

Consumer Income

Series P-60, No. 65
October 31, 1969

HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1968 AND SELECTED SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC CHARACTERISTICS OF HOUSEHOLDS

Median household income rose to approximately \$7,700 in 1968 from the 1967 median of about \$7,200. Although these figures represent an increase of about 8 percent, because of price increases the gain in real purchasing power is about 3.5 percent.

There are approximately 10.8 million households, or 17.4 percent of all households, which received money incomes of less than \$3,000 in 1968. This number represents a significant decrease from 1967 when 11.9 million households, or 19.7 percent, were in this income category.

Another 8.1 million households, or 13.1 percent of the total number, received incomes between \$3,000 and \$5,000 in 1968; 8.6 million, or 13.9 percent, had incomes between \$5,000 and \$7,000; and 13.0 million, or 21.1 percent, had incomes between \$7,000 and \$10,000. The remaining 34.6 percent of the households, or 21.3 million, received incomes of over \$10,000, which represents a 4.7 percentage point increase from 1967 in the number of households in this income category (in current dollars).

Data in this report were derived from the Current Population Survey conducted by the Bureau of the Census and are subject to sampling variability which may be relatively large for the smaller figures and for small differences between figures. For a further discussion of the sampling variability, see the section on "Source and reliability of the estimates" below. The difference between household and family incomes is discussed in Series P-60, No. 62.

Table A.--NUMBER AND PERCENT OF HOUSEHOLDS BY 1968 HOUSEHOLD INCOME, FOR THE UNITED STATES
(Households as of March 1969)

Household income	Households	
	Number	Percent
Total.....	61,805,000	100.0
Under \$1,000.....	2,297,000	3.7
\$1,000 to \$1,999.....	4,491,000	7.3
\$2,000 to \$2,999.....	3,969,000	6.4
\$3,000 to \$3,999.....	4,188,000	6.8
\$4,000 to \$4,999.....	3,899,000	6.3
\$5,000 to \$5,999.....	4,195,000	6.8
\$6,000 to \$6,999.....	4,402,000	7.1
\$7,000 to \$7,999.....	4,658,000	7.5
\$8,000 to \$9,999.....	8,386,000	13.6
\$10,000 to \$14,999.....	13,432,000	21.8
\$15,000 and over.....	7,887,000	12.8

RELATED REPORTS

An advance summary report including data on income and other characteristics obtained from the March 1969 CPS was published on August 18, 1969, as Series P-20, No. 189. An advance report showing 1968 income data cross-classified by selected characteristics of families and persons was issued on September 8, 1969, as Series P-60, No. 63.

This report was prepared by Marianne P. Witschy and Emmett F. Spiers of the Consumer Income Statistics Branch, Population Division, Bureau of the Census.

For sale by the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402, 20 cents. Current Population Reports issued in Series P-20, P-23, P-25, P-26, P-27, P-28 (summaries only), P-60, and P-65 are sold as a single consolidated subscription at \$8.50 per year, \$2.50 additional for foreign mailing.



DEFINITIONS AND EXPLANATIONS

Population coverage.--The population covered in this report includes the civilian population of the United States plus approximately 1,028,000 members of the Armed Forces in the United States living off post or with their families on post, but excludes all other members of the Armed Forces. This report excludes inmates of institutions and persons residing in group quarters.

Farm-nonfarm residence.--The farm population refers to rural residents living on farms. The method of determining farm-nonfarm residence in the present survey and in the Current Population Surveys since March 1960 is the same as that used in the 1960 census but differs from that used in earlier surveys and censuses. Since March 1960 in the Current Population Surveys, farm residence has been determined by the responses to two questions. Owners are asked "Does this place have 10 or more acres?" and renters are asked "Does the place you rent have 10 or more acres?" If the response is "Yes," the respondent is asked "During the past 12 months, did sales of crops, livestock, and other farm products from this place amount to \$50 or more?" If the acreage response is "No," the inquiry relates to sales of \$250 or more. Rural persons in institutions, motels, and tourist camps, and those living on rented places where no land is used for farming, are not classified as farm population.

The nonfarm population, as the term is used here, comprises persons living in urban areas and rural persons not on farms.

Household.--A household consists of all the persons who occupy a house, an apartment, or other group of rooms, or a room, which constitutes a housing unit. A group of rooms or a single room is regarded as a housing unit when it is occupied as separate living quarters; that is, when the occupants do not live and eat with any other persons in the structure, and when there is either (1) direct access from the outside or through a common hall, or (2) a kitchen or cooking equipment for the exclusive use of the occupants. The count of households excludes persons living in group quarters, such as rooming houses, military barracks, and institutions.

Group quarters.--Group quarters are living arrangements for institutional inmates regardless of the number of inmates, or for other groups containing five or more persons unrelated to the person in charge.

Head of household.--One person in each household was designated as the "head." The number of heads, therefore, is equal to the number of

households. The head of a household is usually the person regarded as the head by members of the household. Women are not classified as heads if their husbands are resident members of the household at the time of the survey. Married couples related to the head of a household are included in the head's household and are not classified as separate households.

Size of household.--The term "size of household" refers to the number of persons occupying a housing unit.

Number of related children under 18 years of age.--This number refers to all children in the household under 18 years old related to the head of the household by blood, marriage, or adoption.

Marital status.--The marital status classification identifies four major categories: Single, married, widowed, and divorced. These terms refer to the marital status at the time of the enumeration.

The category "married" is further divided into "married, wife present," "separated," and "other married, wife absent" for male heads and "married, husband absent" by reason for absence of husband for female heads. A male head was classified as "married, wife present" if his wife was reported as a member of the household, even though she may have been temporarily absent on business or on vacation, visiting, in a hospital, etc., at the time of the enumeration. Persons reported as separated included those with legal separations, those living apart with intentions of obtaining a divorce, and other persons permanently, or temporarily separated because of marital discord. The groups "other married, wife absent" and "other married, husband absent" include married persons living apart because either the wife or the husband was employed, and living at a considerable distance from home, was residing in an institution, had moved to another area, or had a different place of residence for any other reason except separation as defined above.

Husband in Armed Forces.--When a woman was reported as married but her husband was not enumerated as a member of the same household, an additional question was asked to determine whether her husband was in the Armed Forces. Women who were reported as separated were not asked the additional question.

Family.--The term "family," as used in this report, refers to a group of two or more persons related by blood, marriage, or adoption and residing together; all such persons are considered as

members of the same family. Thus, if the son of the head of the household and the son's wife are in the household, they are treated as part of the head's family. On the other hand, a lodger and his wife not related to the head of the household or an unrelated servant and his wife are considered as secondary families (in households) and not as part of the household head's family. Beginning in 1968, secondary families in group quarters (only 37,000 in 1967) are no longer shown; instead the members are classified as secondary individuals in group quarters.

Income.--For each person in the sample 14 years old and over, questions were asked on the amount of money income received in 1968 from each of the following sources: (1) Money wages or salary; (2) net income from nonfarm self-employment; (3) net income from farm self-employment; (4) Social Security; (5) dividends, interest (on savings or bonds), income from estates or trusts or net rental income; (6) public assistance or welfare payments; (7) unemployment compensation, government employee pensions, or veterans' payments; (8) private pensions, annuities, alimony, regular contributions from persons not living in this household, net royalties, and other periodic income.

The amounts received represent income before deductions for personal taxes, Social Security, bonds, etc. If any amount was \$10,000 or more, it is recorded as a specific amount whenever possible. When the respondent did not know the specific amount but reported it within specified limits, the midpoint of the amount was coded (i.e., "\$10,000 to \$15,000" was coded as "\$12,500"). If an indefinite amount was reported such as "over \$10,000," the information was coded as "\$16,000." It should be noted that although the income statistics refer to receipts during 1968 the characteristics of the person, such as age, labor force status, etc., and the composition of households refer to March 1969. The income of the household does not include amounts received by persons who were members of the family during all or part of the calendar year 1968 if these persons no longer resided with the family at the time of enumeration. On the other hand, household income includes amounts reported by related persons who did not reside in the household during 1968 but who were members of the family at the time of enumeration.

Data on consumer income collected by the Bureau of the Census cover money income (exclusive of certain money receipts such as capital gains) prior to deductions for taxes. The fact that many farm households receive part of their income in the form of rent-free housing and goods produced and consumed on the farm, rather than in

money, should be taken into consideration in comparing the income of farm and nonfarm residents. It should be noted that nonmoney incomes are also received by some nonfarm residents. They often take the form of business expense accounts, use of business transportation and facilities, full or partial compensation by business for medical and educational expenses, etc. In analyzing size distributions of income, it should be recognized that capital gains tend to be concentrated more among higher income units than among lower ones.

Money wages or salary.--This is defined as the total money earnings received for work performed as an employee during the calendar year 1968. It includes wages, salary, Armed Forces pay, commissions, tips, piece-rate payments, and cash bonuses earned, before deductions were made for taxes, bonds, pensions, union dues, etc.

Net income from nonfarm self-employment.--This is defined as net money income (gross receipts minus expenses) from his own business, professional enterprise, or partnership. Gross receipts include the value of all goods sold and services rendered. Expenses include costs of goods purchased, rent, heat, light, power, depreciation charges, wages and salaries paid, business taxes (not personal income taxes), etc. In general, inventory changes were not considered in determining net income; however, replies based on income tax returns or other official records do reflect inventory changes. The value of salable merchandise consumed by the proprietors of retail stores is not included as part of net income.

Net income from farm self-employment.--This is defined as net money income (gross receipts minus operating expenses) from the operation of a farm by a person on his own account, as an owner, renter, or sharecropper. Gross receipts include the value of all products sold, government crop loans, money received from the rental of farm equipment to others, and incidental receipts from the sale of wood, sand, gravel, etc. Operating expenses include cost of feed, fertilizer, seed, and other farming supplies, cash wages paid to farmhands, depreciation charges, cash rent, interest on farm mortgages, farm building repairs, farm taxes (not State and Federal income taxes), etc. The value of fuel, food, or other farm products used for household living is not included as part of net income. In general, inventory changes were not considered in determining net income; however, replies based on income tax returns or other official records do reflect inventory changes.

Social Security.--This is defined as Social Security pensions and survivors' benefits, and

permanent disability insurance payments made by the Social Security Administration prior to deductions for medical insurance and railroad retirement insurance checks from the U.S. Government.

Dividends, interest (on savings or bonds), income from estates or trusts, or net rental income.--This category includes dividends from stock-holdings or membership in associations, interest on savings or bonds, periodic receipts from estates or trust funds, net income from rental of a house, store, or other property to others, and receipts from boarders or lodgers.

Public assistance or welfare payments.--This category includes public assistance payments such as old-age assistance, aid to families with dependent children, and aid to the blind or totally disabled.

Unemployment compensation, government employee pensions, or veterans' payments.--This category includes: (1) Unemployment compensation received from government unemployment insurance agencies or private companies during periods of unemployment and any strike benefits received from union funds; (2) government employee pensions received from retirement pensions paid by Federal, State, county, or other governmental agencies to former employees (including members of the Armed Forces) or their survivors; (3) money paid periodically by the Veterans' Administration to disabled members of the Armed Forces or to survivors of deceased veterans, subsistence allowances paid to veterans for education and on the job training, as well as so-called "refunds" paid to ex-servicemen as GI insurance premiums; also includes (4) workmen's compensation received periodically from public or private insurance companies for injuries incurred at work. The cost of this insurance must have been paid by the employer and not by the person.

Private pensions, annuities, alimony, regular contributions from persons not living in the household, net royalties, and other periodic income.--The following types of income are included in this group: (1) Private pensions or retirement benefits paid to a retired person or his survivors by a former employer or by a union, either directly or through an insurance company; (2) periodic receipts from annuities or insurance; (3) alimony and child support; (4) contributions received periodically from persons not living in the household; (5) net royalties; and (6) other periodic income such as military family allotments, net gambling winnings, and other kinds of periodic income other than earnings.

Receipts not counted as income.--Receipts from the following sources were not included as income: (1) Money received from the sale of property,

such as stocks, bonds, a house, or a car (unless the person was engaged in the business of selling such property, in which case the net proceeds would be counted as income from self-employment); (2) withdrawals of bank deposits; (3) money borrowed; (4) tax refunds; (5) gifts; and (6) lump-sum inheritances or insurance payments.

Total money income.--This is defined as the algebraic sum of money wages and salaries, net income from self-employment, and income other than earnings. The total income of a household is the algebraic sum of the amounts received by all income recipients in the household.

The income tables for households include in the lowest income group (under \$1,000) those that were classified as having no income in 1968 and those reporting a loss in net income from farm and nonfarm self-employment or in rental income. Many of these were living on income "in kind," savings, or gifts; or were newly constituted households, unrelated individuals who had recently left families, or households in which the sole breadwinner had recently died or had left the household. However, many of the households who reported no income probably had some money income which was not recorded in the survey.

Number of earners.--This number includes all persons in the household with \$1 or more in wages and salaries, or \$1 or more or a loss in net income from farm or nonfarm self-employment.

Median income.--The median income is the amount which divides the distribution into two equal groups, one having incomes above the median, and the other having incomes below the median.

Mean income.--The mean income is the amount obtained by dividing the total income of a group by the number of households or persons (as appropriate) in that group.

Age.--The age classification is based on the age of the person at his last birthday.

