

PART 54

American Samoa

Canal Zone

Guam

Virgin Islands of the United States

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American Samoa

INTRODUCTION

This report includes statistics on the basic characteristics of the population including age, sex, race, nativity, country of birth, school enrollment, years of school completed, marital status, ability to speak English, work in 1949, and occupation for American Samoa.

The amount of detail presented in this bulletin is generally greater for larger places than for smaller ones, and data for earlier censuses on the subjects treated have been included only for American Samoa as a whole.

ARRANGEMENT OF TABLES

The tables presented here are numbered consecutively beginning with table 1. Tables 1 to 3 published in the Series P-A

report "Number of Inhabitants for American Samoa, Canal Zone, Guam, and the Virgin Islands of the United States" are repeated here.

AVAILABILITY OF UNPUBLISHED DATA

This report presents practically all the statistics tabulated for American Samoa. Unpublished statistics can be made available, upon request, for the cost of transcription or tabulation. Requests for such unpublished statistics, addressed to the Director, Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C., will receive a prompt reply, which will include an estimate of the cost of preparing the data.

POPULATION TRENDS

Population of American Samoa.—The population of American Samoa on April 1, 1950, according to the 1950 Census, was 18,937. The total land area of American Samoa is 76 square miles. In 1950 the average number of inhabitants per square mile was 249 as compared with an average of 170 in 1940.

The Islands of American Samoa were acquired by the United States in accordance with a convention among the United States, Great Britain, and Germany, signed December 2, 1899, ratified February 16, 1900, and proclaimed by the President of the United States on the latter date. Under an Executive order of February 19, 1900, the islands were placed under the authority of the Secretary of the Navy for use as a naval station. The high chiefs of the Tutuila voluntarily ceded the islands of Tutuila and Aunuu to the United States on April 17, 1900; and the islands of the Manua group (Tau, Olosega, and Ofu) were ceded by their high chiefs on July 16, 1904. By joint resolution of Congress, approved March 4, 1925, Swains Island was annexed to American Samoa.

Local censuses of population were taken by the naval governors in 1900 and 1912. In the 1920 and subsequent censuses, the population of the islands was enumerated in conjunction with the regular decennial census of the United States, the field work being done under the supervision of the naval governor in accordance with plans prescribed by the Director of the Census. Captain Thomas F.

Darden, United States Navy, who was Governor in April 1950, was in charge of taking the 1950 Census of American Samoa.

In 1900 American Samoa had a population of 5,679 (table 1). In 1950 the population was about three times as large. The rate of growth of the population in the past decade was the greatest since the beginning of this century. Between 1940 and 1950 the population of American Samoa increased by 6,029, or 46.7 percent.

Districts and islands.—American Samoa is divided into five districts: Manua District, comprising Ofu, Olosega, and Tau Islands; the Eastern District of Tutuila Island, which also includes Aunuu Island; the Western District of Tutuila Island; Swains Island District; and Rose Island District. Table 2 shows the population of the districts from 1930 to 1950, and also the population of individual islands; Rose Island District, not shown, was uninhabited.

Counties and villages.—Three of the districts of American Samoa are divided into fourteen counties and these in turn are divided into villages. Table 3 shows the population of each district by counties and villages for the last three censuses. Between the 1940 and the 1950 Censuses there were no changes in the boundaries of areas listed. For changes in boundaries prior to the 1940 Census, see reports of the Sixteenth Census (1940), *Population*, Vol. I, p. 1202, and reports of earlier censuses.

DEFINITIONS AND EXPLANATIONS

The definitions of the major concepts used in the 1950 Census are given below. Several of these definitions differ from those used in 1940. These changes were made after consultation with users of census data in order to improve the statistics, even though it was recognized that comparability would be adversely affected.

USUAL PLACE OF RESIDENCE

In accordance with usual Census practice, each person enumerated in the 1950 Census was counted as an inhabitant of his usual place of residence or usual place of abode, which is generally

construed to mean the place where he lives and sleeps most of the time. This place is not necessarily the same as his legal residence or domicile, although in the vast majority of cases these different bases of classification would be identical.

In the application of this rule, persons were not always counted as residents of the places in which they happened to be found by the census enumerators. Visitors found staying in private homes were not ordinarily interviewed there. Information on persons away from their usual place of residence was obtained from other members of their families, landladies, etc. If an entire family was expected to be away during the whole period of the enumeration,

information on it was obtained from neighbors. A matching process was used to eliminate duplicate reports for persons who reported for themselves while away and were also reported by their families at home.

Persons in the armed forces quartered on military installations were enumerated as residents of the area in which their installations were located. Members of their families were enumerated where they actually resided. In the 1950 Census, college students living away from home were considered residents of the communities in which they were residing while attending college, rather than as persons temporarily absent from their parental homes as was the practice in 1940. In 1950 the crews of vessels of the American Merchant Marine were counted as part of the population of the ports in which their vessels were berthed on April 1, 1950. In 1940 such persons were treated as part of the population of the port from which the vessel operated. Inmates of institutions, who ordinarily live there for long periods of time, were counted as inhabitants of the place in which the institution was located; whereas patients in general hospitals, who ordinarily have short stays, were counted at, or allocated to, their homes. All persons without a usual place of residence were counted where they were enumerated.

DATA FOR SMALL AREAS

Users of data for the smaller areas should bear in mind that the data for such areas represent the work of a very small number of enumerators (often only one or two). The misinterpretation by an enumerator of the instructions for a particular item may, therefore, have an appreciable effect in the statistics for a very small community, even though it would have a negligible effect upon the figures for the possession as a whole.

MEDIANS

The median, a type of average, is presented in connection with the data on age and years of school completed. The median is the value which divides the distribution into two equal parts—one-half of the cases falling below this value and one-half of the cases exceeding this value.

RACE

The concept of race as it has been used by the Bureau of the Census is derived from that which is commonly accepted by the general public. It does not, therefore, reflect clear-cut definitions of biological stock, and several categories obviously refer to nationalities.

Race.—The population of American Samoa is classified according to race into Polynesian, part Polynesian, white, and other races.

Polynesian.—The classification "Polynesian" is used to designate full-blooded Polynesians.

White.—This classification is used to designate members of the Caucasian race.

Part Polynesian.—Persons of Polynesian and other blood (white or nonwhite).

Other races.—The group designated as "Other races" consists of Chinese, Japanese, Koreans, Negroes, and other nonwhite races, not classifiable in the other categories. These groups are identified very largely in terms of country or area of origin.

AGE

Definitions

The age classification is based on the age of the person at his last birthday as of the date of his enumeration, that is, the age of the person in completed years. The enumerator was instructed to obtain the age of each person as of the date of his visit rather than as of April 1, 1950. In most cases the age reported would have been the same on either basis.

Assignment of Unknown Ages

When the age of a person was not reported, it was estimated on the basis of other available information such as marital status, school attendance, employment status, age of other members of the household, and type of household. This method of assigning unknown ages on the basis of related information was used for the first time in the 1950 Census of the Territories and possessions. In previous censuses, persons of unknown age were shown in a separate category.

NATIVITY

The population is classified according to two basic groups, native and foreign born. A person born in the United States or in any of its Territories or possessions is counted as native. Also included as native is the small group of persons, who, although born in a foreign country or at sea, were American citizens by birth because their parents were American citizens. Since the Republic of the Philippines was established as an independent country in 1946, persons born in the Philippine Islands were classified as foreign born in the 1950 Census, whereas in earlier censuses such persons had been classified as native. The small number of persons for whom place of birth was not reported were assumed to be native.

SCHOOL ENROLLMENT

Definitions

The data on school enrollment were derived from answers to the question, "Has he attended school or college at any time since February 1?" This question was asked of persons 5 to 24 years of age.

"Regular" schools.—In the instructions to the enumerators, enrollment was restricted to enrollment in "regular" schools only. Such schools are public, private, or parochial schools, colleges, universities, or professional schools, either day or night, that is, those schools where enrollment leads to an elementary or high school diploma, or to a college, university, or professional school degree. Enrollment could be full or part time.

If a person was enrolled in such a school subsequent to February 1, 1950, he was classified as enrolled even if he had not actually attended school since that date. For example, he may not have attended because of illness.

If a person was receiving regular instruction at home from a tutor, and if the instruction was considered comparable to that of a regular school or college, the person was counted as enrolled. Enrollment in a correspondence course was counted only if the course was given by a regular school, such as a university, and the person received credit thereby in the regular school system.

Schools excluded.—Persons enrolled in vocational, trade, or business school were excluded from the enrollment figures unless such schools were graded and considered a part of a regular school system. Persons receiving on-the-job training in connection with their work were not counted as enrolled in school. Persons receiving training by mail from any source other than that indicated above were not counted as enrolled in school.

Editing of 1950 Data

In 1950, as in prior censuses, persons for whom there was no report as to school enrollment are not shown separately. In general, persons 5 through 17 years of age not reporting on school enrollment were treated as enrolled, whereas those over 17 years old were considered not enrolled.

Comparability With Earlier Census Data

In 1940 the question referred to the period from March 1 to the date of the enumeration, which began on April 1. This short period of reference resulted in low enrollment rates, especially among youths who leave school before the end of the term to go to work. Therefore, in 1950, it was considered advisable to

increase the reference period to that between February 1 and the time of enumeration.

College students were enumerated in 1950 at their college residence, whereas in previous years they were generally enumerated at their parental home. This change in procedure would affect the comparability of 1950 and 1940 figures on school enrollment at college age.

YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED

Definitions

The data on years of school completed were derived from the answer to the question, "What is the highest full grade of school that this person has completed?" The question was asked of persons of all ages. In the present report, these data are shown only for the population 25 years old and over, practically all of whom had completed their formal education.

Highest grade of school completed.—The question called for the highest full grade of school completed, regardless of "skipped" or "repeated" grades, rather than the number of full school years which the person had spent in school. The question on educational attainment applied only to progress in "regular" schools, as defined in the section on "School enrollment."

In the case of persons who attended a foreign school system, the instructions were to obtain the approximate equivalent grade in the American school system, or if that was too difficult to determine, the number of years the person had attended school. Persons who attended an ungraded school were treated in similar fashion to those from foreign school systems. Persons whose highest level of training was by a tutor and whose training was regarded as qualifying under the "regular" school definition were also given the approximate equivalent in the regular school system.

Median School Years Completed

The median number of school years completed is expressed in terms of a continuous series of numbers representing years completed. For example, the completion of the first year of high school is indicated by 9 and the last year of college by 16.

ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH

The data on ability to speak English were derived from the answers to the question, "Is he able to speak English?" This question was asked of all persons 25 years of age and over in 1950, whereas in 1940 the question was asked of all persons 10 years of age and over. Therefore, the 1950 data are not comparable with the 1940 data.

MARITAL STATUS AND MARRIED COUPLES

Definitions

Marital status.—In the 1950 Census, data on marital status are based on replies to the question, "Is he now married, widowed, divorced, separated, or [has he] never [been] married?" The classification refers to the status at the time of enumeration. Persons classified as "married" comprise, therefore, both those who have been married only once and those who remarried after having been widowed or divorced. Persons reported as separated or in common-law marriages are classified as married. Those with annulled marriages are classified as single.

Differences between the number of married males and the number of married females arise from the spouses' having their usual residences in different areas and from errors of response and the processing methods used.

Married couple.—A married couple is defined as a husband and his wife enumerated as members of the same household or quasi household. Married couples are classified as "with own household" if the husband is head of the household. Other married couples, classified as "without own household," may be living in households as relatives of the head or as lodgers or employees,

or they may be living in quasi households, such as large rooming houses or hotels.

Comparability With Earlier Census Data

The category "separated" was included in the question on marital status for the first time in 1950. Previously, the question included the categories, single, married, widowed, and divorced. This change may have made the number of persons reported as divorced somewhat smaller in 1950 than it would have been under the earlier procedure.

In 1950, as in previous censuses, marital status was not reported for a small number of persons. For such persons marital status was estimated in 1950 on the basis of age and the presence of spouse or children. In 1940 such persons for whom the status was not apparent from other information on the schedule were classified as single.

HOUSEHOLD AND FAMILY

Definitions

Household.—A household includes all the persons who occupy a house, an apartment or other group of rooms, or a room that constitutes a dwelling unit. In general, a group of rooms occupied as separate living quarters is a dwelling unit if it has separate cooking equipment or if it constitutes the only living quarters in the structure. A household includes the related family members and also the unrelated persons, if any, such as lodgers, foster children, wards, or employees who share the dwelling unit. A person living alone in a dwelling unit, or a group of unrelated persons sharing a dwelling unit as partners, is counted as a household.

The count of households excludes groups of persons living as quasi households, that is, living in quarters not classified as dwelling units, for example, in houses with at least five lodgers, or in hotels, institutions, labor camps, or military barracks.

The average population per household is obtained by dividing the population in households by the number of households. It excludes persons living in quasi households.

Institutional population.—The institutional population includes those persons living as inmates in such places as homes for delinquent or dependent children, homes and schools for the mentally or physically handicapped, places providing specialized medical care, homes for the aged, prisons, and jails. Staff members and their families are not included in the institutional population.

Comparability With Other Census Data

Minor changes in the instructions for identifying dwelling units in 1950 as compared with 1940 may have affected to a slight extent the increase in households between the two dates. In general, however, the number of households in the 1950 Census may be regarded as comparable with the number of private families or households as shown in the Census reports for 1940.

Figures on the institutional population included patients in tuberculosis sanatoria in 1950 but not in 1940.

COUNTRY OF BIRTH

Definitions

The statistics on this subject are based on the respondent's answer to the question, "Where was he born?" The classification of the foreign born is based on international boundaries as formally recognized by the United States in April 1950. It is likely, however, that some respondents reported in terms of countries as they existed at an earlier time.

Comparability With Earlier Census Data

In 1940 the classification of the population was based on the political boundaries of January 1, 1937.

WORK IN 1949

Definitions

Persons 14 years old and over were classified into three groups on the basis of answers to the question, "Last year (1949) did this person do any work at all, not counting work around the house?"

1. *Worked as civilians in 1949.*—Persons are included in this group if they did any work as civilians for pay or profit or worked without pay on a family farm or in a family business during the year 1949, whether on a full-time or part-time basis.

2. *In armed forces in 1949.*—This group comprises persons on active duty with the United States Army, Air Force, Navy, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard during 1949.

3. *Other.*—All other persons 14 years old and over were classified in this category, including persons for whom information on work activity in 1949 was not obtained. The group of persons reporting that they did not work at all in 1949 consisted primarily of those keeping house, students, the retired, those unable to work because of a long-term physical or mental illness or disability, and inmates of institutions.

The number of persons who worked as civilians in 1949 may be understated because there is some tendency for respondents to forget intermittent or short periods of employment. Persons who worked as civilians and were also in the armed forces in 1949 were classified on the basis of their last work activity in 1949.

Comparability With Earlier Census Data

The data on work activity in 1949 are not comparable with the statistics for gainful workers published for prior census years. The current statistics on work in 1949 are limited to persons 14 years old and over, whereas the data on gainful workers published for American Samoa pertain to persons 10 years old and over. Moreover, "gainful workers" were persons reported as customarily having a gainful occupation, that is, an occupation in which they earned money or a money equivalent, or in which they assisted in the production of marketable goods, without delineation of a specific time period. The 1950 Census data refer to activity during 1949.

OCCUPATION

The occupation information presented here was derived from answers to the question, "What kind of work was he doing?" This question was asked for all persons who were reported as having worked in 1949. The occupation data refer to the last job at which the person worked in 1949. Persons in the armed forces in 1949 have been excluded from the occupation data.

Classification System

The classification system used here is basically the same as that used for continental United States. The continental system was developed in consultation with many individuals, private organizations, and government agencies, and, in particular, with the Joint Committee on Occupational Classification (sponsored by the American Statistical Association and the United States Bureau of the Budget). Information on the composition of the various categories in this classification system is given in the publication, U. S. Bureau of the Census, *1950 Census of Population, Classified Index of Occupations and Industries*, Washington, D. C., 1950. Detailed information on the procedure by which this classification system was adapted for use for American Samoa can be obtained by writing to the Director, Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

The composition of the major occupation groups (except the "not reported" group) is indicated in the illustrative list which follows:

Professional, technical, and kindred workers.—Includes Accountants; Actors; Airplane pilots and navigators; Architects; Artists; Athletes; Auditors; Authors; Chemists; Chiropractors; Clergymen; College presidents, professors, and instructors; Conservationists; Dancers; Dentists; Designers; Dietitians; Draftsmen; Editors; Embalmers; Entertainers; Farm management

advisors; Foresters; Funeral directors; Healers; Home management advisors; Judges; Lawyers; Librarians; Musicians; Natural scientists; Nutritionists; Optometrists; Osteopaths; Personnel workers; Pharmacists; Photographers; Physicians; Professional nurses; Radio operators; Recreation workers; Religious workers; Reporters; Social scientists; Social workers; Sports instructors and officials; Student professional nurses; Surgeons; Surveyors; Teachers; Technical engineers; Therapists; Veterinarians.

Matai.—The word "matai," which means "master," is the designation for the head of a social group or clan; each clan is a self-sustaining economic group, the members of which, including the matai, contribute the products of their labor to the group fund.

Farmers and farm managers.—Includes tenant farmers and share croppers.

Managers, officials, and proprietors, except farm.—Includes Buyers; Building superintendents; Credit men; Lodge officials; Postmasters; Public administration officials; Purchasing agents; Railroad conductors; Ship officers, pilots, pursers, and engineers; Shippers of farm products; Union officials.

Clerical and kindred workers.—Includes Bank tellers; Bill and account collectors; Bookkeepers; Cashiers; Dentist's office attendants; Express agents; Express messengers; Library assistants and attendants; Mail carriers; Messengers; Office boys; Office machine operators; Physician's office attendants; Railway mail clerks; Receiving clerks; Secretaries; Shipping clerks; Station agents; Stenographers; Telegraph messengers; Telegraph operators; Telephone operators; Ticket agents; Typists.

Sales workers.—Includes Advertising agents and salesmen; Auctioneers; Demonstrators; Hucksters; Insurance agents and brokers; Newsboys; Peddlers; Real estate agents and brokers; Stock and bond salesmen.

Craftsmen, foremen, and kindred workers.—Includes Annealers; Bakers; Blacksmiths; Boilermakers; Bookbinders; Brickmasons; Cabinetmakers; Carpenters; Cement finishers; Compositors; Concrete finishers; Coppersmiths; Cranemen; Derrickmen; Die makers; Die setters; Electricians; Electrotypers; Engravers; Excavating machinery operators; Forgemen; Glaziers; Goldsmiths; Grading machinery operators; Heat treaters; Hoistmen; Lens grinders and polishers; Lithographers; Locomotive engineers; Locomotive firemen; Log and lumber scalers and graders; Loom fixers; Machinists; Mechanics; Metal molders; Metal rollers; Metal roll hands; Millers; Millwrights; Motion picture projectionists; Opticians; Organ tuners; Painters (construction and maintenance); Paperhangers; Photo-engravers; Piano tuners; Pipe fitters; Plasterers; Plate printers; Plumbers; Power linemen and servicemen; Printing pressmen; Road machinery operators; Roofers; Sheet metal workers; Shoemakers, except in factories; Silversmiths; Slaters; Stationary engineers; Stereotypers; Stone carvers; Stone cutters; Stonemasons; Structural metal workers; Tailors; Telegraph and Telephone linemen and servicemen; Tile setters; Tinsmiths; Tool makers; Typesetters; Upholsterers; Watchmakers; Window dressers.

Operatives and kindred workers.—Includes Apprentices; Asbestos workers; Auto service attendants; Basket weavers; Blast-ers; Boatmen; Bus conductors and drivers; Canalmen; Chauffeurs; Deck hands; Deliverymen; Dressmakers; Dry cleaning operatives; Dyers; Fruit, nut, and vegetable graders and packers; Furnacemen; Insulation workers; Laundry operatives; Mat weavers; Meat cutters; Metal filers, grinders, and polishers; Metal heaters; Milliners; Mine operatives and laborers; Motormen; Painters (except construction and maintenance); Parking lot attendants; Photographic process workers; Powdermen; Power station operators; Railroad brakemen and switchmen; Routemen; Sailors; Sawyers; Seamstresses; Smeltermen; Stationary firemen; Street railway conductors; Surveying chainmen, rodmen, and axmen; Taxicab drivers; Textile spinners; Textile weavers; Tractor drivers; Truck drivers; Welders.

Private household workers.—Includes housekeepers and laundresses in private households.

Service workers, except private household.—Includes Attendants and ushers in amusement places; Bailiffs; Barbers; Bartenders; Beauticians; Boarding house keepers; Bootblacks; Bridge tenders; Charwomen; Cooks, except in private households; Detectives; Doorkeepers; Elevator operators; Firemen (fire protection); Fountain workers; Guards; Hospital attendants; Janitors; Lodging house keepers; Manicurists; Marshals; Midwives; Policemen; Porters; Practical nurses; Sextons; Sheriffs; Stewards; Waiters; Watchmen.

Farm laborers and foremen.—Includes both paid and unpaid family farm laborers and self-employed farm service laborers.

Laborers, except farm and mine.—Includes Car washers; Communal laborers; Copra laborers; Fishermen; Garage laborers; Groundskeepers; Longshoremen; Oystermen; Raftamen; Stevedores; Teamsters; Woodchoppers.

Relation to DOT Classification

The Population Census occupational classification is generally comparable with the system used in the *Dictionary of Occupational Titles (DOT)*.¹ The two systems, however, are designed to meet different needs and to be used under different circumstances. The DOT system is much more detailed than the Bureau of the Census system, and it also calls for many types of distinctions which cannot be met by Census information.

Quality of Data

A factor to be considered in the interpretation of these data is that enumerators sometimes returned occupation designations which were not sufficiently specific for precise allocation. One cause may have been the enumerator's carelessness or his lack of

¹ See U. S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Employment Security, *Dictionary of Occupational Titles*, Second Edition, Vols. I and II, Washington, D. C., 1949.

knowledge of how to describe a particular job on the census schedule. Another possible cause was lack of adequate knowledge about the worker's job on the part of the housewife or other person from whom the enumerator obtained the information. The basic document used in the allocation of the schedule returns of occupation to the appropriate categories of the classification system is the publication, U. S. Bureau of the Census, *1950 Census of Population, Alphabetical Index of Occupations and Industries*, Washington, D. C., 1950.

Comparability With Earlier Census Data

The occupation data shown in earlier Census Bureau reports are not entirely comparable with the 1950 data presented here. One element of incomparability is the difference in defining the economically active population, as explained in the section on "Work in 1949." Another element of incomparability is the difference in classification systems. Although the data necessary to adjust for the classification changes are mostly unavailable, some further information on this problem can be obtained by writing to the Director, Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C.

American Samoa

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AMERICAN SAMOA

Table 1.—POPULATION OF AMERICAN SAMOA: 1900 TO 1950

Census date	Population	Increase over preceding census		Census date	Population	Increase over preceding census	
		Number	Percent			Number	Percent
1950 (Apr. 1)	18,937	6,029	46.7	1920 (Jan. 1) ¹	8,056	805	11.1
1940 (Apr. 1)	12,908	2,853	28.4	1912 ²	7,251	1,572	27.7
1930 (Apr. 1)	10,055	1,999	24.8	1900 ²	5,679		

¹ Rate of increase, exclusive of population (99 in 1930) of Swains Island, annexed in 1925, 23.6 percent.

² Population of area as then constituted.

Table 2.—AREA AND POPULATION OF AMERICAN SAMOA, BY DISTRICTS AND ISLANDS: 1930 TO 1950

District and island	Land area in square miles, 1950	Population					
		1950		1940	1930	Percent increase	
		Total	Per square mile			1940 to 1950	1930 to 1940
American Samoa	76	18,937	249	12,908	10,055	46.7	28.4
Districts:							
Manua ¹	22	2,819	128	2,597	2,147	8.5	21.0
Tutuila, Eastern ²	25	10,624	425	6,733	5,032	57.8	33.8
Tutuila, Western.....	28	5,330	190	3,431	2,777	55.3	23.6
Swains Island ³	1	164	164	147	99	11.6	48.5
Islands:							
Aunu'u.....	1	398	398	322	233	23.6	38.2
Ofu.....	3	576	192	500	466	15.2	7.3
Olosega.....	2	545	273	509	438	7.1	10.2
Tau.....	17	1,698	100	1,588	1,243	6.9	27.8
Tutuila.....	52	15,566	209	9,842	7,576	58.1	29.9
Swains.....	1	164	164	147	99	11.6	48.5

¹ Includes Ofu, Olosega, and Tau Islands.

² Includes Annu'u Island.

³ Annexed to American Samoa in 1925.

Table 3.—POPULATION OF DISTRICTS OF AMERICAN SAMOA, BY COUNTIES AND VILLAGES: 1930 TO 1950

District, county, and village	1950	1940	1930	District, county, and village	1950	1940	1930	District, county, and village	1950	1940	1930
Manua District	2,819	2,597	2,147	Tutuila, Eastern Dist.—Con.				Tutuila, Western Dist.—Con.			
Faleasao County.....	308	340	279	Mauputasi County—Con.				Atauloma village.....	57	120	40
Faleasao village.....	308	340	279	Tafanana'i village.....	32			Atua village.....	165		
Fitiuta County	550	494	402	Utulei village.....	744	488	375	Fagali village.....	78	43	32
Leisoalii village.....	280	236	222	Balance of county.....	298	270	190	Fagamalo village.....	110	97	62
Mala village.....	270	258	180	Saole County	844	678	471	Failolo village.....	34	84	67
Ofu County	576	500	466	Alofau village.....	204	134	103	Leone village.....	881	711	583
Ofu village.....	576	500	466	Amouli village.....	155	180	115	Moloata village.....	41		
Olosega County	545	509	438	Annu'u village.....	47			Nua village.....	108	52	50
Olosega village.....	443	421	371	Annu'u Island, incl. Annu'u village.....	398	322	233	Poloa village.....	150	106	92
Siti village.....	102	88	67	Utumua village.....	40	42	20	Seetaga village.....	106	95	40
Tau County	771	764	562	Sua County	1,325	881	622	Leasina County	447	335	272
Luma village.....	415	397	266	Afono village.....	160	138	96	Aasu village.....	101	88	58
Siufaga village.....	356	331	284	Amata village.....	125	49	41	Aitulagi village.....	170	118	100
Balance of county.....		26	12	Auto village.....	43			Aoloau village.....	145	120	114
Tutuila, Eastern District	10,624	6,733	5,032	Fagaitua village.....	255	212	152	Balance of county.....	31		
Ituau County	1,796	1,012	750	Laulii village.....	296	163	114	Tualatai County	844	527	437
Faganoanea village.....	90	58	42	Masausi village.....	94	54	40	Futiga village.....	166	68	36
Fagasa village.....	537	400	265	Masafu village.....	234	202	131	Ituau village.....	103	74	84
Matuu village.....	174	44	47	Salele village.....	93	63	48	Taputimu village.....	212	160	101
Nuunui village.....	1,025	510	396	Balance of county.....	16			Valloatai village.....	363	216	216
Mauputasi County	5,467	3,861	2,559	Valfanna County	1,192	801	630	Tualautu County	1,838	944	812
Atuu village.....	91	48	41	Aloa village.....	324	195	138	Palenitu village.....	351	135	91
Aua village.....	655	330	254	Aoa village.....	194	141	137	Iifili village.....	308	194	199
Fagaalu village.....	395	197	106	Onenca village.....	141	108	67	Mapusaga Fou village.....	136		
Fagatoga village.....	1,156	912	678	Tula village.....	281	144	128	Mesepa village ¹	149	110	121
Fatumafuti village.....	40	8	12	Vatia village.....	272	213	100	Pavalai village.....	342	203	140
Leloa'oa village.....	265	128	141	Tutuila, Western District	5,330	3,431	2,777	Tafua village.....	68	58	44
Lepua village.....	43	30	16	Lealataua County.....	2,201	1,625	1,256	Vaitogi village.....	421	235	217
Pago Pago village.....	1,586	934	708	Afao village.....	42	45	48	Balance of county.....	63		
Satala village.....	162	16	38	Agugulu village.....	52			Swains Island District	164	147	99
				Amalulu village.....	100	65	57	Swains Island.....	164	147	99
				Amanave village.....	209	123	106				
				Asili village.....	62	79	61				

¹ Returned as Mapusaga village in 1940.

Table 5.—AGE BY RACE AND SEX, FOR AMERICAN SAMOA: 1930 TO 1950

[Percent and median not shown where base is less than 100. Males per 100 females not shown where number of females is less than 100]

Age, race, and sex	Population			Percent by age			Age, race, and sex	Population			Percent by age		
	1950	1940	1930	1950	1940	1930		1950	1940	1930	1950	1940	1930
ALL RACES¹							POLYNESIAN						
Total, all ages.....	18,937	12,908	10,055	100.0	100.0	100.0	Total, all ages.....	17,597	11,291	8,926	100.0	100.0	100.0
Under 5 years.....	3,538	2,248	1,702	18.7	17.4	16.9	Under 5 years.....	3,230	1,913	1,460	18.4	16.9	16.5
Under 1 year.....	703	467	357	4.0	3.6	3.6	Under 1 year.....	698	391	311	4.0	3.5	3.5
5 to 9 years.....	2,875	2,022	1,459	15.2	15.7	14.5	5 to 9 years.....	2,671	1,731	1,276	15.2	15.3	14.3
10 to 14 years.....	2,550	1,696	1,226	12.4	13.1	12.2	10 to 14 years.....	2,222	1,491	1,074	12.6	13.2	12.0
15 to 19 years.....	2,161	1,363	1,021	11.4	10.6	10.2	15 to 19 years.....	2,045	1,226	900	11.0	10.9	10.2
20 to 24 years.....	1,630	1,134	799	8.6	8.8	7.9	20 to 24 years.....	1,501	975	690	8.5	8.6	7.7
25 to 29 years.....	1,620	1,024	845	8.1	7.9	8.4	25 to 29 years.....	1,408	870	745	8.0	7.7	8.3
30 to 34 years.....	1,181	727	672	6.0	5.6	6.7	30 to 34 years.....	1,035	606	607	5.9	5.4	6.8
35 to 39 years.....	999	712	512	5.3	5.5	5.0	35 to 39 years.....	920	630	420	5.2	5.2	5.0
40 to 44 years.....	651	514	344	3.4	4.0	10.1	40 to 44 years.....	504	479	304	3.4	4.6	10.3
45 to 49 years.....	606	398	702	3.2	3.1	7.9	45 to 49 years.....	570	361	735	3.2	3.2	8.2
50 to 54 years.....	493	325	266	2.6	2.5	5.0	50 to 54 years.....	470	306	306	2.7	2.7	7.0
55 to 59 years.....	270	270	356	1.4	2.1	3.5	55 to 59 years.....	251	251	338	1.4	2.2	3.8
60 to 64 years.....	263	182	130	1.3	1.4	1.4	60 to 64 years.....	244	174	174	1.4	1.5	1.5
65 to 69 years.....	184	122	144	1.0	0.9	1.4	65 to 69 years.....	176	116	138	1.0	1.0	1.5
70 to 74 years.....	134	79	79	0.7	0.6	0.7	70 to 74 years.....	126	75	75	0.7	0.7	0.8
75 years and over.....	136	92	27	0.7	0.7	0.3	75 years and over.....	128	88	25	0.7	0.8	0.3
Median age.....	16.6	16.8	18.1				Median age.....	16.6	17.1	18.5			
Male, all ages.....							Male, all ages.....						
Under 5 years.....	1,830	1,152	802	18.7	17.4	17.1	Under 5 years.....	1,680	988	704	18.6	17.3	16.8
Under 1 year.....	403	213	182	4.1	3.2	3.5	Under 1 year.....	370	184	157	4.1	3.2	3.5
5 to 9 years.....	1,424	1,034	737	15.7	15.6	14.2	5 to 9 years.....	1,428	882	645	15.8	15.4	14.2
10 to 14 years.....	1,236	808	646	12.4	13.1	12.4	10 to 14 years.....	1,172	756	552	13.0	13.2	12.2
15 to 19 years.....	1,137	717	528	11.6	10.8	10.1	15 to 19 years.....	1,061	639	464	11.7	11.2	10.2
20 to 24 years.....	774	552	394	7.9	8.3	7.0	20 to 24 years.....	683	452	322	7.6	7.0	7.1
25 to 29 years.....	774	501	421	7.9	7.6	8.1	25 to 29 years.....	708	412	358	7.8	7.2	7.0
30 to 34 years.....	608	353	359	6.2	5.3	6.0	30 to 34 years.....	548	288	316	6.1	5.0	7.0
35 to 39 years.....	527	387	518	5.4	5.9	5.0	35 to 39 years.....	475	340	463	5.3	6.0	6.0
40 to 44 years.....	327	276	176	3.3	4.2	9.0	40 to 44 years.....	294	253	163	3.3	4.4	10.2
45 to 49 years.....	324	211	443	3.3	3.2	8.5	45 to 49 years.....	300	182	401	3.3	3.2	8.8
50 to 54 years.....	245	166	266	2.5	2.5	5.0	50 to 54 years.....	230	156	156	2.5	2.7	7.0
55 to 59 years.....	133	149	198	1.4	2.3	3.8	55 to 59 years.....	122	135	187	1.4	2.4	4.1
60 to 64 years.....	111	100	108	1.1	1.5	1.4	60 to 64 years.....	107	92	107	1.2	1.6	1.5
65 to 69 years.....	110	59	60	1.1	0.9	1.2	65 to 69 years.....	105	54	50	1.2	0.9	1.3
70 to 74 years.....	67	42	60	0.7	0.6	0.7	70 to 74 years.....	60	39	50	0.7	0.7	0.8
75 years and over.....	64	45	12	0.7	0.7	0.2	75 years and over.....	61	43	10	0.7	0.8	0.2
Median age.....	16.3	16.8	18.1				Median age.....	16.1	16.8	18.3			
Female, all ages.....							Female, all ages.....						
Under 5 years.....	1,000	1,000	810	18.6	17.4	16.7	Under 5 years.....	1,556	925	705	18.2	16.6	16.1
Under 1 year.....	300	244	175	3.9	3.0	3.6	Under 1 year.....	328	207	184	3.8	3.7	3.5
5 to 9 years.....	1,333	988	722	14.6	15.7	14.0	5 to 9 years.....	1,243	849	631	14.5	15.2	14.4
10 to 14 years.....	1,114	828	580	12.2	13.2	12.0	10 to 14 years.....	1,060	735	522	12.3	13.2	11.9
15 to 19 years.....	1,024	640	403	11.2	10.3	10.2	15 to 19 years.....	984	587	445	11.5	10.5	10.1
20 to 24 years.....	850	582	405	9.4	9.2	8.4	20 to 24 years.....	818	528	368	9.6	9.4	8.4
25 to 29 years.....	762	528	424	8.2	8.3	8.7	25 to 29 years.....	702	458	387	8.2	8.2	8.8
30 to 34 years.....	628	374	313	5.7	5.0	6.5	30 to 34 years.....	487	318	291	5.7	5.7	6.6
35 to 39 years.....	472	325	404	5.2	5.2	10.2	35 to 39 years.....	445	290	467	5.2	5.2	10.4
40 to 44 years.....	324	238	176	3.6	3.8	9.0	40 to 44 years.....	300	226	163	3.5	4.1	10.4
45 to 49 years.....	282	187	340	3.1	3.0	7.2	45 to 49 years.....	270	170	334	3.2	3.2	7.6
50 to 54 years.....	248	169	266	2.7	2.5	5.0	50 to 54 years.....	240	150	156	2.8	2.7	7.0
55 to 59 years.....	137	121	158	1.5	1.9	3.3	55 to 59 years.....	129	116	151	1.5	2.1	3.4
60 to 64 years.....	142	82	84	1.6	1.3	1.7	60 to 64 years.....	137	82	70	1.6	1.5	1.8
65 to 69 years.....	74	63	60	0.8	1.0	1.2	65 to 69 years.....	71	61	50	0.8	1.1	1.3
70 to 74 years.....	67	37	15	0.7	0.6	0.7	70 to 74 years.....	66	30	15	0.8	0.6	0.8
75 years and over.....	72	47	12	0.8	0.7	0.3	75 years and over.....	67	45	15	0.8	0.8	0.3
Median age.....	17.0	16.8	18.2				Median age.....	17.2	17.4	18.8			
Males Per 100 Females							PART POLYNESIAN						
All ages.....							Total, all ages.....						
All ages.....	107.7	105.0	107.4				Total, all ages.....	970	1,303	877	100.0	100.0	100.0
Under 5 years.....	108.2	106.1	110.1				Under 5 years.....	250	315	222	25.8	24.2	25.3
Under 1 year.....	111.9	87.3	104.0				Under 1 year.....	51	62	43	5.3	4.8	4.9
5 to 9 years.....	115.7	104.7	102.1				5 to 9 years.....	180	200	168	18.6	20.4	19.2
10 to 14 years.....	111.0	104.8	111.4				10 to 14 years.....	121	106	143	12.5	15.0	15.3
15 to 19 years.....	111.0	111.0	107.1				15 to 19 years.....	99	133	98	10.2	10.2	11.2
20 to 24 years.....	90.4	94.8	97.3				20 to 24 years.....	60	111	73	6.2	8.5	8.3
25 to 29 years.....	102.9	95.8	99.3				25 to 29 years.....	59	98	48	6.1	7.5	5.5
30 to 34 years.....	116.3	94.4	114.7				30 to 34 years.....	51	64	31	5.3	4.9	3.5
35 to 39 years.....	111.7	119.1	104.9				35 to 39 years.....	40	34	44	4.1	2.6	5.0
40 to 44 years.....	106.9	116.0	104.9				40 to 44 years.....	38	21	44	3.9	1.6	5.0
45 to 49 years.....	114.9	112.8	126.9				45 to 49 years.....	23	24	35	2.4	1.8	4.0
50 to 54 years.....	98.8	104.4	125.3				50 to 54 years.....	17	13	13	1.8	1.0	1.1
55 to 59 years.....	97.1	123.1	125.3				55 to 59 years.....	11	15	10	1.1	1.2	1.1
60 to 64 years.....	78.2						60 to 64 years.....	8	5	5	0.8	0.4	0.4
65 to 69 years.....							65 to 69 years.....	6	3	5	0.6	0.2	0.6
70 to 74 years.....							70 to 74 years.....	2	2	2	0.2	0.2	0.2
75 years and over.....							75 years and over.....	5	3	2	0.5	0.2	0.2
Median age.....							Median age.....	12.3	11.8	11.7			

¹ Includes "other races," not shown separately.

Table 5.—AGE BY RACE AND SEX, FOR AMERICAN SAMOA: 1930 TO 1950—Con.

Age, race, and sex	Population			Percent by age			Age, race, and sex	Population			Percent by age		
	1950	1940	1930	1950	1940	1930		1950	1940	1930	1950	1940	1930
PART POLYNESIAN—Con.						WHITE—Con.							
<i>Male, all ages</i>						<i>Total, all ages—Con.</i>							
538	637	469	100.0	100.0	100.0	39	46	44	10.0	15.3	19.2		
Under 5 years.....	132	156	120	24.5	22.7	25.0	19	14	5.3	4.7	7.9		
Under 1 year.....	24	28	23	4.5	4.1	4.9	12	11	3.4	3.7	2.6		
5 to 9 years.....	101	140	82	18.8	20.4	17.5	5	6	1.4	2.0	0.4		
10 to 14 years.....	61	106	87	11.3	15.4	18.0	7	3	2.0	1.0	0.4		
15 to 19 years.....	50	74	52	11.0	10.8	11.1	1	2	0.3	0.7	0.4		
20 to 24 years.....	29	50	39	5.4	8.6	8.3	2	1	0.6	0.3	0.9		
25 to 29 years.....	32	54	23	5.9	7.9	4.9	3	1	0.8	0.3			
30 to 34 years.....	30	28	17	5.6	4.1	3.6	1		0.3				
35 to 39 years.....	29	16	21	5.4	2.3	4.5							
40 to 44 years.....	24	13		4.5	1.9								
45 to 49 years.....	17	17	22	3.2	2.5	4.7							
50 to 54 years.....	10	6		1.9	0.9								
55 to 59 years.....	5	10		0.9	1.5								
60 to 64 years.....	3	6	6	0.6	0.7	1.3							
65 to 69 years.....	3	1		0.6	0.1								
70 to 74 years.....	2	1		0.4	0.1								
75 years and over.....	1	1		0.2	0.1								
Median age.....	13.0	12.2	11.9				26.2	20.1	20.1				
<i>Female, all ages</i>						<i>Male, all ages</i>							
432	616	408	100.0	100.0	100.0	236	200	174	100.0	100.0	100.0		
Under 5 years.....	118	150	102	27.3	25.8	25.0	27	8	11.4	4.0	2.9		
Under 1 year.....	27	34	20	6.2	5.5	4.0	9	1	3.8	0.5	0.6		
5 to 9 years.....	79	126	86	18.3	20.5	21.1	13	12	5.5	6.0	5.2		
10 to 14 years.....	60	90	56	13.9	14.6	13.7	3	6	1.3	3.0	2.9		
15 to 19 years.....	40	59	46	9.3	9.6	11.3	15	3	6.4	1.5	6.9		
20 to 24 years.....	31	52	34	7.2	8.4	8.3	60	40	25.4	20.0	18.4		
25 to 29 years.....	27	44	25	6.2	7.1	6.1	36	35	15.3	17.5	19.0		
30 to 34 years.....	21	36	14	4.9	5.8	3.4	30	36	12.7	18.0	14.9		
35 to 39 years.....	11	18		2.5	2.9		23	29	9.7	14.5	17.2		
40 to 44 years.....	14	8	23	3.2	1.3	5.6	9	10	3.8	5.0			
45 to 49 years.....	6	7	13	1.4	1.1	3.2	6	10	2.5	5.0	9.2		
50 to 54 years.....	7	7		1.6	1.1		4	4	1.7	2.0			
55 to 59 years.....	6	5	4	1.4	0.8	1.0	5	3	2.1	1.5	1.7		
60 to 64 years.....	5			1.2			1	2	0.4	1.0			
65 to 69 years.....	3	2	5	0.7	0.3	1.2	2	1	0.8	0.5	0.6		
70 to 74 years.....	1	1		0.2	0.2		2	1	0.8	0.5			
75 years and over.....	4	2		0.9	0.3						1.1		
Median age.....	11.6	11.3	11.4				25.0	20.4	28.0				
WHITE						Female, all ages							
<i>Total, all ages</i>						122							
358	300	227	100.0	100.0	100.0	26	12	2	20.5	12.0			
Under 5 years.....	52	20	7	14.5	6.7	8.1	5	3	4.1	3.0			
Under 1 year.....	14	4	2	3.9	1.3	0.9	11	13	9.0	13.0			
5 to 9 years.....	24	26	14	6.7	8.3	0.2	4	8	3.3	3.0			
10 to 14 years.....	7	9	7	2.0	3.0	3.1		2					
15 to 19 years.....	7	9	14	4.2	1.0	0.2	7	7	5.7	7.0			
20 to 24 years.....	15	8	14	4.2	1.0	0.2	23	21	18.9	21.0			
25 to 29 years.....	07	47	35	18.7	15.7	15.4	15	20	12.3	20.0			
30 to 34 years.....	50	56	45	16.5	18.7	19.8	10	17	13.1	17.0			
35 to 39 years.....	50	56	34	12.0	18.7	15.0	10	4	8.2	4.0			
40 to 44 years.....	46	56					6	1	4.9	1.0			
45 to 49 years.....							1	2	0.3	2.0			
50 to 54 years.....							2		1.6				
55 to 59 years.....													
60 to 64 years.....													
65 to 69 years.....													
70 to 74 years.....							1		0.8				
75 years and over.....							1		0.8				
Median age.....							28.0	28.6					

GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS

Table 8.—MARITAL STATUS, BY RACE AND SEX, FOR AMERICAN SAMOA: 1950 AND 1940

[Percent not shown where base is less than 100]

Census year and race	Male							Female						
	Total, 14 years old and over	Single		Married		Widowed or divorced		Total, 14 years old and over	Single		Married		Widowed or divorced	
		Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent		Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
1950.....	5,428	2,373	43.7	2,872	52.9	183	3.4	5,168	1,608	31.1	2,951	57.1	609	11.8
Polynesian.....	4,069	2,170	43.0	2,621	52.7	169	3.4	4,898	1,519	31.0	2,797	57.1	582	11.9
Part Polynesian.....	264	102	40.2	145	57.1	7	2.8	187	76	40.1	89	47.6	23	12.3
White.....	193	87	45.1	101	52.3	5	2.6	83	14	16.7	65	78.3	4	4.8
Other races.....	12	6	50.0	5	41.7	2	16.7	5	2	40.0	3	60.0	0	0.0
1940.....	3,722	1,565	42.0	1,974	53.0	183	4.9	3,559	1,045	29.4	1,972	55.4	542	15.2
Polynesian.....	3,228	1,332	41.3	1,726	53.5	170	5.3	3,219	921	28.6	1,777	55.2	521	16.2
Part Polynesian.....	304	149	49.0	145	47.7	10	3.3	268	116	43.3	131	48.9	21	7.8
White.....	176	80	45.5	94	53.4	2	1.1	72	8	11.1	64	88.9	0	0.0
Other races.....	14	4	28.6	0	0.0	1	7.1	0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0

Table 9.—MARRIED COUPLES, HOUSEHOLDS, AND INSTITUTIONAL POPULATION, BY RACE, FOR AMERICAN SAMOA: 1950

[Percent or rate not shown where base is less than 100]

Race	Married couples				Households			Institutional population
	Total	With own household	Without own household		Number of households	Population in households	Population per household	
			Number	Percent				
All races.....	2,556	2,072	484	18.9	2,687	13,033	6.71	52
Polynesian.....	2,341	1,885	456	19.5	2,451	16,841	6.87	52
Part Polynesian.....	134	108	26	10.4	137	923	6.74	0
White.....	70	74	2	2.9	91	269	2.97	0
Other races.....	5	5	0	0.0	8	9	1.13	0

Table 10.—PERSONS IN HOUSEHOLDS, BY RELATIONSHIP TO HEAD, RACE, AND SEX, AND PERSONS IN QUASI HOUSEHOLDS, BY RACE AND SEX, FOR AMERICAN SAMOA: 1950

Race and sex	In households									In quasi households	
	Total	Head	Wife	Child	Grand-child	Parent	Other relative	Lodger	Resident employee	Total	Head (number of quasi households)
Total.....	18,033	2,687	2,072	8,265	1,273	207	2,812	697	20	904	49
Percent.....	100.0	14.9	11.5	45.8	7.1	1.1	15.6	3.9	0.1	5.0	0.3
Male.....	9,360	2,364	1,726	4,353	689	28	1,500	410	0	498	44
Female.....	8,683	323	2,072	3,912	584	179	1,312	287	14	406	5
Polynesian.....	16,841	2,451	1,948	7,708	1,140	203	2,717	654	20	756	43
Part Polynesian.....	923	137	60	472	133	4	90	27	0	47	2
White.....	260	91	64	84	1	0	5	16	0	98	4
Other races.....	9	8	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	8	0

AMERICAN SAMOA

Table 11.—COUNTRY OF BIRTH, BY RACE, NATIVITY, AND SEX, FOR AMERICAN SAMOA: 1950 AND 1940

Census year, country of birth, and nativity	All races			Polynesian			Part Polynesian			White			Other races		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
1950															
Native.....	16,781	8,759	8,022	15,665	8,102	7,563	792	441	351	320	212	108	4	4	
American Samoa.....	16,437	8,533	7,904	15,640	8,089	7,557	774	432	342	16	11	5	1	1	
Other Territories and possessions.....	39	25	14	18	12	6	13	7	0	7	5	2	1	1	
Continental United States.....	305	201	104	1	1		5	2	3	207	106	101	2	2	
Foreign born.....	2,156	1,059	1,097	1,932	980	1,002	178	97	81	38	24	14	8	8	
Western Samoa.....	1,908	932	976	1,751	845	906	156	86	70	1	1				
Other Pacific Islands.....	212	103	109	179	84	95	21	10	11	7	4	3	5	5	
All other.....	36	24	12	2	1	1	1	1		30	10	11	3	3	
1940															
Native.....	11,919	6,106	5,813	10,507	5,319	5,188	1,133	599	534	273	182	91	6	6	
American Samoa.....	11,633	5,913	5,720	10,507	5,319	5,188	1,124	594	530	2		2			
Other Territories and possessions.....	16	11	5				4	2	2	8	5	3	4	4	
Continental United States.....	270	182	88				5	3	2	263	177	86	2	2	
Foreign born.....	989	506	483	784	392	392	170	88	82	27	18	9	8	8	
Western Samoa.....		481	474	781	389	392	169	87	82	1	1		4	4	
Other Pacific Islands.....	955														
All other.....	34	25	9	3	3		1	1		26	17	9	4	4	

Table 12.—ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH, FOR PERSONS 25 YEARS OLD AND OVER, BY RACE AND SEX, FOR AMERICAN SAMOA: 1950

[Percent not shown where base is less than 100]

Race	Both sexes			Male			Female		
	Total	Able to speak English		Total	Able to speak English		Total	Able to speak English	
		Number	Percent		Number	Percent		Number	Percent
All races.....	6,333	3,593	56.3	3,290	2,207	67.1	3,093	1,386	44.8
Polynesian.....	5,022	3,151	62.7	3,008	1,931	64.2	2,914	1,220	41.9
Part Polynesian.....	260	242	93.1	156	151	96.8	104	91	87.5
White.....	193	193	100.0	118	118	100.0	75	75	
Other races.....	8	7		8	7				

Table 13.—WORK IN 1949 AND MAJOR OCCUPATION GROUP IN 1949, BY RACE AND SEX, FOR AMERICAN SAMOA

Work in 1949 and major occupation group in 1949	All races			Polynesian			Part Polynesian			White			Other races		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Total population (all ages).....	18,937	9,818	9,119	17,697	9,032	8,665	970	538	432	358	236	122	12	12	
WORK IN 1949															
Persons 14 years old and over.....	10,596	5,428	5,168	9,867	4,969	4,898	441	254	187	276	193	83	12	12	
Worked as civilians in 1949.....	5,650	3,674	1,976	5,340	3,440	1,900	242	191	51	64	39	25	4	4	
In armed forces in 1949.....	252	248	4	98	98		4	4		147	143	4	3	3	
Other and work in 1949 not reported.....	4,694	1,506	3,188	4,429	1,431	2,998	195	50	136	65	11	54	5	5	
MAJOR OCCUPATION GROUP															
Worked as civilians in 1949.....	5,650	3,674	1,976	5,340	3,440	1,900	242	191	51	64	39	25	4	4	
Professional, technical, and kindred workers.....	421	324	97	360	286	74	17	13	4	44	25	10			
Managers.....	520	525	4	523	510	4	6	6							
Farmers and farm managers.....	722	686	36	709	675	34	13	11	2						
Managers, officials, and proprietors, except farm.....	143	116	27	95	70	19	35	27	8	9	0		4	4	
Clerical and kindred workers.....	128	108	20	92	85	7	30	21	9	6	2	4			
Sales workers.....	20	10	10	10	6	4	10	4	6						
Craftsmen, foremen, and kindred workers.....	390	384	6	311	305	6	77	77		2	2				
Operatives and kindred workers.....	1,330	174	1,156	1,308	159	1,149	21	14	7	1	1				
Private household workers.....	65	7	58	62	7	55	3		3						
Service workers, except private household.....	138	54	84	130	52	78	7	2	5	1		1			
Farm laborers and farm foremen.....	1,329	931	398	1,315	924	391	14	7	7						
Laborers, except farm and mine.....	429	351	78	420	342	78	9	9							
Occupation not reported.....	6	4	2	5	4	1				1		1			

Table 15.—GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS OF THE POPULATION, FOR AMERICAN SAMOA, BY DISTRICTS: 1950

[Percent and median not shown where base is less than 100]

Subject	Total	Manua District	Tutuila, Eastern District	Tutuila, Western District	Swains Island District	Subject	Total	Manua District	Tutuila, Eastern District	Tutuila, Western District	Swains Island District
Total population.....	18,937	2,819	10,624	5,330	164	YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED—Con.					
RACE						Female, 25 years old and over.....	3,093	514	1,708	845	26
Male.....	8,818	1,444	5,543	2,754	77	No school years completed.....	874	106	414	243	21
Polynesian.....	8,032	1,433	5,025	2,497	77	Elementary: 1 to 4 years.....	831	161	430	229	2
Part Polynesian.....	538	10	319	209		5 to 6 years.....	873	117	503	252	1
White.....	236		183	48		7 years.....	173	16	110	41	
Other races.....	12	1	11			8 years.....	161	15	95	50	1
Female.....	9,119	1,375	5,081	2,576	87	High school: 1 to 3 years.....	27	1	23	3	
Polynesian.....	8,505	1,366	4,735	2,377	87	4 years.....	38		34	4	
Part Polynesian.....	432	9	256	167		College: 1 to 3 years.....	22	1	13	8	
White.....	122		90	32		4 years or more.....	26		22	4	
Other races.....						School years not reported.....	68	7	40	11	1
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT						Median school years completed.....	4.1	2.4	4.8	4.0	
Persons 5 and 6 years old.....	1,320	183	725	401	11	MARITAL STATUS AND HOUSEHOLDS					
Number enrolled in school.....	380	43	290	104	3	Male, 14 years old and over.....	5,428	777	3,109	1,502	40
Percent enrolled in school.....	28.8	23.5	31.7	25.0		Single.....	2,373	331	1,393	639	10
Persons 7 to 13 years old.....	3,483	566	1,891	936	40	Married.....	2,872	415	1,617	811	29
Number enrolled in school.....	3,065	547	1,074	805	39	Widowed or divorced.....	183	31	99	52	1
Percent enrolled in school.....	88.0	90.6	88.5	81.6		Female, 14 years old and over.....	5,168	796	2,929	1,398	45
Persons 14 and 15 years old.....	876	146	487	234	9	Single.....	1,608	234	970	393	11
Number enrolled in school.....	779	140	443	189	7	Married.....	2,951	409	1,676	837	29
Percent enrolled in school.....	88.9	95.9	91.0	80.8		Widowed or divorced.....	609	153	283	168	6
Persons 16 and 17 years old.....	824	109	482	225	8	Married couples, number.....	2,556	370	1,448	709	23
Number enrolled in school.....	609	90	368	149	2	With own household.....	2,072	300	1,138	602	23
Percent enrolled in school.....	73.9	82.6	76.3	66.2		Without own household.....	484	61	310	107	6
Persons 18 and 19 years old.....	883	114	522	242	5	ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH					
Number enrolled in school.....	448	62	272	114		Total, 25 years old and over.....	6,383	1,002	3,565	1,762	54
Percent enrolled in school.....	50.7	54.4	52.1	47.1		Number able to speak English.....	3,593	440	2,364	766	23
Persons 20 to 24 years old.....	1,630	202	982	437	9	Percent able to speak English.....	55.3	43.9	66.3	43.5	
Number enrolled in school.....	376	44	256	76		Polynesian.....	5,922	999	3,240	1,629	54
Percent enrolled in school.....	23.1	21.8	26.1	17.4		Number able to speak English.....	3,151	438	2,046	644	23
YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED						Percent able to speak English.....	53.2	43.8	63.1	39.5	
Male, 25 years old and over.....	3,290	488	1,857	917	28	Part Polynesian.....	260	2	162	96	
No school years completed.....	504	112	242	139	11	Number able to speak English.....	242	1	150	85	
Elementary: 1 to 4 years.....	613	134	298	171	10	Percent able to speak English.....	93.1		95.3		
5 to 6 years.....	706	85	430	187	4	White.....	193		156	37	
7 years.....	352	51	211	89	1	Number able to speak English.....	193		156	37	
8 years.....	626	67	334	224	1	Percent able to speak English.....	100.0		100.0		
High school: 1 to 3 years.....	125	7	94	24		Other races.....	8	1	7		
4 years.....	60	5	47	8		Number able to speak English.....	7	1	6		
College: 1 to 3 years.....	20		10	10		Percent able to speak English.....					
4 years or more.....	75		52	23							
School years not reported.....	203	27	133	42	1						
Median school years completed.....	6.2	4.5	6.5	6.4							

Canal Zone

INTRODUCTION

This report includes statistics on the basic characteristics of the population including age, sex, color, country of birth, school enrollment, years of school completed, marital status, employment status, and occupation for the Canal Zone.

