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Census Tracts

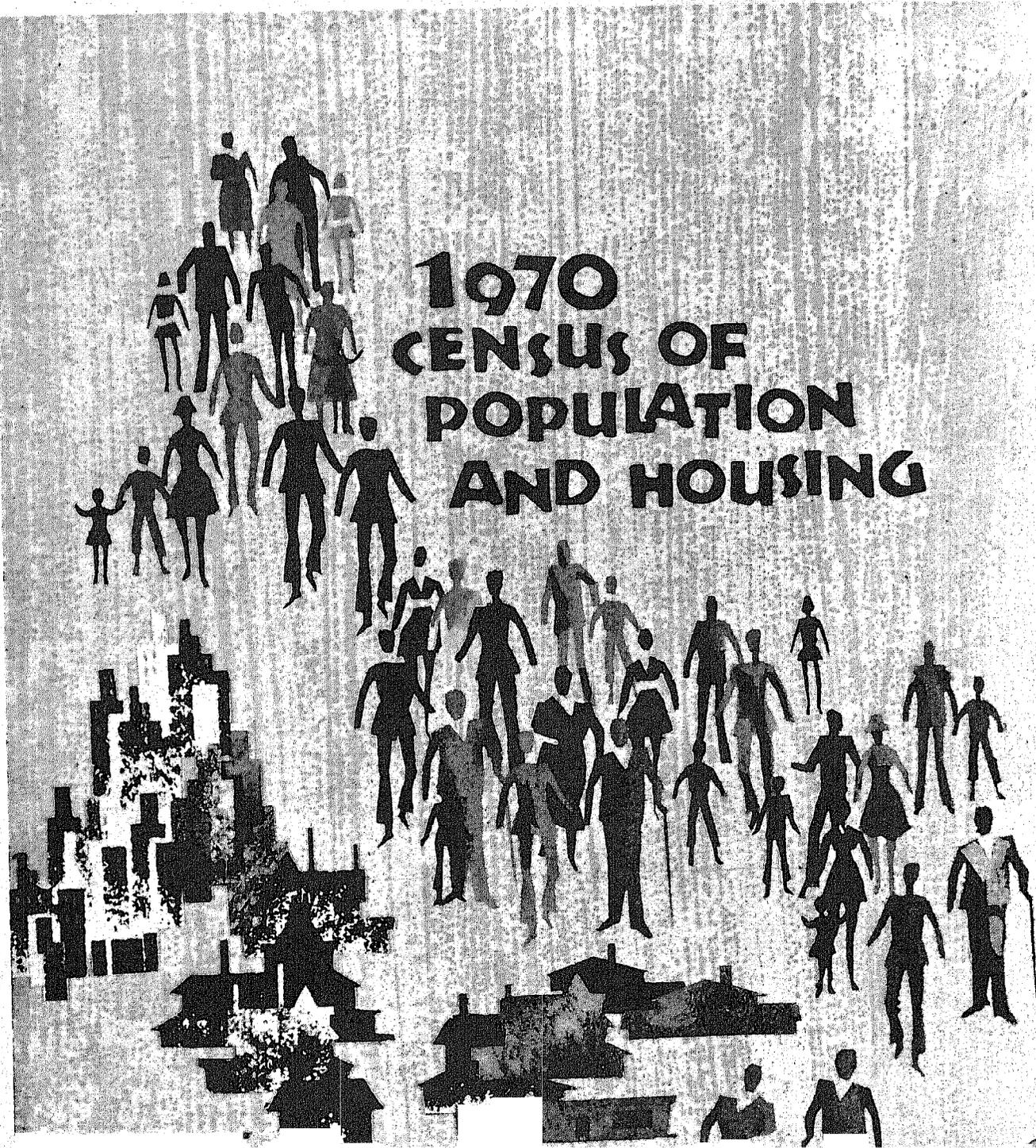
LAWTON, OKLA.
STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA

PHC(1)-110

1970 CENSUS OF POPULATION AND HOUSING

U.S. DEPARTMENT
OF COMMERCE
Social and Economic
Statistics Administration

BUREAU OF
THE CENSUS



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1970 CENSUS OF POPULATION AND HOUSING

Census Tracts

LAWTON, OKLA.
STANDARD METROPOLITAN
STATISTICAL AREA

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LIST OF PHC(1) CENSUS TRACT REPORTS

The reports listed below are for Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas. An asterisk (*) indicates that the report includes data for tracts in selected areas adjacent to the SMSA.

Report number	Area	Report number	Area	Report number	Area
1	Abilene, Tex.	41	Charlotte, N.C.*	81	Great Falls, Mont.
2	Akron, Ohio	42	Chattanooga, Tenn.-Ga.	82	Green Bay, Wis.
3	Albany, Ga.	43	Chicago, Ill.	83	Greensboro-Winston-Salem-High Point, N.C.
4	Albany-Schenectady-Troy, N.Y.	44	Cincinnati, Ohio-Ky.-Ind.	84	Greenville, S.C.
5	Albuquerque, N. Mex.	45	Cleveland, Ohio	85	Hamilton-Middletown, Ohio
6	Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton, Pa.-N.J.	46	Colorado Springs, Colo.	86	Harrisburg, Pa.
7	Altoona, Pa.	47	Columbia, Mo.	87	Hartford, Conn.*
8	Amarillo, Tex.	48	Columbia, S.C.	88	Honolulu, Hawaii*
9	Anaheim-Santa Ana-Garden Grove, Calif.	49	Columbus, Ga.-Ala.	89	Houston, Tex.*
10	Anderson, Ind.	50	Columbus, Ohio	90	Huntington-Ashland, W. Va.-Ky.-Ohio*
11	Ann Arbor, Mich.	51	Corpus Christi, Tex.	91	Huntsville, Ala.
12	Appleton-Oshkosh, Wis.	52	Dallas, Tex.	92	Indianapolis, Ind.
13	Asheville, N.C.	53	Davenport-Rock Island-Moline, Iowa-Ill.	93	Jackson, Mich.
14	Atlanta, Ga.*	54	Dayton, Ohio	94	Jackson, Miss.
15	Atlantic City, N.J.	55	Decatur, Ill.	95	Jacksonville, Fla.
16	Augusta, Ga.-S.C.	56	Denver, Colo.	96	Jersey City, N.J.
17	Austin, Tex.	57	Des Moines, Iowa	97	Johnstown, Pa.
18	Bakersfield, Calif.	58	Detroit, Mich.*	98	Kalamazoo, Mich.
19	Baltimore, Md.	59	Dubuque, Iowa	99	Kansas City, Mo.-Kans.*
20	Baton Rouge, La.*	60	Duluth-Superior, Minn.-Wis.	100	Kenosha, Wis.
21	Bay City, Mich.	61	Durham, N.C.	101	Knoxville, Tenn.*
22	Beaumont-Port Arthur-Orange, Tex.	62	El Paso, Tex.	102	Lafayette, La.
23	Billings, Mont.	63	Erie, Pa.	103	Lafayette-West Lafayette, Ind.
24	Biloxi-Gulfport, Miss.	64	Eugene, Oreg.	104	Lake Charles, La.
25	Binghamton, N.Y.-Pa.	65	Evansville, Ind.-Ky.	105	Lancaster, Pa.
26	Birmingham, Ala.	66	Fall River, Mass.-R.I.	106	Lansing, Mich.
27	Bloomington-Normal, Ill.	67	Fargo-Moorhead, N. Dak.-Minn.	107	Laredo, Tex.
28	Boise City, Idaho	68	Fayetteville, N.C.	108	Las Vegas, Nev.
29	Boston, Mass.*	69	Fitchburg-Leominster, Mass.*	109	Lawrence-Haverhill, Mass.-N.H.
30	Bridgeport, Conn.	70	Flint, Mich.	110	Lawton, Okla.
31	Bristol, Conn.*	71	Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood, Fla.	111	Lewiston-Auburn, Maine
32	Brockton, Mass.	72	Fort Smith, Ark.-Okla.	112	Lexington, Ky.
33	Brownsville-Harlingen-San Benito, Tex.	73	Fort Wayne, Ind.	113	Lima, Ohio
34	Bryan-College Station, Tex.	74	Fort Worth, Tex.*	114	Lincoln, Nebr.
35	Buffalo, N.Y.	75	Fresno, Calif.	115	Little Rock-North Little Rock, Ark.
36	Canton, Ohio	76	Gadsden, Ala.	116	Lorain-Elyria, Ohio*
37	Cedar Rapids, Iowa	77	Gainesville, Fla.	117	Los Angeles-Long Beach, Calif.
38	Champaign-Urbana, Ill.	78	Galveston-Texas City, Tex.	118	Louisville, Ky.-Ind.
39	Charleston, S.C.*	79	Gary-Hammond-East Chicago, Ind.	119	Lowell, Mass.
40	Charleston, W. Va.	80	Grand Rapids, Mich.*	120	Lubbock, Tex.

Report number	Area	Report number	Area	Report number	Area
121	Lynchburg, Va.*	161	Pine Bluff, Ark.	201	Spokane, Wash.
122	Macon, Ga.*	162	Pittsburgh, Pa.	202	Springfield, Ill.
123	Madison, Wis.	163	Pittsfield, Mass.	203	Springfield, Mo.
124	Manchester, N.H.	164	Portland, Maine*	204	Springfield, Ohio
125	Mansfield, Ohio	165	Portland, Oreg.-Wash.	205	Springfield-Chicopee-Holyoke, Mass.-Conn.*
126	McAllen-Pharr-Edinburg, Tex.	166	Providence-Pawtucket-Warwick, R.I.-Mass.*	206	Stamford, Conn.
127	Memphis, Tenn.-Ark.	167	Provo-Orem, Utah	207	Steubenville-Weirton, Ohio-W. Va.
128	Meriden, Conn.	168	Pueblo, Colo.	208	Stockton, Calif.
129	Miami, Fla.	169	Racine, Wis.	209	Syracuse, N.Y.
130	Midland, Tex.	170	Raleigh, N.C.	210	Tacoma, Wash.
131	Milwaukee, Wis.*	171	Reading, Pa.	211	Tallahassee, Fla.
132	Minneapolis-St. Paul, Minn.	172	Reno, Nev.	212	Tampa-St. Petersburg, Fla.
133	Mobile, Ala.	173	Richmond, Va.	213	Terre Haute, Ind.
134	Modesto, Calif.	174	Roanoke, Va.	214	Texarkana, Tex.-Ark.
135	Monroe, La.	175	Rochester, Minn.	215	Toledo, Ohio-Mich.
136	Montgomery, Ala.	176	Rochester, N.Y.	216	Topeka, Kans.
137	Muncie, Ind.	177	Rockford, Ill.	217	Trenton, N.J.
138	Muskegon-Muskegon Heights, Mich.	178	Sacramento, Calif.*	218	Tucson, Ariz.
139	Nashville-Davidson, Tenn.	179	Saginaw, Mich.	219	Tulsa, Okla.
140	New Bedford, Mass.	180	St. Joseph, Mo.	220	Tuscaloosa, Ala.
141	New Britain, Conn.	181	St. Louis, Mo.-Ill.*	221	Tyler, Tex.
142	New Haven, Conn.*	182	Salem, Oreg.	222	Utica-Rome, N.Y.
143	New London-Groton-Norwich, Conn.*	183	Salinas-Monterey, Calif.	223	Vallejo-Napa, Calif.
144	New Orleans, La.	184	Salt Lake City, Utah	224	Vineland-Millville-Bridgeton, N.J.
145	New York, N.Y.	185	San Angelo, Tex.	225	Waco, Tex.
146	Newark, N.J.*	186	San Antonio, Tex.	226	Washington, D.C.-Md.-Va.
147	Newport News-Hampton, Va.*	187	San Bernardino-Riverside-Ontario, Calif.	227	Waterbury, Conn.*
148	Norfolk-Portsmouth, Va.*	188	San Diego, Calif.	228	Waterloo, Iowa
149	Norwalk, Conn.*	189	San Francisco-Oakland, Calif.	229	West Palm Beach, Fla.
150	Odessa, Tex.	190	San Jose, Calif.	230	Wheeling, W. Va.-Ohio
151	Ogden, Utah	191	Santa Barbara, Calif.	231	Wichita, Kans.
152	Oklahoma City, Okla.	192	Santa Rosa, Calif.	232	Wichita Falls, Tex.*
153	Omaha, Nebr.-Iowa	193	Savannah, Ga.	233	Wilkes-Barre-Hazleton, Pa.
154	Orlando, Fla.	194	Scranton, Pa.	234	Wilmington, Del.-N.J.-Md.
155	Oxnard-Ventura, Calif.	195	Seattle-Everett, Wash.	235	Wilmington, N.C.
156	Paterson-Clifton-Passaic, N.J.	196	Sherman-Denison, Tex.	236	Worcester, Mass.*
157	Pensacola, Fla.	197	Shreveport, La.	237	York, Pa.
158	Peoria, Ill.	198	Sioux City, Iowa-Nebr.	238	Youngstown-Warren, Ohio*
159	Philadelphia, Pa.-N.J.	199	Sioux Falls, S. Dak.	239	Mayagüez, P.R.
160	Phoenix, Ariz.	200	South Bend, Ind.	240	Ponce, P.R.
				241	San Juan, P.R.

INTRODUCTION

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GENERAL

This report presents statistics by census tract on the characteristics of the population and housing units as reported in the 1970 Census of Population and Housing. Legal provision for this census, which was conducted as of April 1, 1970, was made in the Act of Congress of August 31, 1954 (amended August 1957), which codified Title 13, United States Code. This report series contains 241 reports as listed on page II. Each report relates to a particular standard metropolitan statistical area (SMSA), and in some cases also covers certain areas adjacent to the SMSA. As stated on page App-2, there are 247 currently recognized SMSA's, including four in Puerto Rico. There are no reports in this series for six of these SMSA's because they were newly designated on the basis of the 1970 census results and census tracts had not been established for them previously.

This series of reports is one of the several series which present the information compiled from the census. For a description of the full data dissemination program see Appendix D, "Publication and Computer Summary Tape Program."

The content and procedures of the 1970 census were determined after

evaluation of the results of the 1960 census, consultation with a wide variety of users of census data, and extensive field pretesting. A number of changes were introduced in 1970 to improve the usefulness of the census results. For the characteristics shown in this report, the changes do not, however, affect to any appreciable extent the comparability of the 1970 data with those for 1960.

More detailed information on the technical and procedural matters covered in the text of this report can be obtained by writing to the Director, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D. C. 20233. Such information will also appear in later reports of the 1970 census.

Organization of the text.—The text consists of this introduction and four appendixes, which appear after the tables. Appendix A describes area classifications, defines census tracts, and traces some of the history of the development of census tract statistics. Appendix B provides definitions and explanations of the population and housing subjects appearing in the report. Appendix C presents information on sources of error in the data, sampling variability, ratio estimation, and editing procedures. Appendix D summarizes the data dissemination program of the 1970 census.

Content of the tables.—There are two numbered series of tables. Tables P-1 to P-8 present population statistics and tables H-1 to H-5 present housing statistics. Tables P-5 to P-8 and H-3 to H-5 relate to Negroes and to persons of Spanish language or surname or persons of Puerto Rican birth or parentage; they include only those tracts that have a population of 400 or more for the particular group.

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A. Area Classifications	App-1
B. Definitions and Explanations of Subject Characteristics	App-3
C. Accuracy of the Data	App-13
D. Publication and Computer Summary Tape Program	App-20

The tables include data for the component counties and places of 25,000 or more in the SMSA, as well as for the tracts. All tables are arranged in identical fashion. Summations are presented first for the SMSA, followed by the component counties in alphabetical order (within State, if the SMSA crosses State lines). Shown under each county is the summation for each component place of 25,000 inhabitants or more and the balance of the county. Following these summations are the data for individual tracts (arranged in the above-mentioned geographic order) within the SMSA; and, in certain cases, for individual tracts in territory contiguous to the SMSA. When a tract crosses the boundary of a place of 25,000 inhabitants or more, statistics for the portion of the tract which lies inside the place are shown with the figure for the place; statistics for the remainder of the tract are shown as part of another place and/or under the county balance, as appropriate. The totals for each of these "split" tracts appear at the end of the table.

Sample size.—Tables P-1, H-1, and H-3 contain 100-percent data; the remaining tables contain data based on a sample of the population, with sampling rates of 20 percent or 15 percent. Figures for the total population or for some subgroups of the population (e.g., the population 5 years old and over) may differ from table to table or within the same table when the figures are tabulated from different samples. The sample size for each subject is stated in table C, Appendix C, "Accuracy of the Data." Appendix C also provides information on the sampling variability associated with the data.

Derived figures (percents, medians, etc.).—Percents, medians, and means, as well as certain rates and ratios are shown in these reports. For all types of derived figures in this report, the figure is not presented (but indicated by three dots "...") if the base is smaller than the minimum number prescribed for the sample on which the figure is based. The minimum bases are 5 (persons, families, households, or housing units) for figures derived from 100-percent tabulations, 25 for figures based on the 20-percent sample, and 33 for those based on the 15-percent sample. When a cross-tabulation of two or more characteristics covers subjects based on different samples, the minimum base for the smaller sample applies. Although figures are shown for all areas, except when the base is less than the specified minimum, the reader should exercise caution in the use and interpretation of data for very small areas or subgroups of the population; these data are especially subject to the effects of sampling variability, misreporting, and processing errors.

Percents which round to less than 0.1 are not shown but indicated as zero (i.e., "—"). The median, which is a type of average, is the middle value in a distribution, i.e., the median divides the distribution into two equal parts—one-half of the cases fall below the median and one-half of the cases exceed the median. When the median falls in the lower terminal category of an open-end distribution, the method of presentation is to show the initial value of the next category followed by a minus sign; thus, for example, if the median falls in the category "Less than \$5,000," it is shown as "\$5,000—." When the median falls in the upper terminal category of an open-end distribution, the method of

presentation is to show the initial value of the terminal category followed by a plus sign; thus, for example, if the median falls in the category "75 years and over," it is shown as "75+." The mean is the arithmetic average derived by adding the values in a particular distribution and dividing by the number of units in the distribution.

Symbols.—A dash "—" signifies zero. Three dots "..." mean not applicable, or that the base for the derived figure is too small for it to be shown, or that the data are being withheld to avoid disclosure of information for individuals. The symbol "U" means that the place is "unincorporated."

Boundaries.—Information on changes in the boundaries of tracts between 1960 and 1970 for this area appears after the Introduction. Information on boundary changes between 1960 and 1970 for certain types of areas other than tracts is given in the 1970 Population Census PC(1)-A report for each State.

DATA COLLECTION PROCEDURES

The 1970 census was conducted primarily through self-enumeration. In 1960, self-enumeration was first introduced on a nationwide scale as a substitute for the traditional census direct interview.

A census questionnaire was delivered by postal carriers to every household several days before Census Day, April 1, 1970. This questionnaire contained certain explanatory information and was accompanied by an instruction sheet; in areas with comparatively large proportions of Spanish-speaking persons, a Spanish version of the instruction sheet was also enclosed.

In the larger metropolitan areas and some adjacent counties, altogether containing about three-fifths of the population of the United States, the householder was requested to fill out and mail back the form on Census Day. Approximately 87 percent of the householders did so. The mailed-back forms were reviewed by the census enumerator (or, in some localities, a census clerk) and if the form was determined to be incomplete or inconsistent, a followup was made. The bulk of these followups were made by telephone, the rest by personal visit. For the households which did not mail back their forms, a followup was also made, in almost all cases by personal visit and in the remainder by telephone.

For the remaining two-fifths of the population, the householder was requested to fill out the form and give it to the enumerator when he called; approximately 80 percent did so. Incomplete and unfilled forms were completed by interview during the enumerator's visit.

Three types of questionnaires were used throughout the country; 80 percent of the households answered a form containing a limited number of population and housing questions and the remainder, split into 15-percent and 5-percent samples, answered forms which contained these questions as well as a number of additional questions. Some of the additional questions were the same on the 15-percent and 5-percent versions; others were different. A random procedure was used to determine which of the three forms any particular household answered.

In the metropolitan and adjacent areas, the designated type of questionnaire was sent to each household. In the remaining areas, the questionnaire

with a limited number of questions was distributed to all households, and the enumerators obtained the additional information by interview in those households designated for the 15-percent and 5-percent samples.

PROCESSING PROCEDURES

The 1970 census questionnaires were specially designed to be processed by FOSDIC (Film Optical Sensing Device for Input to Computer). For most items on the questionnaire, the information supplied by the respondent or obtained by the enumerator was indicated by marking the answers in

predesignated positions that would be "read" by FOSDIC from a microfilm copy of the questionnaire onto computer magnetic tape with no intervening manual processing. A number of the items, however, required reviewing written entries to determine the proper code. Consequently, the processing involved a manual coding and editing operation in which clerks determined the appropriate codes and marked the specified positions on the questionnaire; for example, the clerks applied a 2-digit numerical code for the country-of-birth entry. These marks, as well as those made by the respondent and enumerator, were read

by FOSDIC onto magnetic tape.

The tape containing the information from the questionnaires was processed on the Census Bureau's computers through a number of editing and tabulation steps (see Appendix C, "Accuracy of the Data"). One of the end results of this operation was a computer tape from which the tables in this report were prepared on a cathode-ray-tube phototypesetting machine at the Government Printing Office. Another end result was the summary tapes which are available for purchase, as described in Appendix D, "Publication and Computer Summary Tape Program."

Census tract comparability tables are not provided in this report because the area was tracted for the first time for 1970.

Table P-1. General Characteristics of the Population: 1970

[For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

Census Tracts	Comanche County			Lawton							
	Total	Lawton	Balance	Tract 0001	Tract 0002	Tract 0003	Tract 0004	Tract 0005	Tract 0006	Tract 0007	Tract 0008
RACE											
All persons	108 144	74 470	33 674	5 557	4 022	6 275	4 681	8 654	2 933	3 029	3 745
White	92 254	63 049	29 205	5 177	3 588	5 801	4 476	8 087	2 833	2 957	3 530
Negro	11 224	8 441	2 783	149	327	364	90	413	62	23	62
Percent Negro	10.4	11.3	8.3	2.7	8.1	5.8	1.9	4.8	2.1	0.8	1.7
AGE BY SEX											
Male, all ages											
All persons	60 071	35 835	24 236	2 665	1 963	2 994	2 306	4 262	1 407	1 428	1 755
Under 5 years	4 851	3 984	867	305	222	354	260	470	97	148	186
3 and 4 years	1 850	1 466	384	108	83	161	112	193	32	52	56
5 to 9 years	5 234	4 034	1 200	297	237	452	324	620	137	121	140
5 years	993	771	222	61	47	79	65	112	22	17	24
6 years	1 030	786	244	62	51	78	63	112	22	22	27
10 to 14 years	5 228	3 982	1 246	300	245	470	311	590	170	123	146
14 years	955	730	225	64	47	85	55	116	37	31	20
15 to 19 years	6 949	3 056	3 893	221	150	250	179	377	128	118	118
15 years	889	677	212	56	32	70	45	93	39	21	26
16 years	892	690	202	50	38	79	45	103	37	21	26
17 years	1 132	623	509	47	36	44	42	72	26	26	19
18 years	1 389	495	894	33	16	33	32	59	17	20	21
19 years	2 647	571	2 076	35	28	24	15	50	9	20	29
20 to 24 years	16 130	5 174	10 956	383	365	145	224	335	135	208	458
20 years	4 042	868	3 174	59	47	25	24	46	24	22	67
21 years	4 077	1 159	2 918	76	51	17	27	53	16	37	104
25 to 34 years	7 531	5 086	2 445	389	282	517	439	767	150	197	226
35 to 44 years	5 340	3 784	1 556	302	228	439	292	577	194	147	135
45 to 54 years	4 021	3 189	832	277	161	248	168	370	185	174	151
55 to 59 years	1 574	1 230	344	83	37	52	46	73	83	84	62
60 to 64 years	1 137	851	286	61	17	32	16	39	56	49	39
65 to 74 years	1 347	969	378	35	13	31	27	32	59	43	53
75 years and over	729	496	233	12	6	4	20	12	13	16	41
Female, all ages											
All persons	48 073	38 635	9 438	2 892	2 059	3 281	2 375	4 392	1 526	1 601	1 990
Under 5 years	4 718	3 827	891	281	217	358	250	435	106	128	190
3 and 4 years	1 722	1 343	379	91	68	149	98	169	46	46	50
5 to 9 years	5 212	3 985	1 227	309	241	448	315	584	129	134	152
5 years	975	748	227	63	45	79	50	94	19	18	32
6 years	1 016	762	254	60	49	85	63	106	17	28	29
10 to 14 years	5 107	3 943	1 164	303	236	502	291	590	158	154	119
14 years	948	760	188	56	33	102	58	99	33	30	20
15 to 19 years	4 789	3 981	808	284	193	278	192	407	148	139	208
15 years	934	717	217	51	33	72	56	119	28	26	21
16 years	949	774	175	66	45	82	49	101	30	32	29
17 years	816	668	148	39	33	51	35	70	42	20	29
18 years	943	805	138	66	37	36	23	55	21	27	52
19 years	1 147	1 017	130	62	45	37	29	62	27	34	77
20 to 24 years	5 715	5 082	633	426	350	208	269	390	163	228	432
20 years	1 186	1 055	131	76	60	31	27	48	25	38	92
21 years	1 215	1 098	117	92	82	27	37	69	27	57	100
25 to 34 years	6 801	5 374	1 427	416	338	625	456	808	176	209	209
35 to 44 years	5 607	4 434	1 173	368	270	501	331	663	197	170	184
45 to 54 years	4 191	3 406	785	280	143	225	155	335	212	228	194
55 to 59 years	1 633	1 299	334	88	29	52	37	83	96	82	68
60 to 64 years	1 345	1 039	306	60	12	42	27	44	59	44	58
65 to 74 years	1 765	1 347	418	55	21	26	23	37	55	60	73
75 years and over	1 190	918	272	22	9	16	29	16	27	25	103
RELATIONSHIP TO HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD											
All persons	108 144	74 470	33 674	5 557	4 022	6 275	4 681	8 654	2 933	3 029	3 745
In households	91 564	73 190	18 374	5 557	4 020	6 275	4 388	8 647	2 910	3 029	3 641
Head of household	28 827	23 541	5 286	1 727	1 227	1 825	1 185	2 405	957	1 035	1 317
Head of family	24 959	20 283	4 676	1 580	1 111	1 575	1 137	2 215	842	919	1 124
Primary individual	3 868	3 258	610	147	116	62	48	115	115	116	193
Wife of head	21 696	17 372	4 324	1 377	991	1 352	998	1 926	758	813	987
Other relative of head	40 130	31 485	8 645	2 408	1 760	3 250	2 176	4 240	1 166	1 149	1 291
Not related to head	911	792	119	45	42	36	29	76	29	32	46
In group quarters	16 580	1 280	15 300	-	2	-	293	7	23	-	104
Persons per household	3.18	3.11	3.48	3.22	3.28	3.83	3.70	3.60	3.04	2.93	2.76
TYPE OF FAMILY AND NUMBER OF OWN CHILDREN											
All families	24 959	20 283	4 676	1 580	1 111	1 575	1 137	2 215	842	919	1 124
With own children under 18 years	14 792	11 840	2 952	980	702	1 245	841	1 618	461	488	517
Number of children	33 156	25 962	7 194	2 010	1 567	2 905	1 922	3 691	966	920	965
Husband-wife families	21 696	17 372	4 324	1 377	991	1 352	998	1 926	758	813	987
With own children under 18 years	12 433	9 665	2 768	818	596	1 037	718	1 359	401	415	427
Number of children	27 268	20 491	6 777	1 647	1 299	2 343	1 623	3 007	828	766	776
Percent of total under 18 years	75.8	73.4	84.1	78.3	80.4	78.6	80.2	78.2	82.9	79.5	71.9
Families with other male head	378	283	95	23	2	12	8	18	11	9	13
With own children under 18 years	180	137	43	8	-	12	4	13	5	5	6
Number of children	400	295	105	11	-	27	13	34	13	16	13
Families with female head	2 885	2 628	257	180	118	211	131	271	73	97	124
With own children under 18 years	2 179	2 038	141	154	106	196	119	246	55	68	84
Number of children	5 488	5 176	312	352	268	535	286	650	125	138	176
Percent of total under 18 years	15.3	18.5	3.9	16.7	16.6	17.9	14.1	16.9	12.5	14.3	16.3
Persons under 18 years	35 962	27 904	8 058	2 104	1 615	2 982	2 023	3 847	999	964	1 080
MARITAL STATUS											
Male, 14 years old and over											
All persons	45 713	24 565	21 148	1 827	1 306	1 803	1 466	2 698	1 040	1 067	1 303
Single	18 226	5 388	12 838	374	275	403	327	683	237	203	219
Married	25 674	18 083	7 591	1 412	1 007	1 371	1 101	1 963	777	836	1 022
Separated	413	178	235	8	7	6	6	9	2	3	6
Widowed	535	404	131	10	3	4	17	8	15	12	29
Divorced	1 278	690	588	31	21	25	21	44	11	16	33
Female, 14 years old and over											
All persons	33 984	27 640	6 344	2 055	1 398	2 075	1 577	2 882	1 166	1 215	1 549
Single	5 416	4 292	1 124	305	199	406	259	534	203	176	160
Married	24 227	19 659	4 568	1 568	1 114	1 530	1 205	2 144	846	907	1 121
Separated	454	409	45	18	6	10	7	13	12	7	12
Widowed	2 822	2 323	499	105	40	82	55	110	81	98	188
Divorced	1 519	1 366	153	77	45	57	58	94	36	34	80

Table P-1. General Characteristics of the Population: 1970—Continued

[For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

Lawton—Con.