Race.--The population is divided into three groups on the basis of race: white, Negro, and "other races." The last category includes Indians, Japanese, Chinese, and any other race except white and Negro. "Other races" are usually shown in combination with the Negro population.

Years of school completed.--Data on years of school completed in this report were derived from the combination of answers to questions concerning the highest grade of school attended by the person and whether or not that grade was finished. The questions of educational attainment apply only to progress in "regular" schools. Such schools

clude graded public, private, and parochial elementary and high schools (both junior and senior high), colleges, universities, and professional schools, whether day schools or night schools. Thus, regular schooling is that which may advance a person toward an elementary school certificate or a high school diploma, or a college, university, or professional school degree. Schooling in other than regular schools was counted only if the credits obtained were regarded as transferable to a school in the regular school system.

The median years of school completed is defined as the value which divides the distribution into two equal groups, one having completed more schooling and one having completed less schooling than the median. These medians are expressed in terms of a continuous series of numbers representing years of school completed. For example, a median of 9.0 represents the completion of the first year of high school and a median of 13.0 means completion of the first year of college.

Labor force and employment status.--The definitions of labor force and employment status in this report relate to the population 14 years old and over.

Employed.--Employed persons comprise (1) all civilians who, during the specified week, did any work at all as paid employees or in their own business or profession, or on their own farm, or who worked 15 hours or more as unpaid workers on a farm or in a business operated by a member of the family, and (2) all those who were not working but who had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent because of illness, bad weather, vacation, or labor-management dispute, or because they were taking time off for personal reasons, whether or not they were paid by their employers for time off, and whether or not they were seeking other jobs. Excluded from the employed group are persons whose only activity consisted of work around the house (such as own home housework, painting or repairing own home, etc.) or volunteer work for religious, charitable, and similar organizations.

Unemployed.--Unemployed persons are those civilians who, during the survey week, had no employment but were available for work and (1) had engaged in any specific jobseeking activity within the past 4 weeks, such as registering at a public or private employment office, meeting with prospective employers, checking with friends or relatives, placing or answering advertisements, writing letters of application, or being on a union or professional register; (2) were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off; or (3) were waiting to report to a new wage or salary job within 30 days.

Labor force.--Persons are classified as in the labor force if they were employed as civilians, unemployed, or in the Armed Forces during the survey week. The "civilian labor force" is comprised of all civilians classified as employed or unemployed.

Not in the labor force.--All civilians who are not classified as employed or unemployed are defined as "not in the labor force." This group who are neither employed nor seeking work includes persons engaged only in own home housework, attending school, or unable to work because of long-term physical or mental illness; persons who are retired or too old to work, seasonal workers for whom the survey week fell in an off season, and the voluntarily idle. Persons doing only unpaid family work (less than 15 hours) are also classified as not in the labor force.

Occupation.--The data on occupation of employed persons refer to the civilian job held during the survey week. Persons employed at two or more jobs were reported in the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours during the week.

The occupation groupings used here are mainly the major groups used in the 1960 Census of Population. The composition of these groups is shown in Volume I, Characteristics of the Population, Part 1, United States Summary, chapter D. The categories used are either detailed classifications or combinations thereof.

Rounding.--Percentages are rounded to the nearest tenth of a percent; therefore, the percentages in a distribution do not always add to exactly 100.0 percent. The totals, however, are always shown as 100.0.

Base figures.--An estimate of the size of the base (number of households) of each percent distribution by income in 1968 is shown in most of the tables in this report. The base figures shown in this report were prepared by inflating weighted sample results to agree with independent estimates of the population based on statistics updated from the 1960 census.

COMPARABILITY OF CURRENT POPULATION SURVEY INCOME DATA WITH OTHER DATA

Office of Business Economics personal income series.--The income data presented in this report are not directly comparable with estimates of aggregate personal income prepared by the Office of Business Economics of the Department of Commerce (OBE), nor with the distributions of families and unrelated individuals by family personal income

brackets published by that Office. The lack of correspondence stems from the following differences in definition and coverage:

1. Income definition.--The personal income series includes, among other items, the following types of nonmoney income which are not included in the census definition: Wages received in kind, the value of food and fuel produced and consumed on farms, the net rental value of owner-occupied homes, the property income received by mutual life insurance companies, and the value of the services of banks and other financial intermediaries rendered to persons without the assessment of specific charges. These items of income in kind account for about 4 percent of total personal income. The Census Bureau definition of income, on the other hand, includes such items as regular contributions for support received from persons who do not reside in the same living quarters, income received from roomers and boarders residing in households, and employee contributions for social insurance, which are not included in the personal income series. These items, however, represent a smaller income total than the nonmoney items included in personal income.

2. Source of data.--The personal income series is estimated largely on the basis of data derived from business and governmental sources. These sources include the industrial and population censuses, employers' wage reports under the Social Security programs, and records of disbursements to individuals by governmental agencies. The OBE's distributions of families and unrelated individuals by family personal income brackets, which are based on consolidated data from Federal individual income tax returns supplemented by information from field surveys of family income, have been adjusted to agree statistically with the totals in the personal income series. The income data presented in the census reports on the other hand, are based directly on field surveys of households. As discussed in the section on "Source and reliability of the estimates," income data obtained in household interviews are subject to various types of reporting errors which tend to produce an understatement of income. It is estimated that the income surveys conducted by the Bureau of the Census during the past few years have obtained about 87 percent of the comparable total money income aggregates and about 95 percent of the comparable money wage or salary aggregates included in the personal income series prepared by the OBE.

3. Population coverage.--The Bureau of the Census excluded from its sample inmates of institutions and military personnel overseas or

living on post in the United States. Moreover persons residing in group quarters at the time the survey was taken are excluded from this report. The income of these groups is included in the aggregate personal income series released by the OBE but is excluded from the OBE's family income distributions. In addition, the income of persons who died or emigrated prior to the date of interview was not reported in the census inquiry.

4. Average income.--Most of the average income figures published by the OBE represent mean personal incomes, i.e., they were obtained by dividing an aggregate personal income by a total number of persons (or families). The census averages in this report, on the other hand, are median incomes, representing the point on the money income scale above and below which one-half of the families (or of the persons receiving income) are to be found. Because of the shape of the income distribution curve, median incomes are considerably smaller than mean incomes. Furthermore, certain of the OBE average income figures (e.g., for geographical regions) represent income per capita, i.e., they were derived by dividing total income by the total population including men, women, and children. Most of the census averages, in contrast, are for families (or for unrelated individuals or income recipients 14 years old and over).

Percent changes in average income from one period to the next, and percent differences in average income among component groups of the population within any one period, will not necessarily correspond for these various averages. This is so because the shape of the income distribution curve changes over time and varies among population groups at any given time, and because the average size of family also varies over time and among groups. As an example of the latter point, the average size of family had increased during the early 1950's so that it can be expected, barring other differences, that a smaller percentage rise in average income for the period will be shown by a series computed on a per capita than on a per family basis. The amount of divergence will vary depending on the extent to which average family size has increased in the particular region or other grouping of the population under consideration.

Department of Agriculture farm income series.--The farm income data shown in this report are not directly comparable with estimates of the aggregate amount of income received by the farm population and estimates of the aggregate farm income of farm operators which are prepared by the Economic Research Service of the Department of

agriculture. Data from the two sources differ in several respects for the reasons cited below:

1. The census data show distributions of persons by farm self-employment income levels and distributions of persons by total money income levels, but do not show estimates of the amount of aggregate income. Agriculture estimates provide information on the amount of aggregate income received by the population but do not provide distributions by income level.

2. The agriculture estimates are based on data derived from farm, business, and governmental sources. As indicated previously, the data presented in this report are based on a field survey of households.

3. The definitions of income are different. The census definition includes, among others, the following items which are not included in the agriculture series: Contributions for support received from persons not residing in the same living quarters and government and business transfers of income.

4. The census data on the total money income of the farm population differ from the agriculture estimates of "net income of the farm population" for reasons other than those cited previously, as follows:

a. The census data do not include under the farm classification the incomes of those non-farm residents who reported the receipt of some farm income while the agriculture series includes the total net farm income of all farm operators.

b. Income in kind--the imputed value of farm products grown and consumed directly in farm households, and the imputed rental value of owner-occupied farm dwellings--is included in the agriculture series but excluded from the census definition of income.

5. The census data on the civilian non-institutional population's net income from the operation of a farm differ from the agriculture estimates of farm operators' "net cash income from farming" for reasons other than those cited above, as follows:

a. The census estimates are based on the answers to a single direct question on how much net income was derived from operation of a farm during the preceding calendar year. The agriculture series on "net cash income from farming" is derived by summing estimated cash receipts for a large number of crop and livestock items, and subtracting estimates of the various kinds of cash production expenses incurred.

b. The agriculture series includes the net income of farm operators from the rental of farms to other farmers but the census definition classified these receipts as income other than earnings, not income from farm self-employment.

c. The agriculture definition of farm expenses used in deriving "net cash income from farming" includes actual expenditures on the repair, construction, or purchase of buildings, machinery, and other capital equipment added on the place while the census definition includes only the money spent on repairs. On the other hand, depreciation charges are treated as farm expenses under the census definition but not in the agriculture series on "net cash income from farming."

Surveys of Consumer Finances.--The Survey of Consumer Finances which has been conducted annually by the Survey Research Center of the University of Michigan provides, among other data, information on the size distribution of income. These surveys are based on nationwide samples that cover all persons in private households. Several important differences between the Survey of Consumer Finances and the present report may be noted:

1. The income-receiving unit in the Survey of Consumer Finances estimates is the spending unit or the family, whereas the data in the present report relate to households.

2. The Survey of Consumer Finances estimates are based on a sample which is different from and smaller (approximately 2,000 spending units in 66 areas) than the census sample. Differences between the results are subject to sampling variability arising from each survey. This factor alone could account for moderate discrepancies between the two sets of data.

3. There are some differences in the estimating procedure. The Bureau of the Census inflated its weighted sample results to agree with independent estimates of the civilian population of the United States by age, color, and sex, whereas the Survey of Consumer Finances weighted sample results were inflated to agree with independent estimates of occupied dwelling units.

4. Only eight income questions are asked for each person in the Bureau of the Census sample whereas numerous detailed questions on income and other financial items are asked of the head of the spending unit and all other members in the spending unit in each household in the Survey of Consumer Finances sample.

Federal income tax data.--For several reasons, the income data shown in this report are not directly comparable with those which may be obtained from statistical summaries of income tax returns. Income, as defined for tax purposes, differs somewhat from the concept used by the Bureau of the Census. For example, certain types of receipts such as veterans' payments, Social Security benefits, and relief payments, which constitute the main income source for some families, are excluded from income tax coverage. Moreover, the coverage of income tax statistics is less inclusive because persons receiving less than \$600 (less than \$1,200, if 65 years old and over) are not required to file returns. Furthermore, some income tax returns are filed as separate returns and others as joint returns; and, consequently, the income reporting unit is not consistently either a family or a person.

Old-Age, Survivors', Disability and Health Insurance earnings record data.--Census data shown in this report and the distributions made upon the basis of Old-Age, Survivors', Disability and Health Insurance earnings record data differ for the reasons listed below:

1. The earnings of the following groups are not covered by the earnings record data: many Federal, State, and local government employees, some employees of nonprofit organizations, workers covered by the Railroad Retirement Act, and persons who are not covered by the program because of insufficient earnings, including some farm and nonfarm self-employed persons, some farm workers and domestic servants.
2. Employees' earnings in excess of \$7,800 per employer are not covered by the earnings record data.
3. Income other than earnings is not covered by the earnings record data.
4. The earnings record data are based upon employers' Social Security tax reports and the Federal income tax returns of self-employed persons, whereas the data presented in this report are obtained by household interviews.

SOURCE AND RELIABILITY OF THE ESTIMATES

Source of data.--The estimates are based on data obtained in the Current Population Survey of the Bureau of the Census. The sample is spread

over 449 areas comprising 863 counties and independent cities with coverage in each of the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Approximately 50,000 occupied households are designated for interview each month. Of this number 2,250 occupied units, on the average, are visited but interviews are not obtained because the occupants are not found at home after repeated calls or are unavailable for some other reason. In addition to the 50,000, there are also about 8,500 sample units in an average month which are visited but are found to be vacant or otherwise not to be interviewed.

The estimating procedure used in this survey involved the inflation of the weighted sample results to independent estimates of the civilian noninstitutional population of the United States by age, color, and sex. These independent estimates were based on statistics from the 1960 Census of Population; statistics of births, deaths, immigration, and emigration; and statistics on the strength of the Armed Forces.

Reliability of the estimates.--Since the estimates are based on a sample, they may differ somewhat from the figure that would have been obtained if a complete census had been taken using the same schedules, instructions, and enumerators. As in any survey work, the results are subject to errors of response and of reporting as well as being subject to sampling variability.

In most cases the schedule entries for income are based on memory rather than on records, and in the majority of cases on the memory or knowledge of one person, usually the wife of the family head. The memory factor in data derived from field surveys of income probably produces underestimates because the tendency is to forget minor or irregular sources of income. Other errors of reporting are due to misrepresentation or to misunderstanding as to the scope of the income concept.