ARRANGEMENT OF TABLES

The tables presented here are numbered consecutively beginning with table 16. Tables 16 to 19 published as tables 4 to 7 in the Series P-A report "Number of Inhabitants for American Samoa,

Canal Zone, Guam, and the Virgin Islands of the United States" are repeated here.

AVAILABILITY OF UNPUBLISHED DATA

This report presents practically all the statistics tabulated for the Canal Zone. Unpublished statistics can be made available, upon request, for the cost of transcription or tabulation. Requests for such unpublished statistics, addressed to the Director, Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C., will receive a prompt reply, which will include an estimate of the cost of preparing the data.

POPULATION TRENDS

Population of the Canal Zone.—The population of the Canal Zone on April 1, 1950, according to the 1950 Census, was 52,822. The total land area of the Canal Zone is 362 square miles. In 1950 the average number of inhabitants per square mile was 146 as compared with an average of 143 in 1940.

The use, occupation, and control of the Canal Zone have been granted to the United States Government under treaty agreements with the Republic of Panama. The Republic has further granted all rights, power, and authority within the Canal Zone which the United States would possess and exercise if it were sovereign of the territory. The first census of the Canal Zone was taken as of February 1, 1912, by the Department of Civil Administration of the Isthmian Canal Commission. In 1920 and subsequent decades, the population of the Canal Zone was enumerated in conjunction with the regular decennial census of the United States, the field work being done under the supervision of the Governor in accordance with plans prescribed by the Director of the Census. Brigadier General F. K. Newcomer, United States Army, who was Governor in April 1950, was in charge of the 1950 Census of the Canal Zone.

In 1912 the Canal Zone had a population of 62,810 (table 16). In 1950, 38 years later, its population was almost one-fifth less.

Between 1912 and 1920, there was a sharp decline of over three-fifths in the population. Since 1920 the population has increased but at a decreasing rate in each decade. Between 1940 and 1950, the population of the Canal Zone increased by only 995, or less than 2 percent.

Court districts.—The Canal Zone has no county organization, but it is divided into court districts, which are treated for census purposes as equivalent to county areas. Table 17 shows the population of the two court districts of the Canal Zone from 1930 to 1950, together with the land area of each district and its population per square mile in 1950. The figures shown for each year relate to the area as constituted at that time.

Minor geographic divisions.—Table 18 shows the population of each court district for towns and rural areas. Since there were a large number of changes in the boundaries of these minor geographic divisions between 1930 and 1940, the data shown in this table are limited to 1940 and 1950.

Towns.—Table 19 shows the population in 1950 and 1940 of towns in the Canal Zone. In this table the towns are arranged in alphabetical order, each followed by the name of the court district in which it is located.

DEFINITIONS AND EXPLANATIONS

The definitions of the major concepts used in the 1950 Census are given below. Several of these definitions differ from those used in 1940. These changes were made after consultation with users of census data in order to improve the statistics, even though it was recognized that comparability would be adversely affected.

USUAL PLACE OF RESIDENCE

In accordance with usual Census practice, each person enumerated in the 1950 Census was counted as an inhabitant of his usual place of residence or usual place of abode, which is generally construed to mean the place where he lives and sleeps most of the time. This place is not necessarily the same as his legal residence or domicile, although in the vast majority of cases these different bases of classification would be identical.

In the application of this rule, persons were not always counted as residents of the places in which they happened to be found by

the census enumerators. Visitors found staying in private homes were not ordinarily interviewed there. Information on persons away from their usual place of residence was obtained from other members of their families, landladies, etc. If an entire family was expected to be away during the whole period of the enumeration, information on it was obtained from neighbors. A matching process was used to eliminate duplicate reports for persons who reported for themselves while away and were also reported by their families at home.

Persons in the armed forces quartered on military installations were enumerated as residents of the area in which their installations were located. Members of their families were enumerated where they actually resided. In the 1950 Census, college students living away from home were considered residents of the communities in which they were residing while attending college, rather than as persons temporarily absent from their parental homes as was the

practice in 1940. In 1950 the crews of vessels of the American Merchant Marine were counted as part of the population of the ports in which their vessels were berthed on April 1, 1950. In 1940 such persons were treated as part of the population of the port from which the vessel operated. Inmates of institutions, who ordinarily live there for long periods of time, were counted as inhabitants of the place in which the institution was located; whereas patients in general hospitals, who ordinarily have short stays, were counted at, or allocated to, their homes. All persons without a usual place of residence were counted where they were enumerated.

MEDIANS

The median, a type of average, is presented in connection with the data on age and years of school completed. The median is the value which divides the distribution into two equal parts—one-half of the cases falling below this value and one-half of the cases exceeding this value.

COLOR

The term "color" refers to the division of the population into two groups, white and nonwhite. The group designated as "nonwhite" consists of Negroes, Negro mixed, Indians, Japanese, Chinese, and other nonwhite races. Persons of mixed parentage are classified according to the race of the nonwhite parent, and mixtures of nonwhite races are classified according to the race of the father.

AGE

Definitions

The age classification is based on the age of the person at his last birthday as of the date of his enumeration, that is, the age of the person in completed years. The enumerator was instructed to obtain the age of each person as of the date of his visit rather than as of April 1, 1950. In most cases the age reported would have been the same on either basis.

Assignment of Unknown Ages

When the age of a person was not reported, it was estimated on the basis of other available information such as marital status, school attendance, employment status, age of other members of the household, and type of household. This method of assigning unknown ages on the basis of related information was used for the first time in the 1950 Census of the Territories and possessions. In previous censuses, persons of unknown age were shown in a separate category.

NATIVITY

The population is classified according to two basic groups, native and foreign born. A person born in the United States or in any of its Territories or possessions is counted as native. Also included as native is the small group of persons, who, although born in a foreign country or at sea, were American citizens by birth because their parents were American citizens. Since the Republic of the Philippines was established as an independent country in 1946, persons born in the Philippine Islands were classified as foreign born in the 1950 Census whereas in earlier censuses such persons had been classified as native. The small number of persons for whom place of birth was not reported were assumed to be native.

SCHOOL ENROLLMENT

Definitions

The data on school enrollment were derived from answers to the question, "Has he attended school at any time since February 1?" This question was asked of persons 5 to 24 years of age.

"Regular" schools.—In the instructions to the enumerators, enrollment was restricted to enrollment in "regular" schools only. Such schools are public, private, or parochial schools, colleges, universities, or professional schools, either day or night, that is, those schools where enrollment leads to an elementary or high

school diploma, or to a college, university, or professional school degree. Enrollment could be full or part time.

If a person was enrolled in such a school subsequent to February 1, 1950, he was classified as enrolled even if he had not actually attended school since that date. For example, he may not have attended because of illness.

If a person was receiving regular instruction at home from a tutor, and if the instruction was considered comparable to that of a regular school or college, the person was counted as enrolled. Enrollment in a correspondence course was counted only if the course was given by a regular school, such as a university, and the person received credit thereby in the regular school system.

Kindergarten.—Children enrolled in nursery and kindergarten were reported separately in 1950 and were not counted as enrolled in school.

Schools excluded.—Persons enrolled in vocational, trade, or business school were excluded from the enrollment figures unless such schools were graded and considered a part of a regular school system. Persons receiving on-the-job training in connection with their work were not counted as enrolled in school. Persons receiving training by mail from any source other than that indicated above were not counted as enrolled in school.

Editing of 1950 Data

In 1950, as in prior censuses, persons for whom there was no report as to school enrollment are not shown separately. In general, persons 5 through 17 years of age not reporting on school enrollment were treated as enrolled, whereas those over 17 years old were considered not enrolled.

Comparability With Earlier Census Data

In 1940 the question referred to the period from March 1 to the date of the enumeration, which began on April 1. This short period of reference resulted in low enrollment rates, especially among youths who leave school early in the spring to go to work. Therefore, in 1950 it was considered advisable to increase the reference period to that between February 1 and the time of enumeration.

In 1950, for the first time in a decennial census, kindergarten enrollment was separately identified. In the 1940 Census, specific instructions were included to report kindergarten children as enrolled in school, and in earlier censuses no specific instructions were given, therefore enrollment figures for children 5 and 6 years old in earlier years undoubtedly included some children enrolled in kindergarten.

College students were enumerated in 1950 at their college residence, whereas in previous years they were generally enumerated at their parental home. This change in procedure would affect the comparability of 1950 and 1940 figures on school enrollment at college age.

YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED

Definitions

The data on years of school completed were derived from the answer to the question, "What is the highest full grade of school that he has completed?" The question was asked of persons of all ages. In the present report, these data are shown only for the population 25 years old and over, practically all of whom had completed their formal education.

Highest grade of school completed.—The question called for the highest full grade of school completed, regardless of "skipped" or "repeated" grades, rather than the number of full school years which the person had spent in school. The question on educational attainment applied only to progress in "regular" schools, as defined in the section on "School enrollment."

In the case of persons who attended a foreign school system, the instructions were to obtain the approximate equivalent grade in the American school system, or if that was too difficult to determine, the number of years the person had attended school. Persons who attended an ungraded school were treated in similar fashion to those from foreign school systems. Persons whose highest level of training was by a tutor and whose training was regarded as qualifying under the "regular" school definition were also given the approximate equivalent in the regular school system.

Median School Years Completed

The median number of school years completed is expressed in terms of a continuous series of numbers representing years completed. For example, the completion of the first year of high school is indicated by 9 and the last year of college by 16.

MARITAL STATUS AND MARRIED COUPLES

Definitions

Marital status.—In the 1950 Census, data on marital status are based on replies to the question, "Is he now married, widowed, divorced, separated, or [has he] never [been] married?" The classification refers to the status at the time of enumeration. Persons classified as "married" comprise, therefore, both those who have been married only once and those who remarried after having been widowed or divorced. Persons reported as separated or in common-law marriages are classified as married. Those with annulled marriages are classified as single.

Differences between the number of married males and the number of married females arise from spouses' having their usual residences in different areas and from errors of response and the processing methods used.

Married couple.—A married couple is defined as a husband and his wife enumerated as members of the same household or quasi household. Married couples are classified as "with own household" if the husband is head of the household. Other married couples, classified as "without own household," may be living in households as relatives of the head or as lodgers or employees, or they may be living in quasi households, such as large rooming houses or hotels.

Comparability With Earlier Census Data

The category "separated" was included in the question on marital status for the first time in 1950. Previously, the question included the categories single, married, widowed, and divorced. This change may have made the number of persons reported as divorced somewhat smaller in 1950 than it would have been under the earlier procedure.

In 1950, as in previous censuses, marital status was not reported for a small number of persons. For such persons marital status was estimated in 1950 on the basis of age and the presence of spouse or children. In 1940 such persons for whom the status was not apparent from other information on the schedule were classified as single.

HOUSEHOLD AND FAMILY

Definitions

Household.—A household includes all the persons who occupy a house, an apartment or other group of rooms, or a room that constitutes a dwelling unit. In general, a group of rooms occupied as separate living quarters is a dwelling unit if it has separate cooking equipment or if it constitutes the only living quarters in the structure. A household includes the related family members and also the unrelated persons, if any, such as lodgers, foster children, wards, or employees who share the dwelling unit. A person living alone in a dwelling unit, or a group of unrelated persons sharing a dwelling unit as partners, is counted as a household.

The count of households excludes groups of persons living as quasi households, that is, living in quarters not classified as dwelling units, for example, in houses with at least five lodgers, or in hotels, institutions, labor camps, or military barracks.

The average population per household is obtained by dividing the population in households by the number of households. It excludes persons living in quasi households.

Institutional population.—The institutional population includes those persons living as inmates in such places as homes for delinquent or dependent children, homes and schools for the mentally or physically handicapped, places providing specialized medical care, homes for the aged, prisons, and jails. Staff members and their families are not included in the institutional population.

Comparability With Other Census Data

Minor changes in the instructions for identifying dwelling units in 1950 as compared with 1940 may have affected to a slight extent the increase in households between the two dates. In general, however, the number of households in the 1950 Census may be regarded as comparable with the number of private families as shown in the Census reports for 1940.

Figures on the institutional population included patients in tuberculosis sanatoria in 1950 but not in 1940.

COUNTRY OF BIRTH

Definitions

The statistics on this subject are based on the respondent's answer to the question, "Where was he born?" The classification of the foreign born is based on international boundaries as formally recognized by the United States in April 1950. It is likely, however, that some respondents reported in terms of countries as they existed at an earlier time.

Comparability With Earlier Census Data

In 1940 the classification of the population was based on the political boundaries of January 1, 1937.

EMPLOYMENT STATUS

Definitions

Census week.—The 1950 data on employment status pertain to the calendar week preceding the enumerator's visit. This week, defined as the "census week," is not the same for all respondents, because not all persons were enumerated during the same week. The majority of the population was enumerated during the first half of April. The 1940 data refer to a fixed week for all persons, March 24 to 30, 1940, regardless of date of enumeration.

Employed.—Employed persons comprise all civilians 14 years old and over who, during the census week, were either (a) "at work"—those who did any work for pay or profit, or worked without pay for 15 hours or more on a family farm or in a family business; or (b) "with a job but not at work"—those who did not work and were not looking for work but had a job or business from which they were temporarily absent because of vacation, illness, industrial dispute, bad weather, or layoff with definite instructions to return to work within 30 days of layoff. Also included as with a job are persons who had new jobs to which they were scheduled to report within 30 days. In this report these two categories are combined and shown as "Employed."

Unemployed.—Persons 14 years old and over are classified as unemployed if they were not at work during the census week but were either looking for work or would have been looking for work except that (a) they were temporarily ill, (b) they expected to return to a job from which they had been laid off for an indefinite period, or (c) they believed no work was available in their community or in their line of work. Since no specific questions identifying persons in these last three groups were included on the

census schedule, it is likely that some were not returned by the census enumerators as unemployed. Unemployed persons are separated into new workers and experienced workers. When information on the schedule was insufficient for this distinction to be made the unemployed person was classified as an experienced worker, since the great majority of persons seeking work have had previous work experience.

Labor force.—The labor force includes all persons classified as employed or unemployed, as described above, and also members of the armed forces (persons on active duty with the United States Army, Air Force, Navy, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard). The "civilian labor force" comprises the employed and unemployed components of the labor force.

Not in labor force.—Persons not in the labor force comprise all civilians 14 years of age and over who are not classified as employed or unemployed, including persons doing only incidental unpaid family work (less than 15 hours). Persons not in the labor force are further classified in this report into the following categories:

1. *Keeping house.*—Persons primarily occupied with their own housework.

2. *Unable to work.*—Persons who cannot work because of a long-term physical or mental illness or disability. It is probable, however, that some persons were reported as "unable to work" who were only temporarily ill or who, although elderly, were not permanently disabled.

3. *Inmates of institutions.*—Persons, other than staff members and their families, living in institutions. (See definition of institutional population on page 21.) Staff members of institutions and their families are classified into employment status categories on the same basis as are persons living outside of institutions.

4. *Other and not reported.*—Persons in this general category include the following two groups which were combined for the purpose of this report:

a. Persons not in the labor force other than those keeping house, unable to work, or in institutions. This group includes students, the retired, those too old to work, seasonal workers for whom the census week fell in an "off" season, and the voluntarily idle.

b. Persons for whom information on employment status was not reported.

Basis for Classification

The employment status classification is based primarily on a series of interrelated "sorter" questions designed to identify, in this sequence: (a) Persons who worked at all during the census week; (b) those who did not work but were looking for work; and (c) those who neither worked nor looked for work but had a job or business from which they were temporarily absent. The four questions used for this purpose are described below:

1. "What was this person doing most of last week—working, keeping house, or something else?" This question was designed to classify persons according to their major activity and to identify the large number of full-time workers. Persons unable to work at all because of physical or mental disabilities were also identified at this point.

2. "Did this person do any work at all last week, not including work around the house?" This question was asked of all persons except those reported in the previous question as working or as unable to work. It was designed to identify persons working part time or intermittently in addition to their major activity.

3. "Was this person looking for work?" Asked of persons replying in the previous question that they did not work at all, this question served to obtain a count of the unemployed.

4. "Even though he didn't work last week, does he have a job or business?" Persons temporarily absent from their job or business were identified by means of this question, which was asked of persons neither working nor looking for work.

Problems in Classification

Classification of the population by employment status is always subject to error. Some of the concepts are difficult to apply in practice, but, more important for certain groups, the complete information needed is not always obtained. For example, housewives, students, and semiretired persons, who are in the labor force on only a part-time or intermittent basis, may fail to report

that they are employed or looking for work unless carefully questioned. In many cases, enumerators may assume that such persons could not be in the labor force and will omit the necessary questions. As a result, they will understate the size of the labor force and overstate the number of persons not in the labor force.

Comparability

Statistics on gainful workers.—The data on the labor force for 1940 and 1950 are not comparable with the statistics for gainful workers published for years prior to 1940. The labor force is limited to persons 14 years old and over whereas the data on gainful workers published for the Canal Zone pertain to persons 10 years old and over.

Moreover, there are differences in definition. "Gainful workers" were persons reported as having a gainful occupation, that is, an occupation in which they earned money or a money equivalent, or in which they assisted in the production of marketable goods, regardless of whether they were working or seeking work at the time of the census. A person was not considered to have had a gainful occupation if his work activity was of limited extent. In contrast, the labor force is defined on the basis of activity during the census week only and includes all persons who were employed, unemployed, or in the armed forces in that week. Certain classes of persons, such as retired workers, some inmates of institutions, recently incapacitated workers, and seasonal workers neither working nor seeking work at the time of the census, were frequently included among gainful workers, but, in general, such persons are not included in the labor force. On the other hand, the census included in the labor force for 1940 and 1950 persons seeking work without previous work experience, that is, new workers. At the time of the previous censuses, such new workers were probably for the most part not reported as gainful workers.

1940 Census data.—During the period 1940 to 1950, various changes were developed in the questionnaires and in interviewing techniques, designed to obtain a more nearly complete count of the labor force.¹ Although the changes in questionnaire design were incorporated in the 1950 Census schedules and interviewing techniques were stressed in training, the quality of the 1950 statistics does not appear to have been much improved relative to that for 1940.

Members of the armed forces living in the Canal Zone in 1940 were included among employed persons in the 1940 published figures. This approach differs from the 1950 procedure since in 1950 the employed total is limited to civilians, and the difference between the civilian and total labor force represents the armed forces.

Other data.—Because the 1950 Census employment data were obtained by household interview, they differ from statistics based on reports from individual business establishments and certain governmental units. The data based on household interviews provide information about the work status of the whole population, without duplication. Persons employed at more than one job are counted only once as employed and are classified according to the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours during the census week. Estimates based on reports from business establishments, on the other hand, count more than once persons who work for more than one establishment. Moreover, other estimates, unlike those presented here, generally exclude private household workers, unpaid family workers, and self-employed persons, and may include workers less than 14 years of age. An additional difference arises from the fact that persons with a job but not at work are included with the employed in the figures shown here, whereas only part of this group is likely to be included in employment figures based on establishment payroll reports. Further—

¹ See U. S. Bureau of the Census, *Current Population Reports*, "Labor Force, Employment, and Unemployment in the United States, 1940 to 1946," Series P-50, No. 2, September 1947.

more, the household reports include persons on the basis of their place of residence regardless of where they work, whereas establishment reports relate persons to their place of work regardless of where they live.

OCCUPATION AND CLASS OF WORKER

In the 1950 Census of Population of the Canal Zone, information on occupation and class of worker was collected for persons in the experienced civilian labor force, as well as for persons not in the labor force at the time of the 1950 Census who worked at any time in 1949. Both occupation and class of worker related to one specific job held by the person. The occupation and class-of-worker data presented in this report are limited to employed persons only. The data refer to the job which the employed person held during the census week. If he was employed at two or more jobs, the job at which he worked the greatest number of hours during the census week was reported.

Occupation

The occupation information presented here was derived from answers to the question "What kind of work did he do?"

Classification system.—The classification system used here is basically the same as that used for continental United States. The continental system was developed in consultation with many individuals, private organizations, and government agencies, and, in particular, with the Joint Committee on Occupational Classification (sponsored by the American Statistical Association and the United States Bureau of the Budget). Information on the composition of the various categories in this classification system is given in the publication, U. S. Bureau of the Census, *1950 Census of Population, Classified Index of Occupations and Industries*, Washington, D. C., 1950.

The composition of each of the major occupation groups (except the "not reported" group) is indicated in the illustrative list which follows:

Professional, technical, and kindred workers.—Includes Accountants; Actors; Airplane pilots and navigators; Architects; Artists; Athletes; Auditors; Authors; Chemists; Chiropractors; Clergymen; College presidents, professors, and instructors; Conservationists; Dancers; Dentists; Designers; Dietitians; Draftsmen; Editors; Embalmers; Entertainers; Farm management advisors; Foresters; Funeral directors; Healers; Home management advisors; Judges; Lawyers; Librarians; Musicians; Natural scientists; Nutritionists; Optometrists; Osteopaths; Personnel workers; Pharmacists; Photographers; Physicians; Professional nurses; Radio operators; Recreation workers; Religious workers; Reporters; Social scientists; Social workers; Sports instructors and officials; Student professional nurses; Surgeons; Surveyors; Teachers; Technical engineers; Therapists; Veterinarians.

Farmers and farm managers.—Includes tenant farmers and share croppers.

Managers, officials, and proprietors, except farm.—Includes Buyers; Building superintendents; Credit men; Lodge officials; Postmasters; Public administration officials; Purchasing agents; Railroad conductors; Ship officers, pilots, pursers, and engineers; Shippers of farm products; Union officials.

Clerical and kindred workers.—Includes Bank tellers; Bill and account collectors; Bookkeepers; Cashiers; Dentist's office attendants; Express agents; Express messengers; Library assistants and attendants; Mail carriers; Messengers; Office boys; Office machine operators; Physician's office attendants; Railway mail clerks; Receiving clerks; Secretaries; Shipping clerks; Station agents; Stenographers; Telegraph messengers; Telegraph operators; Telephone operators; Ticket agents; Typists.

Sales workers.—Includes Advertising agents and salesmen; Auctioneers; Demonstrators; Hucksters; Insurance agents and brokers; Newsboys; Peddlers; Real estate agents and brokers; Stock and bond salesmen.

Craftsmen, foremen, and kindred workers.—Includes Annealers; Bakers; Blacksmiths; Boilermakers; Bookbinders; Brickmasons; Cabinetmakers; Carpenters; Cement finishers; Compositors; Concrete finishers; Coppermiths; Cranemen; Derricks; Die makers; Die setters; Electricians; Electrotypers; Engravers; Excavating machinery operators; Forgers; Glaziers; Goldsmiths; Grading

machinery operators; Heat treaters; Hoistmen; Lens grinders and polishers; Lithographers; Locomotive engineers; Locomotive firemen; Log and lumber scalers and graders; Loom fixers; Machinists; Mechanics; Metal molders; Metal rollers; Metal roll hands; Millers; Millwrights; Motion picture projectionists; Opticians; Organ tuners; Painters (construction and maintenance); Paperhangers; Photoengravers; Piano tuners; Pipe fitters; Plasterers; Plate printers; Plumbers; Power linemen and servicemen; Printing pressmen; Road machinery operators; Roofers; Sheet metal workers; Shoemakers, except in factories; Silversmiths; Slaters; Stationary engineers; Stereotypers; Stone carvers; Stone cutters; Stonemasons; Structural metal workers; Tailors; Telegraph and telephone linemen and servicemen; Tile setters; Tinsmiths; Tool makers; Typesetters; Upholsterers; Watchmakers; Window dressers.

Operatives and kindred workers.—Includes Apprentices; Asbestos workers; Auto service attendants; Blasters; Boatmen; Bus conductors and drivers; Canalmen; Chauffeurs; Deck hands; Deliverymen; Dressmakers; Dry cleaning operatives; Dyers; Fruit, nut, and vegetable graders and packers; Furnacemen; Insulation workers; Laundry operatives; Meat cutters; Metal filers, grinders and polishers; Metal heaters; Milliners; Mine operatives and laborers; Motormen; Painters (except construction and maintenance); Parking lot attendants; Photographic process workers; Powdermen; Power station operators; Railroad brakemen and switchmen; Routemen; Sailors; Sawyers; Seamstresses; Smeltermen; Stationary firemen; Street railway conductors; Surveying chainmen, rodmen and axmen; Taxicab drivers; Textile spinners; Textile weavers; Tractor drivers; Truck drivers; Welders.

Private household workers.—Includes housekeepers and laundresses in private households.

Service workers, except private household.—Includes Attendants and ushers in amusement places; Bailiffs; Barbers; Bartenders; Beauticians; Boarding housekeepers; Bootblacks; Bridge tenders; Charwomen; Cooks, except in private households; Detectives; Doorkeepers; Elevator operators; Firemen (fire protection); Fountain workers; Guards; Hospital attendants; Janitors; Lodginghouse keepers; Manicurists; Marshals; Midwives; Policemen; Porters; Practical nurses; Sextons; Sheriffs; Stewards; Waiters; Watchmen.

Farm laborers and foremen.—Includes both paid and unpaid family farm laborers, and self-employed farm service laborers.

Laborers, except farm and mine.—Includes Car washers; Fishermen; Garage laborers; Groundskeepers; Longshoremen; Oystermen; Raftsmen; Stevedores; Teamsters; Woodchoppers.

Relation to DOT classification.—The Population Census occupational classification is generally comparable with the system used in the *Dictionary of Occupational Titles* (DOT).² The two systems, however, are designed to meet different needs and to be used under different circumstances. The DOT system is much more detailed than the Bureau of the Census system, and it also calls for many types of distinctions which cannot be met by Census information.

Class of Worker

The class-of-worker information, as noted above, refers to the same job as does the occupation information. The allocation of a person to a particular class-of-worker category is basically independent, however, of the occupation in which he worked. The classification by class of worker consists of four categories which are defined as follows:

1. **Private wage and salary workers.**—Persons who worked for a private employer for wages, salary, commission, tips, pay-in-kind, or at piece rates.

2. **Government workers.**—Persons who worked for any governmental unit, regardless of the activity which the particular agency carried on.

3. **Self-employed workers.**—Persons who worked for profit or fees in their own business, profession, or trade, or who operated a farm. Included here are the owner-operators of large stores and manufacturing establishments as well as small merchants, independent craftsmen, and professional men, farmers, peddlers, and other persons who conducted enterprises of their own. Persons paid to manage businesses owned by other persons or by corpora-

² See U. S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Employment Security, *Dictionary of Occupational Titles*, Second Edition, Vols. I and II, Washington, D. C., 1949.

tions, on the other hand, are classified as private wage and salary workers (or, in some few cases, as government workers).

4. *Unpaid family workers.*—Persons who worked without pay on a farm or in a business operated by a member of the household to whom they are related by blood or marriage.

The relatively small number of employed persons for whom class of worker was not reported has been included among private wage and salary workers unless there was evidence on the census schedule that they should have been classified in one of the other class-of-worker categories.

Quality of Data

The omission from the labor force of some workers (mainly youths, women, and part-time workers), as explained in the section on "Employment status," has probably resulted in some understatement in many of the occupation and class-of-worker figures. Another factor to be considered in the interpretation of these data is that enumerators sometimes returned occupation designations which were not sufficiently specific for precise allocation. One cause may have been the enumerator's carelessness or his lack of knowledge of how to describe a particular job on the census schedule. Another possible cause was lack of adequate knowledge about the worker's job on the part of the housewife or other person from whom the enumerator obtained the information. Indefinite occupation returns can frequently be assigned, however, to the appropriate category through the use of supplementary information. The basic document used in the allocation of the schedule returns of occupation to the appropriate categories of

the classification system is the publication, U. S. Bureau of the Census, *1950 Census of Population, Alphabetical Index of Occupations and Industries*, Washington, D. C., 1950.

Comparability

Earlier census data.—The occupation data shown in earlier census reports are not entirely comparable with the 1950 data presented here. One element of incomparability is the difference in defining the economically active population, as explained in the section on "Employment status." Another element of incomparability is the difference in classification systems. Although the data necessary to adjust for the classification changes are mostly unavailable, some further information can be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census. In regard to the class-of-worker data, the statistics presented in the 1940 report are basically comparable with the 1950 figures shown here; in 1940, however, "wage and salary workers" were not subdivided into private and government workers.

Other data.—The reader is urged to refer to those parts of the section on "Employment status" that deal with comparability between the 1950 Population Census, on the one hand, and the statistical series of other agencies, on the other hand. Most of the factors noted there are relevant to the occupation and class-of-worker data, and some of the differences may have particular impact upon certain of the categories. An additional problem in comparability is the fact that different classification systems are used elsewhere. (See, for example, paragraph on "Relation to DOT classification.")

Canal Zone

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GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS

Table 16.—POPULATION OF THE CANAL ZONE: 1912 TO 1950

[Minus sign (-) denotes decrease]

Census date	Popula- tion	Increase over pre- ceding census		Census date	Popula- tion	Increase over pre- ceding census	
		Number	Percent			Number	Percent
1950 (Apr. 1).....	52,822	995	1.9	1920 (Jan. 1).....	22,858	-39,952	-63.6
1940 (Apr. 1).....	51,827	12,860	31.3	1912 (Feb. 1).....	62,810		
1930 (Apr. 1).....	39,467	16,609	72.7				

Table 17.—AREA AND POPULATION OF THE CANAL ZONE, BY COURT DISTRICTS: 1930 TO 1950

[Minus sign (-) denotes decrease]

Court district	Land area in square miles, 1950	Population					
		1950		1940	1930	Percent increase	
		Total	Per square mile			1940 to 1950	1930 to 1940
Canal Zone.....	362	52,822	146	51,827	39,467	1.9	31.3
Balboa.....	222	37,738	170	31,502	22,197	19.8	41.9
Cristobal.....	140	15,084	108	20,325	17,270	-25.8	17.7

Table 18.—POPULATION OF COURT DISTRICTS OF THE CANAL ZONE, BY MINOR GEOGRAPHIC DIVISIONS: 1950 AND 1940

Court district and minor geographic division	1950	1940	Court district and minor geographic division	1950	1940	Court district and minor geographic division	1950	1940
Balboa District.....	37,738	31,502	Balboa District—Con.			Cristobal District.....	15,084	20,325
Ancon town.....	1,095	1,046	Madden Dam (rural).....	14	8	Camp Biera town.....	600	615
Arraijan (rural).....	85	101	Miraflores town.....	55	80	Coco Solito town ¹	1,303	417
Balboa town.....	4,162	3,922	North Gamboa town.....	3,074	2,353	Cristobal town.....	417	826
Balboa Heights town.....	363	374	Palo Seco Lepor Colony.....	119	145	Escobal (rural).....	95	231
Chagres (rural).....	210	170	Paraiso town.....	1,503		Escondido (rural).....	263	305
Coccol town ¹	1,244		Padro Miguel town.....	809	752	Frijoles town.....	119	62
Corozal Hospital Farm.....	472	890	Padro Miguel (rural).....	378	527	Gatun town.....	2,275	2,477
Diablo Heights town.....	1,647	451	Red Tank town.....	1,949	2,331	La Chinita (rural).....	84	84
Frijoles (rural).....	74	80	South Gamboa town.....	108	354	Margarita town ¹	907	
Gamboa Prison.....	122	56	Summit town.....	48	60	Monte Lirio (rural).....	53	245
La Boca town.....	4,235	4,035	Balance of district.....	15,055	13,095	Mount Hope town.....	73	11
Las Cascaidas (rural).....	212	278				Silver City town.....	5,725	4,583
Madden Dam town.....	15	73				Trinidad (rural).....	108	243
						Balance of district.....	2,980	10,643

¹ Established since 1940.

Table 19.—POPULATION OF TOWNS IN THE CANAL ZONE: 1950 AND 1940

Town	District	1950	1940	Town	District	1950	1940	Town	District	1950	1940
Ancon.....	Balboa.....	1,095	1,046	Frijoles.....	Cristobal.....	119	62	North Gamboa.....	Balboa.....	3,074	2,353
Balboa.....	Balboa.....	4,162	3,922	Gatun.....	Cristobal.....	2,275	2,477	Paraiso.....	Balboa.....	1,503	
Balboa Heights.....	Balboa.....	363	374	La Boca.....	Balboa.....	4,235	4,035	Padro Miguel.....	Balboa.....	809	752
Camp Biera.....	Cristobal.....	600	615	Madden Dam.....	Balboa.....	15	73	Red Tank.....	Balboa.....	1,949	2,331
Coccol ¹	Balboa.....	1,244		Margarita ¹	Cristobal.....	907		Silver City.....	Cristobal.....	5,725	4,583
Coco Solito ¹	Cristobal.....	1,303		Miraflores.....	Balboa.....	55	80	South Gamboa.....	Balboa.....	198	354
Cristobal.....	Cristobal.....	417	826	Mount Hope.....	Cristobal.....	73	11	Summit.....	Balboa.....	48	66
Diablo Heights.....	Balboa.....	1,647	451								

¹ Established since 1940.

GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS

Table 21.—AGE BY COLOR AND SEX, FOR THE CANAL ZONE, BY COURT DISTRICTS: 1950 AND 1940—Con.

Age, census year, and sex	Canal Zone			Balboa District		Cristobal District		Age, census year, and sex	Canal Zone			Balboa District		Cristobal District	
	All classes	White	Non-white	White	Non-white	White	Non-white		All classes	White	Non-white	White	Non-white	White	Non-white
1950—Con.								1940—Con.							
Males Per 100 Females								Female, all ages.....							
Total, all ages.....								14,299							
Under 5 years.....								1,232							
Under 1 year.....								219							
5 to 9 years.....								1,259							
10 to 14 years.....								1,459							
15 to 19 years.....								1,551							
20 to 24 years.....								1,377							
25 to 29 years.....								1,262							
30 to 34 years.....								1,088							
35 to 39 years.....								1,074							
40 to 44 years.....								1,065							
45 to 49 years.....								1,019							
50 to 54 years.....								859							
55 to 59 years.....								427							
60 to 64 years.....								203							
65 to 69 years.....								101							
70 to 74 years.....								55							
75 years and over.....								67							
Not reported.....								168							
Median age.....								25.7							
Percent Distribution								30.4							
Total, all ages.....								100.0							
Under 5 years.....								4.7							
Under 1 year.....								0.9							
5 to 9 years.....								5.1							
10 to 14 years.....								5.8							
15 to 19 years.....								12.3							
20 to 24 years.....								25.2							
25 to 29 years.....								11.5							
30 to 34 years.....								7.3							
35 to 39 years.....								5.9							
40 to 44 years.....								5.3							
45 to 49 years.....								5.2							
50 to 54 years.....								5.1							
55 to 59 years.....								2.8							
60 to 64 years.....								1.2							
65 to 69 years.....								0.5							
70 to 74 years.....								0.2							
75 years and over.....								0.2							
Not reported.....								1.8							
Median age.....								24.2							
Male, all ages.....								37,528							
Under 5 years.....								1,187							
Under 1 year.....								232							
5 to 9 years.....								1,374							
10 to 14 years.....								1,536							
15 to 19 years.....								4,817							
20 to 24 years.....								11,068							
25 to 29 years.....								4,718							
30 to 34 years.....								2,692							
35 to 39 years.....								1,059							
40 to 44 years.....								1,633							
45 to 49 years.....								1,690							
50 to 54 years.....								1,791							
55 to 59 years.....								1,016							
60 to 64 years.....								423							
65 to 69 years.....								141							
70 to 74 years.....								70							
75 years and over.....								56							
Not reported.....								749							
Median age.....								24.1							
Males Per 100 Females								262.5							
Total, all ages.....								458.3							
Under 5 years.....								96.3							
Under 1 year.....								122.8							
5 to 9 years.....								109.1							
10 to 14 years.....								107.7							
15 to 19 years.....								310.6							
20 to 24 years.....								847.3							
25 to 29 years.....								373.0							
30 to 34 years.....								247.4							
35 to 39 years.....								182.4							
40 to 44 years.....								149.1							
45 to 49 years.....								166.7							
50 to 54 years.....								208.5							
55 to 59 years.....								237.7							
60 to 64 years.....								208.4							
65 to 69 years.....								139.6							
70 to 74 years.....								139.6							
75 years and over.....								445.8							
Not reported.....								263.0							
Median age.....								24.9							

Table 22.—AGE BY COLOR AND SEX, FOR THE CANAL ZONE: 1930 TO 1950

Age, color, and sex	Population			Percent by age			Age, color, and sex	Population			Percent by age		
	1950	1940	1930	1950	1940	1930		1950	1940	1930	1950	1940	1930
ALL CLASSES													
Total, all ages.....	52,822	51,827	39,467	100.0	100.0	100.0							
Under 5 years.....	6,532	2,419	2,604	12.4	4.7	6.8							
5 to 9 years.....	4,968	2,633	3,018	9.4	5.1	7.8							
10 to 14 years.....	3,810	2,995	3,510	7.2	5.8	9.2							
15 to 19 years.....	4,735	6,368	3,705	9.0	12.3	9.4							
20 to 24 years.....	6,384	13,045	5,952	12.1	25.2	15.1							
25 to 29 years.....	5,656	5,980	4,149	10.7	11.5	10.5							
30 to 34 years.....	5,315	3,780	3,200	10.1	7.3	8.3							
35 to 39 years.....	4,166	3,033		7.9	5.9								
40 to 44 years.....	2,879	2,728	6,932	5.5	5.3	17.6							
45 to 49 years.....	2,309	2,718		4.4	5.2								
50 to 54 years.....	2,141	2,050	3,974	4.1	3.9	10.1							
55 to 59 years.....	1,860	1,442		3.5	2.8								
60 to 64 years.....	1,475	626	1,153	2.8	1.2	2.9							
65 to 69 years.....	686	242		1.3	0.5								
70 to 74 years.....	271	128	341	0.5	0.2	0.9							
75 years and over.....	235	123	104	0.4	0.2	0.3							
Not reported.....		917	45		1.8	0.1							
Median age.....	25.4	24.2	25.3										
Male, all ages	30,729	37,528	26,139	100.0	100.0	100.0							
Under 5 years.....	3,398	1,187	1,382	11.1	3.2	5.3							
5 to 9 years.....	2,559	1,374	1,837	8.3	3.7	7.0							
10 to 14 years.....	1,954	1,530	1,701	6.4	4.1	6.9							
15 to 19 years.....	3,275	4,817	2,284	10.7	12.8	8.7							
20 to 24 years.....	4,585	11,668	5,115	14.0	31.1	19.0							
25 to 29 years.....	3,107	4,718	3,175	10.1	12.6	12.1							
30 to 34 years.....	3,020	2,692	2,156	9.8	7.2	8.2							
35 to 39 years.....	2,841	1,959		7.6	5.2								
40 to 44 years.....	1,548	1,633	4,557	5.0	4.4	17.4							
45 to 49 years.....	1,204	1,699		3.9	4.5								
50 to 54 years.....	1,249	1,701	2,740	4.1	4.8	10.5							
55 to 59 years.....	1,195	1,016		3.9	2.7								
60 to 64 years.....	990	423	806	3.3	1.1	3.1							
65 to 69 years.....	333	141		1.1	0.4								
70 to 74 years.....	148	70	213	0.5	0.2	0.8							
75 years and over.....	108	56	52	0.4	0.1	0.2							
Not reported.....		749	31		2.0	0.1							
Median age.....	24.9	24.1	26.0										
Female, all ages	22,093	14,299	13,328	100.0	100.0	100.0							
Under 5 years.....	3,134	1,232	1,312	14.2	8.6	8.8							
5 to 9 years.....	2,409	1,259	1,731	10.9	8.8	13.4							
10 to 14 years.....	1,856	1,450	1,719	7.5	10.2	12.0							
15 to 19 years.....	1,460	1,551	1,421	6.6	10.8	10.7							
20 to 24 years.....	1,799	1,377	837	8.1	6.6	6.3							
25 to 29 years.....	2,549	1,202	974	11.5	8.8	7.3							
30 to 34 years.....	2,280	1,088	1,134	10.4	7.6	8.5							
35 to 39 years.....	1,825	1,074		8.3	7.5								
40 to 44 years.....	1,331	1,095	2,375	6.0	7.7	17.8							
45 to 49 years.....	1,105	1,010		5.0	7.1								
50 to 54 years.....	802	850	1,234	4.0	6.0	9.3							
55 to 59 years.....	665	427		3.0	3.0								
60 to 64 years.....	470	203	347	2.2	1.4	2.6							
65 to 69 years.....	263	101		1.1	0.7								
70 to 74 years.....	123	58	128	0.6	0.4	1.0							
75 years and over.....	127	67	52	0.6	0.5	0.4							
Not reported.....		168	14		1.2	0.1							
Median age.....	26.2	25.7	22.5										
WHITE													
Total, all ages.....	32,007	32,856	18,814	100.0	100.0	100.0							
Under 5 years.....	4,082	902	712	12.8	2.9	3.8							
5 to 9 years.....	2,550	890	941	8.0	2.7	5.0							
10 to 14 years.....	1,358	805	700	4.2	2.7	4.1							
15 to 19 years.....	2,903	3,017	1,547	9.4	11.9	8.2							
20 to 24 years.....	4,769	10,973	4,718	14.9	33.4	25.1							
25 to 29 years.....	4,074	4,760	3,020	12.7	14.5	16.1							
30 to 34 years.....	3,631	3,008	2,010	11.3	9.3	10.7							
35 to 39 years.....	2,710	2,250		8.5	6.8								
40 to 44 years.....	1,046	1,637	2,028	6.1	5.0	15.6							
45 to 49 years.....	1,416	1,242		4.4	3.8								
50 to 54 years.....	1,082	877	1,470	3.4	2.7	7.9							
55 to 59 years.....	658	523		2.1	1.6								
60 to 64 years.....	357	172	490	1.1	0.5	2.7							
65 to 69 years.....	176	74		0.5	0.2								
70 to 74 years.....	53	43	123	0.3	0.1	0.7							
75 years and over.....	116	53	40	0.4	0.2	0.2							
Not reported.....		530	19		1.6	0.1							
Median age.....	25.3	24.3	20.2										
Male, all ages	19,564	26,971	14,423	100.0	100.0	100.0							
Under 5 years.....	2,161	478	376	11.0	1.8	2.6							
5 to 9 years.....	1,314	477	474	6.7	1.8	3.3							
10 to 14 years.....	689	464	389	3.5	1.7	2.7							
15 to 19 years.....	2,376	3,513	1,222	12.1	13.0	8.5							
20 to 24 years.....	3,775	10,540	4,423	19.3	39.1	30.7							
25 to 29 years.....	2,276	4,067	2,564	11.6	15.2	18.0							
30 to 34 years.....	2,152	2,363	1,479	11.0	8.8	10.3							
35 to 39 years.....	1,549	1,623		7.9	6.0								
40 to 44 years.....	1,000	1,078	2,006	5.6	4.0	13.9							
45 to 49 years.....													
50 to 54 years.....													
55 to 59 years.....													
60 to 64 years.....													
65 to 69 years.....													
70 to 74 years.....													
75 years and over.....													
Not reported.....													
Median age.....	23.8	22.3	18.8										
WHITE—Con.													
Male, all ages—Con.													
45 to 49 years.....	801	821											
50 to 54 years.....	628	604	1,034										
55 to 59 years.....	378	362											
60 to 64 years.....	205	107	344										
65 to 69 years.....	83	24											
70 to 74 years.....	39	17	62										
75 years and over.....	47	14	13										
Not reported.....		384	7										
Median age.....	24.3	24.0	25.6										
Female, all ages	12,443	5,885	4,391	100.0	100.0	100.0							
Under 5 years.....	1,921	484	336	15.4	8.2	7.7							
5 to 9 years.....	1,242	413	407	10.0	7.0	10.6							
10 to 14 years.....	609	431	377	5.4	7.3	8.6							
15 to 19 years.....	617	404	325	5.0	6.9	7.4							
20 to 24 years.....	994	433	295	8.0	7.4	6.7							
25 to 29 years.....	1,708	653	432	14.4	11.1	9.8							
30 to 34 years.....	1,479	705	537	11.9	12.0	12.2							
35 to 39 years.....	1,101	622		9.3	10.6								
40 to 44 years.....	856	550	922	6.9	9.5	21.0							
45 to 49 years.....	615	421		4.9	7.2								
50 to 54 years.....	454	273	445	3.6	4.6	10.1							
55 to 59 years.....	280	161	155	2.3	2.7	8.5							
60 to 64 years.....	161	65		1.2	1.1								
65 to 69 years.....	93	50	61	0.7	0.8	1.4							
70 to 74 years.....	44	26		0.4	0.4								
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Table 23.—SCHOOL ENROLLMENT, BY AGE AND COLOR, FOR THE CANAL ZONE, BY COURT DISTRICTS: 1950 AND 1940

