

# 1990 Census of Population and Housing Summary File 2: Virgin Islands of the United States Technical Documentation

D1-D90-S200-14-TECHV

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1990 Census of  
Population and Housing

**Summary  
Tape File 2**  
*Virgin Islands  
of the United States*

**TECHNICAL  
DOCUMENTATION**

Issued April 1992



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The files should be cited as follows:

Census of Population and Housing, 1990: Summary Tape File 2 (Virgin Islands of the United States) [machine-readable data files] / prepared by the Bureau of the Census. —Washington: The Bureau [producer and distributor], 1992.

The technical documentation should be cited as follows:

Census of Population and Housing, 1990: Summary Tape File 2 (Virgin Islands of the United States) Technical Documentation / prepared by the Bureau of the Census. —Washington: The Bureau, 1992.

For additional information concerning the Virgin Islands of the United States census data, contact Decennial Management Division, Puerto Rico and Outlying Areas Branch, Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233. Telephone: 301-763-2903.

For additional information concerning the files, contact Data User Services Division, Customer Services Branch, Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233. Telephone: 301-763-4100.

For additional information concerning the technical documentation, contact Data User Services Division, Data Access and Use Staff, Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233. Telephone: 301-763-2074.

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# ABSTRACT

*The user should note that there are limitations to many of these data. Please refer to the technical documentation provided with Summary Tape File 2 (Virgin Islands) for a further explanation on the limitations of the data.*

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## CITATION

*Census of Population and Housing, 1990: Summary Tape File 2 (Virgin Islands of the United States) [machine-readable data files] / prepared by the Bureau of the Census. —Washington: The Bureau [producer and distribution], 1992.*

## TYPE OF FILE

Summary statistics.

## UNIVERSE DESCRIPTION

All persons and housing units in the Virgin Islands.

## SUBJECT MATTER DESCRIPTION

Summary Tape File 2 (STF 2) for the Virgin Islands contains Stateside 100-percent equivalent data.

There are both A and B records. A records, which contain all tables (matrices) with a table (matrix) number beginning with PA or HA, are provided for each summary level in a geographic area, then repeated for each geographic component. B records, which have a table (matrix) number beginning with PB or HB, are repeated for each geographic component as well as each characteristic iteration.

Population items in the A record include counts of persons by race (5 categories), Hispanic origin (5 categories, along with a separate table with 2 categories cross tabulated by 3 categories of race), and group quarters (44 categories, along with a separate table with 12 categories cross tabulated by age). Record A housing counts include race of householder (5 categories); Hispanic origin (5 categories, along with a separate table with 2 categories tabulated by 3

categories of race); units in structure; tenure by persons in unit, household type, and age of householder (49 categories); tenure by number of nonrelatives; tenure by room by number of persons in unit; rooms; vacancy status by duration of vacancy and boarded-up status; and price or rent asked for vacant-for-sale-only or vacant-for-rent units.

Population counts in the B record include persons; families; households; sex; sex by age (103 categories); sex by marital status by age (12 categories); sex by group quarters (31 categories); sex by household type and relationship and age; household size and household type; and household type and relationship tabulated for all persons, persons under 6 years, under 18 years, and 60 years and over as well as tabulated by sex and age. Housing units counts in the B record include counts of occupied housing units by tenure and tenure tabulated by persons in unit, rooms, persons per room, units in structure, and age of householder. Value is provided for specified owner-occupied housing units, mobile homes or trailers, and boats or houseboats. Contract rent is shown for specified renter-occupied housing units.

The A record in STF 2 provides a single record for each summary level/geographic component combination within a unit of geography.

The B record in STF 2 repeats the tables for each summary level/geographic component combination for twelve categories of race and Hispanic origin: all persons; Black; White; Other races; Hispanic origin (of any race); Dominican (Dominican Republic), Puerto Rican, Cuban, Other Hispanic; Black, not of Hispanic origin; White, not of Hispanic origin; and Other races, not of Hispanic origin.

For a description of all tables available, see the Table (Matrix) Outlines chapter of the technical documentation. Chart 1 in the How to Use This File chapter of the technical documentation provides a complete description of the race and Hispanic origin categories included in the B records.

## GEOGRAPHIC COVERAGE

Summary Tape File 2 for the Virgin Islands is released as one file.

This abstract lists the most frequently accessed geographic levels. The Summary Level Sequence Chart chapter outlines the hierarchical and inventory summaries in their entirety.

STF 2 provides data for the Virgin Islands in a geographic hierarchy of Virgin Islands/island/census sub-district/place/BNA, with summaries for split places and split BNA's.

## RELATED PRINTED REPORTS

1990 CP-1-55, *General Population Characteristics*. This report provides data on age, sex, race, Hispanic origin, marital status, and household relationship characteristics. Data are shown for the Virgin Islands, islands, census subdistricts, places, and summary geographic areas. The comparable 1980 census data are found in *General Population Characteristics* (PC80-1-B55). Scheduled for release late 1992.

1990 CH-1-55, *General Housing Characteristics*. This reports provides data on units in structure, value and rent, number of rooms, tenure, and vacancy characteristics. This report provides data for the Virgin Islands, islands, census subdistricts, places, and summary geographic areas. The comparable 1980 census data are found in *General Housing Characteristics* (HC80-1-A55). Scheduled for release late 1992.

1990 CPH-3-55, *Population and Housing Characteristics for Census Tracts and Block Numbering Areas*. Data on most of the population and housing subjects included in the 1990 census are shown for the Virgin Islands, islands, places, and block numbering areas. This is a new report for the Virgin Islands. Scheduled for release late 1992.

## RELATED REFERENCE MATERIALS

1990 CPH-1-6VI, *1990 Census of Population and Housing Tabulation and Publication Program for the Virgin Islands of the United States*. This booklet provides descriptions of the data products available from the 1990 census for the Virgin Islands. Available without charge from Customer Services, Data User Services Division, Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233. Telephone: 301-763-4100. FAX: 301-763-4794.

*Census '90 Basics*. This booklet provides a general overview of the census activity and detailed information on census content, geographic areas, and products. Available without charge from Customer Services (see above).

*Census ABC's—Application in Business and Community*. This booklet highlights key information about the 1990 census and illustrates a variety of ways the data can be used. Available without charge from Customer Services (see above).

A comprehensive *1990 Census of Population and Housing Guide* will be available in late 1992. It will provide detailed information about all aspects of the census.

## TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION

Both A and B records on STF 2 data files have a logical record size of 11,700 characters each, and each record is divided into 2 record segments of 5,850 characters. The first 300 characters of each segment contain geographic information.

## FILE AVAILABILITY

STF 2 Virgin Island files are available from Customer Services, Data User Services Division, Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233. (See Related Reference Materials section for telephone and FAX information.) A machine-readable data dictionary is included on the tape without charge. Options include 6250 or 1600 bpi, ASCII or EBCDIC, labeled or unlabeled. The files are also available on tape cartridges (IBM 3480 compatible) for the same price. The minimum charge for a computer tape or tape cartridge order is \$175. A copy of the technical documentation is included with each order. Additional copies are \$10 each. For specific price information, telephone Customer Services at the number above. When ordering, please use the order form at the end of this chapter.

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# HOW TO USE THIS FILE

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## INTRODUCTION

This chapter serves as a guide for data users to both the tape and the technical documentation. Novice users trying to understand how to use the documentation and the file should read this chapter first.

### Documentation Chapters

The Abstract chapter in this documentation provides a quick overview of the file, including the formal title, geographic coverage, subject coverage, and file availability. Also shown are citations for related reference materials and printed reports. Their titles and geography are included in this section, along with purchasing information.

The Subject Locator is an aid to finding which tables provide the information needed. The List of Tables (Matrices) and the Table (Matrix) Outlines provide two types of presentations for the tables available in the file. The List of Tables (Matrices) has the table titles and universes. The Table (Matrix) Outlines offers a detailed presentation of the tables. When reviewing the tables, remember that a colon (:) following an entry indicates the entry is a heading, not a data cell.

### User and Technical Notes

Information about file or documentation changes sometimes becomes available after the documentation has been printed. User notes inform the user community about these changes. These are issued in a numbered series. If there are technical documentation changes, revised pages usually accompany them. The revised pages should be inserted in their proper location but the user note cover sheet should be filed in the User Notes chapter.

Technical notes provide information for specific geography or summary levels. While they are not a part of the technical documentation, we suggest filing them in the documentation notebook. Please see the User Notes chapter for specific distribution information.

### Data Dictionary

The data dictionary describes the file and provides character locations for each variable and each table. It

has two elements, the identification section and the table (matrix) section.

In the identification section, the components include the field name; the data dictionary reference name, a short mnemonic for use with software packages; field size; starting position; and data type (alphabetic, numeric, or alphanumeric). Some of the field and reference names in the identification section are not applicable to the Virgin Islands data and usually are filled with 9's or 0's, as appropriate.

The identification section of the data dictionary is identical for all summary tape files. It provides a list of the geographic codes or refers the user to the appropriate source. Review the footnotes carefully; they provide explanations for various terms. These footnotes are listed at the end of the identification section of the data dictionary.

The table (matrix) section provides information on the table (matrix) number; table (matrix) description; number of implied decimals in each cell (if not 0); starting position within the record, and for all cells within the first-level variable; and cell coordinates. The starting position within the record is shown as well as the starting position within the segment.

There also is a machine-readable data dictionary file on the data tape. This dictionary is designed to be converted for use with various software packages.

### Appendixes

Detailed information on geographic areas is in appendix A followed by subject-matter definitions in appendix B. Appendix C provides detailed statistical information about the data while appendix D outlines the data collection and processing procedures. A facsimile of the 1990 census questionnaire for the Virgin Islands is in appendix E.

Appendix F furnishes detailed information on all the 1990 census data products for the Virgin Islands, as well as suggested sources of information and assistance. Map information is included in appendix G. The record layout for the machine-readable data dictionary file that accompanies each tape order is in appendix H.

Appendix I contains the code lists used in processing the data. These are especially helpful in determining the components included in categories such as race or group quarters. These codes are used in conjunction with the table (matrix) outlines and data dictionary chapters.

## Count Corrections

The Census Bureau issues population count corrections on an occasional basis. Count corrections for geography at the place level and above are available from Customer Services, Data User Services Division, Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233. Count corrections for geography at the block numbering area (BNA) level are available from Population Division, Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233. When requesting these corrections, please include the desired BNA.

## USING THE FILE

### Internal File Labels

**System Labels**—Tape orders which specify labeled tapes will have a standard American National Standards Institute (ANSI) label. The system label consists of 17 characters, but only the first 12 are active. The remaining five characters will be 'X' filled. The 1990 STF 2 files for the Virgin Islands have a Data Set Name (DSN) of STF2tXVI.Fnnxxxx where t is A and nn is a two-digit number with leading zeroes identifying the tape volume sequence. (The "X", "F", and "x" in the DSN remain constant.)

**User Labels**—Each user tape will have six user header labels and six user trailer labels. These labels combine information from the system label and the identification portion of the first and last record. These labels enable the user to quickly identify the beginning and ending records on each tape.

**User Header Labels**—The user header labels are designated UHL1 through UHL6. UHL1 and UHL2 repeat information from the system label in HDR1 and HDR2. UHL3 through UHL6 contain information from the identification portion of the first record on the tape.

**User Trailer Labels**—The user trailer labels are designated UTL1 through UTL6. UTL1 and UTL2 contain information from the system trailer label. UTL3 and subsequent user trailer labels contain identification information from the last record on the tape. The unused portion of UTL6 is blank filled.

### Specific File Information

Specific file information for the Virgin Islands, such as record counts, is not provided in the technical documentation. However, each tape order is accompanied by a tape creation sheet. This sheet provides the file name, file label (HDR1), the third user header label (UHL3), record size, block size, and record count. The third user header label for each reel identifies the geography for the first record on the reel. For example, the UHL3 at the beginning of each reel of a three-reel file for

a State provides the geography for the first record. If the geography needed is on reel three, only reel three needs to be processed.

The tape creation sheet received with the tape should be filed in the technical documentation notebook or with other tape information maintained by the user.

## Record Segmentation

Logical records are divided into segments, each containing identification information and specific tables. The logical record has a record sequence number which is repeated in each segment. This is the logical record number which appears in position 19 of each segment. Following this, beginning in positions 25 and 29, are the logical record part number and the total number of parts in the record. By viewing these two fields together, the sequence of the segment and the total number of segments can be quickly determined. For example, 1 in the logical record part number field and 2 in the total number of parts in record field indicates that this is segment 1 of 2 segments which comprise the logical record.

The A records and B records of STF 2 for the Virgin Islands each have 11,700 characters. Both records are divided into 2 record segments of 5,850 characters with each segment having 300 characters of identification information followed by tables (matrices). The geographic information layout for each segment is identical to the identification information described for starting positions 1-300 of the data dictionary. The segmentation scheme is illustrated below:

### Segment 1 of Record A

Geographic Identification Information 300 characters	PA1-HA21 (pt.) 5,850 characters including 3 characters filler
---	---

### Segment 2 of Record A

Geographic Identification Information 300 characters	HA21 (pt.)-HA27 5,850 characters including 3,444 characters filler
---	--

### Segment 1 of Record B

Geographic Identification Information 300 characters	PB1-PB15 (pt.) 5,850 characters including 6 characters filler
---	---

### Segment 2 of Record B

Geographic Identification Information 300 characters	PB15 (pt.)-HB28 5,850 characters including 21 characters filler
---	---

In record A, table HA21 is split across segments 1 and 2. At the end of segment 1, there are 6 cells of table HA21 and 3 characters of filler. Segment 2 begins with 300 characters of geographic identification followed by the last 14 cells of table HA21. At the end of segment 2, after table HA27, there are 3,444 characters of filler.

In record B, table PB15 is split across segments 1 and 2. At the end of segment 1, there are 83 cells of table PB15 and 6 characters of filler. Segment 2 begins with 300 characters of geographic identification followed by the last 205 cells of table PB15. At the end of segment 2, after table HB28, there are 21 characters of filler.

### A and B Records

STF 2 files have A records which contain all tables (matrices) with a table (matrix) number beginning with PA or HA. The A records for each summary level in a geographic area are repeated for each geographic component. The characteristic iteration is always all persons. A records are identified by blanks in the characteristic iteration field.

The B records in STF 2 files, which have a table (matrix) number beginning with PB or HB, are repeated for each geographic component as well as for each characteristic iteration. B records are identified by the presence of numerics in the characteristic iteration field. The B record for STF 2 has twelve characteristic iterations. See chart 1 below:

**Chart 1. Characteristic Iterations**

Summary Tape File 2 (Virgin Islands)	
<b>A Record</b>	
All persons	
<b>B Record</b>	
All persons	
Black	
White	
Other races	
Hispanic origin (of any race)	
Dominican (Dominican Republic)	
Puerto Rican	
Cuban	
Other Hispanic	
Black, not of Hispanic origin	
White, not of Hispanic origin	
Other races, not of Hispanic origin	

### Record Identification

Each record on a summary tape file is uniquely identified by a combination of geographic codes—State, county, and county subdivision code(s); summary level; geographic component code; and characteristic

iteration. For example, if you have the Virgin Islands STF 2 file and want to know the total population for St. John Island, four identification fields must be checked: the summary level code for county or county equivalent records (050), the total record for geographic components (00), the characteristic iteration (000) for all persons, and the county code for St. John Island (020). All four fields must be checked to insure the data received is total population for St. John Island. If all four fields are not checked, other data records will be found. See the Summary Level Sequence Chart and Geographic Component Codes section below and the A and B Records section above for information on identifying summary level geographic component codes and characteristic iteration.

### Summary Level Sequence Chart and Geographic Area Component Codes

The Summary Level Sequence Chart chapter and the geographic area component codes provide important information for using the 1990 census summary tape files. Remember that, for purposes of data presentation, the Census Bureau treats the Virgin Islands as the statistical equivalent of a State and islands as the statistical equivalent of counties. Census subdistricts are the statistical equivalent of county subdivisions.

The Summary Level Sequence Chart chapter for STF 2 files identifies the geographic levels for which data are provided. It is easy to determine this if you remember that the last geographic area type listed in the sequence identifies the geography of the summary level; the prior codes simply define the hierarchy. For example, in summary level 130, the hierarchy listed is State—metropolitan statistical area/consolidated metropolitan statistical area/remainder—primary metropolitan statistical area/remainder—county—place [10,000 or more persons]/remainder—census tract/BNA. The record actually contains data for a census tract/BNA within a given place and county and State.

When reading the Summary Level Sequence Chart chapter, it is important to recognize that dashes (—) separate the individual hierarchies while slashes (/) separate different types of geography within the same hierarchy. For example, State—county—census tract/BNA identifies a record hierarchy for a census tract or BNA within a county within a State.

After identifying the summary level code, turn to chart 2 at the end of this chapter to determine the geographic area codes and area characteristics provided on the tape for this summary level. Remember that an asterisk (\*) indicates a code in that field. The code may be one of the standard codes described below.

The Summary Level Sequence Chart chapter also provides geographic component code information. This code identifies the various geographic components for which the record is repeated within the summary level. These component codes are provided in the data

dictionary beginning in position 14. For example, the Summary Level Sequence Chart for STF 2 for the Virgin Islands indicates that the summary level for State records (040) has geographic component codes of 00, 01, and 05-11.

Always check the geographic codes, the summary level (beginning in position 11 of the data dictionary), the geographic component code (beginning in position 14 of the data dictionary), and the characteristic iteration code (beginning in position 16 of the data dictionary) for complete identification of an STF 2 record.

### Special Area Codes

Special area codes appear in the geographic area codes portion of the data dictionary (positions 142-171) on all STF's. The codes represented may vary across STF's. Special area code (9) is used in all summary levels except 800, 810, and 820.

#### Special area code (9)—Land/water area

- |   |  |
|---|--|
| 1 | Significant land, significant (0.0005 or more square kilometers) water |
| 2 | Significant land, minimal (less than 0.0005 square kilometer) water    |
| 3 | Significant land, zero (0) water                                       |
| 4 | Minimal land, significant water  |
| 5 | Minimal land, minimal water  |
| 6 | Minimal land, zero water   |
| 7 | Zero land, significant water   |
| 8 | Zero land, minimal water   |
| 9 | Zero land, zero water  |

### Standard Codes

In the identification section of all STF's, there are standard codes, undefined in the data dictionary, that have identical meaning regardless of the field. The codes are the same size as the field; that is, a three-character field will have three symbols. These standard codes are listed below.

- ! Not available—The code would be shown except it had not been determined when the files were prepared (for example, metropolitan area code on a county summary level (050) on STF 1A).
- 9 Not in—This indicates a "remainder of" an area, such as a place code in the portion of a county subdivision not in a place, or the summary level is not part of any area to which the code field applies, such as a summary level which is not in a Metropolitan Statistical Area/Consolidated Metropolitan Statistical Area.
- Blank Not applicable—This indicates that the code is not applicable to the summary level.

**Chart 2 begins on the following page.**

**Chart 2. STF 2 (Virgin Islands) File Identification by Summary Level**

Field name	Summary level			Summary level			Summary level			
	040	050	060	070	080	120	130	140	141	
<b>Record Codes</b>										
File Identification	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
State/US-Abbreviation	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
Summary Level	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
Geographic Component	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
-----										
Characteristic Iteration	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
Logical Record Number	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
Logical Record Part Number	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
Total Number of Parts In Record	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
-----										
<b>Geographic Area Codes</b>										
Alaska Native Regional Corporation										
American Indian And Alaska Native Area (Census)										
American Indian And Alaska Native Area (FIPS)										
American Indian And Alaska Native Area Class Code										
-----										
American Indian Reservation Trust Land Indicator										
Block										
Block Group										
Census Tract/Block Numbering Area					*			*	*	*
-----										
Congressional District										
Consolidated City (Census)				*	*	*	*			
Consolidated City (FIPS)				*	*	*	*			
Consolidated City Class Code				*	*	*	*			
-----										
Consolidated City Size Code										
Consolidated Metropolitan Statistical Area	*	*		*	*	*	*	*	*	
County	*	*		*	*	*	*	*	*	
County Size Code	*	*		*	*	*	*	*	*	
-----										
County Subdivision (Census)			*	*	*					
County Subdivision (FIPS)			*	*	*					
County Subdivision Class Code			*	*	*					
County Subdivision Size Code			*	*	*					
-----										
Division	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
Extended City Indicator				*	*	*	*			
Internal Use Code										
Metropolitan Statistical Area/Consolidated Metropolitan Area		*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
-----										
MSA/CMSA Size Code		*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
Place (Census)				*	*	*	*			
Place (FIPS)				*	*	*	*			
Place Class Code				*	*	*	*			
-----										

Summary level  
155 160

Summary level  
320 330

Field name

**Record Codes**

*	*	*	*
*	*	*	*
*	*	*	*
*	*	*	*

File Identification  
State/US-Abbreviation  
Summary Level  
Geographic Component

*	*	*	*
*	*	*	*
*	*	*	*
*	*	*	*

Characteristic Iteration  
Logical Record Number  
Logical Record Part Number  
Total Number of Parts In Record

**Geographic Area Codes**

Alaska Native Regional Corporation  
American Indian And Alaska Native Area (Census)  
American Indian And Alaska Native Area (FIPS)  
American Indian And Alaska Native Area Class Code

American Indian Reservation Trust Land Indicator  
Block  
Block Group  
Census Tract/Block Numbering Area

*	*
*	*
*	*

Congressional District  
Consolidated City (Census)  
Consolidated City (FIPS)  
Consolidated City Class Code

*	*
---	---

Consolidated City Size Code  
Consolidated Metropolitan Statistical Area  
County  
County Size Code

*		*	*
*			*

County Subdivision (Census)  
County Subdivision (FIPS)  
County Subdivision Class Code  
County Subdivision Size Code

*	*	*	*
*	*		

Division  
Extended City Indicator  
Internal Use Code  
Metropolitan Statistical Area/Consolidated  
Metropolitan Area

*		*	*
*			
*			

MSA/CMSA Size Code  
Place (Census)  
Place (FIPS)  
Place Class Code

Chart 2. STF 2 (Virgin Islands) File Identification by Summary Level—Con.

Field name	Summary level			Summary level			Summary level		
	040	050	060	070	080	120	130	140	141
<b>Geographic Area Codes—Con.</b>									
Place Description Code				*	*	*	*		
Place Size Code				*	*	*	*		
Primary Metropolitan Statistical Area		*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Region	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
-----									
State (Census)	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
State (FIPS)	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Urban/Rural									
Urbanized Area									
Urbanized Area Size Code									
-----									
Special Area Code (1)									
Special Area Code (2)									
Special Area Code (3)									
Special Area Code (4)									
Special Area Code (5)									
-----									
Special Area Code (6)									
Special Area Code (7)									
Special Area Code (8)									
Special Area Code (9)	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Special Area Code (10)									
-----									
<b>Area Characteristics</b>									
Area (Land)	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Area (Water)	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Area Name/PSAD Term/Part Indicator	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Functional Status Code	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
-----									
Geographic Change User Note Indicator	*	*	*	*		*			
Housing Unit Count (100 percent)	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Internal Point (Latitude)	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Internal Point (Longitude)	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
-----									
Part Flag				*	*	*	*		
Political/Statistical Area Description Code	*	*	*	*		*			
Population Count (100 percent)	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Special Flag	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*

Summary level  
155 160

Summary level  
320 330

File name

**Geographic Area Codes—Con.**

\* \*  
\* \*  
\* \*

Place Description Code  
Place Size Code  
Primary Metropolitan Statistical Area  
Region

\* \*  
\* \*

\* \*

State (Census)  
State (FIPS)  
Urban/Rural  
Urbanized Area  
Urbanized Area Size Code

Special Area Code (1)  
Special Area Code (2)  
Special Area Code (3)  
Special Area Code (4)  
Special Area Code (5)

\* \*

\* \*

Special Area Code (6)  
Special Area Code (7)  
Special Area Code (8)  
Special Area Code (9)  
Special Area Code (10)

**Area Characteristics**

\* \*  
\* \*  
\* \*  
\* \*

\* \*  
\* \*  
\* \*  
\* \*

Area (Land)  
Area (Water)  
Area Name/PSAD Term/Part Indicator  
Functional Status Code

\* \*  
\* \*  
\* \*  
\* \*

\* \*  
\* \*  
\* \*  
\* \*

Geographic Change User Note Indicator  
Housing Unit Count (100 percent)  
Internal Point (Latitude)  
Internal Point (Longitude)

\* \*  
\* \*  
\* \*

\* \*  
\* \*  
\* \*

Part Flag  
Political/Statistical Area Description Code  
Population Count (100 percent)  
Special Flag

# SUBJECT LOCATOR

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## INTRODUCTION

This index is designed to quickly identify the STF 2 tables needed for the Virgin Islands. Each table variable is listed alphabetically. Both the type of entry being tabulated (universe), which is shown in italics, and the relevant table numbers appear under the variable heading. If the entry variable is cross tabulated by another variable, the variable of cross tabulation is indicated beneath the universe preceded by the word "by." The index entries for each variable are arranged alphabetically by universe, then by variable of cross tabulation, if any. For example, if you are looking for a table tabulating age by sex for all persons, check the index under either of the two variables. Checking under age, you find entries for five tables with different universes. Looking under the PB5 table, you can see that age is cross tabulated by sex for all persons.

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HA21.	IMPUTATION STATUS(2) BY UNITS IN STRUCTURE(10) <i>Universe: Housing units</i>	20
HA22.	IMPUTATION STATUS(2) BY ROOMS(9) <i>Universe: Housing units</i>	18
HA23.	IMPUTATION STATUS(2) BY TENURE(3) <i>Universe: Occupied housing units</i>	6
HA24.	IMPUTATION STATUS(2) BY VALUE(18) <i>Universe: Specified owner-occupied housing units</i>	36
HA25.	IMPUTATION STATUS(2) BY PRICE ASKED(26) <i>Universe: Specified vacant-for-sale-only housing units</i>	52
HA26.	IMPUTATION STATUS(2) BY CONTRACT RENT(27) <i>Universe: Specified renter-occupied housing units</i>	54
HA27.	IMPUTATION STATUS(2) BY RENT ASKED(27) <i>Universe: Specified vacant-for-rent housing units</i>	54
PB1.	PERSONS(1) <i>Universe: Persons</i>	1
PB2.	FAMILIES(1) <i>Universe: Families</i>	1
PB3.	HOUSEHOLDS(1) <i>Universe: Households</i>	1

Table (matrix)	Title	Total number of data cells
PB4.	SEX(2) ..... <i>Universe: Persons</i>	2
PB5.	SEX(2) BY AGE(103) ..... <i>Universe: Persons</i>	206
PB6.	SEX(2) BY AGE(35) ..... <i>Universe: Persons in households</i>	70
PB7.	SEX(2) BY MARITAL STATUS(6) BY AGE(12) ..... <i>Universe: Persons 15 years and over</i>	144
PB8.	HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP(17) ..... <i>Universe: Persons</i>	17
PB9.	HOUSEHOLD SIZE AND HOUSEHOLD TYPE(10)..... <i>Universe: Households</i>	10
PB10.	AGGREGATE PERSONS IN HOUSEHOLDS(1)..... <i>Universe: Households</i>	1
PB11.	AGGREGATE PERSONS IN FAMILIES(1)..... <i>Universe: Families</i>	1
PB12.	HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP(13) ..... <i>Universe: Persons under 6 years</i>	13
PB13.	HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP(14) ..... <i>Universe: Persons under 18 years</i>	14
PB14.	AGE(4) BY HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP(13)..... <i>Universe: Persons 60 years and over</i>	52
PB15.	SEX(2) BY HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP AND AGE(144)..... <i>Universe: Persons</i>	288
PB16.	AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER(4) BY FAMILY TYPE AND PRESENCE AND AGE OF OWN CHILDREN(12)..... <i>Universe: Families</i>	48
PB17.	HOUSEHOLD TYPE(2) BY PERSONS IN HOUSEHOLDS(9) ..... <i>Universe: Households</i>	18
PB18.	SEX(2) BY GROUP QUARTERS(31)..... <i>Universe: Persons in group quarters</i>	62
PB19.	IMPUTATION OF POPULATION ITEMS(3) ..... <i>Universe: Persons</i>	3
PB20.	IMPUTATION OF RELATIONSHIP(3) ..... <i>Universe: Persons in households</i>	3
PB21.	IMPUTATION OF GROUP QUARTERS(3)..... <i>Universe: Persons in group quarters</i>	3
PB22.	IMPUTATION OF SEX(2)..... <i>Universe: Persons not substituted</i>	2
PB23.	IMPUTATION OF RACE(2)..... <i>Universe: Persons not substituted</i>	2
PB24.	IMPUTATION OF AGE(2) ..... <i>Universe: Persons not substituted</i>	2
PB25.	IMPUTATION OF MARITAL STATUS(3) ..... <i>Universe: Persons 15 years and over</i>	3
PB26.	IMPUTATION OF HISPANIC ORIGIN(2)..... <i>Universe: Persons not substituted</i>	2
PB27.	HOUSEHOLDS SUBSTITUTED(2)..... <i>Universe: Households</i>	2

Table (matrix)	Title	Total number of data cells
HB1.	HOUSING UNITS(1) ..... <i>Universe: Occupied housing units</i>	1
HB2.	TENURE(3) ..... <i>Universe: Occupied housing units</i>	3
HB3.	TENURE(2) BY PERSONS IN UNIT(7) ..... <i>Universe: Occupied housing units</i>	14
HB4.	AGGREGATE PERSONS(1) BY TENURE(2) ..... <i>Universe: Persons in occupied housing units</i>	2
HB5.	TENURE(2) BY ROOMS(9) ..... <i>Universe: Occupied housing units</i>	18
HB6.	AGGREGATE ROOMS(1) BY TENURE(2) BY AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER(2) ..... <i>Universe: Occupied housing units</i>	4
HB7.	TENURE(2) BY PERSONS PER ROOM(7) ..... <i>Universe: Occupied housing units</i>	14
HB8.	TENURE(2) BY UNITS IN STRUCTURE(10) ..... <i>Universe: Occupied housing units</i>	20
HB9.	AGGREGATE PERSONS(1) BY TENURE(2) BY UNITS IN STRUCTURE(10) ..... <i>Universe: Persons in occupied housing units</i>	20
HB10.	TENURE(2) BY AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER(8) ..... <i>Universe: Occupied housing units</i>	16
HB11.	TENURE(2) BY AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER(2) BY UNITS IN STRUCTURE(3) ..... <i>Universe: Occupied housing units</i>	12
HB12.	TENURE(2) BY PERSONS IN UNIT(2) BY AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER(2) ..... <i>Universe: Occupied housing units</i>	8
HB13.	AGGREGATE PERSONS(1) BY TENURE(2) BY AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER(2) ..... <i>Universe: Persons in occupied housing units</i>	4
HB14.	VALUE(26) ..... <i>Universe: Specified owner-occupied housing units</i>	26
HB15.	AGGREGATE VALUE(1) BY AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER(2) ..... <i>Universe: Specified owner-occupied housing units</i>	2
HB16.	AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER(2) ..... <i>Universe: Specified owner-occupied housing units</i>	2
HB17.	AGGREGATE VALUE(1) BY UNITS IN STRUCTURE(5) ..... <i>Universe: Owner-occupied housing units</i>	5
HB18.	VALUE(15) ..... <i>Universe: Owner-occupied mobile homes or trailers</i>	15
HB19.	VALUE(15) ..... <i>Universe: Owner-occupied boats or houseboats</i>	15
HB20.	CONTRACT RENT(27) ..... <i>Universe: Specified renter-occupied housing units</i>	27
HB21.	AGGREGATE CONTRACT RENT(1) BY AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER(2) BY MEALS INCLUDED IN RENT(2) ..... <i>Universe: Specified renter-occupied housing units paying cash rent</i>	4
HB22.	AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER(2) BY MEALS INCLUDED IN RENT(3) ..... <i>Universe: Specified renter-occupied housing units</i>	6
HB23.	IMPUTATION OF HOUSING ITEMS(3) ..... <i>Universe: Occupied housing units</i>	3
HB24.	IMPUTATION OF UNITS IN STRUCTURE(2) ..... <i>Universe: Occupied housing units</i>	2

Table (matrix)	Title	Total number of data cells
HB25.	IMPUTATION OF ROOMS(2)..... <i>Universe: Occupied housing units</i>	2
HB26.	IMPUTATION OF TENURE(2)..... <i>Universe: Occupied housing units</i>	2
HB27.	IMPUTATION OF VALUE(2)..... <i>Universe: Specified owner-occupied housing units</i>	2
HB28.	IMPUTATION OF CONTRACT RENT(3)..... <i>Universe: Specified renter-occupied housing units</i>	3

# TABLE (MATRIX) OUTLINES

Table (matrix)	Title	Total number of data cells
PA1.	PERSONS(1) ..... <i>Universe: Persons</i> Total	1
PA2.	RACE(5) ..... <i>Universe: Persons</i> Black White Asian or Pacific Islander American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Other race	5
PA3.	HISPANIC ORIGIN(5) ..... <i>Universe: Persons</i> Not of Hispanic origin Hispanic origin: Dominican (Dominican Republic) Puerto Rican Cuban Other Hispanic	5
PA4.	HISPANIC ORIGIN(2) BY RACE(3) ..... <i>Universe: Persons</i> Not of Hispanic origin: Black White Other races Hispanic origin: (Repeat RACE)	6
PA5.	GROUP QUARTERS(44) ..... <i>Universe: Persons in group quarters</i> Institutionalized persons (00I-99I): Correctional institutions (20I-30I, 95I-99I): Federal prisons and detention centers (21I, 22I) Halfway houses (23I) Local (county/city) jails and other local confinement facilities (27I) Military stockades, jails (95I) Police lockups (28I-30I) State prisons (24I-26I) Other types of correctional institutions (20I, 96I-99I) Nursing homes (60I-69I) Hospitals/schools for the handicapped (31I-59I, 70I-94I): Hospitals or wards for chronically ill (54I-59I): Military hospitals or wards for chronically ill (54I) Other hospitals or wards for chronically ill (55I-59I) Hospitals or wards for drug/alcohol abuse (70I) Mental (Psychiatric) hospitals or wards (45I-52I, 71I-94I) Schools, hospitals, or wards for the mentally retarded (40I-44I) Schools, hospitals, or wards for the physically handicapped (31I-39I): Institutions for the deaf (37I-39I) Institutions for the blind (34I-36I) Orthopedic wards and institutions for the physically handicapped (31I-33I) Wards in general and military hospitals for patients who have no usual home elsewhere (53I)	44

