The rate (33.0 percent) of uninsured in 2011 for the foreign-born population decreased, while the number of uninsured was not statistically different from the 2010 estimate. Among the foreign-born population, the rate and number of uninsured in 2011 for naturalized citizens, 19.1 percent and 3.4 million, were not statistically different from 2010 estimates. Both the rate (44.2 percent) and number of uninsured (9.7 million) for noncitizens in 2011 were not statistically different from 2010 estimates. The proportion of the foreign-born population without health insurance in 2011 was about two and one-half times that of the native-born population in 2011.

### Economic Status

The uninsured rate was higher among people with lower incomes and lower among people with higher incomes (Figure 9). In 2011, 25.4 percent of people in households with annual income less than $25,000 had no health insurance coverage. In 2011, the uninsured rates decreased as household income increased—21.5 percent of people in households with income ranging from $25,000 to $49,999 were uninsured; 15.4 percent of people in households with income ranging from $50,000 to $74,999 were uninsured; and 7.8 percent of people in households with income of $75,000 or more were uninsured.

Among the four household income groups, the uninsured rate in 2011 decreased for people in households with real income less than $25,000 to 25.4 percent from 27.1 percent in 2010. In 2011, the uninsured rate was not statistically different from 2010 for households with real income ranging from $25,000 to $49,999, income ranging from $50,000 to $74,999, and income of $75,000 or more.

Between 1999 and 2011, the uninsured rate for people in households with real income less than $25,000 increased by 1.2 percentage points to 25.4 percent, while the uninsured rate for people in households with real income ranging from $25,000 to $49,999 increased by 1.6 percentage points to 21.5 percent. From 1999 to 2011, the uninsured rate for people in households with real income ranging from $50,000 to $74,999 increased by 3.0 percentage points to 15.4 percent, and the uninsured rate for people in households with real income of $75,000 or more increased by 1.0 percentage point to 7.8 percent.

### Work Experience

For people aged 18 to 64 who worked at some time during the year, 19.3 percent and 27.9 million were uninsured in 2011, which were not statistically different from the 2010 estimates (Table 7). In 2011, full-time, year-round workers were more likely to be covered by health insurance (84.7 percent) than those who worked less than full time, year round (72.3 percent) or nonworkers (73.3 percent). Among full-time, year-round workers, the percent uninsured in 2011 was not statistically different from the 2010 estimate.

* Change between the 2010 and 2011 estimates are statistically different from zero at the 90 percent confidence level.

1 Implementation of Census 2010-based population controls.
2 The estimates by type of coverage are not mutually exclusive; people can be covered by more than one type of health insurance during the year.
3 The estimates by type of coverage are mutually exclusive; people did not have any other type of health insurance during the year.
4 Military health care includes TriCare and CHAMPVA (Civilian Health and Medical Program of the Department of Veteran Affairs), as well as care provided by the Department of Veterans Affairs and the military.