[Percent not shown where base is less than 100]

Age and color	1950									1940								
	Canal Zone			Balboa District			Cristobal District			Canal Zone			Balboa District			Cristobal District		
	Population	Enrolled in school		Population	Enrolled in school		Population	Enrolled in school		Population	Enrolled in school		Population	Enrolled in school		Population	Enrolled in school	
		Number	Per cent		Number	Per cent		Number	Per cent		Number	Per cent		Number	Per cent		Number	Per cent
Total, 5 to 24 years old.....	19,397	8,622	44.5	19,916	5,767	41.4	5,481	2,865	52.1	25,041	6,146	24.5	14,755	3,940	26.7	10,286	2,206	21.4
5 and 6 years.....	2,368	733	31.0	1,048	542	52.0	720	101	20.5	1,024	430	42.0	630	202	46.3	304	138	35.0
7 to 13 years.....	5,327	5,004	95.0	3,622	3,384	94.1	1,805	1,710	94.7	3,960	3,717	93.9	2,377	2,244	94.4	1,583	1,473	93.1
14 and 15 years.....	1,105	1,078	97.4	751	690	91.9	414	386	93.2	1,237	987	79.8	768	641	83.5	409	346	73.8
16 and 17 years.....	1,254	922	73.5	840	595	70.8	408	327	80.1	1,200	606	47.0	822	440	54.3	468	160	34.2
18 and 19 years.....	2,899	617	21.3	2,208	354	16.0	601	103	23.0	4,485	283	6.3	2,801	221	7.9	1,684	62	3.7
20 to 24 years.....	6,384	280	4.4	4,941	202	4.1	1,443	78	5.4	13,045	123	0.9	7,357	90	1.3	5,688	27	0.5
White, 5 to 24 years old.....	11,676	4,094	35.1	9,620	3,347	34.8	2,056	747	36.3	16,075	2,384	14.8	10,063	1,855	18.4	6,612	529	8.0
5 and 6 years.....	1,299	620	47.7	1,061	427	40.2	238	102	42.9	300	227	75.7	258	177	68.6	102	50	49.0
7 to 13 years.....	2,370	2,339	98.7	1,915	1,897	99.1	455	442	97.1	1,246	1,217	97.7	921	905	98.3	325	312	96.0
14 and 15 years.....	470	450	95.8	385	360	93.5	94	90	95.7	348	338	97.1	276	260	94.2	72	60	83.3
16 and 17 years.....	544	372	68.4	407	314	77.2	77	58	75.3	338	314	92.9	279	250	90.0	50	50	100.0
18 and 19 years.....	2,215	244	11.0	1,820	207	11.4	389	37	9.5	3,410	103	3.0	2,197	164	7.5	1,213	29	2.4
20 to 24 years.....	4,769	151	3.2	3,936	133	3.4	803	98	12.2	10,973	95	0.9	6,132	81	1.3	4,841	14	0.3
Nonwhite, 5 to 24 years old.....	7,721	4,528	58.6	4,296	2,420	56.3	3,425	2,108	61.5	8,366	3,762	45.0	4,692	2,085	44.4	3,674	1,677	45.6
5 and 6 years.....	1,060	204	19.2	587	115	19.6	432	89	18.5	664	203	30.6	372	115	30.9	202	88	30.1
7 to 13 years.....	2,957	2,765	93.5	1,907	1,487	77.9	1,360	1,268	92.5	2,714	2,500	92.1	1,460	1,330	91.8	1,258	1,161	92.3
14 and 15 years.....	686	617	89.9	300	321	107.0	320	296	92.5	889	640	73.0	402	372	92.6	307	277	89.8
16 and 17 years.....	710	550	77.5	370	281	76.1	331	260	78.5	952	202	21.2	548	187	34.1	409	105	25.7
18 and 19 years.....	684	273	39.9	382	147	38.5	302	120	40.0	1,075	90	8.4	604	57	9.4	471	38	7.9
20 to 24 years.....	1,015	129	12.7	975	69	7.1	640	60	9.4	2,072	28	1.4	1,225	15	1.2	847	13	1.5

Table 24.—YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED BY PERSONS 25 YEARS OLD AND OVER, BY COLOR AND SEX, FOR THE CANAL ZONE, BY COURT DISTRICTS: 1950

Area, color, and sex	Total, 25 years old and over	Years of school completed										Median school years completed
		None	Elementary school				High school		College		Not reported	
			1 to 4 years	5 and 6 years	7 years	8 years	1 to 3 years	4 years	1 to 3 years	4 years or more		
Canal Zone.....	26,893	537	1,936	4,429	1,106	3,717	3,288	6,063	2,479	1,923	1,415	9.9
Male.....	15,258	351	1,113	2,405	681	2,211	2,073	3,124	1,206	1,143	951	9.6
Female.....	11,635	186	823	2,024	425	1,506	1,215	2,939	1,273	780	464	10.5
White.....	16,240	53	304	575	373	1,620	2,784	5,720	2,427	1,900	534	12.4
Nonwhite.....	10,644	484	1,632	3,854	733	2,088	554	343	52	23	881	6.4
Balboa District.....	19,316	299	986	2,434	703	2,584	2,484	4,801	2,088	1,657	1,280	11.4
Male.....	10,873	176	580	1,276	446	1,562	1,562	2,435	1,004	994	838	10.9
Female.....	8,443	123	406	1,158	257	1,022	922	2,366	1,084	663	442	12.0
White.....	13,251	40	268	477	269	1,280	2,116	4,559	2,051	1,640	503	12.4
Nonwhite.....	6,065	259	718	1,957	434	1,304	368	242	37	17	777	6.7
Cristobal District.....	7,577	238	950	1,995	403	1,133	804	1,262	391	266	135	8.1
Male.....	4,385	175	533	1,120	235	640	511	680	202	149	113	8.1
Female.....	3,192	63	417	875	168	493	293	573	189	117	22	8.1
White.....	2,998	4	36	98	74	340	618	1,161	376	260	31	12.3
Nonwhite.....	4,579	234	914	1,897	329	793	186	101	15	6	104	6.1
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION												
Canal Zone.....	100.0	2.0	7.2	16.5	4.1	13.8	12.2	22.5	9.2	7.2	5.3	
Male.....	100.0	2.3	7.3	15.8	4.5	14.5	13.6	20.5	7.9	7.5	6.2	
Female.....	100.0	1.6	7.1	17.4	3.7	12.9	10.4	25.3	10.9	6.7	4.0	
White.....	100.0	0.3	1.9	3.5	2.3	10.0	16.8	35.2	14.9	11.7	3.3	
Nonwhite.....	100.0	4.6	15.3	26.2	6.9	10.0	5.2	3.2	0.5	0.2	8.3	
Balboa District.....	100.0	1.5	5.1	12.6	3.6	13.4	12.9	24.9	10.8	8.6	6.6	
Male.....	100.0	1.6	5.3	11.7	4.1	14.4	14.4	22.4	9.2	9.1	7.7	
Female.....	100.0	1.5	4.8	13.7	3.0	12.1	10.9	28.0	12.8	7.0	5.2	
White.....	100.0	0.4	2.0	3.6	2.3	6.7	16.0	34.4	15.5	12.4	3.8	
Nonwhite.....	100.0	4.1	11.8	32.3	6.7	21.4	6.1	4.0	0.6	0.3	12.8	
Cristobal District.....	100.0	3.1	12.5	26.3	5.3	15.0	10.6	16.7	5.2	3.5	1.8	
Male.....	100.0	4.0	12.2	25.7	5.4	14.8	11.7	15.7	4.6	3.4	2.6	
Female.....	100.0	2.0	13.1	27.1	5.3	15.2	9.2	18.0	5.9	3.7	0.7	
White.....	100.0	0.1	1.2	3.3	2.5	11.3	20.6	33.7	12.5	8.7	1.0	
Nonwhite.....	100.0	5.1	20.0	41.4	7.2	17.3	4.1	2.2	0.3	0.1	2.3	

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Table 25.—MARITAL STATUS, BY COLOR AND SEX, FOR THE CANAL ZONE, 1930 TO 1950, AND FOR COURT DISTRICTS, 1950

Area, census year, and color	Male							Female						
	Total, 14 years old and over	Single		Married		Widowed or divorced		Total, 14 years old and over	Single		Married		Widowed or divorced	
		Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent		Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
1950.....	23,433	10,428	44.5	12,007	51.6	908	3.9	15,162	3,301	21.8	10,808	71.9	963	6.4
White.....	15,545	7,000	45.0	7,802	50.8	503	3.2	8,711	1,209	13.9	6,064	70.0	538	6.2
Nonwhite.....	7,888	3,338	42.3	4,205	53.3	345	4.4	6,451	2,092	32.4	3,934	61.0	425	6.6
Balboa District.....	17,186	7,887	45.9	8,812	50.1	687	4.0	10,876	2,324	21.4	7,784	71.6	768	7.1
White.....	12,726	5,800	45.6	6,351	49.9	485	3.8	7,169	1,059	14.8	5,021	70.4	489	6.8
Nonwhite.....	4,460	1,997	44.8	2,261	50.7	202	4.5	3,707	1,265	34.1	2,163	58.3	279	7.5
Cristobal District.....	6,247	2,541	40.7	3,435	55.8	221	3.5	4,286	977	22.8	3,114	72.7	195	4.5
White.....	2,819	1,200	42.6	1,541	54.7	73	2.8	1,542	150	9.7	1,343	87.1	49	3.2
Nonwhite.....	3,428	1,341	39.1	1,944	56.7	148	4.2	2,744	827	30.1	1,771	64.5	146	5.8
1940.....	33,780	12,402	36.4	17,763	52.6	1,615	4.8	21,663	4,802	22.2	14,861	68.6	1,800	8.2
1930.....	21,435	11,056	51.6	10,777	50.3	602	2.8	8,827	1,762	19.9	5,574	63.1	491	5.6

¹ Includes persons whose marital status was not reported.

Table 26.—MARRIED COUPLES, HOUSEHOLDS, AND INSTITUTIONAL POPULATION, BY COLOR, FOR THE CANAL ZONE, BY COURT DISTRICTS: 1950

Area and color	Married couples				Households			Institutional population
	Total	With own household	Without own household		Number of households	Population in households	Population per household	
			Number	Percent				
ALL CLASSES								
Canal Zone.....	10,281	10,111	170	1.7	11,507	42,536	3.70	728
Balboa District.....	7,250	7,145	114	1.6	8,142	29,437	3.62	701
Cristobal District.....	3,022	2,966	56	1.9	3,365	13,099	3.89	27
WHITE								
Canal Zone.....	6,794	6,718	76	1.1	7,592	24,110	3.18	170
Balboa District.....	5,438	5,377	61	1.1	6,124	19,461	3.18	168
Cristobal District.....	1,356	1,341	15	1.1	1,468	4,649	3.17	2
NONWHITE								
Canal Zone.....	3,487	3,393	94	2.7	3,915	18,426	4.71	558
Balboa District.....	1,821	1,768	53	2.9	2,018	9,976	4.04	533
Cristobal District.....	1,666	1,625	41	2.5	1,897	8,450	4.45	25

Table 27.—PERSONS IN HOUSEHOLDS, BY RELATIONSHIP TO HEAD, COLOR, AND SEX, AND PERSONS IN QUASI HOUSEHOLDS, BY RACE AND SEX, FOR THE CANAL ZONE: 1950

Color and sex	In households									In quasi households	
	Total	Head	Wife	Child	Grandchild	Parent	Other relative	Lodger	Resident employee	Total	Head (number of quasi households)
Total.....	42,536	11,507	10,111	17,713	949	492	737	292	735	9,558	156
Percent.....	100.0	27.1	23.8	41.6	2.2	1.2	1.7	0.7	1.7	22.5	0.4
Male.....	21,102	11,019	9,728	9,072	497	61	263	211	69	8,996	126
Female.....	21,344	488	10,111	8,641	452	431	474	81	666	562	30
White.....	24,110	7,592	6,728	9,001	60	295	234	95	105	7,727	95
Nonwhite.....	18,426	3,915	3,383	8,712	889	197	503	197	630	1,831	61

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Table 28.—COUNTRY OF BIRTH, BY COLOR AND SEX, FOR THE CANAL ZONE: 1950 AND 1940

Country of birth	1950								1940							
	All classes			White		Nonwhite			All classes			White		Nonwhite		
	Total	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female		
Total	52,822	30,729	22,093	19,564	12,443	11,165	9,650	51,827	37,528	14,299	26,971	5,885	10,557	8,414		
Canal Zone.....	9,085	5,014	4,071	1,846	1,721	3,168	2,050	6,074	3,618	3,356	859	682	2,769	2,674		
Continental United States.....	24,792	16,059	8,733	15,817	8,638	242	95	29,835	25,196	4,640	25,103	4,592	92	48		
Territories and possessions of the United States.....	1,360	899	461	822	419	57	42	100	113	53	86	44	27	9		
Europe.....	541	279	262	270	251	0	11	909	677	232	666	228	11	4		
Republic of Panama.....	9,714	4,666	5,048	442	873	4,224	4,175	6,084	3,493	3,191	80	220	3,413	2,971		
Other Central America and Mexico.....	836	397	439	120	285	277	204	885	225	100	25	38	200	122		
South America.....	788	428	358	98	188	380	220	6,343	3,732	2,611	20	27	3,712	2,584		
British West Indies.....	4,551	2,061	1,890	20	41	2,641	1,849	1	07	05	7	1	88	1		
Other West Indies.....	287	157	130	29	20	139	101	434	380	54	125	53	265	1		
Asia.....	82	75	7	16	6	69	1									
All other and not reported.....	188	94	94	75	92	19	2									

Table 29.—EMPLOYMENT STATUS, BY COLOR AND SEX, FOR THE CANAL ZONE, BY COURT DISTRICTS: 1950

[Percent not shown where less than 0.1]

Employment status and color	Canal Zone			Balboa District			Cristobal District		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
All Classes									
Total population (all ages).....	52,822	30,729	22,093	37,738	22,170	15,568	15,084	8,559	6,525
Persons 14 years old and over.....	38,595	23,433	15,162	28,062	17,186	10,876	10,533	6,247	4,286
Labor force.....	24,900	20,788	4,112	18,491	15,213	3,278	6,409	5,575	884
Civilian labor force.....	15,255	11,302	3,953	10,676	7,543	3,133	4,579	3,759	820
Employed.....	14,458	10,894	3,564	10,239	7,314	2,925	4,219	3,580	639
Unemployed.....	797	408	389	437	229	208	360	179	181
Experienced workers.....	664	300	204	364	185	166	210	112	98
New workers.....	233	108	125	83	41	42	150	67	83
Not in labor force.....	13,695	2,045	11,060	9,571	1,973	7,598	4,124	672	3,452
Keeping house.....	9,098	20	9,078	6,188	10	6,178	2,907	10	2,897
Unable to work.....	227	96	131	160	65	95	67	31	36
Inmates of institutions.....	717	535	182	690	182	27	27	27	---
Other and not reported.....	3,658	1,994	1,664	2,635	1,390	1,145	1,123	604	519
White									
Total population (all ages).....	32,007	19,564	12,443	26,090	15,913	10,177	5,917	3,651	2,266
Persons 14 years old and over.....	24,256	15,545	8,711	19,895	12,726	7,169	4,361	2,819	1,542
Labor force.....	16,634	14,381	2,253	13,734	11,720	2,014	2,900	2,661	239
Civilian labor force.....	7,152	5,052	2,100	6,005	4,130	1,875	1,147	922	225
Employed.....	7,002	4,989	2,013	5,882	4,082	1,800	1,120	907	213
Unemployed.....	150	63	87	123	48	75	27	15	12
Experienced workers.....	132	55	77	112	43	69	20	12	8
New workers.....	18	8	10	11	5	6	7	3	4
Not in labor force.....	7,022	1,104	6,458	6,101	1,000	5,155	1,461	158	1,303
Keeping house.....	5,938	7	5,631	4,445	6	4,439	1,193	1	1,192
Unable to work.....	88	44	44	80	38	42	8	6	2
Inmates of institutions.....	164	141	23	162	139	23	2	2	---
Other and not reported.....	1,732	972	760	1,474	823	651	258	149	109
Nonwhite									
Total population (all ages).....	20,815	11,165	9,650	11,648	6,257	5,391	9,167	4,908	4,259
Persons 14 years old and over.....	14,339	7,883	6,451	8,167	4,460	3,707	6,172	3,428	2,744
Labor force.....	8,266	6,407	1,859	4,757	3,493	1,264	3,600	2,914	595
Civilian labor force.....	8,103	6,250	1,853	4,671	3,413	1,258	3,432	2,837	595
Employed.....	7,466	5,905	1,561	4,367	3,232	1,126	3,099	2,873	426
Unemployed.....	647	345	302	314	181	133	333	164	169
Experienced workers.....	432	245	187	242	145	97	190	100	90
New workers.....	215	100	115	72	36	36	143	64	79
Not in labor force.....	0,073	1,451	4,592	3,410	967	2,443	2,663	514	2,149
Keeping house.....	3,455	13	3,442	1,741	4	1,737	1,714	9	1,705
Unable to work.....	139	52	87	80	27	53	59	25	34
Inmates of institutions.....	553	394	159	528	369	159	25	25	---
Other and not reported.....	1,920	1,022	904	1,061	567	494	865	455	410

CANAL ZONE

Table 29.—EMPLOYMENT STATUS, BY COLOR AND SEX, FOR THE CANAL ZONE, BY COURT DISTRICTS: 1950—Con.

Employment status and color	Canal Zone			Balboa District			Cristobal District		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION									
All Classes									
Persons 14 years old and over.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Labor force.....	64.5	88.7	27.1	65.9	88.5	30.1	60.8	89.2	19.5
Civilian labor force.....	39.5	48.2	26.1	38.0	43.9	28.8	43.5	60.2	19.1
Employed.....	37.5	40.5	23.5	36.5	42.0	20.9	40.1	57.5	14.9
Unemployed.....	2.1	1.7	2.6	1.5	1.3	1.9	3.4	2.9	4.2
Not in labor force.....	35.5	11.3	72.9	34.1	11.5	69.9	39.2	10.8	80.5
Keeping house.....	23.6	0.1	59.8	22.0	0.1	56.8	27.6	0.2	67.6
Unable to work.....	0.0	0.4	0.9	0.0	0.4	0.9	0.6	0.5	0.8
Inmates of institutions.....	1.9	2.3	1.2	2.5	3.0	1.7	0.3	0.4	-----
Other and not reported.....	0.5	8.5	11.0	9.0	8.1	10.5	10.7	9.7	12.1
Civilian labor force.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Employed.....	94.8	96.4	90.2	95.9	97.0	93.4	92.1	95.2	77.9
Unemployed.....	5.2	3.6	9.8	4.1	3.0	6.6	7.9	4.8	22.1
Experienced workers.....	3.7	2.7	6.7	3.3	2.5	5.3	4.6	3.0	12.0
New workers.....	1.5	1.0	3.2	0.8	0.5	1.3	3.3	1.8	10.1
White									
Persons 14 years old and over.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Labor force.....	68.6	92.5	25.9	69.0	92.1	28.1	60.5	94.4	15.5
Civilian labor force.....	20.5	32.5	24.1	20.2	32.5	20.2	20.3	32.7	14.6
Employed.....	28.9	32.1	23.1	29.6	32.1	25.1	25.7	32.2	13.8
Unemployed.....	0.6	0.4	1.0	0.6	0.4	1.0	0.6	0.5	0.8
Not in labor force.....	31.4	7.5	74.1	31.0	7.9	71.9	33.5	5.6	84.5
Keeping house.....	23.2	-----	64.6	22.3	-----	61.9	27.4	-----	77.3
Unable to work.....	0.4	0.3	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.6	0.2	0.2	0.1
Inmates of institutions.....	0.7	0.9	0.3	0.8	1.1	0.3	-----	0.1	-----
Other and not reported.....	7.1	6.3	8.7	7.4	6.5	9.1	5.9	5.3	7.1
Civilian labor force.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Employed.....	97.9	98.8	95.9	98.0	98.8	96.0	97.6	98.4	94.7
Unemployed.....	2.1	1.2	4.1	2.0	1.2	4.0	2.4	1.6	5.3
Experienced workers.....	1.8	1.1	3.7	1.9	1.0	3.7	1.7	1.3	3.6
New workers.....	0.3	0.2	0.5	0.2	0.1	0.3	0.6	0.3	1.8
Nonwhite									
Persons 14 years old and over.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Labor force.....	57.6	81.2	28.8	58.2	78.3	34.1	58.9	85.0	21.7
Civilian labor force.....	56.5	79.2	28.7	57.2	76.5	33.9	55.6	82.8	21.7
Employed.....	52.0	74.9	24.0	53.3	72.5	30.3	50.2	78.0	15.5
Unemployed.....	4.5	4.4	4.7	3.8	4.1	3.6	5.4	4.8	6.2
Not in labor force.....	42.4	18.8	71.2	41.8	21.7	65.9	43.1	15.0	78.3
Keeping house.....	24.1	0.2	63.4	21.3	0.1	46.0	27.8	0.3	62.1
Unable to work.....	1.0	0.7	1.3	1.0	0.6	1.4	1.0	0.7	1.2
Inmates of institutions.....	3.9	5.0	2.5	6.5	8.3	4.3	0.4	0.7	-----
Other and not reported.....	13.4	13.0	14.0	13.0	12.7	13.3	14.0	13.3	14.9
Civilian labor force.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Employed.....	92.0	94.5	83.7	93.3	94.7	80.4	90.3	94.2	71.6
Unemployed.....	8.0	5.5	16.3	6.7	5.3	19.6	9.7	5.8	28.4
Experienced workers.....	5.3	3.9	10.1	5.2	4.2	7.7	5.5	3.5	15.1
New workers.....	2.7	1.6	6.2	1.5	1.1	2.9	4.2	2.3	13.3

Table 30.—LABOR FORCE, BY COLOR AND SEX, FOR THE CANAL ZONE: 1950 AND 1940

Census year and color	Total					Male					Female				
	Population		Persons in the labor force, 14 years old and over			Population		Persons in the labor force, 14 years old and over			Population		Persons in the labor force, 14 years old and over		
	Total (all ages)	14 years old and over	Number	Percent of total population	Percent of population 14 years old and over	Total (all ages)	14 years old and over	Number	Percent of total population	Percent of population 14 years old and over	Total (all ages)	14 years old and over	Number	Percent of total population	Percent of population 14 years old and over
ALL CLASSES															
1950.....	52,822	38,695	24,000	47.1	64.5	30,729	23,433	20,788	67.6	88.7	22,093	15,162	4,112	18.6	27.1
1940.....	51,827	44,424	33,795	65.2	76.1	37,528	33,780	31,605	84.2	93.6	14,269	10,644	2,190	15.3	20.6
WHITE															
1950.....	32,007	24,256	16,634	52.0	68.0	19,564	15,545	14,381	73.5	92.5	12,443	8,711	2,253	18.1	25.9
1940.....	32,856	30,288	25,625	78.0	84.0	26,971	25,660	24,769	91.8	96.5	5,885	4,628	856	14.5	18.5
NONWHITE															
1950.....	20,815	14,339	8,266	39.7	57.6	11,165	7,888	6,407	57.4	81.2	9,650	6,451	1,859	19.3	28.8
1940.....	18,071	14,186	8,170	43.1	57.8	10,557	8,120	6,836	64.8	84.2	8,414	6,016	1,334	15.9	22.2

Guam

INTRODUCTION

This report includes statistics on the basic characteristics of the population including age, sex, race, nativity, country of birth, school enrollment, years of school completed, marital status, work in 1949, occupation, and industry for Guam.

The amount of detail presented in this bulletin is generally greater for the possession as a whole than for places within it, and data for earlier censuses on the subjects treated have been included for Guam only.

ARRANGEMENT OF TABLES

The tables presented here are numbered consecutively beginning with table 33. Tables 33 to 35 published as tables 8 to 10 in the Series P-A report "Number of Inhabitants for American Samoa,

Canal Zone, Guam, and the Virgin Islands of the United States" are repeated here.

Data for Guam are shown in detail by race, and data for earlier censuses are shown where comparable. Less detail is shown for municipalities.

AVAILABILITY OF UNPUBLISHED DATA

This bulletin presents practically all the statistics tabulated for Guam. Unpublished statistics can be made available, upon request, for the cost of transcription or tabulation, or consolidation. Requests for such unpublished statistics, addressed to the Director, Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C., will receive a prompt reply, which will include an estimate of the cost of preparing the data.

POPULATION TRENDS

Population of Guam.—The population of Guam on April 1, 1950, according to the 1950 Census, was 59,498 (table 33). The total land area of Guam is 203 square miles. In 1950 the average number of inhabitants per square mile was 293 as compared with an average of 110 in 1940.

The Island of Guam was ceded by Spain to the United States under the terms of the Treaty of Paris, signed December 10, 1898, and ratified in April 1899. Local censuses of population were taken by the naval governors in 1901 and 1910. In 1920, 1930, and 1940, the population of the island was enumerated in conjunction with the regular decennial censuses of the United States, the field work being done under the supervision of the naval governor in accordance with plans prescribed by the Director of the Census. Although the formal transfer of the administration of Guam from the Navy to the Department of the Interior did not take place until August 1, 1950, Carlton Skinner, the first civilian Governor of Guam, had been appointed before April 1950 and was in charge of taking the 1950 Census of Guam.

Municipalities.—Guam is divided into 15 municipalities, which are the principal administrative units of the island. Table 34 shows the population in 1950 and 1940 of these municipalities. Because of extensive redistricting between 1930 and 1940, however, it is impossible to show all comparative figures for 1930.

Cities and villages.—Table 35 shows the 1950 population of Agana city and the villages in Guam. In this table the places are arranged in alphabetical order, each followed by the name of the municipality in which it is located. In 1940 the municipalities of Guam were divided into towns and barrios, with the exception of Agana municipality, which was coextensive with Agana city. During World War II, most of the towns and villages (including Agana city) were either totally destroyed or severely damaged. In the reconstruction process, many of the communities were relocated and the division of municipalities into barrios was abandoned. As a result of all these changes, table 10 has been limited to 1950 data only.

DEFINITIONS AND EXPLANATIONS

The definitions of the major concepts used in the 1950 Census are given below. Several of these definitions differ from those used in 1940. These changes were made after consultation with users of census data in order to improve the statistics, even though it was recognized that comparability would be adversely affected.

USUAL PLACE OF RESIDENCE

In accordance with usual Census practice, each person enumerated in the 1950 Census was counted as an inhabitant of his usual place of residence or usual place of abode, which is generally construed to mean the place where he lives and sleeps most of the time. This place is not necessarily the same as his legal residence or domicile, although in the vast majority of cases these different bases of classification would be identical.

In the application of this rule, persons were not always counted as residents of the places in which they happened to be found by the census enumerators. Visitors found staying in private homes were not ordinarily interviewed there. Information on persons away from their usual place of residence was obtained from other members of their families, landlords, etc. If an entire family was expected to be away during the whole period of the enumeration, information on it was obtained from neighbors. A matching process was used to eliminate duplicate reports for persons who reported for themselves while away and were also reported by their families at home.

Persons in the armed forces quartered on military installations were enumerated as residents of the area in which their installations were located. Members of their families were enumerated where they actually resided. In the 1950 Census, college students

living away from home were considered residents of the communities in which they were residing while attending college, rather than as persons temporarily absent from their parental homes as was the practice in 1940. In 1950 the crews of vessels of the American Merchant Marine were counted as part of the population of the ports in which their vessels were berthed on April 1, 1950. In 1940 such persons were treated as part of the population of the port from which the vessel operated. Inmates of institutions, who ordinarily live there for long periods of time, were counted as inhabitants of the place in which the institution was located; whereas patients in general hospitals, who ordinarily have short stays, were counted at, or allocated to, their homes. All persons without a usual place of residence were counted where they were enumerated.

DATA FOR SMALL AREAS

Users of data for the smaller areas should bear in mind that the data for such areas represent the work of a very small number of enumerators (often only one or two). The misinterpretation by an enumerator of the instructions for a particular item may, therefore, have an appreciable effect in the statistics for a very small community, even though it would have a negligible effect upon the figures for the possession as a whole.

MEDIANS

The median, a type of average, is presented in connection with the data on age, and years of school completed. The median is the value which divides the distribution into two equal parts—one-half of the cases falling below this value and one-half of the cases exceeding this value.

RACE AND COLOR

Definitions

The concept of race as it has been used by the Bureau of the Census is derived from that which is commonly accepted by the general public. It does not, therefore, reflect clear-cut definitions of biological stock, and several categories obviously refer to nationalities.

Race.—The population of Guam is classified according to race into white, Chamorro, Filipino, Chinese, and other races.

White.—This classification is used to designate members of the Caucasian race.

Chamorro.—In addition to full-blooded Chamorros, persons of mixed Chamorro and other blood (white or nonwhite) are classified as Chamorro.

Other races.—The group designated as "Other races" consists of Japanese, Koreans, Negroes, and other nonwhite races, not classifiable in the "Chamorro" category.

AGE

Definitions

The age classification is based on the age of the person at his last birthday as of the date of his enumeration, that is, the age of the person in completed years. The enumerator was instructed to obtain the age of each person as of the date of his visit rather than as of April 1, 1950. In most cases the age reported would have been the same on either basis.

Assignment of Unknown Ages

When the age of a person was not reported, it was estimated on the basis of other available information such as marital status, school attendance, employment status, age of other members of the household, and type of household. This method of assigning unknown ages on the basis of related information was used for the first time in the 1950 Census of the Territories and possessions. In previous censuses, persons of unknown age were shown in a separate category.

NATIVITY

The population is classified according to two basic groups, native and foreign born. A person born in the United States or in any of its Territories or possessions is counted as native. Also included as native is the small group of persons, who although born in a foreign country or at sea, were American citizens by birth because their parents were American citizens. Since the Republic of the Philippines was established as an independent country in 1946, persons born in the Philippine Islands were classified as foreign born in the 1950 Census whereas in earlier censuses such persons had been classified as native. The small number of persons for whom place of birth was not reported were assumed to be native.

CITIZENSHIP

The classification of the population by citizenship embraces three major categories, citizens, nationals, and aliens. Citizens are subdivided into native and naturalized. All persons born in the United States, or one of its Territories or possessions other than Guam or American Samoa, are citizens by birth. Natives of Guam and American Samoa, at the time of the 1950 Census, were considered United States nationals and became citizens only when naturalized. In addition to the citizen, national, and alien categories, there is a fourth group, made up of foreign-born persons for whom no report on citizenship was obtained. Since it is likely that most of these persons are aliens, they are often included with "alien" in summary figures for total aliens. Data on citizenship are shown here for the total population and for the population 21 years old and over.

SCHOOL ENROLLMENT

Definitions

The data on school enrollment were derived from answers to the question, "Has he attended school at any time since February 1?" This question was asked of persons 5 to 24 years of age.

"Regular" schools.—In the instructions to the enumerators, enrollment was restricted to enrollment in "regular" schools only. Such schools are public, private, or parochial schools, colleges, universities, or professional schools, either day or night, that is, those schools where enrollment leads to an elementary or high school diploma, or to a college, university, or professional school degree. Enrollment could be full or part time.

If a person was enrolled in such a school subsequent to February 1, 1950, he was classified as enrolled even if he had not actually attended school since that date. For example, he may not have attended because of illness.

If a person was receiving regular instruction at home from a tutor, and if the instruction was considered comparable to that of a regular school or college, the person was counted as enrolled. Enrollment in a correspondence course was counted only if the course was given by a regular school, such as a university, and the person received credit thereby in the regular school system.

Primer class.—Children enrolled in pre-primer or primer classes were reported separately in 1950, and were not counted as enrolled in school.

Schools excluded.—Persons enrolled in vocational, trade, or business school were excluded from the enrollment figures unless such schools were graded and considered a part of a regular school system. Persons receiving on-the-job training in connection with their work were not counted as enrolled in school. Persons receiving training by mail from any source other than that indicated above were not counted as enrolled in school.

Editing of 1950 Data

In 1950, as in prior censuses, persons for whom there was no report as to school enrollment are not shown separately. In general, persons 5 through 17 years of age not reporting on school enrollment were treated as enrolled, whereas those over 17 years old were considered not enrolled.

Comparability With Earlier Census Data

In 1940 the question referred to the period from March 1 to the date of the enumeration, which began on April 1. In order to insure more complete comparability among areas in 1950, it was considered advisable to increase the reference period to that between February 1 and the time of enumeration.

College students were enumerated in 1950 at their college residence, whereas in previous years they were generally enumerated at their parental home. This change in procedure affected the comparability of 1950 and 1940 figures on school enrollment at college age. Most Guamanians in courses of higher education are enrolled either during the summer on Guam or during the regular academic year outside of Guam.

YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED

Definitions

The data on years of school completed were derived from answers to the question, "What is the highest full grade of school that he has completed?" The question was asked of persons of all ages. In the present report, these data are shown only for the population 25 years old and over, practically all of whom had completed their formal education.

Highest grade of school completed.—The question called for the highest full grade of school completed, regardless of "skipped" or "repeated" grades, rather than the number of full school years which the person had spent in school. The question on educational attainment applied only to progress in "regular" schools, as defined in the section on "School enrollment."

In the case of persons whose highest grade completed was in a foreign school system, the instructions were to obtain the approximate equivalent grade in the American school system, or if that was too difficult to determine, the number of years the person had attended school. Persons who attended an ungraded school were treated in similar fashion to those from foreign school systems. Persons whose highest level of training was by a tutor and whose training was regarded as qualifying under the "regular" school definition were also given the approximate equivalent in the regular school system.

Median School Years Completed

The median number of school years completed is expressed in terms of a continuous series of numbers representing years completed. For example, the completion of the first year of high school is indicated by 9 and the last year of college by 16.

MARITAL STATUS AND MARRIED COUPLES

Definitions

Marital status.—In the 1950 census, data on marital status are based on replies to the question, "Is he now married, widowed, divorced, separated, or [has he] never [been] married?" The classification refers to the status at the time of enumeration. Persons classified as "married" comprise, therefore, both those who have been married only once and those who remarried after having been widowed or divorced. Persons reported as separated or in common-law marriages are classified as married. Those with annulled marriages are classified as single.

Differences between the number of married males and the number of married females arise from spouses' having their usual residences in different areas and from errors of response and the processing methods used.

Married couple.—A married couple is defined as a husband and his wife enumerated as members of the same household or quasi household. Married couples are classified as "with own household" if the husband is head of the household. Other married couples, classified as "without own household," may be living in households as relatives of the head or as lodgers or employees, or

they may be living in quasi households, such as large rooming houses or hotels.

Comparability With Earlier Census Data

The category "separated" was included in the question on marital status for the first time in 1950. Previously, the question included the categories, single, married, widowed, and divorced. This change may have made the number of persons reported as divorced somewhat smaller in 1950 than it would have been under the earlier procedure.

In 1950, as in previous censuses, marital status was not reported for a small number of persons. For such persons marital status was estimated in 1950 on the basis of age and the presence of spouse or children. In 1940 such persons for whom the status was not apparent from other information on the schedule were classified as single.

HOUSEHOLD AND FAMILY

Definitions

Household.—A household includes all the persons who occupy a house, an apartment or other group of rooms, or a room that constitutes a dwelling unit. In general, a group of rooms occupied as separate living quarters is a dwelling unit if it has separate cooking equipment or if it constitutes the only living quarters in the structure. A household includes the related family members and also the unrelated persons, if any, such as lodgers, foster children, wards, or employees who share the dwelling unit. A person living alone in a dwelling unit, or a group of unrelated persons sharing a dwelling unit as partners, is counted as a household.

The count of households excludes groups of persons living as quasi households, that is, living in quarters not classified as dwelling units, for example, in houses with at least five lodgers, or in hotels, institutions, labor camps, or military barracks.

The average population per household is obtained by dividing the population in households by the number of households. It excludes persons living in quasi households.

Institutional population.—The institutional population includes those persons living as inmates in such places as homes for delinquent or dependent children, homes and schools for the mentally or physically handicapped, places providing specialized medical care, homes for the aged, prisons, and jails. Staff members and their families are not included in the institutional population.

Comparability With Other Census Data

Minor changes in the instructions for identifying dwelling units in 1950 as compared with 1940 may have affected to a slight extent the increase in households between the two dates. In general, however, the number of households in the 1950 Census may be regarded as comparable with the number of private families as shown in the Census reports for 1940.

Figures on the institutional population included patients in tuberculosis sanitarium in 1950 but not in 1940.

COUNTRY OF BIRTH

Definition

The statistics on this subject are based on the respondent's answer to the question, "Where was he born?" The classification of the foreign born is based on international boundaries as formally recognized by the United States in April 1950. It is likely, however, that some respondents reported in terms of countries as they existed at an earlier time.

Comparability With Earlier Census Data

In 1940 the classification of the population was based on the political boundaries of January 1, 1937.

WORK IN 1949

Definitions

Persons 14 years old and over were classified into three groups on the basis of answers to the question, "Last year (1949) did this person do any work at all, not counting work around the house?"

1. *Worked as civilians in 1949.*—Persons are included in this group if they did any work as civilians for pay or profit or worked without pay on a family farm or in a family business during the year 1949, whether on a full-time or part-time basis.

2. *In armed forces in 1949.*—This group comprises persons on active duty with the United States Army, Air Force, Navy, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard during 1949.

3. *Other.*—All other persons 14 years old and over were classified in this category, including persons for whom information on work activity in 1949 was not obtained. The group of persons reporting they did not work at all in 1949 consisted primarily of those keeping house, students, the retired, those unable to work because of a long-term physical or mental illness or disability, and inmates of institutions.

The number of persons who worked as civilians in 1949 may be understated because there is some tendency for respondents to forget intermittent or short periods of employment. Persons who worked as a civilian and were also in the armed forces in 1949 were classified on the basis of their last work in 1949.

Comparability With Earlier Census Data

The data on work activity in 1949 are not comparable with the statistics for gainful workers published for prior census years. The current statistics on work in 1949 are limited to persons 14 years old and over, whereas the data on gainful workers published for Guam pertain to persons 10 years old and over. Moreover, "gainful workers" were persons reported as customarily having a gainful occupation, that is, an occupation in which they earned money or a money equivalent, or in which they assisted in the production of marketable goods, without delineation of a specific time period. The 1950 Census data refer to activity during 1949.

OCCUPATION, INDUSTRY, AND CLASS OF WORKER

This report presents information on occupation, industry, and class of worker collected in the 1950 Census of Population of Guam for persons who worked in 1949. All three items relate to the last job held by the person. Persons in the armed forces in 1949 have been excluded from the data on occupation, industry, and class of worker.

The classification systems used for the occupation and industry data for Guam in the 1950 Census of Population are the same as those used for continental United States, and are described below. These systems were developed in consultation with many individuals, private organizations, and government agencies, and, in particular, with the Joint Committee on Occupational Classification (sponsored by the American Statistical Association and the United States Bureau of the Budget). Information on the composition of the various categories in the classification systems is given in the publication, U. S. Bureau of the Census, *1950 Census of Population, Classified Index of Occupations and Industries*, Washington, D. C., 1950.

Occupation

The occupation information presented here was derived from answers to the question, "What kind of work did he do?"

Classification system.—The occupational classification system developed for the 1950 Census of Population consists of 469 items, 270 of which are specific occupation categories; the remainder are subgroupings (mainly on the basis of industry) of 13 of the occupation groups, which form the basis on which certain of the occupation data for Guam are presented in this report. Since many of the kinds of work done in continental United States are performed not at all in Guam, or are performed by such small numbers of persons that separate statistics on these occupations

are not very useful, the most detailed occupation list presented in this report (table 46) is limited to 73 items. These items represent selections and combinations of the 469 detailed items.

Relation to DOT classification.—The Population Census occupational classification is generally comparable with the system used in the *Dictionary of Occupational Titles* (DOT).¹ The two systems, however, are designed to meet different needs and to be used under different circumstances. The DOT system is much more detailed than the Bureau of the Census system, and it also calls for many types of distinctions which cannot be met by Census information.

Industry

The industry information presented here was derived from answers to the question, "In what kind of business or industry did he work?"

Classification system.—The industrial classification system developed for the 1950 Census of Population consists of 148 categories, classified into 13 major industry groups. Since many of the industries in continental United States do not exist in Guam, or employ so few persons that separate statistics for those industries are not useful, the most detailed industry list presented in this report (table 47) is limited to 49 industry groups. These groups represent selections and combinations of the 148 industry categories.

The following list shows the 13 major industry groups and the 49 condensed industry groups. For each group whose title may not adequately indicate the inclusion of certain important components, a listing of such selected components is given. The numbers in parentheses shown in this list after each of the group titles are code designations of the Standard Industrial Classification; see paragraph below on "Relation to Standard Industrial Classification."²

- Agriculture, Forestry, and Fisheries* (01, 07 except 0713, 08, 09)
 1. Agriculture (01, 07 except 0713)
 2. Forestry and fisheries (08, 09)
 3. Mining (10-14). Includes quarrying, and crude petroleum and natural gas extraction.
 4. Construction (15-17)
- Manufacturing* (0713, 19-39)
 - Durable goods (19, 24, 25, 32-39)
 5. Furniture, and lumber and wood products (24, 25)
 6. Metal industries (19 except 194, 33, 34)
 7. Machinery (35, 36)
 8. Transportation equipment (37)
 9. Other durable goods (194, 32, 38, 39). Includes stone, clay, and glass products; professional and photographic equipment, and watches; and miscellaneous manufacturing industries.
 - Nondurable goods (0713, 20-23, 26-31)
 10. Food and kindred products (0713, 20)
 11. Printing and publishing (27)
 12. Other nondurable goods (21-23, 26, 28-31). Includes tobacco manufactures; textile mill products; apparel and other fabricated textile products; paper and allied products; chemicals and allied products; petroleum refining; footwear; leather; and petroleum, coal, rubber, and leather products.
- 13. Not specified manufacturing industries³
 - Transportation, Communication, and Other Public Utilities* (40-49)
 - Transportation (40-47)
 14. Trucking service and warehousing (42)
 15. Taxicab service (433)
 16. Water transportation (44)
 17. Air transportation (45)

¹ See U. S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Employment Security, *Dictionary of Occupational Titles*, Second Edition, Vols. I and II, Washington, D. C., 1949.

² See Executive Office of the President, Bureau of the Budget, *Standard Industrial Classification Manual*, Vol. I, *Manufacturing Industries*, Part 1 (November 1945 edition); and Vol. II, *Nonmanufacturing Industries* (May 1949 edition).

³ In the Population Census system, separate "not specified" categories were set up within certain groups to take care of schedule returns which were not sufficiently precise for allocation to a specific category within the group.

- Transportation, Communication, and Other Public Utilities* (40-49)—Con.
- Transportation* (40-47)—Con.
18. Other transportation (40, 41, 43 except 433, 46, 47). Includes railroads; street railways and bus lines; petroleum and gasoline pipe lines; and services incidental to transportation.
 19. Telecommunications (48). Includes telephone and telegraph, both wire and radio.
 - Utilities and sanitary services (49)
 20. Electric light and power (491)
 21. Water supply (494)
 22. Sanitary services (495)
 23. Other and not specified utilities³ (492, 493, 496, 497)
- Wholesale and Retail Trade* (50-59)
24. Wholesale trade (50, 51)
 - Retail trade (52-59)
 25. Food and dairy products stores, and milk retailing (54)
 26. General merchandise stores and five and ten cent stores (53)
 27. Apparel and accessories stores (56)
 28. Motor vehicles and accessories retailing (55 except 554)
 29. Gasoline service stations (554)
 30. Eating and drinking places (58)
 31. Other retail trade (52, 57, 59)
 32. Not specified retail stores³
- Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate* (60-67). Includes banks, credit agencies, and investment companies.
- Business and Repair Services* (73, 75, 76)
34. Business services (73). Includes advertising, accounting, auditing, and bookkeeping services.
 35. Automobile repair services and garages (75)
 36. Miscellaneous repair services (76)
- Personal Services* (70, 72, 88)
37. Private households (88)
 38. Hotels and lodging places (70)
 39. Laundering, cleaning, and dyeing services (721, 722, 7271,⁴ 7272)
 40. Miscellaneous personal services (723, 724, 725, 726, 7271,⁴ 729)
- Entertainment and Recreation Services* (77-79). Includes radio broadcasting, television, theaters, motion pictures, bowling alleys, and billiard parlors.
- Professional and Related Services* (80-82, 84, 86, 89)
42. Medical and other health services, except hospitals (80 except 806)
 43. Hospitals (806)
 44. Educational services (82, 84)
 45. Welfare, religious, and membership organizations (86)
 46. Legal, engineering, and miscellaneous professional services (81, 89)
- Public Administration* (90)⁵
47. Postal service
 48. Public administration, except postal service
 49. *Industry Not Reported* (99)

Relation to Standard Industrial Classification.—The list presented in the preceding paragraph shows for each Population Census group the code designation of the similar group or groups in the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC). This relationship is presented here for general information purposes only and does not imply complete comparability. The SIC, which was developed under the sponsorship of the United States Bureau of the Budget, is designed for the classification of industry reports from establishments. These reports are, by their nature and degree of detail, considerably different from reports obtained from household enumerations such as the Population Census. As a result, many distinctions called for in the SIC cannot be observed in the Population Census. Furthermore, the needs which the Population Census data are designed to meet frequently differ from the needs which the establishment data meet. Perhaps the most basic difference between the two systems is in the allocation of government workers. The SIC classifies all government

agencies in a single major group, whereas the Population Census industrial classification system allocates them among the various groups according to type of activity, as explained in the next paragraph.

Definition of "Public administration."—The major group "Public administration" includes only those activities which are uniquely governmental functions, such as legislative and judicial activities and most of the activities in the executive agencies. Government agencies engaged in educational and medical services and in activities commonly carried on also by private enterprises, such as transportation and manufacturing, are classified in the appropriate industrial category. For example, persons employed by a hospital are classified in the "hospitals" category, regardless of whether they are paid from private or public funds. The total number of government workers appears here in the data on class of worker.

Relation to certain occupation groups.—In the Population Census classification systems, the industry category "Agriculture" is somewhat more inclusive than the total of the two major occupation groups, "Farmers and farm managers" and "Farm laborers and foremen." The industry category includes, in addition to all persons in these two major occupation groups, (a) persons employed on farms in occupations such as truck driver, mechanic, and bookkeeper, and (b) persons engaged in agricultural activities other than strictly farm operation, such as crop spraying and landscape gardening. Similarly, the industry category "Private households" is somewhat more inclusive than the major occupation group "Private household workers." In addition to the housekeepers, laundresses, and miscellaneous types of domestic workers covered by the major occupation group, the industry category includes persons in occupations such as chauffeur, gardener, and secretary, if they are employed by private families.

Class of Worker

The class-of-worker information, as noted above, refers to the same job as does the occupation and industry information. The allocation of a person to a particular class-of-worker category is basically independent, however, of the occupation or industry in which he worked. The classification by class of worker consists of four categories which are defined as follows:

1. *Private wage and salary workers.*—Persons who worked for a private employer for wages, salary, commission, tips, pay-in-kind, or at piece rates.

2. *Government workers.*—Persons who worked for any governmental unit, regardless of the activity which the particular agency carried on.

3. *Self-employed workers.*—Persons who worked for profit or fees in their own business, profession, or trade, or who operated a farm. Included here are the owner-operators of large stores and manufacturing establishments as well as small merchants, independent craftsmen and professional men, farmers, peddlers, and other persons who conducted enterprises of their own. Persons paid to manage businesses owned by other persons or by corporations, on the other hand, are classified as private wage and salary workers (or, in some few cases, as government workers).

4. *Unpaid family workers.*—Persons who worked without pay on a farm or in a business operated by a member of the household to whom they are related by blood or marriage.

The relatively small number of employed persons for whom class of worker was not reported has been included among private wage and salary workers unless there was evidence on the census schedule that they should have been classified in one of the other class-of-worker categories.

Quality of Data

A factor to be considered in the interpretation of these data is that enumerators sometimes returned occupation and industry designations which were not sufficiently specific for precise allocation. One cause may have been the enumerator's carelessness or his lack of knowledge of how to describe a particular job on the census schedule. Another possible cause was lack of adequate knowledge about the worker's job on the part of the housewife or other person from whom the enumerator obtained the information. Indefinite occupation and industry returns can frequently be

³ In the Population Census system, separate "not specified" categories were set up within certain groups to take care of scheduled returns which were not sufficiently precise for allocation to a specific category within the group.

⁴ Dressmaking shops are classified separately from the rest of SIC category 7271, which is included in "Laundering, cleaning, and dyeing services."

⁵ See text for explanation of basic difference between SIC and Population Census in classification of government workers.

assigned, however, to the appropriate category through the use of supplementary information. For example, in the case of occupation, the industry return on the census schedule is often of great assistance. In the case of indefinite industry returns, helpful information can frequently be obtained from outside sources regarding types of industrial activity in the given area. The basic document used in the allocation of the schedule returns of occupation and industry to the appropriate categories of the classification systems is the publication, U. S. Bureau of the Census, *1950 Census of Population, Alphabetical Index of Occupations and Industries*, Washington, D. C., 1950.

COMPARABILITY WITH EARLIER CENSUS DATA

The occupation data shown in earlier Census reports are not entirely comparable with the 1950 data presented here. One element of incomparability is the difference in defining the economically active population, as explained in the section on "Work in 1949." Another element of incomparability is the difference in classification systems. Although the data necessary to adjust for the classification changes are mostly unavailable, some further information on this problem can be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census.