PA5.	<p><b>GROUP QUARTERS(44)—Con.</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Juvenile institutions (00I-19I): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Long-term care (02I-05I, 11I, 12I, 15I): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Homes for abused, dependent, and neglected children (02I-04I)</li> <li>Residential treatment centers for emotionally disturbed children (05I)</li> <li>Training schools for juvenile delinquents (11I, 12I, 15I)</li> </ul> </li> <li>Short-term care (10I): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Detention or diagnostic centers for delinquent children (10I)</li> <li>Type of juvenile institution unknown (00I, 01I, 06I-09I, 13I, 14I, 16I-19I)</li> </ul> </li> </ul> </li> <li>Other persons in group quarters (00N-99N): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>College dormitories (includes college quarters off campus) (87N)</li> <li>Military quarters (96N-99N): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>On base (96N, 97N): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Barracks, bachelor officers quarters, unaccompanied officer personnel housing, unaccompanied enlisted personnel housing, and similar noninstitutional group living quarters for military personnel (97N)</li> <li>Transient quarters for temporary residents (96N)</li> </ul> </li> <li>Military ships (98N-99N)</li> </ul> </li> <li>Emergency shelters for homeless persons (with sleeping facilities) (75N, 82N, 83N): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Emergency shelters for homeless persons (82N)</li> <li>Shelters for runaway, neglected, and homeless children (83N)</li> <li>Shelters for abused women (Shelters against domestic violence or family crisis centers) (75N)</li> </ul> </li> <li>Rooming and boarding houses (80N)</li> <li>Group homes (16N-19N, 29N, 56N-59N, 72N-74N, 76N, 79N): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Homes or halfway houses for drug/alcohol abuse (76N)</li> <li>Homes for the mentally ill (16N-19N)</li> <li>Homes for the mentally retarded (56N-59N)</li> <li>Homes for the physically handicapped (72N-74N)</li> <li>Maternity homes for unwed mothers (29N)</li> <li>Other group homes (79N)</li> </ul> </li> <li>Religious group quarters (89N)</li> <li>Dormitories (86N, 92N, 93N): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Agriculture workers' dormitories on farms (92N)</li> <li>Other workers' dormitories (93N)</li> <li>Dormitories for nurses and interns in general and military hospitals (86N)</li> </ul> </li> <li>Crews of maritime vessels (91N)</li> <li>Other nonhousehold living situations (00N, 06N-09N, 13N, 14N, 30N, 49N-55N, 71N, 77N, 78N, 81N, 84N, 85N, 88N, 94N)</li> <li>Staff residents of institutions (01N-05N, 10N-12N, 15N, 20N-28N, 31N-48N, 60N-70N, 95N)</li> <li>Living quarters for victims of natural disasters (90N)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	36
PA6.	<p><b>AGE(3) BY GROUP QUARTERS(12)</b> .....</p> <p><i>Universe: Persons in group quarters</i></p> <p>Under 18 years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Institutionalized persons (00I-99I)</li> <li>Other persons in group quarters (00N-99N): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Emergency shelters for homeless persons (with sleeping facilities) (75N, 82N, 83N): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Emergency shelters for homeless persons (82N)</li> <li>Shelters for runaway, neglected, and homeless children (83N)</li> <li>Shelters for abused women (Shelters against domestic violence or family crisis centers) (75N)</li> </ul> </li> <li>Rooming and boarding houses (80N)</li> <li>Group homes (16N-19N, 29N, 56N-59N, 72N-74N, 76N, 79N): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Homes or halfway houses for drug/alcohol abuse (76N)</li> <li>Homes for the mentally ill (16N-19N)</li> <li>Homes for the mentally retarded (56N-59N)</li> </ul> </li> </ul> </li> </ul>	

PA6.	AGE(3) BY GROUP QUARTERS(12)—Con. Homes for the physically handicapped (72N-74N) Maternity homes for unwed mothers (29N) Other group homes (79N) Other noninstitutional group quarters (00N-15N, 20N-28N, 30N-55N, 60N-71N, 77N, 78N, 81N, 84N-99N) 18 to 34 years: (Repeat GROUP QUARTERS) 35 years and over: (Repeat GROUP QUARTERS)	3
PA7.	IMPUTATION OF POPULATION ITEMS(3) ..... <i>Universe: Persons</i> Not substituted: No items allocated One or more items allocated Substituted for noninterview	3
PA8.	IMPUTATION OF RELATIONSHIP(24) ..... <i>Universe: Persons in households</i> Not substituted: Allocated: Householder Spouse Child Grandchild Brother or sister Parent Other relatives Nonrelatives Not allocated: Householder Spouse Child Grandchild Brother or sister Parent Other relatives Nonrelatives Substituted for noninterview: Householder Spouse Child Grandchild Brother or sister Parent Other relatives Nonrelatives	24
PA9.	IMPUTATION STATUS(2) BY GROUP QUARTERS(2)..... <i>Universe: Persons in group quarters</i> Allocated: Institutionalized persons Other persons in group quarters Not allocated: (Repeat GROUP QUARTERS)	4
PA10.	IMPUTATION OF SEX(6)..... <i>Universe: Persons</i> Not substituted: Allocated: Male Female	6

<p>PA10. IMPUTATION OF SEX(6)—Con.              Not allocated:                  Male                  Female              Substituted for noninterview:                  Male                  Female</p>	15
<p>PA11. IMPUTATION OF RACE(15).....              Universe: Persons              Not substituted:                  Allocated:                      Black                      White                      Asian or Pacific Islander                      American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut                      Other race                  Not allocated:                      Black                      White                      Asian or Pacific Islander                      American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut                      Other race              Substituted for noninterview:                  Black                  White                  Asian or Pacific Islander                  American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut                  Other race</p>	42
<p>PA12. IMPUTATION OF AGE(42).....              Universe: Persons              Not substituted:                  Allocated:                      Under 6 years                      6 to 14 years                      15 to 17 years                      18 and 19 years                      20 to 24 years                      25 to 29 years                      30 to 34 years                      35 to 44 years                      45 to 54 years                      55 to 59 years                      60 to 64 years                      65 to 74 years                      75 to 84 years                      85 years and over                  Not allocated:                      Under 6 years                      6 to 14 years                      15 to 17 years                      18 and 19 years                      20 to 24 years                      25 to 29 years                      30 to 34 years                      35 to 44 years                      45 to 54 years                      55 to 59 years                      60 to 64 years                      65 to 74 years                      75 to 84 years                      85 years and over</p>	42

PA12. IMPUTATION OF AGE(42)—Con.

Substituted for noninterview:

- Under 6 years
- 6 to 14 years
- 15 to 17 years
- 18 and 19 years
- 20 to 24 years
- 25 to 29 years
- 30 to 34 years
- 35 to 44 years
- 45 to 54 years
- 55 to 59 years
- 60 to 64 years
- 65 to 74 years
- 75 to 84 years
- 85 years and over

PA13. IMPUTATION OF MARITAL STATUS(18) ..... 18

*Universe: Persons 15 years and over*

Not substituted:

Allocated:

- Never married
- Now married, except consensually married and separated
- Consensually married
- Separated
- Widowed
- Divorced

Not allocated:

- Never married
- Now married, except consensually married and separated
- Consensually married
- Separated
- Widowed
- Divorced

Substituted for noninterview:

- Never married
- Now married, except consensually married and separated
- Consensually married
- Separated
- Widowed
- Divorced

PA14. IMPUTATION OF HISPANIC ORIGIN(15) ..... 15

*Universe: Persons*

Not substituted:

Allocated:

- Not of Hispanic origin
- Hispanic origin:
  - Dominican (Dominican Republic)
  - Puerto Rican
  - Cuban
  - Other Hispanic

Not allocated:

- Not of Hispanic origin
- Hispanic origin:
  - Dominican (Dominican Republic)
  - Puerto Rican
  - Cuban
  - Other Hispanic

Substituted for noninterview:

- Not of Hispanic origin
- Hispanic origin:
  - Dominican (Dominican Republic)
  - Puerto Rican

Table (matrix)	Title	Total number of data cells
PA14.	IMPUTATION OF HISPANIC ORIGIN(15)—Con. Cuban Other Hispanic	
HA1.	HOUSING UNITS(1)..... <i>Universe: Housing units</i> Total	1
HA2.	RACE OF HOUSEHOLDER(5)..... <i>Universe: Occupied housing units</i> Black White Asian or Pacific Islander American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Other race	5
HA3.	HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER(5)..... <i>Universe: Occupied housing units</i> Not of Hispanic origin Hispanic origin: Dominican (Dominican Republic) Puerto Rican Cuban Other Hispanic	5
HA4.	HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER(2) BY RACE OF HOUSEHOLDER(3)..... <i>Universe: Occupied housing units</i> Not of Hispanic origin: Black White Other races Hispanic origin: (Repeat RACE OF HOUSEHOLDER)	6
HA5.	UNITS IN STRUCTURE(10)..... <i>Universe: Housing units</i> 1, detached 1, attached 2 3 or 4 5 to 9 10 to 19 20 or more Boat or houseboat Mobile home or trailer Other	10
HA6.	TENURE(2) BY PERSONS IN UNIT, HOUSEHOLD TYPE, AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER(49)..... <i>UNIVERSE: Occupied housing units</i> Owner occupied: 1 person: Male householder: 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 54 years 55 to 64 years 65 to 74 years 75 years and over Female householder: 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 54 years	98

HA6. TENURE(2) BY PERSONS IN UNIT, HOUSEHOLD TYPE, AND AGE OF  
HOUSEHOLDER(49)—Con.

55 to 64 years  
65 to 74 years  
75 years and over

2 or more persons:

Family households:

Married-couple family:

15 to 24 years  
25 to 34 years  
35 to 44 years  
45 to 54 years  
55 to 64 years  
65 to 74 years  
75 years and over

Other family:

Male householder, no wife present:

15 to 24 years  
25 to 34 years  
35 to 44 years  
45 to 54 years  
55 to 64 years  
65 to 74 years  
75 years and over

Female householder, no husband present:

15 to 24 years  
25 to 34 years  
35 to 44 years  
45 to 54 years  
55 to 64 years  
65 to 74 years  
75 years and over

Nonfamily households:

Male householder:

15 to 24 years  
25 to 34 years  
35 to 44 years  
45 to 54 years  
55 to 64 years  
65 to 74 years  
75 years and over

Female householder:

15 to 24 years  
25 to 34 years  
35 to 44 years  
45 to 54 years  
55 to 64 years  
65 to 74 years  
75 years and over

Renter occupied:

(Repeat PERSONS IN UNIT, HOUSEHOLD TYPE, AND AGE OF  
HOUSEHOLDER)

HA7. TENURE(2) BY NUMBER OF NONRELATIVES(2)..... 4

Universe: Occupied housing units

Owner occupied:

Households with 1 or more nonrelatives  
Households with no nonrelatives

Renter occupied:

(Repeat NUMBER OF NONRELATIVES)

Table (matrix)	Title	Total number of data cells
HA8.	ROOMS(9) ..... <i>Universe: Housing units</i> 1 room 2 rooms 3 rooms 4 rooms 5 rooms 6 rooms 7 rooms 8 rooms 9 or more rooms	9
HA9.	AGGREGATE ROOMS(1) BY TENURE AND VACANCY STATUS(5) ..... <i>Universe: Housing units</i> Total: Occupied: Owner Renter Vacant: For rent For sale only All other vacants	5
HA10.	TENURE(2) BY ROOMS(9) BY PERSONS IN UNIT(7) ..... <i>Universe: Occupied housing units</i> Owner occupied: 1 room: 1 person 2 persons 3 persons 4 persons 5 persons 6 persons 7 or more persons 2 rooms: (Repeat PERSONS IN UNIT) 3 rooms: (Repeat PERSONS IN UNIT) 4 rooms: (Repeat PERSONS IN UNIT) 5 rooms: (Repeat PERSONS IN UNIT) 6 rooms: (Repeat PERSONS IN UNIT) 7 rooms: (Repeat PERSONS IN UNIT) 8 rooms: (Repeat PERSONS IN UNIT) 9 or more rooms: (Repeat PERSONS IN UNIT) Renter occupied: (Repeat ROOMS By PERSONS IN UNIT)	126
HA11.	PRICE ASKED(26) ..... <i>Universe: Specified vacant-for-sale-only housing units</i> Less than \$10,000 \$10,000 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$29,999 \$30,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$44,999 \$45,000 to \$49,999	26

HA11. PRICE ASKED(26)—Con.	
\$50,000 to \$54,999	
\$55,000 to \$59,999	
\$60,000 to \$64,999	
\$65,000 to \$69,999	
\$70,000 to \$74,999	
\$75,000 to \$79,999	
\$80,000 to \$89,999	
\$90,000 to \$99,999	
\$100,000 to \$124,999	
\$125,000 to \$149,999	
\$150,000 to \$174,999	
\$175,000 to \$199,999	
\$200,000 to \$249,999	
\$250,000 to \$299,999	
\$300,000 to \$399,999	
\$400,000 to \$499,999	
\$500,000 or more	
HA12. AGGREGATE PRICE ASKED(1).....	1
<i>Universe: Specified vacant-for-sale-only housing units</i>	
Total	
HA13. RENT ASKED(27) .....	27
<i>Universe: Specified vacant-for-rent housing units</i>	
With cash rent:	
Less than \$80	
\$80 to \$99	
\$100 to \$124	
\$125 to \$149	
\$150 to \$174	
\$175 to \$199	
\$200 to \$224	
\$225 to \$249	
\$250 to \$274	
\$275 to \$299	
\$300 to \$324	
\$325 to \$349	
\$350 to \$374	
\$375 to \$399	
\$400 to \$424	
\$425 to \$449	
\$450 to \$474	
\$475 to \$499	
\$500 to \$524	
\$525 to \$549	
\$550 to \$599	
\$600 to \$649	
\$650 to \$699	
\$700 to \$749	
\$750 to \$999	
\$1,000 or more	
No cash rent	
HA14. AGGREGATE RENT ASKED(1).....	1
<i>Universe: Specified vacant-for-rent housing units</i>	
Total	
HA15. VACANCY STATUS(6) BY BOARDED-UP STATUS(2) .....	12
<i>Universe: Vacant housing units</i>	
For rent:	
Boarded up	
Not boarded up	
For sale only:	
(Repeat BOARDED-UP STATUS)	

Table (matrix)	Title	Total number of data cells
HA15.	<b>VACANCY STATUS(6) BY BOARDED-UP STATUS(2)—Con.</b> Rented or sold, not occupied: (Repeat BOARDED-UP STATUS) For seasonal, recreational, or occasional use: (Repeat BOARDED-UP STATUS) For migrant workers: (Repeat BOARDED-UP STATUS) Other vacant: (Repeat BOARDED-UP STATUS)	
HA16.	<b>VACANCY STATUS(3) BY DURATION OF VACANCY(6)</b> ..... <i>Universe: Vacant housing units</i> For rent: Less than 1 month 1 up to 2 months 2 up to 6 months 6 up to 12 months 1 up to 2 years 2 or more years For sale only: (Repeat DURATION OF VACANCY) All other vacants: (Repeat DURATION OF VACANCY)	18
HA17.	<b>IMPUTATION OF HOUSING ITEMS(3)</b> ..... <i>Universe: Housing units</i> Not substituted: No items allocated One or more items allocated Substituted for noninterview	3
HA18.	<b>IMPUTATION STATUS(2) BY VACANCY STATUS(6)</b> ..... <i>Universe: Vacant housing units</i> Allocated or substituted: For rent For sale only Rented or sold, not occupied For seasonal, recreational, or occasional use For migrant workers Other vacant Not allocated or substituted: (Repeat VACANCY STATUS)	12
HA19.	<b>IMPUTATION STATUS(2) BY BOARDED-UP STATUS(2)</b> ..... <i>Universe: Vacant housing units</i> Allocated or substituted: Boarded up Not boarded up Not allocated or substituted: (Repeat BOARDED-UP STATUS)	4
HA20.	<b>IMPUTATION STATUS(2) BY DURATION OF VACANCY(6)</b> ..... <i>Universe: Vacant housing units</i> Allocated or substituted: Less than 1 month 1 up to 2 months 2 up to 6 months 6 up to 12 months 1 up to 2 years 2 or more years Not allocated or substituted: (Repeat DURATION OF VACANCY)	12

Table (matrix)	Title	Total number of data cells
HA21.	IMPUTATION STATUS(2) BY UNITS IN STRUCTURE(10) ..... <i>Universe: Housing units</i> Allocated or substituted: 1, detached 1, attached 2 3 or 4 5 to 9 10 to 19 20 or more Boat or houseboat Mobile home or trailer Other Not allocated or substituted: (Repeat UNITS IN STRUCTURE)	20
HA22.	IMPUTATION STATUS(2) BY ROOMS(9) ..... <i>Universe: Housing units</i> Allocated or substituted: 1 room 2 rooms 3 rooms 4 rooms 5 rooms 6 rooms 7 rooms 8 rooms 9 or more rooms Not allocated or substituted: (Repeat ROOMS)	18
HA23.	IMPUTATION STATUS(2) BY TENURE(3) ..... <i>Universe: Occupied housing units</i> Allocated or substituted: Owner occupied Renter occupied: With cash rent No cash rent Not allocated or substituted: (Repeat TENURE)	6
HA24.	IMPUTATION STATUS(2) BY VALUE(18) ..... <i>Universe: Specified owner-occupied housing units</i> Allocated or substituted: Less than \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$29,999 \$30,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$59,999 \$60,000 to \$69,999 \$70,000 to \$79,999 \$80,000 to \$89,999 \$90,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$124,999 \$125,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 to \$174,999 \$175,000 to \$199,999 \$200,000 to \$249,999 \$250,000 to \$299,999 \$300,000 to \$399,999 \$400,000 to \$499,999 \$500,000 or more Not allocated or substituted: (Repeat VALUE)	36

HA25. IMPUTATION STATUS(2) BY PRICE ASKED(26)..... 52

*Universe: Specified vacant-for-sale-only housing units*

Allocated or substituted:

- Less than \$10,000
- \$10,000 to \$14,999
- \$15,000 to \$19,999
- \$20,000 to \$24,999
- \$25,000 to \$29,999
- \$30,000 to \$34,999
- \$35,000 to \$39,999
- \$40,000 to \$44,999
- \$45,000 to \$49,999
- \$50,000 to \$54,999
- \$55,000 to \$59,999
- \$60,000 to \$64,999
- \$65,000 to \$69,999
- \$70,000 to \$74,999
- \$75,000 to \$79,999
- \$80,000 to \$89,999
- \$90,000 to \$99,999
- \$100,000 to \$124,999
- \$125,000 to \$149,999
- \$150,000 to \$174,999
- \$175,000 to \$199,999
- \$200,000 to \$249,999
- \$250,000 to \$299,999
- \$300,000 to \$399,999
- \$400,000 to \$499,999
- \$500,000 or more

Not allocated or substituted:  
(Repeat PRICE ASKED)

HA26. IMPUTATION STATUS(2) BY CONTRACT RENT(27)..... 54

*Universe: Specified renter-occupied housing units*

Allocated or substituted:

With cash rent:

- Less than \$80
- \$80 to \$99
- \$100 to \$124
- \$125 to \$149
- \$150 to \$174
- \$175 to \$199
- \$200 to \$224
- \$225 to \$249
- \$250 to \$274
- \$275 to \$299
- \$300 to \$324
- \$325 to \$349
- \$350 to \$374
- \$375 to \$399
- \$400 to \$424
- \$425 to \$449
- \$450 to \$474
- \$475 to \$499
- \$500 to \$524
- \$525 to \$549
- \$550 to \$599
- \$600 to \$649
- \$650 to \$699
- \$700 to \$749
- \$750 to \$999
- \$1,000 or more

No cash rent

Table  
(matrix)

Title

Total number  
of data cells

HA26. IMPUTATION STATUS(2) BY CONTRACT RENT(27)—Con.

Not allocated or substituted:  
(Repeat CONTRACT RENT)

HA27. IMPUTATION STATUS(2) BY RENT ASKED(27)..... 54

*Universe: Specified vacant-for-rent housing units*

Allocated or substituted:

With cash rent:

Less than \$80

\$80 to \$99

\$100 to \$124

\$125 to \$149

\$150 to \$174

\$175 to \$199

\$200 to \$224

\$225 to \$249

\$250 to \$274

\$275 to \$299

\$300 to \$324

\$325 to \$349

\$350 to \$374

\$375 to \$399

\$400 to \$424

\$425 to \$449

\$450 to \$474

\$475 to \$499

\$500 to \$524

\$525 to \$549

\$550 to \$599

\$600 to \$649

\$650 to \$699

\$700 to \$749

\$750 to \$999

\$1,000 or more

No cash rent

Not allocated or substituted:  
(Repeat RENT ASKED)

PB1. PERSONS(1) ..... 1

*Universe: Persons*

Total

PB2. FAMILIES(1) ..... 1

*Universe: Families*

Total

PB3. HOUSEHOLDS(1) ..... 1

*Universe: Households*

Total

PB4. SEX(2) ..... 2

*Universe: Persons*

Male

Female

PB5. SEX(2) BY AGE(103) ..... 206

*Universe: Persons*

Male:

Under 1 year

1 year

2 years

3 years

4 years

5 years

6 years

Table  
(matrix)

Title

Total number  
of data cells

PB5. SEX(2) BY AGE(103)—Con.

- 7 years
- 8 years
- 9 years
- 10 years
- 11 years
- 12 years
- 13 years
- 14 years
- 15 years
- 16 years
- 17 years
- 18 years
- 19 years
- 20 years
- 21 years
- 22 years
- 23 years
- 24 years
- 25 years
- 26 years
- 27 years
- 28 years
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- 56 years
- 57 years
- 58 years
- 59 years
- 60 years
- 61 years
- 62 years
- 63 years
- 64 years
- 65 years
- 66 years
- 67 years
- 68 years

PB5. SEX(2) BY AGE(103)—Con.

- 69 years
- 70 years
- 71 years
- 72 years
- 73 years
- 74 years
- 75 years
- 76 years
- 77 years
- 78 years
- 79 years
- 80 years
- 81 years
- 82 years
- 83 years
- 84 years
- 85 years
- 86 years
- 87 years
- 88 years
- 89 years
- 90 years
- 91 years
- 92 years
- 93 years
- 94 years
- 95 years
- 96 years
- 97 years
- 98 years
- 99 years
- 100 to 104 years
- 105 to 109 years
- 110 years and over

Female:  
(Repeat AGE)

PB6. SEX(2) BY AGE(35)..... 70

Universe: *Persons in households*

- Male:
- Under 5 years
  - 5 years
  - 6 years
  - 7 years
  - 8 years
  - 9 years
  - 10 years
  - 11 years
  - 12 years
  - 13 years
  - 14 years
  - 15 years
  - 16 years
  - 17 years
  - 18 years
  - 19 years
  - 20 years
  - 21 years
  - 22 years
  - 23 years
  - 24 years
  - 25 to 29 years

<p>PB6. SEX(2) BY AGE(35)—Con.          30 to 34 years          35 to 39 years          40 to 44 years          45 to 49 years          50 to 54 years          55 to 59 years          60 and 61 years          62 to 64 years          65 to 69 years          70 to 74 years          75 to 79 years          80 to 84 years          85 years and over          Female:          (Repeat AGE)</p>	<p>144</p>
<p>PB7. SEX(2) BY MARITAL STATUS(6) BY AGE(12) .....  <i>Universe: Persons 15 years and over</i>          Male:              Never married:                  15 to 17 years                  18 and 19 years                  20 to 24 years                  25 to 29 years                  30 to 34 years                  35 to 44 years                  45 to 54 years                  55 to 59 years                  60 to 64 years                  65 to 74 years                  75 to 84 years                  85 years and over              Now married, except consensually married and separated:                  (Repeat AGE)              Consensually married:                  (Repeat AGE)              Separated:                  (Repeat AGE)              Widowed:                  (Repeat AGE)              Divorced:                  (Repeat AGE)          Female:          (Repeat MARITAL STATUS By AGE)</p>	<p>17</p>
<p>PB8. HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP(17) .....  <i>Universe: Persons</i>          In family households:              Householder              Spouse              Child              Grandchild              Brother or sister              Parent              Other relatives          Nonrelatives:              Roomer, boarder, or foster child              Housemate or roommate              Other nonrelatives          In nonfamily households:              Householder living alone              Householder not living alone</p>	<p>17</p>

Table (matrix)	Title	Total number of data cells
PB8.	HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP(17)—Con. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Nonrelatives: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Roomer, boarder, or foster child</li> <li>Housemate or roommate</li> <li>Other nonrelatives</li> </ul> </li> <li>In group quarters: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Institutionalized persons</li> <li>Other persons in group quarters</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
PB9.	HOUSEHOLD SIZE AND HOUSEHOLD TYPE(10)..... <i>Universe: Households</i> 1 person: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Male householder</li> <li>Female householder</li> </ul> 2 or more persons: Family households: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Married-couple family: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>With own children under 18 years</li> <li>No own children under 18 years</li> </ul> </li> <li>Other family: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Male householder, no wife present: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>With own children under 18 years</li> <li>No own children under 18 years</li> </ul> </li> <li>Female householder, no husband present: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>With own children under 18 years</li> <li>No own children under 18 years</li> </ul> </li> </ul> </li> </ul> Nonfamily households: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Male householder</li> <li>Female householder</li> </ul>	10
PB10.	AGGREGATE PERSONS IN HOUSEHOLDS(1)..... <i>Universe: Households</i> Total	1
PB11.	AGGREGATE PERSONS IN FAMILIES(1)..... <i>Universe: Families</i> Total	1
PB12.	HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP(13) ..... <i>Universe: Persons under 6 years</i> In households: Own child: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>In married-couple family</li> <li>In other family: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Male householder, no wife present</li> <li>Female householder, no husband present</li> </ul> </li> </ul> Grandchild: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>In married-couple family</li> <li>In other family: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Male householder, no wife present</li> <li>Female householder, no husband present</li> </ul> </li> </ul> Other relatives: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>In married-couple family</li> <li>In other family: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Male householder, no wife present</li> <li>Female householder, no husband present</li> </ul> </li> </ul> Nonrelatives: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>In family households</li> <li>In nonfamily households</li> </ul> In group quarters: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Institutionalized persons</li> <li>Other persons in group quarters</li> </ul>	13

Table (matrix)	Title	Total number of data cells
PB13.	<b>HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP(14)</b> ..... <i>Universe: Persons under 18 years</i> In households: Householder or spouse Own child: In married-couple family In other family: Male householder, no wife present Female householder, no husband present Grandchild: In married-couple family In other family: Male householder, no wife present Female householder, no husband present Other relatives: In married-couple family In other family: Male householder, no wife present Female householder, no husband present Nonrelatives: In family household In nonfamily household In group quarters: Institutionalized persons Other persons in group quarters	14
PB14.	<b>AGE(4) BY HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP(13)</b> ..... <i>Universe: Persons 60 years and over</i> 60 to 64 years: In family households: Male householder Female householder Spouse Parent Other relatives Nonrelatives In nonfamily households: Male householder: Living alone Not living alone Female householder: Living alone Not living alone Nonrelatives In group quarters: Institutionalized persons Other persons in group quarters 65 to 74 years: (Repeat HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP) 75 to 84 years: (Repeat HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP) 85 years and over: (Repeat HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP)	52
PB15.	<b>SEX(2) BY HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP AND AGE(144)</b> ..... <i>Universe: Persons</i> Male: In family households: Householder: Married, spouse present: 15 to 17 years 18 and 19 years 20 to 24 years 25 to 29 years	288

PB15. SEX(2) BY HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP AND AGE(144)—Con.

30 to 34 years  
35 to 44 years  
45 to 54 years  
55 to 59 years  
60 to 64 years  
65 to 74 years  
75 to 84 years  
85 years and over

Other marital status:

15 to 17 years  
18 and 19 years  
20 to 24 years  
25 to 29 years  
30 to 34 years  
35 to 44 years  
45 to 54 years  
55 to 59 years  
60 to 64 years  
65 to 74 years  
75 to 84 years  
85 years and over

Spouse:

15 to 17 years  
18 and 19 years  
20 to 24 years  
25 to 29 years  
30 to 34 years  
35 to 44 years  
45 to 54 years  
55 to 59 years  
60 to 64 years  
65 to 74 years  
75 to 84 years  
85 years and over

Child:

Under 6 years  
6 to 14 years  
15 to 17 years  
18 and 19 years  
20 to 24 years  
25 to 29 years  
30 to 34 years  
35 to 44 years  
45 to 54 years  
55 to 59 years  
60 to 64 years  
65 to 74 years  
75 to 84 years  
85 years and over

Other relatives:

Under 6 years  
6 to 14 years  
15 to 17 years  
18 and 19 years  
20 to 24 years  
25 to 29 years  
30 to 34 years  
35 to 44 years  
45 to 54 years  
55 to 59 years  
60 to 64 years  
65 to 74 years

PB15. SEX(2) BY HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP AND AGE(144)—Con.

- 75 to 84 years
- 85 years and over
- Nonrelatives:
  - Under 6 years
  - 6 to 14 years
  - 15 to 17 years
  - 18 and 19 years
  - 20 to 24 years
  - 25 to 29 years
  - 30 to 34 years
  - 35 to 44 years
  - 45 to 54 years
  - 55 to 59 years
  - 60 to 64 years
  - 65 to 74 years
  - 75 to 84 years
  - 85 years and over
- In nonfamily households:
  - Householder living alone:
    - 15 to 17 years
    - 18 and 19 years
    - 20 to 24 years
    - 25 to 29 years
    - 30 to 34 years
    - 35 to 44 years
    - 45 to 54 years
    - 55 to 59 years
    - 60 to 64 years
    - 65 to 74 years
    - 75 to 84 years
    - 85 years and over
  - Householder not living alone:
    - 15 to 17 years
    - 18 and 19 years
    - 20 to 24 years
    - 25 to 29 years
    - 30 to 34 years
    - 35 to 44 years
    - 45 to 54 years
    - 55 to 59 years
    - 60 to 64 years
    - 65 to 74 years
    - 75 to 84 years
    - 85 years and over
- Nonrelatives:
  - Under 6 years
  - 6 to 14 years
  - 15 to 17 years
  - 18 and 19 years
  - 20 to 24 years
  - 25 to 29 years
  - 30 to 34 years
  - 35 to 44 years
  - 45 to 54 years
  - 55 to 59 years
  - 60 to 64 years
  - 65 to 74 years
  - 75 to 84 years
  - 85 years and over
- In group quarters:

PB15. SEX(2) BY HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP AND AGE(144)—Con.