Census Tracts

RACE

	Tract 0009	Tract 0010	Tract 0011	Tract 0012	Tract 0013	Tract 0014	Tract 0015	Tract 0016	Tract 0017	Tract 0018	Tract 0019	Tract 0020
All persons	2 844	2 838	2 946	1 678	3 639	2 270	4 271	3 716	2 852	1 741	4 433	2 346
White	2 697	2 680	2 397	1 326	3 173	2 041	3 851	3 529	2 561	1 524	1 588	2 233
Negro	77	42	457	198	309	55	92	3 080	43	38	2 521	39
Percent Negro	2.7	1.5	15.5	11.8	8.5	2.4	2.2	82.9	1.5	2.2	56.9	1.7

AGE BY SEX

	Tract 0009	Tract 0010	Tract 0011	Tract 0012	Tract 0013	Tract 0014	Tract 0015	Tract 0016	Tract 0017	Tract 0018	Tract 0019	Tract 0020
Male, all ages	1 336	1 356	1 313	885	1 766	1 125	2 133	1 757	1 345	843	2 041	1 155
Under 5 years	123	119	110	75	223	95	286	236	145	100	263	167
3 and 4 years	44	30	33	17	59	32	100	96	39	27	125	67
5 to 9 years	89	86	67	23	131	83	265	267	130	58	323	184
10 to 14 years	19	24	10	3	24	11	66	47	26	12	62	40
15 to 19 years	11	14	15	7	33	15	54	50	26	8	79	37
20 to 24 years	108	92	76	27	102	82	238	271	102	53	316	160
25 to 34 years	17	13	18	7	15	11	43	44	18	11	57	21
35 to 44 years	96	104	102	56	122	172	159	175	106	68	270	85
45 to 54 years	13	20	14	9	14	13	38	46	21	14	59	27
55 to 59 years	23	22	25	7	20	12	37	34	17	15	58	21
60 to 64 years	28	21	17	6	32	13	24	37	28	15	72	18
65 to 74 years	15	13	18	15	21	50	30	23	14	12	45	8
75 years and over	17	28	28	19	35	84	30	35	26	12	36	8
	213	279	371	283	537	246	290	134	225	170	123	50
	28	46	69	68	83	64	50	29	51	34	28	4
	52	76	109	86	141	85	49	39	62	45	26	6
	151	157	141	105	243	136	325	159	155	89	236	222
	112	90	92	84	132	72	218	134	100	65	232	139
	176	132	97	90	93	107	162	153	135	66	139	105
	84	85	69	44	49	48	66	67	75	50	56	17
	71	91	46	35	44	42	44	66	66	38	27	10
	77	83	80	40	62	25	57	70	72	61	37	12
	36	38	62	23	28	31	25	47	34	25	19	4
Female, all ages	1 508	1 482	1 633	793	1 873	1 145	2 138	1 959	1 507	898	2 392	1 191
Under 5 years	91	95	143	62	221	91	247	252	148	78	274	160
3 and 4 years	24	27	41	12	64	30	86	105	53	16	99	69
5 to 9 years	93	70	76	36	110	97	235	288	98	73	348	149
10 to 14 years	7	13	19	7	27	22	39	60	20	20	83	31
15 to 19 years	21	12	12	5	32	13	55	61	17	10	59	28
20 to 24 years	117	84	106	37	102	76	195	248	99	49	316	161
25 to 34 years	30	22	32	7	21	12	23	47	24	9	72	30
35 to 44 years	150	147	197	120	242	191	209	194	173	112	319	78
45 to 54 years	15	19	14	5	21	20	35	41	25	11	80	25
55 to 59 years	19	29	27	8	28	19	34	45	23	13	80	15
60 to 64 years	29	20	32	18	28	19	26	36	34	19	71	17
65 to 74 years	35	32	56	42	61	51	52	44	32	26	46	11
75 years and over	52	47	68	47	104	82	62	28	59	43	42	10
	195	266	321	175	451	180	295	152	194	144	161	82
	48	61	93	43	120	47	65	33	56	44	37	11
	49	64	76	47	111	46	62	34	41	28	41	8
	148	119	137	43	218	117	325	192	150	81	351	256
	148	113	107	49	149	95	217	212	127	80	305	148
	219	179	131	63	88	110	191	152	164	77	162	98
	101	98	60	31	66	46	69	77	95	45	51	25
	87	107	95	30	65	39	50	57	74	44	31	14
	103	106	151	75	95	49	79	92	108	76	48	15
	56	98	109	72	66	54	26	43	77	39	26	5

RELATIONSHIP TO HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD

	Tract 0009	Tract 0010	Tract 0011	Tract 0012	Tract 0013	Tract 0014	Tract 0015	Tract 0016	Tract 0017	Tract 0018	Tract 0019	Tract 0020
All persons	2 844	2 838	2 946	1 678	3 639	2 270	4 271	3 716	2 852	1 741	4 433	2 346
In households	2 844	2 790	2 932	1 516	3 635	1 876	4 262	3 709	2 852	1 741	4 420	2 346
Head of household	1 081	1 111	1 223	758	1 388	643	1 328	1 036	1 059	672	1 119	633
Head of family	906	906	909	413	1 154	555	1 166	820	832	526	992	601
Primary individual	175	205	314	345	234	88	162	216	227	146	127	32
Wife of head	810	820	764	344	1 030	487	1 015	552	706	441	685	516
Other relative of head	928	823	896	369	1 155	725	1 881	2 063	1 062	611	2 340	1 192
Not related to head	25	36	49	45	62	21	38	58	25	17	76	5
In group quarters	-	48	14	162	4	394	9	-	-	-	213	-
Persons per household	2.63	2.51	2.40	2.00	2.62	2.92	3.21	3.58	2.69	2.59	3.77	3.71

TYPE OF FAMILY AND NUMBER OF OWN CHILDREN

	Tract 0009	Tract 0010	Tract 0011	Tract 0012	Tract 0013	Tract 0014	Tract 0015	Tract 0016	Tract 0017	Tract 0018	Tract 0019	Tract 0020
All families	906	906	909	413	1 154	555	1 166	820	832	526	992	601
With own children under 18 years	386	341	323	145	496	291	716	536	362	206	722	464
Number of children	696	625	613	261	912	586	1 538	1 611	749	436	1 923	1 066
Husband-wife families	810	820	764	344	1 030	487	1 015	552	706	441	685	516
With own children under 18 years	333	291	246	106	413	246	610	334	296	172	461	386
Number of children	597	521	470	198	740	486	1 282	916	609	358	1 156	869
Percent of total under 18 years	79.8	77.0	66.5	63.3	71.7	78.4	77.2	50.9	70.0	71.9	51.2	78.7
Families with other male head	9	15	19	7	12	11	17	33	23	13	22	6
With own children under 18 years	4	5	5	3	6	5	10	18	6	5	13	4
Number of children	7	9	8	7	10	9	16	40	9	11	34	8
Families with female head	87	71	126	62	112	57	134	235	103	72	285	79
With own children under 18 years	49	45	72	36	77	40	96	184	60	29	248	74
Number of children	92	95	135	56	162	91	240	655	131	67	733	189
Percent of total under 18 years	12.3	14.0	19.1	17.9	15.7	14.7	14.5	36.4	15.1	13.5	32.4	17.1
Persons under 18 years	748	677	707	313	1 032	620	1 660	1 801	870	498	2 260	1 104

MARITAL STATUS

	Tract 0009	Tract 0010	Tract 0011	Tract 0012	Tract 0013	Tract 0014	Tract 0015	Tract 0016	Tract 0017	Tract 0018	Tract 0019	Tract 0020
Male, 14 years old and over	1 033	1 072	1 078	767	1 325	876	1 387	1 027	986	643	1 196	665
Single	165	166	204	224	313	326	260	313	176	110	402	125
Married	826	846	804	429	1 056	509	1 058	615	730	461	732	528
Separated	1	4	10	9	7	7	7	22	10	7	19	4
Widowed	15	30	34	39	16	21	15	52	22	25	32	7
Divorced	27	30	36	75	57	20	54	47	58	47	30	7
Female, 14 years old and over	1 237	1 255	1 340	665	1 461	893	1 484	1 218	1 186	707	1 526	751
Single	152	147	200	67	125	222	158	234	140	77	417	111
Married	862	874	831	409	1 115	530	1 133	710	779	486	907	588
Separated	11	8	23	29	23	10	28	77	27	19	64	5
Widowed	146	176	203	137	138	100	109	153	182	90	98	32
Divorced	77	58	106	52								

Table P-1. General Characteristics of the Population: 1970—Continued

(For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text)

Census Tracts	Balance of Comanche County								Totals for split tracts			
	Tract 0004	Tract 0005	Tract 0019	Tract 0020	Tract 0021	Tract 0022	Tract 0023	Tract 0024	Tract 0004	Tract 0005	Tract 0019	Tract 0020
RACE												
All persons	165	212	156	1 244	3 747	2 402	4 268	21 480	4 846	8 866	4 589	3 590
White	164	196	111	1 185	3 559	1 927	3 589	18 474	4 640	8 283	1 699	3 418
Negro	—	15	—	—	4	138	—	2 626	90	428	2 521	39
Percent Negro	—	7.1	—	—	0.1	5.7	—	12.2	1.9	4.8	54.9	1.1
AGE BY SEX												
Male, all ages												
Under 5 years	87	94	76	628	1 801	1 314	2 102	18 134	2 393	4 356	2 117	1 783
3 and 4 years	2	16	—	40	161	92	172	384	262	486	263	207
5 to 9 years	12	7	—	16	77	38	76	171	112	199	125	83
5 years	4	1	6	58	193	121	216	587	336	627	329	242
6 years	2	1	—	8	46	26	35	102	69	113	62	48
10 to 14 years	12	7	—	7	39	19	45	131	65	113	79	44
14 years	3	—	—	62	213	141	258	551	323	597	318	222
15 to 19 years	9	4	—	8	45	27	49	93	58	116	57	29
15 years	—	1	4	14	37	24	33	3 194	188	381	281	141
16 years	4	1	—	14	27	49	55	77	45	94	63	41
17 years	1	1	4	17	40	67	44	60	49	104	61	35
18 years	2	1	—	9	21	66	60	319	43	73	76	35
19 years	2	—	—	2	22	33	43	752	34	60	45	17
20 to 24 years	2	16	12	37	90	129	31	1 986	17	50	36	13
20 years	—	2	2	5	20	22	24	10 531	226	351	135	87
21 years	—	2	6	5	18	37	26	3 093	24	48	34	9
25 to 34 years	6	27	4	64	195	145	27	2 827	27	55	28	11
35 to 44 years	14	6	6	64	194	125	217	1 787	445	794	240	284
45 to 54 years	15	5	6	72	230	104	250	897	306	583	238	203
55 to 59 years	0	1	8	45	106	70	98	183	183	375	145	177
60 to 64 years	3	2	5	45	72	55	99	8	54	74	64	42
65 to 74 years	4	2	10	46	125	57	131	3	19	41	32	55
75 years and over	—	1	6	39	75	36	72	4	31	34	47	58
Female, all ages												
Under 5 years	78	118	80	616	1 946	1 088	2 166	3 346	2 453	4 510	2 472	1 807
3 and 4 years	4	18	1	36	146	101	195	390	254	453	275	196
5 to 9 years	3	4	—	15	61	37	78	180	101	173	100	84
5 years	7	18	12	64	207	115	223	581	322	602	360	213
6 years	2	2	—	9	33	21	38	122	52	96	83	40
10 to 14 years	2	5	—	15	46	27	39	119	65	111	60	43
14 years	6	11	—	59	196	102	241	548	297	601	317	220
15 to 19 years	3	2	—	10	35	23	37	78	61	101	72	40
15 years	6	10	15	54	178	95	196	254	198	417	334	132
16 years	—	1	3	13	48	18	53	81	56	120	83	38
17 years	4	—	2	14	39	22	44	50	53	101	82	29
18 years	1	2	3	8	38	17	35	44	36	72	74	25
19 years	1	5	3	9	27	26	30	37	24	60	49	20
20 to 24 years	2	20	4	45	116	93	131	222	271	410	165	127
20 years	1	2	1	14	20	19	33	41	28	50	38	25
21 years	—	9	1	7	21	17	26	36	37	78	42	15
25 to 34 years	11	21	4	55	196	128	260	752	467	829	355	311
35 to 44 years	11	6	8	77	230	137	241	463	342	669	313	225
45 to 54 years	15	6	14	79	229	104	232	106	170	341	176	177
55 to 59 years	6	2	7	41	102	64	101	11	43	85	58	66
60 to 64 years	5	2	1	30	99	56	109	4	32	46	32	44
65 to 74 years	1	1	10	51	150	60	133	8	28	38	58	66
75 years and over	5	3	3	25	97	33	104	7	29	19	29	30
RELATIONSHIP TO HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD												
All persons	165	212	156	1 244	3 747	2 402	4 268	21 480	4 846	8 866	4 589	3 590
In households	165	212	156	1 244	3 747	2 229	4 260	6 361	4 553	8 859	4 376	3 590
Head of household	52	65	57	404	1 239	717	1 321	1 431	1 237	2 470	1 176	1 037
Head of family	50	61	50	362	1 016	615	1 095	1 427	1 187	2 276	1 042	963
Primary individual	2	4	7	42	223	102	226	4	50	194	134	74
Wife of head	49	54	47	339	906	550	972	1 407	1 047	1 980	732	855
Other relative of head	62	08	52	493	1 568	941	1 923	3 518	2 238	4 328	2 392	1 685
Not related to head	2	5	—	8	34	21	44	5	31	81	76	13
In group quarters	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	15 119	293	7	213	—
Persons per household	3.17	3.26	2.74	3.08	3.02	3.11	3.22	4.45	3.68	3.59	3.72	3.46
TYPE OF FAMILY AND NUMBER OF OWN CHILDREN												
All families	50	61	50	362	1 016	615	1 095	1 427	1 187	2 276	1 042	963
With own children under 18 years	24	40	15	168	539	314	604	1 248	865	1 658	737	632
Number of children	50	75	35	365	1 220	719	1 396	3 334	1 972	3 786	1 958	1 431
Husband-wife families	49	54	47	339	906	550	972	1 407	1 047	1 980	732	855
With own children under 18 years	23	36	15	158	479	280	549	1 228	741	1 395	476	544
Number of children	49	68	35	347	1 085	641	1 277	3 275	1 672	3 075	1 911	1 216
Percent of total under 18 years	92.5	81.9	85.4	87.0	80.7	73.8	80.0	89.2	80.5	78.2	51.8	80.9
Families with other male head	—	—	—	9	25	20	23	18	8	18	22	15
With own children under 18 years	—	—	—	5	8	9	3	18	4	13	13	9
Number of children	—	—	—	12	16	21	5	51	13	34	34	20
Families with female head	1	7	3	14	85	45	100	2	132	278	288	93
With own children under 18 years	1	4	—	5	52	25	52	2	120	250	248	79
Number of children	1	7	—	6	119	57	114	8	287	657	733	193
Percent of total under 18 years	1.9	8.4	—	1.5	8.8	6.6	7.1	0.2	13.8	16.7	31.9	13.0
Persons under 18 years	53	83	41	399	1 345	869	1 596	3 672	2 076	3 930	2 301	1 503
MARITAL STATUS												
Male, 14 years old and over												
Single	64	64	68	476	1 279	987	1 505	16 705	1 530	2 762	1 264	1 141
Married	13	5	15	98	285	353	402	11 667	340	688	417	223
Separated	51	57	50	357	935	580	1 031	4 530	1 152	2 020	782	885
Widowed	1	1	2	1	4	5	14	207	7	10	21	5
Divorced	—	—	1	15	38	20	33	24	17	8	33	20
	—	2	2	6	21	34	39	484	21	46	32	13
Female, 14 years old and over												
Single	64	73	66	467	1 432	793	1 544	1 905	1 641	2 955	1 592	1 218
Married	10	5	15	78	237	106	242	431	269	539	432	189
Separated	50	60	47	354	963	596	1 059	1 439	1 255	2 204	954	942
Widowed	—	—	—	2	10	6	22	5	7	13	64	7
Divorced	4	6	1	26	179	73	190	20	59	116	99	58
	—	2	3	9	53	18	53	15	58	96	107	29

Table P-2. Social Characteristics of the Population: 1970

[Data based on sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

Census Tracts	Comanche County			Lawton							
	Total	Lawton	Balance	Tract 0001	Tract 0002	Tract 0003	Tract 0004	Tract 0005	Tract 0006	Tract 0007	Tract 0008
NATIVITY, PARENTAGE, & COUNTRY OF ORIGIN											
All persons	108 144	74 600	33 544	5 557	4 022	6 275	4 681	8 654	2 933	3 029	3 745
Native of native parentage	99 027	67 968	31 059	5 036	3 369	5 540	4 084	7 803	2 678	2 734	3 421
Native of foreign or mixed parentage	6 435	4 613	1 822	337	428	483	447	652	198	216	342
Foreign born	2 682	2 019	663	184	225	252	150	199	57	79	101
Foreign stock	9 117	6 632	2 485	521	653	735	597	851	255	295	324
United Kingdom	510	343	167	37	7	42	34	73	20	8	8
Ireland (Eire)	139	95	44	-	-	5	-	12	21	12	25
Sweden	73	62	11	-	-	-	25	7	-	8	7
Germany	3 909	3 219	690	228	449	441	392	380	86	144	170
Poland	231	177	54	6	26	-	-	66	5	26	5
Czechoslovakia	224	153	71	-	-	32	-	20	-	4	20
Austria	151	121	30	38	-	30	-	-	-	-	8
Hungary	83	26	57	-	14	-	7	-	-	-	8
U.S.S.R.	109	85	24	7	-	5	6	12	-	5	-
Italy	357	204	153	13	18	10	64	9	19	13	8
Canada	494	282	212	14	25	23	21	59	9	14	13
Mexico	433	257	176	-	-	-	-	25	-	25	17
Cuba	32	8	24	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8
Other America	253	154	99	52	-	-	-	12	-	-	8
All other and not reported	2 119	1 446	673	126	114	147	48	176	95	36	35
Persons of Spanish language ¹	4 224	2 881	1 343	321	84	176	181	340	-	87	167
Other persons of Spanish surname ¹	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Persons of Spanish mother tongue	2 736	1 674	1 062	213	50	103	99	160	-	49	94
Persons of Puerto Rican birth or parentage	723	441	282	120	18	40	70	45	-	17	-
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT											
Enrolled persons, 3 to 34 years old	27 216	21 033	6 183	1 567	1 197	2 300	1 617	3 102	756	833	581
Nursery school	228	182	46	-	5	24	6	57	8	26	5
Public	31	12	19	-	-	-	-	-	-	12	-
Kindergarten	1 007	807	200	44	91	102	87	135	20	18	13
Public	396	281	135	-	6	34	-	28	-	6	-
Elementary	16 643	12 813	3 830	928	741	1 489	1 023	1 974	407	428	362
Public	16 430	12 684	3 746	922	741	1 489	1 000	1 960	407	428	362
High school	6 684	5 056	1 628	404	264	551	369	691	208	252	127
Public	6 398	4 817	1 581	386	258	551	363	685	208	252	127
College	2 654	2 175	479	191	96	134	132	245	113	109	74
Percent enrolled in school by age:											
16 and 17 years	80.0	86.8	62.0	90.7	98.6	92.4	88.0	88.8	88.5	91.2	75.6
18 and 19 years	24.1	41.1	9.6	38.3	32.0	57.1	55.4	62.5	44.9	85.5	20.7
20 and 21 years	8.0	14.6	3.4	21.9	22.5	37.9	34.0	18.5	22.9	11.5	-
22 to 24 years	4.7	7.1	2.0	9.8	3.6	10.0	14.1	7.6	9.0	12.0	4.9
25 to 34 years	5.5	6.3	3.1	6.5	3.8	5.7	7.6	7.6	12.0	11.4	6.1
Percent 16 to 21 years not high school graduates and not enrolled in school	21.5	16.0	26.6	10.9	9.2	17.1	9.1	9.3	6.6	8.4	16.0
YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED											
Persons, 25 years old and over	44 338	33 626	10 712	2 428	1 563	2 875	2 152	3 868	1 588	1 536	1 601
No school years completed	357	309	48	28	6	4	32	5	6	3	-
Elementary:	1 040	794	246	54	11	-	26	48	11	9	32
5 to 7 years	3 335	2 501	834	121	32	85	95	90	67	44	144
8 years	3 982	2 813	1 169	174	70	98	131	164	38	106	193
High school:	8 097	6 060	2 037	424	330	425	368	506	172	242	278
4 years	16 144	12 275	3 869	1 050	757	1 317	798	1 576	498	516	641
1 to 3 years	6 352	5 164	1 188	304	184	584	349	783	399	384	209
College:	5 031	3 710	1 321	273	173	362	353	696	397	232	104
4 years or more	12.3	12.4	12.3	12.4	12.4	12.6	12.5	12.7	13.0	12.7	12.2
Median school years completed	62.1	62.9	59.5	67.0	71.3	78.7	69.7	79.0	81.5	73.7	59.6
Percent high school graduates											
CHILDREN EVER BORN											
Women, 35 to 44 years old ever married	5 256	4 125	1 131	346	254	483	314	633	200	191	129
Children ever born	16 341	12 537	3 804	920	771	1 433	860	1 902	563	481	363
Per 1,000 women ever married	3 109	3 039	3 363	2 659	3 035	2 967	2 739	3 005	2 815	2 518	2 814
RESIDENCE IN 1965											
Persons, 5 years old and over, 1970 ²	98 650	66 807	31 843	4 981	3 580	5 591	4 182	7 784	2 715	2 755	3 364
Same house as in 1970	29 253	23 400	5 853	1 755	1 232	1 393	1 105	1 860	1 324	1 306	1 237
Different house:											
In central city of this SMSA	3 331	3 199	132	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
In other part of this SMSA	12 772	9 793	2 979	53	288	164	-	718	-	151	120
Outside this SMSA	37 163	20 812	16 351	724	98	1 101	911	1 016	325	233	314
North and West	18 854	9 094	9 760	1 533	1 299	1 908	1 462	2 788	790	722	1 202
South	18 309	11 718	6 591	828	643	770	546	1 340	392	361	650
Abroad	7 991	5 409	2 582	705	656	1 138	916	1 448	398	361	552
Means of transportation and place of work				590	535	849	546	735	233	206	195
MEANS OF TRANSPORTATION AND PLACE OF WORK											
All workers	48 225	27 640	20 585	2 130	1 439	2 102	1 585	3 286	1 285	1 293	1 514
Private auto: Driver	27 408	22 719	4 689	1 835	1 233	1 816	1 370	2 862	1 163	1 153	1 195
Passenger	2 907	2 245	662	104	122	142	93	199	41	73	101
Bus or streetcar	727	219	508	12	7	-	-	-	-	12	16
Subway, elevated train, or railroad	5 939	-	5 939	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Walked to work	6 012	827	5 185	20	6	-	-	-	-	-	-
Worked at home	1 407	476	931	13	44	35	30	28	8	14	21
Other	3 825	1 154	2 671	146	27	77	28	81	8	10	53
Inside SMSA	45 725	25 762	19 963	1 929	1 313	1 967	1 470	3 122	1 248	1 217	1 392
Lawton city	14 132	12 982	1 150	758	395	1 004	669	1 699	614	535	584
Remainder of Comanche County	31 593	12 780	18 813	1 171	918	963	801	1 423	634	682	808
Outside SMSA	977	600	377	49	71	31	23	93	-	15	36
Place of work not reported	1 523	1 278	245	152	55	104	92	71	37	61	86

¹See text for definition. ²Includes "Moved, 1965 residence not reported."

Table P-2. Social Characteristics of the Population: 1970—Continued

[Data based on sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

Census Tracts	Lawton—Con.											
	Tract 0009	Tract 0010	Tract 0011	Tract 0012	Tract 0013	Tract 0014	Tract 0015	Tract 0016	Tract 0017	Tract 0018	Tract 0019	Tract 0020
NATIVITY, PARENTAGE, & COUNTRY OF ORIGIN												
All persons	2 844	2 838	2 946	1 758	3 559	2 220	4 321	3 716	2 970	1 755	4 650	2 127
Native of native parentage	2 642	2 694	2 785	1 647	3 154	2 066	3 973	3 652	2 818	1 639	4 242	1 991
Native of foreign or mixed parentage	116	117	90	71	271	98	270	64	91	75	280	86
Foreign born	86	27	71	40	134	56	78	—	61	41	128	50
Foreign stock	202	144	161	111	405	154	348	64	152	116	408	136
United Kingdom	—	24	6	18	26	8	13	—	6	—	13	—
Ireland (Eire)	6	—	7	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Sweden	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Germany	61	86	25	24	122	39	152	55	20	28	259	58
Poland	—	—	—	7	—	—	—	—	4	—	24	—
Czechoslovakia	36	13	8	—	5	7	—	—	8	—	—	—
Austria	—	—	30	—	—	—	—	—	6	—	—	9
Hungary	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
U.S.S.R.	14	—	—	—	—	—	7	—	—	—	—	—
Italy	19	—	7	—	17	—	—	9	—	13	—	13
Canada	8	—	—	7	48	26	15	—	—	—	—	—
Mexico	—	6	8	29	23	—	52	—	—	29	43	—
Cuba	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other America	—	—	—	—	25	43	22	—	—	—	—	—
All other and not reported	58	15	70	26	132	31	72	—	108	32	69	56
Persons of Spanish language ¹	55	70	82	102	284	16	221	57	198	242	198	—
Other persons of Spanish surname ¹	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Persons of Spanish mother tongue	26	19	60	102	144	16	157	42	139	116	85	—
Persons of Puerto Rican birth or parentage	—	—	—	57	—	—	5	—	52	—	17	—
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT												
Enrolled persons, 3 to 34 years old	658	409	517	239	523	824	1 155	1 210	607	347	1 949	642
Nursery school	7	8	—	—	9	—	—	8	—	—	—	19
Public	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Kindergarten	13	6	10	4	14	3	31	42	10	—	113	51
Public	8	6	6	—	10	3	26	36	—	—	78	14
Elementary	335	230	245	134	317	287	802	884	397	241	1 196	393
Public	329	194	245	134	304	287	802	877	397	241	1 182	383
High school	161	113	164	94	117	123	226	243	163	91	570	125
Public	161	113	164	94	117	123	219	243	163	91	384	115
College	142	52	98	7	66	411	96	33	37	15	70	54
Percent enrolled in school by age:												
16 and 17 years	99.9	80.0	81.1	57.1	65.3	60.7	89.3	99.9	75.9	58.6	85.5	99.9
18 and 19 years	42.6	25.5	23.8	26.8	15.2	96.2	39.4	35.5	10.9	—	64.4	28.2
20 and 21 years	20.3	2.8	7.5	7.7	1.8	59.6	2.5	13.5	11.5	4.5	27.5	—
22 to 24 years	13.6	5.7	3.5	—	3.1	27.3	7.0	—	3.7	6.1	—	12.5
25 to 34 years	12.6	2.4	12.0	5.3	2.8	4.9	5.6	1.6	—	—	5.9	6.6
Percent 16 to 21 years not high school graduates and not enrolled in school	4.5	11.6	22.1	31.5	16.1	9.2	28.1	21.9	33.2	39.9	10.4	8.3
YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED												
Persons, 25 years old and over	1 558	1 505	1 355	830	1 344	892	1 964	1 480	1 435	862	1 767	1 023
No school years completed	—	15	24	17	12	12	20	57	41	14	11	2
Elementary: 1 to 4 years	6	32	74	23	36	39	81	166	45	37	56	8
5 to 7 years	99	181	59	165	127	105	299	215	236	170	153	14
8 years	75	137	86	165	122	104	243	225	262	218	119	83
High school: 1 to 3 years	261	205	208	156	311	253	522	438	308	145	371	137
4 years	593	564	480	182	488	276	597	298	389	213	625	417
College: 1 to 3 years	295	232	223	85	175	74	145	74	103	38	293	231
4 years or more	229	139	201	37	73	29	57	7	51	27	139	131
Median school years completed	12.6	12.3	12.5	9.9	12.1	11.2	10.9	9.5	10.3	9.0	12.3	12.6
Percent high school graduates	71.7	62.1	66.7	36.6	54.8	42.5	40.7	25.6	37.8	32.3	59.8	76.1
CHILDREN EVER BORN												
Women, 35 to 44 years old ever married	112	68	86	56	122	101	230	170	145	67	310	108
Children ever born	292	170	347	195	369	276	804	700	467	186	1 188	250
Per 1,000 women ever married	2 607	2 500	4 035	3 482	3 025	2 733	3 496	4 118	3 221	2 776	3 832	2 315
RESIDENCE IN 1965												
Persons, 5 years old and over, 1970 ¹	2 609	2 631	2 692	1 663	3 066	2 027	3 798	3 236	2 609	1 611	4 100	1 813
Same house as in 1970	1 250	1 218	1 063	489	773	685	1 571	1 524	1 216	890	1 140	389
Different house:												
In central city of this SMSA	—	—	121	17	122	137	422	322	—	75	303	186
In other part of this SMSA	329	506	423	379	359	269	456	536	452	159	929	274
Outside this SMSA	618	682	876	385	1 458	723	1 033	548	678	409	945	753
North and West	272	380	370	175	662	174	314	171	271	173	369	233
South	346	302	506	210	796	549	719	377	407	236	576	520
Abroad	166	34	79	102	179	109	168	38	56	24	413	152
MEANS OF TRANSPORTATION AND PLACE OF WORK												
All workers	1 272	1 239	1 280	646	1 467	918	1 508	938	1 112	559	1 315	752
Private auto: Driver	1 038	1 104	974	351	1 069	704	1 212	695	811	417	991	726
Passenger	126	82	138	77	191	61	138	125	150	56	207	19
Bus or streetcar	—	6	13	16	39	—	10	33	11	10	34	—
Subway, elevated train, or railroad	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Walked to work	28	25	68	145	39	95	66	38	74	46	41	—
Worked at home	53	22	20	47	16	8	8	—	13	6	7	7
Other	27	—	67	10	113	50	74	47	53	24	35	—
Inside SMSA	1 234	1 114	1 156	612	1 350	796	1 408	851	1 064	527	1 277	715
Lawton city	663	628	640	304	519	501	975	518	709	302	572	393
Remainder of Comanche County	571	486	516	308	831	295	433	333	355	225	705	322
Outside SMSA	12	17	23	—	47	90	22	19	23	6	23	—
Place of work not reported	26	108	101	34	70	32	78	68	25	26	15	37

¹See text for definition. ²Includes "Moved, 1965 residence not reported."

Table P-2. Social Characteristics of the Population: 1970—Continued

[Data based on sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

Census Tracts	Balance of Comanche County								Totals for split tracts			
	Tract 0004	Tract 0005	Tract 0019	Tract 0020	Tract 0021	Tract 0022	Tract 0023	Tract 0024	Tract 0004	Tract 0005	Tract 0019	Tract 0020
NATIVITY, PARENTAGE, & COUNTRY OF ORIGIN												
All persons	119	177	110	1 241	3 944	2 205	4 268	21 480	4 800	8 831	4 760	3 368
Native of native parentage	119	135	102	1 224	3 857	2 059	4 075	19 488	4 203	7 938	4 344	3 215
Native of foreign or mixed parentage	-	15	8	17	78	125	170	1 409	447	667	288	3 103
Foreign born	-	27	-	-	9	21	23	583	150	226	128	50
Foreign stock	-	42	8	17	87	146	193	1 992	597	893	416	153
United Kingdom	-	-	-	-	6	7	17	137	34	73	13	-
Ireland (Eire)	-	-	-	-	7	-	-	37	-	12	-	-
Sweden	-	-	-	-	-	7	-	4	25	7	-	-
Germany	-	29	8	-	15	90	85	463	392	409	267	58
Poland	-	-	-	-	40	-	-	14	-	66	24	-
Czechoslovakia	-	-	-	-	6	-	6	59	-	20	-	-
Austria	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	30	-	-	-	-
Hungary	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	57	7	-	-	9
U.S.S.R.	-	-	-	-	-	-	24	-	6	12	-	-
Italy	-	-	-	-	8	5	-	140	64	9	-	13
Canada	-	-	-	7	-	-	-	196	21	59	-	-
Mexico	-	-	-	-	-	19	10	147	-	25	43	7
Cuba	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	24	-	-	-	-
Other America	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	99	-	12	-	-
All other and not reported	-	13	-	10	5	18	42	585	48	189	69	66
Persons of Spanish language ¹	-	-	-	23	-	120	80	1 120	181	340	198	23
Other persons of Spanish surname ¹	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Persons of Spanish mother tongue	-	-	-	7	-	60	20	975	99	160	85	7
Persons of Puerto Rican birth or parentage	-	-	-	-	6	11	-	265	70	45	17	-
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT												
Enrolled persons, 3 to 34 years old	12	-	30	347	1 086	498	1 197	3 013	1 629	3 102	1 979	989
Nursery school	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	40	6	57	-	19
Public	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	13	-	-	-	-
Kindergarten	-	-	-	7	62	14	-	117	87	135	113	58
Public	-	-	-	7	62	14	-	52	-	28	78	21
Elementary	-	-	18	230	641	270	786	1 885	1 023	1 974	1 214	623
Public	-	-	18	223	641	270	781	1 813	1 000	1 960	1 200	606
High school	12	-	12	84	347	198	337	638	381	691	582	209
Public	12	-	12	84	347	198	330	598	375	685	396	199
College	-	-	-	26	36	16	68	333	132	245	70	80
Percent enrolled in school by age:												
16 and 17 years	...	-	...	97.8	85.3	62.0	85.7	43.8	88.8	87.8	83.8	99.9
18 and 19 years	-	-	-	52.8	57.9	19.3	34.7	5.9	52.0	58.4	64.4	40.0
20 and 21 years	-	-	-	17.6	10.4	8.6	28.0	2.7	34.0	17.3	26.4	9.5
22 to 24 years	-	-	-	23.1	-	-	6.8	1.8	13.9	7.4	-	14.8
25 to 34 years	-	-	-	-	4.9	3.1	1.0	3.4	7.5	7.4	5.8	5.6
Percent 16 to 21 years not high school graduates and not enrolled in school	-	-	...	3.3	8.7	47.7	18.7	27.2	9.0	8.9	11.0	5.9
YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED												
Persons, 25 years old and over	104	86	50	713	2 184	1 085	2 264	4 226	2 256	3 954	1 817	1 736
No school years completed	-	9	-	-	9	-	24	6	32	14	11	2
Elementary:												
1 to 4 years	-	-	-	4	103	45	68	26	26	48	56	12
5 to 7 years	8	5	4	49	310	106	256	96	103	95	157	63
8 years	-	26	9	166	328	184	318	138	131	190	128	249
High school:												
1 to 3 years	5	5	19	130	521	251	492	614	373	511	390	267
4 years	57	10	13	267	676	311	725	1 810	855	1 586	638	684
College:												
1 to 3 years	-	20	5	59	131	119	237	617	349	803	298	290
4 years or more	34	11	-	38	106	69	144	919	387	707	139	169
Median school years completed	12.7	10.8	10.9	12.0	11.0	11.5	11.8	12.7	12.5	12.7	12.3	12.4
Percent high school graduates	87.5	47.7	36.0	51.1	41.8	46.0	48.9	79.2	70.5	78.3	59.2	65.8
CHILDREN EVER BORN												
Women, 35 to 44 years old ever married	-	5	10	72	234	87	255	468	314	638	320	180
Children ever born	-	15	50	285	808	240	874	1 532	860	1 917	1 238	535
Per 1,000 women ever married	-	...	...	3 958	3 453	2 759	3 427	3 274	2 739	3 005	3 869	2 972
RESIDENCE IN 1965												
Persons, 5 years old and over, 1970 ²	111	162	102	1 195	3 625	2 030	3 901	20 717	4 293	7 946	4 202	3 008
Some house as in 1970	29	11	102	841	1 912	790	2 024	144	1 134	1 871	1 242	1 210
Different house:												
In central city of this SMSA	15	-	-	-	-	5	48	64	15	718	303	186
In other part of this SMSA	34	71	-	234	917	653	721	349	945	1 087	929	508
Outside this SMSA:												
North and West	27	29	-	96	586	397	827	14 389	1 489	2 817	945	849
South	27	18	-	11	146	188	286	9 111	546	1 358	369	244
Abroad	-	11	-	85	440	209	541	5 278	943	1 459	576	605
	-	27	-	-	136	92	161	2 166	546	762	413	152
MEANS OF TRANSPORTATION AND PLACE OF WORK												
All workers	36	78	41	438	1 313	607	1 339	16 733	1 621	3 364	1 356	1 190
Private auto: Driver	36	61	33	246	950	447	1 000	1 916	1 406	2 923	1 024	972
Passenger	-	12	-	-	125	8	-	421	93	211	207	19
Bus or streetcar	-	-	-	-	24	-	-	13	-	-	34	-
Subway, elevated train, or railroad	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	471	-	-	-	-
Walked to work	-	5	-	33	94	-	-	5 939	-	-	-	-
Worked at home	-	-	-	18	60	49	49	4 943	30	33	41	33
Other	-	-	8	141	60	42	74	2 346	64	116	43	141
Inside SMSA:												
Lawton city	36	59	33	418	1 170	573	1 177	16 497	1 506	3 181	1 310	1 133
Remainder of Comanche County	15	25	25	217	170	159	414	125	684	1 724	597	610
Outside SMSA:												
Place of work not reported	-	5	-	20	104	20	94	134	23	98	23	20
	-	14	8	-	39	14	68	102	92	85	23	37

¹See text for definition. ²Includes "Moved, 1965 residence not reported."

