U.S. International Trade in Goods and Services

U.S. Census Bureau and U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis | Economics and Statistics Administration | U.S. Department of Commerce

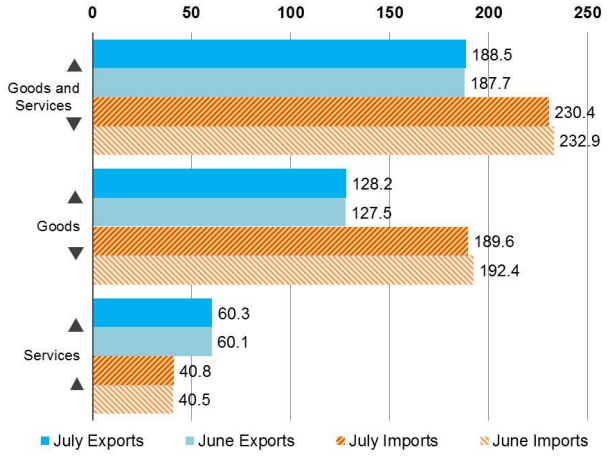
Goods and Services Deficit Decreased in July 2015
(Seasonally Adjusted)

The Nation's international trade deficit in goods and services decreased to $41.9 billion in July from $45.2 billion in June (revised), as exports increased and imports decreased.

Goods and Services

- Exports increased to $188.5 billion in July from $187.7 billion in June. Goods were $128.2 billion in July, up from $127.5 billion in June. Services were $60.3 billion in July, up from $60.1 billion in June.
- Imports decreased to $230.4 billion in July from $232.9 billion in June. Goods were $189.6 billion in July, down from $192.4 billion in June. Services were $40.8 billion in July, up from $40.5 billion in June.
- For goods, the deficit was $61.4 billion in July, down from $64.8 billion in June. For services, the surplus was $19.6 billion in July, down less than $0.1 billion from June.

Trade in Goods and Services (Billions of Dollars)

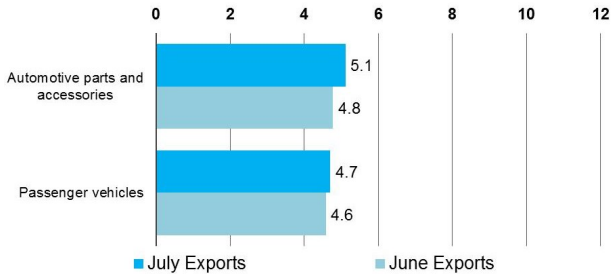


Goods by Category (Census basis)

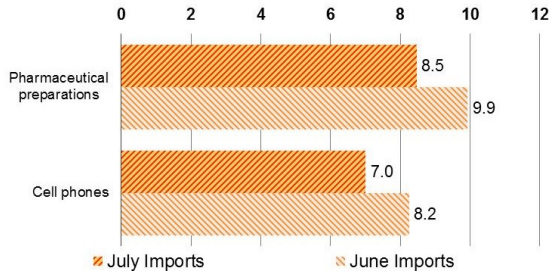
Exports of goods increased $1.0 billion in July to $127.6 billion. Automotive vehicles, parts, and engines increased $0.6 billion, reflecting increases in automotive parts and accessories ($0.3 billion) and in passenger vehicles ($0.1 billion).

Imports of goods decreased $2.1 billion in July to $186.8 billion. Consumer goods decreased $2.6 billion, reflecting decreases in pharmaceutical preparations ($1.5 billion) and in cell phones ($1.3 billion).

▲ Top Increases for Exports of Automotive Vehicles, Parts, and Engines
(Billions of Dollars)



▼ Top Decreases for Imports of Consumer Goods
(Billions of Dollars)



Services by Category

Exports of services increased $0.2 billion to $60.3 billion in July. The increase was accounted for by increases in financial services ($0.1 billion) and in other business services ($0.1 billion), which includes research and development services; professional and management services; and technical, trade-related, and other services.

Imports of services increased $0.2 billion to $40.8 billion in July. The increase was accounted for by increases in travel (for all purposes including education) ($0.1 billion) and in transport ($0.1 billion), which includes freight and port services and passenger fares.

▲ Increased ▼ Decreased ■ Changes less than $0.1 billion ★ Record High

This and more information is provided in the U.S. Census Bureau and U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis news release, **U.S. International Trade in Goods and Services: July 2015 (FT-900).** For further information on goods, contact **Maria Iseman, Economic Indicators Division, U.S. Census Bureau,** on **(301) 763-2311;** on services, contact **Jeffrey Bogen, U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis**, on **(202) 606-9592**. **The next FT-900 release is October 6, 2015.** NOTE: Total goods data are reported on a balance of payments basis; commodity and geographical data for goods are on a Census basis. For information on data sources and definitions, see the information section on page A-1 of the FT-900 at www.census.gov/ft900 or www.bea.gov/newsreleases/international/trade/tradnewsrelease.htm.

