7431, 7432, 7631, 7632)
 Sawing machine operators (7433, 7633)
 Shaping and joining machine operators (7435, 7635)
 Nailing and tacking machine operators (7636)
 Miscellaneous woodworking machine operators (7434, 7439, 7634, 7639)
 Cementing and gluing machine operators (7661)
 Packaging and filling machine operators (7462, 7662)
 Extruding and forming machine operators (7463, 7663)
 Mixing and blending machine operators (7664)
 Separating, filtering, and clarifying machine operators (7476, 7666, 7676)
 Compressing and compacting machine operators (7467, 7667)
 Painting and paint spraying machine operators (7669)
 Roasting and baking machine operators, food (7472, 7672)
 Washing, cleaning, and pickling machine operators (7673)
 Folding machine operators (7474, 7674)
 Furnace, kiln, and oven operators, except food (7675)
 Crushing and grinding machine operators (Part 7477, part 7677)
 Slicing and cutting machine operators (7478, 7678)
 Motion picture projectionists (Part 7479)
 Photographic process machine operators (6863, 6868, 7671)
116. Miscellaneous machine operators, n.e.c. (Part 7479, 7665, 7679)
117. Machine operators, not specified
 Miscellaneous and not specified machine operators by industry:
118. Food and kindred products
119. Textile mill and finished textile products
 Textile mill products
 Apparel and other finished textile products
120. Paper and allied products
121. Other nondurable goods
 Tobacco manufactures
 Printing, publishing, and allied industries
 Chemicals and allied products
 Petroleum and coal products
 Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products
 Leather and leather products
122. Metal industries
 Blast furnaces, steelworks, rolling and finishing mills
 Other primary metal industries
 Fabricated metal industries
123. Machinery, including electrical
 Machinery, except electrical
 Electrical machinery, equipment, and supplies
124. Transportation equipment
 Motor vehicles and motor vehicle equipment
 Other transportation equipment

MACHINE OPERATORS, ASSEMBLERS, AND INSPECTORS—CON.

- Miscellaneous and not specified machine operators by industry:
 —Con.
125. Other durable goods
 Lumber and wood products, except furniture
 Furniture and fixtures
 Stone, clay, glass, and concrete products
 Professional and photographic equipment and watches
 Miscellaneous manufacturing industries
 Not specified manufacturing industries
126. Transportation, communications, and other public utilities
127. Wholesale and retail trade
 Wholesale trade
 Retail trade
128. All other industries
 Construction
 Business and repair services
 Public administration
 All other industries
129. Welders and cutters (7332, 7532, 7714)
130. Assemblers (772, 774)
131. Other fabricators and hand working occupations
 Solderers and brazers (7333, 7533, 7717)
 Hand cutting and trimming occupations (7753)
 Hand molding, casting, and forming occupations (7754, 7755)
 Hand painting, coating and decorating occupations (7756)
 Hand engraving and printing occupations (7757)
 Hand grinding and polishing occupations (7758)
 Miscellaneous hand working occupations (7759)
132. Production inspectors, testers, samplers, and weighers
 Production inspectors, checkers, and examiners (782, 787)
 Production testers (783)
 Production samplers and weighers (784)
 Graders and sorters, except agricultural (785)
- TRANSPORTATION AND MATERIAL MOVING OCCUPATIONS**
133. Motor vehicle operators
134. Truck drivers and driver-sales workers
 Truck drivers, heavy (8212, 8213)
 Truck drivers, light (8214)
 Driver-sales workers (8218)
135. Bus drivers (8215)
 * Other motor vehicle operators
 Supervisors, motor vehicle operators (8111)
 Taxicab drivers and chauffeurs (8216)
 Parking lot attendants (874)
 Motor transportation occupations, n.e.c. (8219)
136. Rail and water transportation occupations
 Railroad conductors and yardmasters (8113)
 Locomotive operating occupations (8232)
 Railroad brake, signal, and switch operators (8233)
 Rail vehicle operators, n.e.c. (8239)
 Ship captains and mates, except fishing boats (Part 8241, 8242)
 Sailors and deckhands (8243)
 Marine engineers (8244)
 Bridge, lock, and lighthouse tenders (8245)
137. Material moving equipment operators
138. Excavating, grading, and dozer machine operators
 Excavating and loading machine operators (8316)
 Grader, dozer, and scraper operators (8317)
 * Other material moving equipment operators
 Supervisors, material moving equipment operators (812)
 Operating engineers (8312)
 Longshore equipment operators (8313)
 Hoist and winch operators (8314)
 Crane and tower operators (8315)
 Industrial truck and tractor equipment operators (8318)
 Miscellaneous material moving equipment operators (8319)

Appendix B.—Definitions and Explanations of Subject Characteristics

MANUFACTURING—CON.

26. Petroleum and coal products
27. Petroleum refining (291)
 - * Miscellaneous petroleum and coal products (295, 299)
28. Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products (30)
29. Footwear, except rubber and plastic products (313, 314)
30. Leather and leather products, except footwear (311, 315–317, 319)
31. Logging (241)
32. Sawmills, planing mills, and millwork (242, 243)
33. Wood buildings, mobile homes, and miscellaneous wood products
 - Wood buildings and mobile homes (245)
 - Miscellaneous wood products (244, 249)
34. Furniture and fixtures (25)
35. Stone, clay, glass, and concrete products
36. Glass and glass products (321–323)
37. Cement, concrete, gypsum, and plaster products (324, 327)
 - * Other stone, clay, and miscellaneous nonmetallic mineral products
 - Structural clay products (325)
 - Pottery and related products (326)
 - Miscellaneous nonmetallic mineral and stone products (328, 329)
38. Blast furnaces, steelworks, rolling and finishing mills (331)
39. Iron and steel industries (332)
40. Primary nonferrous industries
 - Primary aluminum industries (3334, part 334, 3353–3355, 3361)
 - Other primary metal industries (3331–3333, 3339, part 334, 3351, 3356, 3357, 3362, 3369, 339)
41. Fabricated metal industries
42. Cutlery, handtools, and other hardware (342)
43. Fabricated structural metal products (344)
44. Metal forgings and stampings (346)
 - * Other fabricated metal industries
 - Screw machine products (345)
 - Ordnance (348)
 - Miscellaneous fabricated metal products (341, 343, 347, 349)
 - Not specified metal industries
45. Farm machinery and equipment (352)
46. Construction and material handling machines (353)
47. Metalworking machinery (354)
48. Office, accounting, and computing machines
 - Office and accounting machines (357 except 3573)
 - Electronic computing equipment (3573)
49. Other machinery, except electrical
 - Engines and turbines (351)
 - Machinery, except electrical, n.e.c. (355, 356, 358, 359)
 - Not specified machinery
50. Household appliances (363)
51. Radio, TV, and communication equipment (365, 366)
52. Other electrical machinery, equipment, and supplies
 - Electrical machinery, equipment, and supplies, n.e.c. (361, 362, 364, 367, 369)
 - Not specified electrical machinery, equipment, and supplies
53. Motor vehicles and motor vehicle equipment (371)
54. Aircraft, space vehicles, and parts
 - Aircraft and parts (372)
 - Guided missiles, space vehicles, and parts (376)
55. Ship and boat building and repairing (373)
56. Other transportation equipment
 - Railroad locomotives and equipment (374)
 - Cycles and miscellaneous transportation equipment (375, 379)
57. Professional and photographic equipment and watches
 - Scientific and controlling instruments (381, 382)
 - Optical and health services supplies (383, 384, 385)
 - Photographic equipment and supplies (386)
 - Watches, clocks, and clockwork operated devices (387)
 - Not specified professional equipment
58. Miscellaneous manufacturing industries
 - Toys, amusement, and sporting goods (394)
 - Other miscellaneous manufacturing industries (39 except 394)
59. Not specified manufacturing industries

TRANSPORTATION, COMMUNICATIONS, AND OTHER PUBLIC UTILITIES

60. Railroads (40)
61. Bus service and urban transit (41 except 412)
62. Taxicab service (412)
63. Trucking service and warehousing
 - Trucking service (421, 423)
 - Warehousing and storage (422)
64. U.S. Postal Service (43)
65. Water transportation (44)
66. Air transportation (45)
67. Other transportation
 - Pipe lines, except natural gas (46)
 - Services incidental to transportation (47)
68. Radio and television broadcasting (483)
69. Telephone (wire and radio)
70. Telegraph and miscellaneous communication services (482, 489)
71. Electric and gas utilities
 - Electric light and power (491)
 - Gas and steam supply systems (492, 496)
 - Electric and gas, and other combinations (493)
72. Water supply, sanitary services, and other utilities
 - Water supply and irrigation (494, 497)
 - Sanitary services (495)
 - Not specified utilities

WHOLESALE TRADE

73. Motor vehicles and equipment (501)
74. Lumber and construction materials (503)
75. Electrical goods (506)
76. Hardware, plumbing and heating supplies (507)
77. Machinery, equipment, and supplies (508)
78. Other wholesale, durable goods
 - Furniture and home furnishings (502)
 - Sporting goods, toys, and hobby goods (504)
 - Metals and minerals, except petroleum (505)
 - Not specified electrical and hardware products
 - Scrap and waste materials (5093)
 - Miscellaneous wholesale, durable goods (5094, 5099)
79. Drugs, chemicals, and allied products (512, 516)
80. Groceries and farm products
 - Groceries and related products (514)
 - Farm products — raw materials (515)
81. Petroleum products (517)
82. Other wholesale, nondurable goods
 - Paper and paper products (511)
 - Apparel, fabrics, and notions (513)
 - Alcoholic beverages (518)
 - Farm supplies (5191)
 - Miscellaneous wholesale, nondurable goods (5194, 5198, 5199)
 - Not specified wholesale trade

RETAIL TRADE

83. Hardware and building material retailing
 - Lumber and building material retailing (521, 523)
 - Hardware stores (525)
84. General merchandise stores
85. Department stores (531)
 - * Other general merchandise stores
 - Variety stores (533)
 - Miscellaneous general merchandise stores (539)
86. Food, bakery, and dairy stores
 - Grocery stores (541)
 - Dairy products stores (545)
 - Retail bakeries (546)
 - Food stores, n.e.c. (542, 543, 544, 549)
87. Motor vehicle dealers (551, 552)
88. Auto and home supply stores (553)
89. Gasoline service stations (554)
90. Miscellaneous vehicle dealers (555, 556, 557, 559)

Appendix B.—Definitions and Explanations of Subject Characteristics

RETAIL TRADE—CON.

- 91. Apparel and accessory stores
 - Apparel and accessory stores, except shoe (56 except 566)
 - Shoe stores (566)
- 92. Furniture, home furnishings, and appliance stores
 - Furniture and home furnishings stores (571)
 - Household appliances, TV, and radio stores (572, 573)
- 93. Eating and drinking places (58)
- 94. Drug stores (591)
- 95. Other retail trade
 - Retail nurseries and garden stores (526)
 - Mobile home dealers (527)
 - Liquor stores (592)
 - Sporting goods, bicycles, and hobby stores (5941, 5945, 5946)
 - Book and stationary stores (5942, 5943)
 - Jewelry stores (5944)
 - Sewing, needlework, and piece goods stores (5949)
 - Mail order houses (5961)
 - Vending machine operators (5962)
 - Direct selling establishments (5963)
 - Fuel and ice dealers (598)
 - Retail florists (5992)
 - Miscellaneous retail stores (593, 5947, 5948, 5993, 5994, 5999)
 - Not specified retail trade

FINANCE, INSURANCE, AND REAL ESTATE

- 96. Banking (60)
- 97. Credit agencies, other than banks
 - Savings and loan associations (612)
 - Credit agencies, n.e.c. (61 except 612)
- 98. Security, commodity brokerage, and investment companies (62, 67)
- 99. Insurance (63, 64)
- 100. Real estate, including real estate—insurance—law offices (65, 66)

BUSINESS AND REPAIR SERVICES

- 101. Advertising (731)
- 102. Services to dwellings and other buildings (734)
- 103. Commercial research, management, and data processing services
 - Commercial research, development, and testing labs (7391, 7397)
 - Business management and consulting services (7392)
 - Computer and data processing services (737)
- 104. Detective and protective services (7393)
- 105. Other business services
 - Personnel supply services (736)
 - Business services, n.e.c. (732, 733, 735, 7394—7396, 7399)
- 106. Automotive repair and services
 - Automotive services, except repair (751, 752, 754)
 - Automotive repair shops (753)
- 107. Other repair services
 - Electrical repair shops (762, 7694)
 - Miscellaneous repair services (763, 764, 7692, 7699)

PERSONAL SERVICES

- 108. Private households (88)
- 109. Hotels and lodging places
 - Hotels and motels (701)
 - Lodging places, except hotels and motels (702, 703, 704)
- 110. Laundry, cleaning, and garment services (721)
- 111. Barber and beauty shops
 - Beauty shops (723)
 - Barber shops (724)

PERSONAL SERVICES—CON.

- 112. Other personal services
 - Funeral service and crematories (726)
 - Shoe repair shops (725)
 - Dressmaking shops (part 729)
 - Miscellaneous personal services (722, part 729)

ENTERTAINMENT AND RECREATION SERVICES

- 113. Theaters and motion pictures (78, 792)
- 114. Other entertainment and recreation services
 - Bowling alleys, billiard and pool parlors (793)
 - Miscellaneous entertainment and recreation services (791, 794, 799)

PROFESSIONAL AND RELATED SERVICES

- 115. Offices of health practitioners
 - Offices of physicians (801, 803)
 - Offices of dentists (802)
 - Offices of chiropractors (8041)
 - Offices of optometrists (8042)
 - Offices of health practitioners, n.e.c. (8049)
- 116. Hospitals (806)
- 117. Nursing and personal care facilities (805)
- 118. Health services, n.e.c. (807, 808, 809)
- 119. Legal services (81)
- 120. Elementary and secondary schools (821)
- 121. Government (Class of worker entries of Federal, State, or local government)
 - * Private (Class of worker entries other than government)
- 122. Colleges and universities (822)
- 123. Government
 - * Private
- 124. Libraries (823)
- 125. Other educational services
 - Business, trade, and vocational schools (824)
 - Educational services, n.e.c. (829)
- 126. Child day care service (835)
- 127. Residential care facilities, without nursing (836)
- 128. Other social services
 - Job training and vocational rehabilitation services (833)
 - Social services, n.e.c. (832, 839)
- 129. Museums, art galleries, and zoos (84)
- 130. Religious organizations (866)
- 131. Engineering, architectural, and surveying services (891)
- 132. Accounting, auditing, and bookkeeping services (893)
- 133. Noncommercial educational and scientific research (892)
- 134. Miscellaneous professional and related services
 - Membership organizations (861—865, 869)
 - Miscellaneous professional and related services (899)

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION

- 135. Executive and legislative offices (911—913)
- 136. General government, n.e.c. (919)
- 137. Local government
 - * Federal and State government
- 138. Justice, public order, and safety (92)
- 139. Local government
 - * Federal and State government
- 140. Public finance, taxation, and monetary policy (93)
- 141. Administration of human resources programs (94)
- 142. Administration of environmental quality and housing programs (95)
- 143. Administration of economic programs (96)
- 144. National security and international affairs (97)

Appendix B.—Definitions and Explanations of Subject Characteristics

List C. CONDENSED INDUSTRIAL CLASSIFICATION USED IN TABLES 229-231 AS RELATED TO COMPONENT DETAILED CATEGORIES PRESENTED IN LIST B

Agriculture (Items 1, 2)

Forestry and Fisheries (Item 3)

Mining (Items 4–7)

Construction (Item 8)

Manufacturing

Nondurable goods

Meat products (Item 9)

Canned and preserved produce and beverages (Items 11, 13)

Bakery products (Item 12)

Other food industries (Items 10, 14)

Yarn, thread, and fabric mills (Item 17)

Other textile mill products (Items 16, 18)

Apparel and other finished textile products (Item 19)

Paper and allied products (Item 20)

Printing, publishing, and allied industries (Item 21)

Chemicals and allied products (Item 23)

Petroleum and coal products (Item 26)

Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products (Item 28)

Footwear, except rubber and plastic (Item 29)

Other nondurable goods (Items 15, 30)

Durable goods

Logging (Item 31)

Sawmills, planing mills, and millwork (Item 32)

Wood buildings, mobile homes, and miscellaneous wood products (Item 33)

Furniture and fixtures (Item 34)

Stone, clay, glass, and concrete products (Item 35)

Cement, concrete, gypsum, and plaster products (Item 37)

Primary iron and steel industries (Items 38, 39)

Primary nonferrous industries (Item 40)

Fabricated metal industries (Items 41–44)

Machinery, except electrical (Items 45–49)

Office, accounting, and computing machines (Item 48)

Electrical machinery, equipment, and supplies (Items 50–52)

Radio, TV, and communication equipment (Item 51)

Motor vehicles and motor vehicle equipment (Item 53)

Aircraft, space vehicles, and parts (Item 54)

Other transportation equipment (Items 55, 56)

Professional and photographic equipment and watches (Item 57)

Miscellaneous manufacturing industries (Item 58)

Not specified manufacturing industries (Item 59)

Transportation, Communications, and Other Public Utilities

Railroads (Item 60)

Bus service and urban transit (Item 61)

Trucking service and warehousing (Item 63)

U.S. Postal Service (Item 64)

Water transportation (Item 65)

Air transportation (Item 66)

All other transportation (Items 62, 67)

Communications (Items 68–70)

Electric and gas utilities (Item 71)

Water supply, sanitary services, and other utilities (Item 72)

Wholesale Trade (Items 73–82)

Groceries and farm products (Item 80)

Retail Trade

Hardware and building material retailing (Item 83)

General merchandise stores (Item 84)

Food, bakery, and dairy stores (Item 86)

Automotive dealers and auto supply stores (Items 87, 88, 90)

Gasoline service stations (Item 89)

Apparel and accessory stores (Item 91)

Furniture, home furnishings, and appliance stores (Item 92)

Eating and drinking places (Item 93)

Drug stores (Item 94)

Other retail trade (Item 95)

Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate

Banking and credit agencies (Items 96, 97)

Insurance (Item 99)

Other finance and real estate (Items 98, 100)

Business and Repair Services

Advertising (Item 101)

Commercial research, management, and data processing services (Item 103)

Automotive repair and services (Item 106)

Other business and repair services (Items 102, 104, 105, 107)

Personal Services

Private households (Item 108)

Hotels and lodging places (Item 109)

Laundry, cleaning, and garment services (Item 110)

Barber and beauty shops (Item 111)

Other personal services (Item 112)

Entertainment and Recreation Services (Items 113, 114)

Professional and Related Services

Health services (Items 115–118)

Hospitals (Item 116)

Educational services

Elementary and secondary schools (Item 120)

Government (Item 121)

Colleges and universities (Item 122)

Government (Item 123)

Other educational services (Items 124, 125)

Social services, religious and membership organizations (Items 126–128, 130, part 134)

Legal, engineering, and other professional services (Items 119, 131–133, part 134)

Public Administration (Items 135–144)

Appendix C.—General Enumeration and Processing Procedures

USUAL PLACE OF RESIDENCE. . .	C-1
Armed Forces	C-1
Crews of Merchant Vessels	C-1
Persons Away at School	C-1
Persons in Institutions	C-1
Persons Away From Their Residence on Census Day	C-1
Americans Abroad	C-2
Citizens of Foreign Countries. . .	C-2
DATA COLLECTION	
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USUAL PLACE OF RESIDENCE

In accordance with census practice dating back to the first U.S. census in 1790, each person enumerated in the 1980 census was counted as an inhabitant of his or her "usual place of residence," which is generally construed to mean the place where the person lives and sleeps most of the time. This place is not necessarily the same as the person's legal residence or voting residence. In the vast majority of cases, however, the use of these different bases of classification would produce substantially the same statistics, although there might be appreciable differences for a few areas.

