TABLE 230. INDUSTRY OF EMPLOYED PERSONS BY AGE AND SEX: 1980

[DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDIXES A AND B]

MAINE	TOTAL, 16 YEARS AND OVER	16 AND 17 YEARS	18 AND 19 YEARS	20 TO 24 YEARS	25 TO 29 YEARS	30 TO 34 YEARS	35 TO 44 YEARS	45 TO 54 YEARS	55 TO 59 YEARS	60 TO 64 YEARS	65 YEARS AND OVER	MEDIAN AGE
EMPLOYED MALES 16 YEARS AND OVER	263 404	7 107	10 762	32 535	36 769	37 388	52 606	45 469	19 481	12 522	8 765	36.3
AGRICULTURE	8 820	573	487	1 102	947	893	1 620	1 422	702	498	576	37.4
FORESTRY AND FISHERIES	3 938	80	193	666	625	565	804	605	168	112	120	33.6
MINING	209	3	11	32	40	21	57	36	5	4	-	34.4
CONSTRUCTION	24 585	174	829	3 299	4 011	3 559	4 839	4 484	1 724	1 052	614	35.8
MANUFACTURING	83 550	1 016	3 088	11 830	12 126	11 697	16 997	14 525	6 281	4 222	1 768	36.1
NONDURABLE GOODS	43 975	724	1 699	5 972	5 655	5 585	9 018	8 241	3 688	2 382	1 011	37.4
MEAT PRODUCTS	1 345	35	76	255	173	148	299	248	63	28	20	34.5
CANNED AND PRESERVED PRODUCE AND BEVERAGES	1 495	23	122	253	215	163	295	202	124	63	35	34.1
BAKERY PRODUCTS	976	90	25	153	141	104	182	169	60	29	23	33.8
OTHER FOOD INDUSTRIES	1 911	38	69	241	283	215	380	357	122	100	106	38.4
YARN, THREAD, AND FABRIC MILLS	4 949	58	268	815	556	436	794	862	463	494	203	39.2
OTHER TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	774	11	51	168	121	64	136	97	49	37	40	32.8
APPAREL AND OTHER FINISHED TEXTILE PRODUCTS	729	10	50	142	126	62	88	171	31	38	11	32.9
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	17 290	6	181	1 791	2 186	2 596	4 046	3 838	1 686	885	75	39.3
PRINTING, PUBLISHING, AND ALLIED INDUSTRIES	2 906	198	137	341	330	416	581	397	200	144	162	35.4
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	1 306	-	34	140	263	174	299	217	78	77	24	36.2
PETROLEUM AND COAL PRODUCTS	68	-	-	-	18	9	22	2	17	-	-	38.5
RUBBER AND MISCELLANEOUS PLASTICS PRODUCTS	1 551	13	98	316	251	196	294	230	84	37	32	32.5
FOOTWEAR, EXCEPT RUBBER AND PLASTIC	7 284	234	515	1 148	851	837	1 400	1 119	574	343	263	35.4
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	1 391	8	73	209	141	165	202	332	137	107	17	40.4
DURABLE GOODS	39 356	290	1 379	5 844	6 440	6 074	7 948	6 244	2 561	1 825	751	34.7
LOGGING	4 478	97	152	638	723	651	952	775	244	147	99	34.8
SAWMILLS, PLANING MILLS, AND MILLWORK	3 680	43	169	702	562	530	641	542	190	215	86	33.4
WOOD BUILDINGS, MOBILE HOMES, AND MISCELLANEOUS WOOD PRODUCTS	3 773	24	143	656	527	469	618	603	303	262	168	36.0
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	1 074	13	35	212	174	119	199	165	65	63	29	34.3
STONE, CLAY, GLASS, AND CONCRETE PRODUCTS	1 024	13	49	82	182	173	205	182	51	49	38	35.6
CEMENT, CONCRETE, GYPSUM, AND PLASTER PRODUCTS	649	8	29	72	105	106	105	131	30	40	23	35.4
PRIMARY IRON AND STEEL INDUSTRIES	500	5	28	88	78	73	97	75	45	11	-	33.5
PRIMARY NONFERROUS INDUSTRIES	340	-	-	49	63	55	32	79	26	28	8	36.5
FABRICATED METAL INDUSTRIES	3 321	17	108	484	552	534	662	468	249	200	47	34.7
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	5 247	16	202	754	970	793	1 140	802	283	196	91	34.3
OFFICE, ACCOUNTING, AND COMPUTING MACHINES	1 036	-	56	243	235	146	194	133	7	16	6	29.7
ELECTRICAL MACHINERY, EQUIPMENT, AND SUPPLIES	3 808	-	191	579	689	557	842	559	252	99	40	34.0
RADIO, TV, AND COMMUNICATION EQUIPMENT	455	-	15	72	80	76	77	67	33	19	16	34.0
MOTOR VEHICLES AND MOTOR VEHICLE EQUIPMENT	317	-	17	27	44	43	63	49	42	23	9	40.2
AIRCRAFT, SPACE VEHICLES, AND PARTS	646	-	58	138	91	94	127	83	28	27	-	31.9
OTHER TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	9 922	38	170	1 227	1 646	1 795	2 152	1 642	686	463	103	35.3
PROFESSIONAL AND PHOTOGRAPHIC EQUIPMENT AND WATCHES	408	-	17	41	36	65	66	111	44	28	-	41.3
MISCELLANEOUS MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES	818	24	40	167	103	123	152	109	53	14	33	33.0
NOT SPECIFIED MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES	219	2	10	14	31	38	31	40	32	15	6	38.8
TRANSPORTATION, COMMUNICATIONS, AND OTHER PUBLIC UTILITIES	21 117	65	268	1 428	2 773	3 328	4 409	5 042	2 326	1 019	459	40.9
RAILROADS	2 655	-	7	121	365	414	406	770	404	154	14	45.3
BUS SERVICE AND URBAN TRANSIT	729	24	15	76	117	95	101	182	62	33	24	39.5
TRUCKING SERVICE AND WAREHOUSING	5 246	32	121	403	713	831	1 480	1 157	264	171	74	38.4
U. S. POSTAL SERVICE	2 819	2	11	54	117	320	437	978	550	264	86	50.6
WATER TRANSPORTATION	966	-	31	66	184	177	187	181	91	36	13	36.1

TABLE 230. INDUSTRY OF EMPLOYED PERSONS BY AGE AND SEX: 1980 - CON.

[DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDIXES A AND B]

MAINE	TOTAL, 16 YEARS AND OVER	16 AND 17 YEARS	18 AND 19 YEARS	20 TO 24 YEARS	25 TO 29 YEARS	30 TO 34 YEARS	35 TO 44 YEARS	45 TO 54 YEARS	55 TO 59 YEARS	60 TO 64 YEARS	65 YEARS AND OVER	MEDIAN AGE
AIR TRANSPORTATION	852	2	9	99	158	98	270	136	48	20	12	38.0
ALL OTHER TRANSPORTATION	735	-	3	70	107	79	86	125	123	75	67	46.8
COMMUNICATIONS	2 883	3	35	203	410	594	647	611	285	69	26	37.4
ELECTRIC AND GAS UTILITIES	2 724	-	14	162	362	470	546	657	340	124	49	40.9
WATER SUPPLY, SANITARY SERVICES, AND OTHER UTILITIES	1 508	2	22	174	240	250	249	245	159	73	94	37.5
WHOLESALE TRADE	13 011	227	527	1 685	1 948	1 705	2 659	2 149	1 111	551	449	36.5
GROCERIES AND FARM PRODUCTS	4 248	150	245	587	614	477	853	675	358	165	124	35.6
RETAIL TRADE	36 780	3 816	3 348	5 555	4 635	4 012	5 580	4 837	2 103	1 510	1 384	31.3
HARDWARE AND BUILDING MATERIAL RETAILING	2 535	109	131	392	316	360	414	345	227	160	81	34.4
GENERAL MERCHANDISE STORES	2 750	215	235	475	298	352	413	396	140	125	101	32.2
FOOD, BAKERY, AND DAIRY STORES	7 631	1 399	1 071	1 135	668	564	998	867	296	277	356	26.6
AUTOMOTIVE DEALERS AND AUTO SUPPLY STORES	5 703	97	226	781	954	804	1 174	851	367	313	136	34.9
GASOLINE SERVICE STATIONS	2 333	368	298	332	292	203	270	301	138	41	90	27.9
APPAREL AND ACCESSORY STORES	942	118	48	95	141	98	84	148	85	58	67	33.5
FURNITURE, HOME FURNISHINGS, AND APPLIANCE STORES	2 071	93	116	287	322	257	370	266	158	100	102	34.2
EATING AND DRINKING PLACES	6 608	1 271	1 004	1 305	848	584	714	495	196	93	98	23.9
DRUG STORES	656	40	68	88	75	103	101	80	36	38	27	32.8
OTHER RETAIL TRADE	5 551	106	151	665	721	687	1 042	1 088	460	305	326	39.0
FINANCE, INSURANCE, AND REAL ESTATE	7 841	42	60	504	889	1 236	1 668	1 692	777	523	450	41.9
BANKING AND CREDIT AGENCIES	2 009	11	25	158	234	343	472	397	166	108	95	40.1
INSURANCE	2 951	1	14	185	350	504	660	619	302	181	135	40.5
OTHER FINANCE AND REAL ESTATE	2 881	30	21	161	305	389	536	676	309	234	220	45.0
BUSINESS AND REPAIR SERVICES	9 126	166	367	1 340	1 248	1 331	2 013	1 358	537	376	390	35.5
ADVERTISING	203	-	15	18	25	27	48	23	9	8	30	40.4
COMMERCIAL RESEARCH, MANAGEMENT, AND DATA PROCESSING SERVICES	759	5	-	87	88	139	210	95	47	33	55	37.1
AUTOMOTIVE REPAIR AND SERVICES	4 124	100	150	661	638	596	976	593	192	118	100	34.3
OTHER BUSINESS AND REPAIR SERVICES	4 040	61	202	574	497	569	779	647	289	217	205	36.4
PERSONAL SERVICES	4 414	242	255	571	562	409	578	747	335	283	432	38.0
PRIVATE HOUSEHOLDS	640	81	34	30	73	48	50	105	48	53	118	45.5
HOTELS AND LODGING PLACES	1 929	105	158	383	233	163	243	309	128	97	110	32.6
LAUNDRY, CLEANING, AND GARMENT SERVICES	631	47	35	86	72	68	63	108	57	53	42	36.7
BARBER AND BEAUTY SHOPS	648	-	2	23	113	66	125	159	51	43	66	44.7
OTHER PERSONAL SERVICES	566	9	26	49	71	64	97	66	51	37	96	41.3
ENTERTAINMENT AND RECREATION SERVICES	1 572	82	93	281	281	192	242	179	61	96	65	31.3
PROFESSIONAL AND RELATED SERVICES	33 603	477	1 021	3 034	4 541	5 818	7 599	5 644	2 332	1 593	1 544	37.3
HEALTH SERVICES	8 144	210	185	628	1 225	1 583	1 518	1 377	565	432	421	36.6
HOSPITALS	4 943	139	131	486	930	991	769	816	319	249	113	34.0
EDUCATIONAL SERVICES	17 298	195	746	1 825	2 050	2 833	4 242	3 005	1 124	741	537	37.1
ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY SCHOOLS	11 106	125	122	531	1 430	2 195	3 128	2 064	641	502	368	38.3
GOVERNMENT	9 767	109	103	468	1 203	1 927	2 803	1 840	568	444	302	38.5
COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES	5 607	53	611	1 247	554	524	1 022	812	443	218	123	33.2
GOVERNMENT	2 990	8	327	591	334	272	615	445	254	104	40	34.3
OTHER EDUCATIONAL SERVICES	585	17	13	47	66	114	92	129	40	21	46	38.9
SOCIAL SERVICES, RELIGIOUS AND MEMBERSHIP ORGANIZATIONS	3 738	54	62	340	554	520	719	658	315	238	278	39.9
LEGAL, ENGINEERING, AND OTHER PROFESSIONAL SERVICES	4 423	18	28	241	712	882	1 120	604	328	182	308	37.4
PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION	14 838	144	215	1 208	2 143	2 622	3 541	2 749	1 019	683	514	37.8

TABLE 230. INDUSTRY OF EMPLOYED PERSONS BY AGE AND SEX: 1980 - CON.

[DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDIXES A AND B]

MAINE	TOTAL, 16 YEARS AND OVER	16 AND 17 YEARS	18 AND 19 YEARS	20 TO 24 YEARS	25 TO 29 YEARS	30 TO 34 YEARS	35 TO 44 YEARS	45 TO 54 YEARS	55 TO 59 YEARS	60 TO 64 YEARS	65 YEARS AND OVER	MEDIAN AGE
EMPLOYED FEMALES 16 YEARS AND OVER	196 118	5 524	10 168	29 438	28 281	25 340	37 634	31 848	13 836	8 549	5 500	34.9
AGRICULTURE	2 273	107	97	269	326	241	496	403	138	86	110	36.8
FORESTRY AND FISHERIES	234	6	26	56	26	31	42	8	12	11	16	30.5
MINING	47	-	-	3	12	5	16	4	-	7	-	37.2
CONSTRUCTION	1 341	20	97	206	229	161	223	280	77	41	7	33.7
MANUFACTURING	41 808	398	1 876	6 230	5 465	5 293	8 500	7 712	3 544	2 144	646	36.9
NONDURABLE GOODS	29 130	310	1 383	4 255	3 679	3 455	5 844	5 446	2 582	1 656	520	37.4
MEAT PRODUCTS	717	10	65	117	82	116	150	71	80	23	3	33.6
CANNED AND PRESERVED PRODUCE AND BEVERAGES	1 155	2	39	119	99	136	234	259	88	145	34	42.7
BAKERY PRODUCTS	248	7	20	37	26	9	58	46	20	25	-	39.8
OTHER FOOD INDUSTRIES	883	18	18	89	91	89	129	218	117	64	50	45.3
YARN, THREAD, AND FABRIC MILLS	3 234	44	173	382	390	347	626	615	347	222	88	39.7
OTHER TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	670	9	32	112	96	33	150	161	61	3	13	38.5
APPAREL AND OTHER FINISHED TEXTILE PRODUCTS	3 334	36	186	614	496	351	775	505	200	142	29	34.8
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	2 603	17	43	367	395	306	562	520	267	111	15	38.1
PRINTING, PUBLISHING, AND ALLIED INDUSTRIES	1 989	35	72	335	314	269	380	319	107	95	63	34.4
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	280	-	18	44	29	42	76	59	7	5	-	35.7
PETROLEUM AND COAL PRODUCTS	5	-	-	3	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	24.5
RUBBER AND MISCELLANEOUS PLASTICS PRODUCTS	1 218	11	76	223	185	140	231	200	90	53	9	34.1
FOOTWEAR, EXCEPT RUBBER AND PLASTIC	12 278	109	635	1 771	1 412	1 572	2 306	2 370	1 142	753	208	37.5
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	516	12	6	42	64	45	165	103	56	15	8	40.8
DURABLE GOODS	12 511	88	489	1 955	1 753	1 791	2 625	2 259	950	480	121	35.7
LOGGING	176	-	13	8	22	35	35	39	11	9	4	37.4
SAWMILLS, PLANING MILLS, AND MILLWORK	453	5	37	67	64	43	93	66	53	24	1	35.9
WOOD BUILDINGS, MOBILE HOMES, AND MISCELLANEOUS WOOD PRODUCTS	2 134	8	37	302	229	263	412	510	195	136	42	39.9
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	384	13	23	61	67	44	66	60	27	13	10	33.2
STONE, CLAY, GLASS, AND CONCRETE PRODUCTS	203	-	12	25	25	34	51	25	11	20	-	35.9
CEMENT, CONCRETE, GYPSUM, AND PLASTER PRODUCTS	38	-	5	11	-	9	-	10	-	3	-	31.7
PRIMARY IRON AND STEEL INDUSTRIES	68	-	-	12	15	7	21	11	-	2	-	35.0
PRIMARY NONFERROUS INDUSTRIES	12	-	-	4	-	3	-	-	5	-	-	33.3
FABRICATED METAL INDUSTRIES	714	14	29	119	77	96	133	135	75	28	8	36.9
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	1 163	10	52	245	200	184	202	169	66	27	8	32.0
OFFICE, ACCOUNTING, AND COMPUTING MACHINES	661	9	20	139	107	134	106	107	32	7	-	32.1
ELECTRICAL MACHINERY, EQUIPMENT, AND SUPPLIES	5 121	8	214	752	667	757	1 201	962	365	168	27	36.5
RADIO, TV, AND COMMUNICATION EQUIPMENT	407	-	22	73	59	49	88	85	18	13	-	35.2
MOTOR VEHICLES AND MOTOR VEHICLE EQUIPMENT	127	-	8	21	33	15	36	8	6	-	-	30.5
AIRCRAFT, SPACE VEHICLES, AND PARTS	128	-	-	35	13	35	31	12	2	-	-	32.3
OTHER TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	917	19	23	178	219	146	142	112	53	19	6	30.7
PROFESSIONAL AND PHOTOGRAPHIC EQUIPMENT AND WATCHES	221	6	3	64	33	31	20	37	15	9	3	30.7
MISCELLANEOUS MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES	690	5	38	62	89	98	182	113	66	25	12	37.8
NOT SPECIFIED MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES	167	-	4	20	33	47	31	7	12	8	5	32.8
TRANSPORTATION, COMMUNICATIONS, AND OTHER PUBLIC UTILITIES	5 727	39	120	476	786	804	1 199	1 223	618	328	134	40.5
RAILROADS	96	-	3	2	2	15	15	16	28	15	-	50.0
BUS SERVICE AND URBAN TRANSIT	271	-	5	34	17	39	79	71	13	13	-	37.9
TRUCKING SERVICE AND WAREHOUSING	518	-	19	35	87	77	119	100	48	19	14	38.2
U. S. POSTAL SERVICE	1 141	5	4	24	68	99	223	373	202	112	31	48.6
WATER TRANSPORTATION	97	-	-	-	9	9	29	40	4	-	6	45.5

TABLE 230. INDUSTRY OF EMPLOYED PERSONS BY AGE AND SEX: 1980 - CON.

[DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDIXES A AND B]

MAINE	TOTAL, 16 YEARS AND OVER	16 AND 17 YEARS	18 AND 19 YEARS	20 TO 24 YEARS	25 TO 29 YEARS	30 TO 34 YEARS	35 TO 44 YEARS	45 TO 54 YEARS	55 TO 59 YEARS	60 TO 64 YEARS	65 YEARS AND OVER	MEDIAN AGE
AIR TRANSPORTATION	171	-	16	13	32	32	60	11	7	-	-	33.8
ALL OTHER TRANSPORTATION	399	15	24	42	26	57	100	47	35	23	30	38.9
COMMUNICATIONS	2 224	13	39	217	438	331	426	444	185	96	35	36.8
ELECTRIC AND GAS UTILITIES	575	2	2	78	69	104	94	94	74	43	15	38.2
WATER SUPPLY, SANITARY SERVICES, AND OTHER UTILITIES	235	4	8	31	38	41	54	27	22	7	3	34.5
WHOLESALE TRADE	3 654	59	132	711	492	496	731	585	234	136	78	34.4
GROCERIES AND FARM PRODUCTS	1 368	34	34	234	195	213	299	219	45	55	40	34.4
RETAIL TRADE	36 865	3 160	3 662	6 191	4 245	3 589	6 126	5 173	2 171	1 445	1 103	31.6
HARDWARE AND BUILDING MATERIAL RETAILING	856	17	38	142	96	94	231	120	64	32	22	37.5
GENERAL MERCHANDISE STORES	6 402	265	481	1 101	673	713	1 126	917	567	338	221	34.8
FOOD, BAKERY, AND DAIRY STORES	7 247	777	838	1 287	844	642	1 140	987	376	237	119	29.3
AUTOMOTIVE DEALERS AND AUTO SUPPLY STORES	981	41	76	155	142	88	237	159	24	38	21	34.3
GASOLINE SERVICE STATIONS	391	27	32	51	31	51	72	52	33	27	15	35.4
APPAREL AND ACCESSORY STORES	2 256	140	181	363	265	155	364	343	157	125	163	35.7
FURNITURE, HOME FURNISHINGS, AND APPLIANCE STORES	785	12	24	70	56	87	197	185	65	51	38	42.6
EATING AND DRINKING PLACES	10 592	1 591	1 518	2 077	1 207	920	1 313	1 101	435	252	178	25.5
DRUG STORES	1 445	157	148	239	173	159	221	210	53	57	28	30.2
OTHER RETAIL TRADE	5 910	133	326	706	758	680	1 225	1 099	397	288	298	37.7
FINANCE, INSURANCE, AND REAL ESTATE	12 406	118	616	2 585	2 175	1 625	2 156	1 879	698	329	225	32.2
BANKING AND CREDIT AGENCIES	6 153	83	320	1 524	927	788	1 084	913	285	170	59	31.4
INSURANCE	4 622	23	255	939	1 033	653	762	569	255	85	48	30.5
OTHER FINANCE AND REAL ESTATE	1 631	12	41	122	215	184	310	397	158	74	118	42.4
BUSINESS AND REPAIR SERVICES	3 111	67	109	362	580	423	623	532	221	97	97	35.2
ADVERTISING	102	-	4	17	15	31	20	5	3	7	-	32.4
COMMERCIAL RESEARCH, MANAGEMENT, AND DATA PROCESSING SERVICES	697	2	16	111	152	114	135	122	30	6	9	33.0
AUTOMOTIVE REPAIR AND SERVICES	386	18	10	62	85	51	68	39	29	16	8	31.8
OTHER BUSINESS AND REPAIR SERVICES	1 926	47	79	172	328	227	400	366	159	68	80	37.6
PERSONAL SERVICES	10 514	471	554	1 116	1 152	1 265	1 885	1 719	860	619	873	38.4
PRIVATE HOUSEHOLDS	3 183	308	205	215	226	283	445	474	343	246	438	43.2
HOTELS AND LODGING PLACES	3 563	140	214	501	409	345	664	680	226	195	189	37.3
LAUNDRY, CLEANING, AND GARMENT SERVICES	823	18	32	58	71	84	190	196	90	38	46	42.9
BARBER AND BEAUTY SHOPS	2 357	-	54	274	361	489	496	264	162	113	144	35.0
OTHER PERSONAL SERVICES	588	5	49	68	85	64	90	105	39	27	56	36.9
ENTERTAINMENT AND RECREATION SERVICES	1 150	86	63	190	197	129	167	151	77	32	58	31.5
PROFESSIONAL AND RELATED SERVICES	66 951	892	2 510	9 715	10 943	9 828	13 521	10 502	4 427	2 734	1 879	34.8
HEALTH SERVICES	31 202	682	1 237	5 353	5 252	4 020	5 598	4 880	2 149	1 347	684	33.8
HOSPITALS	17 749	284	514	3 164	3 163	2 431	3 138	2 640	1 342	809	264	33.6
EDUCATIONAL SERVICES	26 883	103	1 050	3 209	4 151	4 294	6 066	4 443	1 833	1 001	733	35.9
ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY SCHOOLS	19 841	64	142	1 534	3 311	3 380	5 158	3 675	1 380	749	448	37.6
GOVERNMENT	17 247	55	105	1 214	2 893	2 967	4 582	3 308	1 150	666	307	37.7
COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES	5 674	14	839	1 574	707	737	666	536	340	159	102	27.9
GOVERNMENT	2 675	9	361	665	384	401	319	236	181	88	31	28.9
OTHER EDUCATIONAL SERVICES	1 368	25	69	101	133	177	242	232	113	93	183	41.8
SOCIAL SERVICES, RELIGIOUS AND MEMBERSHIP ORGANIZATIONS	5 641	75	145	650	943	888	1 275	774	272	285	334	35.8
LEGAL, ENGINEERING, AND OTHER PROFESSIONAL SERVICES	3 225	32	78	503	597	626	582	405	173	101	128	33.2
PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION	10 037	101	306	1 328	1 653	1 450	1 949	1 677	759	540	274	35.8

TABLE 231. INDUSTRY OF THE EXPERIENCED CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE BY EARNINGS IN 1979, LABOR FORCE STATUS IN 1979, SEX, RACE, AND SPANISH ORIGIN: 1980

[DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDIXES A AND B]

MAINE

	PERSONS WITH EARNINGS IN 1979											WORKED YEAR ROUND FULL TIME IN 1979	
	16 YEARS AND OVER	$1 TO $1,999 OR LOSS	$2,000 TO $5,999	$6,000 TO $9,999	$10,000 TO $14,999	$15,000 TO $19,999	$20,000 TO $24,999	$25,000 TO $49,999	$50,000 OR MORE	MEDIAN EARNINGS	MEAN EARNINGS	TOTAL	MEDIAN EARNINGS
TOTAL													
MALE EXPERIENCED CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE 16 YEARS AND OVER	279 282	20 752	42 827	54 636	69 257	46 433	23 095	18 560	3 722	$11 377	$12 757	186 460	$13 606
AGRICULTURE	9 435	2 191	2 679	2 011	1 340	528	213	366	107	$5 754	$7 704	5 520	$8 536
FORESTRY AND FISHERIES	4 277	478	1 079	897	858	410	217	290	48	$8 472	$10 674	2 078	$12 218
MINING	260	11	49	55	62	20	34	22	7	$11 111	$14 017	157	$14 287
CONSTRUCTION	29 891	1 727	5 548	7 446	8 191	3 667	1 698	1 369	245	$10 109	$11 246	16 175	$12 372
MANUFACTURING	88 242	4 078	10 566	17 881	23 425	17 565	8 877	5 274	576	$12 253	$13 179	64 482	$14 123
NONDURABLE GOODS	45 857	2 226	5 305	9 029	11 390	9 048	5 478	3 098	283	$12 495	$13 511	33 645	$14 621
MEAT PRODUCTS	1 559	151	290	423	448	146	58	32	11	$9 268	$10 689	949	$11 424
CANNED AND PRESERVED PRODUCE AND BEVERAGES	1 574	95	267	396	558	169	50	33	6	$10 197	$10 209	1 009	$11 743
BAKERY PRODUCTS	1 036	72	189	170	212	281	83	15	14	$12 559	$12 700	678	$15 243
OTHER FOOD INDUSTRIES	2 205	170	421	461	681	292	65	69	46	$10 342	$11 813	1 385	$12 212
YARN, THREAD, AND FABRIC MILLS	5 158	262	728	1 832	1 726	407	116	65	22	$9 561	$9 847	3 636	$10 689
OTHER TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	835	43	138	275	262	54	30	18	15	$9 442	$10 622	531	$11 125
APPAREL AND OTHER FINISHED TEXTILE PRODUCTS	772	46	98	285	245	71	2	19	6	$9 479	$10 180	531	$10 731
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	17 454	212	676	880	3 107	5 753	4 488	2 280	58	$17 816	$18 145	14 606	$18 609
PRINTING, PUBLISHING, AND ALLIED INDUSTRIES	2 984	380	354	577	647	663	179	134	50	$11 382	$12 273	2 148	$14 051
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	1 310	66	40	208	483	225	138	137	13	$13 201	$15 333	1 074	$14 253
PETROLEUM AND COAL PRODUCTS	70	7	4	2	20	30	3	-	4	$15 145	$15 594	56	$15 397
RUBBER AND MISCELLANEOUS PLASTICS PRODUCTS	1 614	98	279	355	509	251	57	56	9	$10 617	$11 043	1 151	$12 227
FOOTWEAR, EXCEPT RUBBER AND PLASTIC	7 809	565	1 592	2 613	2 049	598	173	197	22	$8 664	$9 347	4 986	$10 416
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	1 477	59	229	552	443	108	36	43	7	$9 264	$10 029	905	$11 339
DURABLE GOODS	42 140	1 852	5 218	8 800	11 957	8 460	3 393	2 171	289	$12 045	$12 820	30 664	$13 696
LOGGING	5 960	558	1 441	1 504	1 208	566	284	316	83	$8 645	$10 722	3 051	$11 015
SAWMILLS, PLANING MILLS, AND MILLWORK	4 063	214	709	980	998	757	284	106	15	$10 531	$11 218	2 786	$12 539
WOOD BUILDINGS, MOBILE HOMES, AND MISCELLANEOUS WOOD PRODUCTS	3 919	156	660	1 550	1 041	248	122	106	36	$9 092	$10 378	2 771	$10 108
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	1 087	71	160	390	299	90	36	18	23	$9 417	$10 539	793	$10 361
STONE, CLAY, GLASS, AND CONCRETE PRODUCTS	1 153	40	153	254	327	179	133	67	-	$11 579	$12 741	786	$13 655
CEMENT, CONCRETE, GYPSUM, AND PLASTER PRODUCTS	714	6	83	128	222	141	96	38	-	$12 582	$13 423	509	$14 849
PRIMARY IRON AND STEEL INDUSTRIES	515	33	56	152	165	75	21	6	7	$10 379	$11 564	339	$11 305
PRIMARY NONFERROUS INDUSTRIES	340	12	34	26	118	100	42	8	-	$13 907	$13 438	267	$15 465
FABRICATED METAL INDUSTRIES	3 475	97	361	659	1 153	701	309	185	10	$12 603	$13 234	2 672	$13 788
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	5 398	117	500	1 089	1 824	1 092	391	326	59	$12 619	$13 710	4 173	$13 588
OFFICE, ACCOUNTING, AND COMPUTING MACHINES	1 038	16	88	223	298	197	128	88	-	$13 244	$14 047	829	$14 264
ELECTRICAL MACHINERY, EQUIPMENT, AND SUPPLIES	3 834	136	306	568	1 281	911	331	279	22	$13 355	$14 228	2 982	$14 892
RADIO, TV, AND COMMUNICATION EQUIPMENT	456	10	24	101	167	54	49	45	6	$12 592	$14 312	364	$13 598
MOTOR VEHICLES AND MOTOR VEHICLE EQUIPMENT	342	10	22	48	107	93	41	21	-	$14 112	$14 026	284	$15 032
AIRCRAFT, SPACE VEHICLES, AND PARTS	680	8	92	142	230	87	58	57	6	$11 903	$13 740	550	$12 667
OTHER TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	10 052	311	518	1 121	2 922	3 358	1 222	585	15	$15 125	$14 789	8 271	$15 731
PROFESSIONAL AND PHOTOGRAPHIC EQUIPMENT AND WATCHES	421	8	35	38	139	132	46	18	5	$14 564	$14 860	335	$15 626
MISCELLANEOUS MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES	901	81	171	279	145	71	73	73	8	$8 762	$10 879	604	$10 769
NOT SPECIFIED MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES	245	-	43	52	78	57	6	5	4	$12 574	$12 649	173	$13 437
TRANSPORTATION, COMMUNICATIONS, AND OTHER PUBLIC UTILITIES	22 112	734	1 768	2 853	4 157	5 786	3 844	2 735	235	$15 946	$16 202	16 556	$17 120
RAILROADS	2 879	46	84	197	482	1 141	677	252	-	$17 090	$17 109	2 164	$18 163
BUS SERVICE AND URBAN TRANSIT	760	60	114	214	161	134	59	18	-	$9 897	$10 891	503	$12 087
TRUCKING SERVICE AND WAREHOUSING	5 701	293	554	906	1 095	1 011	854	916	72	$15 009	$15 563	3 989	$17 053
U. S. POSTAL SERVICE	2 882	74	149	199	282	1 396	565	212	5	$16 845	$16 968	2 329	$17 543
WATER TRANSPORTATION	1 064	54	92	109	204	157	71	298	79	$16 965	$21 178	482	$19 455

TABLE 231. INDUSTRY OF THE EXPERIENCED CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE BY EARNINGS IN 1979, LABOR FORCE STATUS IN 1979, SEX, RACE, AND SPANISH ORIGIN: 1980 - CON.

[DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDIXES A AND B]

MAINE

	PERSONS WITH EARNINGS IN 1979											WORKED YEAR ROUND FULL TIME IN 1979	
	16 YEARS AND OVER	$1 TO $1,999 OR LOSS	$2,000 TO $5,999	$6,000 TO $9,999	$10,000 TO $14,999	$15,000 TO $19,999	$20,000 TO $24,999	$25,000 TO $49,999	$50,000 OR MORE	MEDIAN EARNINGS	MEAN EARNINGS	TOTAL	MEDIAN EARNINGS
TOTAL													
AIR TRANSPORTATION	866	28	57	147	202	72	205	101	54	$14 963	$18 641	662	$15 407
ALL OTHER TRANSPORTATION	735	69	177	151	124	70	57	87	-	$9 169	$11 612	467	$12 188
COMMUNICATIONS	2 939	30	209	295	469	537	793	593	13	$19 148	$18 191	2 489	$20 396
ELECTRIC AND GAS UTILITIES	2 756	14	95	242	609	1 047	512	230	7	$16 366	$16 722	2 324	$16 806
WATER SUPPLY, SANITARY SERVICES, AND OTHER UTILITIES	1 530	66	237	393	529	221	51	28	5	$10 517	$10 675	1 147	$11 622
WHOLESALE TRADE	13 549	655	1 621	2 380	3 945	2 457	1 184	1 078	229	$12 397	$14 026	10 083	$14 067
GROCERIES AND FARM PRODUCTS	4 469	352	618	822	1 316	813	312	199	37	$11 867	$12 120	3 098	$13 613
RETAIL TRADE	38 077	5 277	8 513	7 728	8 969	3 796	1 665	1 716	413	$8 771	$10 083	23 052	$11 840
HARDWARE AND BUILDING MATERIAL RETAILING	2 679	146	453	668	806	262	131	176	37	$10 362	$11 839	1 865	$12 078
GENERAL MERCHANDISE STORES	2 806	312	711	551	657	300	124	123	28	$8 659	$10 097	1 816	$11 787
FOOD, BAKERY, AND DAIRY STORES	7 594	1 397	2 004	1 225	1 490	810	356	241	71	$7 368	$9 089	3 968	$12 467
AUTOMOTIVE DEALERS AND AUTO SUPPLY STORES	6 022	330	696	1 318	2 139	906	329	224	80	$11 312	$12 232	4 792	$12 311
GASOLINE SERVICE STATIONS	2 469	421	735	530	499	118	66	87	13	$6 563	$8 093	1 368	$10 429
APPAREL AND ACCESSORY STORES	999	112	255	197	236	71	53	68	7	$8 897	$10 527	600	$11 431
FURNITURE, HOME FURNISHINGS, AND APPLIANCE STORES	2 119	225	341	547	603	158	93	130	22	$9 646	$11 336	1 473	$11 399
EATING AND DRINKING PLACES	7 002	1 823	2 198	1 327	833	363	187	207	64	$4 739	$7 185	2 590	$10 012
DRUG STORES	680	101	125	87	134	115	52	59	7	$10 885	$12 248	413	$15 431
OTHER RETAIL TRADE	5 707	410	995	1 278	1 572	693	274	401	84	$10 438	$11 922	4 167	$11 946
FINANCE, INSURANCE, AND REAL ESTATE	8 000	315	799	1 140	1 495	1 532	910	1 424	385	$15 599	$18 462	6 183	$17 028
BANKING AND CREDIT AGENCIES	2 048	51	176	313	379	541	255	288	45	$15 660	$17 114	1 708	$16 436
INSURANCE	2 974	50	172	247	578	614	486	664	163	$18 218	$21 167	2 476	$19 532
OTHER FINANCE AND REAL ESTATE	2 978	214	451	580	538	377	169	472	177	$12 048	$16 687	1 999	$14 626
BUSINESS AND REPAIR SERVICES	9 490	915	1 910	2 285	2 202	1 168	423	513	74	$9 387	$10 631	6 274	$11 420
ADVERTISING	213	19	31	43	58	34	5	23	-	$10 711	$12 016	133	$12 331
COMMERCIAL RESEARCH, MANAGEMENT, AND DATA PROCESSING SERVICES	792	43	125	104	121	168	55	160	16	$15 060	$15 833	522	$17 216
AUTOMOTIVE REPAIR AND SERVICES	4 305	356	833	1 198	1 170	500	114	108	26	$9 286	$9 805	3 152	$10 645
OTHER BUSINESS AND REPAIR SERVICES	4 180	497	921	940	853	466	249	222	32	$8 804	$10 426	2 467	$11 627
PERSONAL SERVICES	4 733	780	1 293	1 095	816	368	192	163	26	$6 959	$8 645	2 611	$10 111
PRIVATE HOUSEHOLDS	711	240	182	188	80	19	2	-	-	$4 167	$5 035	299	$8 587
HOTELS AND LODGING PLACES	2 184	393	761	448	262	162	69	79	10	$5 773	$7 865	1 018	$9 313
LAUNDRY, CLEANING, AND GARMENT SERVICES	626	81	114	202	93	56	25	55	-	$8 564	$10 156	413	$10 037
BARBER AND BEAUTY SHOPS	673	39	151	162	186	83	33	9	10	$9 523	$10 613	465	$10 292
OTHER PERSONAL SERVICES	539	27	85	95	195	48	63	20	6	$11 389	$12 357	416	$12 363
ENTERTAINMENT AND RECREATION SERVICES	1 748	303	527	415	250	122	67	53	11	$6 406	$7 977	695	$10 810
PROFESSIONAL AND RELATED SERVICES	33 862	2 484	4 821	6 321	8 397	5 570	2 356	2 582	1 331	$11 875	$14 751	20 673	$13 633
HEALTH SERVICES	8 285	450	985	1 686	1 881	1 018	351	938	976	$12 442	$20 311	5 934	$13 914
HOSPITALS	5 004	249	571	1 220	1 362	738	198	320	346	$11 647	$15 653	3 793	$13 001
EDUCATIONAL SERVICES	17 326	1 455	2 301	3 141	5 015	3 419	1 224	760	11	$11 762	$11 756	9 087	$13 055
ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY SCHOOLS	11 148	446	909	2 308	3 981	2 607	603	283	11	$12 339	$12 239	6 148	$12 601
GOVERNMENT	9 789	377	707	1 920	3 519	2 432	565	258	11	$12 598	$12 533	5 465	$12 836
COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES	5 591	939	1 276	743	845	718	605	465	-	$9 246	$10 972	2 674	$15 144
GOVERNMENT	2 964	447	631	389	400	430	369	298	-	$10 181	$11 926	1 405	$16 458
OTHER EDUCATIONAL SERVICES	587	70	116	90	189	94	16	12	-	$10 500	$10 045	265	$12 875
SOCIAL SERVICES, RELIGIOUS AND MEMBERSHIP ORGANIZATIONS	3 814	398	959	983	767	413	192	95	7	$8 222	$9 249	2 297	$10 850
LEGAL, ENGINEERING, AND OTHER PROFESSIONAL SERVICES	4 437	181	576	511	734	720	589	789	337	$16 191	$20 794	3 355	$18 511
PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION	15 369	791	1 597	2 013	5 120	3 423	1 415	975	35	$13 065	$13 329	11 805	$14 533
EXPERIENCED UNEMPLOYED NOT CLASSIFIED BY INDUSTRY	237	13	57	116	30	21	-	-	-	$7 128	$7 615	116	$7 759

TABLE 231. INDUSTRY OF THE EXPERIENCED CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE BY EARNINGS IN 1979, LABOR FORCE STATUS IN 1979, SEX, RACE, AND SPANISH ORIGIN: 1980 - CON.

[DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDIXES A AND B]

MAINE

	PERSONS WITH EARNINGS IN 1979											WORKED YEAR ROUND FULL TIME IN 1979	
	16 YEARS AND OVER	$1 TO $1,999 OR LOSS	$2,000 TO $5,999	$6,000 TO $9,999	$10,000 TO $14,999	$15,000 TO $19,999	$20,000 TO $24,999	$25,000 TO $49,999	$50,000 OR MORE	MEDIAN EARNINGS	MEAN EARNINGS	TOTAL	MEDIAN EARNINGS
TOTAL													
FEMALE EXPERIENCED CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE 16 YEARS AND OVER	199 288	33 594	66 570	60 518	29 552	6 910	1 202	782	160	$5 969	$6 364	86 378	$8 695
AGRICULTURE	2 241	889	790	410	92	13	25	22	-	$2 961	$4 021	689	$6 111
FORESTRY AND FISHERIES	255	73	137	28	15	-	-	2	-	$2 865	$3 823	65	$5 804
MINING	54	16	6	21	11	-	-	-	-	$6 769	$5 834	17	$8 600
CONSTRUCTION	1 437	259	537	392	183	54	6	-	6	$5 503	$6 152	532	$9 079
MANUFACTURING	44 076	4 335	13 712	17 967	6 678	1 164	108	88	24	$6 761	$6 780	24 438	$8 398
NONDURABLE GOODS	30 937	3 223	10 591	12 307	3 823	842	62	67	22	$6 438	$6 497	16 083	$8 099
MEAT PRODUCTS	813	100	241	422	41	9	-	-	-	$6 483	$5 983	396	$7 743
CANNED AND PRESERVED PRODUCE AND BEVERAGES	1 282	187	720	309	43	21	-	2	-	$4 563	$4 781	309	$7 336
BAKERY PRODUCTS	259	55	76	68	30	26	4	-	-	$5 935	$6 796	113	$9 792
OTHER FOOD INDUSTRIES	1 619	379	930	230	70	6	2	2	-	$3 232	$3 851	284	$7 763
YARN, THREAD, AND FABRIC MILLS	3 381	345	780	1 777	443	36	-	-	-	$7 137	$6 737	2 033	$8 309
OTHER TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	695	66	203	333	74	7	6	6	-	$6 701	$6 662	329	$7 755
APPAREL AND OTHER FINISHED TEXTILE PRODUCTS	3 368	289	1 192	1 532	310	37	3	-	5	$6 410	$6 225	1 883	$7 536
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	2 642	122	251	680	1 048	469	37	35	-	$11 218	$10 876	1 921	$12 387
PRINTING, PUBLISHING, AND ALLIED INDUSTRIES	2 013	312	596	607	409	82	-	7	-	$6 650	$6 779	1 005	$9 320
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	307	37	60	99	95	14	2	-	-	$7 527	$7 708	181	$10 725
PETROLEUM AND COAL PRODUCTS	11	6	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	$1 917	$2 885	3	$7 000
RUBBER AND MISCELLANEOUS PLASTICS PRODUCTS	1 253	112	436	515	164	19	-	-	7	$6 543	$6 803	678	$8 169
FOOTWEAR, EXCEPT RUBBER AND PLASTIC	12 733	1 144	4 900	5 462	1 088	116	-	13	10	$6 184	$6 057	6 682	$7 542
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	561	69	204	270	8	-	8	2	-	$6 084	$5 721	266	$7 378
DURABLE GOODS	12 972	1 097	3 083	5 575	2 834	314	46	21	2	$7 601	$7 453	8 248	$8 911
LOGGING	214	33	89	36	40	14	-	2	-	$5 531	$6 763	96	$10 000
SAWMILLS, PLANING MILLS, AND MILLWORK	502	53	129	246	60	8	2	2	2	$7 394	$7 067	315	$8 659
WOOD BUILDINGS, MOBILE HOMES, AND MISCELLANEOUS WOOD PRODUCTS	2 283	177	555	1 369	170	10	-	2	-	$6 938	$6 531	1 368	$7 645
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	392	62	65	199	48	18	-	-	-	$7 327	$6 740	245	$8 188
STONE, CLAY, GLASS, AND CONCRETE PRODUCTS	208	53	40	80	33	-	2	-	-	$6 524	$5 778	114	$8 375
CEMENT, CONCRETE, GYPSUM, AND PLASTER PRODUCTS	38	6	10	11	11	-	-	-	-	$7 000	$6 419	16	$10 545
PRIMARY IRON AND STEEL INDUSTRIES	68	9	27	24	8	-	-	-	-	$5 778	$5 349	34	$7 250
PRIMARY NONFERROUS INDUSTRIES	15	6	-	9	-	-	-	-	-	$8 333	$5 363	9	$9 000
FABRICATED METAL INDUSTRIES	742	55	176	288	197	17	2	7	-	$8 078	$7 894	486	$9 534
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	1 191	61	333	472	294	17	14	-	-	$7 708	$7 660	768	$9 091
OFFICE, ACCOUNTING, AND COMPUTING MACHINES	666	27	158	301	159	9	12	-	-	$8 087	$7 931	475	$8 952
ELECTRICAL MACHINERY, EQUIPMENT, AND SUPPLIES	5 237	347	1 224	2 100	1 448	97	13	8	-	$8 107	$7 785	3 485	$9 281
RADIO, TV, AND COMMUNICATION EQUIPMENT	425	34	146	207	38	-	-	-	-	$6 481	$6 467	250	$7 462
MOTOR VEHICLES AND MOTOR VEHICLE EQUIPMENT	140	2	35	56	36	11	-	-	-	$8 083	$8 740	83	$10 733
AIRCRAFT, SPACE VEHICLES, AND PARTS	134	13	26	46	39	10	-	-	-	$8 435	$8 054	76	$9 391
OTHER TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	902	54	146	230	360	103	9	-	-	$10 246	$9 563	651	$11 419
PROFESSIONAL AND PHOTOGRAPHIC EQUIPMENT AND WATCHES	231	38	55	115	20	1	2	-	-	$7 364	$6 773	121	$8 913
MISCELLANEOUS MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES	713	134	183	305	81	8	2	-	-	$6 432	$5 956	397	$7 732
NOT SPECIFIED MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES	167	15	38	85	21	8	-	-	-	$7 151	$6 966	107	$8 469
TRANSPORTATION, COMMUNICATIONS, AND OTHER PUBLIC UTILITIES	5 803	459	1 080	1 451	1 683	896	171	58	5	$9 770	$9 823	3 454	$12 014
RAILROADS	102	5	2	15	13	61	6	-	-	$15 496	$14 370	78	$16 000
BUS SERVICE AND URBAN TRANSIT	272	44	143	62	20	-	-	3	-	$4 818	$5 196	67	$8 773
TRUCKING SERVICE AND WAREHOUSING	518	45	178	181	83	24	4	3	-	$7 043	$7 236	283	$9 030
U. S. POSTAL SERVICE	1 142	96	223	255	193	341	28	6	-	$9 955	$10 418	496	$15 582
WATER TRANSPORTATION	114	7	40	51	13	3	-	-	-	$6 488	$6 520	47	$7 947

TABLE 231. INDUSTRY OF THE EXPERIENCED CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE BY EARNINGS IN 1979, LABOR FORCE STATUS IN 1979, SEX, RACE, AND SPANISH ORIGIN: 1980 - CON.

[DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDIXES A AND B]

MAINE

	PERSONS WITH EARNINGS IN 1979											WORKED YEAR ROUND FULL TIME IN 1979	
	16 YEARS AND OVER	$1 TO $1,999 OR LOSS	$2,000 TO $5,999	$6,000 TO $9,999	$10,000 TO $14,999	$15,000 TO $19,999	$20,000 TO $24,999	$25,000 TO $49,999	$50,000 OR MORE	MEDIAN EARNINGS	MEAN EARNINGS	TOTAL	MEDIAN EARNINGS
TOTAL													
AIR TRANSPORTATION	183	25	33	39	37	26	9	9	5	$8 778	$11 137	100	$10 385
ALL OTHER TRANSPORTATION	378	59	91	127	75	21	-	5	-	$7 857	$7 457	173	$9 389
COMMUNICATIONS	2 295	132	265	519	877	358	116	28	-	$11 696	$11 011	1 565	$12 655
ELECTRIC AND GAS UTILITIES	563	34	46	105	314	52	8	4	-	$11 084	$10 370	484	$11 479
WATER SUPPLY, SANITARY SERVICES, AND OTHER UTILITIES	236	12	59	97	58	10	-	-	-	$7 741	$7 491	161	$9 324
WHOLESALE TRADE	3 850	489	1 167	1 520	515	120	8	29	2	$6 609	$6 649	2 002	$8 427
GROCERIES AND FARM PRODUCTS	1 491	243	569	494	140	21	7	17	-	$5 528	$5 823	636	$8 126
RETAIL TRADE	37 347	9 713	16 945	7 938	2 041	385	118	178	29	$3 876	$4 554	11 231	$7 246
HARDWARE AND BUILDING MATERIAL RETAILING	863	126	335	300	93	2	2	5	-	$5 752	$5 763	451	$7 700
GENERAL MERCHANDISE STORES	6 733	1 213	3 268	1 870	276	58	26	22	-	$4 598	$4 872	2 467	$7 147
FOOD, BAKERY, AND DAIRY STORES	7 023	1 704	3 329	1 506	363	56	16	28	21	$3 851	$4 664	1 699	$7 347
AUTOMOTIVE DEALERS AND AUTO SUPPLY STORES	960	116	263	409	141	22	-	9	-	$6 976	$6 831	559	$8 797
GASOLINE SERVICE STATIONS	369	103	162	63	33	-	-	8	-	$3 440	$5 075	120	$6 976
APPAREL AND ACCESSORY STORES	2 402	577	1 153	460	159	35	-	18	-	$3 927	$4 622	751	$7 072
FURNITURE, HOME FURNISHINGS, AND APPLIANCE STORES	728	125	287	191	107	12	6	-	-	$5 392	$5 772	317	$7 833
EATING AND DRINKING PLACES	10 886	3 830	5 223	1 372	296	78	25	54	8	$2 986	$3 662	2 293	$6 347
DRUG STORES	1 437	334	671	341	58	25	6	2	-	$4 089	$4 529	457	$7 161
OTHER RETAIL TRADE	5 946	1 585	2 254	1 426	515	97	37	32	-	$4 273	$4 949	2 117	$7 811
FINANCE, INSURANCE, AND REAL ESTATE	12 419	918	3 126	5 671	1 983	493	131	79	18	$7 331	$7 579	7 895	$8 619
BANKING AND CREDIT AGENCIES	6 142	435	1 653	3 175	705	159	6	8	1	$6 973	$6 871	3 957	$7 863
INSURANCE	4 653	235	938	2 041	991	285	112	34	17	$8 375	$8 770	3 210	$9 410
OTHER FINANCE AND REAL ESTATE	1 624	248	535	455	287	49	13	37	-	$6 203	$6 845	728	$9 119
BUSINESS AND REPAIR SERVICES	3 105	609	1 098	893	363	80	20	42	-	$5 301	$5 916	1 108	$7 988
ADVERTISING	123	20	34	53	16	-	-	-	-	$6 789	$6 213	69	$8 724
COMMERCIAL RESEARCH, MANAGEMENT, AND DATA PROCESSING SERVICES	674	111	237	182	103	33	2	6	-	$5 750	$6 566	228	$9 208
AUTOMOTIVE REPAIR AND SERVICES	362	42	144	117	53	6	-	-	-	$5 875	$6 101	160	$7 636
OTHER BUSINESS AND REPAIR SERVICES	1 946	436	683	541	191	41	18	36	-	$4 879	$5 638	651	$7 695
PERSONAL SERVICES	10 692	4 125	4 372	1 539	450	116	37	45	8	$2 844	$3 745	2 626	$6 580
PRIVATE HOUSEHOLDS	3 142	1 948	940	187	46	12	5	4	-	$1 510	$2 237	406	$3 891
HOTELS AND LODGING PLACES	3 679	1 284	1 624	581	117	42	6	25	-	$3 023	$3 803	995	$6 428
LAUNDRY, CLEANING, AND GARMENT SERVICES	876	214	422	183	42	9	-	6	-	$4 047	$4 480	312	$6 625
BARBER AND BEAUTY SHOPS	2 382	418	1 159	499	231	53	17	5	-	$4 531	$5 120	784	$8 099
OTHER PERSONAL SERVICES	613	261	227	89	14	-	9	5	8	$2 591	$4 730	129	$5 559
ENTERTAINMENT AND RECREATION SERVICES	1 218	352	502	236	87	27	9	5	-	$3 620	$4 591	253	$7 554
PROFESSIONAL AND RELATED SERVICES	66 785	10 067	20 808	19 133	12 981	3 067	459	202	68	$6 481	$6 927	26 123	$9 352
HEALTH SERVICES	30 947	3 250	9 449	10 918	5 656	1 276	240	118	40	$6 886	$7 208	15 327	$9 171
HOSPITALS	17 672	1 412	4 089	6 512	4 381	1 011	177	69	21	$8 015	$8 167	9 921	$9 904
EDUCATIONAL SERVICES	27 041	5 050	8 587	5 458	6 163	1 550	180	44	9	$5 926	$6 868	7 060	$10 071
ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY SCHOOLS	19 894	2 912	6 474	3 828	5 314	1 239	112	6	9	$6 648	$7 335	4 811	$10 583
GOVERNMENT	17 281	2 377	5 377	3 276	4 962	1 178	98	4	9	$7 265	$7 616	4 247	$10 829
COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES	5 758	1 714	1 606	1 404	669	270	60	35	-	$4 215	$5 685	1 832	$9 266
GOVERNMENT	2 763	688	753	742	357	186	25	12	-	$5 308	$6 231	1 005	$9 446
OTHER EDUCATIONAL SERVICES	1 389	424	507	226	180	41	8	3	-	$3 820	$5 080	417	$8 830
SOCIAL SERVICES, RELIGIOUS AND MEMBERSHIP ORGANIZATIONS	5 521	1 358	1 991	1 418	588	133	14	10	9	$4 420	$5 330	1 987	$7 913
LEGAL, ENGINEERING, AND OTHER PROFESSIONAL SERVICES	3 276	409	781	1 339	574	108	25	30	10	$7 312	$7 453	1 749	$9 170
PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION	9 981	1 284	2 278	3 312	2 470	495	110	32	-	$8 078	$7 694	5 935	$9 876
EXPERIENCED UNEMPLOYED NOT CLASSIFIED BY INDUSTRY	25	6	12	7	-	-	-	-	-	$4 583	$4 256	10	$6 571

TABLE 233. STATE OF WORK DURING THE REFERENCE WEEK BY SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS: 1980

[DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDIXES A AND B]

MAINE	WORKERS 16 YEARS AND OVER	WORKED IN STATE OF RESIDENCE	WORKED OUTSIDE STATE OF RESIDENCE			
			TOTAL	CONTIGUOUS STATES: NEW HAMPSHIRE	IN NON-CONTIGUOUS STATE OR ABROAD	PLACE OF WORK NOT REPORTED
SEX						
TOTAL	458 296	415 099	13 219	9 258	3 961	29 978
MALE	266 207	237 899	8 946	5 683	3 263	19 362
FEMALE	192 089	177 200	4 273	3 575	698	10 616
RACE AND SPANISH ORIGIN						
TOTAL	458 296	415 099	13 219	9 258	3 961	29 978
WHITE	453 912	411 216	13 149	9 211	3 938	29 547
BLACK	1 558	1 308	47	47	-	203
AMERICAN INDIAN, ESKIMO, AND ALEUT	1 343	1 197	7	-	7	139
ASIAN AND PACIFIC ISLANDER	1 226	1 153	12	-	12	61
SPANISH ORIGIN (1)	1 765	1 454	79	70	9	232
MEANS OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK						
CAR, TRUCK, OR VAN	383 069	346 089	11 840	9 016	2 824	25 140
DRIVE ALONE	270 812	244 404	7 947	5 987	1 960	18 461
CARPOOL	112 257	101 685	3 893	3 029	864	6 679
PUBLIC TRANSPORTATION	6 061	5 401	265	55	210	395
OTHER MEANS OR WORKED AT HOME	69 166	63 609	1 114	187	927	4 443
OCCUPATION						
TOTAL	458 296	415 099	13 219	9 258	3 961	29 978
MANAGERIAL AND PROFESSIONAL SPECIALTY OCCUPATIONS	92 120	84 197	2 828	1 579	1 249	5 095
EXECUTIVE, ADMINISTRATIVE, AND MANAGERIAL OCCUPATIONS	37 225	34 323	997	602	395	1 905
PROFESSIONAL SPECIALTY OCCUPATIONS	54 895	49 874	1 831	977	854	3 190
TECHNICAL, SALES, AND ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT OCCUPATIONS	117 909	107 531	3 025	2 334	691	7 353
TECHNICIANS AND RELATED SUPPORT OCCUPATIONS	11 559	10 398	453	297	156	708
SALES OCCUPATIONS	42 949	38 116	1 071	821	250	3 762
ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT OCCUPATIONS, INCLUDING CLERICAL	63 401	59 017	1 501	1 216	285	2 883
SERVICE OCCUPATIONS	57 647	53 159	1 005	818	187	3 483
PRIVATE HOUSEHOLD OCCUPATIONS	3 045	2 823	24	19	5	198
PROTECTIVE SERVICE OCCUPATIONS	5 527	5 134	60	48	12	333
SERVICE OCCUPATIONS, EXCEPT PROTECTIVE AND HOUSEHOLD	49 075	45 202	921	751	170	2 952
FARMING, FORESTRY, AND FISHING OCCUPATIONS	17 209	15 678	361	55	306	1 170
PRECISION PRODUCTION, CRAFT, AND REPAIR OCCUPATIONS	65 928	59 197	2 522	1 953	569	4 209
OPERATORS, FABRICATORS, AND LABORERS	97 809	88 539	2 786	2 202	584	6 484
MACHINE OPERATORS, ASSEMBLERS, AND INSPECTORS	55 828	50 856	1 865	1 663	202	3 107
TRANSPORTATION AND MATERIAL MOVING OCCUPATIONS	20 591	18 140	606	338	268	1 845
HANDLERS, EQUIPMENT CLEANERS, HELPERS, AND LABORERS	21 390	19 543	315	201	114	1 532
ARMED FORCES	9 674	6 798	692	317	375	2 184
INDUSTRY						
TOTAL	458 296	415 099	13 219	9 258	3 961	29 978
AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, AND FISHERIES	15 338	13 841	375	93	282	1 122
MINING	240	171	57	17	40	12
CONSTRUCTION	24 758	21 884	1 035	784	251	1 839
MANUFACTURING	121 862	110 556	4 427	3 687	740	6 879
NONDURABLE GOODS	70 312	65 089	1 154	876	278	4 069
DURABLE GOODS	51 550	45 467	3 273	2 811	462	2 810
TRANSPORTATION, COMMUNICATIONS, AND OTHER PUBLIC UTILITIES	25 315	22 260	1 163	474	689	1 892
WHOLESALE TRADE	16 716	14 689	371	232	139	1 656
RETAIL TRADE	72 516	66 388	1 802	1 454	348	4 326
FINANCE, INSURANCE, AND REAL ESTATE	19 541	17 926	450	330	120	1 165
BUSINESS AND REPAIR SERVICES	11 982	10 731	403	207	196	848
PERSONAL SERVICES	14 434	13 335	247	183	64	852
ENTERTAINMENT AND RECREATION SERVICES	2 825	2 434	168	78	90	223
PROFESSIONAL AND RELATED SERVICES	98 932	91 865	1 694	1 173	521	5 373
PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION	24 163	22 221	335	229	106	1 607
ARMED FORCES	9 674	6 798	692	317	375	2 184
EARNINGS IN 1979 BY CLASS OF WORKER						
TOTAL	458 296	415 099	13 219	9 258	3 961	29 978
WITHOUT EARNINGS IN 1979	13 090	10 868	139	74	65	2 083
WITH EARNINGS IN 1979	445 206	404 231	13 080	9 184	3 896	27 895
MEAN EARNINGS	$10 152	$10 063	$13 854	$11 804	$18 645	$9 758
WITH WAGE OR SALARY INCOME IN 1979	412 511	374 531	12 575	8 920	3 655	25 405
MEAN WAGE OR SALARY INCOME	$10 216	$10 114	$13 622	$11 675	$18 374	$10 035
PRIVATE WAGE AND SALARY WORKERS	310 803	283 098	9 661	6 939	2 722	18 044
MEAN WAGE OR SALARY INCOME	$9 881	$9 759	$12 946	$10 824	$18 357	$10 156
GOVERNMENT WORKERS	88 081	79 109	2 593	1 864	729	6 379
MEAN WAGE OR SALARY INCOME	$10 540	$10 527	$14 375	$14 369	$14 392	$9 152
WITH SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME IN 1979	48 455	44 028	1 010	561	449	3 417
MEAN SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	$9 048	$8 835	$11 721	$9 170	$14 908	$11 004

(1) PERSONS OF SPANISH ORIGIN MAY BE OF ANY RACE.

TABLE 234. INCOME IN 1979 OF PERSONS BY AGE, RACE, SPANISH ORIGIN, AND SEX: 1980

[DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDIXES A AND B]

MAINE	TOTAL (INCLUDES PERSONS WITHOUT INCOME)	PERSONS WITH INCOME										
		TOTAL	$1 TO $1,999 OR LOSS	$2,000 TO $3,999	$4,000 TO $5,999	$6,000 TO $7,999	$8,000 TO $9,999	$10,000 TO $14,999	$15,000 TO $24,999	$25,000 TO $49,999	$50,000 OR MORE	MEDIAN	MEAN
TOTAL													
MALES 15 YEARS AND OVER	414 541	389 082	38 033	43 983	39 387	38 995	38 240	81 991	80 119	23 705	4 629	$9 775	$11 629
15 TO 19 YEARS	54 830	36 334	21 207	8 604	3 490	1 575	889	435	115	18	1	$1 629	$2 306
20 TO 24 YEARS	48 809	46 818	5 641	7 408	6 618	8 490	6 770	8 668	2 909	265	49	$6 861	$7 281
25 TO 34 YEARS	88 678	87 497	3 370	4 846	5 884	8 484	11 099	27 539	21 746	3 960	569	$11 644	$12 492
25 TO 29 YEARS	45 058	44 410	1 984	2 981	3 348	5 108	6 651	14 513	8 568	1 111	146	$10 618	$11 085
30 TO 34 YEARS	43 620	43 087	1 386	1 865	2 536	3 376	4 448	13 026	13 178	2 849	423	$12 819	$13 943
35 TO 44 YEARS	61 146	60 270	1 830	2 466	2 750	3 732	4 640	15 294	21 425	6 830	1 303	$14 760	$16 309
35 TO 39 YEARS	33 066	32 599	1 088	1 323	1 472	2 098	2 482	8 260	11 622	3 593	661	$14 679	$16 109
40 TO 44 YEARS	28 080	27 671	742	1 143	1 278	1 634	2 158	7 034	9 803	3 237	642	$14 858	$16 544
45 TO 54 YEARS	54 740	53 874	1 848	2 570	3 149	3 877	4 689	12 319	17 560	6 516	1 346	$14 238	$16 306
45 TO 49 YEARS	26 652	26 219	853	1 101	1 334	1 659	2 145	6 146	8 974	3 266	741	$14 868	$16 882
50 TO 54 YEARS	28 088	27 655	995	1 469	1 815	2 218	2 544	6 173	8 586	3 250	605	$13 635	$15 760
55 TO 64 YEARS	50 105	49 345	1 929	3 975	4 776	4 875	5 078	10 858	12 258	4 652	944	$11 693	$14 128
55 TO 59 YEARS	26 385	25 953	968	1 750	1 944	2 169	2 393	5 699	7 430	3 028	572	$13 068	$15 482
60 TO 64 YEARS	23 720	23 392	961	2 225	2 832	2 706	2 685	5 159	4 828	1 624	372	$10 240	$12 627
65 YEARS AND OVER	56 233	54 944	2 208	14 114	12 720	7 962	5 075	6 878	4 106	1 464	417	$5 720	$8 161
65 TO 69 YEARS	19 823	19 635	515	3 612	3 781	2 865	2 336	3 494	2 100	745	187	$7 335	$9 701
70 TO 74 YEARS	16 061	15 801	542	4 080	3 949	2 388	1 485	1 781	1 061	385	130	$5 614	$7 948
75 YEARS AND OVER	20 349	19 508	1 151	6 422	4 990	2 709	1 254	1 603	945	334	100	$4 757	$6 783
FEMALES 15 YEARS AND OVER	453 149	355 966	81 085	87 190	55 309	46 325	33 084	38 077	12 758	1 787	351	$4 334	$5 513
15 TO 19 YEARS	52 749	31 742	20 713	7 256	2 284	1 049	233	144	55	8	-	$1 389	$1 863
20 TO 24 YEARS	49 462	43 018	9 797	9 984	8 013	7 729	4 530	2 563	320	60	22	$4 494	$4 823
25 TO 34 YEARS	90 108	70 468	12 987	11 608	10 765	10 764	9 505	11 974	2 579	228	58	$5 976	$6 368
25 TO 29 YEARS	46 949	37 692	6 477	6 340	5 669	6 060	5 512	6 328	1 162	113	31	$6 111	$6 362
30 TO 34 YEARS	43 159	32 776	6 510	5 268	5 096	4 704	3 993	5 646	1 417	115	27	$5 806	$6 374
35 TO 44 YEARS	61 561	47 139	8 225	7 968	7 636	7 121	5 658	7 495	2 756	222	58	$5 932	$6 655
35 TO 39 YEARS	33 135	25 451	4 737	4 314	4 057	3 694	2 902	4 029	1 586	110	22	$5 810	$6 588
40 TO 44 YEARS	28 426	21 688	3 488	3 654	3 579	3 427	2 756	3 466	1 170	112	36	$6 070	$6 735
45 TO 54 YEARS	57 525	42 273	7 040	7 578	6 524	6 758	4 787	6 467	2 683	377	59	$5 998	$6 829
45 TO 49 YEARS	27 490	20 597	3 359	3 595	3 311	3 483	2 373	3 070	1 240	157	9	$6 018	$6 699
50 TO 54 YEARS	30 035	21 676	3 681	3 983	3 213	3 275	2 414	3 397	1 443	220	50	$5 975	$6 952
55 TO 64 YEARS	57 061	43 199	8 571	9 577	6 239	6 070	4 491	5 383	2 390	429	49	$5 143	$6 295
55 TO 59 YEARS	29 952	20 972	3 666	3 917	3 057	3 159	2 497	3 080	1 390	189	17	$5 908	$6 783
60 TO 64 YEARS	27 109	22 227	4 905	5 660	3 182	2 911	1 994	2 303	1 000	240	32	$4 344	$5 836
65 YEARS AND OVER	84 683	78 127	13 752	33 219	13 848	6 834	3 880	4 051	1 975	463	105	$3 487	$4 770
65 TO 69 YEARS	24 781	23 102	4 629	8 507	3 952	2 356	1 318	1 516	651	154	19	$3 572	$4 982
70 TO 74 YEARS	21 803	20 284	3 279	8 511	3 891	1 786	1 045	1 064	567	127	14	$3 584	$4 835
75 YEARS AND OVER	38 099	34 741	5 844	16 201	6 005	2 692	1 517	1 471	757	182	72	$3 397	$4 590

TABLE 234. INCOME IN 1979 OF PERSONS BY AGE, RACE, SPANISH ORIGIN, AND SEX: 1980 - CON.

[DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDIXES A AND B]

RURAL	TOTAL (INCLUDES PERSONS WITHOUT INCOME)	PERSONS WITH INCOME											
		TOTAL	$1 TO $1,999 OR LOSS	$2,000 TO $3,999	$4,000 TO $5,999	$6,000 TO $7,999	$8,000 TO $9,999	$10,000 TO $14,999	$15,000 TO $24,999	$25,000 TO $49,999	$50,000 OR MORE	MEDIAN	MEAN
TOTAL													
MALES 15 YEARS AND OVER	218 956	204 275	19 785	22 987	20 885	20 043	20 435	44 114	41 822	11 828	2 376	$9 797	$11 534
15 TO 19 YEARS	28 530	17 645	10 787	3 805	1 592	760	414	223	52	11	1	$1 475	$2 217
20 TO 24 YEARS	21 353	20 288	2 017	2 699	2 945	3 693	3 057	4 282	1 446	117	32	$7 350	$7 769
25 TO 34 YEARS	48 235	47 480	2 134	2 631	3 289	4 463	5 709	14 944	11 920	2 048	342	$11 640	$12 456
25 TO 29 YEARS	23 585	23 199	1 142	1 453	1 801	2 554	3 245	7 567	4 736	605	96	$10 769	$11 265
30 TO 34 YEARS	24 650	24 281	992	1 178	1 488	1 909	2 464	7 377	7 184	1 443	246	$12 569	$13 594
35 TO 44 YEARS	35 265	34 785	1 210	1 547	1 639	2 233	2 891	8 970	12 031	3 586	678	$14 231	$15 790
35 TO 39 YEARS	19 045	18 793	730	788	887	1 262	1 502	4 855	6 546	1 870	353	$14 201	$15 582
40 TO 44 YEARS	16 220	15 992	480	759	752	971	1 389	4 115	5 485	1 716	325	$14 268	$16 033
45 TO 54 YEARS	29 917	29 401	1 134	1 467	1 927	2 452	2 893	6 931	8 799	3 119	679	$13 216	$15 416
45 TO 49 YEARS	14 899	14 641	575	633	849	1 097	1 410	3 483	4 567	1 658	369	$13 754	$15 936
50 TO 54 YEARS	15 018	14 760	559	834	1 078	1 355	1 483	3 448	4 232	1 461	310	$12 690	$14 900
55 TO 64 YEARS	26 211	25 702	1 204	2 444	2 871	2 584	2 802	5 509	5 671	2 161	456	$10 794	$13 223
55 TO 59 YEARS	13 607	13 323	613	1 091	1 138	1 152	1 348	2 962	3 354	1 371	294	$12 125	$14 510
60 TO 64 YEARS	12 604	12 379	591	1 353	1 733	1 432	1 454	2 547	2 317	790	162	$9 495	$11 838
65 YEARS AND OVER	29 445	28 974	1 299	8 394	6 622	3 858	2 669	3 255	1 903	786	188	$5 347	$7 788
65 TO 69 YEARS	10 688	10 583	338	2 215	2 127	1 469	1 335	1 633	984	386	96	$6 831	$9 307
70 TO 74 YEARS	8 657	8 542	321	2 555	2 119	1 202	704	857	504	216	64	$5 249	$7 587
75 YEARS AND OVER	10 100	9 849	640	3 624	2 376	1 187	630	765	415	184	28	$4 455	$6 330
FEMALES 15 YEARS AND OVER	226 191	170 454	42 228	41 060	26 375	21 564	15 253	17 568	5 474	792	140	$4 142	$5 313
15 TO 19 YEARS	25 998	14 069	9 664	2 862	908	430	95	67	35	8	-	$1 173	$1 755
20 TO 24 YEARS	21 378	17 446	3 899	3 933	3 530	3 161	1 722	1 044	135	17	5	$4 580	$4 786
25 TO 34 YEARS	48 902	36 691	7 567	6 298	5 856	5 375	4 563	5 723	1 170	113	26	$5 515	$6 030
25 TO 29 YEARS	24 772	18 895	3 682	3 301	3 015	2 884	2 464	2 929	547	55	18	$5 626	$6 043
30 TO 34 YEARS	24 130	17 796	3 885	2 997	2 841	2 491	2 099	2 794	623	58	8	$5 396	$6 017
35 TO 44 YEARS	34 449	25 700	5 003	4 535	4 064	3 888	2 877	3 868	1 303	135	27	$5 623	$6 374
35 TO 39 YEARS	19 033	14 338	3 009	2 530	2 270	2 052	1 495	2 164	747	60	11	$5 406	$6 233
40 TO 44 YEARS	15 416	11 362	1 994	2 005	1 794	1 836	1 382	1 704	556	75	16	$5 878	$6 551
45 TO 54 YEARS	29 871	21 092	4 023	3 882	3 362	3 222	2 319	2 991	1 141	133	19	$5 583	$6 365
45 TO 49 YEARS	14 725	10 583	1 933	1 882	1 733	1 749	1 236	1 435	557	49	9	$5 724	$6 344
50 TO 54 YEARS	15 146	10 509	2 090	2 000	1 629	1 473	1 083	1 556	584	84	10	$5 417	$6 386
55 TO 64 YEARS	28 192	20 717	4 898	4 689	3 069	2 681	2 029	2 308	842	182	19	$4 524	$5 747
55 TO 59 YEARS	14 596	9 770	2 044	1 942	1 410	1 382	1 150	1 280	485	71	6	$5 313	$6 158
60 TO 64 YEARS	13 596	10 947	2 854	2 747	1 659	1 299	879	1 028	357	111	13	$3 886	$5 380
65 YEARS AND OVER	37 401	34 739	7 174	14 861	5 586	2 807	1 648	1 567	848	204	44	$3 277	$4 580
65 TO 69 YEARS	11 896	11 039	2 592	4 157	1 699	987	570	620	322	89	3	$3 306	$4 767
70 TO 74 YEARS	10 037	9 314	1 825	3 998	1 598	762	433	417	216	58	7	$3 321	$4 554
75 YEARS AND OVER	15 468	14 386	2 757	6 706	2 289	1 058	645	530	310	57	34	$3 234	$4 454

TABLE 235. INCOME IN 1979 OF PERSONS BY HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP, RACE, SPANISH ORIGIN, AND SEX: 1980

[DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDIXES A AND B]

MAINE

TOTAL	TOTAL (INCLUDES PERSONS WITHOUT INCOME)	PERSONS WITH INCOME: TOTAL	$1 TO $1,999 OR LOSS	$2,000 TO $3,999	$4,000 TO $5,999	$6,000 TO $7,999	$8,000 TO $9,999	$10,000 TO $14,999	$15,000 TO $24,999	$25,000 TO $49,999	$50,000 OR MORE	MEDIAN	MEAN
MALES 15 YEARS AND OVER. .	414 541	389 082	38 033	43 983	39 387	38 995	38 240	81 991	80 119	23 705	4 629	$9 775	$11 629
IN HOUSEHOLD	395 645	372 697	32 472	38 971	37 284	37 137	37 539	81 234	79 811	23 635	4 614	$10 160	$11 960
IN FAMILY HOUSEHOLD.	348 319	326 174	29 624	31 065	30 772	31 402	32 009	71 672	73 395	21 949	4 286	$10 513	$12 265
HOUSEHOLDER.	250 553	248 680	6 408	15 564	21 028	23 276	25 563	63 590	68 604	20 762	3 885	$12 319	$14 187
IN MARRIED-COUPLE FAMILY.	241 673	239 963	5 977	14 388	19 919	22 317	24 633	61 689	66 884	20 350	3 806	$12 409	$14 295
IN OTHER FAMILY	8 880	8 717	431	1 176	1 109	959	930	1 901	1 720	412	79	$9 382	$11 209
SPOUSE	9 941	9 745	488	1 038	1 067	977	1 023	2 055	1 950	823	324	$10 600	$13 875
OTHER RELATIVE	81 883	62 282	22 074	13 402	7 820	6 352	4 768	5 212	2 275	310	69	$3 306	$4 751
NONRELATIVE.	5 942	5 467	654	1 061	857	797	655	815	566	54	8	$6 369	$7 577
IN NONFAMILY HOUSEHOLD . . .	47 326	46 523	2 848	7 906	6 512	5 735	5 530	9 562	6 416	1 686	328	$8 088	$9 821
HOUSEHOLDER.	39 819	39 325	2 065	6 371	5 532	4 694	4 587	8 374	5 831	1 559	312	$8 413	$10 208
NONRELATIVES	7 507	7 198	783	1 535	980	1 041	943	1 188	585	127	16	$6 546	$7 709
IN GROUP QUARTERS.	18 896	16 385	5 561	5 012	2 103	1 858	701	757	308	70	15	$2 889	$4 094
INMATE OF INSTITUTION. . .	5 694	3 820	1 497	1 416	363	213	136	103	82	10	-	$2 564	$3 489
OTHER.	13 202	12 565	4 064	3 596	1 740	1 645	565	654	226	60	15	$2 995	$4 278
FEMALES 15 YEARS AND OVER.	453 149	355 966	81 085	87 190	55 309	46 325	33 084	38 077	12 758	1 787	351	$4 334	$5 513
IN HOUSEHOLD	435 626	341 498	73 121	82 885	54 438	45 619	32 884	37 798	12 647	1 760	346	$4 517	$5 636
IN FAMILY HOUSEHOLD.	364 422	271 912	67 893	62 838	40 829	35 923	25 483	28 730	8 842	1 148	226	$4 254	$5 352
HOUSEHOLDER.	44 935	42 500	3 805	10 145	7 888	6 182	5 065	6 428	2 551	350	86	$5 848	$7 051
IN MARRIED-COUPLE FAMILY.	9 861	8 468	1 552	1 796	1 177	1 070	955	1 250	549	83	36	$5 530	$6 934
IN OTHER FAMILY	35 074	34 032	2 253	8 349	6 711	5 112	4 110	5 178	2 002	267	50	$5 909	$7 079
SPOUSE	240 365	173 145	42 799	36 475	26 079	24 434	17 351	19 649	5 562	682	114	$4 559	$5 455
OTHER RELATIVE	74 486	52 270	20 341	14 918	6 275	4 807	2 762	2 348	681	116	22	$2 678	$3 689
NONRELATIVE.	4 636	3 997	948	1 300	587	500	305	305	48	-	4	$3 562	$4 550
IN NONFAMILY HOUSEHOLD . . .	71 204	69 586	5 228	20 047	13 609	9 696	7 401	9 068	3 805	612	120	$5 279	$6 746
HOUSEHOLDER.	60 167	59 166	3 610	17 372	11 700	8 278	6 210	7 794	3 506	578	118	$5 353	$6 925
NONRELATIVES	11 037	10 420	1 618	2 675	1 909	1 418	1 191	1 274	299	34	2	$4 896	$5 733
IN GROUP QUARTERS.	17 523	14 468	7 964	4 305	871	706	200	279	111	27	5	$1 852	$2 609
INMATE OF INSTITUTION. . .	8 160	5 701	2 937	1 874	238	343	73	164	55	17	-	$1 955	$2 828
OTHER.	9 363	8 767	5 027	2 431	633	363	127	115	56	10	5	$1 786	$2 467

TABLE 235. INCOME IN 1979 OF PERSONS BY HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP, RACE, SPANISH ORIGIN, AND SEX: 1980 - CON.

[DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDIXES A AND B]

URAL	TOTAL (INCLUDES PERSONS WITHOUT INCOME)	PERSONS WITH INCOME											
		TOTAL	$1 TO $1,999 OR LOSS	$2,000 TO $3,999	$4,000 TO $5,999	$6,000 TO $7,999	$8,000 TO $9,999	$10,000 TO $14,999	$15,000 TO $24,999	$25,000 TO $49,999	$50,000 OR MORE	MEDIAN	MEAN
TOTAL													
MALES 15 YEARS AND OVER. .	218 956	204 275	19 785	22 987	20 885	20 043	20 435	44 114	41 822	11 828	2 376	$9 797	$11 534
IN HOUSEHOLD	213 873	200 350	18 366	21 788	20 371	19 594	20 311	43 967	41 764	11 814	2 375	$9 974	$11 685
IN FAMILY HOUSEHOLD.	192 416	179 295	17 068	17 812	17 434	17 199	17 978	39 862	38 692	11 049	2 201	$10 241	$11 893
HOUSEHOLDER.	139 678	138 459	4 120	9 583	12 274	13 033	14 805	35 821	36 326	10 497	2 000	$11 973	$13 689
IN MARRIED-COUPLE FAMILY.	134 835	133 704	3 849	8 885	11 650	12 513	14 265	34 761	35 485	10 330	1 966	$12 066	$13 806
IN OTHER FAMILY	4 843	4 755	271	698	624	520	540	1 060	841	167	34	$8 867	$10 414
SPOUSE	5 102	4 987	310	591	591	477	549	959	973	379	158	$9 895	$13 167
OTHER RELATIVE	44 424	32 937	12 267	7 034	4 154	3 325	2 275	2 630	1 072	145	35	$3 151	$4 527
NONRELATIVE.	3 212	2 912	371	604	415	364	349	452	321	28	8	$6 361	$7 623
IN NONFAMILY HOUSEHOLD . . .	21 457	21 055	1 298	3 976	2 937	2 395	2 333	4 105	3 072	765	174	$7 929	$9 909
HOUSEHOLDER.	18 594	18 316	1 075	3 339	2 564	2 004	1 917	3 648	2 870	731	168	$8 169	$10 234
NONRELATIVES	2 863	2 739	223	637	373	391	416	457	202	34	6	$6 689	$7 738
IN GROUP QUARTERS.	5 083	3 925	1 419	1 199	514	449	124	147	58	14	1	$2 955	$3 847
INMATE OF INSTITUTION. . .	2 658	1 707	724	621	160	102	44	29	27	-	-	$2 418	$3 144
OTHER.	2 425	2 218	695	578	354	347	80	118	31	14	1	$3 486	$4 388
FEMALES 15 YEARS AND OVER.	226 191	170 454	42 228	41 060	26 375	21 564	15 253	17 568	5 474	792	140	$4 142	$5 313
IN HOUSEHOLD	222 856	167 831	40 905	40 181	26 223	21 399	15 224	17 506	5 464	789	140	$4 208	$5 355
IN FAMILY HOUSEHOLD.	194 787	140 471	38 730	31 894	20 955	17 590	12 421	14 235	3 992	563	91	$3 973	$5 117
HOUSEHOLDER.	19 955	18 841	1 922	4 522	3 420	2 616	2 262	2 869	1 080	131	19	$5 731	$6 870
IN MARRIED-COUPLE FAMILY.	5 035	4 363	855	898	638	495	488	653	275	44	17	$5 401	$6 804
IN OTHER FAMILY	14 920	14 478	1 067	3 624	2 782	2 121	1 774	2 216	805	87	2	$5 820	$6 890
SPOUSE	134 422	94 284	25 398	19 731	14 263	12 712	8 912	10 194	2 633	375	66	$4 286	$5 249
OTHER RELATIVE	37 942	25 296	10 894	6 999	2 952	2 035	1 088	1 021	248	57	2	$2 436	$3 365
NONRELATIVE.	2 468	2 050	516	642	320	227	159	151	31	-	4	$3 468	$4 525
IN NONFAMILY HOUSEHOLD . . .	28 069	27 360	2 175	8 287	5 268	3 809	2 803	3 271	1 472	226	49	$5 035	$6 577
HOUSEHOLDER.	23 428	23 049	1 589	7 130	4 479	3 182	2 338	2 722	1 343	219	47	$5 060	$6 721
NONRELATIVES	4 641	4 311	586	1 157	789	627	465	549	129	7	2	$4 927	$5 808
IN GROUP QUARTERS.	3 335	2 623	1 323	879	152	165	29	62	10	3	-	$1 984	$2 663
INMATE OF INSTITUTION. . .	2 405	1 795	899	651	79	113	13	32	8	-	-	$1 997	$2 533
OTHER.	930	828	424	228	73	52	16	30	2	3	-	$1 956	$2 945

TABLE 236. (A) EARNINGS IN 1979 OF PERSONS BY LABOR FORCE STATUS IN 1979, RACE, SPANISH ORIGIN, AND SEX: 1980

[DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDIXES A AND B]

MAINE

	TOTAL (INCLUDES PERSONS WITHOUT EARNINGS)	PERSONS WITH EARNINGS						
		TOTAL	$1 TO $1,999 OR LOSS	$2,000 TO $3,999	$4,000 TO $5,999	$6,000 TO $7,999	$8,000 TO $9,999	$10,000 TO $11,999
TOTAL								
MALES 15 YEARS AND OVER. .	414 541	321 997	38 199	29 247	24 691	28 781	32 186	33 371
WORKED IN 1979	321 007	320 082	37 380	28 902	24 497	28 620	32 065	33 286
50 TO 52 WEEKS	208 174	207 927	5 735	6 976	9 514	16 878	23 672	27 174
USUALLY WORKED 35 OR MORE HOURS PER WEEK.	196 655	196 477	3 850	3 418	7 115	15 898	23 056	26 670
40 TO 49 WEEKS	35 685	35 669	1 555	3 214	4 664	6 068	4 730	3 776
27 TO 39 WEEKS	23 978	23 947	2 349	5 080	5 135	3 349	2 378	1 697
14 TO 26 WEEKS	27 202	27 181	8 170	9 864	4 299	1 970	1 002	517
13 WEEKS OR LESS	25 968	25 358	19 571	3 768	885	355	283	122
DID NOT WORK IN 1979	93 534	1 915	819	345	194	161	121	85
WITH UNEMPLOYMENT IN 1979. . .	56 195	53 210	10 197	10 407	8 658	7 824	5 602	3 715
UNEMPLOYED 1 TO 4 WEEKS. . .	13 819	13 420	2 533	2 020	1 431	1 833	1 732	1 299
UNEMPLOYED 5 TO 14 WEEKS . .	19 772	19 101	2 391	2 539	3 393	3 741	2 539	1 548
UNEMPLOYED 15 TO 26 WEEKS. .	13 021	12 637	1 770	3 131	2 973	1 828	1 103	747
UNEMPLOYED 27 OR MORE WEEKS.	9 583	8 052	3 503	2 717	861	422	228	121
FEMALES 15 YEARS AND OVER.	453 149	247 046	63 182	43 465	36 065	37 093	26 994	17 029
WORKED IN 1979	247 464	245 569	62 257	43 236	35 969	37 031	26 940	16 996
50 TO 52 WEEKS	117 175	116 286	6 120	10 995	17 275	27 383	22 362	14 103
USUALLY WORKED 35 OR MORE HOURS PER WEEK.	89 985	89 447	1 851	2 628	9 766	23 692	20 875	13 284
40 TO 49 WEEKS	30 458	30 354	2 950	6 677	8 061	5 980	2 829	1 593
27 TO 39 WEEKS	30 285	30 206	5 693	10 327	7 011	2 556	1 272	1 060
14 TO 26 WEEKS	33 335	33 233	15 699	12 533	3 119	973	378	151
13 WEEKS OR LESS	36 211	35 490	31 795	2 704	503	139	99	89
DID NOT WORK IN 1979	205 685	1 477	925	229	96	62	54	33
WITH UNEMPLOYMENT IN 1979. . .	47 082	43 329	14 487	12 275	8 376	4 655	1 921	776
UNEMPLOYED 1 TO 4 WEEKS. . .	14 678	13 809	4 985	2 893	2 164	1 961	1 051	451
UNEMPLOYED 5 TO 14 WEEKS . .	15 214	14 396	3 541	3 897	3 818	1 908	645	269
UNEMPLOYED 15 TO 26 WEEKS. .	9 522	8 938	2 126	3 623	2 098	678	180	40
UNEMPLOYED 27 OR MORE WEEKS.	7 668	6 186	3 835	1 862	296	108	45	16

TABLE 236. (B) EARNINGS IN 1979 OF PERSONS BY LABOR FORCE STATUS IN 1979, RACE, SPANISH ORIGIN, AND SEX: 1980 - CON.

[DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDIXES A AND B]

MAINE

	PERSONS WITH EARNINGS							
	$12,000 TO $14,999	$15,000 TO $19,999	$20,000 TO $24,999	$25,000 TO $49,999	$50,000 OR MORE	MEDIAN	MEAN ANNUAL	MEAN PER WEEK
TOTAL								
MALES 15 YEARS AND OVER. .	40 099	48 260	23 946	19 404	3 813	$10 473	$11 790	$273
WORKED IN 1979	40 050	48 210	23 911	19 348	3 813	$10 515	$11 831	$272
50 TO 52 WEEKS	33 933	42 166	21 356	17 287	3 236	$13 041	$14 744	$285
USUALLY WORKED 35 OR MORE HOURS PER WEEK.	33 557	41 694	21 024	17 020	3 175	$13 419	$15 213	$294
40 TO 49 WEEKS	3 871	4 093	1 910	1 372	416	$8 852	$10 992	$249
27 TO 39 WEEKS	1 683	1 422	401	348	105	$5 759	$7 337	$223
14 TO 26 WEEKS	407	401	196	300	55	$3 004	$4 139	$198
13 WEEKS OR LESS	156	128	48	41	1	$1,000-	$1 616	$196
DID NOT WORK IN 1979	49	50	35	56	-	$2 644	$5 010	...
WITH UNEMPLOYMENT IN 1979. . .	2 900	2 457	794	532	124	$5 371	$6 456	$207
UNEMPLOYED 1 TO 4 WEEKS. . .	1 149	930	273	185	35	$6 903	$7 626	$202
UNEMPLOYED 5 TO 14 WEEKS . .	1 195	1 133	361	215	46	$6 627	$7 426	$208
UNEMPLOYED 15 TO 26 WEEKS. .	485	329	134	94	43	$4 888	$5 964	$214
UNEMPLOYED 27 OR MORE WEEKS.	71	65	26	38	-	$2 328	$2 979	$206
FEMALES 15 YEARS AND OVER.	13 676	7 239	1 282	848	173	$4 965	$5 599	$148
WORKED IN 1979	13 631	7 228	1 277	833	171	$4 991	$5 616	$148
50 TO 52 WEEKS	10 380	5 882	1 012	641	133	$7 737	$8 079	$156
USUALLY WORKED 35 OR MORE HOURS PER WEEK.	9 972	5 706	993	562	118	$8 568	$9 125	$176
40 TO 49 WEEKS	1 398	635	149	68	14	$5 402	$5 872	$134
27 TO 39 WEEKS	1 636	535	39	62	15	$3 840	$4 736	$142
14 TO 26 WEEKS	135	138	59	39	9	$2 119	$2 492	$120
13 WEEKS OR LESS	82	38	18	23	-	$1,000-	$1 000	$127
DID NOT WORK IN 1979	45	11	5	15	2	$1 099	$2 804	...
WITH UNEMPLOYMENT IN 1979. . .	512	213	38	67	9	$3 163	$3 639	$128
UNEMPLOYED 1 TO 4 WEEKS. . .	178	93	12	19	2	$3 290	$3 991	$128
UNEMPLOYED 5 TO 14 WEEKS . .	199	73	14	27	5	$3 884	$4 124	$127
UNEMPLOYED 15 TO 26 WEEKS. .	133	31	10	17	2	$3 358	$3 567	$131
UNEMPLOYED 27 OR MORE WEEKS.	2	16	2	4	-	$1 540	$1 827	$129

TABLE 237. INCOME IN 1979 OF PERSONS 18 YEARS AND OVER BY YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED, AGE, RACE, SPANISH ORIGIN, AND SEX: 1980

[DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDIXES A AND B]

MAINE

	TOTAL	ELEMENTARY 0 TO 7 YEARS	ELEMENTARY 8 YEARS	HIGH SCHOOL 1 TO 3 YEARS	HIGH SCHOOL 4 YEARS	COLLEGE 1 TO 3 YEARS	COLLEGE 4 YEARS	COLLEGE 5 AND 6 YEARS	COLLEGE 7 OR MORE YEARS	PERCENT HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATES	PERCENT 4 OR MORE YRS COLLEGE
TOTAL											
MALES 18 YEARS OLD AND OVER	381 333	25 011	33 333	59 541	147 706	59 641	32 362	13 518	10 221	69.1	14.7
WITHOUT INCOME	9 682	1 159	974	2 979	3 008	1 078	266	134	84	47.2	5.0
WITH INCOME	371 651	23 852	32 359	56 562	144 698	58 563	32 096	13 384	10 137	69.7	15.0
$1 TO $1,999 OR LOSS	24 360	1 955	1 927	6 330	8 251	4 544	833	335	185	58.1	5.6
$2,000 TO $3,999	41 119	6 449	5 964	8 626	11 646	6 024	1 436	611	363	48.8	5.9
$4,000 TO $5,999	38 831	4 374	5 254	7 700	13 641	5 081	1 755	642	384	55.4	7.2
$6,000 TO $7,999	38 818	2 985	4 296	6 893	16 257	5 212	2 074	665	436	63.5	8.2
$8,000 TO $9,999	38 157	2 260	3 724	6 235	17 047	5 335	2 275	845	436	68.0	9.3
$10,000 TO $11,999	37 092	1 702	3 244	5 607	16 386	5 853	3 014	795	491	71.5	11.6
$12,000 TO $14,999	44 860	1 712	3 086	5 742	19 312	7 786	4 494	1 758	970	76.5	16.1
$15,000 TO $19,999	52 635	1 447	2 958	5 380	22 615	8 971	6 346	3 237	1 681	81.4	21.4
$20,000 TO $24,999	27 454	547	1 053	2 353	11 452	5 024	3 804	1 903	1 318	85.6	25.6
$25,000 TO $34,999	17 824	218	561	1 188	5 811	3 239	3 655	1 686	1 466	89.0	38.2
$35,000 TO $49,999	5 872	90	131	286	1 451	848	1 493	621	952	91.4	52.2
$50,000 OR MORE	4 629	113	161	222	829	646	917	286	1 455	89.3	57.4
MEDIAN	$10 245	$5 574	$7 408	$7 618	$10 672	$11 054	$15 090	$16 196	$20 367	...	...
MEAN	$12 112	$7 521	$8 922	$9 009	$11 852	$12 418	$17 613	$18 033	$27 126	...	...
WITH EARNINGS	309 142	11 875	20 996	43 880	128 539	53 505	29 043	12 113	9 191	75.2	16.3
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$13 218	$10 578	$11 013	$9 966	$12 442	$12 757	$18 037	$18 595	$28 395	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$12 224	$9 375	$10 041	$9 148	$11 644	$11 759	$16 668	$16 926	$26 155	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$277	$227	$233	$223	$257	$273	$357	$368	$552	...	...
USUALLY WORKED 35 OR MORE HOURS PER WEEK	276 841	9 956	18 383	36 161	118 187	47 760	26 895	11 050	8 449	76.7	16.8
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$13 910	$11 283	$11 603	$11 050	$12 927	$13 493	$18 473	$19 135	$29 027	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$13 088	$10 402	$10 894	$10 403	$12 245	$12 629	$17 346	$17 819	$27 175	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$291	$242	$245	$244	$267	$291	$372	$386	$573	...	...
WORKED 40 OR MORE WEEKS IN 1979	226 602	7 594	14 643	27 267	99 246	37 588	23 238	9 404	7 622	78.2	17.8
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$15 495	$12 815	$12 808	$12 847	$14 145	$15 685	$19 648	$20 397	$30 719	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$14 777	$12 171	$12 348	$12 355	$13 566	$14 858	$18 614	$19 188	$28 931	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$295	$243	$246	$247	$269	$297	$372	$387	$581	...	...
USUALLY WORKED 1 TO 34 HOURS PER WEEK	30 442	1 728	2 361	7 373	9 848	5 451	2 005	995	681	62.3	12.1
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$7 058	$6 549	$6 548	$4 640	$6 776	$6 445	$12 386	$12 393	$21 822	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$4 798	$3 816	$3 940	$3 191	$4 779	$4 472	$8 346	$7 907	$15 529	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$120	$106	$109	$92	$118	$105	$165	$165	$303	...	...
MALES 18 TO 24 YEARS OLD	70 431	787	1 585	15 271	34 667	15 382	2 408	326	5	74.9	3.9
WITH INCOME	65 721	594	1 405	13 211	33 096	14 781	2 305	324	5	76.9	4.0
MEDIAN INCOME	$5 404	$2 796	$3 975	$3 435	$6 580	$3 978	$8 142	$5 387	$11 000	...	...
MEAN INCOME	$6 108	$3 814	$4 666	$4 441	$6 915	$5 525	$8 957	$8 369	$11 010	...	...
WITH EARNINGS	64 457	415	1 325	12 841	32 700	14 575	2 288	308	5	77.4	4.0
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$6 182	$4 609	$4 784	$4 494	$6 968	$5 578	$9 018	$8 732	$11 010	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$5 953	$4 288	$4 455	$4 278	$6 768	$5 309	$8 795	$7 262	$8 505	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$164	$136	$136	$130	$171	$168	$226	$209	$266	...	...
USUALLY WORKED 35 OR MORE HOURS PER WEEK	51 764	332	1 091	8 466	28 183	11 509	1 960	223	-	80.9	4.2
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$6 955	$5 083	$5 298	$5 663	$7 538	$6 168	$9 586	$10 747	-	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$6 731	$4 856	$5 038	$5 443	$7 334	$5 916	$9 414	$8 811	-	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$184	$147	$147	$162	$183	$197	$245	$250	-	...	...
WORKED 40 OR MORE WEEKS IN 1979	30 952	146	537	4 417	19 415	5 174	1 149	114	-	83.5	4.1
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$9 226	$7 282	$7 335	$8 058	$9 222	$9 813	$11 853	$13 405	-	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$9 072	$7 254	$7 105	$7 932	$9 064	$9 651	$11 721	$13 361	-	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$185	$143	$146	$165	$184	$200	$238	$271	-	...	...
USUALLY WORKED 1 TO 34 HOURS PER WEEK IN 1979	12 499	83	234	4 363	4 452	2 969	308	85	5	62.6	3.2
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$3 009	$2 711	$2 388	$2 236	$3 398	$3 337	$5 499	$3 447	$11 010	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$2 761	$2 018	$1 737	$2 025	$3 221	$3 007	$4 933	$3 195	$8 505	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$78	$78	$65	$64	$87	$78	$113	$96	$266	...	...
MALES 25 TO 34 YEARS OLD	88 678	1 691	2 714	6 911	36 246	20 120	13 616	4 699	2 681	87.2	23.7
WITH INCOME	87 497	1 601	2 593	6 737	35 749	19 960	13 547	4 652	2 658	87.5	23.8
MEDIAN INCOME	$11 644	$4 879	$7 768	$8 831	$11 497	$11 909	$13 228	$13 786	$16 090	...	...
MEAN INCOME	$12 492	$6 942	$8 159	$9 257	$12 101	$12 370	$14 638	$14 659	$19 720	...	...
WITH EARNINGS	85 320	1 073	2 439	6 388	35 123	19 618	13 462	4 599	2 618	88.4	24.2
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$12 682	$8 919	$8 370	$9 519	$12 205	$12 479	$14 674	$14 770	$19 978	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$12 270	$8 496	$7 984	$9 161	$11 871	$11 979	$14 244	$14 123	$19 506	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$263	$202	$190	$210	$252	$254	$299	$304	$416	...	...
USUALLY WORKED 35 OR MORE HOURS PER WEEK	81 040	932	2 233	6 005	33 734	18 591	12 831	4 249	2 465	88.7	24.1
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$12 975	$9 655	$8 675	$9 791	$12 429	$12 798	$14 871	$15 387	$20 666	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$12 577	$9 294	$8 297	$9 430	$12 108	$12 315	$14 461	$14 746	$20 212	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$270	$225	$195	$215	$257	$262	$306	$320	$435	...	...
WORKED 40 OR MORE WEEKS IN 1979	69 960	703	1 658	4 728	29 450	16 314	11 310	3 644	2 153	89.9	24.5
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$13 883	$10 734	$9 794	$11 022	$13 177	$13 608	$15 608	$16 613	$22 385	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$13 556	$10 457	$9 576	$10 773	$12 950	$13 200	$15 211	$15 985	$21 926	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$271	$221	$194	$216	$258	$263	$305	$322	$441	...	...
USUALLY WORKED 1 TO 34 HOURS PER WEEK IN 1979	4 139	129	194	378	1 337	1 000	619	338	144	83.1	26.6
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$7 201	$4 286	$4 989	$5 017	$6 899	$6 766	$10 685	$7 383	$8 960	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$6 507	$3 440	$4 487	$4 712	$6 238	$5 941	$9 882	$6 708	$8 126	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$130	$66	$112	$114	$128	$116	$177	$130	$139	...	...
MALES 35 TO 44 YEARS OLD	61 146	2 720	4 873	7 366	25 051	8 343	5 972	3 765	3 056	75.5	20.9
WITH INCOME	60 270	2 600	4 710	7 224	24 752	8 256	5 947	3 735	3 046	75.9	21.1
MEDIAN INCOME	$14 760	$8 072	$10 430	$11 723	$14 507	$16 168	$18 516	$18 179	$22 358	...	...
MEAN INCOME	$16 309	$9 916	$10 983	$12 670	$15 300	$17 448	$21 165	$20 147	$29 560	...	...
WITH EARNINGS	57 838	2 114	4 314	6 849	23 955	8 038	5 850	3 698	3 020	77.0	21.7
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$16 751	$11 366	$11 426	$13 093	$15 592	$17 683	$21 405	$20 290	$29 785	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$16 052	$10 707	$11 021	$12 692	$14 962	$16 860	$20 407	$19 479	$28 454	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$334	$245	$240	$270	$307	$345	$418	$407	$585	...	...
USUALLY WORKED 35 OR MORE HOURS PER WEEK	55 637	1 893	4 063	6 550	23 275	7 780	5 631	3 544	2 901	77.5	21.7
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$17 005	$11 837	$11 814	$13 293	$15 773	$17 896	$21 728	$20 674	$29 861	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$16 325	$11 254	$11 406	$12 898	$15 164	$17 103	$20 774	$19 859	$28 535	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$340	$254	$247	$274	$311	$351	$433	$421	$591	...	...
WORKED 40 OR MORE WEEKS IN 1979	50 204	1 546	3 455	5 707	21 458	7 156	5 090	3 113	2 679	78.7	21.7
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$17 815	$13 250	$12 646	$14 053	$16 329	$18 596	$22 430	$21 900	$31 430	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$17 221	$12 738	$12 401	$13 764	$15 815	$17 910	$21 570	$21 072	$30 079	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$341	$256	$248	$274	$311	$353	$430	$423	$600	...	...
USUALLY WORKED 1 TO 34 HOURS PER WEEK IN 1979	2 108	218	235	279	663	241	208	145	119	65.3	22.4
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$10 441	$7 159	$5 328	$8 914	$9 352	$11 399	$13 219	$11 652	$27 925	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$9 295	$5 835	$5 005	$8 383	$8 070	$9 750	$11 211	$11 191	$26 479	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$174	$155	$116	$170	$155	$170	$150	$167	$461	...	...

TABLE 237. INCOME IN 1979 OF PERSONS 18 YEARS AND OVER BY YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED, AGE, RACE, SPANISH ORIGIN, AND SEX: 1980 - CON.

[DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDIXES A AND B]

MAINE

TOTAL		ELEMENTARY 0 TO 7 YEARS	ELEMENTARY 8 YEARS	HIGH SCHOOL 1 TO 3 YEARS	HIGH SCHOOL 4 YEARS	COLLEGE 1 TO 3 YEARS	COLLEGE 4 YEARS	COLLEGE 5 AND 6 YEARS	COLLEGE 7 OR MORE YEARS	PERCENT HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATES	PERCENT 4 OR MORE YRS COLLEGE
MALES 45 TO 54 YEARS OLD	54 740	4 590	7 165	8 917	20 128	5 836	4 153	2 138	1 813	62.2	14.8
WITH INCOME	53 874	4 407	6 974	8 742	19 917	5 782	4 135	2 108	1 809	62.6	14.9
MEDIAN INCOME	$14 238	$9 097	$10 816	$12 044	$14 980	$17 430	$21 519	$19 290	$25 189	...	...
MEAN INCOME	$16 306	$10 027	$11 860	$13 009	$15 722	$19 401	$25 145	$22 981	$33 243	...	...
WITH EARNINGS	49 081	3 401	6 046	7 880	18 611	5 405	3 973	2 026	1 739	64.7	15.8
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$17 265	$11 620	$12 794	$13 774	$16 347	$20 240	$25 489	$23 449	$34 250	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$16 103	$11 060	$12 307	$13 124	$15 233	$18 422	$23 496	$20 934	$32 255	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$335	$248	$260	$276	$313	$379	$481	$442	$652	...	...
USUALLY WORKED 35 OR MORE HOURS PER WEEK	46 784	3 141	5 715	7 472	17 909	5 175	3 810	1 911	1 651	65.1	15.8
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$17 501	$11 937	$13 073	$14 071	$16 517	$20 384	$25 815	$23 856	$34 019	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$16 388	$11 456	$12 628	$13 441	$15 456	$18 633	$23 857	$21 439	$32 104	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$341	$253	$267	$283	$317	$383	$491	$453	$659	...	...
WORKED 40 OR MORE WEEKS IN 1979	42 072	2 568	5 020	6 635	16 400	4 777	3 449	1 660	1 563	66.2	15.9
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$18 344	$13 123	$13 796	$14 913	$17 109	$20 988	$27 093	$24 709	$34 914	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$17 305	$12 761	$13 408	$14 342	$16 132	$19 360	$25 300	$22 318	$32 927	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$341	$252	$266	$283	$317	$381	$497	$449	$661	...	...
USUALLY WORKED 1 TO 34 HOURS PER WEEK IN 1979	2 152	241	331	382	662	200	152	99	85	55.7	15.6
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$12 259	$6 578	$7 978	$8 006	$12 142	$16 311	$18 090	$16 842	$39 757	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$10 151	$5 129	$6 777	$7 132	$9 630	$12 958	$15 340	$12 765	$36 225	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$202	$134	$142	$142	$196	$229	$267	$223	$548	...	...
MALES 55 TO 64 YEARS OLD	50 105	5 205	6 861	9 350	17 919	5 080	3 011	1 262	1 417	57.3	11.4
WITH INCOME	49 345	5 013	6 721	9 215	17 740	5 008	2 993	1 249	1 406	57.5	11.4
MEDIAN INCOME	$11 693	$7 477	$8 799	$10 293	$12 376	$15 347	$20 182	$18 827	$25 070	...	...
MEAN INCOME	$14 128	$8 923	$10 438	$11 542	$13 951	$17 704	$22 271	$21 581	$32 836	...	...
WITH EARNINGS	38 006	3 208	4 755	6 912	14 159	4 207	2 465	1 044	1 256	60.9	12.5
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$16 143	$11 066	$12 553	$13 220	$15 441	$19 143	$24 264	$22 954	$35 051	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$14 117	$9 847	$11 486	$11 886	$13 520	$16 345	$20 157	$19 124	$30 517	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$311	$233	$257	$270	$293	$343	$442	$430	$642	...	...
USUALLY WORKED 35 OR MORE HOURS PER WEEK	34 148	2 813	4 241	6 146	12 873	3 877	2 166	923	1 109	61.3	12.3
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$16 720	$11 549	$13 136	$13 765	$15 871	$19 754	$25 226	$23 500	$36 920	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$14 997	$10 550	$12 266	$12 683	$14 255	$17 265	$21 606	$20 302	$32 914	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$322	$240	$266	$277	$302	$359	$468	$449	$688	...	...
WORKED 40 OR MORE WEEKS IN 1979	29 106	2 191	3 518	5 015	11 192	3 545	1 887	754	1 004	63.2	12.5
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$17 698	$12 840	$14 011	$14 671	$16 572	$20 218	$26 289	$24 480	$38 762	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$16 211	$12 113	$13 388	$13 857	$15 212	$17 970	$23 080	$21 504	$34 847	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$320	$239	$264	$272	$300	$355	$462	$436	$700	...	...
USUALLY WORKED 1 TO 34 HOURS PER WEEK IN 1979	3 425	336	449	662	1 163	295	275	110	135	57.8	15.2
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$10 815	$6 772	$7 083	$8 712	$10 956	$11 301	$17 537	$19 354	$20 675	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$6 355	$4 594	$4 635	$5 463	$6 136	$5 611	$10 018	$11 010	$13 079	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$162	$131	$127	$156	$157	$121	$221	$258	$263	...	...
MALES 60 TO 64 YEARS OLD	23 720	2 700	3 452	4 607	8 409	2 167	1 351	501	533	54.6	10.1
WITH INCOME	23 392	2 620	3 386	4 560	8 342	2 115	1 340	498	531	54.8	10.1
MEDIAN INCOME	$10 240	$7 184	$7 831	$9 508	$10 847	$13 230	$17 864	$17 090	$24 945	...	...
MEAN INCOME	$12 627	$8 297	$9 741	$10 911	$12 591	$15 098	$20 505	$20 156	$30 908	...	...
WITH EARNINGS	16 190	1 548	2 115	3 158	5 985	1 553	1 024	367	440	57.9	11.3
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$14 923	$10 348	$12 401	$12 804	$14 406	$17 043	$22 432	$22 622	$33 984	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$12 514	$8 805	$10 960	$11 063	$12 101	$13 823	$17 584	$16 834	$29 064	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$291	$219	$255	$265	$277	$301	$408	$412	$626	...	...
USUALLY WORKED 35 OR MORE HOURS PER WEEK	13 831	1 335	1 762	2 718	5 125	1 372	832	295	392	58.0	11.0
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$15 572	$10 649	$13 184	$13 358	$15 046	$17 671	$23 760	$22 764	$35 151	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$13 663	$9 510	$12 040	$12 019	$13 296	$14 878	$19 654	$18 118	$30 992	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$305	$221	$265	$276	$293	$315	$448	$426	$687	...	...
WORKED 40 OR MORE WEEKS IN 1979	11 112	998	1 423	2 045	4 211	1 203	682	220	330	59.8	11.1
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$16 692	$11 719	$13 792	$14 593	$15 945	$18 472	$24 852	$23 881	$38 619	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$15 154	$11 064	$13 028	$13 770	$14 565	$15 804	$21 503	$19 882	$34 148	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$301	$219	$256	$272	$289	$311	$435	$409	$716	...	...
USUALLY WORKED 1 TO 34 HOURS PER WEEK IN 1979	2 048	167	307	365	768	161	171	63	46	59.0	13.7
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$10 837	$6 944	$7 538	$9 555	$10 211	$11 815	$16 746	$23 336	$25 088	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$5 734	$3 813	$5 006	$5 360	$4 820	$5 837	$8 891	$13 083	$13 641	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$152	$136	$143	$147	$128	$141	$198	$336	$228	...	...
MALES 65 YEARS OLD AND OVER	56 233	10 018	10 135	11 726	13 695	4 880	3 202	1 328	1 249	43.3	10.3
WITH INCOME	54 944	9 637	9 956	11 433	13 444	4 776	3 169	1 316	1 213	43.5	10.4
MEDIAN INCOME	$5 720	$4 215	$4 585	$5 421	$6 559	$8 750	$11 861	$12 310	$15 206	...	...
MEAN INCOME	$8 161	$5 323	$5 664	$6 728	$8 489	$11 266	$15 732	$15 050	$21 572	...	...
WITH EARNINGS	14 440	1 664	2 117	3 010	3 991	1 662	1 005	438	553	53.0	13.8
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$12 176	$9 066	$8 565	$9 704	$11 633	$14 677	$19 275	$18 539	$27 272	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$6 444	$5 166	$4 194	$5 136	$6 278	$7 766	$9 745	$7 825	$16 155	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$195	$164	$144	$159	$182	$212	$283	$247	$448	...	...
USUALLY WORKED 35 OR MORE HOURS PER WEEK	7 468	845	1 040	1 522	2 213	828	497	200	323	54.4	13.7
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$13 882	$10 951	$9 352	$10 530	$13 051	$17 162	$23 914	$15 588	$32 735	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$9 184	$7 487	$5 488	$6 960	$8 465	$11 699	$15 812	$10 942	$23 191	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$259	$225	$174	$211	$228	$290	$433	$335	$583	...	...
WORKED 40 OR MORE WEEKS IN 1979	4 308	440	455	765	1 331	622	353	119	223	61.5	16.1
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$16 953	$14 526	$11 288	$12 913	$15 238	$18 964	$26 057	$17 616	$37 012	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$12 722	$11 386	$8 511	$10 080	$11 160	$14 210	$18 237	$15 216	$28 133	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$261	$231	$171	$208	$223	$296	$406	$351	$585	...	...
USUALLY WORKED 1 TO 34 HOURS PER WEEK IN 1979	6 119	721	918	1 309	1 571	746	443	218	193	51.8	14.0
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$10 136	$7 097	$7 473	$8 592	$9 800	$12 220	$14 007	$18 607	$20 838	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$3 498	$2 678	$2 750	$3 237	$3 518	$3 900	$3 791	$5 645	$7 082	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$100	$80	$88	$90	$100	$106	$102	$167	$193	...	...

TABLE 237. INCOME IN 1979 OF PERSONS 18 YEARS AND OVER BY YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED, AGE, RACE, SPANISH ORIGIN, AND SEX: 1980 - CON.

[DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDIXES A AND B]

MAINE

	TOTAL	ELEMENTARY 0 TO 7 YEARS	ELEMENTARY 8 YEARS	HIGH SCHOOL 1 TO 3 YEARS	HIGH SCHOOL 4 YEARS	COLLEGE 1 TO 3 YEARS	COLLEGE 4 YEARS	COLLEGE 5 AND 6 YEARS	COLLEGE 7 OR MORE YEARS	PERCENT HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATES	PERCENT 4 OR MORE YRS COLLEGE
TOTAL											
FEMALES 18 YEARS OLD AND OVER	421 165	21 747	33 752	65 438	182 570	71 977	32 937	9 955	2 789	71.3	10.8
WITHOUT INCOME	79 351	3 583	6 750	14 742	38 480	10 575	4 181	819	221	68.4	6.6
WITH INCOME	341 814	18 164	27 002	50 696	144 090	61 402	28 756	9 136	2 568	72.0	11.8
$1 TO $1,999 OR LOSS	69 540	4 141	6 102	12 589	28 341	12 675	4 436	1 001	255	67.2	8.2
$2,000 TO $3,999	85 130	8 485	10 175	16 293	32 787	12 300	3 843	960	287	58.9	6.0
$4,000 TO $5,999	55 013	2 664	4 770	8 651	25 025	9 436	3 316	907	244	70.8	8.1
$6,000 TO $7,999	46 200	1 487	2 882	6 248	23 014	8 253	3 190	923	203	77.0	9.3
$8,000 TO $9,999	33 043	713	1 690	3 606	15 908	6 486	3 586	823	231	81.8	14.0
$10,000 TO $11,999	20 884	339	667	1 703	8 755	4 846	3 357	1 083	134	87.0	21.9
$12,000 TO $14,999	17 139	202	410	921	5 819	3 931	3 852	1 586	418	91.1	34.2
$15,000 TO $19,999	10 089	94	218	471	2 997	2 393	2 164	1 323	429	92.2	38.8
$20,000 TO $24,999	2 638	19	25	96	789	624	565	326	194	94.7	41.1
$25,000 TO $34,999	1 308	20	37	74	427	284	246	128	92	90.0	35.6
$35,000 TO $49,999	479	-	14	12	117	128	108	44	56	94.6	43.4
$50,000 OR MORE	351	-	12	32	111	46	93	32	25	87.5	42.7
MEDIAN	$4 562	$2 989	$3 370	$3 535	$4 857	$5 175	$7 739	$9 888	$10 955	...	...
MEAN	$5 690	$3 735	$4 188	$4 364	$5 568	$6 203	$8 243	$10 086	$11 892	...	...
WITH EARNINGS	236 732	4 634	11 126	30 027	110 507	48 162	22 841	7 433	2 002	80.7	13.6
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$6 408	$5 682	$5 685	$5 078	$6 063	$6 465	$8 365	$10 237	$13 162	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$5 794	$4 737	$4 944	$4 447	$5 551	$5 852	$7 635	$9 146	$11 721	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$150	$125	$129	$124	$141	$155	$196	$230	$282	...	...
USUALLY WORKED 35 OR MORE HOURS PER WEEK	158 494	3 013	7 727	19 045	74 795	31 027	15 947	5 387	1 553	81.2	14.4
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$7 662	$6 556	$6 511	$6 143	$7 214	$7 843	$9 907	$11 869	$14 535	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$7 143	$5 860	$5 921	$5 572	$6 780	$7 309	$9 288	$11 116	$13 360	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$187	$151	$153	$154	$173	$198	$243	$283	$326	...	...
WORKED 40 OR MORE WEEKS IN 1979	108 853	2 117	5 308	11 889	53 806	20 541	10 450	3 572	1 170	82.3	14.0
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$9 177	$7 650	$7 833	$7 874	$8 628	$9 821	$11 079	$13 111	$16 164	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$8 763	$7 118	$7 467	$7 459	$8 285	$9 381	$10 512	$12 500	$14 970	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$186	$151	$155	$157	$175	$200	$228	$270	$326	...	...
USUALLY WORKED 1 TO 34 HOURS PER WEEK	76 788	1 554	3 304	10 834	35 117	16 830	6 759	1 989	401	79.6	11.9
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$3 834	$3 954	$3 850	$3 199	$3 643	$3 916	$4 768	$5 936	$7 481	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$3 064	$2 631	$2 775	$2 492	$2 988	$3 209	$3 817	$4 021	$5 666	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$77	$69	$72	$69	$74	$81	$91	$96	$115	...	...
FEMALES 18 TO 24 YEARS OLD	70 227	594	1 178	12 041	35 645	17 010	3 495	252	12	80.3	5.4
WITH INCOME	60 608	428	869	9 054	30 680	15 903	3 410	252	12	82.9	6.1
MEDIAN INCOME	$3 430	$2 042	$2 906	$2 118	$4 054	$3 067	$5 681	$6 238	$2 857	...	...
MEAN INCOME	$4 113	$2 682	$3 220	$2 651	$4 340	$4 098	$6 287	$6 163	$2 682	...	...
WITH EARNINGS	57 146	226	605	7 751	29 317	15 597	3 393	252	5	85.0	6.4
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$4 230	$3 560	$3 604	$2 732	$4 441	$4 132	$6 298	$6 163	$3 105	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$4 000	$3 288	$3 073	$2 430	$4 250	$3 855	$6 148	$6 051	$3 105	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$122	$116	$126	$92	$120	$126	$165	$169	$60	...	...
USUALLY WORKED 35 OR MORE HOURS PER WEEK	38 192	128	445	3 924	20 674	10 184	2 648	184	5	88.2	7.4
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$5 116	$5 010	$3 948	$3 529	$5 271	$4 914	$7 083	$7 403	$3 105	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$4 901	$4 892	$3 460	$3 180	$5 100	$4 643	$6 966	$7 326	$3 105	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$151	$171	$139	$127	$144	$161	$200	$206	$60	...	...
WORKED 40 OR MORE WEEKS IN 1979	20 040	70	144	1 335	12 464	4 366	1 540	116	5	92.3	8.3
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$7 176	$6 773	$6 992	$6 006	$6 912	$7 639	$8 905	$9 139	$3 105	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$7 082	$6 754	$6 778	$5 844	$6 831	$7 533	$8 812	$9 075	$3 105	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$152	$172	$144	$125	$146	$163	$196	$202	$60	...	...
USUALLY WORKED 1 TO 34 HOURS PER WEEK IN 1979	18 843	98	149	3 805	8 578	5 402	743	68	-	78.5	4.3
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$2 448	$1 667	$2 820	$1 922	$2 455	$2 658	$3 515	$2 809	-	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$2 187	$1 194	$2 122	$1 668	$2 215	$2 377	$3 249	$2 598	-	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$64	$42	$85	$59	$62	$70	$72	$72	-	...	...
FEMALES 25 TO 34 YEARS OLD	90 108	1 142	2 391	8 781	41 554	18 929	12 613	3 857	841	86.3	19.2
WITH INCOME	70 468	877	1 822	6 316	30 876	15 263	10 959	3 574	781	87.2	21.7
MEDIAN INCOME	$5 976	$2 753	$4 195	$4 499	$5 492	$6 350	$8 325	$9 245	$10 412	...	...
MEAN INCOME	$6 368	$3 943	$4 597	$4 961	$5 752	$6 657	$7 913	$8 828	$10 346	...	...
WITH EARNINGS	64 635	442	1 326	5 150	28 368	14 522	10 610	3 472	745	89.3	22.9
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$6 678	$5 352	$5 070	$5 362	$6 006	$6 861	$8 059	$9 023	$10 827	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$6 290	$4 614	$4 292	$4 764	$5 628	$6 529	$7 723	$8 727	$10 194	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$160	$127	$127	$132	$144	$161	$193	$214	$250	...	...
USUALLY WORKED 35 OR MORE HOURS PER WEEK	44 872	292	931	3 689	19 659	9 331	7 751	2 624	595	89.1	24.4
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$8 016	$6 514	$5 913	$6 191	$7 156	$8 516	$9 606	$10 582	$11 930	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$7 640	$5 920	$5 162	$5 632	$6 788	$8 188	$9 264	$10 320	$11 387	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$195	$159	$146	$155	$173	$203	$238	$256	$285	...	...
WORKED 40 OR MORE WEEKS IN 1979	31 573	184	548	2 290	13 919	7 058	5 326	1 827	421	90.4	24.0
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$9 395	$8 313	$7 642	$7 821	$8 554	$9 766	$10 749	$11 968	$14 002	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$9 117	$7 823	$7 162	$7 472	$8 305	$9 518	$10 417	$11 704	$13 642	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$194	$163	$150	$158	$175	$203	$227	$250	$289	...	...
USUALLY WORKED 1 TO 34 HOURS PER WEEK IN 1979	19 520	150	395	1 442	8 603	5 119	2 832	829	150	89.8	19.5
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$3 660	$3 090	$3 083	$3 258	$3 439	$3 908	$3 876	$4 243	$6 452	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$3 247	$2 073	$2 241	$2 561	$3 039	$3 571	$3 557	$3 831	$5 458	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$81	$60	$74	$72	$77	$87	$83	$88	$125	...	...
FEMALES 35 TO 44 YEARS OLD	61 561	1 560	3 474	8 771	30 028	9 701	5 372	2 040	615	77.6	13.0
WITH INCOME	47 139	1 165	2 471	6 362	22 663	7 785	4 337	1 793	563	78.8	14.2
MEDIAN INCOME	$5 932	$3 527	$4 879	$5 085	$5 854	$6 766	$7 471	$11 030	$13 026	...	...
MEAN INCOME	$6 655	$4 331	$5 475	$5 404	$6 251	$7 303	$8 167	$10 702	$13 577	...	...
WITH EARNINGS	42 717	707	2 087	5 390	21 047	7 205	4 055	1 687	539	80.8	14.7
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$6 958	$5 397	$5 965	$5 753	$6 485	$7 455	$8 436	$10 651	$14 035	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$6 436	$4 623	$5 519	$5 245	$6 046	$6 868	$7 741	$9 855	$13 197	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$157	$119	$140	$132	$144	$164	$200	$248	$306	...	...
USUALLY WORKED 35 OR MORE HOURS PER WEEK	28 077	491	1 517	3 780	13 610	4 590	2 491	1 174	424	79.4	14.6
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$8 476	$6 401	$6 892	$6 715	$7 941	$9 285	$10 723	$12 852	$15 342	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$7 987	$5 862	$6 496	$6 274	$7 525	$8 697	$9 968	$12 253	$14 720	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$195	$142	$164	$159	$180	$207	$262	$315	$343	...	...
WORKED 40 OR MORE WEEKS IN 1979	21 334	366	1 093	2 746	10 822	3 675	1 589	720	325	80.3	12.3
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$9 595	$7 244	$8 347	$8 036	$9 054	$10 317	$11 946	$14 623	$16 826	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$9 156	$6 833	$8 050	$7 689	$8 676	$9 801	$11 139	$13 962	$16 243	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$192	$142	$165	$160	$181	$205	$241	$299	$342	...	...
USUALLY WORKED 1 TO 34 HOURS PER WEEK IN 1979	14 517	216	570	1 601	7 371	2 587	1 548	509	115	83.6	15.0
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$4 060	$3 113	$3 496	$3 512	$3 834	$4 248	$4 822	$5 638	$9 214	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$3 479	$1 805	$2 918	$2 842	$3 351	$3 687	$4 234	$4 384	$7 584	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$84	$55	$75	$71	$79	$87	$105	$104	$173	...	...

TABLE 237. INCOME IN 1979 OF PERSONS 18 YEARS AND OVER BY YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED, AGE, RACE, SPANISH ORIGIN, AND SEX: 1980 - CON.

[DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDIXES A AND B]

MAINE

	TOTAL	ELEMENTARY 0 TO 7 YEARS	ELEMENTARY 8 YEARS	HIGH SCHOOL 1 TO 3 YEARS	HIGH SCHOOL 4 YEARS	COLLEGE 1 TO 3 YEARS	COLLEGE 4 YEARS	COLLEGE 5 AND 6 YEARS	COLLEGE 7 OR MORE YEARS	PERCENT HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATES	PERCENT 4 OR MORE YRS COLLEGE
TOTAL											
FEMALES 45 TO 54 YEARS OLD	57 525	2 905	5 952	9 911	26 102	7 419	3 537	1 258	441	67.4	9.1
WITH INCOME	42 273	2 052	4 172	6 823	18 852	5 868	2 944	1 161	401	69.1	10.7
MEDIAN INCOME	$5 998	$3 748	$4 926	$5 151	$6 161	$6 950	$9 574	$12 298	$12 156	...	...
MEAN INCOME	$6 829	$4 639	$5 186	$5 516	$6 738	$7 868	$9 409	$11 730	$13 362	...	...
WITH EARNINGS	36 131	1 331	3 294	5 601	16 702	5 212	2 549	1 083	359	71.7	11.0
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$7 404	$5 627	$5 840	$5 998	$7 196	$8 342	$9 972	$11 934	$14 456	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$6 775	$5 141	$5 462	$5 501	$6 663	$7 597	$8 884	$10 192	$12 737	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$161	$130	$133	$136	$156	$176	$221	$246	$293	...	...
USUALLY WORKED 35 OR MORE HOURS PER WEEK	25 368	938	2 421	3 953	11 623	3 532	1 800	823	278	71.2	11.4
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$8 763	$6 434	$6 727	$7 061	$8 565	$10 021	$12 045	$13 129	$16 723	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$8 177	$5 971	$6 359	$6 512	$8 081	$9 319	$10 892	$12 184	$15 171	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$200	$153	$159	$165	$194	$220	$272	$306	$382	...	...
WORKED 40 OR MORE WEEKS IN 1979	19 525	671	1 809	2 892	9 313	2 857	1 195	575	213	72.5	10.2
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$9 782	$7 474	$7 799	$8 166	$9 669	$11 221	$12 413	$13 108	$17 796	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$9 292	$7 071	$7 555	$7 781	$9 256	$10 479	$11 495	$12 511	$16 117	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$197	$150	$160	$166	$195	$220	$241	$286	$383	...	...
USUALLY WORKED 1 TO 34 HOURS PER WEEK IN 1979	10 637	393	859	1 633	5 016	1 655	745	255	81	72.9	10.2
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$4 210	$3 700	$3 382	$3 436	$4 080	$4 835	$4 946	$8 302	$6 676	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$3 483	$3 159	$2 970	$3 059	$3 444	$4 005	$4 023	$3 953	$4 383	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$78	$77	$67	$71	$75	$88	$98	$83	$78	...	...
EMALES 55 TO 64 YEARS OLD	57 061	3 954	7 103	10 268	23 596	7 670	2 957	1 137	376	62.6	7.8
WITH INCOME	43 199	2 963	5 211	7 610	17 399	6 137	2 511	1 037	331	63.5	9.0
MEDIAN INCOME	$5 143	$3 102	$3 597	$4 214	$5 326	$7 102	$9 075	$11 430	$11 700	...	...
MEAN INCOME	$6 295	$4 160	$4 506	$4 960	$6 234	$7 831	$9 893	$12 100	$13 562	....	...
WITH EARNINGS	27 073	1 273	2 831	4 553	11 757	4 141	1 573	709	236	68.0	9.3
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$7 782	$6 227	$6 095	$6 348	$7 492	$9 139	$10 917	$13 866	$15 497	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$6 698	$5 478	$5 388	$5 571	$6 569	$7 675	$9 035	$10 657	$12 644	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$160	$133	$132	$132	$155	$182	$236	$293	$277	...	...
USUALLY WORKED 35 OR MORE HOURS PER WEEK	18 477	902	1 986	3 008	7 990	2 871	1 012	508	200	68.1	9.3
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$9 084	$6 930	$6 950	$7 411	$8 815	$10 580	$12 972	$16 033	$17 078	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$8 121	$6 382	$6 353	$6 746	$7 969	$9 381	$11 289	$12 940	$13 958	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$194	$154	$151	$160	$188	$228	$287	$350	$323	...	...
WORKED 40 OR MORE WEEKS IN 1979	14 445	689	1 512	2 286	6 522	2 318	656	291	171	68.9	7.7
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$9 863	$7 694	$7 733	$8 372	$9 584	$11 397	$13 820	$18 446	$17 439	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$9 126	$7 299	$7 409	$7 832	$8 933	$10 485	$12 310	$15 908	$14 140	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$191	$154	$150	$160	$187	$224	$259	$339	$305	...	...
USUALLY WORKED 1 TO 34 HOURS PER WEEK IN 1979	8 336	358	821	1 524	3 672	1 200	526	200	35	67.6	9.1
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$4 954	$4 577	$4 164	$4 278	$4 613	$5 834	$7 349	$8 426	$6 622	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$3 663	$3 359	$3 181	$3 315	$3 570	$3 902	$5 139	$4 913	$5 473	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$85	$79	$81	$78	$81	$84	$132	$140	$89	...	...
FEMALES 60 TO 64 YEARS OLD	27 109	1 949	3 418	5 028	11 086	3 493	1 446	516	173	61.7	7.9
WITH INCOME	22 227	1 616	2 811	4 081	8 906	2 915	1 254	484	160	61.7	8.5
MEDIAN INCOME	$4 344	$2 815	$2 971	$3 895	$4 477	$6 295	$9 723	$10 772	$13 076	...	...
MEAN INCOME	$5 836	$3 783	$4 012	$4 677	$5 664	$7 447	$10 716	$11 170	$13 959	...	...
WITH EARNINGS	11 202	501	1 136	2 012	4 895	1 625	655	281	97	67.4	9.2
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$7 890	$6 365	$6 204	$6 578	$7 503	$9 248	$12 067	$12 978	$16 571	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$6 333	$5 161	$5 247	$5 554	$6 125	$7 093	$9 578	$8 112	$12 004	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$158	$135	$131	$132	$150	$179	$266	$267	$269	...	...
USUALLY WORKED 35 OR MORE HOURS PER WEEK	7 310	338	756	1 272	3 214	1 047	404	190	89	67.6	9.3
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$9 198	$6 826	$7 012	$7 477	$8 857	$10 820	$14 659	$14 891	$17 678	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$7 863	$5 980	$6 260	$6 742	$7 611	$9 124	$12 501	$10 185	$12 884	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$194	$149	$150	$159	$189	$230	$329	$319	$280	...	...
WORKED 40 OR MORE WEEKS IN 1979	5 446	242	544	999	2 477	805	239	71	69	67.2	7.0
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$9 828	$7 411	$7 966	$8 297	$9 640	$11 485	$14 904	$17 006	$17 599	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$8 918	$6 917	$7 536	$7 741	$8 768	$10 304	$13 392	$14 157	$12 171	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$186	$142	$151	$159	$185	$222	$282	$293	$243	...	...
USUALLY WORKED 1 TO 34 HOURS PER WEEK IN 1979	3 758	153	370	728	1 630	550	229	91	7	66.7	8.7
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$5 423	$5 570	$4 648	$5 032	$4 901	$6 348	$7 953	$8 983	$3 461	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$3 519	$3 598	$3 274	$3 561	$3 327	$3 532	$4 987	$3 783	$2 415	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$86	$100	$88	$84	$77	$84	$139	$140	$69	...	...
FEMALES 65 YEARS OLD AND OVER	84 683	11 592	13 654	15 666	25 645	11 248	4 963	1 411	504	51.7	8.1
WITH INCOME	78 127	10 679	12 457	14 531	23 620	10 446	4 595	1 319	480	51.8	8.2
MEDIAN INCOME	$3 487	$2 939	$2 940	$3 221	$3 656	$4 552	$7 140	$8 779	$8 500	...	...
MEAN INCOME	$4 770	$3 404	$3 473	$3 862	$4 840	$6 035	$8 904	$10 377	$10 279	...	...
WITH EARNINGS	9 030	655	983	1 582	3 316	1 485	661	230	118	64.3	11.2
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$7 546	$5 998	$5 497	$6 433	$7 433	$8 246	$11 191	$10 812	$15 736	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$3 922	$3 186	$2 741	$3 615	$4 053	$4 056	$5 042	$4 085	$10 055	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$116	$98	$80	$109	$113	$125	$153	$134	$385	...	...
USUALLY WORKED 35 OR MORE HOURS PER WEEK	3 508	262	427	691	1 239	519	245	74	51	60.7	10.5
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$8 897	$6 794	$5 859	$6 833	$9 565	$10 475	$13 302	$10 449	$17 436	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$5 826	$4 071	$3 600	$4 510	$6 633	$6 396	$8 188	$6 318	$13 852	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$181	$123	$108	$141	$205	$214	$242	$197	$427	...	...
WORKED 40 OR MORE WEEKS IN 1979	1 934	137	202	340	766	267	144	43	35	64.9	11.5
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$10 483	$8 938	$7 221	$8 435	$11 102	$11 455	$13 372	$11 062	$21 716	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$8 008	$6 434	$5 290	$6 591	$8 706	$8 880	$8 973	$7 859	$17 885	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$181	$135	$108	$142	$208	$205	$201	$158	$482	...	...
USUALLY WORKED 1 TO 34 HOURS PER WEEK IN 1979	4 935	339	510	829	1 877	867	365	128	20	66.0	10.4
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$6 450	$5 170	$5 425	$5 903	$6 192	$6 395	$9 935	$11 135	$10 008	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$2 554	$2 437	$2 236	$2 842	$2 517	$2 352	$2 900	$3 316	$1 724	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$65	$66	$59	$77	$60	$62	$78	$92	$24	...	...

TABLE 237. INCOME IN 1979 OF PERSONS 18 YEARS AND OVER BY YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED, AGE, RACE, SPANISH ORIGIN, AND SEX: 1980 - CON.

[DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDIXES A AND B]

RURAL	TOTAL	ELEMENTARY 0 TO 7 YEARS	ELEMENTARY 8 YEARS	HIGH SCHOOL 1 TO 3 YEARS	HIGH SCHOOL 4 YEARS	COLLEGE 1 TO 3 YEARS	COLLEGE 4 YEARS	COLLEGE 5 AND 6 YEARS	COLLEGE 7 OR MORE YEARS	PERCENT HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATES	PERCENT 4 OR MORE YRS COLLEGE
TOTAL											
MALES 18 YEARS OLD AND OVER	200 410	12 009	20 149	34 227	79 686	26 984	15 859	6 662	4 834	66.9	13.6
WITHOUT INCOME	5 511	566	603	1 867	1 722	538	98	85	32	44.9	3.9
WITH INCOME	194 899	11 443	19 546	32 360	77 964	26 446	15 761	6 577	4 802	67.5	13.9
$1 TO $1,999 OR LOSS	12 229	1 104	1 261	3 667	4 050	1 443	434	191	79	50.7	5.8
$2,000 TO $3,999	21 605	3 520	3 786	5 181	6 086	1 958	680	235	159	42.2	5.0
$4,000 TO $5,999	20 583	2 019	3 333	4 413	7 334	2 186	848	268	182	52.6	6.3
$6,000 TO $7,999	19 969	1 271	2 482	3 898	8 433	2 371	981	334	199	61.7	7.6
$8,000 TO $9,999	20 401	906	2 310	3 546	9 164	2 524	1 217	518	216	66.9	9.6
$10,000 TO $11,999	19 941	738	1 962	3 109	9 116	2 847	1 468	440	261	70.9	10.9
$12,000 TO $14,999	24 151	768	1 795	3 205	10 847	3 854	2 306	958	418	76.1	15.2
$15,000 TO $19,999	27 697	694	1 568	3 021	12 394	4 641	3 133	1 505	741	80.9	19.4
$20,000 TO $24,999	14 121	207	574	1 348	6 118	2 368	1 901	922	683	84.9	24.8
$25,000 TO $34,999	8 850	108	283	691	3 227	1 528	1 522	787	704	87.8	34.0
$35,000 TO $49,999	2 976	41	91	165	775	416	762	281	445	90.0	50.0
$50,000 OR MORE	2 376	67	101	116	420	310	509	138	715	88.0	57.3
MEDIAN	$10 267	$4 988	$7 120	$7 462	$10 859	$11 926	$14 912	$15 826	$20 862	...	...
MEAN	$12 030	$7 171	$8 638	$8 896	$11 926	$13 204	$17 653	$17 990	$27 145	...	...
WITH EARNINGS	161 607	5 703	12 885	25 126	69 769	23 932	14 079	5 818	4 295	73.0	15.0
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$13 168	$10 225	$10 667	$9 905	$12 505	$13 642	$18 065	$18 667	$28 280	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$12 184	$9 108	$9 724	$9 119	$11 751	$12 580	$16 611	$16 765	$25 677	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$274	$227	$229	$224	$258	$279	$356	$363	$538	...	...
USUALLY WORKED 35 OR MORE HOURS PER WEEK	145 918	4 753	11 197	20 973	64 874	21 841	13 035	5 308	3 937	74.7	15.3
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$13 739	$10 901	$11 266	$10 895	$12 898	$14 168	$18 370	$19 056	$28 336	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$12 938	$10 040	$10 574	$10 280	$12 251	$13 285	$17 225	$17 631	$26 196	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$286	$239	$240	$243	$266	$291	$369	$378	$549	...	...
WORKED 40 OR MORE WEEKS IN 1979	120 158	3 445	8 743	15 598	54 551	18 362	11 289	4 591	3 579	76.9	16.2
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$15 133	$12 638	$12 472	$12 709	$14 037	$15 548	$19 422	$19 844	$29 609	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$14 473	$12 033	$12 059	$12 250	$13 522	$14 749	$18 431	$18 644	$27 659	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$288	$240	$241	$245	$269	$293	$369	$376	$555	...	...
USUALLY WORKED 1 TO 34 HOURS PER WEEK	14 616	847	1 540	3 923	4 588	1 979	959	455	325	56.8	11.9
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$7 590	$6 632	$6 456	$4 566	$7 212	$7 806	$13 996	$13 313	$29 051	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$5 168	$4 418	$3 991	$3 140	$5 148	$5 099	$9 236	$8 161	$21 682	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$131	$128	$116	$93	$123	$122	$183	$174	$407	...	...
MALES 18 TO 24 YEARS OLD	31 337	390	844	8 244	16 412	4 534	823	90	-	69.8	2.9
WITH INCOME	28 557	261	732	6 908	15 510	4 255	803	88	-	72.3	3.1
MEDIAN INCOME	$5 856	$2 738	$4 149	$3 300	$6 975	$5 766	$8 296	$8 667	-	...	...
MEAN INCOME	$6 486	$3 537	$4 750	$4 340	$7 316	$6 662	$9 577	$15 210	-	...	...
WITH EARNINGS	28 001	183	693	6 708	15 347	4 198	786	86	-	72.9	3.1
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$6 566	$4 215	$4 874	$4 380	$7 367	$6 728	$9 767	$15 559	-	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$6 365	$3 698	$4 661	$4 219	$7 193	$6 478	$9 576	$10 600	-	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$170	$128	$136	$133	$178	$181	$243	$260	-	...	...
USUALLY WORKED 35 OR MORE HOURS PER WEEK	23 303	134	576	4 587	13 761	3 465	704	76	-	77.3	3.3
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$7 306	$4 735	$5 436	$5 417	$7 812	$7 406	$10 176	$17 349	-	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$7 103	$4 273	$5 211	$5 265	$7 633	$7 170	$9 971	$11 744	-	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$186	$151	$146	$162	$188	$202	$254	$274	-	...	...
WORKED 40 OR MORE WEEKS IN 1979	14 699	50	308	2 268	9 562	2 023	437	51	-	82.1	3.3
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$9 362	$7 434	$7 173	$8 047	$9 409	$10 110	$12 745	$15 386	-	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$9 236	$7 365	$6 980	$7 955	$9 281	$9 975	$12 586	$15 314	-	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$189	$145	$143	$165	$189	$203	$256	$299	-	...	...
USUALLY WORKED 1 TO 34 HOURS PER WEEK IN 1979	4 642	49	117	2 118	1 546	726	76	10	-	50.8	1.9
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$2 864	$2 792	$2 111	$2 140	$3 495	$3 541	$5 096	$1 950	-	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$2 677	$2 123	$1 955	$1 959	$3 366	$3 221	$5 020	$1 905	-	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$79	$70	$73	$66	$87	$86	$114	$76	-	...	...
MALES 25 TO 34 YEARS OLD	48 235	903	1 718	3 991	21 071	10 540	6 718	2 076	1 218	86.3	20.8
WITH INCOME	47 480	830	1 650	3 879	20 748	10 432	6 677	2 055	1 209	86.6	20.9
MEDIAN INCOME	$11 640	$3 505	$7 717	$8 900	$11 619	$12 094	$13 019	$13 702	$17 406	...	...
MEAN INCOME	$12 456	$7 060	$8 005	$9 216	$12 150	$12 518	$14 676	$14 667	$21 325	...	...
WITH EARNINGS	46 256	508	1 547	3 677	20 383	10 263	6 633	2 042	1 203	87.6	21.4
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$12 657	$9 897	$8 331	$9 490	$12 273	$12 604	$14 669	$14 729	$21 418	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$12 274	$9 403	$7 975	$9 160	$11 949	$12 125	$14 276	$14 247	$20 905	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$263	$234	$192	$210	$254	$257	$301	$302	$431	...	...
USUALLY WORKED 35 OR MORE HOURS PER WEEK	43 905	416	1 381	3 424	19 540	9 759	6 319	1 920	1 146	88.1	21.4
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$12 940	$11 269	$8 729	$9 853	$12 512	$12 918	$14 719	$15 110	$21 869	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$12 574	$10 887	$8 393	$9 512	$12 201	$12 459	$14 354	$14 647	$21 426	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$270	$276	$199	$217	$259	$264	$305	$313	$452	...	...
WORKED 40 OR MORE WEEKS IN 1979	37 840	273	1 019	2 668	17 033	8 596	5 524	1 681	1 046	89.5	21.8
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$13 831	$13 159	$9 803	$11 087	$13 285	$13 694	$15 461	$15 951	$22 911	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$13 542	$12 784	$9 648	$10 825	$13 076	$13 306	$15 098	$15 570	$22 524	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$270	$269	$196	$217	$260	$265	$303	$314	$455	...	...
USUALLY WORKED 1 TO 34 HOURS PER WEEK IN 1979	2 291	90	154	248	821	500	302	119	57	78.5	20.9
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$7 382	$3 587	$4 930	$4 217	$6 783	$6 551	$13 830	$8 904	$12 362	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$6 674	$2 652	$4 357	$4 040	$6 171	$5 696	$12 914	$8 144	$10 420	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$138	$60	$116	$100	$128	$120	$229	$153	$148	...	...
MALES 35 TO 44 YEARS OLD	35 265	1 440	3 161	4 633	15 132	4 391	3 042	1 999	1 467	73.8	18.5
WITH INCOME	34 785	1 389	3 051	4 545	14 976	4 347	3 035	1 977	1 465	74.2	18.6
MEDIAN INCOME	$14 231	$7 191	$10 329	$11 718	$14 300	$15 846	$17 735	$17 701	$21 756	...	...
MEAN INCOME	$15 790	$9 486	$10 582	$12 767	$15 071	$17 112	$20 871	$20 172	$28 976	...	...
WITH EARNINGS	33 407	1 069	2 850	4 323	14 549	4 233	2 986	1 947	1 450	75.3	19.1
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$16 203	$11 337	$10 916	$13 125	$15 319	$17 322	$21 081	$20 431	$29 233	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$15 554	$10 782	$10 547	$12 724	$14 691	$16 634	$20 318	$19 491	$27 766	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$324	$249	$231	$271	$302	$340	$415	$405	$571	...	...
USUALLY WORKED 35 OR MORE HOURS PER WEEK	32 067	962	2 657	4 114	14 130	4 101	2 870	1 858	1 375	75.9	19.0
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$16 422	$11 557	$11 319	$13 369	$15 487	$17 470	$21 400	$20 804	$28 990	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$15 789	$11 054	$10 948	$12 967	$14 877	$16 803	$20 687	$19 844	$27 553	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$330	$254	$238	$276	$306	$346	$430	$418	$569	...	...
WORKED 40 OR MORE WEEKS IN 1979	28 873	758	2 255	3 576	12 967	3 761	2 622	1 660	1 274	77.2	19.2
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$17 210	$13 247	$12 049	$14 113	$16 039	$18 189	$22 066	$21 758	$30 491	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$16 657	$12 781	$11 837	$13 818	$15 543	$17 564	$21 364	$20 799	$29 054	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$330	$258	$238	$275	$306	$347	$426	$417	$580	...	...
USUALLY WORKED 1 TO 34 HOURS PER WEEK IN 1979	1 279	104	177	196	409	122	112	84	75	62.7	21.2
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$11 086	$9 048	$5 620	$8 301	$9 581	$13 172	$13 238	$12 857	$33 701	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$10 092	$8 005	$5 328	$7 919	$8 352	$11 845	$11 574	$12 465	$31 669	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$189	$195	$119	$165	$158	$187	$164	$195	$618	...	...

TABLE 237. INCOME IN 1979 OF PERSONS 18 YEARS AND OVER BY YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED, AGE, RACE, SPANISH ORIGIN, AND SEX: 1980 - CON.

[DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDIXES A AND B]

RURAL

TOTAL		ELEMENTARY 0 TO 7 YEARS	ELEMENTARY 8 YEARS	HIGH SCHOOL 1 TO 3 YEARS	HIGH SCHOOL 4 YEARS	COLLEGE 1 TO 3 YEARS	COLLEGE 4 YEARS	COLLEGE 5 AND 6 YEARS	COLLEGE 7 OR MORE YEARS	PERCENT HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATES	PERCENT 4 OR MORE YRS COLLEGE
MALES 45 TO 54 YEARS OLD	29 917	2 309	4 384	5 400	11 069	2 759	2 029	1 079	888	59.6	13.4
WITH INCOME	29 401	2 231	4 260	5 277	10 949	2 724	2 021	1 055	884	60.0	13.5
MEDIAN INCOME	$13 216	$8 557	$10 272	$11 341	$14 209	$16 575	$20 554	$17 713	$24 831	...	...
MEAN INCOME	$15 416	$9 487	$11 510	$12 387	$15 232	$18 330	$25 034	$21 683	$31 109	...	...
WITH EARNINGS	26 703	1 688	3 681	4 750	10 264	2 525	1 937	1 001	857	62.1	14.2
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$16 273	$11 160	$12 426	$13 055	$15 752	$19 152	$24 986	$22 171	$31 894	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$15 160	$10 652	$11 967	$12 461	$14 751	$17 022	$22 866	$19 501	$29 635	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$318	$240	$257	$265	$305	$356	$469	$418	$595	...	...
USUALLY WORKED 35 OR MORE HOURS PER WEEK	25 285	1 552	3 457	4 482	9 816	2 371	1 859	929	819	62.5	14.3
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$16 556	$11 421	$12 789	$13 422	$15 921	$19 501	$25 567	$22 826	$30 852	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$15 496	$10 977	$12 376	$12 843	$14 987	$17 481	$23 472	$20 257	$28 593	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$324	$244	$264	$273	$309	$361	$483	$433	$585	...	...
WORKED 40 OR MORE WEEKS IN 1979	22 476	1 236	2 962	3 914	8 938	2 157	1 694	802	773	63.9	14.5
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$17 382	$12 607	$13 523	$14 277	$16 543	$20 008	$26 584	$23 295	$31 593	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$16 428	$12 287	$13 193	$13 782	$15 700	$18 199	$24 867	$20 849	$29 226	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$324	$243	$262	$273	$309	$356	$489	$423	$587	...	...
USUALLY WORKED 1 TO 34 HOURS PER WEEK IN 1979	1 321	130	224	256	413	129	78	56	35	53.8	12.8
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$11 000	$7 977	$6 814	$6 883	$12 217	$11 663	$11 133	$13 171	$58 583	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$8 984	$6 779	$5 646	$6 064	$9 709	$7 810	$8 424	$9 342	$56 332	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$186	$169	$129	$125	$195	$173	$156	$159	$745	...	...
MALES 55 TO 64 YEARS OLD	26 211	2 453	4 112	5 259	9 093	2 438	1 581	648	627	54.9	10.9
WITH INCOME	25 702	2 339	4 003	5 162	8 973	2 397	1 568	644	616	55.2	11.0
MEDIAN INCOME	$10 794	$6 431	$8 002	$9 814	$11 459	$14 760	$18 500	$17 440	$26 260	...	...
MEAN INCOME	$13 223	$8 495	$9 803	$11 113	$13 058	$16 975	$20 658	$20 057	$32 829	...	...
WITH EARNINGS	19 285	1 471	2 767	3 781	7 041	1 952	1 249	509	515	58.4	11.8
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$15 199	$10 588	$11 994	$12 853	$14 508	$18 407	$22 386	$21 503	$36 444	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$13 190	$9 383	$10 908	$11 624	$12 754	$15 465	$17 919	$17.111	$29 827	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$297	$230	$252	$266	$280	$336	$412	$390	$648	...	...
USUALLY WORKED 35 OR MORE HOURS PER WEEK	17 141	1 270	2 411	3 392	6 402	1 737	1 059	434	436	58.7	11.3
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$15 771	$11 141	$12 596	$13 299	$14 967	$19 209	$23 314	$22 928	$38 709	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$14 054	$10 097	$11 752	$12 285	$13 426	$16 618	$19 464	$19 218	$32 812	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$307	$235	$261	$271	$288	$350	$440	$421	$683	...	...
WORKED 40 OR MORE WEEKS IN 1979	14 102	941	1 899	2 706	5 429	1 528	858	353	388	60.7	11.3
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$16 846	$12 703	$13 841	$14 172	$15 728	$19 924	$24 702	$23 187	$40 646	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$15 426	$12 013	$13 329	$13 436	$14 483	$17 567	$21 528	$19 867	$35 059	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$304	$238	$263	$265	$286	$345	$428	$403	$692	...	...
USUALLY WORKED 1 TO 34 HOURS PER WEEK IN 1979	1 894	172	317	329	579	185	177	64	71	56.8	16.5
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$10 609	$6 861	$7 546	$8 671	$9 968	$11 461	$17 512	$13 274	$25 741	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$6 404	$5 070	$5 144	$5 687	$6 038	$6 326	$9 611	$5 516	$14 573	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$171	$155	$142	$160	$158	$159	$228	$140	$375	...	...
MALES 60 TO 64 YEARS OLD	12 604	1 178	2 047	2 664	4 244	1 158	788	279	246	53.3	10.4
WITH INCOME	12 379	1 125	1 994	2 624	4 202	1 137	777	276	244	53.6	10.5
MEDIAN INCOME	$9 495	$5 766	$6 919	$8 800	$9 939	$13 070	$16 483	$16 051	$23 385	...	...
MEAN INCOME	$11 838	$7 602	$8 856	$10 253	$11 754	$14 765	$18 960	$19 234	$29 558	...	...
WITH EARNINGS	8 297	641	1 201	1 740	2 926	838	585	183	183	56.8	11.5
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$14 079	$9 456	$11 526	$12 303	$13 477	$16 489	$20 310	$22 317	$34 366	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$11 607	$7 908	$10 030	$10 586	$11 367	$12 915	$15 425	$15 735	$26 154	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$275	$208	$241	$254	$263	$293	$374	$406	$586	...	...
USUALLY WORKED 35 OR MORE HOURS PER WEEK	7 019	530	990	1 516	2 502	710	466	146	159	56.7	11.0
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$14 684	$9 935	$12 046	$12 758	$14 183	$16 988	$21 070	$23 871	$35 762	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$12 652	$8 721	$10 863	$11 400	$12 384	$13 975	$17 068	$18 498	$28 812	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$287	$208	$247	$264	$274	$303	$407	$453	$628	...	...
WORKED 40 OR MORE WEEKS IN 1979	5 415	371	757	1 102	2 018	591	343	104	129	58.8	10.6
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$15 768	$11 560	$13 050	$13 900	$14 992	$17 956	$21 357	$24 944	$39 633	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$14 165	$10 888	$12 320	$13 077	$13 572	$14 972	$18 767	$20 499	$31 927	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$280	$215	$241	$259	$269	$293	$372	$431	$643	...	...
USUALLY WORKED 1 TO 34 HOURS PER WEEK IN 1979	1 114	89	185	193	380	108	109	28	22	58.1	14.3
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$10 716	$7 191	$8 639	$9 330	$9 202	$13 287	$17 443	$17 214	$26 502	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$5 993	$4 561	$6 205	$5 195	$5 179	$7 270	$9 213	$6 065	$8 775	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$166	$185	$178	$143	$144	$185	$221	$149	$219	...	...
MALES 65 YEARS OLD AND OVER	29 445	4 514	5 930	6 700	6 909	2 322	1 666	770	634	41.8	10.4
WITH INCOME	28 974	4 393	5 850	6 589	6 808	2 291	1 657	758	628	41.9	10.5
MEDIAN INCOME	$5 347	$3 847	$4 374	$4 980	$6 234	$8 185	$12 030	$11 762	$16 612	...	...
MEAN INCOME	$7 788	$4 794	$5 399	$6 283	$8 016	$11 020	$15 823	$14 730	$22 923	...	...
WITH EARNINGS	7 955	784	1 347	1 887	2 185	761	488	233	270	49.5	12.5
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$11 280	$7 632	$8 269	$9 140	$10 328	$14 815	$20 587	$18 320	$26 684	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$5 553	$4 059	$4 031	$4 764	$5 007	$7 694	$8 830	$5 813	$15 240	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$180	$146	$145	$156	$158	$214	$265	$211	$416	...	...
USUALLY WORKED 35 OR MORE HOURS PER WEEK	4 217	419	715	974	1 225	408	224	91	161	50.0	11.3
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$12 077	$8 349	$8 815	$9 902	$11 311	$15 874	$25 201	$11 114	$27 904	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$7 418	$5 077	$5 026	$6 463	$6 566	$11 068	$14 247	$5 980	$18 448	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$221	$162	$161	$202	$192	$269	$408	$190	$507	...	...
WORKED 40 OR MORE WEEKS IN 1979	2 168	187	300	466	622	297	154	44	98	56.0	13.7
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$14 898	$10 679	$11 108	$12 234	$13 292	$17 883	$27 277	$11 826	$30 289	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$10 691	$7 570	$7 901	$9 507	$9 160	$13 837	$16 572	$8 650	$22 676	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$217	$154	$156	$196	$183	$274	$368	$175	$480	...	...
USUALLY WORKED 1 TO 34 HOURS PER WEEK IN 1979	3 189	302	551	776	820	317	214	122	87	48.9	13.3
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$10 008	$6 622	$7 300	$7 850	$9 004	$13 784	$15 921	$18 943	$26 796	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$3 422	$2 694	$2 556	$2 823	$2 959	$4 040	$4 303	$6 573	$12 314	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$105	$94	$93	$82	$89	$122	$109	$225	$266	...	...

TABLE 237. INCOME IN 1979 OF PERSONS 18 YEARS AND OVER BY YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED, AGE, RACE, SPANISH ORIGIN, AND SEX: 1980 - CON.

[DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDIXES A AND B]

RURAL	TOTAL	ELEMENTARY 0 TO 7 YEARS	ELEMENTARY 8 YEARS	HIGH SCHOOL 1 TO 3 YEARS	HIGH SCHOOL 4 YEARS	COLLEGE 1 TO 3 YEARS	COLLEGE 4 YEARS	COLLEGE 5 AND 6 YEARS	COLLEGE 7 OR MORE YEARS	PERCENT HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATES	PERCENT 4 OR MORE YRS COLLEGE
TOTAL											
FEMALES 18 YEARS OLD AND OVER	208 739	7 786	16 367	34 391	94 522	33 436	16 090	4 882	1 265	72.0	10.7
WITHOUT INCOME	45 644	1 430	3 704	8 964	22 833	5 819	2 321	452	121	69.1	6.3
WITH INCOME	163 095	6 356	12 663	25 427	71 689	27 617	13 769	4 430	1 144	72.7	11.9
$1 TO $1,999 OR LOSS	35 961	1 732	3 388	7 206	15 342	5 433	2 213	511	136	65.7	8.0
$2,000 TO $3,999	40 204	3 036	4 785	8 168	16 348	5 348	1 955	436	128	60.2	6.3
$4,000 TO $5,999	26 213	729	2 053	3 993	12 800	4 403	1 643	447	145	74.2	8.5
$6,000 TO $7,999	21 536	472	1 168	2 907	11 056	3 932	1 446	465	90	78.9	9.3
$8,000 TO $9,999	15 249	177	641	1 713	7 464	3 094	1 704	354	102	83.4	14.2
$10,000 TO $11,999	9 835	115	299	735	4 164	2 221	1 659	572	70	88.3	23.4
$12,000 TO $14,999	7 715	57	172	433	2 552	1 751	1 800	801	149	91.4	35.6
$15,000 TO $19,999	4 359	23	104	179	1 370	999	891	635	158	93.0	38.6
$20,000 TO $24,999	1 091	-	25	38	340	221	255	117	95	94.2	42.8
$25,000 TO $34,999	543	15	15	34	154	141	94	56	34	88.2	33.9
$35,000 TO $49,999	249	-	6	12	49	60	62	23	37	92.8	49.0
$50,000 OR MORE	140	-	7	9	50	14	47	13	-	88.6	42.9
MEDIAN	$4 396	$2 748	$3 030	$3 294	$4 649	$5 353	$7 447	$10 007	$9 341	...	...
MEAN	$5 503	$3 423	$3 947	$4 114	$5 335	$6 223	$8 008	$9 914	$11 132	...	...
WITH EARNINGS	113 896	1 735	5 287	15 049	55 656	20 963	10 796	3 545	865	80.6	13.4
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$6 197	$5 075	$5 457	$4 792	$5 803	$6 577	$8 148	$10 246	$12 561	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$5 623	$4 331	$4 776	$4 223	$5 324	$5 979	$7 395	$9 320	$11 078	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$148	$118	$129	$124	$138	$153	$192	$234	$276	...	...
USUALLY WORKED 35 OR MORE HOURS PER WEEK	76 042	1 200	3 613	9 545	37 478	13 374	7 525	2 625	682	81.1	14.2
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$7 428	$5 818	$6 271	$5 825	$6 938	$7 959	$9 689	$11 894	$13 159	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$6 934	$5 215	$5 751	$5 293	$6 526	$7 444	$9 056	$11 139	$12 000	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$183	$145	$152	$149	$169	$195	$242	$289	$310	...	...
WORKED 40 OR MORE WEEKS IN 1979	51 028	754	2 357	5 615	26 105	9 305	4 749	1 673	470	82.9	13.5
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$8 936	$7 317	$7 802	$7 763	$8 409	$9 536	$10 800	$13 050	$15 177	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$8 547	$6 841	$7 456	$7 373	$8 093	$9 122	$10 208	$12 402	$14 058	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$181	$147	$155	$152	$171	$195	$223	$272	$310	...	...
USUALLY WORKED 1 TO 34 HOURS PER WEEK	37 101	521	1 628	5 428	17 850	7 401	3 198	904	171	79.6	11.5
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$3 697	$3 359	$3 695	$2 966	$3 451	$4 120	$4 587	$5 544	$8 962	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$2 991	$2 333	$2 689	$2 363	$2 851	$3 426	$3 574	$4 171	$6 507	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$77	$59	$75	$73	$72	$83	$85	$94	$135	...	...
FEMALES 18 TO 24 YEARS OLD	29 924	268	503	6 107	16 505	5 280	1 176	85	-	77.0	4.2
WITH INCOME	24 156	198	317	4 279	13 453	4 695	1 129	85	-	80.2	5.0
MEDIAN INCOME	$3 587	$1 909	$2 793	$1 780	$4 121	$4 144	$5 553	$6 318	-	...	...
MEAN INCOME	$4 143	$2 651	$3 211	$2 366	$4 344	$4 817	$6 091	$5 781	-	...	...
WITH EARNINGS	22 510	105	212	3 616	12 827	4 553	1 112	85	-	82.5	5.3
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$4 298	$3 737	$3 676	$2 458	$4 453	$4 894	$6 121	$5 781	-	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$4 088	$3 592	$3 132	$2 211	$4 260	$4 649	$6 019	$5 779	-	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$123	$119	$128	$93	$121	$136	$159	$174	-	...	...
USUALLY WORKED 35 OR MORE HOURS PER WEEK	15 510	72	146	1 877	9 252	3 208	901	54	-	86.5	6.2
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$5 143	$4 612	$3 857	$3 211	$5 225	$5 621	$6 744	$7 323	-	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$4 930	$4 540	$3 552	$2 886	$5 042	$5 354	$6 644	$7 323	-	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$149	$147	$146	$126	$144	$162	$202	$204	-	...	...
WORKED 40 OR MORE WEEKS IN 1979	8 366	35	47	527	5 484	1 721	522	30	-	92.7	6.6
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$7 055	$7 490	$8 136	$6 099	$6 840	$7 544	$8 448	$8 692	-	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$6 961	$7 484	$8 066	$5 997	$6 759	$7 401	$8 366	$8 692	-	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$149	$153	$158	$125	$144	$160	$200	$174	-	...	...
USUALLY WORKED 1 TO 34 HOURS PER WEEK IN 1979	6 960	33	66	1 728	3 552	1 341	209	31	-	73.8	3.4
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$2 429	$1 827	$3 275	$1 651	$2 455	$3 155	$3 489	$3 094	-	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$2 224	$1 523	$2 203	$1 487	$2 235	$2 967	$3 374	$3 091	-	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$66	$53	$89	$60	$63	$81	$57	$108	-	...	...
FEMALES 25 TO 34 YEARS OLD	48 902	655	1 178	4 788	23 763	9 806	6 432	1 876	404	86.5	17.8
WITH INCOME	36 691	522	884	3 284	16 764	7 668	5 502	1 706	361	87.2	20.6
MEDIAN INCOME	$5 515	$2 512	$3 795	$3 917	$5 165	$5 900	$7 669	$9 656	$8 563	...	...
MEAN INCOME	$6 030	$3 367	$4 375	$4 512	$5 515	$6 283	$7 484	$8 959	$10 310	...	...
WITH EARNINGS	33 598	244	657	2 663	15 420	7 312	5 324	1 635	343	89.4	21.7
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$6 315	$4 256	$4 824	$4 843	$5 750	$6 456	$7 583	$9 234	$10 825	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$5 926	$3 659	$4 173	$4 363	$5 367	$6 144	$7 196	$8 889	$9 710	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$155	$106	$129	$125	$141	$155	$187	$220	$254	...	...
USUALLY WORKED 35 OR MORE HOURS PER WEEK	22 801	167	444	1 857	10 538	4 509	3 766	1 242	278	89.2	23.2
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$7 689	$4 990	$5 798	$5 688	$6 947	$8 164	$9 239	$10 769	$11 349	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$7 303	$4 556	$5 253	$5 241	$6 567	$7 846	$8 811	$10 474	$10 482	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$190	$129	$144	$145	$171	$198	$231	$261	$273	...	...
WORKED 40 OR MORE WEEKS IN 1979	15 401	93	253	1 117	7 162	3 305	2 437	853	181	90.5	22.5
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$9 186	$6 646	$7 702	$7 441	$8 490	$9 537	$10 481	$11 959	$13 959	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$8 874	$6 194	$7 290	$7 109	$8 221	$9 282	$10 006	$11 654	$13 449	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$188	$129	$147	$148	$173	$199	$217	$251	$279	...	...
USUALLY WORKED 1 TO 34 HOURS PER WEEK IN 1979	10 642	77	213	797	4 815	2 748	1 537	390	65	89.8	18.7
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$3 439	$2 663	$2 794	$2 921	$3 195	$3 741	$3 591	$4 414	$8 586	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$3 046	$1 713	$1 923	$2 359	$2 804	$3 446	$3 308	$3 909	$6 404	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$80	$51	$81	$73	$74	$85	$83	$94	$170	...	...
FEMALES 35 TO 44 YEARS OLD	34 449	710	2 046	5 065	17 039	5 329	2 902	1 067	291	77.3	12.4
WITH INCOME	25 700	480	1 398	3 533	12 501	4 241	2 339	946	262	78.9	13.8
MEDIAN INCOME	$5 623	$3 500	$4 618	$4 559	$5 511	$6 349	$7 628	$11 261	$12 342	...	...
MEAN INCOME	$6 374	$4 280	$5 387	$5 101	$5 944	$6 837	$8 112	$11 076	$13 167	...	...
WITH EARNINGS	23 248	245	1 118	3 029	11 627	3 948	2 155	874	252	81.1	14.1
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$6 665	$5 693	$5 953	$5 394	$6 161	$7 027	$8 528	$10 754	$13 516	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$6 207	$5 133	$5 583	$4 940	$5 745	$6 523	$7 932	$10 234	$12 853	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$154	$127	$147	$130	$142	$157	$198	$251	$302	...	...
USUALLY WORKED 35 OR MORE HOURS PER WEEK	15 405	197	856	2 069	7 496	2 517	1 421	655	194	79.7	14.7
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$8 146	$6 499	$6 760	$6 429	$7 591	$8 775	$10 678	$12 418	$14 533	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$7 677	$5 903	$6 431	$5 995	$7 173	$8 224	$9 992	$11 943	$13 909	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$192	$156	$168	$157	$175	$200	$264	$317	$351	...	...
WORKED 40 OR MORE WEEKS IN 1979	11 182	140	570	1 392	5 694	1 922	923	390	151	81.2	13.1
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$9 424	$7 263	$8 625	$7 991	$8 850	$9 998	$11 557	$14 480	$15 921	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$9 017	$6 998	$8 353	$7 659	$8 469	$9 566	$10 959	$13 856	$15 257	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$189	$154	$171	$159	$175	$201	$242	$308	$352	...	...
USUALLY WORKED 1 TO 34 HOURS PER WEEK IN 1979	7 765	48	262	956	4 092	1 411	723	215	58	83.7	12.8
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$3 769	$2 383	$3 316	$3 174	$3 585	$3 940	$4 395	$5 837	$10 111	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$3 342	$1 976	$2 812	$2 675	$3 174	$3 564	$4 000	$5 172	$9 318	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$81	$39	$77	$72	$79	$82	$89	$102	$178	...	...

TABLE 237. INCOME IN 1979 OF PERSONS 18 YEARS AND OVER BY YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED, AGE, RACE, SPANISH ORIGIN, AND SEX: 1980 - CON.

[DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDIXES A AND B]

RURAL	TOTAL	ELEMENTARY 0 TO 7 YEARS	ELEMENTARY 8 YEARS	HIGH SCHOOL 1 TO 3 YEARS	HIGH SCHOOL 4 YEARS	COLLEGE 1 TO 3 YEARS	COLLEGE 4 YEARS	COLLEGE 5 AND 6 YEARS	COLLEGE 7 OR MORE YEARS	PERCENT HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATES	PERCENT 4 OR MORE YRS COLLEGE
TOTAL											
FEMALES 45 TO 54 YEARS OLD	29 871	1 262	3 023	5 612	13 803	3 611	1 696	672	192	66.9	8.6
WITH INCOME	21 092	871	1 992	3 555	9 726	2 777	1 384	618	169	69.6	10.3
MEDIAN INCOME	$5 583	$3 484	$4 335	$4 891	$5 672	$6 253	$9 697	$12 186	$12 373	...	...
MEAN INCOME	$6 365	$4 419	$4 716	$5 328	$6 198	$7 202	$9 264	$11 072	$12 530	...	...
WITH EARNINGS	18 019	535	1 578	2 916	8 629	2 440	1 205	564	152	72.1	10.7
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$6 876	$5 477	$5 292	$5 821	$6 577	$7 707	$9 695	$11 237	$13 568	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$6 353	$4 902	$4 997	$5 345	$6 131	$7 165	$8 730	$10 239	$11 156	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$155	$129	$126	$134	$147	$173	$221	$245	$265	...	...
USUALLY WORKED 35 OR MORE HOURS PER WEEK	12 607	386	1 122	2 089	5 973	1 616	866	425	130	71.5	11.3
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$8 170	$6 142	$6 202	$6 794	$7 851	$9 320	$11 582	$13 152	$14 596	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$7 659	$5 555	$5 898	$6 273	$7 449	$8 755	$10 701	$12 192	$12 326	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$192	$153	$150	$156	$184	$217	$276	$321	$338	...	...
WORKED 40 OR MORE WEEKS IN 1979	9 335	258	825	1 474	4 636	1 246	521	287	88	72.6	9.6
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$9 249	$7 696	$7 332	$7 961	$9 053	$10 686	$11 709	$12 994	$16 553	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$8 835	$7 167	$7 084	$7 572	$8 728	$10 131	$11 114	$12 362	$13 615	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$188	$156	$152	$156	$185	$218	$234	$296	$339	...	...
USUALLY WORKED 1 TO 34 HOURS PER WEEK IN 1979	5 340	149	448	824	2 610	813	335	139	22	73.4	9.3
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$3 859	$3 754	$3 021	$3 358	$3 714	$4 577	$4 774	$5 382	$7 495	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$3 318	$3 210	$2 744	$2 996	$3 191	$4 081	$3 613	$4 266	$4 239	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$76	$75	$67	$77	$71	$92	$86	$80	$56	...	...
FEMALES 55 TO 64 YEARS OLD	28 192	1 449	3 506	5 190	11 967	3 887	1 539	501	153	64.0	7.8
WITH INCOME	20 717	1 051	2 445	3 659	8 637	3 072	1 278	442	133	65.5	8.9
MEDIAN INCOME	$4 524	$2 686	$3 021	$3 698	$4 805	$6 243	$7 974	$10 714	$8 625	...	...
MEAN INCOME	$5 747	$3 373	$4 109	$4 565	$5 735	$7 054	$8 910	$10 862	$10 335	...	...
WITH EARNINGS	12 370	395	1 238	2 031	5 640	1 983	724	281	78	70.4	8.8
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$7 155	$5 018	$5 810	$5 944	$6 917	$8 297	$9 849	$13 202	$12 249	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$6 146	$4 548	$5 185	$5 244	$6 023	$6 882	$7 999	$10 320	$10 959	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$153	$120	$132	$130	$148	$167	$222	$289	$261	...	...
USUALLY WORKED 35 OR MORE HOURS PER WEEK	8 098	291	833	1 305	3 666	1 284	445	209	65	70.0	8.9
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$8 483	$5 460	$6 660	$7 209	$8 311	$9 708	$11 465	$15 450	$13 646	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$7 617	$5 133	$6 130	$6 561	$7 518	$8 613	$10 105	$12 374	$12 581	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$189	$140	$152	$158	$184	$215	$272	$337	$296	...	...
WORKED 40 OR MORE WEEKS IN 1979	5 951	184	582	954	2 809	1 001	279	97	45	71.1	7.1
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$9 452	$6 734	$7 788	$8 392	$9 203	$10 698	$12 656	$18 155	$13 822	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$8 806	$6 567	$7 478	$7 928	$8 651	$9 755	$11 321	$15 123	$13 072	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$184	$143	$154	$160	$181	$211	$239	$304	$261	...	...
USUALLY WORKED 1 TO 34 HOURS PER WEEK IN 1979	4 121	100	390	717	1 912	654	264	72	12	70.7	8.4
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$4 636	$3 772	$4 134	$3 675	$4 210	$6 034	$7 377	$6 677	$4 881	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$3 387	$3 023	$3 306	$2 894	$3 175	$4 046	$4 637	$4 358	$3 020	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$82	$70	$85	$76	$76	$87	$129	$133	$71	...	...
FEMALES 60 TO 64 YEARS OLD	13 596	757	1 655	2 535	5 757	1 799	783	228	82	63.6	8.0
WITH INCOME	10 947	598	1 327	2 015	4 551	1 521	659	201	75	64.0	8.5
MEDIAN INCOME	$3 886	$2 387	$2 665	$3 475	$4 152	$5 410	$8 946	$9 050	$5 938	...	...
MEAN INCOME	$5 380	$3 102	$3 706	$4 340	$5 278	$6 763	$9 800	$9 599	$9 047	...	...
WITH EARNINGS	5 212	156	511	895	2 375	818	316	100	41	70.0	8.8
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$7 239	$5 206	$5 948	$6 232	$6 899	$8 384	$10 790	$12 124	$10 620	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$5 759	$4 462	$4 981	$5 222	$5 512	$6 405	$8 262	$8 018	$8 734	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$152	$124	$132	$135	$143	$168	$240	$286	$222	...	...
USUALLY WORKED 35 OR MORE HOURS PER WEEK	3 222	125	300	546	1 460	501	186	71	33	69.9	9.0
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$8 564	$5 371	$6 996	$7 402	$8 288	$9 562	$13 101	$14 840	$12 161	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$7 344	$4 893	$6 161	$6 527	$7 082	$8 152	$11 409	$10 580	$10 313	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$191	$134	$154	$166	$185	$213	$305	$365	$249	...	...
WORKED 40 OR MORE WEEKS IN 1979	2 174	74	192	373	1 036	360	111	10	18	70.6	6.4
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$9 394	$6 608	$8 241	$8 775	$9 021	$10 610	$13 895	$21 059	$8 830	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$8 648	$6 382	$7 722	$8 228	$8 347	$9 492	$12 514	$18 847	$7 414	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$182	$132	$157	$167	$178	$204	$267	$374	$145	...	...
USUALLY WORKED 1 TO 34 HOURS PER WEEK IN 1979	1 903	27	201	349	877	298	115	29	7	69.7	7.9
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$5 110	$4 627	$4 545	$4 401	$4 611	$6 814	$7 757	$5 474	$3 461	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$3 235	$3 106	$3 384	$3 180	$3 027	$3 834	$3 636	$1 747	$2 415	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$83	$80	$93	$85	$74	$95	$106	$68	$69	...	...
FEMALES 65 YEARS OLD AND OVER	37 401	3 442	6 111	7 629	11 445	5 523	2 345	681	225	54.1	8.7
WITH INCOME	34 739	3 234	5 627	7 117	10 608	5 164	2 137	633	219	54.0	8.6
MEDIAN INCOME	$3 277	$2 671	$2 732	$2 997	$3 388	$4 487	$6 739	$8 095	$7 688	...	...
MEAN INCOME	$4 580	$3 101	$3 221	$3 654	$4 470	$5 890	$8 900	$9 516	$9 458	...	...
WITH EARNINGS	4 151	211	484	794	1 513	727	276	106	40	64.1	10.2
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$7 110	$5 056	$5 582	$6 228	$6 478	$7 416	$13 011	$12 140	$18 215	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$3 493	$2 689	$2 680	$3 443	$3 471	$3 251	$5 173	$3 740	$11 560	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$107	$82	$84	$119	$98	$99	$161	$123	$402	...	...
USUALLY WORKED 35 OR MORE HOURS PER WEEK	1 621	87	212	348	553	240	126	40	15	60.1	11.2
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$7 738	$6 626	$5 794	$6 052	$7 589	$8 300	$13 732	$12 451	$14 358	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$4 799	$4 248	$3 286	$3 731	$5 254	$4 563	$8 068	$6 151	$10 075	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$154	$125	$103	$125	$162	$161	$248	$249	$278	...	...
WORKED 40 OR MORE WEEKS IN 1979	793	44	80	151	320	110	67	16	5	65.3	11.1
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$9 507	$8 983	$7 011	$7 960	$9 352	$9 016	$15 506	$14 610	$24 789	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$6 924	$6 426	$4 913	$6 037	$7 311	$6 293	$9 848	$8 061	$16 536	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$152	$127	$105	$129	$168	$138	$219	$158	$318	...	...
USUALLY WORKED 1 TO 34 HOURS PER WEEK IN 1979	2 273	114	249	406	869	434	130	57	14	66.2	8.8
MEAN ANNUAL INCOME	$6 464	$3 805	$5 503	$6 106	$5 847	$6 354	$13 047	$12 460	$11 745	...	...
MEAN ANNUAL EARNINGS	$2 401	$1 385	$2 281	$3 141	$2 382	$2 106	$2 426	$2 314	$1 886	...	...
MEAN WEEKLY EARNINGS	$64	$40	$65	$101	$58	$54	$66	$59	$44	...	...

