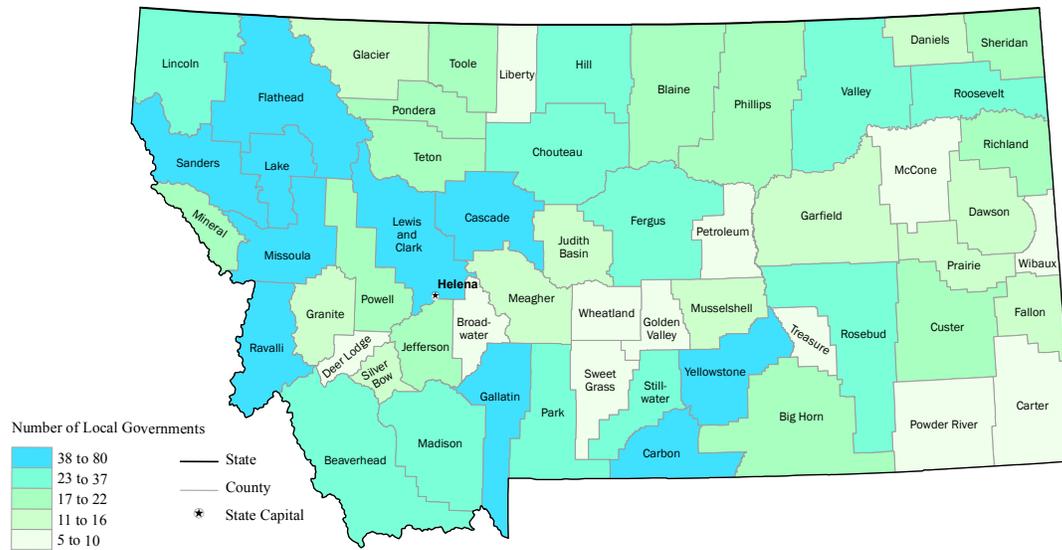


Exploring the Intricate Layers of State and Local Governments: Montana

The Governments Division of the U.S. Census Bureau

Issued March 2011



Importance of the Data

Government is an intricate and perplexing subject to understand at every level. Traditional federalism is no longer the case. We now live in a time when all the layers of government are intertwined and dependent upon one another. Providing every American with the most comprehensive, comparable, and precise account of government financial activity is what the U.S. Census Bureau strives to accomplish with the release of every product. With the release of each product from the Governments Division, we provide policy analysts, researchers, and the general public with a more complete and clearer picture of the U.S. government. Whether it is public employment, government finance, or federal government grants, the picture is complete with the cooperation of thousands of federal, state, and local governments and dependent agencies who supply their data to the Census Bureau quarterly or annually for our surveys, or quinquennially for the Census of Governments. By providing us with these data, we can address the issues that concern state and local governments as well as their relationships to each other and the federal government.

How the Data Are Used

Governments Division's data are used to account for about 12 percent of the nation's Gross Domestic Product and are the basis for the Flow of Funds for the Federal Reserve and the National Income and Product Accounts for the Bureau of Economic Analysis. These data serve as important indicators for national economic and public policy. Governments Division's data serve as the foundation for developing national policy and analysis by a variety of entities—

State and Local Governments: Policy Research and Analysis, Allocating Funds, Comparative Analysis

U.S. Congress: Policy Research and Analysis

Private Sector: Research and Comparative Analysis

Teachers and Students: Educational Purposes

Academic Professionals: Policy Research and Analysis, Public Finance

Federal Reserve: Development of the Flow of Funds Accounts

Bureau of Economic Analysis: Development of the Public Sector Component of Gross Domestic Product

Other Federal Agencies: Measure Government Activities, Policy Research and Analysis

General Public: Research and Comparative Analysis

State and Local Government Employment

Total Full-Time Employees	47,701
State:	17,013
Local:	30,688

Total Full-Time Employee Pay	\$158,260,222
State:	64,606,120
Local:	93,654,102

State and Local Government Finances (thousands)*

Total Revenues	\$9,183,329
State:	7,128,138
Local:	3,140,554

Total Expenditures	\$7,447,652
State:	5,553,079
Local:	3,071,786

State and Local Debt Issued (thousands)

Total	\$6,312,743
State:	4,800,993
Local:	1,511,750

State and Local Government Cash and Security Holdings (thousands)

Total	\$19,062,886
State:	16,585,736
Local:	2,477,150

State and Local Receipts From Public-Employee Pension Systems (thousands)

Total	\$1,517,149
State:	1,517,149
Local:	—

State and Local Expenditures on Public-Employee Pension Systems (thousands)

Total	\$413,450
State:	413,450
Local:	—

Public School System Finances for Elementary-Secondary Education (thousands)

Total Elementary-Secondary Revenues	\$1,464,229
From Federal Sources:	190,631
From State Sources:	702,476
From Local Sources:	571,122
Total Elementary-Secondary Expenditures	\$1,429,766

Source: 2007 Census of Governments.