The implementation of this practice has resulted in the establishment of residence rules for certain categories of persons whose usual place of residence is not immediately apparent. Furthermore, this practice means that persons were not always counted as residents of the place where they happened to be staying on Census Day (April 1). Persons without a usual place of residence, however, were counted where they happened to be staying.

Armed Forces

Members of the Armed Forces living on a military installation were counted, as in every previous census, as residents of the area in which the installation was located; members of the Armed Forces not living on a military installation were counted as residents of the area in which

they were living. Family members of Armed Forces personnel were counted where they were living on Census Day (i.e., with the Armed Forces personnel or at another location, as the case might be).

Each Navy ship was attributed to the municipality that the Department of the Navy designated as its homeport, except for those ships which were deployed to the 6th or 7th Fleet on Census Day. As was done in the 1970 census, naval personnel aboard deployed ships were defined in the 1980 census as part of the overseas population, because deployment to the 6th or 7th Fleet implies a long-term overseas assignment.

In homeports with fewer than 1,000 naval personnel assigned to ships, the crews were counted aboard the ship. In homeports with 1,000 or more naval personnel assigned to ships, the naval personnel who indicated that they had a usual residence within 50 miles of the homeport of their ship were attributed to that residence.

When a homeport designated by the Navy was contained in more than one municipality, ships homeported and berthed there on Census Day were assigned by the Bureau of the Census to the municipality in which the land immediately adjacent to the dock or pier was actually located. Other ships attributed by the Navy to that homeport, but which were not physically present and not deployed to the 6th or 7th Fleet on Census Day, were allocated to the municipality named on the Navy's homeport list.

Crews of Merchant Vessels

Shipboard Census Reports were mailed to crews of merchant vessels through the ships' respective owner-operators based on lists of U.S. flag merchant vessels obtained from the Maritime Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce.

If the ship was berthed in a U.S. port on Census Day, the crew was enumerated as of that port. If the ship was

not berthed in a U.S. port but was inside the territorial waters of the United States, the crew was enumerated as of (a) the port of destination if that port was inside the United States or (b) the homeport of the ship if its port of destination was outside the United States. Crews of U.S. flag vessels which were outside U.S. territorial waters on Census Day and crews of vessels flying a foreign flag were not enumerated in the 1980 census.

Persons Away at School

College students were counted as residents of the area in which they were living while attending college, as they have been since 1950. However, children in boarding schools below the college level were counted at their parental home.

Persons in Institutions

Inmates of institutions, who ordinarily live there for considerable periods of time, were counted as residents of the area where the institution was located. Patients in short-term wards (general, maternity, etc.) of hospitals were counted at their usual place of residence; if they had no usual place of residence, they were counted at the hospital.

Persons Away From Their Residence on Census Day

Persons in hotels, motels, etc., on the night of March 31, 1980, were requested to fill out a census form for assignment of their census information back to their homes if they indicated that no one was at home to report them in the census. A similar approach was used for persons visiting in private residences, as well as for Americans who left the United States during March 1980 via major intercontinental air or ship carriers for temporary travel abroad. In addition, information on persons away from their usual place of residence was obtained from other members of their families, resident managers, neighbors, etc. If an entire household was expected to be

away during the whole period of the enumeration, information on that household was obtained from neighbors. A matching process was used to eliminate duplicate reports for persons who reported for themselves while away from their usual residence and who were also reported at this usual residence by someone else.

A special enumeration was conducted in such facilities as missions, flophouses, jails, detention centers, etc., on the night of April 6, 1980, and persons enumerated therein were counted as residents of the area in which the establishment was located.

Americans Abroad

Americans who were overseas for an extended period (in the Armed Forces, working at civilian jobs, studying in foreign universities, etc.) were not included in the population of any State or the District of Columbia. On the other hand, Americans who were temporarily abroad on vacations, business trips, and the like were counted at their usual residence in the United States.

Citizens of Foreign Countries

Citizens of foreign countries having their usual residence (legally or illegally) in the United States on Census Day, including those working here (but not living at an embassy, ministry, legation, chancellery, or consulate) and those attending school (but not living at an embassy, etc.), were included in the enumeration, as were members of their families living with them. However, citizens of foreign countries temporarily visiting or traveling in the United States or living on the premises of an embassy, etc., were not enumerated in the 1980 census.

DATA COLLECTION PROCEDURES

The 1980 census was conducted primarily through self-enumeration. A census questionnaire was delivered by postal carriers to every housing unit several days before Census Day, April 1, 1980. This questionnaire included explanatory information and was accompanied by an instruction guide. Spanish-language versions of the questionnaire and instruction guide were available on request. The questionnaire

was also available in narrative translation in 32 languages.

In most areas of the United States, altogether containing about 95 percent of the population, the householder was requested to fill out and mail back the questionnaire on Census Day. Approximately 83 percent of these households returned their forms by mail. Households that did not mail back a form and vacant housing units were visited by an enumerator. Households that returned a form with incomplete or inconsistent information that exceeded a specified tolerance were contacted by telephone or, if necessary, by a personal visit, to obtain the missing information.

In the remaining (mostly sparsely settled) area of the country, which contained about 5 percent of the population, the householder was requested to fill out the questionnaire and hold it until visited by an enumerator. Incomplete and unfilled forms were completed by interview during the enumerator's visit. Vacant units were enumerated by a personal visit and observation.

Each housing unit in the country received one of two versions of the census questionnaire: a short-form questionnaire containing a limited number of basic population and housing questions or a long-form questionnaire containing these basic questions as well as a number of additional questions. A sampling procedure was used to determine those units which were to receive the long-form questionnaire. Two sampling rates were employed. For most of the country, one in every six housing units (about 17 percent) received the long form or sample questionnaire; in counties, incorporated places and minor civil divisions estimated to have fewer than 2,500 inhabitants, every other housing unit (50 percent) received the sample questionnaire to enhance the reliability of sample data in small areas.

Special questionnaires were used for the enumeration of persons in group quarters such as colleges and universities, hospitals, prisons, military installations, and ships. These forms contained the population questions but did not include any housing questions. In addition to the regular census questionnaires, the Supplementary Questionnaire for American Indians was used in conjunction with the short form on Federal and State reservations and in the historic areas of

Oklahoma (excluding urbanized areas) for households that had at least one American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut household member.

PROCESSING PROCEDURES

The 1980 census questionnaires were processed in a manner similar to that for the 1970 and 1960 censuses. They were designed to be processed electronically by the Film Optical Sensing Device for Input to Computer (FOSDIC). For most items on the questionnaire, the information supplied by the respondent or obtained by the enumerator was indicated by marking the answers in predesignated positions that would be "read" by FOSDIC from a microfilm copy of the questionnaire and transferred onto computer tape with no intervening manual processing. The computer tape did not include information on individual names and addresses.

The data processing was performed in two stages. For 100-percent data, all short forms, and pages 2 and 3 of the long forms (which have the same questions as the short form), were microfilmed, "read" by FOSDIC, and transferred onto computer tape for tabulation. For the sample data, the long form (or sample) questionnaires were processed through manual coding operations since some questions required the respondent to provide write-in entries which could not be read by FOSDIC. Census Bureau coders assigned alphabetical or numerical codes to the write-in answers in FOSDIC readable code boxes on each questionnaire. After all coding was completed, the long forms were microfilmed, and the film was "read" by FOSDIC and transferred onto computer tape.

The tape containing the information from the questionnaires was processed on the Census Bureau's computers through a number of editing and tabulation steps. Among the products of this operation were computer tapes from which the tables in this report (and most others in the 1980 census publications) were prepared on phototypesetting equipment at the Government Printing Office.

A more detailed description of the data collection and processing procedures can be obtained from the 1980 Census of Population and Housing, *Users' Guide*, PHC80-R1.

Appendix D.—Accuracy of the Data

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INTRODUCTION

The data presented in this publication are based on the 1980 census sample. The data are estimates of the actual figures that would have resulted from a complete count. Estimates can be expected to vary from the complete count result because they are subject to two basic types of error—sampling and nonsampling. The sampling error in the data arises from the selection of persons and housing units to be included in the sample. The nonsampling error, which affects both sample and complete count data, is the result of all other errors that may occur during the collection and processing phases of the census. A more detailed discussion of both sampling and nonsampling error and a description of the estimation procedure are given in this appendix.

SAMPLE DESIGN

While every person and housing unit in the 1980 census was enumerated on a questionnaire that requested certain basic demographic information (e.g., age, race, relationship), a sample of persons and

housing units was enumerated on a questionnaire that requested additional information. The basic sampling unit for the 1980 census was the housing unit, including all occupants. For persons living in group quarters, the sampling unit was the person. Two sampling rates were employed. In counties, incorporated places, and minor civil divisions estimated to have fewer than 2,500 persons (based on pre-census estimates), one-half of all housing units and persons in group quarters were to be included in the sample. In all other areas one-sixth of the housing units or persons in group quarters were sampled. The purpose of this scheme was to provide relatively more reliable estimates for small areas. When both sampling rates were taken into account across the Nation, approximately 19 percent of the Nation's housing units were included in the census sample.

The sample designation method depended on the data collection procedures. In areas containing about 95 percent of the population, the census was taken by the mailout/mailback procedure. For these areas, the Bureau of the Census either purchased a commercial mailing list which was updated and corrected by Census Bureau field staff, or prepared a mailing list by canvassing and listing each address in the area prior to Census Day. These lists were computerized, and every sixth unit (for 1-in-6 areas) or every second unit (for 1-in-2 areas) was designated as a sample unit by computer. Both of these lists were also corrected by the Post Office.

In non-mailout/mailback areas, a blank listing book with designated sample lines (every sixth or every second line) was prepared for the enumerator. Beginning about Census Day, the enumerator systematically canvassed the area and listed all housing units in the listing book in the order they were encountered. Completed questionnaires, including sample information for any housing unit which was listed on a designated sample line, were collected.

In both types of data collection pro-

cedure areas, an enumerator was responsible for a small geographic area known as an enumeration district, or ED. An ED usually represented the average workload area for one enumerator.

In order to reduce the cost of processing, a scheme was designed, while the sample questionnaires were being processed, to select a subsample of questionnaires on which the place of work and migration data items would be coded. The sample questionnaires were processed by work units consisting of 1980 census ED's. In work units (ED's) where the place of work and migration data items had not yet been coded, every other sample questionnaire within the work unit was selected for these coding operations. In work units where the place of work and migration data items already had been coded, all sample questionnaires were included in the tabulation.

ERRORS IN THE DATA

Since the data in this publication are based on a sample, they may differ somewhat from complete count figures that would have been obtained if all persons within housing units, and persons living in group quarters had been enumerated using the same questionnaires, instructions, enumerators, etc. The deviation of a sample estimate from the average of all possible samples is called the sampling error. The standard error of a survey estimate is a measure of the variation among the estimates from the possible samples and thus is a measure of the precision with which an estimate from a particular sample approximates the average result of all possible samples. The sample estimate and its estimated standard error permit the construction of interval estimates with prescribed confidence that the interval includes the average result of all possible samples. The method of calculating standard errors and confidence intervals for the data in this report is given below.

In addition to the variability which

arises from the sampling procedures, both sample data and complete-count data are subject to nonsampling error. Nonsampling error may be introduced during each of the many extensive and complex operations used to collect and process census data. For example, operations such as editing, reviewing, or handling questionnaires may introduce error into the data. A more detailed discussion of the sources of nonsampling error is given in the section on "Control of Nonsampling Error" in this appendix.

Nonsampling error may affect the data in two ways. Errors that are introduced randomly will increase the variability of the data and should therefore be reflected in the standard error. Errors that tend to be consistent in one direction will make both sample and complete-count data biased in that direction. For example, if respondents consistently tend to under-report their income, then the resulting counts of households or families by income category will be skewed toward the lower income categories. Such biases are not reflected in the standard error.

Calculation of Standard Errors

Totals and Percentages—Tables A through D in this appendix contain the information necessary to calculate the standard errors of sample estimates in this report. In order to perform this calculation, it is necessary to know the unadjusted standard error for the characteristic, given in table A or B, that would result under a simple random sample design (of persons, families, or housing units) and estimation technique; the adjustment factor for the particular characteristic estimated, given in table C; and the number of persons in the tabulation area and the percent of those in sample, given in table D. The adjustment factors reflect the effects of the actual sample design and complex ratio estimation procedure used for the 1980 census.

To calculate the approximate standard error of an estimate for a geographic area, follow the steps given below:

- a. Obtain the unadjusted standard error from table A or B (or from the formula given below the table) for the estimated total or percentage, respectively.
- b. Find the geographic area with

which you are working in table D and obtain the person "percent in sample" figure for this area.

- c. Use table C to obtain the factor for the characteristic (e.g., work disability, school enrollment) and the range that contains the percent in sample with which you are working. Multiply the unadjusted standard error by this factor. If the estimate is a cross-tabulation of more than one characteristic, use the largest factor.

As is evident from the formulas below tables A and B, the unadjusted standard errors of zero estimates or of very small estimated totals or percentages approach zero. This is also the case for very large percentages or estimated totals that are close to the size of the tabulation areas to which they correspond. These estimated totals and percentages are, nevertheless, still subject to sampling and nonsampling variability, and an estimated standard error of zero (or a very small standard error) is not appropriate.

For estimated percentages that are less than 2 or greater than 98, use the *unadjusted* standard errors in table B that appear in the "2 or 98" row. For an estimated total that is less than 50 or within 50 of the total size of the tabulation area, use an *unadjusted* standard error of 16.

An illustration of the use of the tables is given in a later section of this appendix.

Differences—The standard errors estimated from these tables are not directly applicable to differences between two sample estimates. In order to estimate the standard error of a difference, the tables are to be used somewhat differently in the following three situations:

- a. For the difference between a sample estimate and a complete-count value, use the standard error of the sample estimate.
- b. For the difference between (or sum of) two sample estimates, the appropriate standard error is approximately the square root of the sum of the two individual standard errors squared; that is, for standard errors Se_x and Se_y of estimates x and y :

$$Se_{(x+y)} = Se_{(x-y)} = \sqrt{(Se_x)^2 + (Se_y)^2}$$

This method, however, will underestimate (overestimate) the standard error if the two items in a sum are highly positively (negatively) correlated or if the two items in a difference are highly negatively (positively) correlated. This method may also be used for the difference between (or sum of) sample estimates from two censuses or between a census sample and another survey. The standard error for estimates not based on the 1980 census sample must be obtained from an appropriate source outside of this publication.

- c. For the difference between two estimates, one of which is a subclass of the other, use the tables directly where the calculated difference is the estimate of interest.

Means—The standard error of a mean depends upon the variability of the distribution on which the mean is based, the size of the sample, the sample design (e.g., the use of households as a sampling unit), and the estimation procedure used.

An approximation to the standard error of the mean may be obtained as follows: compute the variance of the distribution on which the mean is based; multiply this value by five and divide the product by the total count of units in the distribution; obtain the square root of this quotient and multiply the result by the adjustment factor from table C that is appropriate for the characteristic on which the mean is based.

Medians—For the standard error of a median of a characteristic, it is necessary to examine the distribution from which the median is derived, as the size of the base and the distribution itself affect the standard error. An approximate method is given here. As the first step, compute one-half of the number on which the median is based (refer to this result as $N/2$). Treat $N/2$ as if it were an ordinary estimate and obtain its standard error as instructed above using tables A, C, and D. Compute the desired confidence interval about $N/2$. Starting with the lowest value of the characteristic, cumulate the frequencies in each category of the characteristic until the sum equals or

first exceeds the lower limit of the confidence interval about $N/2$. By linear interpolation, obtain a value of the characteristic corresponding to this sum. This is the lower limit of the confidence interval of the median. In a similar manner, cumulate frequencies starting from the highest value of the characteristic until the sum equals or exceeds the count in excess of the upper limit of the interval about $N/2$. Interpolate as before to obtain the upper limit of the confidence interval for the estimated median.