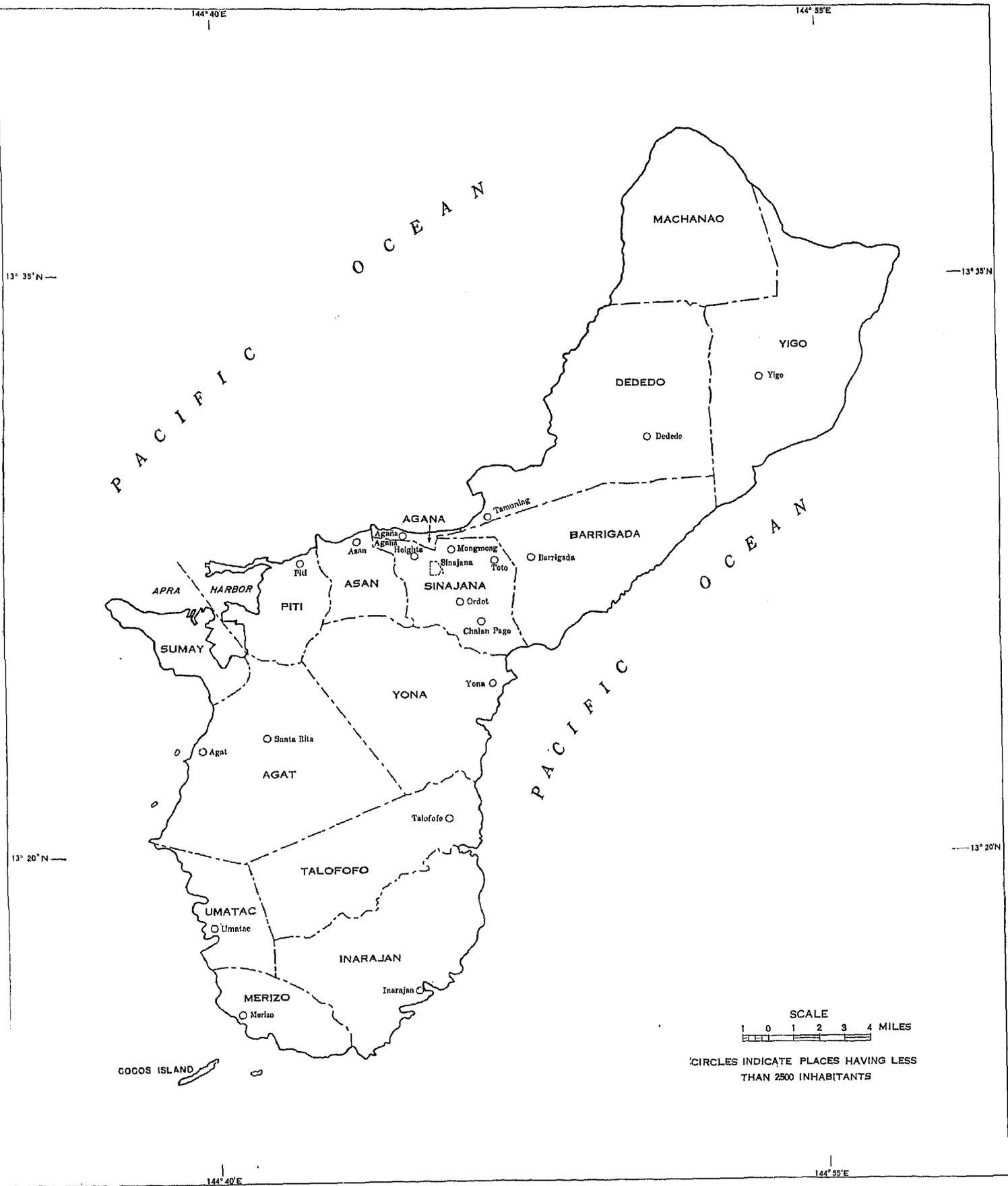
Guam

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GUAM



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Table 33.—POPULATION OF GUAM, 1901 TO 1950, AND OF AGANA CITY, 1920 TO 1950

[Minus sign (-) denotes decrease]

Census date	Population	Increase over preceding census		Census date	Population	Increase over preceding census	
		Number	Percent			Number	Percent
Guam:				Agana city:			
1950 (Apr. 1)	59,498	37,208	169.9	1950	1,330	-8,074	-86.7
1940 (Apr. 1)	22,290	3,781	20.4	1940	10,004	1,814	15.1
1930 (Apr. 1)	18,509	5,234	89.4	1930	8,690	1,258	16.9
1920 (Jan. 1)	13,275	1,469	12.4	1920	7,432		
1910	11,806	2,180	22.0				
1901	9,676						

¹ Includes 213 persons on United States naval vessels in Apra Harbor.
² Includes 1,118 persons on United States naval reservations and on United States naval vessels stationed at Guam.
³ Includes native men enlisted in U. S. Navy, but excludes United States naval station personnel (319).

Table 34.—AREA AND POPULATION OF GUAM, BY MUNICIPALITIES: 1930 TO 1950

[Minus sign (-) denotes decrease]

Municipality	Land area in square miles, 1950	Population					
		1950		1940	1930	Percent increase	
		Total	Per square mile			1940 to 1950	1930 to 1940
Guam	203	59,498	293	22,290	18,509	166.9	20.4
Agana ¹	1	800	800	10,004	11,042	-92.0	-0.4
Agat	26	4,082	187	1,038	887	338.4	20.4
Asan	5	3,060	618	650	569	371.0	17.4
Barrigada	18	11,534	641	875		1,218.2	
Dededo	27	0,441	239	1,190		438.5	
Inarajan	10	1,400	78	1,076	1,176	38.5	-8.5
Machanao	20	684	34	275		148.7	
Merizo	7	1,080	155	800	1,101	25.4	-21.3
Piti	7	1,002	272	1,176	928	61.9	20.6
Sinajana ²	6	0,100	1,628	1,280		641.8	
Sumay	4	6,718	1,680	1,997	1,209	236.4	65.2
Talofoto	14	618	65	456		100.2	
Umatac	7	580	88	450		34.9	
Yigo	25	0,022	361	324		2,684.6	
Yona	18	1,387	77	656	489	111.4	34.2

¹ Includes 1,118 persons on United States naval reservations and United States naval vessels stationed at Guam, not included in the total for any municipality.
² Part of Agana municipality annexed to Sinajana municipality in 1947.

Table 35.—POPULATION OF CITIES AND VILLAGES IN GUAM: 1950

City or village	Municipality	1950	City or village	Municipality	1950
Agana city	(Agana)	1,330	Merizo village	Merizo	511
	(Asan)		Mongmong village	Sinajana	608
	(Barrigada)		Ordot village	Sinajana	273
	(Dededo)		Piti village	Piti	777
	(Sinajana)		Santa Rita village	Agat	1,410
Agana Heights village	Sinajana	858	Sinajana village	Sinajana	3,069
Agat village	Agat	1,340	Talofoto village	Talofoto	618
Asan village	Asan	620	Tamuning village	Dededo	1,053
Barrigada village	Barrigada	1,666	Toto village	Sinajana	526
Chalan Pago village	Sinajana	424	Umatac village	Umatac	387
Dededo village	Dededo	907	Yigo village	Yigo	411
Inarajan village	Inarajan	812	Yona village	Yona	997

Table 36.—RACE BY NATIVITY AND SEX, FOR GUAM: 1920 TO 1950

[Percent not shown where base is less than 100. Males per 100 females not shown where number of females is less than 100]

Census year, nativity, and sex	All races	White	Chamorro	Filipino	Chinese	Other races	Percent by race					Percent by nativity				
							White	Chamorro	Filipino	Chinese	Other races	All races	White	Chamorro	Filipino	Chinese
TOTAL																
1950.....	59,498	22,920	27,124	7,258	91	2,105	38.5	45.6	12.2	0.2	3.5	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Native.....	51,459	22,560	26,521	403	78	1,897	43.8	51.5	0.8	0.2	3.7	86.5	98.4	97.8	5.0	90.1
Foreign born.....	8,039	300	603	6,855	13	208	4.5	7.5	85.3	0.2	2.6	13.5	1.6	2.2	94.4	9.9
1940.....	22,290	785	20,177	569	324	435	3.5	90.5	2.6	1.5	2.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Native.....	22,114	740	20,089	508	322	395	3.3	90.8	2.6	1.5	1.8	99.2	94.3	99.0	99.8	99.4
Foreign born.....	170	45	88	1	2	40	25.6	50.0	0.6	1.1	22.7	0.8	5.7	0.4	0.2	0.6
1930.....	18,509	1,205	16,402	365	203	334	6.5	88.6	2.0	1.1	1.8	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Native.....	18,300	1,130	16,319	364	202	276	6.2	89.2	2.0	1.1	1.5	98.9	94.5	99.5	99.7	99.5
Foreign born.....	209	66	83	1	1	58	31.0	39.7	0.5	0.5	27.8	1.1	5.5	0.6	0.3	0.5
1920.....	19,275	1,280	12,216	396	74	309	2.1	92.0	3.0	0.6	2.3	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Native.....	18,111	235	12,180	394	68	228	1.8	92.9	3.0	0.5	1.7	98.8	83.9	99.8	99.5	73.8
Foreign born.....	102	44	29	2	6	81	27.2	17.9	1.2	3.7	50.0	1.2	15.7	0.2	0.5	26.2
MALE																
1950.....	40,485	18,248	13,403	7,009	54	1,771	45.1	33.1	17.3	0.1	4.4	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Native.....	32,976	18,004	13,055	237	43	1,637	54.6	39.6	0.7	0.1	5.0	81.5	98.7	97.4	3.4	92.4
Foreign born.....	7,509	244	348	6,772	11	134	3.2	4.6	90.2	0.1	1.8	18.5	1.3	2.6	96.6	7.6
1940.....	11,300	581	9,999	321	170	229	5.1	88.5	2.8	1.5	2.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Native.....	11,107	552	9,961	320	168	196	4.9	89.0	2.9	1.5	1.8	99.1	95.0	99.6	99.7	98.8
Foreign born.....	193	29	38	1	2	33	28.2	36.9	1.0	1.0	32.0	0.9	5.0	0.4	0.3	1.2
1930.....	9,630	997	8,128	216	99	190	10.4	84.4	2.2	1.0	2.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Native.....	9,485	946	8,088	210	98	137	10.0	85.3	2.3	1.0	1.4	98.5	94.9	99.5	100.0	72.1
Foreign born.....	145	51	40	6	1	53	35.2	27.6	0.7	0.7	36.6	1.5	5.1	0.5	0.0	27.9
1920.....	6,490	176	5,837	237	48	192	2.7	89.9	3.7	0.7	3.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
FEMALE																
1950.....	19,013	4,672	13,721	249	37	334	24.6	72.2	1.3	0.2	1.8	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Native.....	18,483	4,556	13,400	166	35	260	24.6	72.9	0.9	0.2	1.4	97.2	97.5	98.1	66.7	77.8
Foreign born.....	530	116	255	83	2	74	21.0	48.1	15.7	0.4	14.0	2.8	2.5	1.0	33.3	22.2
1940.....	10,990	204	10,178	248	154	206	1.9	92.6	2.3	1.4	1.9	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Native.....	10,917	188	10,128	248	154	190	1.7	92.8	2.3	1.4	1.8	99.3	92.2	99.5	100.0	96.0
Foreign born.....	73	16	50	0	0	7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.7	7.8	0.5	0.0	3.4
1930.....	8,879	208	8,274	149	104	144	2.3	93.2	1.7	1.2	1.6	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Native.....	8,815	193	8,231	148	104	139	2.2	93.4	1.7	1.2	1.6	99.3	92.8	99.5	99.3	96.5
Foreign born.....	64	15	43	1	0	5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.7	7.2	0.5	0.7	3.5
1920.....	6,785	104	6,379	159	26	117	1.5	94.0	2.3	0.4	1.7	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
MALES PER 100 FEMALES																
1950.....	212.9	390.6	97.7	2,814.9	-----	630.2	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Native.....	178.4	305.2	90.9	142.8	-----	629.0	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Foreign born.....	1,416.8	210.3	136.5	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
1940.....	102.8	284.8	98.2	123.4	110.4	111.2	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Native.....	102.6	283.0	98.4	120.0	109.1	98.5	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Foreign born.....	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
1930.....	108.5	479.3	98.2	145.0	95.2	131.9	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Native.....	107.6	490.2	98.3	145.9	94.2	98.6	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Foreign born.....	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
1920.....	95.7	169.2	91.5	149.1	-----	164.1	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----

¹ Includes 1 white person born at sea; and 1 Chamorro not reporting place of birth.

² Nativity not available by sex for 1920.

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Table 37.—AGE BY RACE AND SEX, FOR GUAM: 1930 TO 1950

[Percent not shown where less than 0.1; percent and median not shown where base is less than 100. Males per 100 females not shown where number of females is less than 100]

Age, race, and sex	Population			Percent by age			Age, race, and sex	Population			Percent by age		
	1950	1940	1930	1950	1940	1930		1950	1940	1930	1950	1940	1930
ALL RACES							WHITE						
Total, all ages.....	59,498	22,290	18,509	100.0	100.0	100.0	Total, all ages.....	22,920	785	1,205	100.0	100.0	100.0
Under 5 years.....	7,568	8,746	8,171	12.7	18.8	17.1	Under 5 years.....	1,078	68	57	7.8	7.4	4.7
Under 1 year.....	1,011	882	703	2.7	3.7	3.8	Under 1 year.....	219	9	12	1.0	1.1	1.0
5 to 9 years.....	4,453	3,261	2,447	7.5	14.6	13.2	5 to 9 years.....	811	41	54	4.0	5.2	4.5
10 to 14 years.....	4,084	2,827	2,153	6.9	12.7	11.0	10 to 14 years.....	397	20	23	1.6	2.5	1.9
15 to 19 years.....	7,162	2,228	1,931	12.0	10.0	10.4	15 to 19 years.....	3,653	83	190	15.9	4.2	13.3
20 to 24 years.....	11,878	1,870	1,820	19.1	8.4	9.8	20 to 24 years.....	5,054	168	337	28.0	21.4	25.0
25 to 29 years.....	7,275	1,710	1,606	12.2	7.7	8.1	25 to 29 years.....	3,283	140	216	14.3	19.0	17.9
30 to 34 years.....	5,452	1,455	1,188	9.2	6.5	6.4	30 to 34 years.....	2,721	125	142	11.9	15.9	11.8
35 to 39 years.....	4,044	1,203	1,704	6.8	5.4	9.7	35 to 39 years.....	1,726	76	137	7.5	9.7	11.4
40 to 44 years.....	2,761	946		4.6	4.2		40 to 44 years.....	1,122	48		4.9	6.1	
45 to 49 years.....	2,014	812	1,181	3.4	3.6	6.4	45 to 49 years.....	801	22	50	3.5	2.8	4.6
50 to 54 years.....	1,216	599		2.0	2.7		50 to 54 years.....	417	15		1.8	1.0	
55 to 59 years.....	510	501	850	1.4	2.2	4.0	55 to 59 years.....	184	10		0.8	1.3	1.4
60 to 64 years.....	483	456		0.8	2.0		60 to 64 years.....	62	11	17	0.3	1.4	1.4
65 to 69 years.....	346	291	309	0.6	1.3	2.0	65 to 69 years.....	20	7	5	0.1	0.9	0.4
70 to 74 years.....	204	210	102	0.3	0.9	0.6	70 to 74 years.....	9	2			0.3	
75 years and over.....	248	174		0.4	0.8	0.0	75 years and over.....	7		1			0.1
Median age.....	22.8	17.9	18.8				Median age.....	24.1	27.4	24.6			
Male, all ages.....	40,485	11,300	9,630	100.0	100.0	100.0	Male, all ages.....	18,248	581	997	100.0	100.0	100.0
Under 5 years.....	3,885	1,045	1,033	9.6	17.2	17.0	Under 5 years.....	873	25	31	4.8	4.3	3.1
Under 1 year.....	848	428	368	2.1	3.8	3.7	Under 1 year.....	117	4	7	0.6	0.7	0.7
5 to 9 years.....	2,286	1,734	1,234	5.6	15.3	12.8	5 to 9 years.....	470	24	31	2.6	4.1	3.1
10 to 14 years.....	2,129	1,493	1,040	5.3	12.0	11.3	10 to 14 years.....	189	14	14	1.0	2.4	1.4
15 to 19 years.....	5,583	1,092	1,053	13.8	9.7	10.0	15 to 19 years.....	3,645	20	140	16.4	5.0	14.6
20 to 24 years.....	9,013	895	1,066	23.7	7.8	11.1	20 to 24 years.....	5,489	153	318	30.1	26.3	31.9
25 to 29 years.....	5,231	897	813	12.9	7.0	8.4	25 to 29 years.....	2,312	111	183	12.7	19.1	18.4
30 to 34 years.....	3,812	748	640	9.4	6.0	6.6	30 to 34 years.....	1,999	83	100	10.9	14.3	10.6
35 to 39 years.....	2,850	421	951	7.0	5.5	9.9	35 to 39 years.....	1,259	52	99	6.9	9.0	9.9
40 to 44 years.....	1,860	504		4.6	4.5		40 to 44 years.....	841	38		4.6	6.5	
45 to 49 years.....	1,380	402	580	3.4	3.0	6.0	45 to 49 years.....	600	16	40	3.0	2.8	4.0
50 to 54 years.....	793	300		2.0	2.7		50 to 54 years.....	308	9		2.0	1.5	
55 to 59 years.....	482	231	373	1.2	2.0	3.9	55 to 59 years.....	103	10	14	0.9	1.7	1.4
60 to 64 years.....	243	199		0.6	1.8		60 to 64 years.....	47	11		0.3	1.9	
65 to 69 years.....	167	119	193	0.4	1.1	1.7	65 to 69 years.....	16	5	5	0.1	0.9	0.5
70 to 74 years.....	84	83	34	0.2	0.7	0.4	70 to 74 years.....	7	1	1		0.2	
75 years and over.....	98	71		0.2	0.6		75 years and over.....	5					0.1
Median age.....	23.3	17.3	16.1				Median age.....	23.7	27.0	24.3			
Female, all ages.....	19,013	10,990	8,879	100.0	100.0	100.0	Female, all ages.....	4,672	204	208	100.0	100.0	100.0
Under 5 years.....	3,683	1,801	1,538	19.4	16.4	17.8	Under 5 years.....	805	33	26	17.2	10.2	12.5
Under 1 year.....	783	404	346	4.0	3.7	3.9	Under 1 year.....	102	5	5	2.2	2.5	2.4
5 to 9 years.....	2,167	1,527	1,213	11.4	13.9	13.7	5 to 9 years.....	441	17	23	9.4	8.3	11.1
10 to 14 years.....	1,955	1,304	1,063	10.3	12.0	12.0	10 to 14 years.....	178	6	9	3.8	2.9	4.3
15 to 19 years.....	1,579	1,136	878	8.3	10.3	9.9	15 to 19 years.....	109	4	14	2.3	2.0	6.7
20 to 24 years.....	1,705	985	764	9.0	8.5	8.5	20 to 24 years.....	465	15	19	10.0	7.4	9.1
25 to 29 years.....	2,044	822	698	10.8	7.5	7.8	25 to 29 years.....	976	38	53	20.9	18.6	15.9
30 to 34 years.....	1,640	707	548	8.6	6.4	6.2	30 to 34 years.....	723	42	36	15.5	20.0	17.3
35 to 39 years.....	1,194	582	843	6.3	5.3	6.5	35 to 39 years.....	467	24	38	10.0	11.8	18.3
40 to 44 years.....	902	442		4.7	4.0		40 to 44 years.....	231	10		6.0	4.9	
45 to 49 years.....	634	410	601	3.3	3.7	6.8	45 to 49 years.....	135	6	7	2.9	2.0	3.4
50 to 54 years.....	423	299		2.2	2.7		50 to 54 years.....	49	6		1.0	2.0	
55 to 59 years.....	328	270	477	1.7	2.5	5.4	55 to 59 years.....	21		3	0.4		1.4
60 to 64 years.....	240	236		1.3	2.1		60 to 64 years.....	15			0.3		
65 to 69 years.....	189	172	203	1.0	1.6	2.3	65 to 69 years.....	4	2		0.1	1.0	
70 to 74 years.....	120	127	68	0.6	1.2	0.8	70 to 74 years.....	2	1			0.5	
75 years and over.....	150	103		0.8	0.9		75 years and over.....	2					
Median age.....	20.3	18.5	18.0				Median age.....	26.7	28.6	27.0			
Males Per 100 Females							CHAMORRO						
All ages.....	212.9	102.8	108.5				Total, all ages.....	27,124	120,177	16,402	100.0	100.0	100.0
Under 5 years.....	105.5	108.0	106.2				Under 5 years.....	5,560	3,437	2,947	20.6	17.0	18.0
Under 1 year.....	111.1	105.9	103.8				Under 1 year.....	1,297	798	664	4.8	3.8	4.0
5 to 9 years.....	105.5	113.6	101.7				5 to 9 years.....	3,414	2,611	1,984	13.3	12.9	12.1
10 to 14 years.....	108.9	107.3	102.6				10 to 14 years.....	3,617	2,059	1,660	11.0	10.2	10.2
15 to 19 years.....	353.6	96.1	119.9				15 to 19 years.....	2,984	1,578	1,405	8.6	7.8	8.6
20 to 24 years.....	544.6	89.8	141.4				20 to 24 years.....	2,328	1,487	1,238	6.5	7.4	7.5
25 to 29 years.....	255.9	109.1	117.3				25 to 29 years.....	1,765	1,259	1,004	5.6	6.2	6.2
30 to 34 years.....	232.4	105.8	116.8				30 to 34 years.....	1,528	1,057	855	5.0	5.2	9.7
35 to 39 years.....	238.7	106.7					35 to 39 years.....	1,355			4.3	4.3	
40 to 44 years.....	206.1	114.0	112.8				40 to 44 years.....	1,168					
45 to 49 years.....	217.7	98.9	96.5				45 to 49 years.....	943	754	1,074	3.5	3.7	6.5
50 to 54 years.....	187.5	100.3					50 to 54 years.....	601	558		2.5	2.8	
55 to 59 years.....	147.0	85.5	78.2				55 to 59 years.....	591	460		2.2	2.3	4.9
60 to 64 years.....	101.3	84.3					60 to 64 years.....	405	401	804	1.5	2.0	
65 to 69 years.....	83.1	69.2	80.3				65 to 69 years.....	318	270	346	1.2	1.3	2.1
70 to 74 years.....	70.0	65.4					70 to 74 years.....	185	198		0.7	1.0	
75 years and over.....	65.3	68.9					75 years and over.....	236	165	95	0.9	0.8	0.6
Median age.....							Median age.....	16.6	17.5	18.1			

1 Includes a small number of persons for whom age was not reported.

Table 37.—AGE BY RACE AND SEX, FOR GUAM: 1930 TO 1950—Con.

Age, race, and sex	Population			Percent by age			Age, race, and sex	Population			Percent by age		
	1950	1940	1930	1950	1940	1930		1950	1940	1930	1950	1940	1930
CHAMORRO—Con.							FILIPINO—Con.						
Male, all ages.....	13,403	9,999	8,128	100.0	100.0	100.0	Female, all ages.....	249	248	149	100.0	100.0	100.0
Under 5 years.....	2,852	1,794	1,524	21.3	17.9	18.8	Under 5 years.....	84	40	30	33.7	19.8	24.2
Under 1 year.....	676	397	343	5.0	4.0	4.2	Under 1 year.....	28	10	7	11.2	4.0	4.7
5 to 9 years.....	1,751	1,093	1,185	13.1	15.9	14.0	5 to 9 years.....	27	45	29	10.8	18.1	10.6
10 to 14 years.....	1,887	1,357	1,004	14.1	13.6	12.4	10 to 14 years.....	18	40	17	7.2	18.5	11.4
15 to 19 years.....	1,677	905	855	11.8	10.0	10.5	15 to 19 years.....	22	25	10	8.8	10.1	10.7
20 to 24 years.....	1,122	671	700	8.4	6.7	8.0	20 to 24 years.....	30	18	15	12.0	7.3	10.1
25 to 29 years.....	786	740	601	5.0	7.4	7.4	25 to 29 years.....	25	10	11	10.0	4.0	7.4
30 to 34 years.....	671	622	500	5.0	6.2	6.2	30 to 34 years.....	16	13	5	6.4	5.2	3.4
35 to 39 years.....	603	526	400	4.9	5.3	4.8	35 to 39 years.....	12	10	5	4.8	4.0	3.4
40 to 44 years.....	561	442	800	4.2	4.4	9.8	40 to 44 years.....	4	5	9	1.6	2.0	6.0
45 to 49 years.....	454	365	489	3.4	3.7	6.0	45 to 49 years.....	4	6	5	1.6	2.4	3.4
50 to 54 years.....	319	270	340	2.4	2.7	4.2	50 to 54 years.....	2	4	4	0.8	1.6	2.7
55 to 59 years.....	287	169	340	2.1	2.0	4.2	55 to 59 years.....	2	7	4	0.8	2.8	2.7
60 to 64 years.....	180	173	146	1.3	1.7	1.8	60 to 64 years.....	2	3	1	0.8	1.2	0.7
65 to 69 years.....	135	104	28	1.0	1.0	0.3	65 to 69 years.....	1	1	1	0.4	0.4	0.7
70 to 74 years.....	88	76	28	0.5	0.8	0.3	70 to 74 years.....	1	2	1	0.4	0.8	0.7
75 years and over.....	90	66	28	0.7	0.7	0.3	75 years and over.....	1	2	1	0.4	0.8	0.7
Median age.....	15.7	16.3	17.3				Median age.....	13.8	13.3	12.8			
Female, all ages.....	13,721	10,178	8,274	100.0	100.0	100.0	CHINESE						
Under 5 years.....	2,744	1,643	1,423	20.0	16.1	17.2	Total, all ages.....	91	324	203	100.0	100.0	100.0
Under 1 year.....	622	371	321	4.5	3.6	3.0	Under 5 years.....	12	74	44	22.8	21.7	21.7
5 to 9 years.....	1,663	1,412	1,117	12.1	13.9	13.5	Under 1 year.....	5	13	10	4.0	4.0	4.9
10 to 14 years.....	1,730	1,254	980	12.6	12.3	11.8	5 to 9 years.....	11	65	18	20.1	8.9	8.9
15 to 19 years.....	1,497	1,064	811	10.3	10.5	9.8	10 to 14 years.....	9	35	25	10.8	12.3	12.3
20 to 24 years.....	1,206	907	705	8.8	8.9	8.5	15 to 19 years.....	4	17	30	5.2	14.8	14.8
25 to 29 years.....	979	747	637	7.1	7.3	7.7	20 to 24 years.....	6	20	21	6.2	10.3	10.3
30 to 34 years.....	857	637	498	6.2	6.3	6.0	25 to 29 years.....	10	21	18	6.5	8.9	8.9
35 to 39 years.....	692	531	787	6.0	5.2	9.5	30 to 34 years.....	16	25	15	7.7	7.4	7.4
40 to 44 years.....	607	423	585	4.4	4.2	7.1	35 to 39 years.....	10	22	13	6.8	6.4	6.4
45 to 49 years.....	489	369	404	3.6	3.8	5.6	40 to 44 years.....	3	10	7	3.1	3.1	3.1
50 to 54 years.....	372	288	287	2.7	2.8	4.1	45 to 49 years.....	2	15	7	4.6	3.4	3.4
55 to 59 years.....	304	261	225	2.2	2.6	3.0	50 to 54 years.....	1	1	1	0.3	0.3	0.3
60 to 64 years.....	225	228	200	1.6	2.2	2.4	55 to 59 years.....	1	3	11	0.9	1.5	1.5
65 to 69 years.....	183	166	117	1.3	1.6	1.8	60 to 64 years.....	1	5	5	1.5	1.5	1.5
70 to 74 years.....	117	122	47	0.9	1.2	0.8	65 to 69 years.....	1	5	1	1.5	1.5	1.5
75 years and over.....	146	99	47	1.1	1.0	0.8	70 to 74 years.....	1	6	1	1.9	1.9	1.9
75 years and over.....	146	99	47	1.1	1.0	0.8	75 years and over.....	1	6	1	1.9	1.9	1.9
Median age.....	17.6	18.6	18.8				Median age.....	13.3	13.3	17.4			
FILIPINO							Male, all ages.....						
Total, all ages.....	7,258	569	365	100.0	100.0	100.0	54	170	99	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Under 5 years.....	101	109	64	2.6	19.2	17.5	Under 5 years.....	8	38	20	22.4	23.4	23.4
Under 1 year.....	67	24	0	0.9	4.2	2.5	Under 1 year.....	2	4	4	2.4	2.4	2.4
5 to 9 years.....	49	87	60	0.7	15.3	16.4	5 to 9 years.....	7	39	10	22.9	22.9	22.9
10 to 14 years.....	39	89	39	0.5	15.6	10.7	10 to 14 years.....	5	13	9	7.6	7.6	7.6
15 to 19 years.....	132	57	35	1.8	10.0	9.6	15 to 19 years.....	2	11	14	0.5	0.5	0.5
20 to 24 years.....	2,407	39	36	33.2	6.9	9.9	20 to 24 years.....	3	9	13	5.3	5.3	5.3
25 to 29 years.....	1,852	28	31	25.5	4.9	8.5	25 to 29 years.....	8	9	7	5.3	5.3	5.3
30 to 34 years.....	930	31	23	12.8	5.4	6.3	30 to 34 years.....	9	16	7	9.4	9.4	9.4
35 to 39 years.....	825	37	11	11.4	0.5	9.6	35 to 39 years.....	10	10	8	5.9	5.9	5.9
40 to 44 years.....	425	19	35	5.9	3.3	9.6	40 to 44 years.....	3	7	8	4.1	4.1	4.1
45 to 49 years.....	255	15	15	3.5	2.6	4.1	45 to 49 years.....	1	7	3	4.1	4.1	4.1
50 to 54 years.....	103	16	11	1.4	2.8	3.0	50 to 54 years.....	1	2	7	1.2	1.2	1.2
55 to 59 years.....	28	15	10	0.4	2.6	3.0	55 to 59 years.....	1	1	1	0.6	0.6	0.6
60 to 64 years.....	12	10	7	0.2	1.8	2.7	60 to 64 years.....	1	4	1	2.4	2.4	2.4
65 to 69 years.....	5	3	10	0.1	1.2	1.6	65 to 69 years.....	1	4	1	2.4	2.4	2.4
70 to 74 years.....	3	3	6	0.1	0.5	1.2	70 to 74 years.....	1	4	1	2.4	2.4	2.4
75 years and over.....	2	7	6	0.1	1.2	1.6	75 years and over.....	1	4	1	2.4	2.4	2.4
Median age.....	27.2	15.0	17.8				Median age.....	13.1	13.1	10.4			
Male, all ages.....	7,009	321	216	100.0	100.0	100.0	Female, all ages.....						
Under 5 years.....	107	60	28	1.5	18.7	13.0	9	36	24	23.4	23.4	23.4	
Under 1 year.....	39	14	2	0.6	4.4	0.9	Under 1 year.....	3	9	6	5.8	5.8	5.8
5 to 9 years.....	22	42	31	0.3	13.1	14.4	5 to 9 years.....	4	26	8	16.9	7.7	7.7
10 to 14 years.....	21	43	22	0.3	13.4	10.2	10 to 14 years.....	4	22	16	14.3	15.4	15.4
15 to 19 years.....	110	32	19	1.6	10.0	8.8	15 to 19 years.....	2	6	10	3.9	15.4	15.4
20 to 24 years.....	2,377	21	21	33.9	6.5	9.7	20 to 24 years.....	3	11	8	7.1	7.7	7.7
25 to 29 years.....	1,827	18	20	26.1	5.6	9.3	25 to 29 years.....	8	12	11	7.8	10.6	10.6
30 to 34 years.....	914	18	18	13.0	5.6	8.3	30 to 34 years.....	6	9	8	5.8	7.7	7.7
35 to 39 years.....	813	27	26	11.6	8.4	12.0	35 to 39 years.....	12	12	5	7.8	7.8	7.8
40 to 44 years.....	421	14	26	6.0	4.4	12.0	40 to 44 years.....	3	3	5	1.9	4.8	4.8
45 to 49 years.....	251	9	10	3.0	2.8	4.6	45 to 49 years.....	1	8	4	5.2	3.8	3.8
50 to 54 years.....	101	12	8	1.4	3.7	4.6	50 to 54 years.....	1	1	4	0.6	0.6	0.6
55 to 59 years.....	26	8	7	0.4	2.5	3.2	55 to 59 years.....	1	1	4	0.6	0.6	0.6
60 to 64 years.....	12	6	4	0.2	1.9	2.7	60 to 64 years.....	1	4	4	2.0	2.0	2.0
65 to 69 years.....	3	4	9	0.2	1.2	1.6	65 to 69 years.....	1	1	1	0.6	0.6	0.6
70 to 74 years.....	3	2	5	0.2	0.6	0.8	70 to 74 years.....	2	2	1	1.3	1.3	1.3
75 years and over.....	1	5	5	0.1	1.6	2.3	75 years and over.....	1	2	1	1.3	1.3	1.3
Median age.....	27.4	17.4	21.0				Median age.....	13.4	13.4	10.3			

Includes a small number of persons for whom age was not reported.

GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS

Table 37.—AGE BY RACE AND SEX, FOR GUAM: 1930 TO 1950—Con.

Age, race, and sex	Population			Percent by age			Age, race, and sex	Population			Percent by age		
	1950	1940	1930	1950	1940	1930		1950	1940	1930	1950	1940	1930
OTHER RACES							OTHER RACES—Con.						
Total, all ages.....	2,105	435	334	100.0	100.0	100.0	Male, all ages—Con.						
Under 5 years.....	91	68	50	4.3	15.0	17.7	35 to 39 years.....	105	0	18	5.0	2.5	9.5
Under 1 year.....	23	18	8	1.1	4.1	2.4	40 to 44 years.....	33	3	6	1.9	1.3	1.8
5 to 9 years.....	63	63	63	3.2	14.5	18.0	45 to 49 years.....	8	5	20	0.5	2.2	15.3
10 to 14 years.....	62	72	82	2.5	16.0	24.6	50 to 54 years.....	6	0	5	0.3	3.9	2.6
15 to 19 years.....	380	62	40	18.5	14.3	12.0	55 to 59 years.....	5	12	5	0.3	5.2	2.6
20 to 24 years.....	683	65	21	32.4	14.9	6.3	60 to 64 years.....	3	8	2	0.2	3.5	1.1
25 to 29 years.....	354	34	3	16.8	7.8	0.9	65 to 69 years.....	3	2	2	0.2	0.9	0.1
30 to 34 years.....	258	15	4	12.3	3.4	1.2	70 to 74 years.....	6	1	1	0.3	0.3	0.1
35 to 39 years.....	128	11	22	6.1	2.5	6.0	75 years and over.....	1	1	1	0.1	0.1	0.1
40 to 44 years.....	43	4	2	2.0	0.9	0.6	Median age.....	23.4	17.9	14.6			
45 to 49 years.....	18	0	20	0.6	1.4	8.7	Female, all ages.....	334	206	144	100.0	100.0	100.0
50 to 54 years.....	6	0	0	0.2	2.1	1.1	Under 5 years.....	41	40	20	12.3	10.4	20.1
55 to 59 years.....	0	13	7	0.3	3.0	2.1	Under 1 year.....	8	9	6	2.4	4.4	4.2
60 to 64 years.....	3	5	7	0.1	1.8	2.1	5 to 9 years.....	32	27	36	9.6	13.1	25.0
65 to 69 years.....	3	2	4	0.1	0.5	1.2	10 to 14 years.....	25	30	41	7.5	17.5	28.5
70 to 74 years.....	7	1	4	0.3	0.2	1.2	15 to 19 years.....	40	37	21	12.0	18.0	14.9
75 years and over.....	2	2	2	0.1	0.5	0.6	20 to 24 years.....	61	34	7	18.3	10.5	4.9
Median age.....	23.3	16.2	12.7				25 to 29 years.....	50	16	1	16.5	7.3	0.7
Male, all ages.....	1,771	229	190	100.0	100.0	100.0	30 to 34 years.....	38	6	1	11.4	2.9	10.7
Under 5 years.....	50	28	30	2.8	12.2	15.8	35 to 39 years.....	23	5	4	6.9	2.4	2.8
Under 1 year.....	15	9	2	0.8	3.9	1.1	40 to 44 years.....	10	1	1	3.0	0.5	0.5
5 to 9 years.....	36	36	27	2.0	15.7	14.2	45 to 49 years.....	5	1	1	1.5	0.5	0.5
10 to 14 years.....	27	36	41	1.5	15.7	21.6	50 to 54 years.....	1	1	2	0.3	0.5	1.4
15 to 19 years.....	340	25	19	10.7	10.0	10.0	55 to 59 years.....	1	1	2	0.3	0.5	1.4
20 to 24 years.....	622	31	14	35.1	13.5	7.4	60 to 64 years.....	1	1	1	0.3	0.5	0.5
25 to 29 years.....	208	19	2	16.8	8.8	1.1	65 to 69 years.....	1	1	1	0.3	0.5	0.5
30 to 34 years.....	220	9	3	12.4	3.0	1.6	70 to 74 years.....	1	1	1	0.3	0.5	0.5
							75 years and over.....	1	1	1	0.3	0.5	0.5
							Median age.....	22.4	15.0	10.9			

Table 38.—CITIZENSHIP BY RACE AND SEX, FOR GUAM: 1950

[Percent not shown where less than 0.1 or where base is less than 100]

Race and sex	Total population	Citizen						National		Alien		Citizenship not reported	
		All citizens		Native		Naturalized ¹		Number	Percent of total	Number	Percent of total	Number	Percent of total
		Number	Percent of total	Number	Percent of total	Number	Percent of total	Number	Percent of total	Number	Percent of total	Number	Percent of total
ALL RACES	59,498	25,697	43.2	24,824	41.7	873	1.5	26,142	43.9	7,519	12.6	140	0.2
Male.....	40,486	20,493	50.0	19,814	48.9	659	1.7	12,800	31.6	7,115	17.6	87	0.2
Female.....	19,013	5,214	27.4	5,010	26.4	204	1.1	13,342	70.2	404	2.1	53	0.3
Persons 21 years old and over.....	32,321	15,437	46.9	14,822	45.0	615	1.9	16,605	32.2	6,797	20.6	82	0.2
Male.....	23,585	12,169	51.0	11,038	40.3	521	2.2	4,790	20.3	6,583	27.9	53	0.2
Female.....	9,336	3,278	35.1	3,784	34.1	94	1.0	5,815	62.3	214	2.3	29	0.3
WHITE	22,920	22,785	99.4	22,513	98.2	272	1.2	36	0.2	79	0.3	20	0.1
Male.....	18,248	18,170	99.0	17,971	98.6	205	1.1	23	0.1	37	0.2	12	0.1
Female.....	4,672	4,609	98.7	4,542	97.2	67	1.4	13	0.3	42	0.9	8	0.2
Persons 21 years old and over.....	18,887	18,786	99.3	18,520	97.4	266	1.9	11	0.1	76	0.5	14	0.1
Male.....	10,770	10,728	99.6	10,525	97.7	200	1.9	5	0.1	86	0.3	7	0.1
Female.....	3,111	3,058	98.3	2,995	96.2	66	2.1	6	0.2	40	1.3	7	0.2
CHAMORRO	27,124	730	2.7	206	1.1	440	1.6	25,788	95.1	512	1.9	88	0.3
Male.....	13,408	468	3.5	130	1.0	320	2.4	12,603	94.0	205	2.2	50	0.4
Female.....	13,716	262	2.0	176	1.1	114	0.8	13,195	90.2	217	1.6	38	0.3
Persons 21 years old and over.....	11,033	300	2.8	77	0.7	232	2.1	10,476	95.0	202	1.8	45	0.4
Male.....	5,101	243	4.8	91	0.6	212	4.2	4,712	92.4	120	2.4	25	0.5
Female.....	5,932	66	1.1	46	0.8	20	0.3	5,704	97.2	82	1.4	20	0.3
FILIPINO	7,258	387	5.3	243	3.3	144	2.0	127	1.7	6,719	92.6	25	0.3
Male.....	7,009	297	3.8	144	2.1	123	1.8	71	1.0	6,649	94.9	22	0.3
Female.....	249	120	48.2	99	30.8	21	8.4	56	22.5	70	23.1	3	1.2
Persons 21 years old and over.....	6,640	182	2.7	80	1.2	102	1.5	34	0.5	6,407	96.5	17	0.3
Male.....	6,640	157	2.4	59	0.9	98	1.5	21	0.3	6,352	97.0	16	0.2
Female.....	94	25	26.6	21	22.1	4	4.2	13	13.8	55	58.5	1	1.1
CHINESE	91	56	61.5	51	56.0	5	5.5	24	26.4	11	12.1	1	1.1
Male.....	54	31	57.4	28	51.9	3	5.6	14	25.9	9	16.5	1	1.8
Female.....	37	25	67.6	23	62.2	2	5.4	10	27.0	2	5.4	1	2.7
Persons 21 years old and over.....	53	34	64.2	29	54.7	5	9.4	8	15.1	11	20.8	1	1.9
Male.....	35	19	54.3	16	45.7	3	8.6	7	19.4	9	25.7	1	2.9
Female.....	18	15	83.3	13	72.2	2	11.1	1	5.6	2	11.1	1	5.6
OTHER RACES	2,165	1,733	80.0	1,721	81.8	12	0.6	167	7.9	198	9.4	7	0.3
Male.....	1,771	1,541	87.0	1,532	86.6	9	0.5	99	5.6	125	7.1	6	0.3
Female.....	394	192	48.7	189	48.0	3	0.9	68	20.4	73	21.9	1	0.3
Persons 21 years old and over.....	1,308	1,126	86.1	1,116	85.3	10	0.8	76	5.8	101	7.7	5	0.4
Male.....	1,127	1,012	89.8	1,004	89.1	8	0.7	45	4.0	66	5.9	4	0.4
Female.....	181	114	63.0	112	61.9	2	1.1	31	17.1	35	19.3	1	0.6

¹ Includes former nationals who have been naturalized.

Table 39.—SCHOOL ENROLLMENT, BY AGE AND RACE, FOR GUAM: 1950 AND 1940

[Percent not shown where base is less than 100]

Census year and age	All races			White			Chamorro			Filipino			Chinese			Other races		
	Total	Enrolled in school		Total	Enrolled in school		Total	Enrolled in school		Total	Enrolled in school		Total	Enrolled in school		Total	Enrolled in school	
		Number	Percent		Number	Percent		Number	Percent		Number	Percent		Number	Percent		Number	Percent
1950																		
Total, 5 to 24 years old.....	27,077	8,597	31.8	10,885	1,065	9.8	12,343	7,301	59.2	2,627	91	3.5	30	16	-----	1,192	124	10.4
5 to 19 years.....	15,699	8,588	54.7	4,931	1,067	21.4	10,015	7,301	72.9	220	91	41.4	24	16	-----	509	123	24.2
5 and 6 years.....	1,898	238	12.5	473	127	26.8	1,362	103	7.6	22	1	-----	5	-----	30	7	-----	
7 to 13 years.....	5,890	5,779	98.0	745	730	99.2	5,010	4,809	97.8	50	58	-----	14	13	-----	71	70	-----
14 and 15 years.....	1,438	1,372	95.4	108	104	96.3	1,281	1,221	95.3	10	18	-----	3	3	-----	27	20	-----
16 and 17 years.....	1,713	1,195	69.8	296	83	28.0	1,353	1,078	79.7	20	14	-----	1	-----	43	20	-----	
18 and 19 years.....	4,751	4	0.1	3,309	4	0.1	1,009	-----	-----	100	-----	-----	-----	-----	332	-----	-----	
20 to 24 years.....	11,378	0	0.1	5,954	8	0.1	2,328	-----	-----	2,407	-----	-----	6	-----	683	1	0.1	
1940																		
Total, 5 to 24 years old.....	10,186	4,880	47.9	262	54	20.6	9,253	4,401	48.5	272	138	50.7	137	68	49.6	262	129	49.2
5 to 19 years.....	8,316	4,825	58.0	94	54	-----	7,675	4,441	57.9	233	137	58.8	117	67	57.3	197	120	61.0
5 and 6 years.....	1,420	18	1.3	17	5	-----	1,311	13	1.0	44	-----	-----	31	-----	29	-----	-----	
7 to 13 years.....	4,130	3,795	91.8	41	40	-----	3,830	3,514	91.7	111	100	90.1	93	55	-----	91	88	-----
14 and 15 years.....	1,041	628	60.3	5	5	-----	962	560	58.1	34	22	-----	9	7	-----	31	25	-----
16 and 17 years.....	806	290	32.4	5	3	-----	834	283	31.5	23	9	-----	10	5	-----	24	10	-----
18 and 19 years.....	814	94	11.5	26	1	-----	738	82	11.1	21	6	-----	4	-----	25	5	-----	
20 to 24 years.....	1,870	55	2.9	168	-----	-----	1,578	50	3.2	30	1	-----	20	1	-----	65	3	-----

Table 40.—YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED BY PERSONS 25 YEARS OLD AND OVER, BY RACE AND SEX, FOR GUAM: 1950

[Percent and median not shown where base is less than 100]

Race and sex	Total, 25 years old and over	Years of school completed										Median school years completed		
		None	Elementary school				High school		College		Not reported			
			1 to 4 years	5 and 6 years	7 years	8 years	1 to 3 years	4 years	1 to 3 years	4 years or more				
Total	24,853	1,816	5,480	3,014	1,265	1,610	3,560	4,581	2,108	1,148	271	8.4		
Male.....	10,989	960	3,102	1,045	1,060	1,382	3,007	3,241	1,854	818	114	0.0		
Female.....	7,864	850	2,378	1,060	205	228	553	1,340	754	330	167	0.2		
White	10,857	13	44	151	256	1,022	2,151	3,772	1,842	1,040	66	12.4		
Male.....	7,682	9	39	136	221	931	1,790	2,025	1,132	730	90	12.3		
Female.....	2,675	4	5	15	35	91	352	1,147	710	310	6	12.7		
Chamorro	9,185	1,462	4,016	1,974	389	350	471	282	46	29	166	4.0		
Male.....	4,214	627	1,674	950	227	220	207	142	30	25	10	4.5		
Female.....	4,971	835	2,342	1,024	162	124	174	140	16	4	150	3.7		
Filipino	4,440	312	1,363	795	553	118	733	331	148	58	29	6.3		
Male.....	4,372	310	1,351	789	550	115	727	317	134	50	29	6.3		
Female.....	68	2	12	6	3	3	6	14	14	8	-----	-----		
Chinese	49	1	9	4	2	4	9	12	3	5	-----	-----		
Male.....	34	1	8	2	2	3	5	7	2	4	-----	-----		
Female.....	15	-----	1	2	-----	1	4	5	1	-----	-----	-----		
Other races	822	28	48	90	65	116	196	184	69	16	10	9.9		
Male.....	687	19	30	68	60	107	179	160	56	9	9	0.9		
Female.....	135	9	18	22	5	9	17	34	13	7	1	0.7		
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION													-----	-----
Total	100.0	7.3	22.0	12.1	5.1	6.5	14.3	18.4	8.5	4.6	1.1	-----		
Male.....	100.0	5.7	18.3	11.4	6.2	8.1	17.7	19.1	8.0	4.8	0.7	-----		
Female.....	100.0	10.8	30.2	13.0	2.6	2.9	7.0	17.0	9.6	4.2	2.0	-----		
White	100.0	0.1	0.4	1.5	2.5	9.9	20.8	36.4	17.8	10.0	0.6	-----		
Male.....	100.0	0.1	0.5	1.8	2.9	12.1	23.4	34.2	14.7	9.5	0.8	-----		
Female.....	100.0	0.1	0.2	0.6	1.3	3.4	13.2	42.9	20.5	11.0	0.2	-----		
Chamorro	100.0	15.9	43.7	21.5	4.2	3.8	5.1	3.1	0.5	0.3	1.8	-----		
Male.....	100.0	14.9	39.7	22.5	5.4	5.4	7.0	3.4	0.7	0.6	0.4	-----		
Female.....	100.0	16.8	47.1	20.6	3.3	2.5	3.5	2.8	0.3	0.1	3.0	-----		
Filipino	100.0	7.0	30.7	17.9	12.5	2.7	16.5	7.5	3.3	1.3	0.7	-----		
Male.....	100.0	7.1	30.9	18.0	12.0	2.6	16.6	7.3	3.1	1.1	0.7	-----		
Chinese	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----		
Male.....	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----		
Female.....	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----		
Other races	100.0	3.4	5.8	10.9	7.9	14.1	23.8	22.4	8.4	1.9	1.2	-----		
Male.....	100.0	2.8	4.4	9.9	8.7	15.6	26.1	21.8	8.2	1.3	1.3	-----		
Female.....	100.0	6.7	13.3	16.3	3.7	6.7	12.6	25.2	9.6	5.2	0.7	-----		

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Table 41.—MARITAL STATUS, BY RACE AND SEX, FOR GUAM: 1950 AND 1940

[Percent not shown where base is less than 100]

Census year and race	Male							Female						
	Total, 14 years old and over	Single		Married		Widowed or divorced		Total, 14 years old and over	Single		Married		Widowed or divorced	
		Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent		Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
1950.....	32,572	17,952	55.1	12,932	39.7	1,688	5.2	11,561	3,644	31.5	6,826	59.0	1,091	9.4
White.....	16,764	10,004	59.7	5,700	34.0	1,050	6.3	3,270	473	14.5	2,627	80.3	170	5.2
Chamorro.....	7,283	3,277	45.2	3,607	49.7	399	5.1	7,903	2,079	26.3	4,023	50.9	901	11.4
Filipino.....	0,861	3,593	52.4	3,074	44.8	104	2.8	125	62	49.6	50	44.8	7	5.6
Chinese.....	40	17		19		4		20	8		11		1	
Other races.....	1,064	1,061	63.8	532	32.0	71	4.3	243	122	50.2	109	44.9	12	4.9
1940.....	6,413	2,867	44.7	3,176	49.5	370	5.8	6,566	1,273	41.6	3,168	48.2	666	10.1
White.....	520	280	55.0	217	41.7	14	2.7	140	11	7.4	135	90.6	3	2.0
Chamorro.....	5,480	2,397	43.7	2,764	50.3	329	6.0	6,114	1,548	25.3	2,925	47.8	641	10.5
Filipino.....	189	78	41.3	100	52.0	11	5.8	121	63	52.1	46	38.0	12	9.9
Chinese.....	82	26		49		7		74	38		28		8	
Other races.....	142	77	54.2	56	39.4	9	6.3	108	72	66.7	34	31.5	2	1.9

† Includes persons whose marital status was not reported.