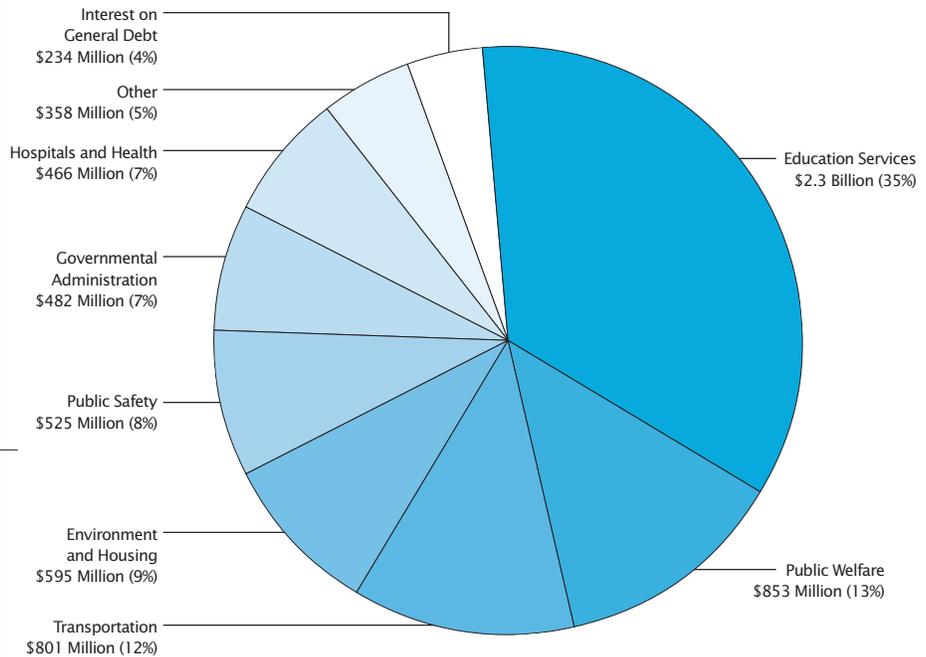
* Duplicative intergovernmental transactions are excluded, therefore subcategories do not add to total.

Federal Government Grants and Other Payments to State and Local Governments (by selected department, in thousands)

	U.S. Total	MT Total
Total Grants	\$439,794,255	\$1,834,958
Department of Health & Human Services	252,149,602	771,685
Department of Transportation	47,955,354	397,474
Department of HUD	47,970,959	123,104
Department of Education	35,142,474	204,585
Department of Agriculture	25,492,285	107,449

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2007 Federal Aid to States.

State and Local Direct General Expenditures



Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2007 Census of Governments—Finance Component.

Rankings / MT

- **44th** in population.
- **26th** in overall number of local governments (1,273).
- **29th** in number of counties (54).
- **38th** in number of municipalities (129).
- **16th** in number of special district governments (758).
- **14th** in number of independent school districts (332).
- **46th** in total amount of taxes collected.
- **46th** in expenditures on education.

Other Facts

- There are 89,476 local governments in the United States.
- Highest number of local governments—Flathead County area (80).
- Lowest number of local governments—Wibaux County area (5).

Data Products

State and Local Government Finances

- State Government Finances Summary and Individual State Tables
- State and Local Government Finances Summary Tables by Level Government
- Local Government Finance Summary Tables by Type of Government
- State by Type of Government Unit-Level File

Government Employment and Payroll

Federal, State, and Local Government Employment Tables and Files include:

- Number of Employees
- Payroll by Function
- Part-Time/Full-Time Equivalent

Tax Statistics

- State Government Tax Collections by Type of Tax
- Quarterly State and Local Government Tax Revenues
- State Government Tax Collections Summary Report

State and Local Government Employee Public Pension Systems

- Annual State and Local Government Employee Public Pension Systems Files
- Quarterly State and Local Government Employee Public Pension Systems Files

Public Elementary-Secondary Education Finances

- Public Education Finances Report
- State-Level Education Tables
- Government Unit-Level Education Tables

Federal Spending

- Consolidated Federal Funds Report
- Online Query System for Consolidated Federal Funds
- Federal Aid to States Report

Notes: Since the data in these tables are from a census of all governments, the data are not subject to sampling variability, but are subject to coverage, response, and processing errors as well as errors of nonresponse. For more information on the data limitations, definitions, and methodology, see <www.census.gov/govs>.

FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ON GOVERNMENTS DIVISION DATA, PLEASE VISIT US AT <WWW.CENSUS.GOV/GOVS>.