The standard error is primarily a measure of sampling variability, that is, of the variations that occur by chance because a sample rather than the entire population is surveyed. As calculated for this report, the standard error also partially measures the effect of response and enumeration errors, but it does not measure, as such, any systematic biases in the data. The chances are about 68 out of 100 that an estimate from the sample would differ from a complete census figure by less than the standard error. The chances are about 95 out of 100 that the difference would be less than twice the standard error.

The figures presented in table B are approximations to the standard errors of various estimates shown in this report. In order to derive standard errors that would be applicable to a wide variety of items and could be prepared at a moderate cost, a number of approximations were required. As a result, the table of standard errors provides an indication of the order of magnitude of the standard errors rather than the precise standard error for any specific item.

The reliability of an estimated percentage, computed by using sample data for both numerator and denominator, depends upon both the size of the percentage and the size of the total upon which the percentage is based. Estimated percentages are relatively more reliable than the corresponding absolute estimates of the numerator of the percentage, particularly if the percent is large (50 percent or greater).

Table B shows the standard errors of the estimated percentage of households in a given category.

Illustration of use of the table of standard errors of percentages: Table 1 shows that an estimated 13.6 percent of households containing one person had an income of under \$1,000 in 1968. Since the base of this percentage is 10,333,000 one-person households, interpolation in table B shows that the standard error of the estimated 13.6 percent is approximately 0.4 percent. The chances are 68 out of 100 that the estimate would have shown a figure differing from a complete census by less than 0.4 percent. The chances are 95 out of 100 that the estimate would be within 0.8 percent, (twice the standard error) of a census figure, i.e., this 95 percent confidence interval would be between 12.8 and 14.4 percent.

The tables in this report present estimates of median income and mean income as well as the corresponding distributions. The sampling variability of an estimated median depends upon the distribution as well as on the size of the base.

Table B.--STANDARD ERRORS OF ESTIMATED PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLDS

Estimated percentage	Base of estimated percentage (thousands)							
	250	500	1,000	2,500	5,000	10,000	25,000	50,000
2 or 98.....	1.3	0.9	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1
5 or 95.....	2.0	1.4	1.0	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1
10 or 90.....	2.7	1.9	1.3	0.8	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2
25 or 75.....	3.9	2.8	2.0	1.3	0.8	0.6	0.4	0.3
50.....	4.5	3.2	2.3	1.4	1.0	0.7	0.4	0.4

Confidence limits of a median based on sample data may be estimated as follows: (1) From table B using the appropriate base, determine the standard error of a 50-percent characteristic, (2) add to and subtract from 50 percent the standard error determined in step (1), (3) the confidence interval for the median corresponding to the two points established in step (2) are then read off the distribution of the characteristic. A two-standard-error confidence limit may be determined by finding the values corresponding to 50 percent plus and minus twice the standard error shown in table B.

Illustration of the computation of the standard error of a median: The median income of one-person households is \$2,689 in 1968 (table 1). There were an estimated 10,333,000 households of this type.

1. From table B, the standard error of 50 percent of these households expressed as a percentage is about 0.7 percent.

2. As we are usually interested in the confidence interval for the median at the two-standard-error level, we add and subtract twice the standard error obtained in step (1). This yields percentage limits of 48.6 and 51.4.

3. Since 48.1 percent of these households had incomes below \$2,500 and 5.0 percent had incomes between \$2,500 and \$2,999, the dollar value of the lower limit may be found by linear interpolation to be

$$\frac{48.6 - 48.1}{5.0} \times \$500 + \$2,499 = \$2,549$$

The dollar value of the upper limit is found to be

$$\frac{51.4 - 48.1}{5.0} \times \$500 + \$2,499 = \$2,829$$

Then a 95-percent confidence interval for the median income of one-person households is (\$2,549, \$2,829).

Approximating the standard error of a mean: To get a rough estimate of the standard error of a mean, the following formula can be used:

$$\sigma_{\bar{x}}^2 = R \left[\frac{\sum_{i=1}^c p_i x_i^2}{n} - \frac{\bar{x}^2}{n} \right]$$

where n is the weighted total number of cases in all c income classes.

p_i is the percentage of total cases in the i^{th} income class.

x_i is the midpoint of the i^{th} class.

\bar{x} is the mean income of the distribution $\sum_{i=1}^c p_i x_i$

R is a constant which depends on the sample size, the sample design, and the estimation procedure. For calculations in this report, R=1,800 may be used. To obtain an estimated standard error for a mean income, find $\sigma_{\bar{x}}^2$ and take the square root.

Table C contains 68 percent and 95 percent confidence intervals for various medians of differing magnitudes and bases. A 68 percent confidence interval is defined such that if many samples are taken and a one-standard error confidence interval is formed for each sample median, about 68 out of 100 of these intervals will contain the median which would be found if a full census were taken. For a two-standard error confidence interval, about 95 out of 100 of the intervals formed would contain the census median.

Table C.--SAMPLING VARIABILITY OF SELECTED MEDIANS

Table and characteristics of households	Median	Base (thousands)	Confidence interval	
			68 percent	95 percent
TABLE 1				
All members related.....	\$7,723	60,102	\$7,670 - \$7,780	\$7,620 - \$7,830
All members unrelated.....	7,950	1,005	7,560 - 8,300	7,180 - 8,660
Some members unrelated.....	9,139	698	8,770 - 9,590	8,450 - 10,060
TABLE 2				
Sex of head:				
Total.....	7,743	61,805	7,690 - 7,800	7,640 - 7,850
Male head.....	8,828	48,928	8,760 - 8,860	8,710 - 8,910
Female head.....	3,281	12,877	3,240 - 3,320	3,200 - 3,370
Residence:				
Nonfarm.....	7,856	58,935	7,800 - 7,910	7,750 - 7,960
Farm.....	5,473	2,870	5,310 - 5,620	5,160 - 5,780
Age of head:				
14 to 24 years.....	6,028	4,068	5,910 - 6,130	5,800 - 6,240
65 years and over.....	3,180	12,014	3,130 - 3,230	3,080 - 3,280
TABLE 4				
Multiple-person households with all persons related to head:				
Husband-wife.....	9,153	43,398	9,100 - 9,200	9,050 - 9,250
Other male head.....	7,409	1,159	7,150 - 7,690	6,880 - 7,960
Female head.....	4,519	5,214	4,430 - 4,630	4,330 - 4,740
No other adults present.....				
Some present.....	8,193	36,130	8,150 - 8,240	8,110 - 8,290
Male and female.....	10,310	13,641	10,230 - 10,410	10,140 - 10,500
	12,477	2,082	12,160 - 12,780	11,870 - 13,080

Table 1.--SIZE OF HOUSEHOLD AND RELATIONSHIP--HOUSEHOLDS BY TOTAL MONEY INCOME IN 1968, FOR THE UNITED STATES

(Excludes inmates of institutions; includes 1,028,000 members of the Armed Forces in the United States living off post or with their families on post but excludes all other members of the Armed Forces. Households as of March 1969)

SUBJECT	ALL HOUSEHOLDS (THOUSANDS)	TOTAL	TOTAL HOUSEHOLD INCOME																	MEDIAN INCOME (DOLLARS)	MEAN INCOME (DOLLARS)	
			UNDER \$1,000	\$1,000 TO \$1,499	\$1,500 TO \$1,999	\$2,000 TO \$2,499	\$2,500 TO \$2,999	\$3,000 TO \$3,499	\$3,500 TO \$3,999	\$4,000 TO \$4,999	\$5,000 TO \$5,999	\$6,000 TO \$6,999	\$7,000 TO \$7,999	\$8,000 TO \$8,999	\$9,000 TO \$9,999	\$10,000 TO \$11,999	\$12,000 TO \$14,999	\$15,000 TO \$24,999	\$25,000 AND OVER			
TOTAL	61 805	100.0	3.7	3.8	3.5	3.5	2.9	3.7	3.1	6.3	6.8	7.1	7.5	7.1	6.5	11.0	10.8	10.5	2.0	0.3	7 743	8 760
ALL MEMBERS RELATED	60 102	100.0	3.8	3.8	3.5	3.5	2.9	3.7	3.1	6.3	6.8	7.1	7.6	7.1	6.5	10.9	10.8	10.4	2.0	0.3	7 723	8 716
ALL MEMBERS UNRELATED	1 005	100.0	2.6	2.6	2.3	3.9	4.2	4.7	2.2	7.5	7.2	7.2	6.1	6.4	4.2	11.9	11.7	12.7	2.5	0.3	7 950	9 310
SOME MEMBERS UNRELATED	698	100.0	0.5	1.5	1.2	1.4	2.7	2.0	2.3	6.4	7.9	8.4	6.2	8.7	6.1	10.7	10.8	17.2	4.6	1.5	9 139	11 758
ONE-PERSON HOUSEHOLDS	10 333	100.0	13.6	15.0	11.4	8.1	5.0	6.3	4.2	7.8	6.3	5.0	4.7	3.2	2.4	3.1	2.0	1.5	0.4	0.1	2 689	4 063
TWO-PERSON HOUSEHOLDS	17 916	100.0	2.5	2.8	3.5	4.7	4.0	5.0	4.3	8.0	8.1	7.9	7.9	6.9	5.7	9.4	9.3	8.0	1.7	0.2	6 875	8 015
RELATED	17 066	100.0	2.5	2.8	3.6	4.7	4.0	5.0	4.4	8.0	8.2	7.9	8.0	6.9	5.7	9.3	9.2	7.9	1.6	0.2	6 851	7 979
UNRELATED	850	100.0	3.1	2.7	2.7	4.4	4.3	5.1	2.1	7.9	7.2	7.5	6.4	6.7	3.9	11.9	11.6	10.4	1.8	0.3	7 465	8 727
THREE-PERSON HOUSEHOLDS	10 698	100.0	1.6	1.1	1.4	2.0	2.1	2.5	2.5	5.9	6.7	8.4	8.1	8.3	7.7	13.0	13.9	12.4	2.2	0.3	8 934	10 016
ALL RELATED	10 353	100.0	1.6	1.1	1.5	2.0	2.0	2.5	2.4	5.8	6.6	8.4	8.1	8.4	7.7	13.1	14.0	12.3	2.2	0.2	8 953	9 992
ALL UNRELATED	106	100.0	-	2.5	-	1.3	4.8	3.5	3.6	5.2	6.0	6.8	3.5	6.4	3.7	15.6	11.2	22.5	3.5	-	10 363	11 076
SOME UNRELATED	239	100.0	-	2.0	0.9	2.5	2.7	3.1	3.2	8.2	12.0	10.8	9.3	5.5	6.3	7.1	11.4	11.8	1.1	2.1	7 499	10 585
FOUR-PERSON HOUSEHOLDS	9 714	100.0	1.2	0.6	0.8	1.1	1.4	1.8	1.9	4.4	5.3	7.0	8.4	8.7	8.7	15.2	14.4	15.9	2.8	0.4	9 843	10 885
ALL RELATED	9 527	100.0	1.2	0.7	0.8	1.1	1.4	1.8	1.9	4.4	5.3	7.0	8.5	8.7	8.7	15.4	14.4	15.7	2.7	0.4	9 839	10 860
ALL UNRELATED	40	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
SOME UNRELATED	148	100.0	0.8	-	-	0.8	1.8	3.6	3.5	6.8	3.8	7.0	5.1	11.5	7.0	10.0	10.4	21.7	6.1	-	9 739	11 519
FIVE-PERSON HOUSEHOLDS	6 345	100.0	1.1	0.5	1.0	1.1	1.3	2.0	1.7	4.0	6.0	7.1	8.8	8.3	7.8	14.6	15.1	15.8	3.4	0.3	9 912	11 144
ALL RELATED	6 186	100.0	1.1	0.5	0.9	1.1	1.3	2.0	1.8	4.0	5.9	7.2	8.9	8.2	7.9	14.6	15.3	15.7	3.3	0.3	9 908	11 111
ALL UNRELATED	9	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
SOME UNRELATED	150	100.0	0.6	0.7	3.0	1.7	2.5	0.8	1.4	4.4	11.4	5.8	4.0	10.5	4.2	15.0	6.6	19.6	6.0	1.7	9 746	11 914
SIX-PERSON HOUSEHOLDS	3 534	100.0	1.2	0.8	0.9	0.8	1.6	1.7	1.7	4.2	6.5	6.6	7.8	9.7	9.3	15.2	13.8	15.3	2.6	0.5	9 709	10 790
ALL RELATED	3 476	100.0	1.2	0.8	0.8	0.9	1.5	1.8	1.7	4.2	6.4	6.6	7.8	9.7	9.4	15.2	13.9	15.2	2.5	0.5	9 706	10 769
ALL UNRELATED	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
SOME UNRELATED	58	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
SEVEN-OR-MORE-PERSON HOUSEHOLDS	3 265	100.0	1.5	1.1	0.7	2.0	1.9	2.9	2.7	6.3	7.7	6.5	7.5	6.9	7.5	13.0	14.0	14.3	3.1	0.5	9 323	10 456
ALL RELATED	3 161	100.0	1.5	1.0	0.7	2.1	1.9	3.0	2.8	6.4	7.9	6.4	7.6	6.9	7.4	13.1	13.9	14.2	3.0	0.4	9 270	10 326
ALL UNRELATED	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
SOME UNRELATED	104	100.0	1.2	3.4	-	-	3.8	-	-	4.7	1.1	8.7	5.0	7.4	8.5	12.5	15.3	18.7	7.1	2.5	10 987	14 408

- REPRESENTS ZERO.