Table 42.—MARRIED COUPLES, HOUSEHOLDS, AND INSTITUTIONAL POPULATION, BY RACE, FOR GUAM: 1950

[Percent and rate not shown where base is less than 100]

Race	Married couples				Households			Institutional population
	Total	With own household	Without own household		Number of households	Population in households	Population per household	
			Number	Percent				
Total.....	6,455	5,958	497	7.7	7,373	36,816	4.99	100
White.....	2,728	2,009	59	2.2	2,898	8,020	3.07	2
Chamorro.....	3,453	3,006	387	11.2	4,294	26,852	6.25	62
Filipino.....	167	127	40	24.0	151	702	4.65	34
Chinese.....	7	6	1		9	57		
Other races.....	100	90	10	10.0	111	585	5.27	2

Table 43.—PERSONS IN HOUSEHOLDS, BY RELATIONSHIP TO HEAD, RACE, AND SEX, AND PERSONS IN QUASI HOUSEHOLDS, BY RACE AND SEX, FOR GUAM: 1950

Race and sex	In households									In quasi households	
	Total	Head	Wife	Child	Grand-child	Parent	Other relative	Lodger	Resident employee	Total	Head (number of quasi households)
Total.....	36,816	7,373	5,958	18,500	1,265	377	2,632	537	174	22,582	90
Percent.....	100.0	20.0	16.2	50.2	3.4	1.0	7.1	1.5	0.5		
Male.....	18,575	6,480	5,505	8,905	646	108	1,374	845	117	21,839	76
Female.....	18,241	803	5,058	8,905	619	269	1,258	192	57	743	14
White.....	8,620	2,898	2,511	3,110	8	24	67	93	9	14,268	64
Chamorro.....	20,852	4,294	3,301	14,825	1,200	344	2,449	391	78	210	10
Filipino.....	702	151	42	277	47	4	64	51	66	6,522	9
Chinese.....	67	0	0	32	2	1	3		1	34	
Other races.....	585	111	95	256	8	4	59	32	20	1,518	7

Table 44.—COUNTRY OF BIRTH, BY RACE AND NATIVITY, FOR GUAM: 1950 AND 1940

Census year, country of birth, and nativity	All races			White		Chamorro		Filipino		Chinese		Other races	
	Total	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
1950													
Native, total.....	51,459	32,976	18,483	18,004	4,556	13,055	13,466	237	166	43	35	1,637	260
Guam.....	27,403	18,571	13,832	150	104	13,022	13,432	213	155	20	17	160	124
Hawaii.....	314	196	118	66	31	8	7	14	9	14	15	94	56
Other Territories and possessions.....	74	43	31	22	15	7	11	10	2	9	3	14	5
Continental United States.....	23,668	10,166	4,502	17,706	4,400	18	16	10	2	9	3	1,303	75
Foreign born, total.....	8,039	7,509	530	244	116	348	255	6,772	83	11	2	134	74
Northwestern Europe.....	102	73	20	71	28	1	1					1	
Other Europe.....	104	85	19	84	10							1	
Philippine Islands ¹	6,888	6,766	92	17	2	10	6	6,707	82	1		1	2
Other Asia.....	35	25	10	7	4	1		1	1	10	2	6	3
All other countries.....	910	550	380	65	68	330	248	4				125	69
1940													
Native, total.....	22,114	11,197	10,917	552	188	9,961	10,123	320	248	168	154	196	199
Guam.....	21,343	10,620	10,723	16	12	9,955	10,123	285	235	168	154	196	199
Hawaii.....	10	7	3	5	2	2	1						
Other Territories and possessions ²	66	39	17	2	1	2	3	35	13				
Continental United States.....	705	531	174	529	173	2	1						
Foreign born, total.....	176	103	73	29	16	38	50	1		2		33	7
Northwestern Europe.....	8	4	4	4	3								
Other Europe.....	19	18	1	18	1								
Asia.....	42	34	8	1	1					2		30	5
All other countries.....	107	47	60	6	9	37	49	1				3	

¹ As a result of the establishment of the Republic of the Philippines in 1946, those persons born in the Philippine Islands are classified as foreign born in 1950.

² Includes the Philippine Islands.

Table 45.—WORK IN 1949 AND CLASS OF WORKER IN 1949 OF PERSONS WHO WORKED AS CIVILIANS IN 1949, BY RACE AND SEX, FOR GUAM

Work in 1949 and class of worker in 1949	All races			White		Chamorro		Filipino		Chinese		Other races	
	Total	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
Total population (all ages).....	60,408	40,485	19,013	18,248	4,672	13,403	13,721	7,000	249	54	37	1,771	334
WORK IN 1949													
Persons 14 years old and over.....	44,133	32,572	11,561	16,754	3,270	7,253	7,903	6,861	125	40	20	1,664	243
Worked as civilians in 1949.....	18,671	15,584	3,087	3,779	1,314	4,942	1,592	6,588	47	32	8	243	126
In armed forces in 1949.....	13,294	13,208	86	11,655	80	278		107		3		1,165	
Other and work in 1949 not reported.....	12,168	3,780	8,388	1,320	1,870	2,033	6,311	166	78	5	12	256	117
CLASS OF WORKER													
Worked as civilians in 1949.....	18,671	15,584	3,087	3,779	1,314	4,942	1,592	6,588	47	32	8	243	126
Private wage and salary workers.....	10,284	9,080	1,198	2,163	476	1,303	667	5,516	25	7	3	97	27
Government workers.....	6,603	5,074	1,519	1,512	816	2,412	688	1,000	17	20	4	130	94
Self-employed workers.....	1,460	1,246	214	86	19	1,086	186	57	5	5		12	4
Unpaid family workers.....	234	178	56	18	3	141	51	15			1	4	1

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Table 46.—OCCUPATION IN 1949 OF PERSONS WHO WORKED AS CIVILIANS IN 1949, BY RACE AND SEX, FOR GUAM

["N. e. c." means not elsewhere classified. Percent not shown where less than 0.1 or where base is less than 100]

Occupation in 1949	All races		White		Chamorro		Filipino		Chinese		Other races		
	Total	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
Worked as civilians in 1949.....	18, 671	15, 684	3, 087	3, 779	1, 314	4, 942	1, 592	6, 588	47	32	8	243	126
Professional, technical, and kindred workers.....	1, 259	684	575	433	234	144	268	99	19	2	-----	6	54
Accountants and auditors.....	123	82	41	55	41	14	-----	12	-----	1	-----	-----	-----
Clergymen.....	22	21	1	15	1	3	-----	2	-----	-----	-----	1	-----
Draftsman.....	30	32	7	24	7	2	-----	6	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Engineers, civil.....	101	101	-----	81	-----	9	-----	11	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Engineers, electrical.....	20	29	-----	28	-----	-----	-----	1	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Engineers, mechanical.....	23	23	-----	15	-----	1	-----	5	-----	1	-----	1	-----
Engineers, other and not specified.....	35	35	-----	32	-----	1	-----	1	-----	-----	-----	1	-----
Nurses, professional.....	85	-----	84	-----	39	-----	36	-----	9	-----	-----	-----	-----
Nurses, student professional.....	70	-----	70	-----	-----	-----	32	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	44
Radio operators.....	24	22	2	22	2	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Surveyors.....	44	44	-----	19	-----	22	-----	2	-----	-----	-----	1	-----
Teachers (n. e. c.).....	882	94	288	37	85	-----	190	4	6	-----	-----	-----	7
Other professional.....	276	200	76	104	59	39	10	55	4	-----	-----	2	3
Farmers and farm managers.....	851	804	47	14	1	751	46	36	-----	3	-----	-----	-----
Managers, officials, and proprietors, except farm.....	684	525	159	242	35	238	120	35	2	2	-----	8	2
Officials, administrators, and inspectors, public administration.....	120	108	14	50	11	45	3	1	-----	1	-----	3	-----
Other specified managers, officials, and proprietors.....	51	48	3	41	3	5	-----	2	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Managers, officials, and proprietors (n. e. c.).....	513	371	142	145	21	188	117	82	2	1	-----	5	2
Clerical and kindred workers.....	2, 404	1, 317	1, 087	354	800	293	239	646	11	4	5	20	32
Bookkeepers.....	136	62	74	14	66	23	5	25	1	-----	1	-----	1
Cashiers.....	70	19	51	2	32	7	19	10	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Dispatchers and starters, vehicle.....	28	28	-----	12	-----	8	-----	8	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Stenographers, typists, and secretaries.....	768	194	574	20	423	57	115	115	8	-----	-----	2	18
Telephone operators.....	84	9	75	6	40	2	34	-----	-----	-----	-----	1	1
Other specified clerical workers.....	116	97	18	40	15	30	3	24	-----	-----	-----	3	-----
Clerical workers (n. e. c.).....	1, 213	908	305	200	224	166	63	404	2	4	4	14	12
Sales workers.....	571	239	332	61	111	102	203	72	8	1	1	3	9
Craftsmen, foremen, and kindred workers.....	5, 709	5, 690	19	1, 710	4	1, 310	12	2, 559	-----	12	-----	99	3
Bakers.....	80	77	0	7	-----	18	9	52	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Cabinet makers.....	33	33	-----	2	-----	19	-----	12	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Carpenters.....	1, 692	1, 688	4	205	-----	504	1	859	-----	3	-----	17	3
Concrete and concrete finishers.....	95	95	-----	15	-----	79	-----	79	-----	-----	-----	1	-----
Cranemen, derrickmen, and hoistmen.....	93	93	-----	10	-----	1	-----	80	-----	-----	-----	2	-----
Electricians.....	372	372	-----	207	-----	36	-----	121	-----	1	-----	7	-----
Excavating, grading, and road machinery operators.....	461	461	-----	289	-----	129	-----	28	-----	1	-----	14	-----
Foremen (n. e. c.).....	382	380	2	128	2	23	-----	220	-----	1	-----	8	-----
Linemen and servicemen, telegraph, telephone, and power.....	85	85	-----	34	-----	44	-----	5	-----	-----	-----	2	-----
Mechanists.....	73	73	-----	43	-----	10	-----	18	-----	1	-----	1	-----
Mechanics and repairmen, auto.....	575	574	1	122	-----	244	1	186	-----	-----	-----	22	-----
Mechanics and repairmen, other and n. e. c.....	455	455	-----	227	-----	45	-----	176	-----	-----	-----	7	-----
Painters, construction and maintenance.....	251	250	1	45	1	30	-----	170	-----	1	-----	4	-----
Plumbers and pipe fitters.....	479	479	-----	142	-----	74	-----	256	-----	1	-----	6	-----
Stationary engineers.....	187	187	-----	60	-----	91	-----	31	-----	1	-----	4	-----
Structural metal workers.....	120	120	-----	12	-----	-----	-----	107	-----	1	-----	-----	-----
Tinsmiths, coppermiths and sheet metal.....	108	108	-----	47	-----	1	-----	59	-----	1	-----	-----	-----
Other craftsmen and kindred workers (n. e. c.).....	202	200	2	115	1	41	1	100	-----	-----	-----	4	-----
Operatives and kindred workers.....	2, 698	2, 418	280	516	33	309	239	1, 066	3	-----	-----	27	5
Attendants, auto service and parking.....	38	38	-----	11	-----	19	-----	8	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Bus drivers.....	25	25	-----	6	-----	18	-----	1	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Deliverymen and routemen.....	36	36	-----	5	-----	24	-----	2	-----	-----	-----	2	-----
Laundry and dry cleaning operatives.....	432	39	216	8	9	66	202	144	2	-----	-----	1	3
Oilers and greasers, except auto.....	43	43	-----	23	-----	11	-----	58	-----	-----	-----	1	-----
Stationary firemen.....	46	46	-----	18	-----	4	-----	24	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Taxicab drivers and chauffeurs.....	250	240	10	8	-----	223	1	12	-----	-----	-----	6	-----
Truck and tractor drivers.....	810	810	-----	168	-----	234	-----	404	-----	-----	-----	13	-----
Welders and flame-cutters.....	170	169	1	69	1	31	-----	69	-----	-----	-----	1	-----
Other specified operatives.....	208	182	24	103	5	25	17	53	-----	-----	-----	3	-----
Operatives and kindred workers (n. e. c.).....	583	545	38	97	18	154	19	291	1	-----	-----	4	6
Private household workers.....	378	112	266	1	13	19	244	85	3	3	-----	4	6
Service workers, except private household.....	1, 964	1, 698	266	244	78	574	175	867	1	3	2	10	10
Attendants, hospital and other institution.....	54	48	6	4	3	38	2	6	-----	-----	-----	-----	1
Barbers, beauticians, and manicurists.....	64	46	18	1	9	13	7	32	1	-----	-----	-----	-----
Bartenders.....	26	28	1	6	-----	10	1	11	-----	-----	-----	1	-----
Cooks, except private household.....	306	286	20	38	5	74	14	176	-----	2	1	-----	-----
Guards, watchmen, and doorkeepers.....	253	253	-----	110	-----	75	-----	66	-----	-----	-----	2	-----
Housekeepers and stewards, except private household.....	63	47	6	13	4	4	-----	30	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Janitors and sextons.....	189	180	3	1	1	81	2	103	-----	-----	-----	1	-----
Police and detectives.....	233	238	-----	25	-----	207	-----	5	-----	-----	-----	1	-----
Waiters and waitresses.....	432	276	156	17	45	38	106	218	-----	1	1	2	4
Other service workers.....	346	290	56	34	11	34	41	220	-----	-----	-----	2	4
Farm laborers and foremen.....	265	240	25	32	-----	177	25	22	-----	-----	-----	9	-----
Farm laborers, unpaid family workers.....	182	180	22	10	-----	132	22	15	-----	-----	-----	3	-----
Farm laborers, except unpaid, and farm foremen.....	83	80	3	22	-----	45	3	7	-----	-----	-----	6	-----
Laborers, except farm and mine.....	1, 732	1, 713	19	79	2	514	14	1, 091	-----	2	-----	27	3
Fishermen and oystermen.....	44	42	2	2	-----	34	-----	1	-----	-----	-----	5	2
Gardeners, except farm, and groundskeepers.....	136	134	2	2	-----	95	2	36	-----	-----	-----	1	-----
Longshoremen and stevedores.....	813	813	-----	4	-----	35	-----	766	-----	-----	-----	8	-----
Other specified laborers.....	7	7	-----	2	-----	3	-----	1	-----	-----	-----	1	-----
Laborers (n. e. c.).....	732	717	15	69	2	347	12	287	-----	2	-----	12	1
Occupation not reported.....	156	144	12	93	3	11	7	10	-----	-----	-----	30	2

Table 46.—OCCUPATION IN 1949 OF PERSONS WHO WORKED AS CIVILIANS IN 1949, BY RACE AND SEX, FOR GUAM—Con.

Occupation in 1949	All races			White		Chamorro		Filipino		Chinese		Other races	
	Total	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION													
Worked as civilians in 1949.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0				100.0	100.0
Professional, technical, and kindred workers.....	6.7	4.4	18.6	11.5	17.8	2.9	16.8	1.5				2.5	42.9
Accountants and auditors.....	0.7	0.5	1.3	1.5	3.1	0.3		0.2					
Clergymen.....	0.1	0.1		0.4	0.1	0.1							0.4
Draftsmen.....	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.6	0.5			0.1					
Engineers, civil.....	0.5	0.6		2.1		0.2		0.2					
Engineers, electrical.....	0.2	0.2		0.7									
Engineers, mechanical.....	0.1	0.1		0.4				0.1					0.4
Engineers, other and not specified.....	0.2	0.2		0.8									0.4
Nurses, professional.....	0.5		2.7		3.0		2.3						
Nurses, student professional.....	0.4		2.5				2.0						34.9
Radio operators.....	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.6	0.2								
Surveyors.....	0.2	0.3		0.5		0.4							0.4
Teachers (n. e. c.).....	2.0	0.6	9.3	1.0	6.5	1.1	11.9	0.1					5.6
Other professional.....	1.5	1.3	2.5	2.8	4.5	0.8	0.6	0.8					2.4
Farmers and farm managers.....	4.6	5.2	1.5	0.4	0.1	15.2	2.9	0.5					
Managers, officials, and proprietors, except farm.....	3.7	3.4	5.2	6.4	2.7	4.8	7.5	0.5				3.3	1.6
Officials, administrators, and inspectors, public administration.....	0.6	0.7	0.5	1.5	0.8	0.9	0.2						1.2
Other specified managers, officials, and proprietors.....	0.3	0.3	0.1	1.1	0.2	0.1							
Managers, officials, and proprietors (n. e. c.).....	2.7	2.4	4.6	3.8	1.6	3.8	7.3	0.5				2.1	1.6
Clerical and kindred workers.....	12.9	8.5	35.2	9.4	60.9	5.9	15.0	9.8				8.2	25.4
Bookkeepers.....	0.7	0.4	2.4	0.4	5.0	0.5	0.3	0.4					0.8
Cashiers.....	0.4	0.1	1.7	0.1	2.4	0.1	1.2	0.2					
Dispatchers and starters, vehicle.....	0.1	0.2		0.3		0.2		0.1					
Stenographers, typists, and secretaries.....	4.1	1.2	18.3	0.5	32.2	1.2	7.2	1.7					14.3
Telephone operators.....	0.4	0.1	2.4	0.2	3.0		2.1						0.8
Other specified clerical workers.....	0.6	0.6	0.6	1.1	1.1	0.6	0.2	0.4					1.2
Clerical workers (n. e. c.).....	0.5	5.8	9.9	6.9	17.0	3.4	4.0	7.0					9.5
Sales workers.....	3.1	1.5	10.8	1.6	8.4	2.1	12.8	1.1				1.2	7.1
Craftsmen, foremen, and kindred workers.....	30.6	36.5	0.6	45.3	0.3	26.5	0.8	38.8				40.7	2.4
Bakers.....	0.5	0.5	0.3	0.2		0.4	0.6	0.8					
Cabinet makers.....	0.2	0.2		0.1		0.4		0.2					
Carpenters.....	8.5	10.2	0.1	5.4		10.2	0.1	13.0				7.0	2.4
Cement and concrete finishers.....	0.5	0.6		0.4				1.2					0.4
Cranemen, derrickmen, and hoistmen.....	0.5	0.6		0.3				1.2					0.8
Electricians.....	2.0	2.4		5.5		0.7		1.8					2.9
Excavating, grading, and road machinery operators.....	2.5	3.0		7.6		2.6		0.4					5.8
Foremen (n. e. c.).....	2.0	2.4	0.1	3.4	0.2	0.5		3.3					3.3
Linemen and servicemen, telegraph, telephone, and power.....	0.5	0.5		0.9		0.9		0.1					0.8
Machinists.....	0.4	0.5		1.1		0.2		0.3					0.4
Mechanics and repairmen, auto.....	3.1	3.7		3.2		4.9	0.1	2.8					9.1
Mechanics and repairmen, other and n. e. c.....	2.4	2.9		6.0		0.9		2.7					2.9
Painters, construction and maintenance.....	1.3	1.6		1.2	0.1	0.6		2.6					1.6
Plumbers and pipe fitters.....	2.6	3.1		3.8		1.5		3.9					2.5
Stationary engineers.....	1.0	1.2		1.6		1.8		0.5					1.6
Structural metal workers.....	0.6	0.8		0.3				1.6					1.6
Tinsmiths, copper-smiths and sheet metal.....	0.6	0.7		1.2				0.9					1.6
Other craftsmen and kindred workers (n. e. c.).....	1.4	1.7	0.1	3.0	0.1	0.8	0.1	1.5					1.6
Operatives and kindred workers.....	14.5	15.5	9.1	13.7	2.5	16.4	15.0	16.2				11.1	4.0
Attendants, auto service and parking.....	0.2	0.2		0.3		0.4		0.1					
Bus drivers.....	0.1	0.2		0.2		0.4							
Deliverymen and routemen.....	0.2	0.2		0.2		0.5							0.8
Laundry and dry cleaning operatives.....	2.3		7.0		0.7	1.3	12.7	2.2					2.4
Others and greasers, except auto.....	0.5	0.6		0.6		0.2		0.9					0.4
Stationary firemen.....	0.2	0.3		0.5		0.1		0.4					
Taxicab drivers and chauffeurs.....	1.3	1.9		0.2		4.5	0.1	0.2					2.5
Truck and tractor drivers.....	4.4	5.3		4.4		4.7		6.1					5.3
Welders and flame-cutters.....	0.9	1.1		1.8		0.1	0.6	1.0					1.6
Other specified operatives.....	1.1	1.2	0.8	2.7	0.4	0.5	1.1	0.8					1.6
Operatives and kindred workers (n. e. c.).....	3.1	3.5	1.2	2.6	1.4	3.1	1.2	4.4					1.2
Private household workers.....	2.0	0.7	8.6		1.0	0.4	15.3	1.3				1.6	4.8
Service workers, except private household.....	10.5	10.9	8.6	6.5	5.9	11.6	11.0	13.2				4.1	7.9
Attendants, hospital and other institution.....	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.8	0.1	0.1					0.8
Barbers, beauticians, and manicurists.....	0.3	0.3	0.6		0.7	0.3	0.4	0.5					0.8
Bartenders.....	0.2	0.2		0.2		0.2	0.1	0.2					
Cooks, except private household.....	1.6	1.8	0.6	0.9	0.4	1.5	0.9	2.7					0.4
Guards, watchmen, and doorkeepers.....	1.4	1.6		2.9		1.5		1.0					0.4
Housekeepers and stewards, except private household.....	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.5					0.8
Janitors and sextons.....	1.0	1.2	0.1		0.1	1.6	0.1	1.6					0.4
Policemen and detectives.....	1.3	1.5		0.7		4.2		0.1					1.6
Waiters and waitresses.....	2.3	1.8	5.1	0.4	3.4	0.8	6.7	3.3					0.4
Other service workers.....	1.9	1.9	1.8	0.9	0.8	0.7	2.6	3.3					3.2
Farm laborers and foremen.....	1.4	1.5	0.8	0.8		3.6	1.6	0.3				3.7	
Farm laborers, unpaid family workers.....	1.0	1.0	0.7	0.3		2.7	1.4	0.2					1.2
Farm laborers, except unpaid, and farm foremen.....	0.4	0.5	0.1	0.6		0.9	0.2	0.1					2.5
Laborers, except farm and mine.....	9.3	11.0	0.6	2.1	0.2	10.4	0.9	16.6				11.1	2.4
Fishermen and oystermen.....	0.2	0.3	0.1	0.1		0.7							2.1
Gardeners, except farm, and groundskeepers.....	0.7	0.9	0.1	0.1		1.9	0.1	0.5					0.4
Longshoremen and stevedores.....	4.4	6.2		0.1		0.7		11.0					3.3
Other specified laborers.....				0.1		0.1							0.4
Laborers (n. e. c.).....	3.0	4.6	0.5	1.8	0.2	7.0	0.8	4.4					4.9
Occupation not reported.....	0.8	0.9	0.4	2.5	0.2	0.2	0.4	0.2				12.3	1.6

GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS

Table 47.—INDUSTRY IN 1949 OF PERSONS WHO WORKED AS CIVILIANS IN 1949, BY RACE AND SEX, FOR GUAM

[Percent not shown where less than 0.1 or where base is less than 100]

Industry in 1949	All races			White		Chamorro		Filipino		Chinese		Other races	
	Total	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
Worked as civilians in 1949.....	18,671	15,584	3,087	3,779	1,314	4,942	1,592	6,588	47	32	8	243	126
Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries.....	1,189	1,112	77	66	1	964	72	59		4		19	4
Agriculture.....	1,152	1,077	75	68	1	938	72	58		3		15	2
Forestry and fisheries.....	37	35	2	3		26		1		1		4	2
Mining.....	38	37	1	32	1	1		4					
Construction.....	6,269	6,144	125	1,811	90	881	31	3,394	1	8		50	3
Manufacturing.....	401	325	76	187	50	170	26	15				3	
Durable goods.....	149	119	30	75	18	35	12	6				3	
Furniture, and lumber and wood products.....	35	35		18		11		0					
Metal industries.....	24	17	7	17	7								
Machinery.....	10	12	4	7	4								
Transportation equipment.....	31	24	7	22	7							2	
Other durable goods.....	43	31	12	11		10	12					1	
Nondurable goods.....	240	198	42	54	28	135	14	9					
Food and kindred products.....	169	150	19	25	7	120	12	5					
Printing and publishing.....	34	26	8	14	6	10	2	2					
Other nondurable goods.....	37	22	15	15	5			2					
Not specified manufacturing industries.....	12	8	4	8	4								
Transportation, communication, and other public utilities.....	2,760	2,708	42	337	30	366	8	1,986	4			19	
Transportation.....	2,511	2,494	17	197	8	208	5	1,984	4			15	
Trucking service and warehousing.....	49	48	1	31	1	8		2				7	
Taxicab service.....	232	230	2	0		210	2	0				5	
Water transportation.....	2,117	2,111	6	110	2	28		1,071	4			2	
Air transportation.....	71	67	4	30	1	35	3	1				1	
Other transportation.....	42	38	4	20	4	17		1					
Telecommunications.....	58	35	23	24	20	10	3					1	
Utilities and sanitary services.....	181	179	2	116	2	58		2				3	
Electric light and power.....	111	100	2	101	2	5						3	
Water supply.....	38	38		14		23		1					
Sanitary services.....	32	32		1		30		1					
Other and not specified utilities.....													
Wholesale and retail trade.....	1,837	1,063	774	242	252	527	489	259	12	3	4	32	17
Wholesale trade.....	244	201	43	62	14	126	26	15	2			8	1
Retail trade.....	1,593	862	731	180	238	401	463	244	10	3	4	24	16
Food and dairy products stores and milk retailing.....	502	278	224	71	21	168	167	36	2			3	4
General merchandise stores and five and ten cent stores.....	808	164	144	27	97	20	38	110	3	2	2	5	4
Apparel and accessories stores.....	45	16	20	3	17	5	8	7	2			1	2
Motor vehicles and accessories retailing.....	20	24	5	10	5	10		4					
Gasoline service stations.....	48	47	1	12		31	1	1				3	
Eating and drinking places.....	460	241	219	29	54	127	177	78	1	1	2	6	5
Other retail trade.....	109	53	56	27	39	23	15	2	1			1	1
Not specified retail stores.....	72	39	33	11	5	17	27	6	1			5	
Finance, insurance, and real estate.....	85	48	37	10	23	35	12	2	1			1	1
Business and repair services.....	362	349	13	126	12	177	1	33		1		12	
Business services.....	17	10	7	8	0	1	1	1					
Automobile repair services and garages.....	277	273	4	84	4	154		22		1		12	
Miscellaneous repair services.....	68	66	2	34	2	22		10					
Personal services.....	998	474	524	26	52	158	453	276	6	3		11	13
Private households.....	425	156	269	3	14	53	244	89	3	3		8	8
Hotel and lodging places.....	28	20	8	5	0	15	2	1				1	
Laundry, cleaning and dyeing services.....	437	227	210	13	17	64	188	148	2			2	3
Miscellaneous personal services.....	108	71	37	5	15	28	10	38	1				2
Entertainment and recreation services.....	68	56	12	29	10	17	2	6				4	
Professional and related services.....	943	383	560	88	190	239	299	52	16		1	4	54
Medical and other health services, except hospitals.....	48	8	40	2	12	5	28	1					
Hospitals.....	300	143	156	17	46	107	60	16	5			3	46
Educational services.....	449	134	315	40	96	90	201	4	10		1		7
Welfare, religious, and membership organizations.....	110	80	30	26	20	34	1	28				1	
Legal, engineering, and miscellaneous professional services.....	18	9	9	3	7	3		3	1				1
Public administration.....	3,556	2,729	827	766	592	1,392	192	494	7	12	3	65	33
Postal service.....	43	23	20	3	3	20	17						
Public administration, except postal service.....	3,513	2,706	807	763	589	1,372	175	494	7	12	3	65	33
Industry not reported.....	175	156	19	109	11	15	7	8		1		23	1

Table 47.—INDUSTRY IN 1949 OF PERSONS WHO WORKED AS CIVILIANS IN 1949, BY RACE AND SEX, FOR GUAM—Con.

Industry in 1949	All races			White		Chamorro		Filipino		Chinese		Other races	
	Total	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION													
Worked as civilians in 1949.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0				100.0	100.0
Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries	6.4	7.1	2.5	1.7	0.1	19.5	4.5	0.9				7.8	3.2
Agriculture.....	0.2	6.9	2.4	1.7	0.1	19.0	4.5	0.9				6.2	1.6
Forestry and fisheries.....	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1		0.5						1.6	1.6
Mining	0.2	0.2		0.8	0.1			0.1					
Construction	33.6	39.4	4.0	47.9	6.8	17.8	1.9	51.5				20.6	2.4
Manufacturing	2.1	2.1	2.5	3.6	3.8	3.4	1.6	0.2				1.2	
Durable goods.....	0.8	0.8	1.0	2.0	1.4	0.7	0.8	0.1				1.2	
Furniture, and lumber and wood products.....	0.2	0.2		0.5		0.2		0.1					
Metal industries.....	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.5								
Machinery.....	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.1							
Transportation equipment.....	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.6	0.5							0.8	
Other durable goods.....	0.2	0.2	0.4	0.3		0.4	0.8					0.4	
Nondurable goods.....	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.4	2.1	2.7	0.9	0.1					
Food and kindred products.....	0.9	1.0	0.6	0.7	0.5	2.4	0.8	0.1					
Printing and publishing.....	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.2	0.1						
Other nondurable goods.....	0.2	0.1	0.5	0.4	1.1	0.1							
Not specified manufacturing industries.....	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.3								
Transportation, communications and other public utilities	14.7	17.4	1.4	8.9	2.3	7.4	0.5	30.1				7.8	
Transportation.....	13.4	16.0	0.6	5.2	0.6	6.0	0.3	30.1				6.2	
Trucking service and warehousing.....	0.3	0.3		0.8	0.1	0.2						2.0	
Taxicab service.....	1.2	1.5	0.1	0.2		4.2	0.1	0.1				2.1	
Water transportation.....	11.3	13.5	0.2	2.9	0.2	0.6		29.9				0.8	
Air transportation.....	0.4	0.4	0.1	0.8	0.1	0.7	0.2					0.4	
Other transportation.....	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.5	0.3	0.3							
Telecommunications.....	0.3	0.2	0.7	0.6	1.5	0.2	0.2					0.4	
Utilities and sanitary services.....	1.0	1.1	0.1	3.1	0.2	1.2						1.2	
Electric light and power.....	0.6	0.7	0.1	2.7	0.2	0.1						1.2	
Water supply.....	0.2	0.2		0.4		0.5							
Sanitary services.....	0.2	0.2				0.6							
Other and not specified utilities.....													
Wholesale and retail trade	9.8	6.8	25.1	6.4	19.2	10.7	30.7	3.9				13.2	13.5
Wholesale trade.....	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.1	2.5	1.6	0.2				3.3	0.8
Retail trade.....	8.5	5.5	23.7	5.0	18.1	8.1	29.1	3.7				9.9	12.7
Food and dairy products, stores and milk retailing.....	2.7	1.8	7.3	1.9	1.6	3.4	12.4	0.5				1.2	3.2
General merchandise stores and five and ten cent stores.....	1.6	1.1	4.7	0.7	7.4	0.4	2.4	1.7				2.1	3.2
Apparel and accessories stores.....	0.2	0.1	0.9	0.1	1.3	0.1	0.5	0.1				0.4	1.6
Motor vehicles and accessories retailing.....	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.2		0.1					
Gasoline service stations.....	0.3	0.3		0.3		0.6	0.1					1.2	
Eating and drinking places.....	2.6	1.5	7.7	0.8	4.1	2.6	11.1	1.2				2.5	4.0
Other retail trade.....	0.6	0.3	1.8	0.7	3.0	0.5	0.9					0.4	0.8
Not specified retail stores.....	0.4	0.3	1.1	0.3	0.4	0.3	1.7	0.1				2.1	
Finance, insurance, and real estate	0.5	0.3	1.2	0.3	1.8	0.7	0.8					0.4	0.8
Business and repair services	1.9	2.2	0.4	3.3	0.9	3.6	0.1	0.5				4.9	
Business services.....	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.5		0.1						
Automobile repair services and garages.....	1.5	1.8	0.1	2.2	0.3	3.1		0.3				4.9	
Miscellaneous repair services.....	0.4	0.4	0.1	0.9	0.2	0.4		0.2					
Personal services	5.3	3.0	17.0	0.7	4.0	3.2	28.5	4.2				4.5	10.3
Private households.....	2.3	1.0	8.7	0.1	1.1	1.1	15.8	1.4				3.3	6.3
Hotel and lodging places.....	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.1	0.5	0.3	0.1					0.4	
Laundry, cleaning and dyeing services.....	2.3	1.5	6.8	0.3	1.3	1.3	11.8	2.2				0.8	2.4
Miscellaneous personal services.....	0.6	0.5	1.2	0.1	1.1	0.6	1.2	0.6					1.6
Entertainment and recreation services	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.8	0.8	0.3	0.1	0.1				1.6	
Professional and related services	5.1	2.5	18.1	2.3	14.5	4.8	18.8	0.8				1.6	42.9
Medical and other health services, except hospitals.....	0.3	0.1	1.3	0.1	0.9	0.1	1.8						
Hospitals.....	1.7	0.9	5.4	0.4	3.5	2.2	4.3	0.2				1.2	36.5
Educational services.....	2.4	0.9	10.2	1.1	7.3	1.8	12.6	0.1				0.4	5.6
Welfare, religious, and membership organizations.....	0.6	0.6	1.0	0.7	2.2	0.7	0.1	0.4				0.4	
Legal, engineering, and miscellaneous professional services.....	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.1	0.5	0.1							0.8
Public administration	19.0	17.5	26.8	20.3	45.1	28.2	12.1	7.5				26.7	26.2
Postal service.....	0.2	0.1	0.6	0.1	0.2	0.4	1.1						
Public administration, except postal service.....	18.8	17.4	26.1	20.2	44.8	27.7	11.0	7.5				26.7	26.2
Industry not reported	0.9	1.0	0.6	2.9	0.8	0.3	0.4	0.1				9.5	0.8

GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS

Table 48.—AGE BY RACE AND SEX, FOR GUAM, BY MUNICIPALITIES: 1950

[Median not shown where base is less than 100]

Municipality	All races			White		Chamorro		Filipino		Chinese		Other races		
	Total	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	
MUNICIPALITY AGANA														
All ages.....	800	408	392	46	32	301	333	49	24				12	3
Under 5 years.....	100	63	46	2	2	55	38	6	6					
Under 1 year.....	29	21	9	1		18	5	2	3					
5 to 9 years.....	76	39	37	3	1	38	33	2	3					
10 to 14 years.....	110	64	46	5	2	53	42	6	2				1	
15 to 19 years.....	105	55	50	1	1	48	48	4	1					
20 to 24 years.....	80	39	41		4	27	31	9	5				2	
25 to 29 years.....	64	35	29	0	4	17	24	8	1				3	1
30 to 34 years.....	52	23	29	5	4	15	23	1	2				1	
35 to 39 years.....	52	23	24	8	4	13	10	5	1				2	
40 to 44 years.....	38	14	24	5	1	8	22	1	1				2	1
45 to 49 years.....														
50 to 54 years.....	38	17	21	3	2	9	17	5	1					1
55 to 59 years.....	23	8	15	4	5	4	10							
60 to 64 years.....	15	7	8			7	7							
65 to 69 years.....	11	0	5	1		3	5	2	1					
70 to 74 years.....	12	5	7			6	7							
75 years and over.....	6	3	3			2	3							
Median age.....	20.0	18.5	22.1			16.0	20.9							
MUNICIPALITY AGAT														
All ages.....	4,682	2,581	2,101	884	452	1,589	1,581	61	38	9	6	38	24	
Under 5 years.....	905	468	437	71	82	309	336	21	17	1		6	2	
Under 1 year.....	210	106	104	15	14	82	81	8	9	1				
5 to 9 years.....	407	247	220	51	48	188	165	1	4	2	1	5	2	
10 to 14 years.....	480	254	226	36	24	210	194	2	4	3	2	3	2	
15 to 19 years.....	511	325	186	145	18	174	163	2	2	1	1	3	2	
20 to 24 years.....	483	308	175	179	32	116	133	3	5			10	5	
25 to 29 years.....	404	228	176	114	70	109	101	2			1	3	4	
30 to 34 years.....	374	191	183	111	78	71	99	5	2	1	1	3	3	
35 to 39 years.....	257	147	110	72	43	61	63	11	1			3	3	
40 to 44 years.....	237	120	117	44	25	65	90	10	1	1			1	
45 to 49 years.....														
50 to 54 years.....	103	87	76	31	17	54	59	1				1		
55 to 59 years.....	127	66	61	15	7	50	54	1						
60 to 64 years.....	104	64	40	9	4	54	35	1	1					
65 to 69 years.....	60	29	31	3	3	26	28							
70 to 74 years.....	42	19	23	2	1	17	22							
75 years and over.....	30	13	17	1		10	17	1				1		
Median age.....	19.8	19.9	19.5	23.9	26.6	15.8	17.9							
MUNICIPALITY ASAN														
All ages.....	3,090	1,987	1,103	1,261	430	595	639	65	13	6	1	60	20	
Under 5 years.....	334	169	165	36	34	127	123	5	6			1	2	
Under 1 year.....	68	37	31	6	3	29	25	2	2				1	
5 to 9 years.....	190	96	94	27	17	69	72		2				3	
10 to 14 years.....	200	106	94	15	13	90	80					1	1	
15 to 19 years.....	260	171	79	103	16	65	62					3	2	
20 to 24 years.....	376	265	111	196	46	49	60	11	1			9	5	
25 to 29 years.....	342	226	116	151	60	41	49	14	3	3		17	4	
30 to 34 years.....	322	190	132	142	81	26	48	6	2	2	1	14	2	
35 to 39 years.....	298	193	105	138	64	32	39	13	1	1		9	1	
40 to 44 years.....	284	194	90	156	61	26	29	8				4		
45 to 49 years.....														
50 to 54 years.....	285	191	44	166	28	21	16	4						
55 to 59 years.....	124	104	20	89	6	10	15	3				2		
60 to 64 years.....	60	44	16	27	2	10	14	1						
65 to 69 years.....	25	19	6	11	2	8	4							
70 to 74 years.....	25	10	15	3	1	7	14							
75 years and over.....	11	5	6	1	1	5	9							
Median age.....	27.9	20.1	25.4	33.6	31.0	15.9	18.6							
MUNICIPALITY BARRIGADA														
All ages.....	11,534	8,686	2,848	3,119	538	2,205	2,243	3,296	47	2	2	64	18	
Under 5 years.....	1,189	603	586	107	117	479	452	13	10			4	7	
Under 1 year.....	249	131	118	19	16	103	100	8	2			3	1	
5 to 9 years.....	607	326	281	50	56	266	270	7	4		1	3	4	
10 to 14 years.....	627	328	299	17	22	304	273	5	3	1		1	1	
15 to 19 years.....	945	707	238	388	12	253	220	54	6			12		
20 to 24 years.....	2,212	1,954	258	684	57	174	195	1,068	0			28		
25 to 29 years.....	1,807	1,523	284	471	119	132	154	910	9			10	2	
30 to 34 years.....	1,201	977	224	350	65	112	152	507	4		1	2	2	
35 to 39 years.....	694	317	177	301	50	120	123	388	3			2	1	
40 to 44 years.....	644	328	116	236	20	68	95	193				1	1	
45 to 49 years.....														
50 to 54 years.....	521	430	91	256	13	75	78	98		1				
55 to 59 years.....	345	269	76	163	5	64	69	42	2					
60 to 64 years.....	159	108	51	63	1	37	50	8						
65 to 69 years.....	86	49	37	21	1	28	36					1		
70 to 74 years.....	64	35	29	3		30	29	1						
75 years and over.....	36	16	20	3		11	20	2						
Median age.....	25.4	26.4	19.2	28.3	25.2	16.1	17.7	27.8						

Table 48.—AGE BY RACE AND SEX, FOR GUAM, BY MUNICIPALITIES: 1950—Con.

Municipality	All races			White		Chamorro		Filipino		Chinese		Other races	
	Total	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
MUNICIPALITY DEDEDO													
All ages.....	6,441	3,953	2,488	2,254	1,052	1,284	1,300	150	27	4	10	261	99
Under 5 years.....	368	443	425	186	162	232	248	19	8		2	0	5
Under 1 year.....	158	79	79	18	16	55	56	6	3		1		3
5 to 9 years.....	550	203	257	90	90	180	156	2	3	2	1	7	7
10 to 14 years.....	436	220	210	31	29	190	174		3			5	4
15 to 19 years.....	911	725	186	494	16	159	147	4	1	1		07	22
20 to 24 years.....	1,158	915	243	663	100	127	112	39	2		2	86	27
25 to 29 years.....	798	416	382	280	251	61	104	30	5	1	3	44	19
30 to 34 years.....	619	351	268	243	183	61	76	17	3		1	30	5
35 to 39 years.....	396	205	190	120	115	63	67	15	1			7	7
40 to 44 years.....	248	134	114	69	67	51	44	13	1			1	2
45 to 49 years.....	168	100	68	42	24	50	42	7			1	1	1
50 to 54 years.....	101	58	43	20	0	33	34	3				2	
55 to 59 years.....	75	35	40	8	4	27	36						
60 to 64 years.....	48	24	24		1	21	23	1				2	
65 to 69 years.....	30	11	19			10	19						
70 to 74 years.....	17	11	6	1		7	6					3	
75 years and over.....	19	6	13		1	6	12						
Median age.....	22.0	21.0	23.4	22.4	27.6	16.1	17.4	26.8				22.0	
MUNICIPALITY INARAJAN													
All ages.....	1,490	733	757	5		722	753	1				5	4
Under 5 years.....	333	160	173			160	173						
Under 1 year.....	80	41	39			41	39						
5 to 9 years.....	221	118	103			116	102					2	1
10 to 14 years.....	206	104	101			104	99						2
15 to 19 years.....	146	77	68			76	68					1	
20 to 24 years.....	116	49	67	1		48	67						
25 to 29 years.....	89	39	50	2		30	49	1					1
30 to 34 years.....	77	40	37			30	37					1	
35 to 39 years.....	76	35	41			35	41						
40 to 44 years.....	64	35	29			35	29						
45 to 49 years.....	43	18	25	1		17	25						
50 to 54 years.....	33	18	15			18	15						
55 to 59 years.....	33	16	17			16	17						
60 to 64 years.....	21	8	13	1		7	13						
65 to 69 years.....	11	6	5			6	5						
70 to 74 years.....	7	1	6			1	6						
75 years and over.....	16	9	7			8	7					1	
Median age.....	14.7	14.3	15.1			14.1	15.2						
MUNICIPALITY MACHANAO													
All ages.....	684	347	337	281	283	46	35					20	19
Under 5 years.....	134	68	66	57	58	7	6					4	2
Under 1 year.....	16	7	9	4	8	2						1	1
5 to 9 years.....	72	34	38	28	31	4	5					2	2
10 to 14 years.....	28	14	14	7	9	7	5						
15 to 19 years.....	18	10	8	6	4	4	3						1
20 to 24 years.....	63	13	50	10	46	3	3						4
25 to 29 years.....	151	81	70	72	66	3	2					0	3
30 to 34 years.....	95	55	40	46	31	2	4					7	5
35 to 39 years.....	55	33	22	27	18	5	3					1	1
40 to 44 years.....	27	11	16	9	13	2	2						
45 to 49 years.....	20	14	6	12	2	2	1						
50 to 54 years.....	7	3	4	2	2	1	2						
55 to 59 years.....	8	7	1	5	1	2							
60 to 64 years.....	3	2	1			2	1						
65 to 69 years.....	1	1				1							
70 to 74 years.....	2	2				2	1						
75 years and over.....													
Median age.....	25.0	27.1	24.3	27.3	24.3								
MUNICIPALITY MERIZO													
All ages.....	1,086	552	534	3	2	546	526	3	1				5
Under 5 years.....	224	122	102			122	101		1				
Under 1 year.....	40	19	30			19	30						
5 to 9 years.....	103	95	63		1	95	67						
10 to 14 years.....	156	85	71			85	71						
15 to 19 years.....	96	48	48	1		47	48						
20 to 24 years.....	68	33	35			33	34						1
25 to 29 years.....	62	30	32		1	30	30						1
30 to 34 years.....	75	31	44			31	42						2
35 to 39 years.....	57	32	25	1		28	24	3				1	1
40 to 44 years.....	38	16	22			16	22						
45 to 49 years.....	44	20	24			20	24						
50 to 54 years.....	16	8	8	1		7	8						
55 to 59 years.....	23	11	17			11	17						
60 to 64 years.....	30	11	19			11	19						
65 to 69 years.....	12	3	9			3	9						
70 to 74 years.....	11	5	6			5	6						
75 years and over.....	6	2	4			2	4						
Median age.....	15.0	13.5	17.7			13.3	17.5						

Table 48.—AGE BY RACE AND SEX, FOR GUAM, BY MUNICIPALITIES: 1950—Con.

Municipality	All races			White		Chamorro		Filipino		Chinese		Other races	
	Total	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
MUNICIPALITY PITI													
All ages.....	1,902	1,073	829	363	171	565	616	121	22	3	2	21	18
Under 5 years.....	313	171	142	22	10	132	111	11	12	1	1	5	2
Under 1 year.....	78	42	36	6	3	32	31	1	2	1		2	1
5 to 9 years.....	180	89	91	18	14	66	76	3	6			2	1
10 to 14 years.....	195	99	96	11	10	83	83	3	1			2	2
15 to 19 years.....	154	89	65	8	6	68	54	9	1			4	4
20 to 24 years.....	183	114	69	18	6	50	62	36	1			1	1
25 to 29 years.....	105	65	40	36	16	34	52	20	1	1		4	1
30 to 34 years.....	103	80	83	58	31	14	50	7	1		1	1	1
35 to 39 years.....	154	99	55	45	26	33	27	20				1	2
40 to 44 years.....	131	82	49	51	24	22	23	7		1		1	2
45 to 49 years.....	96	58	38	42	11	15	26	1					1
50 to 54 years.....	63	40	23	26	5	12	18	2					
55 to 59 years.....	46	31	15	22	4	8	11	1					
60 to 64 years.....	24	12	12	6	2	6	10						
65 to 69 years.....	12	9	3			8	3	1					1
70 to 74 years.....	9	2	7			2	6						1
75 years and over.....	8	3	5			8	4						1
Median age.....	22.8	23.9	21.1	30.2	32.8	16.1	18.5	24.8					
MUNICIPALITY SINAJANA													
All ages.....	9,169	4,878	4,291	791	246	3,817	3,930	126	39	7	13	137	63
Under 5 years.....	1,698	801	897	40	34	773	708	23	15	1	6	15	14
Under 1 year.....	399	218	181	11	6	190	109	12	3		2	5	1
5 to 9 years.....	1,016	528	488	20	21	488	454	6	4	2	1	12	8
10 to 14 years.....	1,065	550	515	18	9	523	494	3	2		2	11	8
15 to 19 years.....	1,207	701	440	222	10	505	410	9	6			24	9
20 to 24 years.....	1,070	645	425	252	41	339	370	25	4	1	1	37	9
25 to 29 years.....	671	328	343	78	41	231	293	14	2		2	15	5
30 to 34 years.....	540	277	260	65	27	208	234	8	1		1	6	6
35 to 39 years.....	515	266	249	45	28	190	214	10	2	2	1	10	5
40 to 44 years.....	407	210	188	25	15	181	171	12	1			1	1
45 to 49 years.....	201	142	140	16	7	124	141	1				1	1
50 to 54 years.....	160	88	102	6	1	89	101	2					1
55 to 59 years.....	171	85	86	4	3	78	82	1				2	
60 to 64 years.....	119	54	65		2	52	63	1				1	
65 to 69 years.....	83	32	51	3	1	29	46	1	2			2	
70 to 74 years.....	53	17	36	2	1	15	36						
75 years and over.....	67	25	42	1		22	42	1		1			
Median age.....	18.3	18.3	18.4	21.8	25.2	16.2	18.0	24.4				20.0	
MUNICIPALITY SUMAY													
All ages.....	6,718	6,007	711	3,799	600	13	13	2,120	5	2	1	73	2
Under 5 years.....	350	177	173	172	170	5	3						
Under 1 year.....	62	29	33	23	24	2	1						
5 to 9 years.....	143	73	70	73	64								
10 to 14 years.....	51	25	26	24	23	1							
15 to 19 years.....	1,009	500	509	573	15		4	4				13	
20 to 24 years.....	2,404	2,344	60	1,520	59		3	770				38	1
25 to 29 years.....	1,117	965	149	857	145		1	560	1	2	1	10	1
30 to 34 years.....	680	574	112	319	110		1	248	1			5	
35 to 39 years.....	486	425	61	181	59		1	248	2				
40 to 44 years.....	232	200	32	82	26			124					
45 to 49 years.....	152	136	16	30	15			105	1			1	
50 to 54 years.....	53	50	3	9	3			41					
55 to 59 years.....	23	23		18				10					
60 to 64 years.....	8	8	1	2	1			8					
65 to 69 years.....	3	3		3									
70 to 74 years.....													
75 years and over.....													
Median age.....	23.8	23.7	25.4	22.1	25.5			27.5					
MUNICIPALITY TALOFOFO													
All ages.....	913	493	445	6	5	456	434		1			6	5
Under 5 years.....	203	105	98	1	2	104	96						
Under 1 year.....	37	20	17	1		10	17					1	1
5 to 9 years.....	136	64	72			63	71						
10 to 14 years.....	129	67	62	1		66	61					1	1
15 to 19 years.....	95	53	42	1		50	41					2	1
20 to 24 years.....	67	45	22			42	22					3	
25 to 29 years.....	40	25	24	1	1	24	22		1				
30 to 34 years.....	48	21	27		1	21	24						2
35 to 39 years.....	34	15	19	1		14	19						
40 to 44 years.....	41	18	23			18	23						
45 to 49 years.....	37	20	17		1	20	16						
50 to 54 years.....	24	11	13	1		10	13						
55 to 59 years.....	13	5	8			5	8						
60 to 64 years.....	10	5	5			5	5						
65 to 69 years.....	13	6	7			6	7						
70 to 74 years.....	9	5	4			5	4						
75 years and over.....	5	3	2			3	2						
Median age.....	14.6	14.0	14.2			14.6	14.1						

Table 48.—AGE BY RACE AND SEX, FOR GUAM, BY MUNICIPALITIES: 1950—Con.