Institutionalized persons:

- Under 6 years
- 6 to 14 years
- 15 to 17 years
- 18 and 19 years
- 20 to 24 years
- 25 to 29 years
- 30 to 34 years
- 35 to 44 years
- 45 to 54 years
- 55 to 59 years
- 60 to 64 years
- 65 to 74 years
- 75 to 84 years
- 85 years and over

Other persons in group quarters:

- Under 6 years
- 6 to 14 years
- 15 to 17 years
- 18 and 19 years
- 20 to 24 years
- 25 to 29 years
- 30 to 34 years
- 35 to 44 years
- 45 to 54 years
- 55 to 59 years
- 60 to 64 years
- 65 to 74 years
- 75 to 84 years
- 85 years and over

Female:

(Repeat HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP AND AGE)

PB16. AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER(4) BY FAMILY TYPE AND PRESENCE AND

AGE OF OWN CHILDREN(12) ..... 48

Universe: Families

Householder 15 to 24 years:

Married-couple family:

- With own children under 18 years:
  - Under 6 years and 6 to 17 years
  - Under 6 years only
  - 6 to 17 years only
- No own children under 18 years

Other family:

Male householder, no wife present:

- With own children under 18 years:
  - Under 6 years and 6 to 17 years
  - Under 6 years only
  - 6 to 17 years only
- No own children under 18 years

Female householder, no husband present:

- With own children under 18 years:
  - Under 6 years and 6 to 17 years
  - Under 6 years only
  - 6 to 17 years only
- No own children under 18 years

Householder 25 to 34 years:

(Repeat FAMILY TYPE AND PRESENCE AND AGE OF OWN CHILDREN)

Householder 35 to 44 years:

(Repeat FAMILY TYPE AND PRESENCE AND AGE OF OWN CHILDREN)

Householder 45 years and over:

(Repeat FAMILY TYPE AND PRESENCE AND AGE OF OWN CHILDREN)

Table (matrix)	Title	Total number of data cells
PB17.	HOUSEHOLD TYPE(2) BY PERSONS IN HOUSEHOLDS(9) ..... <i>Universe: Households</i> Family households: 1 person 2 persons 3 persons 4 persons 5 persons 6 persons 7 persons 8 persons 9 or more persons Nonfamily households: (Repeat PERSONS IN HOUSEHOLDS)	18
PB18.	SEX(2) BY GROUP QUARTERS(31)..... <i>Universe: Persons in group quarters</i> Male: Institutionalized persons (00I-99I): Correctional institutions (20I-30I, 95I-99I) Nursing homes (60I-69I) Hospitals/schools for the handicapped (31I-59I, 70I-94I): Mental (Psychiatric) hospitals or wards (45I-52I, 71I-94I) Hospitals or wards for chronically ill (54I-59I) Hospitals or wards for drug/alcohol abuse (70I) Schools, hospitals, or wards for the mentally retarded (40I-44I) Schools, hospitals, or wards for the physically handicapped (31I-39I) Wards in general and military hospitals with patients who have no usual home elsewhere (53I) Juvenile institutions (00I-19I): Long-term care (02I-05I, 11I, 12I, 15I): Homes for abused, dependent, and neglected children (02I-04I) Residential treatment centers for emotionally disturbed children (05I) Training schools for juvenile delinquents (11I, 12I, 15I) Short-term care (10I): Detention or diagnostic centers for delinquent children (10I) Type of juvenile institution unknown (00I, 01I, 06I-09I, 13I, 14I, 16I-19I) Other persons in group quarters (00N-99N): College dormitories (includes college quarters off campus) (87N) Military quarters (96N-99N) Emergency shelters for homeless persons (with sleeping facilities) (75N, 82N, 83N): Emergency shelters for homeless persons (82N) Shelters for runaway, neglected, and homeless children (83N) Shelters for abused women (Shelters against domestic violence or family crisis centers) (75N) Rooming and boarding houses (80N) Group homes (16N-19N, 29N, 56N-59N, 72N-74N, 76N, 79N): Homes or halfway houses for drug/alcohol abuse (76N) Homes for the mentally ill, mentally retarded, and physically handicapped (16N-19N, 56N-59N, 72N-74N) Maternity homes for unwed mothers (29N) Other group homes (79N) Religious group quarters (89N) Dormitories (86N, 92N, 93N): Agriculture workers' dormitories on farms (92N) Other workers' dormitories (93N) Dormitories for nurses and interns in general and military hospitals (86N) Crews of maritime vessels (91N)	62

Table (matrix)	Title	Total number of data cells
PB18.	SEX(2) BY GROUP QUARTERS(31)—Con. Other nonhousehold living situations (00N, 06N-09N, 13N, 14N, 30N, 49N-55N, 71N, 77N, 78N, 81N, 84N, 85N, 88N, 94N) Staff residents of institutions (01N-05N, 10N-12N, 15N, 20N-28N, 31N-48N, 60N-70N, 95N) Living quarters for victims of natural disasters (90N) Female: (Repeat GROUP QUARTERS)	
PB19.	IMPUTATION OF POPULATION ITEMS(3) ..... <i>Universe: Persons</i> Not substituted: No items allocated One or more items allocated Substituted for noninterview	3
PB20.	IMPUTATION OF RELATIONSHIP(3) ..... <i>Universe: Persons in households</i> Not substituted: Allocated Not allocated Substituted for noninterview	3
PB21.	IMPUTATION OF GROUP QUARTERS(3) ..... <i>Universe: Persons in group quarters</i> Not substituted: Allocated Not allocated Substituted for noninterview	3
PB22.	IMPUTATION OF SEX(2) ..... <i>Universe: Persons not substituted</i> Allocated Not allocated	2
PB23.	IMPUTATION OF RACE(2) ..... <i>Universe: Persons not substituted</i> Allocated Not allocated	2
PB24.	IMPUTATION OF AGE(2) ..... <i>Universe: Persons not substituted</i> Allocated Not allocated	2
PB25.	IMPUTATION OF MARITAL STATUS(3) ..... <i>Universe: Persons 15 years and over</i> Substituted Not substituted: Allocated Not allocated	3
PB26.	IMPUTATION OF HISPANIC ORIGIN(2) ..... <i>Universe: Persons not substituted</i> Allocated Not allocated	2
PB27.	HOUSEHOLDS SUBSTITUTED(2) ..... <i>Universe: Households</i> Substituted Not substituted	2
HB1.	HOUSING UNITS(1) ..... <i>Universe: Occupied housing units</i> Total	1

Table (matrix)	Title	Total number of data cells
HB2.	TENURE(3) ..... <i>Universe: Occupied housing units</i> Owner occupied Renter occupied: With cash rent No cash rent	3
HB3.	TENURE(2) BY PERSONS IN UNIT(7) ..... <i>Universe: Occupied housing units</i> Owner occupied: 1 person 2 persons 3 persons 4 persons 5 persons 6 persons 7 or more persons Renter occupied: (Repeat PERSONS IN UNIT)	14
HB4.	AGGREGATE PERSONS(1) BY TENURE(2) ..... <i>Universe: Persons in occupied housing units</i> Total: Owner occupied Renter occupied	2
HB5.	TENURE(2) BY ROOMS(9) ..... <i>Universe: Occupied housing units</i> Owner occupied: 1 room 2 rooms 3 rooms 4 rooms 5 rooms 6 rooms 7 rooms 8 rooms 9 or more rooms Renter occupied: (Repeat ROOMS)	18
HB6. *	AGGREGATE ROOMS(1) BY TENURE(2) BY AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER(2) ..... <i>Universe: Occupied housing units</i> Total: Owner occupied: Householder 15 to 64 years Householder 65 years and over Renter occupied: (Repeat AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER)	4
HB7.	TENURE(2) BY PERSONS PER ROOM(7) ..... <i>Universe: Occupied housing units</i> Owner occupied: 0.50 or less 0.51 to 0.75 0.76 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.25 1.26 to 1.50 1.51 to 2.00 2.01 or more Renter occupied: (Repeat PERSONS PER ROOM)	14

Table (matrix)	Title	Total number of data cells
HB8.	TENURE(2) BY UNITS IN STRUCTURE(10)..... <i>Universe: Occupied housing units</i> Owner occupied: 1, detached 1, attached 2 3 or 4 5 to 9 10 to 19 20 or more Boat or houseboat Mobile home or trailer Other Renter occupied: (Repeat UNITS IN STRUCTURE)	20
HB9.	AGGREGATE PERSONS(1) BY TENURE(2) BY UNITS IN STRUCTURE(10) ..... <i>Universe: Persons in occupied housing units</i> Total: Owner occupied: 1, detached 1, attached 2 3 or 4 5 to 9 10 to 19 20 or more Boat or houseboat Mobile home or trailer Other Renter occupied: (Repeat UNITS IN STRUCTURE)	20
HB10.	TENURE(2) BY AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER(8) ..... <i>Universe: Occupied housing units</i> Owner occupied: Householder 15 to 24 years Householder 25 to 34 years Householder 35 to 44 years Householder 45 to 54 years Householder 55 to 64 years Householder 65 to 74 years Householder 75 to 84 years Householder 85 years and over Renter occupied: (Repeat AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER)	16
HB11.	TENURE(2) BY AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER(2) BY UNITS IN STRUCTURE(3)..... <i>Universe: Occupied housing units</i> Owner occupied: Householder 15 to 64 years: 1, detached or attached 2 or more Mobile home, trailer, boat or houseboat, or other Householder 65 years and over: (Repeat UNITS IN STRUCTURE) Renter occupied: (Repeat AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER BY UNITS IN STRUCTURE)	12
HB12.	TENURE(2) BY PERSONS IN UNIT(2) BY AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER(2) ..... <i>Universe: Occupied housing units</i> Owner occupied: 1 person: Householder 15 to 64 years Householder 65 years and over	8

Table (matrix)	Title	Total number of data cells
HB12.	TENURE(2) BY PERSONS IN UNIT(2) BY AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER(2)—Con. 2 or more persons: (Repeat AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER) Renter occupied: (Repeat PERSONS IN UNIT By AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER)	
HB13.	AGGREGATE PERSONS(1) BY TENURE(2) BY AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER(2)..... <i>Universe: Persons in occupied housing units</i> Total: Owner occupied: Householder 15 to 64 years Householder 65 years and over Renter occupied: (Repeat AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER)	4
HB14.	VALUE(26)..... <i>Universe: Specified owner-occupied housing units</i> Less than \$10,000 \$10,000 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$29,999 \$30,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$44,999 \$45,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$54,999 \$55,000 to \$59,999 \$60,000 to \$64,999 \$65,000 to \$69,999 \$70,000 to \$74,999 \$75,000 to \$79,999 \$80,000 to \$89,999 \$90,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$124,999 \$125,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 to \$174,999 \$175,000 to \$199,999 \$200,000 to \$249,999 \$250,000 to \$299,999 \$300,000 to \$399,999 \$400,000 to \$499,999 \$500,000 or more	26
HB15.	AGGREGATE VALUE(1) BY AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER(2)..... <i>Universe: Specified owner-occupied housing units</i> Total: Householder 15 to 64 years Householder 65 years and over	2
HB16.	AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER(2)..... <i>Universe: Specified owner-occupied housing units</i> Householder 15 to 64 years Householder 65 years and over	2
HB17.	AGGREGATE VALUE(1) BY UNITS IN STRUCTURE(5)..... <i>Universe: Owner-occupied housing units</i> Total: 1, detached or attached 2 or more Mobile home or trailer Boat or houseboat Other	5

HB18. VALUE(15) .....	15
<i>Universe: Owner-occupied mobile homes or trailers</i>	
Less than \$10,000	
\$10,000 to \$14,999	
\$15,000 to \$19,999	
\$20,000 to \$24,999	
\$25,000 to \$29,999	
\$30,000 to \$34,999	
\$35,000 to \$39,999	
\$40,000 to \$44,999	
\$45,000 to \$49,999	
\$50,000 to \$54,999	
\$55,000 to \$59,999	
\$60,000 to \$64,999	
\$65,000 to \$69,999	
\$70,000 to \$74,999	
\$75,000 or more	
HB19. VALUE(15) .....	15
<i>Universe: Owner-occupied boats or houseboats</i>	
Less than \$10,000	
\$10,000 to \$14,999	
\$15,000 to \$19,999	
\$20,000 to \$24,999	
\$25,000 to \$29,999	
\$30,000 to \$34,999	
\$35,000 to \$39,999	
\$40,000 to \$44,999	
\$45,000 to \$49,999	
\$50,000 to \$54,999	
\$55,000 to \$59,999	
\$60,000 to \$64,999	
\$65,000 to \$69,999	
\$70,000 to \$74,999	
\$75,000 or more	
HB20. CONTRACT RENT(27) .....	27
<i>Universe: Specified renter-occupied housing units</i>	
With cash rent:	
Less than \$80	
\$80 to \$99	
\$100 to \$124	
\$125 to \$149	
\$150 to \$174	
\$175 to \$199	
\$200 to \$224	
\$225 to \$249	
\$250 to \$274	
\$275 to \$299	
\$300 to \$324	
\$325 to \$349	
\$350 to \$374	
\$375 to \$399	
\$400 to \$424	
\$425 to \$449	
\$450 to \$474	
\$475 to \$499	
\$500 to \$524	
\$525 to \$549	
\$550 to \$599	
\$600 to \$649	
\$650 to \$699	
\$700 to \$749	

Table (matrix)	Title	Total number of data cells
HB20.	CONTRACT RENT(27)—Con. \$750 to \$999 \$1,000 or more No cash rent	
HB21.	AGGREGATE CONTRACT RENT(1) BY AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER(2) BY MEALS INCLUDED IN RENT(2)..... <i>Universe: Specified renter-occupied housing units paying cash rent</i> Total: Householder 15 to 64 years: Meals included in rent No meals included in rent Householder 65 years and over: (Repeat MEALS INCLUDED IN RENT)	4
HB22.	AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER(2) BY MEALS INCLUDED IN RENT(3)..... <i>Universe: Specified renter-occupied housing units</i> Householder 15 to 64 years: With cash rent: Meals included in rent No meals included in rent No cash rent Householder 65 years and over: (Repeat MEALS INCLUDED IN RENT)	6
HB23.	IMPUTATION OF HOUSING ITEMS(3)..... <i>Universe: Occupied housing units</i> Not substituted: No items allocated One or more items allocated Substituted for noninterview	3
HB24.	IMPUTATION OF UNITS IN STRUCTURE(2) ..... <i>Universe: Occupied housing units</i> Allocated or substituted Not allocated or substituted	2
HB25.	IMPUTATION OF ROOMS(2)..... <i>Universe: Occupied housing units</i> Allocated or substituted Not allocated or substituted	2
HB26.	IMPUTATION OF TENURE(2)..... <i>Universe: Occupied housing units</i> Allocated or substituted Not allocated or substituted	2
HB27.	IMPUTATION OF VALUE(2)..... <i>Universe: Specified owner-occupied housing units</i> Allocated or substituted Not allocated or substituted	2
HB28.	IMPUTATION OF CONTRACT RENT(3)..... <i>Universe: Specified renter-occupied housing units</i> With cash rent: Allocated or substituted Not allocated or substituted No cash rent	3

# SUMMARY LEVEL SEQUENCE CHART

Summary level area	Summary level code	Geographic component code
State <sup>1</sup>	040	00 01 05-11
State—County <sup>2</sup>	050	00 08
State—County—County Subdivision <sup>3</sup>	060	00
State—County—County Subdivision—Place/Remainder	070	00
State—County—County Subdivision—Place/Remainder—Census Tract <sup>4</sup> / Block Numbering Area	080	00
State—County—Census Tract/Block Numbering Area	140	00
State—Place—County	155	00
State—Place	160	00
State—Metropolitan Statistical Area/Consolidated Metropolitan Statistical Area/Remainder	320	00
Metropolitan Statistical Area/Remainder [MSAs]—State—County	330	00
State—Metropolitan Statistical Area/Consolidated Metropolitan Statistical Area/Remainder—Primary Metropolitan Statistical Area/Remainder—County—Place [10,000 or more persons]/Remainder	120	00
State—Metropolitan Statistical Area/Consolidated Metropolitan Statistical Area/Remainder—Primary Metropolitan Statistical Area/Remainder—County—Place [10,000 or more persons]/Remainder—Census Tract/Block Numbering Area	130	00
State—Metropolitan Statistical Area/Consolidated Metropolitan Statistical Area/Remainder—Primary Metropolitan Statistical Area/Remainder—County—Census Tract/Block Numbering Area	141	00

<sup>1</sup>Virgin Islands

<sup>2</sup>Island in the Virgin Islands

<sup>3</sup>Census subdistrict in the Virgin Islands

<sup>4</sup>There are no census tracts in the Virgin Islands.

## USER NOTES

User notes supply file purchasers with additional or corrected information which becomes available after the technical documentation or files are prepared. They are issued in a numbered series and automatically mailed to all users who purchase files from the Census Bureau. Other users may obtain them by subscribing to the User Note series. Contact Customer Services (301-763-4100) for subscription information. The user notes, as well as technical notes, also are available electronically upon release from the Census Bureau's

State and Regional Programs bulletin board. The bulletin board phone number is 301-763-7554.

Each user note has a cover sheet which should be filed following this page. Technical documentation replacement pages will follow the cover sheet. These pages need to be filed in their proper location and the original pages destroyed. Replacement pages can be readily identified, since they have the user note date on the lower outside portion of each page.



**CENSUS OF POPULATION AND HOUSING, 1990:  
SUMMARY TAPE FILE 2  
(VIRGIN ISLANDS OF THE UNITED STATES)**

**USER NOTE 1**

**Age Reporting**—Review of detailed 1990 information indicated that respondents tended to provide their age as of the date of completion of the questionnaire, not their age as of April 1, 1990. In addition, there may have been a tendency for respondents to round up their age if they were close to having a birthday. It is likely that approximately 10 percent of persons in most age groups are actually 1 year younger. For most single years of age, the misstatements are largely offsetting. The problem is most pronounced at age 0 because persons lost to age 1 may not have been fully offset by the inclusion of babies born after April 1, 1990 and because

there may have been more rounding up to age 1 to avoid reporting age as 0 years. (Age in completed months was not collected for infants under age 1.)

The reporting of age 1 year older than age on April 1, 1990 is likely to have been greater in areas where the census data were collected later in 1990. The magnitude of this problem was much less in the three previous censuses where age was typically derived from respondent data on year of birth and quarter of birth. (For more information on the design of the age question, see the discussion on comparability under "Age" in appendix B.)

March 1992



**UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE**  
**Bureau of the Census**  
Washington, D.C. 20233

**CENSUS OF POPULATION AND HOUSING, 1990:  
SUMMARY TAPE FILE 2 (VIRGIN ISLANDS)**

**USER NOTE 2**

**Table (Matrix) PA9**—The category "allocated" includes persons in group quarters for whom one or more population characteristics were allocated.

The category "not allocated" includes persons in group quarters for whom no population characteristics were allocated.

April 1992

**USER NOTE ORDERING INFORMATION**

Additional information concerning this file may be available at a later date. User notes, along with technical notes, are automatically sent to all Census Bureau data purchasers. If the user/technical notes should be sent to another address, please complete the coupon below and return it to Customer Services at the address shown.

Users who purchase data from other sources may subscribe to the user/technical note series at a cost of \$40 annually. Use the Customer Services order form at the end of chapter 1. Be sure to indicate the series subscription (STF 2, etc.) on the order form.

Please mail to:

Customer Services Branch  
Data User Services Division  
Bureau of the Census  
Washington, DC 20233

.....  
Name of File: **Census of Population and Housing, 1990: Summary Tape File 2 (Virgin Islands)**

Please send me any information that becomes available later concerning the file listed above.

Name:

Address:

City and State:

ZIP Code:

# DATA DICTIONARY

## CONTENTS

Identification Section .....	1
Table (Matrix) Section .....	14

## IDENTIFICATION SECTION

Field name	Data dictionary reference name	Field size	Starting position	Data type
------------	--------------------------------	------------	-------------------	-----------

### Record Codes

File Identification <sup>1</sup> .....	FILEID	8	1	A/N
State/US Abbreviation .....	STUSAB	2	9	A

AK	Alaska	ID	Idaho	NC	North Carolina	SC	South Carolina
AL	Alabama	IL	Illinois	ND	North Dakota	SD	South Dakota
AR	Arkansas	IN	Indiana	NE	Nebraska	TN	Tennessee
AZ	Arizona	KS	Kansas	NH	New Hampshire	TX	Texas
CA	California	KY	Kentucky	NJ	New Jersey	US	United States
CO	Colorado	LA	Louisiana	NM	New Mexico	UT	Utah
CT	Connecticut	MA	Massachusetts	NV	Nevada	VA	Virginia
DC	District of Columbia	MD	Maryland	NY	New York	VI	Virgin Islands of the United States
DE	Delaware	ME	Maine	OH	Ohio	VT	Vermont
FL	Florida	MI	Michigan	OK	Oklahoma	WA	Washington
GA	Georgia	MN	Minnesota	OR	Oregon	WI	Wisconsin
IA	Iowa	MO	Missouri	PA	Pennsylvania	WV	West Virginia
		MS	Mississippi	PR	Puerto Rico	WY	Wyoming
		MT	Montana	RI	Rhode Island		

Summary Level <sup>2</sup> .....	SUMLEV	3	11	N
Geographic Component <sup>3</sup> .....	GEOCOMP	2	14	N

00	Not a geographic component
01	Urban
02	Urban—in urbanized area
03	Urban—in urbanized area—in urbanized area central place
04	Urban—in urbanized area—not in urbanized area central place
05	Urban—not in urbanized area
06	Urban—not in urbanized area—place [10,000 or more persons]
07	Urban—not in urbanized area—place [2,500 to 9,999 persons]
08	Rural
09	Rural—place [1,000 to 2,499 population, not in an extended city]
10	Rural—place [0 to 999 population, not in an extended city]
11	Rural—not in place [or rural part of extended city]
12	Rural—farm
13	Urban portion of extended city
14	Rural portion of extended city
20	In metropolitan statistical area/consolidated metropolitan statistical area
21	In metropolitan statistical area/consolidated metropolitan statistical area—urban
22	In metropolitan statistical area/consolidated metropolitan statistical area—rural

NOTE: See footnotes at the end of this section.

**IDENTIFICATION SECTION—Con.**

Field name	Data dictionary reference name	Field size	Starting position	Data type
23 In metropolitan statistical area/consolidated metropolitan statistical area—in metropolitan statistical area/primary metropolitan statistical area central city				
24 In metropolitan statistical area/consolidated metropolitan statistical area—not in metropolitan statistical area/primary metropolitan statistical area central city				
25 In metropolitan statistical area/consolidated metropolitan statistical area—not in metropolitan statistical area/primary metropolitan statistical area central city—urban				
26 In metropolitan statistical area/consolidated metropolitan statistical area—not in metropolitan statistical area/primary metropolitan statistical area central city—urban—in urbanized area				
27 In metropolitan statistical area/consolidated metropolitan statistical area—not in metropolitan statistical area/primary metropolitan statistical area central city—urban—not in urbanized area				
28 In metropolitan statistical area/consolidated metropolitan statistical area—not in metropolitan statistical area/primary metropolitan statistical area central city—rural				
30 Not in metropolitan statistical area/consolidated metropolitan statistical area				
31 Not in metropolitan statistical area/consolidated metropolitan statistical area—urban				
32 Not in metropolitan statistical area/consolidated metropolitan statistical area—urban—in urbanized area				
33 Not in metropolitan statistical area/consolidated metropolitan statistical area—urban—not in urbanized area				
34 Not in metropolitan statistical area/consolidated metropolitan statistical area—urban—not in urbanized area—place [10,000 or more population]				
35 Not in metropolitan statistical area/consolidated metropolitan statistical area—urban—not in urbanized area—place [2,500 - 9,999 population]				
36 Not in metropolitan statistical area/consolidated metropolitan statistical area—rural				
40 American Indian reservation and trust land [American Indian reservations (AIR codes 0001-4989) including any trust lands]				
42 Tribal Jurisdiction Statistical Area [Oklahoma only]				
43 Tribal Designated Statistical Area				
44 Alaska Native village statistical area [Alaska only]				

Characteristic Iteration <sup>4</sup>.....CHARITER 3 16 N

NOTE: The codes below are used only in the B records. A blank in this field indicates an A record.

- 000 All persons
- 031 Black
- 032 White
- 033 Other races
- 100 Hispanic origin (of any race)
- 110 Dominican (Dominican Republic)
- 111 Puerto Rican
- 112 Cuban
- 113 Other Hispanic
- 118 Black, not of Hispanic origin
- 119 White, not of Hispanic origin
- 124 Other races, not of Hispanic origin

Logical Record Number <sup>5</sup>.....LOGRECNU 6 19 N

Logical Record Part Number <sup>6</sup>.....LOGRECPN 4 25 N

Total Number of Parts in Record <sup>7</sup>.....PARTREC 4 29 N

NOTE: See footnotes at the end of this section.

**IDENTIFICATION SECTION—Con.**

Field name	Data dictionary reference name	Field size	Starting position	Data type																		
<b>Geographic Area Codes</b>																						
Alaska Native Regional Corporation <sup>8</sup> .....	ANRC	2	33	A/N																		
<table border="1"> <tr> <td>07 Ahtna</td> <td>28 Bering Straits</td> <td>49 Chugach</td> <td>70 Koniag</td> </tr> <tr> <td>14 Aleut</td> <td>35 Bristol Bay</td> <td>56 Cook Inlet</td> <td>77 NANA</td> </tr> <tr> <td>21 Arctic Slope</td> <td>42 Calista</td> <td>63 Doyon</td> <td>84 Sealaska</td> </tr> </table>					07 Ahtna	28 Bering Straits	49 Chugach	70 Koniag	14 Aleut	35 Bristol Bay	56 Cook Inlet	77 NANA	21 Arctic Slope	42 Calista	63 Doyon	84 Sealaska						
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14 Aleut	35 Bristol Bay	56 Cook Inlet	77 NANA																			
21 Arctic Slope	42 Calista	63 Doyon	84 Sealaska																			
American Indian/Alaska Native Area (Census) <sup>9</sup> .....	AIANACE	4	35	A/N																		
American Indian/Alaska Native Area (FIPS) <sup>10</sup> .....	AIANAFP	5	39	A/N																		
American Indian/Alaska Native Area Class Code.....	AIANACC	2	44	A/N																		
<table border="1"> <tr> <td>D1</td> <td>Federally recognized American Indian reservation that does not serve as a minor civil division (MCD) equivalent</td> </tr> <tr> <td>D2</td> <td>Federally recognized American Indian reservation that also serves as an MCD equivalent</td> </tr> <tr> <td>D3</td> <td>American Indian tribal government that holds property in trust—"trust land"—for a tribe or individual member(s) of the tribe, and the trust land(s) is not associated with a specific American Indian reservation or the associated American Indian reservation is not located in this State</td> </tr> <tr> <td>D4</td> <td>State-recognized American Indian reservation that does not serve as an MCD equivalent</td> </tr> <tr> <td>D5</td> <td>State-recognized American Indian reservation that also serves as an MCD equivalent</td> </tr> <tr> <td>D6</td> <td>Tribal designated statistical area (TDSA); tribal jurisdiction statistical area (TJSA) (TJSAs occur only in Oklahoma)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>E1</td> <td>Alaska Native village statistical area (ANVSA) that does not coincide with or approximate an incorporated place or a census designated place (CDP)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>E2</td> <td>ANVSA that coincides with or approximates a CDP</td> </tr> <tr> <td>E6</td> <td>ANVSA that coincides with or approximates an incorporated place</td> </tr> </table>					D1	Federally recognized American Indian reservation that does not serve as a minor civil division (MCD) equivalent	D2	Federally recognized American Indian reservation that also serves as an MCD equivalent	D3	American Indian tribal government that holds property in trust—"trust land"—for a tribe or individual member(s) of the tribe, and the trust land(s) is not associated with a specific American Indian reservation or the associated American Indian reservation is not located in this State	D4	State-recognized American Indian reservation that does not serve as an MCD equivalent	D5	State-recognized American Indian reservation that also serves as an MCD equivalent	D6	Tribal designated statistical area (TDSA); tribal jurisdiction statistical area (TJSA) (TJSAs occur only in Oklahoma)	E1	Alaska Native village statistical area (ANVSA) that does not coincide with or approximate an incorporated place or a census designated place (CDP)	E2	ANVSA that coincides with or approximates a CDP	E6	ANVSA that coincides with or approximates an incorporated place
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E6	ANVSA that coincides with or approximates an incorporated place																					
American Indian Reservation Trust Land Indicator Code.....	ARTLI	1	46	A/N																		
<table border="1"> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>American Indian reservation; including Tribal Jurisdiction Statistical Area (TJSA) and Tribal Designated Statistical Area (TDSA)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>Off-reservation trust land</td> </tr> <tr> <td>9</td> <td>Not an American Indian area</td> </tr> </table>					1	American Indian reservation; including Tribal Jurisdiction Statistical Area (TJSA) and Tribal Designated Statistical Area (TDSA)	2	Off-reservation trust land	9	Not an American Indian area												
1	American Indian reservation; including Tribal Jurisdiction Statistical Area (TJSA) and Tribal Designated Statistical Area (TDSA)																					
2	Off-reservation trust land																					
9	Not an American Indian area																					
Block <sup>8</sup> .....	BLCK	4	47	A/N																		
Block Group <sup>8</sup> .....	BLCKGR	1	51	A/N																		
Census Tract/Block Numbering Area <sup>8</sup> .....	TRACTBNA	6	52	A/N																		
Congressional District (101st Congress) <sup>8</sup> .....	CONGDIS	2	58	A/N																		
<table border="1"> <tr> <td>01-45</td> <td>The actual congressional district number</td> </tr> <tr> <td>00</td> <td>Applies to States whose representative is elected "at large"; i.e., the State has only one representative in the United States House of Representatives</td> </tr> <tr> <td>98</td> <td>Applies to areas that have a nonvoting delegate in the United States House of Representatives</td> </tr> <tr> <td>99</td> <td>Applies to areas that have no representation in the United States House of Representatives</td> </tr> </table>					01-45	The actual congressional district number	00	Applies to States whose representative is elected "at large"; i.e., the State has only one representative in the United States House of Representatives	98	Applies to areas that have a nonvoting delegate in the United States House of Representatives	99	Applies to areas that have no representation in the United States House of Representatives										
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99	Applies to areas that have no representation in the United States House of Representatives																					
Consolidated City (Census) <sup>8</sup> .....	CONCITCE	1	60	A/N																		
<table border="1"> <tr> <td>B</td> <td>Butte-Silver Bow, Montana</td> <td>I</td> <td>Indianapolis, Indiana</td> <td>M</td> <td>Milford, Connecticut</td> </tr> <tr> <td>C</td> <td>Columbus, Georgia</td> <td>J</td> <td>Jacksonville, Florida</td> <td>N</td> <td>Nashville-Davidson, Tennessee</td> </tr> </table>					B	Butte-Silver Bow, Montana	I	Indianapolis, Indiana	M	Milford, Connecticut	C	Columbus, Georgia	J	Jacksonville, Florida	N	Nashville-Davidson, Tennessee						
B	Butte-Silver Bow, Montana	I	Indianapolis, Indiana	M	Milford, Connecticut																	
C	Columbus, Georgia	J	Jacksonville, Florida	N	Nashville-Davidson, Tennessee																	
Consolidated City (FIPS) <sup>8,10</sup> .....	CONCITFP	5	61	A/N																		

NOTE: See footnotes at the end of this section.

**IDENTIFICATION SECTION—Con.**

Field name	Data dictionary reference name	Field size	Starting position	Data type
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U2 CDP with a name that is not commonly recognized for the populated area (e.g., a combination of the names of two or three commonly recognized communities, or a name that identifies the location of the CDP in relation to an adjacent incorporated place)  
 U9 CDP that coincides with or approximates an ANVSA.

Note: In Ohio, a multi-county place that has a different MCD relationship in each county is assigned only a single class code of C1, C2, or C5.

Place Description Code .....PLACEDC 1 123 A/N

- 1 Incorporated central city of a metropolitan statistical area/primary metropolitan statistical area (MSA/PMSA), but not a central place of an urbanized area (UA)
- 2 Incorporated central place of an urbanized area (UA), but not a central city of a metropolitan statistical area/primary metropolitan statistical area (MSA/PMSA)
- 3 Incorporated central city of a metropolitan statistical area/primary metropolitan statistical area (MSA/PMSA) and a central place of an urbanized area (UA)
- 4 Consolidated city or an incorporated place that is not a central city of a metropolitan statistical area/primary metropolitan statistical area (MSA/PMSA) and not a central place of an urbanized area (UA)
- 5 Incorporated place, which is the central place of an urbanized area (UA), but only part of which is the central city of a metropolitan statistical area/primary metropolitan statistical area (MSA/PMSA)
- 6 Incorporated place, which is not a central place of an urbanized area (UA), but part of which is the central city of a metropolitan statistical area/primary metropolitan statistical area (MSA/PMSA)
- A Census designated place (CDP) that is a central place of an urbanized area (UA), but not a central city of a metropolitan statistical area/primary metropolitan statistical area (MSA/PMSA)
- B Census designated place (CDP) that is a central city of a metropolitan statistical area/primary metropolitan statistical area (MSA/PMSA), but not a central place of an urbanized area (UA)
- C Census designated place (CDP) that is a central city of a metropolitan statistical area/primary metropolitan statistical area (MSA/PMSA) and a central place of an urbanized area (UA)
- D Census designated place (CDP) that is in a 1980 or special census urbanized area (UA) and is not a central city or a central place; these CDP's must have a 1990 population of at least 300 in Hawaii and the Virgin Islands of the United States, 1,000 in Puerto Rico, and 2,500 elsewhere
- E Census designated place (CDP) not classified elsewhere; these CDP's must meet the following minimum population requirements:
  - 300 in Hawaii and the Virgin Islands of the United States
  - 25 in Alaska
  - 1,000 in all other States and Puerto Rico
- F Zona urbana that is a central place of an urbanized area (UA) in Puerto Rico, but not a central city of a metropolitan statistical area/primary metropolitan statistical area (MSA/PMSA)
- G Zona urbana that is a central city of a metropolitan statistical area/primary metropolitan statistical area (MSA/PMSA) in Puerto Rico, but not a central place of an urbanized area (UA)
- H Zona urbana that is a central city of a metropolitan statistical area/primary metropolitan statistical area (MSA/PMSA) and a central place of an urbanized area (UA)
- I Zona urbana in Puerto Rico that is not a central city or a central place
- L Census designated place (CDP) entirely within an American Indian reservation and entirely outside of a 1980 or special census urbanized area (UA); these CDP's must have a 1990 population of at least 25 in Alaska and 250 elsewhere

Place Population Size Code .....PLACESC 2 124 A/N

00 Not in universe	06 250-299	12 2,500-4,999	18 100,000-249,999
01 0	07 300-499	13 5,000-9,999	19 250,000-499,999
02 1-24	08 500-999	14 10,000-19,999	20 500,000-999,999
03 25-99	09 1,000-1,499	15 20,000-24,999	21 1,000,000-2,499,999
04 100-199	10 1,500-1,999	16 25,000-49,999	22 2,500,000-4,999,999
05 200-249	11 2,000-2,499	17 50,000-99,999	23 5,000,000 or more

NOTE: See footnotes at the end of this section.

**IDENTIFICATION SECTION—Con.**

Field name	Data dictionary reference name	Field size	Starting position	Data type
Primary Metropolitan Statistical Area <sup>a</sup> .....	PMSA	4	126	A/N
Region <sup>a</sup> .....	REG	1	130	A/N

1 Northeast	2 Midwest	3 South	4 West
-------------	-----------	---------	--------

State (Census) <sup>a</sup> .....	STATECE	2	131	A/N
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06 Puerto Rico	33 Illinois	54 Virginia	81 Montana
07 Virgin Islands of the United States	34 Michigan	55 West Virginia	82 Idaho
11 Maine	35 Wisconsin	56 North Carolina	83 Wyoming
12 New Hampshire	41 Minnesota	57 South Carolina	84 Colorado
13 Vermont	42 Iowa	58 Georgia	85 New Mexico
14 Massachusetts	43 Missouri	59 Florida	86 Arizona
15 Rhode Island	44 North Dakota	61 Kentucky	87 Utah
16 Connecticut	45 South Dakota	62 Tennessee	88 Nevada
21 New Jersey	46 Nebraska	63 Alabama	91 Washington
22 New Jersey	47 Kansas	64 Mississippi	92 Oregon
23 Pennsylvania	51 Delaware	71 Arkansas	93 California
31 Ohio	52 Maryland	72 Louisiana	94 Alaska
32 Indiana	53 District of Columbia	73 Oklahoma	95 Hawaii
		74 Texas	

State (FIPS) <sup>a</sup> .....	STATEFP	2	133	A/N
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01 Alabama	17 Illinois	31 Nebraska	46 South Dakota
02 Alaska	18 Indiana	32 Nevada	47 Tennessee
04 Arizona	19 Iowa	33 New Hampshire	48 Texas
05 Arkansas	20 Kansas	34 New Jersey	49 Utah
06 California	21 Kentucky	35 New Mexico	50 Vermont
08 Colorado	22 Louisiana	36 New York	51 Virginia
09 Connecticut	23 Maine	37 North Carolina	53 Washington
10 Delaware	24 Maryland	38 North Dakota	54 West Virginia
11 District of Columbia	25 Massachusetts	39 Ohio	55 Wisconsin
12 Florida	26 Michigan	40 Oklahoma	56 Wyoming
13 Georgia	27 Minnesota	41 Oregon	72 Puerto Rico
15 Hawaii	28 Mississippi	42 Pennsylvania	78 Virgin Islands of the United States
16 Idaho	29 Missouri	44 Rhode Island	
	30 Montana	45 South Carolina	

Urban/Rural <sup>a</sup> .....	URBANRUR	1	135	A/N
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1 Urban	2 Rural
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Urbanized Area <sup>a</sup> .....	URBAREA	4	136	A/N
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Urbanized Area Population Size Code.....	UASC	2	140	A/N
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00 Not in universe	06 250-299	12 2,500-4,999	18 100,000-249,999
01 0	07 300-499	13 5,000-9,999	19 250,000-499,999
02 1-24	08 500-999	14 10,000-19,999	20 500,000-999,999
03 25-99	09 1,000-1,499	15 20,000-24,999	21 1,000,000-2,499,999
04 100-199	10 1,500-1,999	16 25,000-49,999	22 2,500,000-4,999,999
05 200-249	11 2,000-2,499	17 50,000-99,999	23 5,000,000 or more

NOTE: See footnotes at the end of this section.

