

Table 4.

Percentage of People by Type of Health Insurance Coverage by Household Income and Income-to-Poverty Ratio: 2014 and 2015

(Numbers in thousands, margins of error in percentage points. Population as of March of the following year. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see www2.census.gov/programs-surveys/cps/techdocs/cpsmar16.pdf)

Characteristic	Total		Any health insurance					Private health insurance ³					Government health insurance ⁴					Uninsured				
	2014	2015	2014		2015		Change (2015 less 2014) ^{1,*}	2014		2015		Change (2015 less 2014) ^{1,*}	2014		2015		Change (2015 less 2014) ^{1,*}	2014		2015		Change (2015 less 2014) ^{1,*}
	Number	Number	Per- cent	MOE ² (±)	Per- cent	MOE ² (±)		Per- cent	MOE ² (±)	Per- cent	MOE ² (±)		Per- cent	MOE ² (±)	Per- cent	MOE ² (±)		Per- cent	MOE ² (±)	Per- cent	MOE ² (±)	
Total	316,168	318,868	89.6	0.2	90.9	0.2	*1.3	66.0	0.4	67.2	0.4	*1.2	36.5	0.3	37.1	0.3	*0.6	10.4	0.2	9.1	0.2	*-1.3
Household Income																						
Less than \$25,000	55,212	51,999	83.4	0.6	85.2	0.5	*1.7	30.1	0.7	30.8	0.8	0.7	65.3	0.7	66.6	0.7	*1.3	16.6	0.6	14.8	0.5	*-1.7
\$25,000 to \$49,999	67,311	65,289	85.9	0.4	87.5	0.5	*1.6	52.6	0.8	53.2	0.8	0.6	48.6	0.7	50.8	0.8	*2.2	14.1	0.4	12.5	0.5	*-1.6
\$50,000 to \$74,999	55,664	55,131	89.3	0.5	90.4	0.4	*1.1	70.6	0.9	70.4	0.8	-0.2	32.9	0.7	34.6	0.8	*1.7	10.7	0.5	9.6	0.4	*-1.1
\$75,000 to \$99,999	41,294	43,123	92.0	0.5	92.7	0.4	*0.7	79.4	0.7	79.7	0.7	0.3	25.4	0.7	27.2	0.8	*1.9	8.0	0.5	7.3	0.4	*-0.7
\$100,000 or more	96,687	103,328	94.7	0.3	95.5	0.3	*0.8	87.4	0.4	87.4	0.4	Z	18.5	0.5	19.1	0.5	0.6	5.3	0.3	4.5	0.3	*-0.8
Income-to-Poverty Ratio																						
Below 100 percent of poverty	46,657	43,123	80.7	0.7	82.6	0.7	*2.0	26.8	0.7	28.6	0.9	*1.8	61.3	0.8	62.1	0.9	0.8	19.3	0.7	17.4	0.7	*-2.0
Below 138 percent of poverty	68,885	64,711	81.9	0.5	83.6	0.5	*1.8	30.5	0.7	32.1	0.7	*1.6	60.5	0.7	61.4	0.7	0.9	18.1	0.5	16.4	0.5	*-1.8
Between 100 and 199 percent of poverty	58,686	57,770	84.9	0.5	86.4	0.6	*1.5	46.5	0.8	46.5	0.9	Z	52.2	0.7	53.8	0.8	*1.6	15.1	0.5	13.6	0.6	*-1.5
Between 200 and 299 percent of poverty	51,451	49,668	88.3	0.4	90.2	0.4	*1.8	67.3	0.8	66.9	0.8	-0.4	35.9	0.7	38.8	0.8	*3.0	11.7	0.4	9.8	0.4	*-1.8
Between 300 and 399 percent of poverty	40,822	41,691	91.6	0.5	92.7	0.5	*1.1	77.2	0.8	78.3	0.7	*1.1	28.0	0.8	29.8	0.7	*1.8	8.4	0.5	7.3	0.5	*-1.1
At or above 400 percent of poverty	118,187	126,202	95.2	0.2	95.5	0.2	*0.3	86.8	0.4	86.4	0.4	-0.4	22.1	0.4	22.6	0.4	0.5	4.8	0.2	4.5	0.2	*-0.3

* Changes between the estimates are statistically different from zero at the 90 percent confidence level.

Z Represents or rounds to zero.

¹ Details may not sum to totals because of rounding.

² A margin of error (MOE) is a measure of an estimate's variability. The larger the MOE in relation to the size of the estimate, the less reliable the estimate. This number, when added to and subtracted from the estimate, forms the 90 percent confidence interval. MOEs shown in this table are based on standard errors calculated using replicate weights. For more information, see "Standard Errors and Their Use" at <www2.census.gov/library/publications/2016/demo/p60-257sa.pdf>.

³ Private health insurance includes coverage provided through an employer or union, coverage purchased directly by an individual from an insurance company, or coverage through someone outside the household.

⁴ Government health insurance coverage includes Medicaid, Medicare, TRICARE, CHAMPVA (Civilian Health and Medical Program of the Department of Veterans Affairs), and care provided by the Department of Veterans Affairs and the military.

Note: The estimates by type of coverage are *not* mutually exclusive; people can be covered by more than one type of health insurance during the year.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Current Population Survey, 2015 and 2016 Annual Social and Economic Supplements.