Confidence Intervals

A sample estimate and its estimated standard error may be used to construct confidence intervals about the estimate. These intervals are ranges that will contain the average value of the estimated characteristic that results over all possible samples with a known probability. For example, if all possible samples that could result under the 1980 census sample design were independently selected and surveyed under the same conditions, and if the estimate and its estimated standard error were calculated for each of these samples, then:

- (1) Approximately 68 percent of the intervals from one estimated standard error below the estimate to one estimated standard error above the estimate would contain the average result from all possible samples; and
- (2) Approximately 95 percent of the intervals from two estimated standard errors below the estimate to two estimated standard errors above the estimate would contain the average result from all possible samples.

The intervals are referred to as 68 percent and 95 percent confidence intervals, respectively.

The average value of the estimated characteristic that could be derived from all possible samples is or is not contained in any particular computed interval. Thus we cannot make the statement that the average value has a certain probability of falling between the limits of the calculated confidence interval. Rather, one can say with a specified probability or confi-

dence that the calculated confidence interval includes the average estimate from all possible samples (approximately the complete-count value).

Confidence intervals may also be constructed for the difference between two sample figures. This is done by computing the difference between these figures, obtaining the standard error of the difference (using the formula given earlier), and then forming a confidence interval for this estimated difference as above. One can then say with specified confidence that this interval includes the difference that would have been obtained by averaging the results from all possible samples.

The estimated standard errors given in this report do not include all portions of the variability due to nonsampling error that may be present in the data. Thus, the standard errors calculated represent a lower bound of the total error. As a result, confidence intervals formed using these estimated standard errors may not meet the stated levels of confidence (i.e., 68 or 95 percent). Thus, some care must be exercised in the interpretation of the data in this publication based on the estimated standard errors.

For more information on confidence intervals and nonsampling error, see any standard sampling theory text.

Use of Tables to Compute Standard Errors

See appendix D of PHC80-3, *Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas*, or PC80-1-C, *General Social and Economic Characteristics*, for examples showing the computation of standard errors and formation of confidence intervals.

ESTIMATION PROCEDURE

The estimates which appear in this publication were obtained from an iterative ratio estimation procedure which resulted in the assignment of a weight to each sample person or housing unit record. For any given tabulation area, a characteristic total was estimated by summing the weights assigned to the persons or housing units in the tabulation area which possessed the characteristic. Estimates of family or household characteristics were

based on the weights assigned to the family members designated as householders. Each sample person or housing unit record was assigned exactly one weight to be used to produce estimates of all characteristics. For example, if the weight given to a sample person or housing unit had the value five, all characteristics of that person or housing unit would be tabulated with a weight of five. The estimation procedure, however, did assign weights which vary from person to person or housing unit to housing unit.

The estimation procedure used to assign the weights was performed in geographically defined "weighting areas." Weighting areas were generally formed of adjoining portions of geography, which closely agreed with census tabulation areas within counties. Weighting areas were required to have a minimum sample of 400 persons. Weighting areas were never allowed to cross state or county boundaries. In small counties with a sample count of less than 400 persons, the minimum required sample condition was relaxed to permit the entire county to become a weighting area.

Within a weighting area, the ratio estimation procedure for persons was performed in three stages. For persons the first stage employed 17 household-type groups. The second stage used two groups: householders and nonhouseholders. The third stage could potentially use 160 age-sex-race-Spanish origin groups. The stages were as follows:

PERSONS

Stage I—Type of Household

<i>Group</i>	<i>Persons in Housing Units With a Family With Own Children Under 18</i>
1	2 persons in housing unit
2	3 persons in housing unit
3	4 persons in housing unit
4	5 to 7 persons in housing unit
5	8 or more persons in housing unit
	<i>Persons in Housing Units With a Family Without Own Children Under 18</i>
6-10	2 persons in housing unit through 8 or more persons in housing unit

Appendix D.—Accuracy of the Data

	<i>Persons in All Other Housing Units</i>
11	1 person in housing unit
12-16	2 persons in housing unit through 8 or more persons in housing unit

17 *Persons in Group Quarters*

Stage II—Householder/
Nonhouseholder

<i>Group</i>	
1	Householder
2	Nonhouseholder (including persons in group quarters)

Stage III—Age/Sex/Race/Spanish Origin

<i>Group</i>	<i>White Race</i>
	<i>Persons of Spanish Origin</i>
	<i>Male</i>
1	0 to 4 years of age
2	5 to 14 years of age
3	15 to 19 years of age
4	20 to 24 years of age
5	25 to 34 years of age
6	35 to 44 years of age
7	45 to 64 years of age
8	65 years of age or older
	<i>Female</i>
9-16	Same age categories as groups 1 to 8
	<i>Persons Not of Spanish Origin</i>
17-32	Same age and sex categories as groups 1 to 16
	<i>Black Race</i>
33-64	Same age-sex-Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 32
	<i>Asian, Pacific Islander Race</i>
65-96	Same age-sex-Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 32
	<i>American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Race</i>
97-128	Same age-sex-Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 32
	<i>Other Race (includes those races not listed above)</i>
129-160	Same age-sex-Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 32

Within a weighting area, the first step in the estimation procedure was to assign each sample person record an initial weight. This weight was approximately equal to the inverse of the probability of selecting a person for the census sample.

The next step in the estimation procedure was to combine, if necessary, the groups in each of the three stages prior to the repeated ratio estimation in order to increase the reliability of the ratio estimation procedure. For the first and second stages, any group that did not meet certain criteria concerning the unweighted sample count or the ratio of the complete count to the initially weighted sample count, was combined, or collapsed, with another group in the same stage according to a specified collapsing pattern. At the third stage, the "other" race category was collapsed with the "White" race category before the above collapsing criteria as well as an additional criterion concerning the number of complete count persons in each category were applied.

As the final step, the initial weights underwent three stages of ratio adjustment which used the groups listed above. At the first stage, the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the initial weights for each sample person was computed for each stage I group. The initial weight assigned to each person in a group was then multiplied by the stage I group ratio to produce an adjusted weight. In stage II, the stage I adjusted weights were again adjusted by the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the stage I weights for sample persons in each stage II group. Finally, the stage II weights were adjusted at stage III by the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the stage II weights for sample persons in each stage III group. The three stages of adjustment were performed twice (two iterations) in the order given above. The weights obtained from the second iteration for stage III were assigned to the sample person records. However, to avoid complications in rounding for tabulated data, only whole number weights were assigned. For example, if the final weight for the persons in a particular group was 7.2, then one-fifth of the sample persons in this group were randomly assigned a weight of 8 and the remaining four-fifths received a weight of 7.

Separate weights were derived for tabulating the place of work and migration data items. The weights were obtained by adjusting the weight derived above for persons on questionnaires selected for coding by the reciprocal of the ED coding rate and a ratio adjustment to ensure that the sum of the weights and the complete count total population figure would agree.

The ratio estimation procedure for housing units was essentially the same as that for persons. The major difference was that the occupied housing unit ratio estimation procedure was done in two stages and the vacant housing unit ratio estimation procedure was done in one stage. The first stage for occupied housing units employed 16 household-type categories and the second stage could potentially use 190 tenure-race-Spanish origin-value/rent groups. For vacant housing units, three groups were utilized. The stages for the ratio estimation for housing units were as follows:

OCCUPIED HOUSING UNITS

Stage I—Type of Household

<i>Group</i>	<i>Housing Units With a Family With Own Children Under 18</i>
1	2 persons in housing unit
2	3 persons in housing unit
3	4 persons in housing unit
4	5 to 7 persons in housing unit
5	8 or more persons in housing unit
	<i>Housing Units With a Family Without Own Children Under 18</i>
6-10	2 persons in housing unit through 8 or more persons in housing unit
	<i>All Other Housing Units</i>
11	1 person in housing unit
12-16	2 persons in housing unit through 8 or more persons in housing unit

Stage II—Tenure/Race and Origin of Householder/Value or Rent

<i>Group</i>	<i>Owner</i>
	<i>White Race (householder)</i>
	<i>Persons of Spanish Origin (householder)</i>
	<i>Value of House</i>
1	\$0 to \$9,999

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2	\$10,000 to \$19,999		<i>American Indian, Eskimo or Aleut Race</i>
3	\$20,000 to \$24,999		
4	\$25,000 to \$49,999	147-168	Same rent—Spanish origin categories as groups 81 to 102
5	\$50,000 to \$99,999		
6	\$100,000 to \$149,999		
7	\$150,000+		
8	Other Owners		<i>Other Race (includes those races not listed above)</i>
	<i>Persons Not of Spanish Origin</i>	169-190	Same rent—Spanish origin categories as groups 81 to 102
9-16	Same value categories as groups 1 to 8		
VACANT HOUSING UNITS			
	<i>Black Race</i>	<i>Group</i>	
17-32	Same value—Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 16	1	<i>Vacant for Rent</i>
	<i>Asian, Pacific Islander Race</i>	2	<i>Vacant for Sale</i>
33-48	Same value—Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 16	3	<i>Other Vacant</i>
	<i>American Indian, Eskimo or Aleut Race</i>		
49-64	Same value—Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 16		
	<i>Other Race (includes those races not listed above)</i>		
65-80	Same value—Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 16		
	<i>Renter</i>		
	<i>White Race</i>		
	<i>Persons of Spanish Origin</i>		
	<i>Rent Categories</i>		
81	\$1 to \$59		
82	\$60 to \$99		
83	\$100 to \$149		
84	\$150 to \$199		
85	\$200 to \$249		
86	\$250 to \$299		
87	\$300 to \$399		
88	\$400 to \$499		
89	\$500+		
90	Other Renter		
91	No Cash Rent		
	<i>Persons not of Spanish origin</i>		
92-102	Same rent categories as groups 81 to 91		
	<i>Black Race</i>		
103-124	Same rent—Spanish origin categories as groups 81 to 102		
	<i>Asian, Pacific Islander Race</i>		
125-146	Same rent—Spanish origin categories as groups 81 to 102		

upon how well the instructions were actually carried out during the census. To the extent possible, both the effects of these programs and the amount of error remaining after their application will be evaluated.

Undercoverage—It is possible for some housing units or persons to be entirely missed by the census. This undercoverage of persons and housing units can introduce biases into the data. Several extensive programs were developed to focus on this important problem.

- The Postal Service reviewed mailing lists and reported housing unit addresses which were missing, undeliverable, or duplicated in the listings.
- The purchased commercial mailing list was updated and corrected by a complete field review of the list of housing units during a prec canvass operation.
- A record check was performed to reduce the undercoverage of individual persons in selected areas. Independent lists of persons, such as driver's license holders, were matched with the household rosters in the census listings. Persons not matched to the census rosters were followed up and added to the census counts if they were found to have been missed.
- A recheck of units initially classified as vacant or nonexistent was utilized to further reduce the undercoverage of persons.

More extensive discussions of programs developed to reduce undercoverage will be published as the analyses of those programs are completed.

The estimates produced by this procedure realize some of the gains in sampling efficiency that would have resulted if the population had been stratified into the ratio estimation groups before sampling, and the sampling rate had been applied independently to each group. The net effect is a reduction in both the standard error and the possible bias of most estimated characteristics to levels below what would have resulted from simply using the initial (unadjusted) weight. A by-product of this estimation procedure is that the estimates from the sample will, for the most part, be consistent with the complete-count figures for the population and housing unit groups used in the estimation procedure.

CONTROL OF NONSAMPLING ERROR

As mentioned above, nonsampling error is present in both sample and complete count data. If left unchecked, this error could introduce serious bias into the data, the variability of which could increase dramatically over that which would result purely from sampling. While it is impossible to completely eliminate nonsampling error from an operation as large and complex as the 1980 census, the Bureau of the Census attempted to control the sources of such error during the collection and processing operations. The primary sources of nonsampling error and the programs instituted for control of this error are described below. The success of these programs, however, was contingent

Respondent and Enumerator Error—The person answering the questionnaire or responding to the questions posed by an enumerator could serve as a source of error by offering incorrect or incomplete information. To reduce this source of error, questions were phrased as clearly as possible based on precensus tests, and detailed instructions for completing the questionnaire were provided to each household. In addition, respondents' answers were edited for completeness and consistency and followed up as necessary. For example, if labor force items were incomplete for a person 15 years or older, field edit procedures would recognize the

situation and a followup attempt to obtain the information would be made.

The enumerator may misinterpret or otherwise incorrectly record information given by a respondent; may fail to collect some of the information for a person or household; or may collect sample data for households that were not designated as part of the sample. To control these problems, the work of enumerators was carefully monitored. Field staff were prepared for their tasks by using standardized training packages which included experience in using census materials. A sample of the households interviewed by enumerators for nonresponse was reinterviewed to control for the possibility of data for fabricated persons being submitted by enumerators. Also, the estimation procedure was designed to control for biases that would result from the collection of data from households not designated for the sample.

Processing Error—The many phases of processing the census represent potential sources for the introduction of nonsampling error. The processing of the census questionnaires includes the field editing, followup, and transmittal of completed questionnaires; the manual coding of write-in responses; and the electronic data processing. The various field, coding, and computer operations undergo a number of quality control checks to insure their accurate application.

Nonresponse—Nonresponse to particular questions on the census questionnaire allows for the introduction of bias into the data, since the characteristics of the nonrespondents have not been observed and may differ from those reported by respondents. As a result, any allocation procedure using respondent data may not completely reflect this difference either at the element level (individual person or housing unit) or on the average. Some protection against the introduction of large biases is afforded by minimizing nonresponse. In the census, nonresponse was substantially reduced during the field operations, by the various edit and followup operations aimed at obtaining a response for every question. Characteristics, for the nonresponses remaining after these operations, were allocated by the computer using reported data for a person or housing unit with similar

characteristics. The allocation procedure is described in more detail below.

EDITING OF UNACCEPTABLE DATA

The objective of the processing operation is to produce a set of statistics that describes the population as accurately and clearly as possible. To meet this objective, certain unacceptable entries were edited.

In the field, questionnaires were reviewed for omissions and certain inconsistencies by a census clerk or an enumerator and, if necessary, a followup was made to obtain missing information, or to correct inconsistencies. In addition, a hand edit of questionnaires was done in the central processing offices. As a rule, however, editing was performed by hand only when it could not be done effectively by machine.

As one of the first steps in machine editing, the configuration of marks on the questionnaire column was scanned electronically to determine whether it contained information for a person or merely spurious marks. If the column contained entries for at least two of the basic characteristics (relationship, sex, race, age, marital status, Spanish origin), the inference was made that the marks represented a person. In cases in which two or more basic characteristics were available for only a portion of the people in the unit, other information on the questionnaire provided by an enumerator was used to determine the total number of persons. Names were not used as a criterion of the presence of a person because the electronic scanning did not distinguish any entry in the name space.

After the field operations were completed, it was found (as expected) that some questionnaires were not fully filled out or that for a particular person or housing unit, certain items of information were inconsistent with other information on the questionnaire. As in previous censuses, allocations or the assignment of acceptable entries were used to replace blanks or unacceptable entries. The allocation procedure was based on using information reported for another person or housing unit with related characteristics similar to those of the person or housing unit for whom allocation was necessary. Thus, a person who was reported as a 20-year-old

son of the householder, but for whom marital status was not reported, was assigned the same marital status as that of the last son processed in the same age group by the computer. The assignment of acceptable codes in place of blanks or unacceptable entries, is designed to enhance the usefulness of the data.

The 1980 census data on the economic questions such as industry, occupation, class of worker, work experience, and income were processed using an allocation system which assigned values to missing entries in these questions, as necessary, from a single respondent with similar socioeconomic characteristics. In the 1970 census, allocation of each of the economic items was conducted separately; thus, assigned values could come from more than one respondent.

Prior to the allocation of all economic variables, the computer records were sorted according to such characteristics as sex, race and ethnicity, household relationship, years of school completed, and geographic area. The actual allocation operation was implemented in the following manner:

1. The computer stored in a series of matrices reported economic information of persons by selected characteristics such as age, disability status, presence of children, veteran's status, employment status, occupation, industry, class of worker status, work experience in 1979, level of earnings in 1979, and value of housing unit or monthly rent.
2. The stored entries in the various matrices were retained in the computer only until a succeeding person having the same set of characteristics was processed through the computer. Then the economic question responses of the succeeding person were stored in place of those previously stored.
3. When one or more of the economic questions was not reported, or the entry was unacceptable, the variables assigned to this person were those stored in the appropriate matrix for the last person who otherwise had the same set of characteristics.

The use of this single allocation system insured that the distribution of economic variable assignments would correspond closely to the entries of persons who had actually reported in the census.

Appendix D.—Accuracy of the Data

Table A. Unadjusted Standard Errors for Estimated Totals

[Based on a 1-in-6 simple random sample]

Estimated Total 1/	Size of publication area 2/													
	500	1 000	2 500	5 000	10 000	25 000	50 000	100 000	250 000	500 000	1 000 000	5 000 000	10 000 000	25 000 000
50.....	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16
100.....	20	21	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22
250.....	25	30	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35
500.....	-	35	45	45	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50
1 000.....	-	-	55	65	65	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70
2 500.....	-	-	-	80	95	110	110	110	110	110	110	110	110	110
5 000.....	-	-	-	-	110	140	150	150	160	160	160	160	160	160
10 000.....	-	-	-	-	-	170	200	210	220	220	220	220	220	220
15 000.....	-	-	-	-	-	170	230	250	270	270	270	270	270	270
25 000.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	250	310	340	350	350	350	350	350
75 000.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	310	510	570	590	610	610	610
100 000.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	550	630	670	700	700	710
250 000.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	790	970	1 090	1 100	1 100
500 000.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 120	1 500	1 540	1 570
1 000 000.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 000	2 120	2 190
5 000 000.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3 540	4 470
10 000 000.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5 480

1/ For estimated totals larger than 10 000 000, the standard error is somewhat larger than the table values. The formula given below should be used to calculate the standard error.

$$Se(\hat{Y}) = \sqrt{5\hat{Y}\left(1 - \frac{5}{N}\right)}$$

N = Size of area

\hat{Y} = Estimate of characteristic total

2/ The total count of persons in the area if the estimated total is a person characteristic, or the total count of housing units in the area if the estimated total is a housing unit characteristic.