**IDENTIFICATION SECTION—Con.**

Field name	Data dictionary reference name	Field size	Starting position	Data type
Special Area Code (1) .....	SAC1	5	142	A/N
Special Area Code (2) .....	SAC2	5	147	A/N
Special Area Code (3) .....	SAC3	4	152	A/N
Special Area Code (4) .....	SAC4	4	156	A/N
Special Area Code (5) .....	SAC5	3	160	A/N
Special Area Code (6) .....	SAC6	3	163	A/N
Special Area Code (7) .....	SAC7	2	166	A/N
Special Area Code (8) .....	SAC8	2	168	A/N
Special Area Code (9) .....	SAC9	1	170	A/N
Special Area Code (10) .....	SAC10	1	171	A/N
<b>Area Characteristics</b>				
Area (land) <sup>12</sup> .....	AREALAND	10	172	A/N
Area (water) <sup>13</sup> .....	AREAWAT	10	182	A/N
Area Name/PSAD Term/Part Indicator <sup>14</sup> .....	ANPSADPI	66	192	A/N
Functional Status Code .....	FUNCSTAT	1	258	A/N

- A Active governmental unit, except American Indian reservations and Alaska Native village statistical areas. — An active governmental unit has the legal capacity to have officers, to raise revenue, and to conduct governmental activities under State laws, and currently is doing so.
- B Functioning governmental unit providing no substantive governmental services. — These areas may be coextensive with and administered by officials of another governmental unit (such as towns in Connecticut that are coextensive with cities), or the number of officials and/or the functions they perform are so minimal and/or vestigial that the Census Bureau does not recognize them as governmental units for census purposes (such as townships in Iowa).
- F False entity. — In order to maintain complete coverage of every State at the county level and of every county at the county subdivision level, we create false entities at these levels for any place that is independent of a county or independent of a minor civil division (MCD). This code also is used for place records that represent the remainder of a consolidated city or the remainder of a county subdivision.
- I Inactive governmental unit. — An inactive governmental unit has the legal capacity to be active, but currently has no legal officers, raises no revenues, and conducts no activities.
- N Nonfunctioning governmental unit. — A nonfunctioning governmental unit has legally established boundaries, but has no legal capacity to conduct governmental activity.
- R An American Indian reservation, an American Indian tribe whose name is associated with trust lands, or an Alaska Native village statistical area.
- S Statistical entity, except Alaska Native village statistical areas and tribal jurisdiction statistical areas. — A statistical entity has no governmental status and is defined by or in cooperation with the Census Bureau or other Federal agency. This category includes census regions, census divisions, census county divisions (CCDs), census designated places (CDPs), metropolitan areas (MSA/CMSA/PMSAs), urbanized areas (UAs), unorganized territories (UTs), tribal designated statistical areas (TDSAs), census areas and census subareas in Alaska, and comunidades and zonas urbanas in Puerto Rico.
- T Tribal jurisdiction statistical area. — A tribal jurisdiction statistical area (TJSA) is not a legally defined governmental unit, but is recognized as a statistical area for the 1990 census. These areas exist only in the State of Oklahoma and were not recognized separately in 1980.

Geographic Change User Note Indicator .....	GCUNI	1	259	A/N
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- 0 No geographic change note for the area within the summary level
- 1 See User Notes for a geographic change note

NOTE: See footnotes at the end of this section.

**IDENTIFICATION SECTION—Con.**

Field name	Data dictionary reference name	Field size	Starting position	Data type
Housing Unit Count (100 percent) <sup>15</sup> .....	HU100	9	260	A/N
Internal Point (latitude) <sup>16</sup> .....	INTPTLAT	9	269	A/N
Internal Point (longitude) <sup>17</sup> .....	INTPTLNG	10	278	A/N
Part Flag.....	PARTFLAG	1	288	A/N

0 Not a part	1 Part
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Political/Statistical Area Description Code .....	PSADC	2	289	A/N
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- 01 State or State equivalent—no status is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.
- 04 Borough—county equivalent in Alaska; "Borough" is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.
- 05 Census area—county equivalent in Alaska; "Census Area" is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.
- 06 County—"County" is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.
- 08 Independent city—county equivalent in Maryland, Missouri, and Virginia; "city" is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.
- 09 Independent city—county equivalent in Nevada; no status is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.
- 10 Island—county equivalent in Virgin Islands of the United States; "Island" is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.
- 13 Municipio—county equivalent in Puerto Rico; "Municipio" is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.
- 14 (none)—county equivalent; used at county level for the District of Columbia and Yellowstone National Park (Montana). No status is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.
- 15 Parish—county equivalent in Louisiana; "Parish" is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.
- 19 American Indian reservation—minor civil division (MCD) in Maine and New York; "Reservation" is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.
- 20 Barrio—minor civil division (MCD) in Puerto Rico; "barrio" is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.
- 21 Borough—minor civil division (MCD) in New York; MCD equivalent in New Jersey and Pennsylvania; "borough" is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.
- 22 Census county division (CCD)—minor civil division (MCD) equivalent in 21 States; "division" is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.
- 23 Census subarea—minor civil division (MCD) equivalent in Alaska; "census subarea" is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.
- 24 Census subdistrict—minor civil division (MCD) equivalent in the Virgin Islands of the United States; "subdistrict" is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.
- 25 City—minor civil division (MCD) equivalent in 20 States; "city" is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.
- 27 District (magisterial, road)—minor civil division (MCD) in Pennsylvania, Virginia, and West Virginia; "district" is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.
- 28 District (assessment, election, magisterial, supervisors', or parish governing authority)—minor civil division (MCD) in Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi, and West Virginia; no status is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.
- 29 Election precinct—minor civil division (MCD) in Illinois and Nebraska; "precinct" is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.
- 30 Election precinct—minor civil division (MCD) in Illinois and Nebraska; no status is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.
- 31 Gore—minor civil division (MCD) in Maine and Vermont; "gore" is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.
- 32 Grant—minor civil division (MCD) in New Hampshire and Vermont; "grant" is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.

NOTE: See footnotes at the end of this section.

**IDENTIFICATION SECTION—Con.**

Field name	Data dictionary reference name	Field size	Starting position	Data type
33	Independent city—minor civil division (MCD) equivalent in Maryland, Missouri, and Virginia; "city" is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.			
34	Independent city—minor civil division (MCD) equivalent in Nevada; no status is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.			
36	Location—minor civil division (MCD) in New Hampshire; "location" is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.			
38	(none)—minor civil division (MCD) equivalent for District of Columbia and Arlington County, Virginia; no status is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.			
39	Plantation—minor civil division (MCD) in Maine; "plantation" is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.			
40	Plantation—minor civil division (MCD) in Maine; no status is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.			
41	Barrio-pueblo—minor civil division (MCD) in Puerto Rico; "barrio-pueblo" is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.			
42	Purchase—minor civil division (MCD) in New Hampshire; "purchase" is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.			
43	Town—minor civil division (MCD) in 8 States; MCD equivalent in New Jersey, Pennsylvania, and South Dakota; "town" is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.			
44	Township—minor civil division (MCD) in 16 States; "township" is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.			
45	Township—minor civil division (MCD) in Kansas, Nebraska, and North Carolina; no status is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.			
46	Unorganized territory—minor civil division (MCD) in 9 States; "unorg." is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.			
47	Village—minor civil division (MCD) equivalent in New Jersey, Ohio, South Dakota, and Wisconsin; "village" is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.			
51	Subbarrio—sub-minor civil division (sub-MCD) in Puerto Rico; "subbarrio" is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.			
55	Comunidad—place (census designated place) in Puerto Rico; "comunidad" is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.			
56	Borough—place in Connecticut, New Jersey, and Pennsylvania; "borough" is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.			
57	Census designated place—place; "CDP" is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.			
58	City—place; "city" is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.			
59	City—place; used for some cities that have a unique description, no description, or a description included with their name, as follows: Anaconda-Deer Lodge County (Montana): incorporated municipality; Butte-Silver Bow (remainder) (Montana): (none); Carson City, Nevada: (none); Columbus city (remainder) (Georgia): (none); Indianapolis city (remainder) (Indiana): (none); Jacksonville city (remainder) (Florida): (none); Lexington-Fayette (Kentucky): Urban County Government; Lynchburg-Moore County (Tennessee): (none); Milford city (remainder) (Connecticut): (none); Nashville-Davidson (remainder) (Tennessee): "Metropolitan Government of Nashville and Davidson County"; No status is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.			
60	Town—place; place in 30 States and the Virgin Islands of the United States; "town" is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.			
61	Village—place; place in 19 States; "village" is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.			
62	Zona urbana—place (census designated place) in Puerto Rico; "zona urbana" is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.			
65	Consolidated city in Connecticut, Florida, Georgia, and Indiana—"city" is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.			
66	Consolidated city—used for some consolidated cities that have unique descriptions or no descriptions, as follows: Butte-Silver Bow (Montana): (none); Nashville-Davidson (Tennessee): "Metropolitan Government of Nashville and Davidson County";			

NOTE: See footnotes at the end of this section.

# APPENDIX B.

## Definitions of Subject Characteristics

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### POPULATION CHARACTERISTICS

#### AGE

The data on age were derived from answers to questionnaire item 5, which was asked of all persons. The age classification is based on the age of the person in completed years as of April 1, 1990. The age response in question 5a was normally used to represent a person's age. However, when the age response was unacceptable or unavailable, a person's age was derived from an acceptable year of birth response in question 5b.

Data on age are used to determine the applicability of other questions for a person and to classify other characteristics in census tabulations. Age data are needed to interpret most social and economic characteristics used to plan and examine many programs and policies. Therefore, age is tabulated by single years of age and by many different groupings, such as 5-year age groups.

Some tabulations are shown by the age of the householder. These data were derived from the age responses for each householder. (For more information on householder, see the discussion under "Household Type and Relationship.")

**Median Age**—This measure divides the age distribution into two equal parts: one-half of the cases falling below the median value and one-half above the value. Generally, median age is computed on the basis of more detailed age intervals than are shown in some census publications; thus, a median based on a less detailed distribution may differ slightly from a corresponding median for the same population based on a more detailed distribution. (For more information on medians, see the discussion under "Derived Measures.")

**Limitation of the Data**—Counts in 1970 and 1980 for persons 100 years old and over were substantially overstated. Improvements were made in the questionnaire design and the allocation procedures to attempt to minimize this problem in 1990.

Review of detailed 1990 information indicated that respondents tended to provide their age as of the date of completion of the questionnaire, not their age as of April 1, 1990. In addition, there may have been a tendency for respondents to round their age up if they

were close to having a birthday. It is likely that approximately 10 percent of persons in most age groups are actually 1 year younger. For most single years of age, the misstatements are largely offsetting. The problem is most pronounced at age 0 because persons lost to age 1 may not have been fully offset by the inclusion of babies born after April 1, 1990, and because there may have been more rounding up to age 1 to avoid reporting age as 0 years. (Age in completed months was not collected for infants under age 1.)

The reporting of age 1 year older than age on April 1, 1990, is likely to have been greater in areas where the census data were collected later in 1990. The magnitude of this problem was much less in the three previous censuses where age was typically derived from respondent data on year of birth and quarter of birth. (For more information on the design of the age question, see the section below that discusses "Comparability.")

**Comparability**—Age data have been collected in every census. For the first time since 1950, the 1990 data are not available by quarter year of age. This change was made so that coded information could be obtained for both age and year of birth. In each census since 1950, the age of a person was assigned when it was not reported. Since 1960, assignment of unknown age has been performed by a general procedure described as "imputation." The specific procedures for imputing age have been different in each census. (For more information on imputation, see Appendix C, Accuracy of the Data.)

## GROUP QUARTERS

All persons not living in households are classified by the Census Bureau as living in group quarters. Two general categories of persons in group quarters are recognized: (1) institutionalized persons and (2) other persons in group quarters (also referred to as "noninstitutional group quarters").

**Institutionalized Persons**—Includes persons under formally authorized, supervised care or custody in institutions at the time of enumeration. Such persons are classified as "patients or inmates" of an institution regardless of the availability of nursing or medical care, the length of stay, or the number of persons in the institution. Generally, institutionalized persons are restricted to the institutional buildings and grounds (or must have passes or escorts to leave) and thus have limited interaction with the surrounding community. Also, they are generally under the care of trained staff who have responsibility for their safekeeping and supervision.

**Type of Institution**—The type of institution was determined as part of census enumeration activities. For institutions which specialize in only one specific type of

service, all patients or inmates were given the same classification. For institutions which had multiple types of major services (usually general hospitals and Veterans' Administration hospitals), patients were classified according to selected types of wards. For example, in psychiatric wards of hospitals, patients were classified in "mental (psychiatric) hospitals"; in hospital wards for persons with chronic diseases, patients were classified in "hospitals for the chronically ill." Each patient or inmate was classified in only one type of institution. Institutions include the following types:

**Correctional Institutions**—Includes police lockups, halfway houses, local jails, and other confinement facilities, including work farms.

**Police Lockups**—Temporary-holding facilities operated by the island police that hold persons for 48 hours or less only if they have not been formally charged in court.

**Halfway Houses**—Operated for correctional purposes and include probation and restitution centers, pre-release centers, and community-residential centers.

**Local Jails and Other Confinement Facilities**—Includes facilities operated by the islands that primarily hold persons beyond arraignment, usually for more than 48 hours. Also included in this category are work farms used to hold persons awaiting trial or serving time on relatively short sentences and jails run by private businesses under contract.

**Other Types of Correctional Institutions**—Privately operated correctional facilities and correctional facilities specifically for alcohol/drug abuse.

**Nursing Homes**—Comprises a heterogeneous group of places. The majority of patients are elderly, although persons who require nursing care because of chronic physical conditions may be found in these homes regardless of their age. Included in this category are skilled-nursing facilities, intermediate-care facilities, long-term care rooms in wards or buildings on the grounds of hospitals, or long-term care rooms/nursing wings in congregate housing facilities. Also included are nursing, convalescent, and rest homes, with or without nursing care.

**Mental (Psychiatric) Hospitals**—Includes hospitals or wards for the criminally insane not operated by a prison, and psychiatric wards of general hospitals and veterans' hospitals. Patients receive supervised medical/nursing care from formally-trained staff.

**Hospitals for Chronically Ill**—Includes hospitals for patients who require long-term care, or other hospitals or wards for the chronically ill, which include

tuberculosis hospitals or wards, wards in general and Veterans' Administration hospitals for the chronically ill, neurological wards, hospices, wards for patients with Hansen's Disease (leprosy) and other incurable diseases, and other unspecified wards for the chronically ill. Patients who had no usual home elsewhere were enumerated as part of the institutional population in the wards of general and military hospitals. Most hospital patients are at the hospital temporarily and were enumerated at their usual place of residence. (For more information, see "Wards in General Hospitals for Patients Who Have No Usual Home Elsewhere.")

*Schools, Hospitals, or Wards for the Mentally Retarded*—Includes those institutions such as wards in hospitals for the mentally retarded, and intermediate-care facilities for the mentally retarded that provide supervised medical/nursing care from formally-trained staff.

*Schools, Hospitals, or Wards for the Physically Handicapped*—Includes three types of institutions: institutions for the blind, those for the deaf, and orthopedic wards and institutions for the physically handicapped. Institutions for persons with speech problems are classified with "institutions for the deaf." The category "orthopedic wards and institutions for the physically handicapped" includes those institutions providing relatively long-term care to accident victims, and to persons with polio, cerebral palsy, and muscular dystrophy. In some census products, this category is classified by type of ownership as "Public," "Private," and "Ownership not known."

*Hospitals, and Wards for Drug/Alcohol Abuse*—Includes hospitals, and hospital wards in psychiatric and general hospitals. These facilities are equipped medically and designed for the diagnosis and treatment of medical or psychiatric illnesses associated with alcohol or drug abuse. Patients receive supervised medical care from formally-trained staff.

*Wards in General Hospitals for Patients Who Have No Usual Home Elsewhere*—Includes maternity, neonatal, pediatric (including wards for boarder babies), and surgical wards of hospitals, and wards for infectious diseases.

*Juvenile Institutions*—Includes homes, schools, and other institutions providing care for children (short- or long-term care). Juvenile institutions include the following types:

*Homes for Abused, Dependent, and Neglected Children*—Includes orphanages and other institutions which provide long-term care (usually more

than 30 days) for children. This category is classified in some census products by type of ownership as "Public" and "Private."

*Residential Treatment Centers*—Includes those institutions which primarily serve children who, by clinical diagnosis, are moderately or seriously disturbed emotionally. Also, these institutions provide long-term treatment services, usually supervised or directed by a psychiatrist.

*Training Schools for Juvenile Delinquents*—Includes residential training schools or homes, and industrial schools, camps, or farms for juvenile delinquents.

*Public Training Schools for Juvenile Delinquents*—Usually operated by a government agency (for example, department of welfare, corrections, or a youth authority). These public training schools are specialized institutions serving delinquent children, generally between the ages of 10 and 17 years old, all of whom are committed by the courts.

*Private Training Schools*—Operated under private auspices. Some of the children they serve are committed by the courts as delinquents. Others are referred by parents or social agencies because of delinquent behavior. One difference between private and public training schools is that, by their administrative policy, private schools have control over their selection and intake.

**Other Persons in Group Quarters (also referred to as "noninstitutional group quarters")**—Includes all persons who live in group quarters other than institutions. Persons who live in the following living quarters are classified as "other persons in group quarters" when there are 10 or more unrelated persons living in the unit; otherwise, these living quarters are classified as housing units.

*Rooming Houses*—Includes persons residing in rooming and boarding houses and living in quarters with 10 or more unrelated persons.

*Group Homes*—Includes "community-based homes" that provide care and supportive services. Such places include homes for the mentally ill, mentally retarded, and physically handicapped; drug/alcohol halfway houses; communes; and maternity homes for unwed mothers.

*Homes for the Mentally Ill*—Includes community-based homes that provide care primarily for the mentally ill. Homes which combine treatment of the physically handicapped with treatment of the mentally ill are counted as homes for the mentally ill.

**Homes for the Mentally Retarded**—Includes community-based homes that provide care primarily for the mentally retarded. Homes which combine treatment of the physically handicapped with treatment of the mentally retarded are counted as homes for the mentally retarded.

**Homes for the Physically Handicapped**—Includes community-based homes for the blind, for the deaf, and other community-based homes for the physically handicapped. Persons with speech problems are classified with homes for the deaf. In some census products, this category is classified by type of ownership as "Public," "Private," or "Ownership not known."

**Homes or Halfway Houses for Drug/Alcohol Abuse**—Includes persons with no usual home elsewhere in places that provide community-based care and supportive services to persons suffering from a drug/alcohol addiction and to recovering alcoholics and drug abusers. Places providing community-based care for drug and alcohol abusers include group homes, detoxification centers, quarterway houses (residential treatment facilities that work closely with accredited hospitals), halfway houses, and recovery homes for ambulatory, mentally competent recovering alcoholics and drug abusers who may be re-entering the work force.

**Maternity Homes for Unwed Mothers**—Includes persons with no usual home elsewhere in places that provide domestic care for unwed mothers and their children. These homes may provide social services and post-natal care within the facility, or may make arrangements for women to receive such services in the community. Nursing services are usually available in the facility.

**Other Group Homes**—Includes persons with no usual home elsewhere in communes, foster care homes, and job corps centers with 10 or more unrelated persons. These types of places provide communal living quarters, generally for persons who have formed their own community in which they have common interests and often share or own property jointly.

**Religious Group Quarters**—Includes, primarily, group quarters for nuns teaching in parochial schools and for priests living in rectories. It also includes other convents and monasteries, except those associated with a general hospital or an institution.

**College Quarters Off Campus**—Includes privately-owned rooming and boarding houses off campus, if the place is reserved exclusively for occupancy by

college students and if there are 10 or more unrelated persons. In census products, persons in this category are classified as living in a college dormitory.

Persons residing in certain other types of living arrangements are classified as living in "noninstitutional group quarters" regardless of the number of people sharing the unit. These include persons residing in the following types of group quarters:

**College Dormitories**—Includes college students in dormitories (provided the dormitory is restricted to students who do not have their families living with them), fraternity and sorority houses, and on-campus residential quarters used exclusively for those in religious orders who are attending college. Students in privately-owned rooming and boarding houses off campus are also included, if the place is reserved exclusively for occupancy by college-level students and if there are 10 or more unrelated persons.

**Shelters for Runaway, Neglected, and Homeless Children**—Includes shelters/group homes which provide temporary sleeping facilities for juveniles.

**Shelters for Abused Women (Shelters Against Domestic Violence or Family Crisis Centers)**—Includes community-based homes or shelters that provide domiciliary care for women who have sought shelter from family violence and who may have been physically abused. Most shelters also provide care for children of abused women. These shelters may provide social services, meals, psychiatric treatment, and counseling. In some census products, "shelters for abused women" are included in the category "other noninstitutional group quarters."

**Dormitories for Nurses and Interns in General Hospitals**—Includes group quarters for nurses and other staff members. It excludes patients.

**Crews of Maritime Vessels**—Includes officers, crew members, and passengers of Maritime U.S. flag vessels. All ocean-going ships are included.

**Staff Residents of Institutions**—Includes staff residing in group quarters on institutional grounds who provide formally-authorized, supervised care or custody for the institutionalized population.

**Living Quarters for Victims of Natural Disasters**—Includes living quarters for persons temporarily displaced by natural disasters.

**Limitation of the Data**—Two types of errors can occur in the classification of "types of group quarters":

1. *Misclassification of Group Quarters*—During the 1990 Special Place Prelist operation, the enumerator determined the type of group quarters associated with each special place in their assignment. The enumerator used the Alphabetical Group Quar-

ters Code List and Index to the Alphabetical Group Quarters Code List to assign a two-digit code number followed by either an "I," for institutional, or an "N," for noninstitutional to each group quarters. In 1990, unacceptable group quarter codes were edited. (For more information on editing of unacceptable data, see Appendix C, Accuracy of the Data.)

2. *No Classification (unknowns)*—Improvements were made to the 1990 Alphabetical Group Quarters Code List; that is, the inclusion of more group quarters categories and an "Index to the Alphabetical Group Quarters Code List."

**Comparability**—For the 1990 census, the definition of institutionalized persons was revised so that the definition of "care" only includes persons under organized medical or formally-authorized, supervised care or custody. As a result of this change to the institutional definition, maternity homes are classified as noninstitutional rather than institutional group quarters as in previous censuses. The following types of other group quarters are classified as institutional rather than noninstitutional group quarters: "halfway houses (operated for correctional purposes)" and "wards in general and military hospitals for patients who have no usual home elsewhere," which includes maternity, neonatal, pediatric, and surgical wards of hospitals, other-purpose wards of hospitals, and wards for persons with infectious diseases. These changes should not significantly affect the comparability of data with earlier censuses because of the relatively small number of persons involved.

As in 1980, 10 or more unrelated persons living together were classified as living in noninstitutional group quarters. In 1970, the criteria was six or more unrelated persons.

Several changes also have occurred in the identification of specific types of group quarters. For the first time, the 1990 census identifies separately the following types of correctional institutions: persons in halfway houses (operated for correctional purposes) and police lockups. In 1990, tuberculosis hospitals or wards are included with hospitals for the chronically ill; in 1980, they were shown separately. For 1990, the noninstitutional group quarters category, "Group homes" is further classified as: group homes for drug/alcohol abuse; maternity homes (for unwed mothers), group homes for the mentally ill, group homes for the mentally retarded, and group homes for the physically handicapped. Persons living in communes and foster-care homes are classified with "Other group homes" only if 10 or more unrelated persons share the unit; otherwise, they are classified as housing units.

DEFINITIONS OF SUBJECT CHARACTERISTICS

In 1990 census data products, the phrase "inmates of institutions" was changed to "institutionalized persons." Also, persons living in noninstitutional group quarters were referred to as "other persons in group quarters," and the phrase "staff residents" was used for staff living in institutions.

In 1990, there are additional institutional categories and noninstitutional group quarters categories compared with the 1980 census. The institutional categories added include "hospitals and wards for drug/alcohol abuse" and "hospitals for the chronically ill." The noninstitutional group quarters categories added include shelters for runaway, neglected, and homeless children and shelters for abused women.

## HISPANIC ORIGIN

The data on Spanish/Hispanic origin were derived from answers to questionnaire item 7, which was asked of all persons. Persons of Hispanic origin are those who classified themselves in one of the specific Hispanic origin categories listed on the questionnaire—"Dominican (Dominican Republic)," "Puerto Rican," or "Cuban"—as well as those who indicated that they were of "other Spanish/Hispanic" origin. Persons of "Other Spanish/Hispanic" origin are those whose origins are from Spain, the Spanish-speaking countries of Central or South America, or they are persons of Hispanic origin identifying themselves generally as Spanish, Spanish-American, Hispanic, Hispano, Latino, and so on.

Origin can be viewed as the ancestry, nationality group, lineage, or country of birth of the person or the person's parents or ancestors before their arrival in the Virgin Islands of the United States (Virgin Islands). Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race.

Some tabulations are shown by the Hispanic origin of the householder. In all cases where households, families, or occupied housing units are classified by Hispanic origin, the Hispanic origin of the householder is used. (See the discussion of householder under "Household Type and Relationship.")

During direct interviews conducted by enumerators, if a person could not provide a single origin response, he or she was asked to select, based on self-identification, the group which best described his or her origin or descent. If a person could not provide a single group, the origin of the person's mother was used. If a single group could not be provided for the person's mother, the first origin reported by the person was used.

If any household member failed to respond to the Spanish/Hispanic origin question, a response was assigned by the computer according to the reported entries of other household members by using specific rules of precedence of household relationship.

**Comparability**—The 1990 data on Hispanic origin are generally comparable with those for the 1980 census. However, there are some differences in the format of

the Hispanic origin question between the two censuses. This question was asked in the Virgin Islands for the first time in 1980. For 1990, the word "descent" was deleted from the 1980 wording. In addition, the category "Dominican (Dominican Republic)" was added to the responses of "Puerto Rican," "Cuban," and "Other Spanish/Hispanic origin." Finally, the 1990 question allowed those who reported as "Other Spanish/Hispanic" to write in their specific Hispanic origin group.

## HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP

### Household

A household includes all the persons who occupy a housing unit. A housing unit is a house, an apartment, a mobile home, a houseboat, a group of rooms, or a single room that is occupied (or if vacant, is intended for occupancy) as separate living quarters. Separate living quarters are those in which the occupants live and eat separately from any other persons in the building and which have direct access from the outside of the building or through a common hall. The occupants may be a single family, one person living alone, two or more families living together, or any other group of related or unrelated persons who share living arrangements. In 100-percent tabulations, the count of households or householders always equals the count of occupied housing units.

**Persons Per Household**—A measure obtained by dividing the number of persons in households by the number of households (or householders). In cases where persons in households are cross-classified by race or Hispanic origin, persons in the household are classified by the race or Hispanic origin of the householder rather than the race or Hispanic origin of each individual.

### Relationship to Householder

**Householder**—The data on relationship to householder were derived from answers to questionnaire item 2, which was asked of all persons in housing units. One person in each household is designated as the householder. In most cases, this is the person, or one of the persons, in whose name the home is owned, being bought, or rented and who is listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire. If there is no such person in the household, any adult household member 15 years old and over could be designated as the householder.

Households are classified by type according to the sex of the householder and the presence of relatives. Two types of householders are distinguished: a family householder and a nonfamily householder. A family householder is a householder living with one or more persons related to him or her by birth, marriage, or

adoption. The householder and all persons in the household related to him or her are family members. A nonfamily householder is a householder living alone or with nonrelatives only.

**Spouse**—Includes a person married to and living with a householder. This category includes persons in formal marriages, as well as persons classified as "consensually married." The number of spouses is equal to the number of "married-couple families" or "married-couple households" in 100-percent tabulations.

**Child**—Includes a son or daughter by birth, a stepchild, or adopted child of the householder, regardless of the child's age or marital status. The category excludes sons-in-law, daughters-in-law, and foster children.

*Natural-Born or Adopted Son/Daughter*—A son or daughter of the householder by birth, regardless of the age of the child. Also, this category includes sons or daughters of the householder by legal adoption, regardless of the age of the child. If the stepson/stepdaughter of the householder has been legally adopted by the householder, the child is still classified as a stepchild.

*Stepson/Stepdaughter*—A son or daughter of the householder through marriage but not by birth, regardless of the age of the child. If the stepson/stepdaughter of the householder has been legally adopted by the householder, the child is still classified as a stepchild.

*Own Child*—A never-married child under 18 years who is a son or daughter by birth, a stepchild, or an adopted child of the householder. In certain tabulations, own children are further classified as living with two parents or with one parent only. Own children of the householder living with two parents are by definition found only in married-couple families.

In a subfamily, an "own child" is a never-married child under 18 years of age who is a son, daughter, stepchild, or an adopted child of a mother in a mother-child subfamily, a father in a father-child subfamily, or either spouse in a married-couple subfamily.

"Related children" in a family include own children and all other persons under 18 years of age in the household, regardless of marital status, who are related to the householder, except the spouse of the householder. Foster children are not included since they are not related to the householder.

**Other Relatives**—In tabulations, includes any household member related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption, but not included specifically in another relationship category. In certain detailed tabulations, the following categories may be shown:

*Grandchild*—The grandson or granddaughter of the householder.

*Brother/Sister*—The brother or sister of the householder, including stepbrothers, stepsisters, and brothers and sisters by adoption. Brothers-in-law and sisters-in-law are included in the "Other relative" category on the questionnaire.

*Parent*—The father or mother of the householder, including a stepparent or adoptive parent. Fathers-in-law and mothers-in-law are included in the "Other relative" category on the questionnaire.

*Other Relatives*—Anyone not listed in a reported category above who is related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption (brother-in-law, grandparent, nephew, aunt, mother-in-law, daughter-in-law, cousin, and so forth).

**Nonrelatives**—Includes any household member, including foster children not related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption. The following categories may be presented in more detailed tabulations:

*Roomer, Boarder, or Foster Child*—Roomer, boarder, lodger, and foster children or foster adults of the householder.

*Housemate or Roommate*—A person who is not related to the householder and who shares living quarters primarily in order to share expenses.

*Unmarried Partner*—A person who is not related to the householder, who shares living quarters, and who has a close personal relationship with the householder.

*Other Nonrelatives*—A person who is not related by birth, marriage, or adoption to the householder and who is not described by the categories given above.

When relationship is not reported for an individual, it is imputed according to the responses for age, sex, and marital status for that person while maintaining consistency with responses for other individuals in the household. (For more information on imputation, see Appendix C, Accuracy of the Data.)

### **Unrelated Individual**

An unrelated individual is: (1) a householder living alone or with nonrelatives only, (2) a household member who is not related to the householder, or (3) a person living in group quarters who is not an inmate of an institution.

## **Family Type**

A family consists of a householder and one or more other persons living in the same household who are related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption. All persons in a household who are related to the householder are regarded as members of his or her family. A household can contain only one family for purposes of census tabulations. Not all households contain families since a household may comprise a group of unrelated persons or one person living alone.

Families are classified by type as either a "married-couple family" or "other family" according to the sex of the householder and the presence of relatives. The data on family type are based on answers to questions on sex and relationship which were asked on a 100-percent basis.

*Married-Couple Family*—A family in which the householder and his or her spouse are enumerated as members of the same household.

*Other Family:*

*Male Householder, No Wife Present*—A family with a male householder and no spouse of householder present.

*Female Householder, No Husband Present*—A family with a female householder and no spouse of householder present.

**Persons Per Family**—A measure obtained by dividing the number of persons in families by the total number of families (or family householders). In cases where the measure, "persons in family" or "persons per family" are cross-tabulated by race or Hispanic origin, the race or Hispanic origin refers to the householder rather than the race or Hispanic origin of each individual.

### **Subfamily**

A subfamily is a married couple (husband and wife enumerated as members of the same household) with or without never-married children under 18 years old, or one parent with one or more never-married children under 18 years old, living in a household and related to, but not including, either the householder or the householder's spouse. The number of subfamilies is not included in the count of families, since subfamily members are counted as part of the householder's family.

Subfamilies are defined during processing of sample data. In selected tabulations, subfamilies are further classified by type: married-couple subfamilies, with or without own children; mother-child subfamilies; and father-child subfamilies.

Lone parents include people maintaining either one-parent families or one-parent subfamilies. Married couples include husbands and wives in both married-couple families and married-couple subfamilies.

### **Unmarried-Partner Household**

An unmarried-partner household is a household other than a "married-couple household" that includes a householder and an "unmarried partner." An "unmarried partner" can be of the same sex or of the opposite sex of the householder. An "unmarried partner" in an "unmarried partner household" is an adult who is unrelated to the householder, but shares living quarters and has a close personal relationship with the householder.

### **Unmarried-Couple Household**

An unmarried-couple household is composed of two unrelated adults of the opposite sex (one of whom is the householder) who share a housing unit with or without the presence of children under 15 years old.

### **Foster Children**

Foster children are nonrelatives of the householder and are included in the category, "Roomer, boarder, or foster child" on the questionnaire. Foster children are identified as persons under 18 years old and living in households that have no nonrelatives 18 years old and over (who might be parents of the nonrelatives under 18).

### **Stepfamily**

A stepfamily is a "married-couple family" with at least one stepchild of the householder present, where the householder is the husband.

**Comparability**—The 1990 definition of a household is the same as that used in 1980. The 1980 relationship category "Son/daughter" has been replaced by two categories, "Natural-born or adopted son/daughter" and "Stepson/stepdaughter." "Grandchild" has been added as a separate category. The 1980 nonrelative categories: "Roomer, boarder" and "Roommate" have been replaced by the categories "Roomer, boarder, or foster child," "Housemate, roommate," and "Unmarried partner." The 1980 nonrelative category "Paid employee" has been dropped.

## **MARITAL STATUS**

The data on marital status were derived from answers to questionnaire item 6, which was asked of all persons. The marital status classification refers to the status at the time of enumeration. Data on marital status are tabulated only for persons 15 years old and over.

All persons were asked whether they were "now married," "consensually married," "widowed," "divorced," "separated," or "never married." Couples who live together (unmarried persons, persons consensually married) were allowed to report the marital status they considered the most appropriate.

**Never Married**—Includes all persons who have never been married, including persons whose only marriage(s) was annulled.