B BASE LESS THAN 75,000.

X NOT APPLICABLE.

Table 2.--AGE, EDUCATION, RESIDENCE, SEX, AND RACE OF HEAD-HOUSEHOLDS BY TOTAL MONEY INCOME IN 1968, FOR THE UNITED STATES

(Households as of March 1969)

SUBJECT	ALL HOUSEHOLDS (THOUSANDS)	TOTAL HOUSEHOLD INCOME																		MEDIAN INCOME (DOLLARS)	MEAN INCOME (DOLLARS)	
		TOTAL	UNDER \$1,000	\$1,000 TO \$1,499	\$1,500 TO \$1,999	\$2,000 TO \$2,499	\$2,500 TO \$2,999	\$3,000 TO \$3,499	\$3,500 TO \$3,999	\$4,000 TO \$4,999	\$5,000 TO \$5,999	\$6,000 TO \$6,999	\$7,000 TO \$7,999	\$8,000 TO \$8,999	\$9,000 TO \$9,999	\$10,000 TO \$11,999	\$12,000 TO \$14,999	\$15,000 TO \$24,999	\$25,000 TO \$49,999			\$50,000 AND OVER
AGE OF HEAD																						
TOTAL	61 805	100.0	3.7	3.8	3.5	3.5	2.9	3.7	3.1	6.3	6.8	7.1	7.5	7.1	6.5	11.0	10.8	10.5	2.0	0.3	7 743	8 760
14 TO 24 YEARS	4 068	100.0	4.1	2.5	2.7	4.4	3.7	5.6	5.1	10.7	11.0	11.0	10.1	8.5	5.3	8.3	4.9	1.8	0.2	(Z)	6 028	6 355
25 TO 34 YEARS	11 282	100.0	1.8	1.0	1.4	1.4	1.5	2.4	2.3	5.6	7.3	9.0	10.4	9.9	9.4	14.7	13.1	7.9	0.8	0.1	8 592	9 017
35 TO 44 YEARS	11 739	100.0	1.7	1.0	0.8	1.4	1.3	1.9	2.0	4.5	5.9	6.8	7.8	8.3	8.1	15.1	15.6	15.0	2.5	0.4	9 826	10 627
45 TO 54 YEARS	12 149	100.0	2.2	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.7	2.5	2.1	4.6	6.0	6.4	6.9	7.2	7.1	12.7	14.2	17.5	3.5	0.5	9 772	11 043
55 TO 64 YEARS	10 552	100.0	4.2	3.5	3.3	2.9	2.8	4.0	3.3	7.0	6.9	7.2	7.8	6.6	5.6	10.0	9.8	11.8	3.1	0.5	7 629	9 163
65 YEARS AND OVER	12 014	100.0	8.4	12.1	10.6	9.6	6.8	6.8	5.1	8.4	6.4	5.0	4.1	3.1	2.6	3.4	3.3	3.1	0.8	0.1	3 180	4 849
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT OF HEAD																						
TOTAL	61 805	100.0	3.7	3.8	3.5	3.5	2.9	3.7	3.1	6.3	6.8	7.1	7.5	7.1	6.5	11.0	10.8	10.5	2.0	0.3	7 743	8 760
ELEMENTARY: 0 TO 7 YEARS	9 569	100.0	8.5	9.6	7.8	7.2	5.8	6.5	4.6	9.1	7.6	6.5	5.9	4.6	3.8	5.1	4.4	2.9	0.3	-	4 005	5 138
8 YEARS	8 361	100.0	5.4	6.3	5.8	5.4	4.4	5.3	4.7	8.0	8.1	7.3	6.7	6.6	5.8	7.7	6.6	5.3	0.5	0.1	5 581	6 546
HIGH SCHOOL: 1 TO 3 YEARS	10 349	100.0	3.3	3.4	3.4	3.6	3.3	4.0	3.4	7.2	8.1	8.4	8.5	7.5	6.8	10.7	9.7	7.8	0.8	0.1	7 222	7 890
4 YEARS	18 933	100.0	2.2	1.8	2.0	2.2	1.8	2.7	2.5	5.7	6.9	8.0	9.0	8.7	8.0	13.9	12.6	10.2	1.4	0.1	8 583	9 197
COLLEGE: 1 TO 3 YEARS	6 767	100.0	2.7	1.5	1.8	2.1	1.5	2.7	2.1	5.1	5.3	6.0	7.6	7.9	7.4	13.4	14.0	15.8	2.8	0.2	9 485	10 400
4 OR MORE	7 826	100.0	1.2	1.1	0.9	1.3	1.1	1.3	1.4	2.6	3.5	4.7	5.4	5.5	5.5	12.7	17.1	25.0	8.2	1.4	12 288	14 232
TOTAL HEAD 25 YEARS OLD AND OVER																						
TOTAL	57 737	100.0	3.7	3.9	3.6	3.5	2.8	3.5	3.0	6.0	6.5	6.8	7.4	7.0	6.6	11.1	11.2	11.1	2.1	0.3	7 918	8 930
ELEMENTARY: 0 TO 7 YEARS	9 425	100.0	8.6	9.6	7.9	7.1	5.8	6.5	4.5	9.0	7.5	6.5	5.9	4.5	3.8	5.1	4.5	2.9	0.2	-	4 001	5 143
8 YEARS	8 206	100.0	5.4	6.4	5.9	5.3	4.4	5.2	4.6	7.9	8.0	7.3	6.8	6.6	5.8	7.8	6.7	5.4	0.5	0.1	5 616	6 579
HIGH SCHOOL: 1 TO 3 YEARS	9 623	100.0	3.1	3.4	3.3	3.4	3.0	3.9	3.2	6.8	7.8	8.2	8.6	7.4	7.0	11.2	10.2	8.4	0.9	0.1	7 441	8 092
4 YEARS	17 169	100.0	2.1	1.8	2.0	2.1	1.7	2.5	2.3	5.1	6.5	7.7	8.7	8.0	8.3	14.4	13.4	11.1	1.6	0.2	8 866	9 466
COLLEGE: 1 TO 3 YEARS	5 950	100.0	2.4	1.4	1.8	1.9	1.4	2.0	1.8	4.6	4.8	5.4	7.2	8.0	7.6	13.8	15.1	17.5	3.0	0.3	9 961	10 880
4 OR MORE	7 364	100.0	1.2	0.9	0.9	1.2	1.0	1.2	1.2	2.3	3.0	4.3	5.2	5.3	5.5	13.0	17.7	26.3	8.7	1.4	12 687	14 667
RESIDENCE																						
TOTAL	61 805	100.0	3.7	3.8	3.5	3.5	2.9	3.7	3.1	6.3	6.8	7.1	7.5	7.1	6.5	11.0	10.8	10.5	2.0	0.3	7 743	8 760
NONFARM	58 935	100.0	3.6	3.7	3.5	3.4	2.8	3.6	3.0	6.2	6.7	7.1	7.6	7.1	6.6	11.2	11.0	10.7	2.1	0.3	7 856	8 869
FARM	2 870	100.0	6.5	5.3	3.8	5.4	4.9	5.6	5.5	8.8	9.0	7.6	7.0	6.6	4.7	6.6	6.5	5.4	0.7	0.1	5 473	6 526
SEX OF HEAD																						
TOTAL	61 805	100.0	3.7	3.8	3.5	3.5	2.9	3.7	3.1	6.3	6.8	7.1	7.5	7.1	6.5	11.0	10.8	10.5	2.0	0.3	7 743	8 760
MALE	48 928	100.0	1.7	1.7	1.9	2.4	2.2	2.8	2.7	5.7	6.7	7.5	8.2	8.0	7.6	12.8	12.8	12.6	2.5	0.3	8 828	9 876
FEMALE	12 877	100.0	11.5	11.5	9.5	7.8	5.7	7.1	4.8	8.7	7.2	5.8	4.9	3.6	2.3	4.1	2.9	2.3	0.3	(Z)	3 281	4 523
RACE OF HEAD																						
TOTAL	61 805	100.0	3.7	3.8	3.5	3.5	2.9	3.7	3.1	6.3	6.8	7.1	7.5	7.1	6.5	11.0	10.8	10.5	2.0	0.3	7 743	8 760
WHITE	55 394	100.0	3.3	3.4	3.2	3.3	2.7	3.4	2.9	6.0	6.6	7.1	7.7	7.3	6.7	11.4	11.4	11.1	2.2	0.3	8 062	9 075
NEGRO AND OTHER RACES	6 411	100.0	7.0	6.8	5.9	5.6	4.9	6.3	5.0	9.3	8.4	7.1	6.4	5.4	4.2	7.0	5.5	4.7	0.6	(Z)	4 925	6 044
NEGRO	5 870	100.0	6.9	7.1	6.3	5.7	5.2	6.3	5.1	9.7	8.5	7.0	6.5	5.3	4.0	6.7	5.2	3.9	0.4	-	4 755	5 790

- REPRESENTS ZERO.

Z LESS THAN 0.05 PERCENT.

Table 3.--OCCUPATION AND EMPLOYMENT STATUS OF HEAD-HOUSEHOLDS BY TOTAL MONEY INCOME IN 1968, FOR THE UNITED STATES

(Households as of March 1969)

SUBJECT	ALL HOUSEHOLDS (THOUSANDS)	TOTAL	TOTAL HOUSEHOLD INCOME																		MEDIAN INCOME (DOL-LARS)	MEAN INCOME (DOL-LARS)		
			UNDER \$1,000	\$1,000 TO \$1,499	\$1,500 TO \$1,999	\$2,000 TO \$2,499	\$2,500 TO \$2,999	\$3,000 TO \$3,499	\$3,500 TO \$3,999	\$4,000 TO \$4,999	\$5,000 TO \$5,999	\$6,000 TO \$6,999	\$7,000 TO \$7,999	\$8,000 TO \$8,999	\$9,000 TO \$9,999	\$10,000 TO \$11,999	\$12,000 TO \$14,999	\$15,000 TO \$24,999	\$25,000 TO \$49,999	\$50,000 AND OVER				
EMPLOYMENT STATUS OF HEAD																								
TOTAL	61 805	100.0	3.7	3.8	3.5	3.5	2.9	3.7	3.1	6.3	6.8	7.1	7.5	7.1	6.5	11.0	10.8	10.5	2.0	0.3	7 743	8 760		
IN LABOR FORCE	47 751	100.0	1.6	1.2	1.3	1.7	1.8	2.7	2.5	5.7	6.9	7.9	8.6	8.3	7.7	13.3	13.2	12.8	2.5	0.3	8 974	10 061		
CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE	46 831	100.0	1.6	1.2	1.3	1.7	1.7	2.7	2.5	5.6	6.8	7.8	8.6	8.3	7.7	13.3	13.3	13.0	2.5	0.3	9 018	10 101		
EMPLOYED	45 903	100.0	1.5	1.2	1.2	1.7	1.7	2.7	2.5	5.5	6.7	7.8	8.6	8.3	7.8	13.5	13.4	13.1	2.5	0.3	9 085	10 167		
UNEMPLOYED	928	100.0	5.6	4.2	3.3	4.5	3.4	6.1	4.4	9.5	8.4	9.3	9.7	7.4	5.5	6.2	7.0	4.7	0.7	0.2	6 079	6 840		
ARMED FORCES	920	100.0	0.1	0.6	0.8	1.5	2.6	2.9	3.2	10.9	13.4	12.3	10.9	8.7	6.5	9.4	9.5	5.8	0.8	-	7 152	8 002		
NOT IN LABOR FORCE	14 053	100.0	11.0	12.5	11.1	9.6	6.8	6.9	5.1	8.5	6.4	4.5	3.8	2.9	2.2	3.2	2.5	2.5	0.5	0.1	2 930	4 343		
14 TO 64 YEARS OLD	4 751	100.0	12.8	9.2	9.1	7.6	6.4	7.0	5.3	8.7	7.3	4.9	4.6	3.5	2.6	4.2	3.5	2.7	0.6	0.1	3 358	4 723		
65 YEARS AND OVER	9 303	100.0	10.1	14.2	12.1	10.6	7.0	6.8	5.0	8.4	5.9	4.3	3.4	2.6	2.1	2.6	2.1	2.3	0.4	0.1	2 715	4 149		
OCCUPATION OF EMPLOYED HEAD																								
TOTAL	45 903	100.0	1.5	1.2	1.2	1.7	1.7	2.7	2.5	5.5	6.7	7.8	8.6	8.3	7.8	13.5	13.4	13.1	2.5	0.3	9 085	10 167		
PROFESSIONAL, TECHNICAL, AND KINDRED WORKERS	6 945	100.0	0.8	0.7	0.6	0.8	0.5	1.2	1.0	2.5	3.2	5.2	6.2	7.0	6.7	14.8	17.9	23.8	6.4	0.8	11 850	13 607		
FARMERS AND FARM MANAGERS	1 642	100.0	8.3	4.6	3.7	5.0	5.0	5.5	5.6	9.6	9.9	8.5	5.6	5.2	4.1	6.0	5.9	6.5	1.0	-	5 271	6 386		
MANAGERS, OFFICIALS, AND PROPRIETORS, EXC. FARM	6 676	100.0	1.0	0.5	0.6	0.8	0.8	1.0	1.2	3.0	3.9	5.2	6.5	6.2	6.8	13.5	17.3	23.1	7.2	1.2	11 836	13 687		
CLERICAL AND KINDRED WKRS	4 259	100.0	1.3	0.9	0.9	1.7	1.4	2.5	3.4	6.8	9.6	9.9	11.6	8.5	7.9	13.0	10.9	9.2	0.5	(Z)	7 998	8 755		
SALES WORKERS	2 491	100.0	1.3	0.8	1.2	1.2	1.9	3.6	1.8	5.1	5.5	5.4	7.6	7.0	7.8	13.9	14.9	17.6	3.2	0.3	9 987	10 877		
CRAFTSMEN, FOREMEN, AND KINDRED WORKERS	8 673	100.0	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.8	0.9	1.4	1.6	3.8	5.6	7.8	10.0	10.1	10.2	17.5	16.6	11.9	0.8	0.1	9 681	10 135		
OPERATIVES AND KINDRED WORKERS	8 756	100.0	0.9	0.7	0.7	1.4	1.8	3.1	2.9	6.9	9.3	10.3	10.5	10.7	9.3	13.9	10.8	6.6	0.4	(Z)	8 156	8 558		
SERVICE WORKERS	3 824	100.0	4.7	3.9	4.8	4.9	4.7	6.6	5.1	9.9	7.6	8.1	7.1	7.4	5.0	8.2	6.8	4.8	0.3	0.1	5 710	6 561		
FARM LABORERS AND FOREMEN	498	100.0	5.1	6.9	4.8	9.0	7.2	8.3	7.2	12.4	12.4	6.2	5.4	3.7	3.4	4.8	1.9	1.1	0.2	-	4 114	4 775		
LABORERS, EXC. FARM AND MINE	2 139	100.0	2.0	1.7	2.2	2.9	2.9	4.7	3.7	9.3	12.0	11.6	9.5	8.9	6.9	9.2	7.5	4.5	0.4	-	6 740	7 316		

- REPRESENTS ZERO.