Table B. Unadjusted Standard Error in Percentage Points for Estimated Percentages

[Based on a 1-in-6 simple random sample]

Estimated Percentage	Base of percentage 1/													
	500	750	1 000	1 500	2 500	5 000	7 500	10 000	25 000	50 000	100 000	250 000	500 000	
2 or 98.....	1.4	1.1	1.0	0.8	0.6	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	
5 or 95.....	2.2	1.8	1.5	1.3	1.0	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	
10 or 90.....	3.0	2.4	2.1	1.7	1.3	0.9	0.8	0.7	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	
15 or 85.....	3.6	2.9	2.5	2.1	1.6	1.1	0.9	0.8	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1	
20 or 80.....	4.0	3.3	2.8	2.3	1.8	1.3	1.0	0.9	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1	
25 or 75.....	4.3	3.5	3.1	2.5	1.9	1.4	1.1	1.0	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1	
30 or 70.....	4.6	3.7	3.2	2.6	2.0	1.4	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.1	
35 or 65.....	4.8	3.9	3.4	2.8	2.1	1.5	1.2	1.1	0.7	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.2	
50.....	5.0	4.1	3.5	2.9	2.2	1.6	1.3	1.1	0.7	0.5	0.4	0.2	0.2	

1/ For a percentage and/or base of percentage not shown in the table, the formula given below may be used to calculate the standard error.

$$Se(\hat{p}) = \sqrt{\frac{5}{B}\hat{p}(100-\hat{p})}$$

B = Base of estimated percentage

\hat{p} = Estimated percentage

Table C. Standard Error Adjustment Factors

(Percent of persons in sample)

Characteristics	Less than 19 Percent	19 to 33 Percent	More than 33 Percent
Urban and rural.....	1.0	0.9	0.6
Age, sex, race, and Spanish origin.....	1.1	1.0	0.6
Household and family type.....	1.1	0.9	0.5
Household relationship.....	1.2	1.1	0.6
Subfamily type.....	1.1	0.9	0.5
Household size.....	1.1	1.0	0.5
Marital status.....	1.0	0.8	0.5
Children ever born.....	1.0	1.0	0.5
Language usage and ability to speak English.....	1.5	1.3	0.7
Ancestry.....	1.8	1.7	0.9
Type of group quarters.....	0.7	0.5	0.3
Citizenship.....	1.4	1.1	0.6
Nativity and place of birth.....	2.4	2.4	1.5
Residence in 1975 and year of immigration.....	3.7	3.7	2.5
Place of work.....	2.1	2.0	1.2
Travel time to work.....	1.8	1.6	1.0
Means of transportation to work and private vehicle occupancy.....	1.2	1.1	0.6
School enrollment.....	1.4	1.3	0.7
Year of school completed.....	1.2	1.1	0.6
Veteran status and period of service.....	1.1	0.9	0.5
Work and public transportation disability.....	1.1	1.0	0.5
School enrollment and years of school completed by labor force status.....	1.2	1.0	0.5
Labor force status.....	1.1	0.9	0.6
Hours worked per week and weeks worked in 1979.....	1.0	0.9	0.5
Unemployment in 1979.....	1.2	1.0	0.5
Industry and occupation.....	1.1	1.0	0.5
Class of worker.....	1.2	1.1	0.6
Household income.....	1.1	0.9	0.5
Income type.....	1.2	1.0	0.5
Family income.....	1.1	1.0	0.5
Unrelated individual income.....	1.1	0.9	0.5
Workers in family.....	1.2	1.1	0.6
Poverty status: Family.....	1.1	1.0	0.5
Poverty status: Persons.....	2.2	2.0	1.0
Poverty status: Unrelated individuals.....	1.1	0.9	0.5

TABLE D. PERCENT OF PERSONS IN SAMPLE: 1980

(FOR MEANINGS OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITION OF TERMS, SEE APPENDIXES A AND B)

	PERSONS	
	100-PERCENT COUNT	PERCENT IN SAMPLE
GEORGIA	5 463 105	16.9
RURAL	2 054 024	19.2
SMSA'S OF 250,000 OR MORE		
ATLANTA, GA SMSA	2 029 710	15.9
AUGUSTA, GA-SC SMSA	327 372	15.8
CHATTANOOGA, TN-GA SMSA	426 540	16.4
MACON, GA SMSA	253 794	15.5
CENTRAL CITIES OF SMSA'S OF 250,000 OR MORE		
ATLANTA CITY	425 022	15.1
AUGUSTA CITY	47 532	14.0
MACON CITY	116 896	15.4

Appendix E.—Facsimiles of Respondent Instructions and Questionnaire Pages

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 1 THROUGH 10

1. List in question 1 (on page 1), the names of all the people who usually live here. Then turn to pages 2 and 3 where there are columns to list up to seven persons. In the first column print the name of one of the household members in whose name this home is owned or rented. If no household member owns or rents the living quarters, list in the first column any adult household member who is not a roomer, boarder, or paid employee. Print the names of the other household members, if any, in the columns which follow, using question 1 as a checklist.
2. Fill a circle to show how each person is related to the person in column 1.

A stepchild or legally adopted child of the person in column 1 should be marked **Son/daughter**. Foster children or wards living in the household should be marked **Roomer, boarder**.
3. Be sure to fill a circle for the sex of each person.
4. Fill the circle for the category with which the person most closely identifies. If you fill the **Indian (American)** or **Other** circle, be sure to print the name of the specific Indian tribe or specific group.
5. Enter age at last birthday in the space provided (enter "0" for babies less than one year old). Also enter month and year of birth, and fill the appropriate circles. For an illustration of how to complete question 5, see the example on pages 4 and 5. If age or month or year of birth is not known, give your best estimate.
6. If the person's only marriage was annulled, mark **Never married**.
7. A person is of Spanish/Hispanic origin or descent if the person identifies his or her ancestry with one of the listed groups, that is, Mexican, Puerto Rican, etc. Origin or descent (ancestry) may be viewed as the nationality group, the lineage, or country in which the person or the person's parents or ancestors were born.
8. Do not count enrollment in a trade or business school, company training, or tutoring unless the course would be accepted for credit at a regular elementary school, high school, or college. A *public* school is any school or college which is controlled and supported primarily by a local, county, State, or Federal Government.
9. Fill only one circle. Mark the highest grade *ever* attended even if the person did not finish it. If the person is still in school, mark the grade in which now enrolled. Schooling received in foreign or ungraded schools should be reported as the equivalent grade or year in the regular American school system. If uncertain whether a Head Start program is for nursery school or kindergarten, mark the circle for **Nursery school**.

If the person skipped or repeated grades, mark the highest grade ever attended regardless of how long it took to get there. Persons who did not attend any college but who completed high school by finishing the 12th grade or by passing an equivalency test, such as the

General Educational Development (GED) examination, should fill the circle for the 12th grade.

10. Mark **Finished this grade (or year)** only if the person finished the *entire* grade or year marked in question 9 or if the highest grade was completed by passing a high school equivalency test.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS H4 THROUGH H12

- H4. Mark only one circle. *This address* means the house or building number where your living quarters are located.
- H5. Mark the second circle only if you *must* go through someone else's living quarters to get to your own.
- H6. Consider that you have hot water even if you have it only part of the time.

Mark **Yes**, but also used by another household if someone else who lives in the same building, but is not a member of your household, also uses the facilities. Mark this circle also if the occupants of living quarters now vacant would also use the facilities in your living quarters.
- H7. Count only whole rooms used for living purposes, such as living rooms, dining rooms, kitchens, bedrooms, finished recreation rooms, family rooms, etc. Do not count bathrooms, kitchenettes, strip or pullman kitchens, utility rooms, or unfinished attics, unfinished basements, or other space used for storage.
- H8. Mark **Owned or being bought** if the living quarters are owned outright or are mortgaged. Also mark **Owned or being bought** if the living quarters are owned but the land is rented.

Mark **Rented for cash rent** if any money rent is paid. Rent may be paid by persons who are not members of your household.

Occupied without payment of cash rent includes, for example, a parsonage, military housing, a house or apartment provided free of rent by the owner, or a house or apartment occupied by a janitor or caretaker in exchange for services.
- H9. A *condominium* is housing in which the apartments or houses in a development are individually owned, but the common areas, such as lobbies, halls, etc., are jointly owned. The person owning a condominium very likely has a mortgage on the particular unit.
- H10b. A *commercial establishment* is easily recognized from the outside, for example, a grocery store or barber shop. A *medical office* is a doctor's or dentist's office regularly visited by patients.

- H11. Include the value of the house, the land it is on, and any other structures on the same property. If the house is owned but the land is rented, estimate the combined value of the house and the

Appendix E.—Facsimiles of Respondent Instructions and Questionnaire Pages

land. If this is a condominium unit, enter the estimated value for your living quarters and your share of the common elements.

H12. Report the rent agreed to or contracted for, even if the rent is unpaid or paid by someone else.

If rent is not paid by the month, change the rent to a monthly amount; and then fill the appropriate circle in question H12.

If rent is paid:	Multiply rent by:
By the day	30
By the week	4
Every other week	2

If rent is paid:	Divide rent by:
4 times a year	3
2 times a year	6
Once a year	12

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS H13 THROUGH H20

H13. Mark only one circle.

Detached means there is open space on all sides, or the house is joined only to a shed or garage. *Attached* means that the house is joined to another house or building by at least one wall which goes from ground to roof.

Mark **A one-family house detached from any other house** when a mobile home or trailer has had one or more rooms added or built onto it; a porch or shed is not considered a room.

Count all occupied and vacant living quarters in the house or building, but not stores or office space.

H14a. Do not count unfinished basements or unfinished attics. However, a basement or attic with finished room(s) for living purposes should be counted as a story.

H15a. A *city or suburban* lot is usually located in a city, a community, or any built-up area outside a city or community, and is not larger than the house and yard. All living quarters in apartment buildings, including garden-type apartments in the city or suburbs, are considered on a city or suburban lot.

A *place* is a farm, ranch, or any other property, other than a city or suburban lot, on which this *residence* is located.

H16. If a well provides water for six or more houses or apartments, mark **A public system**. If a well provides water for five or fewer houses or apartments, mark one of the categories for *individual well*.

Drilled wells, or small diameter wells, are usually less than 1½ feet in diameter. *Dug wells* are generally hand dug and are wider.

H17. A *public sewer* is operated by a government body or a private organization. A *septic tank* or *cesspool* is an underground tank or pit used for disposal of sewage.

H19. The term *person in column 1* refers to the person listed in the first column on page 2. This person should be the household member (or one of the members) in whose name the house is owned or rented. If there is no such person, any adult household member can be the person in column 1. Mark when this person last moved into *this* house or apartment.

H20. This question refers to the type of *heating equipment* and not to the fuel used.

An *electric heat pump* is sometimes known as a reverse cycle

system. It may be centrally installed with ducts to the rooms or individual heat pumps in the rooms.

A *floor, wall, or pipeless furnace* delivers warm air to the room right above the furnace or to the room(s) on one or both sides of the wall in which the furnace is installed and does not have ducts leading to other rooms.

Any heater that you plug into an electric outlet should be counted as a *portable room heater*.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS H21 THROUGH H32

H21. *Gas from underground pipes* is piped in from a central system such as one operated by a public utility company or a municipal government. *Bottled, tank, or LP gas* is stored in tanks which are refilled or exchanged when empty. *Other fuel* includes any fuel not separately listed, for example, purchased steam, fuel briquettes, waste material, etc.

H22. If your living quarters are rented, enter the costs for utilities and fuels only if you pay for them in addition to the rent entered in H12. If already included in rent, fill the appropriate circle.

The amounts to be reported should be for the past 12 months, that is, for electricity and gas, the monthly *average* for the past 12 months; for water and other fuels, the *total* amount for the past 12 months.

Estimate as closely as possible when exact costs are not known.

Report amounts even if your bills are unpaid or paid by someone else. If the bills include utilities or fuel used also by another apartment or a business establishment, estimate the amounts for your own living quarters. If gas and electricity are billed together, enter the combined amount on the electricity line and bracket ({) the two utilities.

H23. The kitchen sink, stove, and refrigerator must be located in the building but do *not* have to be in the same room. Portable cooking equipment is not considered as a range or cook stove.

H26. Answer *Yes only* if the telephone is located *in* your living quarters.

H27. Count only equipment used to cool the air by means of a refrigeration unit.

H28 – H29. Count company cars (including police cars and taxicabs) and company trucks that are regularly kept at home and used by household members. Do *not* count cars or trucks permanently out of working order.

H30 – H32. Do *not* answer these questions if you live in a cooperative, regardless of the number of units in the structure.

H30. Report taxes for all taxing jurisdictions even if they are included in mortgage payment, not paid yet, paid by someone else, or are delinquent.

H31. When premiums are paid on other than a yearly basis, convert to a yearly basis and enter the yearly amount, even if no payment was made during the past 12 months.

H32a. The word "mortgage" is used as a general term to indicate all types of loans which are secured by real estate.

Appendix E.—Facsimiles of Respondent Instructions and Questionnaire Pages

- b. A second or junior mortgage is also secured by real estate but has been made by the homeowner in addition to the first mortgage.
- c. Enter a monthly amount even if it is unpaid or paid by someone else. If the amount is paid on some other periodic basis, see instructions for H12 to change it to a monthly amount.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 11 THROUGH 14

11. *For persons born in the United States:*
Print the name of the State in which this person's mother was living when this person was born. For persons born in a hospital, do not give the State in which the hospital was located unless the hospital and the mother's home were in the same State or the location of the mother's home is not known. For example, if a person was born in a hospital in Washington, D.C., but the mother's home was in Virginia at the time of the person's birth, enter "Virginia."
- For persons born outside the United States:*
Print the full name of the foreign country or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc., where the person was born. Use international boundaries as now recognized by the United States. Specify whether Northern Ireland or Ireland (Eire); East or West Germany; England, Scotland or Wales (*not* Great Britain or United Kingdom). Specify the particular island in the Caribbean, *not*, for example, West Indies.
12. This question is only for persons born in a foreign country. Fill the Yes, a naturalized citizen circle only if the person has completed the naturalization process and is now a citizen.
If the person has entered the U.S. more than once, fill the circle for the year he or she came to stay permanently.
- 13a. Mark No, only speaks English if the person always speaks English at home; then skip to question 14.
Mark Yes if the person speaks a language other than English at home. Do not mark Yes for a language spoken only at school or if speaking ability is limited to a few expressions or slang.
- b. Print the non-English language spoken at home. If this person speaks two or more non-English languages at home and cannot determine which is spoken most often, report the first language the person learned to speak.
 - c. Fill the circle that best describes the person's ability to speak English.
 - (1) The circle **Very well** should be filled for persons who have no difficulty speaking English.
 - (2) The circle **Well** should be filled for persons who have only minor problems which do not seriously limit their ability to speak English.
 - (3) The circle **Not well** should be filled for persons who are seriously limited in their ability to speak English.
 - (4) The circle **Not at all** should be filled for persons who do not speak English at all.
14. Print the ancestry group with which the person identifies. Ancestry (or origin or descent) may be viewed as the nationality group, the lineage, or the country in which the person or the person's parents or ancestors were born before their arrival in the United States. Persons who are of more than one origin and who cannot identify with a single group should print their multiple ancestry (for example, German-Irish).

Be specific; for example, if ancestry is "Indian," specify whether American Indian, Asian Indian, or West Indian. Distinguish Cape Verdean from Portuguese, and French Canadian from Canadian.

A religious group should not be reported as a person's ancestry.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 15 THROUGH 20

- 15a. Mark Yes, this house if this person lived in this same house or apartment on April 1, 1975, but moved away and came back between then and now. Mark No, different house if this person lived in the same building but in a different apartment (or in the same mobile home or trailer but on a different trailer site).
- b. If this person lived in a different house or apartment on April 1, 1975, give the location of this person's usual home at that time.
 - Part (1) If the person was living in the United States on April 1, 1975, print the name of the State. If the person did *not* live in the United States on April 1, 1975, print the full name of the foreign country or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc.
 - Part (2) If in Louisiana, print the parish name. If in Alaska, print the borough name. If in New York City — print the borough name if the county name is not known. If an independent city, leave blank.
 - Part (3) If in Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island or Vermont, print the name of the town rather than the name of the village or city, unless the name of the town is unknown.
 - Part (4) Mark Yes if you know that the location is *now* inside the limits of a city, town, village or other incorporated place, even if it was *not* inside the limits on April 1, 1975.
- 17a. Mark Yes only if this person was on active duty in the U.S. Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard. Mark No if the person was in the National Guard or the reserves.
- b. Mark Yes if the person was attending a college or university either full or part time and was enrolled for credit toward a degree. Mark No if the person was taking only non-credit courses or was attending a vocational or trade school, such as secretarial school.
 - c. Mark Yes, full time if the person worked full time (35 hours or more per week). Mark Yes, part time if the person worked part time (less than 35 hours per week). Mark No if the person only did unpaid volunteer work, housework or yard work at own home, or if the only work done was as a resident of an institution.
- 18a. Mark Yes if this person was ever on active duty in the U.S. Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard, even if the time served was short. For persons in the National Guard or military reserve units, mark Yes *only* if the person was ever called to active duty; mark No if the only service was active duty for training.
- b. If this person served during more than one period, fill all circles which apply, even if service was for a short time.
19. The term "health condition" refers to any physical or mental problem which has lasted for 6 or more months. A serious problem with seeing, hearing, or speech should be considered a health condition. Pregnancy or a temporary health problem such as a broken bone that is expected to heal normally should *not* be considered a health condition.
20. Count all children born alive, including any who have died (even shortly after birth) or who no longer live with her.

Appendix E.—Facsimiles of Respondent Instructions and Questionnaire Pages

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 21 THROUGH 26

- 21. If the exact date of marriage is not known, give your best estimate.
- 22a. Mark **Yes** if the person worked, either full or part time, on any day of last week (Sunday through Saturday).

Count as work:

Work for someone else for wages, salary, piece rate, commission, tips, or payments "in kind" (for example, food, lodging received as payment for work performed).
 Work in own business, professional practice, or farm.
 Any work in a family business or farm, paid or not.
 Any part-time work including babysitting, paper routes, etc.
 Active duty in Armed Forces.