**Ever Married**—Includes persons married at the time of enumeration (including those separated), widowed, or divorced.

**Now Married, Except Separated**—Includes persons whose current marriage has not ended through widowhood, divorce, or separation (regardless of previous marital history). In certain tabulations, currently married persons are further classified as "spouse present" or "spouse absent."

*Consensually Married*—Includes persons living in a marital union without a civil or religious matrimonial contract and are classified as "now married;" they are reported separately as "consensually married." The category may also include couples who live together if they consider this category the most appropriate.

**Separated**—Includes persons legally separated or otherwise absent from their spouse because of marital discord. Included are persons who have been deserted or who have parted because they no longer want to live together but who have not obtained a divorce.

**Widowed**—Includes widows and widowers who have not remarried.

**Divorced**—Includes persons who are legally divorced and who have not remarried.

**Now Married**—All persons whose current marriage has not ended by widowhood or divorce. This category includes persons defined above as "separated."

*Spouse Present*—Married persons whose wife or husband was enumerated as a member of the same household, including those whose spouse may have been temporarily absent for such reasons as travel or hospitalization.

*Spouse Absent*—Married persons whose wife or husband was not enumerated as a member of the same household. This category also includes all married persons living in group quarters.

*Separated*—Defined above.

*Spouse Absent, Other*—Married persons whose wife or husband was not enumerated as a member of the same household, excluding separated. Included is any person whose spouse was employed and living away from home or in an institution or absent in the U.S. Armed Forces.

Differences between the number of currently married males and the number of currently married females occur because of reporting differences and because some husbands and wives have their usual residence in different areas.

When marital status was not reported, it was imputed according to the relationship to the householder and sex and age of the person. (For more information on imputation, see Appendix C, Accuracy of the Data.)

**Comparability**—The 1990 marital status definitions are the same as those used in 1980 with the exception of the term "never married" which replaces the term "single" in tabulations. A general marital status question has been asked in every census since 1880.

## RACE

The data on race were derived from answers to questionnaire item 4, which was asked of all persons. The concept of race as used by the Census Bureau reflects self-identification; it does not denote any clear-cut scientific definition of biological stock. The data for race represent self-classification by people according to the race with which they most closely identify. Furthermore, it is recognized that the categories of the race item include both racial and national origin or socio-cultural groups.

During direct interviews conducted by enumerators, if a person could not provide a single response to the race question, he or she was asked to select, based on self-identification, the group which best described his or her racial identity. If a person could not provide a single race response, the race of the mother was used. If a single race response could not be provided for the person's mother, the first race reported by the person was used. In all cases where occupied housing units, households, or families are classified by race, the race of the householder was used.

The racial classification used by the Census Bureau generally adheres to the guidelines in Federal Statistical Directive No. 15, issued by the Office of Management and Budget, which provides standards on ethnic and racial categories for statistical reporting to be used by all Federal agencies. The racial categories used in the 1990 census data products are provided below.

**Black**—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Black or Negro" or reported entries such as West Indian, Jamaican, Haitian, Black Puerto Rican, African American, or Afro-American.

**White**—Includes persons who indicated their race as "White" or reported entries such as French, German, Dutch, Danish, Lebanese, Near Easterner, Arab, or Polish.

**Asian or Pacific Islander**—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Asian or Pacific Islander" or reported entries such as Chinese, Filipino, Japanese, Hawaiian, Samoan, or Guamanian.

**American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut**—Includes persons who classified themselves as such in one of the specific race categories identified below.

*American Indian*—Includes persons who indicated their race as "American Indian," entered the name of an Indian tribe, or reported such entries as Canadian Indian, French-American Indian, or Spanish-American Indian.

*Eskimo*—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Eskimo" or reported entries such as Arctic Slope, Inupiat, and Yupik.

*Aleut*—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Aleut" or reported entries such as Alutiiq, Egegik, and Pribilofian.

**Other Race**—Includes all other persons not included in the "Black," "White," "Asian or Pacific Islander," or the "American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut" race categories described above. Persons reporting in the "Other race" category and providing write-in entries such as multiracial, multiethnic, mixed, interracial, or a Spanish/Hispanic origin group (such as Mexican, Cuban, or Puerto Rican) are included here.

If the race entry for a member of a household was missing on the questionnaire, race was assigned based upon the reported entries of race by other household members using specific rules of precedence of household relationship. For example, if race was missing for the daughter of the householder, then the race of her mother (as female householder or female spouse) would be assigned. If there was no female householder or spouse in the household, the daughter would be assigned her father's (male householder) race. If race was not reported for anyone in the household, the race of a householder in a previously processed household was assigned. This procedure is a variation of the general imputation procedures described in Appendix C, Accuracy of the Data.

**Limitation of the Data**—In the 1990 census, respondents sometimes did not fill in a check box or filled the "Other race" check box and wrote in a response, such as West Indian, in this write-in space for "Other race." During the coding and editing process, these responses were assigned to the appropriate racial designation. Also, some Hispanic origin persons did not mark a race category, but provided entries such as Mexican or Puerto Rican. These persons were classified in the "Other race" category during the coding and editing process.

**Comparability**—Differences between the 1990 census and earlier censuses affect the comparability of data for certain racial groups. In the 1980 census, there were no separate categories for persons identifying as "Asian or Pacific Islander" or "Indian (Amer.), Eskimo, or Aleut." Persons who identified as such were reported in the "Other" category. In the 1990 census, there were separate categories for "Asian or Pacific Islander" and "Indian (Amer.), Eskimo, or Aleut," as well as two write-in spaces allowing "Asian or Pacific Islander" persons or "Other race" persons to identify specific race groups. (In 1980 there was just one write-in space for persons identifying as "Other.") Persons entering a write-in response had their individual entries coded and classified to the appropriate race regardless of whether they filled a check box. This allowed for the accurate tabulation and reporting of persons identifying as "Asian or Pacific Islander" or "Indian (Amer.), Eskimo, or Aleut" along with those reporting as "Black or Negro" or "White" in the 1990 census.

## SEX

The data on sex were derived from answers to questionnaire item 3, which was asked of all persons. For most cases in which sex was not reported, it was determined by the appropriate entry from the person's given name and household relationship. Otherwise, sex was imputed according to the relationship to the householder and the age and marital status of the person. (For more information on imputation, see Appendix C, Accuracy of the Data.)

**Sex Ratio**—A measure derived by dividing the total number of males by the total number of females and multiplying by 100.

**Comparability**—A question on the sex of individuals has been asked of the total population in every census.

## HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS

### LIVING QUARTERS

Living quarters are classified as either housing units or group quarters. (For more information, see discussion of "Group Quarters" under Population Characteristics.)

Usually, living quarters are in structures intended for residential use (for example, a one-family home, apartment house, hotel or motel, boarding house, or mobile home). Living quarters also may be in structures intended for nonresidential use (for example, the rooms in a warehouse where a guard lives), as well as in places such as tents, vans, shelters for the homeless, and dormitories.

**Housing Units**—A housing unit is a house, an apartment, a mobile home or trailer, a group of rooms or a single room occupied as separate living quarters or, if vacant, intended for occupancy as separate living quarters. Separate living quarters are those in which the occupants live and eat separately from any other persons in the building and which have direct access from outside the building or through a common hall.

The occupants may be a single family, one person living alone, two or more families living together, or any other group of related or unrelated persons who share living arrangements. For vacant units, the criteria of separateness and direct access are applied to the intended occupants whenever possible. If that information cannot be obtained, the criteria are applied to the previous occupants.

Both occupied and vacant housing units are included in the housing unit inventory, except that recreational vehicles, boats, vans, tents, and the like are included only if they are occupied as someone's usual place of residence. Vacant mobile homes are included provided they are intended for occupancy on the site where they stand. Vacant mobile homes on dealers' sales lots, or in storage yards are excluded from the housing inventory.

If the living quarters contain 9 or more persons unrelated to the householder or person in charge (a total of 10 unrelated persons), they are classified as group quarters. If the living quarters contain eight or fewer persons unrelated to the householder or person in charge, they are classified as housing units.

**Occupied Housing Units**—A housing unit is classified as occupied if it is the usual place of residence of the person or group of persons living in it at the time of enumeration, or if the occupants are only temporarily absent; that is, away on vacation. If all the persons staying in the unit at the time of the census have their usual place of residence elsewhere, the unit is classified as vacant. A household includes all the persons who occupy a housing unit as their usual place of residence. By definition, the count of occupied housing units for 100-percent tabulations is the same as the count of households or householders.

**Vacant Housing Units**—A housing unit is vacant if no one is living in it at the time of enumeration, unless its occupants are only temporarily absent. Units temporarily occupied at the time of enumeration entirely by

persons who have a usual residence elsewhere are also classified as vacant. (For more information, see discussion under "Usual Home Elsewhere.")

New units not yet occupied are classified as vacant housing units if construction has reached a point where all exterior windows and doors are installed and final usable floors are in place. Vacant units are excluded if they are open to the elements; that is, the roof, walls, windows, and/or doors no longer protect the interior from the elements, or if there is positive evidence (such as a sign on the house or in the block) that the unit is condemned or is to be demolished. Also excluded are quarters being used entirely for nonresidential purposes, such as a store or an office, or quarters used for the storage of business supplies or inventory, machinery, or agricultural products.

**Hotels, Motels, Rooming Houses, Etc.**—Occupied rooms or suites of rooms in hotels, motels, and similar places are classified as housing units only when occupied by permanent residents; that is, persons who consider the hotel as their usual place of residence or have no usual place of residence elsewhere. Vacant rooms or suites of rooms are classified as housing units only in those hotels, motels, and similar places in which 75 percent or more of the accommodations are occupied by permanent residents.

If any of the occupants in a rooming or boarding house live and eat separately from others in the building and have direct access, their quarters are classified as separate housing units.

**Staff Living Quarters**—The living quarters occupied by staff personnel within any group quarters are separate housing units if they satisfy the housing unit criteria of separateness and direct access; otherwise, they are considered group quarters.

**Comparability**—The first Census of Housing in 1940 established the "dwelling unit" concept. Although the term became "housing unit" and the definition has been modified slightly in succeeding censuses, the 1990 definition is essentially comparable to previous censuses. There was no change in the housing unit definition between 1980 and 1990.

## ACREAGE

The data on acreage were obtained from questionnaire item H5a, which was asked at all occupied and vacant one-family houses and mobile homes. The land may consist of more than one tract or plot. These tracts or plots are usually adjoining; however, they may be separated by a road or creek, or another piece of land. This question is used to exclude owner-occupied and renter-occupied one-family houses on 10 or more acres from certain statistics on financial characteristics.

**Comparability**—A question on acreage was first included in the 1980 census of the Virgin Islands. It was asked only at one-family houses and inquired whether the house was on a property of 3 or more acres. In the 1990 census, the question inquired whether the house was on a property of 10 or more acres. It was asked at all one-family houses as well as, for the first time, of mobile home occupants.

## BOARDED-UP STATUS

Boarded-up status was obtained from questionnaire item C2 and was determined for all vacant units. Boarded-up units have windows and doors covered by wood, metal, or masonry to protect the interior and to prevent entry into the building. A single-unit structure, a unit in a multi-unit structure, or an entire multi-unit structure may be boarded-up in this way. For certain census data products, boarded-up units are shown only for units in the "Other vacant" category. A unit classified as "Usual home elsewhere" can never be boarded up. (For more information, see the discussion under "Usual Home Elsewhere.")

**Comparability**—This item was first asked in the 1980 census and was shown only for year-round vacant housing units. In 1990, data are shown for all vacant housing units.

## BUSINESS ON PROPERTY

The data for business on property were obtained from questionnaire item H5b, which was asked at all occupied and vacant one-family houses and mobile homes. This question is used to exclude owner-occupied one-family houses and mobile home units with business or medical offices on the property from certain statistics on financial characteristics.

A business must be easily recognizable from the outside. It will usually have a separate outside entrance and have the appearance of a business, such as a grocery store, restaurant, or barbershop. It may be either attached to the house or mobile home or be located elsewhere on the property. Those housing units in which a room is used for business or professional purposes and have no recognizable alterations to the outside are *not* considered as having a business. Medical offices are considered businesses for tabulation purposes.

**Comparability**—Data on business on property have been collected for the Virgin Islands since 1940.

## CONTRACT RENT

The data on contract rent (also referred to as "rent asked" for vacant units) were obtained from questionnaire item H7a, which was asked at all occupied housing units that were rented for cash rent and all vacant housing units that were for rent at the time of enumeration.

Housing units that are renter occupied without payment of cash rent are shown separately as "No cash rent" in census data products. The unit may be owned by friends or relatives who live elsewhere and who allow occupancy without charge. Rent-free houses or apartments may be provided to compensate caretakers, ministers, tenant farmers, sharecroppers, or others.

Contract rent is the monthly rent agreed to or contracted for, regardless of any furnishings, utilities, fees, meals, or services that may be included. For vacant units, it is the monthly rent asked for the rental unit at the time of enumeration.

If the contract rent includes rent for a business unit or for living quarters occupied by another household, the respondent was instructed to report that part of the rent estimated to be for his or her unit only. Respondents were asked to report rent only for the housing unit enumerated and to exclude any rent paid for additional units or for business premises.

If a renter pays rent to the owner of a condominium or cooperative, and the condominium fee or cooperative carrying charge is also paid by the renter to the owner, the respondent was instructed to include the fee or carrying charge.

If a renter receives payments from lodgers or roomers who are listed as members of the household, the respondent was instructed to report the rent without deduction for any payments received from the lodgers or roomers. The respondent was instructed to report the rent agreed to or contracted for even if paid by someone else such as friends or relatives living elsewhere, or a church or welfare agency.

In some tabulations, contract rent is presented for all renter-occupied housing units, as well as specified renter-occupied and specified vacant-for-rent units. Specified renter-occupied and specified vacant-for-rent units exclude one-family houses and mobile homes on 10 or more acres. (For more information on rent, see the discussion under "Gross Rent" in census products containing sample data.)

**Median and Quartile Contract Rent**—The median divides the rent distribution into two equal parts. Quartiles divide the rent distribution into four equal parts. In computing median and quartile contract rent, units reported as "No cash rent" are excluded. Median and quartile rent calculations are rounded to the nearest whole dollar. (For more information on medians and quartiles, see the discussion under "Derived Measures.")

**Aggregate Contract Rent**—To calculate aggregate contract rent, the amount assigned for the category "less than \$80" is \$50. The amount assigned to the category "\$1,000 or more" is \$1,250. Mean contract rent is rounded to the nearest whole dollar. (For more information on aggregates and means, see the discussion under "Derived Measures.")

**Comparability**—Data on this item have been collected since 1930. For 1990, quartiles were added because the range of rents and values in the Virgin Islands has increased in recent years. Upper and lower quartiles can be used to note large rent and value differences among various geographic areas.

## DURATION OF VACANCY

The data for duration of vacancy (also referred to as "months vacant") were obtained from questionnaire item D, which was completed by census enumerators. The statistics on duration of vacancy refer to the length of time (in months and years) between the date the last occupants moved from the unit and the time of enumeration. The data, therefore, do not provide a direct measure of the total length of time units remain vacant.

For newly constructed units which have never been occupied, the duration of vacancy is counted from the date construction was completed. For recently converted or merged units, the time is reported from the date conversion or merger was completed. Units occupied by an entire household with a usual home elsewhere are assigned to the "Less than 1 month" interval.

**Comparability**—Similar data were collected in 1980. These data were shown in 1980 only for year-round housing units. In 1990, these data are shown for all housing units.

## MEALS INCLUDED IN RENT

The data on meals included in the rent were obtained from questionnaire item H7b, which was asked of all occupied housing units that were rented for cash and all vacant housing units that were for rent at the time of enumeration.

The statistics on meals included in rent are presented for specified renter-occupied and specified vacant-for-rent units. Specified renter-occupied and specified vacant-for-rent units exclude one-family houses on 10 or more acres. (For more information, see the discussion under "Contract Rent.")

**Comparability**—This is a new item in 1990. It is intended to measure "congregate" housing which is generally considered to be housing units where the rent includes meals and other services, such as transportation to shopping and recreation.

## PERSONS IN UNIT

This item is based on the 100-percent count of persons in occupied housing units. All persons occupying the housing unit are counted, including the householder, occupants related to the householder, and lodgers, roomers, boarders, and so forth.

The data on "persons in unit" show the number of housing units occupied by the specified number of persons. The phrase "persons in unit" is used for housing tabulations, "persons in households" for population items. Figures for "persons in unit" match those for "persons in household" for 100-percent data products.

**Median Persons in Unit**—In computing median persons in unit, a whole number is used as the midpoint of an interval; thus, a unit with 4 persons is treated as an interval ranging from 3.5 to 4.5 persons. Median persons is rounded to the nearest hundredth. (For more information on medians, see the discussion under "Derived Measures.")

**Persons in Occupied Housing Units**—This is the total population minus those persons living in group quarters. "Persons per occupied housing unit" is computed by dividing the population living in housing units by the number of occupied housing units.

## PERSONS PER ROOM

"Persons per room" is obtained by dividing the number of persons in each occupied housing unit by the number of rooms in the unit. Persons per room is rounded to the nearest hundredth. The figures shown refer, therefore, to the number of occupied housing units having the specified ratio of persons per room.

**Mean Persons Per Room**—This is computed by dividing persons in housing units by the aggregate number of rooms. This is intended to provide a measure of utilization. A higher mean may indicate a greater degree of utilization or crowding; a low mean may indicate under-utilization. (For more information on means, see the discussion under "Derived Measures.")

## ROOMS

The data on rooms were obtained from questionnaire item H3, which was asked at both occupied and vacant housing units. The statistics on rooms are in terms of the number of housing units with a specified number of rooms. The intent of this question is to count the number of whole rooms used for living purposes.

For each unit, rooms include living rooms, dining rooms, kitchens, bedrooms, finished recreation rooms, enclosed porches suitable for year-round use, and lodger's rooms. Excluded are strip or pullman kitchens, bathrooms, open porches, balconies, halls or foyers, half-rooms, utility rooms, unfinished attics or basements, or other unfinished space used for storage. A partially divided room is a separate room only if there is a partition from floor to ceiling, but not if the partition consists solely of shelves or cabinets.

**Median Rooms**—This measure divides the room distribution into two equal parts, one-half of the cases falling below the median number of rooms and one-half above the median. In computing median rooms, the whole number is used as the midpoint of the interval; thus, the category "3 rooms" is treated as an interval ranging from 2.5 to 3.5 rooms. Median rooms is rounded to the nearest tenth. (For more information on medians, see the discussion under "Derived Measures.")

**Aggregate Rooms**—To calculate aggregate rooms, an arbitrary value of "10" is assigned to rooms for units falling within the terminal category, "9 or more." (For more information on aggregates and means, see the discussion under "Derived Measures.")

**Comparability**—Data on rooms have been collected since 1940. In 1970 and 1980, these data were shown only for year-round housing units. In 1990, these data are shown for all housing units.

## TENURE

The data for tenure were obtained from questionnaire item H4, which was asked at all occupied housing units. All occupied housing units are classified as either owner occupied or renter occupied.

**Owner Occupied**—A housing unit is owner occupied if the owner or co-owner lives in the unit even if it is mortgaged or not fully paid for. The owner or co-owner must live in the unit and usually is the person listed in column 1 of the questionnaire. The unit is "Owned by you or someone in this household with a mortgage or loan" if it is being purchased with a mortgage or some other debt arrangement such as a deed of trust, trust deed, contract to purchase, land contract, or purchase agreement. The unit is also considered owned with a mortgage if it is built on leased land and there is a mortgage on the unit.

A housing unit is "Owned by you or someone in this household free and clear (without a mortgage)" if there is no mortgage or other similar debt on the house, apartment, or mobile home including units built on leased land if the unit is owned outright without a mortgage. Although owner-occupied housing units are divided between mortgaged and owned free and clear on the questionnaire, census data products containing 100-percent data show only total owner-occupied counts. More extensive mortgage information was collected on the long-form questionnaire and are shown in census products containing sample data.

**Renter Occupied**—All occupied housing units which are not owner occupied, whether they are rented for cash rent or occupied without payment of cash rent, are classified as renter occupied. "No cash rent" units are

separately identified in the rent tabulations. Such units are generally provided free by friends or relatives or in exchange for services such as a resident manager, caretaker, minister, or tenant farmer. Housing units on military bases also are classified in the "No cash rent" category.

"Rented for cash rent" includes units in continuing care, sometimes called life care arrangements. These arrangements usually involve a contract between one or more individuals and a health services provider guaranteeing the individual shelter, usually a house or apartment, and services, such as meals or transportation to shopping or recreation.

**Comparability**—Data on tenure have been collected for the Virgin Islands since 1930. In 1970, the question on tenure also included a category for condominium and cooperative ownership. In 1980, condominium units and cooperatives were dropped from the tenure item, and since 1980, only condominium units are identified in a separate question.

For 1990, the response categories were expanded to allow the respondent to report whether the unit was owned with a mortgage or free and clear (without a mortgage). The distinction between units owned with a mortgage and units owned free and clear was added in 1990 to improve the count of owner-occupied units. Research after the 1980 census indicated some respondents did not consider their units owned if they had a mortgage.

## UNITS IN STRUCTURE

The data on units in structure (also referred to as "type of structure") were obtained from questionnaire item H2, which was asked at all housing units. A structure is a separate building that either has open spaces on all sides or is separated from other structures by dividing walls that extend from ground to roof. In determining the number of units in a structure, all housing units, both occupied and vacant, are counted. Stores or office space are excluded.

The statistics are presented for the number of housing units in structures of specified type and size, not for the number of residential buildings.

**1-Unit, Detached**—This is a 1-unit structure detached from any other structure; that is, with open space on all four sides. Such structures are considered detached even if they have an adjoining shed or garage. A one-family house which contains a business is considered detached as long as the building has open space on all four sides. Mobile homes or trailers to which one or more permanent rooms have been added or built are also included.

**1-Unit, Attached**—This is a 1-unit structure which has one or more walls extending from ground to roof separating it from adjoining structures. In row houses (sometimes called townhouses), double houses, or houses

attached to nonresidential structures, each house is a separate, attached structure if the dividing or common wall goes from ground to roof.

**2 or More Units**—These are units in structures containing 2 or more housing units, further categorized as units in structures with 2, 3 or 4, 5 to 9, 10 to 19, and 20 or more units.

**Mobile Home or Trailer**—Both occupied and vacant mobile homes to which no permanent rooms have been added are counted in this category. Mobile homes or trailers used only for business purposes or for extra sleeping space and mobile homes or trailers for sale on a dealer's lot, or in storage are not counted in the housing inventory.

**Boat or Houseboat**—Included in this category are boats and houseboats that are occupied as housing units.

**Other**—This category is for any living quarters occupied as a housing unit that does not fit the previous categories. Examples that fit this category are abandoned cars, tents, campers, and vans.

**Comparability**—Data on units in structure have been collected for the Virgin Islands since 1940, on mobile homes and trailers since 1950, and on boats since 1980. In 1970 and 1980, these data were shown only for year-round housing units. In 1990, these data are shown for all housing units. The category, "Tent, van, etc." was replaced in 1990 by the category, "Other."

## USUAL HOME ELSEWHERE

The data for usual home elsewhere were obtained from questionnaire item E, which was completed by census employees. A housing unit temporarily occupied at the time of enumeration entirely by persons with a usual residence elsewhere is classified as vacant. The occupants are classified as having a "Usual home elsewhere" and are counted at the address of their usual place of residence. Typical examples are people in a vacation home and persons renting living quarters temporarily for work.

**Limitation of the Data**—Evidence from previous censuses suggests that in some areas enumerators marked units as "vacant—usual home elsewhere" when they should have marked "vacant—regular."

**Comparability**—Data for usual home elsewhere were tabulated for the first time in 1980.

## VACANCY STATUS

The data on vacancy status were obtained from questionnaire item C1, which was completed by census enumerators. Vacancy status and other characteristics

of vacant units were determined by enumerators obtaining information from landlords, owners, neighbors, rental agents, and others. Vacant units are subdivided according to their housing market classification as follows:

*For Rent*—These are vacant units offered “for rent” and vacant units offered either “for rent or for sale.”

*For Sale Only*—These are vacant units being offered “for sale only,” including units in cooperatives and condominium projects if the individual units are offered “for sale only.”

*Rented or Sold, Not Occupied*—If any money rent has been paid or agreed upon but the new renter has not moved in as of the date of enumeration, or if the unit has recently been sold but the new owner has not yet moved in, the vacant unit is classified as “rented or sold, not occupied.”

*For Seasonal, Recreational, or Occasional Use*—These are vacant units used or intended for use only in certain seasons or for weekend or other occasional use throughout the year. Seasonal units include those used for summer or winter sports or recreation, such as beach cottages and hunting cabins. Seasonal units may also include quarters for such workers as herders and loggers. Interval ownership units, sometimes called shared ownership or time-sharing condominiums, also are included here.

*Other Vacant*—If a vacant unit does not fall into any of the classifications specified above, it is classified as “other vacant.” For example, this category includes units held for occupancy by a caretaker or janitor, and units held for personal reasons of the owner.

**Homeowner Vacancy Rate**—This is the percentage relationship between the number of vacant units for sale and the total homeowner inventory. It is computed by dividing the number of vacant units for sale only by the sum of the owner-occupied units and the number of vacant units that are for sale only.

**Rental Vacancy Rate**—This is the percentage relationship of the number of vacant units for rent to the total rental inventory. It is computed by dividing the number of vacant units for rent by the sum of the renter-occupied units and the number of vacant units for rent.

**Comparability**—Data on vacancy status have been collected since 1940. For 1990, the category, “seasonal/recreational/occasional use” combined vacant units classified in 1980 as “seasonal” and “held for occasional use.” Also, in 1970 and 1980, housing characteristics were generally presented only for year-round units. In 1990, housing characteristics are shown for all housing units.

## VALUE

The data on value (also referred to as “price asked” for vacant units) were obtained from questionnaire item H6, which was asked at housing units that were owned, being bought, or vacant for sale at the time of enumeration. Value is the respondent’s estimate of how much the property (house and lot, mobile home and lot, or condominium unit) would sell for if it were for sale. If the house or mobile home is owned or being bought, but the land on which it sits is not, the respondent was asked to estimate the combined value of the house or mobile home and the land. For vacant units, value is the price asked for the property.

Value is tabulated separately for all owner-occupied and vacant-for-sale-only housing units, owner-occupied and vacant-for-sale mobile homes or trailers, and specified owner-occupied and specified vacant-for-sale-only housing units. Specified owner-occupied and specified vacant-for-sale-only housing units include only one-family houses on less than 10 acres without a business or medical office on the property. The data for “specified” units exclude mobile homes, houses with a business or medical office, houses on 10 or more acres, and housing units in multi-unit buildings.

**Median and Quartile Value**—The median divides the value distribution into two equal parts. Quartiles divide the value distribution into four equal parts. These measures are rounded to the nearest hundred dollars. (For more information on medians and quartiles, see the discussion under “Derived Measures.”)

**Aggregate Value**—To calculate aggregate value, the amount assigned for the category “Less than \$10,000” is \$9,000. The amount assigned to the category “\$500,000 or more” is \$600,000. Mean value is rounded to the nearest hundred dollars. (For more information on aggregates and means, see the discussion under “Derived Measures.”)

**Comparability**—In 1980, value was asked only at owner-occupied or vacant-for-sale one-family houses on less than 3 acres with no business or medical office on the property and at all owner-occupied or vacant-for-sale condominium housing units. Mobile homes were excluded. Value data were presented for specified owner-occupied housing units, specified vacant-for-sale-only housing units, and owner-occupied condominium housing units.

In 1990, the question was asked at all owner-occupied or vacant-for-sale-only housing units with no exclusions. Data presented for specified owner-occupied and specified vacant-for-sale-only housing units will include one-family condominium houses.

For 1990, quartiles have been added because the range of values and rents in the Virgin Islands has increased in recent years. Upper and lower quartiles can be used to note large value and rent differences among various geographic areas.

## DERIVED MEASURES

Census data products include various derived measures such as medians, means, and percentages, as well as certain rates and ratios. Derived measures which round to less than 0.1 are not shown but indicated as zero. In printed reports, zero is indicated by showing a dash (-).

### Interpolation

Interpolation is frequently used in calculating medians or quartiles based on interval data and in approximating standard errors from tables. Linear interpolation is used to estimate values of a function between two known values. "Pareto interpolation" is an alternative to linear interpolation. It is used by the Census Bureau in calculating median income within intervals wider than \$2,500. In Pareto interpolation, the logarithm of the median is derived by interpolating between the logarithms of the upper and lower income limits of the median category.

### Mean

This measure represents an arithmetic average of a set of values. It is derived by dividing the sum of a group of numerical items (or aggregate) by the total number of items. Aggregates are used in computing mean values. For example, mean family income is obtained by dividing the aggregate of all income reported by persons in families by the total number of families. (Additional information on means and aggregates is included in the separate explanations of many population and housing subjects.)

### Median

This measure represents the middle value in a distribution. The median divides the total frequency into two equal parts: one-half of the cases fall below the median

and one-half of the cases exceed the median. The median is computed on the basis of the distribution as tabulated, which is sometimes more detailed than the distribution shown in specific census publications and other data products.

In reports, if the median falls within the upper interval of an open-ended distribution, the median is shown as the initial value of the interval followed by a plus sign (+), or if within the lower interval, the median is shown as the upper value of the category followed by a minus sign (-). For summary tape files, if the median falls within the upper or lower interval, it is set to a specified value. (Additional information on medians is included in the separate explanations of many population and housing subjects.)

### Percentages, Rates, and Ratios

These measures are frequently presented in census products and are used to compare two numbers or two sets of measurements. These comparisons are made in two ways: (1) subtraction which provides an absolute measure of the difference between two items and (2) the quotient of two numbers which provides a relative measure of difference.

### Quartile

This measure divides a distribution into four equal parts. The first quartile (or lower quartile) is the value that defines the upper limit of the lowest one-quarter of the cases. The second quartile is the median. The third quartile (or upper quartile) defines the lower limit of the upper one-quarter of the cases in the distribution. The difference between the upper and lower quartiles is called the interquartile range. This interquartile range is less affected by wide variations than is the mean. Quartiles are presented for certain financial characteristics such as housing value and rent.

# APPENDIX C.

## Accuracy of the Data

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### CONFIDENTIALITY OF THE DATA

To maintain confidentiality as required by law (Title 13, United States Code), the Bureau of the Census applies a confidentiality edit to the 1990 census data to ensure that published data do not disclose information about specific individuals, households, and housing units. As a result, a small amount of uncertainty is introduced into some of the census characteristics to prevent identification of specific individuals, households, or housing units. The confidentiality edit is controlled so that the counts of total persons, totals by race, Hispanic origin, and persons age 18 years and over are *not affected*. In addition, total counts for housing units by tenure are not affected by this edit.

The confidentiality edit for the Virgin Islands of the United States (Virgin Islands) was conducted in basically the same way for each of the two types of data (stateside 100-percent equivalent data and stateside sample equivalent data) that were collected from everyone in the Virgin Islands. In the United States census, certain information (referred to as stateside 100-percent data) was collected from everyone, and some additional information (referred to as stateside sample data) was collected from about a 1-in-6 sample of the population. In the Virgin Islands, all of the census information was collected on a 100-percent basis. The Virgin Islands basic (stateside 100-percent equivalent) data corresponds to the United States census 100-percent data and includes age, sex, race, Hispanic origin, relationship, marital status, and certain questions concerning the housing unit (e.g., value, rent, and number of rooms). The Virgin Islands detailed (stateside sample equivalent) data corresponds to the United States census sample data and includes questions on such subjects as income, water source, language usage, and journey to work.

The confidentiality edit for the Virgin Islands was conducted by selecting a sample of census households from the internal census files and blanking and imputing a random subset of either its 100-percent equivalent data or its sample equivalent data from other households that have identical characteristics on a set of selected key variables, but are in different geographic locations within the Virgin Islands. To provide more

protection for "small areas," a higher sampling rate was used for these areas. The net result of this procedure is that the data user's ability to obtain census data, particularly for small areas and subpopulation groups, has been enhanced significantly while maintaining confidentiality of individual responses.

### EDITING OF UNACCEPTABLE DATA

The objective of the processing operation is to produce a set of data that describes the population as clearly and accurately as possible. To meet this objective, questionnaires were reviewed and edited during field data collection operations by crew leaders for consistency, completeness, and acceptability. Questionnaires were also reviewed by census clerks in the district offices for omissions, certain inconsistencies, and population coverage. For example, write-in entries such as "Don't know" or "NA" were considered unacceptable in certain quantities and/or in conjunction with other data omissions.

As a result of this review operation, a telephone or personal visit follow-up was made to obtain missing information. Potential coverage errors were included in the followup, as well as questionnaires with omissions or inconsistencies beyond the completeness and quality tolerances specified in the review procedures.

Subsequent to field operations, remaining incomplete or inconsistent information on the questionnaires was assigned using imputation procedures during the final automated edit of the collected data. Allocations, or computer assignments of acceptable data in place of unacceptable entries or blanks, are needed most often when an entry for a given item is lacking or when the information reported for a person or housing unit on that item is inconsistent with other information for that same person or housing unit. As in previous censuses, the general procedure for changing unacceptable entries was to assign an entry for a person or housing unit that was consistent with entries for persons or housing units with similar characteristics. The assignment of acceptable data in place of blanks or unacceptable entries enhances the usefulness of the data.

Another way in which corrections were made during the computer editing process was through substitution; that is, the assignment of a full set of characteristics for a person or housing unit. For example, when there was an indication that a housing unit was occupied but the questionnaire contained no information for the people

within the household or the occupants were not listed on the questionnaire, a previously accepted household was selected as a substitute, and the full set of characteristics for the substitute was duplicated for the person(s) and/or housing unit without characteristic data. The assignment of the full set of housing characteristics occurred when no housing information was available. If the housing unit was determined to be occupied, the housing and person characteristics as well as the number of persons were assigned from a previously processed occupied unit. If the housing unit was vacant, the housing characteristics were assigned from a previously processed vacant unit.

## **SOURCES OF ERROR**

In any large-scale statistical operation, such as the 1990 decennial census, human- and machine-related errors occur. These errors are commonly referred to as nonsampling errors. Such errors include not enumerating every household or every person in the population, not obtaining all required information from the respondents, obtaining incorrect or inconsistent information, and recording information incorrectly. In addition, errors can occur during the field review of the enumerators' work, during clerical handling of the census questionnaires, or during the electronic processing of the questionnaires.

To reduce various types of nonsampling errors, a number of techniques were implemented during the

planning, data collection, and data processing activities. Quality assurance methods were used throughout the data collection and processing phases of the census to improve the quality of the data.