Z LESS THAN 0.05 PERCENT.

Table 4.--TYPE OF HOUSEHOLD, PRESENCE OF RELATED CHILDREN, AND INCOME OF HEAD--MULTIPLE-PERSON HOUSEHOLDS WITH ALL PERSONS RELATED TO HEAD BY TOTAL MONEY INCOME IN 1968, FOR THE UNITED STATES

(Households as of 1969)

SUBJECT	ALL HOUSEHOLDS (THOU-SANDS)	TOTAL	TOTAL HOUSEHOLD INCOME																		MEDIAN INCOME (DOL-LARS)	MEAN INCOME (DOL-LARS)	
			UNDER \$1,000	\$1,000 TO \$1,499	\$1,500 TO \$1,999	\$2,000 TO \$2,499	\$2,500 TO \$2,999	\$3,000 TO \$3,499	\$3,500 TO \$3,999	\$4,000 TO \$4,999	\$5,000 TO \$5,999	\$6,000 TO \$6,999	\$7,000 TO \$7,999	\$8,000 TO \$8,999	\$9,000 TO \$9,999	\$10,000 TO \$11,999	\$12,000 TO \$14,999	\$15,000 TO \$24,999	\$25,000 TO \$49,999	\$50,000 AND OVER			
TYPE OF HOUSEHOLD																							
TOTAL	49 771	100.0	1.7	1.5	1.9	2.6	2.4	3.1	2.9	6.0	6.9	7.6	8.2	7.9	7.4	12.6	12.6	12.2	2.3	0.3	8 660	9 683	
HUSBAND-WIFE	43 398	100.0	1.0	1.0	1.4	2.0	1.9	2.6	2.6	3.5	6.6	7.5	8.4	8.3	7.9	13.5	13.6	13.3	2.6	0.3	9 153	10 214	
OTHER MALE HEAD	1 159	100.0	2.9	2.9	2.3	3.6	3.5	4.6	4.2	6.4	7.9	8.3	8.1	7.8	6.6	8.9	10.9	9.9	0.9	0.2	7 409	8 282	
FEMALE HEAD	5 214	100.0	7.2	5.0	6.2	7.0	6.5	7.5	5.4	9.8	9.3	7.9	6.2	4.9	3.1	5.7	4.5	3.3	0.3	0.1	4 519	5 575	
PRESENCE OF RELATED CHILDREN: BY AGE																							
TOTAL	49 771	100.0	1.7	1.5	1.9	2.6	2.4	3.1	2.9	6.0	6.9	7.6	8.2	7.9	7.4	12.6	12.6	12.2	2.3	0.3	8 660	9 683	
SOME UNDER 6	14 157	100.0	1.7	1.1	1.3	1.9	1.8	2.7	2.7	6.0	7.7	9.2	10.3	9.8	8.9	13.8	11.4	8.0	1.4	0.2	8 358	9 015	
SOME UNDER 3	8 352	100.0	1.8	1.2	1.3	2.1	2.0	3.0	2.9	6.8	8.0	10.1	11.2	10.0	8.9	12.8	10.1	6.5	1.2	0.2	7 973	8 584	
ALL 3 TO 5	5 806	100.0	1.6	1.0	1.3	1.7	1.7	2.3	2.4	4.9	7.3	7.9	9.1	9.4	8.8	15.3	13.2	10.1	1.8	0.3	8 952	9 635	
ALL 6 TO 17	14 764	100.0	1.8	1.0	1.3	1.6	1.6	2.1	2.0	4.5	5.6	6.2	7.1	7.9	7.6	14.3	15.5	16.7	3.0	0.4	9 989	11 005	
NONE UNDER 18	20 850	100.0	1.7	2.1	2.8	3.7	3.4	4.2	3.7	7.0	7.2	7.4	7.5	6.7	6.2	10.5	11.3	11.8	2.4	0.3	7 891	9 200	
HEAD 14 TO 44 YEARS	4 221	100.0	1.1	0.7	1.0	1.4	1.3	3.2	2.5	5.5	7.5	8.7	8.7	8.3	7.9	14.4	15.0	11.9	1.1	0.1	9 042	9 637	
HEAD 45 YEARS AND OVER	16 629	100.0	1.9	2.5	3.3	4.4	4.0	4.4	4.0	7.4	7.1	7.1	7.2	6.3	5.7	9.6	10.4	11.8	2.7	0.3	7 557	9 089	
PRESENCE OF ADULT FAMILY MEMBERS OTHER THAN HEAD AND WIFE ¹																							
TOTAL	49 771	100.0	1.7	1.5	1.9	2.6	2.4	3.1	2.9	6.0	6.9	7.6	8.2	7.9	7.4	12.6	12.6	12.2	2.3	0.3	8 660	9 683	
NO OTHER ADULTS PRESENT	36 130	100.0	1.9	1.6	2.0	2.8	2.6	3.3	3.2	6.4	7.3	8.2	9.0	8.6	7.7	12.4	11.6	9.3	1.8	0.2	8 193	9 020	
SOME PRESENT	13 641	100.0	1.4	1.3	1.6	1.9	2.1	2.6	2.1	4.8	5.6	5.9	6.0	6.1	6.5	13.1	15.1	19.8	3.6	0.4	10 310	11 438	
MALE ONLY	5 617	100.0	1.4	1.6	1.3	1.7	2.3	2.3	1.7	4.5	5.5	6.5	5.7	6.6	6.4	13.2	15.6	19.7	3.8	0.3	10 404	11 563	
FEMALE ONLY	5 942	100.0	1.7	1.5	2.1	2.4	2.5	3.2	2.5	5.4	6.3	5.7	6.8	6.2	6.7	13.4	14.0	16.4	2.7	0.4	9 547	10 585	
MALE AND FEMALE	2 082	100.0	0.7	0.4	0.7	1.1	0.7	1.7	1.7	4.1	4.1	4.9	4.4	4.7	6.0	12.2	16.6	29.6	5.8	0.6	12 477	13 534	
INCOME OF HEAD																							
TOTAL	49 771	100.0	1.7	1.5	1.9	2.6	2.4	3.1	2.9	6.0	6.9	7.6	8.2	7.9	7.4	12.6	12.6	12.2	2.3	0.3	8 660	9 683	
NONE	385	100.0	45.2	3.9	2.2	4.0	6.0	6.7	2.0	6.0	5.9	5.8	3.0	1.4	2.6	2.7	1.4	1.3	-	-	1 701	2 905	
\$1 TO \$999 OR LOSS	1 885	100.0	36.6	11.2	8.6	5.0	4.3	3.7	4.6	6.8	6.0	4.1	3.0	1.6	1.6	1.5	0.9	0.5	0.1	0.1	1 629	2 685	
\$1,000 TO \$1,999	3 461	100.0	(Z)	15.0	22.5	12.6	8.2	7.3	4.0	7.5	5.0	5.1	3.9	2.5	1.9	2.1	1.4	1.0	0.2	-	2 494	3 733	
\$2,000 TO \$2,999	3 472	100.0	(Z)	-	(Z)	21.3	23.8	11.6	7.1	9.7	7.7	5.0	4.0	3.1	1.6	2.3	1.6	0.9	0.1	(Z)	3 208	4 351	
\$3,000 TO \$3,999	3 757	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	21.6	25.6	14.8	9.9	8.4	6.7	4.0	2.8	3.2	1.8	1.2	(Z)	-	4 189	5 281	
\$4,000 TO \$4,999	3 787	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	(Z)	44.3	14.3	8.5	9.4	7.8	6.2	4.8	3.1	1.5	(Z)	-	5 393	6 470	
\$5,000 TO \$5,999	4 485	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	(Z)	-	43.0	13.7	9.0	9.5	7.9	10.4	4.5	1.9	0.1	-	6 509	7 501	
\$6,000 TO \$6,999	4 793	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(Z)	42.9	12.1	8.4	8.5	14.8	9.0	4.2	0.1	-	7 584	8 703		
\$7,000 TO \$9,999	12 286	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(Z)	17.3	19.7	19.5	16.0	17.8	9.3	0.3	(Z)	9 661	10 590		
\$10,000 TO \$14,999	7 963	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	33.0	39.3	26.7	0.9	(Z)	13 289	13 790		
\$15,000 AND OVER	3 496	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.1	66.5	29.4	3.9	22 495	25 197		

- REPRESENTS ZERO. Z LESS THAN 0.05 PERCENT.
¹ADULTS ARE DEFINED AS PERSONS 18 YEARS OLD AND OVER.

**Table 5.—SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS—HOUSEHOLDS BY SIZE AND PERSONS IN HOUSEHOLDS BY AGE,
FOR THE UNITED STATES: MARCH 1969**

(Numbers in thousands)