Do not count as work:

Housework or yard work at home.
 Unpaid volunteer work.
 Work done as a resident of an institution.

- b. Give the *actual* number of hours worked at *all jobs last week*, even if that was more or fewer hours than usually worked.
- 23. If the person worked at several locations, but reported to the same location each day to begin work, print where he or she reported. If the person did not report to the same location each day to begin work, print the words "various locations" for 23a, and give as much information as possible in the remainder of 23 to identify the area in which he or she worked *most* last week.

If the person's employer operates in more than one location (such as a grocery store chain or public school system), give the exact address of the location or branch where the person worked.

If the person worked in a foreign country or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc., print the name of the country in 23e and leave the other parts of 23 blank.

- 24a. Travel time is from door to door. Include time taken waiting for public transportation, picking up passengers in carpools, etc.
- b. Mark **Worked at home** for a person who works on a farm where he or she lives, or in an office or shop in the person's home.
- c. If the person was driven to work by someone who then drove back home or to a non-work destination, mark **Drive alone**.
- d. Do not include riders who rode to school or some other non-work destination.

- 25. If the person works only during certain seasons or on a day-to-day basis when work is available, mark **No**.

- 26a. Mark **Yes** if the person tried to get a job or to start a business or professional practice at any time in the last *four* weeks; for example, registered at an employment office, went to a job interview, placed or answered ads, or did anything toward starting a business or professional practice.

- b. Mark **No, already has a job** if the person was on layoff or was expecting to report to a job within 30 days.

Mark **No, temporarily ill** if the person expects to be able to work within 30 days.

Mark **No, other reasons** if the person could not have taken a job because he or she was going to school, taking care of children, etc.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 27 THROUGH 29

- 27. Look at the instructions for 22a to see what to count as work. Mark **Never worked** if the person: (1) never worked at any kind of job or business, either full or part time, (2) never did any work, with or without pay, in a family business or farm *and* (3) never served in the Armed Forces.

- 28a. If the person worked for a company, business, or government agency, print the name of the company, not the name of the person's supervisor. If the person worked for an individual or a business that has no company name, print the name of the individual worked for. If the person worked in his or her own business, print "self-employed."

- b. Print two or more words to tell what the business, industry, or individual employer named in 28a does. If there is more than one activity, describe only the major activity *at the place where the person works*. Enter what is made, what is sold, or what service is given.

Some examples of what is needed to make an answer acceptable are shown on the census form and here.

Unacceptable

Acceptable

Furniture company

Metal furniture manufacturing

Grocery store

Wholesale grocery store

Oil company

Retail gas station

Ranch

Cattle ranch

- c. Mark **Manufacturing** if the factory, plant, mill, etc., mostly makes things, even if it also sells them.

Mark **Wholesale trade** if the business mostly sells things to stores or other companies.

Mark **Retail trade** if the business mostly sells things (not services) to individuals.

Mark **Other** if the main activity of the employer is not making or selling things. Some examples of **Other** are farming, construction, and services such as those provided by hotels, dry cleaners, repair shops, schools, and banks.

- 29a. Print two or more words to describe the kind of work the person does. If the person is a trainee, apprentice, or helper, include that in the description.

Some examples of what is needed to make an answer acceptable are shown on the census form and here.

Unacceptable

Acceptable

Clerk

Production clerk

Helper

Carpenter's helper

Mechanic

Auto engine mechanic

Nurse

Registered nurse

- b. Print the most important things that the person does on the job. Some examples are shown on the census form.

Appendix E.—Facsimiles of Respondent Instructions and Questionnaire Pages

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 30 THROUGH 33

30. If the person was an employee of a *private* nonprofit organization, such as a church, fill the first circle:

Mark **Local government employee** for a teacher working in an elementary or secondary public school.

- 31a. Look at the instructions for question 22a to see what to count as work.
- b. Count every week in which the person did any work at all, even for an hour.
- c. If the hours worked each week varied considerably, give the best estimate of the hours usually worked most weeks.
- d. Count every week in which the person did not work at all, but spent any time looking for work or on layoff from a job. *Looking for work* means trying to get a job or start a business or professional practice; *layoff* includes either temporary or indefinite layoff.
32. Fill the **Yes** or **No** circle for each part and enter the appropriate amount. If income from any source was received jointly by household members, report if possible, the appropriate share for each person; otherwise, report the whole amount for only one person and mark **No** for the other person, unless the other person has additional income of the same type.
- a. Include sick leave pay. Do not include reimbursement for business

expenses and pay "in kind," (for example, food, lodging received as payment for work performed).

- b. Include net earnings (gross earnings minus business expenses) from a nonfarm business. If business lost money, write "Loss" above the amount.
- c. Include net earnings (gross receipts minus operating expenses) from a farm. If farm lost money, write "Loss" above the amount.
- d. Include interest and dividends credited to the person's account (for example, from savings accounts and stock shares), net royalties, and net income from rental property.
- e. Include Social Security or Railroad Retirement payments to retired persons, to dependents of deceased insured workers and to disabled workers.
- f. Include public assistance or welfare payments received from Federal, State, or local agencies. Do not include private welfare payments.
- g. Include all other regular payments, such as government employee retirement, union or private pensions and annuities; unemployment benefits; worker's compensation; Armed Forces allotments; private welfare payments; regular contributions from persons not living in the household; etc.
- Do not include lump-sum payments received from the sale of property (capital gains), insurance policies, inheritances, etc.
33. If no income was received in 1979, fill the **None** circle. If total income was a loss, write "Loss" above the amount.

Please fill out this
official Census Form
and mail it back on
Census Day,
Tuesday, April 1, 1980

1980 Census of the United States

If the address shown below has the wrong apartment identification, please write the correct apartment number or location here:

DD	A1	A2	A4	A5	A6
				L	

**A message from the Director,
Bureau of the Census . . .**

We must, from time to time, take stock of ourselves as a people if our Nation is to meet successfully the many national and local challenges we face. This is the purpose of the 1980 census.

The essential need for a population census was recognized almost 200 years ago when our Constitution was written. As provided by article I, the first census was conducted in 1790 and one has been taken every 10 years since then.

The law under which the census is taken protects the confidentiality of your answers. For the next 72 years — or until April 1, 2052 — only sworn census workers have access to the individual records, and no one else may see them.

Your answers, when combined with the answers from other people, will provide the statistical figures needed by public and private groups, schools, business and industry, and Federal, State, and local governments across the country. These figures will help all sectors of American society understand how our population and housing are changing. In this way, we can deal more effectively with today's problems and work toward a better future for all of us.

The census is a vitally important national activity. Please do your part by filling out this census form accurately and completely. If you mail it back promptly in the enclosed postage-paid envelope, it will save the expense and inconvenience of a census taker having to visit you.

Thank you for your cooperation.

Your answers are confidential

By law (title 13, U.S. Code), census employees are subject to fine and/or imprisonment for any disclosure of your answers. Only after 72 years does your information become available to other government agencies or the public. The same law requires that you answer the questions to the best of your knowledge.

Para personas de habla hispana

(For Spanish-speaking persons):
SI USTED DESEA UN CUESTIONARIO DEL CENSO EN ESPAÑOL llame a la oficina del censo. El número de teléfono se encuentra en el encasillado de la dirección.

O, si prefiere, marque esta casilla y devuelva el cuestionario por correo en el sobre que se le incluye.

Appendix E.—Facsimiles of Respondent Instructions and Questionnaire Pages

Here are the QUESTIONS ↓	These are the columns for ANSWERS Please fill one column for each person listed in Question 1.	PERSON in column 1		PERSON in column 2	
		Last name	First name Middle initial	Last name	First name Middle initial
2. How is this person related to the person in column 1? Fill one circle. If "Other relative" of person in column 1, give exact relationship, such as mother-in-law, niece, grandson, etc.		START in this column with the household member (or one of the members) in whose name the home is owned or rented. If there is no such person, start in this column with any adult household member.		If relative of person in column 1: <input type="radio"/> Husband/wife <input type="radio"/> Father/mother <input type="radio"/> Son/daughter <input type="radio"/> Other relative <input type="radio"/> Brother/sister * ----- If not related to person in column 1: <input type="radio"/> Roomer, boarder <input type="radio"/> Other nonrelative <input type="radio"/> Partner, roommate <input type="radio"/> Paid employee	
3. Sex Fill one circle.		<input type="radio"/> Male <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Female <input type="radio"/> Male <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Female		<input type="radio"/> Male <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Female <input type="radio"/> Male <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Female	
4. Is this person — Fill one circle.		<input type="radio"/> White <input type="radio"/> Asian Indian <input type="radio"/> Black or Negro <input type="radio"/> Hawaiian <input type="radio"/> Japanese <input type="radio"/> Guamanian <input type="radio"/> Chinese <input type="radio"/> Samoan <input type="radio"/> Filipino <input type="radio"/> Eskimo <input type="radio"/> Korean <input type="radio"/> Aleut <input type="radio"/> Vietnamese <input type="radio"/> Other — Specify <input type="radio"/> Indian (Amer.) Print tribe →		<input type="radio"/> White <input type="radio"/> Asian Indian <input type="radio"/> Black or Negro <input type="radio"/> Hawaiian <input type="radio"/> Japanese <input type="radio"/> Guamanian <input type="radio"/> Chinese <input type="radio"/> Samoan <input type="radio"/> Filipino <input type="radio"/> Eskimo <input type="radio"/> Korean <input type="radio"/> Aleut <input type="radio"/> Vietnamese <input type="radio"/> Other — Specify <input type="radio"/> Indian (Amer.) Print tribe →	
5. Age, and month and year of birth a. Print age at last birthday. b. Print month and fill one circle. c. Print year in the spaces, and fill one circle below each number.		a. Age at last birthday c. Year of birth _____ <u>1</u> _____ 1 ● 8 ○ 8 ○ 8 ○ 9 ○ 1 ○ 1 ○ b. Month of birth 2 ○ 2 ○ _____ 3 ○ 3 ○ 4 ○ 4 ○ 5 ○ 5 ○ <input type="radio"/> Jan.—Mar. 6 ○ 6 ○ <input type="radio"/> Apr.—June 7 ○ 7 ○ <input type="radio"/> July—Sept. 8 ○ 8 ○ <input type="radio"/> Oct.—Dec. 9 ○ 9 ○		a. Age at last birthday c. Year of birth _____ <u>1</u> _____ 1 ● 8 ○ 8 ○ 8 ○ 9 ○ 1 ○ 1 ○ b. Month of birth 2 ○ 2 ○ _____ 3 ○ 3 ○ 4 ○ 4 ○ 5 ○ 5 ○ <input type="radio"/> Jan.—Mar. 6 ○ 6 ○ <input type="radio"/> Apr.—June 7 ○ 7 ○ <input type="radio"/> July—Sept. 8 ○ 8 ○ <input type="radio"/> Oct.—Dec. 9 ○ 9 ○	
6. Marital status Fill one circle.		<input type="radio"/> Now married <input type="radio"/> Separated <input type="radio"/> Widowed <input type="radio"/> Never married <input type="radio"/> Divorced		<input type="radio"/> Now married <input type="radio"/> Separated <input type="radio"/> Widowed <input type="radio"/> Never married <input type="radio"/> Divorced	
7. Is this person of Spanish/Hispanic origin or descent? Fill one circle.		<input type="radio"/> No (not Spanish/Hispanic) <input type="radio"/> Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Amer., Chicano <input type="radio"/> Yes, Puerto Rican <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes, Cuban <input type="radio"/> Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic		<input type="radio"/> No (not Spanish/Hispanic) <input type="radio"/> Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Amer., Chicano <input type="radio"/> Yes, Puerto Rican <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes, Cuban <input type="radio"/> Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic	
8. Since February 1, 1980, has this person attended regular school or college at any time? Fill one circle. Count nursery school, kindergarten, elementary school, and schooling which leads to a high school diploma or college degree.		<input type="radio"/> No, has not attended since February 1 <input type="radio"/> Yes, public school, public college <input type="radio"/> Yes, private, church-related <input type="radio"/> Yes, private, not church-related		<input type="radio"/> No, has not attended since February 1 <input type="radio"/> Yes, public school, public college <input type="radio"/> Yes, private, church-related <input type="radio"/> Yes, private, not church-related	
9. What is the highest grade (or year) of regular school this person has ever attended? Fill one circle. If now attending school, mark grade person is in. If high school was finished by equivalency test (GED), mark "12."		Highest grade attended: <input type="radio"/> Nursery school <input type="radio"/> Kindergarten Elementary through high school (grade or year) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ College (academic year) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 or more ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ <input type="radio"/> Never attended school — Skip question 10		Highest grade attended: <input type="radio"/> Nursery school <input type="radio"/> Kindergarten Elementary through high school (grade or year) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ College (academic year) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 or more ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ <input type="radio"/> Never attended school — Skip question 10	
10. Did this person finish the highest grade (or year) attended? Fill one circle.		<input type="radio"/> Now attending this grade (or year) <input type="radio"/> Finished this grade (or year) <input type="radio"/> Did not finish this grade (or year)		<input type="radio"/> Now attending this grade (or year) <input type="radio"/> Finished this grade (or year) <input type="radio"/> Did not finish this grade (or year)	
		CENSUS USE ONLY A. ○ I ○ N ○ ○		CENSUS USE ONLY A. ○ I ○ N ○ ○	

NOW PLEASE ANSWER QUESTIONS H1—H12 FOR YOUR HOUSEHOLD

If you listed more than 7 persons in Question 1, please see note on page 20.

PERSON in column 7	
Last name	Middle initial
First name	
If relative of person in column 1:	
<input type="radio"/> Husband/wife	<input type="radio"/> Father/mother
<input type="radio"/> Son/daughter	<input type="radio"/> Other relative
<input type="radio"/> Brother/sister	
If not related to person in column 1:	
<input type="radio"/> Roomer, boarder	<input type="radio"/> Other nonrelative
<input type="radio"/> Partner, roommate	
<input type="radio"/> Paid employee	
<input type="radio"/> Male	<input type="radio"/> Female
<input type="radio"/> White	<input type="radio"/> Asian Indian
<input type="radio"/> Black or Negro	<input type="radio"/> Hawaiian
<input type="radio"/> Japanese	<input type="radio"/> Guamanian
<input type="radio"/> Chinese	<input type="radio"/> Samoan
<input type="radio"/> Filipino	<input type="radio"/> Eskimo
<input type="radio"/> Korean	<input type="radio"/> Aleut
<input type="radio"/> Vietnamese	<input type="radio"/> Other — Specify
<input type="radio"/> Indian (Amer.)	Print tribe
a. Age at last birthday	c. Year of birth
b. Month of birth	
<input type="radio"/> Jan.—Mar.	<input type="radio"/> 1
<input type="radio"/> Apr.—June	<input type="radio"/> 8
<input type="radio"/> July—Sept.	<input type="radio"/> 9
<input type="radio"/> Oct.—Dec.	<input type="radio"/> 0
<input type="radio"/> Now married	<input type="radio"/> Separated
<input type="radio"/> Widowed	<input type="radio"/> Never married
<input type="radio"/> Divorced	
<input type="radio"/> No (not Spanish/Hispanic)	
<input type="radio"/> Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Amer., Chicano	
<input type="radio"/> Yes, Puerto Rican	
<input type="radio"/> Yes, Cuban	
<input type="radio"/> Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic	
<input type="radio"/> No, has not attended since February 1	
<input type="radio"/> Yes, public school, public college	
<input type="radio"/> Yes, private, church-related	
<input type="radio"/> Yes, private, not church-related	
Highest grade attended:	
<input type="radio"/> Nursery school	<input type="radio"/> Kindergarten
Elementary through high school (grade or year)	
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	
College (academic year)	
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 or more	
<input type="radio"/> Never attended school—Skip question 10	
<input type="radio"/> Now attending this grade (or year)	
<input type="radio"/> Finished this grade (or year)	
<input type="radio"/> Did not finish this grade (or year)	
CENSUS USE ONLY	A. <input type="radio"/> I <input type="radio"/> N <input type="radio"/> O

H1. Did you leave anyone out of Question 1 because you were not sure if the person should be listed — for example, a new baby still in the hospital, a lodger who also has another home, or a person who stays here once in a while and has no other home?

Yes — On page 20 give name(s) and reason left out.
 No

H2. Did you list anyone in Question 1 who is away from home now — for example, on a vacation or in a hospital?

Yes — On page 20 give name(s) and reason person is away.
 No

H3. Is anyone visiting here who is not already listed?

Yes — On page 20 give name of each visitor for whom there is no note at the home address to report the person to a census taker.
 No

H4. How many living quarters, occupied and vacant, are at this address?

One
 2 apartments or living quarters
 3 apartments or living quarters
 4 apartments or living quarters
 5 apartments or living quarters
 6 apartments or living quarters
 7 apartments or living quarters
 8 apartments or living quarters
 9 apartments or living quarters
 10 or more apartments or living quarters
 This is a mobile home or trailer

H5. Do you enter your living quarters —

Directly from the outside or through a common or public hall?
 Through someone else's living quarters?

H6. Do you have complete plumbing facilities in your living quarters, that is, hot and cold piped water, a flush toilet, and a bathtub or shower?

Yes, for this household only
 Yes, but also used by another household
 No, have some but not all plumbing facilities
 No plumbing facilities in living quarters

H7. How many rooms do you have in your living quarters? Do not count bathrooms, porches, balconies, foyers, halls, or half-rooms.

1 room 4 rooms 7 rooms
 2 rooms 5 rooms 8 rooms
 3 rooms 6 rooms 9 or more rooms

H8. Are your living quarters —

Owned or being bought by you or by someone else in this household?
 Rented for cash rent?
 Occupied without payment of cash rent?

H9. Is this apartment (house) part of a condominium?

No
 Yes, a condominium

H10. If this is a one-family house —

a. Is the house on a property of 10 or more acres?
 Yes No

b. Is any part of the property used as a commercial establishment or medical office?
 Yes No

H11. If you live in a one-family house or a condominium unit which you own or are buying —

What is the value of this property, that is, how much do you think this property (house and lot or condominium unit) would sell for if it were for sale?