Table P-3. Labor Force Characteristics of the Population: 1970

(Data based on sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text)

Census Tracts	Comanche County			Lawton							
	Total	Lawton	Balance	Tract 0001	Tract 0002	Tract 0003	Tract 0004	Tract 0005	Tract 0006	Tract 0007	Tract 0008
EMPLOYMENT STATUS											
Male, 16 years old and over	43 731	23 110	20 621	1 693	1 223	1 668	1 308	2 522	1 009	1 024	1 264
Labor force	38 680	19 399	19 281	1 493	1 106	1 514	1 090	2 252	903	879	1 076
Percent of total	88.4	83.9	93.5	88.2	90.4	90.8	83.3	89.3	89.5	85.8	85.1
Civilian labor force	14 597	11 857	2 740	816	390	937	545	1 411	627	600	570
Employed	13 928	11 297	2 631	791	371	883	514	1 368	589	576	521
Unemployed	669	560	109	25	19	54	31	43	38	24	49
Percent of civilian labor force	4.6	4.7	4.0	3.1	4.9	5.8	5.7	3.0	6.1	4.0	8.6
Not in labor force	5 051	3 711	1 340	200	117	154	218	270	106	145	188
Inmate of institution	426	426	-	-	-	-	78	-	10	-	32
Enrolled in school	1 496	1 150	346	111	84	55	72	187	43	56	47
Other under 65 years	1 700	1 162	538	56	21	49	48	74	26	44	64
Other 65 years and over	1 429	973	456	33	12	50	20	9	27	45	45
Male, 16 to 21 years old	14 288	4 523	9 765	327	204	221	158	470	130	150	277
Not enrolled in school	11 295	2 203	9 092	148	68	44	42	187	31	34	205
Not high school graduates	3 172	632	2 740	24	9	38	17	46	11	12	50
Unemployed or not in labor force	300	170	210	9	9	20	17	14	6	-	4
Female, 16 years old and over	32 017	26 189	5 828	1 989	1 315	1 894	1 492	2 663	1 118	1 137	1 520
Labor force	11 820	10 356	1 464	836	401	758	508	1 142	459	533	547
Percent of total	36.9	39.5	25.1	42.0	30.5	40.0	34.0	42.9	41.1	46.9	36.0
Civilian labor force	11 487	10 230	1 257	812	390	755	499	1 127	445	530	527
Employed	10 340	9 156	1 184	703	344	711	482	991	389	488	436
Unemployed	1 147	1 074	73	109	46	44	17	136	56	42	91
Percent of civilian labor force	10.0	10.5	5.8	13.4	11.8	5.8	3.4	12.1	12.6	7.9	17.3
Not in labor force	20 197	15 833	4 364	1 153	914	1 136	984	1 521	659	604	973
Married women, husband present	21 621	17 333	4 288	1 376	964	1 379	931	1 890	770	793	989
In labor force	7 421	6 503	918	576	261	534	304	782	279	358	332
With own children under 6 years	6 621	5 269	1 352	411	315	588	377	681	190	151	251
In labor force	1 522	1 320	202	125	41	118	75	206	25	49	63
OCCUPATION											
Total employed, 16 years old and over	24 268	20 453	3 815	1 494	715	1 594	996	2 359	978	1 064	957
Professional, technical, and kindred workers	3 399	2 993	406	218	99	341	193	473	252	210	91
Health workers	500	482	18	35	24	29	5	92	68	42	11
Teachers, elementary and secondary schools	1 261	1 045	216	64	39	72	101	196	70	59	18
Managers and administrators, except farm	2 730	2 369	361	121	59	237	101	380	198	225	139
Salaried	2 051	1 762	289	93	59	197	83	299	130	145	94
Self-employed in retail trade	337	303	34	6	-	16	11	38	26	55	23
Sales workers	2 066	1 833	233	142	126	170	120	230	80	101	69
Retail trade	1 338	1 183	155	105	78	100	59	128	26	69	69
Clerical and kindred workers	4 558	4 048	510	371	127	333	222	505	212	261	189
Craftsmen, foremen, and kindred workers	2 877	2 242	635	275	85	97	97	204	50	75	132
Construction craftsmen	964	651	313	55	15	18	32	78	11	6	44
Mechanics and repairmen	922	745	177	114	44	29	45	62	4	22	40
Operatives, except transport	1 519	1 214	305	55	38	38	78	102	42	40	57
Transport equipment operatives	1 083	891	192	59	4	67	41	93	29	15	49
Laborers, except farm	803	692	191	29	5	31	23	52	29	20	34
Farm workers	682	214	468	-	-	-	13	23	18	29	11
Service workers ¹	4 082	3 590	492	221	165	280	96	276	63	83	175
Cleaning and food service workers	2 357	2 087	270	115	92	149	37	129	25	36	68
Protective service workers	339	286	53	10	5	31	19	39	-	4	7
Personal and health service workers	1 084	953	131	57	60	57	30	82	33	25	95
Private household workers	389	367	22	3	7	-	12	21	5	5	11
Female employed, 16 years old and over	10 340	9 156	1 184	703	344	711	482	991	389	488	436
Professional, technical, and kindred workers	1 738	1 536	202	116	62	172	104	239	91	105	50
Teachers, elementary and secondary schools	914	783	131	53	28	57	74	135	63	51	7
Managers and administrators, except farm	535	480	55	22	17	25	14	81	28	50	37
Sales workers	916	813	103	67	57	79	64	69	20	58	48
Clerical and kindred workers	3 467	3 076	391	304	106	243	188	386	154	203	123
Secretaries, stenographers, and typists	1 094	1 007	87	84	47	64	71	129	53	67	46
Operatives, including transport	725	624	101	30	-	29	44	47	17	27	29
Other blue-collar workers	182	147	35	5	9	24	4	14	11	-	-
Farm workers	55	15	40	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Service workers, except private household	2 339	2 104	235	156	86	139	52	134	63	40	138
Private household workers	383	361	22	3	7	-	12	21	5	5	11
INDUSTRY											
Total employed, 16 years old and over	24 268	20 453	3 815	1 494	715	1 594	996	2 359	978	1 064	957
Construction	1 426	1 041	385	69	20	49	66	137	48	20	67
Manufacturing	1 413	1 155	258	60	20	45	38	79	65	67	63
Durable goods	464	379	85	22	5	9	13	33	32	30	11
Transportation	709	629	80	42	6	62	28	79	12	17	23
Communications, utilities, and sanitary services	806	727	79	59	39	60	20	56	19	60	71
Wholesale trade	662	587	75	52	18	51	32	69	44	24	23
Retail trade	5 866	5 217	649	406	200	452	273	581	157	240	264
Finance, insurance, and real estate	1 398	1 297	101	106	61	92	107	231	111	83	19
Business and repair services	730	610	120	50	36	82	33	20	30	12	15
Personal services	1 797	1 645	152	59	60	58	62	115	10	60	116
Health services	1 264	1 148	116	73	47	64	25	131	129	71	52
Educational services	2 377	1 974	403	124	69	177	119	302	139	117	68
Other professional and related services	1 145	975	170	84	35	74	44	119	51	69	29
Public administration	3 476	2 878	598	294	93	288	124	370	125	175	120
Other industries	1 199	570	629	16	11	40	25	70	38	49	27
CLASS OF WORKER											
Total employed, 16 years old and over	24 268	20 453	3 815	1 494	715	1 594	996	2 359	978	1 064	957
Private wage and salary workers	14 165	12 270	1 895	807	458	918	609	1 320	511	620	580
Government workers	7 636	6 342	1 294	584	211	589	297	804	362	282	276
Local government workers	2 515	2 129	386	130	58	190	122	364	73	57	79
Self-employed workers	2 343	1 739	604	86	46	83	85	212	99	157	95
Unpaid family workers	124	102	22	17	-	4	5	23	6	5	6

¹Includes allocated cases, not shown separately.

Table P-3. Labor Force Characteristics of the Population: 1970—Continued

[Data based on sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

Census Tracts	Lawton—Con.											
	Tract 0009	Tract 0010	Tract 0011	Tract 0012	Tract 0013	Tract 0014	Tract 0015	Tract 0016	Tract 0017	Tract 0018	Tract 0019	Tract 0020
EMPLOYMENT STATUS												
Male, 16 years old and over	991	1 050	1 021	775	1 260	814	1 309	925	987	601	1 117	549
Labor force	825	862	839	500	1 073	641	1 135	643	788	412	859	509
Percent of total	83.2	82.1	82.2	64.5	85.2	78.7	86.7	69.5	79.8	68.6	76.9	92.7
Civilian labor force	591	530	437	278	408	535	873	567	528	261	580	353
Employed	583	513	425	252	392	506	840	484	528	261	551	349
Unemployed	8	17	12	26	16	29	33	51	39	13	29	4
Percent of civilian labor force	1.4	3.2	2.7	9.4	3.9	5.4	3.8	9.5	6.9	4.7	5.0	1.1
Not in labor force	166	188	182	275	187	173	174	282	199	189	258	40
Inmate of institution	—	5	—	139	—	14	—	—	—	—	148	—
Enrolled in school	46	61	32	15	67	78	30	50	38	19	42	17
Other under 65 years	46	48	70	55	57	46	73	144	74	98	52	17
Other 65 years and over	74	74	80	66	63	35	71	88	87	72	16	6
Male, 16 to 21 years old	155	197	291	231	333	330	216	158	257	87	294	37
Not enrolled in school	70	126	206	179	239	83	146	91	180	68	47	9
Not high school graduates	13	21	50	54	55	36	72	33	53	33	—	5
Unemployed or not in labor force	—	—	—	21	—	12	28	—	19	9	—	2
Female, 16 years old and over	1 184	1 201	1 299	705	1 369	817	1 460	1 131	1 179	656	1 360	700
Labor force	516	397	512	224	476	350	554	491	518	254	604	276
Percent of total	43.6	33.1	39.4	31.8	34.8	42.8	37.9	43.4	43.9	38.7	44.4	39.4
Civilian labor force	516	397	512	224	460	346	547	491	518	254	604	276
Employed	501	358	463	202	395	308	475	405	455	230	544	276
Unemployed	15	39	49	22	65	38	72	86	63	24	60	—
Percent of civilian labor force	2.9	9.8	9.6	9.8	14.1	11.0	13.2	17.5	12.2	9.4	9.9	—
Not in labor force	668	804	787	481	893	467	906	640	661	402	756	424
Married women, husband present	797	830	792	378	974	456	1 027	597	715	436	745	494
In labor force	325	249	286	96	305	180	353	291	299	143	351	199
With own children under 6 years	177	163	182	84	267	112	351	186	174	92	284	233
In labor force	55	42	56	9	48	28	72	84	40	11	115	58
OCCUPATION												
Total employed, 16 years old and over	1 084	871	888	454	787	814	1 315	889	983	491	1 095	625
Professional, technical, and kindred workers	197	136	183	21	87	50	119	35	71	20	108	89
Health workers	13	21	23	6	9	9	11	6	6	15	48	9
Teachers, elementary and secondary schools	67	61	96	11	29	14	40	7	28	—	34	39
Managers and administrators, except farm	127	98	119	38	68	39	123	21	68	35	78	95
Salaries	68	75	94	16	63	39	89	14	44	19	50	91
Self-employed in retail trade	30	8	13	6	—	—	12	7	10	10	28	4
Sales workers	147	80	92	46	42	87	67	20	59	24	57	66
Retail trade	109	38	59	32	20	64	61	11	59	14	47	35
Clerical and kindred workers	267	208	117	71	169	168	157	75	190	65	177	164
Craftsmen, foremen, and kindred workers	100	114	93	58	70	100	169	79	202	80	78	84
Construction craftsmen	21	46	15	21	43	37	50	21	85	35	11	7
Mechanics and repairmen	58	50	13	22	5	16	53	48	35	21	22	42
Operatives, except transport	45	66	61	21	48	50	140	67	92	81	76	17
Transport equipment operatives	30	25	18	32	38	41	116	64	61	28	75	6
Laborers, except farm	23	16	—	40	35	90	57	79	21	26	60	22
Farm workers	—	9	—	10	6	40	29	10	5	—	—	11
Service workers	143	101	174	110	224	137	305	330	186	116	334	71
Cleaning and food service workers	105	25	108	95	113	94	173	220	118	89	270	23
Protective service workers	8	9	10	—	26	16	56	16	11	—	5	14
Personal and health service workers	25	48	46	15	70	27	55	68	57	22	47	34
Private household workers	5	10	31	7	—	12	33	109	28	16	52	—
Female employed, 16 years old and over	501	358	463	202	395	308	475	405	455	230	544	276
Professional, technical, and kindred workers	88	75	118	17	56	19	56	17	35	15	58	43
Teachers, elementary and secondary schools	52	44	84	11	24	5	24	7	24	—	11	29
Managers and administrators, except farm	23	24	37	11	22	8	32	13	5	5	22	4
Sales workers	75	8	38	30	13	32	25	15	40	14	36	25
Clerical and kindred workers	209	146	89	59	130	129	111	42	129	56	124	145
Secretaries, stenographers, and typists	102	43	18	24	34	43	22	6	53	26	21	54
Operatives, including transport	7	12	44	5	23	38	53	42	77	43	45	12
Other blue-collar workers	17	6	17	—	7	—	3	—	10	5	15	—
Farm workers	—	—	—	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5
Service workers, except private household	77	77	95	63	144	70	162	167	131	76	192	42
Private household workers	5	10	25	7	—	12	33	109	28	16	52	—
INDUSTRY												
Total employed, 16 years old and over	1 084	871	888	454	787	814	1 315	889	983	491	1 095	625
Construction	27	42	37	32	60	65	106	19	65	50	34	28
Manufacturing	34	71	53	32	50	61	131	27	112	64	66	17
Durable goods	16	44	13	8	14	6	42	9	40	7	20	5
Transportation	—	15	4	34	—	28	54	51	13	85	13	54
Communications, utilities, and sanitary services	30	15	21	—	30	36	38	35	13	25	71	29
Wholesale trade	55	30	25	16	11	28	28	—	22	6	20	44
Retail trade	315	177	285	110	228	193	351	179	247	123	298	138
Finance, insurance, and real estate	81	73	67	10	46	26	41	5	37	5	43	53
Business and repair services	33	37	—	28	17	15	26	59	19	16	50	32
Personal services	63	75	131	67	91	48	148	195	78	87	104	18
Health services	40	41	39	20	41	42	54	65	42	60	79	33
Educational services	118	83	106	18	58	125	74	49	78	10	72	68
Other professional and related services	67	55	40	12	23	15	45	88	34	5	55	31
Public administration	210	135	75	49	87	66	154	121	124	27	131	110
Other industries	11	22	5	26	17	51	68	34	27	—	18	15
CLASS OF WORKER												
Total employed, 16 years old and over	1 084	871	888	454	787	814	1 315	889	983	491	1 095	625
Private wage and salary workers	533	426	621	277	559	543	878	609	596	366	686	353
Government workers	361	341	179	87	201	224	367	256	268	84	361	208
Local government workers	97	159	68	23	75	72	147	56	134	37	123	65
Self-employed workers	178	95	88	86	27	41	70	24	119	41	48	59
Unpaid family workers	12	9	—	4	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	5

*Includes allocated cases, not shown separately.

Table P-3. Labor Force Characteristics of the Population: 1970—Continued

[Data based on sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

Census Tracts	Balance of Comanche County								Totals for split tracts			
	Tract 0004	Tract 0005	Tract 0019	Tract 0020	Tract 0021	Tract 0022	Tract 0023	Tract 0024	Tract 0004	Tract 0005	Tract 0019	Tract 0020
EMPLOYMENT STATUS												
Male, 16 years old and over												
Labor force	63	59	40	434	1 217	895	1 382	16 531	1 371	2 581	1 157	983
Percent of total	50.8	89.8	82.5	77.6	76.7	55.2	1 010	16 389	1 122	2 305	892	846
Civilian labor force	32	32	28	326	893	421	73.1	99.1	81.8	89.3	77.1	86.1
Employed	32	32	28	316	875	396	919	89	577	1 443	608	679
Unemployed	—	—	—	10	18	25	878	74	546	1 400	579	665
Percent of civilian labor force	—	—	—	3.1	2.0	5.9	4.1	15	31	43	29	14
Not in labor force	31	6	7	97	284	401	372	142	249	276	265	137
Inmate of institution	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	78	—	148	—
Enrolled in school	6	—	4	24	74	48	74	116	78	187	46	41
Other under 65 years	15	—	3	27	82	255	130	26	63	74	55	44
Other 65 years and over	10	6	—	46	128	98	168	—	30	15	16	52
Male, 16 to 21 years old												
Not enrolled in school	6	12	13	56	151	237	211	9 079	164	482	307	93
Not high school graduates	—	—	—	4	10	154	43	2 529	17	46	—	31
Unemployed or not in labor force	—	—	—	—	4	154	31	21	17	14	—	2
Female, 16 years old and over												
Labor force	56	75	28	421	1 402	701	1 419	1 726	1 548	2 738	1 388	1 121
Percent of total	23.2	24.0	32.1	24.5	26.2	25.4	397	378	33.7	42.4	44.2	33.8
Civilian labor force	13	18	9	103	368	178	391	21.9	512	1 145	613	379
Employed	13	18	9	98	368	159	357	162	495	1 009	553	374
Unemployed	—	—	—	5	—	19	34	15	17	136	60	5
Percent of civilian labor force	—	—	—	4.9	—	10.7	8.7	8.5	3.3	11.9	9.8	1.3
Not in labor force	43	57	19	318	1 034	523	1 022	1 348	1 027	1 578	775	742
Married women, husband present	47	57	28	318	953	512	979	1 394	978	1 947	773	812
In labor force	8	9	9	84	231	135	290	152	312	791	360	283
With own children under 6 years	7	6	5	52	235	107	278	662	384	687	289	285
In labor force	—	—	5	—	49	23	70	55	75	206	120	58
OCCUPATION												
Total employed, 16 years old and over												
Professional, technical, and kindred workers	45	50	37	414	1 243	555	1 235	236	1 041	2 409	1 132	1 039
Health workers	5	9	4	38	89	66	156	39	198	482	112	127
Teachers, elementary and secondary schools	—	4	—	5	—	4	—	9	5	92	48	14
Managers and administrators, except farm	5	—	4	28	99	85	135	5	101	200	34	61
Salaries	5	—	4	12	71	68	124	5	106	380	82	123
Self-employed in retail trade	—	—	—	6	12	5	11	—	88	299	54	103
Sales workers	17	5	—	34	70	6	86	15	137	235	57	100
Retail trade	5	5	—	10	49	6	70	10	64	133	47	45
Clerical and kindred workers	8	4	5	62	171	65	152	43	230	509	182	226
Craftsmen, foremen, and kindred workers	—	5	—	57	252	104	207	5	97	209	83	141
Construction craftsmen	—	5	—	20	116	50	122	—	32	83	11	27
Mechanics and repairmen	—	—	5	22	60	45	45	—	45	62	27	64
Operatives, except transport	—	3	—	10	148	38	95	11	78	105	76	27
Transport equipment operatives	4	10	—	35	56	22	65	—	41	97	85	41
Laborers, except farm	4	11	4	12	74	11	75	—	27	63	64	34
Farm workers	6	—	5	119	135	79	124	—	19	23	5	130
Service workers ¹	—	9	—	19	133	73	140	118	96	285	334	90
Cleaning and food service workers	—	—	—	4	72	34	84	76	37	129	270	27
Protective service workers	—	—	—	5	21	9	18	—	19	39	5	19
Personal and health service workers	—	—	—	10	30	27	32	32	30	82	47	44
Private household workers	—	—	—	—	16	6	—	—	12	21	52	—
Female employed, 16 years old and over												
Professional, technical, and kindred workers	13	18	9	98	368	159	357	162	495	1 009	553	374
Teachers, elementary and secondary schools	—	—	4	18	46	35	64	35	104	239	62	61
Managers and administrators, except farm	—	—	—	13	28	15	54	21	74	135	11	42
Sales workers	5	5	—	11	8	9	27	—	14	81	22	15
Clerical and kindred workers	8	4	5	54	121	53	109	37	69	74	36	35
Secretaries, stenographers, and typists	—	4	—	15	23	23	14	8	196	390	129	199
Operatives, including transport	—	—	—	—	40	10	51	—	44	47	45	12
Other blue-collar workers	—	—	—	—	18	6	6	5	4	14	15	—
Farm workers	—	—	—	—	29	5	6	—	—	—	—	5
Service workers, except private household	—	9	—	5	60	35	46	80	52	143	192	47
Private household workers	—	—	—	—	16	6	—	—	12	21	52	—
INDUSTRY												
Total employed, 16 years old and over												
Construction	45	50	37	414	1 243	555	1 235	236	1 041	2 409	1 132	1 039
Manufacturing	5	7	—	38	79	30	88	11	66	142	38	48
Durable goods	—	—	—	12	5	13	44	11	13	33	20	17
Transportation	—	—	—	10	41	10	19	—	28	79	54	19
Communications, utilities, and sanitary services	—	4	4	10	9	15	32	5	20	60	75	39
Wholesale trade	7	—	—	7	14	5	37	5	39	69	20	51
Retail trade	15	5	15	30	169	103	238	74	288	586	313	168
Finance, insurance, and real estate	—	—	—	38	31	—	27	5	107	231	43	91
Business and repair services	—	—	5	22	28	22	17	26	33	20	55	54
Personal services	—	9	—	5	56	25	52	5	62	124	104	23
Health services	—	—	—	15	37	15	24	25	25	131	79	48
Educational services	5	4	—	32	117	44	164	37	124	306	72	100
Other professional and related services	—	5	4	16	35	48	52	10	44	124	59	47
Public administration	7	5	—	36	246	91	191	22	131	375	131	146
Other industries	6	6	5	135	232	107	132	6	31	76	23	150
CLASS OF WORKER												
Total employed, 16 years old and over												
Private wage and salary workers	45	50	37	414	1 243	555	1 235	236	1 041	2 409	1 132	1 039
Government workers	32	41	28	187	557	274	646	130	641	1 361	714	540
Local government workers	7	9	4	93	443	202	435	101	304	813	365	301
Self-employed workers	—	9	4	46	104	44	154	25	122	373	127	189
Unpaid family workers	6	—	5	130	225	79	154	5	91	212	53	111

¹Includes allocated cases, not shown separately.

Table P-4. Income Characteristics of the Population: 1970

[Data based on sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

Census Tracts	Comanche County			Lawton							
	Total	Lawton	Balance	Tract 0001	Tract 0002	Tract 0003	Tract 0004	Tract 0005	Tract 0006	Tract 0007	Tract 0008
INCOME IN 1969 OF FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS											
All families	24 899	20 302	4 597	1 555	1 141	1 561	1 119	2 162	917	931	1 124
Less than \$1,000	1 135	995	140	80	86	116	56	86	10	35	55
\$1,000 to \$1,999	810	656	154	45	9	33	3	11	18	13	25
\$2,000 to \$2,999	1 403	1 173	230	41	53	27	28	51	11	44	55
\$3,000 to \$3,999	1 733	1 463	270	86	76	25	13	70	26	29	92
\$4,000 to \$4,999	1 853	1 590	263	113	96	33	60	63	22	54	90
\$5,000 to \$5,999	2 508	2 050	458	199	127	58	53	120	91	77	151
\$6,000 to \$6,999	2 369	1 802	567	118	88	84	122	178	49	99	135
\$7,000 to \$7,999	2 163	1 630	533	125	150	167	128	160	60	33	79
\$8,000 to \$8,999	1 839	1 489	350	138	101	143	76	210	56	52	126
\$9,000 to \$9,999	1 457	1 208	249	78	87	118	82	213	42	81	100
\$10,000 to \$11,999	2 804	2 270	534	203	125	304	154	286	134	81	52
\$12,000 to \$14,999	2 298	1 913	385	186	76	227	183	335	95	153	83
\$15,000 to \$24,999	2 103	1 733	370	124	67	200	130	334	229	97	90
\$25,000 to \$49,999	325	273	52	19	-	16	31	35	60	125	42
\$50,000 or more	99	57	42	-	-	10	-	10	14	3	4
Median income	\$7 295	\$7 259	\$7 406	\$7 764	\$7 237	\$9 801	\$9 250	\$9 620	\$11 097	\$9 364	\$6 177
Mean income	\$8 414	\$8 282	\$8 998	\$8 454	\$7 268	\$10 153	\$9 945	\$10 362	\$13 616	\$10 400	\$6 946
Families and unrelated individuals	45 589	24 966	20 623	1 747	1 296	1 653	1 274	2 543	1 026	1 071	1 391
Median income	\$4 783	\$6 438	\$3 142	\$7 214	\$6 865	\$9 556	\$8 816	\$9 181	\$10 489	\$8 531	\$5 576
Mean income	\$6 056	\$7 429	\$4 393	\$8 000	\$6 999	\$9 956	\$9 436	\$9 771	\$12 830	\$9 735	\$6 244
Unrelated individuals	20 690	4 664	16 026	192	155	92	155	381	109	140	267
Median income	\$2 651	\$2 774	\$2 631	\$3 933	\$5 750	\$7 111	\$7 042	\$5 578	\$5 536	\$3 360	\$3 163
Mean income	\$3 218	\$3 719	\$3 073	\$4 321	\$5 024	\$6 603	\$5 759	\$6 418	\$6 217	\$5 311	\$3 286
TYPE OF INCOME IN 1969 OF FAMILIES											
All families	24 899	20 302	4 597	1 555	1 141	1 561	1 119	2 162	917	931	1 124
With wage or salary income	22 142	18 227	3 915	1 439	1 049	1 403	1 049	2 021	862	795	1 024
Mean wage or salary income	\$7 613	\$7 572	\$7 806	\$8 011	\$7 285	\$9 788	\$9 483	\$9 082	\$10 618	\$8 548	\$6 666
With nonfarm self-employment income	2 228	1 781	447	121	52	90	94	230	114	148	70
Mean nonfarm self-employment income	\$6 973	\$7 509	\$4 835	\$5 026	\$4 363	\$4 793	\$7 028	\$9 049	\$15 686	\$11 789	\$5 071
With farm self-employment income	1 036	382	654	46	-	18	10	75	22	30	26
Mean farm self-employment income	\$2 759	\$1 565	\$3 457	\$1 243	-	-	-	\$2 410	-	\$1 503	\$1 223
With Social Security income	2 603	1 951	652	114	39	99	27	133	45	93	99
Mean Social Security income	\$1 487	\$1 518	\$1 397	\$1 432	\$1 376	\$1 458	\$1 724	\$1 601	\$1 052	\$1 417	\$1 391
With public assistance or public welfare income	884	702	182	34	16	13	15	43	12	12	27
Mean public assistance or public welfare income	\$1 248	\$1 248	\$1 249	\$747	-	-	-	\$1 952	-	-	\$1 148
With other income	6 876	5 996	1 280	400	241	522	224	772	354	345	325
Mean other income	\$2 553	\$2 200	\$4 095	\$1 913	\$1 480	\$2 915	\$1 998	\$1 927	\$4 150	\$2 764	\$1 313
RATIO OF FAMILY INCOME TO POVERTY LEVEL¹											
Percent of families with incomes:											
Less than .50 of poverty level	6.2	6.4	5.4	5.3	8.9	8.9	5.3	5.1	1.9	4.8	5.6
.50 to .74	3.4	3.6	2.4	3.6	2.2	0.9	0.8	1.6	1.2	1.1	3.1
.75 to .99	4.6	4.8	3.9	3.2	3.0	1.3	3.1	1.9	1.6	3.5	4.9
1.00 to 1.24	7.4	7.2	8.1	5.2	6.4	3.7	4.4	4.1	3.1	4.6	9.9
1.25 to 1.49	7.8	7.5	9.2	7.9	9.2	4.6	7.6	5.2	7.5	3.0	6.5
1.50 to 1.99	15.0	14.8	15.7	13.1	16.8	13.5	11.3	11.7	7.5	12.9	19.6
2.00 to 2.99	23.8	23.5	25.2	27.2	23.9	26.5	27.4	23.0	19.6	23.5	21.9
3.00 or more	31.7	32.1	30.1	34.5	29.6	40.7	40.1	47.4	57.6	46.5	28.6
INCOME BELOW POVERTY LEVEL¹											
Families	3 549	3 015	534	189	160	173	103	187	43	88	153
Percent of all families	14.3	14.9	11.6	12.2	14.0	11.1	9.2	8.6	4.7	9.5	13.6
Mean family income	\$1 783	\$1 745	\$2 000	\$1 570	\$1 224	\$864	\$1 321	\$1 705	\$1 657	\$1 370	\$1 922
Mean income deficit	\$1 751	\$1 778	\$1 597	\$1 646	\$2 408	\$2 903	\$2 186	\$2 277	\$2 137	\$1 616	\$1 491
Percent receiving public assistance income	12.3	12.5	11.4	6.9	3.1	2.3	-	7.5	14.0	5.2	5.2
Mean size of family	3.82	3.77	4.10	3.42	3.86	4.12	3.69	4.41	4.14	2.91	3.55
With related children under 18 years	2 593	2 354	339	137	149	164	93	187	32	57	111
Mean number of related children under 18 years	2.83	2.78	3.14	2.20	2.45	2.95	2.57	3.07	3.22	2.23	2.48
With related children under 6 years	1 443	1 266	177	85	70	70	37	76	19	37	68
Mean number of related children under 6 years	1.55	1.52	1.81	1.44	1.31	1.39	1.32	1.45	1.14	1.14	1.54
Families with female head	1 488	1 411	77	91	78	123	75	147	12	44	56
With related children under 18 years	1 397	1 325	72	91	78	119	75	147	12	40	56
Mean number of related children under 18 years	2.90	2.91	2.78	2.22	2.36	2.91	2.56	2.98	2.38	2.70	2.70
With related children under 6 years	707	679	28	55	30	44	19	45	5	25	27
Percent in labor force	27.2	27.5	17.9	12.7	23.3	9.1	-	20.0	-	-	37.0
Mean number of related children under 6 years	1.52	1.52	1.54	1.55	1.57	1.50	-	1.36	-	1.00	1.33
Family heads	3 549	3 015	534	189	160	173	103	187	43	88	153
Percent 65 years and over	13.2	10.7	27.3	6.9	-	-	-	-	25.6	22.7	9.2
Civilian male heads under 65 years	1 049	798	251	57	47	41	18	30	11	5	36
Percent in labor force	69.3	71.2	63.3	64.9	48.9	78.0	-	80.0	-	-	63.9
Unrelated individuals	2 134	1 538	596	57	37	15	43	62	18	42	96
Percent of all unrelated individuals	40.9	35.5	66.9	29.7	23.9	16.3	27.7	16.3	16.5	30.0	37.9
Mean income	\$789	\$783	\$805	\$758	\$314	-	\$126	\$716	-	\$932	\$729
Mean income deficit	\$1 034	\$1 039	\$1 020	\$1 110	\$1 541	-	\$1 760	\$1 137	-	\$886	\$1 106
Percent receiving public assistance income	25.9	16.6	50.0	15.8	-	-	-	8.1	-	-	-
Percent 65 years and over	43.9	43.1	45.8	8.8	-	-	-	19.4	-	14.3	27.1
Persons	15 703	12 916	2 787	703	654	727	423	887	196	298	639
Percent of all persons	17.1	17.6	15.2	12.7	16.3	11.6	9.5	10.3	6.8	9.9	17.6
Percent receiving Social Security income	10.9	10.0	14.9	9.1	1.8	1.2	0.7	1.9	7.1	13.8	11.3
Percent 65 years and over	11.4	9.8	18.4	5.3	-	-	-	1.4	12.2	16.1	7.4
Percent receiving Social Security income	68.4	71.0	61.9	83.8	-	-	-	-	-	79.2	72.3
Related children under 18 years	7 211	6 095	1 116	296	372	485	288	532	96	121	257
Percent living with both parents	40.8	34.7	73.8	33.8	40.6	23.1	17.0	18.8	51.0	16.5	37.0
Households	4 585	3 914	671	227	182	179	107	212	48	91	199
Percent of all households	17.5	17.5	17.8	13.8	14.6	10.9	8.8	9.1	4.9	9.2	16.0
Owner occupied	2 242	1 855	387	104	80	130	73	151	34	34	73
Mean value of unit	\$10 900	\$11 900	\$6 100	\$10 800	\$14 400	\$18 500	\$16 700	\$14 200	\$17 900	\$14 100	\$9 800
Renter occupied	2 343	2 059	284	123	102	49	34	61	14	57	126
Mean gross rent	\$84	\$89	\$48	\$126	\$122	\$159	\$170	\$148	-	\$137	\$92
Percent lacking some or all plumbing facilities	4.1	2.7	11.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.0

¹Excludes inmates of institutions, members of the Armed Forces living in barracks, college students in dormitories, and unrelated individuals under 14 years.