SUBJECT	SIZE OF HOUSEHOLD (PERSONS)								PERSONS IN HOUSEHOLDS BY AGE			PERSONS PER HOUSEHOLD
	ALL HOUSEHOLDS	ONE	TWO	THREE	FOUR	FIVE	SIX	SEVEN OR MORE	ALL AGES	UNDER 18	18 AND OVER	
SEX OF HEAD												
TOTAL	61 805	10 333	17 916	10 698	9 714	6 345	3 534	3 265	197 302	70 427	126 875	3.19
MALE	48 928	3 432	15 079	9 367	8 911	5 882	3 283	2 975	170 870	62 437	108 433	3.49
FEMALE	12 876	6 901	2 837	1 331	804	463	251	290	26 431	7 990	18 441	2.05
AGE OF HEAD												
TOTAL	61 805	10 333	17 916	10 698	9 714	6 345	3 534	3 265	197 302	70 427	126 875	3.19
14 TO 24 YEARS	4 068	497	1 850	2 204	2 979	1 991	905	572	42 788	21 265	21 525	3.79
25 TO 34 YEARS	11 282	833	1 898	1 174	493	156	62	25	10 776	5 231	7 545	2.65
35 TO 44 YEARS	11 739	706	1 181	1 637	2 718	2 337	1 565	1 595	52 715	27 817	24 898	4.49
45 TO 54 YEARS	12 149	1 390	2 801	2 668	2 291	1 458	760	782	42 493	13 579	28 914	3.50
55 TO 64 YEARS	10 552	2 205	4 755	1 914	900	375	193	209	25 938	3 416	22 522	2.46
65 YEARS AND OVER	12 014	4 701	5 602	1 100	332	128	69	81	22 591	1 121	21 470	1.88
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT OF HEAD												
TOTAL	61 805	10 333	17 916	10 698	9 714	6 345	3 534	3 265	197 302	70 427	126 875	3.19
ELEMENTARY: 0 TO 7 YEARS	9 569	2 301	3 195	1 397	910	642	443	681	28 589	8 897	19 693	2.99
8 YEARS	8 561	1 791	2 981	1 261	910	615	374	430	24 100	7 093	17 006	2.88
HIGH SCHOOL: 1 TO 3 YEARS	10 349	1 505	2 911	1 888	1 594	1 137	652	662	34 481	13 235	21 248	3.33
4 YEARS	18 933	2 542	4 797	3 618	3 618	2 203	1 229	926	63 282	24 358	38 924	3.34
COLLEGE: 1 TO 3 YEARS	6 767	1 042	2 012	1 242	1 205	691	332	242	21 014	7 216	13 798	3.11
4 OR MORE	7 826	1 153	2 019	1 292	1 477	1 057	504	325	25 836	9 630	16 206	3.30
PRESENCE OF RELATED CHILDREN: BY AGE												
TOTAL	61 805	10 333	17 916	10 698	9 714	6 345	3 534	3 265	197 302	70 427	126 875	3.19
SOME UNDER 6	14 305	(x)	243	3 224	3 872	2 911	1 867	2 189	70 125	39 892	30 232	4.90
SOME UNDER 3	8 427	(x)	118	2 320	2 290	1 559	941	1 199	40 508	22 666	17 842	4.81
ALL 3 TO 5	5 877	(x)	124	904	1 582	1 352	925	990	29 617	17 227	12 390	5.04
ALL 6 TO 17	14 957	(x)	583	3 554	4 870	3 247	1 637	1 067	65 107	30 296	34 811	4.35
NONE UNDER 18	32 543	10 333	17 090	3 920	973	187	31	9	62 069	33 238	61 831	1.91
HEAD 14 TO 44 YEARS	6 896	2 037	4 249	4 459	128	17	6	-	12 660	143	12 517	1.84
HEAD 45 YEARS AND OVER	25 647	8 296	12 841	3 462	845	170	24	9	49 410	95	49 314	1.93
PRESENCE OF ADULT FAMILY MEMBERS OTHER THAN HEAD AND WIFE¹												
TOTAL	61 805	10 333	17 916	10 698	9 714	6 345	3 534	3 265	197 302	70 427	126 875	3.19
NO OTHER ADULTS PRESENT	46 571	10 333	14 837	6 447	6 688	4 298	2 261	1 705	134 446	54 074	80 372	2.89
SOME PRESENT	15 234	(x)	3 078	4 251	3 026	2 047	1 273	1 559	62 855	16 353	46 503	4.13
MALE ONLY	6 297	(x)	1 400	2 054	1 173	746	439	486	24 534	6 036	18 498	3.90
FEMALE ONLY	6 698	(x)	1 678	1 881	1 237	836	472	594	26 026	7 345	18 680	3.49
MALE AND FEMALE	2 238	(x)	316	616	616	464	362	480	12 295	2 971	9 324	5.49
PRESENCE OF PERSONS NOT RELATED TO HEAD												
TOTAL	61 805	10 333	17 916	10 698	9 714	6 345	3 534	3 265	197 302	70 427	126 875	3.19
NO NONRELATIVES	60 104	10 333	17 066	10 353	9 527	6 187	3 477	3 161	191 681	69 272	122 409	3.19
ONE OR MORE NONRELATIVES	1 701	(x)	850	345	188	158	57	104	5 621	1 155	4 466	3.30
RACE OF HEAD												
TOTAL	61 805	10 333	17 916	10 698	9 714	6 345	3 534	3 265	197 302	70 427	126 875	3.19
WHITE	55 394	9 132	16 472	9 655	8 837	5 723	3 066	2 508	173 460	59 833	113 628	3.13
NEGRO AND OTHER RACES	6 411	1 201	1 443	1 043	878	622	468	756	23 841	10 594	13 247	3.72
NEGRO	5 870	1 099	1 362	940	793	565	422	690	21 914	9 798	12 116	3.73
EMPLOYMENT STATUS OF HEAD												
TOTAL	61 805	10 333	17 916	10 698	9 714	6 345	3 534	3 265	197 302	70 427	126 875	3.19
IN LABOR FORCE	47 751	5 265	12 185	9 217	8 970	5 920	3 285	2 909	166 488	64 276	102 212	3.49
CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE	46 831	5 254	11 933	9 011	8 782	5 788	3 214	2 850	163 072	62 769	100 303	3.48
EMPLOYED	45 903	5 100	11 679	8 851	8 652	5 690	3 158	2 773	159 898	61 458	98 440	3.48
UNEMPLOYED	928	154	254	160	129	98	56	77	3 173	1 311	1 862	3.42
ARMED FORCES	920	12	252	206	188	132	71	59	3 417	1 507	1 909	3.71
NOT IN LABOR FORCE	14 053	5 068	5 730	1 481	745	425	249	356	30 813	6 151	24 663	2.19
14 TO 64 YEARS OLD	4 751	1 101	1 579	715	522	336	201	298	13 913	5 398	8 515	2.93
65 YEARS AND OVER	9 303	3 966	4 151	767	223	89	49	58	16 900	753	16 147	1.82
OCCUPATION OF EMPLOYED HEAD												
TOTAL	45 903	5 100	11 679	8 851	8 652	5 690	3 158	2 773	159 898	61 458	98 440	3.48
PROFESSIONAL, TECHNICAL, AND KINDRED WORKERS	6 945	918	1 701	1 312	1 386	914	431	282	23 202	8 780	14 422	3.34
FARMERS AND FARM MANAGERS	1 642	81	585	311	236	171	140	120	5 779	1 944	3 835	3.52
MANAGERS, OFFICIALS, AND PROPRIETORS, EXC. FARM	6 676	987	1 669	1 344	1 394	932	482	371	23 822	8 740	15 082	3.57
CLERICAL AND KINDRED WKRS	4 259	484	1 216	729	678	356	154	138	12 181	4 074	8 107	2.86
SALES WORKERS	2 491	307	688	455	491	320	139	91	8 164	2 919	5 246	3.28
CRAFTSMEN, FOREMEN, AND KINDRED WORKERS	8 673	367	2 073	1 791	1 801	1 261	732	648	32 951	13 376	19 574	3.80
OPERATIVES AND KINDRED WORKERS	8 756	789	2 064	1 806	1 742	1 098	668	590	31 885	12 962	18 923	3.64
SERVICE WORKERS	3 824	923	1 028	614	487	343	213	215	11 713	4 345	7 368	3.06
FARM LABORERS AND FOREMEN LABORERS, EXC. FARM AND MINE	498	54	123	87	77	43	29	87	2 007	881	1 126	4.03
MINE	2 139	191	532	402	361	251	172	231	8 194	3 438	4 756	3.83

SEE FOOTNOTES AT END OF TABLE.

**Table 5.--SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS--HOUSEHOLDS BY SIZE AND PERSONS IN HOUSEHOLDS BY AGE,
FOR THE UNITED STATES: MARCH 1969--Continued**

(Numbers in thousands)

SUBJECT	SIZE OF HOUSEHOLD (PERSONS)								PERSONS IN HOUSEHOLDS BY AGE			PERSONS PER HOUSEHOLD
	ALL HOUSEHOLDS	ONE	TWO	THREE	FOUR	FIVE	SIX	SEVEN OR MORE	ALL AGES	UNDER 18	18 AND OVER	
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION												
SEX OF HEAD												
TOTAL	100.0	16.7	29.0	17.3	15.7	10.3	5.7	5.3	100.0	35.7	64.3	3.19
MALE	100.0	7.0	30.8	19.1	18.2	12.0	6.7	6.1	100.0	36.5	63.5	3.49
FEMALE	100.0	53.6	22.0	10.3	6.2	3.6	2.0	2.2	100.0	30.2	69.8	2.05
AGE OF HEAD												
TOTAL	100.0	16.7	29.0	17.3	15.7	10.3	5.7	5.3	100.0	35.7	64.3	3.19
14 TO 24 YEARS	100.0	12.2	41.3	28.9	12.1	3.8	1.0	0.6	100.0	30.0	70.0	2.65
25 TO 34 YEARS	100.0	7.4	16.8	19.5	26.4	16.8	8.0	5.1	100.0	49.7	50.3	3.79
35 TO 44 YEARS	100.0	6.0	10.1	13.9	23.2	19.9	13.3	13.6	100.0	52.8	47.2	4.49
45 TO 54 YEARS	100.0	11.4	23.1	22.0	18.9	12.0	6.3	6.4	100.0	32.0	68.0	3.50
55 TO 64 YEARS	100.0	20.9	45.1	18.1	8.5	3.6	1.8	2.0	100.0	13.2	86.8	2.46
65 YEARS AND OVER	100.0	39.1	46.6	9.2	2.8	1.1	0.6	0.7	100.0	5.0	95.0	1.88
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT OF HEAD												
TOTAL	100.0	16.7	29.0	17.3	15.7	10.3	5.7	5.3	100.0	35.7	64.3	3.19
ELEMENTARY: 0 TO 7 YEARS	100.0	24.0	35.4	14.6	9.5	6.7	4.6	7.1	100.0	31.1	68.9	2.99
HIGH SCHOOL: 1 TO 3 YEARS	100.0	14.5	28.1	18.2	15.4	11.0	6.3	4.5	100.0	29.4	70.6	2.88
4 YEARS	100.0	13.4	25.3	19.1	19.1	11.6	6.5	4.9	100.0	38.5	61.5	3.34
COLLEGE: 1 TO 3 YEARS	100.0	15.4	29.7	18.4	17.8	10.2	4.9	3.6	100.0	34.3	65.7	3.11
4 OR MORE	100.0	14.7	25.8	16.5	18.9	13.5	6.4	4.1	100.0	37.3	62.7	3.30
PRESENCE OF RELATED CHILDREN BY AGE												
TOTAL	100.0	16.7	29.0	17.3	15.7	10.3	5.7	5.3	100.0	35.7	64.3	3.19
SOME UNDER 6	100.0	(x)	1.7	22.5	27.1	20.3	13.1	15.3	100.0	56.9	43.1	4.90
SOME UNDER 3	100.0	(x)	1.4	27.5	27.2	18.5	11.2	14.2	100.0	56.0	44.0	4.81
ALL 3 TO 5	100.0	(x)	2.1	15.4	26.9	23.0	15.7	16.8	100.0	58.2	41.8	5.04
ALL 6 TO 17	100.0	(x)	3.9	23.8	32.6	21.7	10.9	7.1	100.0	46.5	53.5	4.35
NONE UNDER 18	100.0	31.8	52.5	12.0	3.0	0.6	0.1	(2)	100.0	0.4	99.6	1.91
HEAD 14 TO 44 YEARS	100.0	29.5	61.6	6.7	1.9	0.2	0.1	-	100.0	1.1	98.9	1.84
HEAD 45 YEARS AND OVER	100.0	32.3	50.1	13.5	3.3	0.7	0.1	(2)	100.0	0.2	99.8	1.93
PRESENCE OF ADULT FAMILY MEMBERS OTHER THAN HEAD AND WIFE¹												
TOTAL	100.0	16.7	29.0	17.3	15.7	10.3	5.7	5.3	100.0	35.7	64.3	3.19
NO OTHER ADULTS PRESENT	100.0	22.2	31.9	13.8	14.4	9.2	4.9	3.7	100.0	40.2	59.8	2.89
SOME PRESENT	100.0	(x)	20.2	27.9	19.9	13.4	8.4	10.2	100.0	26.0	74.0	4.1
MALE ONLY	100.0	(x)	22.2	32.6	18.6	11.8	7.0	7.7	100.0	24.6	75.4	3.9
FEMALE ONLY	100.0	(x)	25.1	28.1	18.5	12.5	7.1	8.9	100.0	28.2	71.8	3.89
MALE AND FEMALE	100.0	(x)	(x)	14.1	27.5	20.8	16.2	21.4	100.0	24.2	75.8	5.49
PRESENCE OF PERSONS NOT RELATED TO HEAD												
TOTAL	100.0	16.7	29.0	17.3	15.7	10.3	5.7	5.3	100.0	35.7	64.3	3.19
NO NONRELATIVES	100.0	17.2	28.4	17.2	15.9	10.3	5.8	5.3	100.0	36.1	63.9	3.19
ONE OR MORE NONRELATIVES	100.0	(x)	50.0	20.3	11.0	9.3	3.3	6.1	100.0	20.5	79.5	3.30
RACE OF HEAD												
TOTAL	100.0	16.7	29.0	17.3	15.7	10.3	5.7	5.3	100.0	35.7	64.3	3.19
WHITE	100.0	16.5	29.7	17.4	16.0	10.3	5.5	4.5	100.0	34.5	65.5	3.13
NEGRO AND OTHER RACES	100.0	18.7	22.5	16.3	13.7	9.7	7.3	11.8	100.0	44.4	55.6	3.72
NEGRO	100.0	18.7	23.2	16.0	13.5	9.6	7.2	11.7	100.0	44.7	55.3	3.73
EMPLOYMENT STATUS OF HEAD												
TOTAL	100.0	16.7	29.0	17.3	15.7	10.3	5.7	5.3	100.0	35.7	64.3	3.19
IN LABOR FORCE	100.0	11.0	25.5	19.3	18.8	12.4	6.9	6.1	100.0	38.6	61.4	3.49
CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE	100.0	11.2	25.5	19.2	18.8	12.4	6.9	6.1	100.0	38.5	61.5	3.48
EMPLOYED	100.0	11.1	25.4	19.3	18.8	12.4	6.9	6.0	100.0	38.4	61.6	3.48
UNEMPLOYED	100.0	16.6	27.4	17.3	13.9	10.5	6.0	8.3	100.0	41.3	58.7	3.42
ARMED FORCES	100.0	1.3	27.4	22.4	20.5	14.4	7.7	6.4	100.0	44.1	55.9	3.71
NOT IN LABOR FORCE	100.0	36.1	40.8	10.5	5.3	3.0	1.8	2.5	100.0	20.0	80.0	2.19
14 TO 64 YEARS OLD	100.0	23.2	33.2	15.0	11.0	7.1	4.2	6.3	100.0	38.8	61.2	2.93
65 YEARS AND OVER	100.0	42.6	44.6	8.2	2.4	1.0	0.5	0.6	100.0	4.5	95.5	1.82
OCCUPATION OF EMPLOYED HEAD												
TOTAL	100.0	11.1	25.4	19.3	18.8	12.4	6.9	6.0	100.0	38.4	61.6	3.48
PROFESSIONAL, TECHNICAL, AND KINDRED WORKERS	100.0	13.2	24.5	18.9	20.0	13.2	6.2	4.1	100.0	37.8	62.2	3.34
FARMERS AND FARM MANAGERS	100.0	4.9	35.6	18.9	14.4	10.4	8.5	7.3	100.0	33.6	66.4	3.52
MANAGERS, OFFICIALS, AND PROPRIETORS, EXC. FARM	100.0	7.3	25.0	20.1	20.9	14.0	7.2	5.6	100.0	36.7	63.3	3.57
CLERICAL AND KINDRED WKRS	100.0	23.2	28.5	17.1	15.9	8.4	3.6	3.2	100.0	33.4	66.6	2.86
SALES WORKERS	100.0	12.3	27.6	18.3	19.7	12.9	5.6	3.6	100.0	35.7	64.3	3.28
CRAFTSMEN, FOREMEN, AND KINDRED WORKERS	100.0	4.2	23.9	20.6	20.8	14.5	8.4	7.5	100.0	40.6	59.4	3.80
OPERATIVES AND KINDRED WORKERS	100.0	9.0	23.6	20.6	19.9	12.5	7.6	6.7	100.0	40.7	59.3	3.64
SERVICE WORKERS	100.0	24.1	26.9	16.1	12.7	9.0	5.6	5.6	100.0	37.1	62.9	3.06
FARM LABORERS AND FOREMEN LABORERS, EXC. FARM AND MINE	100.0	10.8	24.6	17.4	15.4	8.7	5.7	17.4	100.0	43.9	56.1	4.03
MINE	100.0	8.9	24.9	18.8	16.9	11.7	8.0	10.8	100.0	42.0	58.0	3.83