Municipality	All races			White		Chamorro		Filipino		Chinese		Other races	
	Total	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
MUNICIPALITY UMATAC													
All ages.....	580	284	296			284	296						
Under 5 years.....	133	61	72			61	72						
Under 1 year.....	33	18	15			18	15						
5 to 9 years.....	81	46	35			46	35						
10 to 14 years.....	67	35	32			35	32						
15 to 19 years.....	55	28	27			28	27						
20 to 24 years.....	43	21	22			21	22						
25 to 29 years.....	41	20	21			20	21						
30 to 34 years.....	38	19	19			19	19						
35 to 39 years.....	21	11	10			11	10						
40 to 44 years.....	21	9	12			9	12						
45 to 49 years.....	16	6	10			6	10						
50 to 54 years.....	18	9	9			9	9						
55 to 59 years.....	22	11	11			11	11						
60 to 64 years.....	8	4	4			4	4						
65 to 69 years.....	10	3	7			3	7						
70 to 74 years.....	3	3	3			3	3						
75 years and over.....	3	1	2			1	2						
Median age.....	15.8	15.0	16.7			15.0	16.7						
MUNICIPALITY YIGO													
All ages.....	9,022	7,869	1,153	5,426	761	363	326	1,004	24	21	2	1,055	40
Under 5 years.....	465	259	206	170	128	80	67	6	0			3	5
Under 1 year.....	65	36	29	13	13	22	15		1			1	
5 to 9 years.....	290	149	147	98	98	49	46			1		2	3
10 to 14 years.....	157	82	75	28	34	40	30	2	1	1		1	1
15 to 19 years.....	1,522	1,477	45	1,203	5	37	32	24	4		1	213	3
20 to 24 years.....	2,922	2,803	119	1,957	78	32	31	407	0	2		405	4
25 to 29 years.....	1,423	1,181	242	710	200	22	28	267	1	1	1	181	12
30 to 34 years.....	1,081	948	133	662	109	16	12	115	8	6		149	9
35 to 39 years.....	576	504	72	319	56	19	14	90	1	7		60	1
40 to 44 years.....	298	255	43	163	28	13	14	53		1		25	1
45 to 49 years.....	144	114	30	67	12	15	16	28	2			4	1
50 to 54 years.....	62	46	16	32	6	7	10	6				1	
55 to 59 years.....	33	27	6	11	2	0	4	4		1		2	
60 to 64 years.....	16	7	9	2	3	2	6	2		1			
65 to 69 years.....	10	7	3	1	1	6	2						
70 to 74 years.....	2	1	1		1	1							
75 years and over.....	15	9	6	3		6	6						
Median age.....	23.5	23.5	24.3	23.1	25.9	15.5	16.7	20.2				23.8	
MUNICIPALITY YONA													
All ages.....	1,937	659	728	10	10	617	696	13	8			19	14
Under 5 years.....	310	155	155			146	150	3	3			6	2
Under 1 year.....	88	47	41			42	37	2	3			3	1
5 to 9 years.....	189	84	105	1		82	104	1	1				
10 to 14 years.....	178	90	88	1		87	85		2			2	3
15 to 19 years.....	139	67	72			62	71		1			5	
20 to 24 years.....	133	65	68	3		60	64					2	4
25 to 29 years.....	92	36	56	1	3	33	49	1	1			1	3
30 to 34 years.....	75	35	40	1	3	34	30						1
35 to 39 years.....	74	40	34	1	2	32	32	6				1	
40 to 44 years.....	51	18	33	1	1	17	31						1
45 to 49 years.....	46	27	19			26	10	1					
50 to 54 years.....	30	15	15		1	14	14	1					
55 to 59 years.....	20	8	12	1		6	12					1	
60 to 64 years.....	13	5	8			5	8						
65 to 69 years.....	18	8	10			8	10						
70 to 74 years.....	8	3	5			2	5					1	
75 years and over.....	11	3	8			3	8						
Median age.....	15.6	15.0	16.1			14.6	15.8						

GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS

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Table 49.—GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS OF THE POPULATION, FOR GUAM, BY MUNICIPALITIES: 1950

[Percent, rate, and median not shown where base is less than 100]

Subject	Agana	Agat	Asan	Barrigada	Dededo	Inarajan	Machanao	Merizo	Piti	Sinajana	Sumay	Talofoto	Umatao	Yigo	Yona
Total population.....	800	4,682	3,090	11,534	6,441	1,490	684	1,086	1,902	9,169	6,718	913	580	9,022	1,887
RACE AND NATIVITY															
Male.....	408	2,581	1,987	8,686	3,953	733	347	552	1,073	4,878	6,007	468	284	7,869	659
Native white.....	45	875	1,225	3,041	2,235	5	279	2	345	779	3,762	6		5,395	10
Foreign-born white.....	1	9	30	78	19		2	1	18	12	37			31	
Chamorro.....	301	1,680	595	2,205	1,284	722	40	546	565	3,817	18	456	284	363	617
Filipino.....	40	61	65	3,290	150	1		3	121	126	2,120			1,004	13
Chinese.....		9	6	2	4				3	7	2			21	
Other races.....	12	38	60	64	201	5	20		21	137	78	6		1,055	19
Female.....	392	2,101	1,103	2,848	2,488	757	337	534	829	4,291	711	445	296	1,153	728
Native white.....	31	430	412	529	1,023		278	2	108	237	674	5		743	10
Foreign-born white.....	1	13	18	9	20				3	9	16			13	
Chamorro.....	333	1,681	639	2,243	1,300	753	35	526	616	3,930	13	434	206	320	606
Filipino.....	24	38	13	47	27			1	22	39	5	1		24	8
Chinese.....		6	1	2	10				2	13	1			2	
Other races.....	3	24	20	18	90	4	19	5	18	93	2	5		40	14
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT															
Persons 5 and 6 years old.....	28	188	81	262	257	88	42	60	77	420	82	50	30	145	70
Number enrolled in school.....	11	65	23	63	73	9	31	1	22	110	33	9	5	63	30
Percent enrolled in school.....		34.6		20.2	28.4					26.2				43.4	
Persons 7 and 13 years old.....	134	671	275	926	645	209	55	238	274	1,457	103	193	96	279	254
Number enrolled in school.....	130	655	268	911	634	280	55	226	261	1,443	102	188	94	275	261
Percent enrolled in school.....	97.0	97.6	97.5	98.4	98.3	95.7		95.0	95.3	99.0	99.0	97.4		98.0	98.8
Persons 14 and 15 years old.....	41	170	63	225	147	81	8	47	64	395	19	30	33	46	63
Number enrolled in school.....	37	157	62	217	142	77	8	44	60	382	19	30	30	42	59
Percent enrolled in school.....		92.4		96.4	96.6					96.7					
Persons 16 and 17 years old.....	43	211	77	219	205	56	7	37	65	400	61	44	23	138	61
Number enrolled in school.....	37	144	63	170	116	41	5	28	55	387	17	32	19	36	45
Percent enrolled in school.....		68.2		77.6	56.6					88.0				26.1	
Persons 18 and 19 years old.....	45	218	144	607	643	47	6	33	55	550	938	28	21	1,367	49
Number enrolled in school.....				1	1					1				1	
Percent enrolled in school.....				0.2	0.2					0.1				0.1	
Persons 20 to 24 years old.....	80	483	370	2,212	1,185	116	63	68	183	1,070	2,404	67	43	2,922	133
Number enrolled in school.....		2		1	1					2				4	
Percent enrolled in school.....		0.4		0.1	0.1					0.1				0.1	
YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED															
Male, 25 years old and over.....	148	970	1,180	4,768	1,351	225	208	169	511	1,533	2,393	134	93	3,099	198
No school years completed.....	4	143	13	197	100	40	4	17	26	152	62	42	26	108	23
Elementary: 1 to 4 years.....	21	200	112	1,001	174	92	12	103	72	444	528	52	27	166	39
5 and 6 years.....	16	120	77	685	97	47	8	29	58	280	273	30	26	196	49
7 years.....	9	31	41	416	64	9	4	8	24	98	186	1	3	108	13
8 years.....	17	67	160	393	83	10	7	6	30	118	116	1	3	353	9
High school: 1 to 3 years.....	28	126	251	870	218	8	24	5	56	174	577	2	5	656	7
4 years.....	22	103	262	807	357	2	70	4	79	131	463	1	1	874	5
College: 1 to 3 years.....	12	69	135	206	149	3	55		87	45	116	3		385	
4 years or more.....	15	42	115	120	110		20		70	85	66	1		145	2
School years not reported.....	4		5	24	9	5		1		6	8	1	2	43	1
Median school years completed.....	6.5	7.3	11.1	8.3	11.2	3.7	12.7	3.0	11.4	6.2	9.1	2.0		11.4	4.4
Female, 25 years old and over.....	172	867	560	1,126	1,167	245	161	210	360	1,580	368	149	108	561	240
No school years completed.....	3	131	24	77	93	60	3	30	22	249		53	40	21	44
Elementary: 1 to 4 years.....	51	204	139	422	219	125	6	138	130	601	1	63	41	56	122
5 and 6 years.....	36	124	50	180	103	38	7	27	64	309	2	18	25	20	54
7 years.....	9	15	13	32	26	4	1	4	2	76	16	2		0	
8 years.....	18	21	6	38	35	2	5	1	7	60	7	1		24	3
High school: 1 to 3 years.....	15	65	37	77	90	3	15	1	18	97	74	7		49	5
4 years.....	22	109	120	143	327	1	64	3	46	115	178	3		205	4
College: 1 to 3 years.....	11	64	121	79	171		42		39	33	62	1		127	4
4 years or more.....	6	21	38	37	93		17		18	24	28			46	3
School years not reported.....	2	43	6	41	10	12	1	6	14	17		1	2	1	1
Median school years completed.....	6.7	5.2	12.0	5.5	12.0	2.8	12.7	3.1	5.7	4.5	12.5	2.3	2.3	12.5	3.5
MARITAL STATUS AND HOUSEHOLDS															
Male, 14 years old and over.....	253	1,663	1,687	7,488	3,938	372	232	261	731	3,034	5,731	240	151	7,397	344
Single.....	131	717	718	3,603	1,730	150	18	108	305	1,624	3,815	102	54	4,835	142
Married.....	110	879	973	3,475	1,199	205	208	145	372	1,280	1,768	128	89	2,331	180
Widowed or divorced.....	12	67	246	510	109	17	6	8	64	130	158	10	8	331	22
Female, 14 years old and over.....	276	1,255	763	1,669	1,633	398	221	303	607	2,560	452	218	170	736	400
Single.....	131	318	273	524	538	143	14	112	162	907	25	65	54	141	157
Married.....	107	832	392	1,001	956	200	205	147	320	1,273	420	130	92	550	186
Widowed or divorced.....	38	105	98	144	139	46	2	44	36	280	1	23	24	45	57
Married couples, number.....	102	793	360	950	895	199	203	140	290	1,188	407	127	89	536	176
With own household.....	89	708	332	876	856	178	203	133	261	1,048	404	114	72	521	163
Without own household.....	13	85	28	74	39	21		7	29	140	3	13	17	15	13
Households, number.....	142	829	401	1,103	1,010	235	219	185	347	1,460	430	132	89	563	228
Population in households.....	771	4,249	1,841	5,620	4,391	1,490	680	1,086	1,695	8,493	1,419	913	580	2,211	1,374
Population per household.....	5.43	5.13	4.69	5.10	4.35	6.34	3.11	5.87	4.88	5.82	3.30	6.92		3.93	6.03
Institutional population.....					30					70					

Virgin Islands of the United States

INTRODUCTION

This report includes statistics on the basic characteristics of the population including urban-rural residence, age, sex, race, nativity, country of birth, school enrollment, years of school completed, marital status, employment status, occupation and industry, and personal income for the Virgin Islands of the United States.

The amount of detail presented in this report is generally greater for larger places than for smaller ones, and data for earlier censuses on the subjects treated have been included for larger areas only.

ARRANGEMENT OF TABLES

The tables presented here are numbered consecutively beginning with 50 for the Virgin Islands. Tables 50 to 53 published as

tables 11 to 14 in the Series P-A report "Number of Inhabitants for American Samoa, Canal Zone, Guam, and the Virgin Islands of the United States" are repeated here.

AVAILABILITY OF UNPUBLISHED DATA

This report presents practically all the statistics tabulated for the Virgin Islands of the United States. Unpublished statistics can be made available, upon request, for the cost of transcription or tabulation, or consolidation. Requests for such unpublished statistics, addressed to the Director, Bureau of the Census, Washington 25, D. C., will receive a prompt reply, which will include an estimate of the cost of preparing the data.

POPULATION TRENDS

Population of the Virgin Islands.—The population of the Virgin Islands of the United States on April 1, 1950, according to the 1950 Census, was 26,665. The total land area of the Virgin Islands is 132 square miles. In 1950 the average number of inhabitants per square mile was 202 as compared with an average of 189 in 1940.

The Virgin Islands of the United States, formerly known as the Danish West Indies, were acquired by the United States by purchase from Denmark in 1917, the formal transfer of possession having taken place on March 31 of that year. St. Croix, St. John, and St. Thomas are the principal islands of the group. There are 65 smaller islands, most of which are uninhabited.

Local censuses of population were taken by the Danish Government at irregular intervals between 1835 and 1911. A special census was taken in 1917 under the supervision of the Bureau of the Census and in 1930, 1940, and 1950 the population was enumerated in conjunction with the regular decennial censuses of the United States, the field work being done under the supervision of the Governor in accordance with plans prescribed by the Director of the Census. Morris F. de Castro, who was Governor in April 1950, was in charge of taking the 1950 Census of the Virgin Islands.

According to the first census in 1835, the population of the Virgin Islands was 43,178 (table 50). In 1950, 115 years later, the population had decreased by more than one-third. In nearly every intercensal period before 1930 the population decreased,

but, between 1930 and 1940, there was a population increase of 13.1 percent. Between 1940 and 1950, the population of the Virgin Islands increased by 1,776, or 7.1 percent.

Urban and rural population.—The urban population comprises all persons living in places of 2,500 inhabitants or more; the remainder of the population is classified as rural. The 1950 urban population of the Virgin Islands comprised 15,581 persons, or 58.4 percent of the total population. Between 1940 and 1950, the urban population increased by 9.0 percent from a total of 14,296 in 1940.

Municipalities.—Table 52 shows the population of the two municipalities which are the major administrative units of the Virgin Islands and of the islands within each municipality. Between 1940 and 1950, the population of the Municipality of St. Thomas and St. John increased by 21.5 percent, whereas that of St. Croix decreased by 6.2 percent.

Minor civil divisions.—To the primary political divisions into which the municipalities are subdivided, the Bureau of the Census applies the general term of "minor civil divisions." In the Virgin Islands, the minor civil divisions are cities or quarters. Charlotte Amalie, the largest city, is subdivided into quarters. Table 53 shows the statistics on the population of each municipality, by city or quarter, for the last three censuses. There were no changes in boundaries between 1940 and 1950. For changes prior to the 1940 Census, see reports of the Sixteenth Census (1940), *Population*, Vol. I, p. 1236, and reports of earlier censuses.

DEFINITIONS AND EXPLANATION

The definitions of the major concepts used in the 1950 Census are given below. Several of these definitions differ from those used in 1940. These changes were made after consultation with users of census data in order to improve the statistics, even though it was recognized that comparability would be adversely affected.

USUAL PLACE OF RESIDENCE

In accordance with usual Census practice, each person enumerated in the 1950 Census was counted as an inhabitant of his usual place of residence or usual place of abode, which is generally construed to mean the place where he lives and sleeps most of the

time. This place is not necessarily the same as his legal residence or domicile, although in the vast majority of cases the use of these different bases of classification would produce identical results.

In the application of this rule, persons were not always counted as residents of the places in which they happened to be found by the census enumerators. Visitors found staying in private homes were not ordinarily interviewed there. Information on persons away from their usual place of residence was obtained from other members of their families, landladies, etc. If an entire family was expected to be away during the whole period of the enumeration, information on it was obtained from neighbors. A matching process was used to eliminate duplicate reports for persons who reported for themselves while away and were also reported by their families at home.

Persons in the armed forces quartered on military installations were enumerated as residents of the area in which their installations were located. Members of their families were enumerated where they actually resided. In the 1950 Census, college students living away from home were considered residents of the communities in which they were residing while attending college, rather than as persons temporarily absent from their parental homes as was the practice in 1940. In 1950 the crews of vessels of the American Merchant Marine were counted as part of the population of the ports in which their vessels were berthed on April 1, 1950. In 1940 such persons were treated as part of the population of the port from which the vessel operated. Inmates of institutions, who ordinarily live there for long periods of time, were counted as inhabitants of the place in which the institution was located; whereas patients in general hospitals, who ordinarily have short stays, were counted at, or allocated to, their homes. All persons without a usual place of residence were counted where they were enumerated.

URBAN AND RURAL RESIDENCE

According to the definition that was used in the 1950 Census, as well as the 1940 Census, the urban population comprises all persons living in places of 2,500 inhabitants or more. The remaining population is classified as rural. All statistics on urban-rural residence presented in this report are in accordance with this definition unless otherwise specified in the given table. In 1940, Frederiksted city was considered urban, although it had a population of only 2,498.

DATA FOR SMALL AREAS

Users of data for the smaller areas should bear in mind that the data for such areas represent the work of a very small number of enumerators (often only one or two). The misinterpretation by an enumerator of the instructions for a particular item may, therefore, have an appreciable effect in the statistics for a very small community, even though it would have a negligible effect upon the figures for the Virgin Islands as a whole.

MEDIANS

The median, a type of average, is presented in connection with the data on age, years of school completed, and income which appear in this report. The median is the value which divides the distribution into two equal parts—one-half of the cases falling below this value and one-half of the cases exceeding this value.

RACE

Definitions

The concept of race as it has been used by the Bureau of the Census is derived from that which is commonly accepted by the general public. It does not, therefore, reflect clear-cut definitions of biological stock, and several categories obviously refer to nationalities.

White.—This classification is used to designate members of the Caucasian race.

Negro.—This classification includes only full-blooded Negroes.

Mixed and other races.—The group designated "Mixed and other races" comprises persons of mixed white and Negro parentage and persons of Negro and other nonwhite parentage, as well as Japanese, Filipino, Chinese, etc., the latter usually identified in terms of country or area of origin.

AGE

Definitions

The age classification is based on the age of the person at his last birthday as of the date of his enumeration, that is, the age of the person in completed years. The enumerator was instructed to obtain the age of each person as of the date of his visit rather than as of April 1, 1950. In most cases the age reported would have been the same on either basis.

Assignment of Unknown Ages

When the age of a person was not reported, it was estimated on the basis of other available information such as marital status, school attendance, employment status, age of other members of the family, and type of household. This method of assigning unknown ages on the basis of related information was used for the first time in the 1950 Census of the Territories and possessions. In previous censuses, persons of unknown age were shown in a separate category. The summary totals for "14 years and over" and "21 years and over" for earlier censuses presented in the tables include all persons of "unknown age" since there is evidence that most of the persons for whom age was not reported were in the age classes above these limits.

NATIVITY

The population is classified according to country of birth into two basic groups, native and foreign born. A person born in the United States or any of its Territories or possessions is counted as native. Also included as native is the small group of persons who, although born in a foreign country or at sea, were American citizens by birth, because their parents were American citizens. Since the Republic of the Philippines was established as an independent country in 1946, persons born in the Philippine Islands were classified as foreign born in the 1950 Census whereas in earlier censuses such persons had been classified as native. The small number of persons for whom place of birth was not reported were assumed to be native.

CITIZENSHIP

The classification of the population by citizenship embraces two major categories, citizen and alien. Citizens are subdivided into native and naturalized. It is assumed that all natives are citizens of the United States. In addition to the citizen and alien categories, there is a third group, made up of foreign-born persons for whom no report on citizenship was obtained, designated "citizenship not reported." Since it is likely that most of these persons are aliens, they are often included with "alien" in summary figures for total aliens. Data on citizenship are shown here only for the population 21 years old and over.

SCHOOL ENROLLMENT

Definitions

The data on school enrollment were derived from answers to the question, "Has he attended school at any time since February 1?" This question was asked of persons 5 to 29 years of age.

"Regular" schools.—In the instructions to the enumerators, enrollment was restricted to enrollment in "regular" schools only. Such schools are public, private, or parochial schools, colleges,

universities, or professional schools, either day or night, that is, those schools where enrollment leads to an elementary or high school diploma, or to a college, university, or professional school degree. Enrollment could be full time or part time.

If a person was enrolled in such a school subsequent to February 1, 1950, he was classified as enrolled even if he had not actually attended school since that date. For example, he may not have attended because of illness.

If a person was receiving *regular* instruction at home from a tutor, and if the instruction was considered comparable to that of a regular school or college, the person was counted as enrolled. Enrollment in a correspondence course was counted only if the course was given by a regular school, such as a university, and the person received credit thereby in the regular school system.

Kindergarten.—Children enrolled in kindergarten were reported separately in 1950 and were not counted as enrolled in school. The statistics on kindergarten enrollment were tabulated only for children 5 and 6 years old. Nursery schools were not regarded as kindergartens or schools.

Schools excluded.—Persons enrolled in vocational, trade, or business school were excluded from the enrollment figures unless such schools were graded and considered a part of a regular school system. Persons receiving on-the-job training in connection with their work were not counted as enrolled in school. Persons receiving training by mail from any source other than that indicated above were not counted as enrolled in school.

Editing of 1950 Data

In 1950, as in prior censuses, persons for whom there was no report as to school enrollment are not shown separately. In general, persons 5 through 17 years of age not reporting on school enrollment were treated as enrolled, whereas those over 17 years old were considered not enrolled.

Comparability With Earlier Census Data

The corresponding question in the Census of 1930, taken as of April 1, applied to a somewhat longer period, the period since the preceding September 1. In the 1917 Census, taken as of November 1, only persons in school on November 1 were reported as enrolled. Furthermore, in these censuses the question was not restricted as to the kind of school the person was attending.

In 1940 the question referred to the period from March 1 to the date of the enumeration, which began on April 1. In order to insure more complete coverage of the enrolled population, it was considered advisable to increase the reference period to that between February 1 and the time of enumeration.

In 1950 for the first time in a decennial census, kindergarten enrollment was separately identified. In earlier censuses, children in kindergarten were reported as enrolled.

College students were enumerated in 1950 at their college residence whereas in previous years they were generally enumerated at their parental home. This change in procedure affected the comparability of the 1950 and 1940 figures on school enrollment at college age.

YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED

Definitions

The data on years of school completed were derived from answers to the question, "What is the highest full grade of school that he has completed?" The question was asked of persons of all ages. In the present report, these data are shown only for the population 25 years old and over, practically all of whom had completed their formal education.

The questions on educational attainment applied only to progress in "regular" schools, as defined in the section on "School enrollment."

Highest grade of school completed.—The question called for the highest full grade of school completed, regardless of "skipped" or "repeated" grades, rather than the number of full school years which the person had spent in school.

In the case of persons whose highest grade completed was in a foreign school system, the instructions were to obtain the approximate equivalent grade in the American school system, or if that was too difficult to determine, the number of years the person had attended school. Persons whose highest level of attendance was an ungraded school were treated in similar fashion to those from foreign school systems. Persons whose highest level of training was by a tutor and whose training was regarded as qualifying under the "regular" school definition were also given the approximate equivalent in the regular school system.

Median School Years Completed

The median number of school years completed is expressed in terms of continuous series of numbers representing years completed. For example, the completion of the first year of high school is indicated by 9 and of the last year of college by 16.

MARITAL STATUS AND MARRIED COUPLES

Definitions

Marital status.—In the 1950 Census, data on marital status are based on replies to the question, "Is he now married, consensually married, widowed, divorced, or [has he] never [been] married?" The classification refers to the status at the time of enumeration. Persons classified as "Married" comprise, therefore, both those who have been married only once, and those who remarried after having been widowed or divorced. Persons reported as "consensually married" comprise those persons living together as husband and wife by mutual consent. Those with annulled marriages are classified as single.

Differences between the number of married or consensually married males and the number of married or consensually married females arise from spouses' or mates' having their usual residences in different areas and from errors of response and the processing methods used.

Married couple.—A married or consensually married couple is defined as a husband and his wife or mate enumerated as members of the same household or quasi household. Married couples are classified as "with own household" if the husband is head of the household. Other married couples classified as "without own household" may be living in households as relatives of the head or as lodgers or employees, or they may be living in quasi households, such as large rooming houses or hotels.

Comparability With Earlier Census Data

In 1950, as in previous censuses, marital status was not reported for a small number of persons. For such persons marital status was estimated in 1950 on the basis of age and the presence of spouse or children. In 1940 such persons for whom the status was not apparent from other information on the schedule were classified as single.

HOUSEHOLD AND FAMILY

Definitions

Household.—A household includes all the persons who occupy a house, an apartment or other group of rooms, or a room that constitutes a dwelling unit. In general, a group of rooms occupied as a separate living quarters is a dwelling unit if it has separate cooking equipment or a separate entrance; a single room occupied as separate living quarters is a dwelling unit if it has separate cooking equipment or if it constitutes the only living quarters in the structure. A household includes the related family members and also the unrelated persons, if any, such as lodgers, foster children, wards, or employees who share the dwelling unit.

A person living alone in a dwelling unit, or a group of unrelated persons sharing a dwelling unit as partners, is counted as a household.

The count of households excludes groups of persons living as quasi households, that is, living in quarters not classified as dwelling units, for example, in houses with at least five lodgers, or in hotels, institutions, labor camps, or military barracks.

The average population per household is obtained by dividing the population in households by the number of households. It excludes persons living in quasi households.

Institutional population.—The institutional population includes those persons living as inmates in such places as homes for delinquent or dependent children, homes and schools for the mentally or physically handicapped, places providing specialized medical care, homes for the aged, prisons, and jails. Staff members and their families are not included in the institutional population.

Comparability With Other Census Data

Minor changes in the instructions for identifying dwelling units in 1950 as compared with 1940 may have affected to a slight extent the increase in households between the two dates. In general, however, the number of households in the 1950 Census may be regarded as comparable with the number of private families as shown in the Bureau of the Census reports for 1930 and 1940.

Figures on the institutional population included patients in tuberculosis sanatoria in 1950 but not in 1940.

COUNTRY OF BIRTH

Definitions

The statistics on this subject are based on the respondent's answer to the question, "Where was he born?" The classification of the foreign born is based on international boundaries as formally recognized by the United States in April 1950. It is likely, however, that some respondents reported in terms of countries as they existed at an earlier time.

Comparability With Earlier Census Data

In 1940 the classification of the population was based on the political boundaries of January 1, 1937.

EMPLOYMENT STATUS

Definitions

Census week.—The 1950 data on employment status pertain to the calendar week preceding the enumerator's visit. This week, defined as the "census week," is not the same for all respondents because not all persons were enumerated during the same week. The majority of the population was enumerated during the first half of April. The 1940 data refer to a fixed week for all persons, March 24 to 30, 1940, regardless of date of enumeration.

Employed.—Employed persons comprise all civilians 14 years old and over who, during the census week, were either (a) "at work"—those who did any work for pay or profit, or worked without pay for 15 hours or more on a family farm or in a family business; or (b) "with a job but not at work"—those who did not work and were not looking for work but had a job or business from which they were temporarily absent because of vacation, illness, industrial dispute, bad weather, or layoff with definite instructions to return to work within 30 days of layoff. Also included as with a job are persons who had new jobs to which they were scheduled to report within 30 days. In this report, these two categories are combined and shown as "Employed."

Unemployed.—Persons 14 years old and over are classified as unemployed if they were not at work during the census week but were either looking for work or would have been looking for work

except that (a) they were temporarily ill, (b) they expected to return to a job from which they had been laid off for an indefinite period, or (c) they believed no work was available in their community or in their line of work. Since no specific questions identifying persons in these last three groups were included on the census schedule, it is likely that some were not returned by the census enumerators as unemployed. Unemployed persons are separated into new workers and experienced workers. When information on the schedule was insufficient for this distinction to be made the unemployed person was classified as an experienced worker, since the great majority of persons seeking work have had previous work experience.

Labor force.—The labor force includes all persons classified as employed or unemployed, as described above, and also members of the armed forces (persons on active duty with the United States Army, Air Force, Navy, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard). The "civilian labor force" comprises the employed and unemployed components of the labor force.

Not in labor force.—Persons not in the labor force comprise all civilians 14 years of age and over who are not classified as employed or unemployed, including persons doing only incidental unpaid family work (less than 15 hours). Persons not in the labor force are further classified in this report into the following categories:

1. *Keeping house.*—Persons primarily occupied with their own home housework.

2. *Unable to work.*—Persons who cannot work because of a long-term physical or mental illness or disability. There is evidence, however, that some persons were reported as "unable to work" who were only temporarily ill or who, although elderly, were not permanently disabled.

3. *Inmates of institutions.*—Persons, other than staff members and their families, living in institutions. (See definition of institutional population on page 66.) Staff members of institutions and their families are classified into employment status categories on the same basis as are persons living outside of institutions.

4. *Other and not reported.*—Persons in this general category include the two following groups which were combined for purposes of this report:

a. Persons not in the labor force other than those keeping house, unable to work, or in institutions. This group includes students, the retired, those too old to work, seasonal workers for whom the census week fell in an "off" season, and the voluntarily idle.

b. Persons for whom information on employment status was not reported.

Basis for Classification

The employment status classification is based primarily on a series of interrelated "sorter" questions designed to identify, in this sequence: (a) Persons who worked at all during the census week; (b) those who did not work but were looking for work; and (c) those who neither worked nor looked for work but had a job or business from which they were temporarily absent. The four questions used for this purpose are described below:

1. "What was this person doing most of last week—working, keeping house or something else?" This question was designed to classify persons according to their major activity and to identify the large number of full-time workers. Persons unable to work at all because of physical or mental disabilities were also identified at this point.

2. "Did this person do any work at all last week, not counting work around the house?" This question was asked of all persons except those reported in the previous questions as working or as unable to work. It was designed to identify persons working part time or intermittently in addition to their major activity.

3. "Was this person looking for work?" Asked of persons replying in the previous question that they did not work at all, this question served to obtain a count of the unemployed.

4. "Even though he didn't work last week, does he have a job or business?" Persons temporarily absent from their job or business were identified by means of this question, which was asked of persons neither working nor looking for work.

Problems in Classification

Classification of the population by employment status is always subject to error. Some of the concepts are difficult to apply in practice; but, more important for certain groups, the complete information needed is not always obtained. For example, house-

wives, students, and semiretired persons, who are in the labor force on only a part-time or intermittent basis, may fail to report that they are employed or looking for work unless carefully questioned. In many cases, enumerators may assume that such persons could not be in the labor force and will omit the necessary questions. As a result, they will understate the size of the labor force and overstate the number of persons not in the labor force.

Statistics on gainful workers.—The data on the labor force for 1940 and 1950 are not comparable with the statistics for gainful workers published for years prior to 1940. The labor force is limited to persons 14 years old and over whereas the data on gainful workers published for the Virgin Islands of the United States pertain to persons 10 years old and over.

Moreover, there are differences in definition. "Gainful workers" were persons reported as having a gainful occupation, that is, an occupation in which they earned money or a money equivalent, or in which they assisted in the production of marketable goods, regardless of whether they were working or seeking work at the time of the census. A person was not considered to have had a gainful occupation if his work activity was of limited extent. In contrast, the labor force is defined on the basis of activity during the census week only and includes all persons who were employed, unemployed, or in the armed forces in that week. Certain classes of persons, such as retired workers, some inmates of institutions, recently incapacitated workers, and seasonal workers neither working nor seeking work at the time of the census, were frequently included among gainful workers, but, in general, such persons are not included in the labor force. On the other hand, the census included in the labor force for 1940 and 1950 persons seeking work without previous work experience, that is, new workers. At the time of the previous censuses, such new workers were probably for the most part not reported as gainful workers.

Comparability With 1940 Census Data

During the period 1940 to 1950, various changes were developed in the questionnaires and in interviewing techniques, designed to obtain a more nearly complete count of the labor force.¹ Although the changes in questionnaire design were incorporated in the 1950 Census schedules and interviewing techniques were stressed in training, the quality of the 1950 statistics does not appear to have been much improved relative to that for 1940 by these measures.

Members of the armed forces living in the Virgin Islands of the United States in 1940 were included among employed persons in the 1940 published figures. This approach differs from the 1950 procedures since in 1950 the employed total is limited to civilians, and the difference between the civilian and total labor force represents the armed forces.

OCCUPATION, INDUSTRY, AND CLASS OF WORKER

In the 1950 Census of Population, information on occupation, industry, and class of worker was collected for persons in the experienced civilian labor force, as well as for persons not in the labor force at the time of the 1950 Census, but who worked at any time in 1949. All three items related to one specific job held by the person. The occupation, industry, and class-of-worker data presented in this report are limited to employed persons only. The data refer to the job which the employed persons held during the census week. If he was employed at two or more jobs, the job at which he worked the greatest number of hours during the census week was reported.

The classification systems used for the occupation and industry data for the Virgin Islands of the United States in the 1950 Census of Population are the same as those used for continental United

States and are described below. These systems were developed in consultation with many individuals, private organizations, and government agencies, and, in particular, the Joint Committee on Occupational Classification (sponsored by the American Statistical Association and the United States Bureau of the Budget). Information on the composition of the various categories in the classification systems is given in the publication U. S. Bureau of the Census, *1950 Census of Population, Classified Index of Occupations and Industries*, Washington, D. C., 1950.

OCCUPATION

The occupation information presented here was derived from answers to the question, "What kind of work did he do?"

Classification system.—The occupational classification system developed for the 1950 Census of Population consists of 469 items, 270 of which are specific occupation categories; the remainder are subgroupings (mainly on the basis of industry) of 13 of the occupation categories. The 469 detailed items are classified into 12 major occupation groups, which form the basis on which the occupation data for the individual islands and cities are presented in table 73 of this report. Since many kinds of work done in continental United States are either not performed at all in the Virgin Islands, or are performed by such small numbers of persons that separate statistics on these occupations are not very useful, the most detailed occupation list presented in this report (table 67) is limited to 64 items. These items represent selections and combinations of the 469 detailed items.

Relation to DOT classification.—The Population Census occupational classification is generally comparable with the system used in the *Dictionary of Occupational Titles (DOT)*.² The two systems, however, are designed to meet different needs and to be used under different circumstances. The DOT system is much more detailed than the Bureau of the Census system, and it also calls for many types of distinctions which cannot be met by Census information.

INDUSTRY

The industry information presented here was derived from answers to the question "In what kind of business or industry did he work?"

Classification system.—The industrial classification system developed for the 1950 Census of Population consists of 148 categories, classified into the 13 major industry groups shown in table 69 of this report. Since many of the industries in continental United States do not exist in the Virgin Islands of the United States, or employ so few persons that separate statistics for those industries are not useful, the most detailed industry list presented in this report (table 68) is limited to 51 industry groups. These groups represent selections and combinations of the 148 industry categories.

The following list shows the 13 major industry groups and the 51 condensed industry groups. For each group whose title may not adequately indicate the inclusion of certain important components, a listing of such selected components is given. The numbers in parenthesis shown in this list after each of the group titles are code designations of the Standard Industrial Classification;³ see paragraph below on "Relation to Standard Industrial Classification."

- Agriculture, Forestry, and Fisheries* (01, 07 except 0713, 08, 09)
1. Agriculture (01, 07 except 0713)
 2. Forestry and fisheries (08, 09)
 3. Mining (10-14). Includes quarrying, and crude petroleum and natural gas extraction.

¹ See U. S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Employment Security, *Dictionary of Occupational Titles*, Second Edition, Vols. I and II, Washington, D. C., 1949.

² See Executive Office of the President, Bureau of the Budget, *Standard Industrial Classification Manual*, Vol. I, *Manufacturing Industries*, Part I (November 1945 edition); and Vol. II, *Nonmanufacturing Industries* (May 1949 edition).

¹ See U. S. Bureau of the Census *Current Population Reports*, "Labor Force, Employment, and Unemployment in the United States, 1940 to 1946," Series P-50, No. 2, September 1947.

4. *Construction* (15-17)
5. *Manufacturing* (0713, 19-39)
 5. Durable goods (19, 24, 25, 32-39). Includes furniture, and lumber and wood products; stone, clay, and glass products; metal industries; machinery; transportation equipment; professional and photographic equipment, and watches; and miscellaneous industries.
 - Nondurable goods (0713, 20-23, 26-31)
 - Food and kindred products (0713, 20)
 6. Beverage industries (208)
 7. Other food industries (0713, 20 except 208)
 8. Printing, publishing, and allied products (27)
 9. Other nondurable goods (21-23, 26, 28-31). Includes textile mill products; apparel and other fabricated textile products; paper, pulp, and their products; chemicals and allied products; petroleum refining; footwear; leather; and petroleum, coal, tobacco, rubber, and leather products.
10. Not specified manufacturing industries ⁴
 - Transportation, Communication, and Other Public Utilities* (40-49)
 11. *Transportation* (40-47)
 12. Trucking service and warehousing (42)
 13. Taxicab service (433)
 14. Water transportation (44)
 15. Air transportation (45)
 16. Other transportation (40, 41, 43 except 433, 46, 47). Includes railroads, local railways and bus lines; pipe lines; highway transportation; and services incidental to transportation.
 17. Telecommunications (48). Includes telephone and telegraph, both wire and radio.
 18. Utilities and sanitary services (49)
 19. Electric light and power (491)
 20. Sanitary services (495)
 21. Other and not specified utilities ⁴ (49 except 491, 495). Includes gas, steam, and water supply.
 - Wholesale and Retail Trade* (50-59)
 22. Wholesale trade (50, 51)
 23. Retail trade (52-59)
 24. Food and dairy products stores, and milk retailing (54)
 25. General merchandise and five and ten cent stores (53)
 26. Apparel and accessories stores (56)
 27. Drug stores (591)
 28. Eating and drinking places (58)
 29. Hardware, farm implement, and building material retailing (52)
 30. Liquor stores (592)
 31. Jewelry stores (597)
 32. Other retail trade (55, 57, 59 except 591, 592, 597)
 33. Not specified retail trade ⁴
 - Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate* (60-67)
 34. Banking and other finance (60, 61, 62, 67)
 35. Insurance and real estate (63-66)
 - Business and Repair Services* (73, 75, 76)
 36. Business services (73). Includes advertising, accounting, auditing, and bookkeeping services.
 37. Automobile repair services and garages (75)
 38. Miscellaneous repair services (76)
 - Personal Services* (70, 72, 88)
 39. Private households (88)
 40. Hotels and lodging places (70)
 41. Laundering, cleaning, and dyeing services (721, 722, 7271, ⁵ 7272)
 42. Dressmaking shops (7271) ⁴
 43. Shoe repair shops (725)
 44. Miscellaneous personal services (723, 724, 726, 729)
 - Entertainment and Recreation Services* (77-79). Includes radio broadcasting, television, theaters, motion pictures, bowling alleys, and billiard parlors.
 - Professional and Related Services* (80-82, 84, 86, 89)
 45. Medical and other health services, except hospitals (80 except 806)
 46. Hospitals (806)
 47. Educational services (82, 84)
 48. Welfare, religious, and membership organizations (86)

47. *Professional and Related Services* (80-82, 84, 86, 89)—Con. Legal, engineering, and miscellaneous professional services (81, 89)
48. *Public Administration* (90) ⁶
49. Postal service
50. Federal public administration
51. Insular and local public administration
52. *Industry Not Reported* (99)

Relation to Standard Industrial Classification.—The list presented in the preceding paragraph shows for each Population Census group the code designation of the similar group, or groups, in the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC). This relationship is presented here for general information purposes only and does not imply complete comparability. The SIC, which was developed under the sponsorship of the United States Bureau of the Budget, is designed for the classification of industry reports from establishments. These reports are, by their nature and degree of detail, considerably different from reports obtained from household enumerations such as the Population Census. As a result, many distinctions called for in the SIC cannot be observed in the Population Census. Furthermore, the needs which the Population Census data are designed to meet frequently differ from the needs which the establishment data meet. Perhaps the most basic difference between the two systems is in the allocation of government workers. The SIC classifies all government agencies in a single major group, whereas the Population Census industrial classification system allocates them among the various groups according to type of activity, as explained in the next paragraph.

Definition of "Public administration."—The major group "Public administration" includes only those activities which are uniquely governmental functions, such as legislative and judicial activities and most of the activities in the executive agencies. Government agencies engaged in educational and medical services and in activities commonly carried on also by private enterprises, such as transportation and manufacturing, are classified in the appropriate industrial category. For example, persons employed by a hospital are classified in the "hospitals" category, regardless of whether they are paid from private or public funds. The total number of government workers appears here in the data on class of worker.

Relation to certain occupation groups.—In the Population Census classification systems, the industry category "Agriculture" is somewhat more inclusive than the total of the two major occupation groups, "Farmers and farm managers" and "Farm laborers and foremen." The industry category includes, in addition to all persons in these two major occupation groups, (a) persons employed on farms in occupations such as truck driver, mechanic, and bookkeeper, and (b) persons engaged in agricultural activities other than strictly farm operation, such as crop dusting or spraying, cotton ginning, and landscape gardening. Similarly, the industry category "Private households" is somewhat more inclusive than the major occupation group "Private household workers." In addition to the housekeepers, laundresses, and miscellaneous types of domestic workers covered by the major occupation group, the industry category includes persons in occupations such as chauffeur, gardener, and secretary, if they are employed by private families.

Class of Worker

The class-of-worker information, as noted above, refers to the same job as does the occupation and industry information. The allocation of a person to a particular class-of-worker category is basically independent, however, of the occupation or industry in which he worked. The classification by class of worker consists of four categories which are defined as follows:

1. *Private wage and salary workers.*—Persons who worked for a private employer for wages, salary, commission, tips, pay-in-kind, or at piece rates.

⁶ See text for explanation of basic difference between SIC and Population Census in classification of government workers.

⁴ In the Population Census system, separate "not specified" categories were set up within certain groups to take care of schedule returns which were not sufficiently precise for allocation to a specific category within the group.

⁵ Dressmaking shops shown separately from the rest of SIC category 7271, which is included in "Laundering, cleaning, and dyeing services."

2. *Government workers.*—Persons who worked for any governmental unit, regardless of the activity which the particular agency carried on.

3. *Self-employed workers.*—Persons who worked for profit or fees in their own business, profession, or trade, or who operated a farm. Included here are the owner-operators of large stores and manufacturing establishments as well as small merchants, independent craftsmen and professional men, farmers, peddlers, and other persons who conducted enterprises of their own. Persons paid to manage businesses owned by other persons or by corporations, on the other hand, are classified as private wage and salary workers (or, in some few cases, as government workers).

4. *Unpaid family workers.*—Persons who worked without pay on a farm or in a business operated by a member of the household to whom they are related by blood or marriage.

The relatively small number of employed persons for whom class of worker was not reported has been included among private wage and salary workers unless there was evidence on the census schedule that they should have been classified in one of the other class-of-worker categories.

Quality of Data

The omission from the labor force of some workers (mainly youths, women, and part-time workers), as explained in the section on "Employment status," has probably resulted in some understatement in many of the occupation, industry, and class-of-worker figures. Another factor to be considered in the interpretation of these data is that enumerators sometimes returned occupation and industry designations which were not sufficiently specific for precise allocation. One cause may have been the enumerator's carelessness or his lack of knowledge of how to describe a particular job on the census schedule. Another possible cause was lack of adequate knowledge about the worker's job on the part of the housewife or other person from whom the enumerator obtained the information. Indefinite occupation and industry returns can frequently be assigned, however, to the appropriate category through the use of supplementary information. For example, in the case of occupation, the industry return on the census schedule is often of great assistance. In the case of indefinite industry returns, helpful information can frequently be obtained from outside sources regarding the types of industrial activity in the given area. The basic document used in the allocation of the schedule returns of occupation and industry to the appropriate categories of the classification systems is the publication, U. S. Bureau of the Census, *1950 Census of Population, Alphabetical Index of Occupations and Industries*, Washington, D. C., 1950.

COMPARABILITY WITH EARLIER CENSUS DATA

The occupational and industrial classification systems used in 1940 are basically the same as those of 1950. There are a number of differences, however, in the specific content of particular groups, as well as several differences in title. The 1940 classification by class of worker is comparable with the 1950 classification.

The 1940 data on occupation, industry, and class of worker shown in this report have been revised to eliminate members of the armed forces. In the occupation tables of the 1940 reports, the armed forces were mainly included in the major group "Service workers, except domestic." In the industry tables, the armed forces were all included in the major group "Government." Revisions have not been made, however, in the 1940 occupation and industry data to take account of the difference between the 1940 and 1950 classification systems, because of the difficulties of obtaining reliable information on which to base such adjustments. Comparability between the two sets of figures is probably not affected, however, since the differences are, almost entirely, statistically insignificant.

The occupation data shown in the reports prior to 1940 are not entirely comparable with the 1950 data presented here. One element of incomparability is the difference in defining the economically active population, as explained in the section on "Employment status." Another element of incomparability is the difference in classification systems. Although the data necessary to adjust for the classification changes are mostly unavailable, some further information can be obtained by writing to the Bureau of the Census.

INCOME

Definitions

Components of income.—Income, as defined in the 1950 Census, is the sum of the money received, less losses, from the following sources: wages or salary; net income (or loss) from the operation of a farm, business or profession; net income (or loss) from rents, or receipts from roomers or boarders; royalties, interest, dividends, and periodic income from estates and trust funds; pensions, veterans' payments, armed-forces allotments for dependents, and other governmental payments or assistance; and other income such as contributions for support from persons who are not members of the household, alimony, and periodic receipts from insurance policies or annuities. The figures in this report represent the amount of income received before deductions for personal income taxes, social security, bond purchases, union dues, etc.

Receipts from the following sources were not included as income: money received from the sale of property, unless the recipient was engaged in the business of selling such property; the value of income "in kind" such as food produced and consumed in the home; free living quarters; withdrawals of bank deposits; money borrowed; tax refunds; gifts; and lump-sum inheritances or insurance payments.

This report presents information on the income of all persons 14 years old and over tabulated by the amount of their own income.

Source of the Income Data

In the 1950 Census, information was requested of persons 14 years of age and over on the following income categories: (a) The amount of money wages or salary received in 1949; (b) the amount of net money income received from self-employment in 1949; and (c) the amount of other money income received in 1949, e. g., interest, dividends, veterans' allowances, pensions, or rents.

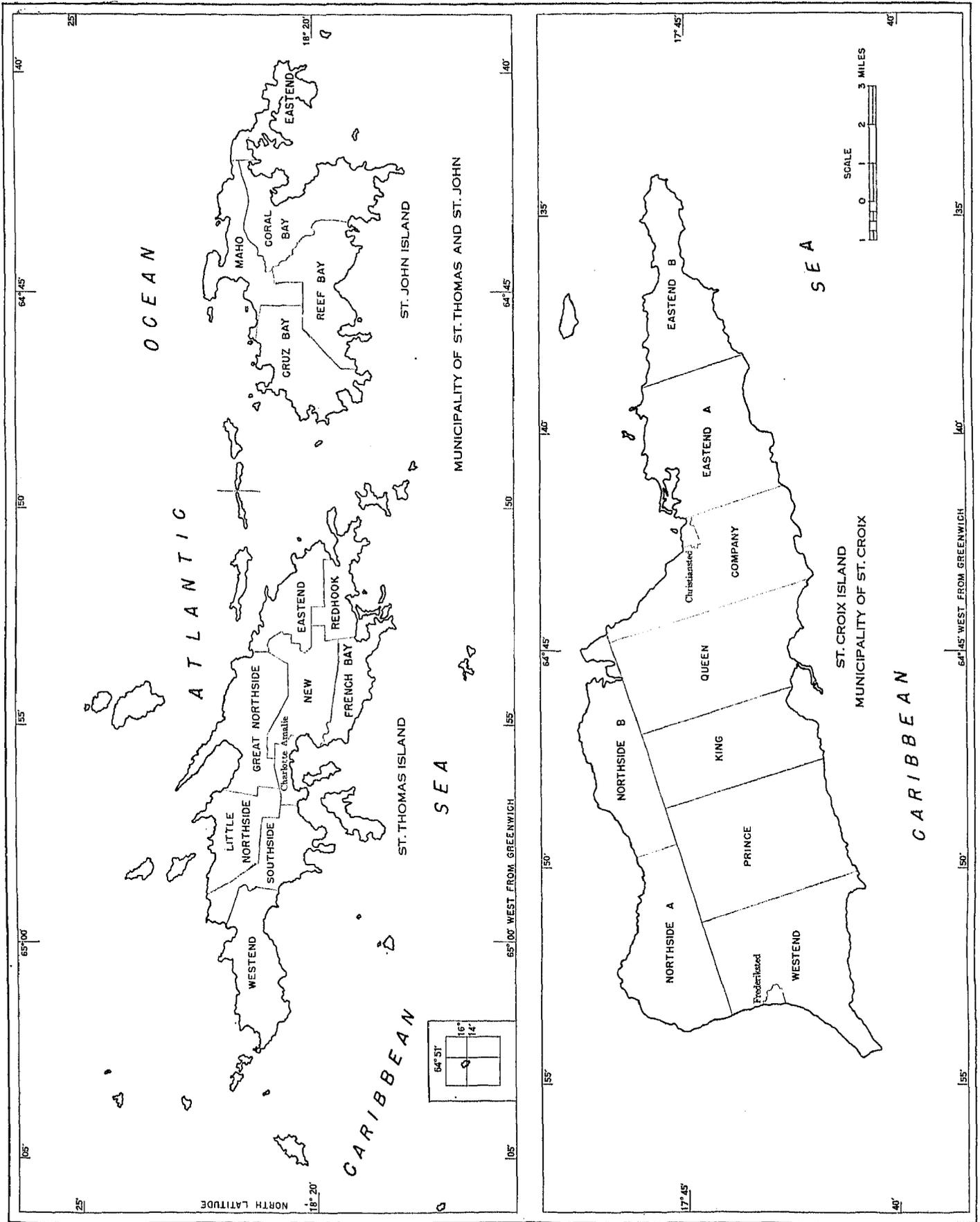
Limitations of the Income Data

The figures in this survey, as in all field surveys of income, are subject to errors of response and nonreporting. In most cases the schedule entries for income are based not on records but on memory, usually that of the housewife. The memory factor in data derived from field surveys of income probably produces underestimates, because the tendency is to forget minor or irregular sources of income. Other errors of reporting are due to misrepresentation or misunderstanding of the income questions.