TABLE 238. FAMILY INCOME IN 1979 BY FAMILY TYPE, AND AGE, SEX, RACE, AND SPANISH ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER: 1980

[DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDIXES A AND B]

MAINE	TOTAL	LESS THAN $5,000	$5,000 TO $9,999	$10,000 TO $14,999	$15,000 TO $19,999	$20,000 TO $24,999	$25,000 TO $34,999	$35,000 TO $49,999	$50,000 OR MORE	MEDIAN	MEAN
TOTAL											
FAMILIES	295 488	21 425	52 532	59 926	55 725	42 874	41 221	15 175	6 610	$16 167	$18 254
MARRIED-COUPLE FAMILIES	251 534	11 686	39 044	50 437	50 501	40 171	38 868	14 470	6 357	$17 303	$19 426
WIFE IN LABOR FORCE	124 933	2 364	9 844	21 935	28 298	24 904	26 090	8 690	2 808	$20 005	$21 666
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	71 125	1 318	4 951	12 034	16 230	15 086	15 313	4 700	1 493	$20 309	$21 784
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 6 YEARS	25 316	556	2 490	5 836	6 949	4 947	3 529	667	342	$17 592	$18 792
WIFE NOT IN LABOR FORCE	126 601	9 322	29 200	28 502	22 203	15 267	12 778	5 780	3 549	$14 252	$17 215
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	59 733	3 008	9 698	14 588	12 706	8 417	6 746	2 755	1 815	$15 911	$18 465
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 6 YEARS	31 427	1 814	6 046	9 083	6 967	3 737	2 351	892	537	$14 233	$16 159
MALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO WIFE PRESENT	8 880	955	2 023	2 121	1 559	985	815	290	132	$13 310	$15 700
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	3 416	500	747	840	603	345	251	77	53	$12 058	$14 479
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 6 YEARS	1 095	235	334	285	133	45	39	17	7	$9 720	$10 912
FEMALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO HUSBAND PRESENT	35 074	8 784	11 465	7 368	3 665	1 718	1 538	415	121	$8 724	$10 498
IN LABOR FORCE	19 910	3 212	6 832	4 917	2 538	1 138	980	227	66	$9 937	$11 562
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	14 249	3 034	5 715	3 398	1 227	432	339	75	29	$8 559	$9 586
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 6 YEARS	3 744	1 273	1 652	637	121	11	42	8	-	$6 690	$7 178
NOT IN LABOR FORCE	15 164	5 572	4 633	2 451	1 127	580	558	188	55	$6 775	$9 102
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	7 390	4 439	1 919	594	188	115	79	42	14	$4 290	$5 722
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 6 YEARS	3 464	2 607	644	160	22	23	4	4	-	$3 541	$4 080
HOUSEHOLDER, 15 TO 24 YEARS	18 845	2 975	4 570	5 260	3 879	1 429	565	113	54	$11 641	$12 134
MARRIED-COUPLE FAMILIES	14 818	943	3 443	4 787	3 688	1 331	499	73	54	$12 974	$13 552
WIFE IN LABOR FORCE	8 922	305	1 471	2 831	2 720	1 092	413	43	47	$14 734	$15 090
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	3 404	129	648	1 270	956	287	92	6	16	$13 531	$13 979
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 6 YEARS	3 245	127	616	1 235	898	261	87	5	16	$13 452	$13 917
WIFE NOT IN LABOR FORCE	5 896	638	1 972	1 956	968	239	86	30	7	$10 733	$11 225
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	4 644	454	1 587	1 555	764	193	66	23	2	$10 764	$11 262
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 6 YEARS	4 515	446	1 532	1 531	739	181	61	23	2	$10 774	$11 229
MALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO WIFE PRESENT	915	129	272	257	118	64	45	30	-	$11 261	$12 733
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	335	67	143	91	23	2	2	7	-	$8 688	$9 140
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 6 YEARS	314	64	132	84	23	2	2	7	-	$8 664	$9 172
FEMALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO HUSBAND PRESENT	3 112	1 903	855	216	73	34	21	10	-	$4 078	$5 207
IN LABOR FORCE	1 543	572	667	188	66	23	21	6	-	$6 259	$7 088
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	1 247	547	528	121	23	12	10	6	-	$5 581	$6 159
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 6 YEARS	1 199	542	502	118	16	5	10	6	-	$5 453	$5 964
NOT IN LABOR FORCE	1 569	1 331	188	28	7	11	-	4	-	$2 882	$3 357
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	1 541	1 319	172	28	7	11	-	4	-	$2 874	$3 337
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 6 YEARS	1 510	1 300	160	28	7	11	-	4	-	$2 881	$3 345
HOUSEHOLDER, 25 TO 34 YEARS	71 547	5 337	11 354	16 623	16 504	11 467	7 819	1 775	668	$15 706	$16 572
MARRIED-COUPLE FAMILIES	61 322	1 949	7 577	14 692	15 856	11 233	7 624	1 747	644	$16 944	$17 936
WIFE IN LABOR FORCE	35 800	651	3 007	7 052	10 027	7 886	5 770	1 110	297	$18 580	$19 333
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	24 774	487	2 176	5 199	7 141	5 378	3 543	651	199	$18 113	$18 890
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 6 YEARS	16 792	310	1 520	3 723	4 860	3 619	2 241	382	137	$17 867	$18 646
WIFE NOT IN LABOR FORCE	25 522	1 298	4 570	7 640	5 829	3 347	1 854	637	347	$14 461	$15 975
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	23 651	1 202	4 126	7 182	5 491	3 039	1 714	592	305	$14 466	$15 911
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 6 YEARS	19 559	960	3 456	5 931	4 597	2 478	1 395	496	246	$14 459	$15 894
MALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO WIFE PRESENT	1 524	202	345	441	284	107	107	22	16	$11 933	$14 407
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	967	167	244	312	140	36	55	8	5	$10 855	$11 789
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 6 YEARS	548	110	162	153	81	15	25	2	-	$10 042	$10 461
FEMALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO HUSBAND PRESENT	8 701	3 186	3 432	1 490	364	127	88	6	8	$6 563	$7 342
IN LABOR FORCE	6 020	1 412	2 730	1 321	348	113	82	6	8	$7 961	$8 580
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	5 636	1 399	2 670	1 208	239	60	46	6	8	$7 695	$8 092
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 6 YEARS	2 204	639	1 008	452	82	3	18	2	-	$7 196	$7 507
NOT IN LABOR FORCE	2 681	1 774	702	169	16	14	6	-	-	$4 060	$4 562
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	2 669	1 769	701	163	16	14	6	-	-	$4 058	$4 551
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 6 YEARS	1 595	1 144	349	90	-	12	-	-	-	$3 829	$4 334
HOUSEHOLDER, 35 TO 44 YEARS	59 128	3 225	6 737	9 949	11 577	10 747	11 581	3 608	1 704	$19 150	$20 716
MARRIED-COUPLE FAMILIES	50 121	1 400	3 963	7 771	10 344	10 176	11 257	3 530	1 680	$20 701	$22 441
WIFE IN LABOR FORCE	30 925	545	1 505	4 075	6 018	6 939	8 465	2 538	840	$22 241	$23 596
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	26 653	466	1 236	3 548	5 239	6 117	7 170	2 161	716	$22 179	$23 526
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 6 YEARS	4 643	112	273	760	1 044	967	1 056	249	182	$20 584	$22 545
WIFE NOT IN LABOR FORCE	19 196	855	2 458	3 696	4 326	3 237	2 792	992	840	$17 767	$20 580
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	17 597	732	2 136	3 352	4 067	2 996	2 597	936	781	$17 990	$20 851
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 6 YEARS	6 118	350	773	1 320	1 403	956	798	297	221	$17 056	$19 883
MALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO WIFE PRESENT	1 641	138	255	382	384	277	157	32	16	$15 519	$16 457
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	1 118	116	198	262	243	172	79	32	16	$14 506	$15 992
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 6 YEARS	191	36	32	48	26	28	6	8	7	$11 677	$15 623
FEMALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO HUSBAND PRESENT	7 366	1 687	2 519	1 796	849	294	167	46	8	$8 903	$9 926
IN LABOR FORCE	5 552	845	1 905	1 600	754	269	146	31	2	$10 068	$10 899
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	4 951	814	1 804	1 400	615	186	111	21	-	$9 614	$10 395
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 6 YEARS	298	75	140	60	14	3	6	-	-	$8 316	$8 567
NOT IN LABOR FORCE	1 814	842	614	196	95	25	21	15	6	$5 402	$6 948
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	1 742	824	580	189	82	25	21	15	6	$5 314	$6 894
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 6 YEARS	336	157	126	34	15	-	4	-	-	$5 272	$5 919
HOUSEHOLDER, 45 TO 54 YEARS	52 790	2 328	5 435	8 376	9 502	8 956	11 039	5 124	2 030	$20 387	$22 643
MARRIED-COUPLE FAMILIES	45 513	1 314	3 724	6 733	8 281	8 188	10 379	4 958	1 936	$21 530	$23 924
WIFE IN LABOR FORCE	26 152	389	1 363	3 260	4 781	5 104	7 096	3 189	970	$23 152	$25 109
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	13 452	179	692	1 496	2 415	2 681	3 930	1 602	457	$23 629	$25 289
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 6 YEARS	581	5	73	108	134	90	141	23	7	$18 683	$20 231
WIFE NOT IN LABOR FORCE	19 361	925	2 361	3 473	3 500	3 084	3 283	1 769	966	$19 069	$22 322
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	10 177	389	1 224	1 837	1 751	1 618	1 824	960	574	$19 643	$22 983
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 6 YEARS	1 032	47	192	262	200	112	90	76	53	$1[illegible] 313	$19 886
MALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO WIFE PRESENT	1 736	189	245	310	346	256	280	57	53	$16 856	$18 650
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	721	106	104	115	140	104	97	30	25	$16 216	$17 984
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 6 YEARS	34	22	3	-	3	-	6	-	-	$3 864	$8 828
FEMALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO HUSBAND PRESENT	5 541	825	1 466	1 333	875	512	380	109	41	$11 598	$13 375
IN LABOR FORCE	3 901	295	898	1 043	753	442	340	95	35	$13 497	$15 237
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	2 090	251	601	588	307	155	133	34	21	$11 304	$13 106
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 6 YEARS	43	17	2	7	9	-	8	-	-	$10 893	$14 576
NOT IN LABOR FORCE	1 640	530	568	290	122	70	40	14	6	$7 210	$8 946
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	1 126	414	386	159	67	47	33	14	6	$6 641	$8 659
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 6 YEARS	14	6	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	$6 250	$5 758

TABLE 238. FAMILY INCOME IN 1979 BY FAMILY TYPE, AND AGE, SEX, RACE, AND SPANISH ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER: 1980 - CON.

[DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDIXES A AND B]

MAINE	TOTAL	LESS THAN $5,000	$5,000 TO $9,999	$10,000 TO $14,999	$15,000 TO $19,999	$20,000 TO $24,999	$25,000 TO $34,999	$35,000 TO $49,999	$50,000 OR MORE	MEDIAN	MEAN
TOTAL											
HOUSEHOLDER, 55 TO 64 YEARS	46 754	2 648	7 238	9 111	8 535	7 001	7 409	3 327	1 485	$17 450	$19 988
MARRIED-COUPLE FAMILIES	41 287	2 085	5 809	7 792	7 599	6 536	6 880	3 146	1 440	$18 215	$20 684
WIFE IN LABOR FORCE	17 454	306	1 304	3 099	3 555	3 224	3 803	1 617	546	$20 615	$22 771
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	2 590	57	164	447	446	563	553	255	105	$21 446	$23 850
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 6 YEARS	45	2	2	10	13	6	4	8	-	$16 635	$19 923
WIFE NOT IN LABOR FORCE	23 833	1 779	4 505	4 693	4 044	3 312	3 077	1 529	894	$16 097	$19 155
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	3 180	163	480	551	572	511	520	232	151	$18 594	$21 159
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 6 YEARS	174	6	71	37	28	10	7	-	15	$11 786	$22 389
MALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO WIFE PRESENT	1 363	130	297	344	221	148	121	75	27	$13 757	$16 455
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	235	40	48	40	51	31	18	-	7	$13 687	$15 949
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 6 YEARS	7	2	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	$8 250	$7 228
FEMALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO HUSBAND PRESENT	4 104	433	1 132	975	715	317	408	106	18	$12 383	$14 165
IN LABOR FORCE	2 318	67	536	577	503	236	319	68	12	$14 806	$16 327
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	323	23	112	79	43	19	39	8	-	$11 440	$13 698
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 6 YEARS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NOT IN LABOR FORCE	1 786	366	596	398	212	81	89	38	6	$9 445	$11 360
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	282	97	70	55	14	18	17	9	2	$7 593	$10 694
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 6 YEARS	8	-	-	8	-	-	-	-	-	$11 250	$11 500
HOUSEHOLDER, 60 TO 64 YEARS	21 939	1 387	4 137	4 830	4 215	2 846	2 691	1 240	593	$15 689	$18 190
MARRIED-COUPLE FAMILIES	19 401	1 163	3 470	4 190	3 737	2 611	2 499	1 155	576	$16 130	$18 654
WIFE IN LABOR FORCE	7 119	119	667	1 519	1 650	1 188	1 280	523	173	$18 778	$20 912
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	627	14	57	137	144	118	97	49	11	$17 952	$20 265
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 6 YEARS	20	-	2	5	11	-	-	2	-	$15 682	$16 953
WIFE NOT IN LABOR FORCE	12 282	1 044	2 803	2 671	2 087	1 423	1 219	632	403	$14 177	$17 345
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	901	70	151	196	188	113	96	42	45	$15 997	$18 672
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 6 YEARS	60	6	14	9	14	10	-	-	7	$15 357	$18 629
MALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO WIFE PRESENT	668	56	155	187	110	65	51	31	13	$13 609	$15 830
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	72	23	10	5	24	7	3	-	-	$14 000	$11 966
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 6 YEARS	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	$3 750	$4 810
FEMALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO HUSBAND PRESENT	1 870	168	512	453	368	170	141	54	4	$13 012	$14 217
IN LABOR FORCE	959	13	220	259	230	123	77	37	-	$14 756	$16 020
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	39	6	22	6	-	5	-	-	-	$8 482	$9 764
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 6 YEARS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NOT IN LABOR FORCE	911	155	292	194	138	47	64	17	4	$10 291	$12 319
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	68	17	15	16	-	-	15	5	-	$10 625	$14 488
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 6 YEARS	6	-	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	$11 250	$11 670
HOUSEHOLDER, 65 YEARS AND OVER	46 424	4 912	17 198	10 607	5 728	3 274	2 808	1 228	669	$10 437	$13 457
MARRIED-COUPLE FAMILIES	38 473	3 995	14 528	8 662	4 733	2 707	2 229	1 016	603	$10 342	$13 463
WIFE IN LABOR FORCE	5 680	168	1 194	1 618	1 197	659	543	193	108	$14 523	$16 937
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	252	-	35	74	33	60	25	25	-	$17 647	$19 219
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 6 YEARS	10	-	6	-	-	4	-	-	-	$9 583	$13 966
WIFE NOT IN LABOR FORCE	32 793	3 827	13 334	7 044	3 536	2 048	1 686	823	495	$9 676	$12 861
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	484	68	145	111	61	60	25	12	2	$10 863	$12 898
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 6 YEARS	29	5	22	2	-	-	-	-	-	$6 827	$6 770
MALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO WIFE PRESENT	1 701	167	609	387	206	133	105	74	20	$10 866	$14 110
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	40	4	10	20	6	-	-	-	-	$10 750	$10 079
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 6 YEARS	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	$2,500-	$980
FEMALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO HUSBAND PRESENT	6 250	750	2 061	1 558	789	434	474	138	46	$10 900	$13 243
IN LABOR FORCE	576	21	96	188	114	55	72	21	9	$14 366	$17 030
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	2	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	$11 250	$10 320
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 6 YEARS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NOT IN LABOR FORCE	5 674	729	1 965	1 370	675	379	402	117	37	$10 476	$12 858
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	30	16	10	-	2	-	2	-	-	$4 833	$7 252
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 6 YEARS	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	$6 250	$7 495

TABLE 238. FAMILY INCOME IN 1979 BY FAMILY TYPE, AND AGE, SEX, RACE, AND SPANISH ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER: 1980 - CON.

[DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDIXES A AND B]

RURAL	TOTAL	LESS THAN $5,000	$5,000 TO $9,999	$10,000 TO $14,999	$15,000 TO $19,999	$20,000 TO $24,999	$25,000 TO $34,999	$35,000 TO $49,999	$50,000 OR MORE	MEDIAN	MEAN
TOTAL											
FAMILIES	159 633	12 318	29 384	33 938	30 538	22 439	20 551	7 168	3 297	$15 631	$17 655
MARRIED-COUPLE FAMILIES	139 870	7 890	23 322	29 528	28 217	21 185	19 587	6 916	3 225	$16 511	$18 563
WIFE IN LABOR FORCE	66 595	1 596	5 809	12 535	15 318	13 053	12 787	4 080	1 417	$19 345	$20 938
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	39 048	922	2 975	7 226	9 183	8 088	7 642	2 254	758	$19 561	$20 995
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 6 YEARS	14 095	367	1 423	3 379	3 846	2 630	1 888	368	194	$17 291	$18 573
WIFE NOT IN LABOR FORCE	73 275	6 294	17 513	16 993	12 899	8 132	6 800	2 836	1 808	$13 594	$16 405
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	36 130	2 059	6 360	9 346	7 736	4 698	3 673	1 363	895	$15 172	$17 457
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 6 YEARS	19 071	1 218	3 831	5 711	4 240	2 125	1 198	468	280	$13 758	$15 442
MALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO WIFE PRESENT	4 843	621	1 126	1 212	788	529	412	112	43	$12 617	$14 485
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	2 002	354	460	485	344	203	115	24	17	$11 494	$13 127
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 6 YEARS	658	145	207	169	64	41	22	10	-	$9 517	$10 510
FEMALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO HUSBAND PRESENT	14 920	3 807	4 936	3 198	1 533	725	552	140	29	$8 637	$10 170
IN LABOR FORCE	8 226	1 271	2 867	2 110	1 062	483	354	75	4	$9 958	$11 309
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	6 058	1 192	2 366	1 538	592	220	120	30	-	$8 908	$9 746
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 6 YEARS	1 428	474	622	264	52	8	6	2	-	$6 923	$7 192
NOT IN LABOR FORCE	6 694	2 536	2 069	1 088	471	242	198	65	25	$6 670	$8 769
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	3 253	1 891	844	305	91	45	50	19	8	$4 399	$6 041
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 6 YEARS	1 290	986	220	63	11	2	4	4	-	$3 579	$4 127
HOUSEHOLDER, 15 TO 24 YEARS	8 977	1 188	2 175	2 624	1 896	706	300	41	47	$12 042	$12 557
MARRIED-COUPLE FAMILIES	7 465	475	1 761	2 418	1 836	643	265	20	47	$13 016	$13 569
WIFE IN LABOR FORCE	4 135	134	670	1 289	1 256	513	223	10	40	$14 903	$15 396
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	1 688	68	298	629	488	133	50	6	16	$13 591	$14 284
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 6 YEARS	1 630	66	291	615	470	122	45	5	16	$13 490	$14 210
WIFE NOT IN LABOR FORCE	3 330	341	1 091	1 129	580	130	42	10	7	$10 929	$11 300
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	2 670	234	918	911	462	106	34	3	2	$10 894	$11 246
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 6 YEARS	2 604	226	905	887	452	100	29	3	2	$10 864	$11 214
MALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO WIFE PRESENT	451	81	114	128	34	46	31	17	-	$11 271	$13 044
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	178	43	65	52	14	2	2	-	-	$8 944	$8 739
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 6 YEARS	175	40	65	52	14	2	2	-	-	$9 028	$8 875
FEMALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO HUSBAND PRESENT	1 061	632	300	78	26	17	4	4	-	$4 205	$5 235
IN LABOR FORCE	537	175	241	76	24	17	4	-	-	$6 518	$7 249
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	423	168	180	52	11	12	-	-	-	$5 899	$6 416
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 6 YEARS	394	163	170	52	4	5	-	-	-	$5 714	$5 910
NOT IN LABOR FORCE	524	457	59	2	2	-	-	4	-	$2 852	$3 17[illegible]
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	522	455	59	2	2	-	-	4	-	$2 863	$3 174
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 6 YEARS	499	436	55	2	2	-	-	4	-	$2 928	$3 221
HOUSEHOLDER, 25 TO 34 YEARS	39 891	2 873	6 265	9 827	9 224	6 264	4 152	882	404	$15 498	$16 451
MARRIED-COUPLE FAMILIES	35 409	1 359	4 672	8 943	8 940	6 133	4 087	871	404	$16 440	$17 495
WIFE IN LABOR FORCE	19 666	445	1 728	4 106	5 403	4 197	3 073	529	185	$18 250	$19 073
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	13 995	349	1 314	3 133	3 924	2 923	1 925	321	106	$17 711	$18 548
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 6 YEARS	9 362	199	909	2 175	2 643	1 911	1 237	210	78	$17 512	$18 546
WIFE NOT IN LABOR FORCE	15 743	914	2 944	4 837	3 537	1 936	1 014	342	219	$14 044	$15 524
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	14 686	884	2 730	4 540	3 329	1 772	934	317	180	$13 983	$15 341
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 6 YEARS	12 015	708	2 213	3 790	2 745	1 430	729	260	140	$13 914	$15 287
MALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO WIFE PRESENT	837	130	219	226	145	70	42	5	-	$11 357	$12 019
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	573	112	175	162	73	27	22	2	-	$9 983	$10 431
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 6 YEARS	344	67	122	88	36	15	14	2	-	$9 315	$10 193
FEMALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO HUSBAND PRESENT	3 645	1 384	1 374	658	139	61	23	6	-	$6 702	$7 331
IN LABOR FORCE	2 511	564	1 140	586	135	57	23	6	-	$8 301	$8 724
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	2 359	558	1 112	537	95	39	12	6	-	$8 090	$8 313
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 6 YEARS	885	276	388	176	40	3	-	2	-	$7 463	$7 467
NOT IN LABOR FORCE	1 134	820	234	72	4	4	-	-	-	$3 779	$4 247
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	1 128	815	233	72	4	4	-	-	-	$3 789	$4 259
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 6 YEARS	607	470	107	28	-	2	-	-	-	$3 657	$4 021
HOUSEHOLDER, 35 TO 44 YEARS	33 898	1 847	3 929	6 186	6 944	6 062	6 179	1 905	846	$18 493	$20 111
MARRIED-COUPLE FAMILIES	29 503	970	2 652	5 073	6 348	5 760	5 990	1 868	842	$19 756	$21 432
WIFE IN LABOR FORCE	17 639	401	974	2 600	3 618	3 949	4 371	1 289	437	$21 374	$22 671
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	15 120	351	802	2 251	3 132	3 485	3 672	1 075	352	$21 284	$22 516
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 6 YEARS	2 713	95	160	504	643	556	523	134	98	$19 635	$21 278
WIFE NOT IN LABOR FORCE	11 864	569	1 678	2 473	2 730	1 811	1 619	579	405	$16 936	$19 589
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	10 885	482	1 496	2 222	2 562	1 702	1 495	554	372	$17 138	$19 814
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 6 YEARS	3 715	226	557	836	911	505	392	176	112	$16 129	$18 588
MALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO WIFE PRESENT	987	99	148	266	192	176	91	13	2	$14 527	$15 325
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	714	84	118	178	147	124	48	13	2	$13 955	$14 753
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 6 YEARS	125	30	17	29	11	24	6	8	-	$11 761	$14 090
FEMALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO HUSBAND PRESENT	3 408	778	1 129	847	404	126	98	24	2	$9 111	$10 060
IN LABOR FORCE	2 519	379	833	723	373	111	77	21	2	$10 274	$11 095
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	2 297	368	790	671	302	92	61	13	-	$9 941	$10 618
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 6 YEARS	138	33	62	29	8	-	6	-	-	$8 289	$8 906
NOT IN LABOR FORCE	889	399	296	124	31	15	21	3	-	$5 707	$7 128
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	857	388	277	122	31	15	21	3	-	$5 693	$7 190
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 6 YEARS	173	80	55	25	9	-	4	-	-	$5 396	$6 721
HOUSEHOLDER, 45 TO 54 YEARS	28 534	1 446	3 345	5 035	5 326	4 644	5 488	2 246	1 004	$19 098	$21 440
MARRIED-COUPLE FAMILIES	25 242	961	2 508	4 297	4 731	4 339	5 232	2 192	982	$20 127	$22 471
WIFE IN LABOR FORCE	13 829	273	894	2 024	2 670	2 598	3 479	1 437	454	$21 873	$23 823
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	6 835	116	448	932	1 360	1 290	1 756	713	220	$22 040	$23 929
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 6 YEARS	358	5	55	75	84	41	79	17	2	$16 930	$18 940
WIFE NOT IN LABOR FORCE	11 413	688	1 614	2 273	2 061	1 741	1 753	755	528	$17 468	$20 833
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	5 893	300	821	1 239	1 032	849	933	415	304	$17 635	$21 407
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 6 YEARS	628	47	114	180	111	80	41	29	26	$14 146	$17 878
MALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO WIFE PRESENT	917	115	155	173	203	114	123	20	14	$15 369	$16 514
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	373	77	72	55	82	40	30	9	8	$12 467	$15 042
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 6 YEARS	11	5	3	-	3	-	-	-	-	$7 917	$7 635
FEMALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO HUSBAND PRESENT	2 375	370	682	565	392	191	133	34	8	$11 118	$12 385
IN LABOR FORCE	1 539	122	372	433	312	156	116	26	2	$13 079	$14 123
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	840	96	247	238	149	63	38	9	-	$11 356	$12 320
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 6 YEARS	11	2	2	7	-	-	-	-	-	$10 536	$9 498
NOT IN LABOR FORCE	836	248	310	132	80	35	17	8	6	$7 202	$9 186
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	561	185	208	73	44	22	15	8	6	$6 851	$9 115
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 6 YEARS	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	$6 250	$7 035

TABLE 238. FAMILY INCOME IN 1979 BY FAMILY TYPE, AND AGE, SEX, RACE, AND SPANISH ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER: 1980 - CON.

[DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDIXES A AND B]

RURAL	TOTAL	LESS THAN $5,000	$5,000 TO $9,999	$10,000 TO $14,999	$15,000 TO $19,999	$20,000 TO $24,999	$25,000 TO $34,999	$35,000 TO $49,999	$50,000 OR MORE	MEDIAN	MEAN
TOTAL											
HOUSEHOLDER, 55 TO 64 YEARS	24 168	1 725	4 360	5 033	4 442	3 255	3 183	1 474	696	$16 003	$18 569
MARRIED-COUPLE FAMILIES	21 627	1 434	3 660	4 394	4 043	3 032	2 976	1 412	676	$16 519	$19 094
WIFE IN LABOR FORCE	8 416	230	825	1 659	1 800	1 498	1 432	710	262	$19 173	$21 400
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	1 276	38	94	231	261	233	224	131	64	$20 245	$23 360
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 6 YEARS	26	2	2	10	6	-	4	2	-	$14 643	$16 868
WIFE NOT IN LABOR FORCE	13 211	1 204	2 835	2 735	2 243	1 534	1 544	702	414	$14 645	$17 625
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	1 693	112	293	372	308	246	259	68	35	$16 121	$17 592
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 6 YEARS	80	6	20	16	21	10	7	-	-	$14 167	$14 326
MALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO WIFE PRESENT	775	86	156	223	119	73	82	22	14	$13 462	$15 899
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	154	34	28	34	28	10	13	-	7	$12 625	$16 437
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 6 YEARS	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	$3 750	$4 810
FEMALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO HUSBAND PRESENT	1 766	205	544	416	280	150	125	40	6	$11 736	$13 301
IN LABOR FORCE	859	15	218	225	183	113	90	15	-	$14 452	$15 565
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	137	2	37	38	35	14	9	2	-	$13 750	$14 281
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 6 YEARS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NOT IN LABOR FORCE	907	190	326	191	97	37	35	25	6	$9 107	$11 157
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	170	42	62	36	8	4	12	4	2	$8 100	$10 446
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 6 YEARS	8	-	-	8	-	-	-	-	-	$11 250	$11 500
HOUSEHOLDER, 60 TO 64 YEARS	11 597	945	2 499	2 622	2 163	1 367	1 171	530	300	$14 463	$16 970
MARRIED-COUPLE FAMILIES	10 350	818	2 171	2 271	1 978	1 228	1 091	502	291	$14 795	$17 317
WIFE IN LABOR FORCE	3 443	95	421	798	811	566	450	206	96	$17 515	$19 686
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	301	8	28	63	72	56	39	24	11	$18 398	$21 212
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 6 YEARS	13	-	2	5	4	-	-	2	-	$14 750	$17 410
WIFE NOT IN LABOR FORCE	6 907	723	1 750	1 473	1 167	662	641	296	195	$12 975	$16 136
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	470	52	95	132	91	38	38	12	12	$12 800	$15 006
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 6 YEARS	30	6	7	-	7	10	-	-	-	$18 214	$13 619
MALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO WIFE PRESENT	385	38	83	129	46	42	33	9	5	$13 328	$15 126
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	55	17	10	5	13	7	3	-	-	$12 750	$12 315
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 6 YEARS	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	$3 750	$4 810
FEMALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO HUSBAND PRESENT	862	89	245	222	139	97	47	19	4	$12 474	$13 628
IN LABOR FORCE	376	2	95	105	75	71	21	7	-	$14 426	$15 611
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 6 YEARS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NOT IN LABOR FORCE	486	87	150	117	64	26	26	12	4	$10 278	$12 093
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	42	3	13	16	-	-	10	-	-	$11 563	$13 091
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 6 YEARS	6	-	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	$11 250	$11 670
HOUSEHOLDER, 65 YEARS AND OVER	24 165	3 239	9 310	5 233	2 706	1 508	1 249	620	300	$9 713	$12 708
MARRIED-COUPLE FAMILIES	20 624	2 691	8 069	4 403	2 319	1 278	1 037	553	274	$9 680	$12 762
WIFE IN LABOR FORCE	2 910	113	718	857	571	298	209	105	39	$13 463	$15 871
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	134	-	19	50	18	24	15	8	-	$14 783	$17 468
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 6 YEARS	6	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	$8 750	$9 270
WIFE NOT IN LABOR FORCE	17 714	2 578	7 351	3 546	1 748	980	828	448	235	$9 118	$12 251
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	303	47	102	62	43	23	18	6	2	$10 156	$12 502
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 6 YEARS	29	5	22	2	-	-	-	-	-	$6 827	$6 770
MALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO WIFE PRESENT	876	110	334	196	95	50	43	35	13	$9 909	$13 262
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	10	4	2	4	-	-	-	-	-	$7 500	$7 166
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 6 YEARS	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	$2,500-	$980
FEMALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO HUSBAND PRESENT	2 665	438	907	634	292	180	169	32	13	$9 920	$12 108
IN LABOR FORCE	261	16	63	67	35	29	44	7	-	$13 953	$16 019
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	2	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	$11 250	$10 320
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 6 YEARS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NOT IN LABOR FORCE	2 404	422	844	567	257	151	125	25	13	$9 547	$11 683
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	15	6	5	-	2	-	2	-	-	$7 813	$9 184
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 6 YEARS	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	$6 250	$7 495

TABLE 239. INCOME IN 1979 OF UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS BY AGE, RACE, SPANISH ORIGIN, AND SEX: 1980

[DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDIXES A AND B]

MAINE	TOTAL	LESS THAN $2,000	$2,000 TO $3,999	$4,000 TO $5,999	$6,000 TO $7,999	$8,000 TO $9,999	$10,000 TO $14,999	$15,000 TO $24,999	$25,000 TO $49,999	$50,000 OR MORE	MEDIAN	MEAN
TOTAL												
UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS 15 YEARS AND OVER	151 673	23 537	36 341	23 938	18 736	14 583	20 519	11 117	2 422	480	$5 261	$6 998
MALE	66 470	9 481	12 563	9 109	8 177	6 750	11 031	7 208	1 800	351	$6 467	$8 306
LIVING ALONE	30 183	1 883	4 963	4 301	3 530	3 308	6 053	4 666	1 236	243	$8 240	$10 173
FEMALE	85 203	14 056	23 778	14 829	10 559	7 833	9 488	3 909	622	129	$4 545	$5 977
LIVING ALONE	53 857	3 901	15 949	10 646	7 322	5 410	6 811	3 178	532	108	$5 167	$6 798
UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS 15 TO 24 YEARS	43 738	14 980	10 050	5 836	5 464	3 516	2 991	792	82	27	$3 228	$4 353
MALE	22 801	6 450	5 250	3 110	3 266	1 955	1 989	691	75	15	$3 863	$4 982
LIVING ALONE	3 700	304	486	472	672	672	754	302	35	3	$7 775	$8 082
FEMALE	20 937	8 530	4 800	2 726	2 198	1 561	1 002	101	7	12	$2 672	$3 668
LIVING ALONE	3 579	546	587	636	706	618	437	40	7	2	$6 062	$6 072
UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS 25 TO 34 YEARS	26 690	1 882	2 653	2 968	3 686	4 164	7 344	3 346	565	82	$8 995	$9 578
MALE	16 626	968	1 492	1 639	2 187	2 402	4 707	2 645	512	74	$9 678	$10 452
LIVING ALONE	7 789	351	494	705	927	1 032	2 303	1 589	328	60	$10 776	$11 695
FEMALE	10 064	914	1 161	1 329	1 499	1 762	2 637	701	53	8	$8 139	$8 134
LIVING ALONE	4 397	242	282	432	630	865	1 465	433	43	5	$9 387	$9 493
UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS 35 TO 44 YEARS	9 496	890	949	822	967	1 077	2 208	2 015	463	105	$10 081	$11 477
MALE	6 146	454	480	461	503	625	1 506	1 568	444	105	$11 484	$13 228
LIVING ALONE	3 344	194	235	201	228	323	806	1 000	304	53	$12 540	$14 198
FEMALE	3 350	436	469	361	464	452	702	447	19	-	$7 797	$8 264
LIVING ALONE	1 774	161	188	169	270	301	386	290	9	-	$8 505	$9 129
UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS 45 TO 54 YEARS	10 574	1 203	1 581	1 219	1 184	1 192	2 040	1 675	398	82	$8 144	$10 013
MALE	5 144	498	609	591	479	488	1 012	1 071	322	74	$9 486	$12 061
LIVING ALONE	3 313	255	301	274	328	335	746	776	245	53	$11 012	$13 426
FEMALE	5 430	705	972	628	705	704	1 028	604	76	8	$7 152	$8 072
LIVING ALONE	3 805	313	674	418	525	551	758	504	56	6	$7 882	$8 726
UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS 55 TO 64 YEARS	16 840	1 829	3 526	2 589	2 414	1 757	2 552	1 631	501	41	$6 374	$8 084
MALE	5 483	509	1 097	814	588	525	900	729	294	27	$7 103	$9 502
LIVING ALONE	3 864	357	732	599	394	336	653	565	203	25	$7 246	$9 822
FEMALE	11 357	1 320	2 429	1 775	1 826	1 232	1 652	902	207	14	$6 157	$7 399
LIVING ALONE	9 661	912	1 933	1 586	1 624	1 106	1 470	826	190	14	$6 454	$7 764
UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS 60 TO 64 YEARS	9 090	887	2 094	1 526	1 360	941	1 338	685	237	22	$6 052	$7 686
MALE	2 723	249	567	474	317	296	442	252	114	12	$6 433	$8 671
LIVING ALONE	1 939	179	387	366	212	185	329	198	73	10	$6 354	$8 794
FEMALE	6 367	638	1 527	1 052	1 043	645	896	433	123	10	$5 930	$7 265
LIVING ALONE	5 596	477	1 260	960	964	600	802	407	116	10	$6 191	$7 552
UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS 65 YRS AND OVER	44 335	2 753	17 582	10 504	5 021	2 877	3 384	1 658	413	143	$4 275	$5 963
MALE	10 270	602	3 635	2 494	1 154	755	917	504	153	56	$4 576	$6 746
LIVING ALONE	8 173	422	2 715	2 050	981	610	791	434	121	49	$4 751	$6 870
FEMALE	34 065	2 151	13 947	8 010	3 867	2 122	2 467	1 154	260	87	$4 183	$5 726
LIVING ALONE	30 641	1 727	12 285	7 405	3 567	1 969	2 295	1 085	227	81	$4 278	$5 817

TABLE 239. INCOME IN 1979 OF UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS BY AGE, RACE, SPANISH ORIGIN, AND SEX: 1980 - CON.

[DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDIXES A AND B]

RURAL	TOTAL	LESS THAN $2,000	$2,000 TO $3,999	$4,000 TO $5,999	$6,000 TO $7,999	$8,000 TO $9,999	$10,000 TO $14,999	$15,000 TO $24,999	$25,000 TO $49,999	$50,000 OR MORE	MEDIAN	MEAN
TOTAL												
UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS 15 YEARS AND OVER	58 561	7 617	14 315	9 367	7 194	5 740	8 127	4 929	1 036	236	$5 521	$7 381
MALE	27 094	3 273	5 158	3 706	3 106	2 762	4 675	3 424	807	183	$6 840	$8 879
LIVING ALONE	14 416	1 048	2 771	2 033	1 506	1 409	2 670	2 278	585	116	$7 779	$10 014
FEMALE	31 467	4 344	9 157	5 661	4 088	2 978	3 452	1 505	229	53	$4 666	$6 091
LIVING ALONE	20 958	1 684	6 566	4 064	2 770	2 053	2 407	1 172	200	42	$4 901	$6 575
UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS 15 TO 24 YEARS	11 019	3 219	2 046	1 625	1 652	1 100	1 007	329	29	12	$4 319	$5 051
MALE	6 132	1 555	1 012	837	993	689	716	291	29	10	$5 339	$5 850
LIVING ALONE	1 482	98	181	188	261	287	284	166	14	3	$8 075	$8 664
FEMALE	4 887	1 664	1 034	788	659	411	291	38	-	2	$3 462	$4 048
LIVING ALONE	850	80	177	181	156	123	121	10	-	2	$5 819	$6 277
UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS 25 TO 34 YEARS	10 884	932	1 181	1 266	1 423	1 632	2 730	1 385	288	47	$8 789	$9 478
MALE	7 033	485	705	691	820	960	1 897	1 164	272	39	$9 714	$10 546
LIVING ALONE	3 427	190	265	309	348	426	940	721	197	31	$10 796	$11 843
FEMALE	3 851	447	476	575	603	672	833	221	16	8	$7 457	$7 528
LIVING ALONE	1 325	78	78	153	196	289	407	113	6	5	$8 972	$9 135
UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS 35 TO 44 YEARS	4 690	422	516	394	443	505	1 057	1 098	191	64	$10 253	$11 771
MALE	3 054	223	302	201	226	315	687	856	180	64	$11 538	$13 489
LIVING ALONE	1 676	90	143	85	89	145	398	566	138	22	$13 151	$14 394
FEMALE	1 636	199	214	193	217	190	370	242	11	-	$7 954	$8 565
LIVING ALONE	807	55	81	73	124	119	190	156	9	-	$9 030	$9 842
UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS 45 TO 54 YEARS	4 813	657	691	568	519	491	948	770	135	34	$7 902	$9 715
MALE	2 509	272	285	273	242	239	512	540	114	32	$9 302	$11 814
LIVING ALONE	1 523	144	106	128	163	148	366	376	67	25	$10 838	$13 372
FEMALE	2 304	385	406	295	277	252	436	230	21	2	$6 595	$7 430
LIVING ALONE	1 494	164	247	202	179	190	324	167	21	-	$7 559	$8 208
UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS 55 TO 64 YEARS	7 801	976	1 756	1 300	1 088	809	1 040	632	187	13	$5 792	$7 439
MALE	2 891	361	667	454	280	242	425	341	114	7	$5 843	$8 458
LIVING ALONE	2 069	265	467	345	177	166	311	245	88	5	$5 775	$8 590
FEMALE	4 910	615	1 089	846	808	567	615	291	73	6	$5 762	$6 839
LIVING ALONE	4 126	452	827	724	731	513	535	265	73	6	$6 157	$7 210
UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS 60 TO 64 YEARS	4 319	462	1 031	760	640	420	586	295	117	8	$5 727	$7 443
MALE	1 552	174	357	273	172	130	225	155	60	6	$5 806	$8 428
LIVING ALONE	1 117	128	256	211	112	76	174	113	43	4	$5 691	$8 480
FEMALE	2 767	288	674	487	468	290	361	140	57	2	$5 671	$6 891
LIVING ALONE	2 413	241	523	431	442	277	304	136	57	2	$6 052	$7 177
UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS 65 YRS AND OVER	19 354	1 411	8 125	4 214	2 069	1 203	1 345	715	206	66	$4 053	$5 860
MALE	5 475	377	2 187	1 250	545	317	438	232	98	31	$4 219	$6 435
LIVING ALONE	4 239	261	1 609	978	468	237	371	204	81	30	$4 402	$6 766
FEMALE	13 879	1 034	5 938	2 964	1 524	886	907	483	108	35	$3 989	$5 633
LIVING ALONE	12 356	855	5 156	2 731	1 384	819	830	461	91	29	$4 098	$5 699

TABLE 240. FAMILY INCOME IN 1979 BY PERSONS IN FAMILY AND RACE AND SPANISH ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER: 1980

[DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDIXES A AND B]

MAINE	TOTAL	LESS THAN $5,000	$5,000 TO $9,999	$10,000 TO $14,999	$15,000 TO $19,999	$20,000 TO $24,999	$25,000 TO $34,999	$35,000 TO $49,999	$50,000 OR MORE	MEDIAN	MEAN
TOTAL											
FAMILIES	295 488	21 425	52 532	59 926	55 725	42 874	41 221	15 175	6 610	$16 167	$18 254
2 PERSONS	117 042	11 537	29 560	25 429	19 824	13 422	11 206	4 034	2 030	$13 258	$15 723
3 PERSONS	66 869	4 908	10 081	13 405	13 449	10 209	10 078	3 371	1 368	$16 801	$18 534
4 PERSONS	62 474	3 080	7 070	12 170	13 030	11 025	10 800	3 777	1 522	$18 319	$20 097
5 PERSONS	31 584	1 289	3 668	5 591	6 101	5 476	5 981	2 516	962	$19 270	$21 364
6 PERSONS	11 854	397	1 451	2 297	2 243	1 865	2 163	965	473	$18 982	$21 921
7 PERSONS	4 068	149	481	725	814	640	685	375	199	$19 206	$22 128
8 PERSONS	964	39	150	177	169	109	211	79	30	$18 477	$21 339
9 PERSONS	433	22	54	75	71	86	65	42	18	$19 542	$21 206
10 OR MORE PERSONS	200	4	17	57	24	42	32	16	8	$19 000	$21 657
TOTAL PERSONS IN FAMILIES	955 013	60 646	149 807	188 650	183 500	146 699	146 471	55 631	23 609	...	...
PERSONS PER FAMILY	3.23	2.83	2.85	3.15	3.29	3.42	3.55	3.67	3.57	...	...

TABLE 240. FAMILY INCOME IN 1979 BY PERSONS IN FAMILY AND RACE AND SPANISH ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER: 1980 - CON.

[DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDIXES A AND B]

RURAL	TOTAL	LESS THAN $5,000	$5,000 TO $9,999	$10,000 TO $14,999	$15,000 TO $19,999	$20,000 TO $24,999	$25,000 TO $34,999	$35,000 TO $49,999	$50,000 OR MORE	MEDIAN	MEAN
TOTAL											
FAMILIES	159 633	12 318	29 384	33 938	30 538	22 439	20 551	7 168	3 297	$15 631	$17 655
2 PERSONS	60 671	6 635	15 787	12 987	9 936	6 683	5 639	1 942	1 062	$12 814	$15 357
3 PERSONS	35 263	2 624	5 394	7 726	7 282	5 225	4 807	1 530	675	$16 214	$17 986
4 PERSONS	35 365	1 793	4 563	7 643	7 576	5 961	5 335	1 764	730	$17 247	$19 039
5 PERSONS	17 998	854	2 249	3 488	3 740	2 991	3 010	1 167	499	$18 123	$20 343
6 PERSONS	6 817	281	898	1 394	1 349	1 026	1 149	494	226	$18 043	$20 546
7 PERSONS	2 489	93	330	483	482	406	405	202	88	$18 524	$21 028
8 PERSONS	604	28	94	138	107	67	121	42	7	$16 694	$19 418
9 PERSONS	267	6	52	40	47	45	53	18	6	$18 309	$20 136
10 OR MORE PERSONS	159	4	17	39	19	35	32	9	4	$20 069	$21 382
TOTAL PERSONS IN FAMILIES	524 754	35 214	86 413	110 182	103 550	77 986	73 531	26 292	11 586	...	...
PERSONS PER FAMILY	3.29	2.86	2.94	3.25	3.39	3.48	3.58	3.67	3.51	...	...

TABLE 241. MEAN EARNINGS IN 1979 OF MARRIED-COUPLE FAMILIES BY YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED AND LABOR FORCE STATUS IN 1979 OF HUSBAND AND WIFE, AND RACE AND SPANISH ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER: 1980

[DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDIXES A AND B]

MAINE	MARRIED-COUPLE FAMILIES	HUSBAND-4 OR MORE YRS OF COLLEGE: WIFE-4 OR MORE YEARS OF COLLEGE	HUSBAND-4 OR MORE YRS OF COLLEGE: WIFE-4 YRS HIGH SCHOOL TO 1-3 YRS OF COLLEGE	HUSBAND-4 OR MORE YRS OF COLLEGE: WIFE-LESS THAN 4 YRS OF HIGH SCHOOL	HUSBAND-4 YRS HIGH SCHL TO 1-3 COL: WIFE-4 OR MORE YEARS OF COLLEGE	HUSBAND-4 YRS HIGH SCHL TO 1-3 COL: WIFE-4 YRS HIGH SCHOOL TO 1-3 YRS OF COLLEGE	HUSBAND-4 YRS HIGH SCHL TO 1-3 COL: WIFE-LESS THAN 4 YRS OF HIGH SCHOOL	HUSBAND LESS THAN 4 YRS HIGH SCHL: WIFE-4 OR MORE YEARS OF COLLEGE	HUSBAND LESS THAN 4 YRS HIGH SCHL: WIFE-4 YRS HIGH SCHOOL TO 1-3 YRS OF COLLEGE	HUSBAND LESS THAN 4 YRS HIGH SCHL: WIFE-LESS THAN 4 YRS OF HIGH SCHOOL
TOTAL										
TOTAL	251 534	47 072	30 337	1 512	20 295	102 459	10 646	2 274	22 625	14 314
HUSBAND AND WIFE WORKED IN 1979	132 800	30 597	16 704	552	12 564	54 714	3 899	871	9 389	3 510
HUSBAND AND WIFE USUALLY WORKED FULL TIME	81 753	17 668	9 896	323	7 855	34 576	2 474	487	6 191	2 283
HUSBAND WORKED 40 OR MORE WEEKS	71 648	15 392	8 887	308	6 902	30 602	2 179	415	5 136	1 827
WIFE WORKED 40 OR MORE WEEKS	51 957	10 737	6 546	190	5 100	22 289	1 625	301	3 836	1 333
HUSBAND AND WIFE WORKED 50 TO 52 WEEKS	39 042	7 617	5 112	136	3 784	17 068	1 217	218	2 939	951
WIFE WORKED LESS THAN 40 WEEKS	19 691	4 655	2 341	118	1 802	8 313	554	114	1 300	494
HUSBAND WORKED LESS THAN 40 WEEKS	10 105	2 276	1 009	15	953	3 974	295	72	1 055	456
WIFE WORKED 40 OR MORE WEEKS	5 677	1 175	606	7	583	2 227	149	30	624	276
WIFE WORKED 50 TO 52 WEEKS	4 491	867	476	7	483	1 759	119	20	517	243
WIFE WORKED LESS THAN 40 WEEKS	4 428	1 101	403	8	370	1 747	146	42	431	180
HUSBAND USUALLY WORKED FULL TIME, WIFE PART TIME	44 125	11 203	6 045	198	4 107	17 784	1 213	302	2 444	829
HUSBAND WORKED 40 OR MORE WEEKS	40 080	10 315	5 506	185	3 782	16 276	1 066	238	2 071	641
HUSBAND WORKED 50 TO 52 WEEKS	35 690	9 160	4 995	179	3 414	14 443	930	178	1 825	566
HUSBAND WORKED LESS THAN 40 WEEKS	4 045	888	539	13	325	1 508	147	64	373	188
HUSBAND USUALLY WORKED PART TIME, WIFE FULL TIME	3 877	1 039	466	13	359	1 204	87	58	419	232
WIFE WORKED 40 OR MORE WEEKS	2 665	667	355	13	270	820	38	41	290	171
WIFE WORKED 50 TO 52 WEEKS	2 121	532	249	13	211	691	26	36	239	124
WIFE WORKED LESS THAN 40 WEEKS	1 212	372	111	-	89	384	49	17	129	61
HUSBAND AND WIFE USUALLY WORKED PART TIME	3 045	687	297	18	243	1 150	125	24	335	166
BOTH WORKED 40 OR MORE WEEKS	1 118	240	123	8	77	462	56	5	98	49
BOTH WORKED LESS THAN 40 WEEKS	810	150	79	3	84	272	46	9	125	42
OTHER COMBINATIONS	1 117	297	95	7	82	416	23	10	112	75
HUSBAND WORKED, WIFE DID NOT WORK	75 673	12 285	10 296	479	4 244	33 402	3 881	495	6 554	4 037
HUSBAND WORKED 40 OR MORE WEEKS	64 415	10 964	9 356	386	3 673	28 593	3 035	362	5 143	2 903
HUSBAND WORKED 50 TO 52 WEEKS	56 844	9 689	8 533	357	3 241	25 224	2 702	305	4 375	2 418
HUSBAND WORKED LESS THAN 40 WEEKS	11 258	1 321	940	93	571	4 809	846	133	1 411	1 134
HUSBAND DID NOT WORK, WIFE WORKED	10 678	953	702	79	1 030	4 036	572	236	1 910	1 160
WIFE WORKED 40 OR MORE WEEKS	6 790	594	455	46	628	2 574	298	148	1 283	764
WIFE WORKED 50 TO 52 WEEKS	5 411	474	357	40	508	2 046	239	142	1 059	546
WIFE WORKED LESS THAN 40 WEEKS	3 888	359	247	33	402	1 462	274	88	627	396
HUSBAND AND WIFE DID NOT WORK IN 1979	32 383	3 237	2 635	402	2 457	10 307	2 294	672	4 772	5 607
MEAN FAMILY EARNINGS										
TOTAL	$16 335	$22 290	$18 621	$12 996	$16 642	$15 555	$11 966	$11 932	$12 019	$8 186
HUSBAND AND WIFE WORKED IN 1979	$20 526	$24 178	$21 269	$20 486	$20 854	$19 076	$18 171	$19 880	$17 804	$16 663
HUSBAND AND WIFE USUALLY WORKED FULL TIME	$21 445	$25 245	$22 124	$20 192	$22 256	$19 909	$19 339	$21 389	$19 102	$18 383
HUSBAND WORKED 40 OR MORE WEEKS	$22 418	$26 206	$22 964	$20 648	$23 131	$20 813	$20 385	$22 258	$20 668	$19 706
WIFE WORKED 40 OR MORE WEEKS	$23 675	$27 133	$24 340	$21 526	$24 074	$22 367	$21 112	$23 471	$21 968	$21 301
HUSBAND AND WIFE WORKED 50 TO 52 WEEKS	$24 313	$27 889	$25 114	$23 096	$24 508	$23 096	$21 758	$24 255	$22 505	$21 474
WIFE WORKED LESS THAN 40 WEEKS	$19 100	$24 069	$19 115	$19 234	$20 461	$16 648	$18 251	$19 055	$16 830	$15 402
HUSBAND WORKED LESS THAN 40 WEEKS	$14 549	$18 746	$14 734	$10 829	$15 920	$12 949	$11 618	$16 383	$11 480	$13 083
WIFE WORKED 40 OR MORE WEEKS	$16 560	$19 616	$16 721	$11 617	$18 764	$15 455	$14 448	$20 059	$13 679	$14 869
WIFE WORKED 50 TO 52 WEEKS	$16 695	$19 896	$16 502	$11 617	$19 275	$15 729	$15 412	$15 301	$13 731	$14 720
WIFE WORKED LESS THAN 40 WEEKS	$11 969	$17 819	$11 746	$10 140	$11 440	$9 756	$8 729	$13 758	$8 297	$10 345
HUSBAND USUALLY WORKED FULL TIME, WIFE PART TIME	$19 951	$23 698	$20 605	$22 526	$19 168	$18 384	$17 315	$19 465	$16 771	$14 856
HUSBAND WORKED 40 OR MORE WEEKS	$20 741	$24 477	$21 416	$23 817	$19 805	$19 010	$18 281	$21 267	$17 997	$16 214
HUSBAND WORKED 50 TO 52 WEEKS	$21 100	$24 966	$21 604	$24 407	$20 292	$19 343	$18 702	$22 454	$18 027	$16 172
HUSBAND WORKED LESS THAN 40 WEEKS	$12 122	$14 654	$12 324	$4 147	$11 751	$11 629	$10 309	$12 766	$9 964	$10 227
HUSBAND USUALLY WORKED PART TIME, WIFE FULL TIME	$14 882	$17 630	$17 650	$12 751	$15 666	$13 596	$9 074	$14 495	$11 768	$10 499
WIFE WORKED 40 OR MORE WEEKS	$16 688	$19 085	$19 529	$12 751	$17 257	$15 717	$12 907	$16 183	$13 185	$12 394
WIFE WORKED 50 TO 52 WEEKS	$17 366	$19 991	$21 660	$12 751	$18 555	$15 708	$14 082	$16 555	$13 650	$13 279
WIFE WORKED LESS THAN 40 WEEKS	$10 911	$15 020	$11 640	-	$10 839	$9 065	$6 102	$10 425	$8 580	$5 187
HUSBAND AND WIFE USUALLY WORKED PART TIME	$11 376	$14 455	$11 966	$8 908	$11 699	$10 447	$9 674	$7 478	$8 903	$10 652
BOTH WORKED 40 OR MORE WEEKS	$14 132	$15 386	$12 189	$7 458	$12 114	$14 245	$11 555	$2 710	$14 046	$20 344
BOTH WORKED LESS THAN 40 WEEKS	$7 202	$8 400	$10 067	$8 990	$9 861	$5 683	$6 031	$9 192	$6 865	$3 785
OTHER COMBINATIONS	$11 646	$16 761	$13 257	$10 530	$13 192	$9 344	$12 381	$8 319	$6 678	$8 166
HUSBAND WORKED, WIFE DID NOT WORK	$16 834	$24 361	$19 653	$15 858	$15 227	$15 292	$13 208	$14 483	$13 014	$11 287
HUSBAND WORKED 40 OR MORE WEEKS	$18 505	$26 131	$20 599	$17 890	$16 500	$16 654	$15 275	$17 981	$14 892	$13 646
HUSBAND WORKED 50 TO 52 WEEKS	$18 844	$26 153	$20 927	$18 348	$16 985	$17 015	$15 800	$18 466	$15 093	$14 101
HUSBAND WORKED LESS THAN 40 WEEKS	$7 276	$9 676	$10 241	$7 422	$7 043	$7 191	$5 790	$4 963	$6 166	$5 247
HUSBAND DID NOT WORK, WIFE WORKED	$7 138	$8 292	$7 450	$6 445	$9 265	$6 942	$5 534	$8 346	$6 827	$5 902
WIFE WORKED 40 OR MORE WEEKS	$8 895	$10 577	$9 570	$9 217	$11 234	$8 723	$6 877	$9 296	$8 505	$7 184
WIFE WORKED 50 TO 52 WEEKS	$9 298	$11 127	$9 407	$9 670	$12 126	$9 066	$6 840	$9 433	$8 892	$7 673
WIFE WORKED LESS THAN 40 WEEKS	$4 071	$4 510	$3 544	$2 583	$6 190	$3 807	$4 074	$6 749	$3 393	$3 430
HUSBAND AND WIFE DID NOT WORK IN 1979	$1 016	$700	$774	$589	$639	$1 093	$922	$1 011	$1 348	$1 120
WIFE'S EARNINGS AS PERCENT OF FAMILY EARNINGS										
TOTAL	20.3	20.6	16.5	14.8	28.1	19.7	16.8	29.6	22.6	19.5
HUSBAND AND WIFE WORKED IN 1979	28.3	28.2	24.9	22.0	33.0	28.0	26.7	36.7	30.5	30.0
HUSBAND AND WIFE USUALLY WORKED FULL TIME	33.9	35.5	30.6	27.0	38.4	33.0	30.9	44.4	34.1	32.8
HUSBAND WORKED 40 OR MORE WEEKS	32.9	34.2	29.9	26.5	37.0	32.1	30.4	43.6	32.8	31.3
WIFE WORKED 40 OR MORE WEEKS	36.8	38.1	34.2	33.1	39.8	36.3	34.8	45.4	36.5	35.2
HUSBAND AND WIFE WORKED 50 TO 52 WEEKS	37.2	38.5	34.8	30.6	40.2	36.7	35.3	45.6	37.2	35.1
WIFE WORKED LESS THAN 40 WEEKS	20.0	24.1	14.5	14.7	27.6	17.1	15.5	37.8	18.5	16.7
HUSBAND WORKED LESS THAN 40 WEEKS	45.3	47.0	40.8	46.9	52.9	43.5	36.5	50.6	46.1	41.7
WIFE WORKED 40 OR MORE WEEKS	52.1	53.4	48.8	48.6	56.4	51.3	45.7	56.6	53.5	49.4
WIFE WORKED 50 TO 52 WEEKS	54.1	55.1	52.9	48.6	57.7	52.7	45.4	69.0	56.8	52.2
WIFE WORKED LESS THAN 40 WEEKS	33.1	39.6	23.9	45.3	43.8	27.8	20.9	44.5	28.7	24.7
HUSBAND USUALLY WORKED FULL TIME, WIFE PART TIME	15.8	14.6	13.9	12.6	19.5	16.2	16.7	19.7	17.7	16.8
HUSBAND WORKED 40 OR MORE WEEKS	15.4	14.2	13.9	12.4	19.0	15.8	16.3	18.1	16.9	15.0
HUSBAND WORKED 50 TO 52 WEEKS	15.2	13.9	13.9	12.5	18.8	15.7	15.8	17.9	17.1	15.2
HUSBAND WORKED LESS THAN 40 WEEKS	23.0	22.2	14.7	27.8	28.4	24.2	21.9	30.0	26.2	26.2
HUSBAND USUALLY WORKED PART TIME, WIFE FULL TIME	48.8	48.5	42.0	60.6	55.3	48.0	47.9	61.8	50.7	54.3
WIFE WORKED 40 OR MORE WEEKS	52.4	53.0	43.1	60.6	57.5	52.7	53.6	61.8	55.3	57.5
WIFE WORKED 50 TO 52 WEEKS	52.5	52.0	43.4	60.6	55.1	54.8	56.4	59.0	55.7	54.3
WIFE WORKED LESS THAN 40 WEEKS	36.4	38.3	36.2	-	44.4	30.6	38.4	61.7	34.8	33.0
HUSBAND AND WIFE USUALLY WORKED PART TIME	28.2	26.5	24.1	35.7	29.7	32.1	21.6	24.5	28.1	21.5
BOTH WORKED 40 OR MORE WEEKS	31.9	36.3	30.6	60.1	32.6	33.0	29.9	44.5	27.5	15.5
BOTH WORKED LESS THAN 40 WEEKS	28.8	35.4	16.5	33.5	37.2	31.9	9.6	35.2	21.2	34.1
OTHER COMBINATIONS	23.5	17.1	21.2	16.7	21.5	30.9	14.7	10.5	37.1	27.9
HUSBAND DID NOT WORK IN 1979, WIFE WORKED IN 1979	80.6	87.7	78.3	83.6	86.2	78.9	77.7	80.8	79.1	77.4
WIFE WORKED 40 OR MORE WEEKS	84.2	90.8	79.3	86.3	89.3	83.0	88.3	90.5	81.6	80.6
WIFE WORKED 50 TO 52 WEEKS	85.8	90.8	87.9	85.0	88.0	84.5	93.8	90.3	82.9	82.1
WIFE WORKED LESS THAN 40 WEEKS	67.1	75.7	73.3	69.7	77.3	62.8	58.3	58.2	66.3	64.1

TABLE 241. MEAN EARNINGS IN 1979 OF MARRIED-COUPLE FAMILIES BY YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED AND LABOR FORCE STATUS IN 1979 OF HUSBAND AND WIFE, AND RACE AND SPANISH ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER: 1980 - CON.

[DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDIXES A AND B]

RURAL	MARRIED-COUPLE FAMILIES	HUSBAND-4 OR MORE YRS OF COLLEGE			HUSBAND-4 YRS HIGH SCHL TO 1-3 COL			HUSBAND LESS THAN 4 YRS HIGH SCHL		
		WIFE-4 OR MORE YEARS OF COLLEGE	WIFE-4 YRS HIGH SCHOOL TO 1-3 YRS OF COLLEGE	WIFE-LESS THAN 4 YRS OF HIGH SCHOOL	WIFE-4 OR MORE YEARS OF COLLEGE	WIFE-4 YRS HIGH SCHOOL TO 1-3 YRS OF COLLEGE	WIFE-LESS THAN 4 YRS OF HIGH SCHOOL	WIFE-4 OR MORE YEARS OF COLLEGE	WIFE-4 YRS HIGH SCHOOL TO 1-3 YRS OF COLLEGE	WIFE-LESS THAN 4 YRS OF HIGH SCHOOL
TOTAL										
TOTAL	139 870	24 664	15 433	626	11 854	59 813	5 457	1 406	13 344	7 273
HUSBAND AND WIFE WORKED IN 1979	72 379	15 681	8 266	222	7 172	31 328	1 909	523	5 443	1 835
HUSBAND AND WIFE USUALLY WORKED FULL TIME	44 736	9 166	4 860	134	4 473	19 758	1 234	322	3 591	1 198
HUSBAND WORKED 40 OR MORE WEEKS	39 029	8 037	4 430	125	3 897	17 343	1 070	260	2 956	911
WIFE WORKED 40 OR MORE WEEKS	27 267	5 569	3 159	74	2 719	12 146	741	175	2 078	606
HUSBAND AND WIFE WORKED 50 TO 52 WEEKS	20 475	4 029	2 393	49	2 013	9 322	561	125	1 569	414
WIFE WORKED LESS THAN 40 WEEKS	11 762	2 468	1 271	51	1 178	5 197	329	85	878	305
HUSBAND WORKED LESS THAN 40 WEEKS	5 707	1 129	430	9	576	2 415	164	62	635	287
WIFE WORKED 40 OR MORE WEEKS	3 045	540	219	7	336	1 334	81	30	344	154
WIFE WORKED 50 TO 52 WEEKS	2 365	410	161	7	262	1 034	57	20	281	133
WIFE WORKED LESS THAN 40 WEEKS	2 662	589	211	2	240	1 081	83	32	291	133
HUSBAND USUALLY WORKED FULL TIME, WIFE PART TIME	23 865	5 627	3 082	79	2 354	10 218	571	150	1 346	438
HUSBAND WORKED 40 OR MORE WEEKS	21 384	5 133	2 786	75	2 128	9 226	482	125	1 103	326
HUSBAND WORKED 50 TO 52 WEEKS	18 996	4 600	2 503	69	1 898	8 186	411	111	936	282
HUSBAND WORKED LESS THAN 40 WEEKS	2 481	494	296	4	226	992	89	25	243	112
HUSBAND USUALLY WORKED PART TIME, WIFE FULL TIME	1 978	464	189	2	187	693	44	32	266	101
WIFE WORKED 40 OR MORE WEEKS	1 256	282	118	2	124	458	21	15	172	64
WIFE WORKED 50 TO 52 WEEKS	1 009	222	92	2	106	377	14	10	143	43
WIFE WORKED LESS THAN 40 WEEKS	722	182	71	-	63	235	23	17	94	37
HUSBAND AND WIFE USUALLY WORKED PART TIME	1 800	424	135	7	158	659	60	19	240	98
BOTH WORKED 40 OR MORE WEEKS	617	161	34	2	58	240	29	-	65	28
BOTH WORKED LESS THAN 40 WEEKS	494	84	41	3	33	168	15	9	105	36
OTHER COMBINATIONS	689	179	60	2	67	251	16	10	70	34
HUSBAND WORKED, WIFE DID NOT WORK	44 001	6 559	5 367	203	2 585	20 601	2 059	324	4 127	2 176
HUSBAND WORKED 40 OR MORE WEEKS	36 793	5 732	4 803	163	2 193	17 515	1 543	226	3 122	1 496
HUSBAND WORKED 50 TO 52 WEEKS	32 240	5 023	4 354	154	1 930	15 352	1 344	185	2 638	1 260
HUSBAND WORKED LESS THAN 40 WEEKS	7 208	827	564	40	392	3 086	516	98	1 005	680
HUSBAND DID NOT WORK, WIFE WORKED	5 575	476	339	34	567	2 119	289	152	1 032	567
WIFE WORKED 40 OR MORE WEEKS	3 302	266	215	18	368	1 219	132	96	650	338
WIFE WORKED 50 TO 52 WEEKS	2 650	217	177	18	315	950	106	94	530	243
WIFE WORKED LESS THAN 40 WEEKS	2 273	210	124	16	199	900	157	56	382	229
HUSBAND AND WIFE DID NOT WORK IN 1979	17 915	1 948	1 461	167	1 530	5 765	1 200	407	2 742	2 695
MEAN FAMILY EARNINGS										
TOTAL	$15 638	$21 143	$17 794	$11 497	$15 719	$15 160	$11 389	$11 300	$11 545	$8 081
HUSBAND AND WIFE WORKED IN 1979	$19 836	$23 359	$20 734	$19 440	$19 953	$18 597	$18 140	$19 235	$17 333	$15 791
HUSBAND AND WIFE USUALLY WORKED FULL TIME	$20 872	$24 529	$21 714	$19 732	$21 156	$19 575	$19 612	$19 965	$18 846	$17 546
HUSBAND WORKED 40 OR MORE WEEKS	$21 864	$25 434	$22 456	$20 175	$21 989	$20 489	$20 885	$20 832	$20 509	$19 201
WIFE WORKED 40 OR MORE WEEKS	$23 201	$26 178	$23 931	$19 683	$22 857	$22 118	$21 629	$22 454	$22 115	$21 557
HUSBAND AND WIFE WORKED 50 TO 52 WEEKS	$23 897	$27 133	$24 828	$19 978	$23 298	$22 779	$22 387	$23 313	$22 849	$21 781
WIFE WORKED LESS THAN 40 WEEKS	$18 764	$23 754	$18 790	$20 889	$19 986	$16 680	$19 211	$17 493	$16 706	$14 520
HUSBAND WORKED LESS THAN 40 WEEKS	$14 090	$18 085	$14 071	$13 569	$15 526	$13 015	$11 303	$16 330	$11 104	$12 291
WIFE WORKED 40 OR MORE WEEKS	$16 211	$18 718	$16 572	$11 617	$17 859	$15 719	$13 359	$20 059	$13 383	$14 858
WIFE WORKED 50 TO 52 WEEKS	$16 239	$18 697	$15 265	$11 617	$18 373	$15 847	$14 571	$15 301	$13 654	$15 241
WIFE WORKED LESS THAN 40 WEEKS	$11 663	$17 504	$11 474	$20 400	$12 260	$9 679	$9 297	$12 834	$8 411	$9 318
HUSBAND USUALLY WORKED FULL TIME, WIFE PART TIME	$18 948	$22 204	$20 033	$19 995	$18 609	$17 644	$16 481	$20 476	$15 899	$13 577
HUSBAND WORKED 40 OR MORE WEEKS	$19 812	$23 013	$21 034	$20 419	$19 241	$18 304	$17 693	$22 819	$17 413	$15 284
HUSBAND WORKED 50 TO 52 WEEKS	$20 209	$23 588	$21 018	$21 653	$19 769	$18 699	$18 597	$23 466	$17 277	$15 179
HUSBAND WORKED LESS THAN 40 WEEKS	$11 501	$13 789	$10 608	$12 060	$12 662	$11 505	$9 922	$8 761	$9 025	$8 608
HUSBAND USUALLY WORKED PART TIME, WIFE FULL TIME	$14 764	$21 040	$14 711	$11 210	$14 181	$12 945	$10 452	$12 309	$11 978	$9 650
WIFE WORKED 40 OR MORE WEEKS	$17 302	$25 342	$17 506	$11 210	$15 845	$14 890	$13 577	$14 444	$14 108	$12 242
WIFE WORKED 50 TO 52 WEEKS	$17 878	$27 695	$18 086	$11 210	$16 141	$14 584	$14 353	$14 915	$14 624	$12 871
WIFE WORKED LESS THAN 40 WEEKS	$10 349	$14 375	$10 066	-	$10 907	$9 155	$7 600	$10 425	$8 080	$5 168
HUSBAND AND WIFE USUALLY WORKED PART TIME	$11 445	$15 931	$9 894	$9 930	$12 714	$10 005	$9 298	$8 733	$8 669	$10 564
BOTH WORKED 40 OR MORE WEEKS	$13 508	$14 155	$8 259	$10 690	$13 220	$13 163	$11 201	-	$14 510	$19 984
BOTH WORKED LESS THAN 40 WEEKS	$6 698	$8 487	$5 685	$8 990	$7 664	$6 215	$6 454	$9 192	$6 850	$3 881
OTHER COMBINATIONS	$13 002	$21 021	$13 696	$10 580	$14 764	$9 521	$8 516	$8 319	$5 973	$9 882
HUSBAND WORKED, WIFE DID NOT WORK	$15 850	$22 857	$18 574	$12 876	$14 301	$14 827	$12 144	$13 712	$12 083	$10 787
HUSBAND WORKED 40 OR MORE WEEKS	$17 547	$24 647	$19 552	$14 402	$15 735	$16 211	$14 291	$16 967	$14 073	$13 256
HUSBAND WORKED 50 TO 52 WEEKS	$17 852	$24 854	$19 833	$14 524	$16 141	$16 509	$14 988	$18 260	$14 061	$13 417
HUSBAND WORKED LESS THAN 40 WEEKS	$7 187	$10 451	$10 251	$6 658	$6 280	$6 974	$5 722	$6 205	$5 902	$5 355
HUSBAND DID NOT WORK, WIFE WORKED	$6 639	$7 948	$6 592	$7 069	$9 127	$6 217	$4 755	$6 700	$6 578	$5 690
WIFE WORKED 40 OR MORE WEEKS	$8 653	$10 096	$8 215	$10 904	$11 121	$8 332	$6 218	$8 800	$8 642	$7 081
WIFE WORKED 50 TO 52 WEEKS	$9 179	$11 021	$8 872	$10 904	$11 474	$8 711	$6 222	$8 942	$9 167	$7 896
WIFE WORKED LESS THAN 40 WEEKS	$3 714	$5 229	$3 778	$2 754	$5 439	$3 352	$3 524	$3 099	$3 067	$3 637
HUSBAND AND WIFE DID NOT WORK IN 1979	$954	$760	$894	$163	$710	$960	$954	$903	$1 114	$1 148
WIFE'S EARNINGS AS PERCENT OF FAMILY EARNINGS										
TOTAL	19.8	20.8	15.8	15.3	27.4	18.8	16.0	28.5	21.4	18.9
HUSBAND AND WIFE WORKED IN 1979	28.0	28.7	24.0	20.8	32.3	27.4	25.7	35.9	29.1	29.6
HUSBAND AND WIFE USUALLY WORKED FULL TIME	33.3	35.5	29.7	24.9	37.9	32.2	28.9	43.1	32.3	32.6
HUSBAND WORKED 40 OR MORE WEEKS	32.2	34.4	29.1	24.4	36.2	31.3	27.9	41.3	30.6	30.7
WIFE WORKED 40 OR MORE WEEKS	36.5	38.3	33.7	33.3	39.3	36.0	33.5	43.6	34.9	35.5
HUSBAND AND WIFE WORKED 50 TO 52 WEEKS	36.8	38.5	34.1	32.0	39.4	36.5	33.8	42.3	35.4	33.7
WIFE WORKED LESS THAN 40 WEEKS	19.8	24.5	14.4	12.3	27.8	16.7	13.7	35.3	17.3	16.4
HUSBAND WORKED LESS THAN 40 WEEKS	45.2	47.0	39.5	35.5	54.4	42.7	40.7	52.6	46.3	42.0
WIFE WORKED 40 OR MORE WEEKS	53.0	56.2	48.3	48.6	59.3	49.8	55.1	56.6	55.7	50.9
WIFE WORKED 50 TO 52 WEEKS	55.6	58.9	55.7	48.6	62.3	51.5	57.0	69.0	58.4	52.7
WIFE WORKED LESS THAN 40 WEEKS	32.9	38.0	26.2	9.6	44.3	28.5	20.5	46.7	28.7	25.6
HUSBAND USUALLY WORKED FULL TIME, WIFE PART TIME	15.7	15.4	13.3	12.4	19.0	15.8	16.0	18.2	17.1	16.5
HUSBAND WORKED 40 OR MORE WEEKS	15.2	14.9	13.0	11.8	18.1	15.3	15.4	17.0	16.0	14.3
HUSBAND WORKED 50 TO 52 WEEKS	15.1	14.6	13.1	11.9	17.9	15.3	14.8	16.1	16.4	13.8
HUSBAND WORKED LESS THAN 40 WEEKS	24.2	23.5	17.7	30.6	30.9	23.8	22.1	33.8	27.0	28.0
HUSBAND USUALLY WORKED PART TIME, WIFE FULL TIME	47.4	42.6	47.7	89.3	57.8	48.3	47.0	61.7	46.1	56.5
WIFE WORKED 40 OR MORE WEEKS	51.3	42.7	54.4	89.3	63.4	54.1	56.7	61.6	50.9	60.4
WIFE WORKED 50 TO 52 WEEKS	51.2	39.4	54.8	89.3	63.2	57.8	66.7	50.3	51.6	62.5
WIFE WORKED LESS THAN 40 WEEKS	36.3	42.3	28.3	-	41.9	29.8	31.2	61.7	30.7	40.2
HUSBAND AND WIFE USUALLY WORKED PART TIME	26.9	26.9	27.8	34.3	27.4	28.3	31.4	22.8	25.0	17.7
BOTH WORKED 40 OR MORE WEEKS	32.1	40.7	43.7	64.6	31.7	29.1	42.9	-	23.2	16.8
BOTH WORKED LESS THAN 40 WEEKS	29.0	35.3	29.8	33.5	34.0	30.7	16.1	35.2	18.6	31.4
OTHER COMBINATIONS	21.3	16.9	21.8	4.8	22.3	26.3	14.7	10.5	40.3	13.4
HUSBAND DID NOT WORK IN 1979, WIFE WORKED IN 1979	83.2	88.4	85.8	85.1	90.5	81.7	75.1	89.6	80.1	77.3
WIFE WORKED 40 OR MORE WEEKS	85.7	90.2	89.5	85.7	91.0	84.9	83.2	87.6	81.5	81.5
WIFE WORKED 50 TO 52 WEEKS	85.9	89.4	88.6	85.7	89.8	86.5	86.7	87.5	82.1	78.7
WIFE WORKED LESS THAN 40 WEEKS	74.8	84.0	71.9	82.8	88.8	70.6	63.0	99.6	73.6	65.4

TABLE 242. INCOME IN 1979 OF HOUSEHOLDS OTHER THAN MARRIED-COUPLE HOUSEHOLDS BY SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS OF HOUSEHOLDER: 1980

[DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDIXES A AND B]

MAINE	TOTAL	LESS THAN $5,000	$5,000 TO $9,999	$10,000 TO $14,999	$15,000 TO $19,999	$20,000 TO $24,999	$25,000 TO $34,999	$35,000 TO $49,999	$50,000 OR MORE	MEDIAN	MEAN
TOTAL											
FEMALE HOUSEHOLDER	95 241	34 462	29 384	16 027	7 536	3 721	2 969	852	290	$6 989	$9 051
LIVING ALONE	53 857	26 211	17 017	6 811	2 291	887	409	123	108	$5 180	$6 798
UNDER 35 YEARS	7 976	2 134	3 410	1 902	408	65	41	9	7	$7 887	$7 958
65 YEARS AND OVER	30 641	16 724	8 229	2 295	751	334	158	69	81	$4 451	$5 817
MALE NONRELATIVE 15 YEARS AND OVER IN HOUSEHOLD	4 738	401	1 192	1 285	935	517	318	69	21	$12 843	$14 110
WITH CHILDREN UNDER 15 YEARS	1 838	167	375	514	378	236	138	18	12	$13 392	$14 680
SINGLE	19 758	5 068	6 422	4 216	2 019	1 008	787	174	64	$8 723	$10 310
WITH RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	2 192	941	699	351	141	25	30	5	-	$5 873	$7 119
SEPARATED	4 622	1 965	1 495	676	244	90	117	29	6	$5 919	$7 427
WITH RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	3 006	1 346	986	425	137	22	70	14	6	$5 633	$6 958
MARRIED, HUSBAND ABSENT, EXCEPT SEPARATED	2 080	1 090	504	255	112	44	43	24	8	$4 694	$6 770
WITH RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	889	482	198	114	52	17	18	8	-	$4 387	$6 240
WIDOWED	43 906	19 563	12 832	5 691	2 720	1 373	1 190	357	180	$5 773	$8 246
WITH RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	3 604	528	932	858	495	336	328	71	56	$11 592	$14 174
DIVORCED	24 875	6 776	8 131	5 189	2 441	1 206	832	268	32	$8 394	$9 965
WITH RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	13 366	3 307	4 614	2 887	1 344	604	441	151	18	$8 566	$10 117
WORKED IN 1979	48 230	8 374	17 420	11 313	5 578	2 708	2 105	569	163	$9 517	$11 230
USUALLY WORKED 35 OR MORE HOURS PER WEEK	36 538	4 358	13 153	9 486	4 800	2 393	1 804	417	127	$10 335	$12 010
USUALLY WORKED 1 TO 34 HOURS PER WEEK	11 692	4 016	4 267	1 827	778	315	301	152	36	$6 761	$8 793
DID NOT WORK IN 1979	47 011	26 088	11 964	4 714	1 958	1 013	864	283	127	$4 671	$6 816
NOT A HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATE	24 380	13 476	6 672	2 382	897	420	405	88	40	$4 689	$6 496
WITH SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME	44 446	20 908	12 855	5 411	2 468	1 243	1 101	317	143	$5 407	$7 884
WITH PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	17 863	9 170	5 231	1 821	894	392	230	88	37	$4 918	$6 882
WITH PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME ONLY	3 349	3 043	302	3	1	-	-	-	-	$3 268	$3 078
MALE HOUSEHOLDER	48 699	10 749	12 895	10 151	6 611	3 896	2 886	961	550	$10 298	$12 614
LIVING ALONE	30 183	9 082	8 903	6 053	3 142	1 524	957	279	243	$8 238	$10 173
UNDER 35 YEARS	11 489	2 113	4 002	3 057	1 447	444	295	68	63	$9 552	$10 531
65 YEARS AND OVER	8 173	4 402	2 376	791	263	171	94	27	49	$4 782	$6 870
FEMALE NONRELATIVE 15 YEARS AND OVER IN HOUSEHOLD	7 106	700	1 753	1 670	1 431	880	480	128	64	$13 266	$14 647
WITH CHILDREN UNDER 15 YEARS	1 737	193	354	494	356	192	113	24	11	$13 196	$14 384
SINGLE	21 398	4 312	6 191	4 702	2 876	1 650	1 098	387	182	$10 184	$12 251
WITH RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	527	56	191	132	69	34	22	22	1	$10 491	$12 742
SEPARATED	2 760	610	612	667	405	244	151	21	50	$10 855	$12 716
WITH RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	445	53	77	105	103	53	39	3	12	$14 273	$15 711
MARRIED, WIFE ABSENT, EXCEPT SEPARATED	1 786	328	417	282	305	182	163	58	51	$12 216	$15 230
WITH RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	340	17	54	90	62	50	43	15	9	$15 577	$17 623
WIDOWED	8 738	3 113	2 614	1 253	736	430	404	127	61	$6 962	$10 083
WITH RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	651	39	121	121	161	71	103	22	13	$16 236	$18 141
DIVORCED	14 017	2 386	3 061	3 247	2 289	1 390	1 070	368	206	$12 119	$14 394
WITH RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	1 997	255	289	501	398	268	178	75	33	$14 441	$16 749
WORKED IN 1979	35 775	4 248	9 121	8 902	5 948	3 522	2 699	876	459	$12 204	$14 424
USUALLY WORKED 35 OR MORE HOURS PER WEEK	32 053	2 879	7 957	8 282	5 696	3 433	2 577	794	435	$12 811	$14 987
USUALLY WORKED 1 TO 34 HOURS PER WEEK	3 722	1 369	1 164	620	252	89	122	82	24	$6 839	$9 571
DID NOT WORK IN 1979	12 924	6 501	3 774	1 249	663	374	187	85	91	$4 980	$7 606
NOT A HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATE	11 753	4 791	3 340	1 929	878	390	271	87	67	$6 417	$8 639
WITH SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME	13 543	5 295	4 172	1 867	904	606	412	172	115	$6 401	$9 431
WITH PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	4 190	1 800	1 015	588	385	214	151	27	10	$6 326	$8 934
WITH PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME ONLY	545	507	38	-	-	-	-	-	-	$3 234	$2 973

TABLE 242. INCOME IN 1979 OF HOUSEHOLDS OTHER THAN MARRIED-COUPLE HOUSEHOLDS BY SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS OF HOUSEHOLDER: 1980 - CON.

[DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDIXES A AND B]

RURAL	TOTAL	LESS THAN $5,000	$5,000 TO $9,999	$10,000 TO $14,999	$15,000 TO $19,999	$20,000 TO $24,999	$25,000 TO $34,999	$35,000 TO $49,999	$50,000 OR MORE	MEDIAN	MEAN
TOTAL											
FEMALE HOUSEHOLDER	38 348	14 151	11 744	6 263	3 225	1 422	1 095	356	92	$6 938	$8 942
LIVING ALONE	20 958	10 723	6 414	2 407	892	280	144	56	42	$4 924	$6 575
UNDER 35 YEARS	2 175	610	901	528	111	12	4	2	7	$7 903	$8 018
65 YEARS AND OVER	12 356	7 709	3 236	830	334	127	56	35	29	$4 373	$5 699
MALE NONRELATIVE 15 YEARS AND OVER IN HOUSEHOLD	2 229	190	625	520	490	229	123	39	13	$12 582	$13 944
WITH CHILDREN UNDER 15 YEARS	885	76	205	192	200	125	67	12	8	$13 879	$15 183
SINGLE	5 691	1 344	1 788	1 231	767	278	198	61	24	$9 235	$10 762
WITH RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	690	269	233	83	81	13	6	5	-	$6 545	$7 976
SEPARATED	1 806	790	543	259	112	40	46	14	2	$5 954	$7 568
WITH RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	1 202	519	395	160	72	13	27	14	2	$6 010	$7 456
MARRIED, HUSBAND ABSENT, EXCEPT SEPARATED	943	484	246	111	57	21	13	11	-	$4 821	$6 486
WITH RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	399	210	113	41	25	6	2	2	-	$4 602	$5 621
WIDOWED	19 783	8 857	6 016	2 501	1 159	570	478	148	54	$5 717	$7 981
WITH RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	1 935	286	567	458	271	158	138	47	10	$11 008	$13 077
DIVORCED	10 125	2 676	3 151	2 161	1 130	513	360	122	12	$8 796	$10 271
WITH RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	5 831	1 363	1 927	1 345	607	283	231	67	8	$9 007	$10 503
WORKED IN 1979	18 648	3 337	6 653	4 284	2 375	979	741	239	40	$9 506	$11 154
USUALLY WORKED 35 OR MORE HOURS PER WEEK	14 006	1 722	5 038	3 538	2 026	863	609	185	25	$10 293	$11 928
USUALLY WORKED 1 TO 34 HOURS PER WEEK	4 642	1 615	1 615	746	349	116	132	54	15	$6 770	$8 818
DID NOT WORK IN 1979	19 700	10 814	5 091	1 979	850	443	354	117	52	$4 693	$6 849
NOT A HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATE	9 048	5 115	2 277	926	382	177	144	15	12	$4 607	$6 461
WITH SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME	18 975	8 887	5 434	2 328	1 133	511	488	141	53	$5 444	$7 920
WITH PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	7 394	3 643	2 249	719	405	216	106	44	12	$5 108	$7 226
WITH PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME ONLY	1 224	1 125	95	3	1	-	-	-	-	$3 189	$3 031
MALE HOUSEHOLDER	23 437	5 748	5 843	4 757	3 100	1 947	1 366	429	247	$10 118	$12 373
LIVING ALONE	14 416	4 858	3 909	2 670	1 504	774	447	138	116	$7 787	$10 014
UNDER 35 YEARS	4 909	903	1 650	1 224	692	195	162	49	34	$9 715	$10 883
65 YEARS AND OVER	4 239	2 490	1 063	371	121	83	59	22	30	$4 532	$6 766
FEMALE NONRELATIVE 15 YEARS AND OVER IN HOUSEHOLD	3 559	388	880	819	626	446	286	67	47	$13 024	$14 931
WITH CHILDREN UNDER 15 YEARS	1 036	127	228	289	161	126	77	24	4	$12 955	$14 371
SINGLE	9 321	2 148	2 525	1 969	1 184	759	510	149	77	$9 976	$12 070
WITH RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	309	38	107	60	47	27	15	14	1	$10 609	$13 192
SEPARATED	1 321	292	322	285	220	109	74	16	3	$10 635	$11 971
WITH RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	277	32	66	58	66	33	19	3	-	$13 011	$13 956
MARRIED, WIFE ABSENT, EXCEPT SEPARATED	1 039	210	225	163	173	124	91	28	25	$12 718	$14 875
WITH RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	241	17	47	66	37	45	25	2	2	$14 375	$15 460
WIDOWED	4 470	1 753	1 248	659	322	224	164	74	26	$6 631	$9 608
WITH RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	354	29	54	79	86	35	49	15	7	$15 833	$18 171
DIVORCED	7 286	1 345	1 523	1 681	1 201	731	527	162	116	$12 081	$14 173
WITH RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	1 154	180	189	292	222	137	84	39	11	$13 456	$15 145
WORKED IN 1979	16 546	2 064	3 976	4 122	2 786	1 753	1 258	388	199	$12 440	$14 462
USUALLY WORKED 35 OR MORE HOURS PER WEEK	14 771	1 427	3 407	3 832	2 656	1 704	1 196	356	193	$13 126	$15 112
USUALLY WORKED 1 TO 34 HOURS PER WEEK	1 775	637	569	290	130	49	62	32	6	$6 957	$9 056
DID NOT WORK IN 1979	6 891	3 684	1 867	635	314	194	108	41	48	$4 774	$7 358
NOT A HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATE	6 405	2 825	1 664	997	462	223	163	48	23	$5 948	$8 352
WITH SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME	7 071	2 992	2 067	980	411	276	220	77	48	$6 023	$8 918
WITH PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	2 285	1 053	523	308	207	133	54	7	-	$5 772	$8 295
WITH PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME ONLY	319	305	14	-	-	-	-	-	-	$2 956	$2 654

TABLE 243. (A) INCOME TYPE IN 1979 OF HOUSEHOLDS AND FAMILIES BY RACE AND SPANISH ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER: 1980

[DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDIXES A AND B]

MAINE

	TOTAL	WITHOUT INCOME OF SPECIFIED TYPE	WITH INCOME OF SPECIFIED TYPE					
			$1 TO $999 OR LOSS	$1,000 TO $1,999	$2,000 TO $2,999	$3,000 TO $3,999	$4,000 TO $5,999	$6,000 TO $7,999
TOTAL								
HOUSEHOLDS								
EARNINGS	395 474	79 124	10 009	7 887	8 266	9 496	18 672	22 520
WAGE OR SALARY INCOME	395 474	94 521	10 384	8 894	8 796	9 499	18 371	22 338
NONFARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	395 474	349 288	8 642	3 298	3 143	2 976	5 216	4 039
FARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	395 474	388 095	3 344	683	629	279	593	363
INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS	395 474	125 629	74 911	29 001	30 192	26 474	37 815	24 892
INTEREST, DIVIDEND OR NET RENTAL INCOME	395 474	241 487	91 369	20 275	11 761	7 105	8 877	4 454
SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME	395 474	280 969	4 244	13 471	22 206	26 173	29 345	14 743
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	395 474	359 202	11 845	7 549	7 699	4 658	3 456	685
ALL OTHER INCOME	395 474	285 431	35 221	23 460	12 670	6 827	10 029	7 303
FAMILIES								
EARNINGS	295 488	37 265	7 338	5 377	5 630	6 329	12 856	15 707
WAGE OR SALARY INCOME	295 488	49 557	8 037	6 471	6 399	6 596	12 911	15 728
NONFARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	295 488	255 262	7 323	2 776	2 553	2 498	4 471	3 492
FARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	295 488	288 923	2 928	586	534	244	552	346
INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS	295 488	98 800	60 402	22 700	18 718	14 479	24 972	18 836
INTEREST, DIVIDEND OR NET RENTAL INCOME	295 488	180 145	69 437	14 901	8 685	5 184	6 439	3 216
SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME	295 488	224 929	2 816	6 978	10 436	12 136	20 787	13 421
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	295 488	268 881	7 393	5 721	5 779	3 868	2 979	574
ALL OTHER INCOME	295 488	210 775	27 000	17 817	9 751	5 116	7 319	5 927
UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS								
EARNINGS	151 673	53 111	9 154	11 024	8 726	7 467	11 706	12 877
WAGE OR SALARY INCOME	151 673	58 115	8 504	10 710	8 307	6 906	10 945	12 446
NONFARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	151 673	144 868	1 666	702	655	593	816	566
FARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	151 673	150 756	498	105	97	35	44	16
INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS	151 673	61 894	24 229	8 355	14 104	14 259	13 516	6 039
INTEREST, DIVIDEND OR NET RENTAL INCOME	151 673	104 490	29 805	5 726	3 223	2 009	2 467	1 307
SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME	151 673	103 611	2 003	7 765	13 403	15 296	8 683	912
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	151 673	140 817	4 888	2 114	2 236	1 084	393	95
ALL OTHER INCOME	151 673	123 607	9 713	6 231	3 248	1 878	2 831	1 436

TABLE 243. (B) INCOME TYPE IN 1979 OF HOUSEHOLDS AND FAMILIES BY RACE AND SPANISH ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER: 1980 - CON.

[DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDIXES A AND B]

MAINE

	WITH INCOME OF SPECIFIED TYPE-CON.							
	$8,000 TO $9,999	$10,000 TO $11,999	$12,000 TO $14,999	$15,000 TO $24,999	$25,000 TO $49,999	$50,000 OR MORE	MEAN INCOME FROM SPECIFIED TYPE	MEAN TOTAL INCOME
TOTAL								
HOUSEHOLDS								
EARNINGS	25 006	25 474	36 830	97 725	49 142	5 323	$16 144	$18 320
WAGE OR SALARY INCOME	24 229	24 264	35 088	91 919	43 589	3 582	$15 393	$18 445
NONFARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	3 162	3 336	2 698	5 476	3 066	1 134	$9 655	$21 400
FARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	330	260	221	438	203	36	$3 865	$18 643
INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS	14 564	9 756	8 116	10 314	3 211	599	$4 710	$16 095
INTEREST, DIVIDEND OR NET RENTAL INCOME	2 567	1 843	1 678	2 409	1 210	439	$2 323	$19 851
SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME	3 338	757	208	20	-	-	$3 936	$11 615
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	294	38	41	7	-	-	$2 068	$9 942
ALL OTHER INCOME	5 054	3 429	2 823	2 726	453	48	$3 521	$16 141
FAMILIES								
EARNINGS	17 625	19 816	30 147	87 035	45 416	4 947	$17 255	$19 546
WAGE OR SALARY INCOME	17 047	18 727	28 635	81 769	40 245	3 366	$16 376	$19 669
NONFARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	2 829	3 006	2 393	5 016	2 841	1 028	$9 989	$22 244
FARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	305	231	217	405	181	36	$4 010	$19 020
INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS	11 057	7 700	6 384	8 395	2 621	424	$4 770	$18 545
INTEREST, DIVIDEND OR NET RENTAL INCOME	1 856	1 368	1 198	1 839	939	281	$2 268	$22 482
SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME	3 099	678	194	14	-	-	$4 400	$14 611
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	229	33	30	1	-	-	$2 237	$10 814
ALL OTHER INCOME	3 849	2 858	2 304	2 363	376	33	$3 621	$17 775
UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS								
EARNINGS	11 231	8 205	7 915	8 422	1 547	288	$7 281	$8 111
WAGE OR SALARY INCOME	10 859	7 912	7 617	7 940	1 270	142	$7 149	$8 011
NONFARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	378	323	315	452	225	114	$6 797	$11 027
FARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	25	29	6	33	23	6	$2 794	$11 838
INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS	3 316	1 908	1 629	1 718	544	162	$3 829	$7 243
INTEREST, DIVIDEND OR NET RENTAL INCOME	695	493	466	557	290	145	$2 081	$9 453
SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME	-	-	-	-	-	-	$3 017	$5 750
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	46	-	-	-	-	-	$1 552	$3 683
ALL OTHER INCOME	1 233	575	507	340	59	15	$2 983	$7 794

TABLE 243. (A) INCOME TYPE IN 1979 OF HOUSEHOLDS AND FAMILIES BY RACE AND SPANISH ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER: 1980 - CON.

[DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDIXES A AND B]

RURAL	TOTAL	WITHOUT INCOME OF SPECIFIED TYPE	WITH INCOME OF SPECIFIED TYPE: $1 TO $999 OR LOSS	$1,000 TO $1,999	$2,000 TO $2,999	$3,000 TO $3,999	$4,000 TO $5,999	$6,000 TO $7,999
TOTAL								
HOUSEHOLDS								
EARNINGS	201 655	37 750	5 533	4 043	4 268	4 927	9 670	11 066
WAGE OR SALARY INCOME	201 655	48 467	5 796	4 687	4 555	4 977	9 238	10 838
NONFARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	201 655	172 355	5 512	2 110	1 947	1 837	3 495	2 609
FARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	201 655	195 408	2 847	516	497	248	530	306
INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS	201 655	68 284	37 678	14 798	14 909	12 574	18 766	12 062
INTEREST, DIVIDEND OR NET RENTAL INCOME	201 655	129 300	44 488	9 098	5 115	3 168	3 669	1 847
SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME	201 655	145 250	1 955	7 192	11 668	12 190	14 644	6 773
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	201 655	183 887	5 911	3 727	3 656	2 213	1 685	387
ALL OTHER INCOME	201 655	144 744	18 442	12 125	6 404	3 522	5 195	3 680
FAMILIES								
EARNINGS	159 633	19 534	4 258	3 034	3 092	3 516	7 385	8 546
WAGE OR SALARY INCOME	159 633	28 281	4 757	3 732	3 586	3 734	7 165	8 443
NONFARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	159 633	133 867	4 666	1 837	1 588	1 563	3 085	2 260
FARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	159 633	154 011	2 518	460	429	213	497	292
INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS	159 633	57 650	32 175	11 872	9 488	7 495	13 386	9 447
INTEREST, DIVIDEND OR NET RENTAL INCOME	159 633	102 860	35 745	6 928	3 827	2 357	2 711	1 388
SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME	159 633	122 655	1 375	3 873	5 986	6 645	11 060	6 229
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	159 633	146 297	3 899	2 839	2 795	1 867	1 446	333
ALL OTHER INCOME	159 633	114 205	14 907	9 557	5 145	2 639	3 953	3 020
UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS								
EARNINGS	58 561	23 792	3 105	2 470	2 435	2 530	4 389	4 799
WAGE OR SALARY INCOME	58 561	26 799	2 659	2 288	2 138	2 214	3 961	4 498
NONFARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	58 561	54 699	950	322	393	344	480	361
FARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	58 561	57 920	343	56	67	35	33	16
INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS	58 561	22 059	7 844	3 704	6 676	6 128	5 555	2 503
INTEREST, DIVIDEND OR NET RENTAL INCOME	58 561	41 390	10 225	2 226	1 315	815	958	475
SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME	58 561	37 614	743	3 867	6 450	6 024	3 513	350
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	58 561	53 529	2 177	1 038	1 018	577	170	29
ALL OTHER INCOME	58 561	46 231	4 037	2 740	1 362	883	1 310	692

TABLE 243. (B) INCOME TYPE IN 1979 OF HOUSEHOLDS AND FAMILIES BY RACE AND SPANISH ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER: 1980 - CON.

[DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDIXES A AND B]

RURAL	WITH INCOME OF SPECIFIED TYPE-CON.							
	$8,000 TO $9,999	$10,000 TO $11,999	$12,000 TO $14,999	$15,000 TO $24,999	$25,000 TO $49,999	$50,000 OR MORE	MEAN INCOME FROM SPECIFIED TYPE	MEAN TOTAL INCOME
TOTAL								
HOUSEHOLDS								
EARNINGS	12 787	13 719	19 698	51 526	24 092	2 576	$15 926	$18 035
WAGE OR SALARY INCOME	12 138	12 707	18 333	47 542	20 752	1 625	$15 119	$18 265
NONFARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	2 089	2 150	1 754	3 439	1 772	586	$9 185	$19 822
FARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	286	211	201	392	183	30	$4 034	$18 216
INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS	7 061	4 638	3 872	4 972	1 666	375	$4 707	$15 948
INTEREST, DIVIDEND OR NET RENTAL INCOME	1 146	822	825	1 341	553	283	$2 367	$19 770
SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME	1 506	392	77	8	-	-	$3 876	$11 472
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	145	27	10	7	-	-	$2 068	$10 105
ALL OTHER INCOME	2 662	1 740	1 373	1 479	252	37	$3 533	$16 035
FAMILIES								
EARNINGS	10 023	11 420	17 182	46 765	22 472	2 406	$16 694	$18 840
WAGE OR SALARY INCOME	9 439	10 491	15 959	43 156	19 338	1 552	$15 775	$19 050
NONFARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	1 902	1 957	1 581	3 162	1 643	522	$9 442	$20 448
FARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	261	188	197	367	170	30	$4 174	$18 696
INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS	5 535	3 738	3 072	4 082	1 418	275	$4 702	$17 905
INTEREST, DIVIDEND OR NET RENTAL INCOME	860	636	631	1 038	452	200	$2 281	$21 844
SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME	1 389	344	73	4	-	-	$4 275	$13 857
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	121	27	8	1	-	-	$2 221	$10 804
ALL OTHER INCOME	2 118	1 427	1 142	1 275	223	22	$3 574	$17 317
UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS								
EARNINGS	4 255	3 270	3 002	3 731	641	142	$8 089	$9 111
WAGE OR SALARY INCOME	4 058	3 100	2 842	3 458	490	56	$7 977	$9 073
NONFARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	206	184	167	268	122	65	$6 769	$11 239
FARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	25	23	6	24	13	-	$2 737	$10 780
INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS	1 425	833	742	762	239	91	$4 136	$7 320
INTEREST, DIVIDEND OR NET RENTAL INCOME	278	208	196	294	107	74	$2 450	$10 131
SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME	-	-	-	-	-	-	$2 939	$5 745
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	23	-	-	-	-	-	$1 579	$3 540
ALL OTHER INCOME	547	311	223	187	23	15	$3 197	$8 016

TABLE 244. HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 BY HOUSEHOLD SIZE AND COMPOSITION BY AGE, SEX, RACE, AND SPANISH ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER: 1980

[DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDIXES A AND B]

MAINE	TOTAL	LESS THAN $5,000	$5,000 TO $9,999	$10,000 TO $14,999	$15,000 TO $19,999	$20,000 TO $24,999	$25,000 TO $34,999	$35,000 TO $49,999	$50,000 OR MORE	MEDIAN	MEAN
TOTAL											
HOUSEHOLD SIZE AND COMPOSITION											
HOUSEHOLDS	395 474	56 814	81 077	76 428	64 614	47 839	44 998	16 481	7 223	$13 816	$16 128
1 PERSON	84 040	35 293	25 920	12 864	5 433	2 411	1 366	402	351	$6 138	$8 010
2 OR MORE PERSONS	311 434	21 521	55 157	63 564	59 181	45 428	43 632	16 079	6 872	$16 226	$18 318
ALL RELATED	285 690	19 519	49 918	57 883	54 448	42 026	40 519	14 932	6 445	$16 341	$18 409
ALL UNRELATED	15 946	1 448	3 742	3 555	2 972	1 971	1 555	510	193	$13 903	$15 832
SOME UNRELATED	9 798	554	1 497	2 126	1 761	1 431	1 558	637	234	$16 876	$19 716
2 PERSONS	126 221	11 865	31 678	27 558	21 725	14 806	12 152	4 306	2 131	$13 427	$15 782
RELATED	113 079	10 637	28 412	24 506	19 292	13 218	11 063	3 965	1 986	$13 428	$15 864
UNRELATED	13 142	1 228	3 266	3 052	2 433	1 588	1 089	341	145	$13 419	$15 077
3 PERSONS	69 263	4 765	10 306	13 920	14 045	10 630	10 631	3 549	1 417	$16 924	$18 712
ALL RELATED	64 170	4 392	9 325	12 856	13 117	9 939	9 884	3 319	1 338	$17 016	$18 764
ALL UNRELATED	1 905	157	363	325	333	271	336	106	14	$16 553	$18 670
SOME UNRELATED	3 188	216	618	739	595	420	411	124	65	$15 164	$17 695
4 PERSONS	64 236	2 898	7 178	12 602	13 524	11 365	11 178	3 968	1 523	$18 399	$20 185
ALL RELATED	60 818	2 692	6 737	11 883	12 831	10 831	10 630	3 747	1 467	$18 454	$20 235
ALL UNRELATED	642	45	91	121	157	65	112	36	15	$17 078	$19 441
SOME UNRELATED	2 776	161	350	598	536	469	436	185	41	$17 548	$19 259
5 PERSONS	32 609	1 324	3 716	5 816	6 321	5 658	6 177	2 580	1 017	$19 282	$21 370
ALL RELATED	30 656	1 211	3 417	5 415	5 960	5 368	5 872	2 462	951	$19 414	$21 457
ALL UNRELATED	172	18	20	41	44	22	6	15	6	$16 029	$20 097
SOME UNRELATED	1 781	95	279	360	317	268	299	103	60	$17 126	$20 003
6 OR MORE PERSONS	19 105	669	2 279	3 668	3 566	2 969	3 494	1 676	784	$19 113	$22 154
ALL RELATED	16 967	587	2 027	3 223	3 248	2 670	3 070	1 439	703	$19 084	$21 971
ALL UNRELATED	85	-	2	16	5	25	12	12	13	$22 708	$33 022
SOME UNRELATED	2 053	82	250	429	313	274	412	225	68	$19 087	$23 223
SEX OF HOUSEHOLDER											
MALE	290 372	21 768	50 003	58 528	55 306	42 863	40 596	14 853	6 455	$16 256	$18 285
FEMALE	105 102	35 046	31 074	17 900	9 308	4 976	4 402	1 628	768	$7 516	$10 167
AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER											
15 TO 24 YEARS	31 514	5 647	9 393	7 998	5 256	1 974	989	166	91	$10 396	$11 330
25 TO 34 YEARS	88 824	6 924	15 735	21 438	19 506	13 183	9 101	2 136	801	$15 075	$16 119
35 TO 44 YEARS	65 457	4 054	7 879	11 361	12 709	11 538	12 233	3 872	1 811	$18 661	$20 273
45 TO 54 YEARS	61 055	4 253	7 471	10 145	10 493	9 599	11 617	5 351	2 126	$19 069	$21 341
55 TO 64 YEARS	61 503	7 725	12 105	11 468	9 665	7 594	7 853	3 536	1 557	$14 740	$17 396
60 TO 64 YEARS	30 099	4 418	6 862	6 104	4 711	3 140	2 908	1 337	619	$12 980	$15 610
65 YEARS AND OVER	87 121	28 211	28 494	14 018	6 985	3 951	3 205	1 420	837	$7 275	$10 208

TABLE 244. HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 BY HOUSEHOLD SIZE AND COMPOSITION BY AGE, SEX, RACE, AND SPANISH ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER: 1980 - CON.

[DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDIXES A AND B]

RURAL	TOTAL	LESS THAN $5,000	$5,000 TO $9,999	$10,000 TO $14,999	$15,000 TO $19,999	$20,000 TO $24,999	$25,000 TO $34,999	$35,000 TO $49,999	$50,000 OR MORE	MEDIAN	MEAN
TOTAL											
HOUSEHOLD SIZE AND COMPOSITION											
HOUSEHOLDS	201 655	27 743	40 732	40 410	34 595	24 611	22 183	7 804	3 577	$13 926	$16 058
1 PERSON	35 374	15 581	10 323	5 077	2 396	1 054	591	194	158	$5 894	$7 977
2 OR MORE PERSONS	166 281	12 162	30 409	35 333	32 199	23 557	21 592	7 610	3 419	$15 752	$17 777
ALL RELATED	154 202	11 217	28 005	32 720	29 850	21 985	20 126	7 067	3 232	$15 800	$17 800
ALL UNRELATED	6 648	615	1 513	1 489	1 296	804	644	189	98	$14 044	$15 977
SOME UNRELATED	5 431	330	891	1 124	1 053	768	822	354	89	$16 625	$19 349
2 PERSONS	64 021	6 650	16 537	13 722	10 781	7 196	5 992	2 027	1 116	$13 040	$15 463
RELATED	58 551	6 124	15 209	12 467	9 707	6 572	5 526	1 909	1 037	$12 983	$15 480
UNRELATED	5 470	526	1 328	1 255	1 074	624	466	118	79	$13 537	$15 285
3 PERSONS	36 212	2 482	5 499	7 959	7 555	5 375	5 000	1 641	701	$16 344	$18 196
ALL RELATED	33 864	2 280	5 043	7 452	7 106	5 089	4 715	1 512	667	$16 421	$18 224
ALL UNRELATED	716	57	129	139	135	99	109	40	8	$16 289	$18 062
SOME UNRELATED	1 632	145	327	368	314	187	176	89	26	$14 701	$17 679
4 PERSONS	36 201	1 740	4 612	7 748	7 816	6 161	5 534	1 865	725	$17 380	$19 159
ALL RELATED	34 365	1 619	4 330	7 419	7 439	5 847	5 253	1 751	707	$17 377	$19 180
ALL UNRELATED	338	20	42	65	68	57	62	16	8	$18 143	$20 137
SOME UNRELATED	1 498	101	240	264	309	257	219	98	10	$17 278	$18 452
5 PERSONS	18 582	845	2 295	3 602	3 876	3 132	3 101	1 212	519	$18 172	$20 308
ALL RELATED	17 438	797	2 111	3 353	3 655	2 947	2 933	1 148	494	$18 279	$20 386
ALL UNRELATED	77	12	12	23	14	12	1	3	-	$13 819	$14 716
SOME UNRELATED	1 067	36	172	226	207	173	167	61	25	$16 829	$19 432
6 OR MORE PERSONS	11 265	445	1 466	2 302	2 171	1 693	1 965	865	358	$18 221	$20 969
ALL RELATED	9 984	397	1 312	2 029	1 943	1 530	1 699	747	327	$18 160	$20 696
ALL UNRELATED	47	-	2	7	5	12	6	12	3	$23 438	$36 871
SOME UNRELATED	1 234	48	152	266	223	151	260	106	28	$18 462	$22 573
SEX OF HOUSEHOLDER											
MALE	158 272	13 209	28 007	33 248	30 513	22 536	20 419	7 078	3 262	$15 703	$17 660
FEMALE	43 383	14 534	12 725	7 162	4 082	2 075	1 764	726	315	$7 574	$10 215
AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER											
15 TO 24 YEARS	12 791	1 870	3 538	3 474	2 456	897	433	64	59	$11 322	$12 092
25 TO 34 YEARS	46 789	3 499	7 886	11 619	10 571	6 968	4 714	1 060	472	$15 172	$16 207
35 TO 44 YEARS	36 999	2 204	4 426	6 797	7 560	6 556	6 516	2 031	909	$18 237	$19 875
45 TO 54 YEARS	32 209	2 311	4 176	5 867	5 814	4 926	5 719	2 351	1 045	$18 044	$20 510
55 TO 64 YEARS	31 035	4 309	6 659	6 017	4 911	3 473	3 387	1 556	723	$13 702	$16 372
60 TO 64 YEARS	15 483	2 450	3 805	3 166	2 390	1 497	1 297	566	312	$12 274	$14 849
65 YEARS AND OVER	41 832	13 550	14 047	6 636	3 283	1 791	1 414	742	369	$7 200	$10 068

TABLE 245. PERSONS BELOW SPECIFIED POVERTY LEVEL IN 1979 BY RELATIONSHIP, AGE, SEX, RACE, AND SPANISH ORIGIN: 1980

[EXCLUDES INMATES OF INSTITUTIONS, PERSONS IN MILITARY GROUP QUARTERS AND IN COLLEGE DORMITORIES, AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS UNDER 15 YEARS. DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDIXES A AND B]

MAINE	TOTAL	INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL		INCOME IN 1979 BELOW SPECIFIED POVERTY LEVEL									
				NUMBER					PERCENT				
		NUMBER	PERCENT	BELOW 75 PERCENT	BELOW 125 PERCENT	BELOW 150 PERCENT	BELOW 175 PERCENT	BELOW 200 PERCENT	BELOW 75 PERCENT	BELOW 125 PERCENT	BELOW 150 PERCENT	BELOW 175 PERCENT	BELOW 200 PERCENT
TOTAL													
TOTAL PERSONS	1 087 369	140 996	13.0	84 626	210 028	282 025	358 840	434 470	7.8	19.3	25.9	33.0	40.0
UNDER 16 YEARS	274 668	45 767	16.7	29 444	66 159	88 214	112 055	135 091	10.7	24.1	32.1	40.8	49.2
16 TO 21 YEARS	110 116	17 189	15.6	11 699	24 104	30 678	38 060	45 467	10.6	21.9	27.9	34.6	41.3
22 TO 24 YEARS	54 308	7 201	13.3	4 689	10 131	13 823	17 723	21 593	8.6	18.7	25.5	32.6	39.8
25 TO 34 YEARS	176 941	18 330	10.4	11 566	27 432	38 973	51 404	64 611	6.5	15.5	22.0	29.1	36.5
35 TO 44 YEARS	121 819	11 655	9.6	7 078	17 336	23 241	30 504	38 256	5.8	14.2	19.1	25.0	31.4
35 TO 39 YEARS	65 693	6 874	10.5	4 168	10 250	13 669	17 969	22 375	6.3	15.6	20.8	27.4	34.1
40 TO 44 YEARS	56 126	4 781	8.5	2 910	7 086	9 572	12 535	15 881	5.2	12.6	17.1	22.3	28.3
45 TO 54 YEARS	111 590	8 561	7.7	5 242	12 779	16 824	21 728	26 932	4.7	11.5	15.1	19.5	24.1
55 TO 59 YEARS	55 974	5 291	9.5	3 305	7 463	9 681	12 298	15 166	5.9	13.3	17.3	22.0	27.1
60 TO 64 YEARS	50 271	5 449	10.8	3 104	8 337	11 185	14 427	17 443	6.2	16.6	22.2	28.7	34.7
65 YEARS AND OVER	131 682	21 553	16.4	8 499	36 287	49 406	60 641	69 911	6.5	27.6	37.5	46.1	53.1
65 TO 69 YEARS	43 815	5 273	12.0	2 038	9 055	12 788	16 247	19 292	4.7	20.7	29.2	37.1	44.0
70 TO 74 YEARS	36 869	5 548	15.0	2 084	9 513	13 425	16 907	19 675	5.7	25.8	36.4	45.9	53.4
75 YEARS AND OVER	50 998	10 732	21.0	4 377	17 719	23 193	27 487	30 944	8.6	34.7	45.5	53.9	60.7
FEMALE	561 000	81 813	14.6	49 233	119 949	158 334	198 722	237 698	8.8	21.4	28.2	35.4	42.4
UNDER 16 YEARS	134 328	22 676	16.9	14 653	32 573	43 316	55 250	66 388	10.9	24.2	32.2	41.1	49.4
16 TO 21 YEARS	54 758	10 042	18.3	7 020	13 732	17 025	20 613	24 246	12.8	25.1	31.1	37.6	44.3
22 TO 24 YEARS	28 887	4 389	15.2	2 983	6 130	8 317	10 424	12 504	10.3	21.2	28.8	36.1	43.3
25 TO 34 YEARS	89 816	11 132	12.4	7 376	16 147	22 174	28 668	35 408	8.2	18.0	24.7	31.9	39.4
35 TO 44 YEARS	61 385	6 794	11.1	4 220	9 941	13 019	16 695	20 611	6.9	16.2	21.2	27.2	33.6
35 TO 39 YEARS	33 056	4 051	12.3	2 481	5 919	7 759	10 002	12 309	7.5	17.9	23.5	30.3	37.2
40 TO 44 YEARS	28 329	2 743	9.7	1 739	4 022	5 260	6 693	8 302	6.1	14.2	18.6	23.6	29.3
45 TO 54 YEARS	57 242	4 866	8.5	3 021	7 096	9 245	11 811	14 567	5.3	12.4	16.2	20.6	25.4
55 TO 59 YEARS	29 790	3 312	11.1	2 154	4 593	5 955	7 547	9 183	7.2	15.4	20.0	25.3	30.8
60 TO 64 YEARS	26 837	3 355	12.5	1 836	5 049	6 788	8 705	10 518	6.8	18.8	25.3	32.4	39.2
65 YEARS AND OVER	77 957	15 247	19.6	5 970	24 688	32 495	39 009	44 273	7.7	31.7	41.7	50.0	56.8
65 TO 69 YEARS	24 339	3 589	14.7	1 337	5 971	8 225	10 235	11 917	5.5	24.5	33.8	42.1	49.0
70 TO 74 YEARS	21 144	3 841	18.2	1 405	6 237	8 541	10 504	12 078	6.6	29.5	40.4	49.7	57.1
75 YEARS AND OVER	32 474	7 817	24.1	3 228	12 480	15 729	18 270	20 278	9.9	38.4	48.4	56.3	62.4
PERSONS IN FAMILIES	955 013	101 636	10.6	61 464	157 152	218 562	286 480	354 016	6.4	16.5	22.9	30.0	37.1
UNDER 25 YEARS	413 365	59 533	14.4	37 688	87 835	118 250	151 368	183 711	9.1	21.2	28.6	36.6	44.4
25 TO 34 YEARS	151 190	14 150	9.4	8 729	21 966	32 069	42 944	54 493	5.8	14.5	21.2	28.4	36.0
35 TO 44 YEARS	112 591	9 891	8.8	5 838	15 190	20 688	27 531	34 866	5.2	13.5	18.4	24.5	31.0
45 TO 64 YEARS	190 505	11 720	6.2	6 671	19 093	26 256	35 308	44 709	3.5	10.0	13.8	18.5	23.5
65 YEARS AND OVER	87 362	6 342	7.3	2 538	13 068	21 299	29 329	36 237	2.9	15.0	24.4	33.6	41.5
FAMILY HOUSEHOLDER	295 488	28 855	9.8	17 686	45 061	63 070	82 779	102 302	6.0	15.2	21.3	28.0	34.6
15 TO 24 YEARS	18 845	3 597	19.1	2 656	5 031	6 499	7 943	9 366	14.1	26.7	34.5	42.1	49.7
25 TO 34 YEARS	71 547	8 681	12.1	5 762	12 742	17 990	23 448	29 058	8.1	17.8	25.1	32.8	40.6
35 TO 44 YEARS	59 128	6 280	10.6	3 883	9 369	12 528	16 302	20 282	6.6	15.8	21.2	27.6	34.3
35 TO 39 YEARS	31 763	3 829	12.1	2 389	5 660	7 412	9 573	11 783	7.5	17.8	23.3	30.1	37.1
40 TO 44 YEARS	27 365	2 451	9.0	1 494	3 709	5 116	6 729	8 499	5.5	13.6	18.7	24.6	31.1
45 TO 54 YEARS	52 790	3 572	6.8	2 103	5 666	7 569	9 908	12 392	4.0	10.7	14.3	18.8	23.5
55 TO 59 YEARS	24 815	1 529	6.2	925	2 310	3 064	4 152	5 368	3.7	9.3	12.3	16.7	21.6
60 TO 64 YEARS	21 939	1 546	7.0	899	2 553	3 525	4 805	5 998	4.1	11.6	16.1	21.9	27.3
65 YEARS AND OVER	46 424	3 650	7.9	1 458	7 390	11 895	16 221	19 838	3.1	15.9	25.6	34.9	42.7
65 TO 69 YEARS	17 564	1 086	6.2	469	2 157	3 461	4 778	6 001	2.7	12.3	19.7	27.2	34.2
70 TO 74 YEARS	13 862	1 053	7.6	410	2 138	3 589	4 981	6 083	3.0	15.4	25.9	35.9	43.9
75 YEARS AND OVER	14 998	1 511	10.1	579	3 095	4 845	6 462	7 754	3.9	20.6	32.3	43.1	51.7
RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	315 011	49 862	15.8	31 678	72 795	97 280	124 110	149 885	10.1	23.1	30.9	39.4	47.6
UNDER 3 YEARS	47 315	8 276	17.5	5 387	12 061	16 475	20 895	25 062	11.4	25.5	34.8	44.2	53.0
3 AND 4 YEARS	29 956	5 571	18.6	3 753	7 850	10 599	13 273	15 855	12.5	26.2	35.4	44.3	52.9
5 TO 17 YEARS	237 740	36 015	15.1	22 538	52 884	70 206	89 942	108 968	9.5	22.2	29.5	37.8	45.8
5 YEARS	14 965	2 462	16.5	1 557	3 577	4 904	6 310	7 784	10.4	23.9	32.8	42.2	52.0
6 TO 13 YEARS	141 171	23 086	16.4	14 803	33 421	44 442	56 655	68 248	10.5	23.7	31.5	40.1	48.3
14 TO 17 YEARS	81 604	10 467	12.8	6 178	15 886	20 860	26 977	32 936	7.6	19.5	25.6	33.1	40.4
OTHER RELATIVES	344 514	22 919	6.7	12 100	39 296	58 212	79 591	101 829	3.5	11.4	16.9	23.1	29.6
UNDER 25 YEARS	79 509	6 074	7.6	3 354	10 009	14 471	19 315	24 460	4.2	12.6	18.2	24.3	30.8
25 TO 34 YEARS	79 643	5 469	6.9	2 967	9 224	14 079	19 496	25 435	3.7	11.6	17.7	24.5	31.9
35 TO 44 YEARS	53 463	3 611	6.8	1 955	5 821	8 160	11 229	14 584	3.7	10.9	15.3	21.0	27.3
45 TO 64 YEARS	90 961	5 073	5.6	2 744	8 564	12 098	16 443	20 951	3.0	9.4	13.3	18.1	23.0
65 YEARS AND OVER	40 938	2 692	6.6	1 080	5 678	9 404	13 108	16 399	2.6	13.9	23.0	32.0	40.1
PERSONS IN FAMILIES WITH FEMALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO HUSBAND PRESENT	101 987	34 323	33.7	25 426	44 667	53 507	62 198	68 686	24.9	43.8	52.5	61.0	67.3
UNDER 25 YEARS	56 109	24 385	43.5	18 711	30 676	35 862	40 542	43 752	33.3	54.7	63.9	72.3	78.0
25 TO 34 YEARS	12 618	4 395	34.8	3 321	5 595	6 684	7 744	8 495	26.3	44.3	53.0	61.4	67.3
35 TO 44 YEARS	9 529	2 704	28.4	1 860	3 692	4 566	5 364	6 062	19.5	38.7	47.9	56.3	63.6
45 TO 64 YEARS	13 719	1 931	14.1	1 157	2 950	3 855	5 023	6 101	8.4	21.5	28.1	36.6	44.5
65 YEARS AND OVER	10 012	908	9.1	377	1 754	2 540	3 525	4 276	3.8	17.5	25.4	35.2	42.7
FAMILY HOUSEHOLDER	35 074	10 790	30.8	8 010	14 201	17 180	20 237	22 569	22.8	40.5	49.0	57.7	64.3
15 TO 24 YEARS	3 112	1 991	64.0	1 788	2 320	2 552	2 732	2 806	57.5	74.6	82.0	87.8	90.2
25 TO 34 YEARS	8 701	4 077	46.9	3 204	5 030	5 901	6 689	7 240	36.8	57.8	67.8	76.9	83.2
35 TO 44 YEARS	7 366	2 504	34.0	1 744	3 369	4 105	4 750	5 277	23.7	45.7	55.7	64.5	71.6
35 TO 39 YEARS	4 220	1 614	38.2	1 118	2 118	2 508	2 905	3 227	26.5	50.2	59.4	68.8	76.5
40 TO 44 YEARS	3 146	890	28.3	626	1 251	1 597	1 845	2 050	19.9	39.8	50.8	58.6	65.2
45 TO 54 YEARS	5 541	1 088	19.6	693	1 570	1 987	2 381	2 763	12.5	28.3	35.9	43.0	49.9
55 TO 59 YEARS	2 234	289	12.9	184	420	569	814	1 022	8.2	18.8	25.5	36.4	45.7
60 TO 64 YEARS	1 870	198	10.6	121	314	407	601	760	6.5	16.8	21.8	32.1	40.6
65 YEARS AND OVER	6 250	643	10.3	276	1 178	1 659	2 270	2 701	4.4	18.8	26.5	36.3	43.2
65 TO 69 YEARS	1 663	177	10.6	91	329	435	570	670	5.5	19.8	26.2	34.3	40.3
70 TO 74 YEARS	1 520	163	10.7	49	264	397	559	678	3.2	17.4	26.1	36.8	44.6
75 YEARS AND OVER	3 067	303	9.9	136	585	827	1 141	1 353	4.4	19.1	27.0	37.2	44.1
RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	43 897	20 982	47.8	16 036	26 150	30 365	34 100	36 570	36.5	59.6	69.2	77.7	83.3
UNDER 3 YEARS	4 776	3 158	66.1	2 708	3 595	3 921	4 186	4 322	56.7	75.3	82.1	87.6	90.5
3 AND 4 YEARS	3 874	2 262	58.4	1 905	2 671	2 969	3 217	3 399	49.2	68.9	76.6	83.0	87.7
5 TO 17 YEARS	35 247	15 562	44.2	11 423	19 884	23 475	26 697	28 849	32.4	56.4	66.6	75.7	81.8
5 YEARS	1 898	1 035	54.5	869	1 199	1 402	1 570	1 665	45.8	63.2	73.9	82.7	87.7
6 TO 13 YEARS	20 899	10 042	48.1	7 636	12 536	14 728	16 584	17 779	36.5	60.0	70.5	79.4	85.1
14 TO 17 YEARS	12 450	4 485	36.0	2 918	6 149	7 345	8 543	9 405	23.4	49.4	59.0	68.6	75.5
OTHER RELATIVES	23 016	2 551	11.1	1 380	4 316	5 962	7 861	9 547	6.0	18.8	25.9	34.2	41.5
UNDER 25 YEARS	9 100	1 412	15.5	887	2 206	2 945	3 710	4 376	9.7	24.2	32.4	40.8	48.1
25 TO 34 YEARS	3 917	318	8.1	117	565	783	1 055	1 255	3.0	14.4	20.0	26.9	32.0
35 TO 44 YEARS	2 163	200	9.2	116	323	461	614	785	5.4	14.9	21.3	28.4	36.3
45 TO 64 YEARS	4 074	356	8.7	159	646	892	1 227	1 556	3.9	15.9	21.9	30.1	38.2
65 YEARS AND OVER	3 762	265	7.0	101	576	881	1 255	1 575	2.7	15.3	23.4	33.4	41.9

TABLE 245. PERSONS BELOW SPECIFIED POVERTY LEVEL IN 1979 BY RELATIONSHIP, AGE, SEX, RACE, AND SPANISH ORIGIN: 1980 - CON.

[EXCLUDES INMATES OF INSTITUTIONS, PERSONS IN MILITARY GROUP QUARTERS AND IN COLLEGE DORMITORIES, AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS UNDER 15 YEARS. DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDIXES A AND B]

MAINE	TOTAL	INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL		INCOME IN 1979 BELOW SPECIFIED POVERTY LEVEL										
				NUMBER					PERCENT					
		NUMBER	PERCENT	BELOW 75 PERCENT	BELOW 125 PERCENT	BELOW 150 PERCENT	BELOW 175 PERCENT	BELOW 200 PERCENT	BELOW 75 PERCENT	BELOW 125 PERCENT	BELOW 150 PERCENT	BELOW 175 PERCENT	BELOW 200 PERCENT
TOTAL													
UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS. .	132 356	39 360	29.7	23 162	52 876	63 463	72 360	80 454	17.5	39.9	47.9	54.7	60.8
15 TO 24 YEARS	25 727	10 624	41.3	8 144	12 559	14 465	16 470	18 440	31.7	48.8	56.2	64.0	71.7
25 TO 34 YEARS	25 751	4 180	16.2	2 837	5 466	6 904	8 460	10 118	11.0	21.2	26.8	32.9	39.3
35 TO 44 YEARS	9 228	1 764	19.1	1 240	2 146	2 553	2 973	3 390	13.4	23.3	27.7	32.2	36.7
35 TO 39 YEARS	5 103	905	17.7	642	1 091	1 322	1 552	1 780	12.6	21.4	25.9	30.4	34.9
40 TO 44 YEARS	4 125	859	20.8	598	1 055	1 231	1 421	1 610	14.5	25.6	29.8	34.4	39.0
45 TO 54 YEARS	10 520	2 685	25.5	1 847	3 218	3 820	4 366	4 959	17.6	30.6	36.3	41.5	47.1
55 TO 59 YEARS	7 730	2 169	28.1	1 488	2 699	3 292	3 780	4 240	19.2	34.9	42.6	48.9	54.9
60 TO 64 YEARS	9 080	2 727	30.0	1 645	3 569	4 322	4 999	5 633	18.1	39.3	47.6	55.1	62.0
65 YEARS AND OVER.	44 320	15 211	34.3	5 961	23 219	28 107	31 312	33 674	13.4	52.4	63.4	70.6	76.0
65 TO 69 YEARS	11 194	3 308	29.6	1 254	4 999	6 131	6 963	7 634	11.2	44.7	54.8	62.2	68.2
70 TO 74 YEARS	11 537	3 719	32.2	1 370	5 716	7 091	8 013	8 702	11.9	49.5	61.5	69.5	75.4
75 YEARS AND OVER.	21 589	8 184	37.9	3 337	12 504	14 885	16 336	17 338	15.5	57.9	68.9	75.7	80.3
FEMALE UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS	77 713	26 521	34.1	15 111	35 848	42 697	48 159	53 044	19.4	46.1	54.9	62.0	68.3
15 TO 24 YEARS	13 597	6 446	47.4	5 026	7 647	8 682	9 680	10 732	37.0	56.2	63.9	71.2	78.9
25 TO 34 YEARS	9 963	1 942	19.5	1 341	2 582	3 232	3 885	4 531	13.5	25.9	32.4	39.0	45.5
35 TO 44 YEARS	3 335	890	26.7	634	1 088	1 232	1 402	1 628	19.0	32.6	36.9	42.0	48.8
35 TO 39 YEARS	1 645	402	24.4	294	487	579	667	793	17.9	29.6	35.2	40.5	48.2
40 TO 44 YEARS	1 690	488	28.9	340	601	653	735	835	20.1	35.6	38.6	43.5	49.4
45 TO 54 YEARS	5 417	1 641	30.3	1 138	1 922	2 217	2 538	2 881	21.0	35.5	40.9	46.9	53.2
55 TO 59 YEARS	4 979	1 480	29.7	1 088	1 819	2 205	2 580	2 913	21.9	36.5	44.3	51.8	58.5
60 TO 64 YEARS	6 362	2 017	31.7	1 180	2 559	3 096	3 598	4 085	18.5	40.2	48.7	56.6	64.2
65 YEARS AND OVER.	34 060	12 105	35.5	4 704	18 231	22 033	24 476	26 274	13.8	53.5	64.7	71.9	77.1
65 TO 69 YEARS	8 318	2 585	31.1	957	3 838	4 753	5 403	5 930	11.5	46.1	57.1	65.0	71.3
70 TO 74 YEARS	8 859	2 938	33.2	1 050	4 379	5 457	6 133	6 674	11.9	49.4	61.6	69.2	75.3
75 YEARS AND OVER.	16 883	6 582	39.0	2 697	10 014	11 823	12 940	13 670	16.0	59.3	70.0	76.6	81.0

TABLE 245. PERSONS BELOW SPECIFIED POVERTY LEVEL IN 1979 BY RELATIONSHIP, AGE, SEX, RACE, AND SPANISH ORIGIN: 1980 - CON.

[EXCLUDES INMATES OF INSTITUTIONS, PERSONS IN MILITARY GROUP QUARTERS AND IN COLLEGE DORMITORIES, AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS UNDER 15 YEARS. DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDIXES A AND B]

RURAL	TOTAL	INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL		INCOME IN 1979 BELOW SPECIFIED POVERTY LEVEL									
				NUMBER					PERCENT				
		NUMBER	PERCENT	BELOW 75 PERCENT	BELOW 125 PERCENT	BELOW 150 PERCENT	BELOW 175 PERCENT	BELOW 200 PERCENT	BELOW 75 PERCENT	BELOW 125 PERCENT	BELOW 150 PERCENT	BELOW 175 PERCENT	BELOW 200 PERCENT
TOTAL													
TOTAL PERSONS	580 816	78 423	13.5	46 857	118 583	159 406	202 502	245 892	8.1	20.4	27.4	34.9	42.3
UNDER 16 YEARS	155 479	26 078	16.8	16 610	38 643	51 925	65 889	79 806	10.7	24.9	33.4	42.4	51.3
16 TO 21 YEARS	56 140	8 325	14.8	5 458	12 034	15 688	19 819	23 891	9.7	21.4	27.9	35.3	42.6
22 TO 24 YEARS	25 687	3 079	12.0	1 922	4 663	6 483	8 379	10 365	7.5	18.2	25.2	32.6	40.4
25 TO 34 YEARS	96 466	10 644	11.0	6 775	16 206	22 862	29 892	37 612	7.0	16.8	23.7	31.0	39.0
35 TO 44 YEARS	69 319	7 223	10.4	4 441	10 683	14 319	18 763	23 540	6.4	15.4	20.7	27.1	34.0
35 TO 39 YEARS	37 880	4 239	11.2	2 630	6 316	8 428	11 068	13 816	6.9	16.7	22.2	29.2	36.5
40 TO 44 YEARS	31 439	2 984	9.5	1 811	4 367	5 891	7 695	9 724	5.8	13.9	18.7	24.5	30.9
45 TO 54 YEARS	59 440	5 094	8.6	3 132	7 806	10 383	13 161	16 263	5.3	13.1	17.5	22.1	27.4
55 TO 59 YEARS	28 007	3 105	11.1	1 932	4 442	5 663	7 147	8 720	6.9	15.9	20.2	25.5	31.1
60 TO 64 YEARS	25 978	3 215	12.4	1 838	4 955	6 583	8 380	10 118	7.1	19.1	25.3	32.3	38.9
65 YEARS AND OVER	64 300	11 660	18.1	4 749	19 151	25 500	31 072	35 577	7.4	29.8	39.7	48.3	55.3
65 TO 69 YEARS	22 315	3 091	13.9	1 228	5 100	7 089	8 850	10 457	5.5	22.9	31.8	39.7	46.9
70 TO 74 YEARS	18 437	3 099	16.8	1 215	5 283	7 274	9 058	10 392	6.6	28.7	39.5	49.1	56.4
75 YEARS AND OVER	23 548	5 470	23.2	2 306	8 768	11 137	13 164	14 728	9.8	37.2	47.3	55.9	62.5
FEMALE	292 859	43 222	14.8	25 945	64 451	85 271	107 257	129 325	8.9	22.0	29.1	36.6	44.2
UNDER 16 YEARS	75 581	12 770	16.9	8 142	18 798	25 074	32 020	38 832	10.8	24.9	33.2	42.4	51.4
16 TO 21 YEARS	27 056	4 606	17.0	3 082	6 425	8 193	10 086	11 992	11.4	23.7	30.3	37.3	44.3
22 TO 24 YEARS	13 578	1 881	13.9	1 207	2 844	3 893	4 899	6 005	8.9	20.9	28.7	36.1	44.2
25 TO 34 YEARS	48 784	6 134	12.6	4 083	9 226	12 637	16 278	20 292	8.4	18.9	25.9	33.4	41.6
35 TO 44 YEARS	34 391	3 968	11.5	2 487	5 807	7 691	9 926	12 266	7.2	16.9	22.4	28.9	35.7
35 TO 39 YEARS	19 013	2 392	12.6	1 507	3 518	4 670	6 050	7 459	7.9	18.5	24.6	31.8	39.2
40 TO 44 YEARS	15 378	1 576	10.2	980	2 289	3 021	3 876	4 807	6.4	14.9	19.6	25.2	31.3
45 TO 54 YEARS	29 750	2 744	9.2	1 722	4 172	5 471	6 844	8 435	5.8	14.0	18.4	23.0	28.4
55 TO 59 YEARS	14 506	1 762	12.1	1 125	2 550	3 297	4 158	5 024	7.8	17.6	22.7	28.7	34.6
60 TO 64 YEARS	13 508	1 824	13.5	994	2 793	3 753	4 750	5 781	7.4	20.7	27.8	35.2	42.8
65 YEARS AND OVER	35 705	7 533	21.1	3 103	11 836	15 262	18 296	20 698	8.7	33.1	42.7	51.2	58.0
65 TO 69 YEARS	11 801	1 985	16.8	779	3 187	4 255	5 222	6 014	6.6	27.0	36.1	44.3	51.0
70 TO 74 YEARS	9 892	1 982	20.0	781	3 158	4 258	5 167	5 892	7.9	31.9	43.0	52.2	59.6
75 YEARS AND OVER	14 012	3 566	25.4	1 543	5 491	6 749	7 907	8 792	11.0	39.2	48.2	56.4	62.7
PERSONS IN FAMILIES	524 754	60 870	11.6	36 292	95 183	131 801	171 327	211 350	6.9	18.1	25.1	32.6	40.3
UNDER 25 YEARS	228 575	33 945	14.9	21 175	51 112	69 255	88 600	107 906	9.3	22.4	30.3	38.8	47.2
25 TO 34 YEARS	85 710	8 654	10.1	5 363	13 664	19 697	26 054	33 162	6.3	15.9	23.0	30.4	38.7
35 TO 44 YEARS	64 676	6 307	9.8	3 793	9 586	13 025	17 265	21 838	5.9	14.8	20.1	26.7	33.8
45 TO 64 YEARS	100 837	7 629	7.6	4 307	12 431	16 981	22 249	27 863	4.3	12.3	16.8	22.1	27.6
65 YEARS AND OVER	44 956	4 335	9.6	1 654	8 390	12 843	17 159	20 581	3.7	18.7	28.6	38.2	45.8
FAMILY HOUSEHOLDER	159 633	16 884	10.6	10 054	26 636	37 092	48 227	59 532	6.3	16.7	23.2	30.2	37.3
15 TO 24 YEARS	8 977	1 510	16.8	1 063	2 209	2 944	3 640	4 356	11.8	24.6	32.8	40.5	48.5
25 TO 34 YEARS	39 891	4 857	12.2	3 171	7 267	10 322	13 413	16 797	7.9	18.2	25.9	33.6	42.1
35 TO 44 YEARS	33 898	3 821	11.3	2 401	5 684	7 543	9 855	12 326	7.1	16.8	22.3	29.1	36.4
35 TO 39 YEARS	18 140	2 288	12.6	1 480	3 393	4 417	5 716	7 087	8.2	18.7	24.3	31.5	39.1
40 TO 44 YEARS	15 758	1 533	9.7	921	2 291	3 126	4 139	5 239	5.8	14.5	19.8	26.3	33.2
45 TO 54 YEARS	28 534	2 207	7.7	1 271	3 532	4 848	6 173	7 659	4.5	12.4	17.0	21.6	26.8
55 TO 59 YEARS	12 571	968	7.7	590	1 480	1 909	2 523	3 207	4.7	11.8	15.2	20.1	25.5
60 TO 64 YEARS	11 597	1 038	9.0	601	1 709	2 289	3 038	3 736	5.2	14.7	19.7	26.2	32.2
65 YEARS AND OVER	24 165	2 483	10.3	957	4 755	7 237	9 585	11 451	4.0	19.7	29.9	39.7	47.4
65 TO 69 YEARS	9 419	779	8.3	329	1 396	2 198	2 931	3 641	3.5	14.8	23.3	31.1	38.7
70 TO 74 YEARS	7 354	690	9.4	264	1 446	2 255	3 061	3 613	3.6	19.7	30.7	41.6	49.1
75 YEARS AND OVER	7 392	1 014	13.7	364	1 913	2 784	3 593	4 197	4.9	25.9	37.7	48.6	56.8
RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	177 783	28 707	16.1	18 062	42 778	57 620	73 434	88 978	10.2	24.1	32.4	41.3	50.0
UNDER 3 YEARS	26 311	4 487	17.1	2 842	6 677	9 212	11 708	14 201	10.8	25.4	35.0	44.5	54.0
3 AND 4 YEARS	17 107	2 943	17.2	1 961	4 351	5 974	7 594	9 293	11.5	25.4	34.9	44.4	54.3
5 TO 17 YEARS	134 365	21 277	15.8	13 259	31 750	42 434	54 132	65 484	9.9	23.6	31.6	40.3	48.7
5 YEARS	8 451	1 385	16.4	838	2 103	2 891	3 725	4 636	9.9	24.9	34.2	44.1	54.9
6 TO 13 YEARS	80 695	13 510	16.7	8 612	20 024	26 766	33 923	40 880	10.7	24.8	33.2	42.0	50.7
14 TO 17 YEARS	45 219	6 382	14.1	3 809	9 623	12 777	16 484	19 968	8.4	21.3	28.3	36.5	44.2
OTHER RELATIVES	187 338	15 279	8.2	8 176	25 769	37 089	49 666	62 840	4.4	13.8	19.8	26.5	33.5
UNDER 25 YEARS	41 815	3 728	8.9	2 050	6 125	8 691	11 526	14 572	4.9	14.6	20.8	27.6	34.8
25 TO 34 YEARS	45 819	3 797	8.3	2 192	6 397	9 375	12 641	16 365	4.8	14.0	20.5	27.6	35.7
35 TO 44 YEARS	30 778	2 486	8.1	1 392	3 902	5 482	7 410	9 512	4.5	12.7	17.8	24.1	30.9
45 TO 64 YEARS	48 135	3 416	7.1	1 845	5 710	7 935	10 515	13 261	3.8	11.9	16.5	21.8	27.5
65 YEARS AND OVER	20 791	1 852	8.9	697	3 635	5 606	7 574	9 130	3.4	17.5	27.0	36.4	43.9
PERSONS IN FAMILIES WITH FEMALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO HUSBAND PRESENT	44 548	15 130	34.0	10 953	20 184	24 337	28 258	31 176	24.6	45.3	54.6	63.4	70.0
UNDER 25 YEARS	24 718	10 502	42.5	7 876	13 542	15 957	18 060	19 560	31.9	54.8	64.6	73.1	79.1
25 TO 34 YEARS	5 398	1 875	34.7	1 400	2 469	2 982	3 433	3 837	25.9	45.7	55.2	63.6	71.1
35 TO 44 YEARS	4 509	1 315	29.2	914	1 792	2 205	2 618	2 921	20.3	39.7	48.9	58.1	64.8
45 TO 64 YEARS	5 830	901	15.5	545	1 460	1 904	2 446	2 863	9.3	25.0	32.7	42.0	49.1
65 YEARS AND OVER	4 093	537	13.1	218	921	1 289	1 701	1 995	5.3	22.5	31.5	41.6	48.7
FAMILY HOUSEHOLDER	14 920	4 672	31.3	3 391	6 251	7 624	8 961	9 959	22.7	41.9	51.1	60.1	66.7
15 TO 24 YEARS	1 061	673	63.4	585	787	872	918	954	55.1	74.2	82.2	86.5	89.9
25 TO 34 YEARS	3 645	1 690	46.4	1 319	2 102	2 494	2 812	3 092	36.2	57.7	68.4	77.1	84.8
35 TO 44 YEARS	3 408	1 201	35.2	853	1 591	1 917	2 243	2 465	25.0	46.7	56.3	65.8	72.3
35 TO 39 YEARS	1 928	755	39.2	559	990	1 172	1 366	1 502	29.0	51.3	60.8	70.9	77.9
40 TO 44 YEARS	1 480	446	30.1	294	601	745	877	963	19.9	40.6	50.3	59.3	65.1
45 TO 54 YEARS	2 375	475	20.0	301	725	936	1 101	1 251	12.7	30.5	39.4	46.4	52.7
55 TO 59 YEARS	904	140	15.5	89	227	298	400	462	9.8	25.1	33.0	44.2	51.1
60 TO 64 YEARS	862	99	11.5	72	181	227	325	388	8.4	21.0	26.3	37.7	45.0
65 YEARS AND OVER	2 665	394	14.8	172	638	880	1 162	1 347	6.5	23.9	33.0	43.6	50.5
65 TO 69 YEARS	746	134	18.0	80	225	291	341	376	10.7	30.2	39.0	45.7	50.4
70 TO 74 YEARS	728	113	15.5	44	167	242	337	392	6.0	22.9	33.2	46.3	53.8
75 YEARS AND OVER	1 191	147	12.3	48	246	347	484	579	4.0	20.7	29.1	40.6	48.6
RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	19 604	9 096	46.4	6 840	11 636	13 646	15 323	16 448	34.9	59.4	69.6	78.2	83.9
UNDER 3 YEARS	1 822	1 195	65.6	1 006	1 355	1 493	1 585	1 660	55.2	74.4	81.9	87.0	91.1
3 AND 4 YEARS	1 403	806	57.4	655	948	1 066	1 181	1 289	46.7	67.6	76.0	84.2	91.9
5 TO 17 YEARS	16 379	7 095	43.3	5 179	9 333	11 087	12 557	13 499	31.6	57.0	67.7	76.7	82.4
5 YEARS	761	426	56.0	329	503	567	619	662	43.2	66.1	74.5	81.3	87.0
6 TO 13 YEARS	9 662	4 498	46.6	3 418	5 800	6 868	7 695	8 263	35.4	60.0	71.1	79.6	85.5
14 TO 17 YEARS	5 956	2 171	36.5	1 432	3 030	3 652	4 243	4 574	24.0	50.9	61.3	71.2	76.8
OTHER RELATIVES	10 024	1 362	13.6	722	2 297	3 067	3 974	4 769	7.2	22.9	30.6	39.6	47.6
UNDER 25 YEARS	4 053	733	18.1	451	1 119	1 439	1 819	2 158	11.1	27.6	35.5	44.9	53.2
25 TO 34 YEARS	1 753	185	10.6	81	367	488	621	745	4.6	20.9	27.8	35.4	42.5
35 TO 44 YEARS	1 101	114	10.4	61	201	288	375	456	5.5	18.3	26.2	34.1	41.4
45 TO 64 YEARS	1 689	187	11.1	83	327	443	620	762	4.9	19.4	26.2	36.7	45.1
65 YEARS AND OVER	1 428	143	10.0	46	283	409	539	648	3.2	19.8	28.6	37.7	45.4

TABLE 245. PERSONS BELOW SPECIFIED POVERTY LEVEL IN 1979 BY RELATIONSHIP, AGE, SEX, RACE, AND SPANISH ORIGIN: 1980 - CON.

[EXCLUDES INMATES OF INSTITUTIONS, PERSONS IN MILITARY GROUP QUARTERS AND IN COLLEGE DORMITORIES, AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS UNDER 15 YEARS. DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDIXES A AND B]

RURAL	TOTAL	INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL		INCOME IN 1979 BELOW SPECIFIED POVERTY LEVEL										
				NUMBER					PERCENT					
		NUMBER	PERCENT	BELOW 75 PERCENT	BELOW 125 PERCENT	BELOW 150 PERCENT	BELOW 175 PERCENT	BELOW 200 PERCENT	BELOW 75 PERCENT	BELOW 125 PERCENT	BELOW 150 PERCENT	BELOW 175 PERCENT	BELOW 200 PERCENT
TOTAL													
UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS. .	56 062	17 553	31.3	10 565	23 400	27 605	31 175	34 542	18.8	41.7	49.2	55.6	61.6
15 TO 24 YEARS	8 731	3 537	40.5	2 815	4 228	4 841	5 487	6 156	32.2	48.4	55.4	62.8	70.5
25 TO 34 YEARS	10 756	1 990	18.5	1 412	2 542	3 165	3 838	4 450	13.1	23.6	29.4	35.7	41.4
35 TO 44 YEARS	4 643	916	19.7	648	1 097	1 294	1 498	1 702	14.0	23.6	27.9	32.3	36.7
35 TO 39 YEARS	2 635	461	17.5	322	561	689	807	911	12.2	21.3	26.1	30.6	34.6
40 TO 44 YEARS	2 008	455	22.7	326	536	605	691	791	16.2	26.7	30.1	34.4	39.4
45 TO 54 YEARS	4 797	1 285	26.8	964	1 568	1 817	2 052	2 332	20.1	32.7	37.9	42.8	48.6
55 TO 59 YEARS	3 477	1 122	32.3	778	1 413	1 682	1 912	2 107	22.4	40.6	48.4	55.0	60.6
60 TO 64 YEARS	4 314	1 378	31.9	853	1 791	2 149	2 475	2 799	19.8	41.5	49.8	57.4	64.9
65 YEARS AND OVER.	19 344	7 325	37.9	3 095	10 761	12 657	13 913	14 996	16.0	55.6	65.4	71.9	77.5
65 TO 69 YEARS	5 016	1 684	33.6	687	2 450	2 928	3 257	3 505	13.7	48.8	58.4	64.9	69.9
70 TO 74 YEARS	5 135	1 828	35.6	730	2 706	3 279	3 659	3 976	14.2	52.7	63.9	71.3	77.4
75 YEARS AND OVER.	9 193	3 813	41.5	1 678	5 605	6 450	6 997	7 515	18.3	61.0	70.2	76.1	81.7
FEMALE UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS	30 914	11 233	36.3	6 634	15 068	17 547	19 603	21 671	21.5	48.7	56.8	63.4	70.1
15 TO 24 YEARS	4 353	2 158	49.6	1 752	2 601	2 913	3 232	3 548	40.2	59.8	66.9	74.2	81.5
25 TO 34 YEARS	3 837	868	22.6	659	1 183	1 434	1 695	1 980	17.2	30.8	37.4	44.2	51.6
35 TO 44 YEARS	1 634	405	24.8	308	519	591	669	790	18.8	31.8	36.2	40.9	48.3
35 TO 39 YEARS	833	192	23.0	149	259	315	348	409	17.9	31.1	37.8	41.8	49.1
40 TO 44 YEARS	801	213	26.6	159	260	276	321	381	19.9	32.5	34.5	40.1	47.6
45 TO 54 YEARS	2 304	770	33.4	588	929	1 040	1 156	1 308	25.5	40.3	45.1	50.2	56.8
55 TO 59 YEARS	2 140	672	31.4	494	852	1 031	1 201	1 344	23.1	39.8	48.2	56.1	62.8
60 TO 64 YEARS	2 767	926	33.5	543	1 161	1 391	1 605	1 860	19.6	42.0	50.3	58.0	67.2
65 YEARS AND OVER.	13 879	5 434	39.2	2 290	7 823	9 147	10 045	10 841	16.5	56.4	65.9	72.4	78.1
65 TO 69 YEARS	3 545	1 252	35.3	498	1 783	2 128	2 386	2 569	14.0	50.3	60.0	67.3	72.5
70 TO 74 YEARS	3 625	1 327	36.6	521	1 907	2 316	2 545	2 783	14.4	52.6	63.9	70.2	76.8
75 YEARS AND OVER.	6 709	2 855	42.6	1 271	4 133	4 703	5 114	5 489	18.9	61.6	70.1	76.2	81.8

TABLE 246. POVERTY STATUS IN 1979 OF FAMILIES WITH A CIVILIAN HOUSEHOLDER AND CIVILIAN UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS BY SELECTED LABOR FORCE CHARACTERISTICS, SEX, RACE, AND SPANISH ORIGIN: 1980

[EXCLUDES INMATES OF INSTITUTIONS, PERSONS IN MILITARY GROUP QUARTERS AND IN COLLEGE DORMITORIES, AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS UNDER 15 YEARS. DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDIXES A AND B]

MAINE	TOTAL	WORKED IN 1979										DID NOT WORK IN 1979
		TOTAL					USUALLY WORKED 35 OR MORE HOURS PER WEEK IN 1979					
		TOTAL	50 TO 52 WEEKS	40 TO 49 WEEKS	27 TO 39 WEEKS	26 WEEKS OR LESS	TOTAL	50 TO 52 WEEKS	40 TO 49 WEEKS	27 TO 39 WEEKS	26 WEEKS OR LESS	
TOTAL												
ALL INCOME LEVELS												
FAMILIES	290 969	230 769	168 413	25 197	15 558	21 601	210 038	160 791	21 866	12 668	14 713	60 200
HOUSEHOLDER EMPLOYED	207 185	204 321	162 712	21 219	10 564	9 826	189 370	155 614	18 416	8 477	6 863	2 864
OCCUPATION:												
MANAGERIAL AND PROFESSIONAL SPECIALTY OCCUPATIONS	46 413	46 087	37 202	4 469	2 899	1 517	43 256	35 876	3 939	2 466	975	326
EXECUTIVE, ADMINISTRATIVE, AND MANAGERIAL OCCUPATIONS	23 756	23 593	21 080	1 490	479	544	22 728	20 507	1 391	417	413	163
PROFESSIONAL SPECIALTY OCCUPATIONS	22 657	22 494	16 122	2 979	2 420	973	20 528	15 369	2 548	2 049	562	163
TECHNICAL, SALES, AND ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT OCCUPATIONS	38 941	38 269	31 961	3 053	1 518	1 737	34 602	29 962	2 449	1 084	1 107	672
TECHNICIANS AND RELATED SUPPORT OCCUPATIONS	4 723	4 647	3 952	331	177	187	4 339	3 793	265	141	140	76
SALES OCCUPATIONS	18 021	17 751	15 129	1 367	640	615	15 967	14 142	1 073	405	347	270
ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT OCCUPATIONS, INCLUDING CLERICAL	16 197	15 871	12 880	1 355	701	935	14 296	12 027	1 111	538	620	326
SERVICE OCCUPATIONS	16 669	16 183	12 045	1 863	918	1 357	13 150	10 507	1 339	548	756	486
PRIVATE HOUSEHOLD OCCUPATIONS	458	424	209	71	57	87	205	121	26	22	36	34
PROTECTIVE SERVICE OCCUPATIONS	4 314	4 266	3 513	391	145	217	3 829	3 292	317	94	126	48
SERVICE OCCUPATIONS, EXCEPT PROTECTIVE AND HOUSEHOLD	11 897	11 493	8 323	1 401	716	1 053	9 116	7 094	996	432	594	404
FARMING, FORESTRY, AND FISHING OCCUPATIONS	10 396	10 157	7 578	1 216	703	660	9 079	7 035	1 021	571	452	239
PRECISION PRODUCTION, CRAFT, AND REPAIR OCCUPATIONS	47 582	47 141	38 329	4 894	1 999	1 919	45 443	37 668	4 490	1 738	1 547	441
OPERATORS, FABRICATORS, AND LABORERS	47 184	46 484	35 597	5 724	2 527	2 636	43 840	34 566	5 178	2 070	2 026	700
MACHINE OPERATORS, ASSEMBLERS, AND INSPECTORS	24 270	23 844	18 401	2 879	1 202	1 362	22 749	18 026	2 594	1 034	1 095	426
TRANSPORTATION AND MATERIAL MOVING OCCUPATIONS	15 095	14 953	11 764	1 781	803	605	14 176	11 439	1 655	612	470	142
HANDLERS, EQUIPMENT CLEANERS, HELPERS, AND LABORERS	7 819	7 687	5 432	1 064	522	669	6 915	5 101	929	424	461	132
CLASS OF WORKER:												
PRIVATE WAGE AND SALARY WORKERS	144 578	142 909	115 161	14 635	6 403	6 710	133 705	110 766	12 842	5 292	4 805	1 669
GOVERNMENT WORKERS	37 534	37 098	28 759	3 779	2 839	1 721	34 369	27 582	3 364	2 275	1 148	436
SELF-EMPLOYED WORKERS	24 759	24 064	18 637	2 779	1 302	1 346	21 124	17 141	2 191	907	885	695
UNPAID FAMILY WORKERS	314	250	155	26	20	49	172	125	19	3	25	64
HOUSEHOLDER UNEMPLOYED	12 357	11 234	3 013	2 581	2 753	2 887	10 015	2 820	2 374	2 507	2 314	1 123
HOUSEHOLDER NOT IN LABOR FORCE	71 427	15 214	2 688	1 397	2 241	8 888	10 653	2 357	1 076	1 684	5 536	56 213
FAMILIES WITH FEMALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO HUSBAND PRESENT	35 018	21 687	11 931	2 758	2 290	4 708	16 329	10 038	1 992	1 528	2 771	13 331
HOUSEHOLDER EMPLOYED	18 155	17 404	11 339	2 376	1 611	2 078	13 571	9 557	1 715	1 052	1 247	751
OCCUPATION:												
MANAGERIAL AND PROFESSIONAL SPECIALTY OCCUPATIONS	3 324	3 282	2 154	446	375	307	2 737	1 922	365	277	173	42
EXECUTIVE, ADMINISTRATIVE, AND MANAGERIAL OCCUPATIONS	1 216	1 213	948	141	45	79	1 076	872	115	32	57	3
PROFESSIONAL SPECIALTY OCCUPATIONS	2 108	2 069	1 206	305	330	228	1 661	1 050	250	245	116	39
TECHNICAL, SALES, AND ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT OCCUPATIONS	6 670	6 417	4 643	667	452	655	5 114	3 947	472	310	385	253
TECHNICIANS AND RELATED SUPPORT OCCUPATIONS	658	654	513	63	29	49	556	481	41	17	17	4
SALES OCCUPATIONS	1 324	1 260	778	159	139	184	802	557	89	67	89	64
ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT OCCUPATIONS, INCLUDING CLERICAL	4 688	4 503	3 352	445	284	422	3 756	2 909	342	226	279	185
SERVICE OCCUPATIONS	3 668	3 438	1 979	553	383	523	2 051	1 358	286	151	256	230
PRIVATE HOUSEHOLD OCCUPATIONS	252	220	75	37	49	59	79	30	18	14	17	32
PROTECTIVE SERVICE OCCUPATIONS	64	64	35	21	8	-	32	25	7	-	-	-
SERVICE OCCUPATIONS, EXCEPT PROTECTIVE AND HOUSEHOLD	3 352	3 154	1 869	495	326	464	1 940	1 303	261	137	239	198
FARMING, FORESTRY, AND FISHING OCCUPATIONS	118	110	86	4	6	14	72	53	4	5	10	8
PRECISION PRODUCTION, CRAFT, AND REPAIR OCCUPATIONS	523	503	290	69	55	89	433	274	50	32	77	20
OPERATORS, FABRICATORS, AND LABORERS	3 852	3 654	2 187	637	340	490	3 164	2 003	538	277	346	198
MACHINE OPERATORS, ASSEMBLERS, AND INSPECTORS	3 031	2 885	1 749	510	279	347	2 605	1 645	445	243	272	146
TRANSPORTATION AND MATERIAL MOVING OCCUPATIONS	113	113	59	24	10	20	60	43	10	7	-	-
HANDLERS, EQUIPMENT CLEANERS, HELPERS, AND LABORERS	708	656	379	103	51	123	499	315	83	27	74	52
CLASS OF WORKER:												
PRIVATE WAGE AND SALARY WORKERS	13 709	13 150	8 762	1 808	1 015	1 565	10 222	7 405	1 258	638	921	559
GOVERNMENT WORKERS	3 783	3 644	2 152	501	523	468	2 939	1 843	410	392	294	139
SELF-EMPLOYED WORKERS	652	600	415	67	73	45	400	299	47	22	32	52
UNPAID FAMILY WORKERS	11	10	10	-	-	-	10	10	-	-	-	1
HOUSEHOLDER UNEMPLOYED	1 699	1 227	236	144	255	592	916	207	106	202	401	472
HOUSEHOLDER NOT IN LABOR FORCE	15 164	3 056	356	238	424	2 038	1 842	274	171	274	1 123	12 108

TABLE 246. POVERTY STATUS IN 1979 OF FAMILIES WITH A CIVILIAN HOUSEHOLDER AND CIVILIAN UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS BY SELECTED LABOR FORCE CHARACTERISTICS, SEX, RACE, AND SPANISH ORIGIN: 1980 - CON.

[EXCLUDES INMATES OF INSTITUTIONS, PERSONS IN MILITARY GROUP QUARTERS AND IN COLLEGE DORMITORIES, AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS UNDER 15 YEARS. DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDIXES A AND B]

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TOTAL												
UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS. . .	131 662	79 418	44 052	11 740	8 413	15 213	64 886	39 328	9 222	6 272	10 064	52 244
EMPLOYED	66 061	64 503	41 630	9 845	5 953	7 075	54 339	37 391	7 670	4 480	4 798	1 558
OCCUPATION:												
MANAGERIAL AND PROFESSIONAL SPECIALTY OCCUPATIONS	16 539	16 241	10 420	2 412	1 820	1 589	14 008	9 565	1 870	1 440	1 133	298
EXECUTIVE, ADMINISTRATIVE, AND MANAGERIAL OCCUPATIONS.	5 508	5 437	4 278	514	300	345	4 956	4 031	407	245	273	71
PROFESSIONAL SPECIALTY OCCUPATIONS	11 031	10 804	6 142	1 898	1 520	1 244	9 052	5 534	1 463	1 195	860	227
TECHNICAL, SALES, AND ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT OCCUPATIONS	16 482	16 188	11 354	2 059	1 156	1 619	13 399	10 017	1 468	840	1 074	294
TECHNICIANS AND RELATED SUPPORT OCCUPATIONS	2 285	2 269	1 627	270	121	251	1 954	1 477	222	93	162	16
SALES OCCUPATIONS.	5 100	4 974	3 406	692	349	527	3 922	2 881	487	222	332	126
ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT OCCUPATIONS, INCLUDING CLERICAL.	9 097	8 945	6 321	1 097	686	841	7 523	5 659	759	525	580	152
SERVICE OCCUPATIONS.	9 926	9 513	5 611	1 570	929	1 403	6 579	4 370	933	496	780	413
PRIVATE HOUSEHOLD OCCUPATIONS	738	693	386	66	94	147	312	160	32	52	68	45
PROTECTIVE SERVICE OCCUPATIONS	694	668	482	71	45	70	600	460	42	39	59	26
SERVICE OCCUPATIONS, EXCEPT PROTECTIVE AND HOUSEHOLD. .	8 494	8 152	4 743	1 433	790	1 186	5 667	3 750	859	405	653	342
FARMING, FORESTRY, AND FISHING OCCUPATIONS	2 012	1 957	1 137	320	223	277	1 641	1 042	251	174	174	55
PRECISION PRODUCTION, CRAFT, AND REPAIR OCCUPATIONS. . . .	7 687	7 542	4 919	1 292	604	727	7 008	4 749	1 198	527	534	145
OPERATORS, FABRICATORS, AND LABORERS.	13 415	13 062	8 189	2 192	1 221	1 460	11 704	7 648	1 950	1 003	1 103	353
MACHINE OPERATORS, ASSEMBLERS, AND INSPECTORS.	7 903	7 684	4 951	1 293	687	753	7 014	4 680	1 155	586	593	219
TRANSPORTATION AND MATERIAL MOVING OCCUPATIONS.	2 555	2 513	1 622	421	217	253	2 309	1 553	385	158	213	42
HANDLERS, EQUIPMENT CLEANERS, HELPERS, AND LABORERS.	2 957	2 865	1 616	478	317	454	2 381	1 415	410	259	297	92
CLASS OF WORKER:												
PRIVATE WAGE AND SALARY WORKERS	49 240	48 198	31 695	7 240	4 035	5 228	41 045	28 529	5 774	3 032	3 710	1 042
GOVERNMENT WORKERS	12 200	11 933	7 214	1 776	1 556	1 387	10 035	6 610	1 308	1 232	885	267
SELF-EMPLOYED WORKERS.	4 472	4 267	2 645	813	360	449	3 181	2 195	572	216	198	205
UNPAID FAMILY WORKERS.	149	105	76	16	2	11	78	57	16	-	5	44
UNEMPLOYED	6 173	5 551	1 196	1 063	1 029	2 263	4 595	1 064	946	856	1 729	622
NOT IN LABOR FORCE	59 428	9 364	1 226	832	1 431	5 875	5 952	873	606	936	3 537	50 064

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MAINE		WORKED IN 1979										
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TOTAL												
INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL												
FAMILIES	28 625	16 413	6 277	1 804	2 307	6 025	12 460	5 400	1 331	1 738	3 991	12 212
HOUSEHOLDER EMPLOYED	12 484	11 319	5 732	1 362	1 505	2 720	8 865	4 942	987	1 102	1 834	1 165
OCCUPATION:												
MANAGERIAL AND PROFESSIONAL SPECIALTY OCCUPATIONS	1 244	1 112	579	107	180	246	875	526	72	120	157	132
EXECUTIVE, ADMINISTRATIVE, AND MANAGERIAL OCCUPATIONS	545	480	301	28	59	92	395	267	18	40	70	65
PROFESSIONAL SPECIALTY OCCUPATIONS	699	632	278	79	121	154	480	259	54	80	87	67
TECHNICAL, SALES, AND ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT OCCUPATIONS	2 141	1 869	881	158	252	578	1 304	705	94	180	325	272
TECHNICIANS AND RELATED SUPPORT OCCUPATIONS	166	138	51	29	9	49	84	46	11	2	25	28
SALES OCCUPATIONS	976	881	496	71	108	206	633	418	46	80	89	95
ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT OCCUPATIONS, INCLUDING CLERICAL	999	850	334	58	135	323	587	241	37	98	211	149
SERVICE OCCUPATIONS	1 792	1 568	684	206	223	455	896	443	94	121	238	224
PRIVATE HOUSEHOLD OCCUPATIONS	137	116	57	11	20	28	34	17	8	5	4	21
PROTECTIVE SERVICE OCCUPATIONS	155	150	85	28	7	30	116	69	20	2	25	5
SERVICE OCCUPATIONS, EXCEPT PROTECTIVE AND HOUSEHOLD	1 500	1 302	542	167	196	397	746	357	66	114	209	198
FARMING, FORESTRY, AND FISHING OCCUPATIONS	1 982	1 876	1 208	225	199	244	1 605	1 110	166	153	176	106
PRECISION PRODUCTION, CRAFT, AND REPAIR OCCUPATIONS	2 159	2 004	1 060	261	254	429	1 771	992	221	216	342	155
OPERATORS, FABRICATORS, AND LABORERS	3 166	2 890	1 320	405	397	768	2 414	1 166	340	312	596	276
MACHINE OPERATORS, ASSEMBLERS, AND INSPECTORS	1 603	1 437	587	202	182	466	1 214	521	165	152	376	166
TRANSPORTATION AND MATERIAL MOVING OCCUPATIONS	770	738	419	100	118	101	647	385	88	100	74	32
HANDLERS, EQUIPMENT CLEANERS, HELPERS, AND LABORERS	793	715	314	103	97	201	553	260	87	60	146	78
CLASS OF WORKER:												
PRIVATE WAGE AND SALARY WORKERS	7 632	6 935	2 994	906	1 031	2 004	5 311	2 480	682	802	1 347	697
GOVERNMENT WORKERS	1 548	1 385	569	194	220	402	994	462	114	140	278	163
SELF-EMPLOYED WORKERS	3 242	2 954	2 144	259	251	300	2 521	1 975	188	157	201	288
UNPAID FAMILY WORKERS	62	45	25	3	3	14	39	25	3	3	8	17
HOUSEHOLDER UNEMPLOYED	2 622	1 988	289	237	445	1 017	1 610	262	201	388	759	634
HOUSEHOLDER NOT IN LABOR FORCE	13 519	3 106	256	205	357	2 288	1 985	196	143	248	1 398	10 413
FAMILIES WITH FEMALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO HUSBAND PRESENT	10 790	5 098	920	526	777	2 875	2 866	509	267	480	1 610	5 692
HOUSEHOLDER EMPLOYED	3 349	2 835	804	381	491	1 159	1 524	422	180	293	629	514
OCCUPATION:												
MANAGERIAL AND PROFESSIONAL SPECIALTY OCCUPATIONS	290	267	52	38	67	110	132	32	15	34	51	23
EXECUTIVE, ADMINISTRATIVE, AND MANAGERIAL OCCUPATIONS	75	75	27	16	17	15	39	12	8	10	9	-
PROFESSIONAL SPECIALTY OCCUPATIONS	215	192	25	22	50	95	93	20	7	24	42	23
TECHNICAL, SALES, AND ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT OCCUPATIONS	1 033	882	253	76	151	402	454	124	35	89	206	151
TECHNICIANS AND RELATED SUPPORT OCCUPATIONS	45	45	11	9	7	18	14	11	3	-	-	-
SALES OCCUPATIONS	299	269	86	26	52	105	101	33	7	24	37	30
ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT OCCUPATIONS, INCLUDING CLERICAL	689	568	156	41	92	279	339	80	25	65	169	121
SERVICE OCCUPATIONS	1 077	909	313	142	142	312	392	147	51	60	134	168
PRIVATE HOUSEHOLD OCCUPATIONS	113	94	40	9	20	25	27	12	6	5	4	19
PROTECTIVE SERVICE OCCUPATIONS	23	23	8	15	-	-	15	8	7	-	-	-
SERVICE OCCUPATIONS, EXCEPT PROTECTIVE AND HOUSEHOLD	941	792	265	118	122	287	350	127	38	55	130	149
FARMING, FORESTRY, AND FISHING OCCUPATIONS	27	19	7	4	3	5	16	5	4	2	5	8
PRECISION PRODUCTION, CRAFT, AND REPAIR OCCUPATIONS	101	87	7	25	14	41	63	7	18	9	29	14
OPERATORS, FABRICATORS, AND LABORERS	821	671	172	96	114	289	467	107	57	99	204	150
MACHINE OPERATORS, ASSEMBLERS, AND INSPECTORS	590	484	121	54	92	217	361	83	30	83	165	106
TRANSPORTATION AND MATERIAL MOVING OCCUPATIONS	36	36	13	12	7	4	7	-	-	7	-	-
HANDLERS, EQUIPMENT CLEANERS, HELPERS, AND LABORERS	195	151	38	30	15	68	99	24	27	9	39	44
CLASS OF WORKER:												
PRIVATE WAGE AND SALARY WORKERS	2 621	2 238	670	284	378	906	1 198	356	134	242	466	383
GOVERNMENT WORKERS	599	498	89	88	88	233	273	36	37	50	150	101
SELF-EMPLOYED WORKERS	126	97	43	9	25	20	51	28	9	1	13	29
UNPAID FAMILY WORKERS	3	2	2	-	-	-	2	2	-	-	-	1
HOUSEHOLDER UNEMPLOYED	1 022	604	50	38	96	420	419	43	25	79	272	418
HOUSEHOLDER NOT IN LABOR FORCE	6 419	1 659	66	107	190	1 296	923	44	62	108	709	4 760

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MAINE		WORKED IN 1979										DID NOT WORK IN 1979
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TOTAL												
UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS. . .	39 318	15 462	2 833	1 749	2 237	8 643	9 033	1 584	823	1 171	5 455	23 856
EMPLOYED	10 750	9 642	2 542	1 502	1 502	4 096	5 457	1 425	665	797	2 570	1 108
OCCUPATION:												
MANAGERIAL AND PROFESSIONAL SPECIALTY OCCUPATIONS	2 095	1 884	416	404	297	767	1 118	286	191	150	491	211
EXECUTIVE, ADMINISTRATIVE, AND MANAGERIAL OCCUPATIONS.	449	385	121	91	31	142	244	101	30	22	91	64
PROFESSIONAL SPECIALTY OCCUPATIONS	1 646	1 499	295	313	266	625	874	185	161	128	400	147
TECHNICAL, SALES, AND ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT OCCUPATIONS	2 471	2 260	632	313	326	989	1 134	269	97	153	615	211
TECHNICIANS AND RELATED SUPPORT OCCUPATIONS	247	233	73	20	14	126	98	15	9	5	69	14
SALES OCCUPATIONS.	975	897	304	114	138	341	468	160	54	50	204	78
ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT OCCUPATIONS, INCLUDING CLERICAL.	1 249	1 130	255	179	174	522	568	94	34	98	342	119
SERVICE OCCUPATIONS.	2 646	2 362	708	339	375	940	1 014	286	87	156	485	284
PRIVATE HOUSEHOLD OCCUPATIONS	361	316	166	14	42	94	107	42	6	22	37	45
PROTECTIVE SERVICE OCCUPATIONS	81	77	25	13	3	36	43	15	-	-	28	4
SERVICE OCCUPATIONS, EXCEPT PROTECTIVE AND HOUSEHOLD. .	2 204	1 969	517	312	330	810	864	229	81	134	420	235
FARMING, FORESTRY, AND FISHING OCCUPATIONS	602	558	211	75	95	177	389	184	43	57	105	44
PRECISION PRODUCTION, CRAFT, AND REPAIR OCCUPATIONS. . . .	903	790	171	140	115	364	584	132	98	96	258	113
OPERATORS, FABRICATORS, AND LABORERS.	2 033	1 788	404	231	294	859	1 218	268	149	185	616	245
MACHINE OPERATORS, ASSEMBLERS, AND INSPECTORS.	1 096	957	198	139	154	466	683	138	83	106	356	139
TRANSPORTATION AND MATERIAL MOVING OCCUPATIONS.	293	267	91	29	56	91	180	64	17	26	73	26
HANDLERS, EQUIPMENT CLEANERS, HELPERS, AND LABORERS.	644	564	115	63	84	302	355	66	49	53	187	80
CLASS OF WORKER:												
PRIVATE WAGE AND SALARY WORKERS	7 631	6 869	1 673	1 014	1 105	3 077	3 927	861	497	590	1 979	762
GOVERNMENT WORKERS	1 905	1 709	335	313	254	807	836	148	68	125	495	196
SELF-EMPLOYED WORKERS.	1 114	1 000	486	161	141	212	645	381	86	82	96	114
UNPAID FAMILY WORKERS.	100	64	48	14	2	-	49	35	14	-	-	36
UNEMPLOYED	2 315	1 832	89	92	279	1 372	1 292	59	75	183	975	483
NOT IN LABOR FORCE	26 253	3 988	202	155	456	3 175	2 284	100	83	191	1 910	22 265

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MAINE		WORKED IN 1979					USUALLY WORKED 35 OR MORE HOURS PER WEEK IN 1979					DID NOT WORK IN 1979
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	TOTAL	TOTAL	50 TO 52 WEEKS	40 TO 49 WEEKS	27 TO 39 WEEKS	26 WEEKS OR LESS	TOTAL	50 TO 52 WEEKS	40 TO 49 WEEKS	27 TO 39 WEEKS	26 WEEKS OR LESS	
TOTAL												
PERCENT WITH INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL												
FAMILIES	9.8	7.1	3.7	7.2	14.8	27.9	5.9	3.4	6.1	13.7	27.1	20.3
HOUSEHOLDER EMPLOYED	6.0	5.5	3.5	6.4	14.2	27.7	4.7	3.2	5.4	13.0	26.7	40.7
OCCUPATION:												
MANAGERIAL AND PROFESSIONAL SPECIALTY OCCUPATIONS	2.7	2.4	1.6	2.4	6.2	16.2	2.0	1.5	1.8	4.9	16.1	40.5
EXECUTIVE, ADMINISTRATIVE, AND MANAGERIAL OCCUPATIONS	2.3	2.0	1.4	1.9	12.3	16.9	1.7	1.3	1.3	9.6	16.9	39.9
PROFESSIONAL SPECIALTY OCCUPATIONS	3.1	2.8	1.7	2.7	5.0	15.8	2.3	1.7	2.1	3.9	15.5	41.1
TECHNICAL, SALES, AND ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT OCCUPATIONS	5.5	4.9	2.8	5.2	16.6	33.3	3.8	2.4	3.8	16.6	29.4	40.5
TECHNICIANS AND RELATED SUPPORT OCCUPATIONS	3.5	3.0	1.3	8.8	5.1	26.2	1.9	1.2	4.2	1.4	17.9	36.8
SALES OCCUPATIONS	5.4	5.0	3.3	5.2	16.9	33.5	4.0	3.0	4.3	19.8	25.6	35.2
ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT OCCUPATIONS, INCLUDING CLERICAL	6.2	5.4	2.6	4.3	19.3	34.5	4.1	2.0	3.3	18.2	34.0	45.7
SERVICE OCCUPATIONS	10.8	9.7	5.7	11.1	24.3	33.5	6.8	4.2	7.0	22.1	31.5	46.1
PRIVATE HOUSEHOLD OCCUPATIONS	29.9	27.4	27.3	15.5	35.1	32.2	16.6	14.0	30.8	22.7	11.1	61.8
PROTECTIVE SERVICE OCCUPATIONS	3.6	3.5	2.4	7.2	4.8	13.8	3.0	2.1	6.3	2.1	19.8	10.4
SERVICE OCCUPATIONS, EXCEPT PROTECTIVE AND HOUSEHOLD	12.6	11.3	6.5	11.9	27.4	37.7	8.2	5.0	6.6	26.4	35.2	49.0
FARMING, FORESTRY, AND FISHING OCCUPATIONS	19.1	18.5	15.9	18.5	28.3	37.0	17.7	15.8	16.3	26.8	38.9	44.4
PRECISION PRODUCTION, CRAFT, AND REPAIR OCCUPATIONS	4.5	4.3	2.8	5.3	12.7	22.4	3.9	2.6	4.9	12.4	22.1	35.1
OPERATORS, FABRICATORS, AND LABORERS	6.7	6.2	3.7	7.1	15.7	29.1	5.5	3.4	6.6	15.1	29.4	39.4
MACHINE OPERATORS, ASSEMBLERS, AND INSPECTORS	6.6	6.0	3.2	7.0	15.1	34.2	5.3	2.9	6.4	14.7	34.3	39.0
TRANSPORTATION AND MATERIAL MOVING OCCUPATIONS	5.1	4.9	3.6	5.6	14.7	16.7	4.6	3.4	5.3	16.3	15.7	22.5
HANDLERS, EQUIPMENT CLEANERS, HELPERS, AND LABORERS	10.1	9.3	5.8	9.7	18.6	30.0	8.0	5.1	9.4	14.2	31.7	59.1
CLASS OF WORKER:												
PRIVATE WAGE AND SALARY WORKERS	5.3	4.9	2.6	6.2	16.1	29.9	4.0	2.2	5.3	15.2	28.0	41.8
GOVERNMENT WORKERS	4.1	3.7	2.0	5.1	7.7	23.4	2.9	1.7	3.4	6.2	24.2	37.4
SELF-EMPLOYED WORKERS	13.1	12.3	11.5	9.3	19.3	22.3	11.9	11.5	8.6	17.3	22.7	41.4
UNPAID FAMILY WORKERS	19.7	18.0	16.1	11.5	15.0	28.6	22.7	20.0	15.8	100.0	32.0	26.6
HOUSEHOLDER UNEMPLOYED	21.2	17.7	9.6	9.2	16.2	35.2	16.1	9.3	8.5	15.5	32.8	56.5
HOUSEHOLDER NOT IN LABOR FORCE	18.9	20.4	9.5	14.7	15.9	25.7	18.6	8.3	13.3	14.7	25.3	18.5
FAMILIES WITH FEMALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO HUSBAND PRESENT	30.8	23.5	7.7	19.1	33.9	61.1	17.6	5.1	13.4	31.4	58.1	42.7
HOUSEHOLDER EMPLOYED	18.4	16.3	7.1	16.0	30.5	55.8	11.2	4.4	10.5	27.9	50.4	68.4
OCCUPATION:												
MANAGERIAL AND PROFESSIONAL SPECIALTY OCCUPATIONS	8.7	8.1	2.4	8.5	17.9	35.8	4.8	1.7	4.1	12.3	29.5	54.8
EXECUTIVE, ADMINISTRATIVE, AND MANAGERIAL OCCUPATIONS	6.2	6.2	2.8	11.3	37.8	19.0	3.6	1.4	7.0	31.3	15.8	-
PROFESSIONAL SPECIALTY OCCUPATIONS	10.2	9.3	2.1	7.2	15.2	41.7	5.6	1.9	2.8	9.8	36.2	59.0
TECHNICAL, SALES, AND ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT OCCUPATIONS	15.5	13.7	5.4	11.4	33.4	61.4	8.9	3.1	7.4	28.7	53.5	59.7
TECHNICIANS AND RELATED SUPPORT OCCUPATIONS	6.8	6.9	2.1	14.3	24.1	36.7	2.5	2.3	7.3	-	-	-
SALES OCCUPATIONS	22.6	21.3	11.1	16.4	37.4	57.1	12.6	5.9	7.9	35.8	41.6	46.9
ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT OCCUPATIONS, INCLUDING CLERICAL	14.7	12.6	4.7	9.2	32.4	66.1	9.0	2.8	7.3	28.8	60.6	65.4
SERVICE OCCUPATIONS	29.4	26.4	15.8	25.7	37.1	59.7	19.1	10.8	17.8	39.7	52.3	73.0
PRIVATE HOUSEHOLD OCCUPATIONS	44.8	42.7	53.3	24.3	40.8	42.4	34.2	40.0	33.3	35.7	23.5	59.4
PROTECTIVE SERVICE OCCUPATIONS	35.9	35.9	22.9	71.4	-	-	46.9	32.0	100.0	-	-	-
SERVICE OCCUPATIONS, EXCEPT PROTECTIVE AND HOUSEHOLD	28.1	25.1	14.2	23.8	37.4	61.9	18.0	9.7	14.6	40.1	54.4	75.3
FARMING, FORESTRY, AND FISHING OCCUPATIONS	22.9	17.3	8.1	100.0	50.0	35.7	22.2	9.4	100.0	40.0	50.0	100.0
PRECISION PRODUCTION, CRAFT, AND REPAIR OCCUPATIONS	19.3	17.3	2.4	36.2	25.5	46.1	14.5	2.6	36.0	28.1	37.7	70.0
OPERATORS, FABRICATORS, AND LABORERS	21.3	18.4	7.9	15.1	33.5	59.0	14.8	5.3	10.6	35.7	59.0	75.8
MACHINE OPERATORS, ASSEMBLERS, AND INSPECTORS	19.5	16.8	6.9	10.6	33.0	62.5	13.9	5.0	6.7	34.2	60.7	72.6
TRANSPORTATION AND MATERIAL MOVING OCCUPATIONS	31.9	31.9	22.0	50.0	70.0	20.0	11.7	-	-	100.0	-	-
HANDLERS, EQUIPMENT CLEANERS, HELPERS, AND LABORERS	27.5	23.0	10.0	29.1	29.4	55.3	19.8	7.6	32.5	33.3	52.7	84.6
CLASS OF WORKER:												
PRIVATE WAGE AND SALARY WORKERS	19.1	17.0	7.6	15.7	37.2	57.9	11.7	4.8	10.7	37.9	50.6	68.5
GOVERNMENT WORKERS	15.8	13.7	4.1	17.6	16.8	49.8	9.3	2.0	9.0	12.8	51.0	72.7
SELF-EMPLOYED WORKERS	19.3	16.2	10.4	13.4	34.2	44.4	12.8	9.4	19.1	4.5	40.6	55.8
UNPAID FAMILY WORKERS	27.3	20.0	20.0	-	-	-	20.0	20.0	-	-	-	100.0
HOUSEHOLDER UNEMPLOYED	60.2	49.2	21.2	26.4	37.6	70.9	45.7	20.8	23.6	39.1	67.8	88.6
HOUSEHOLDER NOT IN LABOR FORCE	42.3	54.3	18.5	45.0	44.8	63.6	50.1	16.1	36.3	39.4	63.1	39.3

TABLE 246. POVERTY STATUS IN 1979 OF FAMILIES WITH A CIVILIAN HOUSEHOLDER AND CIVILIAN UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS BY SELECTED LABOR FORCE CHARACTERISTICS, SEX, RACE, AND SPANISH ORIGIN: 1980 - CON.

[EXCLUDES INMATES OF INSTITUTIONS, PERSONS IN MILITARY GROUP QUARTERS AND IN COLLEGE DORMITORIES, AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS UNDER 15 YEARS. DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDIXES A AND B]

MAINE

	TOTAL	WORKED IN 1979										DID NOT WORK IN 1979
		TOTAL					USUALLY WORKED 35 OR MORE HOURS PER WEEK IN 1979					
		TOTAL	50 TO 52 WEEKS	40 TO 49 WEEKS	27 TO 39 WEEKS	26 WEEKS OR LESS	TOTAL	50 TO 52 WEEKS	40 TO 49 WEEKS	27 TO 39 WEEKS	26 WEEKS OR LESS	
TOTAL												
UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS. . .	29.9	19.5	6.4	14.9	26.6	56.8	13.9	4.0	8.9	18.7	54.2	45.7
EMPLOYED	16.3	14.9	6.1	15.3	25.2	57.9	10.0	3.8	8.7	17.8	53.6	71.1
OCCUPATION:												
MANAGERIAL AND PROFESSIONAL SPECIALTY OCCUPATIONS	12.7	11.6	4.0	16.7	16.3	48.3	8.0	3.0	10.2	10.4	43.3	70.8
EXECUTIVE, ADMINISTRATIVE, AND MANAGERIAL OCCUPATIONS.	8.2	7.1	2.8	17.7	10.3	41.2	4.9	2.5	7.4	9.0	33.3	90.1
PROFESSIONAL SPECIALTY OCCUPATIONS	14.9	13.9	4.8	16.5	17.5	50.2	9.7	3.3	11.0	10.7	46.5	64.8
TECHNICAL, SALES, AND ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT OCCUPATIONS	15.0	14.0	5.6	15.2	28.2	61.1	8.5	2.7	6.6	18.2	57.3	71.8
TECHNICIANS AND RELATED SUPPORT OCCUPATIONS	10.8	10.3	4.5	7.4	11.6	50.2	5.0	1.0	4.1	5.4	42.6	87.5
SALES OCCUPATIONS.	19.1	18.0	8.9	16.5	39.5	64.7	11.9	5.6	11.1	22.5	61.4	61.9
ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT OCCUPATIONS, INCLUDING CLERICAL.	13.7	12.6	4.0	16.3	25.4	62.1	7.6	1.7	4.5	18.7	59.0	78.3
SERVICE OCCUPATIONS.	26.7	24.8	12.6	21.6	40.4	67.0	15.4	6.5	9.3	31.5	62.2	68.8
PRIVATE HOUSEHOLD OCCUPATIONS	48.9	45.6	43.0	21.2	44.7	63.9	34.3	26.3	18.8	42.3	54.4	100.0
PROTECTIVE SERVICE OCCUPATIONS	11.7	11.5	5.2	18.3	6.7	51.4	7.2	3.3	-	-	47.5	15.4
SERVICE OCCUPATIONS, EXCEPT PROTECTIVE AND HOUSEHOLD. .	25.9	24.2	10.9	21.8	41.8	68.3	15.2	6.1	9.4	33.1	64.3	68.7
FARMING, FORESTRY, AND FISHING OCCUPATIONS	29.9	28.5	18.6	23.4	42.6	63.9	23.7	17.7	17.1	32.8	60.3	80.0
PRECISION PRODUCTION, CRAFT, AND REPAIR OCCUPATIONS. . . .	11.7	10.5	3.5	10.8	19.0	50.1	8.3	2.8	8.2	18.2	48.3	77.9
OPERATORS, FABRICATORS, AND LABORERS.	15.2	13.7	4.9	10.5	24.1	58.8	10.4	3.5	7.6	18.4	55.8	69.4
MACHINE OPERATORS, ASSEMBLERS, AND INSPECTORS.	13.9	12.5	4.0	10.8	22.4	61.9	9.7	2.9	7.2	18.1	60.0	63.5
TRANSPORTATION AND MATERIAL MOVING OCCUPATIONS.	11.5	10.6	5.6	6.9	25.8	36.0	7.8	4.1	4.4	16.5	34.3	61.9
HANDLERS, EQUIPMENT CLEANERS, HELPERS, AND LABORERS.	21.8	19.7	7.1	13.2	26.5	66.5	14.9	4.7	12.0	20.5	63.0	87.0
CLASS OF WORKER:												
PRIVATE WAGE AND SALARY WORKERS	15.5	14.3	5.3	14.0	27.4	58.9	9.6	3.0	8.6	19.5	53.3	73.1
GOVERNMENT WORKERS	15.6	14.3	4.6	17.6	16.3	58.2	8.3	2.2	5.2	10.1	55.9	73.4
SELF-EMPLOYED WORKERS.	24.9	23.4	18.4	19.8	39.2	47.2	20.3	17.4	15.0	38.0	48.5	55.6
UNPAID FAMILY WORKERS.	67.1	61.0	63.2	87.5	100.0	-	62.8	61.4	87.5	-	-	81.8
UNEMPLOYED	37.5	33.0	7.4	8.7	27.1	60.6	28.1	5.5	7.9	21.4	56.4	77.7
NOT IN LABOR FORCE	44.2	42.6	16.5	18.6	31.9	54.0	38.4	11.5	13.7	20.4	54.0	44.5

TABLE 246. POVERTY STATUS IN 1979 OF FAMILIES WITH A CIVILIAN HOUSEHOLDER AND CIVILIAN UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS BY SELECTED LABOR FORCE CHARACTERISTICS, SEX, RACE, AND SPANISH ORIGIN: 1980 - CON.

[EXCLUDES INMATES OF INSTITUTIONS, PERSONS IN MILITARY GROUP QUARTERS AND IN COLLEGE DORMITORIES, AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS UNDER 15 YEARS. DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDIXES A AND B]

RURAL	TOTAL	WORKED IN 1979					USUALLY WORKED 35 OR MORE HOURS PER WEEK IN 1979					DID NOT WORK IN 1979
		TOTAL										
		TOTAL	50 TO 52 WEEKS	40 TO 49 WEEKS	27 TO 39 WEEKS	26 WEEKS OR LESS	TOTAL	50 TO 52 WEEKS	40 TO 49 WEEKS	27 TO 39 WEEKS	26 WEEKS OR LESS	
TOTAL												
ALL INCOME LEVELS												
FAMILIES	158 403	127 052	91 940	14 130	8 841	12 141	116 369	88 077	12 455	7 383	8 454	31 351
HOUSEHOLDER EMPLOYED	113 015	111 472	88 556	11 715	5 878	5 323	103 932	85 018	10 302	4 845	3 767	1 543
OCCUPATION:												
MANAGERIAL AND PROFESSIONAL SPECIALTY OCCUPATIONS	22 913	22 745	18 280	2 290	1 478	697	21 372	17 643	1 986	1 272	471	168
EXECUTIVE, ADMINISTRATIVE, AND MANAGERIAL OCCUPATIONS	11 419	11 341	10 043	768	259	271	10 934	9 808	711	212	203	78
PROFESSIONAL SPECIALTY OCCUPATIONS	11 494	11 404	8 237	1 522	1 219	426	10 438	7 835	1 275	1 060	268	90
TECHNICAL, SALES, AND ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT OCCUPATIONS	17 903	17 580	14 757	1 369	649	805	16 074	13 915	1 142	492	525	323
TECHNICIANS AND RELATED SUPPORT OCCUPATIONS	2 171	2 112	1 786	146	93	87	2 001	1 736	121	81	63	59
SALES OCCUPATIONS	8 478	8 353	7 211	604	236	302	7 628	6 800	483	174	171	125
ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT OCCUPATIONS, INCLUDING CLERICAL	7 254	7 115	5 760	619	320	416	6 445	5 379	538	237	291	139
SERVICE OCCUPATIONS	7 778	7 554	5 569	869	459	657	6 277	4 940	650	330	357	224
PRIVATE HOUSEHOLD OCCUPATIONS	309	290	152	41	41	56	175	106	22	22	25	19
PROTECTIVE SERVICE OCCUPATIONS	2 045	2 011	1 656	170	78	107	1 855	1 572	149	64	70	34
SERVICE OCCUPATIONS, EXCEPT PROTECTIVE AND HOUSEHOLD	5 424	5 253	3 761	658	340	494	4 247	3 262	479	244	262	171
FARMING, FORESTRY, AND FISHING OCCUPATIONS	9 011	8 808	6 574	1 054	616	564	7 838	6 069	884	491	394	203
PRECISION PRODUCTION, CRAFT, AND REPAIR OCCUPATIONS	27 706	27 471	22 321	2 830	1 176	1 144	26 539	21 994	2 607	1 022	916	235
OPERATORS, FABRICATORS, AND LABORERS	27 704	27 314	21 055	3 303	1 500	1 456	25 832	20 457	3 033	1 238	1 104	390
MACHINE OPERATORS, ASSEMBLERS, AND INSPECTORS	13 432	13 220	10 230	1 577	670	743	12 606	9 988	1 445	580	593	212
TRANSPORTATION AND MATERIAL MOVING OCCUPATIONS	9 903	9 806	7 646	1 244	551	365	9 303	7 441	1 154	443	265	97
HANDLERS, EQUIPMENT CLEANERS, HELPERS, AND LABORERS	4 369	4 288	3 179	482	279	348	3 923	3 028	434	215	246	81
CLASS OF WORKER:												
PRIVATE WAGE AND SALARY WORKERS	76 219	75 381	60 667	7 788	3 460	3 466	71 231	58 759	6 977	2 949	2 546	838
GOVERNMENT WORKERS	19 540	19 319	15 040	1 923	1 463	893	17 883	14 395	1 714	1 199	575	221
SELF-EMPLOYED WORKERS	17 020	16 586	12 742	1 978	946	920	14 683	11 776	1 592	694	621	434
UNPAID FAMILY WORKERS	236	186	107	26	9	44	135	88	19	3	25	50
HOUSEHOLDER UNEMPLOYED	7 485	6 976	1 884	1 701	1 680	1 711	6 306	1 779	1 596	1 528	1 403	509
HOUSEHOLDER NOT IN LABOR FORCE	37 903	8 604	1 500	714	1 283	5 107	6 131	1 280	557	1 010	3 284	29 299
FAMILIES WITH FEMALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO HUSBAND PRESENT	14 891	9 006	4 916	1 164	948	1 978	6 886	4 185	879	639	1 183	5 885
HOUSEHOLDER EMPLOYED	7 544	7 232	4 684	1 031	656	861	5 720	4 009	777	438	496	312
OCCUPATION:												
MANAGERIAL AND PROFESSIONAL SPECIALTY OCCUPATIONS	1 396	1 376	871	211	186	108	1 127	762	166	136	63	20
EXECUTIVE, ADMINISTRATIVE, AND MANAGERIAL OCCUPATIONS	500	497	377	63	25	32	417	335	46	12	24	3
PROFESSIONAL SPECIALTY OCCUPATIONS	896	879	494	148	161	76	710	427	120	124	39	17
TECHNICAL, SALES, AND ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT OCCUPATIONS	2 555	2 449	1 781	272	155	241	2 010	1 537	221	108	144	106
TECHNICIANS AND RELATED SUPPORT OCCUPATIONS	216	212	171	13	15	13	189	162	13	10	4	4
SALES OCCUPATIONS	517	487	297	62	42	86	324	224	41	23	36	30
ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT OCCUPATIONS, INCLUDING CLERICAL	1 822	1 750	1 313	197	98	142	1 497	1 151	167	75	104	72
SERVICE OCCUPATIONS	1 455	1 377	768	239	165	205	858	555	130	90	83	78
PRIVATE HOUSEHOLD OCCUPATIONS	142	125	36	22	33	34	55	15	14	14	12	17
PROTECTIVE SERVICE OCCUPATIONS	20	20	11	9	-	-	18	11	7	-	-	-
SERVICE OCCUPATIONS, EXCEPT PROTECTIVE AND HOUSEHOLD	1 293	1 232	721	208	132	171	785	529	109	76	71	61
FARMING, FORESTRY, AND FISHING OCCUPATIONS	93	85	66	4	6	9	47	33	4	5	5	8
PRECISION PRODUCTION, CRAFT, AND REPAIR OCCUPATIONS	226	226	143	35	17	31	198	141	22	12	23	-
OPERATORS, FABRICATORS, AND LABORERS	1 819	1 719	1 055	270	127	267	1 480	981	234	87	178	100
MACHINE OPERATORS, ASSEMBLERS, AND INSPECTORS	1 395	1 319	815	215	90	199	1 190	777	190	74	149	76
TRANSPORTATION AND MATERIAL MOVING OCCUPATIONS	78	78	48	8	2	20	49	43	4	2	-	-
HANDLERS, EQUIPMENT CLEANERS, HELPERS, AND LABORERS	346	322	192	47	35	48	241	161	40	11	29	24
CLASS OF WORKER:												
PRIVATE WAGE AND SALARY WORKERS	5 476	5 234	3 432	750	418	634	4 139	2 976	543	265	355	242
GOVERNMENT WORKERS	1 680	1 632	987	242	204	199	1 323	836	205	163	119	48
SELF-EMPLOYED WORKERS	377	356	255	39	34	28	248	187	29	10	22	21
UNPAID FAMILY WORKERS	11	10	10	-	-	-	10	10	-	-	-	1
HOUSEHOLDER UNEMPLOYED	653	480	82	47	97	254	353	67	45	66	175	173
HOUSEHOLDER NOT IN LABOR FORCE	6 694	1 294	150	86	195	863	813	109	57	135	512	5 400

TABLE 246. POVERTY STATUS IN 1979 OF FAMILIES WITH A CIVILIAN HOUSEHOLDER AND CIVILIAN UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS BY SELECTED LABOR FORCE CHARACTERISTICS, SEX, RACE, AND SPANISH ORIGIN: 1980 - CON.

[EXCLUDES INMATES OF INSTITUTIONS, PERSONS IN MILITARY GROUP QUARTERS AND IN COLLEGE DORMITORIES, AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS UNDER 15 YEARS. DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDIXES A AND B]

RURAL		WORKED IN 1979										DID NOT WORK IN 1979
		TOTAL					USUALLY WORKED 35 OR MORE HOURS PER WEEK IN 1979					
	TOTAL	TOTAL	50 TO 52 WEEKS	40 TO 49 WEEKS	27 TO 39 WEEKS	26 WEEKS OR LESS	TOTAL	50 TO 52 WEEKS	40 TO 49 WEEKS	27 TO 39 WEEKS	26 WEEKS OR LESS	
TOTAL												
UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS. . .	55 758	32 048	17 427	4 821	3 551	6 249	26 223	15 575	3 940	2 698	4 010	23 710
EMPLOYED	26 182	25 516	16 488	3 948	2 417	2 663	21 681	14 840	3 216	1 831	1 794	666
OCCUPATION:												
MANAGERIAL AND PROFESSIONAL SPECIALTY OCCUPATIONS	6 302	6 184	4 005	892	709	578	5 348	3 666	709	584	389	118
EXECUTIVE, ADMINISTRATIVE, AND MANAGERIAL OCCUPATIONS.	2 120	2 106	1 715	174*	93	124	1 943	1 631	144	71	97	14
PROFESSIONAL SPECIALTY OCCUPATIONS	4 182	4 078	2 290	718	616	454	3 405	2 035	565	513	292	104
TECHNICAL, SALES, AND ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT OCCUPATIONS	5 440	5 323	3 785	654	338	546	4 383	3 307	500	231	345	117
TECHNICIANS AND RELATED SUPPORT OCCUPATIONS	824	819	573	121	71	54	724	528	100	52	44	5
SALES OCCUPATIONS.	1 837	1 775	1 273	250	85	167	1 421	1 075	194	47	105	62
ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT OCCUPATIONS, INCLUDING CLERICAL.	2 779	2 729	1 939	283	182	325	2 238	1 704	206	132	196	50
SERVICE OCCUPATIONS.	3 202	3 064	1 839	467	350	408	2 062	1 356	290	181	235	138
PRIVATE HOUSEHOLD OCCUPATIONS	396	379	212	38	59	70	151	65	28	24	34	17
PROTECTIVE SERVICE OCCUPATIONS	229	221	178	2	14	27	193	156	2	11	24	8
SERVICE OCCUPATIONS, EXCEPT PROTECTIVE AND HOUSEHOLD. .	2 577	2 464	1 449	427	277	311	1 718	1 135	260	146	177	113
FARMING, FORESTRY, AND FISHING OCCUPATIONS	1 587	1 541	918	257	151	215	1 300	836	202	121	141	46
PRECISION PRODUCTION, CRAFT, AND REPAIR OCCUPATIONS. . . .	3 632	3 592	2 316	634	303	339	3 316	2 234	588	261	233	40
OPERATORS, FABRICATORS, AND LABORERS.	6 019	5 812	3 625	1 044	566	577	5 272	3 441	927	453	451	207
MACHINE OPERATORS, ASSEMBLERS, AND INSPECTORS.	3 398	3 275	2 096	601	262	316	3 018	2 003	539	231	245	123
TRANSPORTATION AND MATERIAL MOVING OCCUPATIONS.	1 350	1 323	920	198	117	88	1 219	888	178	80	73	27
HANDLERS, EQUIPMENT CLEANERS, HELPERS, AND LABORERS.	1 271	1 214	609	245	187	173	1 035	550	210	142	133	57
CLASS OF WORKER:												
PRIVATE WAGE AND SALARY WORKERS	18 502	18 107	11 938	2 795	1 483	1 891	15 661	10 858	2 322	1 133	1 348	395
GOVERNMENT WORKERS	4 810	4 691	2 938	628	668	457	4 005	2 661	525	519	300	119
SELF-EMPLOYED WORKERS.	2 826	2 688	1 599	515	264	310	1 992	1 313	359	179	141	138
UNPAID FAMILY WORKERS.	44	30	13	10	2	5	23	8	10	-	5	14
UNEMPLOYED	2 757	2 495	457	502	555	981	2 075	413	455	480	727	262
NOT IN LABOR FORCE	26 819	4 037	482	371	579	2 605	2 467	322	269	387	1 489	22 782

TABLE 246. POVERTY STATUS IN 1979 OF FAMILIES WITH A CIVILIAN HOUSEHOLDER AND CIVILIAN UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS BY SELECTED LABOR FORCE CHARACTERISTICS, SEX, RACE, AND SPANISH ORIGIN: 1980 - CON.

[EXCLUDES INMATES OF INSTITUTIONS, PERSONS IN MILITARY GROUP QUARTERS AND IN COLLEGE DORMITORIES, AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS UNDER 15 YEARS. DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDIXES A AND B]

RURAL	TOTAL	WORKED IN 1979					USUALLY WORKED 35 OR MORE HOURS PER WEEK IN 1979					DID NOT WORK IN 1979
		TOTAL	50 TO 52 WEEKS	40 TO 49 WEEKS	27 TO 39 WEEKS	26 WEEKS OR LESS	TOTAL	50 TO 52 WEEKS	40 TO 49 WEEKS	27 TO 39 WEEKS	26 WEEKS OR LESS	
TOTAL												
INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL												
FAMILIES	16 828	9 947	4 113	1 153	1 452	3 229	7 925	3 642	892	1 139	2 252	6 881
HOUSEHOLDER EMPLOYED	7 752	7 157	3 798	879	949	1 531	5 860	3 383	668	715	1 094	595
OCCUPATION:												
MANAGERIAL AND PROFESSIONAL SPECIALTY OCCUPATIONS	781	718	380	72	120	146	567	355	44	77	91	63
EXECUTIVE, ADMINISTRATIVE, AND MANAGERIAL OCCUPATIONS	359	328	201	20	46	61	262	186	10	27	39	31
PROFESSIONAL SPECIALTY OCCUPATIONS	422	390	179	52	74	85	305	169	34	50	52	32
TECHNICAL, SALES, AND ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT OCCUPATIONS	970	844	422	75	100	247	649	353	63	79	154	126
TECHNICIANS AND RELATED SUPPORT OCCUPATIONS	74	57	23	11	2	21	40	18	11	2	9	17
SALES OCCUPATIONS	474	425	248	34	35	108	347	231	32	26	58	49
ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT OCCUPATIONS, INCLUDING CLERICAL	422	362	151	30	63	118	262	104	20	51	87	60
SERVICE OCCUPATIONS	804	713	307	112	100	194	442	212	53	67	110	91
PRIVATE HOUSEHOLD OCCUPATIONS	80	68	19	11	20	18	26	9	8	5	4	12
PROTECTIVE SERVICE OCCUPATIONS	88	83	40	16	2	25	76	35	14	2	25	5
SERVICE OCCUPATIONS, EXCEPT PROTECTIVE AND HOUSEHOLD	636	562	248	85	78	151	340	168	31	60	81	74
FARMING, FORESTRY, AND FISHING OCCUPATIONS	1 821	1 727	1 133	199	187	208	1 477	1 035	154	141	147	94
PRECISION PRODUCTION, CRAFT, AND REPAIR OCCUPATIONS	1 373	1 302	677	182	168	275	1 160	638	147	137	238	71
OPERATORS, FABRICATORS, AND LABORERS	2 003	1 853	879	239	274	461	1 565	790	207	214	354	150
MACHINE OPERATORS, ASSEMBLERS, AND INSPECTORS	960	864	381	95	99	289	734	348	75	81	230	96
TRANSPORTATION AND MATERIAL MOVING OCCUPATIONS	586	565	318	76	106	65	501	301	74	88	38	21
HANDLERS, EQUIPMENT CLEANERS, HELPERS, AND LABORERS	457	424	180	68	69	107	330	141	58	45	86	33
CLASS OF WORKER:												
PRIVATE WAGE AND SALARY WORKERS	4 316	3 970	1 741	561	600	1 068	3 189	1 504	439	478	768	346
GOVERNMENT WORKERS	819	757	318	95	124	220	559	263	57	87	152	62
SELF-EMPLOYED WORKERS	2 566	2 396	1 725	220	222	229	2 084	1 602	169	147	166	170
UNPAID FAMILY WORKERS	51	34	14	3	3	14	28	14	3	3	8	17
HOUSEHOLDER UNEMPLOYED	1 431	1 153	149	172	289	543	964	133	154	255	422	278
HOUSEHOLDER NOT IN LABOR FORCE	7 645	1 637	166	102	214	1 155	1 101	126	70	169	736	6 008
FAMILIES WITH FEMALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO HUSBAND PRESENT	4 672	2 155	406	220	367	1 162	1 261	255	107	224	675	2 517
HOUSEHOLDER EMPLOYED	1 441	1 230	368	176	214	472	697	229	85	122	261	211
OCCUPATION:												
MANAGERIAL AND PROFESSIONAL SPECIALTY OCCUPATIONS	168	155	33	20	48	54	65	19	4	20	22	13
EXECUTIVE, ADMINISTRATIVE, AND MANAGERIAL OCCUPATIONS	41	41	13	10	8	10	11	4	2	1	4	-
PROFESSIONAL SPECIALTY OCCUPATIONS	127	114	20	10	40	44	54	15	2	19	18	13
TECHNICAL, SALES, AND ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT OCCUPATIONS	401	339	108	32	48	151	212	69	25	31	87	62
TECHNICIANS AND RELATED SUPPORT OCCUPATIONS	13	13	4	3	-	6	7	4	3	-	-	-
SALES OCCUPATIONS	121	111	36	9	14	52	62	27	7	5	23	10
ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT OCCUPATIONS, INCLUDING CLERICAL	267	215	68	20	34	93	143	38	15	26	64	52
SERVICE OCCUPATIONS	405	347	117	66	64	100	145	60	21	31	33	58
PRIVATE HOUSEHOLD OCCUPATIONS	62	52	8	9	20	15	19	4	6	5	4	10
PROTECTIVE SERVICE OCCUPATIONS	11	11	2	9	-	-	9	2	7	-	-	-
SERVICE OCCUPATIONS, EXCEPT PROTECTIVE AND HOUSEHOLD	332	284	107	48	44	85	117	54	8	26	29	48
FARMING, FORESTRY, AND FISHING OCCUPATIONS	27	19	7	4	3	5	16	5	4	2	5	8
PRECISION PRODUCTION, CRAFT, AND REPAIR OCCUPATIONS	44	44	7	12	7	18	24	7	5	2	10	-
OPERATORS, FABRICATORS, AND LABORERS	396	326	96	42	44	144	235	69	26	36	104	70
MACHINE OPERATORS, ASSEMBLERS, AND INSPECTORS	283	229	68	17	27	117	178	57	6	25	90	54
TRANSPORTATION AND MATERIAL MOVING OCCUPATIONS	10	10	2	2	2	4	2	-	-	2	-	-
HANDLERS, EQUIPMENT CLEANERS, HELPERS, AND LABORERS	103	87	26	23	15	23	55	12	20	9	14	16
CLASS OF WORKER:												
PRIVATE WAGE AND SALARY WORKERS	1 097	938	286	135	153	364	530	179	66	98	187	159
GOVERNMENT WORKERS	273	234	53	37	43	101	134	29	15	23	67	39
SELF-EMPLOYED WORKERS	68	56	27	4	18	7	31	19	4	1	7	12
UNPAID FAMILY WORKERS	3	2	2	-	-	-	2	2	-	-	-	1
HOUSEHOLDER UNEMPLOYED	372	218	7	11	47	153	142	3	9	30	100	154
HOUSEHOLDER NOT IN LABOR FORCE	2 859	707	31	33	106	537	422	23	13	72	314	2 152

TABLE 246. POVERTY STATUS IN 1979 OF FAMILIES WITH A CIVILIAN HOUSEHOLDER AND CIVILIAN UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS BY SELECTED LABOR FORCE CHARACTERISTICS, SEX, RACE, AND SPANISH ORIGIN: 1980 - CON.

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RURAL	TOTAL	WORKED IN 1979										DID NOT WORK IN 1979
		TOTAL					USUALLY WORKED 35 OR MORE HOURS PER WEEK IN 1979					
		TOTAL	50 TO 52 WEEKS	40 TO 49 WEEKS	27 TO 39 WEEKS	26 WEEKS OR LESS	TOTAL	50 TO 52 WEEKS	40 TO 49 WEEKS	27 TO 39 WEEKS	26 WEEKS OR LESS	
TOTAL												
UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS. . .	17 544	5 862	1 100	626	796	3 340	3 515	666	357	463	2 029	11 682
EMPLOYED	3 939	3 494	987	486	558	1 463	2 084	612	258	316	898	445
OCCUPATION:												
MANAGERIAL AND PROFESSIONAL SPECIALTY OCCUPATIONS	632	565	118	94	82	271	334	82	51	49	152	67
EXECUTIVE, ADMINISTRATIVE, AND MANAGERIAL OCCUPATIONS.	124	114	43	18	14	39	69	30	8	11	20	10
PROFESSIONAL SPECIALTY OCCUPATIONS	508	451	75	76	68	232	265	52	43	38	132	57
TECHNICAL, SALES, AND ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT OCCUPATIONS	716	636	174	98	80	284	342	106	41	30	165	80
TECHNICIANS AND RELATED SUPPORT OCCUPATIONS	53	50	6	17	9	18	26	4	9	-	13	3
SALES OCCUPATIONS.	318	277	117	54	35	71	149	76	26	3	44	41
ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT OCCUPATIONS, INCLUDING CLERICAL.	345	309	51	27	36	195	167	26	6	27	108	36
SERVICE OCCUPATIONS.	851	751	262	72	144	273	315	85	23	62	145	100
PRIVATE HOUSEHOLD OCCUPATIONS	220	203	111	6	27	59	65	20	6	14	25	17
PROTECTIVE SERVICE OCCUPATIONS	25	21	13	-	-	8	11	3	-	-	8	4
SERVICE OCCUPATIONS, EXCEPT PROTECTIVE AND HOUSEHOLD. .	606	527	138	66	117	206	239	62	17	48	112	79
FARMING, FORESTRY, AND FISHING OCCUPATIONS	484	449	196	54	58	141	340	177	36	35	92	35
PRECISION PRODUCTION, CRAFT, AND REPAIR OCCUPATIONS. . . .	404	374	89	40	71	174	272	69	27	62	114	30
OPERATORS, FABRICATORS, AND LABORERS.	852	719	148	128	123	320	481	93	80	78	230	133
MACHINE OPERATORS, ASSEMBLERS, AND INSPECTORS.	431	359	70	60	61	168	242	42	38	42	120	72
TRANSPORTATION AND MATERIAL MOVING OCCUPATIONS.	146	130	51	23	19	37	89	38	11	11	29	16
HANDLERS, EQUIPMENT CLEANERS, HELPERS, AND LABORERS.	275	230	27	45	43	115	150	13	31	25	81	45
CLASS OF WORKER:												
PRIVATE WAGE AND SALARY WORKERS	2 595	2 329	536	332	377	1 084	1 402	309	189	211	693	266
GOVERNMENT WORKERS	552	471	124	57	76	214	249	57	16	38	138	81
SELF-EMPLOYED WORKERS.	755	671	314	89	103	165	417	238	45	67	67	84
UNPAID FAMILY WORKERS.	37	23	13	8	2	-	16	8	8	-	-	14
UNEMPLOYED	1 026	813	45	58	119	591	568	27	53	96	392	213
NOT IN LABOR FORCE	12 579	1 555	68	82	119	1 286	863	27	46	51	739	11 024

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RURAL		WORKED IN 1979										
		TOTAL					USUALLY WORKED 35 OR MORE HOURS PER WEEK IN 1979					DID NOT WORK IN 1979
	TOTAL	TOTAL	50 TO 52 WEEKS	40 TO 49 WEEKS	27 TO 39 WEEKS	26 WEEKS OR LESS	TOTAL	50 TO 52 WEEKS	40 TO 49 WEEKS	27 TO 39 WEEKS	26 WEEKS OR LESS	
TOTAL												
PERCENT WITH INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL												
FAMILIES	10.6	7.8	4.5	8.2	16.4	26.6	6.8	4.1	7.2	15.4	26.6	21.9
HOUSEHOLDER EMPLOYED	6.9	6.4	4.3	7.5	16.1	28.8	5.6	4.0	6.5	14.8	29.0	38.6
OCCUPATION:												
MANAGERIAL AND PROFESSIONAL SPECIALTY OCCUPATIONS	3.4	3.2	2.1	3.1	8.1	20.9	2.7	2.0	2.2	6.1	19.3	37.5
EXECUTIVE, ADMINISTRATIVE, AND MANAGERIAL OCCUPATIONS	3.1	2.9	2.0	2.6	17.8	22.5	2.4	1.9	1.4	12.7	19.2	39.7
PROFESSIONAL SPECIALTY OCCUPATIONS	3.7	3.4	2.2	3.4	6.1	20.0	2.9	2.2	2.7	4.7	19.4	35.6
TECHNICAL, SALES, AND ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT OCCUPATIONS	5.4	4.8	2.9	5.5	15.4	30.7	4.0	2.5	5.5	16.1	29.3	39.0
TECHNICIANS AND RELATED SUPPORT OCCUPATIONS	3.4	2.7	1.3	7.5	2.2	24.1	2.0	1.0	9.1	2.5	14.3	28.8
SALES OCCUPATIONS	5.6	5.1	3.4	5.6	14.8	35.8	4.5	3.4	6.6	14.9	33.9	39.2
ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT OCCUPATIONS, INCLUDING CLERICAL	5.8	5.1	2.6	4.8	19.7	28.4	4.1	1.9	3.7	21.5	29.9	43.2
SERVICE OCCUPATIONS	10.3	9.4	5.5	12.9	21.8	29.5	7.0	4.3	8.2	20.3	30.8	40.6
PRIVATE HOUSEHOLD OCCUPATIONS	25.9	23.4	12.5	26.8	48.8	32.1	14.9	8.5	36.4	22.7	16.0	63.2
PROTECTIVE SERVICE OCCUPATIONS	4.3	4.1	2.4	9.4	2.6	23.4	4.1	2.2	9.4	3.1	35.7	14.7
SERVICE OCCUPATIONS, EXCEPT PROTECTIVE AND HOUSEHOLD	11.7	10.7	6.6	12.9	22.9	30.6	8.0	5.2	6.5	24.6	30.9	43.3
FARMING, FORESTRY, AND FISHING OCCUPATIONS	20.2	19.6	17.2	18.9	30.4	36.9	18.8	17.1	17.4	28.7	37.3	46.3
PRECISION PRODUCTION, CRAFT, AND REPAIR OCCUPATIONS	5.0	4.7	3.0	6.4	14.3	24.0	4.4	2.9	5.6	13.4	26.0	30.2
OPERATORS, FABRICATORS, AND LABORERS	7.2	6.8	4.2	7.2	18.3	31.7	6.1	3.9	6.8	17.3	32.1	38.5
MACHINE OPERATORS, ASSEMBLERS, AND INSPECTORS	7.1	6.5	3.7	6.0	14.8	38.9	5.8	3.5	5.2	14.0	38.8	45.3
TRANSPORTATION AND MATERIAL MOVING OCCUPATIONS	5.9	5.8	4.2	6.1	19.2	17.8	5.4	4.0	6.4	19.9	14.3	21.6
HANDLERS, EQUIPMENT CLEANERS, HELPERS, AND LABORERS	10.5	9.9	5.7	14.1	24.7	30.7	8.4	4.7	13.4	20.9	35.0	40.7
CLASS OF WORKER:												
PRIVATE WAGE AND SALARY WORKERS	5.7	5.3	2.9	7.2	17.3	30.8	4.5	2.6	6.3	16.2	30.2	41.3
GOVERNMENT WORKERS	4.2	3.9	2.1	4.9	8.5	24.6	3.1	1.8	3.3	7.3	26.4	28.1
SELF-EMPLOYED WORKERS	15.1	14.4	13.5	11.1	23.5	24.9	14.2	13.6	10.6	21.2	26.7	39.2
UNPAID FAMILY WORKERS	21.6	18.3	13.1	11.5	33.3	31.8	20.7	15.9	15.8	100.0	32.0	34.0
HOUSEHOLDER UNEMPLOYED	19.1	16.5	7.9	10.1	17.2	31.7	15.3	7.5	9.6	16.7	30.1	54.6
HOUSEHOLDER NOT IN LABOR FORCE	20.2	19.0	11.1	14.3	16.7	22.6	18.0	9.8	12.6	16.7	22.4	20.5
FAMILIES WITH FEMALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO HUSBAND PRESENT	31.4	23.9	8.3	18.9	38.7	58.7	18.3	6.1	12.2	35.1	57.1	42.8
HOUSEHOLDER EMPLOYED	19.1	17.0	7.9	17.1	32.6	54.8	12.2	5.7	10.9	27.9	52.6	67.6
OCCUPATION:												
MANAGERIAL AND PROFESSIONAL SPECIALTY OCCUPATIONS	12.0	11.3	3.8	9.5	25.8	50.0	5.8	2.5	2.4	14.7	34.9	65.0
EXECUTIVE, ADMINISTRATIVE, AND MANAGERIAL OCCUPATIONS	8.2	8.2	3.4	15.9	32.0	31.3	2.6	1.2	4.3	8.3	16.7	-
PROFESSIONAL SPECIALTY OCCUPATIONS	14.2	13.0	4.0	6.8	24.8	57.9	7.6	3.5	1.7	15.3	46.2	76.5
TECHNICAL, SALES, AND ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT OCCUPATIONS	15.7	13.8	6.1	11.8	31.0	62.7	10.5	4.5	11.3	28.7	60.4	58.5
TECHNICIANS AND RELATED SUPPORT OCCUPATIONS	6.0	6.1	2.3	23.1	-	46.2	3.7	2.5	23.1	-	-	-
SALES OCCUPATIONS	23.4	22.8	12.1	14.5	33.3	60.5	19.1	12.1	17.1	21.7	63.9	33.3
ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT OCCUPATIONS, INCLUDING CLERICAL	14.7	12.3	5.2	10.2	34.7	65.5	9.6	3.3	9.0	34.7	61.5	72.2
SERVICE OCCUPATIONS	27.8	25.2	15.2	27.6	38.8	48.8	16.9	10.8	16.2	34.4	39.8	74.4
PRIVATE HOUSEHOLD OCCUPATIONS	43.7	41.6	22.2	40.9	60.6	44.1	34.5	26.7	42.9	35.7	33.3	58.8
PROTECTIVE SERVICE OCCUPATIONS	55.0	55.0	18.2	100.0	-	-	50.0	18.2	100.0	-	-	-
SERVICE OCCUPATIONS, EXCEPT PROTECTIVE AND HOUSEHOLD	25.7	23.1	14.8	23.1	33.3	49.7	14.9	10.2	7.3	34.2	40.8	78.7
FARMING, FORESTRY, AND FISHING OCCUPATIONS	29.0	22.4	10.6	100.0	50.0	55.6	34.0	15.2	100.0	40.0	100.0	100.0
PRECISION PRODUCTION, CRAFT, AND REPAIR OCCUPATIONS	19.5	19.5	4.9	34.3	41.2	58.1	12.1	5.0	22.7	16.7	43.5	-
OPERATORS, FABRICATORS, AND LABORERS	21.8	19.0	9.1	15.6	34.6	53.9	15.9	7.0	11.1	41.4	58.4	70.0
MACHINE OPERATORS, ASSEMBLERS, AND INSPECTORS	20.3	17.4	8.3	7.9	30.0	58.8	15.0	7.3	3.2	33.8	60.4	71.1
TRANSPORTATION AND MATERIAL MOVING OCCUPATIONS	12.8	12.8	4.2	25.0	100.0	20.0	4.1	-	-	100.0	-	-
HANDLERS, EQUIPMENT CLEANERS, HELPERS, AND LABORERS	29.8	27.0	13.5	48.9	42.9	47.9	22.8	7.5	50.0	81.8	48.3	66.7
CLASS OF WORKER:												
PRIVATE WAGE AND SALARY WORKERS	20.0	17.9	8.3	18.0	36.6	57.4	12.8	6.0	12.2	37.0	52.7	65.7
GOVERNMENT WORKERS	16.3	14.3	5.4	15.3	21.1	50.8	10.1	3.5	7.3	14.1	56.3	81.3
SELF-EMPLOYED WORKERS	18.0	15.7	10.6	10.3	52.9	25.0	12.5	10.2	13.8	10.0	31.8	57.1
UNPAID FAMILY WORKERS	27.3	20.0	20.0	-	-	-	20.0	20.0	-	-	-	100.0
HOUSEHOLDER UNEMPLOYED	57.0	45.4	8.5	23.4	48.5	60.2	40.2	4.5	20.0	45.5	57.1	89.0
HOUSEHOLDER NOT IN LABOR FORCE	42.7	54.6	20.7	38.4	54.4	62.2	51.9	21.1	22.8	53.3	61.3	39.9

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RURAL		WORKED IN 1979					USUALLY WORKED 35 OR MORE HOURS PER WEEK IN 1979					DID NOT WORK IN 1979
		TOTAL										
	TOTAL	TOTAL	50 TO 52 WEEKS	40 TO 49 WEEKS	27 TO 39 WEEKS	26 WEEKS OR LESS	TOTAL	50 TO 52 WEEKS	40 TO 49 WEEKS	27 TO 39 WEEKS	26 WEEKS OR LESS	
TOTAL												
UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS. . .	31.5	18.3	6.3	13.0	22.4	53.4	13.4	4.3	9.1	17.2	50.6	49.3
EMPLOYED	15.0	13.7	6.0	12.3	23.1	54.9	9.6	4.1	8.0	17.3	50.1	66.8
OCCUPATION:												
MANAGERIAL AND PROFESSIONAL SPECIALTY OCCUPATIONS	10.0	9.1	2.9	10.5	11.6	46.9	6.2	2.2	7.2	8.4	39.1	56.8
EXECUTIVE, ADMINISTRATIVE, AND MANAGERIAL OCCUPATIONS.	5.8	5.4	2.5	10.3	15.1	31.5	3.6	1.8	5.6	15.5	20.6	71.4
PROFESSIONAL SPECIALTY OCCUPATIONS	12.1	11.1	3.3	10.6	11.0	51.1	7.8	2.6	7.6	7.4	45.2	54.8
TECHNICAL, SALES, AND ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT OCCUPATIONS	13.2	11.9	4.6	15.0	23.7	52.0	7.8	3.2	8.2	13.0	47.8	68.4
TECHNICIANS AND RELATED SUPPORT OCCUPATIONS	6.4	6.1	1.0	14.0	12.7	33.3	3.6	0.8	9.0	-	29.5	60.0
SALES OCCUPATIONS.	17.3	15.6	9.2	21.6	41.2	42.5	10.5	7.1	13.4	6.4	41.9	66.1
ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT OCCUPATIONS, INCLUDING CLERICAL.	12.4	11.3	2.6	9.5	19.8	60.0	7.5	1.5	2.9	20.5	55.1	72.0
SERVICE OCCUPATIONS.	26.6	24.5	14.2	15.4	41.1	66.9	15.3	6.3	7.9	34.3	61.7	72.5
PRIVATE HOUSEHOLD OCCUPATIONS	55.6	53.6	52.4	15.8	45.8	84.3	43.0	30.8	21.4	58.3	73.5	100.0
PROTECTIVE SERVICE OCCUPATIONS	10.9	9.5	7.3	-	-	29.6	5.7	1.9	-	-	33.3	50.0
SERVICE OCCUPATIONS, EXCEPT PROTECTIVE AND HOUSEHOLD. .	23.5	21.4	9.5	15.5	42.2	66.2	13.9	5.5	6.5	32.9	63.3	69.9
FARMING, FORESTRY, AND FISHING OCCUPATIONS	30.5	29.1	21.4	21.0	38.4	65.6	26.2	21.2	17.8	28.9	65.2	76.1
PRECISION PRODUCTION, CRAFT, AND REPAIR OCCUPATIONS. . . .	11.1	10.4	3.8	6.3	23.4	51.3	8.2	3.1	4.6	23.8	48.9	75.0
OPERATORS, FABRICATORS, AND LABORERS.	14.2	12.4	4.1	12.3	21.7	55.5	9.1	2.7	8.6	17.2	51.0	64.3
MACHINE OPERATORS, ASSEMBLERS, AND INSPECTORS.	12.7	11.0	3.3	10.0	23.3	53.2	8.0	2.1	7.1	18.2	49.0	58.5
TRANSPORTATION AND MATERIAL MOVING OCCUPATIONS.	10.8	9.8	5.5	11.6	16.2	42.0	7.3	4.3	6.2	13.8	39.7	59.3
HANDLERS, EQUIPMENT CLEANERS, HELPERS, AND LABORERS.	21.6	18.9	4.4	18.4	23.0	66.5	14.5	2.4	14.8	17.6	60.9	78.9
CLASS OF WORKER:												
PRIVATE WAGE AND SALARY WORKERS	14.0	12.9	4.5	11.9	25.4	57.3	9.0	2.8	8.1	18.6	51.4	67.3
GOVERNMENT WORKERS	11.5	10.0	4.2	9.1	11.4	46.8	6.2	2.1	3.0	7.3	46.0	68.1
SELF-EMPLOYED WORKERS.	26.7	25.0	19.6	17.3	39.0	53.2	20.9	18.1	12.5	37.4	47.5	60.9
UNPAID FAMILY WORKERS.	84.1	76.7	100.0	80.0	100.0	-	69.6	100.0	80.0	-	-	100.0
UNEMPLOYED	37.2	32.6	9.8	11.6	21.4	60.2	27.4	6.5	11.6	20.0	53.9	81.3
NOT IN LABOR FORCE	46.9	38.5	14.1	22.1	20.6	49.4	35.0	8.4	17.1	13.2	49.6	48.4

TABLE 247. POVERTY STATUS IN 1979 OF FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS BY YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED, AGE, SEX, RACE, AND SPANISH ORIGIN: 1980

[EXCLUDES INMATES OF INSTITUTIONS, PERSONS IN MILITARY GROUP QUARTERS AND IN COLLEGE DORMITORIES, AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS UNDER 15 YEARS. DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDIXES A AND B]

MAINE	FAMILIES				FAMILIES WITH FEMALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO HUSBAND PRESENT				UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS			
		AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER				AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER				AGE		
	TOTAL	15 TO 24 YEARS	25 TO 64 YEARS	65 YEARS AND OVER	TOTAL	15 TO 24 YEARS	25 TO 64 YEARS	65 YEARS AND OVER	TOTAL	15 TO 24 YEARS	25 TO 64 YEARS	65 YEARS AND OVER
TOTAL												
ALL INCOME LEVELS												
TOTAL	295 488	18 845	230 219	46 424	35 074	3 112	25 712	6 250	132 356	25 727	62 309	44 320
ELEMENTARY: 0 TO 4 YEARS	3 444	22	1 488	1 934	464	12	153	299	3 390	136	1 057	2 197
5 TO 7 YEARS	14 461	91	9 320	5 050	1 627	35	859	733	7 704	157	2 745	4 802
8 YEARS	28 303	588	19 661	8 054	3 440	218	2 241	981	12 742	838	4 860	7 044
HIGH SCHOOL: 1 TO 3 YEARS	44 170	3 597	30 891	9 682	6 939	1 063	4 526	1 350	21 079	4 415	7 943	8 721
4 YEARS	116 188	10 461	93 543	12 184	14 896	1 405	11 646	1 845	43 250	10 651	20 390	12 209
COLLEGE: 1 OR MORE YEARS	88 922	4 086	75 316	9 520	7 708	379	6 287	1 042	44 191	9 530	25 314	9 347
PERCENT HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATES	69.4	77.2	73.3	46.8	64.4	57.3	69.7	46.2	66.1	78.4	73.4	48.6
INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL												
TOTAL	28 855	3 597	21 608	3 650	10 790	1 991	8 156	643	39 360	10 624	13 525	15 211
ELEMENTARY: 0 TO 4 YEARS	593	12	287	294	101	12	53	36	1 809	81	612	1 116
5 TO 7 YEARS	2 287	65	1 607	615	532	31	395	106	3 487	123	1 057	2 307
8 YEARS	4 300	324	3 015	961	1 256	200	920	136	5 743	603	1 932	3 208
HIGH SCHOOL: 1 TO 3 YEARS	6 531	1 266	4 476	789	2 920	827	1 940	153	8 717	2 825	2 474	3 418
4 YEARS	10 805	1 583	8 515	707	4 591	813	3 623	155	10 781	3 218	3 918	3 645
COLLEGE: 1 OR MORE YEARS	4 339	347	3 708	284	1 390	108	1 225	57	8 823	3 774	3 532	1 517
PERCENT HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATES	52.5	53.7	56.6	27.2	55.4	46.3	59.4	33.0	49.8	65.8	55.1	33.9
PERCENT WITH INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL												
TOTAL	9.8	19.1	9.4	7.9	30.8	64.0	31.7	10.3	29.7	41.3	21.7	34.3
ELEMENTARY: 0 TO 4 YEARS	17.2	54.5	19.3	15.2	21.8	100.0	34.6	12.0	53.4	59.6	57.9	50.8
5 TO 7 YEARS	15.8	71.4	17.2	12.2	32.7	88.6	46.0	14.5	45.3	78.3	38.5	48.0
8 YEARS	15.2	55.1	15.3	11.9	36.5	91.7	41.1	13.9	45.1	72.0	39.8	45.5
HIGH SCHOOL: 1 TO 3 YEARS	14.8	35.2	14.5	8.1	42.1	77.8	42.9	11.3	41.4	64.0	31.1	39.2
4 YEARS	9.3	15.1	9.1	5.8	30.8	57.9	31.1	8.4	24.9	30.2	19.2	29.9
COLLEGE: 1 OR MORE YEARS	4.9	8.5	4.9	3.0	18.0	28.5	19.5	5.5	20.0	39.6	14.0	16.2

TABLE 247. POVERTY STATUS IN 1979 OF FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS BY YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED, AGE, SEX, RACE, AND SPANISH ORIGIN: 1980 - CON.

[EXCLUDES INMATES OF INSTITUTIONS, PERSONS IN MILITARY GROUP QUARTERS AND IN COLLEGE DORMITORIES, AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS UNDER 15 YEARS. DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDIXES A AND B]

RURAL	FAMILIES				FAMILIES WITH FEMALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO HUSBAND PRESENT				UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS			
		AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER				AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER				AGE		
	TOTAL	15 TO 24 YEARS	25 TO 64 YEARS	65 YEARS AND OVER	TOTAL	15 TO 24 YEARS	25 TO 64 YEARS	65 YEARS AND OVER	TOTAL	15 TO 24 YEARS	25 TO 64 YEARS	65 YEARS AND OVER
TOTAL												
ALL INCOME LEVELS												
TOTAL	159 633	8 977	126 491	24 165	14 920	1 061	11 194	2 665	56 062	8 731	27 987	19 344
ELEMENTARY: 0 TO 4 YEARS	1 604	10	749	845	134	-	46	88	1 387	55	557	775
5 TO 7 YEARS	6 476	33	4 372	2 071	510	2	313	195	2 753	74	1 051	1 628
8 YEARS	16 894	285	11 923	4 686	1 484	59	944	481	6 036	397	2 479	3 160
HIGH SCHOOL: 1 TO 3 YEARS	25 232	1 623	18 033	5 576	2 908	325	1 934	649	9 931	1 888	3 822	4 221
4 YEARS	64 222	5 403	52 768	6 051	6 517	568	5 185	764	18 930	3 991	9 636	5 303
COLLEGE: 1 OR MORE YEARS	45 205	1 623	38 646	4 936	3 367	107	2 772	488	17 025	2 326	10 442	4 257
PERCENT HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATES	68.5	78.3	72.3	45.5	66.2	63.6	71.1	47.0	64.1	72.4	71.7	49.4
INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL												
TOTAL	16 884	1 510	12 891	2 483	4 672	673	3 605	394	17 553	3 537	6 691	7 325
ELEMENTARY: 0 TO 4 YEARS	345	-	160	185	37	-	19	18	890	41	385	464
5 TO 7 YEARS	1 198	18	838	342	183	2	130	51	1 428	64	429	935
8 YEARS	2 845	132	2 023	690	558	56	414	88	2 930	322	1 033	1 575
HIGH SCHOOL: 1 TO 3 YEARS	3 673	510	2 587	576	1 148	264	794	90	4 478	1 251	1 324	1 903
4 YEARS	6 239	733	5 007	499	2 040	303	1 620	117	4 899	1 195	1 989	1 715
COLLEGE: 1 OR MORE YEARS	2 584	117	2 276	191	706	48	628	30	2 928	664	1 531	733
PERCENT HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATES	52.3	56.3	56.5	27.8	58.8	52.2	62.4	37.3	44.6	52.6	52.6	33.4
PERCENT WITH INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL												
TOTAL	10.6	16.8	10.2	10.3	31.3	63.4	32.2	14.8	31.3	40.5	23.9	37.9
ELEMENTARY: 0 TO 4 YEARS	21.5	-	21.4	21.9	27.6	-	41.3	20.5	64.2	74.5	69.1	59.9
5 TO 7 YEARS	18.5	54.5	19.2	16.5	35.9	100.0	41.5	26.2	51.9	86.5	40.8	57.4
8 YEARS	16.8	46.3	17.0	14.7	37.6	94.9	43.9	18.3	48.5	81.1	41.7	49.8
HIGH SCHOOL: 1 TO 3 YEARS	14.6	31.4	14.3	10.3	39.5	81.2	41.1	13.9	45.1	66.3	34.6	45.1
4 YEARS	9.7	13.6	9.5	8.2	31.3	53.3	31.2	15.3	25.9	29.9	20.6	32.3
COLLEGE: 1 OR MORE YEARS	5.7	7.2	5.9	3.9	21.0	44.9	22.7	6.1	17.2	28.5	14.7	17.2

TABLE 248. POVERTY STATUS IN 1979 OF FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS BY INCOME TYPE, AGE, SEX, RACE, AND SPANISH ORIGIN: 1980

[EXCLUDES INMATES OF INSTITUTIONS, PERSONS IN MILITARY GROUP QUARTERS AND IN COLLEGE DORMITORIES, AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS UNDER 15 YEARS. DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDIXES A AND B]

MAINE	FAMILIES				FAMILIES WITH FEMALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO HUSBAND PRESENT				UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS			
		AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER				AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER				AGE		
	TOTAL	15 TO 24 YEARS	25 TO 64 YEARS	65 YEARS AND OVER	TOTAL	15 TO 24 YEARS	25 TO 64 YEARS	65 YEARS AND OVER	TOTAL	15 TO 24 YEARS	25 TO 64 YEARS	65 YEARS AND OVER
TOTAL												
INCOME IN 1979 ABOVE POVERTY LEVEL												
TOTAL	266 633	15 248	208 611	42 774	24 284	1 121	17 556	5 607	92 996	15 103	48 784	29 109
WITH INCOME OF SPECIFIED TYPE:												
EARNINGS	239 157	15 206	202 794	21 157	21 270	1 104	16 596	3 570	65 016	14 953	44 505	5 558
WAGE OR SALARY INCOME	229 108	15 046	195 120	18 942	20 834	1 104	16 377	3 353	61 511	14 696	41 940	4 875
NONFARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	36 578	931	32 013	3 634	1 332	20	936	376	4 880	387	3 805	688
FARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT	5 433	98	4 581	754	212	-	124	88	613	50	413	150
INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS	177 006	6 857	128 040	42 109	19 486	625	13 344	5 517	58 354	4 816	24 858	28 680
SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME	64 332	360	24 553	39 419	9 486	51	4 318	5 117	30 666	455	4 029	26 182
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	16 759	1 049	11 647	4 063	5 095	349	3 636	1 110	3 277	315	1 124	1 838
INTEREST, DIVIDEND, OR NET RENTAL INCOME	111 794	3 221	83 356	25 217	8 384	96	5 260	3 028	35 796	2 482	16 520	16 794
ALL OTHER INCOME	78 866	3 519	55 993	19 354	10 166	266	7 542	2 358	22 313	2 039	9 523	10 751
NO INCOME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MEAN INCOME (DOLLARS) FROM SPECIFIED TYPE:												
EARNINGS	$18 374	$13 647	$19 693	$9 130	$10 611	$8 509	$10 775	$10 501	$9 774	$7 961	$10 992	$4 897
WAGE OR SALARY INCOME	$17 330	$13 317	$18 469	$8 781	$10 401	$8 343	$10 550	$10 355	$9 578	$7 916	$10 711	$4 843
NONFARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	$10 806	$7 331	$11 368	$6 744	$6 195	$9 163	$6 065	$6 361	$9 027	$6 214	$10 215	$4 035
FARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT	$5 261	$3 332	$5 663	$3 070	$3 545	-	$3 003	$4 309	$3 674	$5 891	$2 725	$5 546
INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS	$4 996	$1 386	$3 563	$9 942	$5 371	$2 619	$4 510	$7 767	$4 865	$1 288	$3 178	$6 928
SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME	$4 540	$2 182	$3 573	$5 163	$4 028	$1 911	$3 827	$4 219	$3 445	$2 154	$3 118	$3 517
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	$2 095	$1 719	$2 112	$2 141	$2 169	$2 219	$2 264	$1 841	$2 190	$2 013	$2 322	$2 140
INTEREST, DIVIDEND, OR NET RENTAL INCOME	$2 326	$483	$1 785	$4 352	$2 439	$393	$2 006	$3 256	$2 642	$666	$1 850	$3 712
ALL OTHER INCOME	$3 768	$1 522	$3 485	$4 995	$3 438	$2 734	$3 297	$3 970	$3 430	$1 439	$3 495	$3 750
NO INCOME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PERCENT OF TOTAL INCOME FROM SPECIFIED TYPE:												
EARNINGS	83.2	95.6	89.7	31.6	68.3	85.2	74.8	46.7	69.1	95.0	86.1	12.0
WAGE OR SALARY INCOME	75.2	92.3	81.0	27.2	65.6	83.5	72.3	43.2	64.1	92.9	79.1	10.5
NONFARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	7.5	3.1	8.2	4.0	2.5	1.7	2.4	3.0	4.8	1.9	6.8	1.2
FARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT	0.5	0.2	0.6	0.4	0.2	-	0.2	0.5	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.4
INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS	16.8	4.4	10.3	68.4	31.7	14.8	25.2	53.3	30.9	5.0	13.9	88.0
SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME	5.5	0.4	2.0	33.3	11.6	0.9	6.9	26.9	11.5	0.8	2.2	40.8
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	0.7	0.8	0.6	1.4	3.3	7.0	3.4	2.5	0.8	0.5	0.5	1.7
INTEREST, DIVIDEND, OR NET RENTAL INCOME	4.9	0.7	3.3	17.9	6.2	0.3	4.4	12.3	10.3	1.3	5.4	27.6
ALL OTHER INCOME	5.6	2.5	4.4	15.8	10.6	6.6	10.4	11.7	8.3	2.3	5.9	17.8
NO INCOME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL												
TOTAL	28 855	3 597	21 608	3 650	10 790	1 991	8 156	643	39 360	10 624	13 525	15 211
WITH INCOME OF SPECIFIED TYPE:												
EARNINGS	19 066	2 449	15 795	822	6 004	929	4 840	235	15 450	8 344	6 236	870
WAGE OR SALARY INCOME	16 823	2 315	13 844	664	5 874	929	4 738	207	14 158	8 156	5 300	702
NONFARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	3 648	250	3 241	157	266	-	233	33	1 518	271	1 114	133
FARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT	1 132	50	990	92	39	4	28	7	235	44	131	60
INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS	19 682	2 223	14 022	3 437	8 777	1 610	6 527	640	24 617	2 880	7 315	14 422
SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME	6 227	65	2 870	3 292	1 516	31	869	616	16 398	394	2 778	13 226
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	9 848	1 652	7 257	939	6 312	1 396	4 750	166	7 545	698	2 890	3 957
INTEREST, DIVIDEND, OR NET RENTAL INCOME	3 549	150	2 622	777	712	42	532	138	5 748	1 101	1 610	3 037
ALL OTHER INCOME	5 847	537	4 821	489	2 166	237	1 768	161	4 789	924	2 111	1 754
NO INCOME	1 059	162	779	118	578	130	446	2	3 913	1 492	1 869	552
MEAN INCOME (DOLLARS) FROM SPECIFIED TYPE:												
EARNINGS	$3 212	$2 932	$3 379	$840	$2 199	$1 572	$2 371	$1 143	$1 780	$1 834	$1 809	$1 050
WAGE OR SALARY INCOME	$3 386	$2 868	$3 570	$1 343	$2 240	$1 562	$2 420	$1 170	$1 841	$1 838	$1 942	$1 108
NONFARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	$1 791	$2 312	$1 810	$564	$518	-	$463	$903	$986	$1 035	$987	$877
FARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT	$-1 991	$-764	$-1 945	$-3 153	$-2 394	$2 255	$-3 538	$-475	$-260	$670	$-834	$310
INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS	$2 738	$2 009	$2 652	$3 561	$2 808	$2 306	$2 876	$3 369	$2 226	$863	$2 024	$2 600
SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME	$2 953	$1 843	$2 796	$3 111	$2 550	$2 274	$2 400	$2 776	$2 292	$1 195	$2 187	$2 347
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	$2 479	$2 219	$2 716	$1 111	$2 681	$2 350	$2 826	$1 334	$1 279	$1 609	$1 735	$887
INTEREST, DIVIDEND, OR NET RENTAL INCOME	$413	$211	$411	$460	$362	$164	$380	$351	$361	$57	$436	$431
ALL OTHER INCOME	$1 646	$1 210	$1 738	$1 216	$1 659	$1 501	$1 731	$1 095	$1 146	$896	$1 430	$936
NO INCOME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PERCENT OF TOTAL INCOME FROM SPECIFIED TYPE:												
EARNINGS	53.2	61.6	58.9	5.3	34.9	28.2	37.9	11.1	33.4	86.0	43.2	2.4
WAGE OR SALARY INCOME	49.5	57.0	54.6	6.9	34.8	28.0	37.9	10.0	31.7	84.3	39.4	2.0
NONFARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	5.7	5.0	6.5	0.7	0.4	-	0.4	1.2	1.8	1.6	4.2	0.3
FARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT	-2.0	-0.3	-2.1	-2.2	-0.2	0.2	-0.3	-0.1	-0.1	0.2	-0.4	-
INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS	46.8	38.4	41.1	94.7	65.1	71.8	62.1	88.9	66.6	14.0	56.8	97.6
SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME	16.0	1.0	8.9	79.2	10.2	1.4	6.9	70.5	45.7	2.6	23.3	80.8
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	21.2	31.5	21.8	8.1	44.7	63.4	44.4	9.1	11.7	6.3	19.2	9.1
INTEREST, DIVIDEND, OR NET RENTAL INCOME	1.3	0.3	1.2	2.8	0.7	0.1	0.7	2.0	2.5	0.4	2.7	3.4
ALL OTHER INCOME	8.4	5.6	9.3	4.6	9.5	6.9	10.1	7.3	6.7	4.7	11.6	4.3
NO INCOME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

TABLE 248. POVERTY STATUS IN 1979 OF FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS BY INCOME TYPE, AGE, SEX, RACE, AND SPANISH ORIGIN: 1980 - CON.

[EXCLUDES INMATES OF INSTITUTIONS, PERSONS IN MILITARY GROUP QUARTERS AND IN COLLEGE DORMITORIES, AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS UNDER 15 YEARS. DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDIXES A AND B]

RURAL	FAMILIES				FAMILIES WITH FEMALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO HUSBAND PRESENT				UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS			
		AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER				AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER				AGE		
	TOTAL	15 TO 24 YEARS	25 TO 64 YEARS	65 YEARS AND OVER	TOTAL	15 TO 24 YEARS	25 TO 64 YEARS	65 YEARS AND OVER	TOTAL	15 TO 24 YEARS	25 TO 64 YEARS	65 YEARS AND OVER
TOTAL												
INCOME IN 1979 ABOVE POVERTY LEVEL												
TOTAL	142 749	7 467	113 600	21 682	10 248	388	7 589	2 271	38 509	5 194	21 296	12 019
WITH INCOME OF SPECIFIED TYPE:												
EARNINGS	128 601	7 439	110 191	10 971	8 981	385	7 058	1 538	26 685	5 115	19 079	2 491
WAGE OR SALARY INCOME	121 675	7 311	104 897	9 467	8 697	385	6 878	1 434	24 593	4 948	17 524	2 121
NONFARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	22 956	577	20 145	2 234	708	13	511	184	2 853	231	2 239	383
FARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT	4 585	75	3 874	636	161	-	103	58	443	29	310	104
INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS	91 012	3 123	66 590	21 299	8 323	200	5 886	2 237	24 196	1 593	10 765	11 838
SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME	32 934	150	12 724	20 060	4 193	24	2 078	2 091	12 886	117	2 022	10 747
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	8 543	436	5 950	2 157	2 184	105	1 553	526	1 378	130	456	792
INTEREST, DIVIDEND, OR NET RENTAL INCOME	54 594	1 329	41 256	12 009	3 324	34	2 162	1 128	14 184	743	6 905	6 536
ALL OTHER INCOME	41 985	1 785	30 545	9 655	4 461	101	3 444	916	10 064	751	4 451	4 862
NO INCOME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MEAN INCOME (DOLLARS) FROM SPECIFIED TYPE:												
EARNINGS	$17 893	$13 924	$19 123	$8 221	$10 108	$8 525	$10 270	$9 760	$9 893	$8 119	$11 037	$4 774
WAGE OR SALARY INCOME	$16 746	$13 525	$17 777	$7 811	$9 912	$8 284	$10 115	$9 373	$9 637	$8 068	$10 705	$4 471
NONFARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	$10 369	$7 755	$10 894	$6 307	$5 622	$7 148	$5 027	$7 166	$8 843	$6 771	$9 748	$4 805
FARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT	$5 550	$2 993	$5 953	$3 398	$3 696	-	$3 334	$4 339	$3 994	$1 577	$3 729	$5 459
INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS	$4 937	$1 322	$3 562	$9 769	$5 313	$2 816	$4 751	$7 016	$5 128	$1 463	$3 583	$7 026
SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME	$4 434	$2 628	$3 575	$4 993	$3 878	$2 080	$3 887	$3 890	$3 372	$2 569	$3 178	$3 417
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	$2 112	$1 696	$2 161	$2 059	$2 270	$2 279	$2 467	$1 686	$2 206	$1 977	$2 479	$2 086
INTEREST, DIVIDEND, OR NET RENTAL INCOME	$2 353	$353	$1 789	$4 510	$2 370	$919	$2 182	$2 774	$2 889	$1 069	$2 145	$3 883
ALL OTHER INCOME	$3 735	$1 415	$3 438	$5 106	$3 391	$2 403	$3 293	$3 872	$3 637	$1 303	$3 642	$3 992
NO INCOME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PERCENT OF TOTAL INCOME FROM SPECIFIED TYPE:												
EARNINGS	83.7	96.2	89.9	30.2	67.2	85.4	72.2	48.9	68.0	94.7	84.5	12.5
WAGE OR SALARY INCOME	74.1	91.8	79.5	24.8	63.9	82.9	69.3	43.8	61.1	91.0	75.3	10.0
NONFARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	8.7	4.2	9.4	4.7	2.9	2.4	2.6	4.3	6.5	3.6	8.8	1.9
FARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT	0.9	0.2	1.0	0.7	0.4	-	0.3	0.8	0.5	0.1	0.5	0.6
INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS	16.3	3.8	10.1	69.8	32.8	14.6	27.8	51.1	32.0	5.3	15.5	87.5
SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME	5.3	0.4	1.9	33.6	12.0	1.3	8.0	26.5	11.2	0.7	2.6	38.6
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	0.7	0.7	0.5	1.5	3.7	6.2	3.8	2.9	0.8	0.6	0.5	1.7
INTEREST, DIVIDEND, OR NET RENTAL INCOME	4.7	0.4	3.1	18.2	5.8	0.8	4.7	10.2	10.6	1.8	5.9	26.7
ALL OTHER INCOME	5.7	2.3	4.5	16.5	11.2	6.3	11.3	11.5	9.4	2.2	6.5	20.4
NO INCOME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL												
TOTAL	16 884	1 510	12 891	2 483	4 672	673	3 605	394	17 553	3 537	6 691	7 325
WITH INCOME OF SPECIFIED TYPE:												
EARNINGS	11 498	1 127	9 793	578	2 618	335	2 127	156	5 892	2 390	3 043	459
WAGE OR SALARY INCOME	9 677	1 016	8 210	451	2 528	335	2 059	134	5 001	2 303	2 363	335
NONFARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	2 810	174	2 521	115	169	-	142	27	963	94	780	89
FARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT	1 037	39	914	84	35	-	28	7	190	26	111	53
INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS	10 971	782	7 870	2 319	3 736	466	2 879	391	11 670	878	3 748	7 044
SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME	4 044	35	1 779	2 230	868	13	483	372	7 889	87	1 312	6 490
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	4 793	510	3 617	666	2 548	378	2 047	123	3 652	315	1 404	1 933
INTEREST, DIVIDEND, OR NET RENTAL INCOME	2 179	58	1 667	454	314	6	240	68	2 571	237	853	1 481
ALL OTHER INCOME	3 443	246	2 873	324	956	83	773	100	2 149	288	1 103	758
NO INCOME	561	96	384	81	234	74	158	2	1 905	802	915	188
MEAN INCOME (DOLLARS) FROM SPECIFIED TYPE:												
EARNINGS	$3 284	$3 154	$3 442	$871	$2 312	$1 800	$2 452	$1 497	$1 645	$1 785	$1 647	$904
WAGE OR SALARY INCOME	$3 564	$3 089	$3 733	$1 547	$2 400	$1 800	$2 549	$1 602	$1 773	$1 783	$1 883	$924
NONFARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	$1 872	$2 662	$1 897	$137	$524	-	$467	$825	$879	$1 601	$770	$1 066
FARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT	$-1 912	$-1 199	$-1 888	$-2 501	$-2 926	-	$-3 538	$-475	$-97	$345	$-344	$205
INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS	$2 752	$1 877	$2 592	$3 590	$2 858	$2 374	$2 863	$3 397	$2 252	$1 078	$1 978	$2 544
SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME	$2 976	$1 889	$2 832	$3 108	$2 539	$3 345	$2 431	$2 651	$2 258	$1 280	$2 168	$2 289
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	$2 416	$2 120	$2 680	$1 210	$2 676	$2 438	$2 789	$1 529	$1 341	$1 905	$1 815	$904
INTEREST, DIVIDEND, OR NET RENTAL INCOME	$479	$195	$500	$438	$409	$328	$323	$719	$396	$-15	$566	$363
ALL OTHER INCOME	$1 607	$1 255	$1 683	$1 203	$1 595	$1 674	$1 657	$1 051	$1 189	$828	$1 396	$1 025
NO INCOME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PERCENT OF TOTAL INCOME FROM SPECIFIED TYPE:												
EARNINGS	55.6	70.8	62.3	5.7	36.2	35.3	38.8	15.0	26.9	81.8	40.3	2.3
WAGE OR SALARY INCOME	50.7	62.5	56.6	7.9	36.3	35.3	39.0	13.7	24.6	78.8	35.8	1.7
NONFARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME	7.7	9.2	8.8	0.2	0.5	-	0.5	1.4	2.4	2.9	4.8	0.5
FARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT	-2.9	-0.9	-3.2	-2.4	-0.6	-	-0.7	-0.2	-0.1	0.2	-0.3	0.1
INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS	44.4	29.2	37.7	94.3	63.8	64.7	61.2	85.0	73.1	18.2	59.7	97.7
SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME	17.7	1.3	9.3	78.5	13.2	2.5	8.7	63.1	49.5	2.1	22.9	81.0
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME	17.0	21.5	17.9	9.1	40.8	53.9	42.4	12.0	13.6	11.5	20.5	9.5
INTEREST, DIVIDEND, OR NET RENTAL INCOME	1.5	0.2	1.5	2.3	0.8	0.1	0.6	3.1	2.8	-0.1	3.9	2.9
ALL OTHER INCOME	8.1	6.1	8.9	4.4	9.1	8.1	9.5	6.7	7.1	4.6	12.4	4.2
NO INCOME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

TABLE 249. POVERTY STATUS IN 1979 OF PERSONS WITH SOCIAL SECURITY OR PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME BY RELATIONSHIP, AGE, RACE, AND SPANISH ORIGIN: 1980

[EXCLUDES INMATES OF INSTITUTIONS, PERSONS IN MILITARY GROUP QUARTERS AND IN COLLEGE DORMITORIES, AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS UNDER 15 YEARS. DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDIXES A AND B]

MAINE	WITH SOCIAL SECURITY AND/OR PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME IN 1979				WITH SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME IN 1979				WITH PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME IN 1979			
			INCOME IN 1979 ABOVE POVERTY LEVEL				INCOME IN 1979 ABOVE POVERTY LEVEL				INCOME IN 1979 ABOVE POVERTY LEVEL	
	TOTAL	INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL	TOTAL	BELOW POV. LEVEL EXCL. SOCIAL SECURITY AND /OR PUBLIC ASSISTANCE	TOTAL	INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL	TOTAL	BELOW POV. LEVEL EXCL. SOCIAL SECURITY	TOTAL	INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL	TOTAL	BELOW POV. LEVEL EXCL. PUBLIC ASSISTANCE
TOTAL												
TOTAL PERSONS	303 596	66 665	236 931	82 661	230 394	33 813	196 581	70 577	105 550	42 709	62 841	14 292
IN FAMILIES	251 476	46 857	204 619	61 903	183 330	17 415	165 915	51 068	94 728	35 164	59 564	12 506
HOUSEHOLDER	88 774	14 321	74 453	25 441	70 559	6 227	64 332	22 383	26 607	9 848	16 759	3 661
FEMALE, NO HUSBAND PRESENT	20 143	7 355	12 788	4 412	11 002	1 516	9 486	3 026	11 407	6 312	5 095	1 660
OTHER	68 631	6 966	61 665	21 029	59 557	4 711	54 846	19 357	15 200	3 536	11 664	2 001
RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	57 072	22 503	34 569	8 691	22 189	4 449	17 740	3 844	40 683	19 977	20 706	5 336
RELATED CHILDREN 5 TO 17 YEARS	44 891	16 873	28 018	7 199	19 423	3 841	15 582	3 427	30 293	14 656	15 637	4 175
OTHER RELATIVES	105 630	10 033	95 597	27 771	90 582	6 739	83 843	24 841	27 438	5 339	22 099	3 509
UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS	52 120	19 808	32 312	20 758	47 064	16 398	30 666	19 509	10 822	7 545	3 277	1 786
IN HOUSEHOLDS	50 664	19 015	31 649	20 201	45 940	15 845	30 095	19 033	10 239	7 221	3 018	1 593
LIVING ALONE	42 794	15 158	27 636	17 734	40 338	13 475	26 863	17 024	7 282	5 228	2 054	1 050
IN GROUP QUARTERS	1 456	793	663	557	1 124	553	571	476	583	324	259	193
TOTAL PERSONS	303 596	66 665	236 931	82 661	230 394	33 813	196 581	70 577	105 550	42 709	62 841	14 292
UNDER 16 YEARS	48 525	20 272	28 253	7 210	17 013	3 629	13 384	2 869	36 214	18 265	17 949	4 759
16 TO 21 YEARS	21 409	5 474	15 935	3 552	12 698	1 798	10 900	2 235	11 224	4 241	6 983	1 422
22 TO 24 YEARS	7 174	1 728	5 446	903	3 524	342	3 182	447	4 333	1 544	2 789	477
25 TO 34 YEARS	20 307	5 548	14 759	2 975	9 043	865	8 178	1 355	13 299	5 021	8 278	1 747
35 TO 44 YEARS	17 505	4 178	13 327	2 433	10 856	1 375	9 481	1 496	8 790	3 335	5 455	1 066
45 TO 54 YEARS	21 966	3 439	18 527	3 842	16 787	1 856	14 931	3 050	8 012	2 213	5 799	994
55 TO 59 YEARS	15 622	2 358	13 264	3 036	13 430	1 673	11 757	2 659	3 946	1 189	2 757	474
60 TO 64 YEARS	28 494	3 860	24 634	7 647	27 002	3 361	23 641	7 132	4 342	1 346	2 996	578
65 YEARS AND OVER	122 594	19 808	102 786	51 063	120 041	18 914	101 127	49 334	15 390	5 555	9 835	2 775

TABLE 249. POVERTY STATUS IN 1979 OF PERSONS WITH SOCIAL SECURITY OR PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME BY RELATIONSHIP, AGE, RACE, AND SPANISH ORIGIN: 1980 - CON.

[EXCLUDES INMATES OF INSTITUTIONS, PERSONS IN MILITARY GROUP QUARTERS AND IN COLLEGE DORMITORIES, AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS UNDER 15 YEARS. DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDIXES A AND B]

RURAL	WITH SOCIAL SECURITY AND/OR PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME IN 1979				WITH SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME IN 1979				WITH PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INCOME IN 1979			
			INCOME IN 1979 ABOVE POVERTY LEVEL				INCOME IN 1979 ABOVE POVERTY LEVEL				INCOME IN 1979 ABOVE POVERTY LEVEL	
	TOTAL	INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL	TOTAL	BELOW POV. LEVEL EXCL. SOCIAL SECURITY AND /OR PUBLIC ASSISTANCE	TOTAL	INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL	TOTAL	BELOW POV. LEVEL EXCL. SOCIAL SECURITY	TOTAL	INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL	TOTAL	BELOW POV. LEVEL EXCL. PUBLIC ASSISTANCE
TOTAL												
TOTAL PERSONS	154 267	34 932	119 335	42 254	117 571	18 873	98 698	35 691	54 127	21 522	32 605	7 692
IN FAMILIES	131 048	25 340	105 708	33 707	96 796	10 984	85 812	27 670	49 097	17 870	31 227	6 953
HOUSEHOLDER	45 678	7 709	37 969	13 551	36 978	4 044	32 934	11 936	13 336	4 793	8 543	1 966
FEMALE, NO HUSBAND PRESENT	8 652	3 138	5 514	2 006	5 061	868	4 193	1 360	4 732	2 548	2 184	799
OTHER	37 026	4 571	32 455	11 545	31 917	3 176	28 741	10 576	8 604	2 245	6 359	1 167
RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	29 917	11 183	18 734	5 075	12 457	2 531	9 926	2 363	20 788	9 732	11 056	2 953
RELATED CHILDREN 5 TO 17 YEARS	24 085	8 765	15 320	4 310	10 870	2 191	8 679	2 106	16 011	7 495	8 516	2 403
OTHER RELATIVES	55 453	6 448	49 005	15 081	47 361	4 409	42 952	13 371	14 973	3 345	11 628	2 034
UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS	23 219	9 592	13 627	8 547	20 775	7 889	12 886	8 021	5 030	3 652	1 378	739
IN HOUSEHOLDS	22 745	9 327	13 418	8 372	20 515	7 783	12 732	7 904	4 760	3 485	1 275	641
LIVING ALONE	18 555	7 108	11 447	7 130	17 524	6 372	11 152	6 894	3 209	2 403	806	368
IN GROUP QUARTERS	474	265	209	175	260	106	154	117	270	167	103	98
TOTAL PERSONS	154 267	34 932	119 335	42 254	117 571	18 873	98 698	35 691	54 127	21 522	32 605	7 692
UNDER 16 YEARS	25 361	9 919	15 442	4 222	9 676	2 049	7 627	1 774	18 421	8 775	9 646	2 640
16 TO 21 YEARS	10 748	2 737	8 011	2 001	6 613	1 007	5 606	1 281	5 524	2 081	3 443	757
22 TO 24 YEARS	3 553	808	2 745	504	1 760	158	1 602	276	2 152	715	1 437	232
25 TO 34 YEARS	10 419	2 864	7 555	1 654	4 734	524	4 210	748	6 834	2 534	4 300	948
35 TO 44 YEARS	9 418	2 272	7 146	1 308	5 823	760	5 063	798	4 725	1 777	2 948	575
45 TO 54 YEARS	11 439	1 894	9 545	2 295	8 818	1 065	7 753	1 834	4 088	1 162	2 926	557
55 TO 59 YEARS	8 000	1 341	6 659	1 708	6 886	966	5 920	1 476	2 077	642	1 435	272
60 TO 64 YEARS	15 233	2 279	12 954	4 279	14 421	1 968	12 453	4 041	2 289	779	1 510	281
65 YEARS AND OVER	60 096	10 818	49 278	24 283	58 840	10 376	48 464	23 463	8 017	3 057	4 960	1 430

TABLE 250. FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS WITH INCOME IN 1979 BELOW THE POVERTY LEVEL BY INCOME, PERSONS IN FAMILY, PRESENCE OF RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS, SEX, RACE, AND SPANISH ORIGIN: 1980

[EXCLUDES INMATES OF INSTITUTIONS, PERSONS IN MILITARY GROUP QUARTERS AND IN COLLEGE DORMITORIES, AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS UNDER 15 YEARS. DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDIXES A AND B]

MAINE

	FAMILIES													
		PERSONS IN FAMILY									WITHOUT RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	WITH RELATED CHILDREN <18 YRS		UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS
	TOTAL	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 OR MORE	PERSONS PER FAMILY		TOTAL	RELATED CHILDREN PER FAMILY	
TOTAL														
TOTAL	28 855	9 756	6 276	5 892	3 859	1 783	781	277	231	3.52	7 257	21 598	2.31	39 360
WITHOUT INCOME IN 1979	1 059	518	295	170	47	21	6	2	-	2.90	299	760	1.96	3 913
LOSS	662	184	173	179	73	49	-	4	-	3.49	262	400	2.08	256
$1 TO $499	706	310	193	104	60	21	7	8	3	3.12	183	523	2.08	1 718
$500 TO $999	653	311	151	106	55	23	5	-	2	3.00	169	484	1.88	1 930
$1,000 TO $1,999	1 898	902	449	360	144	41	2	-	-	2.93	593	1 305	1.90	6 280
$2,000 TO $2,999	3 753	2 262	710	406	218	88	51	16	2	2.76	1 216	2 537	1.73	14 712
$3,000 TO $3,999	5 693	2 907	1 728	667	286	58	34	4	9	2.78	2 230	3 463	1.86	10 551
$4,000 TO $4,999	5 220	2 362	1 209	1 088	406	96	44	5	10	3.03	2 019	3 201	2.09	-
$5,000 TO $5,999	3 273	-	1 368	976	644	191	75	12	7	4.03	227	3 046	2.34	-
$6,000 TO $6,999	2 297	-	-	1 214	609	314	106	30	24	4.75	38	2 259	2.76	-
$7,000 TO $7,999	1 692	-	-	622	741	205	96	22	6	4.84	19	1 673	2.75	-
$8,000 TO $8,999	1 041	-	-	-	568	322	93	42	16	5.62	2	1 039	3.44	-
$9,000 TO $9,999	529	-	-	-	8	348	111	44	18	6.38	-	529	4.04	-
$10,000 AND OVER	379	-	-	-	-	6	151	88	134	7.92	-	379	4.93	-
MEDIAN	$4 001	$3 135	$3 675	$4 877	$5 995	$6 967	$7 630	$8 845	$10,000+	...	$3 407	$4 415	...	$2 380
MEAN	$3 990	$2 732	$3 261	$4 345	$5 418	$6 351	$7 325	$7 965	$9 755	...	$2 894	$4 358	...	$2 091
FAMILIES WITH FEMALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO HUSBAND PRESENT AND FEMALE UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS														
	10 790	3 862	3 405	2 080	959	329	97	42	16	3.18	957	9 833	2.13	26 521
WITHOUT INCOME IN 1979	578	239	206	103	25	5	-	-	-	2.91	15	563	1.91	2 519
LOSS	20	10	-	3	-	7	-	-	-	3.70	4	16	2.88	89
$1 TO $499	333	132	126	51	20	4	-	-	-	2.93	73	330	1.90	1 071
$500 TO $999	282	158	73	34	9	3	5	-	-	2.71	15	267	1.70	1 221
$1,000 TO $1,999	836	387	232	163	41	13	-	-	-	2.88	92	744	1.92	4 133
$2,000 TO $2,999	1 842	1 243	364	151	48	34	-	2	-	2.54	210	1 632	1.56	10 532
$3,000 TO $3,999	2 618	1 006	1 247	281	66	4	14	-	-	2.82	331	2 287	1.84	6 956
$4,000 TO $4,999	2 052	687	576	633	134	18	4	-	-	3.17	238	1 814	2.19	-
$5,000 TO $5,999	1 298	-	581	295	340	64	14	3	1	3.98	49	1 249	2.78	-
$6,000 TO $6,999	454	-	-	250	116	52	28	8	-	4.72	-	454	3.21	-
$7,000 TO $7,999	258	-	-	116	88	37	7	10	-	4.83	-	258	3.23	-
$8,000 TO $8,999	127	-	-	-	69	42	7	3	6	5.52	-	127	3.79	-
$9,000 TO $9,999	73	-	-	-	3	46	10	9	5	6.12	-	73	4.32	-
$10,000 AND OVER	19	-	-	-	-	-	8	7	4	6.42	-	19	3.00	-
MEDIAN	$3 575	$2 809	$3 563	$4 401	$5 402	$6 240	$6 411	$7 800	$9 200	...	$3 422	$3 597	...	$2 401
MEAN	$3 508	$2 651	$3 295	$4 071	$5 046	$5 947	$6 467	$7 990	$9 963	...	$3 241	$3 533	...	$2 140

TABLE 250. FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS WITH INCOME IN 1979 BELOW THE POVERTY LEVEL BY INCOME, PERSONS IN FAMILY, PRESENCE OF RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS, SEX, RACE, AND SPANISH ORIGIN: 1980 - CON.

[EXCLUDES INMATES OF INSTITUTIONS, PERSONS IN MILITARY GROUP QUARTERS AND IN COLLEGE DORMITORIES, AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS UNDER 15 YEARS. DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDIXES A AND B]

RURAL

	FAMILIES													
		PERSONS IN FAMILY									WITHOUT RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS	WITH RELATED CHILDREN <18 YRS		UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS
	TOTAL	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 OR MORE	PERSONS PER FAMILY		TOTAL	RELATED CHILDREN PER FAMILY	
TOTAL														
TOTAL	16 884	5 548	3 367	3 561	2 397	1 134	537	180	160	3.61	4 752	12 132	2.37	17 553
WITHOUT INCOME IN 1979	561	292	148	82	21	16	-	2	-	2.87	196	365	1.89	1 905
LOSS	530	146	130	144	68	38	-	4	-	3.50	205	325	2.06	169
$1 TO $499	392	147	101	73	49	17	2	-	3	3.30	101	291	2.22	691
$500 TO $999	345	133	113	50	31	16	-	-	2	3.11	87	258	1.94	935
$1,000 TO $1,999	1 048	504	206	205	107	24	2	-	-	2.99	345	703	1.90	2 694
$2,000 TO $2,999	2 036	1 113	473	235	116	51	35	13	-	2.85	802	1 234	1.87	6 759
$3,000 TO $3,999	3 224	1 751	792	406	197	51	23	4	-	2.78	1 506	1 718	1.92	4 400
$4,000 TO $4,999	3 095	1 462	661	598	265	68	31	5	5	3.03	1 322	1 773	2.10	-
$5,000 TO $5,999	1 927	-	743	611	367	130	57	12	7	4.13	138	1 789	2.28	-
$6,000 TO $6,999	1 441	-	-	766	376	190	71	14	24	4.79	38	1 403	2.74	-
$7,000 TO $7,999	1 046	-	-	391	450	120	67	12	6	4.87	10	1 036	2.74	-
$8,000 TO $8,999	620	-	-	-	342	177	58	27	16	5.68	2	618	3.41	-
$9,000 TO $9,999	360	-	-	-	8	230	77	29	16	6.35	-	360	4.01	-
$10,000 AND OVER	259	-	-	-	-	6	114	58	81	7.86	-	259	4.70	-
MEDIAN	$4 099	$3 251	$3 647	$4 979	$5 939	$6 821	$7 709	$8 889	$10,000+	...	$3 425	$4 661	...	$2 353
MEAN	$4 025	$2 768	$3 153	$4 334	$5 285	$6 109	$7 465	$7 874	$9 561	...	$2 891	$4 469	...	$2 049
FAMILIES WITH FEMALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO HUSBAND PRESENT AND FEMALE UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS	4 672	1 544	1 487	973	427	127	70	28	16	3.24	488	4 184	2.17	11 233
WITHOUT INCOME IN 1979	234	99	94	30	6	5	-	-	-	2.85	4	230	1.82	1 180
LOSS	9	6	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	2.33	4	5	0.80	70
$1 TO $499	150	46	60	31	13	-	-	-	-	3.15	3	147	2.12	440
$500 TO $999	123	51	52	8	9	3	-	-	-	2.78	4	119	1.81	564
$1,000 TO $1,999	381	193	94	66	21	7	-	-	-	2.81	55	326	1.83	1 713
$2,000 TO $2,999	747	411	219	69	30	16	-	2	-	2.70	108	639	1.75	4 549
$3,000 TO $3,999	1 116	427	471	176	29	4	9	-	-	2.85	180	936	1.91	2 717
$4,000 TO $4,999	919	311	259	294	48	3	4	-	-	3.17	110	809	2.15	-
$5,000 TO $5,999	521	-	238	106	138	21	14	3	1	3.99	20	501	2.68	-
$6,000 TO $6,999	220	-	-	140	41	19	16	4	-	4.54	-	220	3.07	-
$7,000 TO $7,999	118	-	-	50	46	20	2	-	-	4.87	-	118	3.22	-
$8,000 TO $8,999	67	-	-	-	43	8	7	3	6	5.42	-	67	3.37	-
$9,000 TO $9,999	48	-	-	-	3	21	10	9	5	6.44	-	48	4.69	-
$10,000 AND OVER	19	-	-	-	-	-	8	7	4	6.42	-	19	3.00	-
MEDIAN	$3 620	$2 917	$3 477	$4 352	$5 417	$6 237	$6 500	$9 222	$9 200	...	$3 367	$3 669	...	$2 363
MEAN	$3 581	$2 694	$3 207	$4 116	$5 108	$5 764	$6 965	$8 439	$9 963	...	$3 217	$3 623	...	$2 084

TABLE 251. SIZE OF INCOME DEFICIT FOR FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS WITH INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL BY PERSONS IN FAMILY, AGE, SEX, RACE, AND SPANISH ORIGIN: 1980

[EXCLUDES INMATES OF INSTITUTIONS, PERSONS IN MILITARY GROUP QUARTERS AND IN COLLEGE DORMITORIES, AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS UNDER 15 YEARS. DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDIXES A AND B]

MAINE	FAMILIES WITH INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL											UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS WITH INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL		
		AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER		PERSONS IN FAMILY									AGE	
	TOTAL	15 TO 64 YEARS	65 YEARS AND OVER	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 OR MORE	TOTAL	15 TO 64 YEARS	65 YEARS AND OVER
TOTAL														
TOTAL	28 855	25 205	3 650	9 756	6 276	5 892	3 859	1 783	781	277	231	39 360	24 149	15 211
LESS THAN $250	1 935	1 326	609	889	383	318	158	116	56	11	4	3 823	1 544	2 279
$250 TO $499	1 863	1 343	520	857	345	373	159	85	29	5	10	4 028	1 611	2 417
$500 TO $999	3 616	2 808	808	1 529	807	545	441	223	58	10	3	9 793	4 213	5 580
$1,000 TO $1,999	6 025	5 055	970	2 470	1 173	1 160	725	302	112	54	29	9 617	6 213	3 404
$2,000 TO $2,999	5 706	5 288	418	1 970	1 760	939	595	277	87	40	38	5 135	4 297	838
$3,000 TO $3,999	3 437	3 325	112	784	598	1 016	607	251	95	48	38	6 964	6 271	693
$4,000 TO $4,999	2 655	2 481	174	1 005	462	495	383	150	120	27	13	-	-	-
$5,000 TO $5,999	1 779	1 757	22	252	748	342	232	82	72	29	22	-	-	-
$6,000 TO $6,999	646	639	7	-	-	270	211	85	57	12	11	-	-	-
$7,000 AND OVER	1 193	1 183	10	-	-	434	348	212	95	41	63	-	-	-
MEDIAN INCOME DEFICIT	$2 173	$2 392	$931	$1 649	$2 244	$2 586	$2 750	$2 597	$3 511	$3 385	$3 829	$1 212	$1 758	$761
MEAN INCOME DEFICIT	$2 577	$2 765	$1 282	$1 927	$2 444	$2 905	$3 157	$3 247	$3 675	$4 082	$4 929	$1 547	$1 923	$949
FAMILIES WITH FEMALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO HUSBAND PRESENT AND FEMALE UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS	10 790	10 147	643	3 862	3 405	2 080	959	329	97	42	16	26 521	14 416	12 105
LESS THAN $250	437	342	95	136	178	73	22	28	-	-	-	2 659	810	1 849
$250 TO $499	468	377	91	228	121	67	32	12	8	-	-	2 782	894	1 888
$500 TO $999	960	838	122	446	349	84	53	24	4	-	-	7 036	2 575	4 461
$1,000 TO $1,999	2 018	1 828	190	944	590	326	98	46	8	6	-	6 491	3 771	2 720
$2,000 TO $2,999	3 013	2 896	117	1 218	1 227	355	156	41	2	10	4	3 241	2 584	657
$3,000 TO $3,999	1 619	1 598	21	356	321	587	292	50	13	-	-	4 312	3 782	530
$4,000 TO $4,999	971	966	5	304	241	203	131	47	29	13	3	-	-	-
$5,000 TO $5,999	802	800	2	230	378	122	38	11	12	8	3	-	-	-
$6,000 TO $6,999	208	208	-	-	-	114	58	20	8	3	5	-	-	-
$7,000 AND OVER	294	294	-	-	-	149	79	50	13	2	1	-	-	-
MEDIAN INCOME DEFICIT	$2 502	$2 583	$1 071	$2 145	$2 379	$3 230	$3 406	$3 270	$4 466	$4 385	$5 333	$1 121	$1 777	$760
MEAN INCOME DEFICIT	$2 734	$2 828	$1 244	$2 260	$2 542	$3 301	$3 525	$3 625	$4 317	$4 094	$5 113	$1 487	$1 945	$942

TABLE 251. SIZE OF INCOME DEFICIT FOR FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS WITH INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL BY PERSONS IN FAMILY, AGE, SEX, RACE, AND SPANISH ORIGIN: 1980 - CON.

[EXCLUDES INMATES OF INSTITUTIONS, PERSONS IN MILITARY GROUP QUARTERS AND IN COLLEGE DORMITORIES, AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS UNDER 15 YEARS. DATA ARE ESTIMATES BASED ON A SAMPLE; SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR MEANING OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITIONS OF TERMS, SEE APPENDIXES A AND B]

RURAL	FAMILIES WITH INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL											UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS WITH INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL		
		AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER		PERSONS IN FAMILY										
	TOTAL	15 TO 64 YEARS	65 YEARS AND OVER	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 OR MORE	TOTAL	15 TO 64 YEARS	65 YEARS AND OVER
TOTAL														
TOTAL	16 884	14 401	2 483	5 548	3 367	3 561	2 397	1 134	537	180	160	17 553	10 228	7 325
LESS THAN $250	1 195	769	426	563	191	212	112	69	38	6	4	1 577	628	949
$250 TO $499	1 114	739	375	554	177	232	78	43	25	5	-	1 707	600	1 107
$500 TO $999	2 283	1 723	560	1 033	457	304	280	161	43	5	-	4 351	1 685	2 666
$1,000 TO $1,999	3 539	2 891	648	1 406	653	745	433	164	78	41	19	4 551	2 616	1 935
$2,000 TO $2,999	2 879	2 637	242	857	825	568	369	154	58	18	30	2 056	1 657	399
$3,000 TO $3,999	2 075	1 993	82	449	381	603	359	164	70	33	16	3 311	3 042	269
$4,000 TO $4,999	1 521	1 394	127	572	245	263	232	104	75	17	13	-	-	-
$5,000 TO $5,999	1 060	1 051	9	114	438	190	165	66	54	13	20	-	-	-
$6,000 TO $6,999	396	389	7	-	-	159	112	58	44	12	11	-	-	-
$7,000 AND OVER	822	815	7	-	-	285	257	151	52	30	47	-	-	-
MEDIAN INCOME DEFICIT	$2 108	$2 409	$893	$1 444	$2 249	$2 506	$2 801	$2 844	$3 379	$3 455	$4 846	$1 251	$1 841	$801
MEAN INCOME DEFICIT	$2 599	$2 830	$1 255	$1 816	$2 492	$2 877	$3 254	$3 443	$3 529	$4 132	$5 143	$1 571	$2 003	$967
FAMILIES WITH FEMALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO HUSBAND PRESENT AND FEMALE UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS	4 672	4 278	394	1 544	1 487	973	427	127	70	28	16	11 233	5 799	5 434
LESS THAN $250	199	145	54	70	76	28	16	9	-	-	-	1 007	269	738
$250 TO $499	223	167	56	94	49	43	17	12	8	-	-	1 099	313	786
$500 TO $999	436	369	67	222	146	30	34	-	4	-	-	2 960	973	1 987
$1,000 TO $1,999	886	754	132	394	256	159	45	18	8	6	-	2 922	1 499	1 423
$2,000 TO $2,999	1 112	1 050	62	382	485	138	71	20	2	10	4	1 238	939	299
$3,000 TO $3,999	822	806	16	180	178	330	113	13	8	-	-	2 007	1 806	201
$4,000 TO $4,999	393	388	5	105	118	90	39	18	17	3	3	-	-	-
$5,000 TO $5,999	367	365	2	97	179	51	19	2	12	4	3	-	-	-
$6,000 TO $6,999	100	100	-	-	-	48	28	8	8	3	5	-	-	-
$7,000 AND OVER	134	134	-	-	-	56	45	27	3	2	1	-	-	-
MEDIAN INCOME DEFICIT	$2 532	$2 670	$1 152	$1 980	$2 446	$3 268	$3 270	$3 346	$4 294	$2 800	$5 333	$1 188	$1 897	$800
MEAN INCOME DEFICIT	$2 751	$2 889	$1 256	$2 179	$2 630	$3 241	$3 479	$3 881	$3 703	$3 769	$5 113	$1 529	$2 059	$963

Appendix A.—Area Classifications

STATES

The 50 States and the District of Columbia are the constituent units of the United States.

URBAN AND RURAL RESIDENCE

The population not classified as urban constitutes the rural population. Although not shown separately in this report, the urban population, as defined for the 1980 census, comprises all persons living in urbanized areas and in places of 2,500 or more inhabitants outside urbanized areas. More specifically, the urban population consists of all persons living in (1) places of 2,500 or more inhabitants incorporated as cities, villages, boroughs (except in Alaska and New York), and towns (except in the New England States, New York, and Wisconsin), but excluding those persons living in the rural portions of extended cities; (2) census designated places of 2,500 or more inhabitants; and (3) other territory, incorporated or unincorporated, included in urbanized areas. An urbanized area consists of a central city or cities and surrounding closely settled contiguous territory ("urban fringe") that together have a minimum population of 50,000.

STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS

Definition

The general concept of a metropolitan area is one of a large population nucleus, together with adjacent communities which have a high degree of economic and social integration with that nucleus. The standard metropolitan statistical area (SMSA) classification is a statistical standard, developed for use by Federal agencies in the production, analysis, and publication of data on metropolitan areas. The SMSA's are designated and defined by the Office of Management and Budget, following a set of official published standards developed by the interagency Federal Committee on Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas.

Each SMSA has one or more central counties containing the area's main population concentration: an urbanized area with at least 50,000 inhabitants. An SMSA may also include outlying counties which have close economic and social relationships with the central counties. The outlying counties must have a specified level of commuting to the central counties and must also meet certain standards regarding metropolitan character, such as population density, urban population, and population growth. In New England, SMSA's are composed of cities and towns rather than whole counties.

The population living in SMSA's may also be referred to as the metropolitan population. The population is subdivided into "inside central city (or cities)" and "outside central city (or cities)." The population living outside SMSA's constitutes the nonmetropolitan population.

SMSA Central Cities

Each SMSA except one (Nassau-Suffolk, N.Y.) has at least one central city. The titles of SMSA's include up to three city names, as well as the name of each State into which the SMSA extends. For the 1980 census, central cities of SMSA's are those named in the titles of the SMSA's, with the exception of Nassau-Suffolk, N.Y., which has no central city, and Northeast Pennsylvania, the central cities of which are Scranton, Wilkes-Barre, and Hazleton. Data on central cities of SMSA's include the entire population within the legal city boundaries. In Hawaii, where there are no incorporated places recognized by the Bureau of the Census, census designated places are recognized as central cities.

New SMSA Standards

New standards for designating and defining metropolitan statistical areas were published in the *Federal Register* on January 3, 1980. The SMSA's recognized for the 1980 census comprise (1) all areas as defined on January 1, 1980, except for one area which was defined provisionally during the 1970's on the basis of population estimates but whose qualification was not confirmed by 1980 census counts; and (2) a group of 36 new areas defined on the basis of 1980 census counts and the new standards that were published on January 3, 1980.

When the data on commuting flows become available from 1980 census tabulations, the new standards will be applied to the areas existing on January 1, 1980, and the boundaries, definitions, and titles for all SMSA's will be reviewed.

To aid users who want to become familiar with the SMSA standards and how they are applied, documents are available from the Office of Management and Budget, Washington, D.C. 20503.

Appendix B.—Definitions and Explanations of Subject Characteristics

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GENERAL

The 1980 census was conducted primarily through self-enumeration. The principal determinant for the responses was, therefore, the questionnaire and its accompanying instruction guide. Furthermore, census takers were instructed in their telephone and personal visit interviews to read the questions directly from the questionnaire. The definitions and explanations given below for each subject are drawn largely from various technical and procedural materials used in the collection of the data. These materials helped the census interviewers to understand more fully the intent of each question, and thus to resolve problems on unusual cases in a manner consistent with this intent. Also included is certain explanatory information to assist the user in the proper utilization of the statistics.

Facsimiles of the questionnaire pages containing the population questions used to produce the data shown in this report and the pages of the respondent instruction guide which relate to these questions are presented in appendix E.

HOUSEHOLD, RELATIONSHIP TO HOUSEHOLDER, FAMILY, AND GROUP QUARTERS

Household

A household includes all the persons who occupy a housing unit. A housing unit is a house, an apartment, a group of rooms, or a single room that is occupied (or if vacant, is intended for occupancy) as separate living quarters. Separate living quarters are those in which the occupants live and eat separately from other persons in the building and have direct access from the outside of the building or through a common hall.

The occupants may be a single family, one person living alone, two or more families living together, or any other group of related or unrelated persons who share living arrangements. The actual classification of a housing unit as a household depends on entries in question 2 and item B on the census questionnaire. Item B on type of unit or quarters was filled by an enumerator or a census office clerk for each housing unit or group quarters.

The measure "persons per household" is obtained by dividing the number of persons in households by the number of households (or householders).

Relationship to Householder

The data on relationship to householder were derived from answers to question 2, which was asked of all persons in housing units. When relationship was not reported for an individual, it was allocated according to the responses for age and marital status for that person while maintaining consistency with responses for other individuals in the household. The allocation procedure is described in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data."

Householder—One person in each household is designated as the "householder." In most cases, this is the person, or one of the persons, in whose name the home is owned or rented and who is listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire. If there is no such person in the household, any adult household member could be designated as the "householder." Two types of householders are distinguished—a family householder and a nonfamily householder. A family householder is a householder living with one or more

persons related to him or her by birth, marriage, or adoption. The householder and all persons in the household related to him or her are family members. A nonfamily householder is a householder living alone or with nonrelatives only.

Spouse—A person married to and living with a householder. This category includes persons in formal marriages as well as persons in common-law marriages.

Child—A son, daughter, stepchild, or adopted child of the householder regardless of the child's age or marital status. The category excludes sons-in-law and daughters-in-law. "Own children" are sons and daughters, including stepchildren and adopted children, of the householder who are single (never married) and under 18 years of age.

The number of children "living with two parents" includes stepchildren and adopted children as well as sons and daughters born to the couple.

"Related children" in a family include own children and all other persons under 18 years of age in the household, regardless of marital status, who are related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption, except the spouse of the householder.

In a subfamily an "own child" is a never-married child under 18 years of age who is a son, daughter, stepchild, or adopted child of a mother in a mother-child subfamily, a father in a father-child subfamily, or either spouse in a married-couple subfamily.

Other Relative—Any person related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption, who is not shown separately in the particular table (e.g., "uncle," "niece," or "cousin").

Nonrelative—Any person in the household not related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption. Roomers, boarders, partners, roommates, paid employees, wards, and foster children are included in this category.

Unrelated Individual

An unrelated individual is (1) a householder living alone or with nonrelatives only, (2) a household member who is not related to the householder, or (3) a person living in group quarters who is not an inmate of an institution.

Family and Subfamily

A family consists of a householder and one or more other persons living in the same household who are related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption. All persons in a household who are related to the householder are regarded as members of his or her family. A "married-couple family" is a family in which the householder and spouse are enumerated as members of the same household. Not all households contain families, because a household may be composed of a group of unrelated persons or one person living alone. The measure "persons per family" is obtained by dividing the number of persons in families by the total number of families (or family householders).

A subfamily is a married couple (husband and wife enumerated as members of the same household) with or without children, or one parent with one or more never-married children under 18 years of age, living in a household and related to either the householder or the householder's spouse. Members of a subfamily are also included among the members of a family. The number of subfamilies, therefore, is not included in the number of families.

In table 208, families are classified by the sex, marital status, race, and Spanish origin of the householder. Subfamilies are classified by the sex, marital status, race, and Spanish origin of the husband in a married-couple subfamily, and by the parent in a parent-child subfamily.

Unmarried Couple

An unmarried couple is composed of two unrelated adults of opposite sex (one of whom is the householder) who share a housing unit with no other persons present or with children under 15 years old.

In table 208, unmarried couples are classified by the sex, marital status, race, and Spanish origin of the householder.

Group Quarters

All persons not living in households are classified by the Bureau of the Census as living in group quarters. Two general categories of persons in group quarters are recognized:

Inmates of Institutions—Persons under care or custody in institutions at the time of enumeration are classified as "patients or inmates" of an institution regardless of their length of stay in that place and regardless of the number of people in that place. Institutions include homes, schools, hospitals, or wards for the physically or mentally handicapped; hospitals or wards for mental, tubercular, or chronic disease patients; homes for unmarried mothers; nursing, convalescent, and rest homes for the aged and dependent; orphanages; and correctional institutions.

Other—This category includes all persons living in group quarters who are not inmates of institutions. Rooming and boarding houses, communes, farm and nonfarm workers' dormitories, convents or monasteries, and other living quarters are classified as "other" group quarters if there are 9 or more persons unrelated to the person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire; or if 10 or more unrelated persons share the unit. Persons residing in certain other types of living arrangements are classified as living in "other" group quarters regardless of the number or relationship of people in the unit. These include persons residing in military barracks, on ships, in college dormitories, or in sorority and fraternity houses; patients in general or maternity wards of hospitals who have no usual residence elsewhere; staff members in institutional quarters; and persons enumerated in missions, flophouses, Salvation Army shelters, railroad stations, etc.

Military quarters include barracks or dormitories on base, transient quarters on base for temporary residents (both civilian and military), and military ships.

Comparability With 1970 Census Data—The 1980 definition of a household differs from that used in 1970 only in the change in the definition of housing unit to eliminate the requirement for complete kitchen facilities for the exclusive use of the household. The household

reference person in 1970 was the "head of the household" (the husband in married-couple families); for 1980 it was changed to "the household member (or one of the members) in whose name the home is owned or rented." In 1970, a unit in which 6 or more unrelated persons were living together was classified as group quarters; for 1980 that requirement was raised to 10 or more unrelated persons.

SEX

The data on sex were derived from answers to question 3, which was asked of all persons. At the time of field review, most cases in which sex was not reported were resolved by determining the appropriate entry from the person's given name and household relationship. When sex remained blank, it was allocated according to the relationship to householder and the age and marital status of the person. The general allocation procedure is described in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data."

RACE

The data on race were derived from answers to question 4, which was asked of all persons. The concept of race as used by the Census Bureau reflects self-identification by respondents; it does not denote any clear-cut scientific definition of biological stock. Since the 1980 census obtained information on race through self-identification, the data represent self-classification by people according to the race with which they identify. In this report, households and families are classified by the race of the householder.

For persons who could not provide a single response to the race question, the race of the person's mother was used; however, if a single response could not be provided for the person's mother, the first race reported by the person was used. This is a modification of the 1970 census procedure in which the race of the person's father was used.

The category "White" includes persons who indicated their race as White, as well as persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories listed on the questionnaire but entered a response such as Canadian, German, Italian, Lebanese, or Polish. In the 1980 census, persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories but marked "Other" and wrote in entries such as Cuban, Puerto Rican, Mexican, or Dominican were included in the "Other" race category; in the 1970 census, most of these persons were included in the "White" category.

The category "Black" includes persons who indicated their race as Black or Negro, as well as persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories listed on the questionnaire, but reported entries such as Jamaican, Black Puerto Rican, West Indian, Haitian, or Nigerian.

The category "American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut" includes persons who classified themselves as such in one of the specific race categories. In addition, persons who did not report themselves in one of the specific race categories but entered the name of an Indian tribe or reported such entries as Canadian Indian, French American Indian, or Spanish American Indian were classified as American Indian.

The category "Asian and Pacific Islander" includes persons who indicated their race as Chinese, Filipino, Japanese, Asian Indian, Korean, Vietnamese, Hawaiian, Samoan, and Guamanian, as well as persons who provided write-in entries of such Asian and Pacific Islander groups as Cambodian, Laotian, Pakistani, and Fijian under the "Other" race category. Also, persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories but wrote in an entry indicating one of the nine specific categories listed above (e.g., Chinese or Filipino) were classified accordingly. For example, entries of Nipponese and Japanese American were classified as Japanese, entries of Taiwanese and Cantonese as Chinese, etc.

"Race, n.e.c." includes all other persons not included in the categories "White," "Black," "American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut," and "Asian and Pacific Islander." Persons reporting in the "Other" race category and providing write-in entries such as Eurasian, Cosmopolitan, Interracial, or a Spanish origin group (e.g., Mexican, Cuban, or Puerto Rican) were included in "Race, n.e.c." During the coding operations, each of the subgroups comprising "Race, n.e.c." were identified separately; plans are to provide figures for the largest component groups in subsequent 1980 census reports.

In table 196 where information is only presented for selected racial groups, the data for the category "Other races" includes the "American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut" and "Race, n.e.c." population.

If the race entry was missing on the questionnaire for a member of a household, an answer was assigned in the computer according to the reported entries of race of other household members using specific rules of precedence of household relationship. If race was not entered for anyone in the household (excluding paid employees), the race of a householder in a previously processed household was assigned. This procedure is a variation of the general allocation process described in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data."

Comparability Between Sample and 100-percent Data for Racial Groups—The data on racial groups shown in this report may differ from comparable figures shown in other 1980 census reports. Such differences are the result of sampling variability, nonsampling error, and an additional edit and review performed on the sample questionnaires. The data in this report are based on a sample whereas certain other reports (e.g., the PC80-1-B series) present data based on 100-percent tabulations. Sample data are subject to sampling variability, as explained in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data."

During the sample processing, the responses in the race question underwent more extensive review and edit than performed during the previous processing stages. Additional efforts were made to assign write-in entries to specific race categories and to resolve inconsistent and incomplete responses. The impact of this further work varies substantially by racial group and by geographic area, but is generally negligible. Most affected is the "Other" race category since a number of persons originally counted therein in the 100-percent tabulations were shifted into specific race categories in the sample tabulations. For instance, a number of persons who marked the "Other" race category supplied a write-in entry (e.g., Canadian, Polish, Lebanese, Black Puerto Rican, or Jamaican) which indicated that they belonged in one of the specific race categories. Furthermore, persons in the "Other" category reported as Cambodian,

Laotian, Thai, etc., were combined into an "Other Asian and Pacific Islander" category which, together with the specific Asian and Pacific Islander categories (e.g., Japanese, Chinese, Filipino, etc.), covers the entire Asian and Pacific Islander population. This total is obtainable only from the sample tabulations, not from the 100-percent tabulations.

Information now available indicates that, since the effects of the additional review and edit were generally limited and rather varied, the 100-percent tabulations are usually the preferable source for data on racial groups. That is, in the case of figures available for racial groups, both in this report and the PC80-1-B report for this state, the latter source is usually the preferred one. In the case of distributions for subjects covered only on a sample basis (e.g., education, labor force status, income, etc.) and data for the entire Asian and Pacific Islander population, the sample figures are the only data available and should be used within the context of the sampling variability associated with them.

Comparability With 1970 Census Data—Differences in census procedures and reporting by respondents in the 1980 census and 1970 census seriously affect the comparability for certain race groups. First, a large number of Spanish origin persons reported their race differently in the 1980 census than in the 1970 census; this difference in reporting has a substantial impact on the population totals and comparability for the "White" population and the "Race, n.e.c." or "Other" race population (shown as "All other races" in most 1970 publications). A much larger proportion of the Spanish origin population in 1980 than in 1970 reported their race in the questionnaire category "Other." Second, in 1970, most persons who marked the "Other" race category and wrote in a Spanish designation such as Mexican, Venezuelan, Latino, etc., were reclassified as "White." In 1980, such persons were not reclassified but remained in the "Other" category. As a result of this procedural change and the differences in reporting by this population, the proportion of the Spanish origin population classified as "Other" race in the 1980 census was substantially higher than that in the 1970 census. Nationally, in 1970, only 1 percent of Spanish origin persons were classified as "Other" race and 93 percent as "White." The 1980 census sample data showed a much larger proportion, 38 percent, of Spanish origin persons reported their races as "Other" and only 58 percent reported "White." As a consequence of these differences, 1980 population totals for "White" and "Race, n.e.c." are not comparable with corresponding 1970 figures.

The 1980 census was the first in which data were collected separately for Eskimos and Aleuts in all States. In 1970, these data were available only for Alaska. Since Eskimos and Aleuts are highly concentrated in Alaska, this change does not seriously affect the comparability of 1980 and 1970 data for these racial groups at the national level.

The 1980 total for the Asian and Pacific Islander population reflects a high level of immigration during the 1970's as well as a number of changes in census procedures which were developed, in part, as a result of this high level of immigration. First, the number of Asian and Pacific Islander categories listed separately on the 1980 census questionnaire was expanded to include four additional groups: Vietnamese, Asian Indian, Guamanian, and Samoan. Asian Indians were classified as "White" in 1970 but were included in the "Asian and Pacific Islander" category in 1980. The Vietnamese, Guamanian, and Samoan populations were included in the "Other" race category in the 1970 census but were included in the "Asian and Pacific Islander" category in 1980. Second, "Other Asian and Pacific Islander" groups such as Cambodian, Laotian, Pakistani, and Fijian were identified and tabulated as Asian and Pacific Islander in sample tabulations in the 1980 census; in 1970, most of these groups were included in the "Other" race category.

In 1980, data were collected separately for Hawaiians and Koreans in all States, but in 1970, these data were not collected for Alaska. (On the 1970 census questionnaire used in Alaska, Eskimo and Aleut were substituted for these two categories.) Since the numbers of Hawaiians and Koreans were small in Alaska, this questionnaire change does not have a major impact on the comparability of the 1980 and 1970 data for Hawaiians and Koreans at the national level.

AGE

The data on age were derived from answers to question 5, which was asked of all persons. Only the information in items 5b and 5c (on month and year of birth) was read into the computer. Answers to item 5a (on age at last birthday) were used during field review to fill in any blanks in question 5c. The age classification is based on the age of the person in completed years as of April 1, 1980. The data on age represent the difference between date of birth and April 1, 1980.

The median ages shown in this report were computed on the basis of more detailed intervals than shown in the tables. If the median fell in the terminal category of an age distribution, the method of presentation was to show the initial age of the terminal category followed by a plus sign; thus, if the median fell in the category "85 years and over," it is shown as "85+."

In each census since 1940, the Bureau of the Census has assigned the age of a person when it was not reported. In censuses before 1940, with the exception of 1880, persons of unknown age were shown as a separate category. In 1960, 1970, and 1980, assignment of unknown ages was performed by the general allocation procedure described in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data."

MARITAL STATUS

The data on marital status were derived from answers to question 6, which was asked of all persons. The marital status classification refers to the status at the time of enumeration. Persons classified as "Now married" include those who have been married only once and have never been widowed or divorced as well as those currently married persons who remarried after having been widowed or divorced. Persons reported as separated are those living apart because of marital discord, with or without a legal separation. Persons in common-law marriages are classified as now married, persons whose only marriage had been annulled are classified as never married, and all persons under 15 years old are classified as never married. All persons classified as never married are shown as "single" in this report.

Married persons with "spouse present" are men or women whose wife or husband was enumerated as a member of the same household, including those whose spouse may have been temporarily absent for such reasons as travel or hospitalization. Married persons with "spouse absent" are men or women whose wife or husband was not enumerated as a member of the same household, and all married persons living in group quarters. Married persons with "spouse absent, other" are those whose husband or wife was not enumerated as a member of the same household, excluding persons who were separated. Included are those whose husband or wife was employed and living away from home, absent in the Armed Forces, or an inmate of an institution.

By definition, the number of married men, spouse present, shown in this report should be identical with the number of married women, spouse present. However, the two figures may not be exactly the same because, in the weighting of the sample figures to represent total counts, husbands and their wives were sometimes given different weights.

When marital status was not reported, it was allocated according to the relationship to householder and sex and age of the person. The general allocation process is described in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data."

SPANISH/HISPANIC ORIGIN

Information on persons of Spanish/Hispanic origin or descent from the 1980 census was derived from answers to question 7 which was asked of all persons.

Persons of Spanish/Hispanic origin or descent are those who reported either Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, or other Spanish/Hispanic origin in question 7. Persons who reported "other Spanish/Hispanic" origin were those whose origins are from Spain or the Spanish-speaking countries of Central or South America, or they are persons identifying their origin or descent as being Spanish, Spanish-American, Hispano, Latino, etc.

Origin or descent can be regarded as the ancestry, nationality group, lineage, or country in which the person or person's parents or ancestors were born before their arrival in the United States. It is important to note that persons of Spanish origin may be of any race. In this report, households and families are classified by the Spanish origin of the householder.

Persons of more than one type of Spanish origin and persons of both a Spanish and some other origin(s) who were in doubt as to how to report a specific origin were classifed according to the origin of the person's mother. If a single origin was not provided for the person's mother, then the first origin reported by the person was recorded. If any household member failed to respond to the Spanish/Hispanic origin question, a response was assigned by computer in the sample edit operation according to available related information such as ancestry and place of birth reported for the household member. If such information was not reported, origin was assigned from entries of other household members using specific rules of precedence of household relationship. If no origin was reported for any household member (excluding a paid employee), then an origin was assigned from another household with a householder of the same race. This procedure is a variation of the general allocation process described in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data."

Limitation of the Data--A preliminary evaluation study of the reporting in the 1980 census item on Spanish origin indicated that there was misreporting in the Mexican origin category by White and Black persons in certain areas. The study results showed evidence that the misreporting occurred in the South (excluding Texas), the Northeast (excluding the New York City area), and a few States in the North Central Region. Also, results based on available data suggest that the impact of potential misreporting of Mexican origin in the 1980 census is severe in those portions of the above-mentioned regions where the Spanish origin population is generally sparse. However, 1980 census data on the Mexican origin population, or total Spanish origin population, at the national level, are not seriously affected by the reporting problem. For a more detailed discussion of the evaluation of the Spanish origin item, see the 1980 population census Supplementary Reports, Series PC80-S1-7, *"Persons of Spanish Origin by State: 1980."*

Comparability Between Sample and 100-Percent Data for the Spanish Origin Population—The data on the Spanish origin population shown in this report may differ from comparable figures shown in other 1980 census reports. Such differences are the results of sampling variability, nonsampling error, and more extensive edit procedures performed for the Spanish origin item on the sample questionnaires. The data in this report are based on a sample, whereas certain other reports (e.g., the PC80-1-B series) present data based on 100-percent tabulations. Sample data are subject to sampling variability, as explained in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data."

Information now available indicates that, since the effects of the more extensive edit were generally limited, the 100-percent tabulations are usually the preferable source for data on the Spanish origin population. That is, in the case of figures available for Spanish origin groups, both in this report and the corresponding PC80-1-B report, the latter source is usually the preferred one. In the case of distributions for subjects covered only on a sample basis (e.g., education, labor force status, income, etc.), the sample figures are the only data available and should be used within the context of the sampling variability associated with them.

Comparability With 1970 Census Data—The 1980 data on Spanish origin are not directly comparable with those of 1970 because of several factors; namely, overall improvements in the 1980 census, better coverage of the population, improved question design, and an effective public relations campaign by the Census Bureau with the assistance of national and community ethnic groups. These efforts at census improvement explain, in part, the large increase in the number of Hispanics over 1970. Also, these efforts undoubtedly resulted in the inclusion of a sizable but unknown number of persons of Hispanic origin who are in the country in other than legal status.

In the 1980 census Spanish origin question, specific changes in design from the 1970 question included the placement of the category "No (not Spanish/Hispanic)" as the first category in that question. (The corresponding category appeared last in the 1970 question.) Also, the category "Central or South American" was deleted because in 1970 some

respondents misinterpreted the category; furthermore, the designations "Mexican-Amer." and "Chicano" were added to the Spanish origin question in 1980. In the 1970 census, the question on Spanish origin was asked of only a 5-percent sample of the population; in the 1980 census, the Spanish origin question was asked of everyone in the Nation.

SCHOOL ENROLLMENT

The data on school enrollment were derived from answers to questions 8, 9, and 10. Persons are classified as enrolled in school if they reported attending a "regular" school or college at any time between February 1, 1980, and the time of enumeration. Regular schooling is defined as nursery school, kindergarten, elementary school, and schooling which leads to a high school diploma or college degree. Schooling in trade or business schools, company training, or schooling obtained through a tutor was to be reported only if the course credits obtained were regarded as transferable to a regular elementary school, high school, or college. Children were included as enrolled in nursery school only if the school included instruction as an important and integral phase of its program. Children enrolled in "Head Start" programs, or similar programs sponsored by local agencies to provide preprimary education to young children, were included as enrolled in school. Persons who had been enrolled in a regular school since February 1, 1980, but who had not actually attended, for example because of illness, were counted as enrolled in school. Schooling which is generally regarded as *not* "regular" includes that given in nursery schools which simply provide custodial day care; in specialized vocational, trade, or business schools; in on-the-job training; and through correspondence courses.

Public, Church-Related, or Other Private School—Persons who were enrolled in school were also classified as attending a public, church-related, or other private school. In general, a "public" school is defined as any school which is controlled and supported primarily by a local, State, or Federal government agency. A "church-related" school is defined here as a private school which is controlled or supported primarily by a religious organization. An "other private" school is defined as a school controlled or supported primarily by private groups other than religious organizations.

In using the public/private school distinction for college enrollment, some caution should be exercised, since there is evidence that, in some parts of the country, the classification of individual schools may not be entirely clear, and census data may differ considerably from administrative figures.

Level and Year of School in Which Enrolled—Persons who were enrolled in school were classified according to the level and year of school in which they were enrolled as reported in question 9. The levels which are separately identified in this report are nursery school, kindergarten, elementary school, high school, and college. Children in "Head Start" or similar programs were counted under "nursery" or "kindergarten" as appropriate. Elementary school, as defined here, includes grades 1 to 8, and high school includes grades 9 to 12. Persons attending junior high school are reported in elementary school or high school according to their grade. The term "college" includes junior or community colleges, 4-year colleges, universities, and graduate or professional schools.

Comparability With Earlier Census Data—School enrollment questions in some form have been included in the census since 1840; grade attended was added in 1940. The wording of the type-of-school question was changed from "parochial" in 1970 to "church-related" in 1980 in an attempt to make the affiliation with a religious group clearer to respondents. The intention was to include all schools controlled by religious groups rather than only particular denominations or religions.

The corresponding question on schooling in the 1930 census applied to a somewhat longer period, the period since the preceding September 1; in addition, the question was not restricted as to the type of school the person was attending. In 1940 the question referred to the period since the preceding March 1. In 1950 the reference period was changed to that between February 1 and the time of enumeration. The same reference period was used in 1960, 1970, and 1980.

The age range for which enrollment data have been obtained has varied for the several censuses. Information on enrollment was recorded for persons of all ages in 1930 and 1940, for persons 5 to 29 years old in 1950, for those 5 to 34 years old in 1960, and for those 3 years old and over in 1970 and 1980. Most of the published enrollment figures relate to ages 5 to 20 in 1930, 5 to 24 in 1940, 5 to 29 in 1950, 5 to 34 in 1960, 3 to 34 in 1970, and 3 years old and over in 1980. The extended age coverage for the published enrollment data in the recent censuses reflects increased interest in the number of persons who are attending regular colleges and universities at older ages.

In the 1940 census, grade of enrollment was available for the first time; grade or year could be identified for elementary school through college. In 1950, kindergarten enrollment was separately identified for the first time. In 1970 nursery school enrollment was added to the levels of school separately identified.

Comparability With Data From Other Sources—Data on school enrollment are also collected and published by other Federal, State, and local governmental agencies. This information is generally obtained from reports of school systems and institutions of higher learning and from other surveys and censuses. These data are only roughly comparable with data collected by the Bureau of the Census, however, because of differences in definitions, subject matter covered, time references, and enumeration methods.

YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED

The data on years of school completed were derived from answers to questions 9 and 10. These questions on educational attainment applied only to progress in "regular" schools as defined under the definition for school enrollment. The first question called for the highest grade attended, regardless of "skipped" or "repeated" grades. Persons whose education was received in foreign school systems or an ungraded school were expected to report the approximate equivalent grade in the regular American school system. An instruction printed on the form, "If high school was finished by

equivalency test (GED), mark '12'" (meaning grade 12), was to ensure that persons who dropped out of school before high school graduation but later earned a diploma with an equivalency test would be counted as high school graduates. Those diploma recipients who also attended college would be credited with college attendance as reported.

The second question on educational attainment asked whether or not the highest grade attended had been finished. It was to be answered "Yes" if the person has successfully completed the entire grade or year indicated in question 9. If the person had completed only part of the year, had dropped out, or failed to pass the last grade attended, the question was to be answered "No." If the person was still attending school in that grade, he or she answered "Now attending."

The number in each category of highest grade of school completed represents the combination of (a) persons who reported the indicated grade as the highest grade attended and that they had finished it, (b) those who had attended the next higher grade but had not finished it, and (c) those still attending the next higher grade. Persons who have not completed the first year of elementary school are classified as having no years of school completed.

"Percent high school graduates" includes persons who completed four years of high school by graduation or an equivalency test and persons who reported that they had attended some level of college.

Comparability With Earlier Census Data—Educational attainment questions in terms of years of school completed have been included in the census since 1940. From 1840 to 1930, only a question on basic literacy was included. In 1940, a single question was asked on highest grade of school completed. However, respondents frequently reported the grade or year in which they were enrolled, or had last been enrolled, instead of the one completed. The two-question approach used since 1950 was designed to reduce this kind of error. The 1980 instruction for persons who received a high school diploma by virtue of passing an equivalency test was not included on past census questionnaires. Persons who took equivalency tests may or may not have been reported as high school graduates in earlier censuses; however, completing high school by such means was not as common in earlier decades as it was in the decade prior to the 1980 census.

Median School Years Completed—The median number of school years completed was computed on the basis of intervals for years under 8 and a continuous series of numbers for 8 years of school completed and above (e.g., completion of the 1st year of high school was treated as completion of the 9th year, completion of the 1st year of college, as completion of the 13th year, etc.). Persons completing a given school year were assumed to be distributed evenly within the interval from .0 to .9 of the year. In fact, at the time of census enumeration, most of the enrolled persons had completed at least three-fourths of a school year beyond the highest grade completed, whereas a large majority of persons who were not enrolled had not attended any part of a grade beyond the highest one completed. The effect of the assumption is to place the median for younger persons slightly below, and for older persons slightly above, the true median.

The same procedure for computing this median has been used in the 1940, 1950, 1960, and 1970 censuses. Because of the inexact assumption as to the distribution within an interval, this median is more appropriately used for comparing different groups and the same group at different dates than as an absolute measure of educational attainment.

NATIVITY AND PLACE OF BIRTH

The data on nativity and place of birth were derived from answers to questions 11 and 12.

Nativity—Information on place of birth was used to classify the population of the United States into two major categories: Native and Foreign born. The category "Native" comprises persons born in the United States, Puerto Rico, or an outlying area of the United States. Also included in this category is the small number of persons who were born at sea or in a foreign country but have at least one American parent. Persons not classified as "Native" were classified as "Foreign born." When information on place of birth was missing, nativity was assigned on the basis of related information and the answers to question 12a on citizenship of persons born in a foreign country. Prior to the 1970 census, persons not reporting nativity were generally classifed as native.

There may be slight differences between the data in this report on nativity and place of birth and similar data shown in the Supplementary Reports, *Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics,* PHC80-S2. Any such differences are a result of minor errors corrected after the release of PHC80-S2 reports.

Place of Birth—Respondents were instructed to report place of birth in terms of the mother's usual State of residence at the time of the birth rather than in terms of the location of the hospital if the birth occurred in a hospital. In this report, the native population is classified in the following groups: persons born in the State in which they were residing at the time of the census; persons born in a different State, by region; and persons born abroad or at sea with at least one American parent. Persons born in a foreign country were asked to report their country of birth according to international boundaries as recognized by the United States government on April 1, 1980. Since numerous changes in boundaries of foreign countries have occurred in the last century, some of these persons may have reported their country of birth in terms of boundaries that existed at the time of their birth or emigration, or in accordance with their own national preference. Selected countries of birth are shown in this report.

Persons not reporting place of birth were assigned the birthplace of another family member or were allocated the response of another person with similar characteristics. Persons allocated as "foreign born" were not allocated a specific country of birth. In previous censuses, place of birth data were not allocated. Data on the State of birth of the native population have been collected in each census beginning with that of 1850. For the more recent censuses, State of birth has been published for the native population of the urban, rural-nonfarm, and rural-farm parts of States, and of individ-

ual cities above a specified size, SMSA's, and counties.

CITIZENSHIP AND YEAR OF IMMIGRATION

Data on citizenship and year of immigration were derived from answers to questions 12a and 12b, which were asked of persons who reported being born in a foreign country. Persons who were born abroad or at sea and who had at least one American parent were to report themselves as "Born abroad of American parents."

Citizenship—Information on citizenship was used to classify the population into two major categories: citizens and noncitizens. Citizens are further classified as native, as defined above, or as naturalized. It was assumed that all native persons were citizens. Similar questions on citizenship were asked in the decennial censuses of 1820, 1830, 1870, 1890 through 1950, and 1970.

If citizenship was not reported, a response was assigned by computer using the responses of other persons based on year of immigration and country of birth.

Year of Immigration—Foreign-born persons were to indicate in question 12b the period which covered the year they came to stay permanently in the United States. A question on year of immigration was asked in each decennial census from 1890 to 1930 and in 1970. If year of immigration was not reported, a response was assigned using the responses of other persons based on age and race.

LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH

The data on language spoken at home and English ability were derived from answers to questions 13a, 13b, and 13c. The questions were intended to measure the extent to which languages other than English were currently being spoken and the number of persons who felt that their English ability was limited. These statistics are used to identify geographic areas with large numbers of non-English speakers, areas with concentrations of speakers of a particular non-English language, and areas where large numbers of limited English speakers reside. The questions were not intended to determine which language was a person's main language, or whether a person was fluent in the non-English language that he or she reported. Therefore, persons who reported speaking a language other than English may have also spoken English at home and they may have been more fluent in English than in the non-English language.

Language Spoken at Home—Persons were asked in question 13a whether they currently spoke a language other than English at home. Those persons who reported speaking a language other than English were asked in question 13b to report what language they spoke. Their answers were coded using a detailed language list which distinguished approximately 400 languages. In the tables in this report only a few major languages could be shown separately. The remaining languages which were reported specifically by persons were grouped in an "Other specified language" category.

When the language was not on the detailed language list or when a person failed to report any language, and it could not be allocated based upon other information supplied by the person, the response was included in the "Unspecified language" category.

In the tabulations in table 197 for persons under 5 years old living with at least one parent the child is classified according to the language of the parent who speaks a language other than English at home. If two parents are present and they speak different non-English languages, the child is classified by the language of the mother.

Ability to Speak English—Persons who reported that they spoke a language other than English at home were also asked in question 13c to characterize their ability to speak English. These responses were extremely subjective; they were the person's own perception about his or her own ability or, because census forms are usually filled by one household member, may have represented the perception of another household member.

Comparability—Information on language has been collected in every census since 1890. The comparability of these data among censuses is limited by changes in question wording, by the categories of the population to whom the question was addressed, and by the detail that was published.

For the census years, 1910 through 1940 and in 1960 and 1970, a question on "mother tongue" was asked, that is, persons were asked to report the language spoken in childhood or the language spoken before a foreign-born person immigrated to the United States. In the 1910 and 1920 censuses, statistics on mother tongue were published for the foreign stock (i.e., foreign born and native of foreign or mixed parentage) White population; in 1930, for the foreign-born White population; in 1940, for native White of native parentage and the White foreign stock; in 1960 for all foreign-born persons; and in 1970, for all persons. Ability to speak English, a simple "Yes" or "No" question, was asked in the censuses of 1890 through 1930.

There may be slight differences between the data in this report on language spoken at home and ability to speak English and similar data shown in the *Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas*, PHC80-3, reports and in the *Supplementary Reports, Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics*, PHC80-S2. Any such differences are a result of minor errors corrected after the release of the PHC80-3 and the PHC80-S2 reports.

RESIDENCE IN 1975

The data on residence in 1975 were derived from answers to question 15 which asked for the State (or foreign country), county, and city of residence on April 1, 1975. Residence in 1975 is used in conjunction with current residence to determine the extent of residential mobility of the population. The category "Same house" includes all persons 5 years old and over who did not move during the 5 years as well as those who had moved but by 1980 had returned to their 1975 residence. The category "Different house in the United States" includes persons who lived in the United States in 1975 but in a different

house (or apartment) from the one they occupied on April 1, 1980. These persons were subdivided into three groups according to their 1975 residence: "Different house, same county," "Different county, same State," and "Different State." The last group was further subdivided by region of 1975 residence. The category "Abroad" includes those with residence in a foreign country, Puerto Rico, or an outlying area of the United States in 1975, including members of the Armed Forces and their dependents. When no information on residence in 1975 was collected for a person, information for other family members was used, if available. All cases of nonresponse, or incomplete response not assigned based on information from other family members, were allocated based on the 1975 residence of other persons with similar characteristics who provided complete information.

The number of persons who were living in a different house in 1975 is somewhat less than the total number of moves during the 5-year period. Some persons in the same house at the two dates had moved during the 5-year period but by the time of enumeration had returned to their 1975 residence. Other persons who were living in a different house had made one or more intermediate moves. For similar reasons, the number of persons living in a different county or a different State may understate the number of moves these persons made.

Similar questions on mobility were asked in the 1940, 1950, 1960, and 1970 censuses. The questions in the 1950 census, however, applied to residence one year earlier rather than 5 years earlier. Although the questions in the 1940 census covered a 5-year period, comparability with that census is reduced somewhat because of different definitions and categories of tabulation. Comparability with the 1970 and 1960 censuses is also somewhat reduced because nonresponse was not allocated in those earlier censuses.

Data on residence in 1975 are based on approximately one-half of the full census sample (see appendix D). Therefore, figures in tabulations involving residence in 1975 may differ from tabulations based on the full sample. For example, the number of persons 5 years old and over derived from residence in 1975 tabulations may not agree with other tabulations by age.

ACTIVITY IN 1975

The data on activity in 1975 come from answers to question 17 which asked persons 15 years old and over whether they were "in the Armed Forces," "attending college," or "working full or part-time at a job or business" in 1975. Nonresponse was allocated based on answers to other questions and related characteristics. The data are only shown for persons 21 years and over (i.e., persons who were 16 years and over in 1975).

VETERAN STATUS

The data on veteran status were derived from responses to question 18. A "veteran," as defined in census publications, is a person 16 years old or over who has served but is not now serving on active duty in the Armed Forces of the United States. Persons are classified as veterans if they were ever on active duty in the U.S. Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard, even if the time served was short. Persons in the National Guard or in military reserve units are classified as veterans only if they were ever called to active duty. All other civilians 16 years old and over are classified as nonveterans.

Period of Service—Persons who indicated in question 18a that they were veterans were asked to indicate the period or periods in which they served (question 18b). Persons serving in more than one period were classified in the most recent wartime period of service. For example, persons who served both during the Korean conflict and the post-Korean peacetime era between February 1955 and July 1964 were classified in the "Korean conflict" category. If the same person had also served during the Vietnam era, he or she would instead be included in the "Vietnam era and Korean conflict" category. The data were edited to eliminate reported period(s) of service which were inconsistent with the age of the person.

Comparability With Earlier Census Data—Veteran status was asked of both men and women in the 1980 census, the first time such data were collected for women. The wording of the question was changed from the 1970 version in order to make more clear the appropriate response for persons who served in National Guard or reserve units only.

Two categories of period of service were added since 1970; the post-Korean peacetime era between February 1955 and July 1964, and the post-Vietnam peacetime era beginning in May 1975. As in 1970, persons reporting more than one period of service are shown in the most recent wartime period of service category.

FERTILITY (CHILDREN EVER BORN)

The data on children ever born were derived from answers to question 20, which was asked of women 15 years old and over, regardless of marital status. Excluded were still-births, stepchildren, and adopted children. Ever-married women were instructed to include all children born to them before and during their most recent marriage, children no longer living, and children away from home, as well as children who were still living in the home. Never-married women were instructed to include all children born to them.

In the 1980 census, a terminal category of "12 or more" was used for recording the number of children ever born. For purposes of computing the total number of children ever born, the terminal category was given a mean value of 13.

Comparability With Earlier Census Data—The wording of the question on children ever born was the same in 1980 as in 1970. In 1970, however, the question on children ever born was asked of all ever-married women but only of never-married women who received self-administered questionnaires. In virtually all of the tables in 1970 census volumes, data presented on children ever born to all women assumed that single women were childless even though it was known that some of the women have had children. Therefore, rates and numbers of children ever born to all women are not comparable between the 1980 reports and previous census reports, since the 1980 census reports include data on children ever born to single women. Data presented for children ever born to women ever married are comparable between the

1980 census and previous censuses containing this question.

MARITAL HISTORY

The data on marital history were derived from answers to question 21, which was asked of persons 15 years and over.

Information on whether married more than once and on age at first marriage has been obtained in each census since 1940. In 1970 and 1980, the question on how the first marriage ended was also included.

For all persons reported as now married, separated, widowed, or divorced at the time of the enumeration, data were obtained on the date of the first marriage. From this information and from current age, data on age at first marriage and years since first marriage were derived. For each person who had been married more than once, information was obtained on how the first marriage ended. Persons shown as "known to have been widowed" include currently widowed persons and those currently married or divorced persons married more than once whose first marriage ended in widowhood. Persons shown as "known to have been divorced" include currently divorced persons and those currently married or widowed persons who were married more than once and whose first marriage did not end in widowhood.

When marital history was not reported or was incomplete, it was allocated according to age, sex, and marital status of the person, relationship to householder, and age of the oldest own child present in the household. Consistency was maintained between the marital histories of husband and wife when they were reported as members of the same household.

PLACE OF WORK

The data on place of work were derived from answers to question 23, which was asked only of persons who indicated in question 22 that they had worked at any time during the reference week (see below for definition of reference week). Data are tabulated for workers 16 years and over; that is, members of the Armed Forces and civilians who were at work during the reference week. Place of work refers to the geographic location at which workers carried out their occupational activities during the reference week. The exact address (number and street) of the place of work was asked, as well as the place (city, town, village, borough, etc.); whether or not the place of work was inside or outside its incorporated (legal) limits; and the county, State, and ZIP code. If the person's employer operated in more than one location, the exact address of the location or branch where the respondent worked was requested. When the number and street name could not be given, the building name or other physical location description was to be entered. Persons who worked at more than one location were asked to report the one at which they worked the greatest number of hours during the reference week. Persons who regularly worked in several locations during the reference week were requested to give the address at which they began work each day. For cases in which daily work was not begun at a central place each day, the person was asked to provide as much information as possible which described the area in which he or she worked most during the reference week.

For purposes of this report, place-of-work locations are summarized to present the main destinations of workers living in the State and in each SMSA of 250,000 or more. Work places for the residents of the State include, in addition to the State itself, each contiguous State. The category "in noncontiguous state or abroad" includes persons who worked in a State that does not border their State of residence and persons who worked outside the United States. Place-of-work locations for residents of SMSA's are defined with respect to the boundaries of the SMSA as inside the SMSA and "outside SMSA of residence." Locations within each SMSA are further divided into the central business district (CBD) of the central city, elsewhere in the central city, and outside the central city. For SMSA's with more than one central city and/or CBD, the data reflect the total for all such areas.

A CBD is an area of very high land valuation characterized by a high concentration of retail businesses, service businesses, offices, theaters, and hotels, and by high traffic flow. CBD's consist of one or more whole census tracts, and have been defined only in SMSA central cities and other SMSA cities with populations of 50,000 or more. CBD's are designated by local Census Statistical Area Committees in consultation with the Census Bureau. Some eligible cities do not have a CBD because they chose not to participate in the CBD delineation program. In order to be counted as working in the CBD, a respondent had to provide enough information to allow the workplace to be coded to the census tract level. Since some respondents did not do this, the number of persons shown to be working in the CBD is usually understated by an unknown amount.

Persons were tabulated as working in a central city if they reported working inside its legal limits, or reported the city as their place of work without specifying whether or not they worked inside its legal boundaries. Persons who reported working outside the limits of a central city were tabulated as working outside the city.

Data on place of work are based on approximately one-half of the full census sample (see appendix D). Therefore, figures in tabulations involving place of work may differ from tabulations based on the full sample. For example, the number of workers 16 years old and over from place-of-work tabulations may not agree with the same category shown for means of transportation to work tabulations.

MEANS OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK

The data on means of transportation to work were derived from answers to questions 24b, 24c, and 24d which were asked only of persons who indicated in question 22 that they had worked at any time during the reference week (see below for definition of reference week). Means of transportation to work refers to the principal mode of travel or type of conveyance that the person usually used to get from home to work during the reference week. Persons who used different means of transportation on different days of the week were asked to specify the one they used most often. Persons who used more than one means of transportation to get to work each day were asked to report the one used for the longest distance during the work trip.

The category "Private vehicle" includes workers using a car (including company cars but excluding taxicabs), a truck of one-ton capacity or less, or a van. The category "Public transportation" includes workers who used a bus or streetcar, subway or elevated train, railroad, or taxicab.

A question on carpooling (question 24c) was asked of all workers who reported their means of transportation to work as "car," "truck," or "van." The category "Drive alone" includes persons who usually drove alone to work, as well as persons who were driven to work by someone who then drove back home or to a nonwork destination. The category "Carpool" includes workers who reported that they usually shared driving, drove others, or rode as a passenger during the reference week.

Private Vehicle Occupancy—The data on private vehicle occupancy were derived from answers to question 24d, which was asked of persons who indicated in question 22 that they had worked at any time during the reference week (see below for definition of reference week), and who reported in question 24c that they usually shared driving, drove others, or rode as a passenger in a car, truck, or van. Private vehicle occupancy refers to the number of persons who usually rode to work in the vehicle during the reference week. The measure "persons per private vehicle" is obtained by dividing the number of persons who reported using a car, truck, or van to get to work by the number of such vehicles that they used. The number of vehicles used is derived by counting each person who drove alone as one vehicle, each person who reported being in a two-person carpool as one-half vehicle, each person who reported being in a three-person carpool as one-third vehicle, and so on, and then summing all the vehicles.

Travel Time to Work—The data on travel time to work were derived from answers to question 24a, which was asked of persons who indicated in question 22 that they had worked at any time during the reference week (see below for definition of reference week). Travel time to work refers to the total number of minutes that it usually took the person to get from home to work during the reference week. The elapsed time includes time spent waiting for public transportation, picking up passengers in carpools and time spent in other activities related to getting to work.

REFERENCE WEEK

The data on labor force status and journey to work relate to the calendar week preceding the date on which the respondents completed their questionnaires or were interviewed by enumerators. This week is not the same for all respondents since the enumeration was not completed in one week. However, for the majority of persons the reference week for the 1980 census was the last week in March 1980. Passover and Good Friday occurred in the following week (the first week of April, 1980). Many workers presumably took time off for these observances. These holidays could have affected the data on hours worked for some areas if the first week in April was the reference week for a significant number of persons. The holidays probably did not affect the overall measurement of labor force status since labor force data are based on work activity during the entire reference week.

LABOR FORCE STATUS

The data on labor force status were derived from answers to questions 22, 25, and 26.

The series of questions on labor force status was asked of all persons 15 years old and over and was designed to identify, in this sequence: (a) persons who worked at any time during the reference week; (b) persons who did not work during the reference week but who had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent (excluding layoff); (c) persons on layoff; and (d) persons who did not work during the reference week, but who were looking for work during the last four weeks and were available for work during the reference week.

The labor force status data shown in this and other 1980 census reports relate to persons 16 years old and over. In 1940, 1950, and 1960, labor force status data were presented for persons 14 years old and over. The change in the universe was made in 1970 to agree with the official measurement of the labor force as revised in January 1967. Selected labor force status data were shown in 1970 for persons 14 and 15 years old, but are not presented for 1980.

Employed—Employed persons include all civilians 16 years old and over who were either (a) "at work" —those who did any work at all during the reference week as paid employees or in their own business or profession, or on their own farm, or who worked 15 hours or more as unpaid workers on a family farm or in a family business; or (b) were "with a job but not at work" —those who did not work during the reference week but had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent due to illness, bad weather, industrial dispute, vacation, or other personal reasons. Excluded from the employed are persons whose only activity consisted of work around the house or volunteer work for religious, charitable, and similar organizations.

Unemployed—Persons are classified as unemployed if they were civilians 16 years old and over and (a) were neither "at work" nor "with a job but not at work" during the reference week, (b) were looking for work during the last 4 weeks, and (c) were available to accept a job. Examples of jobseeking activities are: (1) registering at a public or private employment office, (2) meeting with prospective employers, (3) investigating possibilities for starting a professional practice or opening a business, (4) placing or answering advertisements, (5) writing letters of application, and (6) being on a union or professional register.

Also included as unemployed are persons who did not work at all during the reference week and were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off.

Civilian Labor Force—The civilian labor force consists of persons classified as employed or unemployed in accordance with the criteria described above.

Experienced Unemployed—Unemployed persons who have worked at any time in the past are classified as the "Experienced unemployed."

Experienced Civilian Labor Force—The "experienced civilian labor force" comprises the employed and the experienced unemployed.

Labor Force—The labor force includes all persons classified in the civilian labor force plus members of the Armed Forces (persons on active duty with the United States Army, Air Force, Navy, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard).

Not in Labor Force—All persons 16 years old and over who are not classified as members of the labor force are defined as "Not in labor force." This category consists mainly of students, housewives, retired workers, seasonal workers enumerated in an "off" season who were not looking for work, inmates of institutions, disabled persons, and persons doing only incidental unpaid family work (less than 15 hours during the reference week).

Worker—The term "Worker" appears in connection with several subjects in this report: journey-to-work items, class of worker, weeks worked in 1979, and number of workers in family in 1979. Its meaning varies and, therefore, should be determined in each case by referring to the definition of the subject in which it appears.

Comparability With Earlier Census Data—The questionnaire items and labor force status concepts for the 1980 census were essentially identical to those used in the 1970 census. However, these concepts differed in many respects from those associated with the 1950 and 1960 censuses; see the Volume 1 publications from the 1970 census for more information.

Comparability With Data From Other Sources—Because employment data from the census are obtained from respondents in households, they differ from statistics based on reports from individual business establishments, farm enterprises, and certain government programs. Persons employed at more than one job are counted only once in the census and are classified according to the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours during the reference week. In statistics based on reports from business and farm establishments, persons who work for more than one establishment may be counted more than once. Moreover, other series, unlike those presented here, may exclude private household workers, unpaid family workers, and self-employed persons, but may include workers less than 16 years of age.

An additional difference in the date arises from the fact that persons who had a job but were not at work are included with the employed in the statistics shown here whereas many of these persons are likely to be excluded from employment figures based on establishment payroll reports. Furthermore, the labor force status data in this report include persons on the basis of place of residence regardless of where they work, whereas establishment data report persons at their place of work regardless of where they live. This latter consideration is particularly significant when comparing data for workers who commute between areas.

For a number of reasons, the unemployment figures of the Bureau of the Census are not comparable with published figures on unemployment compensation claims. For example, figures on unemployment compensation claims exclude persons who have exhausted their benefit rights, as well as new workers who have not earned rights to unemployment insurance, and persons losing jobs not covered by unemployment insurance systems (including some workers in agriculture, domestic services, and religious organizations, and self-employed and unpaid family workers). In addition, the qualifications for drawing unemployment compensation differ from the definition of unemployment used by the Bureau of the Census. Persons working only a few hours during the week and persons temporarily absent from work for reasons other than layoff are sometimes eligible for unemployment compensation but are classified as "employed" in the census reports. Differences in the geographical distribution of unemployment data arise because the place where claims are filed may not necessarily be the same as the place of residence of the unemployed worker.

The figures on labor force status from the decennial census are generally comparable with similar data collected in the Current Population Survey. However, some differences may exist because of variations in enumeration and processing techniques.

Actual Hours Worked—All persons in the sample who reported working during the reference week were asked to report in item 22b the number of hours that they worked. The statistics on hours worked pertain to the number of hours actually worked at all jobs, and do not necessarily reflect the number of hours usually worked or the scheduled number of hours. The number of persons who worked only a small number of hours is probably understated since such persons sometimes consider themselves as not working.

Year Last Worked—The data on year last worked were derived from answers to question 27. The data are tabulated for persons 16 years old and over who were not at work during the reference week. The data pertain to the most recent year in which a person did any work for pay or profit, or worked without pay on a family farm or in a family business, or was on active duty in the Armed Forces. In addition to persons who marked "never worked" in question 27, the "never worked" category in tabulations includes persons 16 years old and over who reported that they last worked when they were 14 years old or younger.

LABOR FORCE STATUS IN 1979

The data on labor force status in 1979 were derived from answers to question 31. Persons 16 years old and over are classified as "In labor force in 1979" if (a) in 1979 they worked 1 or more weeks for pay or profit (including weeks on paid vacation or on paid sick leave) or worked without pay on a family farm or in a family business, or were on active duty in the Armed Forces; or (b) had any weeks of unemployment in 1979. The categories "Worked in 1979" and "With unemployment in 1979" are not mutually exclusive.

Worked in 1979 (Work Status in 1979)—Persons 16 years old and over who worked 1 or more weeks according to the criteria described below are classified as "Worked in 1979;" all other persons 16 years old and over are classified as "Did not work in 1979." Some tables showing work status in 1979 include 15 year olds; these persons are classified as "Did not work in 1979," by definition.

Weeks Worked in 1979—The data on weeks worked in 1979 were derived from answers to questions 31a and 31b. Question 31b (Weeks worked in 1979) was asked of persons 16 years and over

who indicated in question 31a that they worked in 1979.

The data pertain to the number of weeks during 1979 in which a person did any work for pay or profit (including paid vacation and sick leave) or worked without pay on a family farm or in a family business. Weeks of active service in the Armed Forces are also included. It is probable that the number of persons who worked in 1979 and the number of weeks worked are understated since there is some tendency for respondents to forget intermittent or short periods of employment or to exclude weeks worked without pay.

Usual Hours Worked in 1979—The data on usual hours worked per week in 1979 were derived from answers to question 31c. This question was asked of persons 16 years and over who indicated that they worked in 1979.

The data pertain to the number of hours a person *usually* worked during the weeks worked in 1979. The respondent was to report the number of hours worked per week in the majority of the weeks he or she worked in 1979. If the hours worked per week varied considerably during 1979, the respondent was to report an approximate average of the hours worked per week. The statistics on usual hours worked per week in 1979 are not necessarily related to the data on actual hours worked during the census reference week (question 22b).

Persons 16 years old and over who reported that they usually worked 35 or more hours each week during the weeks they worked are classified as "Usually worked full time;" persons who reported that they usually worked 1 to 34 hours are classified as "Usually worked part time."

Year-Round Full-Time Workers—Persons 16 years old and over who usually worked 35 hours or more per week for 50 to 52 weeks in 1979 are classified as "Year-round full-time workers."

With Unemployment in 1979—Persons 16 years old and over who had one or more weeks of unemployment in 1979 according to the criteria described below are classified as "With unemployment in 1979."

The data on weeks of unemployment in 1979 pertain to the number of weeks during 1979 in which a person 16 years old and over did not work but spent any time looking for work (that is, trying to get a job or start a business or professional practice) or on layoff from a job. Examples of looking for work are presented in the definition of *unemployed.* Excluded from weeks of unemployment are any weeks in which the person worked, even for one hour; or any weeks for which the person received any wages or salary; or in which the person was on active duty in the Armed Forces, on paid vacation, or on paid leave. The question on weeks of unemployment did not inquire whether persons who reported looking for work were available to accept a job. The number of weeks of unemployment is the total number of weeks accumulated during the entire calendar year 1979, regardless of whether the periods of unemployment were continuous.

Mean Weeks of Unemployment—The mean is based on the distribution of persons with unemployment by individual weeks of unemployment from 1 to 52 weeks.

Number of Workers in Family in 1979—The term "Worker" as used for these data is defined according to the criteria described in the section on "Worked in 1979."

Comparability With Earlier Census Data—The data on weeks worked collected in the 1980 census are comparable with data from the 1970 and 1960 censuses but may not be entirely comparable with data from the 1940 and 1950 censuses. On the three most recent census questionnaires, two separate questions were used to obtain this information. The first identified persons with any work experience during the year and, thus, indicated those persons for whom the questions on number of weeks worked was applicable. In 1940 and 1950, however, the questionnaires contained only a single question on number of weeks worked.

In 1970, persons responded to the weeks worked question by indicating one of six weeks-worked intervals; in 1980, persons were asked to enter the specific number of weeks they worked.

The data on weeks looking for work in previous year (1979) were collected in 1980 for the first time since the 1890 census; the data on usual hours worked were collected for the first time ever in the 1980 census.

OCCUPATION, INDUSTRY, AND CLASS OF WORKER

The data on industry, occupation, and class of worker were derived from answers to questions 28, 29, and 30.

This series of questions was used to obtain industry, occupation, and class of worker information for the employed, the experienced unemployed, and experienced workers not currently in the labor force. The last two categories apply to persons who had worked at some time during the previous five years. All three items related to one specific job that the person held. For an employed person, the information referred to the job held during the reference week. Those who were employed at two or more jobs reported the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours during the reference week. For experienced unemployed persons and for those not in the labor force, the information referred to the last job that they held.

Clerical staff in the Bureau's processing offices converted the written industry and occupation descriptions from the questionnaire to identifying codes by relating these descriptions to an entry in the 1980 Census of Population: *Alphabetical Index of Industries and Occupations* (PHC80-R3), 1982, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. For the industrial code, however, these coders first referred to a Company Name List. This list, prepared from the Standard Statistical Establishment List developed by the Bureau of the Census for use in the economic censuses and surveys, contains the names of establishments and their Standard Industrial Classification code converted to population census equivalents. This listing facilitates coding and helps maintain industrial classification comparability.

This report presents industry and occupation data for the employed and for the experienced civilian labor force. Class of worker information is shown for employed persons only.

Occupation Classification System

The system developed for the 1980 census consists of 503 specific occupation categories arranged into 6 summary and 13 major occupation groups. The 1980 Census of Population: *Classified Index of Industries and Occupations* (PHC80-R4), 1982, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C., provides information on the composition of the detailed categories in the census system.

This classification was developed to be consistent with the 1980 *Standard Occupational Classification Manual* (SOC), published by the U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Federal Statistical Policy and Standards. This is the first time there was a United States standard to use in developing the census occupational classification. The SOC Manual presents a list of 12 principles used in occupational classification. The primary principles used were as follows: 1) the classification should realistically reflect the current occupational structure of the United States, and 2) an occupation should be classified on the basis of work performed. The use of the SOC has affected comparability with the classifications used in earlier censuses. See the section on "Comparability."

In this report several levels of classification are presented. They range from 13 occupational categories to 482 categories. In this longest list, 36 of the 503 categories in the system have been combined into 14 categories. In addition, all but the shortest levels include some occupational categories subdivided by industry or class of worker groups; these subcategories bring the most detailed tables to over 700 individual categories. For tables 220 to 223 an "intermediate" classification of 121 categories was used. The relationship between the detailed and intermediate levels of occupational classification is provided in list A at the end of this appendix.

Industry Classification System

The industry classification system developed for the 1980 Census of Population consists of 231 categories classified into 13 major industry groups. Since 1940 the industrial classification has been based on the *Standard Industrial Classification Manual* (SIC). The 1980 census classification was developed from the 1972 SIC published by the Executive Office of the President, Office of Management and Budget, and the 1977 supplement to that manual. The 1980 Census of Population: *Classified Index of Industries and Occupations* (PHC80-R4), 1982, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C., provides additional information on the census industry classification system.

Several levels of classification are presented in this report. The most detailed tabulation contains the full industry detail plus a few class of worker subcategories. Table 226 shows this level of detail. An "intermediate" classification, used in tables 227 and 228, has 140 industry lines. The relationship between the detailed and intermediate levels of industrial classification is provided in list B at the end of this appendix. A one-page condensed tabulation is used for tables 229, 230, and 231. The relationship between this condensed tabulation and the two longer ones is presented in list C at the end of this appendix.

Relation to Standard Industrial Classification.—The Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) was developed under the sponsorship of the Office of Management and Budget and is designed for the classification of establishments by type of industrial activity in which they are engaged. One of the major purposes of the SIC is to promote uniformity and comparability in the presentation of statistical data collected by various agencies. Accordingly, in the Census of Population the industry categories are defined in these terms. However, population census reports, which are collected from households, differ in nature and detail from those obtained from establishment reports. Therefore, the population census classification system, though defined in SIC terms, cannot reflect the full detail of the SIC system.

In addition, population census data may differ from other industrial data because the dates to which the data refer may not be the same; workers who live in one geographic area and work in another may be reported at their place of residence by the population census but at their place of work in surveys; and dual jobholders may be counted in the reports of two establishments but counted in the census for only their major job.

Relation of Some Industry Groups to Similar Occupations or Class of Worker.—The industry category "public administration" is limited to regular government functions such as legislative, judicial, administrative, and regulatory activities of governments. Other government organizations such as schools, hospitals, liquor stores, and bus lines are classified by industry according to the activity in which they are engaged. On the other hand, the class of worker government categories include all government workers.

Some occupation groups are closely related to certain industries. Operators of transportation equipment, farm operators and workers, and private household workers account for major portions of their respective industries of transportation, agriculture, and private households. The industry categories, however, include persons in other occupations. For example, persons employed in agriculture include truck drivers and bookkeepers; persons employed in the transportation industry include mechanics, freight handlers and bookkeepers; and persons employed in the private household industry include chauffers, gardeners, and secretaries.

Class of Worker

The class of worker item on the questionnaire consists of seven categories which are defined as follows:

1. *Private wage and salary workers*—Persons who worked for a private employer for wages, salary, commission, tips, pay-in-kind, or at piece rates. Private employers include churches and other non-profit organizations.

2. *Government workers*—Persons who worked for any governmental unit, regardless of the activity of the particular agency. This category is subdivided by the level of government: (a) Federal, (b) State, and (c) local (county and its political subdivisions such as cities, villages, and townships). Employees of the United Nations, other international organizations, and foreign governments are classified as Federal government employees. Most employees of the District of Columbia government are classified as local government employees.

3. *Self-employed workers*—
   a. Own business not incorporated—Persons who worked for profit or fees in their own unincorporated business, profession, or trade, or who operated a farm. Included here are the owner-operators of large stores and manufacturing establishments as well as small merchants, independent craftspersons and professionals, farmers, peddlers, and other persons who conducted enterprises of their own.
   b. Own business incorporated—Persons who consider themselves self-employed but work for corporations. In most cases the respondents will own or be part of a group that owns controlling interest in the corporation. Since all workers of a corporation are defined as wage and salary workers, this category is tabulated with "Private wage and salary workers," and is sometimes shown as a subcategory of that group.

4. *Unpaid family workers*—Persons who worked without pay on a farm or in a business operated by a person to whom they are related by blood or marriage. These are usually the children or the wife of the owner of a business or farm. About one quarter of the unpaid family workers are farm workers.

Edit and Allocation Procedures—Occasionally respondents supplied industry, occupation, or class of worker descriptions which were not sufficiently specific for precise classification or did not report on these items. Some of these cases were corrected through the field editing process and during the coding and tabulation operations. In the coding operation certain types of incomplete entries were corrected using the *Alphabetical Index of Industries and Occupations.* For example, it is possible in certain situations to assign an industry code based on the occupation reported.

Following the coding operation, there was a computer edit and allocation process. The edit first determined whether a respondent was in the universe which required an industry and occupation code. The codes for the three items (industry, occupation, and class of worker) were checked to make sure they were valid and were edited for their relation to each other. Invalid and inconsistent codes were either blanked or changed to a consistent code.

If one or more of the three codes were blank after the edit, a code was allocated from a "similar" person based on other items such as age, sex, education, farm or nonfarm residence, and weeks worked. (For further information, see appendix D, page D–7.) This was the first census that allocated industry and occupation to detailed categories.

Comparability With Earlier Census Data—Comparability of industry and occupation data is affected by a number of factors, a major one being the systems used to classify the questionnaire responses. For both the industry and occupation classification systems, the basic structures were generally the same from 1940 to 1970, but changes in the individual categories limited comparability of the data from one census to another. These changes resulted from the need to recognize the "birth" of new industries and occupations, the "death" of others, and growth and decline in existing industries and occupations, as well as the desire of analysts and other users for increased detail in presentation of the data. Probably the greatest cause of incomparability is the movement of a segment of a category to a different category in the next census. Such movements are necessitated by changes in functions and respondent terminology, and refinement of category composition.

In the 1980 census, the industry classification underwent limited change to reflect recent changes to the SIC. The occupation classification however was substantially revised because of the adoption of the Standard Occupational Classification by Federal agencies (see "Occupation Classification System"). During this entire period, from 1940 to 1980, the number of categories in the industry classification system increased from 132 to 231, and in the occupation system from 224 to 503.

Other factors that affect data comparability include the universe to which the data refer (in 1970, the age cutoff for labor force was changed from 14 years to 16 years); how the industry and occupation questions are worded on the questionnaire (for example, important changes were made in 1970); improvements in the coding procedures (the Company Name List technique was introduced in 1960); and how the "not reported" cases are handled. Prior to 1970, nonresponses were placed in residual "Industry not reported" and "Occupation not reported" categories. In 1970, an allocation process was introduced through which these cases were assigned to major groups. In 1980, the "Not reported" cases were assigned to individual categories. Therefore, the 1980 data for individual categories include some numbers of persons who would have been tabulated in a "Not reported" category in previous censuses.

Tables 217 and 226 of this report show 1970 industry and occupation data revised to be comparable with the 1980 data. The adjustments to the 1970 data are based on a 1970 census sample of about 120,000 labor force cases which were recoded to the 1980 industry and occupation schemes.

The following publications contain information on the various factors affecting comparability and are particularly useful for understanding differences in the occupation and industry information from earlier censuses: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Sixteenth Census Reports, Population, *Comparative Occupation Statistics for the United States, 1870 to 1940;* U.S. Bureau of the Census, *Occupational Trends in the United States,* 1900 to 1950, Working Paper No. 5, 1958; U.S. Bureau of the Census, *Changes Between the 1950 and 1960 Occupation and Industry Classifications-With Detailed Adjustments of 1950 Data to the 1960 Classifications,* Technical Paper No. 18, 1968; and U.S. Bureau of the Census, *1970 Occupation and Industry Classification Systems in Terms of their 1960 Occupation and Industry Elements,* Technical Paper No. 26, 1972.

Comparability With Other Data—Comparability between the statistics presented in this volume and statistics from other sources is affected by many of the factors described in the section on "Labor Force Status." These factors are primarily geographic differences between residence and place of work, different dates of reference, and differences in counts because of dual job holding. Industry data from population censuses cover all industries and all kinds of workers, whereas data from establishments often exclude private household workers, government workers,

and the self-employed. Also, the replies from household respondents may differ in detail and nature from those obtained from establishments.

Occupation data from the census and data from government licensing agencies, professional associations, trade unions, etc., may not be as comparable as expected. Organizational listings often include persons not in the labor force or persons devoting all or most of their time to another occupation; or the same person may be included in two or more different listings. In addition, relatively few organizations, except for those requiring licensing, attain complete coverage of membership in a particular occupation field.

INCOME IN 1979

The data on income in 1979 were derived from answers to questions 32 and 33. Information on money income received in the calendar year 1979 was requested from persons 15 years old and over. "Total income" is the algebraic sum of the amounts reported separately for wage or salary income; nonfarm net self-employment income; farm net self-employment income; interest, dividend, net royalty or rental income; Social Security or Railroad Retirement income; public assistance or welfare income; and all other income. "Earnings" is defined as the algebraic sum of wage or salary income and net income from farm and nonfarm self-employment. The earnings figures represent the amount of income received regularly before deductions for personal income taxes, Social Security, bond purchases, union dues, medicare deductions, etc.

Receipts from the following sources were not included as income: money received from the sale of property (unless the recipient was engaged in the business of selling such property); the value of income "in kind" from food stamps, public housing subsidies, medical care, employer contributions for pensions, etc.; withdrawal of bank deposits; money borrowed; tax refunds; exchange of money between relatives living in the same household; gifts and lump-sum inheritances, insurance payments, and other types of lump-sum receipts.

There may be differences between the data in this report on income in 1979 and similar data shown in the *Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas,* PHC80-3, reports and in the Supplementary Reports, *Advance Estimates of Social, Economic and Housing Characteristics,* PHC80-S2. Any such differences are a result of errors corrected after the release of the PHC80-3 and the PHC80-S2 reports.

Type of Income

The seven types of income reported in the census are defined as follows:

Wage or Salary Income—Total money earnings received during the calendar year 1979 for work performed as an employee. It includes wages, salary, Armed Forces pay, commissions, tips, piece-rate payments, and cash bonuses earned, before deductions were made for taxes, bonds, pensions, union dues, etc.

Nonfarm Self-Employment Income—Net money income (gross receipts minus expenses) from one's own business, professional enterprise, or partnership. Gross receipts include the value of all goods sold and services rendered. Expenses include costs of goods purchased, rent, heat, light, power, depreciation charges, wages and salaries paid, business taxes (not personal income taxes), etc.

Farm Self-Employment Income—Net money income (gross receipts minus operating expenses) from the operation of a farm by a person on his own account, as an owner, renter, or sharecropper. Gross receipts include the value of all products sold, receipts from government farm programs, money received from the rental of farm equipment to others, and incidental receipts from the sale of wood, sand, gravel, etc. Operating expenses include cost of feed, fertilizer, seed, and other farming supplies, cash wages paid to farmhands, depreciation charges, cash rent, interest on farm mortgages, farm building repairs, farm taxes (not State and Federal personal income taxes), etc. The value of fuel, food, or other farm products used for family living is not included as part of net income.

Interest, Dividend, or Net Rental Income—Includes interest on savings or bonds, dividends from stockholdings or membership in associations, net royalties, and net income from rental of property to others and receipts from boarders or lodgers.

Social Security Income—Includes Social Security pensions and survivors benefits and permanent disability insurance payments made by the Social Security Administration, prior to deductions for medical insurance, and railroad retirement insurance payments from the U.S. Government. "Medicare" reimbursements are not included.

Public Assistance Income—Includes (1) supplementary security income payments made by Federal or State welfare agencies to low income persons who are aged (65 years old or over), blind, or disabled; (2) aid to families with dependent children, and (3) general assistance. Separate payments received for hospital or other medical care (vendor payments) are excluded from this item.

All Other Income—Includes unemployment compensation, veterans' payments, public or private pensions, alimony or child support, workers' compensation, periodic payments from estates and trust funds, periodic receipts from annuities or insurance, contributions received periodically from persons not living in the household, military family allotments, net gambling winnings, and other kinds of periodic income other than earnings.

Income of Households—Due to increased demand in the 1970's by a wide variety of data users, information on the income of households is presented for all geographic areas in this report. Household income includes the income of the householder and all other persons 15 years old and over in the household, whether related to the householder or not. Since many households consist of only one person, average household income is usually less than average family income.

Income of Families and Unrelated Individuals—In the compilation of statistics on family income, the incomes of all members 15 years old and over in each family are summed and treated as a single amount. However, for unrelated individuals 15 years old and over, the total amount of their own income is used. Although the income statistics cover the calendar year 1979, the characteristics

of persons and the composition of families refer to the time of enumeration (April 1980). Thus, the income of the family does not include amounts received by persons who were members of the family during all or part of the calendar year 1979 if these persons no longer resided with the family at the time of enumeration. On the other hand, family income amounts reported by related persons who did not reside with the family during 1979 but who were members of the family at the time of enumeration are included. However, the composition of most families was the same during 1979 as in April 1980.

Median Income—The median income is the amount which divides the distribution into two equal groups, one having incomes above the median and the other having incomes below the median. For households, families, and unrelated individuals the median income is based on the distribution of the total number of units including those with no income. The median for persons is based on persons with income. The median income values for all households, families, and unrelated individuals are computed on the basis of more detailed income intervals than shown in this report. Median income figures of $30,000 or less are generally calculated using linear interpolation; all other median income amounts are derived through Pareto interpolation. For a detailed description of these interpolation procedures, see Appendix B of the Current Population Reports, Series P-60, No. 129, *Money Income of Families and Persons in the United States: 1979.*

Mean Income—The mean income is the amount obtained by dividing the total income of a particular statistical universe by the number of units in that universe. Thus, mean household income is obtained by dividing total household income by the total number of households. For the various types of income the means are based on households having those types of income.

Care should be exercised in using and interpreting mean income values for small subgroups of the population. Since the mean is strongly influenced by extreme values in the distribution, it is especially susceptible to the effects of sampling variability, misreporting, and processing errors. The median, which is not affected by extreme values, is, therefore, a better measure than the mean when the population base is small. The mean, nevertheless, is shown in this report for most small subgroups because, when weighted according to the number of cases, the means can be added to obtain summary measures for areas and groups other than those shown in this report.

Limitations of the Data—Since questionnaire entries for income are frequently based on memory and not on records, many persons tend to forget minor or irregular sources of income, and therefore, underreport their income. Underreporting tends to be more pronounced for income sources that are not derived from earnings, such as Social Security, public assistance, or net income from interest, dividends, and rentals. In addition, there are errors of reporting due to misunderstanding of the income questions. One such error is the reporting of gross rather than net dollar amounts for the two questions on net self-employment income, which results in an overstatement of these items. Another common error is the reporting of identical dollar amounts in two of the seven type of income items where a respondent with only one source of income assumed that the second amount should be entered to represent total income. Such instances of overreporting would have an impact on the level of mean nonfarm or farm self-employment income and mean total income published for the various geographical subdivisions of the State.

Extensive review procedures were instituted in the coding operation to reduce some of these reporting errors and to improve the accuracy of the income data. Moreover, many reporting errors were rectified through the coding and the computer editing procedures, with the result that consistency of reported income items with work experience, occupation, and class-of-worker information was improved. For example, if a person reported he was self-employed on his own farm, not incorporated, but had reported wage and salary earnings only, the latter amount was shifted to net farm self-employment income. Also, if a person reported total income only, the amount was generally assigned to one of the type of income items according to responses to the work experience and class-of-worker questions. Another type of problem involved nonreporting of income data. Where income information was not reported, computer allocation procedures were devised to impute appropriate values (either no income or positive or negative dollar amounts) for the missing entries. These procedures are described in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data."

In income tables for households, families, and unrelated individuals, the lowest income group (e.g., less than $2,500) includes units that were classified as having no 1979 income. Many of these were living on income "in kind," savings, or gifts, were newly created families or were families in which the sole breadwinner had recently died or left the household. However, many of the families and unrelated individuals who reported no income probably had some money income which was not recorded in the census.

The income data in this report cover money income only. The fact that many farm families receive an important part of their income in the form of "free" housing and goods produced and consumed on the farm rather than in money should be taken into consideration in comparing the income of farm and nonfarm residents. Nonmoney income is also received by some nonfarm residents. Such income often takes the form of business expense accounts, use of business transportation and facilities, or partial compensation by business for medical and educational expenses. Many low income families also receive income "in kind" from public welfare programs. In comparing income data for 1979 with earlier years, it should be noted that an increase or decrease in money income does not necessarily represent a comparable change in real income, unless adjustments for changes in prices are made.

Comparability

Data From Earlier Censuses—The income data collected in the 1960 and 1970 censuses are basically similar to the 1980 census data, but there are variations in the detail of the questions. In 1970, information on income was obtained from all members in every fifth housing unit and small group quarters (less than 15 persons) and every fifth person in all other group quarters. Each person was required to report (a) wage or salary

income, (b) net nonfarm self-employment, (c) net farm self-employment, (d) Social Security or railroad retirement, (e) public assistance or welfare payments, and (f) income from all other sources in 1969.

Between the 1970 and 1980 censuses, there were also some changes in the processing of the data. In the 1970 census, all missing values were imputed either as "None" or as a dollar amount. If a person reported a dollar amount in (a) wage or salary income, (b) net nonfarm self-employment income, or (c) net farm self-employment income, the person was considered as unallocated only if no further dollar amounts were imputed for any additional missing entries. In the 1980 census, all persons with missing values in one or more of the seven type of income items *and* total income were designated as allocated. If total income was reported *and* one or more of the type of income fields was not answered, then the entry in total income was generally assigned to one of the income types according to the socioeconomic characteristics of the income recipient. This person was designated as unallocated. Moreover, there was a difference in the method of computer derivation of aggregate income from individual amounts that were coded in tens, hundreds, and thousands of dollars in the coding operation. In the 1970 census processing, $50 and $5,000, respectively, were added by the computer to each amount coded in hundreds of dollars (under $100,000) and tens of thousands ($100,000 or more). Entries of $990,000 or more were treated as $995,000, and losses of $9,900 or more were treated as minus $9,950. In the 1980 census, income amounts less than $100,000 were coded in tens of dollars, and amounts of $100,000 or more were coded in thousands of dollars; $5 was added to each amount coded in tens of dollars and $500 to each amount coded in thousands of dollars. Entries of $999,000 or more were treated as $999,500, and losses of $9,990 or more were treated as $9,995 in all of the computer derivations of income aggregates. The coding schemes used in both the 1970 and 1980 censuses were developed to accommodate space limitations on the questionnaires.

In both the 1970 and 1980 censuses, all nonrespondents on income (whether heads of families or other persons) were assigned the reported income of persons with similar characteristics, as described generally in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data."

In 1960, data on income were obtained from all members in every fourth housing unit and from every fourth person 14 years old and over living in group quarters. Each person was requested to report (a) wage or salary income, (b) net self-employment income, and (c) income other than earnings received in 1959. An assumption was made in the editing process that no other type of income was received by a person who reported the receipt of either wage and salary income or self-employment income but who had failed to report the receipt of other money income.

In 1950, information on income was obtained from every fifth person 14 years old and over. If the sample person was the head of the family, the income questions were repeated for the other family members as a group in order to obtain the income of the whole family. In the tabulations of family income for the 1950 census, if only the head's income was reported, it was assumed that there was no other income in the family.

In 1940, all persons 14 years old and over were asked to report (a) the amount of wages or salary received in 1939 and (b) whether income amounting to $50 or more was received in 1939 from sources other than wages or salaries.

Income Tax Data—For several reasons, the income data shown in this report are not directly comparable with those which may be obtained from statistical summaries of income tax returns. Income, as defined for tax purposes, differs somewhat from the Bureau of the Census concept. Moreover, the coverage of income tax statistics is different because of the exemptions of persons having small amounts of income and the inclusion of net capital gains in tax returns. Furthermore, members of some families file separate returns and others file joint returns; consequently the income reporting unit is not consistently either a family or a person.

Social Security Administration Earnings Record Data—The earnings data shown in this report are not directly comparable with earnings records of the Social Security Administration. The earnings record data for 1979 exclude the earnings of most civilian government employees, some employees of nonprofit organizations, workers covered by the Railroad Retirement Act, and persons not covered by the program because of insufficient earnings. Furthermore, earnings received from any one employer in excess of $22,900 in 1979 are not covered by earnings records. Finally, since census data are obtained from household questionnaires, they may differ from Social Security Administration earnings record data, which are based upon employers' reports and the Federal income tax returns of self-employed persons.

Bureau of Economic Analysis Income Series—The Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA), of the Department of Commerce publishes annual data on aggregate and per capita personal income received by the population for each State, standard metropolitan statistical areas, and selected counties. Aggregate income estimates based on the income statistics shown in this report usually would be less than those shown in the BEA income series for several reasons. The Bureau of the Census data are obtained directly from households, whereas the BEA income series is estimated largely on the basis of data from administrative records of business and governmental sources. Moreover, the definitions of income are different. The BEA income series includes some items not included in the income data shown in this report, such as income "in kind," income received by nonprofit institutions, the value of services of banks and other financial intermediaries rendered to persons without the assessment of specific changes, medicare payments, and the income of persons who died or emigrated prior to April 1, 1980. On the other hand, the census income data include contributions for support received from persons not residing in the same household and employee contributions for social insurance.

POVERTY STATUS IN 1979

Definitions

The data on poverty status were derived from answers to the same questions as the income data (see the section on "Income in 1979").

Poverty statistics presented in this report are based on a definition origi-

nated by the Social Security Administration in 1964 and subsequently modified by Federal interagency committees in 1969 and 1980. At the core of this definition is the 1961 economy food plan, the least costly of four nutritionally adequate food plans designed by the Department of Agriculture. It was determined from the Agriculture Department's 1955 survey of food consumption that families of three or more persons spend approximately one-third of their income on food; hence the poverty level for these families was set at three times the cost of the economy food plan. For smaller families and persons living alone, the cost of the economy food plan was multiplied by factors that were slightly higher in order to compensate for the relatively larger fixed expenses for these smaller households.

The income cutoffs used by the Bureau of the Census to determine the poverty status of families and unrelated individuals consist of a set of 48 thresholds arranged in a two-dimensional matrix consisting of family size (from one person to nine or more persons) cross-classified by presence and number of family members under 18 years old (from no children present to eight or more children present). Unrelated individuals and two-person families are further differentiated by age of the householder (under 65 years old and 65 years old and over). The total income of each family or unrelated individual is tested against the appropriate poverty threshold to determine the poverty status of that family or unrelated individual. If the total income is less than the corresponding cutoff, the family or unrelated individual is classified as below the poverty level. The number of persons below the poverty level is the sum of the number of persons in families with incomes below the poverty level and the number of unrelated individuals with incomes below the poverty level.

The poverty thresholds are revised annually to allow for changes in the cost of living as reflected in the Consumer Price Index. The average poverty threshold for a family of four persons was $7,412 in 1979. (See table at end of appendix.)

Poverty thresholds are computed on a national basis only. No attempt has been made to adjust these thresholds for regional, State, or local variations in the cost of living. For a detailed discussion of the poverty definition, see U.S. Bureau of the Census, Current Population Reports, Series P-60, No. 133, *Characteristics of the Population Below the Poverty Level: 1980.*

There may be slight differences between the data in this report on poverty status in 1979 and similar data shown in the *Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas,* PHC80-3, reports and in the Supplementary Reports, *Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics,* PHC80-S2. Any such differences are a result of errors in the income data which were corrected after the release of the PHC80-3 and the PHC80-S2 reports.

Persons for Whom Poverty Status is Determined—Poverty status is determined for all persons except inmates of institutions, persons in military group quarters and in college dormitories, and unrelated individuals under 15 years old. When the line, "Persons for whom poverty status is determined," appears under the heading, "All Income Levels in 1979," it shows the total population minus persons in the four groups listed above. When the same line appears under the heading, "Income in 1979 Below Poverty Level," it shows the number of such persons who are classified as being below the poverty level. In tables that contain only poverty data, the above exclusions are stated in the headnote and the word "persons" is used in place of "persons for whom poverty status is determined."

Poverty Status Excluding Social Security and/or Public Assistance Income—Poverty status is normally computed on the basis of total family or unrelated individual income. In table 249 poverty status is also computed on the basis of total family or unrelated individual income less any public assistance or Social Security income. In these tabulations persons in families are classified as with Social Security income and/or public assistance income if any family member received such income in 1979.

Specified Poverty Levels—Because the poverty levels currently in use by the Federal government do not meet all the needs of data users, some of the data are presented for alternate levels ranging from 75 percent to 200 percent of the current poverty level. These specified poverty levels are obtained by multiplying the income cutoffs at the poverty level by the appropriate factor. For example, the average income cutoff at 125 percent of poverty level was $9,265 ($7,412 x 1.25) in 1979 for a family of four persons.

Weighted Average Thresholds at the Poverty Level—The average thresholds shown in the first column of the table were weighted by the presence and number of children. For example, the weighted average threshold for a given family size is obtained by multiplying the threshold for each presence and number of children category within the given family size by the number of families in that category. These products are then aggregated across the entire range of presence and number of children categories, and the aggregate is divided by the total number of families in the group to yield the weighted average threshold at the poverty level for that family size.

Since the basic thresholds used to determine the poverty status of families and unrelated individuals are applied to all families and unrelated individuals, the weighted average poverty thresholds are derived using all families and unrelated individuals rather than just those classified as being below the poverty level. To obtain the weighted poverty thresholds for families and unrelated individuals below alternate poverty levels, the weighted thresholds shown in the table may be multiplied directly by the appropriate factor. The weighted average thresholds presented in the table are based on the March 1980 Current Population Survey. However, it is felt that these thresholds would not differ significantly from those based on the 1980 census.

Income Deficit—Income deficit is the difference between the total income of families and unrelated individuals below the poverty level and their respective poverty thresholds. In computing the income deficit, families reporting a net income loss are assigned zero dollars and for such cases the deficit is equal to the poverty threshold. This measure provides an estimate of the amount which would be required to raise the incomes of all poor families and unrelated individuals to their respective poverty thresholds. The

income deficit is thus a measure of the degree of impoverishment of a family or unrelated individual. However, caution must be exercised in comparing the average deficits of families with different characteristics. Apparent differences in average income deficits may, to some extent, be a function of differences in family size.

Mean Income Deficit—The mean income deficit is the amount obtained by dividing the total income deficit of a group below the poverty level by the number of families (or unrelated individuals) in that group. The mean deficits shown in table 251 of this report may differ slightly from the means previously published in the *General Social and Economic Characteristics,* PC80-1-C reports. These differences are due to different rounding procedures used in tabulating the income deficits in the two report series.

Median Income Deficit—The median income deficit is the amount which divides the distribution into two equal parts, one having an income deficit above the median and the other having an income deficit below the median.

Comparability With Earlier Census Data

The poverty definition used in the 1980 census differs slightly from the one used in the 1970 census. Three technical modifications were made to the definition used in the 1970 census as described below:

1. The separate thresholds for families with a female householder with no husband present and all other families were eliminated. For the 1980 census, the weighted average of the poverty thresholds for these two types of families were applied to all types of families, regardless of the sex of the householder.

2. Farm families and farm unrelated individuals no longer have a set of poverty thresholds that are lower than the thresholds applied to nonfarm families and unrelated individuals. Instead, the nonfarm thresholds were applied to all families and unrelated individuals regardless of residence.

3. The thresholds by size of family were extended from seven or more persons to nine or more persons.

These changes result in a minimal increase in the number of poor at the national level. For a complete discussion of these modifications and their impact, see Current Population Reports, Series P-60, No. 133.

The population covered in the poverty statistics derived from the 1980 census is essentially the same as in the 1970 census. The only difference is that in 1980, unrelated individuals under 15 years old were excluded from the poverty universe, while in 1970, only those under 14 years old were excluded. The poverty data from the 1960 census exclude all persons in group quarters and include all unrelated individuals regardless of age. It is unlikely that these differences in population coverage would have a significant impact when comparing the poverty data for persons from the 1980, 1970, and 1960 censuses.

Limitations

The term "Poverty" connotes a complex set of economic, social, and psychological conditions. The statistics presented in this report provide only estimates of economic poverty based on the receipt of money income before taxes. Readers should also be aware that for many different reasons there is a tendency for respondents to underreport their income. Overall, income earned from wages or salary is more accurately reported than other sources of income. (For a complete discussion of the limitations of the income data, see the section on "Income in 1979.")

It should be pointed out that nonmoney income is not considered in determining poverty status. In recent years, however, receipts from nonmoney transfers such as food stamps, housing subsidies, and health benefits have become an increasingly important element in the income of poor persons. For further information on the subject of valuing noncash benefits, see U.S. Bureau of the Census, Technical Paper 50, *Alternative Methods for Valuing Selected In-Kind Transfer Benefits and Measuring Their Effect on Poverty.* For a complete discussion of the limitations of the poverty concept, see Current Population Reports, Series P-60, No. 133.

Thresholds at the Poverty Level in 1979 by Size of Family and Number of Related Children Under 18 Years

(Figures in dollars. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction)

Size of Family Unit	Weighted average thresholds	Related children under 18 years								
		None	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8 or more
1 person (unrelated individual)	3,686	3,686	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Under 65 years	3,774	3,774	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
65 years and over	3,479	3,479	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2 persons	4,723	4,723	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Householder under 65 years	4,876	4,858	5,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Householder 65 years and over	4,389	4,385	4,981	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3 persons	5,787	5,674	5,839	5,844	...	...	...	...	...	...
4 persons	7,412	7,482	7,605	7,356	7,382	...	...	...	...	...
5 persons	8,776	9,023	9,154	8,874	8,657	8,525	...	...	...	...
6 persons	9,915	10,378	10,419	10,205	9,999	9,693	9,512	...	...	...
7 persons	11,237	11,941	12,016	11,759	11,580	11,246	10,857	10,429	...	...
8 persons	12,484	13,356	13,473	13,231	13,018	12,717	12,334	11,936	11,835	...
9 or more persons	14,812	16,066	16,144	15,929	15,749	15,453	15,046	14,677	14,586	14,024

List A. INTERMEDIATE OCCUPATIONAL CLASSIFICATION (150 ITEMS) WITH COMPONENT DETAILED CATEGORIES

This list presents the relationship between the detailed occupation stub (e.g., table 219) and the intermediate stub (e.g., table 220). The occupation groups marked with an asterisk (*) are not shown in the tables using the intermediate classification but can be derived by subtraction. Numbers in parentheses following the occupation categories are the SOC definitions.

EXECUTIVE, ADMINISTRATIVE, AND MANAGERIAL OCCUPATIONS

1. Officials and administrators, public administration
   - Legislators, chief executives and general administrators; public administration (111, 112)
   - Administrators and officials, public administration (1132, 1139)
   - Administrators, protective services (1131)
2. Administrators, education and related fields (128)
3. Managers, medicine and health (131)
4. Other specified managers
   - Financial managers (122)
   - Personnel and labor relations managers (123)
   - Purchasing managers (124)
   - Managers, marketing, advertising, and public relations (125)
   - Managers, properties and real estate (1353)
   - Postmasters and mail superintendents (1344)
   - Funeral directors (part 1359)
5. Managers and administrators, n.e.c., salaried (121, 126, 127, 132–139, exc. 1344, 1353, part 1359)
6. Manufacturing
   - Nondurable goods
   - Durable goods
7. Transportation, communications, and other public utilities
   - Transportation
   - Communications, utilities and sanitary services
8. Wholesale and retail trade
   - Wholesale trade
   - General merchandise stores
   - Food, bakery, and dairy stores
   - Automotive dealers and gasoline stations
   - Eating and drinking places
   - Other retail trade
9. All other industries
   - Construction
   - Finance, insurance, and real estate
   - Business and repair services
   - Personal services
   - All other industries
10. Managers and administrators, n.e.c., self-employed
11. Construction
12. Manufacturing
    - Nondurable goods
    - Durable goods
13. Wholesale and retail trade
    - Wholesale trade
    - General merchandise stores
    - Food, bakery, and dairy stores
    - Automotive dealers and gasoline stations
    - Eating and drinking places
    - Other retail trade
14. All other industries
    - Transportation
    - Communications, utilities and sanitary services
    - Finance, insurance, and real estate
    - Business and repair services
    - Personal services
    - All other industries
15. Management related occupations
16. Accountants and auditors (1412)
17. Buyers and purchasing agents (144)

EXECUTIVE, ADMINISTRATIVE, AND MANAGERIAL OCCUPATIONS—CON.

Management related occupations—Con.

- * Other management related occupations
  - Underwriters (1414)
  - Other financial officers (1415, 1419)
  - Management analysts (142)
  - Personnel, training, and labor relations specialists (143)
  - Business and promotion agents (145)
  - Construction inspectors (1472)
  - Inspectors and compliance officers, except construction (1473)
  - Management related occupations, n.e.c. (149)

PROFESSIONAL SPECIALTY OCCUPATIONS

18. Architects (161)
19. Electrical and electronic engineers (1633, 1636)
20. Mechanical engineers (1635)
21. Other engineers
    - Aerospace engineers (1622)
    - Metallurgical and materials engineers (1623)
    - Mining engineers (1624)
    - Petroleum engineers (1625)
    - Chemical engineers (1626)
    - Nuclear engineers (1627)
    - Civil engineers (1628)
    - Agricultural engineers (1632)
    - Industrial engineers (1634)
    - Marine engineers and naval architects (1637)
    - Engineers, n.e.c. (1639)
22. Surveyors and mapping scientists (164)
23. Mathematical and computer scientists
24. Computer systems analysts and scientists (171)
    - * Other mathematical and computer scientists
      - Operations and systems researchers and analysts (172)
      - Actuaries (1732)
      - Statisticians (1733)
      - Mathematical scientists, n.e.c. (1739)
25. Natural scientists
    - Physicists and astronomers (1842, 1843)
    - Chemists, except biochemists (1845)
    - Atmospheric and space scientists (1846)
    - Geologists and geodesists (1847)
    - Physical scientists, n.e.c. (1849)
    - Agricultural and food scientists (1853)
    - Biological and life scientists (1854)
    - Forestry and conservation scientists (1852)
    - Medical scientists (1855)
26. Physicians (261)
27. Dentists (262)
28. Other health diagnosing occupations
    - Veterinarians (27)
    - Optometrists (281)
    - Podiatrists (283)
    - Health diagnosing practitioners, n.e.c. (289)
29. Health assessment and treating occupations
30. Registered nurses (29)
31. Pharmacists (301)
32. Therapists
    - Inhalation therapists (3031)
    - Occupational therapists (3032)
    - Physical therapists (3033)
    - Speech therapists (3034)
    - Therapists, n.e.c. (3039)

PROFESSIONAL SPECIALTY OCCUPATIONS—CON.

Health assessment and treating occupations—Con.
* Physicians' assistants (304)
33. Teachers, librarians, and counselors
34. Teachers, postsecondary
Biological science teachers (2213)
Chemistry teachers (2214)
Physics teachers (2215)
Other natural science teachers (2212, 2216)
Psychology teachers (2217)
Economics teachers (2218)
History teachers (2222)
Other social science teachers (2223—2225)
Engineering teachers (2226)
Mathematical and computer science teachers (2227, 2228)
Medical science teachers (2231)
Health specialties teachers (2232)
Business, commerce, and marketing teachers (2233)
Art, drama, and music teachers (2235)
English teachers (2238)
Foreign language teachers (2242)
Other specified teachers (2234, 2236, 2237, 2243—2249)
Postsecondary teachers, subject not specified
35. Teachers, elementary and prekindergarten
Teachers, prekindergarten and kindergarten (231)
Teachers, elementary school (232)
36. Teachers, secondary school (233)
37. Other teachers, librarians, and counselors
Teachers, special education (235)
Teachers, n.e.c. (236—239)
Counselors, educational and vocational (24)
Librarians (251)
Archivists and curators (252)
38. Social scientists and urban planners
Economists (1912)
Psychologists (1915)
Sociologists (1916)
Social scientists, n.e.c. (1913, 1914, 1919)
Urban planners (192)
39. Social and recreation workers
Social workers (2032)
Recreation workers (2033)
40. Religious workers
Clergy (2042)
Religious workers, n.e.c. (2049)
41. Lawyers and judges
Lawyers (211)
Judges (212)
42. Writers, artists, entertainers, and athletes
Authors (321)
Technical writers (398)
Designers (322)
Musicians and composers (323)
Actors and directors (324)
Painters, sculptors, craft-artists, and artist printmakers (325)
Photographers (326)
Dancers (327)
Artists, performers, and related workers, n.e.c. (328, 329)
Editors and reporters (331)
Public relations specialists (332)
Announcers (333)
Athletes (34)

TECHNICIANS AND RELATED SUPPORT OCCUPATIONS

43. Health technologists and technicians
44. Licensed practical nurses (366)
* Other health technologists and technicians
Clinical laboratory technologists and technicians (362)
Dental hygienists (363)
Health record technologists and technicians (364)
Radiologic technicians (365)
Health technologists and technicians, n.e.c. (369)

TECHNICIANS AND RELATED SUPPORT OCCUPATIONS—CON.

45. Engineering and science technicians
46. Electrical and electronic technicians (3711)
47. Drafting and surveying technicians (372, 373)
* Other engineering and science technicians
Industrial engineering technicians (3712)
Mechanical engineering technicians (3713)
Engineering technicians, n.e.c. (3719)
Biological technicians (382)
Chemical technicians (3831)
Science technicians, n.e.c. (3832, 3833, 384, 389)
48. Technicians, except health, engineering, and science
49. Airplane pilots and navigators (825)
50. Computer programmers (3971, 3972)
* Other technicians, except health, engineering, and science
Air traffic controllers (392)
Broadcast equipment operators (393)
Tool programmers, numerical control (3974)
Legal assistants (396)
Technicians, n.e.c. (399)

SALES OCCUPATIONS

51. Supervisors and proprietors, sales occupations (40)
52. Supervisors and proprietors, sales occupations — self-employed
* Supervisors and proprietors, sales occupations — salaried
53. Sale representatives, finance and business services
Insurance sales occupations (4122)
Real estate sales occupations (4123)
Securities and financial services sales occupations (4124)
Advertising and related sales occupations (4153)
Sales occupations, other business service (4152)
54. Sales representatives, commodities except retail
Sales engineers (421)
Sales representatives, mining, manufacturing, and wholesale (423, 424)
55. Sales workers, retail and personal services
56. Cashiers
* Other sales workers, retail and personal service
Sales workers, motor vehicles and boats (4342, 4344)
Sales workers, apparel (4346)
Sales workers, shoes (4351)
Sales workers, furniture and home furnishings (4348)
Sales workers, radio, TV, hi-fi, and appliances (4343, 4352)
Sales workers, hardware and building supplies (4353)
Sales workers, parts (4367)
Sales workers, other commodities (4345, 4347, 4354, 4356, 4359, 4362, 4369)
Sales counter clerks (4363)
Street and door-to-door sales workers (4366)
News vendor (4365)
57. Sales related occupations
Demonstrators, promoters and models, sales (445)
Auctioneers (447)
Sales support occupations, n.e.c. (444, 446, 449)

ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT OCCUPATIONS, INCLUDING CLERICAL

58. Supervisors, administrative support occupations, including clerical
Supervisors, general office (4511, 4513, 4514, 4516, 4519, 4529)
Supervisors, computer equipment operators (4512)
Supervisors, financial records processing (4521)
Chief communications operators (4523)
Supervisors; distribution, scheduling, and adjusting clerks (4522, 4524—4528)
59. Computer equipment operators
Computer operators (4612)
Peripheral equipment operators (4613)
60. Secretaries, stenographers, and typists

ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT OCCUPATIONS, INCLUDING CLERICAL—CON.

Secretaries, stenographers, and typists—Con.
61. Secretaries (4622)
* Stenographers and typists
Stenographers (4623)
Typists (4624)
62. Receptionists (4645)
63. File clerks (4696)
64. Financial records processing occupations
65. Bookkeepers, accounting, and auditing clerks (4712)
* Other financial records processing occupations
Payroll and timekeeping clerks (4713)
Billing clerks (4715)
Cost and rate clerks (4716)
Billing, posting, and calculating machine operators (4718)
66. Telephone operators (4732)
67. Mail and message distributing occupations
Postal clerks, except mail carriers (4742)
Mail carriers, postal service (4743)
Mail clerks, except postal service (4744)
Messengers (4745)
68. Traffic, shipping, stock and inventory clerks
Traffic, shipping, and receiving clerks (4753)
Stock and inventory clerks (4754)
69. Insurance adjusters, examiners, and investigators (4782)
70. Bank tellers (4791)
71. Data-entry keyers (4793)
72. Other administrative support occupations
Interviewers (4642)
Hotel clerks (4643)
Transportation ticket and reservation agents (4644)
Information clerks, n.e.c. (4649)
Classified-ad-clerks (4662)
Correspondence clerks (4663)
Order clerks (4664)
Personnel clerks, except payroll and timekeeping (4692)
Library clerks (4694)
Records clerks (4699)
Duplicating machine operators (4722)
Mail preparing and paper handling machine operators (4723)
Office machine operators, n.e.c. (4729)
Telegraphers (4733)
Communications equipment operators, n.e.c. (4739)
Dispatchers (4751)
Production coordinators (4752)
Meter readers (4755)
Weighers, measurers and checkers (4756)
Samplers (4757)
Expediters (4758)
Material recording, scheduling, and distributing clerks, n.e.c. (4759)
Investigators and adjusters, except insurance (4783)
Eligibility clerks, social welfare (4784)
Bill and account collectors (4786)
General office clerks (463)
Proofreaders (4792)
Statistical clerks (4794)
Teachers' aides (4795)
Administrative support occupations, n.e.c. (4787, 4799)

PRIVATE HOUSEHOLD OCCUPATIONS

73. Private household occupations
Launderers and ironers (503)
Cooks, private household (504)
Housekeepers and butlers (505)
Child care workers, private household (506)
Private household cleaners and servants (502, 507, 509)

PROTECTIVE SERVICE OCCUPATIONS

74. Firefighting occupations (5123)
75. Police and detectives, public service (5132)

PROTECTIVE SERVICE OCCUPATIONS—CON.

76. Guards
Crossing guards (5142)
Guards and police, except public service (5144)
Protective service occupations, n.e.c. (5149)
77. Other protective service occupations
Supervisors, firefighting and fire prevention occupations (5111)
Supervisors, police and detectives (5112)
Supervisors, guards (5113)
Fire inspection and fire prevention occupations (5122)
Sheriffs, bailiffs, and other law enforcement officers (5134)
Correctional institution officers (5133)

SERVICE OCCUPATIONS, EXCEPT PROTECTIVE AND HOUSEHOLD

78. Food preparation and service occupations
79. Waiters and food counter workers
Waiters and waitresses (5213)
Food counter, fountain and related occupations (5216)
80. Cooks
Cooks, except short order (5214)
Short-order cooks (5215)
* Other food service occupations
Supervisors, food preparation and service occupations (5211)
Bartenders (5212)
Kitchen workers, food preparation (5217)
Waiters' and waitresses' assistants (5218)
Miscellaneous food preparation occupations (5219)
81. Health service occupations
82. Nursing aides, orderlies, and attendants (5236)
* Other health service occupations
Dental assistants (5232)
Health aides, except nursing (5233)
83. Cleaning and building service occupations
Supervisors, cleaning and building service workers (5241)
Maids and housemen (5242,5249)
Janitors and cleaners (5244)
Elevator operators (5245)
Pest control occupations (5246)
84. Personal service occupations
85. Barbers, hairdressers and cosmetologists (5252, 5253)
* Other personal service occupations
Supervisors, personal service occupations (5251)
Attendants, amusement and recreation facilities (5254)
Guides (5255)
Ushers (5256)
Public transportation attendants (5257)
Baggage porters and bellhops (5262)
Welfare service aides (5263)
Child care workers, except private household (5264)
Personal service occupations, n.e.c. (5258, 5269)

FARMING, FORESTRY, AND FISHING OCCUPATIONS

86. Farm operators and managers
Farmers, except horticultural (5512—5514)
Horticultural specialty farmers (5515)
Managers, farms, except horticultural (5522—5524)
Managers, horticultural specialty farms (5525)
87. Farm occupations, except managerial
Supervisors, farm workers (5611)
Farm workers (5612—5617)
Marine life cultivation workers (5618)
Nursery workers (5619)
88. Related agricultural occupations
Supervisors, related agricultural occupations (5621)
Groundskeepers and gardeners, except farm (5622)
Animal caretakers, except farm (5624)
Graders and sorters, agricultural products (5625)
Inspectors, agricultural products (5627)
89. Forestry and fishing occupations
Supervisors, forestry and logging workers (571)

FARMING, FORESTRY, AND FISHING OCCUPATIONS—CON.

Forestry and fishing occupations—Con.
- Forestry workers, except logging (572)
- Timber cutting and logging occupations (573, 579)
- Captains and other officers, fishing vessels (part 8241)
- Fishers (583)
- Hunters and trappers (584)

PRECISION PRODUCTION, CRAFT, AND REPAIR OCCUPATIONS

90. Automobile mechanics, including body
    - Automobile mechanics (6111)
    - Automobile body and related repairers (6115)
91. Aircraft mechanics (6113, 6116)
92. Heating, air conditioning, and refrigeration mechanics (616)
93. Other mechanics and repairers
    - Supervisors, mechanics and repairers (60)
    - Bus, truck, and stationary engine mechanics (6112)
    - Small engine repairers (6114)
    - Heavy equipment mechanics (6117)
    - Farm equipment mechanics (6118)
    - Industrial machinery repairers (613)
    - Machinery maintenance occupations (614)
    - Electronic repairers, communications and industrial equipment (6151, 6153, 6155)
    - Data processing equipment repairers (6154)
    - Household appliance and power tool repairers (6156)
    - Telephone line installers and repairers (6157)
    - Telephone installers and repairers (6158)
    - Miscellaneous electrical and electronic equipment repairers (6152, 6159)
    - Camera, watch, and musical instrument repairers (6171, 6172)
    - Locksmiths and safe repairers (6173)
    - Office machine repairers (6174)
    - Mechanical controls and valve repairers (6175)
    - Elevator installers and repairers (6176)
    - Millwrights (6178)
    - Specified mechanics and repairers, n.e.c. (6177, 6179)
    - Not specified mechanics and repairers
94. Carpenters (6422)
95. Electricians (6432)
96. Painters, construction and maintenance (6442)
97. Plumbers, pipefitters, and steamfitters (645)
98. Other construction trades
    - Supervisors; brickmasons, stonemasons, and tile setters (6312)
    - Supervisors; carpenters and related workers (6313)
    - Supervisors; electricians and power transmission installers (6314)
    - Supervisors; painters, paperhangers, and plasterers (6315)
    - Supervisors; plumbers, pipefitters, and steamfitters (6316)
    - Supervisors; n.e.c. (6311, 6318)
    - Brickmasons and stonemasons (6412, 6413)
    - Tile setters, hard and soft (6414, part 6462)
    - Carpet installers (Part 6462)
    - Drywall installers (6424)
    - Electrical power installers and repairers (6433)
    - Paperhangers (6443)
    - Plasterers (6444)
    - Concrete and terrazzo finishers (6463)
    - Glaziers (6464)
    - Insulation workers (6465)
    - Paving, surfacing, and tamping equipment operators (6466)
    - Roofers (6468)
    - Sheetmetal duct installers (6472)
    - Structural metal workers (6473)
    - Drillers, earth (6474)
    - Construction trades, n.e.c. (6467, 6475, 6476, 6479)
99. Extractive occupations
    - Supervisors, extractive occupations (632)
    - Drillers, oil well (652)
    - Explosives workers (653)
    - Mining machine operators (654)
    - Mining occupations, n.e.c. (656)

PRECISION PRODUCTION, CRAFT, AND REPAIR OCCUPATIONS—CON.

100. Supervisors, production occupations (67, 71)
101. Manufacturing
    - Nondurable goods
    - Durable goods
    - * Nonmanufacturing industries
        - Transportation, communications, and other public utilities
        - Wholesale and retail trade
        - All other industries
102. Tool and die makers (6811)
103. Machinists (6813)
104. Sheet metal workers (6824)
105. Other precision metal workers
    - Precision assemblers, metal (6812)
    - Boilermakers (6814)
    - Precision grinders, filers, and tool sharpeners (6816)
    - Patternmakers and model makers, metal (6817)
    - Lay-out workers (6821)
    - Precious stones and metals workers (Jewelers) (6822, 6866)
    - Engravers, metal (6823)
    - Miscellaneous precision metal workers (6829)
106. Precision textile, apparel, and furnishings machine workers
    - Dressmakers (Part 6852, part 7752)
    - Tailors (Part 6852)
    - Upholsterers (6853)
    - Shoe repairers (6854)
    - Apparel and fabric patternmakers (6856)
    - Miscellaneous precision apparel and fabric workers (6859, part 7752)
107. Plant and system operators
    - Water and sewage treatment plant operators (691)
    - Power plant operators (Part 693)
    - Stationary engineers (Part 693, 7668)
    - Miscellaneous plant and system operators (692, 694, 695, 696)
108. Other precision production occupations
    - Patternmakers and model makers, wood (6831)
    - Cabinet makers and bench carpenters (6832)
    - Furniture and wood finishers (6835)
    - Miscellaneous precision woodworkers (6839)
    - Hand molders and shapers, except jewelers (6861)
    - Patternmakers, lay-out workers, and cutters (6862)
    - Optical goods workers (6864, part 7477, part 7677)
    - Dental laboratory and medical appliance technicians (6865)
    - Bookbinders (6844)
    - Electrical and electronic equipment assemblers (6867)
    - Miscellaneous precision workers, n.e.c. (6869)
    - Butchers and meat cutters (6871)
    - Bakers (6872)
    - Food batchmakers (6873, 6879)
    - Inspectors, testers, and graders (6881, 828)
    - Adjusters and calibrators (6882)

MACHINE OPERATORS, ASSEMBLERS, AND INSPECTORS

109. Metalworking and plastic working machine operators
    - Lathe and turning machine set-up operators (7312)
    - Lathe and turning machine operators (7512)
    - Milling and planing machine operators (7313, 7513)
    - Punching and stamping press machine operators (7314, 7317, 7514, 7517)
    - Rolling machine operators (7316, 7516)
    - Drilling and boring machine operators (7318, 7518)
    - Grinding, abrading, buffing and polishing machine operators (7322, 7324, 7522)
    - Forging machine operators (7319, 7519)
    - Numerical control machine operators (7326)
    - Miscellaneous metal, plastic, stone, and glass working machine operators (7329, 7529)
110. Printing machine operators
    - Printing machine operators (7443, 7643)
    - Photoengravers and lithographers (6842, 7444, 7644)
    - Typesetters and compositors (6841, 7642)
    - Miscellaneous printing machine operators (6849, 7449, 7649)

MACHINE OPERATORS, ASSEMBLERS, AND INSPECTORS—CON.

111. Textile, apparel, and furnishings machine operators
112. Textile machine operators
    Winding and twisting machine operators (7451, 7651)
    Knitting, looping, taping, and weaving machine operators (7452, 7652)
    Textile cutting machine operators (7654)
    Miscellaneous textile machine operators (7459, 7659)
113. Textile sewing machine operators (7655)
114. Laundering and dry cleaning machine operators (6855, 7658)
    * Shoe and pressing machine operators
        Shoe machine operators (7656)
        Pressing machine operators (7657)

115. Other specified machine operators
    Fabricating machine operators, n.e.c. (7339, 7539)
    Molding and casting machine operators (7315, 7342, 7515, 7542)
    Metal plating machine operators (7343, 7543)
    Heat treating equipment operators (7344, 7544)
    Miscellaneous metal and plastic processing machine operators (7349, 7549)
    Wood lathe, routing, and planing machine operators (7431, 7432, 7631, 7632)
    Sawing machine operators (7433, 7633)
    Shaping and joining machine operators (7435, 7635)
    Nailing and tacking machine operators (7636)
    Miscellaneous woodworking machine operators (7434, 7439, 7634, 7639)
    Cementing and gluing machine operators (7661)
    Packaging and filling machine operators (7462, 7662)
    Extruding and forming machine operators (7463, 7663)
    Mixing and blending machine operators (7664)
    Separating, filtering, and clarifying machine operators (7476, 7666, 7676)
    Compressing and compacting machine operators (7467, 7667)
    Painting and paint spraying machine operators (7669)
    Roasting and baking machine operators, food (7472, 7672)
    Washing, cleaning, and pickling machine operators (7673)
    Folding machine operators (7474, 7674)
    Furnace, kiln, and oven operators, except food (7675)
    Crushing and grinding machine operators (Part 7477, part 7677)
    Slicing and cutting machine operators (7478, 7678)
    Motion picture projectionists (Part 7479)
    Photographic process machine operators (6863, 6868, 7671)

116. Miscellaneous machine operators, n.e.c. (Part 7479, 7665, 7679)
117. Machine operators, not specified
    Miscellaneous and not specified machine operators by industry:
118. Food and kindred products
119. Textile mill and finished textile products
        Textile mill products
        Apparel and other finished textile products
120. Paper and allied products
121. Other nondurable goods
        Tobacco manufactures
        Printing, publishing, and allied industries
        Chemicals and allied products
        Petroleum and coal products
        Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products
        Leather and leather products

122. Metal industries
        Blast furnaces, steelworks, rolling and finishing mills
        Other primary metal industries
        Fabricated metal industries
123. Machinery, including electrical
        Machinery, except electrical
        Electrical machinery, equipment, and supplies
124. Transportation equipment
        Motor vehicles and motor vehicle equipment
        Other transportation equipment

MACHINE OPERATORS, ASSEMBLERS, AND INSPECTORS—CON.

Miscellaneous and not specified machine operators by industry: —Con.
125. Other durable goods
        Lumber and wood products, except furniture
        Furniture and fixtures
        Stone, clay, glass, and concrete products
        Professional and photographic equipment and watches
        Miscellaneous manufacturing industries
        Not specified manufacturing industries
126. Transportation, communications, and other public utilities
127. Wholesale and retail trade
        Wholesale trade
        Retail trade
128. All other industries
        Construction
        Business and repair services
        Public administration
        All other industries
129. Welders and cutters (7332, 7532, 7714)
130. Assemblers (772, 774)
131. Other fabricators and hand working occupations
    Solderers and brazers (7333, 7533, 7717)
    Hand cutting and trimming occupations (7753)
    Hand molding, casting, and forming occupations (7754, 7755)
    Hand painting, coating and decorating occupations (7756)
    Hand engraving and printing occupations (7757)
    Hand grinding and polishing occupations (7758)
    Miscellaneous hand working occupations (7759)
132. Production inspectors, testers, samplers, and weighers
    Production inspectors, checkers, and examiners (782, 787)
    Production testers (783)
    Production samplers and weighers (784)
    Graders and sorters, except agricultural (785)

TRANSPORTATION AND MATERIAL MOVING OCCUPATIONS

133. Motor vehicle operators
134. Truck drivers and driver-sales workers
        Truck drivers, heavy (8212, 8213)
        Truck drivers, light (8214)
        Driver-sales workers (8218)
135. Bus drivers (8215)
    * Other motor vehicle operators
        Supervisors, motor vehicle operators (8111)
        Taxicab drivers and chauffeurs (8216)
        Parking lot attendants (874)
        Motor transportation occupations, n.e.c. (8219)

136. Rail and water transportation occupations
    Railroad conductors and yardmasters (8113)
    Locomotive operating occupations (8232)
    Railroad brake, signal, and switch operators (8233)
    Rail vehicle operators, n.e.c. (8239)
    Ship captains and mates, except fishing boats (Part 8241, 8242)
    Sailors and deckhands (8243)
    Marine engineers (8244)
    Bridge, lock, and lighthouse tenders (8245)

137. Material moving equipment operators
138. Excavating, grading, and dozer machine operators
        Excavating and loading machine operators (8316)
        Grader, dozer, and scraper operators (8317)
    * Other material moving equipment operators
        Supervisors, material moving equipment operators (812)
        Operating engineers (8312)
        Longshore equipment operators (8313)
        Hoist and winch operators (8314)
        Crane and tower operators (8315)
        Industrial truck and tractor equipment operators (8318)
        Miscellaneous material moving equipment operators (8319)

HANDLERS, EQUIPMENT CLEANERS, HELPERS, AND LABORERS

139. Construction laborers (871)
140. Freight, stock, and material handlers
    Garbage collectors (8722)
    Stevedores (8723)
    Stock handlers and baggers (8724)
    Machine feeders and offbearers (8725)
    Freight, stock, and material handlers, n.e.c. (8726)
141 Garage and service station related occupations (873)
142. Hand packers and packagers (8761)
143. Other specified handlers, equipment cleaners, and helpers
    Supervisors; handlers, equipment cleaners, and laborers, n.e.c. (85)
    Helpers, mechanics and repairers (863)
    Helpers, construction trades (8641–8645, 8648)
    Helpers, surveyor (8646)
    Helpers, extractive occupations (865)
    Production helpers (861, 862)
    Vehicle washers and equipment cleaners (875)
144. Laborers, except construction (8769)
145. Nondurable goods manufacturing
    Food and kindred products
    Textile mill and finished textile products
    Paper and allied products
    Chemicals and allied products
    Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products
    Other nondurable goods

HANDLERS, EQUIPMENT CLEANERS, HELPERS, AND LABORERS—CON.

Laborers, except construction (8769)—Con.
146. Durable goods manufacturing
147. Metal industries
    Primary metal industries
    Fabricated metal industries
    * Other durable goods
    Furniture, lumber, and wood products
    Stone, clay, glass, and concrete products
    Machinery, except electrical
    Transportation equipment
    Other durable goods
    Not specified manufacturing
148. Transportation, communications, and other public utilities
149. Wholesale and retail trade
    Wholesale trade
    Retail trade
150. All other industries
    Business and repair services
    Public administration
    All other industries

List B. INTERMEDIATE INDUSTRIAL CLASSIFICATION (144 ITEMS) WITH COMPONENT DETAILED CATEGORIES

This list presents the relationship between the detailed industry stub (e.g., table 226) and the intermediate industry stub (e.g., table 227). The industry groups marked with an asterisk (*) are not shown in the tables using the intermediate classification but can be derived by subtraction. Numbers in parentheses following the industry categories are the SIC definitions.

AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, AND FISHERIES

1. Agricultural production
    Agricultural production, crops (01)
    Agricultural production, livestock (02)
2. Agricultural services, including horticultural
    Agricultural services, except horticultural (07 except 078)
    Horticultural services (078)
3. Forestry and fisheries
    Forestry (03)
    Fishing, hunting, and trapping (09)

MINING

4. Metal mining (10)
5. Coal mining (11, 12)
6. Crude petroleum and natural gas extraction (13)
7. Nonmetallic mining and quarrying, except fuel (14)

CONSTRUCTION

8. Construction (15, 16, 17)

MANUFACTURING

9. Meat products (201)
10. Dairy products (202)
11. Canned and preserved fruits and vegetables (203)
12. Bakery products (205)
13. Beverage industries (208)
14. Other food industries
    Grain mill products (204)
    Sugar and confectionery products (206)

MANUFACTURING—CON.

Other food industries—Con.
    Miscellaneous food preparations and kindred products (207, 209)
    Not specified food industries
15. Tobacco manufactures (21)
16. Knitting mills (225)
17. Yarn, thread, and fabric mills (221–224, 228)
18. Other textile mill products
    Dyeing and finishing textiles, except wool and knit goods (226)
    Floor coverings, except hard surface (227)
    Miscellaneous textile mill products (229)
19. Apparel and other finished textile products
    Apparel and accessories, except knit (231–238)
    Miscellaneous fabricated textile products (239)
20. Paper and allied products
    Pulp, paper, and paperboard mills (261-263, 266)
    Miscellaneous paper and pulp products (264)
    Paperboard containers and boxes (265)
21. Printing, publishing, and allied industries
22. Newspaper publishing and printing (271)
    * Printing, publishing, and allied industries, except newspapers (272–279)
23. Chemicals and allied products
24. Plastics, synthetics, and resins (282)
25. Drugs (283)
    * Other chemicals and allied products
    Soaps and cosmetics (284)
    Paints, varnishes, and related products (285)
    Agricultural chemicals (287)
    Industrial and miscellaneous chemicals (281, 286, 289)

MANUFACTURING—CON.

26. Petroleum and coal products
27. Petroleum refining (291)
    * Miscellaneous petroleum and coal products (295, 299)
28. Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products (30)
29. Footwear, except rubber and plastic products (313, 314)
30. Leather and leather products, except footwear (311, 315—317, 319)
31. Logging (241)
32. Sawmills, planing mills, and millwork (242, 243)
33. Wood buildings, mobile homes, and miscellaneous wood products
    Wood buildings and mobile homes (245)
    Miscellaneous wood products (244, 249)
34. Furniture and fixtures (25)
35. Stone, clay, glass, and concrete products
36. Glass and glass products (321—323)
37. Cement, concrete, gypsum, and plaster products (324, 327)
    * Other stone, clay, and miscellaneous nonmetallic mineral products
      Structural clay products (325)
      Pottery and related products (326)
      Miscellaneous nonmetallic mineral and stone products (328, 329)
38. Blast furnaces, steelworks, rolling and finishing mills (331)
39. Iron and steel industries (332)
40. Primary nonferrous industries
    Primary aluminum industries (3334, part 334, 3353—3355, 3361)
    Other primary metal industries (3331—3333, 3339, part 334, 3351, 3356, 3357, 3362, 3369, 339)
41. Fabricated metal industries
42. Cutlery, handtools, and other hardware (342)
43. Fabricated structural metal products (344)
44. Metal forgings and stampings (346)
    * Other fabricated metal industries
      Screw machine products (345)
      Ordnance (348)
      Miscellaneous fabricated metal products (341, 343, 347, 349)
      Not specified metal industries
45. Farm machinery and equipment (352)
46. Construction and material handling machines (353)
47. Metalworking machinery (354)
48. Office, accounting, and computing machines
    Office and accounting machines (357 except 3573)
    Electronic computing equipment (3573)
49. Other machinery, except electrical
    Engines and turbines (351)
    Machinery, except electrical, n.e.c. (355, 356, 358, 359)
    Not specified machinery
50. Household appliances (363)
51. Radio, TV, and communication equipment (365, 366)
52. Other electrical machinery, equipment, and supplies
    Electrical machinery, equipment, and supplies, n.e.c. (361, 362, 364, 367, 369)
    Not specified electrical machinery, equipment, and supplies
53. Motor vehicles and motor vehicle equipment (371)
54. Aircraft, space vehicles, and parts
    Aircraft and parts (372)
    Guided missiles, space vehicles, and parts (376)
55. Ship and boat building and repairing (373)
56. Other transportation equipment
    Railroad locomotives and equipment (374)
    Cycles and miscellaneous transportation equipment (375, 379)
57. Professional and photographic equipment and watches
    Scientific and controlling instruments (381, 382)
    Optical and health services supplies (383, 384, 385)
    Photographic equipment and supplies (386)
    Watches, clocks, and clockwork operated devices (387)
    Not specified professional equipment
58. Miscellaneous manufacturing industries
    Toys, amusement, and sporting goods (394)
    Other miscellaneous manufacturing industries (39 except 394)
59. Not specified manufacturing industries

TRANSPORTATION, COMMUNICATIONS, AND OTHER PUBLIC UTILITIES

60. Railroads (40)
61. Bus service and urban transit (41 except 412)
62. Taxicab service (412)
63. Trucking service and warehousing
    Trucking service (421, 423)
    Warehousing and storage (422)
64. U.S. Postal Service (43)
65. Water transportation (44)
66. Air transportation (45)
67. Other transportation
    Pipe lines, except natural gas (46)
    Services incidental to transportation (47)
68. Radio and television broadcasting (483)
69. Telephone (wire and radio)
70. Telegraph and miscellaneous communication services (482, 489)
71. Electric and gas utilities
    Electric light and power (491)
    Gas and steam supply systems (492, 496)
    Electric and gas, and other combinations (493)
72. Water supply, sanitary services, and other utilities
    Water supply and irrigation (494, 497)
    Sanitary services (495)
    Not specified utilities

WHOLESALE TRADE

73. Motor vehicles and equipment (501)
74. Lumber and construction materials (503)
75. Electrical goods (506)
76. Hardware, plumbing and heating supplies (507)
77. Machinery, equipment, and supplies (508)
78. Other wholesale, durable goods
    Furniture and home furnishings (502)
    Sporting goods, toys, and hobby goods (504)
    Metals and minerals, except petroleum (505)
    Not specified electrical and hardware products
    Scrap and waste materials (5093)
    Miscellaneous wholesale, durable goods (5094, 5099)
79. Drugs, chemicals, and allied products (512, 516)
80. Groceries and farm products
    Groceries and related products (514)
    Farm products — raw materials (515)
81. Petroleum products (517)
82. Other wholesale, nondurable goods
    Paper and paper products (511)
    Apparel, fabrics, and notions (513)
    Alcoholic beverages (518)
    Farm supplies (5191)
    Miscellaneous wholesale, nondurable goods (5194, 5198, 5199)
    Not specified wholesale trade

RETAIL TRADE

83. Hardware and building material retailing
    Lumber and building material retailing (521, 523)
    Hardware stores (525)
84. General merchandise stores
85. Department stores (531)
    * Other general merchandise stores
      Variety stores (533)
      Miscellaneous general merchandise stores (539)
86. Food, bakery, and dairy stores
    Grocery stores (541)
    Dairy products stores (545)
    Retail bakeries (546)
    Food stores, n.e.c. (542, 543, 544, 549)
87. Motor vehicle dealers (551, 552)
88. Auto and home supply stores (553)
89. Gasoline service stations (554)
90. Miscellaneous vehicle dealers (555, 556, 557, 559)

Appendix C.—General Enumeration and Processing Procedures

USUAL PLACE OF RESIDENCE. . C–1
Armed Forces. C–1
Crews of Merchant Vessels C–1
Persons Away at School C–1
Persons in Institutions C–1
Persons Away From Their Residence on Census Day C–1
Americans Abroad. C–2
Citizens of Foreign Countries. . . C–2
DATA COLLECTION PROCEDURES. C–2
PROCESSING PROCEDURES. . . . C–2

USUAL PLACE OF RESIDENCE

In accordance with census practice dating back to the first U.S. census in 1790, each person enumerated in the 1980 census was counted as an inhabitant of his or her "usual place of residence," which is generally construed to mean the place where the person lives and sleeps most of the time. This place is not necessarily the same as the person's legal residence or voting residence. In the vast majority of cases, however, the use of these different bases of classification would produce substantially the same statistics, although there might be appreciable differences for a few areas.

The implementation of this practice has resulted in the establishment of residence rules for certain categories of persons whose usual place of residence is not immediately apparent. Furthermore, this practice means that persons were not always counted as residents of the place where they happened to be staying on Census Day (April 1). Persons without a usual place of residence, however, were counted where they happened to be staying.

Armed Forces

Members of the Armed Forces living on a military installation were counted, as in every previous census, as residents of the area in which the installation was located; members of the Armed Forces not living on a military installation were counted as residents of the area in which they were living. Family members of Armed Forces personnel were counted where they were living on Census Day (i.e., with the Armed Forces personnel or at another location, as the case might be).

Each Navy ship was attributed to the municipality that the Department of the Navy designated as its homeport, except for those ships which were deployed to the 6th or 7th Fleet on Census Day. As was done in the 1970 census, naval personnel aboard deployed ships were defined in the 1980 census as part of the overseas population, because deployment to the 6th or 7th Fleet implies a long-term overseas assignment.

In homeports with fewer than 1,000 naval personnel assigned to ships, the crews were counted aboard the ship. In homeports with 1,000 or more naval personnel assigned to ships, the naval personnel who indicated that they had a usual residence within 50 miles of the homeport of their ship were attributed to that residence.

When a homeport designated by the Navy was contained in more than one municipality, ships homeported and berthed there on Census Day were assigned by the Bureau of the Census to the municipality in which the land immediately adjacent to the dock or pier was actually located. Other ships attributed by the Navy to that homeport, but which were not physically present and not deployed to the 6th or 7th Fleet on Census Day, were allocated to the municipality named on the Navy's homeport list.

Crews of Merchant Vessels

Shipboard Census Reports were mailed to crews of merchant vessels through the ships' respective owner-operators based on lists of U.S. flag merchant vessels obtained from the Maritime Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce.

If the ship was berthed in a U.S. port on Census Day, the crew was enumerated as of that port. If the ship was not berthed in a U.S. port but was inside the territorial waters of the United States, the crew was enumerated as of (a) the port of destination if that port was inside the United States or (b) the homeport of the ship if its port of destination was outside the United States. Crews of U.S. flag vessels which were outside U.S. territorial waters on Census Day and crews of vessels flying a foreign flag were not enumerated in the 1980 census.

Persons Away at School

College students were counted as residents of the area in which they were living while attending college, as they have been since 1950. However, children in boarding schools below the college level were counted at their parental home.

Persons in Institutions

Inmates of institutions, who ordinarily live there for considerable periods of time, were counted as residents of the area where the institution was located. Patients in short-term wards (general, maternity, etc.) of hospitals were counted at their usual place of residence; if they had no usual place of residence, they were counted at the hospital.

Persons Away From Their Residence on Census Day

Persons in hotels, motels, etc., on the night of March 31, 1980, were requested to fill out a census form for assignment of their census information back to their homes if they indicated that no one was at home to report them in the census. A similar approach was used for persons visiting in private residences, as well as for Americans who left the United States during March 1980 via major intercontinental air or ship carriers for temporary travel abroad. In addition, information on persons away from their usual place of residence was obtained from other members of their families, resident managers, neighbors, etc. If an entire household was expected to be

away during the whole period of the enumeration, information on that household was obtained from neighbors. A matching process was used to eliminate duplicate reports for persons who reported for themselves while away from their usual residence and who were also reported at this usual residence by someone else.

A special enumeration was conducted in such facilities as missions, flophouses, jails, detention centers, etc., on the night of April 6, 1980, and persons enumerated therein were counted as residents of the area in which the establishment was located.

Americans Abroad

Americans who were overseas for an extended period (in the Armed Forces, working at civilian jobs, studying in foreign universities, etc.) were not included in the population of any State or the District of Columbia. On the other hand, Americans who were temporarily abroad on vacations, business trips, and the like were counted at their usual residence in the United States.

Citizens of Foreign Countries

Citizens of foreign countries having their usual residence (legally or illegally) in the United States on Census Day, including those working here (but not living at an embassy, ministry, legation, chancellery, or consulate) and those attending school (but not living at an embassy, etc.), were included in the enumeration, as were members of their families living with them. However, citizens of foreign countries temporarily visiting or traveling in the United States or living on the premises of an embassy, etc., were not enumerated in the 1980 census.

DATA COLLECTION PROCEDURES

The 1980 census was conducted primarily through self-enumeration. A census questionnaire was delivered by postal carriers to every housing unit several days before Census Day, April 1, 1980. This questionnaire included explanatory information and was accompanied by an instruction guide. Spanish-language versions of the questionnaire and instruction guide were available on request. The questionnaire was also available in narrative translation in 32 languages.

In most areas of the United States, altogether containing about 95 percent of the population, the householder was requested to fill out and mail back the questionnaire on Census Day. Approximately 83 percent of these households returned their forms by mail. Households that did not mail back a form and vacant housing units were visited by an enumerator. Households that returned a form with incomplete or inconsistent information that exceeded a specified tolerance were contacted by telephone or, if necessary, by a personal visit, to obtain the missing information.

In the remaining (mostly sparsely settled) area of the country, which contained about 5 percent of the population, the householder was requested to fill out the questionnaire and hold it until visited by an enumerator. Incomplete and unfilled forms were completed by interview during the enumerator's visit. Vacant units were enumerated by a personal visit and observation.

Each housing unit in the country received one of two versions of the census questionnaire: a short-form questionnaire containing a limited number of basic population and housing questions or a long-form questionnaire containing these basic questions as well as a number of additional questions. A sampling procedure was used to determine those units which were to receive the long-form questionnaire. Two sampling rates were employed. For most of the country, one in every six housing units (about 17 percent) received the long form or sample questionnaire; in counties, incorporated places and minor civil divisions estimated to have fewer than 2,500 inhabitants, every other housing unit (50 percent) received the sample questionnaire to enhance the reliability of sample data in small areas.

Special questionnaires were used for the enumeration of persons in group quarters such as colleges and universities, hospitals, prisons, military installations, and ships. These forms contained the population questions but did not include any housing questions. In addition to the regular census questionnaires, the Supplementary Questionnaire for American Indians was used in conjunction with the short form on Federal and State reservations and in the historic areas of Oklahoma (excluding urbanized areas) for households that had at least one American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut household member.

PROCESSING PROCEDURES

The 1980 census questionnaires were processed in a manner similar to that for the 1970 and 1960 censuses. They were designed to be processed electronically by the Film Optical Sensing Device for Input to Computer (FOSDIC). For most items on the questionnaire, the information supplied by the respondent or obtained by the enumerator was indicated by marking the answers in predesignated positions that would be "read" by FOSDIC from a microfilm copy of the questionnaire and transferred onto computer tape with no intervening manual processing. The computer tape did not include information on individual names and addresses.

The data processing was performed in two stages. For 100-percent data, all short forms, and pages 2 and 3 of the long forms (which have the same questions as the short form), were microfilmed, "read" by FOSDIC, and transferred onto computer tape for tabulation. For the sample data, the long form (or sample) questionnaires were processed through manual coding operations since some questions required the respondent to provide write-in entries which could not be read by FOSDIC. Census Bureau coders assigned alphabetical or numerical codes to the write-in answers in FOSDIC readable code boxes on each questionnaire. After all coding was completed, the long forms were microfilmed, and the film was "read" by FOSDIC and transferred onto computer tape.

The tape containing the information from the questionnaires was processed on the Census Bureau's computers through a number of editing and tabulation steps. Among the products of this operation were computer tapes from which the tables in this report (and most others in the 1980 census publications) were prepared on phototypesetting equipment at the Government Printing Office.

A more detailed description of the data collection and processing procedures can be obtained from the 1980 Census of Population and Housing, *Users' Guide*, PHC80-R1.

Appendix D.—Accuracy of the Data

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EDITING OF UNACCEPTABLE DATA D–6

INTRODUCTION

The data presented in this publication are based on the 1980 census sample. The data are estimates of the actual figures that would have resulted from a complete count. Estimates can be expected to vary from the complete count result because they are subject to two basic types of error—sampling and nonsampling. The sampling error in the data arises from the selection of persons and housing units to be included in the sample. The nonsampling error, which affects both sample and complete count data, is the result of all other errors that may occur during the collection and processing phases of the census. A more detailed discussion of both sampling and nonsampling error and a description of the estimation procedure are given in this appendix.

SAMPLE DESIGN

While every person and housing unit in the 1980 census was enumerated on a questionnaire that requested certain basic demographic information (e.g., age, race, relationship), a sample of persons and housing units was enumerated on a questionnaire that requested additional information. The basic sampling unit for the 1980 census was the housing unit, including all occupants. For persons living in group quarters, the sampling unit was the person. Two sampling rates were employed. In counties, incorporated places, and minor civil divisions estimated to have fewer than 2,500 persons (based on precensus estimates), one-half of all housing units and persons in group quarters were to be included in the sample. In all other areas one-sixth of the housing units or persons in group quarters were sampled. The purpose of this scheme was to provide relatively more reliable estimates for small areas. When both sampling rates were taken into account across the Nation, approximately 19 percent of the Nation's housing units were included in the census sample.

The sample designation method depended on the data collection procedures. In areas containing about 95 percent of the population, the census was taken by the mailout/mailback procedure. For these areas, the Bureau of the Census either purchased a commercial mailing list which was updated and corrected by Census Bureau field staff, or prepared a mailing list by canvassing and listing each address in the area prior to Census Day. These lists were computerized, and every sixth unit (for 1-in-6 areas) or every second unit (for 1-in-2 areas) was designated as a sample unit by computer. Both of these lists were also corrected by the Post Office.

In non-mailout/mailback areas, a blank listing book with designated sample lines (every sixth or every second line) was prepared for the enumerator. Beginning about Census Day, the enumerator systematically canvassed the area and listed all housing units in the listing book in the order they were encountered. Completed questionnaires, including sample information for any housing unit which was listed on a designated sample line, were collected.

In both types of data collection procedure areas, an enumerator was responsible for a small geographic area known as an enumeration district, or ED. An ED usually represented the average workload area for one enumerator.

In order to reduce the cost of processing, a scheme was designed, while the sample questionnaires were being processed, to select a subsample of questionnaires on which the place of work and migration data items would be coded. The sample questionnaires were processed by work units consisting of 1980 census ED's. In work units (ED's) where the place of work and migration data items had not yet been coded, every other sample questionnaire within the work unit was selected for these coding operations. In work units where the place of work and migration data items already had been coded, all sample questionnaires were included in the tabulation.

ERRORS IN THE DATA

Since the data in this publication are based on a sample, they may differ somewhat from complete count figures that would have been obtained if all persons within housing units, and persons living in group quarters had been enumerated using the same questionnaires, instructions, enumerators, etc. The deviation of a sample estimate from the average of all possible samples is called the sampling error. The standard error of a survey estimate is a measure of the variation among the estimates from the possible samples and thus is a measure of the precision with which an estimate from a particular sample approximates the average result of all possible samples. The sample estimate and its estimated standard error permit the construction of interval estimates with prescribed confidence that the interval includes the average result of all possible samples. The method of calculating standard errors and confidence intervals for the data in this report is given below.

In addition to the variability which

arises from the sampling procedures, both sample data and complete-count data are subject to nonsampling error. Nonsampling error may be introduced during each of the many extensive and complex operations used to collect and process census data. For example, operations such as editing, reviewing, or handling questionnaires may introduce error into the data. A more detailed discussion of the sources of nonsampling error is given in the section on "Control of Nonsampling Error" in this appendix.

Nonsampling error may affect the data in two ways. Errors that are introduced randomly will increase the variability of the data and should therefore be reflected in the standard error. Errors that tend to be consistent in one direction will make both sample and complete-count data biased in that direction. For example, if respondents consistently tend to underreport their income, then the resulting counts of households or families by income category will be skewed toward the lower income categories. Such biases are not reflected in the standard error.

Calculation of Standard Errors

Totals and Percentages—Tables A through D in this appendix contain the information necessary to calculate the standard errors of sample estimates in this report. In order to perform this calculation, it is necessary to know the unadjusted standard error for the characteristic, given in table A or B, that would result under a simple random sample design (of persons, families, or housing units) and estimation technique; the adjustment factor for the particular characteristic estimated, given in table C; and the number of persons in the tabulation area and the percent of those in sample, given in table D. The adjustment factors reflect the effects of the actual sample design and complex ratio estimation procedure used for the 1980 census.

To calculate the approximate standard error of an estimate for a geographic area, follow the steps given below:

a. Obtain the unadjusted standard error from table A or B (or from the formula given below the table) for the estimated total or percentage, respectively.
b. Find the geographic area with which you are working in table D and obtain the person "percent in sample" figure for this area.
c. Use table C to obtain the factor for the characteristic (e.g., work disability, school enrollment) and the range that contains the percent in sample with which you are working. Multiply the unadjusted standard error by this factor. If the estimate is a cross-tabulation of more than one characteristic, use the largest factor.

As is evident from the formulas below tables A and B, the unadjusted standard errors of zero estimates or of very small estimated totals or percentages approach zero. This is also the case for very large percentages or estimated totals that are close to the size of the tabulation areas to which they correspond. These estimated totals and percentages are, nevertheless, still subject to sampling and nonsampling variability, and an estimated standard error of zero (or a very small standard error) is not appropriate.

For estimated percentages that are less than 2 or greater than 98, use the *unadjusted* standard errors in table B that appear in the "2 or 98" row. For an estimated total that is less than 50 or within 50 of the total size of the tabulation area, use an *unadjusted* standard error of 16.

An illustration of the use of the tables is given in a later section of this appendix.

Differences—The standard errors estimated from these tables are not directly applicable to differences between two sample estimates. In order to estimate the standard error of a difference, the tables are to be used somewhat differently in the following three situations:

a. For the difference between a sample estimate and a complete-count value, use the standard error of the sample estimate.
b. For the difference between (or sum of) two sample estimates, the appropriate standard error is approximately the square root of the sum of the two individual standard errors squared; that is, for standard errors Se_x and Se_y of estimates x and y:

$$Se_{(x+y)} = Se_{(x-y)} \doteq \sqrt{(Se_x)^2 + (Se_y)^2}$$

This method, however, will underestimate (overestimate) the standard error if the two items in a sum are highly positively (negatively) correlated or if the two items in a difference are highly negatively (positively) correlated. This method may also be used for the difference between (or sum of) sample estimates from two censuses or between a census sample and another survey. The standard error for estimates not based on the 1980 census sample must be obtained from an appropriate source outside of this publication.
c. For the difference between two estimates, one of which is a subclass of the other, use the tables directly where the calculated difference is the estimate of interest.

Means—The standard error of a mean depends upon the variability of the distribution on which the mean is based, the size of the sample, the sample design (e.g., the use of households as a sampling unit), and the estimation procedure used.

An approximation to the standard error of the mean may be obtained as follows: compute the variance of the distribution on which the mean is based; multiply this value by five and divide the product by the total count of units in the distribution; obtain the square root of this quotient and multiply the result by the adjustment factor from table C that is appropriate for the characteristic on which the mean is based.

Medians—For the standard error of a median of a characteristic, it is necessary to examine the distribution from which the median is derived, as the size of the base and the distribution itself affect the standard error. An approximate method is given here. As the first step, compute one-half of the number on which the median is based (refer to this result as N/2). Treat N/2 as if it were an ordinary estimate and obtain its standard error as instructed above using tables A, C, and D. Compute the desired confidence interval about N/2. Starting with the lowest value of the characteristic, cumulate the frequencies in each category of the characteristic until the sum equals or

first exceeds the lower limit of the confidence interval about N/2. By linear interpolation, obtain a value of the characteristic corresponding to this sum. This is the lower limit of the confidence interval of the median. In a similar manner, cumulate frequencies starting from the highest value of the characteristic until the sum equals or exceeds the count in excess of the upper limit of the interval about N/2. Interpolate as before to obtain the upper limit of the confidence interval for the estimated median.

Confidence Intervals

A sample estimate and its estimated standard error may be used to construct confidence intervals about the estimate. These intervals are ranges that will contain the average value of the estimated characteristic that results over all possible samples with a known probability. For example, if all possible samples that could result under the 1980 census sample design were independently selected and surveyed under the same conditions, and if the estimate and its estimated standard error were calculated for each of these samples, then:

(1) Approximately 68 percent of the intervals from one estimated standard error below the estimate to one estimated standard error above the estimate would contain the average result from all possible samples; and

(2) Approximately 95 percent of the intervals from two estimated standard errors below the estimate to two estimated standard errors above the estimate would contain the average result from all possible samples.

The intervals are referred to as 68 percent and 95 percent confidence intervals, respectively.

The average value of the estimated characteristic that could be derived from all possible samples is or is not contained in any particular computed interval. Thus we cannot make the statement that the average value has a certain probability of falling between the limits of the calculated confidence interval. Rather, one can say with a specified probability or confidence that the calculated confidence interval includes the average estimate from all possible samples (approximately the complete-count value).

Confidence intervals may also be constructed for the difference between two sample figures. This is done by computing the difference between these figures, obtaining the standard error of the difference (using the formula given earlier), and then forming a confidence interval for this estimated difference as above. One can then say with specified confidence that this interval includes the difference that would have been obtained by averaging the results from all possible samples.

The estimated standard errors given in this report do not include all portions of the variability due to nonsampling error that may be present in the data. Thus, the standard errors calculated represent a lower bound of the total error. As a result, confidence intervals formed using these estimated standard errors may not meet the stated levels of confidence (i.e., 68 or 95 percent). Thus, some care must be exercised in the interpretation of the data in this publication based on the estimated standard errors.

For more information on confidence intervals and nonsampling error, see any standard sampling theory text.

Use of Tables to Compute Standard Errors

See appendix D of PHC80-3, *Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas,* or PC80-1-C, *General Social and Economic Characteristics,* for examples showing the computation of standard errors and formation of confidence intervals.

ESTIMATION PROCEDURE

The estimates which appear in this publication were obtained from an iterative ratio estimation procedure which resulted in the assignment of a weight to each sample person or housing unit record. For any given tabulation area, a characteristic total was estimated by summing the weights assigned to the persons or housing units in the tabulation area which possessed the characteristic. Estimates of family or household characteristics were based on the weights assigned to the family members designated as householders. Each sample person or housing unit record was assigned exactly one weight to be used to produce estimates of all characteristics. For example, if the weight given to a sample person or housing unit had the value five, all characteristics of that person or housing unit would be tabulated with a weight of five. The estimation procedure, however, did assign weights which vary from person to person or housing unit to housing unit.

The estimation procedure used to assign the weights was performed in geographically defined "weighting areas." Weighting areas were generally formed of adjoining portions of geography, which closely agreed with census tabulation areas within counties. Weighting areas were required to have a minimum sample of 400 persons. Weighting areas were never allowed to cross state or county boundaries. In small counties with a sample count of less than 400 persons, the minimum required sample condition was relaxed to permit the entire county to become a weighting area.

Within a weighting area, the ratio estimation procedure for persons was performed in three stages. For persons the first stage employed 17 household-type groups. The second stage used two groups: householders and nonhouseholders. The third stage could potentially use 160 age-sex-race-Spanish origin groups. The stages were as follows:

PERSONS

Stage I—Type of Household

Group	*Persons in Housing Units With a Family With Own Children Under 18*
1	2 persons in housing unit
2	3 persons in housing unit
3	4 persons in housing unit
4	5 to 7 persons in housing unit
5	8 or more persons in housing unit
	Persons in Housing Units With a Family Without Own Children Under 18
6-10	2 persons in housing unit through 8 or more persons in housing unit

Persons in All Other Housing Units

11 — 1 person in housing unit

12-16 — 2 persons in housing unit through 8 or more persons in housing unit

17 — *Persons in Group Quarters*

Stage II—Householder/Nonhouseholder

Group

1 — Householder

2 — Nonhouseholder (including persons in group quarters)

Stage III—Age/Sex/Race/Spanish Origin

Group — *White Race*

Persons of Spanish Origin

Male

1 — 0 to 4 years of age

2 — 5 to 14 years of age

3 — 15 to 19 years of age

4 — 20 to 24 years of age

5 — 25 to 34 years of age

6 — 35 to 44 years of age

7 — 45 to 64 years of age

8 — 65 years of age or older

Female

9-16 — Same age categories as groups 1 to 8

Persons Not of Spanish Origin

17-32 — Same age and sex categories as groups 1 to 16

Black Race

33-64 — Same age-sex-Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 32

Asian, Pacific Islander Race

65-96 — Same age-sex-Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 32

American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Race

97-128 — Same age-sex-Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 32

Other Race (includes those races not listed above)

129-160 — Same age-sex-Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 32

Within a weighting area, the first step in the estimation procedure was to assign each sample person record an initial weight. This weight was approximately equal to the inverse of the probability of selecting a person for the census sample.

The next step in the estimation procedure was to combine, if necessary, the groups in each of the three stages prior to the repeated ratio estimation in order to increase the reliability of the ratio estimation procedure. For the first and second stages, any group that did not meet certain criteria concerning the unweighted sample count or the ratio of the complete count to the initially weighted sample count, was combined, or collapsed, with another group in the same stage according to a specified collapsing pattern. At the third stage, the "other" race category was collapsed with the "White" race category before the above collapsing criteria as well as an additional criterion concerning the number of complete count persons in each category were applied.

As the final step, the initial weights underwent three stages of ratio adjustment which used the groups listed above. At the first stage, the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the initial weights for each sample person was computed for each stage I group. The initial weight assigned to each person in a group was then multiplied by the stage I group ratio to produce an adjusted weight. In stage II, the stage I adjusted weights were again adjusted by the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the stage I weights for sample persons in each stage II group. Finally, the stage II weights were adjusted at stage III by the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the stage II weights for sample persons in each stage III group. The three stages of adjustment were performed twice (two iterations) in the order given above. The weights obtained from the second iteration for stage III were assigned to the sample person records. However, to avoid complications in rounding for tabulated data, only whole number weights were assigned. For example, if the final weight for the persons in a particular group was 7.2, then one-fifth of the sample persons in this group were randomly assigned a weight of 8 and the remaining four-fifths received a weight of 7.

Separate weights were derived for tabulating the place of work and migration data items. The weights were obtained by adjusting the weight derived above for persons on questionnaires selected for coding by the reciprocal of the ED coding rate and a ratio adjustment to ensure that the sum of the weights and the complete count total population figure would agree.

The ratio estimation procedure for housing units was essentially the same as that for persons. The major difference was that the occupied housing unit ratio estimation procedure was done in two stages and the vacant housing unit ratio estimation procedure was done in one stage. The first stage for occupied housing units employed 16 household-type categories and the second stage could potentially use 190 tenure-race-Spanish origin-value/rent groups. For vacant housing units, three groups were utilized. The stages for the ratio estimation for housing units were as follows:

OCCUPIED HOUSING UNITS

Stage I—Type of Household

Group — *Housing Units With a Family With Own Children Under 18*

1 — 2 persons in housing unit

2 — 3 persons in housing unit

3 — 4 persons in housing unit

4 — 5 to 7 persons in housing unit

5 — 8 or more persons in housing unit

Housing Units With a Family Without Own Children Under 18

6-10 — 2 persons in housing unit through 8 or more persons in housing unit

All Other Housing Units

11 — 1 person in housing unit

12-16 — 2 persons in housing unit through 8 or more persons in housing unit

Stage II—Tenure/Race and Origin of Householder/Value or Rent

Group — *Owner*

White Race (householder)

Persons of Spanish Origin (householder)

Value of House

1 — $0 to $9,999

2	$10,000 to $19,999
3	$20,000 to $24,999
4	$25,000 to $49,999
5	$50,000 to $99,999
6	$100,000 to $149,999
7	$150,000+
8	Other Owners

Persons Not of Spanish Origin

9-16 Same value categories as groups 1 to 8

Black Race

17-32 Same value—Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 16

Asian, Pacific Islander Race

33-48 Same value—Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 16

American Indian, Eskimo or Aleut Race

49-64 Same value—Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 16

Other Race (incluces those races not listed above)

65-80 Same value—Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 16

Renter

White Race

Persons of Spanish Origin

Rent Categories

81	$1 to $59
82	$60 to $99
83	$100 to $149
84	$150 to $199
85	$200 to $249
86	$250 to $299
87	$300 to $399
88	$400 to $499
89	$500+
90	Other Renter
91	No Cash Rent

Persons not of Spanish origin

92-102 Same rent categories as groups 81 to 91

Black Race

103-124 Same rent—Spanish origin categories as groups 81 to 102

Asian, Pacific Islander Race

125-146 Same rent—Spanish origin categories as groups 81 to 102

American Indian, Eskimo or Aleut Race

147-168 Same rent—Spanish origin categories as groups 81 to 102

Other Race (includes those races not listed above)

169-190 Same rent—Spanish origin categories as groups 81 to 102

VACANT HOUSING UNITS

Group	
1	*Vacant for Rent*
2	*Vacant for Sale*
3	*Other Vacant*

The estimates produced by this procedure realize some of the gains in sampling efficiency that would have resulted if the population had been stratified into the ratio estimation groups before sampling, and the sampling rate had been applied independently to each group. The net effect is a reduction in both the standard error and the possible bias of most estimated characteristics to levels below what would have resulted from simply using the initial (unadjusted) weight. A by-product of this estimation procedure is that the estimates from the sample will, for the most part, be consistent with the complete-count figures for the population and housing unit groups used in the estimation procedure.

CONTROL OF NONSAMPLING ERROR

As mentioned above, nonsampling error is present in both sample and complete count data. If left unchecked, this error could introduce serious bias into the data, the variability of which could increase dramatically over that which would result purely from sampling. While it is impossible to completely eliminate nonsampling error from an operation as large and complex as the 1980 census, the Bureau of the Census attempted to control the sources of such error during the collection and processing operations. The primary sources of nonsampling error and the programs instituted for control of this error are described below. The success of these programs, however, was contingent upon how well the instructions were actually carried out during the census. To the extent possible, both the effects of these programs and the amount of error remaining after their application will be evaluated.

Undercoverage—It is possible for some housing units or persons to be entirely missed by the census. This undercoverage of persons and housing units can introduce biases into the data. Several extensive programs were developed to focus on this important problem.

- The Postal Service reviewed mailing lists and reported housing unit addresses which were missing, undeliverable, or duplicated in the listings.
- The purchased commercial mailing list was updated and corrected by a complete field review of the list of housing units during a precanvass operation.
- A record check was performed to reduce the undercoverage of individual persons in selected areas. Independent lists of persons, such as driver's license holders, were matched with the household rosters in the census listings. Persons not matched to the census rosters were followed up and added to the census counts if they were found to have been missed.
- A recheck of units initially classified as vacant or nonexistent was utilized to further reduce the undercoverage of persons.

More extensive discussions of programs developed to reduce undercoverage will be published as the analyses of those programs are completed.

Respondent and Enumerator Error—The person answering the questionnaire or responding to the questions posed by an enumerator could serve as a source of error by offering incorrect or incomplete information. To reduce this source of error, questions were phrased as clearly as possible based on precensus tests, and detailed instructions for completing the questionnaire were provided to each household. In addition, respondents' answers were edited for completeness and consistency and followed up as necessary. For example, if labor force items were incomplete for a person 15 years or older, field edit procedures would recognize the

situation and a followup attempt to obtain the information would be made.

The enumerator may misinterpret or otherwise incorrectly record information given by a respondent; may fail to collect some of the information for a person or household; or may collect sample data for households that were not designated as part of the sample. To control these problems, the work of enumerators was carefully monitored. Field staff were prepared for their tasks by using standardized training packages which included experience in using census materials. A sample of the households interviewed by enumerators for nonresponse was reinterviewed to control for the possibility of data for fabricated persons being submitted by enumerators. Also, the estimation procedure was designed to control for biases that would result from the collection of data from households not designated for the sample.

Processing Error—The many phases of processing the census represent potential sources for the introduction of nonsampling error. The processing of the census questionnaires includes the field editing, followup, and transmittal of completed questionnaires; the manual coding of write-in responses; and the electronic data processing. The various field, coding, and computer operations undergo a number of quality control checks to insure their accurate application.

Nonresponse—Nonresponse to particular questions on the census questionnaire allows for the introduction of bias into the data, since the characteristics of the nonrespondents have not been observed and may differ from those reported by respondents. As a result, any allocation procedure using respondent data may not completely reflect this difference either at the element level (individual person or housing unit) or on the average. Some protection against the introduction of large biases is afforded by minimizing nonresponse. In the census, nonresponse was substantially reduced during the field operations, by the various edit and followup operations aimed at obtaining a response for every question. Characteristics, for the nonresponses remaining after these operations, were allocated by the computer using reported data for a person or housing unit with similar characteristics. The allocation procedure is described in more detail below.

EDITING OF UNACCEPTABLE DATA

The objective of the processing operation is to produce a set of statistics that describes the population as accurately and clearly as possible. To meet this objective, certain unacceptable entries were edited.

In the field, questionnaires were reviewed for omissions and certain inconsistencies by a census clerk or an enumerator and, if necessary, a followup was made to obtain missing information, or to correct inconsistencies. In addition, a hand edit of questionnaires was done in the central processing offices. As a rule, however, editing was performed by hand only when it could not be done effectively by machine.

As one of the first steps in machine editing, the configuration of marks on the questionnaire column was scanned electronically to determine whether it contained information for a person or merely spurious marks. If the column contained entries for at least two of the basic characteristics (relationship, sex, race, age, marital status, Spanish origin), the inference was made that the marks represented a person. In cases in which two or more basic characteristics were available for only a portion of the people in the unit, other information on the questionnaire provided by an enumerator was used to determine the total number of persons. Names were not used as a criterion of the presence of a person because the electronic scanning did not distinguish any entry in the name space.

After the field operations were completed, it was found (as expected) that some questionnaires were not fully filled out or that for a particular person or housing unit, certain items of information were inconsistent with other information on the questionnaire. As in previous censuses, allocations or the assignment of acceptable entries were used to replace blanks or unacceptable entries. The allocation procedure was based on using information reported for another person or housing unit with related characteristics similar to those of the person or housing unit for whom allocation was necessary. Thus, a person who was reported as a 20-year-old son of the householder, but for whom marital status was not reported, was assigned the same marital status as that of the last son processed in the same age group by the computer. The assignment of acceptable codes in place of blanks or unacceptable entries, is designed to enhance the usefulness of the data.

The 1980 census data on the economic questions such as industry, occupation, class of worker, work experience, and income were processed using an allocation system which assigned values to missing entries in these questions, as necessary, from a single respondent with similar socioeconomic characteristics. In the 1970 census, allocation of each of the economic items was conducted separately; thus, assigned values could come from more than one respondent.

Prior to the allocation of all economic variables, the computer records were sorted according to such characteristics as sex, race and ethnicity, household relationship, years of school completed, and geographic area. The actual allocation operation was implemented in the following manner:

1. The computer stored in a series of matrices reported economic information of persons by selected characteristics such as age, disability status, presence of children, veteran's status, employment status, occupation, industry, class of worker status, work experience in 1979, level of earnings in 1979, and value of housing unit or monthly rent.

2. The stored entries in the various matrices were retained in the computer only until a succeeding person having the same set of characteristics was processed through the computer. Then the economic question responses of the succeeding person were stored in place of those previously stored.

3. When one or more of the economic questions was not reported, or the entry was unacceptable, the variables assigned to this person were those stored in the appropriate matrix for the last person who otherwise had the same set of characteristics.

The use of this single allocation system insured that the distribution of economic variable assignments would correspond closely to the entries of persons who had actually reported in the census.

Table A. Unadjusted Standard Errors for Estimated Totals

[Based on a 1-in-6 simple random sample]

Estimated Total 1/	Size of publication area 2/													
	500	1 000	2 500	5 000	10 000	25 000	50 000	100 000	250 000	500 000	1 000 000	5 000 000	10 000 000	25 000 000
50.....	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16
100.....	20	21	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22
250.....	25	30	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35
500.....	-	35	45	45	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50
1 000.....	-	-	55	65	65	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70
2 500.....	-	-	-	80	95	110	110	110	110	110	110	110	110	110
5 000.....	-	-	-	-	110	140	150	150	160	160	160	160	160	160
10 000.....	-	-	-	-	-	170	200	210	220	220	220	220	220	220
15 000.....	-	-	-	-	-	170	230	250	270	270	270	270	270	270
25 000.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	250	310	340	350	350	350	350	350
75 000.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	310	510	570	590	610	610	610
100 000.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	550	630	670	700	700	710
250 000.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	790	970	1 090	1 100	1 100
500 000.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 120	1 500	1 540	1 570
1 000 000....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 000	2 120	2 190
5 000 000....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3 540	4 470
10 000 000...	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5 480

1/ For estimated totals larger than 10 000 000, the standard error is somewhat larger than the table values. The formula given below should be used to calculate the standard error.

$$Se\ (\hat{Y}) = \sqrt{5\hat{Y}\ (1-\frac{\hat{Y}}{N})}$$

N = Size of area

$\hat{Y}$ = Estimate of characteristic total

2/ The total count of persons in the area if the estimated total is a person characteristic, or the total count of housing units in the area if the estimated total is a housing unit characteristic.

Table B. Unadjusted Standard Error in Percentage Points for Estimated Percentages

[Based on a 1-in-6 simple random sample]

Estimated Percentage	Base of percentage 1/												
	500	750	1 000	1 500	2 500	5 000	7 500	10 000	25 000	50 000	100 000	250 000	500 000
2 or 98.....	1.4	1.1	1.0	0.8	0.6	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
5 or 95.....	2.2	1.8	1.5	1.3	1.0	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1
10 or 90.....	3.0	2.4	2.1	1.7	1.3	0.9	0.8	0.7	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1
15 or 85.....	3.6	2.9	2.5	2.1	1.6	1.1	0.9	0.8	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1
20 or 80.....	4.0	3.3	2.8	2.3	1.8	1.3	1.0	0.9	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1
25 or 75.....	4.3	3.5	3.1	2.5	1.9	1.4	1.1	1.0	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1
30 or 70.....	4.6	3.7	3.2	2.6	2.0	1.4	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.1
35 or 65.....	4.8	3.9	3.4	2.8	2.1	1.5	1.2	1.1	0.7	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.2
50.....	5.0	4.1	3.5	2.9	2.2	1.6	1.3	1.1	0.7	0.5	0.4	0.2	0.2

1/ For a percentage and/or base of percentage not shown in the table, the formula given below may be used to calculate the standard error.

$$Se\ (\hat{p}) = \sqrt{\frac{5}{B}\ \hat{p}(100-\hat{p})}$$

B = Base of estimated percentage

$\hat{p}$ = Estimated percentage

Table C. Standard Error Adjustment Factors

[Percent of persons in sample]

Characteristics	Less than 19 Percent	19 to 33 Percent	More than 33 Percent
Urban and rural	1.0	1.0	0.6
Age, sex, race, and Spanish origin	1.2	1.0	0.6
Household and family type	1.1	0.9	0.5
Household relationship	1.2	1.0	0.6
Subfamily type	1.0	0.8	0.5
Household size	1.1	0.9	0.5
Marital status	1.0	0.8	0.5
Children ever born	1.0	1.0	0.5
Language usage and ability to speak English	1.5	1.3	0.8
Ancestry	1.7	1.4	0.8
Type of group quarters	0.7	0.6	0.4
Citizenship	1.2	1.0	0.6
Nativity and place of birth	2.2	2.0	1.2
Residence in 1975 and year of immigration	3.7	3.7	2.4
Place of work	2.1	1.9	1.2
Travel time to work	1.8	1.5	1.0
Means of transportation to work and private vehicle occupancy	1.2	1.0	0.6
School enrollment	1.3	1.1	0.7
Year of school completed	1.2	1.0	0.6
Veteran status and period of service	1.1	0.9	0.5
Work and public transportation disability	1.1	0.9	0.5
School enrollment and years of school completed by labor force status	1.2	0.9	0.6
Labor force status	1.1	0.9	0.5
Hours worked per week and weeks worked in 1979	1.0	0.8	0.5
Unemployment in 1979	1.1	0.9	0.5
Industry and occupation	1.1	0.9	0.5
Class of worker	1.3	1.0	0.6
Household income	1.1	0.8	0.5
Income type	1.1	0.8	0.5
Family income	1.1	0.9	0.5
Unrelated individual income	1.1	0.8	0.5
Workers in family	1.2	1.0	0.6
Poverty status: Family	1.1	0.9	0.5
Poverty status: Persons	1.9	1.7	1.0
Poverty status: Unrelated individuals	1.1	0.9	0.5

TABLE D. PERCENT OF PERSONS IN SAMPLE: 1980

(FOR MEANINGS OF SYMBOLS, SEE INTRODUCTION. FOR DEFINITION OF TERMS, SEE APPENDIXES A AND B)

	PERSONS	
	100-PERCENT COUNT	PERCENT IN SAMPLE
MAINE	1 124 660	24.5
RURAL	590 588	32.5

Appendix E.—Facsimiles of Respondent Instructions and Questionnaire Pages

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 1 THROUGH 10

1. List in question 1 (on page 1), the names of all the people who usually live here. Then turn to pages 2 and 3 where there are columns to list up to seven persons. In the first column print the name of one of the household members in whose name this home is owned or rented. If no household member owns or rents the living quarters, list in the first column any adult household member who is not a roomer, boarder, or paid employee. Print the names of the other household members, if any, in the columns which follow, using question 1 as a checklist.

2. Fill a circle to show how each person is related to the person in column 1.

   A stepchild or legally adopted child of the person in column 1 should be marked **Son/daughter.** Foster children or wards living in the household should be marked **Roomer, boarder.**

3. Be sure to fill a circle for the sex of each person.

4. Fill the circle for the category with which the person most closely identifies. If you fill the **Indian (American)** or **Other** circle, be sure to print the name of the specific Indian tribe or specific group.

5. Enter age at last birthday in the space provided (enter "0" for babies less than one year old). Also enter month and year of birth, *and* fill the appropriate circles. For an illustration of how to complete question 5, see the example on pages 4 and 5. If age or month or year of birth is not known, give your best estimate.

6. If the person's only marriage was annulled, mark **Never married.**

7. A person is of Spanish/Hispanic origin or descent if the person *identifies* his or her ancestry with one of the listed groups, that is, Mexican, Puerto Rican, etc. Origin or descent (ancestry) may be viewed as the nationality group, the lineage, or country in which the person or the person's parents or ancestors were born.

8. Do not count enrollment in a trade or business school, company training, or tutoring unless the course would be accepted for credit at a regular elementary school, high school, or college. A *public* school is any school or college which is controlled and supported primarily by a local, county, State, or Federal Government.

9. Fill only one circle. Mark the highest grade *ever* attended even if the person did not finish it. If the person is still in school, mark the grade in which now enrolled. Schooling received in foreign or ungraded schools should be reported as the equivalent grade or year in the regular American school system. If uncertain whether a Head Start program is for nursery school or kindergarten, mark the circle for **Nursery school.**

   If the person skipped or repeated grades, mark the highest grade ever attended regardless of how long it took to get there. Persons who did not attend any college but who completed high school by finishing the 12th grade or by passing an equivalency test, such as the General Educational Development (GED) examination, should fill the circle for the 12th grade.

10. Mark **Finished this grade (or year)** only if the person finished the *entire* grade or year marked in question 9 or if the highest grade was completed by passing a high school equivalency test.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS H4 THROUGH H12

H4. Mark only one circle. *This address* means the house or building number where your living quarters are located.

H5. Mark the second circle only if you *must* go through someone else's living quarters to get to your own.

H6. Consider that you have hot water even if you have it only part of the time.

Mark **Yes, but also used by another household** if someone else who lives in the same building, but is not a member of your household, also uses the facilities. Mark this circle also if the occupants of living quarters now vacant would also use the facilities in your living quarters.

H7. Count only whole rooms used for living purposes, such as living rooms, dining rooms, kitchens, bedrooms, finished recreation rooms, family rooms, etc. Do not count bathrooms, kitchenettes, strip or pullman kitchens, utility rooms, or unfinished attics, unfinished basements, or other space used for storage.

H8. Mark **Owned or being bought** if the living quarters are owned outright or are mortgaged. Also mark **Owned or being bought** if the living quarters are owned but the land is rented.

Mark **Rented for cash rent** if any money rent is paid. Rent may be paid by persons who are not members of your household.

Occupied without payment of cash rent includes, for example, a parsonage, military housing, a house or apartment provided free of rent by the owner, or a house or apartment occupied by a janitor or caretaker in exchange for services.

H9. A *condominium* is housing in which the apartments or houses in a development are individually owned, but the common areas, such as lobbies, halls, etc., are jointly owned. The person owning a condominium very likely has a mortgage on the particular unit.

H10b. A *commercial establishment* is easily recognized from the outside, for example, a grocery store or barber shop. A *medical office* is a doctor's or dentist's office regularly visited by patients.

H11. Include the value of the house, the land it is on, and any other structures on the same property. If the house is owned but the land is rented, estimate the combined value of the house and the

land. If this is a condominium unit, enter the estimated value for your living quarters and your share of the common elements.

H12. Report the rent agreed to or contracted for, even if the rent is unpaid or paid by someone else.

If rent is not paid by the month, change the rent to a monthly amount; and then fill the appropriate circle in question H12.

If rent is paid:	Multiply rent by:
By the day	30
By the week	4
Every other week	2

If rent is paid:	Divide rent by:
4 times a year	3
2 times a year	6
Once a year	12

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS H13 THROUGH H20

H13. Mark only one circle.

Detached means there is open space on all sides, or the house is joined only to a shed or garage. *Attached* means that the house is joined to another house or building by at least one wall which goes from ground to roof.

Mark **A one-family house detached from any other house** when a mobile home or trailer has had one or more rooms added or built onto it; a porch or shed is not considered a room.

Count all occupied and vacant living quarters in the house or building, but not stores or office space.

H14a. Do not count unfinished basements or unfinished attics. However, a basement or attic with finished room(s) for living purposes should be counted as a story.

H15a. A *city or suburban* lot is usually located in a city, a community, or any built-up area outside a city or community, and is not larger than the house and yard. All living quarters in apartment buildings, including garden-type apartments in the city or suburbs, are considered on a city or suburban lot.

A *place* is a farm, ranch, or any other property, other than a city or suburban lot, on which this *residence* is located.

H16. If a well provides water for six or more houses or apartments, mark **A public system.** If a well provides water for five or fewer houses or apartments, mark one of the categories for *individual well.*

Drilled wells, or small diameter wells, are usually less than 1½ feet in diameter. *Dug wells* are generally hand dug and are wider.

H17. A *public sewer* is operated by a government body or a private organization. A *septic tank or cesspool* is an underground tank or pit used for disposal of sewage.

H19. The term *person in column 1* refers to the person listed in the first column on page 2. This person should be the household member (or one of the members) in whose name the house is owned or rented. If there is no such person, any adult household member can be the person in column 1. Mark when this person last moved into *this* house or apartment.

H20. This question refers to the type of *heating equipment* and not to the fuel used.

An *electric heat pump* is sometimes known as a reverse cycle system. It may be centrally installed with ducts to the rooms or individual heat pumps in the rooms.

A *floor, wall, or pipeless furnace* delivers warm air to the room right above the furnace or to the room(s) on one or both sides of the wall in which the furnace is installed and does not have ducts leading to other rooms.

Any heater that you plug into an electric outlet should be counted as a *portable room heater.*

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS H21 THROUGH H32

H21. *Gas from underground pipes* is piped in from a central system such as one operated by a public utility company or a municipal government. *Bottled, tank, or LP gas* is stored in tanks which are refilled or exchanged when empty. *Other fuel* includes any fuel not separately listed, for example, purchased steam, fuel briquettes, waste material, etc.

H22. If your living quarters are rented, enter the costs for utilities and fuels only if you pay for them in addition to the rent entered in H12. If already included in rent, fill the appropriate circle.

The amounts to be reported should be for the past 12 months, that is, for electricity and gas, the monthly *average* for the past 12 months; for water and other fuels, the *total* amount for the past 12 months.

Estimate as closely as possible when exact costs are not known.

Report amounts even if your bills are unpaid or paid by someone else. If the bills include utilities or fuel used also by another apartment or a business establishment, estimate the amounts for your own living quarters. If gas and electricity are billed together, enter the combined amount on the electricity line and bracket ({) the two utilities.

H23. The kitchen sink, stove, and refrigerator must be located in the building but do *not* have to be in the same room. Portable cooking equipment is not considered as a range or cook stove.

H26. Answer Yes *only* if the telephone is located *in* your living quarters.

H27. Count only equipment used to cool the air by means of a refrigeration unit.

H28 – H29. Count company cars (including police cars and taxicabs) and company trucks that are regularly kept at home and used by household members. Do *not* count cars or trucks permanently out of working order.

H30 – H32. *Do not answer these questions if you live in a cooperative, regardless of the number of units in the structure.*

H30. Report taxes for all taxing jurisdictions even if they are included in mortgage payment, not paid yet, paid by someone else, or are delinquent.

H31. When premiums are paid on other than a yearly basis, convert to a yearly basis and enter the yearly amount, even if no payment was made during the past 12 months.

H32a. The word "mortgage" is used as a general term to indicate all types of loans which are secured by real estate.

b. A second or junior mortgage is also secured by real estate but has been made by the homeowner in addition to the first mortgage.

c. Enter a monthly amount even if it is unpaid or paid by someone else. If the amount is paid on some other periodic basis, see instructions for H12 to change it to a monthly amount.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 11 THROUGH 14

11. *For persons born in the United States:*
Print the name of the State in which this person's mother was living when this person was born. For persons born in a hospital, do not give the State in which the hospital was located unless the hospital and the mother's home were in the same State or the location of the mother's home is not known. For example, if a person was born in a hospital in Washington, D.C., but the mother's home was in Virginia at the time of the person's birth, enter "Virginia."

For persons born outside the United States:
Print the full name of the foreign country or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc., where the person was born. Use international boundaries as now recognized by the United States. Specify whether Northern Ireland or Ireland (Eire); East or West Germany; England, Scotland or Wales (*not* Great Britain or United Kingdom). Specify the particular island in the Caribbean, *not*, for example, West Indies.

12. This question is only for persons born in a foreign country. Fill the **Yes, a naturalized citizen** circle only if the person has *completed* the naturalization process and is now a citizen.

If the person has entered the U.S. more than once, fill the circle for the year he or she came to stay permanently.

13a. Mark **No, only speaks English** if the person always speaks English *at home*; then skip to question 14.

Mark **Yes** if the person speaks a language other than English *at home*. Do *not* mark **Yes** for a language spoken only at school nr if speaking ability is limited to a few expressions or slang.

b. Print the non-English language spoken *at home.* If this person speaks two or more non-English languages *at home* and cannot determine which is spoken most often, report the first language the person learned to speak.

c. Fill the circle that best describes the person's *ability* to speak English.

(1) The circle **Very well** should be filled for persons who have no difficulty speaking English.

(2) The circle **Well** should be filled for persons who have only minor problems which do not seriously limit their ability to speak English.

(3) The circle **Not well** should be filled for persons who are seriously limited in their ability to speak English.

(4) The circle **Not at all** should be filled for persons who do not speak English at all.

14. Print the ancestry group with which the person *identifies.* Ancestry (or origin or descent) may be viewed as the nationality group, the lineage, or the country in which the person or the person's parents or ancestors were born before their arrival in the United States. Persons who are of more than one origin and who cannot identify with a single group should print their multiple ancestry (for example, German-Irish).

Be specific; for example, if ancestry is "Indian," specify whether American Indian, Asian Indian, or West Indian. Distinguish Cape Verdean from Portuguese, and French Canadian from Canadian.

A religious group should not be reported as a person's ancestry.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 15 THROUGH 20

15a. Mark **Yes, this house** if this person lived in this same house or apartment on April 1, 1975, but moved away and came back between then and now. Mark **No, different house** if this person lived in the same building but in a different apartment (or in the same mobile home or trailer but on a different trailer site).

b. If this person lived in a different house or apartment on April 1, 1975, give the location of this person's usual home at that time.

Part (1) If the person was living in the United States on April 1, 1975, print the name of the State. If the person did *not* live in the United States on April 1, 1975, print the full name of the foreign country or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc.

Part (2) If in Louisiana, print the parish name. If in Alaska, print the borough name. If in New York City – print the borough name if the county name is not known. If an independent city, leave blank.

Part (3) If in Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island or Vermont, print the name of the town rather than the name of the village or city, unless the name of the town is unknown.

Part (4) Mark **Yes** if you know that the location is *now* inside the limits of a city, town, village or other incorporated place, even if it was not inside the limits on April 1, 1975.

17a. Mark **Yes** only if this person was on *active* duty in the U.S. Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard. Mark **No** if the person was in the National Guard or the reserves.

b. Mark **Yes** if the person was attending a college or university either full or part time and was enrolled for credit toward a degree. Mark **No** if the person was taking only non-credit courses or was attending a vocational or trade school, such as secretarial school.

c. Mark **Yes, full time** if the person worked full time (35 hours or more per week). Mark **Yes, part time** if the person worked part time (less than 35 hours per week). Mark **No** if the person only did unpaid volunteer work, housework or yard work at own home, or if the only work done was as a resident of an institution.

18a. Mark **Yes** if this person was ever on active duty in the U.S. Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard, even if the time served was short. For persons in the National Guard or military reserve units, mark **Yes** *only* if the person was ever called to active duty; mark **No** if the only service was active duty for training.

b. If this person served during more than one period, fill all circles which apply, even if service was for a short time.

19. The term "health condition" refers to any physical or mental problem which has lasted for 6 *or more* months. A serious problem with seeing, hearing, or speech should be considered a health condition. Pregnancy or a temporary health problem such as a broken bone that is expected to heal normally should *not* be considered a health condition.

20. Count all children born alive, including any who have died (even shortly after birth) or who no longer live with her.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 21 THROUGH 26

21. If the exact date of marriage is not known, give your best estimate.

22a. Mark **Yes** if the person worked, either full or part time, on any day of last week (Sunday through Saturday).

Count as work:

Work for someone else for wages, salary, piece rate, commission, tips, or payments "in kind" (for example, food, lodging received as payment for work performed).

Work in own business, professional practice, or farm.

Any work in a family business or farm, paid or not.

Any part-time work including babysitting, paper routes, etc.

Active duty in Armed Forces.

Do not count as work:

Housework or yard work at home.

Unpaid volunteer work.

Work done as a resident of an institution.

b. Give the *actual* number of hours worked at *all jobs last week*, even if that was more or fewer hours than usually worked.

23. If the person worked at several locations, but reported to the same location each day to begin work, print where he or she reported. If the person did not report to the same location each day to begin work, print the words "various locations" for 23a, and give as much information as possible in the remainder of 23 to identify the area in which he or she worked *most* last week.

If the person's employer operates in more than one location (such as a grocery store chain or public school system), give the exact address of the location or branch where the person worked.

If the person worked in a foreign country or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc., print the name of the country in 23e and leave the other parts of 23 blank.

24a. Travel time is from door to door. Include time taken waiting for public transportation, picking up passengers in carpools, etc.

b. Mark **Worked at home** for a person who works on a farm where he or she lives, or in an office or shop in the person's home.

c. If the person was driven to work by someone who then drove back home or to a non-work destination, mark **Drive alone.**

d. Do not include riders who rode to school or some other non-work destination.

25. If the person works only during certain seasons or on a day-to-day basis when work is available, mark **No.**

26a. Mark **Yes** if the person tried to get a job or to start a business or professional practice at any time in the last *four* weeks; for example, registered at an employment office, went to a job interview, placed or answered ads, or did anything toward starting a business or professional practice.

b. Mark **No, already has a job** if the person was on layoff or was expecting to report to a job within 30 days.

Mark **No, temporarily ill** if the person expects to be able to work within 30 days.

Mark **No, other reasons** if the person could not have taken a job because he or she was going to school, taking care of children, etc.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 27 THROUGH 29

27. Look at the instructions for 22a to see what to count as work. Mark **Never worked** if the person: (1) never worked at any kind of job or business, either full or part time, (2) never did any work, with or without pay, in a family business or farm *and* (3) never served in the Armed Forces.

28a. If the person worked for a company, business, or government agency, print the name of the company, not the name of the person's supervisor. If the person worked for an individual or a business that has no company name, print the name of the individual worked for. If the person worked in his or her own business, print "self-employed."

b. Print two or more words to tell what the business, industry, or individual employer named in 28a does. If there is more than one activity, describe only the major activity *at the place where the person works.* Enter what is made, what is sold, or what service is given.

Some examples of what is needed to make an answer acceptable are shown on the census form and here.

Unacceptable	Acceptable
Furniture company	Metal furniture manufacturing
Grocery store	Wholesale grocery store
Oil company	Retail gas station
Ranch	Cattle ranch

c. Mark **Manufacturing** if the factory, plant, mill, etc., mostly makes things, even if it also sells them.

Mark **Wholesale trade** if the business mostly sells things to stores or other companies.

Mark **Retail trade** if the business mostly sells things (not services) to individuals.

Mark **Other** if the main activity of the employer is not making or selling things. Some examples of **Other** are farming, construction, and services such as those provided by hotels, dry cleaners, repair shops, schools, and banks.

29a. Print two or more words to describe the kind of work the person does. If the person is a trainee, apprentice, or helper, include that in the description.

Some examples of what is needed to make an answer acceptable are shown on the census form and here.

Unacceptable	Acceptable
Clerk	Production clerk
Helper	Carpenter's helper
Mechanic	Auto engine mechanic
Nurse	Registered nurse

b. Print the most important things that the person does on the job. Some examples are shown on the census form.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 30 THROUGH 33

30. If the person was an employee of a *private* nonprofit organization, such as a church, fill the first circle.

    Mark **Local government employee** for a teacher working in an elementary or secondary public school.

31a. Look at the instructions for question 22a to see what to count as work.

b. Count every week in which the person did any work at all, even for an hour.

c. If the hours worked each week varied considerably, give the best estimate of the hours usually worked most weeks.

d. Count every week in which the person did not work at all, but spent any time looking for work or on layoff from a job. *Looking for work* means trying to get a job or start a business or professional practice; *layoff* includes either temporary or indefinite layoff.

32. Fill the **Yes** or **No** circle for each part and enter the appropriate amount. If income from any source was received jointly by household members, report if possible, the appropriate share for each person; otherwise, report the whole amount for only one person and mark **No** for the other person, unless the other person has additional income of the same type.

a. Include sick leave pay. Do not include reimbursement for business expenses and pay "in kind," (for example, food, lodging received as payment for work performed).

b. Include net earnings (gross earnings minus business expenses) from a nonfarm business. If business lost money, write "Loss" above the amount.

c. Include net earnings (gross receipts minus operating expenses) from a farm. If farm lost money, write "Loss" above the amount.

d. Include interest and dividends credited to the person's account (for example, from savings accounts and stock shares), net royalties, and net income from rental property.

e. Include Social Security or Railroad Retirement payments to retired persons, to dependents of deceased insured workers and to disabled workers.

f. Include public assistance or welfare payments received from Federal, State, or local agencies. Do not include private welfare payments.

g. Include all other regular payments, such as government employee retirement, union or private pensions and annuities; unemployment benefits; worker's compensation; Armed Forces allotments; private welfare payments; regular contributions from persons not living in the household; etc.

   Do not include lump-sum payments received from the sale of property (capital gains), insurance policies, inheritances, etc.

33. If no income was received in 1979, fill the **None** circle. If total income was a loss, write "Loss" above the amount.

Please fill out this official Census Form and mail it back on Census Day, Tuesday, April 1, 1980

1980 Census of the United States

If the address shown below has the wrong apartment identification, please write the correct apartment number or location here:					
DO	A1	A2	A4	A5 L	A6

Your answers are confidential

By law (title 13, U.S. Code), census employees are subject to fine and/or imprisonment for any disclosure of your answers. Only after 72 years does your information become available to other government agencies or the public. The same law requires that you answer the questions to the best of your knowledge.

Para personas de habla hispana

(For Spanish-speaking persons):
SI USTED DESEA UN CUESTIONARIO DEL CENSO EN ESPAÑOL llame a la oficina del censo. El número de teléfono se encuentra en el encasillado de la dirección.

O, si prefiere, marque esta casilla ☐ y devuelva el cuestionario por correo en el sobre que se le incluye.

A message from the Director, Bureau of the Census . . .

We must, from time to time, take stock of ourselves as a people if our Nation is to meet successfully the many national and local challenges we face. This is the purpose of the 1980 census.

The essential need for a population census was recognized almost 200 years ago when our Constitution was written. As provided by article I, the first census was conducted in 1790 and one has been taken every 10 years since then.

The law under which the census is taken protects the confidentiality of your answers. For the next 72 years — or until April 1, 2052 — only sworn census workers have access to the individual records, and no one else may see them.

Your answers, when combined with the answers from other people, will provide the statistical figures needed by public and private groups, schools, business and industry, and Federal, State, and local governments across the country. These figures will help all sectors of American society understand how our population and housing are changing. In this way, we can deal more effectively with today's problems and work toward a better future for all of us.

The census is a vitally important national activity. Please do your part by filling out this census form accurately and completely. If you mail it back promptly in the enclosed postage-paid envelope, it will save the expense and inconvenience of a census taker having to visit you.

Thank you for your cooperation.

U.S. Department of Commerce
Bureau of the Census
Form D-2

Form Approved
O M B No 41-S78006

Please continue

How to fill out your Census Form

See the filled-out example in the yellow instruction guide. This guide will help with any problems you may have.

If you need more help, call the Census Office. The telephone number of the local office is shown at the bottom of the address box on the front cover.

Use a black pencil to answer the questions. Black pencil is better to use than ballpoint or other pens.

Fill circles "O" completely, like this: ●

When you write in an answer, print or write clearly.

Make sure that answers are provided for everyone here.

See page 4 of the guide if a roomer or someone else in the household does not want to give you all the information for the form.

Answer the questions on pages 1 through 5, and then starting with pages 6 and 7, fill a pair of pages for each person in the household.

Check your answers. Then write your name, the date, and telephone number on page 20.

Mail back this form on Tuesday, April 1, or as soon afterward as you can. Use the enclosed envelope; no stamp is needed.

Please start by answering Question 1 below.

Question 1

List in Question 1

- Family members living here, including babies still in the hospital.
- Relatives living here.
- Lodgers or boarders living here.
- Other persons living here.
- College students who stay here while attending college, even if their parents live elsewhere.
- Persons who usually live here but are temporarily away (including children in boarding school below the college level).
- Persons with a home elsewhere but who stay here most of the week while working.

Do Not List in Question 1

- Any person away from here in the Armed Forces.
- Any college student who stays somewhere else while attending college.
- Any person who usually stays somewhere else most of the week while working there.
- Any person away from here in an institution such as a home for the aged or mental hospital.
- Any person staying or visiting here who has a usual home elsewhere.

1. What is the name of each person who was living here on Tuesday, April 1, 1980, or who was staying or visiting here and had no other home?

_____

_____

_____

_____

_____

_____

_____

_____

_____

_____

_____

_____

_____

Note

If everyone here is staying only temporarily and has a usual home elsewhere, please mark this box ☐.

Then please:

- answer the questions on pages 2 through 5 only, and
- enter the address of your usual home on page 20.

Please continue →

Page 2

ALSO ANSWER THE HOUSING QUESTIONS ON PAGE 3

Here are the QUESTIONS ↓	These are the columns for ANSWERS → Please fill one column for each person listed in Question 1.	PERSON in column 1	PERSON in column 2
		Last name First name — Middle initial	Last name First name — Middle initial
2. How is this person related to the person in column 1? *Fill one circle.* *If "Other relative" of person in column 1, give exact relationship, such as mother-in-law, niece, grandson, etc.*		*START in this column with the household member (or one of the members) in whose name the home is owned or rented. If there is no such person, start in this column with any adult household member.*	If relative of person in column 1: ○ Husband/wife ○ Father/mother ○ Son/daughter ○ Other relative → ○ Brother/sister If not related to person in column 1: ○ Roomer, boarder ○ Other nonrelative → ○ Partner, roommate ○ Paid employee
3. Sex *Fill one circle.*		○ Male ■ ○ Female	○ Male ■ ○ Female
4. Is this person — *Fill one circle.*		○ White ○ Asian Indian ○ Black or Negro ○ Hawaiian ○ Japanese ○ Guamanian ○ Chinese ○ Samoan ○ Filipino ○ Eskimo ○ Korean ○ Aleut ○ Vietnamese ○ Other — *Specify* → ○ Indian (Amer.) *Print tribe* → _____	○ White ○ Asian Indian ○ Black or Negro ○ Hawaiian ○ Japanese ○ Guamanian ○ Chinese ○ Samoan ○ Filipino ○ Eskimo ○ Korean ○ Aleut ○ Vietnamese ○ Other — *Specify* → ○ Indian (Amer.) *Print tribe* → _____
5. Age, and month and year of birth *a. Print age at last birthday.* *b. Print month and fill one circle.* *c. Print year in the spaces, and fill one circle below each number.*		a. Age at last birthday [ ] b. Month of birth [ ] ■ ○ Jan.—Mar. ○ Apr.—June ○ July—Sept. ○ Oct.—Dec. c. Year of birth: 1 ● 8 ○ 9 ○ / Ø ○ 1 ○ 2 ○ 3 ○ 4 ○ 5 ○ 6 ○ 7 ○ 8 ○ 9 ○ / Ø ○ 1 ○ 2 ○ 3 ○ 4 ○ 5 ○ 6 ○ 7 ○ 8 ○ 9 ○	a. Age at last birthday [ ] b. Month of birth [ ] ■ ○ Jan.—Mar. ○ Apr.—June ○ July—Sept. ○ Oct.—Dec. c. Year of birth: 1 ● 8 ○ 9 ○ / Ø ○ 1 ○ 2 ○ 3 ○ 4 ○ 5 ○ 6 ○ 7 ○ 8 ○ 9 ○ / Ø ○ 1 ○ 2 ○ 3 ○ 4 ○ 5 ○ 6 ○ 7 ○ 8 ○ 9 ○
6. Marital status *Fill one circle.*		○ Now married ○ Separated ○ Widowed ○ Never married ○ Divorced	○ Now married ○ Separated ○ Widowed ○ Never married ○ Divorced
7. Is this person of Spanish/Hispanic origin or descent? *Fill one circle.*		○ No (not Spanish/Hispanic) ○ Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Amer., Chicano ○ Yes, Puerto Rican ■ ○ Yes, Cuban ○ Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic	○ No (not Spanish/Hispanic) ○ Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Amer., Chicano ○ Yes, Puerto Rican ■ ○ Yes, Cuban ○ Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic
8. Since February 1, 1980, has this person attended regular school or college at any time? *Fill one circle. Count nursery school, kindergarten, elementary school, and schooling which leads to a high school diploma or college degree.*		○ No, has not attended since February 1 ○ Yes, public school, public college ○ Yes, private, church-related ○ Yes, private, not church-related	○ No, has not attended since February 1 ○ Yes, public school, public college ○ Yes, private, church-related ○ Yes, private, not church-related
9. What is the highest grade (or year) of regular school this person has ever attended? *Fill one circle.* *If now attending school, mark grade person is in. If high school was finished by equivalency test (GED), mark "12."*		**Highest grade attended:** ○ Nursery school ○ Kindergarten Elementary through high school *(grade or year)* 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ College *(academic year)* ■ 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 or more ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ Never attended school — *Skip question 10*	**Highest grade attended:** ○ Nursery school ○ Kindergarten Elementary through high school *(grade or year)* 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ College *(academic year)* ■ 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 or more ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ Never attended school — *Skip question 10*
10. Did this person finish the highest grade (or year) attended? *Fill one circle.*		○ Now attending this grade *(or year)* ○ Finished this grade *(or year)* ○ Did not finish this grade *(or year)*	○ Now attending this grade *(or year)* ○ Finished this grade *(or year)* ○ Did not finish this grade *(or year)*
		CENSUS USE ONLY A. ○ I ○ N ○ ○	*CENSUS USE ONLY* A. ○ I ○ N ○ ○

Page 3

PERSON in column 7

Last name

First name — Middle initial

If relative of person in column 1:

- O Husband/wife
- O Son/daughter
- O Brother/sister
- O Father/mother
- O Other relative

If not related to person in column 1:

- O Roomer, boarder
- O Partner, roommate
- O Paid employee
- O Other nonrelative

- O Male
- O Female

- O White
- O Black or Negro
- O Japanese
- O Chinese
- O Filipino
- O Korean
- O Vietnamese
- O Indian (Amer.) *Print tribe* →
- O Asian Indian
- O Hawaiian
- O Guamanian
- O Samoan
- O Eskimo
- O Aleut
- O Other — *Specify*

a. Age at last birthday

b. Month of birth

- O Jan.—Mar.
- O Apr.—June
- O July—Sept.
- O Oct.—Dec.

c. Year of birth

1 ● 8 O 9 O | 0 O 1 O 2 O 3 O 4 O 5 O 6 O 7 O 8 O 9 O | 0 O 1 O 2 O 3 O 4 O 5 O 6 O 7 O 8 O 9 O

- O Now married
- O Widowed
- O Divorced
- O Separated
- O Never married

- O No (not Spanish/Hispanic)
- O Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Amer., Chicano
- O Yes, Puerto Rican
- O Yes, Cuban
- O Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic

- O No, has not attended since February 1
- O Yes, public school, public college
- O Yes, private, church-related
- O Yes, private, not church-related

Highest grade attended:

O Nursery school O Kindergarten

Elementary through high school *(grade or year)*

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12

College *(academic year)*

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 or more

O Never attended school—*Skip question 10*

- O Now attending this grade *(or year)*
- O Finished this grade *(or year)*
- O Did not finish this grade *(or year)*

CENSUS USE ONLY	A.	O I	O N	O O

NOW PLEASE ANSWER QUESTIONS H1—H12 FOR YOUR HOUSEHOLD

If you listed more than 7 persons in Question 1, please see note on page 20.

H1. Did you leave anyone out of Question 1 because you were not sure if the person should be listed — *for example, a new baby still in the hospital, a lodger who also has another home, or a person who stays here once in a while and has no other home?*

- O Yes — *On page 20 give name(s) and reason left out.*
- O No

H2. Did you list anyone in Question 1 who is away from home now — *for example, on a vacation or in a hospital?*

- O Yes — *On page 20 give name(s) and reason person is away.*
- O No

H3. Is anyone visiting here who is not already listed?

- O Yes — *On page 20 give name of each visitor for whom there is no one at the home address to report the person to a census taker.*
- O No

H4. How many living quarters, occupied and vacant, are at this address?

- O One
- O 2 apartments or living quarters
- O 3 apartments or living quarters
- O 4 apartments or living quarters
- O 5 apartments or living quarters
- O 6 apartments or living quarters
- O 7 apartments or living quarters
- O 8 apartments or living quarters
- O 9 apartments or living quarters
- O 10 or more apartments or living quarters
- O This is a mobile home or trailer

H5. Do you enter your living quarters —

- O Directly from the outside or through a common or public hall?
- O Through someone else's living quarters?

H6. Do you have complete plumbing facilities in your living quarters, that is, hot and cold piped water, a flush toilet, and a bathtub or shower?

- O Yes, for this household only
- O Yes, but also used by another household
- O No, have some but not all plumbing facilities
- O No plumbing facilities in living quarters

H7. How many rooms do you have in your living quarters? *Do not count bathrooms, porches, balconies, foyers, halls, or half-rooms.*

- O 1 room
- O 2 rooms
- O 3 rooms
- O 4 rooms
- O 5 rooms
- O 6 rooms
- O 7 rooms
- O 8 rooms
- O 9 or more rooms

H8. Are your living quarters —

- O Owned or being bought by you or by someone else in this household?
- O Rented for cash rent?
- O Occupied without payment of cash rent?

H9. Is this apartment (house) part of a condominium?

- O No
- O Yes, a condominium

H10. *If this is a one-family house* —

a. **Is the house on a property of 10 or more acres?**

O Yes O No

b. **Is any part of the property used as a commercial establishment or medical office?**

O Yes O No

H11. *If you live in a one-family house or a condominium unit which you own or are buying* —

What is the value of this property, that is, how much do you think this property (house and lot or condominium unit) would sell for if it were for sale?

Do not answer this question if this is —

- A mobile home or trailer
- A house on 10 or more acres
- A house with a commercial establishment or medical office on the property

- O Less than $10,000
- O $10,000 to $14,999
- O $15,000 to $17,499
- O $17,500 to $19,999
- O $20,000 to $22,499
- O $22,500 to $24,999
- O $25,000 to $27,499
- O $27,500 to $29,999
- O $30,000 to $34,999
- O $35,000 to $39,999
- O $40,000 to $44,999
- O $45,000 to $49,999
- O $50,000 to $54,999
- O $55,000 to $59,999
- O $60,000 to $64,999
- O $65,000 to $69,999
- O $70,000 to $74,999
- O $75,000 to $79,999
- O $80,000 to $89,999
- O $90,000 to $99,999
- O $100,000 to $124,999
- O $125,000 to $149,999
- O $150,000 to $199,999
- O $200,000 or more

H12. *If you pay rent for your living quarters* —

What is the monthly rent?

If rent is not paid by the month, see the instruction guide on how to figure a monthly rent.

- O Less than $50
- O $50 to $59
- O $60 to $69
- O $70 to $79
- O $80 to $89
- O $90 to $99
- O $100 to $109
- O $110 to $119
- O $120 to $129
- O $130 to $139
- O $140 to $149
- O $150 to $159
- O $160 to $169
- O $170 to $179
- O $180 to $189
- O $190 to $199
- O $200 to $224
- O $225 to $249
- O $250 to $274
- O $275 to $299
- O $300 to $349
- O $350 to $399
- O $400 to $499
- O $500 or more

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A4. Block number

A6. Serial number

B. Type of unit or quarters

Occupied

- O First form
- O Continuation

Vacant

- O Regular
- O Usual home elsewhere

Group quarters

- O First form
- O Continuation

For vacant units

C1. Is this unit for —

- O Year round use
- O Seasonal/Mig. — *Skip C2, C3, and D.*

C2. Vacancy status

- O For rent
- O For sale only
- O Rented or sold, not occupied
- O Held for occasional use
- O Other vacant

C3. Is this unit boarded up?

O Yes O No

D. Months vacant

- O Less than 1 month
- O 1 up to 2 months
- O 2 up to 6 months
- O 6 up to 12 months
- O 1 year up to 2 years
- O 2 or more years

E. Indicators

1. O O Mail return
2. O O Pop./F

O O

F. Total persons

Page 4

H13. Which best describes this building?
Include all apartments, flats, etc., even if vacant.

- ○ A mobile home or trailer
- ○ A one-family house detached from any other house
- ○ A one-family house attached to one or more houses
- ○ A building for 2 families
- ○ A building for 3 or 4 families
- ○ A building for 5 to 9 families
- ○ A building for 10 to 19 families
- ○ A building for 20 to 49 families
- ○ A building for 50 or more families
- ○ A boat, tent, van, etc.

H14a. How many stories (floors) are in this building?
Count an attic or basement as a story if it has any finished rooms for living purposes.

- ○ 1 to 3 — *Skip to H15*
- ○ 4 to 6
- ○ 7 to 12
- ○ 13 or more stories

b. Is there a passenger elevator in this building?

- ○ Yes
- ○ No

H15a. Is this building —

- ○ On a city or suburban lot, or on a place of less than 1 acre? — *Skip to H16*
- ○ On a place of 1 to 9 acres?
- ○ On a place of 10 or more acres?

b. Last year, 1979, did sales of crops, livestock, and other farm products from this place amount to —

- ○ Less than $50 (or None)
- ○ $50 to $249
- ○ $250 to $599
- ○ $600 to $999
- ○ $1,000 to $2,499
- ○ $2,500 or more

H16. Do you get water from —

- ○ A public system *(city water department, etc.)* or private company?
- ○ An individual drilled well?
- ○ An individual dug well?
- ○ Some other source *(a spring, creek, river, cistern, etc.)*?

H17. Is this building connected to a public sewer?

- ○ Yes, connected to public sewer
- ○ No, connected to septic tank or cesspool
- ○ No, use other means

H18. About when was this building originally built? *Mark when the building was first constructed, not when it was remodeled, added to, or converted.*

- ○ 1979 or 1980
- ○ 1975 to 1978
- ○ 1970 to 1974
- ○ 1960 to 1969
- ○ 1950 to 1959
- ○ 1940 to 1949
- ○ 1939 or earlier

H19. When did the person listed in column 1 move into this house (or apartment)?

- ○ 1979 or 1980
- ○ 1975 to 1978
- ○ 1970 to 1974
- ○ 1960 to 1969
- ○ 1950 to 1959
- ○ 1949 or earlier
- ○ Always lived here

H20. How are your living quarters heated?
Fill one circle for the kind of heat used most.

- ○ Steam or hot water system
- ○ Central warm-air furnace with ducts to the individual rooms *(Do not count electric heat pumps here)*
- ○ Electric heat pump
- ○ Other built-in electric units *(permanently installed in wall, ceiling, or baseboard)*
- ○ Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace
- ○ Room heaters with flue or vent, burning gas, oil, or kerosene
- ○ Room heaters without flue or vent, burning gas, oil, or kerosene *(not portable)*
- ○ Fireplaces, stoves, or portable room heaters of any kind
- ○ No heating equipment

ALSO ANSWER THESE QUESTIONS

H21a. Which fuel is used most for house heating?

- ○ Gas: from underground pipes serving the neighborhood
- ○ Gas: bottled, tank, or LP
- ○ Electricity
- ○ Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.
- ○ Coal or coke
- ○ Wood
- ○ Other fuel
- ○ No fuel used

b. Which fuel is used most for water heating?

- ○ Gas: from underground pipes serving the neighborhood
- ○ Gas: bottled, tank, or LP
- ○ Electricity
- ○ Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.
- ○ Coal or coke
- ○ Wood
- ○ Other fuel
- ○ No fuel used

c. Which fuel is used most for cooking?

- ○ Gas: from underground pipes serving the neighborhood
- ○ Gas: bottled, tank, or LP
- ○ Electricity
- ○ Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.
- ○ Coal or coke
- ○ Wood
- ○ Other fuel
- ○ No fuel used

H22. What are the costs of utilities and fuels for your living quarters?

a. Electricity
$ _____ .00 OR
Average monthly cost
- ○ Included in rent or no charge
- ○ Electricity not used

b. Gas
$ _____ .00 OR
Average monthly cost
- ○ Included in rent or no charge
- ○ Gas not used

c. Water
$ _____ .00 OR
Yearly cost
- ○ Included in rent or no charge

d. Oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.
$ _____ .00 OR
Yearly cost
- ○ Included in rent or no charge
- ○ These fuels not used

H23. Do you have complete kitchen facilities? *Complete kitchen facilities are a sink with piped water, a range or cookstove, and a refrigerator.*

- ○ Yes
- ○ No

H24. How many bedrooms do you have?
Count rooms used mainly for sleeping even if used also for other purposes.

- ○ No bedroom
- ○ 1 bedroom
- ○ 2 bedrooms
- ○ 3 bedrooms
- ○ 4 bedrooms
- ○ 5 or more bedrooms

H25. How many bathrooms do you have?
A complete bathroom is a room with flush toilet, bathtub or shower, and wash basin with piped water.
A half bathroom has at least a flush toilet or bathtub or shower, but does not have all the facilities for a complete bathroom.

- ○ *No bathroom, or only a half bathroom*
- ○ 1 complete bathroom
- ○ 1 complete bathroom, plus half bath(s)
- ○ 2 or more complete bathrooms

H26. Do you have a telephone in your living quarters?

- ○ Yes
- ○ No

H27. Do you have air conditioning?

- ○ Yes, a central air-conditioning system
- ○ Yes, 1 individual room unit
- ○ Yes, 2 or more individual room units
- ○ No

H28. How many automobiles are kept at home for use by members of your household?

- ○ None
- ○ 1 automobile
- ○ 2 automobiles
- ○ 3 or more automobiles

H29. How many vans or trucks of one-ton capacity or less are kept at home for use by members of your household?

- ○ None
- ○ 1 van or truck
- ○ 2 vans or trucks
- ○ 3 or more vans or trucks

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H22a.
H22b.
H22c.
H22d.

FOR YOUR HOUSEHOLD

Please answer H30—H32 if you live in a one-family house which you own or are buying, unless this is —

- A mobile home or trailer . . . . . .
- A house on 10 or more acres . . . . . .
- A condominium unit . . . . . .
- A house with a commercial establishment or medical office on the property . . . . .

If any of these, or if you rent your unit or this is a multi-family structure, skip H30 to H32 and turn to page 6.

H30. What were the real estate taxes on this property last year?

$ _____ .00 OR ○ None

H31. What is the annual premium for fire and hazard insurance on this property?

$ _____ .00 OR ○ None

H32a. Do you have a mortgage, deed of trust, contract to purchase, or similar debt on this property?

○ Yes, mortgage, deed of trust, or similar debt

○ Yes, contract to purchase

○ No — *Skip to page 6*

b. Do you have a second or junior mortgage on this property?

○ Yes ○ No

c. How much is your total regular monthly payment to the lender?
Also include payments on a contract to purchase and to lenders holding second or junior mortgages on this property.

$ _____ .00 OR ○ No regular payment required — *Skip to page 6*

d. Does your regular monthly payment (amount entered in H32c) include payments for real estate taxes on this property?

○ Yes, taxes included in payment

○ No, taxes paid separately or taxes not required

e. Does your regular monthly payment (amount entered in H32c) include payments for fire and hazard insurance on this property?

○ Yes, insurance included in payment

○ No, insurance paid separately or no insurance

Please turn to page 6

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	2.	4.		2.	4.		2.	4.
1 S.S. Yes ○ No ○	0 0 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4 5 6 7 8 9	0 0 0 1 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 6 7 7 7 8 8 8 9 9 9	2 S.S. Yes ○ No ○	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	0 0 0 1 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 6 7 7 7 8 8 8 9 9 9	3 S.S. Yes ○ No ○	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	0 0 0 1 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 6 7 7 7 8 8 8 9 9 9
4 S.S. Yes ○ No ○	0 0 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4 5 6 7 8 9	0 0 0 1 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 6 7 7 7 8 8 8 9 9 9	5 S.S. Yes ○ No ○	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	0 0 0 1 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 6 7 7 7 8 8 8 9 9 9	6 S.S. Yes ○ No ○	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	0 0 0 1 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 6 7 7 7 8 8 8 9 9 9

	2.	4.	GQ.	H30.	H31.	H32c.
7 S.S. Yes ○ No ○	0 0 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4 5 6 7 8 9	0 0 0 1 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 6 7 7 7 8 8 8 9 9 9	0 0 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4 5 5 6 6 7 7 8 8 9 9	0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 6 6 6 6 7 7 7 7 8 8 8 8 9 9 9 9	0 0 0 1 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 6 7 7 7 8 8 8 9 9 9	0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 6 6 6 6 7 7 7 7 8 8 8 8 9 9 9 9

Page 6

ANSWER THESE QUESTIONS FOR

Name of Person 1 on page 2:

Last name | First name | Middle initial

11. In what State or foreign country was this person born?
Print the State where this person's mother was living when this person was born. Do not give the location of the hospital unless the mother's home and the hospital were in the same State.

Name of State or foreign country; or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc.

12. *If this person was born in a foreign country –*

a. Is this person a naturalized citizen of the United States?

- O Yes, a naturalized citizen
- O No, not a citizen
- O Born abroad of American parents

b. When did this person come to the United States to stay?

O 1975 to 1980	O 1965 to 1969	O 1950 to 1959
O 1970 to 1974	O 1960 to 1964	O Before 1950

13a. Does this person speak a language other than English at home?

O Yes O No, only speaks English – *Skip to 14*

b. What is this language?

(For example – Chinese, Italian, Spanish, etc.)

c. How well does this person speak English?

- O Very well
- O Well
- O Not well
- O Not at all

14. What is this person's ancestry? *If uncertain about how to report ancestry, see instruction guide.*

(For example: Afro-Amer., English, French, German, Honduran, Hungarian, Irish, Italian, Jamaican, Korean, Lebanese, Mexican, Nigerian, Polish, Ukrainian, Venezuelan, etc.)

15a. Did this person live in this house five years ago (April 1, 1975)?
If in college or Armed Forces in April 1975, report place of residence there.

- O Born April 1975 or later – *Turn to next page for next person*
- O Yes, this house – *Skip to 16*
- O No, different house

b. Where did this person live five years ago (April 1, 1975)?

(1) State, foreign country, Puerto Rico, Guam, etc.: _____

(2) County: _____

(3) City, town, village, etc.: _____

(4) Inside the incorporated (legal) limits of that city, town, village, etc.?

O Yes O No, in unincorporated area

16. When was this person born?

- O Born before April 1965 – *Please go on with questions 17-33*
- O Born April 1965 or later – *Turn to next page for next person*

17. In April 1975 *(five years ago)* **was this person –**

a. On active duty in the Armed Forces?

O Yes O No

b. Attending college?

O Yes O No

c. Working at a job or business?

- O Yes, full time
- O Yes, part time
- O No

18a. Is this person a veteran of active-duty military service in the Armed Forces of the United States?
If service was in National Guard or Reserves only, see instruction guide.

O Yes O No – *Skip to 19*

b. Was active-duty military service during –
Fill a circle for each period in which this person served.

- O May 1975 or later
- O Vietnam era *(August 1964–April 1975)*
- O February 1955–July 1964
- O Korean conflict *(June 1950–January 1955)*
- O World War II *(September 1940–July 1947)*
- O World War I *(April 1917–November 1918)*
- O Any other time

19. Does this person have a physical, mental, or other health condition which has lasted for 6 or more months and which . . .

	Yes	No
a. Limits the kind or amount of work this person can do at a job?	O	O
b. Prevents this person from working at a job?	O	O
c. Limits or prevents this person from using public transportation?	O	O

20. *If this person is a female –*
How many babies has she ever had, not counting stillbirths?
Do not count her stepchildren or children she has adopted.

None	1	2	3	4	5	6
O	O	O	O	O	O	O

7	8	9	10	11	12 or more
O	O	O	O	O	O

21. *If this person has ever been married –*

a. Has this person been married more than once?

O Once O More than once

b. Month and year of marriage? (Month) (Year)

Month and year of first marriage? (Month) (Year)

c. *If married more than once –* **Did the first marriage end because of the death of the husband (or wife)?**

O Yes O No

22a. Did this person work at any time last week?

O Yes – *Fill this circle if this person worked full time or part time. (Count part-time work such as delivering papers, or helping without pay in a family business or farm. Also count active duty in the Armed Forces.)*

O No – *Fill this circle if this person did not work, or did only own housework, school work, or volunteer work.*

Skip to 25

b. How many hours did this person work last week (at all jobs)?
Subtract any time off; add overtime or extra hours worked.

_____ Hours

23. At what location did this person work last week?
If this person worked at more than one location, print where he or she worked most last week.

If one location cannot be specified, see instruction guide.

a. Address *(Number and street)* _____

If street address is not known, enter the building name, shopping center, or other physical location description.

b. Name of city, town, village, borough, etc.

_____

c. Is the place of work inside the incorporated (legal) limits of that city, town, village, borough, etc.?

O Yes O No, in unincorporated area

d. County _____

e. State _____ **f. ZIP Code** _____

24a. Last week, how long did it usually take this person to get from home to work (one way)?

_____ Minutes

b. How did this person usually get to work last week?
If this person used more than one method, give the one usually used for most of the distance.

O Car	O Taxicab
O Truck	O Motorcycle
O Van	O Bicycle
O Bus or streetcar	O Walked only
O Railroad	O Worked at home
O Subway or elevated	O Other – *Specify*

If car, truck, or van in 24b, go to 24c. Otherwise, skip to 28.

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Per. No.	11.	13b.		14.		15b.		23.			24a.
1	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9		0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9

PERSON 1 ON PAGE 2

c. When going to work last week, did this person usually —
- O Drive alone — *Skip to 28*
- O Drive others only
- O Share driving
- O Ride as passenger only

d. How many people, including this person, usually rode to work in the car, truck, or van last week?
- O 2
- O 3
- O 4
- O 5
- O 6
- O 7 or more

After answering 24d, skip to 28.

25. Was this person temporarily absent or on layoff from a job or business last week?
- O Yes, on layoff
- O Yes, on vacation, temporary illness, labor dispute, etc.
- O No

26a. Has this person been looking for work during the last 4 weeks?
- O Yes
- O No — *Skip to 27*

b. Could this person have taken a job last week?
- O No, already has a job
- O No, temporarily ill
- O No, other reasons *(in school, etc.)*
- O Yes, could have taken a job

27. When did this person last work, even for a few days?
- O 1980
- O 1979
- O 1978
- O 1975 to 1977
- O 1970 to 1974
- O 1969 or earlier
- O Never worked

Skip to 31d

28–30. Current or most recent job activity

Describe clearly this person's chief job activity or business last week. If this person had more than one job, describe the one at which this person worked the most hours. If this person had no job or business last week, give information for last job or business since 1975.

28. Industry

a. For whom did this person work? *If now on active duty in the Armed Forces, print "AF" and skip to question 31.*

(Name of company, business, organization, or other employer)

b. What kind of business or industry was this?

Describe the activity at location where employed.

(For example: Hospital, newspaper publishing, mail order house, auto engine manufacturing, breakfast cereal manufacturing)

c. Is this mainly — *(Fill one circle)*
- Manufacturing
- Wholesale trade
- Retail trade
- Other — *(agriculture, construction, service, government, etc.)*

29. Occupation

a. What kind of work was this person doing?

(For example: Registered nurse, personnel manager, supervisor of order department, gasoline engine assembler, grinder operator)

b. What were this person's most important activities or duties?

(For example: Patient care, directing hiring policies, supervising order clerks, assembling engines, operating grinding mill)

30. Was this person — *(Fill one circle)*
- Employee of private company, business, or individual, for wages, salary, or commissions ..... O
- Federal government employee ..... O
- State government employee ..... O
- Local government employee *(city, county, etc.)* ..... O
- Self-employed in own business, professional practice, or farm —
  - Own business not incorporated ..... O
  - Own business incorporated ..... O
- Working without pay in family business or farm ..... O

CENSUS USE

21b. I O II O II O III O IV O

22b.

28. A B C D E F G H J K L M AF O NW O

29. N P Q R S T U V W X Y Z

31a. Last year (1979), did this person work, even for a few days, at a paid job or in a business or farm?
- O Yes
- O No — *Skip to 31d*

b. How many weeks did this person work in 1979?

Count paid vacation, paid sick leave, and military service.

_____ Weeks

c. During the weeks worked in 1979, how many hours did this person usually work each week?

_____ Hours

d. Of the weeks not worked in 1979 (if any), how many weeks was this person looking for work or on layoff from a job?

_____ Weeks

32. Income in 1979 —

Fill circles and print dollar amounts.
If net income was a loss, write "Loss" above the dollar amount.
If exact amount is not known, give best estimate. For income received jointly by household members, see instruction guide.

During 1979 did this person receive any income from the following sources?

If "Yes" to any of the sources below — How much did this person receive for the entire year?

a. Wages, salary, commissions, bonuses, or tips from all jobs . . . *Report amount before deductions for taxes, bonds, dues, or other items.*
- O Yes → $ .00 *(Annual amount – Dollars)*
- O No

b. Own nonfarm business, partnership, or professional practice . . . *Report net income after business expenses.*
- O Yes → $ .00 *(Annual amount – Dollars)*
- O No

c. Own farm. . . *Report net income after operating expenses. Include earnings as a tenant farmer or sharecropper.*
- O Yes → $ .00 *(Annual amount – Dollars)*
- O No

d. Interest, dividends, royalties, or net rental income . . . *Report even small amounts credited to an account.*
- O Yes → $ .00 *(Annual amount – Dollars)*
- O No

e. Social Security or Railroad Retirement . . .
- O Yes → $ .00 *(Annual amount – Dollars)*
- O No

f. Supplemental Security (SSI), Aid to Families with Dependent Children (AFDC), or other public assistance or public welfare payments . . .
- O Yes → $ .00 *(Annual amount – Dollars)*
- O No

g. Unemployment compensation, veterans' payments, pensions, alimony or child support, or any other sources of income received regularly . . .

Exclude lump-sum payments such as money from an inheritance or the sale of a home.
- O Yes → $ .00 *(Annual amount – Dollars)*
- O No

33. What was this person's total income in 1979?

Add entries in questions 32a through g; subtract any losses.

$ .00 *(Annual amount – Dollars)*

If total amount was a loss, write "Loss" above amount.

OR O None

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31b. 31c. 31d.

32a. 32b. 32c. 32d. 32e. 32f. 32g. 33.

➜ *Please turn to the next page and answer the questions for Person 2 on page 2*

Appendix F.—Publication and Computer Tape Program

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STF 3 Microfiche F–5
P.L. 94-171 Counts Microfiche. . F–5

GENERAL

The results of the 1980 Census of Population and Housing are issued in three forms: printed reports, computer tape files, and microfiche. Most of the reports listed are issued on a flow basis through 1983. A few may be issued later, such as Subject Reports and Evaluation and Reference Reports.

The publications of the 1980 census are released under three subject titles: *1980 Census of Population and Housing, 1980 Census of Population, and 1980 Census of Housing.* The description of the publication program below is organized in sections, by census title, followed by the reports under each title. It should be noted that a number of population census reports contain some housing data and a number of housing census reports contain some population data. Following the description of the publication program are sections on computer tapes, maps, and microfiche.

The data product descriptions include listings of geographic areas for which data are summarized in that product. Note that the term "place" refers to incorporated places and census designated (or unincorporated) places, as well as towns and townships in 11 States (the 6 New England States, the 3 Middle Atlantic States, Michigan, and Wisconsin).

Order forms for these materials are available, subject to availability of the data product, from Data User Services Division, Customer Services, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233; Census Bureau Regional Offices; U.S. Department of Commerce District Offices; and State Data Centers. After issuance, census reports are on file in many libraries and are available for examination at any Department of Commerce District Office or Census Bureau Regional Office.

PUBLICATIONS

Population and Housing Census Reports

PHC80-1, Block Statistics—These reports, which are issued on microfiche rather

than in print form, present population and housing unit totals and statistics on selected characteristics which are based on complete-count tabulations. Data are shown for blocks in urbanized areas and selected adjacent areas, for blocks in places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, and for blocks in areas which contracted with the Census Bureau to provide block statistics.

The set of reports consists of 374 sets of microfiche and includes a report for each standard metropolitan statistical area (SMSA), showing blocked areas within the SMSA, and a report for each State and for Puerto Rico, showing blocked areas outside SMSA's. In addition to microfiche, printed detailed maps showing the blocks covered by the particular report are available as well as a U.S. Summary, which is an index to the set.

PHC80-2, Census Tracts—Statistics for most of the population and housing subjects included in the 1980 census are presented for census tracts in SMSA's and in other tracted areas. Both complete-count data and sample data are included. Most statistics are presented by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of persons in the relevant population group.

There is one report for each SMSA, as well as one for each of the States and Puerto Rico which have tracted areas outside SMSA's. In addition, maps showing the boundaries and identification numbers of census tracts in the SMSA are available as well as a U.S. Summary, which is an index to the set and also provides a historical listing of the total number of tracts by area.

PHC80-3, Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas—Statistics are presented on total population and on complete-count and sample population characteristics such as age, race, education, disability, ability to speak English, labor force, and income, and on total housing units and housing characteristics such as value, age of structure, and rent. These statistics are shown for the following areas or their equivalents: States, SMSA's, counties, county subdivisions (those which are functioning general-purpose local governments), and incorporated places.

There is one report for each State, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico. This series does not include a U.S. Summary.

PHC80-4, Congressional Districts of the 98th Congress—These reports present complete-count and sample data for congressional districts of the 98th Congress. The reports reflect redistricting based on the 1982 elections. One report is issued for each of the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

PHC80-S1-1, Provisional Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics—This report presents provisional estimates based on sample data collected in the 1980 census. Data on social, economic, and housing characteristics are shown for the United States as a whole, each State, the District of Columbia, and SMSA's of 1 million or more inhabitants.

These data are based on a special subsample of the full census sample. The sample, which represents about 1.6 percent of the total population, was developed to provide users with initial data on characteristics of the population and housing units for the Nation and large areas.

PHC80-S2, Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics—These reports present advance sample data from the 1980 census including such social and economic characteristics of the population as education, migration, labor force, and income as well as housing characteristics such as structural information, mortgage, and gross rent.

The set consists of 50 paperbound reports and includes one report for each State and the District of Columbia. No report will be issued for the United States as a whole.

Each report presents population and housing characteristics for the State, its counties or comparable areas, and places of 25,000 or more inhabitants. Selected data are shown for four race groups (White; Black; combined American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut; and Asian and Pacific Islander) as well as for persons of Spanish origin.

Population Census Reports

PC80-1, Volume 1, Characteristics of the Population—This volume presents final population counts and statistics on population characteristics. It consists of reports for the following 57 areas: the United States, each of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas—Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands and the remainder of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. The volume consists of four chapters for each area, chapters A, B, C, and D. Chapters A and B present data collected on a complete-count basis, and chapters C and D present estimates based on sample information, except for the Outlying Areas where all data were collected on a complete-count basis.

The population totals presented in chapters A and B may differ from the counts presented earlier in the PHC80-V reports because corrections were made for errors found after the PHC80-V reports were issued. Chapters B, C, and D present statistics by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of the relevant population group.

The U.S. Summary reports present statistics for the United States, regions, divisions, States, and selected areas below the State level. The State or equivalent Area reports (which include the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas) present statistics for the State or equivalent area and its subdivisions.

Statistics for each of the 57 areas are issued in separate paperbound reports of chapters A, B, C, and D.

PC80-1-A, Chapter A, Number of Inhabitants—Final population counts are shown for the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties, county subdivisions, incorporated places and census designated places, standard consolidated statistical areas (SCSA's), SMSA's, and urbanized areas. Selected tables contain population counts by urban and rural residence. Many tables contain population counts from previous censuses.

PC80-1-B, Chapter B, General Population Characteristics—Statistics on household relationship, age, race, Spanish origin, sex, and marital status are shown for the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties (by total and rural residence), county subdivisions, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, SCSA's,

SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages.

PC80-1-C, Chapter C, General Social and Economic Characteristics—Statistics are presented on nativity, State or country of birth, citizenship and year of immigration for the foreign-born population, language spoken at home and ability to speak English, ancestry, fertility, family composition, type of group quarters, marital history, residence in 1975, journey to work, school enrollment, years of school completed, disability, veteran status, labor force status, occupation, industry, class of worker, labor force status in 1979, income in 1979, and poverty status in 1979. In addition, data on subjects shown in the PC80-1-B reports are presented in this report in more detail.

Each subject is shown for some or all of the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties (by rural and rural-farm residence), places of 2,500 or more inhabitants, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages.

PC80-1-D, Chapter D, Detailed Population Characteristics—Statistics on most of the subjects covered in the PC80-1-C reports are presented in this report in considerably greater detail and cross-classified by age, race, Spanish origin, and other characteristics. Each subject is shown for the State or equivalent area, and some subjects are also shown for rural residence at the State level. Most subjects are shown for SMSA's of 250,000 or more inhabitants, and a few are shown for central cities of these SMSA's.

PC80-2, Volume 2, Subject Reports—Each of the reports in this volume focuses on a particular subject and provides highly detailed distributions and cross-classifications on a national, regional, and divisional level. A few reports show statistics for States, SMSA's, large cities, American Indian reservations, or Alaska Native villages. Separate reports are issued on such subjects as racial and ethnic groups, type of residence, fertility, families, marital status, migration, education, employment, occupation, industry, journey to work, income, poverty status, and other topics.

PC80-S1, Supplementary Reports—These reports present special compilations of 1980 census statistics dealing with specific population subjects.

Housing Census Reports

HC80-1, Volume 1, Characteristics of Housing Units—This volume presents final housing unit counts and statistics on housing characteristics. It consists of reports for the following 57 areas: the United States, each of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas—Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands and the remainder of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. The volume consists of two chapters for each area, chapters A and B. Chapter A presents data collected on a complete-count basis, and chapter B presents estimates based on sample information, except for the Outlying Areas where all data were collected on a complete-count basis.

The housing totals presented in this report may differ from the counts presented earlier in the PHC80-V reports because corrections were made for errors found after the PHC80-V reports were issued. Both chapters present statistics by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of the relevant population group.

The U.S. Summary reports present statistics for the United States, regions, divisions, States, and selected areas below the State level. The State or equivalent Area reports (which include the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas) present statistics for the State or equivalent area and its subdivisions.

Statistics for each of the 57 areas are issued in separate paperbound reports of chapters A and B.

HC80-1-A, Chapter A, General Housing Characteristics—Statistics on units at address, tenure, condominium status, number of rooms, persons per room, plumbing facilities, value, contract rent, and vacancy status are shown for some or all of the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties, county subdivisions, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages. Selected tables contain housing characteristics by urban and rural residence.

HC80-1-B, Chapter B, Detailed Housing Characteristics—Statistics on units in structure, year moved into unit, year structure built, heating equipment, fuels, air-conditioning, source of water, sewage disposal, gross rent, and selected monthly ownership costs are shown for some or all of the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties, places of 2,500 or more inhabitants, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages. Selected tables show housing characteristics for rural and rural farm residence at the State and county level. Some subjects included in the HC80-1-A reports are also covered in this report in more detail.

HC80-2, Volume 2, Metropolitan Housing Characteristics—This volume presents statistics on most of the 1980 housing census subjects in considerable detail and cross-classification. Most statistics are presented by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of the relevant population group. Data are shown for States or equivalent areas, SMSA's and their central cities, and other cities of 50,000 or more inhabitants.

There is one report for each SMSA and one report for each State and Puerto Rico. The set includes a U.S. Summary report showing these statistics for the United States and regions.

HC80-3, Volume 3, Subject Reports—Each of the reports in this volume focuses on a particular subject and provides highly detailed distributions and cross-classifications on a national, regional, and divisional level. Separate reports are issued on housing of the elderly, mobile homes, and American Indian households.

HC80-4, Volume 4, Components of Inventory Change—This volume consists of two reports presenting statistics on the 1980 characteristics of housing units which existed in 1973, as well as on newly constructed units, conversions, mergers, demolitions, and other additions and losses to the housing inventory between 1973 and 1980. These reports present data derived from a sample survey conducted in the fall of 1980. Data are presented for the United States and regions in report I. Report II has two parts: Part A presents data for that group of SMSA's (not individually identified)

with populations of 1 million or more at the time of the 1970 census, and part B presents data for that group of SMSA's (not individually identified) with populations of less than 1 million at the time of the 1970 census.

HC80-5, Volume 5, Residential Finance—This volume consists of one report presenting statistics on the financing of nonfarm homeowner and rental and vacant properties, including characteristics of the mortgage, property, and owner. The statistics are based on a sample survey conducted in the spring of 1981. Data are presented for the United States and regions. Some data are presented by inside and outside SMSA's and by central cities.

HC80-S1-1, Supplementary Reports—These reports present statistics from the 1980 Census of Housing on general characteristics of housing units for the 50 States and the District of Columbia, counties, and independent cities.

Evaluation and Reference Reports

PHC80-E, Evaluation and Research Reports—These reports present the results of the extensive evaluation program conducted as an integral part of the 1980 census. This program relates to such matters as completeness of enumeration and quality of the data on characteristics.

PHC80-R, Reference Reports—These reports present information on the various administrative and methodological aspects of the 1980 census. The series includes:

PHC80-R1, Users' Guide—This report covers subject content, procedures, geography, statistical products, limitations of the data, sources of user assistance, notes on data use, a glossary of terms, and guides for locating data in reports and tape files. The guide is issued in looseleaf form and sold in parts (R1-A, B, etc.) as they are printed.

PHC80-R2, History—This report describes in detail all phases of the 1980 census, from the earliest planning through all stages to the dissemination of data and evaluation of results. It contains detailed discussion of 1980 census questions and their use in previous decennial censuses.

PHC80-R3, Alphabetical Index of Industries and Occupations—This report was developed primarily for use in classifying responses to the questions on the kind of business (industry) and kind of work (occupation) in which the respondent is engaged. The index lists approximately 20,000 industry and 29,000 occupation titles in alphabetical order.

PHC80-R4, Classified Index of Industries and Occupations—This report defines the industrial and occupational classification systems adopted for the 1980 Census of Population. It presents the individual titles that constitute each of the 231 industry and 503 occupation categories in the classification systems. The individual titles are the same as those shown in the Alphabetical Index. The 1980 occupation classification reflects the new U.S. Standard Occupational Classification (SOC). As in the past, the 1980 industry classification reflects the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC).

PHC80-R5, Geographic Identification Code Scheme—This report identifies the names and related geographic codes for each State, county, minor civil division, place, region, division, SCSA, SMSA, American Indian reservation, and Alaska Native village for which the Census Bureau tabulated data from the 1980 census.

COMPUTER TAPES

Summary Tape Files

In addition to the printed and microfiche reports, results of the 1980 census also are provided on computer tape in the form of summary tape files (STF's). These data products have been designed to provide statistics with greater subject and geographic detail than is feasible or desirable to provide in printed and microfiche reports. The STF data are made available at nominal cost. The data are subject to suppression of certain detail where necessary to protect confidentiality.

There are five STF's (listed below), and the amount of geographic and subject detail presented varies. STF's 1 and 2 contain complete-count data, and STF's 3, 4, and 5 contain sample data. Note that the term "cells" used below refers to the number of subject statistics provided for each geographic area, and the number of cells is indicative of the detail of the subject content of the file.

Each of the STF's generally consists of two or more files which provide different degrees of geographic detail and, in some cases, race/Spanish origin cross-classification. For each of the files there is a separate tape or tapes for each State, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico. Selected files (STF 1 and STF 3) are also produced for Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands and the remainder of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. These tapes are issued on a State-by-State basis and are followed by a national summary tape for the particular file. More complete descriptions of the STF's than given in the summaries below can be found in the technical documentation of the specific file and in the PHC80-R1, *Users' Guide.*

STF 1—This STF provides 321 cells of complete-count population and housing data. Data are summarized for the United States, regions, divisions, States, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, congressional districts, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts, enumeration districts in unblocked areas, and blocks and block groups in blocked areas. The data include those shown in the PHC80-1, PHC80-3 (complete-count), and PC80-1-A reports.

STF 2—This STF contains 2,292 cells of detailed complete-count population and housing data, of which 962 are repeated for each race and Spanish origin group present in the tabulation area. Data are summarized for the United States, regions, divisions, States, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, counties, county subdivisions, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, census tracts, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages. The data include those shown in the PHC80-2 (complete-count), PC80-1-B, and HC80-1-A reports.

STF 3—This STF contains 1,126 cells of data on various population and housing subjects collected on a sample basis. The areas covered are the same as in STF 1, excluding blocks. The data include those shown in the PHC80-3 (sample) reports.

STF 4—This STF is the geographic counterpart of STF 2, but the number of cells of data is greater (approximately 8,400). STF 4 provides data covering virtually all of the population and housing subjects collected on a sample basis, as well as some of the complete-count subjects. Some of the statistics are repeated for race, Spanish origin, and ancestry groups. Data are summarized for areas similar to those shown in STF 2, except that data for places are limited to those with 2,500 or more inhabitants. The data include those shown in the PHC80-2 (sample), PC80-1-C, and HC80-1-B reports.

STF 5—This STF contains over 100,000 cells of data on various population and housing subjects collected on a sample basis and provides detailed tabulations and cross-classifications for States, SMSA's, counties, cities of 50,000 or more inhabitants and central cities. Most subjects are classified by race and Spanish origin. The data include those shown in the PC80-1-D and HC80-2 reports.

Other Computer Tape Files

P.L. 94-171, Population Counts—In accordance with Public Law (P.L.) 94-171, the Census Bureau provides population tabulations to all States for legislative reapportionment/redistricting. The file is issued on a State-by-State basis. It contains population counts classified by race and Spanish origin. The data are tabulated for the following levels of geography as applicable: States, counties, county subdivisions, incorporated places, census tracts, blocks and block groups in blocked areas, and enumeration districts in unblocked areas. For States participating in the voluntary program to define election precincts in conjunction with the Census Bureau, the data are also tabulated for election precincts.

Master Area Reference Files 1 and 2 (MARF)

MARF 1—This geographic reference file is an extract of STF 1 designed for those who require a master list of geographic codes and areas, along with basic census counts arranged hierarchically from the State down to the block group and enumeration district levels and is issued on a State-by-State basis. The file contains records for States, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts, enumeration districts in unblocked areas, and block groups in blocked areas. Each record shows the total population by five race groups, population of Spanish origin, number of housing units, number of households, number of families, and a few other items.

MARF 2—This file is the same as the MARF 1 with the latitude and longitude coordinates for a representative point (centroid) in each block group (BG) or enumeration district (ED) outside block numbered areas.

Geographic Base File/Dual Independent Map Encoding (GBF/DIME)—These files are computer representations of the Metropolitan Map Series, including address ranges and ZIP Codes, which generally cover the urbanized portions of SMSA's. GBF/DIME files are used to assign census geographic codes to addresses (geocoding). The files are available by SMSA.

Public-Use Microdata Samples—Public-use microdata samples are computerized files containing most population and housing characteristics as shown on a sample of individual census records. These files contain no names or addresses, and geographic identification is sufficiently broad to protect confidentiality.

There are three mutually exclusive samples, the A sample including 5 percent of all persons and housing units, and the B and C samples each including 1 percent of all persons and housing units. States and most large SMSA's will be identifiable on one or more of the files. Microdata files allow the user to prepare customized tabulations.

Census/EEO Special File—This file provides sample census data with specified relevance to EEO and affirmative action uses. The file contains two tabulations, one with detailed occupational data and the other with years of school completed by age. The data in both tabulations are crossed by sex, race, and Spanish origin. These data are provided for all counties, for all SMSA's, and for places with a population of 50,000 or more.

MAPS

Maps necessary to define areas are generally published and included as part of the corresponding reports. Maps are published for Block Statistics (PHC80-1) and Census Tracts (PHC80-2), but must be purchased separately from the report. Maps necessary to define enumeration districts are available on a cost-of-reproduction basis.

MICROFICHE

Some of the computer tape products are available on microfiche. The STF microfiche are issued for each State or Area and for the United States. These include:

STF 1 Microfiche—Data from STF 1 are presented in tabular form for all the STF 1 geographic levels described previously, except blocks.

STF 3 Microfiche—Data from STF 3 are presented in tabular form for all the STF 3 geographic levels.

P.L. 94-171 Counts Microfiche—The data from the P.L. 94-171 computer file are presented in a listing format.