Several coverage improvement programs were implemented during the development of the census enumeration and processing to minimize undercoverage of the population and housing units. These programs were developed based on experience from the 1980 decennial census and results from the 1990 United States decennial census testing cycle.

A quality assurance program, designed to improve coverage, began with an advance listing of addresses. Advance listers collected addresses and recorded map spots for six housing units in each of two sample blocks in every enumerator assignment area or address register area. The quality assurance check consisted of matching the advance listed address and map spots to the enumerator's complete address register area listing. If the number of nonmatches exceeded a predetermined level, then a recheck of the address register area was required.

Telephone and personal visit followups also contributed to improve coverage. The governor of the Virgin Islands established a committee which reviewed the census tallies, and census enumerators conducted additional recanvassing. Computer and clerical edits were aimed at improving the quality and consistency of the data.

# APPENDIX D.

## Collection and Processing Procedures

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### ENUMERATION AND RESIDENCE RULES

In accordance with census practice dating back to the first decennial census of the Virgin Islands of the United States (Virgin Islands) in 1930, each person was to be enumerated as an inhabitant of his or her "usual residence" in the 1990 census. Usual residence is the place where the person lives and sleeps most of the time or considers to be his or her usual residence. This place is not necessarily the same as the person's legal residence or voting residence. In the vast majority of cases, however, the use of these different bases of classification would produce substantially the same statistics, although there might be appreciable differences for a few areas.

The implementation of this practice has resulted in the establishment of rules for certain categories of persons whose usual place of residence is not immediately apparent. Furthermore, this practice means that persons were not always counted as residents of the place where they happened to be staying on Census Day (April 1, 1990).

#### Enumeration Rules

Each person whose usual residence was in the Virgin Islands was to be included in the census, without regard to the person's legal status or citizenship. As in previous censuses, persons in the Virgin Islands specifically excluded from the census were foreign travelers who had not established a residence.

Persons with a usual residence outside the Virgin Islands were not enumerated in the 1990 census of the Virgin Islands. On the other hand, residents of the Virgin Islands temporarily abroad were to be enumerated at their usual residence in the Virgin Islands.

#### Residence Rules

Each person included in the census was to be counted at his or her usual residence—the place where he or she lives and sleeps most of the time or the place

where the person considers to be his or her usual home. If a person had no usual residence, the person was to be counted where he or she was staying on April 1, 1990.

Persons temporarily away from their usual residence, whether in the Virgin Islands or abroad, on a vacation or on a business trip, were counted at their usual residence. Persons who occupied more than one residence during the year were counted at the one they considered to be their usual residence. Persons who moved on or near Census Day were counted at the place they considered to be their usual residence.

**Persons in the U.S. Armed Forces**—Members of the U.S. Armed Forces were counted as residents of the area in which the installation was located, either on the installation or in the surrounding community. Family members of the U.S. Armed Forces personnel were counted where they were living on Census Day (for example, with the U.S. Armed Forces person or at another location).

Each United States Navy ship not deployed to the 6th or 7th Fleet was attributed to the geographic area that the Department of the Navy designated as its homeport. If the homeport included more than one geographic area, ships berthed there on Census Day were assigned by the Bureau of the Census to the geographic area in which the land immediately adjacent to the dock or pier was actually located. Ships attributed to the homeport, but not physically present and not deployed to the 6th or 7th Fleet, were assigned to the geographic area named on the Department of the Navy's homeport list. These rules also apply to U.S. Coast Guard vessels.

Personnel assigned to each Coast Guard ship were given the opportunity to report a residence off the ship. Those who did report an off-ship residence in the communities surrounding the homeport were counted there; those who did not were counted as residents of the ship.

**Persons on U.S. Maritime Ships**—Persons aboard U.S. maritime ships who reported an off-ship residence were counted at that residence. Those who did not were counted as residents of the ship, and were attributed as follows:

1. The port where the ship was docked on Census Day, if that port was in the Virgin Islands, the United States, Puerto Rico, or the Pacific Outlying Areas.

2. The port of departure if the ship was at sea, provided the port was in the Virgin Islands, the United States, Puerto Rico, or the Pacific Outlying Areas.
3. The port of destination in the Virgin Islands, the United States, Puerto Rico, or the Pacific Outlying Areas, if the port of departure of a ship at sea was a foreign port.
4. The U.S. overseas population if the ship was docked at a foreign port or at sea between foreign ports.

**Persons Away at School**—College students were counted as residents of the area in which they were living while attending college, as they have been since the 1950 census. Children in boarding schools below the college level were counted at their parental home.

**Persons in Institutions**—Persons under formally authorized, supervised care or custody, such as in jails; juvenile institutions; nursing, convalescent, and rest homes for the aged and dependent; or homes, schools, hospitals, or wards for the physically handicapped, mentally retarded, or mentally ill, were counted at these places.

**Persons Away From Their Usual Residence on Census Day**—In the Virgin Islands, Hurricane Hugo displaced significant numbers of households from their usual place of residence. If these persons reported a destroyed or damaged residence as their usual residence, they were counted at that location rather than the temporary quarters where they were staying.

Persons away from their usual residence were counted by means of interviews with other members of their families, resident managers, or neighbors.

## DATA COLLECTION PROCEDURES

The 1990 census of the Virgin Islands was conducted using modified list/ enumerate procedures (formerly called conventional or door-to-door enumeration).

### Enumeration of Housing Units

Beginning in early May 1990, enumerators visited and listed every housing unit in their assigned areas and conducted a personal interview, asking the questions as worded on the census questionnaire and recording the answers. A single questionnaire contained all questions asked of every person at every housing unit. This questionnaire contained both basic (stateside 100-percent equivalent) and detailed (stateside sample equivalent) population and housing questions. Only housing information was obtained for vacant housing units.

## Field Followup

Followup enumerators visited each address for which questionnaires were missing to obtain a completed questionnaire. If a followup enumerator determined that the unit was vacant on Census Day, regardless of the present occupancy status, the enumerator obtained information about the unit from a neighbor or other knowledgeable source and filled out a questionnaire for that unit, completing specified items in the questionnaire for vacant units.

**Coverage and Edit-Failure Followup**—The enumerators conducted an initial check of the questionnaires for completeness and consistency. The census office staff performed additional coverage and edit checks. Those households for which questionnaires did not meet specific quality standards because of incomplete or inconsistent information were contacted by telephone or by personal visit to obtain the missing information or rectify the inconsistencies.

## Special Enumeration Procedures

Special procedures and questionnaires were used for the enumeration of persons in group quarters, such as college dormitories, nursing homes, prisons, military barracks, and ships. The questionnaires (Individual Census Reports) included the same population questions as the regular census questionnaire but did not include any housing questions.

## PROCESSING PROCEDURES

The Virgin Islands questionnaires were processed in a section of the Census Bureau's Jacksonville, Florida Processing Office, specifically set up for the processing of keyable documents. The information supplied to the enumerator by the respondent was recorded by marking the answers in the appropriate answer boxes and, in some cases, entering a write-in response.

The data processing was performed in several stages. All questionnaires passed through a check-in procedure upon their arrival at the processing office. Selected written entries on the questionnaire were coded clerically. The coded information included written entries for industry and occupation, migration, place of birth, place of work, race, Hispanic origin, ancestry, language, and relationship. After all coding operations were completed, the questionnaires (including Individual Census Reports) were keyed and the resulting file was sent to the Census Bureau headquarters for editing and tabulating operations.



The 1990 census must count every person at his or her "usual residence." This means the place where the person lives and sleeps most of the time.

**Include**

- Everyone who usually lives here such as family members, housemates and roommates, foster children, roomers, boarders, and live-in employees
- Persons who are temporarily away on a business trip, on vacation, or in a general hospital
- College students who stay here while attending college
- Persons in the Armed Forces who live here
- Newborn babies still in the hospital
- Children in boarding schools below the college level
- Persons who stay here most of the week while working even if they have a home somewhere else
- Persons with no other home who are staying here on April 1

**Do NOT include**

- Persons who usually live somewhere else
- Persons who are away in an institution such as a prison, mental hospital, or a nursing home
- College students who live somewhere else while attending college
- Persons in the Armed Forces who live somewhere else
- Persons who stay somewhere else most of the week while working

**1 a. Please give me the name of each person living here on Sunday, April 1, including all persons staying here who have no other home. If EVERYONE is staying here temporarily and usually lives somewhere else, give me the name of each person. Begin with the household member in whose name the home is owned, being bought, or rented. If there is no such person, start with any adult household member. Print last name, first name, and middle initial for each person.**

LAST	FIRST	INITIAL	LAST	FIRST	INITIAL
1			7		
2			8		
3			9		
4			10		
5			11		
6			12		

**1 b. If EVERYONE listed above is staying here only temporarily and usually lives somewhere else, mark (X) this box  and ask — Where do these people usually live?**

**DO NOT PRINT THE ADDRESS LISTED IN ITEM G ON THE FRONT COVER.**

House number \_\_\_\_\_ Street or road/Rural route and box number \_\_\_\_\_ Apartment number \_\_\_\_\_

City \_\_\_\_\_ State/Island \_\_\_\_\_ ZIP Code \_\_\_\_\_

County or foreign country \_\_\_\_\_ Names of nearest intersecting streets or roads \_\_\_\_\_





<p><b>H8.</b> When did (Person listed in column 1 on page 2) move into this (house/apartment)?</p> <p>1 <input type="checkbox"/> 1989 or 1990          2 <input type="checkbox"/> 1985 to 1988          3 <input type="checkbox"/> 1980 to 1984          4 <input type="checkbox"/> 1970 to 1979          5 <input type="checkbox"/> 1960 to 1969          6 <input type="checkbox"/> 1959 or earlier</p>	<p><b>H14.</b> Which FUEL is used MOST for cooking in this (house/apartment)?</p> <p>1 <input type="checkbox"/> Gas: bottled or tank          2 <input type="checkbox"/> Electricity          3 <input type="checkbox"/> Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.          4 <input type="checkbox"/> Wood or charcoal          5 <input type="checkbox"/> Other fuel          6 <input type="checkbox"/> No fuel used</p>	<p><b>H20a.</b> What is the average monthly cost for electricity for this (house/apartment/mobile home/boat)?</p> <p style="text-align: center;">\$ <span style="border: 1px dashed black; padding: 2px 10px;">          </span> .00</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Average monthly cost — Dollars</p> <p style="text-align: center;">OR</p> <p>1 <input type="checkbox"/> Included in rent or in condominium fee          2 <input type="checkbox"/> No charge or electricity not used</p>
<p><b>H9.</b> How many bedrooms do you have; that is, how many bedrooms would you list if this (house/apartment) were on the market for sale or rent?</p> <p>0 <input type="checkbox"/> No bedroom          1 <input type="checkbox"/> 1 bedroom          2 <input type="checkbox"/> 2 bedrooms          3 <input type="checkbox"/> 3 bedrooms          4 <input type="checkbox"/> 4 bedrooms          5 <input type="checkbox"/> 5 or more bedrooms</p>	<p><b>H15a.</b> Do you get water from --</p> <p>1 <input type="checkbox"/> A public system only?          2 <input type="checkbox"/> A public system and cisterns?          3 <input type="checkbox"/> A cistern, tanks, or drums only?          4 <input type="checkbox"/> A public standpipe?          5 <input type="checkbox"/> Some other source such as an individual well or a spring?</p> <p><b>b.</b> Did you purchase any water from a water vendor during the past year?</p> <p>1 <input type="checkbox"/> Yes          2 <input type="checkbox"/> No</p>	<p><b>b.</b> What is the average monthly cost for gas for this (house/apartment/mobile home/boat)?</p> <p style="text-align: center;">\$ <span style="border: 1px dashed black; padding: 2px 10px;">          </span> .00</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Average monthly cost — Dollars</p> <p style="text-align: center;">OR</p> <p>1 <input type="checkbox"/> Included in rent or in condominium fee          2 <input type="checkbox"/> No charge or gas not used</p>
<p><b>H10.</b> Do you have COMPLETE plumbing facilities in this (house/apartment); that is, piped water, a flush toilet, and a bathtub or shower?</p> <p>1 <input type="checkbox"/> Yes, have all three facilities          2 <input type="checkbox"/> No</p>	<p><b>H16.</b> Is this building connected to a public sewer?</p> <p>1 <input type="checkbox"/> Yes, connected to public sewer          2 <input type="checkbox"/> No, connected to septic tank or cesspool          3 <input type="checkbox"/> No, use other means</p>	<p><b>c.</b> What is the average monthly cost for water for this (house/apartment/mobile home/boat)?</p> <p style="text-align: center;">\$ <span style="border: 1px dashed black; padding: 2px 10px;">          </span> .00</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Average monthly cost — Dollars</p> <p style="text-align: center;">OR</p> <p>1 <input type="checkbox"/> Included in rent or in condominium fee          2 <input type="checkbox"/> No charge</p>
<p><b>H11.</b> Do you have COMPLETE kitchen facilities; that is, a sink with piped water, a range or cookstove, and a refrigerator?</p> <p>1 <input type="checkbox"/> Yes          2 <input type="checkbox"/> No</p>	<p><b>H17.</b> About when was this building first built?</p> <p>1 <input type="checkbox"/> 1989 or 1990          2 <input type="checkbox"/> 1985 to 1988          3 <input type="checkbox"/> 1980 to 1984          4 <input type="checkbox"/> 1970 to 1979          5 <input type="checkbox"/> 1960 to 1969          6 <input type="checkbox"/> 1950 to 1959          7 <input type="checkbox"/> 1940 to 1949          8 <input type="checkbox"/> 1939 or earlier          9 <input type="checkbox"/> Don't know</p>	<p><b>d.</b> What is the average monthly cost for oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc. for this (house/apartment/mobile home/boat)?</p> <p style="text-align: center;">\$ <span style="border: 1px dashed black; padding: 2px 10px;">          </span> .00</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Average monthly cost — Dollars</p> <p style="text-align: center;">OR</p> <p>1 <input type="checkbox"/> Included in rent or in condominium fee          2 <input type="checkbox"/> No charge or these fuels not used</p>
<p><b>H12.</b> Do you have a telephone in this (house/apartment)?</p> <p>1 <input type="checkbox"/> Yes          2 <input type="checkbox"/> No</p>	<p><b>H18.</b> Is this (house/apartment) part of a condominium?</p> <p>1 <input type="checkbox"/> Yes          2 <input type="checkbox"/> No</p> <p><i>If respondent reported living in an apartment building or boat, skip to H20.</i></p>	
<p><b>H13.</b> How many automobiles, vans, and trucks of one-ton capacity or less are kept at home for use by members of this household?</p> <p>0 <input type="checkbox"/> None          1 <input type="checkbox"/> 1          2 <input type="checkbox"/> 2          3 <input type="checkbox"/> 3          4 <input type="checkbox"/> 4          5 <input type="checkbox"/> 5          6 <input type="checkbox"/> 6          7 <input type="checkbox"/> 7 or more</p>	<p><b>H19a.</b> Is this house on --</p> <p>1 <input type="checkbox"/> Less than 1 acre?          2 <input type="checkbox"/> 1 to 9 acres?          3 <input type="checkbox"/> 10 or more acres?</p> <p><b>b.</b> In 1989, what were the actual sales of all agricultural products from this property?</p> <p>0 <input type="checkbox"/> None          1 <input type="checkbox"/> \$1 to \$99          2 <input type="checkbox"/> \$100 to \$499          3 <input type="checkbox"/> \$500 to \$999          4 <input type="checkbox"/> \$1,000 to \$2,499          5 <input type="checkbox"/> \$2,500 or more</p>	

**INTERVIEWER INSTRUCTION:**

Ask questions H21 TO H26 if this is a one-family house, a condominium, a mobile home, or a boat that someone in this household OWNS OR IS BUYING; (any of owned categories in H4). Otherwise, go to page 6.

H21. What were the real estate taxes on THIS property last year?

\$ \_\_\_\_\_ .00  
Yearly amount — Dollars

OR

0  None

H22. What was the annual payment for fire, hazard, and flood insurance on THIS property?

\$ \_\_\_\_\_ .00  
Yearly amount — Dollars

OR

0  None

H23a. Is there a mortgage, deed of trust, contract to purchase, or similar debt on THIS property?

- 1  Yes, mortgage, deed of trust, or similar debt
  - 2  Yes, contract to purchase
  - 3  No — Skip to H24a
- } Go to H23b

b. How much is the regular monthly mortgage payment on THIS property? Include payment only on first mortgage or contract to purchase.

\$ \_\_\_\_\_ .00  
Monthly amount — Dollars

OR

0  No regular payment required — Skip to H24a

c. Does the regular monthly mortgage payment include payments for real estate taxes on THIS property?

- 1  Yes, taxes included in payment
- 2  No, taxes paid separately or taxes not required

d. Does the regular monthly mortgage payment include payments for fire, hazard, or flood insurance on THIS property?

- 1  Yes, insurance included in payment
- 2  No, insurance paid separately or no insurance

H24a. Is there a second or junior mortgage or a home equity loan on THIS property?

- 1  Yes
- 2  No — Skip to H25

b. How much is the regular monthly payment on all second or junior mortgages and all home equity loans?

\$ \_\_\_\_\_ .00  
Monthly amount — Dollars

OR

0  No regular payment required

Ask ONLY if this is a CONDOMINIUM —  
H25. What is the monthly condominium fee?

\$ \_\_\_\_\_ .00  
Monthly amount — Dollars

Ask ONLY if this is a MOBILE HOME or a BOAT —  
H26. What was the total cost for personal property taxes, site rent, marina fee, registration fees, and license fees on this (mobile home/boat) and its (site/slip) last year? Exclude real estate taxes.

\$ \_\_\_\_\_ .00  
Yearly amount — Dollars

Please turn to page 6 and ask questions for person 1 listed on page 2.

PERSON 1																														
Last name	First name	Middle initial																												
<p>8. Where was ... born?</p> <p><i>Print the name of the island in the U.S. Virgin Islands, or the name of the U.S. State, commonwealth, territory, or foreign country in the space below.</i></p> <div style="border: 1px dashed black; width: 150px; height: 20px; display: inline-block;"></div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px; display: inline-block; margin-left: 10px;"></div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px; display: inline-block; margin-left: 10px;"></div>			<p>14a. <i>If the person was born after April 1, 1985, mark (X) that box without asking 14a, and go to next person.</i></p> <p>Did ... live in this house or apartment 5 years ago (on April 1, 1985)?</p> <p>1 <input type="checkbox"/> Born after April 1, 1985 — Go to questions for the next person</p> <p>2 <input type="checkbox"/> Yes — Skip to 15a</p> <p>3 <input type="checkbox"/> No</p>	<p>18. Does ... have a physical, mental, or other health condition that has lasted for 6 or more months and which —</p> <p>a. Limits the kind or amount of work ... can do at a job?</p> <p>1 <input type="checkbox"/> Yes      2 <input type="checkbox"/> No</p> <p>b. Prevents ... from working at a job?</p> <p>1 <input type="checkbox"/> Yes      2 <input type="checkbox"/> No</p>																										
<p>9. <i>If the answer to question 8 appears in one of the first two "Yes" categories listed below, mark (X) the appropriate "Yes" category. Otherwise, ask —</i></p> <p>Is ... a CITIZEN of the United States? That is, does ... have at least one American parent or is ... a citizen by naturalization?</p> <p>1 <input type="checkbox"/> Yes, born in the U.S. Virgin Islands — Skip to 11</p> <p>2 <input type="checkbox"/> Yes, born in the United States, Puerto Rico, Guam, or Northern Marianas</p> <p>3 <input type="checkbox"/> Yes, born abroad of American parent or parents</p> <p>4 <input type="checkbox"/> Yes, U.S. citizen by naturalization</p> <p>5 <input type="checkbox"/> No, not a citizen of the United States</p>			<p>b. Where did ... live 5 years ago?</p> <p><i>Print the name of the island in the U.S. Virgin Islands, or the name of the U.S. State, commonwealth, territory, or foreign country in the space below.</i></p> <div style="border: 1px dashed black; width: 150px; height: 20px; display: inline-block;"></div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px; display: inline-block; margin-left: 10px;"></div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px; display: inline-block; margin-left: 10px;"></div>	<p>19. Because of a health condition that has lasted for 6 or more months, does ... have any difficulty —</p> <p>a. Going outside the home alone, for example, to shop or visit a doctor's office?</p> <p>1 <input type="checkbox"/> Yes      2 <input type="checkbox"/> No</p> <p>b. Taking care of his or her own personal needs, such as bathing, dressing, or getting around inside the home?</p> <p>1 <input type="checkbox"/> Yes      2 <input type="checkbox"/> No</p>																										
<p>10. When did ... come to the U.S. Virgin Islands to stay? <i>If entered country more than once, ask — What is the latest year?</i></p> <table style="width:100%; border: none;"> <tr> <td style="width: 50%;">0 <input type="checkbox"/> 1989 or 1990</td> <td style="width: 50%;">5 <input type="checkbox"/> 1970 to 1974</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1 <input type="checkbox"/> 1985 to 1988</td> <td>6 <input type="checkbox"/> 1965 to 1969</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2 <input type="checkbox"/> 1982 to 1984</td> <td>7 <input type="checkbox"/> 1960 to 1964</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3 <input type="checkbox"/> 1980 or 1981</td> <td>8 <input type="checkbox"/> 1950 to 1959</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4 <input type="checkbox"/> 1975 to 1979</td> <td>9 <input type="checkbox"/> Before 1950</td> </tr> </table>			0 <input type="checkbox"/> 1989 or 1990	5 <input type="checkbox"/> 1970 to 1974	1 <input type="checkbox"/> 1985 to 1988	6 <input type="checkbox"/> 1965 to 1969	2 <input type="checkbox"/> 1982 to 1984	7 <input type="checkbox"/> 1960 to 1964	3 <input type="checkbox"/> 1980 or 1981	8 <input type="checkbox"/> 1950 to 1959	4 <input type="checkbox"/> 1975 to 1979	9 <input type="checkbox"/> Before 1950	<p>15a. Does ... speak a language other than English at home?</p> <p>1 <input type="checkbox"/> Yes</p> <p>2 <input type="checkbox"/> No — Skip to 16</p>	<p>20. <i>If this person is female, ask —</i></p> <p>How many babies has ... ever had, not counting stillbirths? Do not count stepchildren or children ... has adopted.</p> <table style="width:100%; border: none;"> <tr> <td>0 <input type="checkbox"/> None</td> <td>1 <input type="checkbox"/> 1</td> <td>5 <input type="checkbox"/> 5</td> <td>9 <input type="checkbox"/> 9</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>2 <input type="checkbox"/> 2</td> <td>6 <input type="checkbox"/> 6</td> <td>10 <input type="checkbox"/> 10</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>3 <input type="checkbox"/> 3</td> <td>7 <input type="checkbox"/> 7</td> <td>11 <input type="checkbox"/> 11</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>4 <input type="checkbox"/> 4</td> <td>8 <input type="checkbox"/> 8</td> <td>12 <input type="checkbox"/> 12 or more</td> </tr> </table>	0 <input type="checkbox"/> None	1 <input type="checkbox"/> 1	5 <input type="checkbox"/> 5	9 <input type="checkbox"/> 9		2 <input type="checkbox"/> 2	6 <input type="checkbox"/> 6	10 <input type="checkbox"/> 10		3 <input type="checkbox"/> 3	7 <input type="checkbox"/> 7	11 <input type="checkbox"/> 11		4 <input type="checkbox"/> 4	8 <input type="checkbox"/> 8	12 <input type="checkbox"/> 12 or more
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<p>11. At any time since February 1, 1990, has ... attended regular school or college? <i>Include only nursery school, kindergartens, elementary school, and schooling which leads to a high school diploma or a college degree.</i></p> <p><i>If "Yes," ask — Public or private?</i></p> <p>1 <input type="checkbox"/> No, has not attended since February 1</p> <p>2 <input type="checkbox"/> Yes, public school, public college</p> <p>3 <input type="checkbox"/> Yes, private school, private college</p>			<p>b. What is this language?</p> <div style="border: 1px dashed black; width: 150px; height: 20px; display: inline-block;"></div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px; display: inline-block; margin-left: 10px;"></div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px; display: inline-block; margin-left: 10px;"></div> <p>For example: French, Spanish, Chinese, Italian</p>	<p>21a. Did ... work at any time LAST WEEK, either full time or part time? <i>Work includes part-time work such as delivering papers, or helping without pay in a family business or farm; it also includes active duty in the Armed Forces. Work does NOT include own housework, school work, or volunteer work.</i></p> <p>1 <input type="checkbox"/> Yes      2 <input type="checkbox"/> No — Skip to 25</p>																										
<p>12. How much school has ... COMPLETED? <i>Read categories if person is unsure. Mark (X) ONE box for the highest level COMPLETED or degree RECEIVED. If currently enrolled, mark the level of previous grade attended or highest degree received.</i></p> <p>31 <input type="checkbox"/> No school completed</p> <p>32 <input type="checkbox"/> Nursery school</p> <p>33 <input type="checkbox"/> Kindergarten</p> <p>34 <input type="checkbox"/> 1st, 2nd, 3rd, or 4th grade</p> <p>35 <input type="checkbox"/> 5th, 6th, 7th, or 8th grade</p> <p>36 <input type="checkbox"/> 9th grade</p> <p>37 <input type="checkbox"/> 10th grade</p> <p>38 <input type="checkbox"/> 11th grade</p> <p>39 <input type="checkbox"/> 12th grade, NO DIPLOMA</p> <p>40 <input type="checkbox"/> HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATE - high school DIPLOMA or the equivalent (For example: GED)</p> <p>41 <input type="checkbox"/> Some college but no degree</p> <p>42 <input type="checkbox"/> Associate degree in college - Occupational program</p> <p>43 <input type="checkbox"/> Associate degree in college - Academic program</p> <p>44 <input type="checkbox"/> Bachelor's degree (For example: BA, AB, BS)</p> <p>45 <input type="checkbox"/> Master's degree (For example: MA, MS, MEng, MEd, MSW, MBA)</p> <p>46 <input type="checkbox"/> Professional school degree (For example: MD, DDS, DVM, LLB, JD)</p> <p>47 <input type="checkbox"/> Doctorate degree (For example: PhD, EdD)</p>			<p>16. INTERVIEWER CHECK ITEM — Mark (X) ONE box based on question 5.</p> <p>1 <input type="checkbox"/> Born before April 1, 1975 — Go to 17a</p> <p>2 <input type="checkbox"/> Born April 1, 1975 or later — Go to questions for the next person</p>	<p>b. How many hours did ... work LAST WEEK at all jobs? <i>Subtract any time off and add any overtime or extra hours worked.</i></p> <div style="border: 1px dashed black; width: 50px; height: 20px; display: inline-block;"></div> Hours																										
<p>13. What is ... 's ancestry or ethnic origin? <i>Ancestry means ethnic origin or descent, "roots," or heritage. For example: Crucian, St. Johnian, St. Thomas, Dane, British Virgin Islander, Nigerian, Angolan, Nevisian, Antiguan, British, Barbadian, French, Puerto Rican, Haitian, Kittitian, Asian Indian, Lebanese, Polish, Canadian, German, etc.</i></p> <div style="border: 1px dashed black; width: 150px; height: 20px; display: inline-block;"></div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px; display: inline-block; margin-left: 10px;"></div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px; display: inline-block; margin-left: 10px;"></div>			<p>17a. Has ... ever been on active-duty military service in the Armed Forces of the United States or ever been in the United States military Reserves or the National Guard? <i>"Active duty" does NOT include training for the military Reserves or National Guard.</i></p> <p>1 <input type="checkbox"/> Yes, now on active duty</p> <p>2 <input type="checkbox"/> Yes, on active duty in past, but not now</p> <p>3 <input type="checkbox"/> Yes, service in Reserves or National Guard only — Skip to 18</p> <p>4 <input type="checkbox"/> No — Skip to 18</p>	<p>22a. Where did ... usually work LAST WEEK? <i>If ... worked at more than one location, ask — Where did ... work most last week?</i></p> <p>1 <input type="checkbox"/> In U.S. State, Puerto Rico, or foreign country — Skip to 22e</p> <p>2 <input type="checkbox"/> In U.S. Virgin Islands — Continue with 22b</p>																										
<p>14b. <i>If the answer to question 14a is "Yes," ask —</i></p> <p>Where did ... live 5 years ago? <i>Print the name of the island in the U.S. Virgin Islands, or the name of the U.S. State, commonwealth, territory, or foreign country in the space below.</i></p> <div style="border: 1px dashed black; width: 150px; height: 20px; display: inline-block;"></div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px; display: inline-block; margin-left: 10px;"></div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px; display: inline-block; margin-left: 10px;"></div>			<p>c. How well does ... speak English — very well, well, not well, or not at all?</p> <p>1 <input type="checkbox"/> Very well      3 <input type="checkbox"/> Not well</p> <p>2 <input type="checkbox"/> Well      4 <input type="checkbox"/> Not at all</p>	<p>b. What is the name of the island where ... worked?</p> <div style="border: 1px dashed black; width: 150px; height: 20px; display: inline-block;"></div>																										
<p>14c. <i>If the answer to question 14a is "Yes," ask —</i></p> <p>Where did ... live 5 years ago? <i>Print the name of the island in the U.S. Virgin Islands, or the name of the U.S. State, commonwealth, territory, or foreign country in the space below.</i></p> <div style="border: 1px dashed black; width: 150px; height: 20px; display: inline-block;"></div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px; display: inline-block; margin-left: 10px;"></div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px; display: inline-block; margin-left: 10px;"></div>			<p>c. In total, how many years of active-duty military service has ... had?</p> <div style="border: 1px dashed black; width: 50px; height: 20px; display: inline-block;"></div> Years	<p>c. What is the street address where ... worked? <i>If the exact address is not known, ask for a description of the location such as the building name or shopping center.</i></p> <div style="border: 1px dashed black; width: 150px; height: 20px; display: inline-block;"></div>																										
<p>14d. <i>If the answer to question 14a is "Yes," ask —</i></p> <p>Where did ... live 5 years ago? <i>Print the name of the island in the U.S. Virgin Islands, or the name of the U.S. State, commonwealth, territory, or foreign country in the space below.</i></p> <div style="border: 1px dashed black; width: 150px; height: 20px; display: inline-block;"></div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px; display: inline-block; margin-left: 10px;"></div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px; display: inline-block; margin-left: 10px;"></div>			<p>d. Did ... serve on active duty during — <i>Read each category and mark (X) each box for which the answer is "Yes."</i></p> <p>1 <input type="checkbox"/> September 1980 or later</p> <p>2 <input type="checkbox"/> May 1975 to August 1980</p> <p>3 <input type="checkbox"/> Vietnam era (August 1964—April 1975)</p> <p>4 <input type="checkbox"/> February 1955—July 1964</p> <p>5 <input type="checkbox"/> Korean conflict (June 1950—January 1955)</p> <p>6 <input type="checkbox"/> World War II (September 1940—July 1947)</p> <p>7 <input type="checkbox"/> World War I (April 1917—November 1918)</p> <p>8 <input type="checkbox"/> Any other time</p>	<p>d. What is the name of the town or area of the island where ... worked?</p> <div style="border: 1px dashed black; width: 150px; height: 20px; display: inline-block;"></div> <p style="text-align: right;">Skip to 23a</p>																										
<p>14e. <i>If the answer to question 14a is "Yes," ask —</i></p> <p>Where did ... live 5 years ago? <i>Print the name of the island in the U.S. Virgin Islands, or the name of the U.S. State, commonwealth, territory, or foreign country in the space below.</i></p> <div style="border: 1px dashed black; width: 150px; height: 20px; display: inline-block;"></div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px; display: inline-block; margin-left: 10px;"></div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px; display: inline-block; margin-left: 10px;"></div>			<p>e. What is the name of the U.S. State, commonwealth, territory, or foreign country where ... worked?</p> <div style="border: 1px dashed black; width: 150px; height: 20px; display: inline-block;"></div>	<p>e. What is the name of the U.S. State, commonwealth, territory, or foreign country where ... worked?</p> <div style="border: 1px dashed black; width: 150px; height: 20px; display: inline-block;"></div>																										

**23a. What type of transportation did . . . usually use to get to work LAST WEEK? If more than one method of transportation usually was used during the trip, mark (X) the box of the one used for most of the distance.**

1  Car, truck, or van  
 2  Bus  
 3  Taxicab  
 4  Motorcycle  
 5  Safari or taxi bus  
 6  Ferryboat or water taxi  
 7  Walked  
 8  Worked at home — Skip to 28  
 9  Other method

Ask only if "car, truck, or van" is marked in 23a.

**b. How many people, including . . . , usually rode to work together LAST WEEK?**

- 1  Drove alone  
 2  2 people  
 3  3 people  
 4  4 people  
 5  5 people  
 6  6 people  
 7  7 to 9 people  
 8  10 or more people

**24a. What time did . . . usually leave home to go to work LAST WEEK? "Usually" means on most days last week.**

1  a.m.  
 2  p.m.

**b. How many minutes did it usually take . . . to get from home to work LAST WEEK?**

Minutes — Skip to 28

**25. Was . . . on layoff from a job or business LAST WEEK? If "No," ask — Was . . . temporarily absent or on vacation from a job or business last week?**

1  Yes, on layoff  
 2  Yes, on vacation, temporary illness, labor dispute, etc.  
 3  No

**26a. Has . . . been looking for work during the last 4 weeks?**

1  Yes  
 2  No — Skip to 27

**b. Could . . . have taken a job LAST WEEK if one had been offered? If "No," ask — For what reason?**

1  No, already has a job  
 2  No, temporarily ill  
 3  No, other reasons (in school, etc.)  
 4  Yes, could have taken a job

**27. When did . . . last work, even for a few days?**

1  1990  
 2  1989  
 3  1988  
 4  1985 to 1987

5  1980 to 1984  
 6  1979 or earlier  
 7  Never worked

Go to 28  
 Skip to 32

**28-30. The following questions ask about the job worked last week. If . . . had more than one job, describe the one . . . worked the most hours. If . . . didn't work, the questions refer to the most recent job or business since 1985.**

**28a. For whom did . . . work?**  
 If now on active duty in the Armed Forces, mark (X) this box  and print the branch of the Armed Forces.  
 If not the Armed Forces, print the name of company, business, or other employer.

\_\_\_\_\_

**b. What kind of business or industry was this? Describe the activity at location where employed.**

\_\_\_\_\_

For example: hospital, newspaper publishing, department store, shirt manufacturer, retail bakery.