- REPRESENTS ZERO. X NOT APPLICABLE. Z LESS THAN 0.05 PERCENT.
1 ADULTS ARE DEFINED AS PERSONS 18 YEARS OLD AND OVER.

**Table 6.--MARITAL STATUS AND SEX OF HEAD--HOUSEHOLDS BY SIZE AND TOTAL MONEY INCOME IN 1968,
BY PRESENCE OF RELATED CHILDREN, FOR THE UNITED STATES: MARCH 1969**

(Numbers in thousands)

TOTAL MONEY INCOME AND SIZE OF HOUSEHOLD	ALL HOUSE- HOLDS	MALE HEAD							FEMALE HEAD						
		TOTAL	MARRIED, WIFE PRESENT	MARRIED, WIFE ABSENT		WIDOWED	DI- VORCED	SINGLE	TOTAL	MARRIED, HUSBAND ABSENT			WIDOWED	DI- VORCED	SINGLE
				SEPA- RATED	OTHER					SEPA- RATED	IN ARMED FORCES	OTHER			
ALL HOUSEHOLDS															
SIZE OF HOUSEHOLD															
TOTAL	61 805	48 928	43 818	525	236	1 453	884	2 012	12 876	1 309	174	349	6 996	1 963	2 085
ONE PERSON	10 333	3 432	(X)	372	144	953	657	1 306	6 901	309	36	86	4 426	791	1 253
TWO PERSON	17 916	15 079	14 000	83	38	290	142	527	2 837	256	46	77	1 441	469	548
THREE PERSON	10 698	9 367	9 083	28	17	87	40	112	1 331	242	32	59	539	306	152
FOUR PERSON	9 714	8 911	8 754	20	10	62	20	45	804	189	29	58	269	186	74
FIVE PERSON	6 345	5 882	5 799	11	16	12	6	-	463	124	11	25	148	125	30
SIX PERSON	3 534	3 283	3 257	3	5	12	6	-	251	73	13	13	87	50	16
SEVEN-OR-MORE-PERSON	3 265	2 975	2 925	9	6	21	8	6	290	116	7	31	86	37	12
PERSONS BY AGE															
TOTAL PERSONS IN HOUSEHOLDS															
UNDER 18 YEARS	197 302	170 870	162 669	844	494	2 463	1 309	3 091	26 431	4 414	527	1 112	12 199	4 632	3 547
18 YEARS AND OVER	70 427	62 437	61 451	176	137	353	203	117	7 990	2 520	329	601	2 121	1 903	517
TOTAL	126 875	108 433	101 218	669	357	2 110	1 106	2 974	18 441	1 894	198	511	10 078	2 729	3 030
TOTAL HOUSEHOLD INCOME															
TOTAL	61 805	48 928	43 818	525	236	1 453	884	2 012	12 876	1 309	174	349	6 996	1 963	2 085
UNDER \$2,000	6 787	2 602	1 512	99	33	458	139	361	4 185	376	54	123	2 792	398	442
\$2,000 TO \$3,999	8 157	4 883	3 957	96	38	383	101	309	3 274	454	43	91	1 773	470	443
\$4,000 TO \$5,999	8 095	6 044	5 279	97	35	171	153	312	2 050	228	36	52	924	411	400
\$6,000 TO \$7,999	9 060	7 687	6 966	90	39	127	163	302	1 373	113	18	33	885	313	311
\$8,000 TO \$9,999	8 386	7 632	7 082	48	30	99	128	244	754	50	11	25	348	163	156
\$10,000 TO \$14,999	13 432	12 533	11 855	66	37	143	138	294	899	69	10	19	403	152	247
\$15,000 TO \$24,999	6 475	6 180	5 870	24	24	59	45	158	295	13	1	6	145	51	79
\$25,000 TO \$49,999	1 248	1 209	1 152	5	1	12	17	23	39	6	1	-	24	1	7
\$50,000 AND OVER	164	159	146	-	-	1	3	9	5	-	-	-	1	4	-
MEDIAN INCOME . .DOLLARS	7 736	8 851	9 185	5 403	6 657	3 404	6 628	6 153	3 376	3 226	3 547	3 135	2 796	4 552	4 788
MEAN INCOME . .DOLLARS	8 760	9 876	10 246	6 336	7 704	5 202	7 627	7 351	4 523	3 985	4 281	4 029	4 067	5 344	5 718
HOUSEHOLDS WITH RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18															
SIZE OF HOUSEHOLD															
TOTAL	29 262	26 038	25 608	88	47	161	88	46	3 223	865	133	215	960	839	213
ONE PERSON	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
TWO PERSON	825	99	99	30	7	28	24	10	726	155	41	45	191	216	79
THREE PERSON	6 778	5 943	5 848	20	10	34	23	8	835	216	32	48	256	239	44
FOUR PERSON	8 742	8 058	7 964	17	7	42	16	12	684	182	29	54	209	174	37
FIVE PERSON	6 158	5 718	5 649	9	13	24	11	12	439	122	11	23	133	124	26
SIX PERSON	3 503	3 255	3 229	3	5	12	6	-	249	73	13	13	85	50	15
SEVEN-OR-MORE-PERSON	3 256	2 966	2 918	9	6	21	8	4	290	116	7	31	86	37	12
PERSONS BY AGE															
TOTAL PERSONS IN HOUSEHOLDS															
UNDER 18 YEARS	135 232	122 269	120 504	313	227	682	343	202	12 963	3 765	480	901	3 948	3 052	817
18 YEARS AND OVER	70 189	62 245	61 295	166	135	350	199	100	7 943	2 511	329	600	2 106	1 900	498
TOTAL	65 043	60 024	59 208	146	92	332	144	102	5 020	1 254	151	301	1 842	1 152	319
TOTAL HOUSEHOLD INCOME															
TOTAL	29 262	26 038	25 608	88	47	161	88	46	3 223	865	133	215	960	839	213
UNDER \$2,000	1 193	468	438	3	-	13	1	14	724	209	49	70	180	133	83
\$2,000 TO \$3,999	2 392	1 406	1 336	12	8	36	8	7	986	358	34	62	254	233	66
\$4,000 TO \$5,999	3 479	2 854	2 784	20	11	22	11	7	624	160	21	34	181	194	34
\$6,000 TO \$7,999	4 757	4 359	4 272	20	10	28	22	7	398	83	11	21	131	137	15
\$8,000 TO \$9,999	4 978	4 786	4 737	9	4	15	18	2	192	30	7	15	69	68	3
\$10,000 TO \$14,999	8 043	7 819	7 741	20	6	28	20	4	224	36	8	10	98	60	11
\$15,000 TO \$24,999	3 658	3 596	3 548	4	10	20	9	6	63	6	1	2	42	9	1
\$25,000 TO \$49,999	669	661	661	-	-	-	-	-	9	3	1	-	5	-	-
\$50,000 AND OVER	94	90	90	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	4	-	-
MEDIAN INCOME . .DOLLARS	9 130	9 643	9 677	6 918	7 100	6 751	8 281	4 750	3 801	3 323	3 029	3 212	4 509	4 545	2 717
MEAN INCOME . .DOLLARS	10 055	10 704	10 750	7 636	8 990	7 826	8 847	6 147	4 811	3 939	4 075	3 865	5 725	5 339	3 556
HOUSEHOLDS WITH NO RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18															
SIZE OF HOUSEHOLD															
TOTAL	32 543	22 890	18 210	436	189	1 292	796	1 966	9 653	445	41	134	6 036	1 124	1 873
ONE PERSON	10 333	3 432	(X)	372	144	953	657	1 306	6 901	309	36	86	4 426	791	1 253
TWO PERSON	17 090	14 980	14 000	52	31	262	118	517	2 111	101	5	32	1 250	254	469
THREE PERSON	3 920	3 425	3 235	8	8	54	16	105	495	26	-	11	283	67	108
FOUR PERSON	973	853	790	2	3	20	4	33	120	6	-	4	60	12	38
FIVE PERSON	187	164	150	2	4	4	-	4	24	2	-	1	15	1	4
SIX PERSON	31	28	28	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	1	-	1
SEVEN-OR-MORE-PERSON	9	9	7	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

SEE FOOTNOTES AT END OF TABLE.

Table 6.-MARITAL STATUS AND SEX OF HEAD-HOUSEHOLDS BY SIZE AND TOTAL MONEY INCOME IN 1968, BY PRESENCE OF RELATED CHILDREN, FOR THE UNITED STATES: MARCH 1969--Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