Do not answer this question if this is —

- A mobile home or trailer
- A house on 10 or more acres
- A house with a commercial establishment or medical office on the property

Less than \$10,000 \$50,000 to \$54,999
 \$10,000 to \$14,999 \$55,000 to \$59,999
 \$15,000 to \$17,499 \$60,000 to \$64,999
 \$17,500 to \$19,999 \$65,000 to \$69,999
 \$20,000 to \$22,499 \$70,000 to \$74,999
 \$22,500 to \$24,999 \$75,000 to \$79,999
 \$25,000 to \$27,499 \$80,000 to \$89,999
 \$27,500 to \$29,999 \$90,000 to \$99,999
 \$30,000 to \$34,999 \$100,000 to \$124,999
 \$35,000 to \$39,999 \$125,000 to \$149,999
 \$40,000 to \$44,999 \$150,000 to \$199,999
 \$45,000 to \$49,999 \$200,000 or more

H12. If you pay rent for your living quarters —

What is the monthly rent?

If rent is not paid by the month, see the instruction guide on how to figure a monthly rent.

Less than \$50 \$160 to \$169
 \$50 to \$59 \$170 to \$179
 \$60 to \$69 \$180 to \$189
 \$70 to \$79 \$190 to \$199
 \$80 to \$89 \$200 to \$224
 \$90 to \$99 \$225 to \$249
 \$100 to \$109 \$250 to \$274
 \$110 to \$119 \$275 to \$299
 \$120 to \$129 \$300 to \$349
 \$130 to \$139 \$350 to \$399
 \$140 to \$149 \$400 to \$499
 \$150 to \$159 \$500 or more

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A4. Block number	A6. Serial number	B. Type of unit or quarters	For vacant units	D. Months vacant	F. Total persons
0 0 0	0 0 0 0	Occupied	C1. Is this unit for —	<input type="radio"/> Less than 1 month	
1 1 1	1 1 1 1	<input type="radio"/> First form	<input type="radio"/> Year round use	<input type="radio"/> 1 up to 2 months	
2 2 2	2 2 2 2	<input type="radio"/> Continuation	<input type="radio"/> Seasonal/Mig. — Skip C2, C3, and D.	<input type="radio"/> 2 up to 6 months	
3 3 3	3 3 3 3	Vacant	C2. Vacancy status	<input type="radio"/> 6 up to 12 months	
4 4 4	4 4 4 4	<input type="radio"/> Regular	<input type="radio"/> For rent	<input type="radio"/> 1 year up to 2 years	
5 5 5	5 5 5 5	<input type="radio"/> Usual home elsewhere	<input type="radio"/> For sale only	<input type="radio"/> 2 or more years	
6 6 6	6 6 6 6	Group quarters	<input type="radio"/> Rented or sold, not occupied	E. Indicators	
7 7 7	7 7 7 7	<input type="radio"/> First form	<input type="radio"/> Held for occasional use	1. <input type="radio"/> Mail return	
8 8 8	8 8 8 8	<input type="radio"/> Continuation	<input type="radio"/> Other vacant	2. <input type="radio"/> Pop./F	
9 9 9	9 9 9 9		C3. Is this unit boarded up?	<input type="radio"/>	
			<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No		

0
9
8
7
6
5
4
3
2
1

<p>H13. Which best describes this building? <i>Include all apartments, flats, etc., even if vacant.</i></p> <p><input type="radio"/> A mobile home or trailer <input type="radio"/> A one-family house detached from any other house <input type="radio"/> A one-family house attached to one or more houses <input type="radio"/> A building for 2 families <input type="radio"/> A building for 3 or 4 families <input type="radio"/> A building for 5 to 9 families <input type="radio"/> A building for 10 to 19 families <input type="radio"/> A building for 20 to 49 families <input type="radio"/> A building for 50 or more families <input type="radio"/> A boat, tent, van, etc.</p>	<p>H21 a. Which fuel is used most for house heating?</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Gas: from underground pipes serving the neighborhood <input type="radio"/> Gas: bottled, tank, or LP <input type="radio"/> Electricity <input checked="" type="radio"/> Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Coal or coke <input type="radio"/> Wood <input type="radio"/> Other fuel <input type="radio"/> No fuel used</p> <p>b. Which fuel is used most for water heating?</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Gas: from underground pipes serving the neighborhood <input type="radio"/> Gas: bottled, tank, or LP <input type="radio"/> Electricity <input type="radio"/> Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Coal or coke <input type="radio"/> Wood <input type="radio"/> Other fuel <input type="radio"/> No fuel used</p>	<p>CENSUS USE</p> <p>H22a.</p> <p><input type="radio"/> 0 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/> 6 <input type="radio"/> 7 <input type="radio"/> 8 <input type="radio"/> 9</p>
<p>H14a. How many stories (floors) are in this building? <i>Count an attic or basement as a story if it has any finished rooms for living purposes.</i></p> <p><input type="radio"/> 1 to 3 — Skip to H15 <input type="radio"/> 4 to 6 <input type="radio"/> 7 to 12 <input type="radio"/> 13 or more stories</p>	<p>c. Which fuel is used most for cooking?</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Gas: from underground pipes serving the neighborhood <input type="radio"/> Gas: bottled, tank, or LP <input type="radio"/> Electricity <input type="radio"/> Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Coal or coke <input type="radio"/> Wood <input type="radio"/> Other fuel <input type="radio"/> No fuel used</p>	<p>H22b.</p> <p><input type="radio"/> 0 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/> 6 <input type="radio"/> 7 <input type="radio"/> 8 <input type="radio"/> 9</p>
<p>b. Is there a passenger elevator in this building?</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No</p>	<p>H22. What are the costs of utilities and fuels for your living quarters?</p> <p>a. Electricity</p> <p>\$ _____ .00 OR <input type="radio"/> Included in rent or no charge <input type="radio"/> Electricity not used</p> <p><i>Average monthly cost</i></p>	<p>H22c.</p> <p><input type="radio"/> 0 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/> 6 <input type="radio"/> 7 <input type="radio"/> 8 <input type="radio"/> 9</p>
<p>H15a. Is this building —</p> <p><input type="radio"/> On a city or suburban lot, or on a place of less than 1 acre? — Skip to H16 <input type="radio"/> On a place of 1 to 9 acres? <input type="radio"/> On a place of 10 or more acres?</p> <p>b. Last year, 1979, did sales of crops, livestock, and other farm products from this place amount to —</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Less than \$50 (or None) <input type="radio"/> \$50 to \$249 <input type="radio"/> \$250 to \$599 <input type="radio"/> \$600 to \$999 <input type="radio"/> \$1,000 to \$2,499 <input type="radio"/> \$2,500 or more</p>	<p>b. Gas</p> <p>\$ _____ .00 OR <input type="radio"/> Included in rent or no charge <input type="radio"/> Gas not used</p> <p><i>Average monthly cost</i></p> <p>c. Water</p> <p>\$ _____ .00 OR <input type="radio"/> Included in rent or no charge</p> <p><i>Yearly cost</i></p> <p>d. Oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.</p> <p>\$ _____ .00 OR <input type="radio"/> Included in rent or no charge <input type="radio"/> These fuels not used</p> <p><i>Yearly cost</i></p>	<p>H22d.</p> <p><input type="radio"/> 0 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/> 6 <input type="radio"/> 7 <input type="radio"/> 8 <input type="radio"/> 9</p>
<p>H16. Do you get water from —</p> <p><input type="radio"/> A public system (city water department, etc.) or private company? <input type="radio"/> An individual drilled well? <input type="radio"/> An individual dug well? <input type="radio"/> Some other source (a spring, creek, river, cistern, etc.)?</p>	<p>H23. Do you have complete kitchen facilities? Complete kitchen facilities are a sink with piped water, a range or cookstove, and a refrigerator.</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No</p>	<p>H22d.</p> <p><input type="radio"/> 0 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/> 6 <input type="radio"/> 7 <input type="radio"/> 8 <input type="radio"/> 9</p>
<p>H17. Is this building connected to a public sewer?</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Yes, connected to public sewer <input type="radio"/> No, connected to septic tank or cesspool <input type="radio"/> No, use other means</p>	<p>H24. How many bedrooms do you have? <i>Count rooms used mainly for sleeping even if used also for other purposes.</i></p> <p><input type="radio"/> No bedroom <input type="radio"/> 1 bedroom <input type="radio"/> 2 bedrooms <input type="radio"/> 3 bedrooms <input type="radio"/> 4 bedrooms <input type="radio"/> 5 or more bedrooms</p>	<p>H22d.</p> <p><input type="radio"/> 0 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/> 6 <input type="radio"/> 7 <input type="radio"/> 8 <input type="radio"/> 9</p>
<p>H18. About when was this building originally built? Mark when the building was first constructed, not when it was remodeled, added to, or converted.</p> <p><input type="radio"/> 1979 or 1980 <input type="radio"/> 1975 to 1978 <input type="radio"/> 1970 to 1974 <input type="radio"/> 1960 to 1969 <input type="radio"/> 1950 to 1959 <input type="radio"/> 1940 to 1949 <input type="radio"/> 1939 or earlier</p>	<p>H25. How many bathrooms do you have? <i>A complete bathroom is a room with flush toilet, bathtub or shower, and wash basin with piped water. A half bathroom has at least a flush toilet or bathtub or shower, but does not have all the facilities for a complete bathroom.</i></p> <p><input type="radio"/> No bathroom, or only a half bathroom <input type="radio"/> 1 complete bathroom <input type="radio"/> 1 complete bathroom, plus half bath(s) <input type="radio"/> 2 or more complete bathrooms</p>	<p>H22d.</p> <p><input type="radio"/> 0 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/> 6 <input type="radio"/> 7 <input type="radio"/> 8 <input type="radio"/> 9</p>
<p>H19. When did the person listed in column 1 move into this house (or apartment)?</p> <p><input type="radio"/> 1979 or 1980 <input type="radio"/> 1975 to 1978 <input type="radio"/> 1970 to 1974 <input type="radio"/> 1960 to 1969 <input type="radio"/> 1950 to 1959 <input type="radio"/> 1949 or earlier <input type="radio"/> Always lived here</p>	<p>H26. Do you have a telephone in your living quarters?</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No</p>	<p>H22d.</p> <p><input type="radio"/> 0 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/> 6 <input type="radio"/> 7 <input type="radio"/> 8 <input type="radio"/> 9</p>
<p>H20. How are your living quarters heated? <i>Fill one circle for the kind of heat used most.</i></p> <p><input type="radio"/> Steam or hot water system <input type="radio"/> Central warm-air furnace with ducts to the individual rooms <i>(Do not count electric heat pumps here.)</i> <input type="radio"/> Electric heat pump <input type="radio"/> Other built-in electric units (permanently installed in wall, ceiling, or baseboard)</p>	<p>H27. Do you have air conditioning?</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Yes, a central air-conditioning system <input type="radio"/> Yes, 1 individual room unit <input type="radio"/> Yes, 2 or more individual room units <input type="radio"/> No</p>	<p>H22d.</p> <p><input type="radio"/> 0 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/> 6 <input type="radio"/> 7 <input type="radio"/> 8 <input type="radio"/> 9</p>
<p><input type="radio"/> Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace <input type="radio"/> Room heaters with flue or vent, burning gas, oil, or kerosene <input type="radio"/> Room heaters without flue or vent, burning gas, oil, or kerosene (not portable) <input type="radio"/> Fireplaces, stoves, or portable room heaters of any kind <input type="radio"/> No heating equipment</p>	<p>H28. How many automobiles are kept at home for use by members of your household?</p> <p><input type="radio"/> None <input type="radio"/> 1 automobile <input type="radio"/> 2 automobiles <input type="radio"/> 3 or more automobiles</p> <p>H29. How many vans or trucks of one-ton capacity or less are kept at home for use by members of your household?</p> <p><input type="radio"/> None <input type="radio"/> 1 van or truck <input type="radio"/> 2 vans or trucks <input type="radio"/> 3 or more vans or trucks</p>	<p>H22d.</p> <p><input type="radio"/> 0 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/> 6 <input type="radio"/> 7 <input type="radio"/> 8 <input type="radio"/> 9</p>

Appendix E.—Facsimiles of Respondent Instructions and Questionnaire Pages

FOR YOUR HOUSEHOLD

Please answer H30—H32 if you live in a one-family house which you own or are buying, unless this is —

- A mobile home or trailer
- A house on 10 or more acres
- A condominium unit
- A house with a commercial establishment or medical office on the property

If any of these, or if you rent your unit or this is a multi-family structure, skip H30 to H32 and turn to page 6.

H30. What were the real estate taxes on this property last year?

\$ _____ .00 OR None

H31. What is the annual premium for fire and hazard insurance on this property?

\$ _____ .00 OR None

H32a. Do you have a mortgage, deed of trust, contract to purchase, or similar debt on this property?

Yes, mortgage, deed of trust, or similar debt

Yes, contract to purchase

No — Skip to page 6

b. Do you have a second or junior mortgage on this property?

Yes No

c. How much is your total regular monthly payment to the lender? Also include payments on a contract to purchase and to lenders holding second or junior mortgages on this property.

\$ _____ .00 OR No regular payment required — Skip to page 6

d. Does your regular monthly payment (amount entered in H32c) include payments for real estate taxes on this property?

Yes, taxes included in payment

No, taxes paid separately or taxes not required

e. Does your regular monthly payment (amount entered in H32c) include payments for fire and hazard insurance on this property?

Yes, insurance included in payment

No, insurance paid separately or no insurance

Please turn to page 6

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	①	2.	4.	②	2.	4.	③	2.	4.
	S.S.	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	S.S.	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	S.S.	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0
	Yes	1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1	Yes	1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1	Yes	1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1
No	2 2 2 2	2 2 2 2	No	2 2 2 2	2 2 2 2	No	2 2 2 2	2 2 2 2	
	④	2.	4.	⑤	2.	4.	⑥	2.	4.
	S.S.	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	S.S.	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	S.S.	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0
	Yes	1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1	Yes	1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1	Yes	1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1
	No	2 2 2 2	2 2 2 2	No	2 2 2 2	2 2 2 2	No	2 2 2 2	2 2 2 2
	⑦	2.	4.	GQ.	H30.	H31.	H32c.		
	S.S.	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0		
	Yes	1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1	1 1	1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1		
	No	2 2 2 2	2 2 2 2	2 2	2 2 2 2	2 2 2 2	2 2 2 2		

0 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1

0 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1

Name of Person 1 on page 2:

Last name First name Middle initial

11. In what State or foreign country was this person born?
 Print the State where this person's mother was living when this person was born. Do not give the location of the hospital unless the mother's home and the hospital were in the same State.

Name of State or foreign country; or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc.

12. If this person was born in a foreign country —

a. Is this person a naturalized citizen of the United States?

Yes, a naturalized citizen
 No, not a citizen
 Born abroad of American parents

b. When did this person come to the United States to stay?

1975 to 1980 1965 to 1969 1950 to 1959
 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1964 Before 1950

13a. Does this person speak a language other than English at home?

Yes No, only speaks English — Skip to 14

b. What is this language?

(For example — Chinese, Italian, Spanish, etc.)

c. How well does this person speak English?

Very well Not well
 Well Not at all

14. What is this person's ancestry? If uncertain about how to report ancestry, see instruction guide.

(For example: Afro-Amer., English, French, German, Honduran, Hungarian, Irish, Italian, Jamaican, Korean, Lebanese, Mexican, Nigerian, Polish, Ukrainian, Venezuelan, etc.)

15a. Did this person live in this house five years ago (April 1, 1975)?
 If in college or Armed Forces in April 1975, report place of residence there.

Born April 1975 or later — Turn to next page for next person
 Yes, this house — Skip to 16
 No, different house

b. Where did this person live five years ago (April 1, 1975)?

(1) State, foreign country, Puerto Rico, Guam, etc.: -----

(2) County: -----

(3) City, town, village, etc.: -----

(4) Inside the incorporated (legal) limits of that city, town, village, etc.?

Yes No, in unincorporated area

16. When was this person born?

Born before April 1965 — Please go on with questions 17-33
 Born April 1965 or later — Turn to next page for next person

17. In April 1975 (five years ago) was this person —

a. On active duty in the Armed Forces?

Yes No

b. Attending college?

Yes No

c. Working at a job or business?

Yes, full time No
 Yes, part time

18a. Is this person a veteran of active-duty military service in the Armed Forces of the United States?
 If service was in National Guard or Reserves only, see instruction guide.

Yes No — Skip to 19

b. Was active-duty military service during — Fill a circle for each period in which this person served.

May 1975 or later
 Vietnam era (August 1964—April 1975)
 February 1955—July 1964
 Korean conflict (June 1950—January 1955)
 World War II (September 1940—July 1947)
 World War I (April 1917—November 1918)
 Any other time

19. Does this person have a physical, mental, or other health condition which has lasted for 6 or more months and which . . .

	Yes	No
a. Limits the kind or amount of work this person can do at a job?	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
b. Prevents this person from working at a job?	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
c. Limits or prevents this person from using public transportation?	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

20. If this person is a female —

None	1	2	3	4	5	6
How many babies has she ever had, not counting stillbirths?	<input type="radio"/>					
Do not count her stepchildren or children she has adopted.	7	8	9	10	11	12 or more
	<input type="radio"/>					

21. If this person has ever been married —

a. Has this person been married more than once?

Once More than once

b. Month and year of marriage? Month and year of first marriage?

----- -----

(Month) (Year) (Month) (Year)

c. If married more than once — Did the first marriage end because of the death of the husband (or wife)?

Yes No

22a. Did this person work at any time last week?

Yes — Fill this circle if this person worked full time or part time. (Count part-time work such as delivering papers, or helping without pay in a family business or farm. Also count active duty in the Armed Forces.)

No — Fill this circle if this person did not work, or did only own housework, school work, or volunteer work.

Skip to 25

b. How many hours did this person work last week (at all jobs)?
 Subtract any time off; add overtime or extra hours worked.

Hours

23. At what location did this person work last week?
 If this person worked at more than one location, print where he or she worked most last week.
 If one location cannot be specified, see instruction guide.

a. Address (Number and street) -----

If street address is not known, enter the building name, shopping center, or other physical location description.

b. Name of city, town, village, borough, etc. -----

c. Is the place of work inside the incorporated (legal) limits of that city, town, village, borough, etc.?

Yes No, in unincorporated area

d. County -----

e. State ----- f. ZIP Code -----

24a. Last week, how long did it usually take this person to get from home to work (one way)?

Minutes

b. How did this person usually get to work last week?
 If this person used more than one method, give the one usually used for most of the distance.

Car Taxicab
 Truck Motorcycle
 Van Bicycle
 Bus or streetcar Walked only
 Railroad Worked at home
 Subway or elevated Other — Specify

If car, truck, or van in 24b, go to 24c. Otherwise, skip to 28.

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Per. No.	11.	13b.	14.	15b.	23.	VL	24a.
1	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0	0 0
2	1 1 1	1 1 1	1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1	1 1
3	2 2 2	2 2 2	2 2 2	2 2 2 2 2 2	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	2	2 2
4	3 3 3	3 3 3	3 3 3	3 3 3 3 3 3	3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	3	3 3
5	4 4 4	4 4 4	4 4 4	4 4 4 4 4 4	4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	4	4 4
6	5 5 5	5 5 5	5 5 5	5 5 5 5 5 5	5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	5	5 5
7	6 6 6	6 6 6	6 6 6	6 6 6 6 6 6	6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	6	6 6
8	7 7 7	7 7 7	7 7 7	7 7 7 7 7 7	7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	7	7 7
9	8 8 8	8 8 8	8 8 8	8 8 8 8 8 8	8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	8	8 8
0	9 9 9	9 9 9	9 9 9	9 9 9 9 9 9	9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	9	9 9

<p>c. When going to work last week, did this person usually —</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Drive alone — <i>Skip to 28</i> <input type="radio"/> Drive others only</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Share driving <input type="radio"/> Ride as passenger only</p>	<p>CENSUS USE</p> <p>21b.</p> <p>I I I</p> <p>O 2 2</p> <p>II 3 3</p> <p>O 4 4</p> <p>III 5 5</p> <p>O 6 6</p> <p>IV 8 8</p> <p>O 9 9</p>	<p>31a. Last year (1979), did this person work, even for a few days, at a paid job or in a business or farm?</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="radio"/> No — <i>Skip to 31d</i></p>	<p>CENSUS USE ONLY</p> <p>31b. 31c. 31d.</p> <p>O O O</p> <p>I I I</p> <p>2 2 2</p> <p>3 3 3</p> <p>4 4 4</p> <p>5 5 5</p> <p>6 6 6</p> <p>7 7 7</p> <p>8 8 8</p> <p>9 9 9</p>
<p>d. How many people, including this person, usually rode to work in the car, truck, or van last week?</p> <p><input type="radio"/> 2 <input checked="" type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 6</p> <p><input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/> 7 or more</p> <p><i>After answering 24d, skip to 28.</i></p>	<p>21b.</p> <p>I I I</p> <p>O 2 2</p> <p>II 3 3</p> <p>O 4 4</p> <p>III 5 5</p> <p>O 6 6</p> <p>IV 8 8</p> <p>O 9 9</p>	<p>b. How many weeks did this person work in 1979? <i>Count paid vacation, paid sick leave, and military service.</i></p> <p>Weeks</p> <p>-----</p>	<p>31b. 31c. 31d.</p> <p>O O O</p> <p>I I I</p> <p>2 2 2</p> <p>3 3 3</p> <p>4 4 4</p> <p>5 5 5</p> <p>6 6 6</p> <p>7 7 7</p> <p>8 8 8</p> <p>9 9 9</p>
<p>25. Was this person temporarily absent or on layoff from a job or business last week?</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Yes, on layoff</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Yes, on vacation, temporary illness, labor dispute, etc.</p> <p><input type="radio"/> No</p>	<p>21b.</p> <p>I I I</p> <p>O 2 2</p> <p>II 3 3</p> <p>O 4 4</p> <p>III 5 5</p> <p>O 6 6</p> <p>IV 8 8</p> <p>O 9 9</p>	<p>c. During the weeks worked in 1979, how many hours did this person usually work each week?</p> <p>Hours</p> <p>-----</p>	<p>31b. 31c. 31d.</p> <p>O O O</p> <p>I I I</p> <p>2 2 2</p> <p>3 3 3</p> <p>4 4 4</p> <p>5 5 5</p> <p>6 6 6</p> <p>7 7 7</p> <p>8 8 8</p> <p>9 9 9</p>
<p>26a. Has this person been looking for work during the last 4 weeks?</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No — <i>Skip to 27</i></p>	<p>22b.</p> <p>O O O</p> <p>I I I</p> <p>2 2</p> <p>3 3</p> <p>4 4</p> <p>5 5</p> <p>6 6</p> <p>7 7</p> <p>8 8</p> <p>9 9</p>	<p>d. Of the weeks not worked in 1979 (if any), how many weeks was this person looking for work or on layoff from a job?</p> <p>Weeks</p> <p>-----</p>	<p>32a. 32b.</p> <p>O O O O</p> <p>I I I I</p> <p>2 2 2 2</p> <p>3 3 3 3</p> <p>4 4 4 4</p> <p>5 5 5 5</p> <p>6 6 6 6</p> <p>7 7 7 7</p> <p>8 8 8 8</p> <p>9 9 9 9</p> <p>A O O A O</p>
<p>b. Could this person have taken a job last week?</p> <p><input type="radio"/> No, already has a job</p> <p><input type="radio"/> No, temporarily ill</p> <p><input type="radio"/> No, other reasons (in school, etc.)</p> <p><input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes, could have taken a job</p>	<p>22b.</p> <p>O O O</p> <p>I I I</p> <p>2 2</p> <p>3 3</p> <p>4 4</p> <p>5 5</p> <p>6 6</p> <p>7 7</p> <p>8 8</p> <p>9 9</p>	<p>32. Income in 1979 —</p> <p><i>Fill circles and print dollar amounts.</i></p> <p><i>If net income was a loss, write "Loss" above the dollar amount.</i></p> <p><i>If exact amount is not known, give best estimate. For income received jointly by household members, see instruction guide.</i></p>	<p>32c. 32d.</p> <p>O O O O</p> <p>I I I I</p> <p>2 2 2 2</p> <p>3 3 3 3</p> <p>4 4 4 4</p> <p>5 5 5 5</p> <p>6 6 6 6</p> <p>7 7 7 7</p> <p>8 8 8 8</p> <p>9 9 9 9</p> <p>A O O A O</p>
<p>27. When did this person last work, even for a few days?</p> <p><input type="radio"/> 1980 <input type="radio"/> 1978 <input type="radio"/> 1970 to 1974</p> <p><input type="radio"/> 1979 <input type="radio"/> 1975 to 1977 <input type="radio"/> 1969 or earlier</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Never worked</p> <p><i>Skip to 31d</i></p>	<p>28.</p> <p>A B C</p> <p>O O O</p> <p>D E F</p> <p>O O O</p> <p>G H J</p> <p>O O O</p> <p>K L M</p> <p>O O O</p>	<p>During 1979 did this person receive any income from the following sources?</p> <p><i>If "Yes" to any of the sources below — How much did this person receive for the entire year?</i></p>	<p>32c. 32d.</p> <p>O O O O</p> <p>I I I I</p> <p>2 2 2 2</p> <p>3 3 3 3</p> <p>4 4 4 4</p> <p>5 5 5 5</p> <p>6 6 6 6</p> <p>7 7 7 7</p> <p>8 8 8 8</p> <p>9 9 9 9</p> <p>A O O A O</p>
<p>28–30. Current or most recent job activity</p> <p><i>Describe clearly this person's chief job activity or business last week. If this person had more than one job, describe the one at which this person worked the most hours. If this person had no job or business last week, give information for last job or business since 1975.</i></p>	<p>28.</p> <p>A B C</p> <p>O O O</p> <p>D E F</p> <p>O O O</p> <p>G H J</p> <p>O O O</p> <p>K L M</p> <p>O O O</p>	<p>a. Wages, salary, commissions, bonuses, or tips from all jobs . . . Report amount before deductions for taxes, bonds, dues, or other items.</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Yes → \$.00</p> <p><input type="radio"/> No (Annual amount — Dollars)</p>	<p>32c. 32d.</p> <p>O O O O</p> <p>I I I I</p> <p>2 2 2 2</p> <p>3 3 3 3</p> <p>4 4 4 4</p> <p>5 5 5 5</p> <p>6 6 6 6</p> <p>7 7 7 7</p> <p>8 8 8 8</p> <p>9 9 9 9</p> <p>A O O A O</p>
<p>28. Industry</p> <p>a. For whom did this person work? <i>If now on active duty in the Armed Forces, print "AF" and skip to question 31.</i></p> <p>(Name of company, business, organization, or other employer)</p>	<p>28.</p> <p>A B C</p> <p>O O O</p> <p>D E F</p> <p>O O O</p> <p>G H J</p> <p>O O O</p> <p>K L M</p> <p>O O O</p>	<p>b. Own nonfarm business, partnership, or professional practice . . . Report net income after business expenses.</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Yes → \$.00</p> <p><input type="radio"/> No (Annual amount — Dollars)</p>	<p>32c. 32d.</p> <p>O O O O</p> <p>I I I I</p> <p>2 2 2 2</p> <p>3 3 3 3</p> <p>4 4 4 4</p> <p>5 5 5 5</p> <p>6 6 6 6</p> <p>7 7 7 7</p> <p>8 8 8 8</p> <p>9 9 9 9</p> <p>A O O A O</p>
<p>b. What kind of business or industry was this? <i>Describe the activity at location where employed.</i></p> <p>(For example: Hospital, newspaper publishing, mail order house, auto engine manufacturing, breakfast cereal manufacturing)</p>	<p>28.</p> <p>A B C</p> <p>O O O</p> <p>D E F</p> <p>O O O</p> <p>G H J</p> <p>O O O</p> <p>K L M</p> <p>O O O</p>	<p>c. Own farm . . . Report net income after operating expenses. Include earnings as a tenant farmer or sharecropper.</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Yes → \$.00</p> <p><input type="radio"/> No (Annual amount — Dollars)</p>	<p>32c. 32d.</p> <p>O O O O</p> <p>I I I I</p> <p>2 2 2 2</p> <p>3 3 3 3</p> <p>4 4 4 4</p> <p>5 5 5 5</p> <p>6 6 6 6</p> <p>7 7 7 7</p> <p>8 8 8 8</p> <p>9 9 9 9</p> <p>A O O A O</p>
<p>c. Is this mainly — (Fill one circle)</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Manufacturing <input checked="" type="radio"/> Retail trade</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Wholesale trade <input type="radio"/> Other — (agriculture, construction, service, government, etc.)</p>	<p>28.</p> <p>A B C</p> <p>O O O</p> <p>D E F</p> <p>O O O</p> <p>G H J</p> <p>O O O</p> <p>K L M</p> <p>O O O</p>	<p>d. Interest, dividends, royalties, or net rental income . . . Report even small amounts credited to an account.</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Yes → \$.00</p> <p><input type="radio"/> No (Annual amount — Dollars)</p>	<p>32c. 32d.</p> <p>O O O O</p> <p>I I I I</p> <p>2 2 2 2</p> <p>3 3 3 3</p> <p>4 4 4 4</p> <p>5 5 5 5</p> <p>6 6 6 6</p> <p>7 7 7 7</p> <p>8 8 8 8</p> <p>9 9 9 9</p> <p>A O O A O</p>
<p>29. Occupation</p> <p>a. What kind of work was this person doing?</p> <p>(For example: Registered nurse, personnel manager, supervisor of order department, gasoline engine assembler, grinder operator)</p>	<p>29.</p> <p>N P Q</p> <p>O O O</p> <p>R S T</p> <p>O O O</p> <p>U V W</p> <p>O O O</p> <p>X Y Z</p> <p>O O O</p>	<p>e. Social Security or Railroad Retirement . . .</p> <p><input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes → \$.00</p> <p><input type="radio"/> No (Annual amount — Dollars)</p>	<p>32g. 33.</p> <p>O O O O</p> <p>I I I I</p> <p>2 2 2 2</p> <p>3 3 3 3</p> <p>4 4 4 4</p> <p>5 5 5 5</p> <p>6 6 6 6</p> <p>7 7 7 7</p> <p>8 8 8 8</p> <p>9 9 9 9</p> <p>A O O A O</p>
<p>b. What were this person's most important activities or duties?</p> <p>(For example: Patient care, directing hiring policies, supervising order clerks, assembling engines, operating grinding mill)</p>	<p>29.</p> <p>N P Q</p> <p>O O O</p> <p>R S T</p> <p>O O O</p> <p>U V W</p> <p>O O O</p> <p>X Y Z</p> <p>O O O</p>	<p>f. Supplemental Security (SSI), Aid to Families with Dependent Children (AFDC), or other public assistance or public welfare payments . . .</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Yes → \$.00</p> <p><input type="radio"/> No (Annual amount — Dollars)</p>	<p>32g. 33.</p> <p>O O O O</p> <p>I I I I</p> <p>2 2 2 2</p> <p>3 3 3 3</p> <p>4 4 4 4</p> <p>5 5 5 5</p> <p>6 6 6 6</p> <p>7 7 7 7</p> <p>8 8 8 8</p> <p>9 9 9 9</p> <p>A O O A O</p>
<p>30. Was this person — (Fill one circle)</p> <p>Employee of private company, business, or individual, for wages, salary, or commissions . . . <input checked="" type="radio"/></p> <p>Federal government employee . . . <input type="radio"/></p> <p>State government employee . . . <input type="radio"/></p> <p>Local government employee (city, county, etc.) . . . <input type="radio"/></p> <p>Self-employed in own business, professional practice, or farm —</p> <p>Own business not incorporated . . . <input type="radio"/></p> <p>Own business incorporated . . . <input type="radio"/></p> <p>Working without pay in family business or farm . . . <input type="radio"/></p>	<p>29.</p> <p>N P Q</p> <p>O O O</p> <p>R S T</p> <p>O O O</p> <p>U V W</p> <p>O O O</p> <p>X Y Z</p> <p>O O O</p>	<p>g. Unemployment compensation, veterans' payments, pensions, alimony or child support, or any other sources of income received regularly . . . Exclude lump-sum payments such as money from an inheritance or the sale of a home.</p> <p><input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes → \$.00</p> <p><input type="radio"/> No (Annual amount — Dollars)</p>	<p>32g. 33.</p> <p>O O O O</p> <p>I I I I</p> <p>2 2 2 2</p> <p>3 3 3 3</p> <p>4 4 4 4</p> <p>5 5 5 5</p> <p>6 6 6 6</p> <p>7 7 7 7</p> <p>8 8 8 8</p> <p>9 9 9 9</p> <p>A O O A O</p>
		<p>33. What was this person's total income in 1979?</p> <p>Add entries in questions 32a through g; subtract any losses. \$.00</p> <p><i>If total amount was a loss, write "Loss" above amount.</i> OR <input type="radio"/> None</p>	

→ Please turn to the next page and answer the questions for Person 2 on page 2

Appendix F.—Publication and Computer Tape Program

GENERAL	F-1	PUBLICATIONS—Con.	
PUBLICATIONS	F-1	HC80-5, Volume 5, Residential Finance	F-4
Population and Housing Census Reports	F-1	HC80-S1-1, Supplementary Reports	F-4
PHC80-1, Block Statistics	F-1	Evaluation and Reference Reports	F-4
PHC80-2, Census Tracts	F-2	PHC80-E, Evaluation and Research Reports	F-4
PHC80-3, Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas	F-2	PHC80-R, Reference Reports	F-4
PHC80-4, Congressional Districts of the 98th Congress	F-2	PHC80-R1, Users' Guide	F-4
PHC80-S1-1, Provisional Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics	F-2	PHC80-R2, History	F-4
PHC80-S2, Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics	F-2	PHC80-R3, Alphabetical Index of Industries and Occupations	F-4
Population Census Reports	F-2	PHC80-R4, Classified Index of Industries and Occupations	F-4
PC80-1, Volume 1, Characteristics of the Population	F-2	PHC80-R5, Geographic Identification Code Scheme	F-4
PC80-1-A, Chapter A, Number of Inhabitants	F-2	COMPUTER TAPES	F-4
PC80-1-B, Chapter B, General Population Characteristics	F-2	Summary Tape Files	F-4
PC80-1-C, Chapter C, General Social and Economic Characteristics	F-3	STF 1	F-4
PC80-1-D, Chapter D, Detailed Population Characteristics	F-3	STF 2	F-4
PC80-2, Volume 2, Subject Reports	F-3	STF 3	F-4
PC80-S1, Supplementary Reports	F-3	STF 4	F-5
Housing Census Reports	F-3	STF 5	F-5
HC80-1, Volume 1, Characteristics of Housing Units	F-3	Other Computer Tape Files	F-5
HC80-1-A, Chapter A, General Housing Characteristics	F-3	P.L. 94-171, Population Counts	F-5
HC80-1-B, Chapter B, Detailed Housing Characteristics	F-3	Master Area Reference Files 1 and 2 (MARF)	F-5
HC80-2, Volume 2, Metropolitan Housing Characteristics	F-3	Geographic Base File/Dual Independent Map Encoding (GBF/DIME)	F-5
HC80-3, Volume 3, Subject Reports	F-3	Public-Use Microdata Samples	F-5
HC80-4, Volume 4, Components of Inventory Change	F-3	Census/EEO Special File	F-5
		MAPS	F-5
		MICROFICHE	F-5
		STF 1 Microfiche	F-5
		STF 3 Microfiche	F-5
		P.L. 94-171 Counts Microfiche	F-5
		GENERAL	

files, and microfiche. Most of the reports listed are issued on a flow basis through 1983. A few may be issued later, such as Subject Reports and Evaluation and Reference Reports.

The publications of the 1980 census are released under three subject titles: *1980 Census of Population and Housing*, *1980 Census of Population*, and *1980 Census of Housing*. The description of the publication program below is organized in sections, by census title, followed by the reports under each title. It should be noted that a number of population census reports contain some housing data and a number of housing census reports contain some population data. Following the description of the publication program are sections on computer tapes, maps, and microfiche.

The data product descriptions include listings of geographic areas for which data are summarized in that product. Note that the term "place" refers to incorporated places and census designated (or unincorporated) places, as well as towns and townships in 11 States (the 6 New England States, the 3 Middle Atlantic States, Michigan, and Wisconsin).

Order forms for these materials are available, subject to availability of the data product, from *Data User Services Division, Customer Services, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233; Census Bureau Regional Offices; U.S. Department of Commerce District Offices; and State Data Centers*. After issuance, census reports are on file in many libraries and are available for examination at any Department of Commerce District Office or Census Bureau Regional Office.

PUBLICATIONS

Population and Housing Census Reports

PHC80-1, Block Statistics—These reports, which are issued on microfiche rather

Appendix F.—Publication and Computer Tape Program

than in print form, present population and housing unit totals and statistics on selected characteristics which are based on complete-count tabulations. Data are shown for blocks in urbanized areas and selected adjacent areas, for blocks in places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, and for blocks in areas which contracted with the Census Bureau to provide block statistics.

The set of reports consists of 374 sets of microfiche and includes a report for each standard metropolitan statistical area (SMSA), showing blocked areas within the SMSA, and a report for each State and for Puerto Rico, showing blocked areas outside SMSA's. In addition to microfiche, printed detailed maps showing the blocks covered by the particular report are available as well as a U.S. Summary, which is an index to the set.

PHC80-2, Census Tracts—Statistics for most of the population and housing subjects included in the 1980 census are presented for census tracts in SMSA's and in other tracted areas. Both complete-count data and sample data are included. Most statistics are presented by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of persons in the relevant population group.

There is one report for each SMSA, as well as one for each of the States and Puerto Rico which have tracted areas outside SMSA's. In addition, maps showing the boundaries and identification numbers of census tracts in the SMSA are available as well as a U.S. Summary, which is an index to the set and also provides a historical listing of the total number of tracts by area.

PHC80-3, Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas—Statistics are presented on total population and on complete-count and sample population characteristics such as age, race, education, disability, ability to speak English, labor force, and income, and on total housing units and housing characteristics such as value, age of structure, and rent. These statistics are shown for the following areas or their equivalents: States, SMSA's, counties, county subdivisions (those which are functioning general-purpose local governments), and incorporated places.

There is one report for each State, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico.

This series does not include a U.S. Summary.

PHC80-4, Congressional Districts of the 98th Congress—These reports present complete-count and sample data for congressional districts of the 98th Congress. The reports reflect redistricting based on the 1982 elections. One report is issued for each of the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

PHC80-S1-1, Provisional Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics—This report presents provisional estimates based on sample data collected in the 1980 census. Data on social, economic, and housing characteristics are shown for the United States as a whole, each State, the District of Columbia, and SMSA's of 1 million or more inhabitants.

These data are based on a special subsample of the full census sample. The sample, which represents about 1.6 percent of the total population, was developed to provide users with initial data on characteristics of the population and housing units for the Nation and large areas.

PHC80-S2, Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics—These reports present advance sample data from the 1980 census including such social and economic characteristics of the population as education, migration, labor force, and income as well as housing characteristics such as structural information, mortgage, and gross rent.

The set consists of 50 paperbound reports and includes one report for each State and the District of Columbia. No report will be issued for the United States as a whole.

Each report presents population and housing characteristics for the State, its counties or comparable areas, and places of 25,000 or more inhabitants. Selected data are shown for four race groups (White; Black; combined American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut; and Asian and Pacific Islander) as well as for persons of Spanish origin.

Population Census Reports

PC80-1, Volume 1, Characteristics of the Population—This volume presents final

population counts and statistics on population characteristics. It consists of reports for the following 57 areas: the United States, each of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas—Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands and the remainder of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. The volume consists of four chapters for each area, chapters A, B, C, and D. Chapters A and B present data collected on a complete-count basis, and chapters C and D present estimates based on sample information, except for the Outlying Areas where all data were collected on a complete-count basis.

The population totals presented in chapters A and B may differ from the counts presented earlier in the PHC80-V reports because corrections were made for errors found after the PHC80-V reports were issued. Chapters B, C, and D present statistics by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of the relevant population group.

The U.S. Summary reports present statistics for the United States, regions, divisions, States, and selected areas below the State level. The State or equivalent Area reports (which include the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas) present statistics for the State or equivalent area and its subdivisions.

Statistics for each of the 57 areas are issued in separate paperbound reports of chapters A, B, C, and D.

PC80-1-A, Chapter A, Number of Inhabitants—Final population counts are shown for the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties, county subdivisions, incorporated places and census designated places, standard consolidated statistical areas (SCSA's), SMSA's, and urbanized areas. Selected tables contain population counts by urban and rural residence. Many tables contain population counts from previous censuses.

PC80-1-B, Chapter B, General Population Characteristics—Statistics on household relationship, age, race, Spanish origin, sex, and marital status are shown for the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties (by total and rural residence), county subdivisions, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, SCSA's,

Appendix F.—Publication and Computer Tape Program

SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages.

PC80-1-C, Chapter C, General Social and Economic Characteristics—Statistics are presented on nativity, State or country of birth, citizenship and year of immigration for the foreign-born population, language spoken at home and ability to speak English, ancestry, fertility, family composition, type of group quarters, marital history, residence in 1975, journey to work, school enrollment, years of school completed, disability, veteran status, labor force status, occupation, industry, class of worker, labor force status in 1979, income in 1979, and poverty status in 1979. In addition, data on subjects shown in the PC80-1-B reports are presented in this report in more detail.

Each subject is shown for some or all of the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties (by rural and rural-farm residence), places of 2,500 or more inhabitants, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages.

PC80-1-D, Chapter D, Detailed Population Characteristics—Statistics on most of the subjects covered in the PC80-1-C reports are presented in this report in considerably greater detail and cross-classified by age, race, Spanish origin, and other characteristics. Each subject is shown for the State or equivalent area, and some subjects are also shown for rural residence at the State level. Most subjects are shown for SMSA's of 250,000 or more inhabitants, and a few are shown for central cities of these SMSA's.

PC80-2, Volume 2, Subject Reports—Each of the reports in this volume focuses on a particular subject and provides highly detailed distributions and cross-classifications on a national, regional, and divisional level. A few reports show statistics for States, SMSA's, large cities, American Indian reservations, or Alaska Native villages. Separate reports are issued on such subjects as racial and ethnic groups, type of residence, fertility, families, marital status, migration, education, employment, occupation, industry, journey to work, income, poverty status, and other topics.

PC80-S1, Supplementary Reports—These reports present special compilations of

1980 census statistics dealing with specific population subjects.

Housing Census Reports

HC80-1, Volume 1, Characteristics of Housing Units—This volume presents final housing unit counts and statistics on housing characteristics. It consists of reports for the following 57 areas: the United States, each of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas—Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands and the remainder of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. The volume consists of two chapters for each area, chapters A and B. Chapter A presents data collected on a complete-count basis, and chapter B presents estimates based on sample information, except for the Outlying Areas where all data were collected on a complete-count basis.

The housing totals presented in this report may differ from the counts presented earlier in the PHC80-V reports because corrections were made for errors found after the PHC80-V reports were issued. Both chapters present statistics by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of the relevant population group.

The U.S. Summary reports present statistics for the United States, regions, divisions, States, and selected areas below the State level. The State or equivalent Area reports (which include the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas) present statistics for the State or equivalent area and its subdivisions.

Statistics for each of the 57 areas are issued in separate paperbound reports of chapters A and B.

HC80-1-A, Chapter A, General Housing Characteristics—Statistics on units at address, tenure, condominium status, number of rooms, persons per room, plumbing facilities, value, contract rent, and vacancy status are shown for some or all of the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties, county subdivisions, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages. Selected tables contain housing characteristics by urban and rural residence.

HC80-1-B, Chapter B, Detailed Housing Characteristics—Statistics on units in structure, year moved into unit, year structure built, heating equipment, fuels, air-conditioning, source of water, sewage disposal, gross rent, and selected monthly ownership costs are shown for some or all of the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties, places of 2,500 or more inhabitants, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages. Selected tables show housing characteristics for rural and rural farm residence at the State and county level. Some subjects included in the HC80-1-A reports are also covered in this report in more detail.

HC80-2, Volume 2, Metropolitan Housing Characteristics—This volume presents statistics on most of the 1980 housing census subjects in considerable detail and cross-classification. Most statistics are presented by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of the relevant population group. Data are shown for States or equivalent areas, SMSA's and their central cities, and other cities of 50,000 or more inhabitants.

There is one report for each SMSA and one report for each State and Puerto Rico. The set includes a U.S. Summary report showing these statistics for the United States and regions.

HC80-3, Volume 3, Subject Reports—Each of the reports in this volume focuses on a particular subject and provides highly detailed distributions and cross-classifications on a national, regional, and divisional level. Separate reports are issued on housing of the elderly, mobile homes, and American Indian households.

HC80-4, Volume 4, Components of Inventory Change—This volume consists of two reports presenting statistics on the 1980 characteristics of housing units which existed in 1973, as well as on newly constructed units, conversions, mergers, demolitions, and other additions and losses to the housing inventory between 1973 and 1980. These reports present data derived from a sample survey conducted in the fall of 1980. Data are presented for the United States and regions in report I. Report II has two parts: Part A presents data for that group of SMSA's (not individually identified)

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with populations of 1 million or more at the time of the 1970 census, and part B presents data for that group of SMSA's (not individually identified) with populations of less than 1 million at the time of the 1970 census.

HC80-5, Volume 5, Residential Finance—This volume consists of one report presenting statistics on the financing of non-farm homeowner and rental and vacant properties, including characteristics of the mortgage, property, and owner. The statistics are based on a sample survey conducted in the spring of 1981. Data are presented for the United States and regions. Some data are presented by inside and outside SMSA's and by central cities.

HC80-S1-1, Supplementary Reports—These reports present statistics from the 1980 Census of Housing on general characteristics of housing units for the 50 States and the District of Columbia, counties, and independent cities.

Evaluation and Reference Reports

PHC80-E, Evaluation and Research Reports—These reports present the results of the extensive evaluation program conducted as an integral part of the 1980 census. This program relates to such matters as completeness of enumeration and quality of the data on characteristics.

PHC80-R, Reference Reports—These reports present information on the various administrative and methodological aspects of the 1980 census. The series includes:

PHC80-R1, Users' Guide—This report covers subject content, procedures, geography, statistical products, limitations of the data, sources of user assistance, notes on data use, a glossary of terms, and guides for locating data in reports and tape files. The guide is issued in loose-leaf form and sold in parts (R 1-A, B, etc.) as they are printed.

PHC80-R2, History—This report describes in detail all phases of the 1980 census, from the earliest planning through all stages to the dissemination of data and evaluation of results. It contains detailed discussion of 1980 census questions and their use in previous decennial censuses.

PHC80-R3, Alphabetical Index of Industries and Occupations—This report was developed primarily for use in classifying responses to the questions on the kind of business (industry) and kind of work (occupation) in which the respondent is engaged. The index lists approximately 20,000 industry and 29,000 occupation titles in alphabetical order.

PHC80-R4, Classified Index of Industries and Occupations—This report defines the industrial and occupational classification systems adopted for the 1980 Census of Population. It presents the individual titles that constitute each of the 231 industry and 503 occupation categories in the classification systems. The individual titles are the same as those shown in the Alphabetical Index. The 1980 occupation classification reflects the new U.S. Standard Occupational Classification (SOC). As in the past, the 1980 industry classification reflects the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC).

PHC80-R5, Geographic Identification Code Scheme—This report identifies the names and related geographic codes for each State, county, minor civil division, place, region, division, SCSA, SMSA, American Indian reservation, and Alaska Native village for which the Census Bureau tabulated data from the 1980 census.

COMPUTER TAPES

Summary Tape Files

In addition to the printed and microfiche reports, results of the 1980 census also are provided on computer tape in the form of summary tape files (STF's). These data products have been designed to provide statistics with greater subject and geographic detail than is feasible or desirable to provide in printed and microfiche reports. The STF data are made available at nominal cost. The data are subject to suppression of certain detail where necessary to protect confidentiality.

There are five STF's (listed below), and the amount of geographic and subject detail presented varies. STF's 1 and 2 contain complete-count data, and STF's 3, 4, and 5 contain sample data. Note that the term "cells" used below refers

to the number of subject statistics provided for each geographic area, and the number of cells is indicative of the detail of the subject content of the file.

Each of the STF's generally consists of two or more files which provide different degrees of geographic detail and, in some cases, race/Spanish origin cross-classification. For each of the files there is a separate tape or tapes for each State, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico. Selected files (STF 1 and STF 3) are also produced for Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands and the remainder of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. These tapes are issued on a State-by-State basis and are followed by a national summary tape for the particular file. More complete descriptions of the STF's than given in the summaries below can be found in the technical documentation of the specific file and in the PHC80-R1, *Users' Guide*.

STF 1—This STF provides 321 cells of complete-count population and housing data. Data are summarized for the United States, regions, divisions, States, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, congressional districts, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts, enumeration districts in unblocked areas, and blocks and block groups in blocked areas. The data include those shown in the PHC80-1, PHC80-3 (complete-count), and PC80-1-A reports.

STF 2—This STF contains 2,292 cells of detailed complete-count population and housing data, of which 962 are repeated for each race and Spanish origin group present in the tabulation area. Data are summarized for the United States, regions, divisions, States, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, counties, county subdivisions, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, census tracts, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages. The data include those shown in the PHC80-2 (complete-count), PC80-1-B, and HC80-1-A reports.

STF 3—This STF contains 1,126 cells of data on various population and housing subjects collected on a sample basis. The areas covered are the same as in STF 1, excluding blocks. The data include those shown in the PHC80-3 (sample) reports.

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STF 4—This STF is the geographic counterpart of STF 2, but the number of cells of data is greater (approximately 8,400). STF 4 provides data covering virtually all of the population and housing subjects collected on a sample basis, as well as some of the complete-count subjects. Some of the statistics are repeated for race, Spanish origin, and ancestry groups. Data are summarized for areas similar to those shown in STF 2, except that data for places are limited to those with 2,500 or more inhabitants. The data include those shown in the PHC80-2 (sample), PC80-1-C, and HC80-1-B reports.

STF 5—This STF contains over 100,000 cells of data on various population and housing subjects collected on a sample basis and provides detailed tabulations and cross-classifications for States, SMSA's, counties, cities of 50,000 or more inhabitants and central cities. Most subjects are classified by race and Spanish origin. The data include those shown in the PC80-1-D and HC80-2 reports.

Other Computer Tape Files

P.L. 94-171, Population Counts—In accordance with Public Law (P.L.) 94-171, the Census Bureau provides population tabulations to all States for legislative reapportionment/redistricting. The file is issued on a State-by-State basis. It contains population counts classified by race and Spanish origin. The data are tabulated for the following levels of geography as applicable: States, counties, county subdivisions, incorporated places, census tracts, blocks and block groups in blocked areas, and enumeration districts in unblocked areas. For States participating in the voluntary program to define election precincts in conjunction with the Census Bureau, the data are also tabulated for election precincts.

Master Area Reference Files 1 and 2 (MARF)

MARF 1—This geographic reference file is an extract of STF 1 designed for those who require a master list of geographic codes and areas, along with basic census counts arranged hierarchically from the State down to the block group and enumeration district levels and is issued on a State-by-State basis. The file contains records for States, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts, enumeration districts in unblocked areas, and block groups in blocked areas. Each record shows the total population by five race groups, population of Spanish origin, number of housing units, number of households, number of families, and a few other items.

MARF 2—This file is the same as the MARF 1 with the latitude and longitude coordinates for a representative point (centroid) in each block group (BG) or enumeration district (ED) outside block numbered areas.

Geographic Base File/Dual Independent Map Encoding (GBF/DIME)—These files are computer representations of the Metropolitan Map Series, including address ranges and ZIP Codes, which generally cover the urbanized portions of SMSA's. GBF/DIME files are used to assign census geographic codes to addresses (geocoding). The files are available by SMSA.

Public-Use Microdata Samples—Public-use microdata samples are computerized files containing most population and housing characteristics as shown on a sample of individual census records. These files contain no names or addresses, and geographic identification is sufficiently broad to protect confidentiality.

There are three mutually exclusive samples, the A sample including 5 percent of all persons and housing units, and the

B and C samples each including 1 percent of all persons and housing units. States and most large SMSA's will be identifiable on one or more of the files. Microdata files allow the user to prepare customized tabulations.

Census/EEO Special File—This file provides sample census data with specified relevance to EEO and affirmative action uses. The file contains two tabulations, one with detailed occupational data and the other with years of school completed by age. The data in both tabulations are crossed by sex, race, and Spanish origin. These data are provided for all counties, for all SMSA's, and for places with a population of 50,000 or more.

MAPS

Maps necessary to define areas are generally published and included as part of the corresponding reports. Maps are published for Block Statistics (PHC80-1) and Census Tracts (PHC80-2), but must be purchased separately from the report. Maps necessary to define enumeration districts are available on a cost-of-reproduction basis.

MICROFICHE

Some of the computer tape products are available on microfiche. The STF microfiche are issued for each State or Area and for the United States. These include:

STF 1 Microfiche—Data from STF 1 are presented in tabular form for all the STF 1 geographic levels described previously, except blocks.

STF 3 Microfiche—Data from STF 3 are presented in tabular form for all the STF 3 geographic levels.

P.L. 94-171 Counts Microfiche—The data from the P.L. 94-171 computer file are presented in a listing format.