**c. Is this mainly manufacturing, wholesale trade, retail trade, or something else?**

1  Manufacturing  
 2  Wholesale trade  
 3  Retail trade  
 4  Other (agriculture, construction, service, government, etc.)

**29a. What kind of work was . . . doing?**

\_\_\_\_\_

For example: registered nurse, personnel manager, supervisor of order department, sewing machine operator, cake baker.

**b. What were . . . 's most important activities or duties?**

\_\_\_\_\_

For example: patient care, directing hiring policies, supervising order clerks, sewing shirts, icing cakes.

**30. Was . . . — Read list. Mark (X) ONE box.**

1  Employee of a PRIVATE FOR PROFIT company or business or of an individual, for wages, salary, or commissions  
 2  Employee of a PRIVATE NOT-FOR-PROFIT, tax-exempt, or charitable organization  
 3  Local GOVERNMENT employee (territorial, etc.)  
 4  Federal GOVERNMENT employee  
 5  SELF-EMPLOYED in own NOT INCORPORATED business, professional practice, or farm  
 6  SELF-EMPLOYED in own INCORPORATED business, professional practice, or farm  
 7  Working WITHOUT PAY in family business or farm

**31a. Last year (1989), did . . . work, even for a few days, at a paid job or in a business or farm?**

1  Yes  
 2  No — Skip to 32

**b. How many weeks did . . . work in 1989? Count paid vacation, paid sick leave, and military service.**

\_\_\_\_\_ Weeks

**c. During the weeks WORKED in 1989, how many hours did . . . usually work each week?**

\_\_\_\_\_ Hours

**32. The following questions are about income received during 1989. If an exact amount is not known, accept a best estimate. If net income in b, c, d, or question 33 was a loss, write "Loss" above the dollar amount.**

**a. Did . . . earn income from wages, salary, commissions, bonuses, or tips? Report amount before deductions for taxes, bonds, dues, or other items.**

1  Yes — How much from all jobs? → \$ \_\_\_\_\_ .00  
 2  No  
 Annual amount — Dollars

**b. Did . . . earn any income from (his/her) own nonfarm business, proprietorship, or partnership? Report net income after business expenses.**

1  Yes — How much? → \$ \_\_\_\_\_ .00  
 2  No  
 Annual amount — Dollars

**c. Did . . . earn any income from (his/her) own farm business? Include earnings as a tenant farmer or sharecropper. Report net income after operating expenses.**

1  Yes — How much? → \$ \_\_\_\_\_ .00  
 2  No  
 Annual amount — Dollars

**d. Did . . . receive any interest, dividends, net rental or royalty income, or income from estates and trusts? Include even small amounts credited to an account.**

1  Yes — How much? → \$ \_\_\_\_\_ .00  
 2  No  
 Annual amount — Dollars

**e. Did . . . receive any Social Security or Railroad Retirement payments? Include payments to retired workers, dependents, and to disabled workers.**

1  Yes — How much? → \$ \_\_\_\_\_ .00  
 2  No  
 Annual amount — Dollars

**f. Did . . . receive any income from government programs for Supplemental Security Income (SSI), Aid to Families with Dependent Children (AFDC), or other public assistance or public welfare payments?**

1  Yes — How much? → \$ \_\_\_\_\_ .00  
 2  No  
 Annual amount — Dollars

**g. Did . . . receive any income from retirement, survivor, or disability pensions? Include payments from companies, unions, Federal, State, and local governments, and the U.S. military. Do NOT include Social Security.**

1  Yes — How much? → \$ \_\_\_\_\_ .00  
 2  No  
 Annual amount — Dollars

**h. Did . . . receive any income from Veterans' (VA) payments, unemployment compensation, child support or alimony, or any other regular source of income? Do NOT include lump-sum payments such as money from an inheritance or the sale of a home.**

1  Yes — How much? → \$ \_\_\_\_\_ .00  
 2  No  
 Annual amount — Dollars

**33. Do not ask this question if 32a through 32h are complete. Instead, sum these entries and enter the amount below. What was . . . 's total income in 1989?**

0  None OR \$ \_\_\_\_\_ .00  
 Annual amount — Dollars

Please turn to the next page and ask the questions for Person 2 on page 2. If this is the last person listed in question 1a on page 1, go to the back of the form.

## INTERVIEWER INSTRUCTIONS:

Before you leave this housing unit, be sure **you** have recorded —

1. Information in items A1, A3, A4 and B through E, F1 (when necessary), G and H on the front cover of the questionnaire.
2. The respondent's name in item I and the respondent's telephone number (if any) in item J on the front cover of the questionnaire.
3. **Your** signature (name) and the date under item O on the front cover of the questionnaire.

Also, be sure you have —

4. Completed as many of the census questions as possible, including the last resort questions.
5. Completed the FOR ENUMERATOR USE section on page 3, for vacant units only.
6. Entered the required information on the address listing page on the address register **and** on the map(s).

# APPENDIX F.

## Data Products and User Assistance

### CONTENTS

<b>Data Products</b> .....	F-1
<b>Geographic Products</b> .....	F-2
<b>Other Census Bureau Resources</b> .....	F-5
<b>Reference Materials</b> .....	F-3
<b>Sources of Assistance</b> .....	F-4

The 1990 census data products for the Virgin Islands of the United States (Virgin Islands) are being released during 1991-93 and are available in a variety of new and traditional media. The Census Bureau increased the product options available to data users to meet a variety of requirements and maximize the usefulness of the data. For example, flexible diskettes for microcomputers are a new data delivery medium for the Virgin Islands.

The Census Bureau also expanded services and sources of assistance available to data users. For example, the data center program has over 1,400 organizations (including several in the Virgin Islands) to provide data and services to the public.

This appendix provides a detailed introduction to the 1990 census data products and related materials, such as maps and reference publications. It concludes by describing sources of assistance and other Census Bureau data available to the public.

### DATA PRODUCTS

Printed reports and computer tape files traditionally are the most widely used products. The Census Bureau also offers some data on microfiche and flexible diskettes. These various products are described in this section. For information about prices and how to order, write or call Customer Services. (See the "Sources of Assistance" section for the address and phone number.)

The data products present statistics about the subjects covered in the 1990 census questionnaires for the Virgin Islands. These subjects are listed in figure 1, page F-6.

#### Printed Reports

Printed reports are the most convenient and readily available source of data for most census users. The Census Bureau releases the reports for the Virgin Islands in several series (see figure 2, page F-7) that are grouped under three broad titles: *1990 Census of Population and Housing* (1990 CPH), *1990 Census of Population* (1990 CP), and *1990 Census of Housing*

(1990 CH). In addition, there are reports, not reflected in figure 2, for the United States, Puerto Rico, and the Pacific Outlying Areas (American Samoa, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, Guam, and the Republic of Palau). The reports are sold by the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office. (See the "Sources of Assistance" section for the address and phone number.)

The geographic coverage of the Virgin Islands reports is listed in figure 2. Report series that present data for small areas, such as block numbering areas, contain limited subject-matter detail (for example, counts of people by age ranges—under 5 years, 5 to 9 years, etc.—rather than by single years). Report series that include greater amounts of subject-matter detail include less geographic detail.

#### Computer Tape Files

The Census Bureau provides more data on tape and other machine-readable products than in printed reports. These products are sold by the Census Bureau's Customer Services. There are several general types of data files released on computer tape (available on both reels and cartridges). They are introduced below, and more information is presented in figures 3 and 4, page F-8.

**Summary Tape Files (STF's)**—These computer tape files provide statistics with greater subject-matter detail than printed reports. They also present statistics for some types of areas, such as block groups and blocks, that are not included in the reports. (See figure 3.)

Here are some important features of STF's for the Virgin Islands:

- Each STF presents a particular set of data tables for specific types of geographic areas.
- An STF may have two file types (indicated by a letter suffix attached to the STF number) that differ in the geographic levels reported, but contain the same data detail.
- STF 1 contains population and housing counts and basic or stateside 100-percent equivalent population (age, race, sex, marital status, relationship, Hispanic origin) and housing (tenure and vacancy data) characteristics. There are two files:

File A contains data for the Virgin Islands and its component areas in a geographic hierarchy of island/ census subdistrict/ place/ BNA/ block group.

File B contains data for the Virgin Islands and its component areas in a geographic hierarchy of island/census subdistrict/place/BNA/block group/block.

- STF 2 contains more detailed data on the basic population and housing characteristics than those shown in STF 1. The file provides data for the Virgin Islands in a geographic hierarchy of island/island subdivision/place/block numbering area (BNA). It also presents BNA summaries for split BNA's. The file includes records for the total population and iterations for race and Hispanic origin.
- STF 3 contains demographic, social, economic, and housing characteristics. The file provides data for the Virgin Islands and its component areas in a geographic hierarchy of island/census subdistrict/place/BNA/block group.
- STF 4 contains more detailed distributions of the population and housing characteristics than those shown in STF 3. This file includes records for the total population and iterations for race and Hispanic origin. It will provide data for BNA's in the Virgin Islands in a geographic hierarchy of island/island subdivision/place/BNA. It also presents BNA summaries for split BNA's.

**Public Use Microdata Sample (PUMS) File**—This computer tape file (see figure 4) contains data from samples of housing-unit records ("microdata"). Each sample housing-unit record includes essentially all the 1990 census data collected about each person in a sample household and the characteristics of the housing unit. Information that could be used to identify an individual or a housing unit is not included in the file.

The microdata file enables users to prepare customized tabulations and cross-tabulations of most items on the census questionnaire. There is one PUMS file for the Virgin Islands. It presents a 5-percent sample of housing units.

### Flexible Diskettes

STF's and the PUMS file for the Virgin Islands also will be offered on flexible diskettes ("floppies") for IBM and compatible microcomputers using the PC DOS 1.1 or higher operating systems.

### Microfiche

Block statistics are available on microfiche that present, in table format, a subset of the tabulations for census blocks found in STF 1B (see figure 3). In the 1990 census, for the first time, the Census Bureau block-numbered the entire Virgin Islands. This greatly increases the number of small areas for which the Census Bureau provides 1990 census data for the Virgin Islands.

STF's 1A and 3 are available on microfiche as well. As noted in figure 3, they provide data for a variety of geographic areas. Also, printed reports are available on microfiche from Customer Services soon after they are published.

### Online Information Systems

The Census Bureau began CENDATA™, its online information service, in 1984. CENDATA™ is accessible through two information vendors, CompuServe and DIALOG. A number of Census Bureau reports, in whole or in part, are offered online. For the 1990 census, CENDATA™ provides up-to-date information about the availability of data products and carries selections of data from STF's 1 and 3.

### Custom Data Products

These products are for users who require unique tabulations that are not included in standard products; for example, information for locally defined geographic areas. Users also can order special microdata files.

The cost of preparing custom products must be paid by the users who request them. Any data that the Census Bureau provides in these products are subject to the same standards applied to other data to ensure that confidential individual information is not revealed.

### User-Defined Areas Program (UDAP) Tabulations

UDAP can provide data for locally defined areas that do not correspond to standard 1990 census geographic areas. Users identify the geographic areas of interest to them by delineating boundaries around groupings of census blocks on 1990 census County Block Maps or by electronically submitting the geographic components of their area of interest. (A contact for more information is given in the "Sources of Assistance" section.)

**Special Tabulations**—The Census Bureau can prepare special data tabulations for any specific geographic or subject-matter area. Users should rely on standard reports, tapes, microfiche, diskettes, or user-defined area tabulations whenever possible, since special tabulations tend to be substantially more expensive and take time to arrange and produce. (Contacts for more information are given in the "Sources of Assistance" section.)

## GEOGRAPHIC PRODUCTS

### Maps

Census Bureau maps are necessary for virtually all uses of small-area 1990 census data. They are needed to locate the specific geographic areas for which the

census provides data and to study the spatial relationship of the data for analytic purposes. The Census Bureau prepares a variety of 1990 census maps for the Virgin Islands. Among the most useful are these three series:

**County Block Maps (1990)**—These maps show census blocks and their numbers; boundaries for statistical and legally defined entities, such as census subdistricts, places, and block numbering areas; and physical features. The maps are prepared on electrostatic plotters by island (the Virgin Islands' equivalent of a county for reporting statistics), with one or more map sheets each, depending on the size and shape of the area and the density of the block pattern. Data users may purchase these maps from Customer Services.

**County Subdivision Outline Map**—This map of the Virgin Islands shows the islands (the equivalent of counties for reporting statistics) and the names and boundaries of the census subdistricts and places. Electrostatic-plotter copies are available for purchase from Customer Services. The map, in page size, also appears in the following Virgin Islands census reports: 1990 CPH-1-55, 1990 CPH-2-55, 1990 CPH-5-55, 1990 CP-1-55, 1990 CP-2-55, 1990 CH-1-55, and 1990 CH-2-55.

**Census Tract/Block Numbering Area (BNA) Outline Maps**—Maps in this island-based series depict BNA boundaries and numbers (there are no census tracts in the Virgin Islands), the features underlying these boundaries, and the names and boundaries of the census subdistricts and places. Customer Services sells electrostatic-plotter copies, and the Superintendent of Documents sells printed copies.

### Geographic Publications

The *Geographic Identification Code Scheme* report in the 1990 CPH-R series shows the 1990 census geographic area codes and Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) codes, as appropriate, for the Virgin Islands and its islands, island subdivisions, and places, as well as for States, Puerto Rico, the Pacific Outlying Areas, and other entities, along with some descriptive information about the codes. The code scheme also is offered on computer tape.

### Machine-Readable Geographic Files

All 1990 census summary tape files include 1990 census geographic area codes, FIPS codes, certain area names, land and total water area in square kilometers, geographic coordinates for an internal point for each entity, and other geographic information.

The Census Bureau developed an automated geographic data base, known as the TIGER (Topologically Integrated Geographic Encoding and Referencing) System, to produce the geographic products for the 1990

census. TIGER provides coordinate-based digital map information for the Virgin Islands, the entire United States, Puerto Rico, and the Pacific Outlying Areas.

The TIGER System has significantly improved the utility of 1990 census maps and geographic reference products. Extract files generated from the TIGER System permit users, with appropriate software, to perform such tasks as linking the statistical data in the STF's and displaying selected characteristics on maps or a video display screen at different scales and with whatever boundaries they select for any geographic area included in TIGER. For example, a map for a particular island could show the distribution of the population selected by age groups by block.

The first extract of selected geographic and cartographic information intended for computer applications, such as plotting maps and building geographic information systems, is called the TIGER/Line™ files. TIGER/Line™ files contain attributes for the segments of each boundary and feature (for example, roads and rivers), including 1990 census geographic codes for adjacent areas, latitude/longitude coordinates of segment end points and the curvature of segments, the name and type of the feature, and the relevant census feature class code identifying the feature segment by category. TIGER/Line™ files also provide the names of landmarks, such as lakes and cemeteries, and include other information.

TIGER/Line™ files and other TIGER System extracts, such as TIGER/Boundary™ and TIGER/SDTS™ (Spatial Data Transfer Standard), are released on computer tape and, in some cases, CD-ROM. For information on TIGER extract files, contact Customer Services.

### REFERENCE MATERIALS

The Census Bureau issues several reference publications for data users. Some are sold by the Superintendent of Documents; others are distributed free by Customer Services. Addresses and phone numbers for the Superintendent of Documents and Customer Services are given in the following section.

- *1990 Census of Population and Housing Tabulation and Publication Program for the Virgin Islands of the United States.* A free report describing 1990 census products for the Virgin Islands, comparing 1990 products with those of the 1980 census, and more. Request from Customer Services.
- *1990 Census of Population and Housing Tabulation and Publication Program.* A free report describing 1990 census products for the States, comparing 1990 products with those of the 1980 census, and more. Request from Customer Services.
- *Census ABC's—Applications in Business and Community.* A free booklet that highlights key information about the 1990 census and illustrates a variety of ways the data can be used. Request from Customer Services.

- **TIGER: The Coast-to-Coast Digital Map Data Base.** A free booklet describing the structure and uses of the Census Bureau's TIGER System. Request from Customer Services.
- **Census and You.** The Census Bureau's monthly newsletter for data users. It reports on the latest 1990 census developments, selected new publications and computer tape files, other censuses and surveys, developments in services to users, and upcoming conferences and training courses. Subscriptions are sold by the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office.
- **Monthly Product Announcement.** A free monthly listing of all new Census Bureau publications; microfiche; maps; data files on tape, diskettes, or CD-ROM; and technical documentation. To subscribe, contact Customer Services.
- **Census Catalog and Guide.** A comprehensive annual description of data products, statistical programs, and services of the Census Bureau. It provides abstracts of the publications, data files, microfiche, maps, and items online. In addition, the Catalog/Guide offers such features as information about censuses and surveys and telephone contact lists of data specialists at the Census Bureau, the State Data Centers, and other data processing service centers. It is sold by the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office.

Users also can get listings of new Census Bureau products, updated daily, by subscribing to the *Daily List*. This information and selected statistics are available online through CENDATA™, the Census Bureau's online information service. For more information, contact Customer Services.

## SOURCES OF ASSISTANCE

### U.S. Bureau of the Census

The Census Bureau's Customer Services sells most of the machine-readable data products, microfiche, and maps described earlier. (The 1990 census printed reports are sold by the Superintendent of Documents, as noted below.) Also, users may consult with specialists at the Census Bureau's Washington headquarters and the New York Regional Office, which serves the Virgin Islands. From time to time, the specialists also conduct workshops, seminars, and training courses.

**Washington, DC Contacts**—To order products, for a telephone contacts list of Census Bureau specialists, and for general information: Customer Services, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233, telephone 301-763-4100 (FAX number, 301-763-4794).

For User-Defined Areas Program (UDAP) information: UDAP Staff, Decennial Planning Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233, telephone 301-763-4282.

For special tabulation information: Population—Rosemarie Cowan, Population Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233, telephone 301-763-5476; Housing—William Downs, Housing and Household Economic Statistics Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233, telephone 301-763-8553.

### Regional Office Contact—

New York, NY 212-264-4730

### Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office

The Superintendent of Documents handles the sale of most of the Federal Government's publications, including 1990 census reports. To order reports and for information: Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 20402, telephone 202-783-3238.

### Other Sources of Products and Services

**State Data Center**—The Census Bureau furnishes data products, training in data access and use, technical assistance, and consultation to the Virgin Islands, all States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and Guam. Data centers, in turn, offer publications for reference, printouts from computer tape, specially prepared reports, maps, and other products and assistance to data users. The lead agency of the Virgin Islands data center program is the Caribbean Research Institute, University of the Virgin Islands, Charlotte Amalie, St. Thomas, VI 00802, telephone 809-776-9200, ext. 1238. For a list of all State Data Centers, see the *Census Catalog and Guide* or contact Customer Services.

**National Clearinghouse**—The National Clearinghouse for Census Data Services is a listing of private companies and other organizations that offer assistance in obtaining and using data released by the Census Bureau. For a list of participants in the National Clearinghouse, see the *Census Catalog and Guide* or contact Customer Services.

**Depository Libraries**—There are 1,400 libraries in the United States, Virgin Islands, and other areas that receive (from the Government Printing Office) Federal publications that they think their patrons will need. Often some of these publications are Census Bureau reports. The Census Bureau provides free reports to an additional 120 census depository libraries. Also, many libraries purchase census reports and maps for their areas. The *Census Catalog and Guide* includes a list of all depository libraries.

## OTHER CENSUS BUREAU RESOURCES

The Census Bureau has more to offer than just the results of the census of population and housing for the Virgin Islands, the United States, Puerto Rico, and the Pacific Outlying Areas. Through other censuses, surveys, and estimates programs, it compiles and issues (in reports, computer tape, and other media) data for the United States and sometimes the Virgin Islands, Puerto Rico, and the Pacific Outlying Areas on subjects as diverse as appliance sales, neighborhood conditions, and exports to other countries. Here are examples of the information published about—

- **People:** Age, race, sex, income, poverty, child care, child support, fertility, noncash benefits, education, commuting habits, pension coverage, unemployment, ancestry.
- **Business and industry:** Number of employees, total payroll, sales and receipts, products manufactured or sold.
- **Housing and construction:** Value of new construction, numbers of owners and renters, property value or rent paid, housing starts, fuels used, mortgage costs.
- **Farms:** Number, acreage, livestock, crop sales.
- **Governments:** Revenues and expenditures, taxes, employment, pension funds.
- **Foreign trade:** Exports and imports, origin and destination, units shipped.
- **Other nations:** Population, birth rates, death rates, literacy, fertility.

The other censuses, such as agriculture, retail trade, manufactures, and governments, are collected for years ending in "2" and "7." Survey and estimates programs generate results as often as every month.

Many of the monthly "economic indicators" that measure how the Nation is doing come directly or indirectly from the Census Bureau. Examples: employment and unemployment; housing starts; wholesale and retail trade; manufactures' shipments, inventories, and orders; export and import trade; and sales of single-family homes.

Statistical activities of the Census Bureau relevant to the Virgin Islands are described below. Data users will find more information about them and descriptions of their data products in the annual *Census Catalog and Guide*. Also, special guides and brochures are prepared for most of them. Contact the Census Bureau's Customer Services for more information.

## Economic Censuses and Surveys

The economic censuses provide statistics about business establishments once every 5 years, covering years ending in "2" and "7." The 1987 Economic Censuses include the censuses of retail trade, wholesale trade, service industries, transportation, manufactures, mineral industries, and construction industries.

Several key statistics are tabulated for all industries covered in the censuses. They are number of establishments, number of employees, payroll, and measure of output (sales or receipts, and value of shipments or of work done). Other items vary from sector to sector.

### Agriculture Census

The agriculture census is conducted every 5 years (for years ending in 2 and 7) in the Virgin Islands. It is the only source of uniform agriculture data at the island level. It provides data on such subjects as the number and size of farms; land use and ownership; livestock, poultry, and crops; and value of products sold.

### Foreign Trade Statistics

Monthly U.S. merchandise trade data compiled by the Census Bureau summarize export and import transactions and are based on the official documents filed by shippers and receivers. These figures reflect the flow of merchandise but not intangibles like services and financial commitments. The trade figures trace commodity movements out of and into the U.S. Customs jurisdiction, which includes the Virgin Islands and Puerto Rico as well as the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Data are published separately on trade between the United States, the Virgin Islands, Puerto Rico, and the Pacific Outlying Areas.

### Other Statistical Activities

The Census Bureau also offers international data. It maintains an international data base, which is available to the public on computer tape and is used to produce the biennial *World Population Profile* report. It prepares studies dealing with the demographic and economic characteristics of other countries and world regions.

Statistical compendia are another important data product. These publications (sometimes also offered in machine-readable form) draw data from many sources and reorganize them for convenient use. The most widely used compendia are the annual *Statistical Abstract of the United States*, the *County and City Data Book* (published every 5 years), and the *State and Metropolitan Area Data Book* (published approximately every 4 years).

Figure 1. **Content of the 1990 Census of the Virgin Islands of the United States**

---

**BASIC SUBJECTS \***

**Population**

Household relationship  
Sex  
Race  
Age  
Marital status  
Hispanic origin

**Housing**

Number of units in structure  
Number of rooms in unit  
Tenure—owned or rented  
Value of home or monthly rent  
Congregate housing (meals included in rent)  
Vacancy characteristics

---

**DETAILED SUBJECTS \***

**Population**

*Social characteristics:*

Place of birth, citizenship, and year of entry into the Virgin Islands  
Education—enrollment and attainment  
Ancestry  
Migration (residence in 1985)  
Language spoken at home  
Veteran status  
Disability  
Fertility

*Economic characteristics:*

Labor force  
Place of work and journey to work  
Year last worked  
Occupation, industry, and class of worker  
Work experience in 1989  
Income in 1989

**Housing**

Year householder moved into residence  
Number of bedrooms  
Complete plumbing and complete kitchen facilities  
Telephone in unit  
Vehicles available  
Cooking fuel  
Source of water and method of sewage disposal  
Purchase of water from water vendor  
Year structure built  
Condominium status  
Farm residence  
Shelter costs, including utilities

---

\*In the Virgin Islands, all questions were asked of all persons and of all housing units. The basic subjects are equivalent to the stateside 100-percent subjects and the detailed subjects are equivalent to the stateside sample subjects.

Figure 2. 1990 Census Printed Reports for the Virgin Islands of the United States

Series	Title	Description	Geographic areas
<b>1990 CENSUS OF POPULATION AND HOUSING (1990 CPH)</b>			
1990 CPH-1-55	<b>Summary Population and Housing Characteristics</b>	Population and housing unit counts, and summary statistics on age, sex, race, Hispanic origin, household relationship, units in structure, number of rooms, tenure, value and rent, and vacancy characteristics	Virgin Islands and its islands, census subdistricts, and places
1990 CPH-2-55	<b>Population and Housing Unit Counts</b>	Total population and housing unit counts for 1990 and previous censuses	Virgin Islands; its islands, census subdistricts, and places; and summary geographic areas
1990 CPH-3-55	<b>Population and Housing Characteristics for Census Tracts and Block Numbering Areas</b>	Statistics on most of the population and housing subjects	Statistics presented in a geographic hierarchy of Virgin Islands— <u>island</u> — <u>place</u> — <u>block numbering area</u>
1990 CPH-5-55	<b>Summary Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics</b>	Statistics on population and housing subjects	Virgin Islands and its islands, census subdistricts, and places
<b>1990 CENSUS OF POPULATION (1990 CP)</b>			
1990 CP-1-55	<b>General Population Characteristics</b>	Detailed statistics on age, sex, race, Hispanic origin, marital status, and household relationship characteristics	Virgin Islands; its islands, census subdistricts, and places; and summary geographic areas
1990 CP-2-55	<b>Social and Economic Characteristics</b>	Statistics generally on population subjects	Virgin Islands; its islands, census subdistricts, and places; and summary geographic areas
<b>1990 CENSUS OF HOUSING (1990 CH)</b>			
1990 CH-1-55	<b>General Housing Characteristics</b>	Detailed statistics on units in structure, value and rent, number of rooms, tenure, and vacancy characteristics	Virgin Islands; its islands, census subdistricts, and places; and summary geographic areas
1990 CH-2-55	<b>Detailed Housing Characteristics</b>	Statistics generally on housing subjects	Virgin Islands; its islands, census subdistricts, and places; and summary geographic areas

Figure 3. 1990 Census Summary Tape Files for the Virgin Islands of the United States

Summary Tape File (STF 1A, 1B, etc.)	Geographic areas	Description
STF 1	A <sup>1</sup>	Virgin Islands and its component areas in a geographic hierarchy of island/ census subdistrict/ place/ block numbering area (BNA)/ block group (BG)
	B <sup>1</sup>	Virgin Islands of the United States and its component areas in a geographic hierarchy of island/ census subdistrict/ place/ BNA/ BG/ block
STF 2	A	Virgin Islands and its component areas in a geographic hierarchy of island/ census subdistrict/ place/ BNA. It also presents BNA summaries for split BNA's.
STF 3	A <sup>1</sup>	Virgin Islands and its component areas in a geographic hierarchy of island/ census subdistrict/ place/ BNA/ BG
STF 4	A	Data for BNA's and larger areas in the Virgin Islands in a geographic hierarchy of island/ census subdistrict/ place/ BNA. It also presents BNA summaries for split BNA's.

<sup>1</sup>Also available on microfiche. STF 1B microfiche provides only part of the data for blocks and other areas in the tape file.

Figure 4. Other 1990 Census Data Products for the Virgin Islands of the United States

Title	Description	Geographic areas
Special Supplementary Report	A series of cross tabulations of detailed population and housing data	Virgin Islands
Census/ Equal Opportunity (EEO) Special File	Sample tabulations showing detailed occupations and educational attainment data by age; cross tabulations by sex, Hispanic origin, and race	Virgin Islands
Public Use Microdata Sample (PUMS) File	Machine-readable file containing a sample of individual census records showing most population and housing characteristics but with identifying information removed	
10 Percent—PUMS Area		Virgin Islands
User-Defined Areas Tabulations	Sample data provided on printouts, tapes, or other products, with maps and narrative (if requested)	User-defined areas created by aggregating census blocks
Special Tabulations	User-defined tabulations for specified geographic areas provided on printouts, tapes, or other products	User-defined areas or standard areas

# APPENDIX G.

## Maps

### CONTENTS

<b>Census Tract/Block Numbering Area</b>	
<b>Outline Map Sample</b> .....	G-4
<b>County Block Map Sample</b> .....	G-3
<b>County Subdivision Map Sample</b> .....	G-5
<b>Introduction</b> .....	G-1
<b>Legend</b> .....	G-2
<b>Map Descriptions</b> .....	G-1
<b>Terminology</b> .....	G-1

### INTRODUCTION

There are three map series that relate to the geographic entities for which the Census Bureau provides statistics in the STF 2 data tape for the Virgin Islands of the United States. The Census Bureau will reproduce copies of these maps on electrostatic plotters in response to orders received by Customer Services, Data User Services Division, Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233 (301-763-4100).

### MAP DESCRIPTIONS

**County Block Maps**—These maps depict each island on one or more map sheets at various scales, depending on the island's areal size and the density of the block pattern. The maps display block numbers and feature identifiers as well as the boundaries, names, and codes for the legal and statistical entities in the Virgin Islands. The map for each island includes an index map sheet that shows the locations of the map sheets comprising the set.

**Census Tract/Block Numbering Area Outline Maps**—These island-based maps depict the boundaries and codes of block numbering areas, the features and feature names underlying the boundaries, and the boundaries and names of the islands, island subdivisions, and places. Map scales vary to minimize the number of sheets. The maps may include one or more insets for densely settled areas. (The Census Bureau also intends to produce printed versions of these maps, for sale by the Government Printing Office (GPO))

**County Subdivision Map**—This map of the Virgin Islands depicts the islands and the boundaries and names of the island subdivisions and places. (The Census Bureau also publishes a sectionalized page-size version of this map in the 1990 census reports for the Virgin Islands.)

### TERMINOLOGY

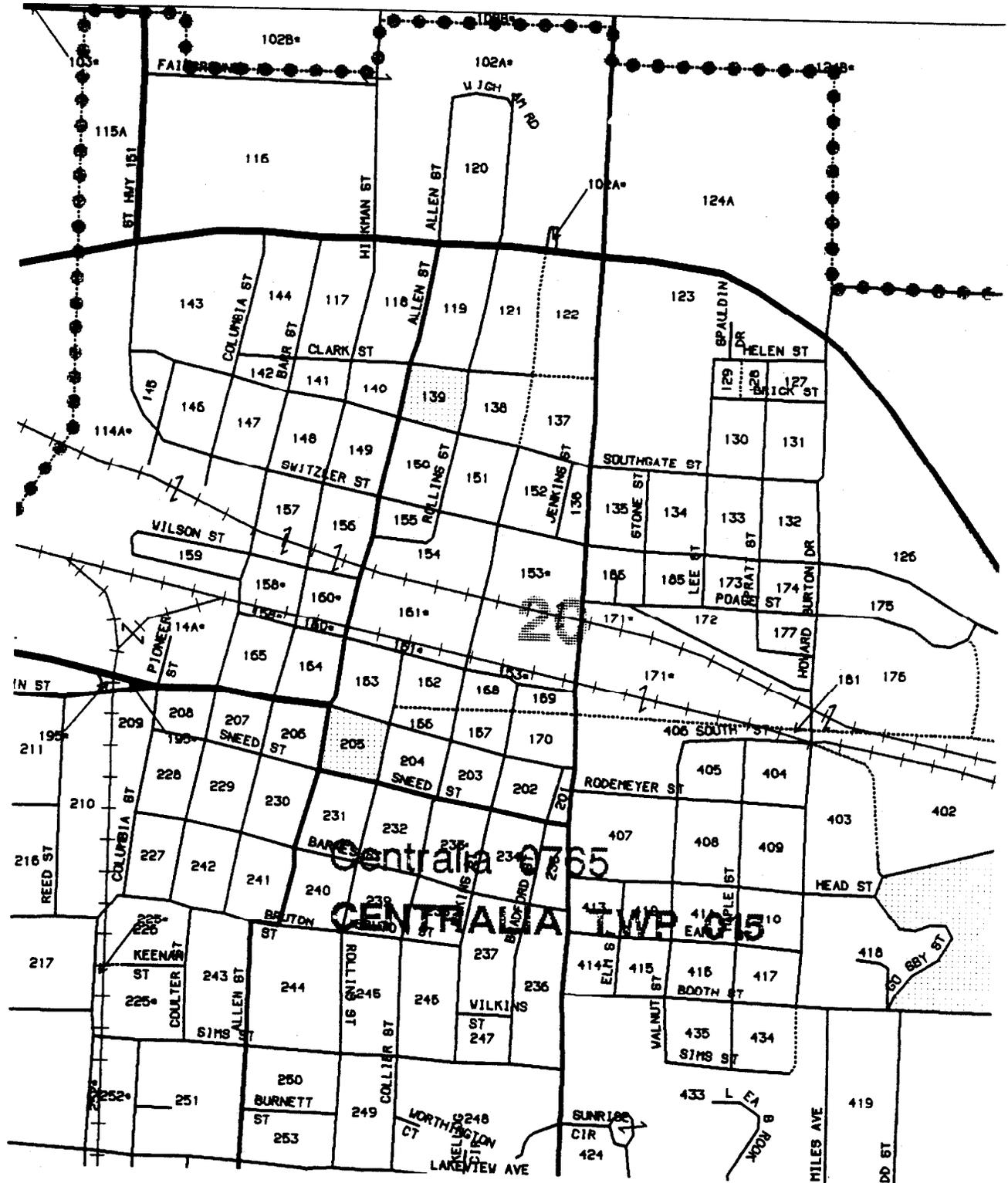
Refer to appendix A for an explanation of the types of areas. Two terms used in the legend require explanation.

**Asterisk (\*)**—A symbol following a block number to indicate that the block number is repeated elsewhere in the block or is shown partially on an adjacent map sheet or on an inset map.

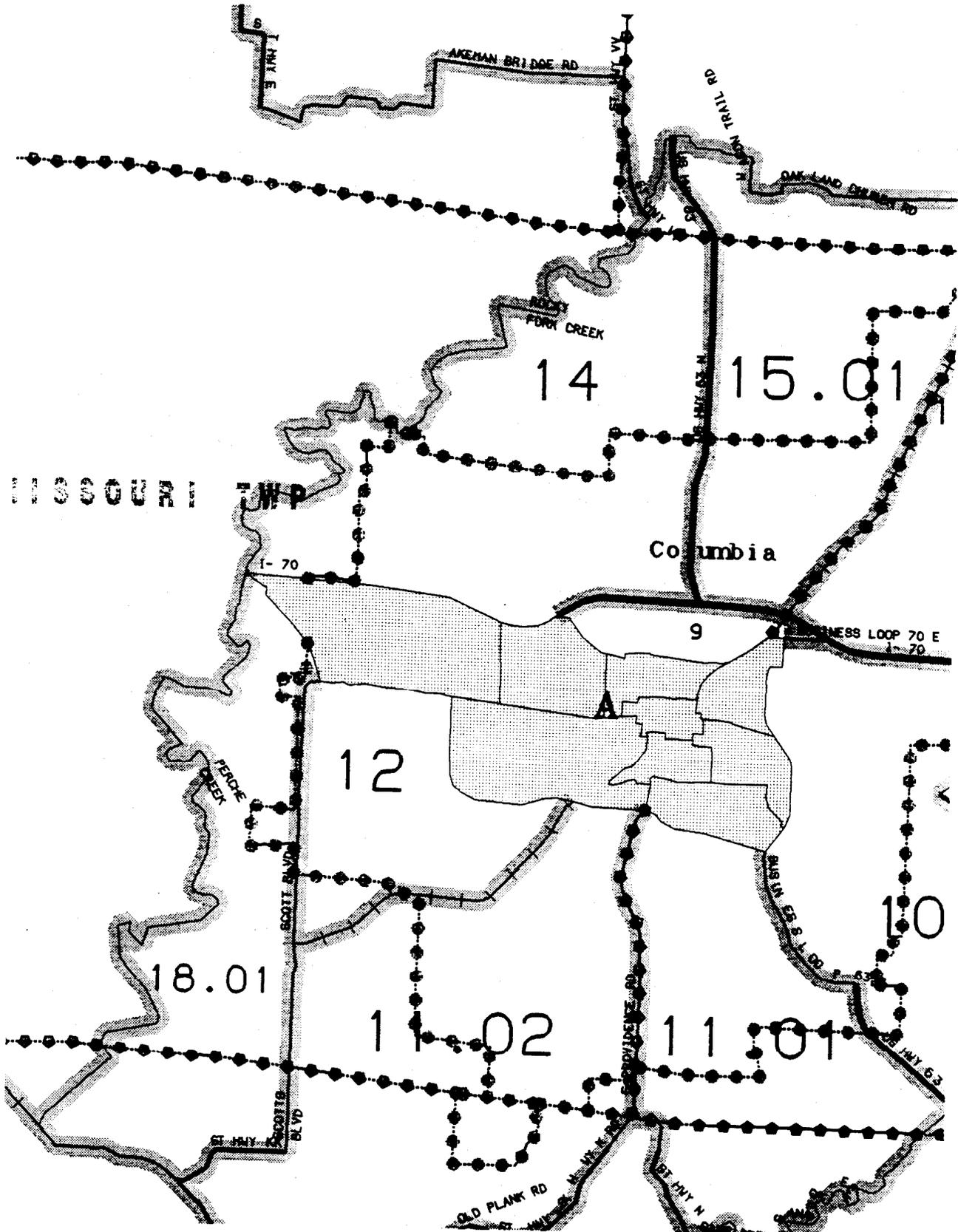
**Fishhook (↔)**—A map symbol drawn across a physical feature (creek, brook, etc.) or boundary on census maps to show that the areas on both sides of the feature or boundary belong to the same census block.



# County Block Map Sample



# Census Tract/Block Numbering Area Outline Map Sample





# APPENDIX H. Record Layout of Machine-Readable Data Dictionary

## CONTENTS

Geographic Description .....	H-1
Introduction .....	H-1
Table (Matrix) Description .....	H-2

## INTRODUCTION

This appendix provides the record layout for the machine-readable data dictionary file that accompanies each data tape. This data dictionary was developed as a "generic" dictionary that, with some programming, could be converted for use with specific software packages.

## GEOGRAPHIC DESCRIPTION

### Geographic Record 1—Field Mnemonic, Size, and Type

<i>Position</i>	<i>Description</i>
1-2	Identifier "G1" (Geographic Record 1)
3	Blank
4-11	Field mnemonic (left justified)
12	Blank
13-14	Field size (right justified)
15	Blank
16-18	Data type (left justified)
	Note: Legal entries are A, N, and A/N
19	Blank
20-24	Begin position (right justified) (Begin position in relation to the entire record)
25	Blank
26-30	Relative begin position (right justified)

#### Example 1

```
G1 FILEID 8 A/N 1 1 0
G2 1 File Identification
```

#### Example 2

```
G1 PSADC 2 A/N 289 289 0
G2 289 Political/Statistical Area Description Code
G3 289 01 State or State equivalent - no status is appended to the name
G3 289 01 of the entity in census publications and related data products
G3 289 04 Borough - county equivalent in Alaska; "Borough" is appended t
G3 289 04 o the name of the entity in census publications and related da
G3 289 04 ta products
G3 289 05 Census area - county equivalent in Alaska; "Census Area" is ap
G3 289 05 pended to the name of the entity in census publications and re
G3 289 05 lated data products
```

<sup>1</sup>Examples are for illustrative purposes and are not specific to this STF.

### Geographic Record 1—Con.

	(Begin position in relation to the record segment)
31	Blank
32	Number of implied decimals
33-80	Blank

### Geographic Record 2—Field Description

<i>Position</i>	<i>Description</i>
1-2	Identifier "G2" (Geographic Record 2)
3	Blank
4-8	Begin position (right justified) (repeat from 20-24 above)
9	Blank
10-80	Field Description (left justified)

### Geographic Record 3—Code Identification

<i>Position</i>	<i>Description</i>
1-2	Identifier "G3" (Geographic Record 3)
3	Blank
4-8	Begin position (right justified) (repeat from 20-24 in G1)
9	Blank
10-17	Codes (right justified)
18	Blank
19-80	Code identification (left justified)

### Geographic Description Examples<sup>1</sup>

Examples of the geographic records are shown below. In example 1, there are no G3 records. G3 records will appear only for fields which have code listings in the technical documentation.

## TABLE (MATRIX) DESCRIPTION

### Table Record 1—Table Number and Characteristics

Position	Description
1-2	Identifier "T1" (Table Record 1)
3	Blank
4-9	Table (matrix) number (left justified)
10	Blank
11-15	Begin position (right justified) (Begin position in relation to the entire record)
16	Blank
17-21	Relative begin position (right justified) (Begin position in relation to the record segment)
22	Blank
23-24	Cell size for this table (matrix) (right justified)
25	Blank
26	Number of implied decimals for cells in this table (matrix)
27	Blank
28-30	Number of cells in this table (matrix) (right justified)
31	Blank
32-34	Number of variables (right justified)
35-80	Blank

### Table Record 2—Table Title

Position	Description
1-2	Identifier "T2" (Table Record 2)
3	Blank
4-9	Table (matrix) number (left justified)
10	Blank
11-80	Table (matrix) title (left justified)

### Table Record 3—Universe Description

Position	Description
1-2	Identifier "T3" (Table Record 3)
3	Blank

#### Example 3

Sex (2) by Marital Status(5) [10]

T1 P14	4423 4423 9 0 10 2	
T2 P14	SEX BY MARITAL STATUS	
T3 P14	Persons 15 years and over	
T4 P14	SEX	2
T4 P14	Male	
T4 P14	Female	
T5 P14	MARITAL STATUS	5
T5 P14	Never married	
T5 P14	Now married, except separated	
T5 P14	Separated	
T5 P14	Widowed	
T5 P14	Divorced	

<sup>1</sup>Examples are for illustrative purposes and are not specific to this STF.

### Table Record 3—Con.

4-9	Table (matrix) number (left justified)
10	Blank
11-80	Universe Description (left justified)

### Table Record 4-N—Table Variable Descriptions

Position	Description
1-2	Identifier "Tn" n= sequence number of variable in the table being described.
3	Blank
4-9	Table (matrix) number (left justified)
10	Blank
11-76	Variable name (left justified)
77	Blank
78-80	Number of categories for this variable (right justified)

Note: Subsequent "T" records with the same "n" will have the variable categories described in positions 11-80.

### Filler Record

Position	Description
1-2	Identifier "F1" (Filler Record)
3	Blank
4-7	"FILL"
8-10	Blank
11-15	Begin Position (right justified) (Begin position in relation to the entire record)
16	Blank
17-21	Relative Begin Position (right justified) (Begin position in relation to the record segment)
22	Blank
23-26	Total number of "FILL" blanks
27-80	Blank

### Matrix Example<sup>1</sup>

See example 3 below.

# APPENDIX I. Code Lists

## CONTENTS

Group Quarters	I-1
Race	I-6

## GROUP QUARTERS

This section contains the alphabetical code list for group quarters. The group quarters code list was used by special place prelist enumerators to classify each type of group quarters. Each group quarters code is a two-digit number followed by either an "I" (institutional) or "N" (noninstitutional) suffix. The group quarters codes listed in the second column are for staff residing in group quarters.

GQ codes	Staff residents GQ codes	
87-N	--	<b>A. College Quarters Off Campus</b> (Code only if occupied by 10 or more unrelated persons. If less than 10, these are classified as a housing unit.)
		<b>B. Correctional Institutions</b>
22-I	22-N	1. <i>Federal Detention Centers:</i> Including Park Police, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Immigration and Naturalization Service (INS) centers, INS detention centers operated within local jails, and State and Federal prisons. INS detention centers also include INS Federal Alien Detention Facilities, INS Service Processing Centers, and INS Contract Detention Centers used to detain aliens under exclusion or deportation proceedings and aliens who require custodial departures.
21-I	21-N	2. <i>Federal Prisons:</i> Including criminally insane wards operated by a Federal prison within a mental or general hospital. If ward is not operated by a prison, code according to paragraph H4. For detention centers within Federal prisons, see B1 above.
23-I	23-N	3. <i>Halfway Houses:</i> Operated for correctional purposes, including probation and restitution centers, prerelease centers, and community-residential treatment centers.
27-I	27-N	4. <i>Local (County/City) Jails and Other Local Confinement Facilities:</i> Including work farms used to hold persons awaiting trial or serving time on relatively short sentences (usually of a year or less), and jails run by private businesses under contract.
95-I	95-N	5. <i>Military Stockades, Jails</i>
28-I	28-N	6. <i>Police Lockups:</i> Temporary-holding facilities or other facilities that hold persons only if they have not been formally charged in court (usually detained less than 48 hours).
24-I	24-N	7. <i>State Prisons:</i> Prisons run by private businesses (under contract); including criminally insane wards operated by a State prison within a mental or general hospital. If ward is not operated by a prison, code according to paragraph H4.
20-I	20-N	8. <i>Other Types of Correctional Institutions:</i> Including private correctional facilities and correctional facilities specifically for alcohol/drug abuse. (Use only as a last resort if no other type code applies.)
91-N	--	<b>C. Crews of Civilian Vessels</b>
		<b>D. Dormitories</b>
92-N	--	1. <i>Agriculture Workers' Dormitories on Farms:</i> Including migratory farm workers' camps on farms, bunkhouses for ranch hands, and other dormitories on farms including those on "tree farms."
87-N	--	2. <i>College Student Dormitories, and Fraternity and Sorority Houses (on campus):</i> Including residential quarters for those in religious orders.
86-N	--	3. <i>Dormitories for Nurses and Interns in General and Military Hospitals</i>

GQ codes      Staff residents GQ codes

**D. Dormitories—Con.**

- 97-N --      4. *Military Quarters on Base*: Including barracks, bachelor officers quarters, unaccompanied officer personnel housing, unaccompanied enlisted personnel housing, and similar noninstitutional group living quarters for military personnel.
- 93-N --      5. *Other Workers' Dormitories*: Including logging camps, construction workers' camps, fire-house dormitories, job-training camps, energy enclave (Alaska only), Alaskan pipeline camps, nonfarm migratory workers' camps, such as workers who lay oil and gas pipelines.
- 6. *Runaway, Neglected, and Homeless Children*: Including emergency shelters/group homes which provide temporary sleeping facilities for juveniles, see paragraph F2.

**E. Elderly**: Skilled nursing facilities, intermediate care facilities, long-term care rooms in wards or buildings on the grounds of hospitals, nursing, convalescent, and rest homes including soldiers', sailors', veterans', and fraternal or religious homes for the aged, with or without nursing care.

NOTE: Do not include dormitories for nurses' and interns'; see paragraph D3.

**1. Public Ownership**

- 62-I 62-N      a. Federal ownership: Including Veterans' Administration, domiciliary homes, and U.S. Naval homes.
- 63-I 63-N      b. State ownership
- 64-I 64-N      c. County or city ownership
- 65-I 65-N      d. Don't know if Federal, State, or county-city ownership (Use only as a last resort if no other type code applies.)

**2. Private Ownership**

- 66-I 66-N      a. Private not-for-profit
- 67-I 67-N      b. Private for profit
- 60-I 60-N      c. Don't know if for profit or not (Use only as a last resort if no other type code applies.)
- 61-I 61-N      3. *Don't Know if Federal, State, Local, or Private Ownership* (Use only as a last resort if no other type code applies.)

**F. Emergency Shelters**

- 82-N --      1. *Shelters for the Homeless with Sleeping Facilities*: Including emergency housing, missions and flophouses, Salvation Army shelters, hotels and motels charging \$12 or less a night (excluding taxes), hotels and motels used entirely for homeless persons, the group of rooms in hotels and motels used partially for the homeless, and similar places known to have persons with no usual home elsewhere who stay overnight.
- 83-N --      2. *Runaway, Neglected, and Homeless Children*: Including emergency shelters/group homes which provide temporary sleeping facilities for juveniles.
- 75-N --      3. *Shelters for Abused Women* (Shelters against domestic violence)

**G. Group Homes**: Including those providing community-based care and supportive services such as halfway houses for the groups listed below. (Code only if occupied by 10 or more unrelated persons. If less than 10, these are classified as a housing unit.)

- 76-N --      1. *Drug/Alcohol Abuse*: Including group homes, detoxification centers, quarterway houses such as residential treatment facilities that work closely with an accredited hospital, halfway houses, recovery homes for ambulatory, and mentally competent recovering alcoholics who may be re-entering the work force. (Ask usual home elsewhere in these places. Include as living there only persons who have no usual home elsewhere.)
- 29-N --      2. *Maternity* (Homes for unwed mothers) (Ask usual home elsewhere in these places. Include as living there only persons who have no usual home elsewhere.)

GQ codes      Staff residents GQ codes

**G. Group Homes—Con.**

**3. Mentally Ill**

- 16-N -- a. Federal
- 17-N -- b. State
- 18-N -- c. Private
- 19-N -- d. Don't know if public/private ownership (Use only as a last resort if no other type code applies.)

**4. Mentally Retarded**

- 56-N -- a. Federal
- 57-N -- b. State
- 58-N -- c. Private
- 59-N -- d. Don't know if public/private ownership (Use only as a last resort if no other type code applies.)

**5. Physically Handicapped**

- 72-N -- a. Public ownership
- 73-N -- b. Private ownership
- 74-N -- c. Don't know if public/private ownership (Use only as a last resort if no other type code applies.)

**6. Runaway, Neglected, and Homeless Children:** Including emergency shelters/group homes which provide temporary sleeping facilities for juveniles, see paragraph F2.

- 79-N -- **7. Other Group Homes:** Including communes, foster care homes and job corps centers with 10 or more unrelated children. Do not include emergency housing for persons with no other home. See paragraph F1. (Use only as a last resort if no other type code applies.)

**H. Hospitals/Schools for the Handicapped**

**1. Dormitories for Nurses and Interns in General and Military Hospitals**

86-N --

**2. Drug/Alcohol Abuse:** Including hospitals, and hospital wards in psychiatric and general hospitals. These facilities/wards are in a medical setting equipped and designed for the diagnosis and treatment of medical or psychiatric illnesses associated with alcohol or drug abuse. Patients receive supervised medical/nursing care from a formally trained staff. For group homes, see paragraph G.

70-I 70-N

**3. Hospitals for Chronically Ill**

54-I 86-N

a. Military hospitals or wards for chronically ill

55-I 86-N

b. Other hospitals or wards for chronically ill: Including tuberculosis hospitals or wards, wards in general and Veterans' Administration hospitals for the chronically ill, neurological wards, hospices; wards for patients with Hansen's Disease (leprosy) and other incurable diseases; and other unspecified wards for the chronically ill. Do not include mental or alcohol/drug abuse hospitals or wards.

**4. Mentally Ill (Psychiatric):** Hospitals or wards, including wards for the criminally insane not operated by a prison and psychiatric wards of general hospitals and veterans' hospitals. This is a medical setting designed for the treatment of mental illness. Patients receive supervised and medical/nursing care from a formally trained staff. Code wards for the mentally retarded according to paragraph H5. Do not include hospitals or wards for alcohol/drug abuse; see paragraph H2.

46-I 46-N

a. Federal ownership

47-I 47-N

b. State or local ownership

GQ Staff  
codes residents  
GQ codes

**H. Hospitals/Schools for the Handicapped—Con.**

- |      |      |  |
|------|------|--|
| 48-I | 48-N | c. Private ownership   |
| 45-I | 45-N | d. Don't know if Federal, State, local, or private ownership (Use only as a last resort if no other type code applies.)  |
|      |      | <b>5. <i>Mentally Retarded:</i></b> Schools, hospitals, wards, including wards in hospitals for the mentally ill, and intermediate care facilities for the mentally retarded. This is in a suitably-equipped setting and with supervised and medical/nursing care from a formally trained staff. |
| 41-I | 41-N | a. Federal ownership   |
| 43-I | 43-N | b. State or local ownership  |
| 42-I | 42-N | c. Private ownership   |
| 40-I | 40-N | d. Don't know if Federal, State, local, or private ownership (Use only as a last resort if no other type code applies.)  |
|      |      | <b>6. <i>Physically Handicapped:</i></b> Including schools, hospitals, or wards in a suitably-equipped medical setting and designed primarily for the physically handicapped who receive supervised care and medical/nursing care from a formally trained staff.                                 |
|      |      | a. Institutions for the deaf   |
| 38-I | 38-N | (1) Public ownership   |
| 39-I | 39-N | (2) Private ownership  |
| 37-I | 37-N | (3) Don't know if public/private ownership (Use only as a last resort if no other type code applies.)  |
|      |      | b. Institutions for the blind  |
| 35-I | 35-N | (1) Public ownership   |
| 36-I | 36-N | (2) Private ownership  |
| 34-I | 34-N | (3) Don't know if public/private ownership (Use only as a last resort if no other type code applies.)  |
|      |      | c. Orthopedic wards and institutions for physically handicapped: Including accident victims, and persons with polio, cerebral palsy, and muscular dystrophy.   |
| 32-I | 32-N | (1) Public ownership   |
| 33-I | 33-N | (2) Private ownership  |
| 31-I | 31-N | (3) Don't know if public/private ownership (Use only as a last resort if no other type code applies.)  |
| 53-I | 86-N | <b>7. <i>Wards in General and Military Hospitals for Patients Who Have No Usual Home Elsewhere:</i></b> Including maternity, neonatal, pediatric (including wards for boarder babies), military, surgical wards, and other purpose wards of hospitals and wards for infectious diseases.         |
- NOTE: Do not include long-term care rooms for the elderly in wards or buildings on the grounds of hospitals, see paragraph E.

**I. Hotels/Motels:** see paragraph F.

**J. Juvenile Institutions:** Including homes, schools, and hospitals.

1. *Long-Term Care* (length of stay usually more than 30 days)

a. Neglected, abused, and dependent children: Including orphanages, homes, or residential care.

- |      |      |   |
|------|------|---|
| 03-I | 03-N | (1) Public ownership  |
| 04-I | 04-N | (2) Private ownership   |
| 02-I | 02-N | (3) Don't know if public/private ownership (Use only as a last resort if no other type code applies.) |

GQ codes      Staff residents GQ codes

**J. Juvenile Institutions:** Including homes, schools, and hospitals—Con.

- |      |      |   |
|------|------|---|
| 05-I | 05-N | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>b. Emotionally disturbed children: Including residential treatment centers (psychiatric care provided).</li> <li>c. Delinquent children: Placed by court, parents, or social service agency, in residential training school or home, including industrial schools, camps, or farms.</li> </ul>                                 |
| 12-I | 12-N | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(1) Public ownership: Committed by courts.</li> </ul>  |
| 15-I | 15-N | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(2) Private ownership: Some are committed by courts, others are referred by parents or social service agencies because of delinquent behavior.</li> </ul>  |
| 11-I | 11-N | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(3) Don't know if public/private ownership (Use only as a last resort if no other type code applies.)</li> </ul>   |
|      |      | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>2. <i>Short-term</i> (length of stay usually 30 days or less)</li> </ul>   |
| 10-I | 10-N | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Delinquent children: Including those receiving temporary care in detention or diagnostic centers pending court disposition of case.</li> <li>b. Runaway, neglected, and homeless children: Including emergency shelters/group homes which provide temporary sleeping facilities for juveniles, see paragraph F2.</li> </ul> |
| 01-I | 01-N | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>3. <i>Don't Know Type of Juvenile Institution:</i> Including homes, schools, hospitals, or wards for children. (Use only as a last resort if no other type code applies.)</li> </ul>   |

**K. Military Quarters**

- 1. *On Base*
  - 97-N -- a. Barracks, bachelor officers quarters, unaccompanied officer personnel housing, unaccompanied enlisted personnel housing, and similar noninstitutional group living quarters for military personnel
  - 96-N -- b. Transient quarters (noninstitutional) for temporary residents (military or civilian)
  - 86-N -- c. Dormitories for nurses and interns in general military hospitals
  - 54-I 86-N d. Hospitals or wards for chronically ill
  - 95-I 95-N e. Stockades and jails
- 2. *Military Ships*

90-N -- **L. Natural Disaster:** Including those temporarily displaced by a natural disaster, such as "Hurricane Hugo."

89-N -- **M. Religious Group Quarters:** Including convents, monasteries, and rectories. Members of religious orders who live in a dormitory at a hospital or college were classified according to the type of place where they live, such as 86-N if at a general hospital, or 87-N if at a college. (Code only if occupied by 10 or more unrelated persons. If less than 10, these are classified as a housing unit.)

80-N -- **N. Rooming and Boarding Houses**  
(Code only if occupied by 10 or more unrelated persons. If less than 10, these are classified as a housing unit.)

**O. Schools for the Handicapped:** see paragraphs H5 and H6.

**P. Shelters:** see paragraph F.

94-N -- **Q. Other Nonhousehold Living Situations:** Including places not covered by other GQ codes shown herein, such as commercial or public campgrounds, campgrounds at racetracks, fairs, and carnivals, hostels, and similar transient sites. (Ask usual home elsewhere in these places. Include as living there only persons who have no usual home elsewhere.)

**R. Staff of Institutions:** Including staff personnel residing in group quarters. Code according to the appropriate type of group quarters shown under the column "Staff residents GQ codes." Staff residents are coded with an "N" suffix.

NOTE: Do not assign GQ codes to staff residents in group quarters where a "--" is shown.

## RACE

This section contains the Alphabetical Code List for Race. The list of race groups with their associated 3-digit numerical code was used to code the Asian or Pacific Islander, and the Other race write-in entries. A separate set of 3-digit numerical codes was used to identify check boxes for the race categories listed in the race item on the questionnaire. These check box codes and their respective race categories are: Black or Negro-972; White-971; Asian or Pacific Islander-985; Indian (Amer.), Eskimo, or Aleut-987; and Other race-986.

### 000-599, 987 American Indian

000-599 American Indian  
987 American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut  
(Check box)

### 600-699, 985 Asian or Pacific Islander

#### 600-652, 985 Asian

600 Asian Indian  
601 Bangladeshi  
602 Bhutanese  
603 Burmese  
604 Cambodian  
605 Chinese  
606 Taiwanese  
607 Formosan  
608 Filipino  
609 Hmong  
610 Indonesian  
611 Japanese  
612 Korean  
613 Laotian  
614 Malayan  
615 Okinawan  
616 Pakistani  
617 Sri Lankan  
618 Thai  
619 Vietnamese  
620 Amerasian  
621 Asian  
622 Asiatic  
623 Eurasian  
624 Mongolian  
625 Oriental  
626 Whello  
627 Yellow  
628 Borneo  
629 Celebesian  
630 Ceram  
631 Indo-Chinese  
632 Iwo Jiman  
633 Javanese  
634 Maldivian  
635 Nepali  
636 Sikkim  
637 Singaporean  
638 Sumatran  
639 Reserve Asian 1  
640 Reserve Asian 2  
641 Reserve Asian 3

#### 600-652, 985 Asian—Con.

642 Reserve Asian 4  
643 Reserve Asian 5  
644 Reserve Asian 6  
645 Reserve Asian 7  
646 Reserve Asian 8  
647 Reserve Asian 9  
648 Reserve Asian 10  
649 Reserve Asian 11  
650 Reserve Asian 12  
651 Reserve Asian 13  
652 Reserve Asian 14  
985 Asian or Pacific Islander (Check box)

#### 653-699 Pacific Islander

#### 653-659 Polynesian

653 Hawaiian  
654 Part Hawaiian  
655 Samoan  
656 Tahitian  
657 Tongan  
658 Polynesian  
659 Tokelauan

#### 660-675 Micronesian

660 Guamanian  
661 Mariana Islander  
662 Marshallese  
663 Palauan  
664 Bikinian  
665 Carolinian  
666 Eniwetok  
667 Kosraean  
668 Kwajalein  
669 Micronesian  
670 Ponapean (Pohnpeian)  
671 Saipanese  
672 Tarawa Islander  
673 Tinian  
674 Trukese (Chuukese)  
675 Yapese

#### 676-680 Melanesian

676 Fijian  
677 Melanesian  
678 Papua New Guinean

**676-680****Melanesian—Con.**

679 Solomon Islander  
680 New Hebrides

**681-699****Other Pacific Islander**

681 Pacific Islander  
682 Reserve Pacific Islander 1  
683 Reserve Pacific Islander 2  
684 Reserve Pacific Islander 3  
685 Reserve Pacific Islander 4  
686 Reserve Pacific Islander 5  
687 Reserve Pacific Islander 6  
688 Reserve Pacific Islander 7  
689 Reserve Pacific Islander 8  
690 Reserve Pacific Islander 9  
691 Reserve Pacific Islander 10  
692 Reserve Pacific Islander 11  
693 Reserve Pacific Islander 12  
694 Reserve Pacific Islander 13  
695 Reserve Pacific Islander 14  
696 Asian or Pacific Islander  
697 Reserve Asian or Pacific Islander 1  
698 Reserve Asian or Pacific Islander 2  
699 Reserve Asian or Pacific Islander 3

**700-799, 986 Other Race****700-748****Hispanic Origin**

700 Argentinian  
701 Bolivian  
702 Boricua  
703 Californio  
704 Central American  
705 Chicano  
706 Chilean  
707 Colombian  
708 Costa Rican  
709 Cuban  
710 Dominican  
711 Ecuatorian (Ecuadorian)  
712 Salvadoran  
713-714 Galapagos  
715 Guajiro  
716 Guatemalan  
717 Hispanic  
718 Honduran  
719 La Raza  
720 Latin American  
721 Mestizo  
722 Mexican  
723 Nicaraguan  
724 Panamanian  
725 Paraguayo  
726 Peruvian  
727 Puerto Rican  
728 Reserve Hispanic 1  
729 South American

**700-748****Hispanic Origin—Con.**

730 Spanish  
731 Spanish-American  
732 Spanish-Mexican  
733 Sudamericano  
734 Uruguayan  
735 Venezuelan  
736 Reserve Hispanic 2  
737 Reserve Hispanic 3  
738 Reserve Hispanic 4  
739 Reserve Hispanic 5  
740 Reserve Hispanic 6  
741 Reserve Hispanic 7  
742 Reserve Hispanic 8  
743 Reserve Hispanic 9  
744 Reserve Hispanic 10  
745 Reserve Hispanic 11  
746 Reserve Hispanic 12  
747 Reserve Hispanic 13  
748 Reserve Hispanic 14

**749-799, 986 Not of Hispanic Origin****749-750**

749-750 Brava  
751 Brazil  
752 Brown  
753 Bushwacker  
754 Cajun  
755 Cape Verdean  
756 Chocolate  
757 Coe Clan  
758 Coffee  
759 Cosmopolitan  
760 Issues  
761 Jackson White  
762 Lapp  
763 Melungeon  
764 Mixed  
765 Ramp  
766 Tunica  
767 Wesort  
768 Mulatto  
769 Moor  
770 Biracial/Interracial  
771 Creole  
772 Indian  
773 Turk  
774 Reserve Non-Hispanic 1  
775 Rainbow  
776 Reserve Non-Hispanic 2  
777 Reserve Non-Hispanic 3  
778 Reserve Non-Hispanic 4  
779 Reserve Non-Hispanic 5  
780 Reserve Non-Hispanic 6  
781 Reserve Non-Hispanic 7  
782 Reserve Non-Hispanic 8  
783 Reserve Non-Hispanic 9  
784 Reserve Non-Hispanic 10

**749-799, 986 Not of Hispanic Origin—Con.**

785 Reserve Non-Hispanic 11  
 786 Reserve Non-Hispanic 12  
 787 Reserve Non-Hispanic 13  
 788 Reserve Non-Hispanic 14  
 789 Reserve Non-Hispanic 15  
 790 Reserve Non-Hispanic 16  
 791 Reserve Non-Hispanic 17  
 792 Reserve Non-Hispanic 18  
 793 Reserve Non-Hispanic 19  
 794 Reserve Non-Hispanic 20  
 795 Reserve Non-Hispanic 21  
 796 Reserve Non-Hispanic 22  
 797 Reserve Non-Hispanic 23  
 798 Reserve Non-Hispanic 24  
 799 Reserve Non-Hispanic 25  
 986 Other race (Check box)

**800-869, 971 White**

800 White  
 801 Arab  
 802 English  
 803 French  
 804 German  
 805 Irish  
 806 Italian  
 807 Near Easterner  
 808 Polish  
 809 Scottish  
 810 White and Black  
 811 White Amerind  
 812 White Chinese  
 813 White Formosan/Taiwanese  
 814 White Filipino  
 815 White Hawaiian  
 816 White Korean  
 817 White Vietnamese  
 818 White Japanese  
 819 White Asian Indian  
 820 White Samoan  
 821 White Guamanian  
 822 White Bangladeshi  
 823 White Burmese  
 824 White Cambodian (Kampuchean)  
 825 White Hmong  
 826 White Indonesian  
 827 White Laotian  
 828 White Malayan  
 829 White Okinawan  
 830 White Pakistani  
 831 White Sri Lankan  
 832 White Thai  
 833 White Fijian  
 834 White Palauan  
 835 White Tahitian  
 836 White Tongan  
 837 White Other Asian or Pacific Islander

**800-869, 971 White—Con.**

838 Reserve White 1  
 839 Reserve White 2  
 840 Reserve White 3  
 841 Reserve White 4  
 842 Reserve White 5  
 843 Reserve White 6  
 844 Reserve White 7  
 845 Reserve White 8  
 846 Reserve White 9  
 847 Reserve White 10  
 848 Reserve White 11  
 849 Reserve White 12  
 850 Reserve White 13  
 851 Reserve White 14  
 852 Reserve White 15  
 853 Reserve White 16  
 854 Reserve White 17  
 855 Reserve White 18  
 856 Reserve White 19  
 857 Reserve White 20  
 858 Reserve White 21  
 859 Reserve White 22  
 860 Reserve White 23  
 861 Reserve White 24  
 862 Reserve White 25  
 863 Reserve White 26  
 864 Reserve White 27  
 865 Reserve White 28  
 866 Reserve White 29  
 867 Reserve White 30  
 868 Reserve White 31  
 869 White Cherokee  
 971 White (Check box)

**870-934, 972-984 Black or Negro**

870 Black  
 871 African  
 872 African American  
 873 Afro-American  
 874 Nigritian  
 875 Black and White  
 876 Black Amerind  
 877 Black Chinese  
 878 Black Formosan/Taiwanese  
 879 Black Filipino  
 880 Black Hawaiian  
 881 Black Korean  
 882 Black Vietnamese  
 883 Black Japanese  
 884 Black Asian Indian  
 885 Black Samoan  
 886 Black Guamanian  
 887 Black Bangladeshi  
 888 Black Burmese  
 889 Black Cambodian (Kampuchean)  
 890 Black Hmong

**870-934, 972-984 Black or Negro—Con.**

891 Black Indonesian  
 892 Black Laotian  
 893 Black Malayan  
 894 Black Okinawan  
 895 Black Pakistani  
 896 Black Sri Lankan  
 897 Black Thai  
 898 Black Fijian  
 899 Black Palauan  
 900 Black Tahitian  
 901 Black Tongan  
 902 Black Other Asian or Pacific Islander  
 903 Reserve Black 1  
 904 Reserve Black 2  
 905 Reserve Black 3  
 906 Reserve Black 4  
 907 Reserve Black 5  
 908 Reserve Black 6  
 909 Reserve Black 7  
 910 Reserve Black 8  
 911 Reserve Black 9  
 912 Reserve Black 10  
 913 Reserve Black 11  
 914 Reserve Black 12  
 915 Reserve Black 13  
 916 Reserve Black 14  
 917 Reserve Black 15  
 918 Reserve Black 16  
 919 Reserve Black 17  
 920 Reserve Black 18  
 921 Reserve Black 19  
 922 Reserve Black 20  
 923 Reserve Black 21  
 924 Reserve Black 22  
 925 Reserve Black 23  
 926 Reserve Black 24  
 927 Reserve Black 25  
 928 Reserve Black 26  
 929 Reserve Black 27

**870-934, 972-984 Black or Negro—Con.**

930 Reserve Black 28  
 931 Reserve Black 29  
 932 Reserve Black 30  
 933 Reserve Black 31  
 934 Black Cherokee  
 972 Black or Negro (Check box)  
 973 Reserve Black 32  
 974 Reserve Black 33  
 975 Reserve Black 34  
 976 Reserve Black 35  
 977 Reserve Black 36  
 978 Reserve Black 37  
 979 Reserve Black 38  
 980 Reserve Black 39  
 981 Reserve Black 40  
 982 Reserve Black 41  
 983 Reserve Black 42  
 984 Reserve Black 43

**935-940, 987 Eskimo**

935-940 Eskimo  
 987 American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut  
 (Check box)

**941-970, 987 Aleut**

941-970 Aleut  
 987 American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut  
 (Check box)

**971-972, 985-987 Check Box Codes**

971 See White  
 972 See Black or Negro  
 985 See Asian or Pacific Islander  
 986 See Other race  
 987 See American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut

**988-999 Reserve Other Race**