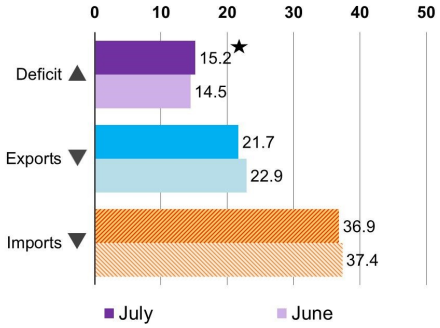
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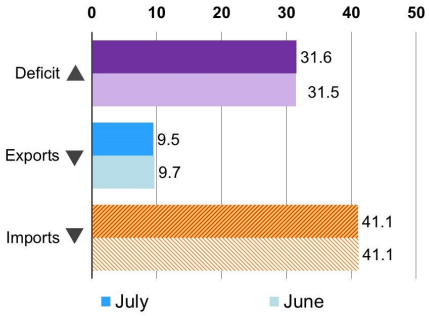
Goods by Geographic Area

(Billions of Dollars, Not Seasonally Adjusted)

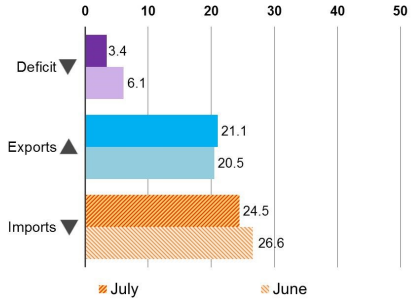
European Union



China



Mexico



The goods deficit with the European Union increased from $14.5 billion in June to $15.2 billion in July. Exports decreased $1.2 billion (primarily artworks, antiques, and stamps and nonmonetary gold) to $21.7 billion, while imports decreased $0.5 billion (primarily pharmaceutical preparations) to $36.9 billion.

The goods deficit with China increased from $31.5 billion in June to $31.6 billion in July. Exports decreased $0.2 billion (primarily civilian aircraft) to $9.5 billion, while imports decreased $0.1 billion to $41.1 billion.

The goods deficit with Mexico decreased from $6.1 billion in June to $3.4 billion in July. Exports increased $0.6 billion (primarily petroleum products) to $21.1 billion, while imports decreased $2.1 billion (primarily passenger vehicles and automotive parts and accessories) to $24.5 billion.

Exports of Goods by State

(Origin of Movement)

▲ Top June to July Increases

(Millions of Dollars, Not Seasonally Adjusted)

State	June Total	July Total	Change
Texas	$21,487.7	$22,241.6	$754.0
Alaska	201.1	746.8	545.8
Hawaii	89.4	326.9	237.4
Puerto Rico	1,361.5	1,559.7	198.1
South Carolina	2,580.8	2,748.9	168.1

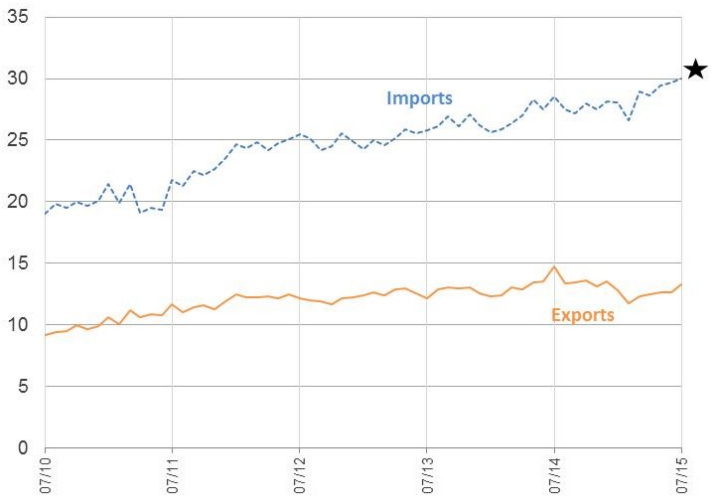
▼ Top June to July Decreases

(Millions of Dollars, Not Seasonally Adjusted)

State	June Total	July Total	Change
Washington	$7,695.1	$5,964.0	-$1,731.0
New York	7,964.9	6,313.6	-1,651.3
California	15,107.3	13,795.5	-1,311.8
Kentucky	2,545.0	1,969.6	-575.3
Michigan	4,679.0	4,201.6	-477.4

Trade in Automotive Vehicles, Parts, and Engines

(Billions of Dollars, Seasonally Adjusted)



This space is used to present information on events that significantly impact trade, to highlight new or annual statistics or record levels of trade, or to report on trade in automotive or petroleum products, in manufactured goods, or with Free Trade Agreement partners.

▲ Increased ▼ Decreased ■ Changes less than $0.1 billion ★ Record High

BEA Bureau of Economic Analysis U.S. Department of Commerce

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United States Census Bureau