Table P-4. Income Characteristics of the Population: 1970—Continued

(Data based on sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text)

Census Tracts

INCOME IN 1969 OF FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS

	Lawton—Con.											
	Tract 0009	Tract 0010	Tract 0011	Tract 0012	Tract 0013	Tract 0014	Tract 0015	Tract 0016	Tract 0017	Tract 0018	Tract 0019	Tract 0020
All families	890	925	888	449	1 112	555	1 156	837	874	490	1 050	566
Less than \$1,000	13	30	13	19	35	37	51	102	48	5	92	26
\$1,000 to \$1,999	29	29	32	43	64	7	54	101	57	30	41	12
\$2,000 to \$2,999	42	53	73	97	129	25	84	89	105	53	67	9
\$3,000 to \$3,999	47	139	120	49	155	53	66	109	108	95	102	5
\$4,000 to \$4,999	57	68	93	15	175	57	144	93	102	76	93	25
\$5,000 to \$5,999	82	118	113	90	180	80	125	124	92	72	78	36
\$6,000 to \$6,999	86	122	86	42	99	65	139	77	82	59	87	41
\$7,000 to \$7,999	70	46	66	28	66	72	117	37	44	22	76	37
\$8,000 to \$8,999	70	48	78	11	74	41	80	32	39	10	69	61
\$9,000 to \$9,999	74	46	32	12	16	41	87	20	29	5	45	48
\$10,000 to \$11,999	146	41	86	16	42	40	88	29	59	21	143	117
\$12,000 to \$14,999	87	79	33	17	47	16	85	24	60	37	74	65
\$15,000 to \$24,999	66	72	59	5	30	21	36	—	37	5	73	78
\$25,000 to \$49,999	15	22	4	5	—	—	—	—	12	—	10	6
\$50,000 or more	6	12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median income	\$8 271	\$6 209	\$6 000	\$5 017	\$4 989	\$6 285	\$6 388	\$4 188	\$5 185	\$4 816	\$6 598	\$9 646
Mean income	\$9 093	\$8 391	\$6 947	\$5 387	\$5 527	\$6 542	\$6 669	\$4 390	\$6 460	\$5 470	\$7 486	\$9 804

Families and unrelated individuals	1 130	1 159	1 243	807	1 495	978	1 425	1 089	1 107	702	1 214	616
Median income	\$7 038	\$5 898	\$5 191	\$3 235	\$4 385	\$4 115	\$5 793	\$3 387	\$4 496	\$4 088	\$6 092	\$9 125
Mean income	\$8 165	\$7 702	\$5 924	\$4 306	\$4 790	\$4 521	\$5 956	\$3 738	\$5 643	\$4 702	\$6 981	\$9 219
Unrelated individuals	240	234	355	358	383	423	269	252	233	212	164	50
Median income	\$3 240	\$3 720	\$2 482	\$2 188	\$2 342	\$1 401	\$1 820	\$1 307	\$2 019	\$2 531	\$2 545	\$3 000
Mean income	\$4 721	\$4 978	\$3 365	\$2 949	\$2 649	\$1 869	\$2 891	\$1 571	\$2 577	\$2 927	\$3 748	\$2 597

TYPE OF INCOME IN 1969 OF FAMILIES

All families	890	925	888	449	1 112	555	1 156	837	874	490	1 050	566
With wage or salary income	739	782	797	388	1 023	501	1 067	676	700	419	974	518
Mean wage or salary income	\$7 773	\$7 315	\$6 133	\$4 711	\$5 504	\$6 323	\$6 264	\$4 470	\$5 990	\$5 000	\$6 651	\$8 841
With nonfarm self-employment income	155	126	91	56	42	32	47	15	127	46	54	71
Mean nonfarm self-employment income	\$10 584	\$7 206	\$6 211	\$5 834	\$1 231	\$3 650	\$6 184	\$2 206	\$4 985	\$2 961	\$4 456	\$6 975
With farm self-employment income	27	43	5	—	—	—	25	3	3	4	10	35
Mean farm self-employment income	-\$4 757	\$6 664	—	—	—	—	\$4 730	—	—	—	—	-\$1 674
With Social Security income	137	163	139	64	128	61	109	83	151	114	106	47
Mean Social Security income	\$2 243	\$1 669	\$1 353	\$770	\$1 146	\$1 329	\$1 637	\$1 466	\$1 528	\$1 436	\$1 663	\$2 296
With public assistance or public welfare income	4	16	43	29	43	14	46	151	28	38	67	51
Mean public assistance or public welfare income	—	—	\$773	\$1 109	\$631	—	\$904	\$2 051	\$968	\$1 558	\$1 717	\$205
With other income	253	254	255	108	205	115	218	80	320	88	272	245
Mean other income	\$2 083	\$2 204	\$1 914	\$1 693	\$1 414	\$2 148	\$1 821	\$1 810	\$1 756	\$2 476	\$3 127	\$1 691

RATIO OF FAMILY INCOME TO POVERTY LEVEL¹

Percent of families with incomes:												
Less than .50 of poverty level	1.5	4.2	1.9	4.2	6.4	7.2	6.9	19.0	9.4	1.6	11.6	6.7
.50 to .74	3.9	3.8	4.4	9.6	3.6	3.2	4.3	14.9	5.3	4.1	8.0	0.9
.75 to .99	3.1	4.0	5.2	14.7	8.9	4.3	4.9	12.8	8.0	16.7	6.8	0.7
1.00 to 1.24	3.1	12.6	7.7	16.3	12.1	8.1	11.7	11.7	10.5	12.0	7.7	0.7
1.25 to 1.49	7.9	6.9	10.8	4.7	10.8	8.6	9.9	8.1	9.5	7.1	8.9	8.1
1.50 to 1.99	11.0	17.7	17.7	10.5	22.0	16.8	21.1	14.5	18.3	26.7	7.3	13.6
2.00 to 2.99	27.2	17.7	27.4	27.8	21.3	26.3	21.6	15.4	15.8	21.4	25.6	28.6
3.00 or more	42.2	33.0	25.0	12.2	14.8	25.4	19.6	3.6	23.2	10.2	24.1	40.6

INCOME BELOW POVERTY LEVEL¹

Families	76	111	102	128	210	82	187	391	198	110	277	47
Percent of all families	8.5	12.0	11.5	28.5	18.9	14.8	16.2	46.7	22.7	22.4	26.4	8.3
Mean family income	\$1 756	\$1 648	\$2 069	\$2 071	\$1 912	\$1 676	\$1 637	\$2 102	\$1 714	\$2 509	\$2 033	\$851
Mean income deficit	\$983	\$1 226	\$1 157	\$950	\$1 507	\$1 614	\$1 600	\$1 959	\$1 572	\$585	\$2 103	\$2 708
Percent receiving public assistance income	—	—	30.4	11.7	9.5	17.1	16.6	29.4	8.6	20.0	19.9	14.9
Mean size of family	2.53	2.84	3.27	3.01	3.47	3.39	3.37	4.63	3.46	3.05	4.87	3.77
With related children under 18 years	30	65	61	71	124	41	71	167	72	31	157	27
Mean number of related children under 18 years	1.80	1.65	2.52	1.75	2.56	2.61	2.33	3.58	2.46	2.41	3.71	2.34
With related children under 6 years	19	41	48	44	86	45	41	197	84	34	186	33
Mean number of related children under 6 years	—	1.20	1.31	1.00	1.95	1.46	1.28	1.93	1.76	1.52	1.48	1.22
Families with female head	7	37	46	25	50	45	41	169	84	15	181	33
With related children under 18 years	7	32	37	13	50	45	41	169	84	15	181	33
Mean number of related children under 18 years	—	2.06	2.84	—	3.16	2.67	2.73	3.80	2.54	—	3.55	2.45
With related children under 6 years	7	14	24	6	37	30	34	108	24	3	124	18
Percent in labor force	—	—	—	—	10.8	36.7	44.1	44.4	—	—	32.3	—
Mean number of related children under 6 years	—	—	—	—	2.22	1.63	1.29	1.77	—	—	1.33	—

Family heads	76	111	102	128	210	82	187	391	198	110	277	47
Percent 65 years and over	15.8	32.4	17.6	10.9	6.2	18.3	21.4	15.6	19.7	11.8	1.8	—
Civilian male heads under 65 years	28	26	3	38	63	10	71	143	37	54	75	5
Percent in labor force	78.6	57.7	—	71.1	82.5	—	76.1	61.5	59.5	75.9	81.3	—

Unrelated individuals	83	51	121	160	147	26	133	173	105	83	65	21
Percent of all unrelated individuals	34.6	21.8	34.1	44.7	38.4	25.2	52.4	68.7	45.1	39.2	39.6	42.0
Mean income	\$849	\$1 284	\$970	\$935	\$867	\$465	\$872	\$701	\$693	\$681	\$968	—
Mean income deficit	\$948	\$528	\$818	\$945	\$945	\$1 370	\$933	\$1 124	\$1 135	\$1 102	\$850	—
Percent receiving public assistance income	—	23.5	5.8	38.8	10.2	19.2	18.0	30.1	26.7	12.0	40.0	—
Percent 65 years and over	50.6	47.1	79.3	43.8	48.3	65.4	44.4	46.8	48.6	61.4	49.2	—

Persons	275	366	455	545	876	304	764	1 983	790	418	1 415	198
Percent of all persons	9.7	13.2	15.5	34.0	24.6	16.9	17.6	53.5	25.8	24.9	31.9	9.2
Percent receiving Social Security income	26.2	24.0	22.6	17.2	15.2	18.4	12.2	7.2	15.6	24.4	2.9	8.1
Percent 65 years and over	24.7	25.4	26.8	18.3	11.1	17.8	16.8	9.8	15.7	15.3	2.6	9.1
Percent receiving Social Security income	80.9	74.2	73.8	69.0	87.6	92.6	54.7	57.2	75.0	84.4	45.9	—
Related children under 18 years	50	108	121	117	317	142	261	1 058	359	139	870	106
Percent living with both parents	50.0	43.5	43.0	81.2	46.7	15.5	52.9	34.5	38.4	79.1	31.3	26.4

Households	131	142	200	252	273	87	257	518	273	159	327	50
Percent of all households	12.5	13.1	17.9	34.9	24.7	14.6	22.9	51.4	27.1	24.7	29.1	8.9
Owner occupied	82	43	92	25	111	42	149	245	114	74	135	44
Mean value of unit	\$12 700	\$11 800	\$12 900	\$18 900	\$9 900	\$8 500	\$7 600	\$8 700	\$7 500	\$6 400	\$14 600	\$18 700
Renter occupied	49	79	108	227	162	45	108	273	159	85	192	6
Mean gross rent	\$85	\$109	\$79	\$61	\$87	\$75	\$83	\$59	\$78	\$75	\$75	—
Percent lacking some or all plumbing facilities	—	—	4.0	21.8	—	—	—	4.2	—	8.2	1.5	—

¹Excludes inmates of institutions, members of the Armed Forces living in barracks, college students in dormitories, and unrelated individuals under 14 years.

Table P-4. **Income Characteristics of the Population: 1970—Continued**

[Data based on sample, see text]. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

Census Tracts	Balance of Comanche County								Totals for split tracts			
	Tract 0004	Tract 0005	Tract 0019	Tract 0020	Tract 0021	Tract 0022	Tract 0023	Tract 0024	Tract 0004	Tract 0005	Tract 0019	Tract 0020
INCOME IN 1969 OF FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS												
All families	46	64	28	345	1 061	548	1 109	1 396	1 165	2 226	1 078	911
Less than \$1,000	-	5	5	5	42	24	39	20	56	91	97	31
\$1,000 to \$1,999	9	6	-	28	27	12	17	10	12	17	41	40
\$2,000 to \$2,999	-	5	5	18	75	38	89	-	28	56	72	27
\$3,000 to \$3,999	-	10	-	16	115	26	94	-	13	80	102	21
\$4,000 to \$4,999	-	8	-	26	62	51	77	39	60	71	93	51
\$5,000 to \$5,999	5	15	-	21	94	72	115	136	58	135	78	80
\$6,000 to \$6,999	-	-	3	39	186	58	130	151	122	178	90	57
\$7,000 to \$7,999	-	-	-	22	87	89	138	197	128	160	76	80
\$8,000 to \$8,999	6	4	6	30	95	10	44	155	82	214	75	59
\$9,000 to \$9,999	-	-	4	5	35	21	62	122	82	213	49	91
\$10,000 to \$11,999	10	7	5	28	105	74	83	222	164	293	148	53
\$12,000 to \$14,999	12	4	-	51	55	29	68	166	195	339	74	145
\$15,000 to \$24,999	4	-	-	36	67	35	62	166	134	334	73	116
\$25,000 to \$49,999	-	-	-	20	-	6	26	-	31	35	10	26
\$50,000 or more	-	-	-	-	16	3	20	3	-	10	-	-
Median income	\$10 600	\$4 750	\$8 167	\$7 886	\$6 621	\$6 879	\$6 604	\$8 877	\$9 287	\$9 521	\$6 622	\$8 984
Mean income	\$9 080	\$5 295	\$6 095	\$9 394	\$8 543	\$7 987	\$9 257	\$9 662	\$9 911	\$10 216	\$7 449	\$9 649
Families and unrelated individuals	53	68	28	402	1 270	883	1 367	16 552	1 327	2 611	1 242	1 018
Median income	\$8 917	\$4 500	\$8 167	\$6 897	\$6 202	\$4 762	\$5 938	\$2 872	\$8 823	\$9 083	\$6 133	\$8 396
Mean income	\$8 812	\$4 983	\$6 095	\$8 331	\$7 545	\$5 586	\$8 129	\$3 664	\$9 411	\$9 646	\$6 961	\$8 868
Unrelated individuals	7	4	-	57	209	335	258	15 156	162	385	164	107
Median income	...	...	-	\$1 192	\$1 710	\$1 238	\$1 415	\$2 690	\$7 116	\$5 516	\$2 545	\$1 500
Mean income	...	...	-	\$1 895	\$2 476	\$1 660	\$3 283	\$3 112	\$5 815	\$6 351	\$3 748	\$2 223
TYPE OF INCOME IN 1969 OF FAMILIES												
All families	46	64	28	345	1 061	548	1 109	1 396	1 165	2 226	1 078	911
With wage or salary income	31	58	23	245	804	458	909	1 387	1 080	2 079	997	763
Mean wage or salary income	\$9 113	\$5 300	...	\$7 880	\$6 711	\$7 532	\$6 427	\$9 545	\$9 472	\$8 977	\$6 612	\$8 533
With nonfarm self-employment income	5	-	-	65	146	55	152	24	99	230	54	136
Mean nonfarm self-employment income	...	...	-	\$6 545	\$6 158	\$4 425	\$3 784	...	\$6 711	\$9 049	\$4 456	\$6 770
With farm self-employment income	6	-	8	154	179	84	219	4	16	75	18	189
Mean farm self-employment income	...	...	-	\$4 697	\$2 637	\$2 723	\$3 305	...	...	\$2 410	...	\$3 517
With Social Security income	14	14	5	80	196	107	221	15	41	147	111	127
Mean Social Security income	...	...	-	\$1 137	\$1 551	\$1 472	\$1 317	...	\$1 756	\$1 525	\$1 592	\$1 566
With public assistance or public welfare income	-	-	-	86	32	64	64	...	15	43	67	51
Mean public assistance or public welfare income	...	...	-	...	\$1 188	\$1 294	\$1 307	...	...	\$1 952	\$1 717	\$205
With other income	19	4	-	42	264	180	364	407	243	776	272	287
Mean other income	...	...	-	\$1 681	\$7 163	\$1 423	\$7 556	\$482	\$2 079	\$1 943	\$3 127	\$1 690
RATIO OF FAMILY INCOME TO POVERTY LEVEL¹												
Percent of families with incomes:												
Less than .50 of poverty level	8.7	17.2	17.9	3.2	5.9	4.4	8.8	2.1	5.4	5.5	11.8	5.4
.50 to .74	10.9	-	-	5.8	2.3	3.8	3.6	-	1.2	1.5	7.8	2.7
.75 to .99	-	-	-	1.4	5.2	4.0	5.6	2.4	3.0	1.9	6.6	1.0
1.00 to 1.24	-	7.8	17.9	9.0	8.0	7.5	10.9	5.9	4.2	4.2	8.0	3.8
1.25 to 1.49	-	20.3	21.4	8.7	9.5	3.5	8.7	11.5	7.3	5.6	9.2	8.3
1.50 to 1.99	10.9	7.8	17.9	11.0	14.8	16.1	16.7	17.3	11.2	11.6	7.6	12.6
2.00 to 2.99	13.0	34.4	10.7	14.5	30.6	25.0	19.5	28.6	26.9	23.3	25.2	23.3
3.00 or more	56.5	12.5	14.3	46.4	23.7	35.8	26.2	32.2	40.8	46.4	23.8	42.8
INCOME BELOW POVERTY LEVEL¹												
Families	9	11	5	36	142	67	200	64	112	198	282	83
Percent of all families	19.6	17.2	17.9	10.4	13.4	12.2	18.0	4.6	9.6	8.9	26.2	9.1
Mean family income	...	...	...	\$675	\$1 629	\$2 334	\$2 147	\$3 160	\$1 321	\$1 660	\$2 007	\$775
Mean income deficit	...	...	...	\$1 457	\$1 656	\$1 306	\$1 551	\$1 895	\$2 120	\$2 243	\$2 122	\$2 166
Percent receiving public assistance income	...	...	...	...	23.9	...	13.5	...	...	7.1	19.5	8.4
Mean size of family	...	...	...	3.33	3.91	4.09	3.96	5.91	3.63	4.30	4.86	3.58
With related children under 18 years	4	5	5	21	78	42	120	64	97	192	265	68
Mean number of related children under 18 years	...	...	...	...	3.60	2.86	2.93	3.84	2.51	3.04	3.68	2.25
With related children under 6 years	...	5	...	11	55	19	47	40	37	81	157	38
Mean number of related children under 6 years	...	...	...	...	2.27	...	1.60	1.63	1.32	1.48	1.48	1.16
Families with female head	...	5	...	...	29	...	43	...	75	152	186	33
With related children under 18 years	...	5	...	...	29	...	38	...	75	152	181	33
Mean number of related children under 18 years	...	...	...	...	2.69	...	2.95	...	2.56	2.95	3.55	2.45
With related children under 6 years	...	5	...	...	18	...	5	...	19	50	124	18
Percent in labor force	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18.0	32.3	...
Mean number of related children under 6 years	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1.42	1.33	...
Family heads	9	11	5	36	142	67	200	64	112	198	282	83
Percent 65 years and over	...	...	...	27.8	31.0	17.9	32.0	4.5	4.5	3.0	3.5	12.0
Civilian male heads under 65 years	4	-	-	26	69	55	93	4	22	30	75	31
Percent in labor force	...	...	...	80.8	58.0	50.9	75.3	...	...	80.0	81.3	83.9
Unrelated individuals	-	4	-	39	123	255	165	10	43	66	65	60
Percent of all unrelated individuals	...	...	...	68.4	58.9	76.1	64.0	...	26.5	17.1	39.6	56.1
Mean income	...	...	...	\$808	\$880	\$746	\$746	...	\$126	\$673	\$968	\$590
Mean income deficit	...	...	...	\$943	\$871	\$1 073	\$1 032	...	\$1 760	\$1 179	\$850	\$1 172
Percent receiving public assistance income	...	...	...	...	69.1	67.5	24.8	...	...	7.6	40.0	...
Percent 65 years and over	...	...	...	46.2	87.8	18.0	58.2	...	...	18.2	49.2	50.0
Persons	26	31	20	159	678	529	956	388	449	918	1 435	557
Percent of all persons	17.6	19.3	16.7	13.4	17.2	24.3	22.4	6.1	9.8	10.4	31.5	10.7
Percent receiving Social Security income	34.6	35.5	...	23.9	23.3	11.0	13.4	1.3	2.7	3.1	3.5	15.1
Percent 65 years and over	38.5	35.5	...	23.9	28.0	12.3	19.2	1.3	2.2	2.5	3.2	15.7
Percent receiving Social Security income	...	...	...	73.7	71.1	44.6	54.3	...	...	...	56.5	71.4
Related children under 18 years	4	10	8	47	289	118	372	268	292	542	878	153
Percent living with both parents	...	...	...	100.0	70.6	96.6	60.2	87.7	16.8	18.5	31.0	49.0
Households	4	11	5	28	208	75	271	69	111	223	332	78
Percent of all households	13.3	26.2	...	25.0	21.7	19.9	32.8	4.9	8.9	9.4	29.1	11.5
Owner occupied	4	5	5	16	129	30	198	...	77	156	140	60
Mean value of unit	...	...	...	...	\$5 900	\$5 500	\$6 100	...	\$16 000	\$14 400	\$14 200	\$15 400
Renter occupied	...	6	...	12	79	45	73	69	34	67	192	18
Mean gross rent	...	...	...	...	\$63	\$47	\$45	...	...	\$41	\$73	...
Percent lacking some or all plumbing facilities	...	...	...	...	7.7	38.7	12.9	...	...	...	1.5	...

¹Excludes inmates of institutions, members of the Armed Forces living in barracks, college students in dormitories, and unrelated individuals under 14 years.

Table P-5. General and Social Characteristics of the Negro Population: 1970

(Data based on sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text)

Census Tracts With 400 or More Negro Population

AGE BY SEX

Male, all ages	6 132	3 900	2 232	196	205	1 452	1 142	2 099	196	1 142
Under 5 years	587	525	62	12	25	209	155	62	12	155
3 and 4 years	252	233	19	9	9	91	65	19	9	65
5 to 9 years	702	615	87	44	25	222	198	87	44	198
5 years	126	112	14	12	3	41	23	14	12	23
6 years	150	124	26	—	10	32	57	26	—	57
10 to 14 years	683	587	96	35	18	261	194	96	35	194
14 years	130	113	17	—	8	54	36	17	—	36
15 to 19 years	658	359	299	29	14	108	114	195	29	114
15 years	108	108	—	15	5	30	44	—	15	44
16 years	77	66	11	—	2	15	16	5	—	16
17 years	104	66	38	—	3	24	17	12	—	17
18 years	181	53	128	7	4	6	18	76	7	18
19 years	188	66	122	7	—	33	19	102	7	19
20 to 24 years	1 533	369	1 164	5	32	124	58	1 145	5	58
20 years	383	41	342	5	—	24	5	309	5	5
21 years	468	102	366	—	21	33	13	366	—	13
25 to 34 years	704	423	281	47	30	118	100	281	47	100
35 to 44 years	610	407	203	12	18	122	157	203	12	157
45 to 54 years	327	297	30	12	23	123	84	30	12	84
55 to 59 years	118	118	—	—	15	63	29	—	—	29
60 to 64 years	36	36	—	—	—	15	11	—	—	11
65 to 74 years	152	142	10	—	5	72	35	—	—	35
75 years and over	22	22	—	—	—	15	7	—	—	7

Female, all ages	4 965	4 429	536	217	252	1 628	1 410	527	217	1 410
Under 5 years	619	569	50	14	14	211	182	50	14	182
3 and 4 years	240	219	21	4	4	97	37	21	4	37
5 to 9 years	763	663	100	56	23	270	231	100	56	231
5 years	129	100	29	6	6	49	35	29	6	35
6 years	138	133	5	9	4	77	35	5	9	35
10 to 14 years	691	591	100	47	42	194	194	100	47	194
14 years	152	146	6	15	12	39	47	6	15	47
15 to 19 years	487	411	76	—	6	161	118	67	6	118
15 years	88	63	25	—	4	31	23	25	—	23
16 years	138	120	18	6	8	49	35	18	6	35
17 years	76	76	—	—	15	16	40	—	—	40
18 years	80	59	21	—	—	42	4	12	—	4
19 years	105	93	12	—	9	23	16	12	—	16
20 to 24 years	419	396	23	5	34	126	116	23	5	116
20 years	57	57	—	—	—	17	10	—	—	10
21 years	129	117	12	—	8	32	48	12	—	48
25 to 34 years	705	595	110	49	4	194	179	110	49	179
35 to 44 years	550	478	72	26	28	136	188	72	26	188
45 to 54 years	344	339	5	7	20	138	105	5	7	105
55 to 59 years	107	107	—	—	—	59	26	—	—	26
60 to 64 years	74	74	—	—	18	33	20	—	—	20
65 to 74 years	147	147	—	—	21	77	40	—	—	40
75 years and over	59	59	—	—	12	29	11	—	—	11

RELATIONSHIP TO HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD

All persons	11 097	8 329	2 768	413	457	3 080	2 552	2 626	413	2 552
In households	9 218	8 284	934	413	457	3 080	2 552	924	413	2 552
Head of household	2 599	2 405	194	108	187	843	700	184	108	700
Head of family	2 202	2 023	179	97	126	671	631	179	97	631
Primary individual	397	382	15	11	61	172	69	5	11	69
Wife of head	1 472	1 292	180	56	69	435	390	180	56	390
Other relative of head	5 029	4 469	560	249	199	1 756	1 419	560	249	1 419
Not related to head	118	118	—	—	2	46	43	—	—	43
In group quarters	1 879	45	1 834	—	—	—	—	1 702	—	—
Persons per household	3.55	3.44	4.81	3.82	2.44	3.65	3.65	5.02	3.82	3.65

TYPE OF HOUSEHOLD

All households	2 599	2 405	194	108	187	843	700	184	108	700
Male primary individual	211	196	15	11	24	77	35	5	11	35
Female primary individual	186	186	—	—	37	95	34	—	—	34
Husband-wife households	1 543	1 364	179	59	81	444	404	179	59	404
Households with other male head	31	31	—	—	6	19	6	—	—	6
Households with female head	628	628	—	38	39	208	221	—	38	221

SCHOOL ENROLLMENT

Persons, 16 to 21 years old	1 986	936	1 050	25	70	314	241	924	25	241
Not attending school	1 490	499	991	12	34	166	114	872	12	114
Not high school graduates	585	223	362	—	25	84	29	250	—	29
Percent of total	29.5	23.8	34.5	—	35.7	26.8	12.0	27.1	—	12.0

YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED

Persons, 25 years old and over	3 955	3 244	711	160	194	1 194	992	701	160	992
No school years completed	71	65	6	—	12	48	—	6	—	—
Elementary: 1 to 4 years	232	222	10	5	19	126	28	5	5	28
5 to 7 years	349	333	16	14	17	166	66	16	14	66
8 years	282	272	10	—	13	166	75	10	—	75
High school: 1 to 3 years	1 014	876	138	53	71	340	240	138	53	240
4 years	1 341	980	361	56	31	267	350	361	56	350
College: 1 to 3 years	453	355	98	19	18	74	179	98	19	179
4 years or more	213	141	72	13	13	7	49	72	13	49
Median school years completed	12.0	11.5	12.5	12.1	10.5	9.8	12.2	12.5	12.1	12.2
Percent high school graduates	50.7	45.5	74.7	55.0	32.0	29.1	58.3	75.7	55.0	58.3

RESIDENCE IN 1965

Persons, 5 years old and over, 1970 ¹	9 943	7 274	2 669	389	413	2 660	2 215	2 527	389	2 215
Same house as in 1970	2 363	2 334	29	—	180	1 253	796	29	—	796
Different house:	679	679	—	76	84	279	72	—	76	72
In central city of this SMSA	1 424	1 375	49	36	27	455	620	37	36	620
In other part of this SMSA	3 428	1 799	1 629	246	81	395	432	1 520	246	432
Outside this SMSA	1 262	641	621	103	46	74	164	601	103	164
North and West	2 166	1 158	1 008	143	35	321	268	919	143	268
South	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	473	—	—
Abroad	974	501	473	7	14	38	168	—	7	168

¹Includes "Moved, 1965 residence not reported."

Table P-6. Economic Characteristics of the Negro Population: 1970

[Data based on sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

**Census Tracts With
400 or More Negro
Population**

EMPLOYMENT STATUS AND OCCUPATION

Male, 16 years old and over

	Comanche County			Lawton				Balance of Comanche County	Totals for split tracts	
	Total	Lawton	Balance	Tract 0005	Tract 0011	Tract 0016	Tract 0019	Tract 0024	Tract 0005	Tract 0019
Male, 16 years old and over	4 052	2 065	1 987	90	132	730	551	1 854	90	551
Labor force	3 491	1 653	1 838	78	113	537	498	1 838	78	498
Civilian labor force	1 068	1 063	5	44	62	469	361	5	44	361
Employed	982	982	-	44	58	423	344	-	44	344
Unemployed	86	81	5	-	4	46	17	5	-	17
Not in labor force	561	412	149	12	19	193	53	16	12	53
Female, 16 years old and over	2 804	2 543	261	100	169	922	780	252	100	780
Labor force	1 253	1 147	106	37	97	423	401	97	37	401
Civilian labor force	1 185	1 127	58	37	97	423	401	49	37	401
Employed	1 004	955	49	33	88	342	349	49	33	349
Unemployed	181	172	9	4	9	81	52	-	4	52
Not in labor force	1 551	1 396	155	63	72	499	379	155	63	379
Married women in labor force, husband present	688	639	49	18	42	239	239	49	18	239
With own children under 6 years	252	225	27	13	26	75	74	27	13	74
Total employed, 16 years old and over	1 986	1 937	49	77	146	765	693	49	77	693
Professional, technical, and kindred workers	180	174	6	8	20	35	65	6	8	65
Managers and administrators, except farm	75	75	-	-	5	14	51	-	-	51
Sales workers	48	48	-	-	-	14	22	-	-	22
Clerical and kindred workers	209	194	15	12	4	54	106	15	12	106
Craftsmen, foremen, and kindred workers	171	171	-	18	16	74	53	-	18	53
Operatives, except transport	112	112	-	-	24	49	25	-	-	25
Transport equipment operatives	99	99	-	-	-	45	54	-	-	54
Laborers, except farm	123	123	-	5	-	70	27	-	5	27
Farm workers	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Service workers, except private household	763	735	28	34	52	301	238	28	34	238
Private household workers	202	202	-	-	25	109	52	-	-	52
Female employed, 16 years old and over	1 004	955	49	33	88	342	349	49	33	349
Professional, technical, and kindred workers	112	106	6	8	12	17	39	6	8	39
Managers and administrators, except farm	22	22	-	-	-	6	11	-	-	11
Sales workers	38	38	-	-	-	9	17	-	-	17
Clerical and kindred workers	174	159	15	12	4	33	92	15	12	92
Operatives, including transport	52	52	-	-	8	30	10	-	-	10
Other blue-collar workers	17	17	-	-	6	-	11	-	-	11
Farm workers	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Service workers, except private household	393	365	28	13	39	138	117	28	13	117
Private household workers	196	196	-	-	19	109	52	-	-	52

FAMILY INCOME IN 1969

	Total	Lawton	Balance	Tract 0005	Tract 0011	Tract 0016	Tract 0019	Tract 0024	Tract 0005	Tract 0019
All families	2 202	2 023	179	97	126	671	631	179	97	631
Less than \$1,000	206	196	10	4	3	84	34	10	4	34
\$1,000 to \$1,999	162	162	-	6	7	81	33	-	6	33
\$2,000 to \$2,999	216	216	-	12	13	89	51	-	12	51
\$3,000 to \$3,999	252	247	5	7	30	99	76	5	7	76
\$4,000 to \$4,999	213	200	13	14	21	56	63	13	14	63
\$5,000 to \$5,999	225	193	32	-	4	90	54	32	-	54
\$6,000 to \$6,999	205	173	32	-	8	67	64	32	-	64
\$7,000 to \$7,999	175	151	24	11	18	18	57	24	11	57
\$8,000 to \$8,999	149	140	9	23	7	32	41	9	23	41
\$9,000 to \$9,999	100	96	4	7	4	20	31	4	7	31
\$10,000 or more	299	249	50	13	11	35	127	50	13	127
Median income: Families	\$5 231	\$4 953	\$6 922	\$7 500	\$4 476	\$3 823	\$6 070	\$6 922	\$7 500	\$6 070
Families and unrelated individuals	\$3 303	\$4 302	\$2 571	\$7 545	\$4 024	\$3 133	\$5 741	\$2 728	\$7 545	\$5 741

RATIO OF FAMILY INCOME TO POVERTY LEVEL¹

Percent of families with incomes:	Total	Lawton	Balance	Tract 0005	Tract 0011	Tract 0016	Tract 0019	Tract 0024	Tract 0005	Tract 0019
Less than .50 of poverty level	13.4	14.1	5.6	15.5	5.6	19.7	8.9	5.6	15.5	8.9
.50 to .74	11.2	12.2	-	14.4	10.3	17.0	10.3	-	14.4	10.3
.75 to .99	9.9	10.3	5.6	7.2	9.5	14.0	7.9	5.6	7.2	7.9
1.00 to 1.24	9.6	8.9	17.3	13.4	12.7	9.7	8.7	17.3	13.4	8.7
1.25 to 1.49	9.6	9.5	10.6	-	7.9	10.1	10.9	-	-	10.9
1.50 to 1.99	14.3	13.7	20.7	17.5	23.8	12.1	8.4	20.7	17.5	8.4
2.00 or more	32.0	31.3	40.2	32.0	30.2	17.4	44.8	40.2	32.0	44.8

INCOME BELOW POVERTY LEVEL¹

	Total	Lawton	Balance	Tract 0005	Tract 0011	Tract 0016	Tract 0019	Tract 0024	Tract 0005	Tract 0019
Families	761	741	20	36	32	340	171	20	36	171
Percent of all families	34.6	36.6	11.2	37.1	25.4	50.7	27.1	11.2	37.1	27.1
Mean family income	\$2 100	\$2 086	-	\$2 624	\$2 441	\$2 149	\$2 303	-	\$2 624	\$2 303
Mean income deficit	\$1 862	\$1 843	-	\$2 161	\$1 637	\$1 966	\$1 760	-	\$2 161	\$1 760
Percent receiving public assistance income	23.0	23.6	-	38.9	25.0	28.8	32.2	-	38.9	32.2
Mean size of family	4.50	4.45	-	5.44	4.63	4.75	4.68	-	5.44	4.68
With related children under 18 years	633	613	20	36	25	276	159	20	36	159
Mean number of related children under 18 years	3.39	3.36	-	3.81	3.68	3.62	3.60	-	3.81	3.60
With related children under 6 years	382	367	15	24	18	151	101	15	24	101
Mean number of related children under 6 years	1.75	1.74	-	2.3	1.9	1.59	1.59	-	2.3	1.59
Families with female head	410	410	-	23	15	175	124	-	23	124
With related children under 18 years	379	379	-	23	15	153	119	-	23	119
Mean number of related children under 18 years	3.51	3.51	-	11	8	3.78	3.75	-	11	3.75
With related children under 6 years	226	226	-	11	8	92	86	-	11	86
Percent in labor force	37.2	37.2	-	-	-	47.8	23.3	-	-	23.3
Mean number of related children under 6 years	1.62	1.62	-	-	-	1.82	1.43	-	-	1.43
Family heads	761	741	20	36	32	340	171	20	36	171
Percent 65 years and over	10.6	10.9	-	-	21.9	14.7	2.9	-	-	2.9
Civilian male heads under 65 years	193	193	-	13	-	119	41	-	13	41
Percent in labor force	73.6	73.6	-	-	-	73.9	65.9	-	-	65.9
Unrelated individuals	382	240	142	-	8	148	40	142	-	40
Percent of all unrelated individuals	61.6	50.7	96.6	-	13.1	70.1	42.1	96.6	-	42.1
Mean income	\$847	\$800	\$925	-	-	\$695	\$1 074	-	-	\$1 074
Mean income deficit	\$1 033	\$1 035	\$1 030	-	-	\$1 132	\$770	-	-	\$770
Percent receiving public assistance income	52.6	32.9	85.9	-	-	29.7	37.5	-	-	37.5
Percent 65 years and over	29.6	42.9	7.0	-	-	49.3	37.5	-	-	37.5
Persons	3 810	3 538	272	196	156	1 762	841	130	196	841
Percent of all persons	40.9	42.8	25.5	47.5	34.3	57.3	33.2	47.5	47.5	33.2
Percent receiving Social Security income	5.2	5.6	-	-	4.5	6.4	3.0	-	-	3.0
Percent 65 years and over	6.3	6.5	3.7	-	4.5	9.3	2.4	-	-	2.4
Percent receiving Social Security income	60.7	63.3	-	-	-	60.1	-	-	-	-
Related children under 18 years	1 980	1 882	98	106	51	984	485	98	106	485
Percent living with both parents	35.1	32.0	94.9	34.0	21.6	36.6	20.0	94.9	34.0	20.0
Households	945	915	30	36	40	449	199	30	36	199
Percent of all households	37.1	38.9	15.5	37.9	23.3	54.2	28.6	10.9	37.9	28.6
Owner occupied	378	378	-	25	11	212	53	-	25	53
Mean value of unit	\$9 600	\$9 600	-	\$10 000	-	\$8 800	\$13 900	-	\$10 000	\$13 900
Renter occupied	567	537	30	11	29	237	146	30	11	146
Mean gross rent	\$65	\$67	\$29	-	-	\$76	\$60	-	-	\$59
Percent lacking some or all plumbing facilities	4.2	3.3	33.3	-	20.0	3.8	-	-	-	-

¹Excludes inmates of institutions, members of the Armed Forces living in barracks, college students in dormitories, and unrelated individuals under 14 years.

Table P-7. General and Social Characteristics of Persons of Spanish Language: 1970

[Data based on sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

**Census Tracts With
400 or More Persons
of Spanish Language**

AGE BY SEX

	Comanche County			Balance of Comanche County
	Total	Lawton	Balance	Tract 0024
Male, all ages	2 428	1 433	995	880
Under 5 years	229	198	31	31
3 and 4 years	91	79	12	12
5 to 9 years	320	240	80	54
5 years	67	60	7	7
6 years	80	57	23	23
10 to 14 years	191	122	69	65
14 years	30	18	12	8
15 to 19 years	311	158	153	120
15 years	80	64	16	16
16 years	31	21	10	-
17 years	66	33	33	16
18 years	58	18	40	40
19 years	76	22	54	48
20 to 24 years	700	243	457	446
20 years	218	47	171	166
21 years	212	36	176	176
25 to 34 years	298	207	91	71
35 to 44 years	216	122	94	73
45 to 54 years	115	103	12	12
55 to 59 years	12	12	-	-
60 to 64 years	15	15	-	-
65 to 74 years	5	5	-	-
75 years and over	16	8	8	8

Female, all ages	1 796	1 448	348	240
Under 5 years	259	180	79	48
3 and 4 years	116	61	55	24
5 to 9 years	207	146	61	45
5 years	52	44	8	-
6 years	29	13	16	16
10 to 14 years	203	156	47	37
14 years	57	42	15	15
15 to 19 years	232	214	18	13
15 years	19	12	7	7
16 years	78	72	6	6
17 years	15	15	-	-
18 years	47	42	5	-
19 years	73	73	-	-
20 to 24 years	260	241	19	6
20 years	89	81	8	-
21 years	66	66	-	-
25 to 34 years	293	222	71	62
35 to 44 years	182	142	40	23
45 to 54 years	119	113	6	6
55 to 59 years	5	5	-	-
60 to 64 years	-	-	-	-
65 to 74 years	17	17	-	-
75 years and over	19	12	7	-

RELATIONSHIP TO HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD

All persons	4 224	2 881	1 343	1 120
In households	3 547	2 865	682	503
Head of household	887	753	134	98
Head of family	843	44	8	8
Primary individual	44	618	119	89
Wife of head	1 913	1 484	429	316
Other relative of head	10	10	-	-
Not related to head	10	16	661	617
In group quarters	677	3.80	5.09	5.13
Persons per household	4.00			

TYPE OF HOUSEHOLD

All households	887	753	134	98
Male primary individual	28	20	8	8
Female primary individual	16	16	-	-
Husband-wife households	731	613	118	90
Households with other male head	28	20	8	-
Households with female head	84	84	-	-

SCHOOL ENROLLMENT

Persons, 16 to 21 years old	1 029	526	503	452
Not attending school	787	295	492	446
Not high school graduates	326	110	216	175
Percent of total	31.7	20.9	42.9	38.7

YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED

Persons, 25 years old and over	1 312	983	329	255
No school years completed	32	32	-	-
Elementary: 1 to 4 years	59	45	14	14
5 to 7 years	165	121	44	27
8 years	42	27	15	8
High school: 1 to 3 years	246	168	78	64
4 years	557	424	133	112
College: 1 to 3 years	127	109	18	8
4 years or more	84	57	27	22
Median school years completed	12.2	12.2	12.1	12.1
Percent high school graduates	58.5	60.0	54.1	55.7

RESIDENCE IN 1965

Persons, 5 years old and over, 1970¹	3 736	2 503	1 233	1 041
Same house as in 1970	698	583	115	24
Different house				
In central city of this SMSA	233	233	-	-
In other part of this SMSA	390	354	36	548
Outside this SMSA	1 314	737	577	380
North and West	781	388	393	168
South	533	349	184	277
Abroad	692	402	290	-

¹Includes "Moved, 1965 residence not reported."

Table P-8. Economic Characteristics of Persons of Spanish Language: 1970

[Data based on sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

**Census Tracts With
400 or More Persons
of Spanish Language**

	Comanche County			Balance of Comanche County
	Total	Lawton	Balance	Tract 0024
EMPLOYMENT STATUS AND OCCUPATION				
Male, 16 years old and over	1 608	809	799	714
Labor force	1 432	698	734	693
Civilian labor force	351	317	34	-
Employed	351	317	34	-
Unemployed	-	-	-	-
Not in labor force	176	111	65	21
Female, 16 years old and over	1 108	954	154	103
Labor force	388	375	13	8
Civilian labor force	380	375	5	-
Employed	319	314	5	-
Unemployed	61	61	-	-
Not in labor force	720	579	141	95
Married women in labor force, husband present	242	237	5	-
With own children under 6 years	41	41	-	-
Total employed, 16 years old and over	670	631	39	-
Professional, technical, and kindred workers	70	65	5	-
Managers and administrators, except farm	22	22	-	-
Sales workers	51	51	-	-
Clerical and kindred workers	101	96	5	-
Craftsmen, foremen, and kindred workers	74	64	10	-
Operatives, except transport	111	111	-	-
Transport equipment operatives	35	35	-	-
Laborers, except farm	37	24	13	-
Farm workers	6	-	6	-
Service workers, except private household	163	163	-	-
Private household workers	-	-	-	-
Female employed, 16 years old and over	319	314	5	-
Professional, technical, and kindred workers	42	42	-	-
Managers and administrators, except farm	5	5	-	-
Sales workers	44	44	-	-
Clerical and kindred workers	73	68	5	-
Operatives, including transport	56	56	-	-
Other blue-collar workers	4	4	-	-
Farm workers	-	-	-	-
Service workers, except private household	95	95	-	-
Private household workers	-	-	-	-
FAMILY INCOME IN 1969				
All families	843	717	126	90
Less than \$1,000	48	42	6	6
\$1,000 to \$1,999	16	16	-	-
\$2,000 to \$2,999	29	29	-	-
\$3,000 to \$3,999	34	34	-	-
\$4,000 to \$4,999	87	81	6	6
\$5,000 to \$5,999	106	80	26	18
\$6,000 to \$6,999	99	87	12	7
\$7,000 to \$7,999	57	35	22	15
\$8,000 to \$8,999	115	97	18	7
\$9,000 to \$9,999	75	68	7	7
\$10,000 or more	177	148	29	24
Median income: Families	\$7 044	\$6 879	\$7 591	\$7 533
Families and unrelated individuals	\$4 497	\$6 649	\$2 469	\$2 456
RATIO OF FAMILY INCOME TO POVERTY LEVEL¹				
Percent of families with incomes:				
Less than .50 of poverty level	7.6	8.1	4.8	6.7
.50 to .74	0.6	0.7	-	-
.75 to .99	4.6	4.6	4.8	6.7
1.00 to 1.24	9.6	9.2	11.9	7.8
1.25 to 1.49	13.8	12.6	20.6	23.3
1.50 to 1.99	17.2	17.2	18.3	20.0
2.00 or more	46.6	47.8	39.7	35.6
INCOME BELOW POVERTY LEVEL¹				
Families	108	96	12	12
Percent of all families	12.8	13.4	9.5	13.3
Mean family income	\$1 794	\$1 672	...	...
Mean income deficit	\$2 125	\$2 080	...	...
Percent receiving public assistance income	4.6	5.2	...	...
Mean size of family	4.22	4.00	...	...
With related children under 18 years	83	71	12	12
Mean number of related children under 18 years	3.16	3.10	...	...
Mean number of related children under 6 years	57	51	6	6
Families with female head	1.56	1.63	...	...
With related children under 18 years	38	38	...	...
Mean number of related children under 18 years	3.50	3.50	...	...
With related children under 6 years	27	27	...	...
Percent in labor force	...	...	...	...
Mean number of related children under 6 years	...	...	...	...
Family heads	108	96	12	12
Percent 65 years and over	4.6	5.2	...	...
Civilian male heads under 65 years	15	9	6	6
Percent in labor force	...	...	...	...
Unrelated individuals	66	20	46	8
Percent of all unrelated individuals	67.3	43.5	88.5	...
Mean income	\$583	...	\$510	...
Mean income deficit	\$1 314	...	\$1 434	...
Percent receiving public assistance income	72.7	...	82.6	...
Percent 65 years and over	27.3	...	17.4	...
Persons	522	404	118	80
Percent receiving Social Security income	14.5	14.1	16.3	15.9
Percent 65 years and over	5.9	5.7	6.8	10.0
Percent receiving Social Security income	5.9	5.7	6.8	10.0
Related children under 18 years	274	223	51	51
Percent living with both parents	51.1	39.9	100.0	100.0
Households	126	106	20	20
Percent of all households	15.4	15.2	16.5	20.4
Owner occupied	35	35	...	...
Mean value of unit	\$10 600	\$10 600	...	...
Renter occupied	91	71	20	20
Mean gross rent	\$77	\$76	...	...
Percent lacking some or all plumbing facilities	-	-	...	...

¹Excludes inmates of institutions, members of the Armed Forces living in barracks, college students in dormitories, and unrelated individuals under 14 years.

Table H-1. **Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1970**

[For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

Census Tracts	Comanche County			Lawton							
	Total	Lawton	Balance	Tract 0001	Tract 0002	Tract 0003	Tract 0004	Tract 0005	Tract 0006	Tract 0007	Tract 0008
All housing units	31 864	25 954	5 910	1 878	1 382	1 713	1 293	2 541	1 003	1 078	1 461
Vacant—seasonal and migratory	50	19	31	3	2	—	—	—	—	—	—
All year-round housing units	31 814	25 935	5 879	1 875	1 380	1 713	1 293	2 541	1 003	1 078	1 461
TENURE, RACE, AND VACANCY STATUS											
Owner occupied	16 582	13 681	2 901	955	578	1 262	890	1 676	652	654	590
Cooperative and condominium	8	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
White	14 921	12 197	2 724	920	532	1 179	856	1 567	641	643	567
Negro	1 172	1 167	5	13	31	67	13	80	7	3	2
Renter occupied	12 245	9 860	2 385	772	649	375	295	729	305	381	727
White	10 466	8 394	2 072	716	589	353	284	710	296	371	691
Negro	1 375	1 163	212	28	56	17	6	16	5	6	18
Vacant year-round	2 987	2 394	593	148	153	76	108	136	46	43	144
For sale only	472	406	66	21	31	49	61	51	13	10	3
Vacant less than 6 months	390	343	47	16	28	44	49	49	11	10	...
Median price asked	\$14 600	\$14 800	\$6 800	\$13 000	\$11 200	\$18 400	\$19 900	\$16 700	\$14 400	\$18 500	...
For rent	1 765	1 549	216	108	83	22	31	51	22	19	117
Vacant less than 2 months	1 315	1 209	106	103	80	19	25	46	17	17	105
Median rent asked	\$74	\$77	\$54	\$107	\$99	\$135	\$137	\$141	\$124	\$113	\$90
Other	750	439	311	19	39	5	16	34	11	14	24
LACKING SOME OR ALL PLUMBING FACILITIES											
All units	921	472	449	—	3	4	1	22	3	1	8
Owner occupied	334	124	210	—	—	3	1	16	3	—	1
Negro	38	38	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Renter occupied	348	230	118	—	3	1	—	6	—	—	6
Negro	51	48	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Vacant year-round	239	118	121	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1
For sale only	17	5	12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
For rent	107	81	26	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—
COMPLETE KITCHEN FACILITIES AND ACCESS											
Lacking complete kitchen facilities	837	434	403	12	1	1	36	35	1	1	31
Access only through other living quarters	6	5	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1
ROOMS											
1 room	320	300	20	1	—	—	2	7	2	—	17
2 rooms	1 419	1 293	126	43	25	—	8	86	11	2	107
3 rooms	3 668	3 248	420	144	105	3	95	155	80	27	302
4 rooms	7 306	5 579	1 727	523	360	19	93	257	118	264	465
5 rooms	11 165	9 243	1 922	793	623	921	611	1 200	348	401	390
6 rooms	5 698	4 614	1 084	317	236	573	328	277	290	290	144
7 rooms	1 542	1 187	355	47	22	152	110	155	123	72	29
8 rooms	448	316	132	4	7	31	32	37	28	15	7
9 rooms or more	248	155	93	3	2	14	14	16	16	7	—
Median	4.8	4.8	4.8	4.8	4.8	5.4	5.2	5.3	5.3	5.1	4.2
All occupied housing units	28 827	23 541	5 286	1 727	1 227	1 637	1 185	2 405	957	1 035	1 317
PERSONS											
1 person	3 539	2 949	590	130	94	51	40	152	104	99	173
2 persons	9 088	7 674	1 414	522	393	291	269	544	337	388	550
3 persons	5 681	4 772	909	439	273	359	262	528	188	242	288
4 persons	4 804	3 820	984	317	222	452	270	555	165	178	150
5 persons	2 970	2 331	639	188	132	284	207	350	103	82	89
6 persons or more	2 745	1 995	750	131	113	200	137	276	60	46	67
Median, all occupied units	2.8	2.7	3.2	3.0	3.0	3.8	3.6	3.5	2.7	2.6	2.4
Median, owner occupied units	3.0	3.0	2.5	3.3	3.5	3.7	3.8	3.8	2.9	2.6	2.6
Median, renter occupied units	2.6	2.4	3.8	2.7	2.5	3.8	2.9	2.6	2.3	2.6	2.3
Units with roomers, boarders, or lodgers	378	356	22	25	10	12	11	36	8	15	22
PERSONS PER ROOM											
1.00 or less	26 272	21 572	4 700	1 595	1 126	1 506	1 106	2 206	922	1 009	1 220
1.01 to 1.50	2 012	1 536	476	117	80	112	68	167	26	21	79
1.51 or more	543	433	110	15	21	19	11	32	9	5	18
Units with all plumbing facilities—1.01 or more	2 444	1 932	512	132	101	131	79	196	35	26	97
VALUE											
Specified owner occupied units ¹	14 105	12 432	1 673	918	569	1 255	883	1 593	632	602	507
Less than \$5,000	969	482	487	6	1	3	5	6	2	—	17
\$5,000 to \$7,499	1 092	738	354	24	6	1	6	20	5	3	41
\$7,500 to \$9,999	1 612	1 380	232	115	26	12	12	58	21	21	135
\$10,000 to \$14,999	4 888	4 544	344	540	380	374	501	472	133	252	252
\$15,000 to \$19,999	3 204	3 076	128	169	139	174	291	606	124	191	41
\$20,000 to \$24,999	1 097	1 037	60	41	10	169	174	206	70	55	12
\$25,000 to \$34,999	758	717	41	16	6	155	54	161	114	52	7
\$35,000 to \$49,999	357	334	23	6	1	32	48	50	103	23	—
\$50,000 or more	128	124	4	1	—	8	12	14	60	5	2
Median	\$13 500	\$14 000	\$7 500	\$12 900	\$13 300	\$17 000	\$17 200	\$16 700	\$22 200	\$15 500	\$10 900
CONTRACT RENT											
Specified renter occupied units ²	11 959	9 806	2 153	769	649	374	295	725	305	381	720
Less than \$30	278	209	69	2	1	—	1	6	1	4	9
\$30 to \$39	370	261	109	2	—	—	—	2	—	—	2
\$40 to \$59	1 224	993	231	16	7	—	6	7	—	—	38
\$60 to \$79	2 265	2 147	118	69	7	—	7	12	4	5	164
\$80 to \$99	2 093	2 039	55	208	164	6	16	28	23	92	248
\$100 to \$149	3 306	3 124	182	422	338	304	206	317	218	261	231
\$150 to \$199	654	648	6	37	124	53	52	246	42	15	13
\$200 to \$249	104	104	—	4	12	2	3	72	5	—	3
\$250 or more	29	27	2	—	1	2	—	23	—	—	—
No cash rent	1 636	255	1 381	9	1	7	4	12	12	4	12
Median	\$89	\$90	\$58	\$107	\$115	\$133	\$128	\$148	\$130	\$110	\$92

¹Limited to one-family homes on less than 10 acres and no business on property.

²Excludes one-family homes on 10 acres or more.

Table H-1. **Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1970—Continued**

(For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text)

Census Tracts

Lawton - Con.												
	Tract 0009	Tract 0010	Tract 0011	Tract 0012	Tract 0013	Tract 0014	Tract 0015	Tract 0016	Tract 0017	Tract 0018	Tract 0019	Tract 0020
All housing units	1 169	1 205	1 382	992	1 531	725	1 460	1 245	1 187	777	1 239	693
Vacant—seasonal and migratory	—	—	—	—	—	1	12	—	—	—	1	—
All year-round housing units	1 169	1 205	1 382	992	1 531	724	1 448	1 245	1 187	777	1 238	693
TENURE, RACE, AND VACANCY STATUS												
Owner occupied	738	631	514	132	605	353	865	569	544	270	662	541
Cooperative and condominium	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	—	—	—	—
White	720	614	444	118	586	330	808	108	513	256	280	515
Negro	7	2	67	13	7	2	20	445	7	2	372	7
Renter occupied	343	480	709	626	783	290	463	467	515	402	457	92
White	318	452	586	533	659	266	436	65	474	355	150	90
Negro	20	12	99	57	105	6	8	393	5	13	292	1
Vacant year-round	88	94	159	234	143	81	120	209	128	105	119	60
For sale only	9	17	6	6	6	2	17	20	10	8	26	40
Vacant less than 6 months	7	12	6	3	6	—	16	8	5	4	26	39
Median price asked	\$9 800	\$12 300	\$12 500	...	\$8 800	...	\$8 300	\$7 000	\$5 800	\$8 300	\$14 300	\$18 900
For rent	66	63	125	204	119	63	76	140	102	62	72	4
Vacant less than 2 months	57	52	80	186	108	55	64	36	84	40	32	4
Median rent asked	\$88	\$85	\$76	\$51	\$75	\$73	\$77	\$51	\$68	\$66	\$39	...
Other	13	14	28	24	18	16	27	49	16	35	21	16
LACKING SOME OR ALL PLUMBING FACILITIES												
All units	2	4	45	157	17	1	9	96	21	42	32	4
Owner occupied	1	2	12	8	8	1	4	42	4	5	11	2
Negro	—	—	2	2	—	—	—	33	—	—	—	—
Renter occupied	1	1	24	108	8	—	1	24	15	19	13	—
Negro	—	—	4	19	—	—	—	19	—	1	5	—
Vacant year-round	—	1	9	41	1	—	4	30	2	18	8	2
For sale only	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	3	—	—	1	—
For rent	—	—	7	40	—	—	2	19	2	7	3	—
COMPLETE KITCHEN FACILITIES AND ACCESS												
Lacking complete kitchen facilities	18	2	15	81	3	—	16	74	8	23	34	42
Access only through other living quarters	—	—	—	2	1	—	—	—	1	—	—	—
ROOMS												
1 room	9	9	26	158	16	1	5	3	22	20	1	1
2 rooms	28	46	120	253	139	26	56	64	123	123	30	3
3 rooms	122	200	377	254	348	98	205	209	225	183	108	8
4 rooms	182	240	229	135	587	325	521	411	345	216	265	24
5 rooms	432	386	311	109	309	203	514	366	291	153	476	406
6 rooms	257	236	176	51	106	57	120	137	135	61	281	204
7 rooms	85	63	85	16	19	11	20	39	29	17	63	30
8 rooms	35	18	35	7	5	—	3	10	7	4	14	14
9 rooms or more	19	7	23	9	2	3	4	6	7	—	—	3
Median	5.1	4.8	4.2	2.8	3.9	4.2	4.4	4.3	4.1	3.8	5.0	5.3
All occupied housing units	1 081	1 111	1 223	758	1 388	643	1 328	1 036	1 059	672	1 119	633
PERSONS												
1 person	166	189	288	324	212	79	149	203	218	137	112	29
2 persons	465	519	561	273	624	235	394	240	410	289	239	131
3 persons	212	198	205	90	278	136	287	160	179	102	210	136
4 persons	136	107	65	32	143	106	227	128	112	73	217	165
5 persons	63	62	51	16	65	50	153	94	72	32	138	100
6 persons or more	39	36	53	23	66	37	118	211	68	39	203	72
Median, all occupied units	2.3	2.2	2.1	1.7	2.3	2.6	2.9	3.0	2.3	2.2	3.5	3.6
Median, owner occupied units	2.3	2.2	2.0	1.5	2.3	2.7	3.1	2.8	2.2	2.2	3.6	3.6
Median, renter occupied units	2.3	2.2	2.1	1.7	2.3	2.4	2.7	3.1	2.4	2.2	3.3	3.9
Units with roomers, boarders, or lodgers	13	11	30	27	31	9	19	30	10	9	26	2
PERSONS PER ROOM												
1.00 or less	1 056	1 072	1 165	704	1 267	594	1 172	804	942	603	923	580
1.01 to 1.50	18	31	38	37	96	44	122	147	80	50	154	49
1.51 or more	7	8	20	17	25	5	34	85	37	19	42	4
Units with all plumbing facilities—1.01 or more	25	39	55	45	119	49	156	222	116	67	189	53
VALUE												
Specified owner occupied units¹	684	587	430	89	323	323	647	506	490	243	636	515
Less than \$5,000	3	13	8	8	34	12	88	127	55	47	44	3
\$5,000 to \$7,499	16	29	36	13	60	26	117	108	108	75	43	1
\$7,500 to \$9,999	72	92	73	14	66	114	194	131	131	53	38	2
\$10,000 to \$14,999	338	243	157	21	110	135	212	99	143	55	223	124
\$15,000 to \$19,999	148	120	73	22	26	28	28	26	35	7	226	275
\$20,000 to \$24,999	44	42	38	2	10	5	3	8	11	5	53	79
\$25,000 to \$34,999	42	26	26	5	10	1	4	2	5	—	7	24
\$35,000 to \$49,999	16	16	15	1	7	2	1	2	1	1	2	7
\$50,000 or more	5	6	4	3	—	—	—	3	1	—	—	—
Median	\$13 400	\$13 000	\$12 800	\$12 400	\$10 100	\$10 200	\$9 000	\$7 800	\$9 100	\$7 500	\$14 500	\$17 300
CONTRACT RENT												
Specified renter occupied units²	342	480	705	626	783	287	458	462	515	402	439	89
Less than \$30	2	1	16	31	6	—	2	101	3	9	14	—
\$30 to \$39	1	—	19	79	4	—	4	87	12	9	35	—
\$40 to \$59	9	24	79	160	78	25	72	114	116	94	149	5
\$60 to \$79	94	143	273	231	297	116	140	96	227	187	70	5
\$80 to \$99	103	146	210	71	263	87	105	41	112	75	33	7
\$100 to \$149	117	148	83	25	114	42	106	1	21	19	106	45
\$150 to \$199	6	4	4	2	5	2	1	—	1	1	18	22
\$200 to \$249	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$250 or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
No cash rent	10	14	21	24	16	10	28	22	23	8	13	5
Median	\$92	\$87	\$77	\$62	\$80	\$79	\$80	\$46	\$69	\$67	\$63	\$132

¹Limited to one-family homes on less than 10 acres and no business on property.

²Excludes one-family homes on 10 acres or more.

Table H-1. **Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1970—Continued**

(For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text)

Census Tracts	Balance of Comanche County								Totals for split tracts			
	Tract 0004	Tract 0005	Tract 0019	Tract 0020	Tract 0021	Tract 0022	Tract 0023	Tract 0024	Tract 0004	Tract 0005	Tract 0019	Tract 0020
All housing units	61	81	64	431	1 387	955	1 482	1 449	1 354	2 622	1 302	1 124
Vacant—seasonal and migratory	—	—	—	—	—	3	28	—	—	—	—	—
All year-round housing units	61	81	64	431	1 387	952	1 454	1 449	1 354	2 622	1 302	1 124
TENURE, RACE, AND VACANCY STATUS												
Owner occupied	47	41	40	314	954	487	1 017	1	937	1 717	702	855
Cooperative and condominium	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
White	47	38	27	305	927	442	937	1	903	1 605	307	820
Negro	—	3	—	—	1	—	—	—	13	83	372	7
Renter occupied	5	24	17	90	285	230	304	1 430	300	753	474	182
White	5	23	15	89	276	200	263	1 201	289	733	165	179
Negro	—	—	—	—	—	7	—	205	6	16	292	1
Vacant year-round	9	16	7	27	148	235	133	18	117	152	126	87
For sale only	5	7	—	6	13	21	14	—	66	58	26	46
Vacant less than 6 months	5	6	—	6	12	9	—	—	54	55	26	45
Median price asked	\$33 300	\$21 500	—	\$22 500	\$15 400	\$5000—	\$5000—	—	\$20 400	\$17 000	\$14 300	\$19 200
For rent	3	4	5	14	61	76	36	17	34	55	77	18
Vacant less than 2 months	—	—	3	—	26	40	16	17	26	49	35	3
Median rent asked	—	—	\$75	\$41	\$49	\$58	\$46	\$119	\$132	\$138	\$43	\$46
Other	1	5	2	7	74	138	83	1	17	39	23	23
LACKING SOME OR ALL PLUMBING FACILITIES												
All units	2	4	6	50	103	125	149	10	3	26	38	54
Owner occupied	—	1	4	26	52	40	87	—	1	17	15	28
Negro	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—
Renter occupied	1	—	—	17	24	34	32	10	1	6	13	17
Negro	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	5	—
Vacant year-round	1	3	2	7	27	51	30	—	1	3	10	9
For sale only	—	1	—	—	—	8	3	—	—	1	1	—
For rent	—	—	2	5	3	7	8	—	1	—	5	5
COMPLETE KITCHEN FACILITIES AND ACCESS												
Lacking complete kitchen facilities	—	4	7	29	90	142	130	1	36	39	41	71
Access only through other living quarters	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
ROOMS												
1 room	—	—	2	2	2	6	7	1	2	7	3	3
2 rooms	—	1	2	5	18	55	40	5	8	87	32	8
3 rooms	2	9	8	16	112	135	133	5	97	164	116	24
4 rooms	6	22	22	99	444	326	447	361	99	279	287	123
5 rooms	7	31	14	164	492	227	514	473	618	1 231	490	570
6 rooms	20	14	15	105	237	133	226	334	348	642	296	309
7 rooms	18	4	—	31	66	39	64	133	128	159	63	61
8 rooms	7	—	1	8	10	16	13	77	39	37	15	22
9 rooms or more	1	—	—	1	6	15	10	60	15	16	—	4
Median	6.3	4.8	4.4	5.1	4.7	4.4	4.7	5.2	5.3	5.1	4.9	5.2
All occupied housing units	52	65	57	404	1 239	717	1 321	1 431	1 237	2 470	1 176	1 037
PERSONS												
1 person	2	4	7	40	218	96	219	4	42	156	119	69
2 persons	21	18	29	157	394	251	395	149	270	562	268	288
3 persons	10	17	9	73	197	117	195	291	272	545	219	209
4 persons	10	16	4	68	189	120	212	365	280	571	221	233
5 persons	6	8	4	24	123	63	142	269	213	358	142	124
6 persons or more	3	2	4	42	118	70	158	353	140	278	207	114
Median, all occupied units	2.8	3.1	2.2	2.6	2.5	2.6	2.7	4.2	3.6	3.4	3.4	3.3
Median, owner occupied units	2.9	3.3	2.3	2.5	2.5	2.6	2.6	—	3.7	3.8	3.5	3.2
Median, renter occupied units	2.3	2.7	2.2	2.8	2.8	2.6	3.2	4.2	2.9	2.6	3.3	3.4
Units with roomers, boarders, or lodgers	—	—	—	1	4	6	10	1	11	36	26	3
PERSONS PER ROOM												
1.00 or less	50	62	52	371	1 118	641	1 152	1 254	1 156	2 268	975	951
1.01 to 1.50	1	2	5	25	104	50	129	160	69	169	159	74
1.51 or more	1	1	—	8	17	26	40	17	12	33	42	12
Units with all plumbing facilities—1.01 or more	2	3	5	27	106	57	136	176	81	199	194	80
VALUE												
Specified owner occupied units ¹	32	17	24	66	684	255	594	—	915	1 610	660	581
Less than \$5,000	1	1	12	7	186	62	218	—	6	7	56	10
\$5,000 to \$7,499	—	2	4	12	148	69	119	—	6	22	47	13
\$7,500 to \$9,999	1	—	4	14	98	37	81	—	13	59	38	16
\$10,000 to \$14,999	1	—	3	13	173	42	110	—	283	473	226	137
\$15,000 to \$19,999	2	1	3	11	57	14	37	—	293	610	229	286
\$20,000 to \$24,999	2	4	3	11	14	11	16	—	176	214	55	85
\$25,000 to \$34,999	2	8	2	6	7	8	10	—	67	161	7	27
\$35,000 to \$49,999	13	—	—	3	—	9	2	—	59	50	2	7
\$50,000 or more	11	—	—	—	—	3	1	—	12	14	—	—
Median	\$31 200	\$19 600	\$5 000	\$10 000	\$7 700	\$7 400	\$6 700	—	\$17 400	\$16 700	\$14 300	\$17 000
CONTRACT RENT												
Specified renter occupied units ²	5	23	16	40	229	168	242	1 430	300	748	455	129
Less than \$30	—	—	3	4	22	24	16	—	1	6	17	4
\$30 to \$39	—	3	—	5	47	19	35	—	—	5	35	5
\$40 to \$59	—	4	2	13	88	38	86	—	6	11	151	18
\$60 to \$79	1	9	5	2	22	33	45	1	8	21	75	7
\$80 to \$99	—	1	4	5	15	10	20	—	16	29	106	47
\$100 to \$149	—	—	—	2	6	6	6	160	206	319	106	23
\$150 to \$199	—	2	—	1	—	—	—	—	52	247	18	—
\$200 to \$249	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	72	—	—
\$250 or more	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	—	—	23	—	—
No cash rent	4	3	2	8	28	37	33	1 266	8	15	15	13
Median	—	\$66	\$74	\$50	\$47	\$53	\$53	\$117	\$128	\$147	\$64	\$120

¹Limited to one-family homes on less than 10 acres and no business on property. ²Excludes one-family homes on 10 acres or more.