Comparability With Income Tax Data

For several reasons, the income data shown in this report are not directly comparable with those which may be obtained from statistical summaries of income tax returns. Income as defined for tax purposes differs somewhat from the Bureau of the Census concept. Moreover, the coverage of income tax statistics is less inclusive because of the exemptions of persons having small amounts of income. Furthermore, some of the income tax returns are filed as separate returns and others as joint returns; and consequently, the income reporting unit is not consistently an individual.

VIRGIN ISLANDS OF THE UNITED STATES



Virgin Islands of the United States

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VIRGIN ISLANDS

Table 50.—POPULATION OF THE VIRGIN ISLANDS OF THE UNITED STATES, URBAN AND RURAL: 1835 TO 1950

[For description of urban definition, see text. Minus sign (—) denotes decrease]

Census date	Total population			Urban places				Rural territory			Percent of total	
	Population ¹	Increase over preceding census		Number	Population	Increase over preceding census		Population	Increase over preceding census		Urban	Rural
		Number	Percent			Number	Percent		Number	Percent		
1850 (Apr. 1).....	26,665	1,776	7.1	2	15,581	1,285	9.0	11,084	491	4.6	58.4	41.6
1940 (Apr. 1).....	24,889	2,877	13.1	2	14,296	795	5.9	10,593	2,082	24.5	57.4	42.6
1930 (Apr. 1).....	22,012	-4,039	-15.5	3	13,501	-1,064	-12.7	8,511	-2,076	-19.6	61.3	38.7
1917 (Nov. 1).....	26,051	-1,035	-3.8	3	15,465	-577	-3.6	10,586	-458	-4.1	50.4	49.6
1911 (Feb. 1).....	27,086	-3,441	-11.8	3	10,042	-1,726	-9.7	11,044	-1,715	-13.4	59.2	40.8
1901 (Feb. 1).....	30,527	-2,259	-6.0	3	17,768	-809	-4.7	12,759	-1,390	-9.8	58.2	41.8
1890 (Oct. 9).....	32,786	-977	-2.9	3	18,637	-1,546	-7.7	14,149	569	4.2	56.8	43.2
1880 (Oct. 9).....	33,763	-4,058	-10.7	3	20,183	-442	-2.1	13,680	-3,616	-21.0	59.8	40.2
1870 (Oct. 9).....	37,821	-410	-1.1	3	20,625	525	2.6	17,196	-935	-5.2	54.5	45.5
1860 (Oct. 9).....	38,231	1,094	2.9	3	20,100	722	3.7	18,131	372	2.1	52.6	47.4
1855 (Oct. 9).....	37,137	-2,477	-6.3	3	19,378	-261	-1.3	17,750	-2,216	-11.1	52.2	47.8
1850 (May 13).....	39,614	26	0.1	3	19,639	3,971	25.3	19,975	-3,945	-16.5	49.6	50.4
1846 (Oct. 1).....	39,588	-1,367	-3.3	2	15,068	250	1.7	23,920	-1,623	-6.4	39.0	60.4
1841 (Oct. 1).....	40,955	-2,223	-5.1	2	16,412	-1,465	-8.7	25,543	-758	-2.9	37.6	62.4
1835 (Oct. 1).....	43,178			2	16,877			26,301			30.1	69.9

¹ A special Federal census was taken in 1917. Censuses prior to 1917 taken by the Danish Government.² Revised to exclude Frederiksted city (population 2,408) which was considered urban in 1940.

Table 51.—POPULATION OF URBAN PLACES IN THE VIRGIN ISLANDS OF THE UNITED STATES: 1835 TO 1950

[Minus sign (—) denotes decrease]

City and census year	Population	Increase over preceding census		City and census year	Population	Increase over preceding census	
		Number	Percent			Number	Percent
Charlotte Amalie:				Christiansted:			
1950.....	11,460	1,668	17.0	1950.....	4,112	-383	-8.5
1940.....	9,801	2,765	39.3	1940.....	4,495	728	10.3
1930.....	7,036	-711	-9.2	1930.....	3,767	-807	-17.0
1917.....	7,747	-500	-6.1	1917.....	4,574	-18	-0.4
1911.....	8,247	-203	-3.4	1911.....	4,592	-891	-16.3
1901.....	8,540	-915	-9.7	1901.....	5,483	-16	-0.3
1890.....	9,455	-2,309	-19.6	1890.....	5,409	500	11.3
1880.....	11,794	83	0.7	1880.....	4,939	-188	-3.7
1870.....	11,681	300	2.6	1870.....	5,127	-194	-3.6
1860.....	11,381	220	2.0	1860.....	5,321	61	1.2
1855.....	11,161	-222	-2.0	1855.....	5,260	-110	-2.0
1850.....	11,383	823	7.8	1850.....	5,370	292	5.1
1846.....	10,560	484	4.8	1846.....	5,108	-228	-4.3
1841.....	10,076	-995	-9.0	1841.....	5,336	-470	-8.1
1835.....	11,071			1835.....	5,806		

Table 52.—AREA AND POPULATION OF THE VIRGIN ISLANDS OF THE UNITED STATES, BY MUNICIPALITIES AND ISLANDS, URBAN AND RURAL: 1930 TO 1950

[Minus sign (—) denotes decrease]

Municipality and island	Land area in square miles, 1950	Total population						Urban population			Rural population			Percent urban	
		1950		1940	1930	Percent increase		1950	1940	Percent increase	1950	1940	Percent increase	1950	1940
		Total	Per square mile			1940 to 1950	1930 to 1940								
Virgin Islands of the United States.....	132	26,665	202	24,889	22,012	7.1	13.1	15,581	14,296	9.0	11,084	10,593	4.6	58.4	57.4
Municipality of St. Croix.....	80	12,103	151	12,902	11,413	-6.2	13.0	4,112	4,495	-8.5	7,991	8,407	-4.9	34.0	34.8
St. Croix Island.....	80	12,103	151	12,902	11,413	-6.2	13.0	4,112	4,495	-8.5	7,991	8,407	-4.9	34.0	34.8
Municipality of St. Thomas and St. John.....	52	14,562	280	11,987	10,599	21.5	13.1	11,469	9,801	17.0	3,993	2,186	41.5	78.8	81.8
St. John Island.....	20	749	37	722	765	3.7	-5.6	749	722	3.7	749	722	3.7		
St. Thomas Island.....	32	13,813	432	11,265	9,834	22.6	14.6	11,469	9,801	17.0	2,344	1,464	60.1	83.0	87.0

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Table 53.—POPULATION OF MUNICIPALITIES OF THE VIRGIN ISLANDS OF THE UNITED STATES, BY ISLANDS, CITIES, AND QUARTERS: 1930 TO 1950

Municipality, island, and city or quarter	1950	1940	1930	Municipality, island, and city or quarter	1950	1940	1930
Municipality of St. Croix	12,103	12,902	11,413	Municipality of St. Thomas and St. John—Con.			
St. Croix Island	12,103	12,902	11,413	St. John Island—Con.			
Christiansted city	4,112	4,405	3,707	Eastend quarter	65	77	73
Frederiksted city	1,961	2,498	2,698	Maho quarter	89	52	115
Company quarter	1,005	1,134	673	Reef Bay quarter	61	14	10
Eastend A quarter	204	180	145	St. Thomas Island	13,813	11,265	9,834
Eastend B quarter	9			Charlotte Amalie city	11,469	9,801	7,036
King quarter	1,083	1,045	863	Crown Prince quarter	5,560	4,317	2,999
Northside A quarter	181	263	235	King quarter	4,066	3,765	2,455
Northside B quarter	132	135	75	Queen quarter	1,843	1,710	1,582
Prince quarter	1,069	1,041	1,358	Eastend quarter	188	120	122
Queen quarter	1,090	1,078	926	French Bay quarter	67	64	15
Westend quarter	1,227	1,033	673	Great Northside quarter	414	302	434
Municipality of St. Thomas and St. John	14,562	11,987	10,599	Little Northside quarter	269	236	195
St. John Island	749	722	765	New quarter	165	161	880
Coral Bay quarter	305	316	280	Redhook quarter	125	93	126
Cruz Bay quarter	279	263	278	Southside quarter	1,126	462	1,001
				Westend quarter		17	19

Table 54.—RACE BY SEX, FOR THE VIRGIN ISLANDS OF THE UNITED STATES, URBAN AND RURAL, 1950, AND FOR THE VIRGIN ISLANDS, 1917 TO 1940

[Percent not shown where base is less than 100. Males per 100 females not shown where number of females is less than 100]

Census year and sex	All races			White			Negro			Mixed and other races	Percent by race			Percent by nativity	
	Total	Native	Foreign born	Total	Native	Foreign born	Total	Native	Foreign born		White	Negro	Mixed and other races	Native	Foreign born
TOTAL															
1950	26,065	23,581	3,084	2,945	2,404	541	18,561	16,146	2,415	5,150	11.0	69.0	19.3	88.4	11.6
Urban	15,581	13,488	2,093	1,401	1,115	286	11,802	10,164	1,728	2,288	0.0	76.3	14.7	86.0	13.4
Rural	11,084	10,093	991	1,544	1,289	255	6,669	5,982	687	2,871	13.0	60.2	25.9	91.1	8.9
1940	24,889	21,558	3,331	2,236	1,704	532	17,170	14,663	2,613	5,477	9.0	60.0	22.0	86.0	13.4
1930	22,012	17,941	4,071	2,010	1,862	148	17,243	14,035	3,208	2,750	6.1	78.3	12.5	81.5	18.5
1917	20,051	20,602	5,440	1,922	1,268	654	19,523	15,310	4,213	4,606	7.4	74.9	17.7	79.1	20.0
MALE															
1950	13,075	11,050	1,416	1,552	1,258	294	8,915	7,849	1,066	2,008	11.9	68.2	19.9	89.2	10.8
Urban	7,237	6,383	854	645	514	131	5,538	4,849	689	1,064	8.9	70.5	14.6	88.2	11.8
Rural	5,838	5,276	562	907	744	163	3,377	3,000	377	1,654	15.5	57.8	26.0	90.4	9.6
1940	11,912	10,341	1,571	1,216	923	293	8,123	6,907	1,160	2,673	10.2	68.2	21.6	86.8	13.2
1930	10,208	8,207	1,911	1,156	782	374	7,841	6,418	1,423	1,211	11.3	76.8	11.9	81.3	18.7
1917	11,999	(1)	(1)	1,108	(1)	(1)	8,990	(1)	(1)	1,811	10.0	74.0	15.1		
FEMALE															
1950	13,500	11,922	1,668	1,303	1,146	247	9,646	8,297	1,349	2,551	10.3	71.0	18.8	87.7	12.3
Urban	8,344	7,105	1,239	756	601	155	6,854	5,315	1,039	1,234	9.1	70.2	14.8	85.2	14.8
Rural	5,246	4,817	429	637	545	92	3,292	2,982	310	1,317	12.1	62.8	25.1	91.8	8.2
1940	12,977	11,217	1,760	1,020	781	239	9,053	7,696	1,357	2,904	7.0	69.8	22.4	86.4	13.6
1930	11,804	9,644	2,160	854	610	244	9,402	7,617	1,785	1,548	7.2	70.7	13.1	81.7	18.3
1917	14,052	(1)	(1)	724	(1)	(1)	10,533	(1)	(1)	2,795	5.2	75.0	10.9		
MALES PER 100 FEMALES															
1950	96.2	97.8	84.0	111.4	100.8	110.0	92.4	94.6	70.0						
Urban	80.7	80.8	68.9	85.3	85.5	84.5	87.2	91.2	66.3						
Rural	111.3	100.6	131.0	142.4	136.5		102.6	100.6	121.6						
1940	91.8	92.2	80.3	119.2	118.2	122.6	89.7	90.5	85.2						
1930	86.6	86.0	88.5	135.4	128.2	153.3	83.4	84.3	79.7						
1917	85.4			165.5			85.4								

¹ Not available.

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Table 55.—AGE BY RACE AND SEX, FOR THE VIRGIN ISLANDS OF THE UNITED STATES, URBAN AND RURAL:
1950 AND 1940

[Males per 100 females not shown where number of females is less than 100]

Area, age, and census year	All races				White			Negro			Mixed and other races		
	Total	Male	Female	Males per 100 females	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
VIRGIN ISLANDS, 1950													
Total, all ages	26,665	13,075	13,590	96.2	2,945	1,552	1,393	18,561	8,915	9,646	5,159	2,608	2,551
Under 5 years	3,806	1,951	1,915	101.0	318	152	100	2,056	1,332	1,324	892	467	425
Under 1 year	793	370	387	97.2	62	29	36	525	253	272	170	97	70
5 to 9 years	3,035	1,514	1,471	97.0	200	129	140	2,042	1,299	1,343	774	386	388
10 to 14 years	2,877	1,470	1,401	105.4	235	114	121	2,013	1,029	984	629	333	296
15 to 19 years	2,225	1,151	1,074	107.2	235	132	103	1,611	775	736	479	244	235
20 to 24 years	1,716	841	875	96.1	254	147	107	1,097	516	581	365	178	187
25 to 29 years	1,810	889	921	96.5	271	150	115	1,187	554	633	352	170	173
30 to 34 years	1,697	901	790	113.2	240	152	97	1,186	581	555	312	168	144
35 to 39 years	1,498	767	731	104.9	240	125	115	1,006	517	490	252	125	127
40 to 44 years	1,248	590	658	89.7	182	103	79	865	374	490	203	113	90
45 to 49 years	1,143	578	595	102.3	176	97	70	788	388	398	181	93	88
50 to 54 years	1,059	471	588	80.1	146	76	70	754	320	434	150	75	84
55 to 59 years	910	425	494	86.0	128	59	69	656	291	359	141	75	60
60 to 64 years	911	415	496	83.7	81	40	41	636	305	378	144	67	77
65 to 69 years	735	326	459	71.0	66	31	35	610	251	365	103	44	59
70 to 74 years	593	244	349	69.9	41	21	20	479	191	288	73	32	41
75 years and over	633	236	397	59.4	54	18	36	479	189	290	100	29	71
Median age	22.0	20.9	23.1		28.0	28.3	27.6	22.1	20.2	23.8	18.0	17.4	18.5
Percent Distribution													
Total, all ages	100.0	100.0	100.0		100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Under 5 years	14.5	14.0	14.1		10.8	9.8	11.0	14.3	14.9	13.7	17.3	17.0	16.7
Under 1 year	2.9	2.9	2.8		2.1	1.7	2.6	2.8	2.8	3.4	3.1	3.7	3.1
5 to 9 years	13.8	13.9	13.8		9.1	8.3	10.1	14.2	14.6	13.9	15.0	14.8	15.2
10 to 14 years	10.8	11.3	10.3		8.0	7.3	8.7	10.8	11.5	10.2	12.2	12.8	11.6
15 to 19 years	8.3	8.8	7.9		8.0	8.5	7.4	8.1	8.7	7.6	9.3	9.4	9.2
20 to 24 years	6.4	6.4	6.4		8.0	8.5	7.7	5.9	5.8	6.0	7.1	6.8	7.3
25 to 29 years	6.8	6.8	6.8		9.2	10.1	8.3	6.4	6.2	6.6	6.8	6.9	6.8
30 to 34 years	6.4	6.9	5.9		8.5	9.8	7.0	6.1	6.5	5.8	6.0	6.4	5.6
35 to 39 years	5.6	5.9	5.4		8.1	8.1	8.3	5.4	5.8	5.1	4.9	4.8	5.0
40 to 44 years	4.7	4.5	4.8		6.2	6.0	5.7	4.0	4.2	5.1	3.9	4.3	3.5
45 to 49 years	4.3	4.4	4.2		6.0	6.2	5.7	4.2	4.4	4.1	3.5	3.6	3.4
50 to 54 years	4.0	3.0	4.3		5.0	4.9	5.0	4.1	3.6	4.5	3.1	2.9	3.3
55 to 59 years	3.4	3.3	3.6		4.3	3.8	5.0	3.5	3.3	3.7	2.7	2.9	2.6
60 to 64 years	3.4	3.2	3.6		2.8	2.6	2.9	3.7	3.5	3.9	2.8	2.6	3.0
65 to 69 years	2.9	2.5	3.4		2.2	2.0	2.5	3.3	2.8	3.8	2.0	1.7	2.3
70 to 74 years	2.2	1.9	2.6		1.4	1.4	1.4	2.0	2.1	3.0	1.4	1.2	1.6
75 years and over	2.4	1.8	2.9		1.8	1.2	2.6	2.0	2.1	3.0	1.0	1.1	2.8
URBAN, 1950													
Total, all ages	15,581	7,237	8,344	86.7	1,401	645	756	11,892	5,538	6,354	2,288	1,054	1,234
Under 5 years	2,320	1,171	1,155	101.4	139	60	79	1,840	923	917	347	188	159
Under 1 year	485	234	251	93.2	34	14	20	383	180	197	68	34	34
5 to 9 years	2,233	1,133	1,133	97.1	136	67	69	1,708	867	901	320	160	163
10 to 14 years	1,678	827	851	97.2	125	54	71	1,289	649	640	204	124	140
15 to 19 years	1,204	626	605	103.7	105	40	50	973	470	494	216	98	118
20 to 24 years	1,017	451	560	79.7	97	37	60	762	339	423	158	75	83
25 to 29 years	1,000	497	602	82.0	111	59	52	837	368	469	151	70	81
30 to 34 years	1,016	526	490	107.3	115	62	53	764	400	364	137	64	73
35 to 39 years	913	441	472	93.4	112	47	65	680	338	342	121	56	65
40 to 44 years	722	322	400	80.5	85	46	39	557	233	319	80	38	42
45 to 49 years	653	306	347	88.2	87	42	45	484	229	255	82	35	47
50 to 54 years	593	219	349	62.8	71	35	36	400	154	255	88	30	58
55 to 59 years	470	196	283	69.3	73	29	44	332	132	200	74	35	39
60 to 64 years	500	202	298	67.8	51	23	28	380	152	228	69	27	42
65 to 69 years	425	144	282	51.1	41	20	21	328	109	219	57	15	42
70 to 74 years	299	108	191	56.5	23	8	15	233	88	150	43	17	20
75 years and over	358	101	257	39.3	30	7	23	256	78	178	72	10	56
Median age	21.3	19.2	23.2		29.4	29.7	29.1	20.5	18.4	22.7	19.7	17.5	22.2
RURAL, 1950													
Total, all ages	11,084	5,838	5,246	111.3	1,544	907	637	6,669	3,377	3,292	2,871	1,554	1,317
Under 5 years	1,540	780	780	102.6	179	92	87	810	409	407	545	279	260
Under 1 year	278	142	136	104.4	28	12	16	142	67	75	108	63	45
5 to 9 years	1,452	714	788	96.7	133	62	71	874	432	442	445	220	225
10 to 14 years	1,199	649	600	118.0	119	60	50	724	380	344	305	209	159
15 to 19 years	931	525	406	129.3	139	69	47	538	296	242	263	140	117
20 to 24 years	699	369	309	122.0	157	83	47	395	177	168	207	103	104
25 to 29 years	711	332	319	122.0	169	97	63	350	186	164	201	109	102
30 to 34 years	681	375	306	122.5	194	90	44	372	181	191	175	104	71
35 to 39 years	585	320	259	125.9	128	78	50	326	179	147	131	69	62
40 to 44 years	520	268	258	103.9	97	57	40	306	136	170	123	75	48
45 to 49 years	490	272	218	124.8	89	55	34	302	159	143	99	58	41
50 to 54 years	491	252	239	105.4	75	41	34	345	168	170	71	45	26
55 to 59 years	440	229	211	108.5	55	30	25	318	159	159	67	40	27
60 to 64 years	411	213	198	107.6	30	17	13	309	159	150	75	40	35
65 to 69 years	359	182	177	102.8	25	11	14	288	142	146	49	29	17
70 to 74 years	294	138	158	88.1	18	13	5	246	108	138	30	15	15
75 years and over	275	135	140	96.4	24	11	13	223	111	112	28	13	15
Median age	23.0	23.2	22.7		27.0	27.4	26.3	25.7	24.8	26.6	16.5	17.4	15.5

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Table 55.—AGE BY RACE AND SEX, FOR THE VIRGIN ISLANDS OF THE UNITED STATES, URBAN AND RURAL 1950 AND 1940—Con.

Area, age, and census year	All races				White			Negro			Mixed and other races		
	Total	Male	Female	Males per 100 females	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
VIRGIN ISLANDS, 1940													
Total, all ages.....	24,889	11,912	12,977	91.8	2,236	1,216	1,020	17,176	8,123	9,053	5,477	2,573	2,900
Under 5 years.....	3,027	1,534	1,493	102.7	217	120	97	2,004	1,014	990	806	400	400
Under 1 year.....	637	322	315	102.2	46	28	18	411	205	206	180	80	90
5 to 9 years.....	2,581	1,273	1,308	97.3	214	100	114	1,742	859	883	625	314	311
10 to 14 years.....	2,370	1,110	1,251	86.4	201	105	96	1,040	782	804	523	232	201
15 to 19 years.....	2,333	1,168	1,225	94.5	170	92	78	1,012	787	825	601	270	322
20 to 24 years.....	2,277	1,220	1,057	115.4	203	130	73	1,505	792	713	560	280	280
25 to 29 years.....	1,937	1,000	937	106.7	205	100	105	1,318	685	633	414	200	200
30 to 34 years.....	1,809	730	779	93.7	199	114	85	1,002	408	534	308	148	100
35 to 39 years.....	1,311	627	684	91.7	176	101	75	861	284	470	284	145	130
40 to 44 years.....	1,190	524	675	77.6	137	73	64	867	307	400	205	84	121
45 to 49 years.....	1,252	555	697	79.0	141	67	74	808	375	403	243	113	130
50 to 54 years.....	1,194	542	652	83.1	104	61	43	878	387	491	212	94	118
55 to 59 years.....	1,070	477	590	79.0	72	43	29	824	350	408	180	78	102
60 to 64 years.....	980	440	540	81.5	51	28	23	782	358	424	147	59	88
65 to 69 years.....	734	327	407	80.3	58	29	29	550	243	307	120	55	71
70 to 74 years.....	479	193	281	70.5	39	18	21	343	140	203	67	40	67
75 years and over.....	501	175	386	45.3	30	15	15	387	125	202	135	35	100
Not reported.....	19	13	0	-----	10	7	3	7	4	3	2	2	-----
Median age.....	24.6	23.5	25.8	-----	27.6	27.2	28.1	25.3	23.9	27.0	21.6	21.0	22.2
URBAN, 1940													
Total, all ages.....	16,794	7,539	9,255	81.5	1,419	698	721	11,836	5,301	6,535	3,539	1,540	1,999
Under 5 years.....	2,005	1,072	1,023	104.8	145	75	70	1,404	751	713	486	240	240
Under 1 year.....	460	219	241	90.9	35	19	16	320	162	198	105	48	67
5 to 9 years.....	1,735	836	899	93.0	135	63	72	1,235	600	635	365	173	102
10 to 14 years.....	1,599	727	872	83.4	123	63	60	1,147	522	625	320	142	187
15 to 19 years.....	1,625	763	872	80.4	102	48	54	1,123	610	604	400	186	214
20 to 24 years.....	1,578	790	788	100.3	110	60	53	1,081	553	528	378	171	207
25 to 29 years.....	1,382	667	725	90.0	124	67	57	986	471	515	272	129	143
30 to 34 years.....	1,057	471	586	80.4	125	67	58	788	310	422	194	88	100
35 to 39 years.....	870	394	482	81.7	111	58	53	580	255	324	176	81	95
40 to 44 years.....	762	306	456	67.1	83	41	42	544	216	328	135	40	80
45 to 49 years.....	750	303	456	66.4	98	42	56	508	201	307	153	60	63
50 to 54 years.....	754	303	451	67.2	68	35	33	561	216	335	135	52	83
55 to 59 years.....	700	279	420	64.0	46	26	20	528	199	320	135	54	81
60 to 64 years.....	636	258	378	68.3	38	15	23	492	208	284	106	35	71
65 to 69 years.....	488	181	305	59.3	39	18	21	364	130	224	63	33	60
70 to 74 years.....	324	111	213	52.1	27	10	17	223	78	145	74	23	51
75 years and over.....	401	86	315	27.3	29	8	21	206	62	204	100	16	60
Not reported.....	16	12	4	-----	7	6	1	7	4	3	2	2	-----
Median age.....	24.2	22.4	26.2	-----	28.3	27.7	28.8	24.4	22.3	26.6	22.5	20.6	24.0
RURAL, 1940													
Total, all ages.....	8,095	4,373	3,722	117.5	817	518	299	5,340	2,822	2,518	1,938	1,033	905
Under 5 years.....	932	462	470	98.3	72	45	27	540	268	277	320	154	166
Under 1 year.....	177	103	74	139.2	11	9	2	91	58	38	75	41	34
5 to 9 years.....	840	437	400	106.8	70	37	42	607	259	248	200	141	110
10 to 14 years.....	771	392	370	108.4	78	42	36	460	200	230	194	90	104
15 to 19 years.....	768	405	353	114.7	68	44	24	480	208	221	201	93	108
20 to 24 years.....	690	430	260	159.0	84	44	11	424	230	185	191	118	73
25 to 29 years.....	555	343	212	161.8	81	52	29	352	214	118	142	77	65
30 to 34 years.....	462	259	198	134.2	74	47	27	294	152	112	114	60	54
35 to 39 years.....	435	233	202	115.3	65	43	22	262	126	136	103	64	44
40 to 44 years.....	437	218	219	99.5	54	32	22	313	151	162	70	35	35
45 to 49 years.....	493	252	241	104.6	43	25	18	300	174	186	90	58	37
50 to 54 years.....	440	230	201	118.9	36	26	10	327	171	156	77	42	35
55 to 59 years.....	367	193	169	117.2	28	17	9	296	167	139	45	24	21
60 to 64 years.....	344	182	162	112.3	19	8	5	290	150	140	41	24	21
65 to 69 years.....	248	146	102	143.1	13	11	2	106	113	83	33	22	11
70 to 74 years.....	155	87	68	-----	12	8	4	120	62	58	23	17	6
75 years and over.....	100	89	71	-----	10	7	3	121	63	58	29	10	10
Not reported.....	3	1	2	-----	3	1	2	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Median age.....	25.4	25.9	24.6	-----	20.6	20.7	20.5	28.2	27.0	28.8	10.9	21.0	17.9

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Table 56.—CITIZENSHIP AND NATIVITY OF THE POPULATION 21 YEARS OLD AND OVER, FOR THE VIRGIN ISLANDS OF THE UNITED STATES, URBAN AND RURAL, 1950, AND FOR THE VIRGIN ISLANDS, 1940

Area and census years	Population 21 years old and over										Foreign born 21 years old and over				
	Total	Citizen						Alien		Citizenship not reported		Total	Percent of total		
		All citizens		Native		Naturalized		Number	Percent of total	Number	Percent of total		Naturalized	Alien	Citizenship not reported
		Number	Percent of total	Number	Percent of total	Number	Percent of total								
1950.....	13,631	11,583	85.0	10,845	70.6	788	5.4	1,902	14.4	86	0.6	2,786	26.5	70.4	8.1
Urban.....	7,829	6,423	82.0	5,966	76.2	457	5.8	1,353	17.3	53	0.7	1,803	24.5	72.6	2.8
Rural.....	5,802	5,160	88.9	4,879	84.1	281	4.8	609	10.5	33	0.6	923	30.4	66.0	8.0
1940.....	14,081	11,531	82.2	10,986	78.3	545	3.9	2,457	17.5	43	0.3	3,045	17.0	80.7	1.4

Table 57.—SCHOOL AND KINDERGARTEN ENROLLMENT, BY AGE, FOR THE VIRGIN ISLANDS OF THE UNITED STATES, URBAN AND RURAL: 1950

Age	Virgin Islands			Urban			Rural		
	Population	Enrolled		Population	Enrolled		Population	Enrolled	
		Number	Percent		Number	Percent		Number	Percent
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT									
Total, 5 to 29 years.....	12,313	7,034	57.1	7,321	4,334	59.2	4,992	2,700	54.1
5 and 6 years.....	1,648	959	58.2	1,009	652	64.6	630	307	48.0
7 to 13 years.....	4,362	4,288	98.3	2,601	2,574	99.0	1,701	1,714	97.3
14 and 15 years.....	1,056	937	88.7	595	544	91.4	461	303	65.2
16 and 17 years.....	906	548	60.5	526	355	67.5	380	193	50.8
18 and 19 years.....	815	201	24.7	474	144	30.4	341	57	16.7
20 to 24 years.....	1,716	61	3.6	1,017	41	4.0	699	20	2.9
25 to 29 years.....	1,810	40	2.2	1,099	24	2.2	711	16	2.3
KINDERGARTEN ENROLLMENT									
Total 5 and 6 years old.....	1,648	379	23.0	1,009	227	22.5	639	152	23.8

Table 58.—SCHOOL ENROLLMENT, BY AGE, FOR THE VIRGIN ISLANDS OF THE UNITED STATES: 1917 TO 1950

Age	1950			1940			1930			1917		
	Population	Enrolled in school		Population	Enrolled in school		Population	Enrolled in school		Population	Enrolled in school	
		Number ¹	Percent		Number	Percent		Number	Percent		Number	Percent
Total, 5 to 24 years old.....	10,593	6,994	66.6	9,611	5,024	52.3	8,255	(²)	(²)	9,621	(²)	(²)
5 to 19 years.....	8,787	6,933	78.9	7,334	4,998	68.1	6,660	(²)	(²)	7,100	3,769	53.1
5 and 6 years.....	1,648	959	58.2	1,105	622	56.3	998	415	41.6	941	377	40.1
7 to 13 years.....	4,362	4,288	98.3	3,345	3,253	97.2	3,312	3,186	96.2	3,440	3,005	89.7
14 and 15 years.....	1,056	937	88.7	593	757	77.0	877	662	75.5	942	246	26.1
16 and 17 years.....	906	548	60.5	910	264	29.0	738	175	23.7	870	43	4.9
18 and 19 years.....	815	201	24.7	991	102	10.3	735	(²)	(²)	898	8	0.9
20 to 24 years.....	1,716	61	3.6	2,277	26	1.1	1,595	(²)	(²)	2,521	(²)	(²)

¹ Excludes kindergarten enrollment (shown separately in table 57), largely included in earlier enrollment figures.² Not available.

Table 59.—YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED BY PERSONS 25 YEARS OLD AND OVER, BY RACE AND SEX, FOR THE VIRGIN ISLANDS OF THE UNITED STATES, URBAN AND RURAL: 1950

Area, race, and sex	Total, 25 years old and over	Years of school completed										Median school years completed
		None	Elementary school				High school		College		Not reported	
			1 to 4 years	5 and 6 years	7 years	8 years	1 to 3 years	4 years	1 to 3 years	4 years or more		
Virgin Islands	12,296	731	2,702	4,316	1,119	862	879	717	248	348	374	6.2
Male	6,842	378	1,280	1,891	514	427	475	333	128	220	100	6.2
Female	6,464	353	1,416	2,425	605	435	404	384	120	128	184	6.1
White	1,634	160	191	222	53	126	161	283	108	231	39	9.8
Negro	8,642	810	2,000	3,630	927	562	517	271	42	84	290	6.0
Mixed and other races	2,020	261	511	404	139	174	201	163	38	33	30	5.9
Urban	7,033	261	1,143	2,619	807	588	561	447	132	176	299	6.5
Male	3,062	114	450	1,003	354	269	286	205	71	105	145	6.7
Female	3,971	147	693	1,616	453	319	276	242	61	71	154	6.4
White	799	83	80	122	32	73	62	130	80	90	26	8.9
Negro	5,260	107	908	2,228	691	410	371	214	27	50	245	6.3
Mixed and other races	974	71	155	269	84	105	128	97	19	18	28	6.8
Rural	5,263	470	1,559	1,697	312	274	318	270	116	172	75	5.7
Male	2,730	204	830	828	160	153	180	128	57	115	45	5.6
Female	2,483	266	723	869	152	116	129	142	59	57	30	5.7
White	835	77	111	100	21	53	69	147	82	132	13	10.5
Negro	3,332	203	1,092	1,402	239	152	146	57	15	25	54	5.5
Mixed and other races	1,046	190	356	105	55	69	73	66	19	15	8	4.7
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION												
Virgin Islands	100.0	5.9	22.0	35.1	9.1	7.0	7.1	5.8	2.0	2.8	3.0	-----
Male	100.0	6.5	22.0	32.4	8.8	7.3	8.1	5.7	2.2	3.8	3.3	-----
Female	100.0	5.5	21.0	37.6	6.4	6.7	6.3	5.0	1.9	2.0	2.9	-----
White	100.0	9.8	11.7	13.6	3.2	7.7	9.9	17.3	10.3	14.1	2.4	-----
Negro	100.0	3.6	23.1	42.0	10.7	6.5	6.0	3.1	0.5	1.0	8.5	-----
Mixed and other races	100.0	12.9	25.3	23.0	6.9	8.6	10.0	8.1	1.9	1.6	1.8	-----
Urban	100.0	3.7	16.2	37.2	11.5	8.4	8.0	6.4	1.9	2.5	4.3	-----
Male	100.0	3.7	14.7	34.7	11.6	8.8	9.3	6.7	2.3	3.4	4.7	-----
Female	100.0	3.7	17.5	39.2	11.4	8.0	6.9	6.1	1.5	1.8	3.9	-----
White	100.0	10.4	16.0	15.3	4.0	9.1	7.8	17.0	10.8	12.4	3.3	-----
Negro	100.0	2.0	17.3	42.4	13.1	7.8	7.1	4.1	0.5	1.1	4.7	-----
Mixed and other races	100.0	7.3	15.9	27.6	8.6	10.8	13.1	10.0	2.0	1.8	2.9	-----
Rural	100.0	8.9	29.6	32.2	5.9	5.2	6.0	5.1	2.2	3.3	1.4	-----
Male	100.0	9.5	30.1	29.8	5.8	5.7	6.8	4.6	2.1	4.1	1.6	-----
Female	100.0	8.3	29.1	35.0	6.1	4.7	5.2	5.7	2.4	2.3	1.2	-----
White	100.0	9.2	13.3	12.0	2.5	6.3	11.9	17.6	9.8	15.8	1.0	-----
Negro	100.0	6.0	32.3	41.4	7.0	4.5	4.3	1.7	0.4	0.7	1.6	-----
Mixed and other races	100.0	18.2	34.0	18.6	6.3	6.0	7.0	6.3	1.8	1.4	0.8	-----

Table 60.—MARITAL STATUS, BY RACE AND SEX, FOR THE VIRGIN ISLANDS OF THE UNITED STATES, URBAN AND RURAL: 1950 AND 1940

Area, census year, and race	Total, 14 years old and over	Male								Total, 14 years old and over	Female							
		Single		Married		Consensually married		Widowed or divorced			Single		Married		Consensually married		Widowed or divorced	
		Number	Per cent	Number	Per cent	Number	Per cent	Number	Per cent		Number	Per cent	Number	Per cent	Number	Per cent	Number	Per cent
1950	8,118	3,538	43.6	3,309	40.8	856	10.5	410	5.1	8,071	3,373	38.9	3,318	38.3	876	10.1	1,105	12.7
White	1,177	448	38.1	638	54.2	39	3.3	52	4.4	983	263	26.8	548	55.7	33	3.4	139	14.1
Negro	5,464	2,423	44.3	2,157	39.5	673	10.5	311	5.7	6,184	2,552	41.3	2,234	36.1	581	9.4	817	13.2
Mixed and other races	1,477	607	46.2	514	34.8	243	16.5	53	3.6	1,504	558	37.1	533	35.6	261	17.4	149	9.9
Urban	4,291	1,848	43.1	1,808	43.5	334	8.9	191	4.5	5,354	2,274	42.5	1,993	37.2	391	7.3	696	13.0
White	474	160	33.8	280	59.1	15	3.2	19	4.0	545	169	31.0	271	49.6	12	2.2	94	17.2
Negro	3,223	1,433	44.5	1,337	41.5	303	9.4	160	4.7	4,009	1,765	44.0	1,433	35.7	310	7.7	501	12.5
Mixed and other races	594	255	42.9	251	42.3	66	11.1	22	3.7	799	340	42.6	280	36.2	69	8.6	101	12.6
Rural	3,827	1,690	44.2	1,441	37.7	471	12.3	225	5.9	3,317	1,099	33.1	1,325	39.9	484	14.6	409	12.3
White	703	288	41.0	358	50.9	24	3.4	33	4.7	437	94	21.5	277	63.4	21	4.8	45	10.3
Negro	2,241	990	44.2	820	36.6	270	12.0	161	7.2	2,175	787	36.2	801	36.8	271	12.5	316	14.5
Mixed and other races	883	412	46.7	263	29.8	177	20.0	31	3.5	705	218	30.9	247	35.0	102	27.2	48	6.8
1940	8,228	3,934	47.8	2,928	35.6	906	11.7	400	4.9	9,184	4,123	45.1	2,973	32.4	972	10.6	1,116	12.2

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Table 61.—MARRIED AND CONSENSUALLY MARRIED COUPLES, HOUSEHOLDS, AND INSTITUTIONAL POPULATION, FOR THE VIRGIN ISLANDS OF THE UNITED STATES, URBAN AND RURAL: 1950

Area	Married and consensually married couples				Married couples				Households			Insti- tutional popula- tion
	Total	With own household	Without own household		Total	With own household	Without own household		Number of house- holds	Population in house- holds	Population per house- hold	
			Number	Percent			Number	Percent				
Virgin Islands	3,492	3,364	128	3.7	2,644	2,530	114	4.3	7,742	25,854	3.34	416
Urban.....	1,031	1,855	70	3.0	1,551	1,481	70	4.5	4,575	15,343	3.35	111
Rural.....	1,561	1,509	52	3.3	1,093	1,049	44	4.0	3,167	10,511	3.32	305

Table 62.—PERSONS IN HOUSEHOLDS, BY RELATIONSHIP TO HEAD, RACE, AND SEX, AND PERSONS IN QUASI HOUSEHOLDS, BY SEX, FOR THE VIRGIN ISLANDS OF THE UNITED STATES, URBAN AND RURAL: 1950

Area, race, and sex	In households										In quasi households	
	Total	Head (number of households)	Wife or mate	Child	Grand- child	Parent	Other relative	Lodger	Resident em- ployee	Total	Head (num- ber of quasi households)	
VIRGIN ISLANDS												
Total.....	25,854	7,742	3,364	10,680	1,787	183	1,349	689	60	811	37	
Percent.....	100.0	29.9	13.0	41.3	6.9	0.7	5.2	2.7	0.2			
Male.....	12,543	5,173	2,205	5,468	902	34	561	380	25	532	26	
Female.....	13,311	2,569	3,364	5,212	885	149	788	309	35	270	11	
White.....	2,693	868	495	1,032	60	33	108	90	7	252	17	
Negro.....	18,064	5,693	2,205	7,143	1,477	106	938	450	46	497	14	
Mixed and other races.....	5,097	1,181	664	2,505	250	44	303	143	7	92	0	
URBAN												
Total.....	15,343	4,575	1,855	6,493	1,084	99	842	364	31	238	20	
Percent.....	100.0	29.8	12.1	42.3	7.1	0.6	5.5	2.4	0.2			
Male.....	7,144	2,817	1,181	3,240	533	15	330	180	11	93	12	
Female.....	8,199	1,758	1,855	3,244	551	84	509	184	20	145	8	
White.....	1,343	435	234	528	36	15	55	39	1	58	9	
Negro.....	11,720	3,562	1,342	4,023	612	60	635	265	27	166	8	
Mixed and other races.....	2,274	578	279	1,042	136	24	152	60	3	14	3	
RURAL												
Total.....	10,511	3,167	1,509	4,187	703	84	507	325	29	573	17	
Percent.....	100.0	30.1	14.4	39.8	6.7	0.8	4.8	3.1	0.3			
Male.....	5,399	2,350	1,181	2,210	309	19	222	200	14	430	14	
Female.....	5,112	811	1,509	1,908	334	65	285	125	15	134	3	
White.....	1,850	433	201	604	24	18	53	51	0	194	8	
Negro.....	6,338	2,131	803	2,220	505	46	303	191	19	331	0	
Mixed and other races.....	2,323	603	385	1,463	114	20	151	83	4	48	3	

Table 63.—POPULATION BY COUNTRY OF BIRTH AND SEX, FOR THE VIRGIN ISLANDS OF THE UNITED STATES, URBAN AND RURAL: 1950 AND 1940

Country of birth	Virgin Islands						Urban, 1950			Rural, 1950		
	Total				Male, 1950	Female, 1950	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
	1950	1940	Percent									
			1950	1940								
Total	26,665	24,889			13,075	13,590	15,581	7,237	8,344	11,084	5,838	5,246
Native	23,581	21,558	100.0	100.0	11,659	11,922	13,488	6,383	7,105	10,093	5,276	4,817
Virgin Islands.....	19,610	18,703	83.2	86.8	9,438	10,178	12,014	5,668	6,361	7,002	3,785	3,817
Puerto Rico.....	2,874	2,002	12.2	9.3	1,590	1,284	1,005	492	513	1,809	1,008	771
Other U. S. Territories and possessions ¹	57	61	0.2	0.3	31	26	42	21	21	15	10	5
Continental United States.....	1,034	702	4.4	3.7	600	434	427	217	210	607	383	224
Foreign born	3,084	3,331	100.0	100.0	1,416	1,668	2,093	854	1,239	991	562	429
Great Britain and Ireland.....	30	22	1.0	0.7	16	14	19	10	9	11	6	5
Denmark.....	69	2.2			48	21	44	32	12	25	16	9
Other Europe.....	81	168	2.6	4.7	20	52	45	15	30	30	14	22
Barbados.....	219	7.1			152	87	60	34	26	159	118	41
Other British West Indies.....	2,101	68.1			865	1,236	1,574	612	962	527	253	274
French West Indies.....	8	0.3		02.7	2	6	6	2	4	2		2
Dutch West Indies.....	18	0.6			6	12	17	6	11	1		1
Other West Indies.....	485	15.7			258	227	287	122	165	198	136	62
Central America.....	25	0.8		0.6	13	12	15	7	8	10	6	4
South America.....	15	0.5		0.6	8	7	9	3	6	6	5	1
All other and not reported.....	33	25	1.1	0.8	19	14	17	11	6	16	8	8

¹ Includes American citizens born abroad or at sea.

GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS

Table 64.—EMPLOYMENT STATUS, BY SEX, FOR THE VIRGIN ISLANDS OF THE UNITED STATES, URBAN AND RURAL: 1950

Employment status	Virgin Islands			Urban			Rural		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Total population (all ages).....	20,065	13,075	13,590	15,581	7,237	8,344	11,084	5,838	5,246
Persons 14 years old and over.....	16,789	8,118	8,671	9,645	4,291	5,354	7,144	3,827	3,317
Labor force.....	9,021	6,165	2,856	5,071	3,182	1,889	3,950	2,683	967
Civilian labor force.....	8,809	5,954	2,856	5,049	3,100	1,889	3,760	2,794	966
Employed.....	8,269	5,648	2,621	4,650	2,982	1,727	3,610	2,716	894
Unemployed.....	540	306	234	390	228	162	160	78	72
Experienced workers.....	510	292	218	308	210	149	142	73	69
New workers.....	30	14	10	22	9	13	8	5	3
Not in labor force.....	7,768	1,953	5,815	4,574	1,100	3,465	3,104	844	2,350
Keeping house.....	3,941	91	3,850	2,803	72	2,821	1,548	10	1,529
Unable to work.....	1,187	430	727	614	219	395	543	211	332
Inmates of institutions.....	369	210	159	110	43	67	259	167	92
Other and not reported.....	2,301	1,222	1,079	1,457	776	682	844	447	397
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION									
Persons 14 years old and over.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Labor force.....	53.7	75.9	32.9	52.6	74.2	35.3	55.3	77.9	29.2
Civilian labor force.....	52.5	73.3	32.0	52.3	73.6	35.3	52.6	73.0	29.1
Employed.....	49.3	69.6	30.2	48.3	68.3	32.3	50.5	71.0	27.0
Unemployed.....	3.2	3.8	2.7	4.0	5.8	3.0	2.1	2.0	2.2
Not in labor force.....	46.3	24.0	67.1	47.4	25.8	64.7	44.7	22.1	70.8
Keeping house.....	23.5	1.1	44.4	24.8	1.7	43.4	21.7	0.5	46.1
Unable to work.....	6.9	5.3	8.4	6.4	5.1	7.4	7.6	5.5	10.0
Inmates of institutions.....	2.2	2.6	1.8	1.1	1.0	1.2	3.6	4.4	2.8
Other and not reported.....	13.7	15.1	12.4	15.1	18.1	12.7	11.8	11.7	12.0
Civilian labor force.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Employed.....	93.9	94.9	91.8	92.3	92.3	91.4	96.0	97.2	92.5
Unemployed.....	6.1	5.1	8.2	7.7	7.2	8.6	4.0	2.8	7.5
Experienced workers.....	5.8	4.9	7.6	7.3	6.9	7.9	3.8	2.6	7.1
New workers.....	0.3	0.2	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.7	0.2	0.2	0.3

Table 65.—LABOR FORCE, BY RACE AND SEX, FOR THE VIRGIN ISLANDS OF THE UNITED STATES: 1950 AND 1940

Census year and race	Total					Male					Female				
	Population		Persons in the labor force, 14 years old and over			Population		Persons in the labor force, 14 years old and over			Population		Persons in the labor force, 14 years old and over		
	Total (all ages)	14 years old and over	Number	Percent of total population	Percent of population 14 years old and over	Total (all ages)	14 years old and over	Number	Percent of total population	Percent of population 14 years old and over	Total (all ages)	14 years old and over	Number	Percent of total population	Percent of population 14 years old and over
ALL RACES															
1950.....	20,065	16,789	9,021	33.8	53.7	13,075	8,118	6,165	47.2	75.9	13,590	8,671	2,856	21.0	32.9
1940.....	24,889	17,412	10,504	42.2	60.3	11,912	8,228	6,750	56.7	82.1	12,977	9,184	3,745	28.9	40.8
WHITE															
1950.....	2,945	2,160	1,255	42.6	58.1	1,552	1,177	982	63.3	83.4	1,393	983	273	19.6	27.8
1940.....	2,230	1,647	1,068	47.3	64.2	1,216	906	797	65.5	88.0	1,020	741	261	25.6	35.2
NEGRO															
1950.....	18,561	11,648	6,206	33.4	53.3	8,915	5,494	4,002	44.0	73.2	9,046	6,184	2,209	22.8	35.6
1940.....	17,170	12,127	7,438	43.3	61.3	8,128	5,639	4,601	56.6	81.6	9,058	6,488	2,837	31.3	43.7
MIXED AND OTHER RACES															
1950.....	5,159	2,981	1,561	30.3	52.4	2,008	1,477	1,181	45.3	80.0	2,551	1,504	380	14.0	25.3
1940.....	5,477	3,638	2,008	36.7	55.2	2,573	1,683	1,361	52.9	80.9	2,904	1,955	647	22.3	33.1

GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS

Table 67.—OCCUPATION OF EMPLOYED PERSONS, BY SEX, FOR THE VIRGIN ISLANDS OF THE UNITED STATES, URBAN AND RURAL: 1950—Con.

