Table 5.

Income Deficit or Surplus of Families and Unrelated Individuals by Poverty Status: 2007

(Numbers of families and unrelated individuals in thousands, deficits and surpluses and their confidence intervals [C.I.] in dollars)

Characteristic	Total	Size of deficit or surplus										Average deficit or surplus (dollars)		Deficit or surplus per capita (dollars)	
		Under $500	$500 to $999	$1,000 to $1,999	$2,000 to $2,999	$3,000 to $3,999	$4,000 to $4,999	$5,000 to $5,999	$6,000 to $6,999	$7,000 to $7,999	$8,000 or more	Estimate	90-percent C.I.[1] (±)	Estimate	90-percent C.I.[1] (±)
Below Poverty Threshold, Deficit															
All families	7,623	248	296	656	500	581	542	440	482	347	3,530	8,523	128	2,451	58
Married-couple families	2,849	114	140	306	208	254	221	158	181	130	1,138	7,937	217	2,073	81
Families with a female householder, no husband present	4,078	109	133	289	235	259	274	243	255	178	2,103	9,059	171	2,741	84
Families with a male householder, no wife present	696	24	23	61	57	69	48	39	46	39	289	7,780	390	2,549	199
Unrelated individuals	10,189	562	810	1,097	1,177	1,049	594	597	418	316	3,569	5,609	67	5,609	165
Male	4,348	167	378	366	455	480	260	276	179	148	1,640	5,920	102	5,920	268
Female	5,841	395	432	731	722	569	334	321	240	168	1,929	5,377	89	5,377	212
Above Poverty Threshold, Surplus															
All families	70,286	289	297	679	646	804	667	781	686	628	64,808	68,931	544	22,129	304
Married-couple families	55,546	168	146	327	348	428	380	461	424	393	52,472	76,675	643	24,209	334
Families with a female householder, no husband present	10,333	100	114	296	238	304	235	239	208	199	8,399	36,693	964	12,438	385
Families with a male householder, no wife present	4,407	22	36	56	60	72	52	81	54	35	3,938	46,919	1,413	16,511	642
Unrelated individuals	41,551	578	489	1,399	1,246	1,301	1,513	1,124	1,041	1,052	31,807	30,933	418	30,933	571
Male	21,099	271	149	603	478	443	731	443	434	492	17,054	34,947	658	34,947	908
Female	20,452	307	340	796	768	858	782	681	607	561	14,753	26,792	503	26,792	701

[1] A 90-percent confidence interval is a measure of an estimate's variability. The larger the confidence interval in relation to the size of the estimate, the less reliable the estimate. For more information, see "Standard Errors and Their Use" at <www.census.gov/hhes/www/p60_235sa.pdf>.

Note: Details may not sum to totals because of rounding.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Current Population Survey, 2008 Annual Social and Economic Supplement.