Table H-2. Structural, Equipment, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1970

(Data based on sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text)

Census Tracts	Comanche County			Lawton							
	Total	Lawton	Balance	Tract 0001	Tract 0002	Tract 0003	Tract 0004	Tract 0005	Tract 0006	Tract 0007	Tract 0008
All year-round housing units	31 815	25 984	5 831	1 874	1 382	1 713	1 293	2 541	1 003	1 078	1 461
UNITS IN STRUCTURE											
1 (includes mobile home or trailer)	25 999	21 211	4 788	1 562	916	1 713	1 132	2 175	816	864	1 070
2	2 551	1 672	879	221	66	-	21	-	-	214	161
3 and 4	861	754	107	22	56	-	-	4	-	-	26
5 to 49	2 050	1 993	57	69	333	-	85	186	181	-	195
50 or more	354	354	-	-	11	-	55	176	6	-	9
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT											
1969 to March 1970	1 743	1 536	207	55	107	170	266	248	20	43	92
1965 to 1968	4 111	3 597	514	99	89	376	451	948	65	52	64
1960 to 1964	5 333	4 318	1 015	242	221	774	531	772	304	15	60
1950 to 1959	9 206	7 935	1 271	1 229	961	388	34	554	603	902	747
1940 to 1949	5 256	4 592	664	235	4	5	6	11	11	66	459
1939 or earlier	6 166	4 006	2 160	14	-	-	5	8	-	-	39
HEATING EQUIPMENT											
Steam or hot water	443	79	364	-	-	4	-	-	6	-	-
Warm air furnace	10 875	9 145	1 730	674	508	1 467	1 000	1 715	646	504	192
Built-in electric units	1 381	1 216	165	18	170	5	22	190	155	5	63
Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace	9 601	8 650	951	1 033	673	81	176	241	175	346	998
Other means or not heated	9 515	6 894	2 621	149	31	156	95	395	21	223	208
BASEMENT											
All units with basement	1 783	1 150	633	44	27	48	57	42	43	43	72
One-family houses with basement	1 394	932	462	40	21	48	52	42	43	28	26
SELECTED EQUIPMENT											
With more than 1 bathroom	8 435	6 901	1 534	251	282	1 162	805	1 448	438	240	114
With public water supply	30 134	25 962	4 172	1 878	1 382	1 713	1 293	2 541	1 003	1 078	1 461
With public sewer	29 280	25 860	3 420	1 878	1 382	1 713	1 286	2 526	1 003	1 078	1 461
With air conditioning	20 623	17 474	3 149	1 191	1 082	1 422	1 146	2 135	898	1 024	678
Room unit(s)	13 877	11 700	2 177	946	905	630	345	829	501	791	618
Central system	6 746	5 774	972	245	177	792	801	1 306	397	233	60
All occupied housing units	28 827	23 587	5 240	1 727	1 227	1 637	1 185	2 405	957	1 035	1 317
YEAR MOVED INTO UNIT											
1968 to March 1970	15 245	12 741	2 504	931	703	956	702	1 380	408	455	777
1965 to 1967	3 852	3 131	721	170	197	357	248	491	103	91	109
1960 to 1964	3 732	3 046	686	225	149	291	216	424	142	162	117
1950 to 1959	3 803	3 121	682	392	178	33	13	110	304	327	274
1949 or earlier	2 195	1 548	647	9	-	-	6	-	-	-	40
AUTOMOBILES AVAILABLE											
1	16 550	13 125	3 425	1 011	815	886	517	1 172	469	482	914
2	8 335	7 069	1 266	534	353	609	564	1 015	405	420	222
3 or more	1 338	1 228	110	95	52	122	92	189	67	127	37
None	2 604	2 165	439	87	7	20	12	29	16	6	144
GROSS RENT											
Specified renter occupied units ¹	11 985	9 829	2 156	767	649	375	295	729	305	381	727
Less than \$40	219	189	30	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
\$40 to \$59	796	675	121	10	-	5	-	-	-	5	20
\$60 to \$79	1 865	1 668	197	24	-	-	-	12	-	-	95
\$80 to \$99	2 034	1 879	155	124	105	-	-	4	6	20	205
\$100 to \$149	3 617	3 251	366	470	305	125	93	162	122	246	351
\$150 to \$199	1 581	1 572	9	111	210	215	155	388	153	110	39
\$200 to \$249	278	278	-	18	21	15	42	127	10	-	5
\$250 or more	52	52	-	-	-	5	5	32	-	-	-
No cash rent	1 543	265	1 278	10	8	10	-	4	14	-	12
Median	\$103	\$105	\$88	\$126	\$133	\$162	\$168	\$174	\$156	\$126	\$105
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME BY INCOME											
Specified renter occupied units ¹	11 985	9 829	2 156	767	649	375	295	729	305	381	727
Less than \$5,000	4 978	4 552	426	283	211	50	68	128	69	136	354
Less than 20 percent	423	375	48	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	33
20 to 24 percent	486	464	22	21	11	-	-	-	-	-	15
25 to 34 percent	1 413	1 334	79	87	54	-	13	26	6	39	98
35 percent or more	2 124	1 981	143	143	123	36	50	89	59	82	182
Not computed	532	398	134	32	23	14	5	13	4	15	26
Median	34.3	34.3	34.6	35.0+	35.0+	35.0+	35.0+	35.0+	35.0+	35.0+	35.0+
\$5,000 to \$9,999	4 927	3 849	1 078	317	344	154	136	328	160	177	318
Less than 20 percent	1 961	1 670	291	111	76	19	4	54	27	35	145
20 to 24 percent	1 048	979	69	85	113	42	43	104	39	76	96
25 to 34 percent	986	917	69	104	119	80	69	125	70	66	72
35 percent or more	166	161	5	11	32	9	20	41	16	-	5
Not computed	766	122	644	6	4	4	-	4	8	-	-
Median	20.6	21.0	17.3	22.6	24.2	26.8	28.0	25.3	26.4	23.5	20.7
\$10,000 to \$14,999	1 559	1 117	442	146	81	133	69	172	62	53	42
25 percent or more	31	31	-	-	-	5	5	16	-	-	-
Not computed	375	31	344	-	4	-	-	-	6	-	4
Median	15.2	15.4	12.7	13.9	16.5	17.3	17.3	18.9	18.0	14.9	10.0-
\$15,000 or more	521	311	210	21	13	38	22	101	14	15	13
25 percent or more	5	5	-	-	-	-	5	-	-	-	-
Not computed	173	6	167	-	-	6	-	-	-	-	-
Median	11.4	11.9	10.0-	...	...	13.3	...	12.6	...	...	...

¹Excludes one-family homes on 10 acres or more.

Table H-2. Structural, Equipment, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1970—Continued

(Data based on sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text)

Census Tracts	Lawton—Con.											
	Tract 0009	Tract 0010	Tract 0011	Tract 0012	Tract 0013	Tract 0014	Tract 0015	Tract 0016	Tract 0017	Tract 0018	Tract 0019	Tract 0020
All year-round housing units	1 169	1 205	1 382	983	1 540	744	1 431	1 245	1 214	795	1 241	690
UNITS IN STRUCTURE												
1 (includes mobile home or trailer)	1 032	1 045	985	368	1 141	662	1 364	1 087	962	603	1 024	690
2	16	84	178	109	185	50	32	105	118	93	19	—
3 and 4	55	30	142	113	122	32	4	16	84	48	—	—
5 to 49	66	46	77	296	92	—	31	37	50	51	198	—
50 or more	—	—	—	97	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT												
1969 to March 1970	10	—	4	91	116	10	84	36	10	5	86	83
1965 to 1968	34	29	14	—	150	16	141	270	27	5	439	328
1960 to 1964	25	64	58	—	111	59	314	243	42	27	256	200
1950 to 1959	199	207	178	—	427	362	419	282	126	85	198	34
1940 to 1949	765	529	416	80	382	262	244	234	450	204	205	24
1939 or earlier	136	376	712	812	354	35	229	180	559	469	57	21
HEATING EQUIPMENT												
Steam or hot water	—	—	50	9	—	—	5	—	—	—	5	—
Warm air furnace	166	174	139	23	289	53	339	124	88	27	485	532
Built-in electric units	—	93	22	86	26	17	20	11	11	—	244	58
Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace	897	644	512	137	747	477	491	271	451	107	180	13
Other means or not heated	106	294	659	728	478	197	576	839	664	661	327	87
BASEMENT												
All units with basement	54	224	148	63	72	35	30	20	43	53	20	12
One-family houses with basement	54	208	130	16	51	35	30	20	38	18	20	12
SELECTED EQUIPMENT												
With more than 1 bathroom	269	198	153	99	102	52	124	36	150	12	425	541
With public water supply	1 169	1 205	1 382	995	1 528	742	1 435	1 245	1 209	788	1 226	689
With public sewer	1 169	1 205	1 369	989	1 528	742	1 435	1 245	1 209	788	1 201	653
With air conditioning	756	848	802	371	1 066	491	875	219	655	300	879	636
Room unit(s)	612	720	706	321	958	440	850	181	581	276	268	214
Central system	144	120	96	50	108	51	25	38	74	24	611	422
All occupied housing units	1 081	1 111	1 223	757	1 389	671	1 300	1 036	1 103	675	1 128	623
YEAR MOVED INTO UNIT												
1968 to March 1970	428	477	694	479	946	374	666	504	554	310	628	369
1965 to 1967	146	77	54	35	147	54	202	107	126	74	214	129
1960 to 1964	64	186	96	66	86	87	183	188	95	81	99	89
1950 to 1959	254	202	139	55	113	89	167	135	101	96	110	29
1949 or earlier	189	169	240	122	97	67	82	102	227	114	77	7
AUTOMOBILES AVAILABLE												
1	670	637	711	387	899	380	780	531	593	362	636	273
2	304	333	273	72	231	226	329	194	256	148	273	308
3 or more	53	72	49	6	33	29	67	13	65	13	27	20
None	54	69	190	292	226	36	124	298	189	152	192	22
GROSS RENT												
Specified renter occupied units ¹	343	480	709	612	792	297	451	467	577	358	454	61
Less than \$40	—	—	4	60	—	11	5	96	—	—	13	—
\$40 to \$59	16	—	58	129	26	5	40	113	86	26	136	—
\$60 to \$79	38	92	186	221	237	78	90	123	223	181	68	—
\$80 to \$99	49	101	282	109	273	69	112	95	162	94	64	5
\$100 to \$149	190	219	144	53	227	123	168	29	77	47	100	—
\$150 to \$199	28	56	22	—	—	4	—	—	12	—	38	31
\$200 to \$249	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	19	21
\$250 or more	—	—	—	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	—
No cash rent	22	12	13	35	29	11	32	11	17	10	11	4
Median	\$115	\$106	\$88	\$68	\$86	\$92	\$95	\$64	\$78	\$76	\$81	\$188
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME BY INCOME												
Specified renter occupied units ¹	343	480	709	612	792	297	451	467	577	358	454	61
Less than \$5,000	141	215	354	412	486	146	305	330	384	225	251	4
Less than 20 percent	16	10	27	35	24	6	24	43	59	36	62	—
20 to 24 percent	16	18	50	57	74	33	19	34	56	32	28	—
25 to 34 percent	28	62	113	146	164	55	104	100	100	87	52	—
35 percent or more	55	114	157	151	198	37	133	86	126	60	100	—
Not computed	26	11	7	23	26	15	25	67	43	10	9	4
Median	34.1	35.0	33.5	32.0	33.0	29.8	34.3	30.5	30.6	29.5	31.0	—
\$5,000 to \$9,999	158	217	293	178	270	140	124	121	156	106	120	32
Less than 20 percent	50	90	212	128	157	97	66	114	126	74	85	—
20 to 24 percent	43	60	43	35	65	33	29	7	25	22	14	5
25 to 34 percent	43	43	25	—	37	4	12	—	—	—	16	27
35 percent or more	40	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed	12	12	—	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median	22.7	21.0	16.1	16.1	18.5	17.8	17.8	10.3	16.3	16.9	17.3	29.1
\$10,000 to \$14,999	39	31	62	22	20	11	22	16	32	22	67	15
25 percent or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed	—	—	—	11	—	—	6	—	—	—	—	—
Median	12.9	10.0	11.8	—	—	—	—	—	10.8	—	16.8	—
\$15,000 or more	5	17	—	—	16	—	—	—	5	5	16	10
25 percent or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

¹Excludes one-family homes on 10 acres or more.

Table H-2. Structural, Equipment, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1970—Continued

[Data based on sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

Census Tracts	Balance of Comanche County								Totals for split tracts			
	Tract 0004	Tract 0005	Tract 0019	Tract 0020	Tract 0021	Tract 0022	Tract 0023	Tract 0024	Tract 0004	Tract 0005	Tract 0019	Tract 0020
All year-round housing units	57	84	27	425	1 414	928	1 447	1 449	1 350	2 625	1 268	1 115
UNITS IN STRUCTURE												
1 (includes mobile home or trailer)	57	84	22	425	1 397	912	1 405	486	1 189	2 259	1 046	1 115
2	-	-	5	-	13	16	26	819	21	-	24	-
3 and 4	-	-	-	-	4	-	5	98	-	4	-	-
5 to 49	-	-	-	-	-	-	11	46	85	186	198	-
50 or more	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	55	176	-	-
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT												
1969 to March 1970	15	30	-	15	23	48	76	-	281	278	86	98
1965 to 1968	15	10	-	30	162	137	145	15	466	958	439	358
1960 to 1964	17	3	5	41	174	91	207	477	548	775	261	241
1950 to 1959	6	35	9	77	203	118	250	573	40	589	207	111
1940 to 1949	-	-	5	48	303	76	181	51	6	11	210	72
1939 or earlier	4	6	8	214	549	458	588	333	9	14	65	235
HEATING EQUIPMENT												
Steam or hot water	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	356	-	-	5	-
Warm air furnace	41	46	4	72	290	191	346	740	1 041	1 761	489	604
Built-in electric units	12	-	-	19	13	17	56	48	34	190	244	77
Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace	4	-	-	10	390	189	151	180	180	254	194	23
Other means or not heated	-	25	9	324	721	531	886	125	95	420	336	411
BASEMENT												
All units with basement	5	6	5	54	130	91	56	286	62	48	25	66
One-family houses with basement	5	6	5	54	126	91	56	119	57	48	25	66
SELECTED EQUIPMENT												
With more than 1 bathroom	33	25	7	65	238	116	221	829	838	1 473	432	606
With public water supply	27	70	17	28	988	611	988	1 443	1 320	2 611	1 243	717
With public sewer	27	70	17	14	984	57	858	1 393	1 313	2 596	1 218	667
With air conditioning	50	28	12	176	692	341	699	1 151	1 196	2 163	891	812
Room unit(s)	17	7	12	145	545	245	623	583	362	836	280	359
Central system	33	21	-	31	147	96	76	568	834	1 327	611	453
All occupied housing units	43	64	24	401	1 273	683	1 321	1 431	1 228	2 469	1 152	1 024
YEAR MOVED INTO UNIT												
1968 to March 1970	26	51	...	96	310	287	382	1 352	728	1 431	628	465
1965 to 1967	11	13	...	56	238	109	223	71	259	504	214	185
1960 to 1964	6	-	...	75	234	101	270	-	222	424	99	164
1950 to 1959	-	-	...	72	246	100	237	8	13	110	129	101
1949 or earlier	-	-	...	102	245	86	209	-	6	-	82	109
AUTOMOBILES AVAILABLE												
1	24	56	...	330	824	426	931	822	541	1 228	648	603
2	19	8	...	43	257	183	195	549	583	1 023	285	351
3 or more	-	-	...	15	13	16	26	40	92	189	27	35
None	-	-	...	13	179	58	169	20	12	29	192	35
GROSS RENT												
Specified renter occupied units ¹	-	25	...	32	244	156	258	1 431	295	754	464	93
Less than \$40	-	-	...	-	4	26	-	-	-	-	13	-
\$40 to \$59	-	10	...	-	49	47	15	-	-	10	136	-
\$60 to \$79	-	5	...	6	75	25	86	-	-	17	68	6
\$80 to \$99	-	5	...	-	58	18	69	-	-	9	69	5
\$100 to \$149	-	-	...	10	39	11	27	274	93	162	105	10
\$150 to \$199	-	-	...	-	9	-	-	-	155	388	38	31
\$200 to \$249	-	-	...	-	-	-	-	-	42	127	19	21
\$250 or more	-	-	...	-	-	-	-	-	5	32	5	-
No cash rent	-	5	...	16	10	29	61	1 157	-	9	11	20
Median .....	-	...	...	...	\$76	\$57	\$79	\$116	\$168	\$172	\$83	\$175
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME BY INCOME												
Specified renter occupied units ¹	-	25	...	32	244	156	258	1 431	295	754	464	93
Less than \$5,000	-	20	...	12	112	77	115	85	68	148	256	16
Less than 20 percent	-	10	...	-	9	19	10	-	-	10	62	-
20 to 24 percent	-	-	...	-	11	5	6	-	-	-	28	-
25 to 34 percent	-	-	...	-	24	14	36	5	13	26	52	-
35 percent or more	-	5	...	6	57	26	34	10	50	94	105	6
Not computed	-	5	...	6	11	13	29	70	5	18	9	10
Median .....	-	...	...	...	35.0+	30.7	32.5	...	35.0+	35.0+	31.4	...
\$5,000 to \$9,999	-	5	...	20	100	44	118	786	136	333	125	52
Less than 20 percent	-	5	...	-	72	39	88	82	4	59	90	-
20 to 24 percent	-	-	...	-	5	-	10	54	43	104	14	5
25 to 34 percent	-	-	...	10	18	-	4	37	69	125	16	37
35 percent or more	-	-	...	-	5	-	-	-	20	41	-	-
Not computed	-	-	...	10	-	5	-	613	-	4	5	10
Median .....	-	...	...	...	14.7	10.0-	15.3	20.4	28.0	25.1	17.3	29.3
\$10,000 to \$14,999	-	-	...	-	14	30	15	383	69	172	67	15
25 percent or more	-	-	...	-	-	-	-	-	5	16	-	5
Not computed	-	-	...	-	-	11	10	323	-	-	-	-
Median .....	-	-	...	-	...	...	...	14.5	17.3	18.9	16.8	...
\$15,000 or more	-	-	...	-	18	5	10	177	22	101	16	10
25 percent or more	-	-	...	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	-	-
Not computed	-	-	...	-	5	-	6	156	-	-	-	-
Median .....	-	-	...	-	...	...	...	...	...	12.6	...	...

¹Excludes one-family homes on 10 acres or more.

Table H-3. **Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With Negro Head of Household: 1970**

(For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text)

Census Tracts With 400 or More Negro Population

All occupied housing units

TENURE AND PLUMBING

Owner occupied	1 172	1 167	5	80	67	445	372			
With all plumbing facilities	1 134	1 129	5	80	65	412	371			
Renter occupied	1 375	1 163	212	16	99	393	292		83	372
With all plumbing facilities	1 324	1 115	209	16	95	374	287		16	371

ROOMS

1 room	24	24	--	--	3	1	--			
2 rooms	92	90	2	--	16	30	16			
3 and 4 rooms	937	870	67	7	60	373	184	2		16
5 and 6 rooms	1 340	1 209	131	84	62	392	411	65	7	184
7 rooms or more	154	137	17	5	17	42	53	122	87	411
Median	4.7	4.7	5.1	5.1	4.4	4.6	5.0	5.1	5.2	5.0

PERSONS

1 person	348	347	1	5	47	166	70			
2 and 3 persons	1 049	983	66	34	84	308	262			
4 and 5 persons	649	572	77	32	20	185	197	62	5	70
6 persons or more	501	428	73	25	15	179	135	70	34	262
Median	3.2	3.1	4.5	4.0	2.2	3.0	3.5	4.7	4.0	3.5
Units with roomers, boarders, or lodgers	57	56	1	--	2	26	19			19

PERSONS PER ROOM

1.00 or less	2 049	1 876	173	76	147	641	530			
1.01 to 1.50	364	327	37	16	13	123	109	161	79	530
1.51 or more	134	127	7	4	6	74	25	37	16	109
Units with all plumbing facilities - 1.01 or more	485	442	43	20	19	189	132	43	20	132

VALUE

Specified owner occupied units ¹	1 113	1 109	...	78	56	419	367			
Less than \$5,000	111	111	...	--	6	88	12		81	367
\$5,000 to \$9,999	312	312	...	14	19	206	44		--	12
\$10,000 to \$14,999	409	409	...	40	20	94	170		14	44
\$15,000 to \$19,999	197	197	...	18	7	21	105		40	170
\$20,000 to \$34,999	74	70	...	6	3	6	34		18	105
\$35,000 or more	10	10	...	--	1	4	2		9	34
Median	\$11 600	\$11 500	...	\$12 900	\$10 600	\$8 200	\$13 900		--	2

CONTRACT RENT

Specified renter occupied units ²	1 173	1 119	54	16	94	372	280			
Median	\$66	\$65	\$112	\$110	\$61	\$46	\$57	47	16	280

	Comanche County			Lawton				Balance of Comanche County	Totals for split tracts		
	Total	Lawton	Balance	Tract 0005	Tract 0011	Tract 0016	Tract 0019		Tract 0024	Tract 0005	Tract 0019
				96	166	838	664			205	99	664
TENURE AND PLUMBING											
Owner occupied	1 172	1 167	5	80	67	445	372				
With all plumbing facilities	1 134	1 129	5	80	65	412	371				
Renter occupied	1 375	1 163	212	16	99	393	292		83	372	
With all plumbing facilities	1 324	1 115	209	16	95	374	287		16	371	
ROOMS											
1 room	24	24	--	--	3	1	--				
2 rooms	92	90	2	--	16	30	16				
3 and 4 rooms	937	870	67	7	60	373	184	2		16	
5 and 6 rooms	1 340	1 209	131	84	62	392	411	65	7	184	
7 rooms or more	154	137	17	5	17	42	53	122	87	411	
Median	4.7	4.7	5.1	5.1	4.4	4.6	5.0	5.1	5.2	5.0	
PERSONS											
1 person	348	347	1	5	47	166	70				
2 and 3 persons	1 049	983	66	34	84	308	262				
4 and 5 persons	649	572	77	32	20	185	197	62	5	70	
6 persons or more	501	428	73	25	15	179	135	70	34	262	
Median	3.2	3.1	4.5	4.0	2.2	3.0	3.5	4.7	4.0	3.5	
Units with roomers, boarders, or lodgers	57	56	1	--	2	26	19			19	
PERSONS PER ROOM											
1.00 or less	2 049	1 876	173	76	147	641	530				
1.01 to 1.50	364	327	37	16	13	123	109	161	79	530	
1.51 or more	134	127	7	4	6	74	25	37	16	109	
Units with all plumbing facilities - 1.01 or more	485	442	43	20	19	189	132	43	20	132	
VALUE											
Specified owner occupied units ¹	1 113	1 109	...	78	56	419	367				
Less than \$5,000	111	111	...	--	6	88	12		81	367	
\$5,000 to \$9,999	312	312	...	14	19	206	44		--	12	
\$10,000 to \$14,999	409	409	...	40	20	94	170		14	44	
\$15,000 to \$19,999	197	197	...	18	7	21	105		40	170	
\$20,000 to \$34,999	74	70	...	6	3	6	34		18	105	
\$35,000 or more	10	10	...	--	1	4	2		9	34	
Median	\$11 600	\$11 500	...	\$12 900	\$10 600	\$8 200	\$13 900		--	2	
CONTRACT RENT											
Specified renter occupied units ²	1 173	1 119	54	16	94	372	280				
Median	\$66	\$65	\$112	\$110	\$61	\$46	\$57	47	16	280	

¹Limited to one-family homes on less than 10 acres and no business on property.

²Excludes one-family homes on 10 acres or more and all "no cash rent" units.

Table H-4. Structural, Equipment, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With Negro Head of Household: 1970

[Data based on sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

Census Tracts With 400 or More Negro Population

All occupied housing units -----

UNITS IN STRUCTURE

1 (includes mobile home or trailer) -----
2 to 4 -----
5 or more -----

YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT

1960 to March 1970 -----
1950 to 1959 -----
1949 or earlier -----

SELECTED EQUIPMENT

With air conditioning -----
With more than 1 bathroom -----
With central or built-in heating system -----
With public water supply -----
With public sewer -----
With automobile(s) available -----
1 -----
2 or more -----

YEAR MOVED INTO UNIT

1968 to March 1970 -----
1960 to 1967 -----
1959 or earlier -----

GROSS RENT

Specified renter occupied units¹ -----
Less than \$40 -----
\$40 to \$59 -----
\$60 to \$79 -----
\$80 to \$99 -----
\$100 to \$149 -----
\$150 to \$199 -----
\$200 or more -----
No cash rent -----
Median -----

GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME BY INCOME

Less than \$10,000 -----
25 percent or more -----
35 percent or more -----
Not computed -----
Median -----

	Comanche County			Lawton				Balance of Comanche County	Totals for split tracts	
	Total	Lawton	Balance	Tract 0005	Tract 0011	Tract 0016	Tract 0019	Tract 0024	Tract 0005	Tract 0019
All occupied housing units -----	2 523	2 312	211	105	155	838	668	206	105	668
UNITS IN STRUCTURE										
1 (includes mobile home or trailer) -----	1 869	1 820	49	101	133	724	504	44	101	504
2 to 4 -----	417	260	157	--	16	92	10	157	--	10
5 or more -----	237	232	5	4	6	22	154	5	4	154
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT										
1960 to March 1970 -----	1 189	1 111	78	105	11	413	436	78	105	436
1950 to 1959 -----	535	444	91	--	10	158	115	91	--	115
1949 or earlier -----	799	757	42	--	134	267	117	37	--	117
SELECTED EQUIPMENT										
With air conditioning -----	1 225	1 080	145	66	53	173	495	145	66	495
With more than 1 bathroom -----	409	315	94	50	11	7	178	94	50	178
With central or built-in heating system -----	1 464	1 273	191	101	19	275	505	186	101	505
With public water supply -----	2 505	2 292	213	103	155	838	668	206	103	668
With public sewer -----	2 480	2 281	199	103	150	838	668	199	103	668
With automobile(s) available -----	1 899	1 693	206	97	97	581	525	206	97	525
1 -----	1 458	1 274	184	62	78	442	360	184	62	360
2 or more -----	441	419	22	35	19	139	165	22	35	165
YEAR MOVED INTO UNIT										
1968 to March 1970 -----	1 492	1 298	194	90	78	390	323	194	90	323
1960 to 1967 -----	654	635	19	13	31	279	228	12	13	228
1959 or earlier -----	359	359	--	--	46	169	117	--	--	117
GROSS RENT										
Specified renter occupied units ¹ -----	1 331	1 120	211	25	99	393	288	206	25	288
Less than \$40 -----	104	99	5	--	--	78	9	--	--	9
\$40 to \$59 -----	243	243	--	--	17	103	117	--	--	117
\$60 to \$79 -----	247	247	--	6	27	89	39	--	6	39
\$80 to \$99 -----	260	260	--	--	46	83	43	--	--	43
\$100 to \$149 -----	264	211	53	5	9	29	74	53	5	74
\$150 to \$199 -----	38	38	--	14	--	--	--	--	14	--
\$200 or more -----	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
No cash rent -----	175	22	153	--	--	11	6	153	--	6
Median -----	\$79	\$77	\$113	\$155	\$82	\$63	\$67	\$114	\$155	\$67
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME BY INCOME										
Less than \$10,000 -----	1 213	1 058	155	21	86	377	263	150	21	263
25 percent or more -----	568	552	16	11	57	163	126	11	11	126
35 percent or more -----	273	268	5	6	28	81	81	--	6	81
Not computed -----	202	82	120	5	--	54	6	120	5	6
Median -----	27.1	27.3	24.3	...	29.8	25.2	24.6	23.0	...	24.6

¹Excludes one-family homes on 10 acres or more.

Table H-5. Characteristics of Housing Units With Household Head of Spanish Language: 1970

[Data based on sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

Census Tracts With 400 or More Persons of Spanish Language	Comanche County			Balance of Comanche County
	Total	Lawton	Balance	Tract 0024
All occupied housing units	872	735	137	98
TENURE AND PLUMBING				
Owner occupied	379	349	30	-
With all plumbing facilities	379	349	30	-
Renter occupied	493	386	107	98
With all plumbing facilities	493	386	107	98
ROOMS				
1 room	-	-	-	-
2 rooms	67	53	14	14
3 and 4 rooms	341	313	28	14
5 and 6 rooms	420	338	82	57
7 rooms or more	44	31	13	13
UNITS IN STRUCTURE				
1 (includes mobile home or trailer)	635	588	47	8
2 to 4	183	93	90	90
5 or more	54	54	-	-
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT				
1960 to March 1970	361	296	65	50
1950 to 1959	224	190	34	28
1949 or earlier	287	249	38	20
PERSONS				
1 person	38	33	5	5
2 and 3 persons	375	354	21	12
4 and 5 persons	295	227	68	47
6 persons or more	164	121	43	34
Median	3.6	3.4	4.7	4.5
Units with roomers, boarders, or lodgers	11	11	-	-
PERSONS PER ROOM				
1.00 or less	699	598	101	62
1.01 to 1.50	141	121	20	20
1.51 or more	32	16	16	16
Units with all plumbing facilities - 1.01 or more	173	137	36	36
YEAR MOVED INTO UNIT				
1968 to March 1970	613	494	119	98
1960 to 1967	191	187	4	-
1959 or earlier	68	54	14	-
SELECTED EQUIPMENT				
With air conditioning	434	371	63	57
With more than 1 bathroom	228	172	56	50
With central or built-in heating system	572	476	96	84
With public water supply	861	735	126	98
With public sewer	827	735	92	82
With automobile(s) available	787	658	129	90
1	548	456	92	77
2 or more	239	202	37	13
VALUE				
Specified owner occupied units ¹	311	290	...	-
Less than \$5,000	14	14	...	-
\$5,000 to \$9,999	92	77	...	-
\$10,000 to \$14,999	138	132	...	-
\$15,000 to \$19,999	44	44	...	-
\$20,000 to \$34,999	16	16	...	-
\$35,000 or more	7	7	...	-
Median	\$12 200	\$12 400	...	-
GROSS RENT				
Specified renter occupied units ²	488	386	102	98
Less than \$40	7	-	-	-
\$40 to \$59	7	7	-	-
\$60 to \$79	105	101	4	-
\$80 to \$99	75	75	-	-
\$100 to \$149	169	143	26	26
\$150 to \$199	47	47	-	-
\$200 or more	13	13	-	-
No cash rent	72	-	72	72
Median	\$105	\$103	...	...
CONTRACT RENT				
Specified renter occupied units ³	488	386	102	98
Median	\$91	\$89	...	...
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME BY INCOME				
Less than \$10,000	419	341	78	74
25 percent or more	176	165	11	11
35 percent or more	96	91	5	5
Not computed	71	8	63	63
Median	25.3	24.9	...	...

¹Limited to one-family homes on less than 10 acres and no business on property.

²Excludes one-family homes on 10 acres or more.

³Excludes one-family homes on 10 acres or more and all "no cash rent" units.

Appendix A.—AREA CLASSIFICATIONS

CENSUS TRACTS	App-1
Definition of census tract	App-1
Historical background	App-1
Description of tracted area	App-1
Comparability from census to census	App-1
STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS	App-2

CENSUS TRACTS

Definition of census tract.—Census tracts are small areas into which large cities and adjacent areas have been divided for statistical purposes. Tract boundaries were established cooperatively by a local committee and the Bureau of the Census. Tracts were generally designed to be relatively uniform with respect to population characteristics, economic status, and living conditions. The average tract has about 4,000 residents. Tract boundaries are established with the intention of being maintained over a long time so that comparisons may be made from census to census.

In the decennial censuses, the Bureau of the Census tabulates population and housing information for each census tract. The practice of local agencies to tabulate locally collected data by tracts has increased the value of census tract data in many areas.

Tracts are generally numbered in a consecutive series, with separate series for the central city and for each county. Insofar as possible, the numbers are consecutive within each city, community, township, and the like. In these tables, tracts which contain no population and no housing units are not listed. Tracts populated only by crews of vessels are identified by the tract number suffix "99."

Historical background.—The concept of census tracts was originated by the late Dr. Walter Laidlaw in New York City in 1906. He was convinced of the need for data for homogeneous subdivisions of cities as a basis for studying neighborhoods smaller than boroughs or wards. At his request, the Bureau of the Census tabulated census tract data from the 1910 census for New York and seven other cities with a population of over 500,000. Tract data were again tabulated for the same 8 cities in 1920, and in 1930 this number was increased to 18. In 1940, tract data were tabulated for 60 cities, some with adjacent tracted areas; and, beginning in 1940, housing data were added to the population data in the tract reports. In 1950, final reports were published for 64 tracted areas, many of which included statistics for two or more large cities. By 1960, the program had expanded to include reports for 180 tracted areas (of which 3 were in Puerto Rico).

Tract statistics from the 1970 census are published for 241 areas, 238 in the United States and 3 in the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico. All of these tracted areas are standard metropolitan statistical areas (SMSA's). The goal of extending the census tract program to all SMSA's was achieved in the 1970 census except for six areas that were designated as SMSA's on the basis of the 1970 census count and had not been tracted.

Much of the credit for the growing interest in tract data belongs to the late Howard Whipple Green of Cleveland. He aroused the interest of research workers in numerous cities in the potential usefulness of tract statistics for the analysis of sociological, marketing, and administrative

problems. In his capacity as Chairman of the Committee on Census Enumeration Areas of the American Statistical Association for 25 years, he accepted the responsibility for appointing a Census Tract Key Person in each area where tracts were established, for providing guidance on delineating and maintaining census tracts, and for maintaining a census tract library. These duties were assumed by the Bureau of the Census in 1955. However, the Census Bureau no longer appoints Census Tract Key Persons. They are selected by the local census tract committees.

For a further discussion of census tract data and their uses, see U.S. Bureau of the Census, *Census Tract Manual*, Fifth Edition, 1966, Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402.

Description of tracted area.—The map included in this report identifies the boundaries of the area for which the tract statistics are presented. The map also identifies the location and number of each tract and, when appropriate, the limits of cities, townships, counties, or other subdivisions of the tracted area. Boundaries of the tracted area generally constitute a standard metropolitan statistical area (SMSA). A few, however, include the SMSA plus an adjoining area outside it. These are designated as including the adjacent area, and the map covers the tracts in the adjacent area as well as those in the SMSA itself.

Comparability from census to census.—One of the principles followed in relation to census tracts is to preserve comparability from census to census. Keeping tract boundaries unchanged makes possible the study of changes

in social and economic characteristics of neighborhoods. There are, nonetheless, several situations where boundaries of individual tracts are changed. For example, it is sometimes necessary to change the boundaries of tracts to add small areas annexed to a city. Similarly, changes in tract boundaries occur when territory is detached from a city or separately incorporated. Changes may also occur in physical features that are used as tract boundaries, such as street or highway relocations. The census tract limits are changed to conform with the revised feature or to follow another nearby visible feature. Census tracts with very large increases in population are subdivided into two or more smaller tracts. On the other hand, a re-examination of the existing tract boundaries may result in modifications of boundaries to provide larger or more homogeneous units. Tables A and B, showing the comparability of tracts between 1960 and 1970, appear at the end of the Introduction.

STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS

The Bureau of the Census recognizes 243 standard metropolitan statistical areas (SMSA's) in the United States and 4 in Puerto Rico, making a total of 247 in the 1970 census. These include the 231 SMSA's as defined and named in the Bureau of the Budget publication, **Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas: 1967**, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402. Since 1967, 16 SMSA's have been added, of which two were defined in January 1968 and an additional 14 were defined in February 1971 on the basis of the results of the 1970 census. Changes in SMSA boundaries or titles made after February 1971 are not recognized in this series of reports. SMSA's are defined by the Office of Management and Budget (formerly Bureau of the Budget).

Except in the New England States, a standard metropolitan statistical area

is a county or group of contiguous counties which contains at least one city of 50,000 inhabitants or more, or "twin cities" with a combined population of at least 50,000. In addition to the county or counties containing such a city or cities, contiguous counties are included in an SMSA if, according to certain criteria, they are socially and economically integrated with the central city. In the New England States, SMSA's consist of towns and cities instead of counties. In recent years, four cities (High Point, N.C., Macon, Ga., Oklahoma City, Okla., and Sioux Falls, S. Dak.) have annexed territory which lies outside the boundaries of the SMSA. The figures shown in the tables for these cities exclude the portions which lie outside the SMSA. Each SMSA must include at least one central city, and the complete title of an SMSA identifies the central city or cities. For a detailed description of the criteria used in defining SMSA's, see the Bureau of the Budget publication cited above.

Appendix B.—DEFINITIONS AND EXPLANATIONS OF SUBJECT CHARACTERISTICS

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GENERAL

Facsimiles of the census questions and more complete definitions of the subject characteristics may be found in the 1970 Population Census PC(1)-C reports for population items and in the 1970 Housing Census HC(1)-B reports for housing items.

Certain characteristics defined here appear in both the population and the housing tables. Definitions for such characteristics are presented only once, in the section "Population Characteristics" or in the section "Housing Characteristics," depending on the nature of the subject (except for "group quarters," which appears in both sections).

POPULATION CHARACTERISTICS

Age.—The age classification is based on the age of the person in completed years as of April 1, 1970, and was determined from the reply to questions on age and on month and year of birth.

Race.—Data are shown for two racial categories, white and Negro. The

category "white" includes persons who indicated their race as white, as well as persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories on the questionnaire but entered Mexican, Puerto Rican, or a response suggesting Indo-European stock. The category "Negro" includes persons who indicated their race as Negro or Black, as well as persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories on the questionnaire but who had such entries as Jamaican, Trinidadian, West Indian, Haitian, and Ethiopian. All other racial categories, such as American Indian, Japanese, and Chinese, are included in the total but not shown separately. The classification by race shown for occupied housing units refers to the race of the head of the household occupying the unit.

Differences in the statistics on race in tables P-1, H-1, and H-3, containing 100-percent data, and tables P-5, P-6, and H-4, containing sample data, are due partly to the manual editing of the sample questionnaires. Many persons who reported their race as "Other" on the questionnaire also supplied a write-in entry that indicated the proper race classification should have been one of the specific race categories, e.g., white, Negro, etc. While the field edit procedures included a review of such entries on all questionnaires before the 100-percent data were tabulated, manual editing of the sample questionnaires after the 100-percent data were tabulated resulted in some further changes in classification by race.

Nativity, parentage, and country of origin.—The category "native" comprises persons born in the United

States, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico or an outlying area of the United States, or at sea. Also included in this category is the small number of persons who, although they were born in a foreign country, have at least one native American parent. The category "foreign-born" includes all persons not classified as native. The category "native of native parentage" comprises native persons both of whose parents are also natives of the United States. "Native of foreign or mixed parentage" comprises native persons one or both of whose parents are foreign born.

The category "foreign stock" includes the foreign-born population and the native population of foreign or mixed parentage. In this report, persons of foreign stock are classified according to their country of origin. Natives of foreign parentage whose parents were born in different countries are classified according to the country of birth of the father. Natives of mixed parentage are classified according to the country of birth of the foreign-born parent.

Spanish heritage.—In the census tract reports, separate tables are presented for the population of Spanish heritage, which is variously identified in the reports for different areas: in 42 States and the District of Columbia it is identified as "Persons of Spanish language"; in five Southwestern States, as "Persons of Spanish language or Spanish surname"; and in the Middle Atlantic States, as "Persons of Puerto Rican birth or parentage." Similarly, separate housing statistics are presented for housing units in these categories, identified on the basis of the classification of the household head occupying the unit. The specific definitions

involved in identifying these population groups are given below.

Spanish language.—Persons of Spanish language comprise persons of Spanish mother tongue (see definition below) and all other persons in families in which the head or wife reported Spanish as his or her mother tongue. A housing unit is classified as occupied by persons of Spanish language if the head or his wife reported Spanish as his or her mother tongue.

Spanish surname.—In five Southwestern States (Arizona, California, Colorado, New Mexico, and Texas) persons with Spanish surnames are identified. Separate statistics are presented, in these States, for persons of Spanish language combined with all additional persons of Spanish surname. These additional persons are shown in the category "Other persons of Spanish surname."

Puerto Rican birth or parentage.—The population of Puerto Rican birth or parentage includes persons born in Puerto Rico and persons born in the United States or an outlying area with one or both parents born in Puerto Rico. Statistics for this group are shown for areas in New York, New Jersey, and Pennsylvania.

Spanish mother tongue.—Mother tongue is defined as the language spoken in the person's home when he was a child.

In two tracted areas that cross State lines, Wilmington, Del.—N.J.—Md., and Texarkana, Tex.—Ark., the population of Spanish heritage in each State portion is identified, for tabula-

tion purposes, in the manner specified above for that State, and the segments for the different States are combined to form a total for the area. The term used to describe this population in tables P-7, P-8, and H-5, however, is the term applicable in the State containing the major portion of the SMSA. Thus, for the Wilmington SMSA, the term applicable in Delaware, "Persons of Spanish language," is used; and in the Texarkana SMSA the term applicable in Texas, "Persons of Spanish language or Spanish surname," is used.

Household.—A household includes all the persons who occupy a group of rooms or a single room which constitutes a housing unit (see definition of housing unit, below). The average population per household is obtained by dividing the population in households by the number of household heads.

The population per household for Negroes and persons of Spanish heritage, shown in tables P-5 and P-7, may not in all cases be a true representation of the household size for these groups. For example, some persons of a given group may be roomers or domestic employees living with household heads of a different ethnic classification.

Relationship to head of household.—Four categories of relationship to head of household are recognized in this report:

1. *Head of household.*—One person in each household is designated as the "head," that is, the person who is regarded as the head by the members of the household. However, if a married woman living with her husband was reported as the head, her husband was con-

sidered the head for the purpose of simplifying the tabulations. Two types of household heads are distinguished — the head of a family and a primary individual. A family head is a household head living with one or more persons related to him by blood, marriage, or adoption. A primary individual is a household head living alone or with nonrelatives only.

2. *Wife of head.*—A woman married to and living with a household head, including women in common-law marriages as well as women in formal marriages. In table P-1, which is based on 100-percent tabulations, the number of wives is the same as the number of "husband-wife households" and the number of "husband-wife families." In tables P-5 and P-7, which are based on a sample and are limited to a specific ethnic group, the numbers may differ, because of minor differences in the weighting of the data and because a husband and wife do not always have the same ethnic classification.
3. *Other relative of head.*—All persons related to the head of the household by blood, marriage, or adoption except "wife of head."
4. *Not related to head.*—All persons in the household not related to the head by blood, marriage, or adoption. Roomers, boarders, lodgers, partners, resident employees, wards, and foster children are included in this category.

Group quarters.—Persons in living arrangements other than households are classified by the Bureau of the Census as living in group quarters. Group quarters are located most frequently in institutions, rooming houses, military

barracks, college dormitories, fraternity and sorority houses, hospitals, monasteries, convents, and ships. A house or apartment is considered group quarters if it is shared by the person in charge and five or more persons unrelated to him, or, if there is no person in charge, by six or more unrelated persons.

Inmate of institution.—Inmates of institutions are persons under care or custody at the time of enumeration in homes, schools, hospitals or wards for juveniles, the physically handicapped, or the mentally handicapped; homes or hospitals for mental, tuberculosis, or other chronic disease patients; homes for unwed mothers; nursing, convalescent, and rest homes; homes for the aged and dependent; and correctional institutions.

Family.—According to 1970 census definitions, a family consists of a household head and one or more other persons living in the same household who are related to the head by blood, marriage, or adoption; all persons in a household who are related to the head are regarded as members of his (her) family. A "husband-wife family" is a family in which the head and his wife are enumerated as members of the same household. Not all households contain families, because a household may be composed of a group of unrelated persons or one person living alone. The mean size of family is derived by dividing the number of persons in families by the total number of families.

Own children and related children.—This report shows statistics on families by presence of "own" children and "related" children of specified ages. A child under 18 years old is defined

as an "own child" if he or she is a single (never married) son, daughter, stepchild, or adopted child. The number of children "living with both parents" includes stepchildren and adopted children as well as sons and daughters born to the couple. "Related children" in a family include all persons under 18 related to the head except "wife of head." The "mean number of related children" is derived by dividing the total number of related children of the specified age in families by the number of families having children of that age. In table P-1 the number of own children under 18 years of age is divided by "persons under 18 years" to obtain the "percent of total under 18 years."

Unrelated individuals.—An unrelated individual, as defined in this report, may be any of the following: a household head living alone or with nonrelatives only, a household member not related to the head, or a person living in group quarters who is not an inmate of an institution.

Marital status.—The marital status classification refers to the status at the time of enumeration. Persons classified as "married" consist of those who have been married only once and those who remarried after having been widowed or divorced. Persons reported as separated (living apart because of marital discord, with or without a legal separation) are classified as a subcategory of married persons. Persons in common-law marriages are classified as married, and persons whose only marriage had been annulled are classified as never married. All persons reported as never married are shown as "single" in this report.

Children ever born.—In this report, statistics on the number of children ever born are presented for women 35 to 44 years old who have ever been married. Respondents were instructed to include children born to the woman before her present marriage, children no longer living, and children away from home, as well as children born to the woman who were still living in the home.

School enrollment.—School enrollment is shown for persons 3 to 34 years old. Persons were included as enrolled in school if they reported attending a "regular" school or college at any time between February 1, 1970, and the time of enumeration. Regular schooling is that which may advance a person toward an elementary school certificate or high school diploma, or a college, university, or professional degree. Schooling that was not obtained in a regular school and schooling from a tutor or through correspondence courses were counted only if the credits obtained were regarded as transferable to a school in the regular school system. Persons were included as enrolled in nursery school only if the school included instruction as an important and integral phase of its program. Schooling which is generally regarded as not "regular" includes that given in nursery schools which simply provide custodial day care, in specialized vocational, trade, or business schools, in on-the-job training, and through correspondence courses.

Elementary school, as defined here, includes grades 1 to 8, and high school includes grades 9 to 12. If a person was attending a junior high school, the equivalent in terms of 8 years of elementary school and 4 years of high school was recorded. In general,

a "public" school is defined as any school which is controlled and supported primarily by a local, State, or Federal government agency.

Years of school completed.—The data on years of school completed were derived from the answers to the two questions: (a) "What is the highest grade (or year) of regular school he has ever attended?" and (b) "Did he finish the highest grade (or year) he attended?" Persons whose highest grade of attendance was in a foreign school system, or in an ungraded school whose highest level of schooling was measured by "readers," or whose training was received through a tutor were instructed to report the approximate equivalent grade in the regular United States school system. A person was reported as not having completed a given grade if he dropped out or failed to pass the last grade attended.

Residence in 1965.—Residence on April 1, 1965, is the usual place of residence five years before enumeration. The category "same house" includes all persons five years old and over who did not move during the five years as well as those who had moved but by 1970 had returned to their 1965 residence. The category "different house" includes persons who, on April 1, 1965, lived in the United States in a different house from the one they occupied on April 1, 1970, and for whom sufficient information concerning the 1965 residence was collected. These persons were subdivided into three groups according to their 1965 residence in or outside a standard metropolitan statistical area: "in central city of this SMSA," "in other part of this SMSA," and "outside this SMSA." The category

"abroad" includes those with residence in a foreign country or outlying area of the United States in 1965.

Reference week.—The data on employment status and place of work relate to the calendar week preceding the date on which the respondents completed their questionnaires or were interviewed by enumerators. This week is not the same for all respondents because not all persons were enumerated during the same week.

Employment status.—Employed persons comprise all civilians 16 years old and over who were either (a) "at work" — those who did any work at all as paid employees or in their own business or profession, or on their own farm, or who worked 15 hours or more as unpaid workers on a family farm or in a family business; or (b) were "with a job but not at work" — those who did not work during the reference week but had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent due to illness, bad weather, industrial dispute, vacation, or other personal reasons. Excluded from the employed are persons whose only activity consisted of work around the house or volunteer work for religious, charitable, and similar organizations.

Persons are classified as unemployed if they were civilians 16 years old and over and: (a) were neither "at work" nor "with a job, but not at work" during the reference week, (b) were looking for work during the past 4 weeks, and (c) were available to accept a job. Persons who did not work at all during the reference week and were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off are also included as unemployed.

The "civilian labor force" consists of persons classified as employed or unemployed in accordance with the criteria described above. The "labor force" includes all persons in the civilian labor force plus members of the Armed Forces (persons on active duty with the United States Army, Air Force, Navy, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard). All persons 16 years old and over who are not classified as members of the labor force are defined as "not in labor force." This category consists mainly of students, housewives, retired workers, seasonal workers enumerated in an "off" season who were not looking for work, inmates of institutions, disabled persons, and persons doing only incidental unpaid family work (less than 15 hours during the reference week). Of these groups, students and inmates are shown separately in selected tables.

Place of work.—Place of work refers to the geographic location at which civilians and Armed Forces personnel not on leave carried out their occupational or job activities during the reference week. For the purposes of this report, these locations were defined with respect to the boundaries of the standard metropolitan statistical area as "inside SMSA" and "outside SMSA." Locations within the SMSA, were subdivided into the central business district of the central city, the balance of that county, or, if outside that county, the specific county of the SMSA.

The central business district (CBD) is usually the downtown retail trade area of the city. As defined by the Bureau of the Census, the CBD is an area of very high land valuation characterized by a high concentration of retail business offices, theaters, hotels, and service businesses, and with a

high traffic flow. CBD's consist of one or more census tracts and have been defined only in cities with a population of 100,000 or more. In order to be counted as working in the CBD, the respondent had to give the exact address (street name and number) of his place of work. Since some respondents did not do this, the number of persons working in the CBD is usually understated by an unknown amount.

The exact address (number and street name) for the place of work was asked. Persons working at more than one job were asked to report the location of the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours during the reference week. Salesmen, deliverymen, and others who work in several places each week were requested to give the address at which they began work each day, if they reported to a central headquarters. For cases in which daily work was not begun at a central place each day, the person was asked to report the exact address of the place where he worked the most hours last week. If his employer operated in more than one location (such as a grocery store chain or public school system), the exact address of the location or branch where the respondent worked was requested. When the number or street name could not be given, the name of the building or the name of the company for which he worked was to be entered.

Means of transportation to work.—Means of transportation to work refers to the chief means of travel or type of conveyance used in traveling to and from work on the last day the respondent worked at the address given as his or her place of work. The "chief means" referred to the

means of transportation covering the greatest distance if more than one means was used in daily travel. "Worked at home" was marked by a person who worked on a farm where he lived or in an office or shop in his home.

Occupation, industry, and class of worker.—The data on these three subjects in this report are for employed persons 16 years old and over and refer to the job held during the reference week. For persons employed at two or more jobs, the data refer to the job at which the person worked the greatest number of hours. The occupation and industry statistics presented here are based on the detailed systems developed for the 1970 census: see 1970 Census of Population, **Classified Index of Industries and Occupations**, U. S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D. C., 1971.

Income in 1969.—Information on money income received in the calendar year 1969 was requested from persons 14 years old and over. "Total income" is the algebraic sum of the amounts reported separately for wage and salary income, nonfarm net self-employment income, farm net self-employment income, Social Security or railroad retirement income, public assistance or welfare income, and all other income. The figures represent the amount of income regularly received before deductions for personal income taxes, Social Security, bond purchases, union dues, medicare deductions, etc.

"Wage or salary income" is defined as the total money earnings received for work performed as an employee at any time during the calendar year 1969. It includes wages, salary, pay from Armed Forces, commissions, tips, piece rate payments,

and cash bonuses earned. "Nonfarm net self-employment income" is defined as net money income (gross receipts minus business expenses) received from a business, professional enterprise, or partnership in which the person was engaged on his own account. "Farm net self-employment income" is defined as the net money income (gross receipts minus operating expenses) received from the operation of a farm by a person on his own account, as an owner, renter, or sharecropper.

"Social Security or railroad retirement income" includes cash receipts of Social Security pensions, survivors' benefits, permanent disability insurance payments, and special benefit payments made by the Social Security Administration (under the National old-age, survivors, disability, and health insurance programs) before deductions of health insurance premiums. "Medicare" reimbursements are not included. Cash receipts from retirement, disability, and survivors' benefit payments made by the U. S. Government under the Railroad Retirement Act are also included. "Public assistance income" includes cash receipts of payments made under the following public assistance programs: aid to families with dependent children, old-age assistance, general assistance, aid to the blind, and aid to the permanently and totally disabled. Separate payments received for hospital or other medical care are excluded from this item. "Income from all other sources" includes money income received from sources such as interest; dividends; net income (or loss) from property rentals; net receipts from roomers or boarders; veteran's payments; public or private pensions, periodic receipts from insurance policies or annuities; unemployment insurance benefits;

workmen's compensation cash benefits; net royalties; periodic payments from estates and trust funds; alimony or child support from persons who are not members of the household; net gambling gains; nonservice scholarships and fellowships; and money received for transportation and/or subsistence by persons participating in special governmental training programs, e.g., under the Manpower Development and Training Act.

Receipts from the following sources were not included as income: money received from the sale of property (unless the recipient was engaged in the business of selling such property); the value of income "in kind" such as food produced and consumed in the home or free living quarters; withdrawal of bank deposits; money borrowed; tax refunds; exchange of money between relatives living in the same household; gifts and lump-sum inheritances, insurance payments, and other types of lump-sum receipts.

Although the income statistics cover the calendar year 1969, the characteristics of persons and the composition of families refer to the time of enumeration (April 1, 1970). For most families, however, the income reported was received by persons who were members of the family throughout 1969.

The median income is the amount which divides the distribution into two equal groups, one having incomes above the median and the other having incomes below the median. For families and unrelated individuals the median income is based on the distribution of the total number of families and unrelated individuals, including those with no income.

The mean income is the amount obtained by dividing the total in-

come of a particular statistical universe by the number of units in that universe. Thus, mean family income is obtained by dividing total family income by the total number of families. For the six types of income the means are based on families having those types of income.

Care should be exercised in using and interpreting mean income values in the statistics for small areas or small subgroups of the population. Since the mean is strongly influenced by extreme values in the distribution, it is especially susceptible to the effects of sampling variability, misreporting, and processing errors. The median, which is not affected by extreme values, is, therefore, a better measure than the mean when the population base is small. The mean, nevertheless, is shown in this report for most small areas and small subgroups because, when weighted according to the number of cases, the means can be added to obtain summary measures for areas and groups other than those shown in this report.

Poverty status in 1969.—Families and unrelated individuals are classified as being above or below the poverty level, using the poverty index adopted by a Federal Interagency Committee in 1969. This index provides a range of income cutoffs or "poverty thresholds" adjusted to take into account such factors as family size, sex and age of the family head, the number of children, and farm-nonfarm residence. The poverty cutoffs for farm families have been set at 85 percent of the nonfarm levels. These income cutoffs are updated every year to reflect the changes in the Consumer Price Index. The poverty threshold for a nonfarm family of four was \$3,743 in 1969. For a detailed explanation of the poverty

definition, see *Current Population Reports*, Series P-23, No. 28, "Revisions in Poverty Statistics, 1959 to 1968."

Households below the poverty level are defined as households in which the total 1969 income of the family or primary individual was below the poverty level. The incomes of persons in the household other than members of the family or the primary individual are not included when determining poverty status of a household.

The households for which poverty status is shown cannot be compared with the total number of households shown elsewhere. The former exclude those in certain types of housing units: owner-occupied units are restricted to one-family units on places of less than 10 acres and without a business on the property; and renter-occupied units exclude one-family units on places of 10 acres or more.

The "ratio of family income to poverty level" is obtained by dividing the income of a family by its corresponding poverty threshold. The "income deficit" is the difference between the total income of families and unrelated individuals below the poverty level and their respective poverty thresholds. In computing the income deficit, families reporting a net income loss are assigned zero dollars, and for such cases the income deficit is equal to the poverty threshold. The aggregate income deficit provides an estimate of the amount of money which would be required to raise the incomes of all poor families and unrelated individuals to their respective thresholds at the poverty level. The mean income deficit is the amount obtained by dividing the aggregate income deficit of a group below the poverty level by the number of families or unrelated individuals (as appropriate) in that group.

HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS

Housing units and group quarters.—

Living quarters are classified in the census as either housing units or group quarters. Usually, living quarters are in structures intended for residential use (e.g., a one-family home, apartment house, hotel or motel, boarding house, mobile home or trailer, etc.). Living quarters may also be in structures intended for nonresidential use (e.g., the rooms in a warehouse where a watchman lives), as well as in tents, caves, old railroad cars, etc.

A housing unit is a house, an apartment, a group of rooms, or a single room occupied or intended for occupancy as separate living quarters. Separate living quarters are those in which the occupants do not live and eat with any other persons in the structure and which quarters have either (1) direct access from the outside of the building or through a common hall or (2) complete kitchen facilities for the exclusive use of the occupants. The occupants may be a single family, one person living alone, two or more families living together, or any other group of related or non-related persons who share living arrangements (except as described in the next paragraph on group quarters). For vacant units, the criteria for separateness, direct access, and complete kitchen facilities for exclusive use are applied to the intended occupants whenever possible (or to the previous occupants if this information cannot be obtained). Both occupied and vacant housing units are included in the housing inventory, except that mobile homes, trailers, tents, etc., are included only if they are occupied.

Group quarters are living arrangements for institutional inmates or for

other groups containing five or more persons not related to the person in charge. Group quarters are located most frequently in institutions, boarding houses, military barracks, college dormitories, fraternity and sorority houses, hospitals, monasteries, convents, and ships. A house or apartment is considered group quarters if it is shared by the person in charge and five or more persons unrelated to him, or if there is no person in charge, by six or more unrelated persons. Information on the housing characteristics of group quarters was not collected in the census.

Year-round housing units.—Data on housing characteristics are limited to year-round housing units; i.e., all occupied units plus vacant units which are intended for year-round use. Vacant units intended for seasonal occupancy and vacant units held for migratory labor are excluded because it is difficult to obtain reliable information for them. Counts of the total housing inventory, however, are given for each area presented in this report.

Occupied housing units.—A housing unit is classified as occupied if a person or group of persons is living in it at the time of enumeration or if the occupants are only temporarily absent, for example, on vacation. However, if the persons staying in the unit have their usual place of residence elsewhere the unit is classified as vacant.

Vacant housing units.—A housing unit is vacant if no one is living in it at the time of enumeration, unless its occupants are only temporarily absent. In addition, a vacant unit may be one which is occupied entirely by persons who have a usual residence elsewhere.

New units not yet occupied are enumerated as vacant housing units if construction has reached a point where all exterior windows and doors are installed and final usable floors are in place. Vacant units are excluded if unfit for human habitation because the roof, walls, windows, or doors no longer protect the interior from the elements, or if there is positive evidence (such as a sign on the house or in the block) that the unit is to be demolished or is condemned.

Vacant housing units are classified in this report as either "seasonal and migratory" (i.e., intended for seasonal occupancy or held for migratory labor) or "year-round." "Seasonal" units are intended for occupancy during only certain seasons of the year. "Migratory" units are vacant units held for occupancy by migratory labor employed in farm work during the crop season. "Year-round" vacant housing units are available or intended for occupancy at any time of the year. A unit in a resort area which is usually occupied on a year-round basis is considered year-round. A unit used only occasionally throughout the year is also considered year-round.

Year-round vacant units are subdivided as follows: "for sale only"; "for rent" which also includes vacant units offered either for rent or for sale; and "other" which includes units sold or rented but not yet occupied by the new owner or renter, units held for the occasional use of the owner, and units being held off the market for other reasons.

Tenure.—A housing unit is "owner occupied" if the owner or co-owner lives in the unit, even if it is mortgaged or not fully paid for. A cooperative or condominium unit is "owner oc-

cupied" only if the owner or co-owner lives in it. All other occupied units are classified as "renter occupied," including units rented for cash rent and those occupied without payment of cash rent.

Persons.—Persons occupying the housing unit include not only occupants related to the head of the household but also any lodgers, roomers, boarders, partners, wards, foster children and resident employees who share the living quarters of the household head. The data on "persons" show the number of housing units occupied by the specified number of persons.

Units with one or more roomers, boarders, or lodgers are shown as a separate category. Not included as "roomers, boarders, or lodgers" are foster children or wards, servants who live in, companions, and partners.

Year moved into unit.—Data on year moved into unit are based on the information reported for the head of the household. The question refers to the year of latest move. Thus, if the head moved back into a unit he had previously occupied or if he moved from one apartment to another in the same building, the year he moved into his present unit was to be reported.

Complete kitchen facilities.—A unit has complete kitchen facilities when it has all three of the following for the exclusive use of the occupants of the unit: (1) An installed sink with piped water; (2) a range or cookstove; and (3) a mechanical refrigerator. All kitchen facilities must be located in the structure, although they need not be in the same room. Quarters with only portable cooking equipment are not considered as hav-

ing a range or cookstove. "Lacking complete kitchen facilities" means that the unit does not have all three specified kitchen facilities, or that they are also for the use of the occupants of other housing units.

Access.—"Access only through other living quarters" means that the occupants of a housing unit must go through someone else's living quarters to enter their own; that is, they do not have a direct entrance from the outside or through a common or public hall.

Rooms.—Rooms to be counted include whole rooms used for living purposes, such as living rooms, dining rooms, kitchens, bedrooms, finished recreation rooms, family rooms, etc. Not counted as rooms are bathrooms, porches, balconies, foyers, halls, half-rooms, kitchenettes, strip or pullman kitchens, utility rooms, unfinished attics, basements, or other space used for storage.

Persons per room.—This is computed by dividing the number of persons in the unit by the number of rooms in the unit. The figures shown, therefore, refer to the number of housing units having the specified ratio of persons per room.

Year structure built.—Year structure built refers to when the building was first constructed, not when it was remodeled, added to, or converted.

Units in structure.—In the determination of the number of units in a structure, all housing units, both occupied and vacant, were counted. The statistics are presented in terms of the number of housing units in structures of specified size, not in

terms of the number of residential structures.

A structure is a separate building that either has open space on all sides or is separated from other structures by dividing walls that extend from ground to roof.

Basement.—Statistics on basements are presented in terms of the number of housing units located in structures built with a basement, and are separately tabulated for one-family houses with basements. A structure has a basement if there is enclosed space in which persons can walk upright under all or part of the building.

Plumbing facilities.—The category "with all plumbing facilities" consists of units which have hot and cold piped water, as well as a flush toilet and a bathtub or shower inside the structure for the exclusive use of the occupants of the unit. "Lacking some or all plumbing" means that the unit does not have all three specified plumbing facilities (hot and cold piped water, as well as flush toilet and bathtub or shower inside the structure), or that the toilet or bathing facilities are also for the use of the occupants of other housing units.

Selected equipment.—Statistics are presented for the number of housing units with the following selected equipment.

With more than one bathroom.—A complete bathroom is a room with flush toilet, bathtub or shower, and wash basin with piped water. A partial or half bathroom has at least a flush toilet or bathtub (or shower), but does not have all the facilities for a complete bathroom. A housing

unit "with more than one bathroom" has, in addition to one complete bathroom, one or more partial or complete bathrooms.

With public water supply.—A public system refers to a common source supplying running water to six or more housing units. The water may be supplied by a city, county, water district, or private water company, or it may be obtained from a well which supplied six or more housing units.

With public sewer.—A "public sewer" is connected to a city, county, sanitary district, neighborhood, or subdivision sewer system. It may be operated by a government body or by a private organization. Small sewage treatment plants which in some localities are called neighborhood septic tanks are also classified as public sewers.

With air conditioning.—Air conditioning is the cooling of air by a refrigeration unit. A central system is a central installation which air-conditions the entire housing unit. A room unit is an individual air conditioner which is installed in a window or an outside wall and is generally intended to cool one room, although it may sometimes be used to cool more than one room.

Heating equipment.—The list of heating equipment refers to the type of heating equipment and not to the fuel used. "Steam or hot water" refers to a central heating system in which heat from steam or hot water is delivered through radiators or other outlets. "Warm air furnace" refers to a central system which provides warm air through ducts leading

to various rooms; central heat pumps are included in this category. "Built-in electric units" are permanently installed in the floors, walls or ceilings. A "floor, wall, or pipeless furnace" delivers warm air to the room right above the furnace or to the room(s) on one or both sides of the wall in which the furnace is installed. "Other means" includes room heaters with or without flue, fireplaces, stoves, and portable heaters of all types.

A housing unit "With central or built-in heating system" contains a steam or hot water system, a warm-air furnace, built-in electric units, or a floor, wall, or pipeless furnace.

Automobiles available.—Statistics on automobiles available represent the number of passenger automobiles, including station wagons, which are owned or regularly used by any member of the household and which are ordinarily kept at home. Taxicabs, pickups, or larger trucks were not to be counted.

Value.—Value is the respondent's estimate of how much the property (house and lot) would sell for if it were for sale. The term "specified owner-occupied units" means that the value data are limited to owner-occupied one-family houses on less than ten acres, without a commercial establishment or medical office on the property. Owner-occupied cooperatives, condominiums, mobile homes, and trailers are excluded from the value tabulations.

Mean value.—Mean value is the sum of the individual values reported, divided by the number of owner-occupied units for which value is shown. For purposes of computation, the mid-

points of the intervals were used, except that a mean value of \$3,500 was assigned to housing units in the interval "less than \$5,000" and a mean of \$60,000 was assigned to units in the interval "\$50,000 or more."

Contract rent.—Contract rent is the monthly rent agreed to, or contracted for, even if the furnishings, utilities, or services are included. The term "specified renter-occupied units" means that the contract rent data exclude one-family houses on ten acres or more. Renter units occupied without payment of cash rent are

shown separately as "no cash rent" in the rent tabulations.

Gross rent.—Monthly gross rent is the summation of contract rent plus the estimated average monthly cost of utilities (water, electricity, gas) and fuels (oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.), if these items are paid for by the renter, in addition to rent. Thus, gross rent is intended to eliminate individual differences which result from varying practices with respect to the inclusion of heat and utilities as part of the rental payment.

Mean gross rent.—Mean gross rent is the sum of the individual rental

amounts divided by the number of renter-occupied units, excluding one-family houses on ten acres or more.

Gross rent as percentage of income.—The yearly gross rent (monthly gross rent multiplied by 12) is expressed as a percentage of the total income in 1969 of the family or primary individual. The percentage was computed separately for each unit and was rounded to the nearest whole number. Units for which no cash is paid and units occupied by families or primary individuals who reported no income or a net loss comprise the category "not computed."

Appendix C.—ACCURACY OF THE DATA

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SOURCES OF ERROR

Human and mechanical errors occur in any mass statistical operation such as a decennial census. Errors during the data collection phase can include failure to obtain required information from respondents, obtaining incorrect or inconsistent information, and recording information in the wrong place or incorrectly. Errors can also occur during the field review of the enumerator's work, the clerical handling of the questionnaires, and the various stages of the electronic processing of the material. Careful efforts are made in every census to keep the errors in each step at an acceptably low level. Quality control and check measures are utilized throughout the census operation.

In the manual editing and coding operation, a sample of the work of each coder was verified, and a coder who showed consistently high error rates was retrained. A coder who still did not produce work of acceptable quality after retraining was removed from the coding operation. In addition, provision was made for correction of any work units for which the error rate exceeded a maximum level. Information on error rates will be given in later publications.

As was done for the 1950 and 1960 censuses, evaluative material on many aspects of the 1970 census will be published as soon as the appropriate data are accumulated and analyzed.

A major concern in the evaluation work is to ascertain, insofar as possible, the degree of completeness of the count of both population and housing units.

EDITING OF UNACCEPTABLE DATA

The objective of the processing operation is to produce a set of statistics that describes the Nation's population and housing as accurately and clearly as possible. To meet this objective, certain unacceptable entries were edited.

In the field, questionnaires were reviewed for completeness by a census clerk or enumerator, and a followup was made for missing information. The major review occurred in the central processing office, where the editing and coding operation provided an opportunity to correct obvious errors in the respondents' entries for those items which required manual processing. In coding relationship to household head, for example, the clerk made use of written entries, which the computer is not able to read, in determining the correct entry where the machine readable item was blank or contained conflicting information. For a few of the items, the respondents' entries were reviewed for reasonableness or consistency on the basis of other information on the questionnaire. As a rule, however, editing was performed by hand only when it could not be done effectively by machine.

As one of the first steps in mechanical editing, the configuration of marks on the questionnaire was scanned electronically to determine whether it contained information for a person or merely spurious marks. If the

questionnaire contained entries for at least two of the basic characteristics (relationship, sex, race, age, marital status), or for at least two relevant sample characteristics, the inference was made that the marks represented a person. Names were not used as a criterion of the presence of a person because the electronic scanning was unable to distinguish between a name and any other entry in the name space.

If any characteristics for a person or housing unit were missing, they were, in most cases, supplied by allocation. Allocations, or assignments of acceptable codes in place of unacceptable entries, were needed most often where an entry for a given item was lacking or where the information reported for a person or housing unit on that item was inconsistent with other information for the person or housing unit. The assignment of acceptable codes in place of blanks or unacceptable entries, it is believed, enhances the usefulness of the data.

For housing data, the assignment was based on related information reported for the housing unit or on information reported for a similar unit in the immediate neighborhood. For example, if tenure for an occupied unit was omitted but a rental amount was reported, the computer automatically edited tenure to "rented for cash rent." The technique may also be illustrated by the procedure used in the assignment for unknown age. The computer stored reported ages of persons by sex, race, household relationship, and marital status. Each stored age was retained in the computer only until a person having the same set of characteristics, and with age reported was processed through the computer in the edit operation; this stored age was assigned to the next person whose age was

unknown and who otherwise had the same set of specified characteristics.

The editing process also includes another type of correction; namely, the assignment of a full set of characteristics for a person. When there was indication that a housing unit was occupied but the questionnaire contained no information for any person, a previously processed household was selected as a substitute and the full set of characteristics for each substitute person was duplicated.

Specific tolerances were established for the number of computer allocations and substitutions that would be permitted. If the number of corrections was beyond tolerance, the questionnaires in which the errors occurred were clerically reviewed. If it was found that the errors resulted from damaged questionnaires, from improper microfilming, from faulty reading by FOSDIC of undamaged questionnaires, or from other types of machine failure, the questionnaires were reprocessed.

The extent of allocation for States, counties, and other areas will be shown in the allocation tables in chapters B and C of the 1970 Census of Population Volume I, *Characteristics of the Population*, and chapters A and B of *Census of Housing Volume I, Characteristics for States, Cities, and Counties*.

SAMPLE DESIGN

For persons living in housing units at the time of the 1970 census, the housing unit, including all its occupants, was the sampling unit; for persons in group quarters identified in advance of the census, it was the person. In nonmail areas, the enumerator canvassed his assigned area and listed all housing units in an

address register sequentially in the order in which he first visited the units whether or not he completed the interview. Every fifth line of the address register was designated as a sample line, and the housing units listed on these lines were included in the sample. Each enumerator was given a random line on which he was to start listing and the order of canvassing was indicated in advance, although the instructions allowed some latitude in the order of

visiting addresses. In mail areas, the list of housing units was prepared prior to Census Day either by employing commercial mailing lists corrected through the cooperation of the post office or by listing the units in a process similar to that used in nonmail areas. As in other areas, every fifth housing unit of these lists was designated to be in the sample. In group quarters, all persons were listed and every fifth person was selected for the sample.

TABLE C. Sample Rate for Subjects Included in This Report

[Subjects marked with an asterisk (*) were tabulated on a 100% basis for tables P-1, H-1, and H-3. All subjects shown in the tables for persons of Spanish heritage (P-7, P-8, and H-5) were tabulated on a 15% basis. The subjects covered in the remaining tables (P-2 to P-6, H-2, and H-4) were tabulated according to the sample rates shown below]

Population subjects	Sample rate (percent)	Housing subjects	Sample rate (percent)
*Sex	20	*All year-round housing units	20
*Race	20	*Occupied housing units: table H-2.	15
*Age	20	table H-4.	20
*Household relationship	20	*Cooperative or condominium	—
*Family composition	20	*Vacancy status	—
*Marital status	—	*Tenure of housing unit	—
Children ever born	20	Year moved into unit	15
Country of origin	15	*Number of rooms	—
Nativity and parentage	15	*Size of household (persons)	—
School enrollment	15	*Persons per room	—
Years of school completed	20	*Plumbing facilities	—
Residence in 1965	15	Bathrooms	15
Employment status	20	Source of water	15
Place of work	15	Sewage disposal	15
Means of transportation to work	15	*Complete kitchen facilities	—
Occupation	20	*Access	—
Industry	20	Units in structure	20
Class of worker	20	Year structure built	20
Income	20	Basement	20
Poverty status	20	Heating equipment	20
		Air conditioning	15
		Automobiles available	15
		*Value	—
		*Contract rent	—
		Gross rent	20

This 20-percent sample was subdivided into a 15-percent and a 5-percent sample by designating every fourth 20-percent sample unit as a member of the 5-percent sample. The remaining sample units became the 15-percent sample. Two types of sample questionnaires were used, one for the 5-percent and one for the 15-percent sample units. Some questions were included on both the 5-percent and 15-percent sample forms and therefore appear for a sample of 20 percent of the units in the census. Other items appeared on either the 15-percent or the 5-percent questionnaires. The sample rates for the various items appearing in this report are shown in table C.

Although the sampling procedure did not automatically insure an exact 20-percent sample of persons or housing units in each locality, the sample design was unbiased if carried through according to instructions; generally for large areas the deviation from 20 percent was found to be quite small. Biases may have arisen when the enumerator failed to follow his listing and sampling instructions exactly. Quality control procedures were used throughout the census process, however, and where there was clear evidence that the sampling procedures were not properly followed, the work was returned to the field for re-sampling. No attempt at sampling was made for the relatively small numbers of persons and housing units (in most States, less than one percent) added to the enumeration from the post-census post office check, the various supplemental forms, and the special check of vacant units. The ratio estimation procedure described below adjusts the sample data to reflect these classes of population and housing units.

RATIO ESTIMATION

The statistics based on 1970 census sample data are estimates made through the use of ratio estimation procedures, applied separately for the 15- and 20-percent samples. The first step in carrying through the ratio estimates was to establish the areas within which separate ratios were to be prepared. These are referred to as "weighting areas." A single set of weighting areas, containing a minimum population size of 2,500, was defined for use with the 15- and 20-percent samples. Weighting areas were established by mechanical operation on the computer and were defined to conform, as nearly as possible, to areas for which tabulations are produced. In general, sample estimates for a tract may be expected to agree with complete counts whenever the tract was a weighting area. However, tracts were not weighting areas whenever the population was less than 2,500 persons, where the tract was a part of more than one county subdivision or place, or where the Census procedure was not the same in all parts of the tract. In these situations, part of a tract may have been combined with other partial or complete tracts to make up a weighting area and sample estimates for an individual tract in the combination may not agree with complete counts for the tract.

Separate ratio estimation processes were used for persons and for housing units. The ratio estimation process for persons operated in three stages. The first stage employed 19 household-type groups (the first of which was empty by definition). The second stage used two groups, head of household and not head of household, and the third stage used 24 age-sex-race groups.

Group	STAGE I
	<i>Male Head With Own Children Under 18</i>
1	1-person household
2	2-person household
3	3-person household
.	.
.	.
6	6-or-more-person household
	<i>Male Head Without Own Children Under 18</i>
7-12	1-person to 6-or-more-person households
	<i>Female Head</i>
13-18	1-person to 6-or-more-person households
19	<i>Group Quarters Persons</i>
	STAGE II
20	<i>Head of Household</i>
21	<i>Not Head of Household (including persons in group quarters)</i>
	STAGE III
	<i>Male Negro</i>
22	Age under 5 years
23	5-13
24	14-24
25	25-44
26	45-64
27	65 and older
	<i>Male, Not Negro</i>
28-33	Same age groups as for Male Negro
	<i>Female Negro</i>
34-39	Same age groups as for Male Negro
	<i>Female, Not Negro</i>
40-45	Same age groups as for Male Negro

The ratio estimation process for housing operated in two stages for occupied housing units, and in one stage for vacant units. The first stage for occupied units employed 18 household-type groups (the first of which was empty by definition); the second stage for occupied units used four groups: owner and renter occupied units, by race. The single stage for vacant units employed three groups: year-round vacant for sale, year-round vacant for rent, and other vacant.

Occupied housing units:

<i>Group</i>	STAGE I
	<i>Male Head With Own Children Under 18</i>
1	1-person household
2	2-person household
3	3-person household
.	.
.	.
6	6-or-more-person household
	<i>Male Head Without Own Children Under 18</i>
7-12	1-person to 6-or-more person households
	<i>Female Head</i>
13-18	1-person to 6-or-more-person households
	STAGE II
	<i>Owner Occupied</i>
19	Negro
20	Not Negro
	<i>Renter Occupied</i>
21	Negro
22	Not Negro

Vacant housing units:

<i>Group</i>	STAGE I
23	Year-round vacant for sale
24	Year-round vacant for rent
25	Other vacant

At each stage, for each of the groups, the ratio of the complete count to the weighted sample count in the group was computed and applied to the weight of each sample person or housing unit in the group. For population, this operation was performed for each of the 19 groups in the first stage, then for the two groups in the second stage and finally for the 24 groups in the third stage. For occupied housing units this was performed first for the 18 groups in the first stage and then for the 4 groups in the second stage.

As a rule, the weighted sample counts within each of the groups in the final stage should agree with the complete counts for the weighting areas. Close, although not exact, consistency can be expected for the groups in the preceding stages. There are some exceptions to this general rule, however. As indicated above, there may be differences between the complete counts and sample estimates when the tabulation area is not made up of whole weighting areas. As a result, sample estimates at the tract level may not agree with complete counts when the tract did not form a weighting area. Generally, for 15- and 20-percent items, there may be such a difference whenever the population in the tract is less than 2,500 people. Furthermore, in order to increase the reliability, a separate ratio was not computed in a ratio estimation group whenever certain criteria pertaining to the complete counts and the magnitude of the weight were

not met. For example, for the 15- and 20-percent population sample the complete count of persons in a group had to exceed 85 persons and the ratio of the complete count to the un-weighted sample count could not exceed 20. Where these criteria were not met, groups were combined in a specific order until the conditions were met. Where this occurred, consistency between the weighted sample and the complete counts would apply as indicated above for the combined group but not necessarily for each of the groups in the combination.

Each sample person or housing unit was assigned an integral weight to avoid the complications involved in rounding in the final tables. If, for example, the final weight for a group was 5.2, one-fifth of the persons or housing units in the group (selected at random) were assigned a weight of 6 and the remaining four-fifths a weight of 5.

The estimates realize some of the gains in sampling efficiency that would have resulted had the persons and housing units been stratified into the groups before sampling. The net effect is a reduction in both the sampling error and possible bias of most statistics below what would be obtained by weighting the results of the sample by a uniform factor (e.g., by weighting the 20-percent sample results by a uniform factor of 5). The reduction in sampling error will be trivial for some items and substantial for others. A by-product of this estimation procedure is that estimates for this sample are, in general, consistent with the complete count for the groups used in the estimation procedure. A more complete discussion of the technical aspects of these ratio estimates will be presented in a separate report.

SAMPLING VARIABILITY

The estimates from sample tabulations are subject to sampling variability. The standard errors of these estimates can be approximated by using the data in tables D through F. The chances are about 2 out of 3 that the difference (due to sampling variability) between the sample estimate and the figure that would have been obtained from a complete count of the population is less than the standard error. The chances are about 19 out of 20 that the difference is less than twice the standard error and about 99 out of 100 that it is less than 2½ times the standard error. The amount by which the estimated standard error must be multiplied to obtain other odds deemed more appropriate can be found in most statistical textbooks. The sampling errors may be obtained by using the factors shown in table F in conjunction with table D for absolute numbers and in conjunction with table E for percentages. In addition to sampling errors, these tables reflect the effect of simple response variance, but not of bias arising in the collection, processing and estimation steps, nor of the correlated errors enumerators introduce; estimates of the magnitude of some of these factors in the total error are being evaluated and will be published at a later date.

Table D shows approximate standard errors of estimated numbers for most statistics based on the 20-percent sample. In determining the figures for this table, some aspects of the sample design, the estimation process, and the population of the area over which the data have been compiled are ignored. Table E shows standard errors of most percentages based on

the 20-percent sample. Linear interpolation in tables D and E will provide approximate results that are satisfactory for most purposes. Table F provides a factor by which the standard errors shown in tables D or E should be multiplied to adjust for the combined effect of the sample size (i.e., whether a 20-percent or 15-percent sample) the sample design and the estimation procedure.

To estimate the standard error for a given characteristic based on the 15-percent sample, or for a more precise estimate for the 20-percent sample, locate in table F the factor applying to the characteristic and sample size used to tabulate the data and multiply this factor by the standard error found in table D or E. If the estimate is not identified in table F, use the factor shown for "all other." Where data are shown as cross-classifications of two characteristics, locate and use the larger factor. Similarly, if an item collected on a 20-percent basis has been tabulated for the 15-percent sample, use the factor appropriate for the 15-percent sample.

The standard errors estimated from these tables are not directly applicable to differences between two sample estimates. In order to estimate the standard error of a difference, the tables are to be used somewhat differently in the three following situations:

1. For a difference between the sample figure and one based on a complete count (e.g., arising from comparisons between 1970 sample statistics and complete-count statistics for 1960 or 1950), the standard error is identical with the standard error of the 1970 estimate alone.

2. For a difference between two sample figures (that is, one from 1970 and the other from 1960, or both from the same census year), the standard error is approximately the square root of the sum of the squares of the standard errors of each estimate considered separately. This formula will represent the actual standard error quite accurately for the difference between estimates of the same characteristic in two different areas, or for the difference between separate and uncorrelated characteristics in the same area. If, however, there is a high positive correlation between the two characteristics, the formula will overestimate the true standard error. The approximate standard error for the 1970 sample figure is derived directly from tables D through F. The standard error of a 25-percent 1960 sample figure may be obtained from the relevant 1960 census report or an approximate value may be obtained by multiplying the appropriate value in table D or E by 0.9.

3. For a difference between two sample estimates, one of which represents a subclass of the other, the tables can be used directly, with the difference considered as the sample estimate.

The sampling variability of the medians presented in certain tables (median years of school completed, median rent, etc.) depends on the size of the base and on the distribution on which the median is based. An approximate method for measuring the reliability of an estimated median is to determine an interval about the estimated median such that there is a stated degree of confidence the true median lies

APPENDIX C—Continued

within the interval. As the first step in estimating the upper and lower limits of the interval (that is, the confidence limits) about the median, compute one-half the number on which the median is based (designated $N/2$). From table D, following the method outlined in other parts of this section, compute the standard error of an estimated number equal to $N/2$. Subtract this standard error from $N/2$. Cumulate the frequencies (in the table on which the median is based) until the total first exceeds the difference between $N/2$ and its standard error and by linear interpolation obtain a value corresponding to this number. In a corresponding manner, add the standard error to $N/2$, cumulate the frequencies in the table, and obtain a value in the table on which the median is based corresponding to the

sum of $N/2$ and its standard error. The chances are about 2 out of 3 that the median would lie between these two values. The range for 19 chances out of 20 and for 99 in 100 can be computed in a similar manner by multiplying the standard error by the appropriate factors before subtracting from and adding to one-half the number reporting the characteristic. Interpolation to obtain the values corresponding to these numbers gives the confidence limits for the median.

The sampling variability of a mean, such as the number of children ever born per 1,000 women or mean income, presented in certain tables, depends on the variability of the distribution on which the mean is based, the size of the sample, the sample design, (for example, the use of house-

holds as the sampling unit), and the use of ratio estimates.

An approximation to the variability of the mean may be obtained as follows: compute the standard deviation of the distribution on which the mean is based; divide this figure by the square root of one-fifth of the total units in the distribution; multiply this quotient by the factor from table F appropriate to the statistic and the actual sample rate on which the mean is based. If the distribution is not published in the detailed tables, calculate the standard deviation from a comparable distribution for a larger area or for a similar population group; divide by the square root of one-fifth of the units on which the mean of interest is based; multiply the quotient by the factor from table F.

TABLE D. Approximate Standard Error of Estimated Number Based on 20-Percent Sample (Range of 2 chances out of 3)

Estimated number (persons or housing units)	Standard error	Estimated number (persons or housing units)	Standard error
50	15	1,000	60
100	20	2,500	85
250	30	5,000	100
500	45		

TABLE E. Approximate Standard Error of Estimated Percentage Based on 20-Percent Sample (Range of 2 chances out of 3)

Estimated percentage	Base of percentage (persons or housing units)					
	500	1,000	2,500	5,000	10,000	15,000
2 or 98	1.3	0.9	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2
5 or 95	2.0	1.4	0.9	0.6	0.4	0.4
10 or 90	2.7	1.9	1.2	0.8	0.6	0.5
25 or 75	3.9	2.7	1.7	1.2	0.9	0.7
50	4.5	3.2	2.0	1.4	1.0	0.8

TABLE F. Factor to be Applied to Standard Errors

[Subjects marked with an asterisk were tabulated on a 100% basis for tables P-1, H-1, and H-3.
Standard errors are not applicable to these tables]

Population subjects ¹	Sample rate (percent)	Factor	Housing subjects ¹	Sample rate (percent)	Factor
*Race	20	1.6	*Tenure	20	0.2
*Age	20	0.8	*Rooms	20	1.0
*Household relationship	20	0.5	*Persons per room	20	0.4
*Family composition	20	0.6	*Value	20	1.0
Country of origin (including			Units in structure	20	0.8
Spanish heritage subjects)	15	1.6	Year structure built	20	0.9
Nativity and parentage	15	1.7	Heating equipment	20	0.8
School enrollment	15	1.0	Basement	20	0.9
Years of school completed	20	1.0	Source of water	15	1.0
Residence in 1965	15	2.0	Sewage disposal	15	1.0
Employment status	20	0.8	Air conditioning	15	1.1
Place of work	15	1.3	Year moved into unit	15	1.1
Means of transportation			Gross rent	20	0.9
to work	15	1.3	All other—20 percent	20	1.0
Occupation	20	1.1	—15 percent	15	1.2
Industry	20	1.1			
Class of worker	20	1.1			
Income—persons	20	1.0			
—families	20	1.0			
Poverty status—persons	20	1.9			
—families	20	1.0			
All other—20 percent	20	1.0			
—15 percent	15	1.2			

¹Tabulations of data for persons of Spanish heritage are based on the 15-percent sample. For subjects shown in this table as based on the 20-percent sample, the factor for persons of Spanish heritage is obtained by multiplying the appropriate factor in this table by 1.2. For subjects shown as based on the 15-percent sample, the factor in this table can be used directly.

Appendix D.—PUBLICATION AND COMPUTER SUMMARY TAPE PROGRAM

The results of the 1970 Census of Population and Housing are being issued in the form of printed reports, microfiche copies of the printed reports, computer summary tapes, computer printouts, and microfilm. Listed below are short descriptions of the final report series and computer tapes, as currently planned. More detailed information on this program can be obtained by writing to the Publications Distribution Section, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233.

Population Census Reports

Volume I.

CHARACTERISTICS OF THE POPULATION

This volume will consist of 58 "parts"—number 1 for the United States, numbers 2 through 52 for the 50 States and the District of Columbia in alphabetical order, and numbers 53 through 58 for Puerto Rico, Guam, Virgin Islands, American Samoa, Canal Zone, and Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands, respectively. Each part, which will be a separate clothbound book, will contain four chapters designated as A, B, C, and D. Each chapter (for each of the 58 areas) will first be issued as an individual paperbound report in four series designated as PC(1)-A, B, C, and D, respectively. The 58 PC(1)-A reports will be specially assembled and issued in a clothbound book, designated as Part A.

■ Series PC(1)-A. NUMBER OF INHABITANTS.

Final official population counts are presented for States, counties by urban and rural residence, standard metropolitan statistical areas (SMSA's), urbanized areas, county subdivisions, all incorporated places, and unincorporated places of 1,000 inhabitants or more.

■ Series PC(1)-B. GENERAL POPULATION CHARACTERISTICS

Statistics on age, sex, race, marital status, and relationship to head of household are presented for States, counties by urban and rural residence, SMSA's, urbanized areas, county subdivisions, and places of 1,000 inhabitants or more.

■ Series PC(1)-C. GENERAL SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC CHARACTERISTICS

Statistics are presented on nativity and parentage, State or country of birth, Spanish origin, mother tongue, residence 5 years ago, year moved into present house, school enrollment (public or private), years of school completed, vocational training, number of children ever born, family composition, disability, veteran status, employment status, place of work, means of transportation to work, occupation group, industry group, class of worker, and income (by type) in 1969 of families and individuals. Each subject is shown for some or all of the following areas: States, counties (by urban, rural-nonfarm, and rural-farm residence), SMSA's, urbanized areas, and places of 2,500 inhabitants or more.

■ Series PC(1)-D. DETAILED CHARACTERISTICS

These reports will cover most of the subjects shown in Series PC(1)-C, above, presenting the data in considerable detail and cross-classified by age, race, and other characteristics. Each subject will be shown for some or all of the following areas: States (by urban, rural-nonfarm, and rural-farm residence), SMSA's, and large cities.

Volume II. SUBJECT REPORTS

Each report in this volume, also designated as Series PC(2), will concentrate on a particular subject. Detailed information and cross-relationships will generally be provided on a national and regional level; in some reports, data for States or SMSA's will also be shown. Among the characteristics to be covered are national origin and race, fertility, families, marital status, migration, education, unemployment, occupation, industry, and income.

Housing Census Reports

Volume I. HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS FOR STATES, CITIES, AND COUNTIES

This volume will consist of 58 "parts"—number 1 for the United States, numbers 2 through 52 for the 50 States and the District of Columbia in alphabetical order, and numbers 53 through 58 for Puerto Rico, Guam, Virgin Islands, American Samoa, Canal Zone, and Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands, respectively. Each part, which will be a separate clothbound book, will contain two chapters designated as A and B. Each chapter (for each of the 58 areas) will first be issued as an individual paperbound report in two series designated as HC(1)-A and B, respectively.

■ Series HC(1)-A. GENERAL HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS

Statistics on tenure, kitchen facilities, plumbing facilities, number of rooms, persons per room, units in structure, mobile home, telephone, value, contract rent, and vacancy status are presented for some or all of the following areas: States (by urban and rural residence), SMSA's, urbanized areas, places of 1,000 inhabitants or more, and counties.

■ Series HC(1)-B. DETAILED HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS

Statistics are presented on a more detailed basis for the subjects included in the Series HC(1)-A reports, as well as on such additional subjects as year moved into unit, year structure built, basement, heating equipment, fuels, air conditioning, water and sewage, appliances, gross rent, and ownership of second home. Each subject is shown for some or all of the following areas: States (by urban, rural-nonfarm, and rural-farm residence), SMSA's, urbanized areas, places of 2,500 inhabitants or more, and counties (by rural and rural-farm residence).

Volume II. METROPOLITAN HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS

These reports, also designated as Series HC(2), will cover most of the 1970 census housing subjects in considerable detail and cross-classification. There will be one report for each SMSA, presenting data for the SMSA and its central cities and places of 50,000 inhabitants or more, as well as a national summary report.

Volume III. BLOCK STATISTICS

One report, under the designation Series HC(3), is issued for each urbanized area showing data for individual blocks on selected housing and population subjects. The series also includes reports for the communities outside urbanized areas which have contracted with the Census Bureau to provide block statistics from the 1970 census.

Volume IV. COMPONENTS OF INVENTORY CHANGE

This volume will contain data on the disposition of the 1960 inventory and the source of the 1970 inventory, such as new construction, conversions, mergers, demolitions, and other additions and losses. Cross-tabulations of 1970 and 1960 characteristics for units that have not changed and characteristics of the present and previous residence of recent movers will also be provided. Statistics will be shown for 15 selected SMSA's and for the United States and regions.

Volume V. RESIDENTIAL FINANCE

This volume will present data regarding the financing of privately owned nonfarm residential properties. Statistics will be shown on amount of outstanding mortgage debt, manner of acquisition of property, homeowner expenses, and other owner, property, and mortgage characteristics for the United States and regions.

**Volume VI.
ESTIMATES OF "SUBSTANDARD"
HOUSING**

This volume will present counts of "substandard" housing units for counties and cities, based on the number of units lacking plumbing facilities combined with estimates of units with all plumbing facilities but in "dilapidated" condition.

**Volume VII.
SUBJECT REPORTS**

Each report in this volume will concentrate on a particular subject. Detailed information and cross-classifications will generally be provided on a national and regional level; in some reports, data for States or SMSA's may also be shown. Among the subjects to be covered are housing characteristics by household composition, housing of minority groups and senior citizens, and households in mobile homes.

Joint Population-Housing Reports

**Series PHC(1).
CENSUS TRACT REPORTS**

This series contains one report for each SMSA, showing data for most of the population and housing subjects included in the 1970 census.

**Series PHC(2).
GENERAL DEMOGRAPHIC TRENDS FOR
METROPOLITAN AREAS, 1960 to 1970**

This series consists of one report for each State and the District of Columbia, as well as a national summary report, presenting statistics for the State and for SMSA's and their central cities and constituent counties. Comparative 1960 and 1970 data are shown on population counts by age and race and on such housing subjects as tenure, plumbing facilities, value, and contract rent.

**Series PHC(3).
EMPLOYMENT PROFILES OF SELECTED
LOW-INCOME AREAS**

This series will consist of approximately 70 reports, each presenting statistics on the social and economic characteristics of the residents of a particular low-income area. The data relate to low-income neighborhoods in 54 cities and seven rural poverty areas. Each report will provide statistics on employment and unemployment, education, vocational training, availability for work, job history, and income, as well as on value or rent and number of rooms in the housing unit.

Additional Reports

**Series PHC(E).
EVALUATION REPORTS**

This open series will present the results of the extensive evaluation program conducted as an integral part of the 1970 census program, and relating to such matters as completeness of enumeration and quality of the data on characteristics.

**Series PHC(R).
PROCEDURAL REPORTS**

This open series presents information on various administrative and methodological aspects of the 1970 census, and will include a comprehensive procedural history of the 1970 census. The first report issued focuses on the forms and procedures used in the data collection phase of the census.

Computer Summary Tapes

The major portion of the results of the 1970 census will be produced in a set of six tabulation counts. To help meet the needs of census users, these counts are being designed to provide data with much greater subject and geographic detail than it is feasible or desirable to publish in printed reports. The data so tabulated will generally be available—subject to suppression of certain detail where necessary to protect confidentiality—on magnetic computer tape, printouts, and microfilm, at the cost of preparing the copy.

First Count—source of the PC(1)-A reports; contains about 400 cells of data on the subjects covered in the PC(1)-B and HC(1)-A reports and tabulated for each of the approximately 250,000 enumeration districts in the United States.

Second Count—source of the PC(1)-B, HC(1)-A, and part of the PHC(1) reports; contains about 3,500 cells of data covering the subjects in these reports and tabulated for the approximately 35,000 tracts and 35,000 county subdivisions in the United States.

Third Count—source of the HC(3) reports; contains about 250 cells of data on the subjects covered in the PC(1)-B and HC(1)-A reports and tabulated for approximately 1,500,000 blocks in the United States

Fourth Count—source of the PC(1)-C, HC(1)-B, and part of the PHC(1) reports; contains about 13,000 cells of data covering the subjects in these reports and tabulated for the approximately 35,000 tracts and 35,000 county subdivisions in the United States; also contains about 30,000 cells of data for each county.

Fifth Count—will contain approximately 800 cells of population and housing data for 5-digit ZIP code areas in SMSA's and 3-digit ZIP code areas outside SMSA's; the ZIP code data will be available only on tape.

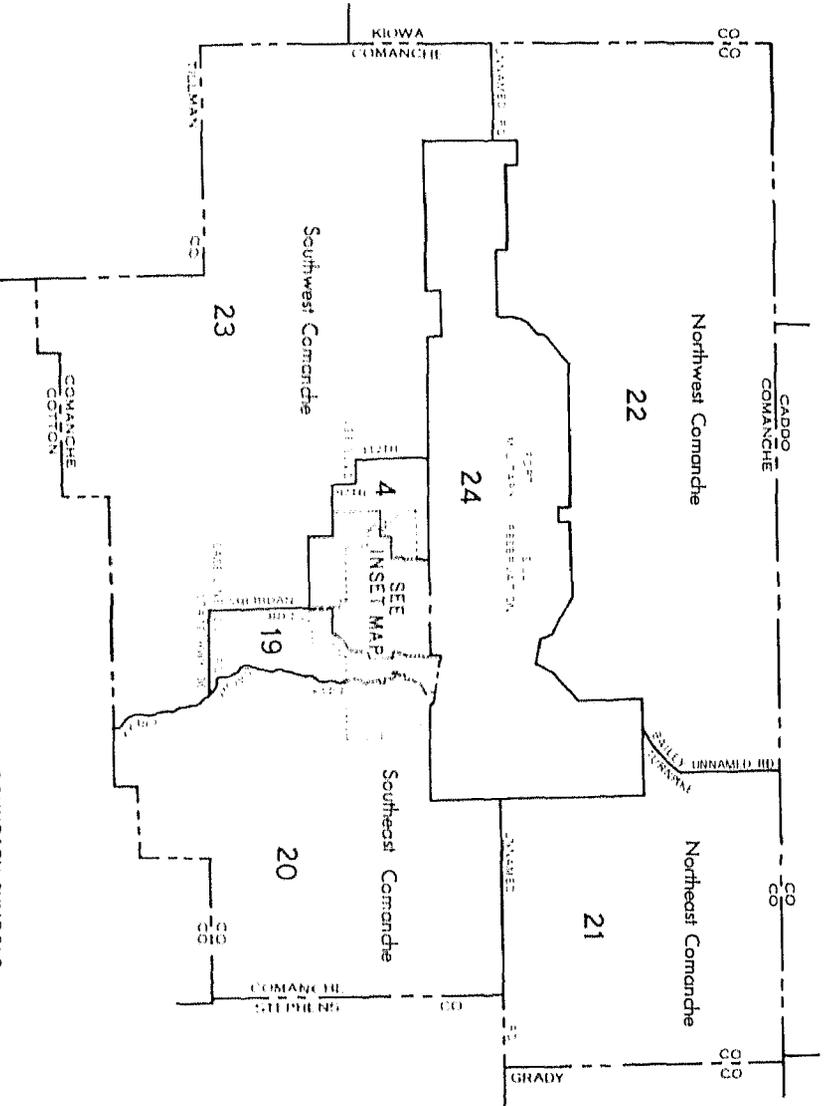
Sixth Count—source of the PC(1)-D and HC(2) reports; will contain about 260,000 cells of data covering the subjects in these reports and tabulated for States, SMSA's, and large cities.

The tapes will generally be organized on a State basis. To use the First Count and Third Count tapes, it will be necessary to purchase the appropriate enumeration district and block maps.

The term "cells" used herein to indicate the scope of subject content of the several counts refers to each figure or statistic in the tabulation for a specific geographic area. For example, in the Third Count, there are six cells for a cross-classification of race by sex: three categories of race (white, Negro, other race) by two categories of sex (male, female).

In addition to the above-mentioned summary tapes, the Census Bureau will make available for purchase certain sample tape files containing population and housing characteristics as shown on individual census records. These files will contain no names or addresses, and the geographic identification will be sufficiently broad to protect confidentiality. There will be six files, each containing a 1-percent national sample of persons and housing units. Three of the files will be drawn from the population covered by the census 15-percent sample and three from the population in the census 5-percent sample. Each of these three files will provide a different type of geographic information: One will identify individual large SMSA's and, for the rest of the country, groups of counties; the second will identify individual States and, where they are sufficiently large, will provide urban-rural and metropolitan-nonmetropolitan detail; and the third will identify State groups and size of place, with each individual record showing selected characteristics of the person's neighborhood.

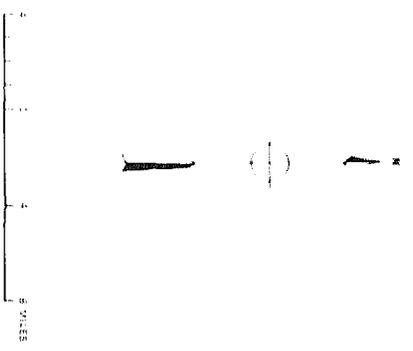
CENSUS TRACTS IN THE LAWTON, OKLA. SMSA



BOUNDARY SYMBOLS

Census Tract Boundaries:

- County
- Corporate Limit
- Census County Division
- Other Tracts
- Boundaries Which Are Not Tracts:
- Corporate Limit



CENSUS TRACTS IN THE LAWTON, OKLA. SMSA INSET MAP - LAWTON AND VICINITY