Occupation	Virgin Islands			Urban			Rural			Percent distribution								
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Virgin Islands			Urban			Rural		
										Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Sales workers.....	411	175	236	330	142	188	81	33	48	5.0	3.1	9.0	7.1	4.8	10.9	2.2	1.2	0.5
Hucksters and peddlers.....	61	11	50	50	10	40	11	1	10	0.7	0.2	1.9	1.1	0.3	2.3	0.3	-----	0.1
Other specified sales workers.....	7	5	2	3	2	1	4	3	1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-----
Salesmen and sales clerks (n. e. c.).....	343	159	184	277	130	147	66	29	37	4.1	2.8	7.0	5.9	4.4	8.5	1.8	1.1	0.4
Craftsmen, foremen, and kindred workers.....	1,119	1,088	31	778	758	20	341	330	11	13.5	19.3	1.2	16.7	25.9	1.2	9.4	12.2	0.1
Bakers.....	50	23	22	42	27	15	8	1	7	0.6	0.5	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.2	-----	0.1
Brickmasons, stonemasons, and tile setters.....	144	144	-----	90	90	-----	54	54	-----	1.7	2.5	-----	1.9	3.1	-----	1.5	2.0	-----
Cabinetmakers.....	20	20	-----	18	18	-----	2	2	-----	0.2	0.4	-----	0.4	0.6	-----	0.1	0.1	-----
Carpenters.....	825	324	1	225	224	1	100	100	-----	3.9	5.7	-----	4.3	7.6	0.1	2.3	3.7	-----
Electricians.....	40	40	-----	32	32	-----	8	8	-----	0.5	0.7	-----	0.7	1.1	-----	0.2	0.3	-----
Excavating, grading, and road machinery operators.....	21	20	1	9	8	1	12	12	-----	0.3	0.4	-----	0.2	0.3	0.1	0.3	0.4	-----
Foremen (n. e. c.).....	45	44	1	26	26	-----	19	18	1	0.5	0.8	-----	0.6	0.9	-----	0.5	0.7	-----
Mechanics and repairmen, auto.....	87	87	-----	60	60	-----	27	27	-----	1.1	1.5	-----	1.3	2.0	-----	0.7	1.0	-----
Mechanics and repairmen, other and n. e. c.....	78	77	1	57	57	-----	21	20	1	0.9	1.4	-----	1.2	1.9	-----	0.6	0.7	-----
Painters, construction and maintenance.....	70	70	-----	55	55	-----	15	15	-----	0.8	1.2	-----	1.2	1.9	-----	0.4	0.6	-----
Plumbers and pipe fitters.....	43	43	-----	32	32	-----	11	11	-----	0.5	0.8	-----	0.7	1.1	-----	0.3	0.4	-----
Stationary engineers.....	29	29	-----	19	19	-----	10	10	-----	0.4	0.5	-----	0.4	0.6	-----	0.3	0.4	-----
Tailors and tailoresses.....	21	21	-----	18	18	-----	3	3	-----	0.3	0.4	-----	0.4	0.6	-----	0.1	0.1	-----
Other specified craftsmen and kindred workers.....	146	141	5	95	92	3	51	49	2	1.8	2.5	0.2	2.0	3.1	0.2	1.4	1.8	-----
Operatives and kindred workers.....	898	638	260	562	382	180	336	256	80	10.9	11.3	9.9	12.1	13.0	10.4	9.3	9.4	0.9
Dressmakers and seamstresses, except factory.....	124	1	123	83	1	82	41	-----	41	1.5	-----	4.7	1.8	-----	4.7	1.1	-----	0.5
Laundry and dry cleaning operatives.....	72	2	70	51	2	49	21	-----	21	0.9	-----	2.7	1.1	-----	2.8	0.6	-----	0.2
Sailors and deck hands.....	43	43	-----	31	31	-----	12	12	-----	0.5	0.8	-----	0.7	1.1	-----	0.3	0.4	-----
Stationary firemen.....	19	19	-----	6	6	-----	13	13	-----	0.2	0.3	-----	0.1	0.2	-----	0.4	0.5	-----
Taxicab drivers and chauffeurs.....	168	166	2	110	108	2	58	58	-----	2.0	2.9	0.1	2.4	3.7	0.1	1.6	2.1	-----
Truck and tractor drivers.....	102	101	1	50	50	-----	52	51	1	1.2	1.8	-----	1.1	1.7	-----	1.4	1.9	-----
Other specified operatives and kindred workers.....	131	127	4	84	80	4	47	47	-----	1.6	2.2	0.2	1.8	2.7	0.2	1.3	1.7	-----
Operatives and kindred workers (n. e. c.).....	239	179	60	147	104	43	92	75	17	2.9	3.2	2.3	3.2	3.5	2.5	2.5	2.8	0.2
Private household workers.....	860	26	834	586	14	572	274	12	262	10.4	0.5	31.8	12.6	0.5	33.1	7.6	0.4	2.9
Service workers, except private household.....	665	362	303	482	268	214	183	94	89	8.0	6.4	11.6	10.3	9.1	12.4	5.1	3.5	1.0
Attendants, hospital and other institution.....	32	9	23	23	0	14	9	-----	9	0.4	0.2	0.9	0.5	0.3	0.8	0.2	-----	0.1
Barbers, beauticians, and manicurists.....	31	18	13	26	17	9	5	1	4	0.4	0.3	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.1	-----	-----
Bar tenders.....	20	28	1	23	23	-----	6	6	-----	0.4	0.5	-----	0.5	0.8	-----	0.2	-----	-----
Cooks, except private household.....	121	21	100	80	15	65	41	6	35	1.5	0.4	3.8	1.7	0.5	3.8	1.1	0.2	0.4
Guards, watchmen, and doorkeepers.....	53	53	-----	39	39	-----	14	14	-----	0.6	0.9	-----	0.8	1.3	-----	0.4	0.5	-----
Janitors and sextons.....	92	80	12	56	49	7	36	31	5	1.1	1.4	0.5	1.2	1.7	0.4	1.0	1.1	0.1
Policemen and detectives.....	57	55	2	42	40	2	15	15	-----	0.7	1.0	0.1	0.9	1.4	0.1	0.4	0.6	-----
Porters.....	29	23	-----	11	11	-----	12	12	-----	0.3	0.4	-----	0.2	0.4	-----	0.3	0.4	-----
Waiters and waitresses.....	61	36	25	56	35	21	5	1	4	0.7	0.6	1.0	1.2	1.2	1.2	0.1	-----	-----
Other specified service workers.....	53	14	39	36	10	26	17	4	13	0.7	0.2	1.5	0.8	0.3	1.5	0.5	0.1	0.1
Service workers, except private household (n. e. c.).....	113	25	88	90	20	70	23	5	18	1.4	0.4	3.4	1.9	0.7	4.1	0.6	0.2	0.2
Farm laborers and foremen.....	955	827	128	43	41	2	912	786	126	11.5	14.6	4.9	9.9	1.4	0.1	25.3	28.9	1.4
Farm laborers, unpaid family workers.....	62	38	24	4	2	2	58	30	22	0.7	0.7	0.9	0.1	0.1	0.1	1.0	1.3	0.2
Farm laborers, except unpaid, and farm foremen.....	893	789	104	39	39	-----	854	750	104	10.8	14.0	4.0	9.8	1.3	-----	23.7	27.6	1.2
Laborers, except farm and mine.....	961	941	20	522	511	11	439	430	9	11.6	16.7	0.8	11.2	17.4	0.6	12.2	15.8	0.1
Fishermen and oystermen.....	153	151	2	59	58	1	94	93	1	1.9	2.7	0.1	1.3	2.0	0.1	2.6	3.4	-----
Gardeners, except farm, and groundskeepers.....	44	40	4	16	16	-----	28	24	4	0.5	0.7	0.2	0.3	0.5	-----	0.8	0.9	-----
Longshoremen and stevedores.....	74	73	1	52	51	1	22	22	-----	0.9	1.3	-----	1.1	1.7	0.1	0.6	0.8	-----
Other specified laborers.....	5	5	-----	2	2	-----	3	3	-----	0.1	0.1	-----	-----	0.1	-----	0.1	-----	-----
Laborers (n. e. c.).....	685	672	13	393	384	9	292	288	4	8.3	11.9	0.5	8.4	13.1	0.5	8.1	10.0	-----
Occupation not reported.....	192	122	70	101	59	42	91	63	28	2.3	2.2	2.7	2.2	2.0	2.4	2.5	2.3	0.3

Table 68.—INDUSTRY OF EMPLOYED PERSONS, BY SEX, FOR THE VIRGIN ISLANDS OF THE UNITED STATES, URBAN AND RURAL: 1950

[Percent not shown where less than 0.1]

Industry	Virgin Islands			Urban			Rural			Percent distribution								
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Virgin Islands			Urban			Rural		
										Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Employed.....	8,269	5,648	2,621	4,659	2,932	1,727	3,610	2,716	894	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries.....	1,661	1,469	192	179	164	15	1,482	1,305	177	20.1	26.0	7.3	3.8	5.6	0.9	41.1	48.0	19.8
Agriculture.....	1,505	1,315	190	117	103	14	1,388	1,212	176	18.2	23.3	7.2	2.5	3.5	0.8	38.4	44.6	10.7
Forestry and fisheries.....	156	154	2	62	61	1	94	93	1	1.9	2.7	0.1	1.3	2.1	0.1	2.6	3.4	0.1
Mining.....																		
Construction.....	939	932	7	624	618	6	315	314	1	11.4	16.5	0.3	13.4	21.1	0.3	8.7	11.6	0.1
Manufacturing.....	464	384	80	239	185	54	225	199	26	5.6	6.8	3.1	5.1	6.3	3.1	6.2	7.3	2.9
Durable goods.....	88	25	13	20	15	5	18	10	8	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.3	0.5	0.4	0.0
Nondurable goods.....	422	359	63	210	170	40	203	180	14	5.1	6.4	2.4	4.7	5.8	2.8	5.6	7.0	1.6
Food and kindred products.....	355	313	42	170	143	33	170	170	0	4.3	5.5	1.0	3.8	4.9	1.9	5.0	6.3	1.0
Beverage industries.....	103	75	28	77	52	25	26	23	3	1.2	1.3	1.1	1.7	1.8	1.4	0.7	0.8	0.3
Other food industries.....	252	238	14	93	91	2	153	147	6	3.0	4.2	0.5	2.1	3.1	0.5	4.2	5.4	0.7
Printing, publishing, and allied industries.....	31	25	6	24	20	4	7	5	2	0.4	0.4	0.2	0.5	0.7	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Other nondurable goods.....	36	21	15	19	7	12	17	14	3	0.4	0.4	0.6	0.4	0.2	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.3
Not specified manufacturing industries.....	4		4				4	4				0.2				0.1		0.4
Transportation, communications, and other public utilities.....	613	558	55	434	396	38	179	162	17	7.4	9.9	2.1	9.3	13.5	2.2	5.0	6.0	1.9
Transportation.....	427	306	31	201	208	28	136	128	8	5.2	7.0	1.2	6.2	0.1	1.3	3.8	4.7	0.0
Trucking service and warehousing.....	70	68	2	32	32		38	30	2	0.8	2	0.1	0.7	1.1		1.1	1.3	0.2
Taxicab service.....	73	70	3	60	63	3	7	7		0.9	2	0.1	1.4	2.1	0.2	0.2	0.3	
Water transportation.....	204	198	6	136	133	3	68	65	3	2.5	3.1	0.2	2.9	4.5	0.2	1.9	2.4	0.3
Air transportation.....	52	30	16	40	27	13	12	9	3	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.9	0.9	0.8	0.3	0.3	0.3
Other transportation.....	28	24	4	17	13	4	11	11		0.3	0.4	0.2	0.4	0.4	0.2	0.3	0.4	
Telecommunications.....	41	23	18	35	21	14	6	2	4	0.5	0.4	0.7	0.8	0.7	0.8	0.2	0.1	0.4
Utilities and sanitary services.....	145	130	6	108	107	1	37	32	5	1.8	2.6	0.2	2.3	3.6	0.1	1.0	1.2	0.0
Electric light and power.....	62	58	4	43	42	1	19	16	3	0.7	1.0	0.2	0.9	1.4	0.1	0.5	0.6	0.3
Sanitary services.....	64	64		52	52		12	12		0.8	1.1		1.1	1.8		0.3	0.4	
Other and not specified utilities.....	19	17	2	13	13		6	4	2	0.2	0.3	0.1	0.3	0.4		0.2	0.1	0.2
Wholesale and retail trade.....	1,088	651	437	848	501	347	240	150	90	13.2	11.5	16.7	18.2	17.1	20.1	6.6	5.5	10.1
Wholesale trade.....	48	38	10	30	24	6	18	14	4	0.6	0.7	0.4	0.6	0.8	0.3	0.5	0.5	0.1
Retail trade.....	1,040	613	427	818	477	341	222	136	86	12.6	10.9	16.3	17.6	16.3	19.7	6.1	5.0	9.6
Food and dairy products stores, and milk retailing.....	415	266	149	307	200	107	108	66	42	5.0	4.7	5.7	6.6	6.8	6.2	3.0	2.4	4.7
General merchandise and five and ten cent stores.....	122	55	67	98	46	52	24	9	15	1.5	1.0	2.0	2.1	1.6	3.0	0.7	0.3	1.7
Apparel and accessories stores.....	45	23	22	30	20	10	6	3	3	0.5	0.4	0.8	0.8	0.7	1.1	0.2	0.1	0.3
Drug stores.....	43	19	24	34	14	20	9	5	4	0.5	0.3	0.9	0.7	0.5	1.2	0.2	0.2	0.4
Bating and drinking places.....	143	79	64	127	70	57	10	9	7	1.7	1.4	2.4	2.7	2.4	3.3	0.4	0.3	0.8
Hardware, farm implements and building material retailing.....	52	44	8	34	29	5	18	15	3	0.6	0.8	0.3	0.7	1.0	0.3	0.5	0.6	0.3
Liquor stores.....	32	24	8	23	18	5	9	6	3	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.5	0.6	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.3
Jewelry stores.....	20	10	10	20	10	10				0.2	0.2	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.6			
Other retail trade.....	132	78	54	103	55	48	29	23	6	1.6	1.4	2.1	2.2	1.9	2.8	0.8	0.8	0.7
Not specified retail trade.....	36	15	21	33	15	18	3	3	3	0.4	0.3	0.8	0.7	0.5	1.0	0.1		0.3
Finance, insurance, and real estate.....	97	79	18	56	48	8	41	31	10	1.2	1.4	0.7	1.2	1.6	0.5	1.1	1.1	1.1
Banking and other finance.....	32	23	9	21	15	6	11	8	3	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.5	0.5	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
Insurance and real estate.....	65	56	9	35	33	2	30	23	7	0.8	1.0	0.3	0.8	1.1	0.1	0.8	0.8	0.8
Business and repair services.....	119	111	8	92	84	8	27	27		1.4	2.0	0.3	2.0	2.9	0.5	0.7	1.0	
Business services.....	12	7	5	12	7	5				0.1	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.3			
Automobile repair services and garages.....	76	74	2	59	57	2	17	17		0.9	1.3	0.1	1.3	1.9	0.1	0.5	0.6	
Miscellaneous repair services.....	31	30	1	21	20	1	10	10		0.4	0.5		0.5	0.7	0.1	0.3	0.4	
Personal services.....	1,436	351	1,085	990	291	759	446	120	326	17.4	6.2	41.4	21.2	7.9	49.9	12.4	4.4	36.5
Private households.....	976	137	839	656	69	572	341	74	267	11.8	2.4	32.0	13.6	2.1	33.1	9.4	2.7	29.0
Hotels and lodging places.....	302	168	134	228	127	101	74	41	33	3.7	3.0	5.1	4.9	4.3	5.8	2.0	1.5	3.7
Laundry, cleaning, and dyeing services.....	20	6	23	27	5	22	2	1	1	0.4	0.1	0.9	0.6	0.2	1.3	0.1		0.1
Dressmaking shops.....	73	1	72	52	1	51	21	21		0.9	2.7		1.1	3.0		0.6		2.3
Shoe repair shops.....	17	17		14	14		3	3		0.2	0.3		0.3	0.5		0.1		
Miscellaneous personal services.....	39	22	17	34	21	13	5	1	4	0.5	0.4	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.1		0.4
Entertainment and recreation services.....	54	39	15	38	26	12	16	13	3	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.8	0.9	0.7	0.4	0.5	0.3
Professional and related services.....	767	262	505	496	159	337	271	103	168	9.3	4.6	19.3	10.6	5.4	19.5	7.5	3.8	18.8
Medical and other health services, except hospitals.....	61	30	31	35	19	16	26	11	15	0.7	0.5	1.2	0.8	0.6	0.9	0.7	0.4	1.7
Hospitals.....	214	68	146	137	41	96	77	27	50	2.6	1.2	5.6	2.9	1.4	5.6	2.1	1.0	5.6
Educational services.....	333	77	256	228	47	181	105	30	75	4.0	1.4	9.8	4.9	1.6	10.5	2.9	1.1	8.4
Welfare, religious, and membership organizations.....	123	63	60	70	39	37	47	24	23	1.5	1.1	2.3	1.6	1.3	2.1	1.3	0.9	2.6
Legal, engineering, and miscellaneous professional services.....	36	24	12	20	13	7	16	11	5	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.6
Public administration.....	803	657	146	530	436	94	273	221	52	9.7	11.6	5.6	11.4	14.9	5.4	7.6	8.1	5.8
Postal service.....	42	27	15	29	22	7	13	5	8	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.8	0.4	0.4	0.2	0.9
Federal public administration.....	615	426	80	331	272	59	184	154	30	6.2	7.5	3.4	7.1	9.3	3.4	5.1	5.7	3.4
Insular and local public administration.....	246	204	42	170	142	28	76	62	14	3.0	3.6	1.6	3.6	4.8	1.6	2.1	2.3	1.6
																		

GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS

Table 69.—CLASS OF WORKER, MAJOR OCCUPATION GROUP, AND MAJOR INDUSTRY GROUP OF EMPLOYED PERSONS, BY SEX, FOR THE VIRGIN ISLANDS OF THE UNITED STATES: 1950 AND 1940

[Original 1940 figures revised where necessary to exclude members of the armed forces]

Class of worker, major occupation group, and major industry group	1950			1940			Class of worker, major occupation group, and major industry group	1950			1940		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female		Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
CLASS OF WORKER							MAJOR OCCUPATION GROUP—Con.						
Employed.....	8,269	5,648	2,621	6,944	4,121	2,823	Farm laborers, unpaid family workers.....	62	38	24	101	46	55
Private wage and salary workers.....	4,100	2,636	1,524	4,510	2,676	1,843	Farm laborers, except unpaid, and farm foremen.....	893	789	104	587	521	66
Government workers.....	2,009	1,006	703	2,254	1,383	871	Laborers, except farm and mine.....	961	941	20	826	781	45
Self-employed workers.....	1,376	1,045	331	1,711	1,022	689	Occupation not reported.....	192	122	70	18	13	5
Unpaid family workers.....	124	61	63										
MAJOR OCCUPATION GROUP							MAJOR INDUSTRY GROUP						
Employed.....	8,269	5,648	2,621	6,944	4,121	2,823	Employed.....	8,269	5,648	2,621	6,944	4,121	2,823
Professional, technical, and kindred workers.....	601	297	334	432	190	242	Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries.....	1,661	1,460	192	1,634	1,432	202
Farmers and farm managers.....	406	363	43	620	501	68	Mining.....						
Managers, officials, and proprietors, except farm.....	612	475	137	475	342	133	Construction.....	980	932	7	461	458	3
Clerical and kindred workers.....	589	304	225	841	439	402	Manufacturing.....	464	384	80	518	303	215
Sales workers.....	411	176	236				Transportation, communications, and public utilities.....	613	558	55	395	369	26
Craftsmen, foremen, and kindred workers.....	1,119	1,088	31	587	554	33	Wholesale and retail trade.....	1,088	651	487	957	558	300
Operatives and kindred workers.....	898	638	260	687	341	346	Finance, insurance, and real estate.....	97	79	18	52	41	11
Private household workers.....	860	26	834	1,402	86	1,316	Business and repair services.....	119	111	8	50	50	
Service workers except private household.....	665	362	303	350	247	112	Personal services.....	1,436	351	1,085	1,835	254	1,581
							Entertainment and recreation services.....	54	39	15	14	19	1
							Professional and related services.....	767	262	505	460	181	285
							Public administration.....	863	657	146	344	303	41
							Industry not reported.....	228	155	73	218	150	59

Table 70.—INCOME IN 1949, FOR THE VIRGIN ISLANDS OF THE UNITED STATES, URBAN AND RURAL: 1950

Income level	Virgin Islands	Urban	Rural	Percent distribution			Income level	Virgin Islands	Urban	Rural	Percent distribution		
				Virgin Islands	Urban	Rural					Virgin Islands	Urban	Rural
All persons.....	16,789	9,645	7,144	100.0	100.0	100.0	Persons reporting \$1 or more or loss—Con.						
Persons not reporting.....	711	439	272	4.2	4.6	3.8	\$1,000 to \$1,499.....	971	640	331	0.9	11.0	7.7
Persons reporting.....	16,078	9,206	6,872	95.8	95.4	96.2	\$1,500 to \$1,999.....	458	306	152	4.7	5.6	3.5
None.....	6,257	3,670	2,587	37.3	38.1	36.2	\$2,000 to \$2,499.....	297	163	104	2.7	2.9	2.4
\$1 or more or loss.....	9,821	5,536	4,285	58.5	67.4	60.0	\$2,500 to \$2,999.....	151	90	61	1.5	1.6	1.4
Persons reporting \$1 or more or loss.....	0,821	5,536	4,285	100.0	100.0	100.0	\$3,000 to \$3,499.....	118	78	40	1.2	1.4	0.9
\$1 to \$99 or loss.....	1,342	713	629	13.7	12.9	14.7	\$3,500 to \$3,999.....	70	43	33	0.8	0.8	0.8
\$100 to \$299.....	2,231	1,233	995	22.7	22.5	23.2	\$4,000 to \$4,999.....	98	52	46	1.0	0.9	1.1
\$300 to \$499.....	1,670	810	860	17.0	14.6	20.1	\$5,000 to \$9,999.....	148	80	68	1.5	1.4	1.6
\$500 to \$999.....	1,176	631	545	12.0	11.4	12.7	\$10,000 and over.....	54	17	37	0.6	0.3	0.9
\$700 to \$999.....	1,061	677	384	10.8	12.2	9.0	Median income for persons reporting..... dollars.....	460	503	421			

Table 71.—AGE AND RACE, BY SEX, FOR ISLANDS AND CITIES OF THE VIRGIN ISLANDS OF THE UNITED STATES: 1950

[Median not shown where base is less than 100]

Area and age	1950								1940, total	
	All races			White		Negro		Mixed and other races		
	Total	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male		Female
ISLANDS										
St. Croix.....	12,193	5,987	6,116	339	342	3,667	3,906	1,981	1,868	12,902
Under 5 years.....	1,613	800	804	80	36	411	454	359	314	1,524
Under 1 year.....	206	103	133	9	4	73	74	81	55	305
5 to 9 years.....	1,582	759	823	28	37	440	480	285	300	1,266
10 to 14 years.....	1,358	703	655	20	20	422	399	261	227	1,168
15 to 19 years.....	1,040	548	492	18	17	331	290	199	185	1,177
20 to 24 years.....	712	335	377	14	10	179	215	142	143	1,113
25 to 29 years.....	715	306	349	26	31	200	191	134	127	945
30 to 34 years.....	714	371	343	20	23	217	222	125	98	888
35 to 39 years.....	606	306	300	28	30	151	175	97	95	648
40 to 44 years.....	582	257	275	25	23	145	189	80	63	670
45 to 49 years.....	541	280	261	28	20	155	174	67	67	721
50 to 54 years.....	550	277	313	27	27	198	230	52	56	655
55 to 59 years.....	497	242	255	12	20	178	194	52	41	635
60 to 64 years.....	401	237	254	10	8	178	192	49	54	578
65 to 69 years.....	440	200	240	9	6	155	195	36	39	467
70 to 74 years.....	343	158	185	11	5	122	157	25	23	266
75 years and over.....	329	130	190	8	11	113	143	18	36	317
Median age.....	23.2	22.0	23.3	34.2	30.4	26.1	27.0	17.1	17.5	25.9

1 Includes a small number of persons for whom age was not reported.

VIRGIN ISLANDS

Table 71.—AGE AND RACE, BY SEX, FOR ISLANDS AND CITIES OF THE VIRGIN ISLANDS OF THE UNITED STATES: 1950—Con.

Area and age	1950								1940, total	
	All races			White		Negro		Mixed and other races		
	Total	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male		Female
ISLANDS—Con.										
St. John	749	377	372	12	11	359	351	6	10	722
Under 5 years	107	52	55		1	52	52		2	89
Under 1 year	18	9	9			9	9			20
5 to 9 years	115	56	59	2		54	58		1	87
0 to 14 years	80	44	42			44	41		1	79
5 to 10 years	51	29	22	1		28	22			74
10 to 24 years	34	18	16		1	18	15			62
5 to 20 years	40	16	24	1	1	15	23			51
20 to 34 years	30	16	20	2		13	19	1	1	50
5 to 30 years	55	34	21	1	2	33	19			30
30 to 44 years	51	21	30		2	21	27		1	24
5 to 40 years										
40 to 54 years	31	19	12	2	1	16	10	1	1	39
5 to 50 years	27	12	15		1	12	14			27
50 to 64 years	20	18	11	1	1	15	10	2		26
5 to 60 years	21	9	12			8	11	1	1	43
60 to 74 years	23	9	14		1	9	10		1	17
5 to 74 years	23	9	14			8	14	1		9
75 years and over	22	15	7	2		13	6		1	16
Median age	22.3	22.1	22.5			20.4	20.8			22.0
St. Thomas	13,813	6,711	7,102	1,201	1,040	4,889	5,389	621	673	11,265
Under 5 years	2,146	1,000	1,056	113	129	809	818	108	109	1,414
Under 1 year	449	204	245	17	32	171	189	10	24	312
5 to 9 years	1,088	990	989	90	103	799	799	101	87	1,198
0 to 14 years	1,433	729	704	94	92	563	544	72	68	1,123
5 to 19 years	1,134	574	560	113	80	410	424	45	50	1,132
19 to 24 years	970	488	482	133	87	319	351	36	44	1,102
5 to 20 years	1,055	507	548	129	83	333	419	45	46	941
20 to 34 years	947	514	433	121	74	351	314	42	45	771
5 to 30 years	837	437	410	96	69	303	295	28	32	633
30 to 44 years	665	312	353	71	64	208	273	33	26	605
5 to 40 years	571	279	292	67	58	187	214	25	20	402
40 to 54 years	442	182	260	49	42	110	190	23	28	512
5 to 50 years	303	105	228	46	48	98	155	21	25	415
50 to 64 years	300	169	230	30	33	122	175	17	22	350
5 to 60 years	324	177	207	22	28	87	100	8	10	260
60 to 74 years	227	77	150	10	15	61	117	0	18	175
5 to 74 years	282	82	200	8	25	63	141	11	84	229
75 years and over										
Median age	21.1	10.7	22.5	26.9	20.4	17.0	21.6	18.3	22.0	23.4
CITIES										
Charlotte Amalie	11,469	5,319	6,150	574	671	4,324	4,966	421	513	9,801
Under 5 years	1,808	909	899	56	73	778	749	75	77	1,274
Under 1 year	301	181	210	14	20	150	171	8	19	283
5 to 9 years	1,721	851	870	64	64	717	749	70	60	1,040
0 to 14 years	1,223	599	624	52	63	497	509	50	52	684
5 to 10 years	928	443	485	47	58	395	390	31	42	604
10 to 24 years	753	330	414	30	53	277	331	26	30	610
5 to 20 years	836	379	460	54	44	264	388	28	33	813
20 to 34 years	743	385	358	55	48	308	270	27	31	678
5 to 30 years	680	334	355	39	60	275	272	20	23	540
30 to 44 years	545	241	304	37	34	188	250	10	20	433
5 to 40 years	483	223	260	36	40	168	203	10	17	427
40 to 54 years	306	139	227	25	26	96	177	18	24	431
5 to 50 years	314	119	195	27	35	81	141	11	10	369
50 to 64 years	333	131	202	19	28	101	157	11	17	327
5 to 60 years	280	98	182	16	19	79	145	6	18	225
60 to 74 years	203	64	139	5	12	53	110	0	17	156
5 to 74 years	244	68	176	6	10	55	124	7	33	205
75 years and over										
Median age	20.4	18.4	22.4	28.0	28.4	17.3	21.3	17.5	24.3	23.4
Christiansted	4,112	1,918	2,194	71	85	1,214	1,388	633	721	4,495
Under 5 years	518	262	256	4	6	145	168	113	82	557
Under 1 year	94	53	41			27	26	26	15	119
5 to 9 years	512	249	263	3	5	150	155	90	103	445
0 to 14 years	455	228	227	2	3	162	131	74	88	396
5 to 10 years	366	183	183	2	3	114	104	67	76	411
10 to 24 years	264	112	152	1	7	62	92	40	53	451
5 to 20 years	263	121	142	5	8	74	86	48	48	362
20 to 34 years	273	141	132	7	5	97	85	37	42	262
5 to 30 years	224	107	117	8	5	63	70	36	42	198
30 to 44 years	177	81	96	9	5	50	69	22	22	206
5 to 40 years	170	83	87	6	5	61	52	16	20	221
40 to 54 years	202	80	122	10	10	68	78	12	34	213
5 to 50 years	165	77	88	2	0	51	59	24	20	208
50 to 64 years	167	71	96	4		51	71	16	25	175
5 to 60 years	146	46	100	4	2	33	74	9	24	158
60 to 74 years	96	44	52	3	3	30	40	11	9	115
5 to 74 years	114	33	81	1	4	23	54	9	23	107
75 years and over										
Median age	23.0	21.7	25.6			23.7	27.6	17.5	21.1	24.8

¹ Includes a small number of persons for whom age was not reported.

GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS

Table 72.—GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS OF THE POPULATION, FOR ISLANDS AND CITIES OF THE VIRGIN ISLANDS OF THE UNITED STATES: 1950

[Percent not shown where base is less than 100]

Subject	Islands			Cities		Subject	Islands			Cities	
	St. Croix	St. John	St. Thomas	Char-lotte Amalie	Chris-tiansted		St. Croix	St. John	St. Thomas	Char-lotte Amalie	Chris-tiansted
Total population.....	12,103	740	13,813	11,409	4,112	YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED					
RACE, NATIVITY, AND CITIZENSHIP						Male, 25 years and over.....					
Male.....	5,987	377	6,711	5,319	1,918	2,833	178	2,831	2,178	884	
White.....	339	12	1,201	674	71	No school years completed.....	231	13	134	77	
Native.....	293	10	950	457	57	Elementary: 1 to 4 years.....	353	33	400	299	
Foreign-born.....	41	2	251	117	14	5 and 6 years.....	395	105	891	722	
Negro.....	3,007	359	4,889	4,324	1,214	7 years.....	201	6	307	263	
Native.....	3,320	352	4,177	3,702	1,147	8 years.....	162	2	263	201	
Foreign-born.....	347	7	712	622	67	High school: 1 to 3 years.....	211	2	262	100	
Mixed and other races.....	1,981	0	621	421	633	4 years.....	118	4	213	155	
Native.....	1,963	0	583	392	628	College: 1 to 3 years.....	46	-----	82	52	
Foreign-born.....	18	-----	38	29	5	4 years and over.....	75	8	137	79	
Female.....	6,116	372	7,102	6,150	2,194	School years not reported.....	43	5	142	140	
White.....	342	11	1,040	671	85	Female, 25 years and over.....					
Native.....	283	11	852	541	60	No school years completed.....	213	3	137	113	
Foreign-born.....	59	-----	188	130	25	Elementary school: 1 to 4 years.....	384	35	497	435	
Negro.....	3,000	351	5,889	4,966	1,388	5 and 6 years.....	1,055	104	1,266	1,101	
Native.....	3,687	329	4,381	4,015	1,300	7 years.....	219	4	332	355	
Foreign-born.....	319	22	1,008	951	88	8 years.....	166	5	264	239	
Mixed and other races.....	1,868	10	673	513	721	High school: 1 to 3 years.....	192	3	209	182	
Native.....	1,836	10	633	480	709	4 years.....	127	8	249	183	
Foreign-born.....	32	-----	40	33	12	1 to 3 years.....	40	0	71	44	
Persons 21 years old and over.....	6,343	381	6,907	5,626	2,203	4 years and over.....	44	3	81	56	
Native.....	5,551	355	4,939	3,908	1,998	School years not reported.....	25	4	155	150	
Foreign-born.....	702	26	1,968	1,658	205	MARITAL STATUS AND HOUSEHOLDS					
Naturalized.....	322	5	411	302	95	Male, 14 years and over.....	3,859	234	4,025	3,065	
Alien.....	438	19	1,505	1,245	108	Single.....	1,001	92	1,765	1,300	
Citizenship not reported.....	32	2	52	51	2	Married.....	1,384	111	1,814	1,384	
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT						Consensually married.....	561	14	280	240	
Persons 5 and 6 years old.....	683	48	917	792	217	Widowed or divorced.....	223	17	176	126	
Number enrolled in school.....	314	23	622	553	99	Female, 14 years and over.....	3,972	222	4,477	3,863	
Percent enrolled in school.....	46.0	-----	67.8	69.8	45.0	Single.....	1,474	71	1,828	1,646	
Persons 7 to 13 years old.....	1,970	138	2,248	1,941	660	Married.....	1,395	108	1,815	1,481	
Number enrolled in school.....	1,021	136	2,231	1,925	649	Consensually married.....	675	16	284	254	
Percent enrolled in school.....	51.8	98.6	99.2	99.2	98.3	Widowed or divorced.....	628	27	550	482	
Persons 14 to 17 years old.....	940	55	968	796	325	Married and consensually married couples, number.....	1,670	105	1,717	1,393	
Number enrolled in school.....	682	38	765	642	257	With own household.....	1,618	99	1,647	1,336	
Percent enrolled in school.....	72.6	-----	79.0	80.7	79.1	Without own household.....	52	6	70	57	
Persons 18 and 19 years old.....	372	11	432	343	131	Married couples, number.....	1,112	91	1,441	1,148	
Number enrolled in school.....	77	5	119	103	41	With own household.....	1,072	85	1,373	1,093	
Percent enrolled in school.....	20.7	-----	27.5	30.0	31.3	Without own household.....	40	6	68	55	
Persons 20 to 24 years old.....	712	34	970	753	294	Households, number.....	3,732	191	3,819	3,225	
Number enrolled in school.....	22	2	37	31	10	Population in households.....	11,777	744	13,333	11,268	
Percent enrolled in school.....	3.1	-----	3.8	4.1	3.8	Population per household.....	3.10	3.90	3.40	3.40	
Persons 25 to 29 years old.....	715	40	1,055	836	263	Institutional population.....	263	-----	153	111	
Number enrolled in school.....	21	2	17	13	11						
Percent enrolled in school.....	2.9	-----	1.6	1.6	4.2						

VIRGIN ISLANDS

Table 71.—AGE AND RACE, BY SEX, FOR ISLANDS AND CITIES OF THE VIRGIN ISLANDS OF THE UNITED STATES: 1950—Con.

Area and age	1950								1940, total	
	All races			White		Negro		Mixed and other races		
	Total	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male		Female
ISLANDS—Con.										
St. John.....	749	377	372	12	11	359	351	6	10	722
Under 5 years.....	107	52	55		1	52	52		2	89
Under 1 year.....	18	9	9			9	9			20
5 to 9 years.....	115	56	59	2		54	58		1	87
10 to 14 years.....	86	44	42			44	41		1	79
15 to 19 years.....	51	29	22	1		28	22			74
20 to 24 years.....	34	18	16		1	18	15			62
25 to 29 years.....	40	16	24	1	1	15	23			51
30 to 34 years.....	36	16	20			13	19	1	1	50
35 to 39 years.....	55	34	21	1	2	33	19			30
40 to 44 years.....	51	21	30		2	21	27		1	24
45 to 49 years.....	31	19	12	2	1	16	10	1	1	39
50 to 54 years.....	27	12	15		1	12	14			27
55 to 59 years.....	29	18	11	1	1	15	10	2		26
60 to 64 years.....	21	9	12			8	11	1	1	43
65 to 69 years.....	21	9	12		1	9	10		1	17
70 to 74 years.....	23	9	14			8	14	1		9
75 years and over.....	22	15	7	2		13	6		1	15
Median age.....	22.3	22.1	22.5			20.4	20.8			22.6
St. Thomas.....	13,813	6,711	7,102	1,291	1,040	4,889	5,389	621	673	11,265
Under 5 years.....	2,146	1,090	1,056	113	129	869	818	108	109	1,414
Under 1 year.....	449	204	245	17	32	171	180	10	24	312
5 to 9 years.....	1,088	990	980	90	103	790	709	101	87	1,168
10 to 14 years.....	1,433	729	704	94	92	563	544	72	58	1,123
15 to 19 years.....	1,134	574	560	113	86	410	424	45	50	1,132
20 to 24 years.....	970	488	482	133	87	319	351	30	44	1,102
25 to 29 years.....	1,055	507	543	129	83	333	410	45	46	941
30 to 34 years.....	947	514	433	121	74	351	314	42	45	771
35 to 39 years.....	837	427	410	96	83	303	295	28	32	633
40 to 44 years.....	605	312	353	71	54	208	273	33	20	505
45 to 49 years.....	571	270	292	67	58	187	214	25	20	402
50 to 54 years.....	442	182	230	40	42	110	100	23	28	512
55 to 59 years.....	393	165	228	46	48	98	155	21	25	415
60 to 64 years.....	399	169	230	30	33	122	175	17	22	359
65 to 69 years.....	324	117	207	22	28	87	100	8	10	250
70 to 74 years.....	227	77	150	19	15	61	117	0	18	175
75 years and over.....	282	82	200	8	25	63	141	11	84	220
Median age.....	21.1	19.7	22.5	20.9	26.4	17.6	21.6	18.3	22.6	23.4
CITIES										
Charlotte Amalie.....	11,469	5,319	6,150	574	671	4,324	4,966	421	513	9,801
Under 5 years.....	1,808	900	899	56	73	778	749	75	77	1,274
Under 1 year.....	391	181	210	14	20	150	171	8	19	283
5 to 9 years.....	1,721	851	870	64	64	717	740	70	60	1,049
10 to 14 years.....	1,223	590	624	52	63	497	500	50	52	984
15 to 19 years.....	925	443	485	47	53	365	390	31	42	904
20 to 24 years.....	753	330	414	30	53	277	331	26	30	910
25 to 29 years.....	836	376	460	54	44	294	383	28	33	813
30 to 34 years.....	743	385	358	55	48	303	279	27	31	678
35 to 39 years.....	680	334	355	30	60	275	272	20	23	546
40 to 44 years.....	545	241	304	37	34	188	250	16	20	433
45 to 49 years.....	483	223	260	36	40	168	203	19	17	427
50 to 54 years.....	366	130	227	25	26	96	177	18	24	431
55 to 59 years.....	314	119	195	27	35	81	141	11	19	369
60 to 64 years.....	333	131	202	19	28	101	157	11	17	327
65 to 69 years.....	280	98	182	16	19	76	145	6	18	225
70 to 74 years.....	203	64	139	5	12	53	110	6	17	155
75 years and over.....	244	68	176	6	10	55	124	7	33	205
Median age.....	20.4	18.4	22.4	28.0	28.4	17.3	21.3	17.5	24.3	23.4
Christiansted.....	4,112	1,918	2,194	71	85	1,214	1,388	633	721	4,495
Under 5 years.....	518	262	256	4	6	145	168	113	82	557
Under 1 year.....	94	53	41			27	26	26	15	119
5 to 9 years.....	512	249	263	8	5	150	155	90	103	445
10 to 14 years.....	455	225	227	2	8	162	131	74	88	390
15 to 19 years.....	366	183	183	2	3	114	104	67	76	411
20 to 24 years.....	264	112	152	1	7	62	92	40	53	451
25 to 29 years.....	263	121	142	5	8	74	86	42	48	362
30 to 34 years.....	273	141	132	7	5	97	85	37	42	262
35 to 39 years.....	224	107	117	8	5	63	70	36	42	198
40 to 44 years.....	177	81	96	9	5	50	69	22	22	206
45 to 49 years.....	170	83	87	6	5	61	52	16	30	221
50 to 54 years.....	202	80	122	10	10	58	78	12	34	218
55 to 59 years.....	165	77	88	2	9	51	59	24	20	208
60 to 64 years.....	167	71	96	4		51	71	16	25	175
65 to 69 years.....	146	46	100	4	2	33	74	9	24	168
70 to 74 years.....	90	44	52	3	3	30	40	11	9	115
75 years and over.....	114	33	81	1	4	23	54	9	23	107
Median age.....	23.9	21.7	25.0			23.7	27.6	17.5	21.1	24.8

1 Includes a small number of persons for whom age was not reported.

GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS

Table 72.—GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS OF THE POPULATION, FOR ISLANDS AND CITIES OF THE VIRGIN ISLANDS OF THE UNITED STATES: 1950

[Percent not shown where base is less than 100]

Subject	Islands			Cities		Subject	Islands			Cities	
	St. Croix	St. John	St. Thomas	Char-lotte Amalie	Chris-tiansted		St. Croix	St. John	St. Thomas	Char-lotte Amalie	Chris-tiansted
Total population.....	12,103	740	18,813	11,400	4,112	YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED					
RACE, NATIVITY, AND CITIZENSHIP						Male, 25 years and over.....	2,833	178	2,831	2,178	884
Male.....	5,087	377	6,711	5,319	1,918	No school years completed.....	231	13	134	77	37
White.....	339	12	1,201	574	71	Elementary: 1 to 4 years.....	853	33	400	290	151
Native.....	298	10	950	457	57	5 and 6 years.....	895	105	801	722	341
Foreign-born.....	41	2	251	117	14	7 years.....	201	6	307	263	91
Negro.....	3,067	350	4,859	4,324	1,214	8 years.....	162	2	263	201	68
Native.....	3,320	352	4,177	3,792	1,147	High school: 1 to 3 years.....	211	2	262	190	96
Foreign-born.....	347	7	712	532	67	4 years.....	110	4	213	155	50
Mixed and other races.....	1,081	0	621	421	633	College: 1 to 3 years.....	46	---	82	52	19
Native.....	1,063	0	583	392	628	4 years and over.....	75	8	137	70	26
Foreign-born.....	18	---	38	29	5	School years not reported.....	43	5	142	140	5
Female.....	6,116	372	7,102	6,150	2,194	Female, 25 years and over.....	2,965	178	3,311	2,858	1,113
White.....	342	11	1,040	671	85	No school years completed.....	213	3	137	113	34
Native.....	283	11	852	541	60	Elementary school: 1 to 4 years.....	884	35	407	435	258
Foreign-born.....	60	---	188	130	25	5 and 6 years.....	1,055	104	1,200	1,101	455
Negro.....	3,900	351	5,880	4,606	1,388	7 years.....	219	4	382	355	98
Native.....	3,587	320	4,881	4,015	1,300	8 years.....	160	5	264	230	80
Foreign-born.....	319	22	1,008	591	88	High school: 1 to 3 years.....	192	3	200	182	93
Mixed and other races.....	1,893	10	678	513	721	4 years.....	127	8	249	183	50
Native.....	1,830	10	633	480	709	College: 1 to 3 years.....	40	0	71	44	17
Foreign-born.....	32	---	40	33	12	4 years and over.....	44	3	81	56	15
Persons 21 years old and over.....	6,343	381	6,907	5,026	2,203	School years not reported.....	25	4	155	160	4
Native.....	5,551	355	4,039	3,068	1,098	MARITAL STATUS AND HOUSEHOLDS					
Foreign-born.....	792	26	1,068	1,058	205	Male, 14 years and over.....	3,859	234	4,025	3,065	1,226
Naturalized.....	322	5	411	302	95	Single.....	1,691	92	1,755	1,300	542
Alien.....	438	19	1,595	1,245	108	Married.....	1,384	111	1,814	1,384	484
Citizenship not reported.....	32	2	52	51	2	Consensually married.....	661	14	280	249	135
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT						Widowed or divorced.....	223	17	170	120	65
Persons 5 and 6 years old.....	683	48	917	702	217	Female, 14 years and over.....	3,972	222	4,477	3,863	1,491
Number enrolled in school.....	314	23	622	553	90	Single.....	1,474	71	1,328	1,040	628
Percent enrolled in school.....	46.0	---	67.8	69.8	46.6	Married.....	1,395	108	1,815	1,461	512
Persons 7 to 13 years old.....	1,070	138	2,248	1,941	660	Consensually married.....	575	16	284	254	137
Number enrolled in school.....	1,021	130	2,231	1,925	649	Widowed or divorced.....	528	27	550	482	214
Percent enrolled in school.....	97.2	98.0	99.2	99.2	98.3	Married and consensually married couples, number.....	1,670	105	1,717	1,393	538
Persons 14 to 17 years old.....	949	65	1,658	1,106	325	With own household.....	1,018	90	1,047	1,330	519
Number enrolled in school.....	682	88	705	642	257	Without own household.....	62	6	70	57	19
Percent enrolled in school.....	71.9	---	79.9	80.7	79.1	Married couples, number.....	1,112	91	1,441	1,148	403
Persons 18 and 19 years old.....	372	11	432	343	131	With own household.....	1,072	85	1,373	1,093	388
Number enrolled in school.....	77	5	110	103	41	Without own household.....	40	6	68	55	15
Percent enrolled in school.....	20.7	---	27.5	30.0	31.3	Households, number.....	3,732	191	3,819	3,225	1,350
Persons 20 to 24 years old.....	712	34	970	753	294	Population in households.....	11,777	744	13,333	11,208	4,075
Number enrolled in school.....	22	2	37	31	10	Population per household.....	3.16	3.60	3.40	3.49	3.02
Percent enrolled in school.....	3.1	---	3.8	4.1	3.8	Institutional population.....	203	---	153	111	---
Persons 25 to 29 years old.....	715	40	1,055	836	293						
Number enrolled in school.....	21	2	17	13	11						
Percent enrolled in school.....	2.9	---	1.6	1.6	4.2						

VIRGIN ISLANDS

Table 73.—ECONOMIC CHARACTERISTICS, FOR ISLANDS AND CITIES OF THE VIRGIN ISLANDS OF THE UNITED STATES: 1950

Subject	Islands						Cities			
	St. Croix		St. John		St. Thomas		Charlotte Amalie		Christiansted	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
Total population (all ages).....	5,987	6,110	377	372	6,711	7,102	5,319	6,160	1,018	2,104
EMPLOYMENT STATUS										
Persons 14 years old and over.....	3,859	3,972	234	222	4,025	4,477	3,065	3,863	1,226	1,491
Labor force	2,903	1,230	173	98	3,080	1,528	2,284	1,304	898	625
Civilian labor force.....	2,895	1,229	173	98	2,886	1,528	2,263	1,304	897	625
Employed.....	2,780	1,157	165	84	2,703	1,380	2,093	1,220	839	507
Private wage and salary workers.....	987	612	90	33	1,560	879	1,203	804	372	288
Government workers.....	1,152	330	41	39	713	334	579	274	281	121
Self-employed workers.....	602	170	22	11	421	150	303	127	170	77
Unpaid family workers.....	39	45	3	1	10	17	8	15	7	21
Unemployed.....	115	72	8	14	133	148	170	144	58	18
Experienced workers.....	106	69	8	14	178	135	165	131	54	18
New workers.....	9	3	—	—	5	13	5	13	4	—
Not in labor force.....	956	2,742	61	124	936	2,049	781	2,499	28	906
Keeping house.....	30	1,763	1	70	51	2,011	46	1,079	20	642
Unable to work.....	264	399	26	29	150	299	118	258	101	137
Inmates of institutions.....	145	90	—	—	65	69	43	67	—	—
Other and not reported.....	518	490	34	19	670	570	574	495	201	187
MAJOR OCCUPATION GROUP										
Employed.....	2,780	1,157	165	84	2,703	1,380	2,093	1,220	839	507
Professional, technical, and kindred workers.....	118	146	6	15	143	173	100	144	40	84
Farmers and farm managers.....	208	38	9	—	86	5	23	—	14	1
Managers, officials, and proprietors, except farm.....	105	60	11	2	269	75	217	62	88	36
Clerical and kindred workers.....	137	80	3	2	224	143	191	124	78	48
Sales workers.....	61	79	2	3	112	154	107	145	35	43
Craftsmen, foremen, and kindred workers.....	423	19	9	1	656	11	533	11	225	9
Operatives and kindred workers.....	298	96	14	28	326	136	283	130	90	60
Private household workers.....	13	370	—	12	13	452	11	405	3	107
Service workers, except private household.....	137	112	7	15	218	176	106	163	72	61
Farm laborers, unpaid family workers.....	27	21	—	—	11	3	2	—	—	—
Farm laborers, except unpaid, and farm foremen.....	606	104	18	—	75	—	11	—	28	—
Laborers, except farm.....	375	8	32	3	434	9	369	9	162	2
Occupation not reported.....	32	24	4	3	86	43	54	35	5	7
MAJOR INDUSTRY GROUP										
Employed.....	2,780	1,157	165	84	2,703	1,380	2,093	1,220	839	507
Agriculture, forestry and fisheries.....	1,104	182	44	1	231	9	63	2	101	13
Mining.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Construction.....	317	—	14	—	601	7	441	6	177	—
Manufacturing.....	281	28	2	7	101	45	93	39	62	15
Transportation, communication and other public utilities.....	223	22	10	—	325	33	297	28	99	10
Wholesale and retail trade.....	248	154	7	3	396	280	355	266	146	91
Finance, insurance, and real estate.....	19	9	1	—	59	9	41	5	7	3
Business and repair services.....	42	3	—	—	69	5	64	5	20	3
Personal services.....	92	481	24	25	235	579	183	522	48	237
Entertainment and recreation services.....	14	2	—	—	25	13	20	11	6	1
Professional and related services.....	121	223	8	20	133	262	114	226	45	111
Public administration.....	191	30	31	22	435	94	340	77	90	17
Industry not reported.....	38	23	24	0	93	44	76	43	8	6

Table 74.—INCOME IN 1949, FOR ISLANDS AND CITIES OF THE VIRGIN ISLANDS OF THE UNITED STATES: 1950

Income level	Islands			Cities		Income level	Islands			Cities	
	St. Croix	St. John	St. Thomas	Char-lotte Amalie	Chris-tiansted		St. Croix	St. John	St. Thomas	Char-lotte Amalie	Chris-tiansted
Persons 14 years old and over.....	7,831	456	8,502	6,928	2,717	Persons reporting \$1 or more or loss—Con.					
Persons not reporting.....	238	10	403	401	38	\$1,000 to \$1,499.....	338	12	621	470	170
Persons reporting.....	7,593	446	8,030	6,527	2,679	\$1,500 to \$1,999.....	145	8	305	226	80
None.....	3,021	95	3,141	2,614	1,056	\$2,000 to \$2,499.....	90	5	172	126	37
\$1 or more or loss.....	4,572	351	4,898	3,913	1,623	\$2,500 to \$2,999.....	47	1	103	69	21
Persons reporting \$1 or more or loss.....	4,572	351	4,898	3,913	1,623	\$3,000 to \$3,499.....	38	—	80	57	21
\$1 to \$99 or loss.....	701	115	526	450	263	\$3,500 to \$3,999.....	20	1	55	33	10
\$100 to \$299.....	1,158	79	994	862	374	\$4,000 to \$4,999.....	35	1	62	39	13
\$300 to \$499.....	902	57	711	592	218	\$5,000 to \$9,999.....	39	4	105	65	15
\$500 to \$999.....	591	34	551	438	193	\$10,000 and over.....	18	—	36	16	1
\$700 to \$999.....	450	34	577	470	207	Median income for persons reporting dollars.....	395	253	579	524	400