TOTAL MONEY INCOME AND SIZE OF HOUSEHOLD	ALL HOUSEHOLDS	MALE HEAD							FEMALE HEAD						
		TOTAL	MARRIED, WIFE PRESENT	MARRIED, WIFE ABSENT		WIDOWED	DI-VORCED	SINGLE	TOTAL	MARRIED, HUSBAND ABSENT			WIDOWED	DI-VORCED	SINGLE
				SEPA-RATED	OTHER					SEPA-RATED	IN ARMED FORCES	OTHER			
HOUSEHOLDS WITH NO RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18-- CONTINUED															
PERSONS BY AGE															
TOTAL PERSONS IN HOUSEHOLDS.....	62 069	48 601	42 166	532	267	1 781	966	2 889	13 468	650	47	211	8 251	1 580	2 730
UNDER 18 YEARS.....	238	191	156	9	2	3	5	17	47	9	-	1	15	3	19
18 YEARS AND OVER.....	61 831	48 410	42 010	522	265	1 778	961	2 873	13 422	641	47	210	8 236	1 577	2 711
TOTAL HOUSEHOLD INCOME															
TOTAL.....	32 543	22 890	18 210	436	189	1 292	796	1 966	9 653	445	41	134	6 036	1 124	1 873
UNDER \$2,000.....	5 595	2 134	1 073	96	33	445	138	348	3 461	167	5	53	2 612	265	359
\$2,000 TO \$3,999.....	5 766	3 477	2 620	84	31	347	93	302	2 288	117	9	29	1 519	237	378
\$4,000 TO \$5,999.....	4 616	3 190	2 495	76	23	150	140	306	1 426	67	14	18	743	217	366
\$6,000 TO \$7,999.....	4 303	3 328	2 694	70	29	99	141	294	975	31	7	11	454	176	296
\$8,000 TO \$9,999.....	3 408	2 846	2 344	39	26	84	110	248	563	20	5	10	280	95	153
\$10,000 TO \$14,999.....	5 389	4 714	4 114	46	31	115	118	290	675	33	1	9	305	92	235
\$15,000 TO \$24,999.....	2 817	2 584	2 322	20	14	39	36	152	233	7	-	4	102	42	78
\$25,000 TO \$49,999.....	579	549	491	5	1	12	17	23	30	3	-	-	19	1	7
\$50,000 AND OVER.....	70	69	56	-	-	1	3	9	1	-	-	-	1	-	-
MEDIAN INCOME, DOLLARS.....	6 137	7 589	8 190	5 005	6 503	3 158	6 382	6 186	3 193	4 932	2 969	2 534	4 558	5 091	
MEAN INCOME, DOLLARS.....	7 597	8 934	9 537	6 073	7 381	4 876	7 492	7 379	4 427	4 073	4 941	4 292	3 804	5 348	5 963
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION															
ALL HOUSEHOLDS															
SIZE OF HOUSEHOLD															
TOTAL.....	100.0	79.2	70.9	0.8	0.4	2.4	1.4	3.3	20.8	2.1	0.3	0.6	11.3	3.2	3.4
ONE PERSON.....	100.0	33.2	(X)	3.6	1.4	9.2	6.4	12.6	66.8	3.0	0.4	0.8	42.8	7.7	12.1
TWO PERSON.....	100.0	84.2	78.1	0.5	0.2	1.6	0.8	2.9	15.8	1.4	0.3	0.4	8.0	2.6	3.1
THREE PERSON.....	100.0	87.6	84.9	0.3	0.2	0.8	0.4	1.0	12.4	2.3	0.3	0.6	5.0	2.9	1.4
FOUR PERSON.....	100.0	91.7	90.1	0.2	0.1	0.6	0.2	0.5	8.3	1.9	0.3	0.6	2.8	1.9	0.8
FIVE PERSON.....	100.0	92.7	91.4	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.2	0.3	7.3	2.0	0.2	0.4	2.3	2.0	0.5
SIX PERSON.....	100.0	92.9	92.2	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.2	-	7.1	2.1	0.4	0.4	2.5	1.4	0.4
SEVEN-OR-MORE-PERSON.....	100.0	91.1	89.6	0.3	0.2	0.7	0.2	0.2	8.9	3.6	0.2	1.0	2.6	1.1	0.4
PERSONS BY AGE															
TOTAL PERSONS IN HOUSEHOLDS.....															
UNDER 18 YEARS.....	100.0	86.6	82.4	0.4	0.3	1.2	0.7	1.6	13.4	2.2	0.3	0.6	6.2	2.3	1.1
18 YEARS AND OVER.....	100.0	88.7	87.3	0.2	0.2	0.5	0.3	0.2	11.3	3.6	0.5	0.9	3.0	2.7	0.7
18 YEARS AND OVER.....	100.0	85.5	79.8	0.5	0.3	1.7	0.9	2.3	14.5	1.5	0.2	0.4	7.9	2.2	2.4
TOTAL HOUSEHOLD INCOME															
TOTAL.....	100.0	79.2	70.9	0.8	0.4	2.4	1.4	3.3	20.8	2.1	0.3	0.6	11.3	3.2	3.4
UNDER \$2,000.....	100.0	38.3	22.3	1.5	0.5	6.7	2.0	5.3	61.7	5.5	0.8	1.8	41.1	5.9	6.5
\$2,000 TO \$3,999.....	100.0	59.9	48.5	1.2	0.5	4.7	1.2	3.8	40.1	5.6	0.5	1.1	21.7	5.8	5.4
\$4,000 TO \$5,999.....	100.0	74.7	65.2	1.2	0.4	2.1	1.9	3.9	25.3	2.8	0.4	0.6	11.4	5.1	4.9
\$6,000 TO \$7,999.....	100.0	84.8	76.9	1.0	0.4	1.4	1.8	3.3	15.2	1.2	0.2	0.4	6.5	3.5	3.4
\$8,000 TO \$9,999.....	100.0	91.0	84.4	0.6	0.4	1.2	1.5	2.9	9.0	0.6	0.1	0.3	4.2	1.9	1.9
\$10,000 TO \$14,999.....	100.0	93.3	88.3	0.5	0.3	1.1	1.0	2.2	6.7	0.5	0.1	0.1	3.0	1.1	1.8
\$15,000 TO \$24,999.....	100.0	95.4	90.7	0.4	0.4	0.9	0.7	2.4	4.6	0.2	(Z)	0.1	2.2	0.8	1.2
\$25,000 TO \$49,999.....	100.0	96.9	92.3	0.4	0.1	0.9	1.3	1.8	3.1	0.5	0.1	-	1.9	0.1	0.6
\$50,000 AND OVER.....	100.0	96.7	88.8	-	-	0.9	1.6	5.5	3.3	-	-	-	0.8	2.5	-
MEDIAN INCOME, DOLLARS.....	7 736	8 851	9 185	5 403	6 657	3 404	6 628	6 153	3 376	3 226	3 547	3 135	2 796	4 552	4 788
MEAN INCOME, DOLLARS.....	8 760	9 876	10 246	6 336	7 704	5 202	7 627	7 351	4 523	3 985	4 281	4 029	4 067	5 344	5 718
HOUSEHOLDS WITH RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18															
SIZE OF HOUSEHOLD															
TOTAL.....	100.0	89.0	87.5	0.3	0.2	0.5	0.3	0.2	11.0	3.0	0.5	0.7	3.3	2.9	0.7
ONE PERSON.....	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
TWO PERSON.....	100.0	12.0	(X)	3.7	0.9	3.4	2.9	1.2	88.0	18.8	4.9	5.5	23.2	26.1	9.5
THREE PERSON.....	100.0	87.7	86.3	0.3	0.1	0.5	0.3	0.1	12.3	3.2	0.5	0.7	3.8	3.5	0.7
FOUR PERSON.....	100.0	92.2	91.1	0.2	0.1	0.5	0.2	0.1	7.8	2.1	0.3	0.6	2.4	2.0	0.4
FIVE PERSON.....	100.0	92.9	91.7	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.2	0.2	7.1	2.0	0.2	0.4	2.2	2.0	0.4
SIX PERSON.....	100.0	92.9	92.2	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.2	-	7.1	2.1	0.4	0.4	2.4	1.4	0.4
SEVEN-OR-MORE-PERSON.....	100.0	91.1	89.6	0.3	0.2	0.7	0.2	0.1	8.9	3.6	0.2	1.0	2.6	1.1	0.4
PERSONS BY AGE															
TOTAL PERSONS IN HOUSEHOLDS.....															
UNDER 18 YEARS.....	100.0	90.4	89.1	0.2	0.2	0.5	0.3	0.1	9.6	2.8	0.4	0.7	2.9	2.3	0.6
18 YEARS AND OVER.....	100.0	88.7	87.3	0.2	0.2	0.5	0.3	0.1	11.3	3.6	0.5	0.9	3.0	2.7	0.7
18 YEARS AND OVER.....	100.0	92.3	91.0	0.2	0.1	0.5	0.2	0.2	7.7	1.9	0.2	0.5	2.8	1.8	0.5

SEE FOOTNOTES AT END OF TABLE.

Table 6.-MARITAL STATUS AND SEX OF HEAD-HOUSEHOLDS BY SIZE AND TOTAL MONEY INCOME IN 1968, BY PRESENCE OF RELATED CHILDREN, FOR THE UNITED STATES: MARCH 1969-Continued
(Numbers in thousands)

TOTAL MONEY INCOME AND SIZE OF HOUSEHOLD	ALL HOUSEHOLDS	MALE HEAD							FEMALE HEAD						
		TOTAL	MARRIED, WIFE PRESENT	MARRIED, WIFE ABSENT		WIDOWED	DI-VORCED	SINGLE	TOTAL	MARRIED, HUSBAND ABSENT			WIDOWED	DI-VORCED	SINGLE
				SEPA-RATED	OTHER					SEPA-RATED	IN ARMED FORCES	OTHER			
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION--CONTINUED															
HOUSEHOLDS WITH RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18--CONTINUED															
TOTAL HOUSEHOLD INCOME															
TOTAL	100.0	89.0	87.5	0.3	0.2	0.5	0.3	0.2	11.0	3.0	0.5	0.7	3.3	2.9	0.7
UNDER \$2,000	100.0	39.3	36.8	0.2	-	1.1	0.1	1.1	60.7	17.5	4.1	5.9	15.1	11.2	6.9
\$2,000 TO \$3,999	100.0	58.8	55.9	0.5	0.3	1.5	0.3	0.3	41.2	14.1	1.4	2.6	10.6	9.8	2.7
\$4,000 TO \$5,999	100.0	82.1	80.0	0.6	0.3	0.6	0.3	0.2	17.9	4.6	0.6	1.0	5.2	5.6	1.0
\$6,000 TO \$7,999	100.0	91.6	89.8	0.8	0.2	0.6	0.5	0.1	8.4	1.7	0.2	0.4	2.8	2.9	0.3
\$8,000 TO \$9,999	100.0	96.1	95.2	0.2	0.1	0.3	0.4	(2)	3.9	0.6	0.1	0.3	1.4	1.4	0.1
\$10,000 TO \$14,999	100.0	97.2	96.2	0.3	0.1	0.3	0.2	(2)	2.8	0.4	0.1	0.1	1.2	0.7	0.1
\$15,000 TO \$24,999	100.0	98.3	97.0	0.1	0.3	0.5	0.2	0.2	1.7	0.2	(2)	0.1	1.2	0.2	(2)
\$25,000 TO \$49,999	100.0	98.7	98.7	-	-	-	-	-	1.3	0.4	0.2	-	0.7	-	-
\$50,000 AND OVER	100.0	95.7	95.7	-	-	-	-	-	4.3	-	-	-	-	4.3	-
MEDIAN INCOME. .DOLLARS. .	9 130	9 643	9 677	6 918	(B)	6 751	8 281	(B)	3 801	3 323	3 029	3 212	4 509	4 545	2 717
MEAN INCOME. . .DOLLARS. .	10 055	10 704	10 750	7 636	(B)	7 826	8 847	(B)	4 811	3 939	4 075	3 865	5 725	5 339	3 556
HOUSEHOLDS WITH NO RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18															
SIZE OF HOUSEHOLD															
TOTAL	100.0	70.3	56.0	1.3	0.6	4.0	2.4	6.0	29.7	1.4	0.1	0.4	18.5	3.5	5.8
ONE PERSON	100.0	33.2	(X)	3.6	1.4	9.2	6.4	12.6	66.8	3.0	0.4	0.8	42.8	7.7	12.1
TWO PERSON	100.0	87.6	81.9	0.3	0.2	1.5	0.7	3.0	12.4	0.6	(2)	0.2	7.3	1.5	2.7
THREE PERSON	100.0	87.4	82.5	0.2	0.2	1.4	0.4	2.7	12.6	0.7	-	0.3	7.2	1.7	2.7
FOUR PERSON	100.0	87.7	81.2	0.2	0.3	2.1	0.4	3.4	12.3	0.7	-	0.4	6.2	1.2	3.9
FIVE PERSON	100.0	87.3	80.1	1.3	1.9	2.0	-	2.0	12.7	1.1	-	0.6	8.1	0.7	2.2
SIX PERSON	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
SEVEN-OR-MORE-PERSON	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
PERSONS BY AGE															
TOTAL PERSONS IN HOUSEHOLDS															
UNDER 18 YEARS	100.0	78.3	67.9	0.9	0.4	2.9	1.6	4.7	21.7	1.0	0.1	0.3	13.3	2.5	4.4
18 YEARS AND OVER	100.0	80.4	65.4	4.0	0.7	1.3	2.0	7.0	19.6	3.8	-	0.5	6.2	1.2	8.0
18 YEARS AND OVER	100.0	78.3	67.9	0.8	0.4	2.9	1.6	4.6	21.7	1.0	0.1	0.3	13.3	2.6	4.4
TOTAL HOUSEHOLD INCOME															
TOTAL	100.0	70.3	56.0	1.3	0.6	4.0	2.4	6.0	29.7	1.4	0.1	0.4	18.5	3.5	5.8
UNDER \$2,000	100.0	38.1	19.2	1.7	0.6	8.0	2.5	6.2	61.9	3.0	0.1	1.0	46.7	4.7	6.4
\$2,000 TO \$3,999	100.0	60.3	45.4	1.5	0.5	6.0	1.6	5.2	39.7	2.0	0.2	0.5	26.4	4.1	6.5
\$4,000 TO \$5,999	100.0	69.1	54.1	1.7	0.5	3.2	3.0	6.6	30.9	1.5	0.3	0.4	16.1	4.7	7.9
\$6,000 TO \$7,999	100.0	77.3	62.6	1.6	0.7	2.3	3.3	6.8	22.7	0.7	0.2	0.3	10.6	4.1	6.9
\$8,000 TO \$9,999	100.0	83.5	68.8	1.1	0.8	2.5	3.2	7.1	16.5	0.6	0.1	0.3	8.2	2.8	4.5
\$10,000 TO \$14,999	100.0	87.5	76.3	0.8	0.6	2.1	2.2	5.4	12.5	0.6	(2)	0.2	5.7	1.7	4.4
\$15,000 TO \$24,999	100.0	91.7	82.4	0.7	0.5	1.4	1.3	5.4	8.3	0.2	-	0.1	3.6	1.5	2.8
\$25,000 TO \$49,999	100.0	94.8	84.9	0.9	0.2	2.0	2.9	3.9	5.2	0.5	-	-	3.2	0.2	1.3
\$50,000 AND OVER	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
MEDIAN INCOME. .DOLLARS. .	6 137	7 589	8 190	5 005	6 503	3 158	6 382	6 186	3 193	2 945	(B)	2 969	2 534	4 558	5 091
MEAN INCOME. . .DOLLARS. .	7 597	8 934	9 537	6 073	7 381	4 876	7 492	7 379	4 427	4 073	(B)	4 292	3 804	5 348	5 963

- REPRESENTS ZERO. B BASE LESS THAN 75,000. X NOT APPLICABLE. Z LESS THAN 0.05 PERCENT.

FILE COPY DO NOT REMOVE

**UNITED STATES
GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE
DIVISION OF PUBLIC DOCUMENTS
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20402**

OFFICIAL BUSINESS

FIRST CLASS MAIL

**POSTAGE AND FEES PAID
U.S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE**